(Please scan the above QR code to view this Prospectus)



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ("our Company" or "the Company" or "the Issuer" or "KLM") was incorporated on April 28, 1997, as 'Needs Finvest Limited', a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh at Hyderabad. Our Company also obtained the certificate of commencement of business dated May 6, 1997 from the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh at Hyderabad. The name of our Company was changed to 'KLM Axiva Finvest Limited' pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at the EGM held on January 25, 2016 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated February 29, 2016 was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad ("RoC"). Our Company has obtained a certificate of registration dated March 15, 2016 bearing registration no. 09.00006 issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") to carry on the activities of a non-banking financial company without accepting public deposits under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act, 1934. For details of changes in our name and registered office, see "History and Certain Other Corporate Matters" on page 192

Registered Office: Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road,

Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana-500 079; Telephone: +91-40-3516 2071; E-mail: secretarial@klmaxiva.com Corporate Office: KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Ernakulam, Kerala -682024 Telephone: +91 -484-4281 111; Company Secretary and Compliance Officer: Naveena P. Thampi; E-mail: cs@klmaxiva.com; Telephone: +91-484-4281182; Chief Financial Officer: Thanish Dalee; E-mail: cfo@klmaxiva.com; Telephone: +91-484-281118;

Corporate Identity Number: U65910TG1997PLC026983; Permanent Account Number: AAACN7976P; Website: www.klmaxiva.com;

PUBLIC ISSUE BY OUR COMPANY OF SECURED, REDEEMABLE, NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹1,000 EACH ("NCDS"), AT PAR, AGGREGATING UP TO ₹5,000 LAKHS, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "BASE ISSUE" WITH AN OPTION TO RETAIN OVER-SUBSCRIPTION UP TO ₹5,000 LAKHS. AGGREGATING UP TO ₹10,000 LAKHS, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "OVERALL ISSUE SIZE" (THE "ISSUE"). THIS ISSUE IS BEING MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021, AS AMENDED, (THE "SEBI NCS REGULATIONS"), THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND RULES MADE THEREUNDER, EACH AS AMENDED (THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013") AND THE SEBI MASTER CIRCULAR. THE ISSUE IS NOT PROPOSED TO BE UNDERWRITTEN

PROMOTER

Our Promoter is Biji Shibu; Email: bshibu@yahoo.co.in; Telephone: +91 484 4281199. For further details, see "Our Promoter" on page 211.

GENERAL RISKS

Investment in non-convertible securities is risky and investors should not invest any funds in such securities unless they can afford to take the risk attached to such investments. Investors are advised to take an informed decision and to read the risk factors carefully before investing in this offering. For taking an investment decision, the investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue, including the risks involved. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "Risk Factors" on page 18 and "Material Developments" on page 215, before making an investment in the Issue. These risks are not, and are not intended to be, a complete list of all risks and considerations relevant to the non-convertible securities or investor's decision to purchase such securities. This document has not been and will not be approved by any regulatory authority in India, including the RBI, the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), the RoC or any stock exchange in India

COUPON RATE, COUPON PAYMENT FREQUENCY, MATURITY DATE, MATURITY AMOUNT & DETAILS OF DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

For details relating to Coupon Rate, Coupon Payment Frequency, Maturity Date and Maturity Amount of the NCDs, see "Issue Structure - terms of the NCDs" on page 243. For details relating to debenture trustee, see "General Information – Debenture Trustee" on page 44

CREDIT RATING

The NCDs proposed to be issued under this Issue have been rated "ACUITE BBB/Stable", (pronounced as ACUITE triple B rating with Stable outlook) by Acuité Ratings & Research Limited ("Acuité Ratings") for an amount up to ₹10,000 lakhs, vide its letter dated October 08, 2024, and press release for rating rationale dated October 08, 2024. The rating of NCDs by Acuité Ratings indicates that the instruments with this rating are considered to have moderate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry moderate credit risk. The ratings are not a recommendation or suggestion, directly or indirectly, to buy, sell, make or hold securities and investors should take their own decisions. The rating given by Acuité Ratings is valid as on the date of this Prospectus and shall remain valid on date of the issue and allotment of NCDs and the listing of the NCDs on BSE. The ratings provided by rating agency may be suspended, withdrawn or revised at any time by the assigning rating agency on the basis of new information etc., and should be evaluated accordingly. Please refer to page 390 for the rating rationale and press release for the above rating

LISTING

The NCDs offered through this Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the BSE Limited ("BSE"). Our Company has obtained 'in-principle' approval for this Issue from BSE vide their letter bearing reference number DCS/BM/PI-BOND/25/24-25 dated November 12, 2024. BSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange for this Issue.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

The Draft Prospectus dated November 05, 2024 was filed with BSE pursuant to Regulation 27 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and was kept open for public comments for a period of 5 (five)

Days i.e. until 5 p.m. on November 10, 2024. No comments were received on the Draft Prospectus until 5:00 pm on November 10, 2024 LEAD MANAGER TO THE ISSUE

VIVRO FINANCIAL SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

Vivro House 11, Shashi Colony, Opposite Suvidha Shopping Center, Paldi, Ahmedabad - 380007,

Gujarat, India

Telephone: +91 7940404242/40/41 Email: investors@vivro.net Website: www.vivro.net

Contact Person: Jay Dodiya / Kruti Saraiya

VISTRA ITCL (INDIA) LIMITED Office No. 505, A2/5th floor, B wing, The Capital Building,

BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400051,

Maharashtra, India

Telephone: 022- 2659 3333

Email: itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com Investor grievance mail: itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com

Website: www.vistraitcl.com Contact Person: Jatin Chonani

SEBI registration Number: IND00000578

Selenium, Tower-B, Plot No - 31 & 32,

Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally,

Hyderabad, Rangareddy -500 032, Telangana, India

REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE

Telephone: +91 40 6716 2222 Fax Number: 040-67161563 Email: klm.ncd@kfintech.com Website: www.kfintech.com

Contact Person: M Murali Krishna

STATUTORY AUDITOR

ACUITÉ RATINGS & RESEARCH LIMITED 708, Lodha Supremus, Lodha iThink Techno Campus, $Kanjurmarg\ (East),\ Mumbai-400042$ Telephone: +91 99698 98000 Email: chitra.mohan@acuite.in

Contact Person: Chitra Mohan

M/s. A John Moris & Co

Contact Person: Jobin George

Door No. 56/0, IInd floor, Shan Apartment, Panampilly Nagar, Kochi- 682036 **Felephone**: +91 0484-4874822 Email: aggjobin@ajohnmoris.com Website: www.ajohnmoris.com

ISSUE PROGRAMME*

ISSUE OPENS ON: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 2024

ISSUE CLOSES ON: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 2024

*Vistra ITCL (India) Limited, by its letter dated October 24, 2024, has given its consent for its appointment as Debenture Trustee to the Issue and for its name to be included in this Prospectus and in all the subsequent periodical communications sent to the holders of the Debentures issued pursuant to this Issue. For further details, see "General Information" on page 41. ** This Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date (subject to a minimum period of two Working Days and a maximum period of ten Working Days from the date of opening of the Issue and subject to not exceeding thirty days from filing the Prospectus with ROC) as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("Board") or Debenture Committee of the Board subject to compliance with Regulation 33A of the SEBI NCS Regulation. In the event of such early closure or extension to this Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through advertisement in all the newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement for opening of this Issue has been given on or before such earlier or initial date of Issue Closure. Application Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date. For further details, see "General Information" on page 41. A copy of this Prospectus has been delivered for filling to the RoC, in terms of sub-section (4) of Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the requisite endorsed/certified copies of all requisite documents. For further details, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" beginning on page 384.

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SECTION I - GENERAL

DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Prospectus to "Issuer", "Our Company", "the Company" are to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, a public limited company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having its Registered Office at Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana-500 079 and its Corporate Office at KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Kochi-682024.

Unless specified elsewhere or the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Prospectus to "we" or "us" or "our" are to our Company.

Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, the following terms have the following meanings in this Prospectus and references to any legislation, act, regulation, rules, guidelines or policies shall be to such legislation, act, regulation, rules, guidelines or policies as amended from time to time.

The words and expressions used in this Prospectus but not defined herein shall have, to the extent applicable, the same meaning ascribed to such words and expressions under the SEBI NCS Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013, the SCRA, the Depositories Act and the rules and regulations notified thereunder.

General Terms

Term	Description
Company / Issuer/ KLM	KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, a public limited company incorporated under the
	provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having its Registered Office at Door No.
	8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank,
	Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad,
	Telangana-500 079 and its Corporate Office at KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road
	Edappally, Ernakulam, Kerala-682024
We / us / our	Unless the context otherwise requires, KLM Axiva Finvest Limited for the
	relevant financial year/period as applicable.

Company Related Terms

Term	Description
	Articles of Association of our Company, as amended.
Association	
Audited Financial	Audited Ind AS Financial Statements for Fiscals 2022, 2023 and 2024.
Statements	
Asset Under Management /	For the quarter ended June 30,2024 and for the years ended March 31, 2024,
AUM	March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, AUM represents gross loans including
	interest receivables without considering the impact of impairment loss allowance
	and impact of effective interest rate in accordance with IND AS.
Board / Board of Directors	The Board of Directors of our Company and includes any Committee thereof.
/ BoD	
Company Secretary and	The company secretary and compliance officer of our Company appointed in
Compliance Officer	relation to this Issue i.e. Naveena P. Thampi
Corporate Office	KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road Edappally, Ernakulam, Kerala-682024
Debenture Committee	The committee re-constituted by the Board of Directors of our Company by a
	board resolution dated April 9, 2021. For further details, see "Our Management"
	on page 195.
Equity Shares	Equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each of our Company.
Financial Information	The financial information stated in the Financial Statements (defined herein
	below).
Group Companies	Group Companies as defined in terms of Regulation 2(1)(r) of SEBI NCS
	Regulations, KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited, Ente Naadu Nidhi
	Limited, Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited

Term	Description
Key Managerial Personnel	The key managerial personnel of the Company as defined under Regulation 2(1)(sa) of the SEBI NCS Regulations.
Loan Assets	Assets under financing activities.
Memorandum / MoA /	Memorandum of Association of our Company, as amended.
Memorandum of	
Association	
Net Loan Assets	Assets under financing activities net of provision for non-performing assets.
Networth	As defined in Section 2(57) of the Companies Act, 2013, as follows:
	"Networth means the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves
	created out of the profits, securities premium account and debit or credit balance
	of profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated
	losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per
	the audited balance sheet but does not include reserves created out of revaluation
	of assets, write back of depreciation and amalgamation."
Previous Statutory	The previous statutory auditor of our Company, RB Jain & Associates, Chartered
Auditor(s)	Accountants holding valid certificate issued by the peer review board of the
	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
Promoter	Biji Shibu
Promoter Group	Includes the individuals and entities covered by the definition under Regulation 2(1) (ff) of the SEBI NCS Regulations
RoC / Registrar of Companies	The Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad.
Registered Office	Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana-500 079
"Senior Management	Senior management personnel of our Company in accordance with definition of
Personnel" or "SMP"	Senior Management in Regulation 2 (iia) of the SEBI NCS Regulations, as
	described in "Our Management" on page 195.
Statutory Auditor(s) /	The statutory auditor of our Company, being M/s. A John Moris & Co Chartered
Auditor(s)	Accountants.
Shareholders	Equity Shareholders of our Company from time to time.
Limited Review Unaudited	Limited review unaudited financial results / unaudited financial results of our
Financial	Company as at and for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 prepared in accordance
Results//Unaudited	with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian
Financial Results	Accounting Standards 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as prescribed under
	Section 133 of the Companies Act read with the relevant rules thereunder and
	other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with
	Regulation 33 of the SEBI Listing Regulations along with the limited review
	report issued thereon by the Previous Statutory Auditor of our Company.

Issue Related Terms

Term	Description
Abridged Prospectus	A memorandum accompanying the Application Form for Public Issue containing
	the salient features of this Prospectus as specified by SEBI.
Acknowledgement Slip	The slip or document issued by the Designated Intermediary to an Applicant as
	proof of registration of the Application Form.
Allot/Allotment/Allotted	The issue and allotment of the NCDs to successful Applicants pursuant to the
	Issue.
Allotment Advice	The communication sent to the Allottees conveying the details of NCDs allotted
	to the Allottees in accordance with the Basis of Allotment.
Allottee(s)	The successful Applicant to whom the NCDs are being/have been Allotted
	pursuant to the Issue.
Applicant / Investor	A person who applies for the issuance and Allotment of NCDs pursuant to the
	terms of this Prospectus and the Application Form for the Issue.
Application / ASBA	An application (whether physical or electronic) to subscribe to the NCDs offered
Application	pursuant to the Issue by submission of a valid Application Form and authorising

Term	Description
	an SCSB to block the Application Amount in the relevant ASBA Account and will include application made by UPI Investors using UPI where the Application
	amount will be blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by UPI Investors, which will be considered as the application for Allotment in terms of this Prospectus.
Application Amount	The aggregate value of NCDs applied for, as indicated in the Application Form for the Issue.
Application Form / ASBA Form	Form in terms of which an Applicant shall make an offer to subscribe to NCDs through the ASBA process or through the UPI Mechanism and which will be considered as the Application for Allotment of NCDs and in terms of this Prospectus.
Application Supported by Blocked Amount / ASBA	The Application (whether physical or electronic) used by an ASBA Applicant to make an Application by authorising the SCSB to block the bid amount in the specified bank account maintained with such SCSB.
ASBA Account	A bank account maintained by an ASBA Bidder with an SCSB, as specified in the ASBA Form submitted by ASBA Applicants for blocking the Bid Amount mentioned in the ASBA Form, and will include a bank account of a retail individual investor linked with UPI, for retail individual investors submitting application value up to UPI Application Limit
ASBA Applicant	Any Applicant who applies for NCDs through the ASBA process.
Base Issue	₹ 5,000 lakhs.
Basis of Allotment	The basis on which NCDs will be allotted to successful applicants under the Issue and which is described in "Issue Procedure" on page 274.
Broker Centres	Broker centres notified by the Stock Exchange, where Applicants can submit the Application Forms (including ASBA Forms under UPI in case of UPI Investors) to a Trading Member. The details of such Broker Centres, along with the names and contact details of the Trading Members are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange.
Business Days	All days excluding Saturdays, Sundays or a public holiday in India or at any other payment centre notified in terms of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.
Client ID	Client identification number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to the demat account.
Collection Centres	Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries shall accept the Application Forms, being the Designated Branch for SCSBs, Specified Locations for the Syndicate, Broker Centres for Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for CRTAs and Designated CDP Locations for CDPs.
Collecting Depository Participants / CDPs	A depository participant, as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996 and registered with the SEBI Act and who is eligible to procure Applications at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of the SEBI Master Circular.
Collecting Registrar and Share Transfer Agents / CRTAs	Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure Applications at the Designated RTA Locations in terms of the SEBI Master Circular.
Credit Rating Agencies / Acuité Ratings / India Ratings	For the present Issue, the credit rating agencies being Acuité Ratings
CRISIL	CRISIL Limited
Coupon Rate / Interest Rate	The aggregate rate of interest payable in connection with the NCDs in accordance with this Prospectus. For further details, see " <i>Issue Structure</i> " on page 238.
Cut-off date	Shall mean November 07, 2024
Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed/ Debenture Trust Deed	The Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed to be executed by our Company and the Debenture Trustee for creating the security over the NCDs issued under the Issue.
Debenture Trusteeship Agreement	Debenture Trusteeship Agreement dated October 24, 2024 entered into between our Company and the Debenture Trustee.
Debentures /NCDs Deemed Date of Allotment	Secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures issued pursuant to this Issue The date on which the Board or the Debenture Committee of the Board approves
	the Allotment of the NCDs or such date as may be determined by the Board or

Term	Description
	the Debenture Committee and notified to the Designated Stock Exchange. All
	benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall be available to
	the Debenture holders from the Deemed Date of Allotment. The actual Allotment
D 11 D 11	of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment.
Demographic Details	The demographic details of an Applicant such as his address, bank account
	details, category, PAN, UPI ID etc. for printing on refund/interest orders or used
Depositories Act	for refunding through electronic mode as applicable. The Depositories Act, 1996
Depository(ies)	National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and/or Central Depository
Depository (16s)	Services (India) Limited (CDSL)
Designated Branches	Such branches of the SCSBs which shall collect the Application Forms used by
	the ASBA Applicants and a list of which is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in or at such other web-link as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
Designated CDP Locations	Such centres of the Collecting Depository Participants where Applicants can
Designated CD1 Locations	submit the Application Forms. The details of such Designated CDP Locations,
	along with the names and contact details of the CDPs are available on the website
	of the Stock Exchange and updated from time to time.
Designated Date	The date on which the Registrar to the Issue issues the instruction to SCSBs for
	unblocking of funds from the ASBA Accounts to the Public Issue Account in
	terms of this Prospectus and the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank
	Agreement and following which the Board, shall Allot the NCDs to the successful Applicants.
Designated Intermediaries	Collectively, the Lead Managers, the Syndicate Members/Lead Brokers, Trading
	Members, agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, CDPs and RTAs, who are
	authorised to collect Application Forms from the Applicants in the Issue
	In relation to ASBA applicants authorising an SCSB to block the amount in the
	ASBA Account, Designated Intermediaries shall mean SCSBs.
	In relation to ASBA applicants submitted by Retail Individual Investors where the
	amount was blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request using the UPI
	Mechanism, Designated Intermediaries shall mean the CDPs, RTAs, Lead
	Manager, Members of the Syndicate, Trading Members and Stock Exchange
	where applications have been submitted through the app/web interface as provided in the SEBI Master Circular
Designated Stock	BSE Limited.
Exchange/ DSE	BSL Ellilled.
Designated RTA Locations	Such centres of the CRTAs where Applicants can submit the Application Forms
	(including Application Forms by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism). The
	details of such Designated RTA Locations, along with the names and contact
	details of the CRTAs are available on the website of the Stock Exchange
DD/D '' D ''	(www.bseindia.com) and updated from time to time.
DP/ Depository Participant	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act.
Direct Online Application	An online interface enabling direct applications through UPI by an app based/web
	interface, by investors to a public issue of debt securities with an online payment facility
Draft Prospectus / Draft	The draft prospectus dated November 05, 2024, filed by our Company with the
Offer Document	Designated Stock Exchange and with SEBI for receiving public comments, in
oner Bocament	accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI NCS
	Regulations.
Existing Secured Creditors	The South Indian Bank Limited, ICICI Bank Limited, State Bank of India,
	Dhanlaxmi Bank Limited, Indian Overseas Bank, HDFC Bank Limited, debenture
	holders of the privately placed secured redeemable non-convertible debentures
	represented by Abhijith Satheesh, and debenture holders of secured redeemable
	non-convertible debentures issued by way of public issue represented by Vistra
Fugitive Economic	ITCL India Limited. An individual who is declared a fugitive economic offender under Section 12 of
Offender Economic	the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.

Term	Description
Interest Payment Date /	The dates on which interest/coupon on the NCDs shall fall due for payment which
Coupon Payment Date	will be specified in this Prospectus. Please see the section titled "Issue Structure
	- Interest and Payment of Interest" on page 213.
Institutional Portion	Portion of Applications received from Category I of persons eligible to apply for the issue which includes Resident Public Financial Institutions as defined in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act 2013; Statutory Corporations including State Industrial Development Corporations; Scheduled Commercial Banks, Cooperative Banks and Regional Rural Banks, which are authorised to invest in the
	NCDs, Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs, Pension Funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs; Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; Venture Capital funds and/or Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI, Insurance Companies
	registered with the IRDA; National Investment Fund set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of India: Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air force of the Union of India or by the Department of Posts, India; Mutual Funds, registered with SEBI; and Systemically Important NBFC registered with RBI and having a net-worth of more than ₹50,000 lakh as
I/I C:	per the last audited financial statements
Issue/ Issue Size	Public issue by our Company of NCDs aggregating up to ₹5,000 lakhs (" Base Issue Size "), with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹5,000 lakhs, cumulatively aggregating up to ₹10,000 lakhs on the terms and in the manner set forth therein. The Issue is being made pursuant to the provisions of SERINGS Regulations, the
	The Issue is being made pursuant to the provisions of SEBI NCS Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder as amended to the extent notified and the SEBI Master Circular.
Issue Closing Date	Thursday, November 28 2024
Issue Opening Date	Thursday, November 14, 2024
Lead Manager	Vivro Financial Services Private Limited.
Market Lot	1 (one) NCD.
Maturity Amount	In respect of NCDs Allotted to NCD Holders, the repayment of the face value of the NCD along with interest that may have accrued as on the redemption date.
Mobile App(s)	The mobile applications listed on the website of Stock Exchange as may be updated from time to time, which may be used by Applicants to submit Bids using the UPI Mechanism
NCD Holder/Debenture Holder	Any debenture holder who holds the NCDs issued in this Issue and whose name appears on the beneficial owners list provided by the Depositories.
Non-Institutional Portion	Category II of persons eligible to apply for the Issue which includes Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013; bodies corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs; Educational institutions and Associations Of Persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; Trust Including Public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are
	authorised to invest in the NCDs; Partnership firms in the name of the partners; Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009); Resident Indian individuals and Hindu undivided families through the Karta aggregating to a value exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs.
Offer Document	The Draft Prospectus, this Prospectus, Application Form and abridged Prospectus.
Prospectus	The Prospectus filed with the RoC in accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, containing <i>inter alia</i> the coupon rate for the NCDs and certain other information.
Public Issue Account	Account(s) opened with the Public Issue Account Bank to receive monies from the ASBA Accounts maintained with the SCSBs (including under the UPI Mechanism) on the Designated Date.
Public Issue Account Bank	The Banker to the Issue being HDFC Bank Limited with whom Public Issue Account will be opened.

Term	Description
Public Issue Account and	The agreement dated November 07, 2024 entered into amongst our Company, the
Sponsor Bank Agreement	Registrar to the Issue, the Lead Manager, the Public Issue Account Bank and the
1 8	Sponsor Bank for the appointment of the Sponsor Bank in accordance with the
	SEBI Master Circular for collection of the Application Amounts from ASBA
	Accounts under the UPI Mechanism and the Refund Bank for remitting the and
	where applicable, refunds of the amounts collected from the Applicants on the
	terms and conditions thereof.
Retail Individual Investors	Resident Indian individuals or HUFs applying through the Karta, for NCDs for an
	amount aggregating up to and including ₹5 Lakh, across all Series of NCDs in
	Issue including bids received from UPI mechanism.
Record Date	The record date for payment of interest in connection with the NCDs or repayment
	of principal in connection therewith shall be 15 Days prior to the date on which
	interest is due and payable, and/or the date of redemption. Provided that trading
	in the NCDs shall remain suspended between the aforementioned Record Date in
	connection with redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed
	by the Stock Exchange, as the case may be.
Refund Account	Account opened with the Refund Bank from which refunds, if any, of the whole
	or any part of the Application Amount shall be made and as specified in this
	Prospectus.
Refund Bank	The Banker to the Issue being HDFC Bank Limited with whom the Refund
	Account(s) will be opened.
Registrar to the Issue /	Kfin Technologies Limited
Registrar	
Register of NCD Holders	The statutory register in connection with any NCDs which are held in physical
	form on account of rematerialisation, containing name and prescribed details of
	the relevant NCD Holders, which will be prepared and maintained by our
	Company/Registrar in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act.
RIIs	Retail Individual Investors
RTAs/ Registrar and Share	The registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to
Transfer Agent	procure Application in the Issue at the Designated RTA Locations.
SCSBs or Self Certified	The banks registered with SEBI, offering services in relation to ASBA and UPI, a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at
Syndicate Banks	a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes for
	ASBA and
	https://sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId
	=40 for UPI, updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be
	prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
SEBI Delisting	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations,
Regulations	2021, as amended from time to time.
SEBI Master Circular	Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/DDHS/PoD1/P/CIR/2024/54 dated May 22, 2024
SEBI Musici Circular	as amended, which consolidates and has replaced multiple circulars issued by
	SEBI in relation of issue and listing of debt securities.
SEBI Master Circular for	Circular no. SEBI/HO/DDHS-PoD3/P/CIR/2024/46 dated May 16, 2024.
Debenture Trustees	
SEBI Listing Regulations/	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure
Listing Regulations	Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time.
Security	The principal amount of the secured NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus
•	together with all interest due on the secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges,
	all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect
	thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with Existing
	Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables,
	cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present
	and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding
	plus interest accrued thereon.
Specified Locations	Collection centres where the Members of the Syndicate shall accept Application
	Forms, a list of which is included in the Application Form.
Sponsor Bank	The Banker to the Issue registered with SEBI, which has been appointed by our
	Company to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and the National

Term	Description
	Payments Corporation of India in order to push the mandate collect requests and
	or payment instructions of the retail individual investors into the UPI for retail
	individual investors applying through the app/web interface of the Stock
	Exchange(s) with a facility to block funds through UPI Mechanism for application
	value up to ₹ 5,00,000 and carry out any other responsibilities in terms of the SEBI
	Master Circular. (In this Issue, HDFC Bank Limited)
Stock Exchange	BSE Limited.
Syndicate ASBA	Applications through the Designated Intermediaries.
Syndicate ASBA Application Locations	Collection centers where the Designated Intermediaries shall accept Application Forms from Applicants, a list of which is available on the website of the SEBI at
	https://www.sebi.gov.in and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI
Syndicate SCSD Propohog	from time to time. In relation to ASBA Applications submitted to a member of the Syndicate, such
Syndicate SCSB Branches	branches of the SCSBs at the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations named by the SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the members of the
	Syndicate, and a list of which is available on https://www.sebi.gov.in or at such
	other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
Tenor	Tenor shall mean the tenor of the NCDs.
Trading Member(s)	Individuals or companies registered with SEBI as "trading member(s)" under the
Trading Wember(s)	SEBI (Stock Brokers and Sub-Brokers) Regulations, 1992, and who hold the right
	to trade in stocks listed on stock exchanges, through which investors can buy or
	sell securities listed on stock exchanges whose list is available on stock exchanges.
Transaction Registration	The acknowledgement slip or document issued by any of the Members of the
Slip / TRS	Syndicate, the SCSBs, or the Trading Members as the case may be, to an
	Applicant upon demand as proof of upload of the Application on the application
Trinortita Agraement(s)	platform of the Stock Exchange. Agreements as entered into between our Company, Registrar and each of the
Tripartite Agreement(s)	Depositories under the terms of which the Depositories shall act as depositories
T	for the securities issued by our Company.
Trustees / Debenture Trustee	Trustees for the holders of the NCDs allotted pursuant to Public Issue I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X and in this issue being Vistra ITCL (India) Limited.
UPI	Unified Payments Interface, is an instant payment system developed by the NPCI.
	It enables merging several banking features, seamless fund routing and merchant payments into one hood. UPI allows instant transfer of money between any two
	persons' bank accounts using a payment address which uniquely identifies a
	person's bank account.
UPI Investor	An Applicant who applies with a UPI number whose Application Amount for NCDs in the Issue is up to ₹ 5,00,000.
UPI ID	ID created on Unified Payment Interface (UPI) for single-window mobile
	payment system developed by the NPCI.
UPI Application Limit	Maximum limit to utilize the UPI mechanism to block the funds for application value up to ₹5,00,000 for issues of debt securities pursuant to SEBI Master Circular or any other investment limit, as applicable and prescribed by SEBI from
LIDI Mandata D	time to time.
UPI Mandate Request	A request (intimating the UPI Investors, by way of a notification on the UPI application and by way of an SMS directing the UPI Investors to such UPI application) to the UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism initiated by the
	Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the Application
	Amount in the relevant ASBA Account through the UPI, and the subsequent debit
	of funds in case of Allotment.
UPI Mechanism	Unified Payments Interface mechanism in accordance with SEBI Master Circular
	as amended from time to time, to block funds for application value up to UPI Application Limit submitted through intermediaries.
UPI PIN	Password to authenticate UPI transaction.
Web Interface	Web interface developed by Designated Stock Exchange wherein the bid is
	automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI mechanism

Term	Description
Wilful Defaulter	Includes wilful defaulters as defined under Regulation 2(1)(Ill) of the Securities
	and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements)
	Regulations, 2018 which includes a Person or a company categorized as a wilful
	defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies
	Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful
	defaulters issued by the RBI and includes a company whose director or promoter
	is categorised a Wilful defaulter.
Working Days	All days excluding Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai and/or
	Kochi, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all
	days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holiday in Mumbai. Furthermore,
	for the purpose of post issue period, i.e. period beginning from Issue Closure to
	listing of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange, Working Days shall mean all trading
	days of the Stock Exchange, excluding Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai, as
	per the SEBI NCS Regulations, however, with reference to payment of
	interest/redemption of NCDs, Working Days shall mean those days wherein the
	money market is functioning in Mumbai.

Business / Industry Related Terms

Term	Description
AFC	Asset Finance Companies
ALM	Asset Liability Management
ALCO	Asset Liability Committee
ANW	Adjusted Net Worth
AUM	Assets Under Management
Average Cost of Borrowing	Amount that is calculated by dividing the interest paid during the
	period by average of the monthly outstanding
Basis Points	bps
Capex	Capital Expenditure
CAD	Current Account Deficit
CAGR	Compound Annual Growth Rate
CIBIL	Credit Information Bureau (India) Limited
CIC-ND-SI	Systemically Important Core Investment Company
CPI	Consumer Price Index
CRAR	Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio
DSA	Direct Sales Agent
DPD	Days Past Due
ECLGS	Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme
EMI	Equated Monthly Instalment
ETB	Existing to Bank
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GDS	Gross Domestic Savings
GNPAs	Gross Non-Performing Assets
GLP	Gross Loan Portfolio
Gross Spread	Yield on the average minus the cost of funds
HFC	Housing Finance Company
HNFS	Household Net Savings
ICs	Investment Companies
IDF-NBFC	Infrastructure Debt Fund
IFC	Infrastructure Finance Company
IND AS	Indian Accounting Standards
IMF	International Monetary Fund
IPO	Initial Public Offering
IRDA	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority
IRR	Interest Rate Risk
JLG	Joint Liability Group
KYC/KYC Norms	Customer identification procedure for opening of accounts and

Term	Description			
	monitoring transactions of suspicious nature followed by NBFCs for			
	the purpose of reporting it to appropriate authority			
LAP	Loan against property			
LCs	Loan Companies			
Loan Book	Outstanding loans net of provisions made for NPAs			
LTV	Loan to value			
MFIN	Microfinance Institutions Network			
MGC	Mortgage Guarantee Companies			
MIS	Management Information Systems			
MPC	Monetary Policy Committee			
MSME	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises			
NABARD	National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development			
NAV	Net Asset Value			
NBFC	Non-Banking Financial Company as defined under Section 45-IA of			
	the RBI Act, 1934			
NBFC – AA	NBFC-Account Aggregator			
NBFC-ND-NSI (NBFC-BL/ NBFC –	Non-deposit taking NBFCs below the asset size of ₹ 1,00,000 lakh and			
Base Layer)	(b) NBFCs undertaking the following activities- (i) NBFC-Peer to			
	Peer Lending Platform (NBFCP2P), (ii) NBFC-Account Aggregator			
	(NBFC-AA), (iii) Non-Operative Financial Holding Company			
	(NOFHC) and (iv) NBFCs not availing public funds and not having			
AMPEG D	any customer interface			
NBFC-D	NBFC registered as a deposit accepting NBFC			
NBFC-ML/ NBFC -	(a) all deposit taking NBFCs (NBFC-Ds), irrespective of asset size,			
Middle Layer	(b) non-deposit taking NBFCs with asset size of ₹1,00,000 lakh and			
	above and (c) NBFCs undertaking the following activities (i)			
	Standalone Primary Dealers (SPDs), (ii) Infrastructure Debt Fund - Non-Banking Financial Companies (IDF-NBFCs), (iii) Core			
	Investment Companies (CICs), (iv) Housing Finance Companies			
	(HFCs) and (v) Infrastructure Finance Companies (NBFC-IFC)			
NBFC-ICC	NBFC registered as an Investment and Credit Company			
NBFC-MFI	NBFC – Microfinance Institutions			
NBFC-ND	NBFC registered as a non-deposit accepting NBFC			
NBFC-ND-NSI	Non-Systemically Important NBFC-ND, i.e. a non-banking financial			
TOTAL TOTAL	company not accepting / holding public deposits and which is not			
	systemically important i.e. having total assets of less than ₹ 50,000			
	lakhs as per the last audited balance sheet			
NBFC-ND-SI	Systemically Important NBFC-ND, i.e. a non-banking financial			
	company not accepting / holding public deposits and which is			
	systemically important i.e. having total assets of ₹ 50,000 lakhs and			
	above as per the last audited balance sheet			
NBFIs	Non-banking Financial Institutions			
NBFC-P2P	NBFC-Peer to Peer Lending Platform			
NBFC - TL	NBFC-UL which in the opinion of RBI has substantial increase in the			
	potential systemic risk			
NBFC – UL	NBFCs which are specifically identified by the RBI as warranting			
	enhanced regulatory requirement based on a set of parameters and			
	scoring methodology as provided in SBR Framework			
NHAI	National Highways Authority of India			
NII	Net Interest Income			
NNPA	Net Non-Performing Assets			
NOF	Net Owned Fund			
NOFHC	Non-Operative Financial Holding Company			
3.775.4	Non-Performing Asset			
NPA				
NPCI	National Payments Corporation of India			
NPCI OLC	National Payments Corporation of India Overdue Loan Cell			
NPCI	National Payments Corporation of India			

Term	Description				
Public Issue I	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value				
	₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹10,000.00 lakhs pursuant to the				
	prospectus dated September 18, 2018				
Public Issue II	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value				
	₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹9,383.38 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus				
	dated August 19, 2019				
Public Issue III	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value				
	₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹12,428.93 lakhs pursuant to the				
	prospectus dated May 27, 2020				
Public Issue IV	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value				
	₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹15,000.00 lakhs pursuant to the				
D.I.I. I. II.	prospectus dated June 30, 2021				
Public Issue V	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value				
	₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹16,210.77 lakhs pursuant to the				
D 11' T XII	prospectus dated September 28, 2021				
Public Issue VI	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value				
	₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹17,765.22 lakhs pursuant to the				
Public Issue VII	prospectus dated February 11, 2022				
ruone issue vii	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹ 18,798.56 lakhs pursuant to the				
	prospectus dated September 13, 2022				
Public Issue VIII	Public issue of secured non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹				
Public Issue VIII	1,000 each aggregating to ₹ 13,612.96 lakhs pursuant to the				
	prospectus dated February 7, 2023				
Public Issue IX	Public issue of secured non-convertible debenture of face value of ₹				
Fublic Issue IX	1,000 each aggregating to ₹ 8,678.38 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus				
	dated August 22, 2023				
Public Issue X	Public issue of secured non-convertible debenture of face value of ₹				
Fublic Issue A	1,000 each aggregating to ₹12,500.00 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus				
	dated July, 18, 2024				
PLI	Production Linked Incentive				
PMJDY	Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana				
PMJJY	Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana				
PMSJY	Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana				
RBI	Reserve Bank of India				
RBI Scale Based Master Directions	Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial				
TEST Scale Based Master Breetions	Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023				
ROA	Return on Assets				
ROI	Return on Investment				
SBR Framework	Scale Based Regulation: A Revised Regulatory Framework for				
	NBFCs (as				
	amended)				
SFBs	Small Finance Banks				
SIDBI	Small Industries Development Bank of India				
SME	Small and Medium Enterprises				
STPLs	Small Ticket Size Loans				
TAT	Turnaround Time				
Tier 1 Capital	"Tier 1 capital" for NBFCs (except NBFCs-BL) is the sum of				
	(i) Owned fund as reduced by investment in shares of other				
	NBFCs and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding loans				
	and advances including hire purchase and lease finance made				
	to and deposits with subsidiaries and companies in the same				
	group exceeding, in aggregate, ten percent of the owned				
	fund; and				
	(ii) Perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking				
	NBFCs in each year to the extent it does not exceed 15				
	percent of the aggregate Tier 1 capital of such company as				
_	percent of the aggregate from a cupital of such company as				

Term	Description		
	on March 31 of the previous accounting year.		
Tier 2 Capital	Note – NBFCs-BL are not eligible to include perpetual debt instruments in their Tier 1 capital Tier 2 capital" for NBFCs (except NBFCs-BL) is the sum of		
	(i) Preference shares other than those which are compulsorily convertible into equity; (ii) Revaluation reserves at discounted rate of 55 percent; (iii) General provisions (including that for Standard Assets) and loss reserves to the extent these are not attributable to actual diminution in value or identifiable potential loss in any specific asset and are available to meet unexpected losses, to the extent of one and one fourth percent of risk weighted assets; (iv) Hybrid debt capital instruments; (v) Subordinated debt; and (vi) Perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking NBFC which is in excess of what qualifies for Tier 1 capital; to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier 1 capital. Note — NBFCs-BL are not eligible to include perpetual debt		
	instruments in their Tier 2		
TLTRO	Targeted Long-Term Repo Operations		
TNPL	Travel Now – Pay Later		
WEO	World Economic Outlook		

Conventional and General Terms or Abbreviations

Description		
Annual General Meeting		
Anti-Money Laundering		
BSE Limited		
Compounded Annual Growth Rate		
Central Depository Services (India) Limited		
Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017		
The Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed by the Government of India		
from time to time		
Director Identification Number		
Debenture Redemption Reserve		
Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/218 issued by SEBI on		
November 3, 2020, as amended from time to time		
Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme		
Extraordinary General Meeting		
Earnings Per Share		
Existing to Bank		
Foreign Direct Investment		
FDI in an Indian company is governed by the provisions of the FEMA read		
with the FEMA Regulations and the Foreign Direct Investment Policy		
Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999		
Foreign Exchange Management (Non-Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019		
Foreign Exchange Management (Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019		
Full Fledged Money Changer		
Financial Year ending March 31		
Foreign Institutional Investors defined under the SEBI (Foreign Institutional		
Investors) Regulations, 2014 registered with SEBI and as repealed by Foreign		
Portfolio Investors defined under the SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors)		
Regulations, 2019		

Term	Description				
GDP	Gross Domestic Product				
GFCE	Government First Consumption Expenditure				
GFCF	Gross Fixed Capital Formation				
GoI	Government of India				
G-Sec	Government Securities				
GST	Goods and services tax				
ICAI	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India established by an Act of Parliament,				
10.11	viz. The Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 (Act No. XXXVIII of 1949)				
HUF	Hindu Undivided Family				
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards				
IFSC	Indian Financial System Code				
IGST Act	Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017				
IND AS	The Indian Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies				
	Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015,				
	as amended.				
Indian GAAP	Accounting Standards as per the Companies (Accounting standards) Rules,				
	2006 notified under Section 133 of the Act and other relevant provisions of the				
	Act.				
IRDAI	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India				
IT	Information Technology				
IT Act	The Income Tax Act, 1961				
KYC	Know Your Customer				
LAP	Loan against property				
LTV	Loan to Value				
MCA	Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India				
MFIN	Microfinance Institutions Network				
MICR	Magnetic Ink Character Recognition				
MIS	Management Information System				
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding				
NA	Not Applicable				
NACH	National Automated Clearing House				
NEFT	National Electronic Funds Transfer				
NII(s)	Non-Institutional Investor(s)				
NIM	Net Interest Margin				
NPCI	National Payments Corporation of India				
NRI	Non-Resident Indian				
NSDL	National Securities Depository Limited				
NTC	New to Credit				
PAN	Permanent Account Number				
PCA	Prompt Corrective Actions				
PDI	Perpetual Debt Instrument				
RBI	The Reserve Bank of India				
RBI Act	The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934				
RM	Relationship Manager				
RTGS	Real Time Gross Settlement				
SCRA	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956				
SCRR	The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957				
SEBI	The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the Securities				
	and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992				
SEBI Act	The Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992				
SEBI Delisting Regulations	SEBI (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021				
SEBI Listing Regulations/	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure				
Listing Regulations	Requirements) Regulations, 2015				
SEBI NCS Regulations/	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertible				
SEBI Regulations	Securities) Regulations, 2021				
SGST Act	State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, as enacted by various state				
	governments.				
	-				

Term	Description
TDS	Tax Deducted at Source
TLTRO	Targeted long-term repo operations
WDM	Wholesale Debt Market

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, capitalised terms that have been defined in the chapters titled "Capital Structure", "History and Certain Other Corporate Matters", "Our Management", "Financial Statements", "Financial Indebtedness", "Issue Procedure", "Outstanding Litigations", "Key Regulations and Policies", and "Summary of Main Provisions of the Articles of Association" and on pages 50, 192, 195, 214,216 274, 305, 353, and 372 respectively will have the meanings ascribed to them in such chapters.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL, INDUSTRY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Certain Conventions

All references to "India" are to the Republic of India and its territories and possessions and all references to the "Government" or the "State Government" are to the Government of India, central or state, as applicable.

Unless otherwise stated, references in this Prospectus to a particular year are to the calendar year ended on December 31 and to a particular "fiscal" or "fiscal year" are to the fiscal year ended on March 31.

All references to "India" are to the Republic of India and its territories and possessions, and the "Government," the "Central Government" or the "State Government" are to the Government of India, central or state, as applicable.

Financial Data

Our Company publishes its financial statements in Rupees.

Our Company's Limited Review Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 has been prepared by our Previous Statutory Auditor, RB Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants in accordance with Ind AS, as applicable standards and guidance notes specified by the ICAI including the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Our Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022, are prepared by our Previous Statutory Auditor, RB Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants in accordance with Ind AS, as applicable standards and guidance notes specified by the ICAI including the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. With effect from April 1, 2019, as per the roadmap issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") dated January 18, 2016, under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, for Non-Banking Finance Companies (other than the Non-Banking Finance Companies having total assets of ₹50,000 lakhs or more), for financial reporting purposes, the Company has followed the Indian Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 3 and/or Rule 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 ("IND AS"), as applicable.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), in its press release dated January 18, 2016, issued a roadmap for implementation of Ind AS converged with IFRS for non-banking financial companies, scheduled commercial banks, insurers, and insurance companies, which was subsequently confirmed by the RBI through its circular dated February 11, 2016. The notification further explains that NBFCs whose equity and/or debt securities are listed or in the process of listing on any stock exchange in India or outside India and having a net worth of less than ₹50,000 lakh, shall comply with Ind AS for accounting periods beginning from April 1, 2019 onwards with comparatives for the periods ending on March 31, 2019 or thereafter. Accordingly, Ind AS is applicable to our Company with effect from April 1,2019.

The Limited Review Unaudited Financial Results and Audited Financial Statements and the reports issued thereon, as issued by our Company's Previous Statutory Auditors, RB Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants, is included in this Prospectus, in the chapter titled "Financial Statements" beginning on page 214.

Unless stated otherwise, the financial data used in this Prospectus is derived from our Limited Review Unaudited Financial Results and Audited Financial Statements for the financial years prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles as laid down in IND AS, applicable standards and guidance notes prescribed by ICAI, Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

The Unaudited Financial Results of our Company as at and for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act read with the relevant rules thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the SEBI Listing Regulations along with the limited review report issued thereon by the Previous Statutory Auditor of our Company and are included in this Prospectus.

In this Prospectus, any discrepancies in any table, including "Capital Structure" and "Objects of the Issue" between the total and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding off. All the decimals have been rounded off to two decimal places.

Further, the financial data and numbers used in this Prospectus are under Ind AS, as specifically mentioned in this Prospectus and is not strictly comparable.

Unless stated otherwise or unless the context requires otherwise, the financial data used in this Prospectus is on a standalone basis.

Currency and units of Presentation

In this Prospectus, all references to 'Rupees'/ 'Rs.'/ 'INR'/ '₹' are to Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India. Except where stated otherwise in this Prospectus, all figures have been expressed in 'lakhs'. All references to 'lakh/lakhs' means 'one hundred thousand' and 'crore' means 'ten million' and 'billion billions' means 'one hundred crores'.

Industry and Market Data

Unless stated otherwise, industry and market data used throughout this Prospectus has been obtained from industry publications. Industry publications generally state that the information contained in those publications has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but that their accuracy and completeness are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Accordingly, no investment decision should be made on the basis of such information. Although our Company believes that industry data used in this Prospectus is reliable, it has not been independently verified. Also, data from these sources may not be comparable. Similarly, internal reports, while believed by us to be reliable, have not been verified by any independent sources.

The extent to which the market and industry data used in this Prospectus is meaningful depends on the reader's familiarity with and understanding of the methodologies used in compiling such data. Certain information and statistics in relation to the industry in which we operate, which has been included in this Prospectus has been extracted from an industry report titled "Industry report on gold loans, personal loans, MSME loans, and microfinance loans", dated August 2024 prepared and issued by CRISIL Limited ("CRISIL Report"). Please refer to "Industry Overview" on page 136 for further details. Following is the disclaimer of CRISIL Limited in relation to the CRISIL Report:

"CRISIL Market Intelligence & Analytics (CRISIL MI&A), a division of CRISIL Limited (CRISIL) has taken due care and caution in preparing this report (Report) based on the Information obtained by CRISIL from sources which it considers reliable (Data). This Report is not a recommendation to invest/disinvest in any entity covered in the Report and no part of this Report should be construed as an expert advice or investment advice or any form of investment banking within the meaning of any law or regulation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, nothing in the Report is to be construed as CRISIL providing or intending to provide any services in jurisdictions where CRISIL does not have the necessary permission and/or registration to carry out its business activities in this regard. KLM Axiva Finvest Limited will be responsible for ensuring compliances and consequences of non-compliances for use of the Report or part thereof outside India. CRISIL MI&A operates independently of and does not have access to information obtained by CRISIL Ratings Limited, which may, in their regular operations, obtain information of a confidential nature. The views expressed in this Report are that of CRISIL MI&A and not of CRISIL Ratings Limited. No part of this Report may be published/reproduced in any form without CRISIL's prior written approval."

General Risk

Investment in NCDs involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in NCDs unless they can afford to take the risk attached to such investments. Investors are advised to take an informed decision and to read the risk factors carefully before investing in this offering. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their examination of the issue including the risks involved in it. Specific attention of investors is invited to statement of risk factors contained under section "Risk Factors" on page 18. These risks are not, and are not intended to be, a complete list of all risks and considerations relevant to the NCDs or Investor's decision to purchase such securities.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Prospectus contains certain statements that are not statements of historical fact and are in the nature of "forward-looking statements". These forward-looking statements generally can be identified by words or phrases such as "aim", "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "objective", "plan", "potential", "project", "will", "will continue", "will pursue", "will likely result", "will seek to", "seek" or other words or phrases of similar import. All statements regarding our expected financial condition and results of operations and business plans and prospects are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include statements as to our business strategy, revenue and profitability and other matters discussed in this Prospectus that are not historical facts.

All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant statement.

Actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward looking statements due to risks or uncertainties associated with our expectations with respect to, but not limited to, regulatory changes pertaining to our businesses and our ability to respond to them, our ability to successfully implement our strategies, our growth and expansion, technological changes, our exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India and which have an impact on our business activities or investments, the monetary and fiscal policies of India, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, the performance of the financial markets in India and globally, changes in domestic laws, regulations and taxes and changes in competition in our industry.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations including, without limitation, the following:

- 1. Any increase in the levels of NPAs in our loan portfolio, for any reason whatsoever, would adversely affect our business and results of operations;
- 2. Demand for our current products and our ability to introduce new products and implement our growth strategies;
- 3. Any volatility in interest rates which could cause our gross spreads to decline and consequently affect our profitability;
- 4. Unanticipated turbulence in interest rates or other rates or prices;
- 5. The performance of the financial and capital markets in India and globally;
- 6. Our operations are concentrated in South India, and any adverse developments in the southern states of India may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows;
- 7. The outcome of any legal or regulatory proceedings we are or may become a party to;
- 8. Changes in Indian and/or foreign laws and regulations, including tax, accounting, banking, securities, insurance and other regulations; changes in competition and the pricing environment in India; and regional or general changes in asset valuations;
- 9. Any changes in connection with policies, statutory provisions, regulations and/or RBI directions in connection with NBFCs, including laws that impact our lending rates and our ability to enforce our collateral:
- 10. Occurrence of natural calamities or natural disasters affecting the areas in which our Company has operations;
- 11. Availability of adequate debt and equity financing at commercially acceptable terms; and
- 12. Other factors discussed in this Prospectus, including under the chapter titled "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 18.

For further discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations, please refer to the chapter titled "Risk Factors" and chapters titled "Industry Overview" and "Our Business" beginning on pages 18, 136 and 173, respectively.

By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimates and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual future gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated. Forward looking statements speak only as on the date of this Prospectus. The forward-looking statements contained in this Prospectus are based on the beliefs of management, as well as the assumptions made by and information currently available to management. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in

such forward-looking statements are reasonable at this time, we cannot assure investors that such expectations will prove to be correct or will hold good at all times. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. If any of these risks and uncertainties materialise, or if any of our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, our actual results of operations or financial condition could differ materially from that described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to us are expressly qualified in their entirety by reference to these cautionary statements.

Neither the Lead Manager, our Company, its Directors and its officers, nor any of their respective affiliates or associates have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. In accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company, the Lead Manager will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments between the date of filing this Prospectus with the Stock Exchange and the date of the Allotment.

SECTION II - RISK FACTORS

An investment in NCDs involves a certain degree of risk. You should carefully consider all the information contained in this Prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, and the information provided in the sections titled "Our Business" on page 173 and "Financial Statements" on page 214, before making an investment decision. The risk factors set forth below do not purport to be complete or comprehensive in terms of all the risk factors that may arise in connection with our business or any decision to purchase, own or dispose of the NCDs. The following risk factors are determined on the basis of their materiality. In determining the materiality of risk factors, we have considered risks which may not be material individually but may be material when considered collectively, which may have a qualitative impact though not quantitative, which may not be material at present but may have a material impact in the future. Additional risks, which are currently unknown or now deemed immaterial, if materialise, may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations in the future. The market prices of the NCDs could decline due to such risks and you may lose all or part of your investment including interest thereon.

Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors below, we are not in a position to quantify the financial or other implication of any of the risks described in this section. This Prospectus also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including events described below and elsewhere in this Prospectus. Unless otherwise stated, the financial information used in this section is derived from and should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Financial Results and Audited Financial Statements.

Risks relating to our Business and our Company

1. We have received Show-Cause Notices from RBI and any adverse action taken could affect our business and operations.

On October 11, 2024, the RBI issued a SCN to our Company under Sections 45JA, 45L, 45M, 58B(5)(aa), and 58G of the RBI Act, 1934. The SCN alleged a violation of paragraph 33 of the RBI Scale Based Master Directions pertaining to the declaration of dividends by NBFCs. The SCN called upon the Company to show cause in writing by October 31, 2024, as to why penalty should not be imposed. In response, our Company submitted its explanations via a letter dated October 30, 2024. As of the date of filing this Prospectus, our Company has not received any further communication from the RBI regarding this matter.

On October 4, 2023, the RBI issued a Show Cause Notice (SCN) to our Company under Section 45-IA(6) of the RBI Act, 1934. The notice alleged certain violations and non-compliance in our company's operations that could potentially be detrimental to public interest. The RBI claimed that our company failed to accurately report the Net Owned Funds as of March 31, 2022, and did not maintain the Tier 1 capital above the regulatory minimum Capital to Risk-weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) of 12%. Additionally, the RBI alleged that our company incorrectly reported the outstanding subordinate debt, the gross loans and advances, and the gross and net Non-Performing Assets (NPA) as of March 31, 2022, contrary to the RBI's instructions. The RBI also claimed that our company failed to disclose a related entity with a common director in the annual report. Additionally, RBI alleged that our company is in non-compliance with Section 67(2) of the Companies Act, 2013. In response to these allegations, our company submitted comprehensive replies on October 31, 2023, and December 31, 2023. After reviewing our responses, the RBI issued a letter on April 4, 2024, advising our Company to implement specific corrective measures by June 30, 2024. Further, our Company, vide communication dated June 30, 2024, informed the RBI about the implementation of the corrective measures. Upon reviewing the measures undertaken by the Company, the RBI issued a follow-up letter dated September 13, 2024, advising the Company, interalia, to submit additional information and details concerning the implementation of the corrective measures. It was also informed that a review of the measures undertaken by the Company to address the supervisory concerns will be subjected to compliance testing after three months. The Company is yet to furnish the requisite information to the RBI.

RBI issued a SCN dated March 16, 2018 under Section 45-IA(6) and Section 58(B) of the RBI Act, against our Company, in relation to alleged violations and non-compliance in the functioning of our Company. In the SCN, RBI has alleged that our Company failed to communicate the name, designation and address of the Principal Officer to the Financial Intelligence Unit-India ("FIU-IND") as directed by RBI by its various directions including Master Circular - Know Your Customer Guidelines DNBR (PD) CC No. 051/03.10.19/2015-16 dated July 1, 2015 and the Know Your Customer (Directions), 2016 ("KYC Directions"). Further, RBI alleges that it had issued several reminders, namely, letter No. DNBS (H) CMS/1713/04.08.025/2016-17 dated May 10, 2017 and email dated February 28, 2018. Furthermore, RBI also alleges that our Company has been included by the FIU-IND in

its list of "High Risk Financial Institutions" for non-compliance with the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Prevention of Money Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 ("PML Rules") and the directions and guidelines issued by RBI under Rule 9 (14) of the PML Rules. In the SCN, the RBI asked our Company to show cause on or before March 28, 2018 as to why the Certificate of Registration issued to our Company should not be cancelled under Section 45-IA(6) of the RBI Act and penal action should not be initiated against our Company for the offences punishable under Section 58 B of the RBI Act.

Our Company *vide* its letter dated March 23, 2018 ("**Reply**") with its reference to DNBS (H) CMS/1297/00.00.056/2016-17 dated March 16, 2018, responded to the SCN and submitted that our Company has applied for reporting entity registration with FIU-IND on February 26, 2018 and received the FIUREID on March 22, 2018. Further, our Company has received a certificate of registration for FIU-IND.

2. We are subject to supervision by regulatory authorities and non-compliance with observations made by regulatory authorities during their periodic inspections could expose us to penalties and restrictions which in turn may affect our business and operations.

As a NBFC, we are subject to periodic inspection by the RBI under Section 45N of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (the "RBI Act"), pursuant to which the RBI inspects our books of accounts and other records for the purpose of verifying the correctness or completeness of any statement, information or particulars furnished to the RBI. Any irregularities found during such inspections by such regulatory authorities could, similarly expose us to penalties and restrictions.

The onsite supervisory inspection was conducted by RBI during January 2023 to February 2023 for the financial year 2021-22 and RBI issued an inspection report to the Company and issued a risk mitigation plan for the certain observations vide letter dated May 23, 2023 and directed our Company to submit a reply within a period of thirty days from the receipt of inspection report. Our Company placed the inspection report before the Board of Directors on May 26, 2023 and filed reply to RBI vide letter dated June 26, 2023 stating the clarification and undertaking the resolution to the lapses occurred by the Company.

Under the aforesaid inspection report, the RBI has, inter -alia, made certain observations for the financial year 2021-22 regarding the business and operations of our Company in relation to, (i) alleged violations of Section 67(2) of the Companies Act in preferential allotment of equity shares of our Company in the past having a potential impact on the capital adequacy ratio of our Company (ii) lapses in sanctioning and disbursing of loans including NPA provisioning and proper maintenance of books of accounts (iii) deficiency in functioning and composition requirements of various committees (iv) certain gaps in monitoring mechanism and reporting of related party transactions, fraud above ₹1 lakhs, fair practice code and functioning of grievance redressal mechanism (v) oversight in compliance of internal audit systems (vi) lapse in regulatory framework for microfinance loans (vii) certain lapses in loan documentation for perpetual debt instruments (viii) certain control gaps in auction policy, IT risk identification, KYC and IS audit. In response to these allegations, our company submitted comprehensive replies on October 31, 2023, and December 31, 2023. After reviewing our responses, the RBI issued a letter on April 4, 2024, advising our Company to implement specific corrective measures by June 30, 2024. Our Company, vide communication dated June 30, 2024, informed the RBI about the implementation of the corrective measures. Upon reviewing the measures undertaken by the Company, the RBI issued a follow-up letter dated September 13, 2024, advising the Company, interalia, to submit additional information and details concerning the implementation of the corrective measures. It was also informed that a review of the measures undertaken by the Company to address the supervisory concerns will be subjected to compliance testing after three months. The Company is yet to furnish the requisite information to the RBI.

Although, our Company (as applicable) has taken adequate measures to address or resolve with the observations/findings highlighted in the inspection report for the financial year 2021-22 issued by the RBI as part of its inspections, and has responded to such observation/finding indicated and further information sought therein, if any, we cannot assure you that these authorities will not find any deficiencies or irregularity or noncompliance in future inspections or otherwise. The RBI also advised our company vide letter dated April 4, 2024, to desist from further expansion of the balance sheet until the implementation of the instructed corrective measures. In the event we are unable to resolve such deficiencies or irregularity or noncompliance to the satisfaction of the relevant authority, we may be restricted in our ability to conduct our business as we currently do and may have an impact on our financial including our capital adequacy ratio. While we seek to comply with all regulatory provisions applicable to us, in the event we are unable to comply or adequately resolve with the observations made by the

RBI or other regulatory authorities, we could be subject to penalties and restrictions which may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and reputation

3. Our Company, our Promoter and Directors and other companies have been subject to search and seizure operations conducted by the Indian income tax authorities.

Search and seizure proceedings were initiated by the Income Tax Department under Section 132 of the Income-Tax Act, 1961 (the "IT Search and Seizure Proceedings") on January 11, 2024, in the business premises of our Company at Kothamangalam and Palarivattom. Simultaneously, search was also conducted in the residential premises of Shibu Theckumpuram Varghese, Director of the Company. During the search, certain documents and items were seized by the department officials and sworn statements were recorded from Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese Director of the Company and other employees of our Company. In connection with the same, our Company and our director have received various communications or summons from the Income Tax Department requiring additional information/clarification. However, the Income Tax Department has not initiated any reassessment proceedings against our company or our director.

Search and seizure proceedings were initiated by the Income Tax Department under Section 132 of the Income-Tax Act, 1961 (the "IT Search and Seizure Proceedings") on October 5, 2015 at Kothamangalam. It was alleged that our Company has generated undisclosed income and utilized the same over the period. Pursuant to the IT Search and Seizure Proceedings, our Company received notices on November 30, 2017, under section 148 of the IT Act issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Centre Circle, Kochi, stating that income tax returns should be filed in 30 days for assessment of income. In response to these notices received above, our Company, KMLM Chits India Limited and KLM Fincorp Limited and Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese, Director of the Company and Josekutty Xavier, erstwhile Director of the Company (collectively referred as "Applicants") have filed income tax returns and subsequently approached Income tax Settlement Commission, Chennai Bench. The Settlement Commission through its order dated December 28, 2017, allowed the settlement applications of Applicants to be proceeded with further and KLM Fincorp Limited and KMLM Chits India Limited have outstanding tax liabilities of ₹ 238.65 lakhs and ₹ 239.86 lakhs, respectively. KLM Fincorp Limited and KMLM Chits India Limited have also made payments of their respective tax liabilities. Further our Company has received summons and communications from the Income Tax Department, requesting additional information and clarification. Importantly, no reassessment proceedings have been initiated by the Income Tax Department against our company or our director. Apart from this there are no further updates on this matter. For details of this matter, please see section entitled "Outstanding Litigation" on page 305.

4. Our financial performance is particularly vulnerable to interest rate volatility. If we are unable to manage interest rate risk in the future it could have an adverse effect on our net interest margin, thereby adversely affecting business and financial condition of our company.

Our results of operations are substantially dependent upon the level of our Net Interest Margins. Interest income from our financing activities is the largest component of our total income and constituted 96.92%, 95.85%, 97.02% and 95.90% of our total income as at June 30, 2024, Fiscal 2024, Fiscal 2023, and Fiscal 2022, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, our loan books were ₹ 1,68,511.13 lakhs, ₹1,72,095.82 lakhs, ₹1,46,032.96 lakhs, and ₹ 1,07,296.71 lakhs, respectively. We borrow and lend funds on both fixed and floating rates. Volatility in interest rates can materially and adversely affect our financial performance. In a rising interest rate environment, if the yield on our interest-earning assets does not increase simultaneously with or to the same extent as our cost of funds, or, in a declining interest rate environment, if our cost of funds does not decline simultaneously or to the same extent as the yield on our interest-earning assets, our net interest income and net interest margin would be adversely impacted.

Accordingly, our operations are susceptible to fluctuations in interest rates. Interest rates are highly sensitive and fluctuations thereof are dependent upon many factors which are beyond our control, including the monetary policies of the RBI, de-regulation of the financial services sector in India, domestic and international economic and political conditions, inflation and other factors. Rise in inflation, and consequent changes in bank rates, repo rates and reverse repo rates by the RBI have led to an increase in interest rates on loans provided by banks and financial institutions, and market interest rates in India have been volatile in recent periods.

We do not hedge our exposure to interest rate changes. We cannot assure you that we can adequately manage our interest rate risk in the future. Further, changes in interest rates could affect the interest rates charged on interest earning assets and the interest rates paid on interest bearing liabilities in different ways. Thus, our results of

operations could be affected by changes in interest rates and the timing of any re-pricing of our liabilities compared with the re-pricing of our assets.

5. We have had negative net cash flows from our operating and investing activities in the recent fiscal years. Any negative cash flows in the future may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We have had negative net cash flows from our operating and investing activities during our last three fiscal years, on standalone basis the details of which are summarised below:

(in ₹ lakhs)

Particulars	Fiscal 2024	Fiscal 2023	Fiscal 2022
Net cash generated from/ (used in)	(7,109.80)	(20,086.81)	(19,812.94)
operating activities			
Net cash generated from/ (used in)	(4,224.51)	(8,586.22)	(3,706.22)
investing activities			
Net cash generated from/ (used in)	5,636.21	6,353.67	52,127.46
financing activities			

Any negative cash flows in the future may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. For further details, please see the sections titled "Financial Statements" on page 214.

6. Our business requires substantial capital, and any disruption in funding sources would have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

As an NBFC, our liquidity and on-going profitability are, in large part, dependent upon our timely access to, and the costs associated with, raising capital. Our funding requirements historically have been met from issuance of redeemable non-convertible debentures, the issue of subordinated debts, perpetual debt instruments and equity shares. Thus, our business depends and will continue to depend on our ability to access diversified funding sources. Our ability to raise funds on acceptable terms and at competitive rates continues to depend on various factors including our credit ratings, the regulatory environment and policy initiatives in India, investors' and/or lenders' perception of demand for debt and equity securities of NBFCs, and our current and future results of operations and financial condition. While our borrowing costs have been competitive in the past, if we are unable to access funds at an effective cost that is comparable to or lower than our competitors, we may not be able to offer competitive interest rates for our loans. This may adversely impact our business, prospects, cash flow, results of operations and financial condition.

Restrictive or penal order may be passed against us by the RBI in future proceedings that could hamper our operations or services, or a part thereof, or levy penalties in connection therewith, which may in turn adversely affect our operations and profitability. Changes in economic and financial conditions or continuing lack of liquidity in the market could make it difficult for us to access funds at competitive rates. Such conditions may lead to a disruption in our primary funding sources at competitive costs and would have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

7. High levels of customer defaults or delays in repayment of loans could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business involves lending money and accordingly we are subject to customer default risks including default or delay in repayment of principal and/or interest on our loans. Customers may default on their obligations to us as a result of various factors including bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, lack of business and operational failure. If borrowers fail to repay loans in a timely manner or at all, our financial condition and results of operations will be adversely impacted.

In addition, our customer portfolio consists of individuals, small and medium enterprises and other group of the under banked community, who do not typically have easy access to financing from commercial banks or other organized lenders and often have limited credit history. Such borrowers generally are less financially resilient than larger corporate borrowers, and, as a result, they can be more adversely affected by declining economic conditions. In addition, we may not receive updated information regarding any change in the financial condition of our customers or may receive inaccurate or incomplete information as a result of any fraudulent misrepresentation on the part of our customers. Furthermore, unlike several developed economies, a nationwide credit bureau has only

recently become operational in India, so there is less financial information available about the creditworthiness of our customers. It is therefore difficult to carry out precise credit risk analyses on our clients.

Our Company has in the past faced various instances of customers having defaulted and/or failed to repay dues in connection with loans and/or finance provided by our Company and has also initiated various legal proceedings in connection therewith. Further our Company also in certain cases restructured the terms and conditions of loans and/or finance provided by us, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Further, another source of funding is repayment of loans by our customers. Any delays in repayment of loans by our customers in a timely manner or at all, could impact our funding plans.

Customer defaults could also adversely affect our levels of NPAs and provisioning of the same, which could in turn adversely affect our operations, cash flows and profitability. Our Gross NPAs have decreased from ₹4,292.53 lakhs as at March 31, 2022 to ₹3,742.14 lakhs as at June 30,2024, representing 2.22% of the total loans and advances and our Net NPAs have decreased from ₹2,898.48 lakhs as at March 31, 2022 to ₹2,025.10 lakhs as at March 31, 2024 representing 1.20% of the total loans and advances. Our Gross NPAs was ₹ 3,742.14 lakhs as at June 30, 2024 representing 2.22 % of the total loans and advances and our Net NPAs was ₹ 2,025.10 lakhs as at June 30, 2024, representing 1.20 % of the total loans and advances. Although we believe that our risk management controls are sufficient, we cannot be certain that they will continue to be sufficient or that additional risk management policies for individual borrowers will not be required. Failure to continuously monitor the loan contracts, could adversely affect our credit portfolio which could have a material and adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

8. If we are unable to manage the level of NPAs in our Loan Assets, our financial position and results of operations may suffer.

Our Gross NPAs have decreased from ₹4,292.53 lakhs as at March 31, 2022 to ₹3,742.14 lakhs as at June 30,2024 representing 2.22% of the total loans and advances and our Net NPAs have decreased from ₹2,898.48 lakhs as at March 31, 2022 to ₹2,025.10 lakhs as at June 30,2024 representing 1.20% of the total loans and advances. As on June 30, 2024, our Gross NPAs and Net NPAs were ₹3,742.14 lakhs and ₹2,025.10 lakhs, respectively. Our Gross NPAs as a percentage of total Loan Assets were 2.22%, 1.60%, 1.84%, and 4.00% as of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, respectively, while our Net NPAs as a percentage of Total Loan Assets were 1.20%, 0.67%, 0.82%, and 2.70% as of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, respectively. We cannot ensure that we will be able to improve our collections and recoveries in relation to our NPAs or otherwise adequately control our level of NPAs in future. Moreover, as our loan portfolio matures, we may experience greater defaults in principal and/or interest repayments. Thus, if we are not able to control or reduce our level of NPAs, the overall quality of our loan portfolio may deteriorate, and our results of operations may be adversely affected. Furthermore, our current provisions may not be adequate when compared to the loan portfolios of other financial institutions, currently as of June 30, 2024, our total provisioning for NPAs is ₹ 1,717.04 lakhs. Moreover, there also can be no assurance that there will be no further deterioration in our provisioning coverage as a percentage of Gross NPAs or otherwise, or that the percentage of NPAs that we will be able to recover will be similar to our past experience of recoveries of NPAs. In the event of any further deterioration in our NPA portfolio, there could be an even greater, adverse impact on our results of operations.

9. Our indebtedness and the conditions and restrictions imposed by our financing agreements could restrict our ability to conduct our business and operations in the manner we desire.

As of September 30, 2024, we had an outstanding total borrowing of ₹1,63,568.99 lakhs. We may incur additional indebtedness in the future. Many of our financing agreements include various restrictive conditions and covenants restricting certain corporate actions, and our Company is required to take the prior approval of the lender before carrying out such activities. For instance, our Company, *inter alia*, is required to obtain the prior written consent in the following instances:

- to declare dividends for any year except out of profits relating to that year after making all due and necessary provisions and provided further that no default had occurred in any repayment obligations;
- > should not be dissolved/reconstituted without obtaining bank's prior approval;
- > to formulate any scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction;
- to implement any scheme of expansion / modernization / diversification / renovation or acquire any fixed assets during any accounting year, except such schemes which have already been approved by the Bank;

- > to any change in capital structure;
- > to enter into borrowing arrangements either secured or unsecured with any other bank, Financial Institution, company or person;
- to effect any drastic change in their management setup;
- > to enter into long term contractual obligations directly affecting the financial position of our Company;
- > to borrow or obtain credit facilities from any bank or financial institution;
- > to undertake any guarantee obligations on behalf of any other company;
- > to invest by way of share capital or lend or advance funds to or place deposits with any other concern, including sister / associate / family / subsidiary/ group concerns. However, normal trade credit or security deposits in the normal course of business or advances to employees can be excluded;
- > to create any further charge, lien or encumbrance over the assets and properties of the Unit / Guarantors to be charged / charged to the Bank in favour of any other bank, Financial Institution, firm or person;
- > to sell, assign, mortgage or otherwise dispose off any of the fixed assets charged to the Bank.
- > to repay dues of promoter/group companies;
- to sell, assign, mortgage or otherwise dispose of any of the fixed assets charged to the banks; and
- > to effect any change in the remuneration payable to the Directors / Partners, etc. either in the form of sitting fees or otherwise

Our indebtedness could have several important consequences, including our cash flows being used towards repayment of our existing debt, which will reduce the availability of our cash flow to fund our working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate requirements. Moreover, our ability to obtain additional financing or renewal of existing facilities, in the future at reasonable terms may be restricted or our cost of borrowings may increase due to sudden adverse market conditions, including decreased availability of credit or fluctuations in interest rates. There could be a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations if we are unable to service our indebtedness or otherwise comply with financial and other covenants specified in the financing agreements and we may be more vulnerable to economic downturns, which may limit our ability to withstand competitive pressures and may reduce our flexibility in responding to changing business, regulatory and economic conditions.

10. Our previous statutory auditor had included certain emphasis of matters and other observations in their audit reports relating to the Audited Financial Statements of our Company.

Our previous statutory auditors had included certain emphasis of matters and other observations in their audit report in relation to the Audited Financial Statements. For further details, in relation to the emphasis of matters and other observations, etc. see "Financial Statements" and "Outstanding Litigation" on page 214 and 305, respectively.

There can be no assurance that our statutory auditor will not include further emphasis of matters or other similar remarks in the audit reports to our Audited Financial Statements in the future, or that such remarks or matters of emphasis will not affect our financial results in future fiscal periods. Investors should consider the emphasis of matters and other observation in evaluating our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Any such emphasis of matters or any other observations in the auditors' report on our Audited Financial Statements in the future may also adversely affect the trading price of the NCDs.

11. We have limited operating history and evolving business make it difficult to evaluate our business and future operating results on the basis of our past performance, and our future results may not meet or exceed our past performance.

The present management has acquired our Company in the Fiscal 2014 from the erstwhile management to start financial services. Subsequently, we started offering various products such as gold loan, personal loan, MSME loan and microfinance loans. As a result of our limited operating history under the new management, there is limited historical operating information available to help prospective investors to evaluate our past performance as an entity. Given we have limited operating history in the loan finance business, we may face significant challenges in developing and institutionalizing our procedures and policies for that business. The loan finance business would require extensive monitoring, strict compliance with KYC requirements and prudent risk management. Our growth plans will place significant demands on our operational, credit, financial and other internal risk controls, making our management of asset quality increasingly important.

Our business in each sector and overall is growing and the results and amounts set forth in our financial statements may not provide a reliable indication of our future performance. Accordingly, you should evaluate our business

and prospects in light of the risks, uncertainties and difficulties frequently encountered by both high growth companies and financial institutions that are in the early stages of development. Our failure to mitigate these risks and uncertainties successfully could materially adversely affect our business and operating results.

12. We may not be able to recover, on a timely basis or at all, the full value of collateral or amounts which are sufficient to cover the outstanding amounts due under defaulted loans.

Out of our Company's total gross loan portfolio of ₹ 1,68,511.13 lakhs as at June 30, 2024, 89.50 % of the aggregate gross value of our loan book i.e., ₹ 1,50,825.54 lakhs is secured by collaterals and ₹ ₹ 17,685.59 lakhs representing 10.50 % of the aggregate gross value of our loan book is unsecured loans. The value of collaterals is dependent on various factors *inter-alia* including (i) prevailing market conditions, (ii) the general economic and political conditions in India, (iii) the real estate markets in the areas in which we operate, and (iv) in context to Gold loan business, the value of Gold, being the security, is dependent on the International Gold prices.

The value of the security provided to us, may be subject to reduction in value on account of other extraneous reasons. Consequently, the realizable value of the security for the loans provided by us, when liquidated, may be lower than principal amount outstanding along with interest and other costs recoverable from such customers.

Although we believe that we generally maintain a sufficient margin in the collateral value, if we have to enforce such pledges and if at the time of such enforcement, due to adverse market conditions, the market value of the pledged securities have fallen to a level where we are unable to recover the monies lent by us, along with interest accrued thereon and associated costs, the results of our operations would be adversely affected. In case of any shortfall in margins in connection with the securities pledged as collaterals, we typically call upon the relevant customer to provide further collateral to make up for the deficit in such margins. Furthermore, enforcing our legal rights by litigating against defaulting customers is generally a slow and potentially expensive process in India. Accordingly, it may be difficult for us to recover amounts owed by defaulting customers in a timely manner or at all.

13. Our Company, Directors and Promoter are subject to certain legal proceedings and any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We, our Directors and Promoter are subject to certain legal proceedings including civil suits, consumer litigations, tax litigations etc. We incur substantial cost in defending these proceedings before a court of law. Moreover, we are unable to assure you that we or our Promoter and Directors shall be successful in any or all of these actions. In the event, we or our Promoter and Directors suffer any adverse order, our reputation may suffer and may have an adverse impact on our business and results of operations.

A summary of the outstanding proceedings involving our Company, Directors, Promoter and Group Companies in accordance with requirements under the SEBI NCS Regulations, as disclosed in this Prospectus, to the extent quantifiable, have been set out below:

Name	Criminal	Tax	Statutory	Disciplinary	Material	Aggregate amount
	Proceedings	Proceedings	or	actions by	Civil	involved
			Regulatory	the SEBI or	Litigations	
			Proceedings	Stock		(₹ in lakh)
				Exchanges		, , , ,
Company						
By the Company	105	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	507.25
Against the	Nil	1	1	Nil	Nil	116.87
Company						
Directors						
By the Directors	10	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	43.65
Against the	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Directors						
Promoters						

Name	Criminal Proceedings	Tax Proceedings	Statutory or Regulatory Proceedings	Disciplinary actions by the SEBI or Stock Exchanges	Material Civil Litigations	Aggregate amount involved (₹ in lakh)
By the Promoters	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Against the Promoters	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Group Companies	5					
By the Group Companies	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Against the Group Companies	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Unquantifiable
Subsidiaries						
By the Subsidiaries Against the Subsidiaries			Not	Applicable		

We cannot assure that an adverse order by any statutory or governmental authority would not have a negative impact on our profit and financial condition. For further details of the legal proceedings that we are subject to, please refer to the chapter titled "Outstanding Litigation" on page 305.

14. We are subjected to supervision and regulation by the RBI as a non – deposit accepting NBFC-Middle Layer, and changes in RBI's regulations governing us could adversely affect our business.

Our Company has been classified as NBFC-Middle Layer from October 1, 2022 and therefore we are subject to the RBI's guidelines on financial regulation of NBFCs, including capital adequacy, exposure and other prudential norms. The RBI also regulates the credit flow by banks to NBFCs and provides guidelines to commercial banks with respect to their investment and credit exposure norms for lending to the NBFCs. The RBI's regulations of NBFCs could change which may restrict the availment of credit facilities from such banks in the future and which may require us to restructure our activities, incur additional cost or could otherwise adversely affect our business and our financial performance. Through the Master Directions and SBR Framework, RBI has amended the regulatory framework governing NBFCs to address concerns pertaining to risks, regulatory gaps and arbitrage arising from differential regulations and aims to harmonise and simplify regulations to facilitate a smoother compliance culture among NBFCs. Even though the RBI has not provided for any restriction on interest rates that can be charged by non-deposit taking NBFCs, there can be no assurance that the RBI and/or the Government will not implement further regulations or policies, including legal interpretations of existing regulations, relating to or affecting interest rates, taxation, inflation or exchange controls, or otherwise take action, that may have an adverse impact on non-deposit taking NBFCs.

Compliance with many of the regulations applicable to our operations in India, including any restrictions on investments and other activities currently being carried out by us, involves a number of risks, particularly in markets where applicable regulations may be subject to varying interpretations. If the interpretation of the regulators and authorities varies from our interpretation, we may be subject to penalties and our business could be adversely affected. We are also subject to changes in laws, regulations and accounting principles and practices. There can be no assurance that the laws governing the financial services sector will not change in the future or that such changes or the interpretation or enforcement of existing and future laws and rules by governmental and regulatory authorities will not adversely affect our business and future financial performance.

15. Our Company may raise further borrowings and charge its assets after receipt of necessary consents from its existing lenders. In such a scenario, the Debenture Holders holding NCDs will rank pari passu with other secured creditors and to that extent, may reduce the amounts recoverable by the Debenture Holders upon our Company's bankruptcy, winding up or liquidation

Our Company may, subject to receipt of all necessary consents from its existing lenders and the Debenture Trustee

to the Issue, raise further borrowings and charge its assets. Our Company is free to decide the nature of security that may be provided for future borrowings. In such a scenario, the Debenture Holders holding NCDs will rank *pari passu* with other creditors and to that extent, may reduce the amounts recoverable by the Debenture Holders upon our Company's bankruptcy, winding up or liquidation.

16. We are subject to regulations in respect of provisioning for non-performing assets. If such provisions are not sufficient to provide adequate cover for loan losses that may occur, this could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

RBI guidelines for NBFCs prescribe the provisioning required in respect of our outstanding loan portfolio. These provisioning requirements may require us to reserve lower amounts than the provisioning requirements applicable to financial institutions and banks in other countries. The provisioning requirements may also require the exercise of subjective judgments of management. The RBI Scale Based Master Directions provides the regulatory framework for systemically important NBFCs in relation to provisioning for their standard assets. The requirement to maintain a provision for standard assets is 0.40% by the end of March 31, 2021. For details on asset classification please refer to the chapter titled "Key Regulations and Policies – Regulatory Requirements of an NBFC under the RBI Act – Asset Classification" on page 321.

There are multiple factors that affect the level of NPAs in our Company. Prominent among them are fall in value of gold, increase in the LTV ratio for gold loan etc. Various factors that are beyond our control, such as macroeconomic factors (including a rise in unemployment, a sharp and sustained rise in interest rates, developments in the Indian economy, movements in global commodity markets and exchange rates), regulatory hurdles and global competition as well as customer specific factors such as wilful default and mismanagement of a customer's operations, may result in increasing NPA levels and may have an adverse impact on the quality of our loan portfolio. If we are unable to effectively control our NPA levels in the future, we will be required to increase our provisions, which may adversely affect our profitability and financial condition. The RBI regulates certain aspects of the recovery of non-performing loans, such as the use of recovery agents. Any limitation on our ability to recover, control and reduce non-performing loans under the applicable regulatory regime or otherwise could affect our collections and ability to foreclose on existing NPAs.

The level of our provisions may not be adequate to cover further increase in the amount of our non-performing assets or a decrease in the value of the underlying gold collateral. If such provisions are not sufficient to provide adequate cover for loan losses that may occur, or if we are required to increase our provisions, this could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity and results of operations and may require us to raise additional capital.

17. Our loan book comprises of unsecured loans forming a part of our Microfinance loan. Our inability to recover the amounts due from customers in connection with such loans in a timely manner or at all and/or to comply with applicable statutory/regulatory requirements in connection with such loans could adversely affect our operations and profitability.

Our loan book comprises of unsecured loans forming a part of our Microfinance loans. Since such loans are unsecured, in case of customer defaults in connection with such loans, our ability to realise the amounts due to us for such loans would be restricted to initiate legal proceedings for recovery, as we will not have the benefit of enforcing any security interest related to such loans. There can be no guarantee as to the time that would be taken for the final disposal of such legal proceedings and/or our ability to obtain favourable decisions in connection therewith.

Because of the unsecured nature of our Microfinance loans, it is essential that our products are appropriately priced, taking into account a possible high rate of interest and all other relevant factors. In making a decision whether to extend credit to prospective customers, and the terms on which we are willing to provide credit, including the price, we rely heavily on our credit scoring models, and our credit experience gained through monitoring the performance of customers over time. Our credit scoring models are based on previous historical experience. If our credit scoring models are not redeveloped as required or if they do not perform up to target standards we may experience increasing defaults or higher customer acquisition costs.

As of June 30, 2024, our unsecured lending book was ₹ 17,685.59 lakhs constituting 10.50 % of our total loan book, respectively. Further, our corporate lending products generally do not have any definite end-use restrictions and our customer may utilise such loans for various purposes, which are often incapable of being monitored on a regular basis or at all.

Our inability to recover the amounts due from customers in connection with such loans in a timely manner or at all and/or to comply with applicable statutory/regulatory requirements in connection with such loans could adversely affect our operations and profitability.

18. Our business operations involve transactions with relatively high-risk borrowers. Any default from our customers could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We offer a wide range of financial products and services that address the specific financing requirements of lowand middle-income individuals as well as micro, small, and medium enterprises. Similarly, our loans are principally focused on first time users with limited access to capital through formal banking channels. A significant portion of our customer base is typically less economically stable than large corporates, and as a result, is usually adversely affected by declining economic conditions. Earning capacity of customers in these segments depends on various macro and micro economic factors that affect them from time to time. We have a greater risk of loan defaults and losses in the event there are adverse economic conditions which may have a negative effect on the ability of our borrowers to make timely payments of their loans.

A significant portion of our target customers typically have limited access to credit with limited to no prior credit history. As a result, we are more vulnerable to customer default risks including delay in repayment of principal or interest on our loans. Although we have our own customised due diligence and credit analysis procedures, there can be no assurance that we will be able to ensure a lower delinquency rate. Our profitability depends on our ability to evaluate the right income levels of our customers, assess the credit risks and to price our loans accordingly. Our customers may default on their obligations as a result of various factors including bankruptcy, insolvency, lack of liquidity and/or failure of the business or commercial venture in relation to which such borrowings were sanctioned. Certain product segments and micro-enterprise loans in particular, are mostly unsecured and are susceptible to higher levels of credit risks. Failure to maintain sufficient credit assessment policies, particularly for small and medium enterprise borrowers, could adversely affect our credit portfolio which could have a material and adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

19. Volatility in the market price of gold may adversely affect our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We extend loans secured mostly by gold jewellery. A sustained decrease in the market price of gold could cause a corresponding decrease in new Gold Loans in our loan portfolio and, as a result, our interest income. In addition, customers may not repay their loans and the gold jewellery securing the loans may have decreased significantly in value, resulting in losses which we may not be able to support. The impact on our financial position and results of operations of a hypothetical decrease in gold values cannot be reasonably estimated because the market and competitive response to changes in gold values is not pre-determinable.

20. We face increasing competition in our business which may result in declining margins if we are unable to compete effectively.

We face competition in all our lines of business. Our primary competitors are other NBFCs, public sector banks, private sector banks, co-operative banks and foreign banks and the unorganized financiers who principally operate in the markets where we operate. Banks have access to low cost funds which enables them to enjoy higher margins and / or offer finance at lower rates. NBFCs do not have access to large quantities of low cost deposits, a factor which can render them less competitive. In addition, interest rate deregulation and other liberalization measures affecting the retail and small and medium enterprises finance sector, together with increased demand for capital by individuals as well as small and medium enterprises, have resulted in an increase in competition.

In our microfinance business, we face competition from other NBFCs, microfinance companies as well as both commercial and small finance banks. In addition, the RBI has set out guidelines applicable to microfinance institutions which restrict the number of microfinance institutions that can extend loans to the same borrower and also limit the maximum amount of loan that can be extended. The presence of microfinance institutions in India is not uniform and certain regions have a concentration of a large number of microfinance institutions while there are regions which have very few and even no microfinance institution presence. In any particular region, the level of competition depends on the number of microfinance institutions that operate in such area. In addition, our target customers also borrow from money lenders and non-institutional lenders which may lend at higher rates of interest.

All of these factors have resulted in us facing increased competition from other lenders in each of our lines of businesses, including commercial banks and other NBFCs. Our ability to compete effectively will depend, to some extent, on our ability to raise low-cost funding in the future. Furthermore, as a result of increased competition in the finance sector, finance products are becoming increasingly standardized and variable interest rate and payment terms and lower processing fees are becoming increasingly common in the finance sector in India. There can be no assurance that we will be able to react effectively to these or other market developments or compete effectively with new and existing players in the increasingly competitive finance industry. Increasing competition may have an adverse effect on our net interest margin, and, if we are unable to compete successfully, our market share may decline. If we are unable to compete effectively with other participants in the finance sector, our business, future financial performance and the trading price of the NCDs may be adversely affected.

21. We are exposed to operational risks, including employee negligence, petty theft, burglary and embezzlement and fraud by employees, customers or third parties, which could harm our results of operations and financial position.

We also do cash collections to recover our dues. Such cash transactions expose us to the risk of theft, burglary and misappropriation or unauthorized transactions by our employees and fraud by employees, customers or third parties. Our insurance policies, security systems and measures undertaken to detect and prevent these risks may not be sufficient to prevent or deter such activities in all cases, which may adversely affect our operations and profitability. Further, we may be subject to regulatory or other proceedings in connection with any unauthorized transaction, fraud or misappropriation by our representatives and employees, which could adversely affect our goodwill.

The Company faced a few cases of employee negligence involving amount of approximately ₹ 311.13 Lakhs.

22. Certain emphasis of matters and other observations have been included in the secretarial audit report of our Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024

Our secretarial audit has been conducted by M/s. Nekkanti S.R.V.V.S. Narayana & Co., Company Secretaries, who have included certain emphasis of matters and other observations in their secretarial audit report of our Company. The following observations have been made:

- a) The Company has not fully complied with the Master Direction Information Technology Framework for the NBFC Sector.
- b) The Company has not fully complied with the Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 with respect to uploading the requisite KYC details of the borrowers of the Company with CERSAI.
- c) The Company has not fully complied with in submitting the credit information data to one of the Credit Information Companies i.e., TransUnion CIBIL Limited.

There can be no assurance that further emphasis of matters or other similar remarks will not be included in the secretarial audit reports of our Company in the future, or that such remarks or matters of emphasis will not affect our financial results in future fiscal periods. Investors should consider the emphasis of matters and other observation in evaluating our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Any such matter of emphasis of matters or any other observations in the secretarial audit reports of our Company in the future may also adversely affect the trading price of the NCDs.

23. If we are unable to manage our growth effectively, our business and reputation could be adversely affected.

Pursuant to our growth strategies we have been able to grow our lending business. Our AUM has grown by a compounded annual growth rate, or CAGR, of 22.22% from ₹1,07,296.71 lakhs as of March 31, 2022 to ₹1,68,511.13 lakhs as of June 30, 2024. Our total income increased from ₹18,591.26 lakhs for Fiscal 2022 to ₹31,592.32 lakhs for Fiscal 2024 at a CAGR of 30.36%. Our net profit after tax increased from ₹1,138.34 lakhs for Fiscal 2022 to ₹2,302.87 lakhs for Fiscal 2024, at a CAGR of 42.23%. There can be no assurance that we will be able to sustain our growth strategy successfully or that we will be able to expand further or diversify our product portfolio. If we grow our loan book too rapidly or fail to make proper assessments of credit risks associated with new borrowers, a higher percentage of our loans may become non-performing, which would have a negative impact on the quality of our assets and our financial condition.

Expanding our products or entering into new jurisdictions with new or existing products can be costly and require significant management time and attention. Additionally, as our operations grow in size, scope and complexity and our product offerings increase, we will need to enhance and upgrade our systems and infrastructure to offer an increasing number of enhanced solutions, features and functionality. The expansion of our systems and infrastructure will require us to commit substantial financial, operational and technical resources in advance of an increase in the volume of business, with no assurance that the volume of business will increase. We will need to recruit new employees, who will have to be trained and integrated into our operations. We will also have to train existing employees to adhere properly to internal controls and risk management procedures. Failure to train our employees properly may result in an increase in employee attrition rates, require additional hiring, erode the quality of customer service, divert management resources, increase our exposure to high-risk credit and impose significant costs on us.

24. We may experience difficulties in expanding our business into new regions and markets in India and introducing our complete range of products in each of our branches.

Currently, our distribution networks are concentrated in Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Karnataka and Maharashtra. As part of our growth strategy, we continue to evaluate attractive growth opportunities to expand our business into new regions and markets in India. Factors such as competition, culture, regulatory regimes, business practices & customs and customer requirements in these new markets may differ from those in our current markets and our experience in our current markets may not be applicable to these new markets. In addition, as we enter new markets and geographical regions, we are likely to compete with other banks and financial institutions that already have a presence in those geographies and markets and are therefore more familiar with local regulations, business practices and customs and have stronger relationships with customers. Our business may be exposed to various additional challenges including obtaining necessary governmental approvals, identifying and collaborating with local business and partners with whom we may have no previous working relationship; successfully gauging market conditions in local markets with which we have no previous familiarity; attracting potential customers in a market in which we do not have significant experience or visibility; being susceptible to local taxation in additional geographical areas of India and adapting our marketing strategy and operations to different regions of India in which different languages are spoken. Our inability to expand our current operations may adversely affect our business prospects, financial conditions and results of operations.

25. Our business is based on the trust and confidence of our customers; any damage to that trust and confidence may materially and adversely affect our business, future financial performance and results of operations.

We are dedicated to earning and maintaining the trust and confidence of our customers and we believe that the good reputation created thereby and inherent in the "KLM" brand name is essential to our business. The reputation of our Company and/or the "KLM" brand could be adversely affected by any threatened and/or legal proceedings and/or any negative publicity or news articles in connection with our Company or the "KLM" brand. As such, any damage to our reputation, or that of the "KLM" brand name, could substantially impair our ability to maintain or grow our business. If we fail to maintain brand recognition with our target customers due to any issues with our product offerings, a deterioration in service quality, or otherwise, or if any premium in value attributed to our business or to the brands under which our services are provided declines, market perception and customer acceptance of our brands may also decline. Any negative news affecting us might also affect our reputation and brand value.

26. System failures or inadequacy and security breaches in computer systems may adversely affect our business.

Our business is increasingly dependent on our ability to process, on a daily basis, a large number of transactions. Our financial, accounting or other data processing systems may fail to operate adequately or become disabled as a result of events that are wholly or partially beyond our control including a disruption of electrical or communications services. Our ability to operate and remain competitive will depend in part on our ability to maintain and upgrade our information technology systems on a timely and cost-effective basis. The information available to and received by our management through our existing MIS systems may not be timely and sufficient to manage risks or to plan for and respond to changes in market conditions and other developments in our operations. We may experience difficulties in upgrading, developing and expanding our systems quickly enough to accommodate our growing customer base and range of products.

Our operations also rely on the secure processing, storage and transmission of confidential and other information in our computer systems and networks. Our computer systems, software and networks may be vulnerable to unauthorized access, computer viruses or other malicious code and other events that could compromise data integrity and security. Any failure to effectively maintain or improve or upgrade our management information systems in a timely manner could materially and adversely affect our competitiveness, financial position and results of operations. Moreover, if any of these systems do not operate properly or are disabled or if there are other shortcomings or failures in our internal processes or systems, it could affect our operations or result in financial loss, disruption of our businesses, regulatory intervention or damage to our reputation. In addition, our ability to conduct business may be adversely impacted by a disruption in the infrastructure that supports our businesses and the localities in which we are located.

27. We have expanded into new lines of business and if we are unable to successfully run the new businesses profitably, our results of operations and financial condition may be affected.

As part of our growth strategy, we have also added additional products to our portfolio such as micro finance. We have limited experience in some of the recently launched products and business verticals which are partly targeted at a slightly different borrower segment. Our current strategy is to gain market share in strategically-selected target businesses, customer segments and geographies, however, there can be no assurance that we will be able to continue to successfully implement our strategy. If we grow our total credit exposure too rapidly or fail to make proper assessments of credit risks associated with new borrowers, a higher percentage of our loans may become non-performing, which would have an adverse effect on the quality of our assets and our financial condition.

Factors such as competition, customer requirements, regulatory regimes, business practices and customs in these new markets may differ from those in our existing markets, and our experience in our existing markets may not be applicable to these new markets. In addition, as we enter new markets and geographical regions, we are likely to compete with not only other banks and financial institutions but also the local unorganized or semi-organized private financiers, who are more familiar with local regulations, business practices and customs, and may have stronger relationships with target customers. Our inability to expand our current operations may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

28. Fluctuation in the interest rate may adversely affect our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our results of operations depend to a large extent on the level of our net interest income as our primary revenue source is interest income. Net interest income is the difference between our interest income and our finance costs. The differential between the interest rates that we charge on interest- earning assets (i.e. our portfolio loans) and the interest rates that we pay on interest-bearing liabilities, and the volume of such assets and liabilities, tend to have a significant impact on our results of operations. During the year ended March 31, 2024 and quarter ended June 30, 2024, interest on portfolio loans represented 95.85 % and 96.92 % of our total income.

Changes in market interest rates affect the interest rates we charge on our interest-earning assets differently from the interest rates we pay on our interest-bearing liabilities. An increase in interest rates could result in an increase in interest expense in a higher proportion compared to interest income if we are not able to increase the rates charged on our portfolio loans and advances or if the volume of our interest-bearing liabilities is larger or growing faster than the volume of our interest-earning assets. Further, such increase in interest rates could impact our ability to raise low cost funds as compared to some of our competitors which may have access to lower cost deposits. The differences between repricing maturities of rate sensitive liabilities and rate sensitive assets, called repricing gaps, exposes our business to interest rate risk. As per RBI regulations, the interest rates charged by us on our microfinance loans is required to be the lower of (i) 10% margin above our previous quarter's cost of funds or (ii) 2.75 times the average base rate of the five largest commercial banks by assets in the immediately preceding quarter (as notified on the last working day of every quarter by the RBI). Our business is also exposed to interest rate risk in the form of non uniform movement in different interest rate benchmarks that are used for pricing of our assets and liabilities.

A sustained decline in the RBI benchmark may adversely impact our ability to charge interest on our microfinance loans at our desired rates, which may adversely affect our interest income from portfolio loans.

As the repricing maturities of our liabilities and assets are spread over different periods, we are exposed to interest rate risk in the form of non-parallel movement in yield curves. Further, in a declining interest rate environment, if our cost of funds does not decline simultaneously or to the same extent as the yield on our interest-earning

assets, it could lead to a reduction in our net interest income (representing our revenue from operations as reduced by our finance costs) and net interest margin. The quantum of the changes in interest rates for our assets and liabilities may also be different, leading to a decrease in the interest margin.

Moreover, changes in interest rates could affect our fixed income portfolio and treasury income. Interest rates are highly sensitive, and fluctuations thereof are dependent upon many factors which are beyond our control, including the monetary policies of the RBI, de-regulation of the financial services sector in India, domestic as well as international economic and political conditions, inflation and other factors. Interest rates in India have been volatile in the past. There can be no assurance that we would be able to adequately manage our interest rate risks. If we are unable to effectively manage our interest rate risks, it could have an adverse effect on our net interest income, net interest margin, thereby impacting our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

29. Any downgrade in our credit ratings could increase borrowing costs and adversely affect our access to capital and lending markets and could also affect our interest margins, business, results of operations and financial condition.

The cost and availability of debt capital depends in part on our short-term and long-term credit ratings. Credit ratings reflect the opinions of ratings agencies on our financial strength, operating performance, strategic position and ability to meet our obligations. Certain factors that influence our credit ratings may be outside of our control. Our long-term debt is presently rated BBB/Stable by Acuité Ratings & Research Limited.

Any downgrade in our credit ratings could increase borrowing costs and adversely affect our access to capital and debt markets, which could in turn adversely affect our interest margins, our business and results of operations and cash flows. In addition, any downgrade in our credit ratings could increase the probability that our lenders impose additional terms and conditions to any financing or refinancing arrangements we enter into in the future. Further, any downgrade in our credit ratings may also trigger an event of default or acceleration of certain of our future borrowings.

30. Our measures to prevent money laundering may not be completely effective and we may be subject to scrutiny and penalties by the RBI for failure to implement effective measures. Moreover, various state government laws regulating money lending transactions could adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

Our Company is required to comply with applicable anti-money-laundering and anti-terrorism laws and other regulations in India. Our measures to prevent money laundering as required by the RBI and other KYC compliance applicable in India, including the Reserve Bank of India (Know Your Customer) Master Directions, 2016 dated February 25, 2016, as amended ("KYC Directions") and the adoption of anti-money laundering policies and compliance procedures in all our branches may not be completely effective. As our Company has been classified as NBFC - Middle Layer from October 1, 2022, we are subject to the RBI's guidelines on financial regulation of NBFCs, including, KYC procedure and policies, all our branches may not be completely effective with adequate internal policies, processes and controls in place with the KYC Directions and other prescribed KYC procedures. There can be no assurance that attempts to launder money using us as a vehicle will not be made. Additionally, certain states in India have enacted laws to regulate money lending transactions, which may for instance establish a maximum rate of interest that can be charged. In the event, we are required to comply with the provisions of these state money lending laws and KYC Compliances, there may be severe civil and criminal penalties for non-compliance with the relevant money lending statutes. In the event that the government of any state in India requires us to comply with the provisions of their respective state money lending laws, KYC Compliances, or imposes any penalty against us for prior non-compliance, our business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

31. We depend on the accuracy and completeness of information about customers and counterparties for certain key elements of our credit assessment and risk management process. Any misrepresentation, errors in or incompleteness of such information could adversely affect our business and financial performance.

In deciding whether to extend credit or enter into other transactions with customers, for certain key elements of the credit assessment process, we rely on information furnished to us by or on behalf of customers (including in relation to their financial transactions and past credit history). We may also rely on certain representations from our customers as to the accuracy and completeness of that information. For ascertaining the creditworthiness and encumbrances on collateral we may depend on the respective registrars and sub-registrars of assurances, credit information companies or credit bureaus, and on independent valuers in relation to the value of the collateral, and

our reliance on any misleading information given, may affect our judgement of credit worthiness of potential borrowers, and the value of and title to the collateral, which may affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition. We may receive inaccurate or incomplete information as a result of negligence or fraudulent misrepresentation. Our risk management measures may not be adequate to prevent or deter such activities in all cases, which may adversely affect our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

32. Our ability to assess, monitor and manage risks inherent in our business differs from the standards of some of our counterparts in India and in some developed countries.

We are exposed to a variety of risks, including liquidity risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, operational risk and legal risk. The effectiveness of our risk management is limited by the quality and timeliness of available data. Our strategies and risk management techniques may not be fully effective in mitigating our risks in all market environments or against all types of risk, including risks that are unidentified or unanticipated. Some methods of managing risks are based upon observed historical market behaviour. As a result, these methods may not predict future risk exposures, which could be greater than the historical measures indicated. Other risk management methods depend upon an evaluation of information regarding markets, customers or other matters. This information may not in all cases be accurate, complete, current, or properly evaluated. Management of operational, legal or regulatory risk requires, among other things, policies and procedures to properly record and verify a number of transactions and events. Although we have established these policies and procedures, they may not be fully effective. Our future success will depend, in part, on our ability to respond to new technological advances and evolving the NBFC standards and retail finance sector standards and practices on a cost-effective and timely basis. The development and implementation of such technology entails significant technical and business risks. There can be no assurance that we will successfully implement new technologies or adapt our transaction-processing systems to customer requirements or evolving market standards.

33. Our success depends in large part upon our management team and key personnel and our ability to attract, train and retain such persons.

Our ability to sustain our rate of growth depends significantly upon our ability to manage key issues such as selecting and retaining key operations personnel, developing managerial experience to address emerging challenges and ensuring a high standard of client service. In order to be successful, we must attract, train, motivate and retain highly skilled employees, especially branch managers and product executives. If we cannot hire additional qualified personnel or retain them, our ability to expand our business will be impaired and our revenue could decline. We will need to recruit new employees, who will have to be trained and integrated into our operations. We will also have to train existing employees to adhere properly to internal controls and risk management procedures. Failure to train and motivate our employees properly may result in an increase in employee attrition rates, divert management resources and subject us to incurring additional human resource related expenditure. Hiring and retaining qualified and skilled managers are critical to our future, as our business model depends on our credit-appraisal and asset valuation mechanism, which are personnel-driven operations. Moreover, competition for experienced employees in the finance sector can be intense. Our inability to attract and retain talented professionals, or the resignation or loss of key operations personnel, may have an adverse impact on our business and future financial performance.

34. Our insurance coverage may not be sufficient or may not adequately protect us against any or all hazards, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We maintain insurance coverage for our operations in normal course. Our insurance policies, however, may not provide adequate coverage in certain circumstances and are subject to certain deductibles, exclusions and limits on coverage. We cannot, assure you that the terms of our insurance policies will be adequate to cover any damage or loss suffered by us or that such coverage will continue to be available on reasonable terms or will be available in sufficient amounts to cover one or more large claims, or that the insurer will not disclaim coverage as to any future claim.

We cannot assure you that any claim under the insurance policies maintained by us will be honored fully, in part or on time, or that we have obtained sufficient insurance to cover all our losses. In addition, our insurance coverage expires from time to time. We apply for the renewal of our insurance coverage in the normal course of our business, but we cannot assure you that such renewals will be granted in a timely manner, or at acceptable cost, or at all. For further details on our insurance arrangements, see "Our Business – Insurance" on page 156.

35. All of our offices and branches are located in leased premises and non-renewal of lease agreements or their renewal on terms unfavourable to us could adversely affect our operations.

As September 30, 2024, except our branch located in Kothamangalam, Kerala, and our Corporate Office, all of our offices including our Registered Office and branches are located in leased premises. Further, as we expand our branch network in line with our growth strategy, we expect the number of leased branches to increase significantly as all of our new branches are expected to open on leased premises. Our Company have 670 branches for which the lease agreements have lease period from ranging 11 months to 10 years. Lease agreements for some of our offices have already expired and have not been renewed due to operational issues. If any of the owners of these premises do not renew the agreements under which we occupy the premises, or if they seek to renew such agreements on terms and conditions unfavourable to us, or if they terminate the agreement, we may suffer a disruption in our operations or increased costs, or both, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

All or any of the leases may not be renewed on similar terms or at all, or we may be evicted from all or a number of these premises and be required to pay damages to the landlord. This may adversely impact our business and financial condition.

36. A decline in our capital adequacy ratio could restrict our future business.

All non-deposit taking NBFCs are required to maintain a minimum capital adequacy ratio, consisting of Tier 1 capital of their aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items. Further, RBI has introduced minimum Tier 1 Capital requirement of 12% to be effective from April 1, 2014, for NBFCs primarily for whom loans against gold jewellery comprise more than 50% of their financial assets, including us. Our Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio as compared to the RBI stipulated minimum requirement of 12% is 15.73%, 15.61%, 16.66%, and 13.71% for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, respectively. If we continue to grow our loan portfolio and asset base, we will be required to raise additional Tier 1 Capital in order to continue to meet applicable capital adequacy ratios with respect to our business. There can be no assurance that we will be able to raise adequate additional capital in the future on terms favourable to us or at all and this may adversely affect the growth of our business. Failure to maintain adequate capital adequacy ratio or Tier 1 Capital may adversely affect the growth of our business. Further, any regulatory change in capital adequacy requirements imposed by the RBI may have an adverse effect on our results of operation.

37. We have in the past entered into related party transactions and may continue to do so in the future, which may potentially involve conflicts of interest with the equity shareholders.

We have entered into various transactions with related parties, including for payment of salaries of key managerial personnel, interest paid and investment in equity shares. While we believe that all such transactions have been conducted on an arm's length basis and contain commercially reasonable terms, we cannot assure you that we could not have achieved more favourable terms had such transactions been entered into with unrelated parties. It is likely that we may enter into related party transactions in the future. Although all related party transactions that we may enter into post-listing, will be subject to board or shareholder approval, as necessary under the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and the SEBI Listing Regulations, we cannot assure you that such transactions, individually or in the aggregate, will not have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations or that we could not have achieved more favourable terms if such transactions had not been entered into with related parties. For details, see "Related Party Transactions" in the chapter titled "Financial Statements" on page 214.

38. The bankruptcy code in India may affect our rights to recover loans from borrowers.

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Bankruptcy Code") was notified on August 5, 2016. The Bankruptcy Code offers a uniform and comprehensive insolvency legislation encompassing all companies, partnerships and individuals (other than financial firms). It allows creditors to assess the viability of a debtor as a business decision and agree upon a plan for its revival or a speedy liquidation. The Bankruptcy Code creates a new institutional framework, consisting of a regulator, insolvency professionals, information utilities and adjudicatory mechanisms, which will facilitate a formal and time-bound insolvency resolution and liquidation process.

In case insolvency proceedings are initiated against a debtor to our Company, we may not have complete control over the recovery of amounts due to us. Under the Bankruptcy Code, upon invocation of an insolvency resolution

process, a committee of creditors is constituted by the interim resolution professional, wherein each financial creditor is given a voting share proportionate to the debts owed to it. Bankruptcy Code provides a 180-days timeline which may be extended by 90 days when dealing with insolvency resolution applications. Subsequently, the insolvency resolution plan prepared by the insolvency professionals has to be approved by 66% of voting share of financial creditors, which requires sanction by the adjudicating authority and, if rejected, the adjudicating authority will pass an order for liquidation. Any resolution plan approved by committee of creditors is binding upon all creditors, even if they vote against it. In case a liquidation process is opted for, the Bankruptcy Code provides for a fixed order of priority in which proceeds from the sale of the debtor's assets are to be distributed. Before sale proceeds are distributed to a secured creditor, they are to be distributed for the costs of the insolvency resolution and liquidation processes, debts owed to workmen and other employees, and debts owed to unsecured credits. Further, under this process, dues owed to the Central and State Governments rank at par with those owed to secured creditors. Moreover, other secured creditors may decide to opt out of the process, in which case they are permitted to realise their security interests in priority.

Accordingly, if the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code are invoked against any of the borrowers of our Company, it may affect our Company's ability to recover our loans from the borrowers and enforcement of our Company's rights will be subject to the Bankruptcy Code.

Further, the GoI *vide* notification dated March 24, 2020 ("**Notification**") has amended section 4 of the Bankruptcy Code due the lingering impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Pursuant to the said Notification, GoI has increased the minimum amount of default under the insolvency matters from $\[Tilde{1}\]$ 1,00,000 to $\[Tilde{1}\]$ 1,00,00,000. Therefore, the ability of our Company to initiate insolvency proceedings against the defaulters where the amount of default in an insolvency matter is less the $\[Tilde{1}\]$ 1,00,00,000 may impact the recovery of outstanding loans and profitability of our Company.

39. The fund requirement and deployment mentioned in the Objects of the Issue have not been appraised by any bank or financial institution.

We intend to use the net proceeds of the Issue, after meeting the expenditures of and related to the Issue, for the purpose of onward lending, repayment of interest and principal of existing borrowings and for general corporate purposes. For further details, see "Objects of the Issue" at page 122. The fund requirement and deployment are based on internal management estimates and has not been appraised by any bank or financial institution. The management will have significant flexibility in applying the proceeds received by us from the Issue. Further, as per the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations, we are not required to appoint a monitoring agency and therefore no monitoring agency has been appointed for the Issue.

40. Our results of operations could be adversely affected as a result of any disputes with our employees.

Our operations are personnel-driven, and we place a lot of emphasis on the effective training of our personnel in communication and service orientation skills. However, a failure to train and motivate our employees may lead to an increase in our employee attrition rates, erode the quality of customer service, divert management resources and impose significant costs on us which may have an adverse impact on our business and future financial performance.

We employ 2,336 full-time employees as of September 30, 2024, and lay significant emphasis on our employees' overall welfare. However, there can be no assurance that there will not be any future disruptions in our operations due to any disputes with our employees, or that such disputes will not adversely affect our business and results of operations. We depend on our branch-level employees for sourcing, disbursements and collections and customer liaison, and significant attrition at any of our branches could adversely impact our operations. Further, in the event of a labour dispute, protracted negotiations and strike action may impair our ability to carry on our day-to-day operations, which could materially and adversely affect our business, future financial performance and results of operations.

41. We cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of facts and other statistics with respect to India, the Indian economy and the NBFC and Loan industries contained in this Prospectus.

While facts and other statistics in this Prospectus relating to India, the Indian economy as well as the Loan industry have been based on various publications and reports from agencies that we believe are reliable, we cannot guarantee the quality or reliability of such materials, particularly since there is limited publicly available information specific to the Loan industry. While we have taken reasonable care in the reproduction of such

information, industry facts and other statistics, the same have not been prepared or independently verified by us or any of our respective affiliates or advisors and, therefore we make no representation as to their accuracy or completeness. These facts and other statistics include the facts and statistics included in the chapter titled "Industry Overview" beginning on page 136. Due to possibly flawed or ineffective data collection methods or discrepancies between published information and market practice and other problems, the statistics herein may be inaccurate or may not be comparable to statistics produced elsewhere and should not be unduly relied upon. Further, there is no assurance that they are stated or compiled on the same basis or with the same degree of accuracy, as the case may be, elsewhere.

42. The use of "KLM AXIVA" or similar trade names by third parties may result in loss of our business to such third parties and any potential negative publicity relating to such third parties may adversely affect our reputation, the goodwill of our brand and business prospects.

We believe that our trademarks and other proprietary rights have significant value and are important to identifying and differentiating our services from those of our competitors and creating and sustaining demand for our services. We have registered our trademark, "KLM AXIVA" and the logo "KLM AXIVA FINVEST" with the Registrar of Trademarks under class 36. We believe that our trademarks have significant brand recognition, therefore, our trademarks are significant to our business and operations.

We cannot assure you that the steps taken by us to protect our intellectual property rights will be adequate to prevent infringement of such rights by others, including imitation and misappropriation of our brand. Additionally, we cannot assure you that obstacles will not arise as we expand our business and the geographic scope of our promotional and marketing activities. Third parties may assert intellectual property claims against us, particularly as we expand our business and enter newer industries. Our defense of any claim, regardless of its merit, could be expensive and time consuming and could divert management resources. Successful infringement claims against us could result in significant monetary liability or prevent us from selling some of our products. Any of these events could harm our business and cause our results of operations, liquidity and financial condition to suffer.

43. As the NCDs of our Company are listed on BSE, our Company is subject to certain obligations and reporting requirements under SEBI Listing Regulations. Any non-compliances/delay in complying with such obligations and reporting requirements may render us/our promoter liable to prosecution and/or penalties.

Our Company is subject to the obligations and reporting requirements under SEBI Listing Regulations. In the past, our Company had not complied with certain provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations including provisions relating to submission of documents and intimations, in respect of the previous public issues, with the debenture trustee. Our Company has received an email dated August 28, 2019, from SEBI stating that the Company was in non-compliance of regulations 56 and 57 of SEBI Listing Regulations in relation to providing required information to Debenture Trustees. Subsequently, our Company has submitted required documents and intimations with BSE and the Debenture Trustee and had replied to SEBI on September 17, 2019. Our Company has not filed its unaudited financial results for the half year ended September 30, 2020, and for audited financial statement for the period March 31, 2020, within the period as mentioned under regulation 52 of SEBI Listing Regulation. Further, BSE vide their email dated August 20, 2021, has levied a fine of ₹ 55,460 and an additional fine vide their email dated September 08, 2022 of ₹ 63,720 under 54(2) of SEBI Listing Regulations on the Company for non-disclosure of extent and nature of security created and maintained with respect to secured listed NCDs in the financial statements. Our Company has paid the said fine amount. Additionally, there are certain delayed compliances with in submission of intimation and outcome of the Board meeting and filing of investor complaints for the quarter ended June 2020. Further, BSE vide their email dated September 28, 2022, has levied a fine of ₹ 1,60,200/- including GST (of which ₹40,000 was waived by BSE) on our Company for delay in submitting the notice of record date in terms of regulation 60(2) of SEBI Listing Regulations for the month of November 2021. Our Company has paid the said fine amount on January 19, 2023.

Further, BSE vide email dated June 18, 2024, imposed a fine of ₹ 34,220 for non-compliance with regulation 6 (1) of SEBI Listing Regulations for quarter ending on March 2024. Our Company has paid the fine on June 24, 2024, and intimated BSE vide email dated June 25, 2024.

Though our Company endeavours to comply with all such obligations/reporting requirements, there have been certain instances of non-compliance and delays in complying with such obligations/reporting requirements. Any such delays or non-compliance would render our Company to prosecution and/or penalties. Although our Company have not received any further communication from the Stock Exchange or any authority in this regard,

there could be a possibility that penalties may be levied against our Company for certain instances of non-compliance and delays in complying with such obligations/reporting requirements.

44. Third party statistical and financial data in this Prospectus may be incomplete and unreliable.

This Prospectus includes information that is derived from reports published by CRISIL Limited. For details, please see "Industry Overview" on page 136. No person connected with this Issue has independently verified the CRISIL Reports. Generally, industry reports and data disclaim the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of information provided in such reports, and further disclaims any responsibility for any errors or omissions in the information provided, or for the results obtained from the use of such industry information. Further, the CRISIL Reports are subject to many assumptions. We cannot assure you that the assumptions considered in the CRISIL Reports are correct or will not change and accordingly our position in the market may differ from that presented in this Prospectus. Further, the CRISIL Reports are not a recommendation to invest / disinvest in the Issue.

45. There is no assurance that the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue will be listed on BSE Limited in a timely manner, or at all.

In accordance with Indian law and practice, permission for listing and trading of the NCD issued pursuant to this Issue will not be granted until after the NCDs have been issued and allotted. Approval for listing and trading will require all relevant documents authorising the issue of NCDs to be submitted. While the Company shall take all steps necessary to get the Debentures listed within the timelines prescribed by SEBI, there could be a failure or delay in listing the NCDs in BSE.

46. Payments to be made on the NCDs are subordinated to certain taxes and other liabilities preferred by law. In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or winding up, there may not be sufficient assets of our Company remaining, to pay amounts due on the NCDs.

The NCDs will be subordinated to certain liabilities preferred by law such as the claims of the Government on account of taxes, and certain liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of our business. In particular, in the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or winding-up, our Company's assets will be available to pay obligations on the NCDs only after all of those liabilities that rank senior to the NCDs have been paid as per Section 327 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 53 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, as the case maybe. In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or winding-up, there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts, due on the NCDs.

47. There may be no active market for the NCDs on the retail debt market/capital market segment of the BSE. As a result, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may fail to develop and may accordingly be adversely affected.

There can be no assurance that an active market for the NCDs will develop. If an active market for the NCDs fails to develop or be sustained, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may be adversely affected. The market price of the NCDs would depend on various factors inter alia including (i) the interest rate on similar securities available in the market and the general interest rate scenario in the country, (ii) the market price of our Equity Shares, (iii) the market for listed debt securities, (iv) general economic conditions, (v) our financial performance, growth prospects and results of operations and vi) limited and sporadic trading The aforementioned factors may adversely affect the liquidity and market price of the NCDs, which may trade at a discount to the price at which you purchase the NCDs and/or be relatively illiquid.

48. In case of outstanding debt instruments, deposits, or borrowings, any default in compliance with the material covenants could expose you to significant risks. These covenants may include the creation of security as per the agreed terms, default in payment of interest, default in redemption or repayment, and default in payment of penal interest wherever applicable.

The covenants of the Issue are set out under "Issue Structure – Covenants of the Issue" at page 246 and in the Debenture Trust Hypothecation Deed which will be duly filed with the stock exchange in terms of SEBI Master Circular, as amended. These covenants have been mutually agreed upon between our Company and the Debenture Trustee.

Our ability to comply with these covenants is subject to various factors including our financial condition, profitability, and the general economic conditions in India and in the global financial markets. In accordance with

the terms and conditions of the outstanding debt instruments, deposits, or borrowings, any failure to comply with the material covenants could lead to significant risks. These covenants may include the creation of security as per terms agreed, default in payment of interest, default in redemption or repayment, and default in payment of penal interest, among others.

While our Company shall take all necessary steps to comply with these covenants within the timelines prescribed by SEBI, there could be a failure or delay in compliance due to unforeseen circumstances. Any such default could lead to penalties, legal actions, or even trigger a default on other obligations under cross-default provisions which may adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to avoid such defaults, and any such event could expose you to significant financial and legal risks. It is important for investors to understand these risks and consider them when making their investment decisions.

49. You may not be able to recover, on a timely basis or at all, the full value of the outstanding amounts and the interest thereon in connection with the NCDs. Failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose you to a potential loss.

Our ability to pay interest on the NCDs and/or the principal amount outstanding from time to time in connection therewith would be subject to various factors inter-alia including our financial condition, profitability and the general economic conditions in India and in the global financial markets.

We cannot assure you that we would be able to repay the principal amount outstanding from time to time on the NCDs and the interest thereon in a timely manner or at all. Although our Company will create appropriate security in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the NCD holders on the assets adequate to ensure 100% security cover for the NCDs at the time of allotment of NCDs, which shall be free from any encumbrances, any decrease in assets provided as security in future might result in Company not meeting the security cover. This can adversely affect ability of our Company to meet its payment obligations.

Further, the realisable value of the assets charged as security, when liquidated, may be lower than the outstanding principal and interest thereon in connection with the NCDs. While the debenture is secured against a charge at least 100% of the outstanding principal and interest thereon in favour of Debenture Trustee, and it is the duty of the Debenture Trustee to monitor that the security is maintained, however, the possibility of recovery of 100.00% of the amount shall depend on the market scenario prevalent at the time of enforcement of the security.

A failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose you to a potential loss. The rights over the security provided will not be granted directly to holders of the NCDs. The rights over the security securing the obligations of our Company under the NCDs and the Trust Deed will not be granted directly to the NCD holders but will be granted only in favour of the Debenture Trustee. As a consequence, NCD holders will not have direct security and will not be entitled to take enforcement action in respect of the security for the NCDs, except through the Debenture Trustee.

50. All covenants including the accelerated payment covenants given by way of side letters shall be incorporated in the issue and this document by the issuer.

The covenants of the Issue are set out under "Issue Structure – Covenants of the Issue" at page 246 and in the Debenture Trust Hypothecation Deed which will be duly filed with the stock exchange in terms of SEBI Master Circular, as amended. As on the date of filing of this Prospectus, the Issuer has no side letter with any Debenture Holder. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on website of the stock exchange where the NCDs will get listed. We cannot assure the investors that all covenants will remain unchanged or that they will not impact the terms of the present issue. Investors are advised to review the covenants carefully and consider their potential implications before making an investment decision.

External Risk Factors

51. Our business is affected by prevailing economic, political and other prevailing conditions in India and the markets we currently serve.

Our Company is incorporated in India, and all of our assets and employees are located in India. As a result, we are dependent on prevailing economic conditions in India and our results of operations are affected by factors

influencing the Indian economy. Factors that may adversely affect the Indian economy, and hence our results of operations, may include:

- any increase in Indian interest rates or inflation;
- any exchange rate fluctuations;
- any scarcity of credit or other financing in India, resulting in an adverse impact on economic conditions in India and scarcity of financing of our developments and expansions;
- volatility in, and actual or perceived trends in trading activity on, India's principal stock exchanges;
- changes in India's tax, trade, fiscal or monetary policies, like application of GST;
- political instability, terrorism or military conflict in India or in countries in the region or globally, including in India's various neighbouring countries;
- occurrence of natural or man-made disasters;
- infectious disease outbreaks or other serious public health concerns;
- prevailing regional or global economic conditions, including in India's principal export markets; and
- other significant regulatory or economic developments in or affecting India or its financial services sectors.

Any slowdown or perceived slowdown in the Indian economy, or in specific sectors of the Indian economy, could adversely impact our business, results of operations and financial condition. Our performance and the growth of our business depend on the performance of the Indian economy and the economies of the regional markets we currently serve. These economies could be adversely affected by various factors, such as political and regulatory changes including adverse changes in liberalization policies, social disturbances, religious or communal tensions, terrorist attacks and other acts of violence or war, natural calamities, interest rates, commodity and energy prices and various other factors. Any slowdown in these economies could adversely affect the ability of our customers to afford our services, which in turn would adversely impact our business and financial performance.

52. Financial difficulties and other problems in certain financial institutions in India could cause our business to suffer and adversely affect our results of operations.

We are exposed to the risks of the Indian financial system, which in turn may be affected by financial difficulties and other problems faced by certain Indian financial institutions. Certain Indian financial institutions have experienced difficulties during recent years. Some co-operative banks (which tend to operate in rural sector) have also faced serious financial and liquidity crises. There has been a trend towards consolidation with weaker banks, NBFCs and HFCs being merged with stronger entities. The problems faced by individual Indian financial institutions and any instability in or difficulties faced by the Indian financial system generally could create adverse market perception about Indian financial institutions, banks and NBFCs. This in turn could adversely affect our business, our future financial performance, our shareholders' funds and the market price of our NCDs.

53. Natural disasters and other disruptions could adversely affect the economy and could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our operations, including our branch network, may be damaged or disrupted as a result of natural disasters such as earthquakes, floods, heavy rainfall, epidemics, tsunamis and cyclones and other events such as protests, riots and labour unrest. Such events may lead to the disruption of information systems and telecommunication services for sustained periods. They also may make it difficult or impossible for employees to reach our business locations. Damage or destruction that interrupts our provision of services could adversely affect our reputation, our relationships with our customers, our senior management team's ability to administer and supervise our business or it may cause us to incur substantial additional expenditure to repair or replace damaged equipment or rebuild parts of our branch network. Any of the above factors may adversely affect our business, results of operation and financial condition. For instances, the state of Kerala had experienced torrential flooding which has resulted in extensive damage to the existing infrastructure in the state, including damage to the airports, roads, bridges, and housing. Since our Company has a strong retail franchise, particularly in Kerala including a large part of our business and branches, the flood in the state had affected the credit cost and business growth during that period.

54. We face risks related to public health epidemics in India and abroad.

Our business could be materially and adversely affected by the outbreak of public health epidemics, or the fear of such an outbreak, in India or elsewhere. In January 2020, an outbreak of a strain of coronavirus, COVID-19, which has spread globally, with cases recorded in China, Australia, Italy, Iran, Japan, South Korea, UAE, Thailand, the United States and India, among other countries. On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a health emergency of international concern. Governments around the world

have imposed a number of measures designed to contain the outbreak, including business closures, travel restrictions, quarantines and cancellations of gatherings and events. This in turn has impacted the operation of businesses, reduced regional travels and trade and lowered industrial production and consumption demand.

The COVID-19 outbreak is ongoing and the actual extent of the outbreak and its impact on the economy globally in general and in India, in particular remains uncertain and may turn severe. If the outbreak of any of these epidemics or other severe epidemics, continues for an extended period, occurs again and/or increases in severity, it could have an adverse effect on economic activity worldwide, including India, and could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Similarly, any other future public health epidemics in India could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

55. The NCD Holders may not be able to recover, on a timely basis or at all, the full value of the outstanding amounts and/or the interest accrued thereon in connection with the NCDs. Failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose the holders to a potential loss.

Our ability to pay interest accrued on the NCDs and/or the principal amount outstanding from time to time in connection therewith would be subject to various factors inter-alia including our financial condition, profitability and the general economic conditions in India and in the global financial markets. We cannot assure you that we would be able to repay the principal amount outstanding from time to time on the NCDs and/or the interest accrued thereon in a timely manner or at all. Although our Company will create appropriate security in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the NCD Holders on the assets adequate to ensure 100.00% asset cover for the NCDs, which shall be free from any encumbrance, the realisable value of the assets charged as security, when liquidated, may be lower than the outstanding principal and/or interest accrued thereon in connection with the NCDs. A failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose you to a potential loss.

56. Instability of economic policies and the political situation in India could adversely affect the fortunes of the industry.

There is no assurance that the liberalisation policies of the government will continue in the future. Protests against privatisation could slow down the pace of liberalisation and deregulation. The Government of India plays an important role by regulating the policies and regulations that govern the private sector. The current economic policies of the government may change at a later date. The pace of economic liberalisation could change and specific laws and policies affecting the industry and other policies affecting investments in our Company's business could change as well. A significant change in India's economic liberalisation and deregulation policies could disrupt business and economic conditions in India and thereby affect our Company's business.

Unstable domestic as well as international political environment could impact the economic performance in the short term as well as the long term. The Government of India has pursued the economic liberalisation policies including relaxing restrictions on the private sector over the past several years. The present Government has also announced polices and taken initiatives that support continued economic liberalisation. The Government has traditionally exercised and continues to exercise a significant influence over many aspects of the Indian economy. Our Company's business may be affected not only by changes in interest rates, changes in Government policy, taxation, social and civil unrest but also by other political, economic or other developments in or affecting India.

57. Trading of the NCDs may be limited by temporary exchange closures, broker defaults, settlement delays, strikes by brokerage firm employees and disputes.

The Indian stock exchanges have experienced temporary exchange closures, broker defaults, settlement delays and strikes by brokerage firm employees. In addition, the governing bodies of the Indian stock exchanges have from time to time imposed restrictions on trading in certain securities, limitations on price movements and margin requirements. Furthermore, from time to time, disputes have occurred between listed companies and stock exchanges and other regulatory bodies, which in some cases may have had a negative effect on market sentiment.

58. Changes in interest rate may affect the price of our NCD. Any increase in rate of interest, which frequently accompany inflation and/or a growing economy, are likely to have a negative effect on the price of our NCDs.

All securities where a fixed rate of interest is offered, such as our NCDs, are subject to price risk. The price of such securities will vary inversely with changes in prevailing interest rates, i.e. when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of prevailing interest rates. Increased rates of interest, which frequently accompany inflation and/or a growing economy, are likely to have a negative effect on the price of our NCDs.

SECTION III - INTRODUCTION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Our Company was incorporated on April 28, 1997, as 'Needs Finvest Limited', a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh at Hyderabad. Our Company also obtained the certificate of commencement of business dated May 6, 1997 from the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh at Hyderabad. The name of our Company was changed to 'KLM Axiva Finvest Limited' pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at the EGM held on January 25, 2016 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated February 29, 2016 was issued by the RoC. For details of changes in our name and registered office, see "History and Certain Other Corporate Matters" on page 192.

NBFC Registration

Our Company had originally obtained a Certificate of Registration in the name of Needs Finvest Limited dated December 30, 1997 bearing registration no. 09.00006 issued by the RBI to commence the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the Certificate of Registration under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act. Subsequently, the name of our Company was changed to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited and we had obtained fresh Certificate of Registration dated March 15, 2016 bearing registration no. 09.00006 from RBI.

Registration

The registration number, corporate identity number and Legal Entity Identifier Number of our Company are as follows:

- i. Company Registration Number with RoC: 026983
- ii. Corporate Identity Number issued by RoC: U65910TG1997PLC026983.
- iii. Legal Entity Identifier Number: 335800M5T4J5QSSDUK09

Registered Office

Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana – 500 079 **Email:** secretarial@klmaxiva.com

Email: secretarial@klmaxiva.cor Telephone: +91 40 3516 2071 Website: www.klmaxiva.com

Corporate Office

KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Ernakulam, Kerala-682024 **Email:** cs@klmaxiva.com **Telephone:** +91 484 4281 182

Change in Registered Office of our Company

The registered office of our Company was changed from Door No. 3-3-408/1, First Floor, RTC Colony Opposite SBI Bank LB Nagar, Mansoorabad, Hyderabad, Rangareddi, Telangana-500074 to Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana-500 079 with effect from August 13, 2022.

Change in Corporate Office of our Company

The corporate office of our Company was changed from Door No.1871 A24, VM Plaza, Palarivattom, Ernakulam, Kerala, India, 682025 to KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Ernakulam, Kerala- 682024 with effect from May 14, 2024.

Board of Directors

The following table sets out the details regarding the Board of Directors as on date of the Prospectus:-

Name, Designation and DIN	Age (in years)	Address
Sreenivasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai Designation: Chairman and Non-Executive Director	80	Sreelekha, J3, Jawahar Nagar, Thiruvananthapuram, Kaudiar, Kerala – 695 003, India
DIN: 03048551 Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese Designation: Whole Time Director DIN: 02079917	59	Theckempuram, Padammali Road Chelad, Pindimana, Chelad Junction, Ernakulam, Kerala – 686 681, India.
Biji Shibu Designation: Executive Director DIN: 06484566	54	Theckempuram, Padammali Road Chelad, Pindimana, Chelad Junction, Ernakulam, Kerala – 686 681, India.
K.M. Kuriakose Designation: Independent Director (DIN: 08924909	70	Kaippillil, Vaikkara, Asamannoor, Ernakulam, Kerala – 683 549
Joseph Paul Menacherry Designation: Independent Director DIN: 06540233	70	Villa No. 40, Choice Village, Near Choice School, Tripunithura P.O, Ernakulam, Kerala – 682 301
Abraham Thariyan Designation: Independent Director (DIN: 07132831)	72	Flat No.37, Kairali Apartment, Panampilly Nagar Avenue, Ernakulam, Kerala – 682 036

Chief Financial Officer

Thanish Dalee

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road,

Edappally, Ernakulam

Kerala-682024

Telephone: +91 484 4281 118 E-mail: cfo@klmaxiva.com

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer:

Naveena P. Thampi

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

KLM Grand Estate,

Bypass Road,

Edappally, Ernakulam

Kerala-682024

Telephone: +91 484 4281 182 E-mail: cs@klmaxiva.com

Chief Executive Officer

Manoj Raveendran Nair

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Ernakulam Kerala-682024

Telephone: +91 484 4281 115 **E-mail:** manoj.ravi@klmaxiva.com

Investors may contact the Registrar to the Issue or the Compliance Officer in case of any pre-issue or post Issue related issues such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice, demat credit of allotted NCDs or refund orders. All grievances relating to the Issue may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, giving full details such as name of the Applicant, Application Form Number, Applicant's DP ID, Client ID, PAN, address of the Applicant, number of NCDs applied for, ASBA Account number in which the amount equivalent to the Application Amount was blocked or the UPI ID (for UPI Investors who make the payment of Application Amount through the UPI Mechanism), date of Application Form and the name and address of the relevant Designated Intermediary where the Application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to the relevant SCSB, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application and the Designated Branch or the collection centres of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant.

All grievances related to the UPI process may be addressed to the Stock Exchange, which shall be responsible for addressing investor grievances arising from applications submitted online through the App based/ web interface platform of stock exchange or through their Trading Members. The intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them.

All grievances arising out of Applications for the NCDs made through the Online Stock Exchange Mechanism or through Trading Members may be addressed directly to the Stock Exchange, with a copy to the Registrar to the Issue.

Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad

2nd Floor, Corporate Bhawan, Bandlaguda, Tatti Annaram Village, Hyatnagar Mandal, Hyderabad- 500 068, Telangana, India

Lead Manager to the Issue



Vivro Financial Services Private Limited

Vivro House 11, Shashi Colony, Opposite Suvidha Shopping Center, Paldi, Ahmedabad - 380007 Gujarat, India.

Telephone: +91 7940404242/40/41

Email: investors@vivro.net

Contact Person: Jay Dodiya / Kruti Saraiya

Website: www.vivro.net

SEBI Registration No.: INM000010122

Legal Counsel to the Issue

M/s. Crawford Bayley & Co. 4th Floor, State Bank Buildings N.G.N. Vaidya Marg, Fort Mumbai 400 023,

Maharashtra, India

Email: sanjay.asher@crawfordbayley.com

Telephone: +91 22 2266 3353 **Contact Person:** Sanjay Asher

Debenture Trustee

VISTRI

Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

Office No. 505, A2/5th floor, B wing, The Capital Building, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051, Maharashtra, India

Telephone: 022-2659 3333

Email: itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com

Investor Grievance Email: itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com

Website: www.vistraitcl.com

Compliance Officer/ Contact Person: Jatin Chonani

SEBI Registration No.: IND000000578

Vistra ITCL (India) Limited has by its letter dated October 24, 2024, given its consent for its appointment as Debenture Trustee to the Issue and for its name to be included in this Prospectus and in all the subsequent periodical communications to be sent to the holders of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue.

All the rights and remedies of the NCD Holders under this Issue shall vest in and shall be exercised by the appointed Debenture Trustee for this Issue without having it referred to the NCD Holders. All investors under this Issue are deemed to have irrevocably given their authority and consent to the Debenture Trustee so appointed by our Company for this Issue to act as their trustee and for doing such acts and signing such documents to carry out their duty in such capacity. Any payment by our Company to the NCD Holders/Debenture Trustee, as the case may be, shall, from the time of making such payment, completely and irrevocably discharge our Company *pro tanto* from any liability to the NCD Holders.

Registrar to the Issue



Selenium, Tower-B,

Plot No – 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad, Rangareddi – TG - 500 032, Telangana, India

Telephone: +91 40 6716 2222 Toll free number: 18003094001 Email: klm.ncd@kfintech.com

Investor grievance e-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com

Website: www.kfintech.com Contact Person: M Murali Krishna SEBI Registration No.: INR000000221

Credit Rating Agencies



Acuité Ratings & Research Limited

708, Lodha Supremus, Lodha iThink Techno Campus, Kanjurmarg (East), Mumbai – 400042 Telephone: +91 99698 98000 Email: chitra.mohan@acuite.in Website: www.acuite.in Contact Person: Chitra Mohan

Statutory Auditors of our Company

M/s. A. John Morris & Co, Chartered Accountants

Door No. 56/0, IInd floor, Shan Apartment,

Panampilly Nagar, Kochi- 682036 **Telephone:** +91 0484-4874822 **Email:** agjobin@ajohnmoris.com **Website:** www.ajohnmoris.com **Contact Person:** Jobin George **Membership No:** 236710

Firm Registration Number: 007220S

Public Issue Account Bank, Refund Bank and Sponsor Bank

HDFC BANK

HDFC Bank Limited

Lodha -I Think Techno Campus, O-3 Level, Next to Kanjurmarg Railway Station,

Kanjurmarg (East), Mumbai -400 042, Maharashtra, India

Telephone No.: 022 30752929 / 2928 / 2914

Facsimile: 022 25799801

Email: eric.bacha@hdfcbank.com, sachin.gawda@hdfcbank.com, pravin.teli2@hdfcbank.com,

siddharth.jadhav@hdfcbank.com and tushar.gavankar@hdfcbank.com

Website: www.hdfcbank.com

Contact Person: Eric Bacha/ Sachin Gawade / Pravin Teli / Siddharth Jadhav/ Tushar Gavankar

SEBI Registration No.: INBI00000063

Syndicate Members

Vivro Financial Services Private Limited

607/608 Marathon Icon

Opposite Peninsula Corporate Park Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg Veer Santaji Lane, Lower Parel Mumbai 400 013, Maharashtra, India **Telephone:** +91 22 6666 8040/41/42

Email: investors@vivro.net

Investor Grievance Email: investors@vivro.net

Website: www.vivro.net
Contact Person: Tushar Ashar

SEBI Registration No.: INM000010122

Trust Securities Services Private Limited

109/110, Balaram, Bandra kurla Complex,

Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400051 **Contact Person:** Mr. Pranav Inamdar **Telephone**: +91 22 2656 7536

Email: pranav.inamdar@trustgroup.in Website: www.trustsecurities.in

Bankers to our Company

The South Indian Bank Limited

Ground Floor, Kudiyrickal Towers,

State Bank of India

Commercial Branch (Code-04062),

Near Metro Pillar – 528, Palavarittom Cochin - 682025 **Telephone:** 0484 2340115 **E-mail:** br0228@sib.co.in

Website: www.southindianbank.com Contact person: Anoop K Tom 2nd Floor, Vankaarath Towers, NH Byepass, Padivattom, Ernakulum, Kerala- 682024

Telephone: 0484-2341555

Email: rm4.cbekm@sbi.co.in/sbi.04062@sbi.co.in

Website: www.sbi.co.in

HDFC Bank Limited

Police station road,

Chalakudy – 683 572

Irimpan Shopping Complex,

Telephone: 0480 2707755

Website: www.hdfcbank.com

Email: anto.thomas@hdfcbank.com

Contact Person: Asst General Manager &

Relationship Manager (AMT IV)

Dhanlaxmi Bank Limited

Shanmugham Road Branch, Ground Floor, Dhanlaxmi Buildings, Near A R Camp, Marine Drive, Shanmugham Road S O, Ernakulam (Dist.), Kerala, PIN-682 031,

Telephone: 0484-2375259

Email:dlb.shanmugamroadernakulam@dhanbank.co.in Contact Person: Anto Thomas

Website: www.dhanbank.com Contact Person: Ramesh R

Indian Overseas Bank

Thekkekkar Mansion First Floor Opposite Kavitha Theatre MG Road Ernakulam

Telephone: 0484-2351229 Email: <u>iob0024@iob.in</u> Website: <u>www.iob.in</u>

Contact Person: Gagan Trivedi Asst General Manager

Impersonation

As a matter of abundant precaution, attention of the investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-Section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to punishment for fictitious applications. Section 38(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 provides that:

"Any person who:

- a. makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- b. makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- c. otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,

shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to ₹ 50 lakh or with both.

Minimum Subscription

In terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations, for an issuer undertaking a public issue of debt securities the minimum subscription for public issue of debt securities shall be 75% of the Base Issue. If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue i.e. ₹ 3,750 lakhs, within the prescribed timelines under the Companies Act, SEBI Regulations and any rules thereto, the entire Application Amount blocked shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date or such time as may be specified by the Board. In the event the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard included in the SEBI Master Circular.

Arrangers to the Issue

There are no arrangers to the Issue.

Credit Rating

The NCDs proposed to be issued under this Issue have been rated "ACUITE BBB", by Acuité Ratings & Research Limited ("Acuité Ratings") for an amount up to ₹10,000 lakhs, vide its letter dated October 08, 2024 and press release for rating rationale dated October 08, 2024. The rating of NCDs by Acuité Ratings indicates that the instruments with this rating are considered to have moderate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry moderate credit risk. The rating provided by Acuité Ratings may be suspended, withdrawn or revised at any time by the assigning rating agency and should be evaluated independently of any other rating. This rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. For the rationale for the ratings, see Annexure II to this Prospectus.

Consents

The written consents of Directors of our Company, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, our Statutory Auditor, Previous Statutory Auditor, the Legal Counsel to the Issue, the Lead Manager, the Registrar to the Issue, Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank, Refund Bank, Credit Rating Agencies, CRISIL Limited, the Banker to our Company, the Debenture Trustee, and the Syndicate Members to act in their respective capacities, will be filed along with a copy of this Prospectus with the RoC as required under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and such consents have not been withdrawn up to the time of delivery of this Prospectus with RoC.

Utilisation of Issue proceeds

For details on utilisation of Issue proceeds please refer to the chapter titled "Objects of the Issue" on page 122 of this Prospectus.

Underwriting

This Issue will not be underwritten.

Designated Intermediaries

Self-Certified Syndicate Banks

The list of banks that have been notified by SEBI to act as the SCSBs for the ASBA and UPI Mechanism process is provided on the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes

and https://sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40 respectively as updated from time to time. For a list of branches of the SCSBs named by the respective SCSBs to receive the ASBA Forms and UPI Mechanism through app/web interface from the Designated Intermediaries, refer to the above-mentioned link.

In relation to Bids submitted under the ASBA process to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the ASBA Forms from the members of the Syndicate is available on the website of SEBI http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and updated from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Bid cum Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes.

Syndicate SCSB Branches

In relation to Applications submitted to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of ASBA Forms and Application Forms where investors have opted for payment via the UPI Mechanism, from the members of the Syndicate is available on the website of the SEBI (http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes) and updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes as updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

SCSBs eligible as issuer banks for UPI Mechanism and eligible mobile applications

The list of SCSBs through which Bids can be submitted by RIIs using the UPI Mechanism, including details such as the eligible Mobile Apps and UPI handle which can be used for such Bids, is available on the website of the SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40, which may be updated from time to time or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

RTAs / CDPs

The list of the RTAs and CDPs, eligible to accept Applications in the Issue, including details such as postal address, telephone number and email address, are provided on the websites of the BSE at http://www.bseindia.com/Static/Markets/PublicIssues/RtaDp.aspx?expandable=6 for RTAs and CDPs, as updated from time to time.

Broker Centers/Designated CDP Locations/Designated RTA Locations

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 4, 2012 and CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015, Applicants can submit the Application Forms with the Registered Brokers at the Broker Centers, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at the website of the Stock Exchange at www.bseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centers, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the Registered Brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

Issue Programme:

ISSUE OPENING DATE	Thursday, November 14, 2024		
ISSUE CLOSING DATE	Thursday, November 28, 2024 *		
PAY IN DATE	Application Date. The entire Application Amount is payable on		
	Application		
DEEMED DATE OF ALLOTMENT	The date on which the Board of Directors or the Debenture		
	Committee thereof authorised by the Board approves the Allotment		
	of the NCDs for the Issue or such date as may be determined by the		
	Board of Directors/ Committee authorised by the Board thereof and		
	notified to the Designated Stock Exchange. The actual Allotment of		
	NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of		
	Allotment. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on		

NCDs shall be available to the Debenture Holders from the Deemed Date of Allotment.

* The Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated in the Prospectus, except that this Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date (subject to minimum period of two Working Days) and a maximum period of ten Working Days from the date of opening of the Issue and subject to not exceeding thirty days from filing the Prospectus with ROC, as may be decided by the Board or Debenture Committee of the Board thereof subject to compliance with Regulation 33A of the SEBI NCS Regulations. In the event of such early closure or extension of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through advertisement in all the newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement for opening of this Issue has been given on or before such earlier or initial date of closure.

Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange.

Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date. For further details please refer to the chapter titled "Issue Related Information" on page 238 of this Prospectus. Application Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) ("Bidding Period") during the Issue Period as mentioned above on all days between Monday and Friday (both inclusive barring public holiday)(a) by the Designated Intermediaries at the Bidding Centres, or (b) by the SCSBs directly at the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Additionally, an Investor may also submit the Application Form, through the app or web interface of the Stock Exchange. On the Issue Closing Date Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by Stock Exchange. It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded on the Stock Exchange Platform would be rejected. Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on one Working Day post the Issue Closing Date.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, Applicants are advised to submit their Application Forms one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, no later than 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Issue Closing Date. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, there may be some Applications which are not uploaded due to lack of sufficient time to upload.

Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Application Forms will only be accepted on Working Days during the Issue Period. Neither our Company, nor the Lead Manager, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange are liable for any failure in uploading the Applications due to failures in any software/hardware systems or otherwise. Please note that the Basis of Allotment under the Issue will be on the basis of date of upload of each application into the electronic book of the Stock Exchange in accordance with the SEBI Master Circular. However, from the date of oversubscription, and thereafter the allotments will be made to the applicants on proportionate basis.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

1. Details of share capital

The share capital of our Company as on September 30, 2024, is set forth below:

Particulars	Amount in ₹
Authorised Share Capital	
25,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each	2,50,00,00,000
Total Authorised Share Capitals	2,50,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	
22,59,40,876 Equity Shares of ₹10 each	225,94,08,760
Total Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	225,94,08,760

2. Details of change in authorised share capital of our Company as at the last quarter ended, for the last three financial years and the current financial year:

Date of approval	Authorised Share Capital (in ₹)	Particulars
August 31,	1,15,00,00,000	Authorised Share Capital was increase from ₹ 75,00,00,000 divided into
2021 (AGM)		7,50,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 1,15,00,00,000 divided into
		11,50,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each.
June 23, 2022	1,75,00,00,000	Authorized Share Capital was increased from ₹1,15,00,00,000 divided into
(EGM)		11,50,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each to ₹1,75,00,00,000 divided into
		17,50,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each.
December 9,	2,50,00,00,000	Authorized Share Capital was increased from ₹ 1,75,00,00,000 divided into
2022 (EGM)		17,50,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 2,50,00,00,000 divided into
		25,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each.

3. Details of Equity Share capital history of our Company in the last three financial years and current financial year is set forth below:

Date of Allotment	No. of Equity Shares	Face Valu e (in ₹)	Issue Price (in ₹)	Consider ation (Cash, other than cash etc.)	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No. of Equity Shares	Cumulative Equity Share Capital (in ₹)	Cumulative Equity Share Premium (in ₹)	
September 13, 2021	4,04,46,900	10	12.50	Cash	Preferential Allotment ¹	10,83,75,128	1,08,37,51,280	21,71,34,811.25	
March 31, 2022	65,00,000	10	13.50	Cash	Private Placement ²	11,48,75,128	1,14,87,51,280	23,98,84,811.25	
July 13, 2022	57,43,750	10	-	Other than Cash	Bonus Issue ³	12,06,18,878	1,20,61,88,780	18,24,47,311.25	
December 19, 2022	6,61,09,200	10	12.50	Cash	Private Placement ⁴	18,67,28,078	1,86,72,80,780	34,77,20,311.25	
May 31, 2023	1,86,72,779	10	-	Other than Cash	Bonus Issue ⁵	20,54,00,857	2,05,40,08,570	12,98,67,522.00	
July 19, 2024	2,05,40,019	10	-	Other than Cash	Bonus Issue ⁶	22,59,40,876	2,25,94,08,760	0.00	

1. Preferential Allotment of 4,04,46,900 Equity Shares made to the following 186 allottees, as enlisted in the return of allotment filed:

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of equity shares allotted
1.	Panampuzha Ouseph Avirachan	50,000
2.	Jayan Kidangayathu Puthukayil George	50,000
3.	Kadiyappilla Abdulrahiman	80,000
4.	V P Unnikrishnan	50,000
5.	Karayil Dharmapalan Ashok	3,50,000
6.	Keerthi Ashok	1,00,000
7.	Elizabeth Mooney	50,000

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of aquity shares allotted
8.	Shinny Mathew	No. of equity shares allotted 1,20,000
9.	Nikhil John	1,00,000
10.	Sosamma	2,00,000
11.	Joseph A A	50,000
12.	Neelan Madhavan	50,000
13.	Prathapachandran Nair	1,00,000
14.	Vithya Pallikudiyil	3,75,000
15.	Smitha Jose Akkara	1,00,000
16.	Josan PD	50,000
17.	Martin P. Joseph	2,00,000
18.	Johny K J	3,50,000
19.	Sivadas K R	50,000
20.	Salim A A	1,00,000
21.	Joseph Gerald	50,000
22.	Linett David V	50,000
23.	Thomas Cherian	1,00,000
24.	Aji Paul	50,000
25.	Abraham A V	50,000
26.	Jiby George	50,000
27.	Edward George	50,000
28.	George Antony	1,00,000
29.	Anoop Chittilappily Xavier	3,00,000
30.	Steffy Rose M S	50,000
31.	Amala Davis	50,000
32.	George Joseph	1,00,000
33.	George N A and Lilly George	50,000
34.	Suja Tomy	50,000
35.	Lal P P	80,000
36.	Deepthy	50,000
37.	Baburajan A V	1,00,000
38.	Priya Shaji	50,000
39.	P C Anto	50,000
40.	Benny Chakko	50,000
41.	Francis P C	50,000
42.	K R Poulose	50,000
43.	Mathew N T	50,000
44.	Jose C D	50,000
45.	Priya Sebastian	80,000
46.	Suresh K V	50,000
47.	K Josekutty	50,000
48.	Chandran K P	50,000
49.	A K Sujatha	50,000
50.	Tomy Joseph	50,000
51.	Calvin Jose Chakramakkil	50,000
52.	T R Thilakan	50,000
53.	Deepa Kenvin Muraleedharan K V	50,000
54. 55.		50,000
55. 56.	A A Thempi	50,000
	K T Varghese	52,000
57. 58.	Tony Kannath Jose Jestin Jose	50,000
<u>58.</u> 59.	Eldho Roy	50,000 1,00,000
60.	Cyriac Joseph	50,000
61.	Anu Jimmy	1,00,000
62.	E J Xavier and Annamma Xavier	60,000
63.	Annamma Abraham	50,000
64.	Jose K A	60,000
65.	Purushothaman Nair	50,000
66.	Skaria KP	50,000
67.	Abraham Vaidyan	50,000
68.	Josephe Devassy	56,000
69.	Kallumkai Pappan George	1,00,000
70.	Arun MP	50,000
,	A 44 WILL 1744	30,000

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of equity shares allotted
71.	Saji Varkey	50,000
72.	Bindu Suresh Kumar	50,000
73.	Teena Jossy	50,000
74.	Shyam Bhaskaran	80,000
75.	Kuriachen K Kuruvilla	50,000
76.	Sebastian Chowattukunnel	56,000
77.	Varghese John Koomullil	50,000
78.	Geetha Mohan	50,000
79.	Sajeev Joseph	1,00,000
80.	Anil K George	1,50,000
81.	K Vasudevan	40,000
82.	P O Antony	50,000
83.	Raju K K	50,000
84.	Ashik Jose	50,000
85.	Titto Francis	50,000
86.	Tharakanmeloot Varghese Jobi	1,00,000
87.	Santha Kumari	50,000
88.	Joseph M P	50,000
89.	Korah Poulose P	60,000
90.	Vatsa Korah Poulose	60,000
91.	Gopalakrishnan T E	50,000
92.	Babu M P and Fancy Babu	50,000
93.	Fancy Babu and Babu M P	50,000
94.	Rani Cherian	80,000
95.	Biju Varghese	1,22,500
96.	K K Anil Kumar	50,000
97.	Nimmy Sandeep	50,000
98.	Lily Paul	50,000
99.	Nandakumar K	50,000
100.	Winston Paul	50,000
101.	M P Avarachan	40,000
102.	Manu Saju	1,50,000
103.	Paul M S	50,000
104. 105.	Lakshmi Raveesh Sindhu	50,000 70,000
	Serah Mathew Vinod Panicker	,
106. 107.	Anitha Hariharan	50,000 50,000
107.	Shiju C K	50,000
109.	Thankachan M	50,000
110.	Princy Jojo	50,000
111.	Dileep Thomas	50,000
112.	Madhu P	50,000
113.	Ittoop K O	5,00,000
114.	Midhun Ittoop	5,00,000
115.	Sonu Saju	50,000
116.	Jayashree	1,00,000
117.	Suma Rajagopal	50,000
117.	Jahan Salim	50,000
119.	Radhakrishnan PP	50,000
120.	Reena Lynus	8,00,000
121.	Vadassery Kalister Lynus	8,00,000
122.	N Sharma	50,000
123.	Deepa P G	50,000
124.	Suresh Kapparath	50,000
125.	Babu Kollara	50,000
126.	Jerin Jose	50,000
127.	Bose Paul	50,000
128.	Chalackal Madhavan Baiju	50,000
129.	Shine Theressa Shibu	50,000
130.	Davis P A	50,000
131.	Anithamol Rajan	50,000
132.	Susy John	50,000
133.	Anu Mohan	50,000
100.		50,000

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of equity shares allotted
134.	Mathai K G	50,000
135.	Lisma Louvi	50,000
136.	K M Korah	50,000
137.	P N Narayanan Nambisan	50,000
138.	P T Gowri	50,000
139.	Vivek Lohikshan	50,000
140.	Anjali Alex Aerathu	50,000
141.	Nalpat Sebastian Jose	10,00,000
142.	Stephen N M	50,000
143.	Paul V George	1,00,000
144.	Manoj P Joseph	1,60,000
145.	Simon Mathew	50,000
146.	Chirayath Antony Francis	50,000
147.	Sandeep C C	50,000
148.	Vincent Padamadan	50,000
149.	Gitanjaly Sabu	1,00,000
150.	Anoopa	1,00,000
151.	Holy Roy	50,000
152.	Martin P Antony	92,400
153.	Baiju P P	50,000
154.	Roy Skariah	60,000
155.	Aswathy Merin	50,000
156.	Mini Roy	50,000
157.	Josen Mathew	1,05,000
158.	Joseph T T	52,500
159.	Simi Gijo	4,13,750
160.	George Kuriape	3,38,750
161.	Kavitha Johnson	52,500
162.	Alphonsa Jose	52,500
163.	Jacob Abraham	32,500
164.	Eldhouse Kuriakose	52,500
165.	Sreedevi Lohidakshan	52,500
166.	Sabu Paul	12,52,900
167.	Elizabeth George	2,80,000
168.	Fance Joseph	52,500
169.	Thomas E P	52,500
170.	Peeyus Antony	1,00,000
171.	Bindu Peeyus	12,27,500
172.	Mariya Peeyus Kottam	5,00,000
173.	Johny P A	55,000
174.	Nidhin Aleyas	52,500
175.	P J George	4,45,150
<u>176.</u>	Reji Kuriakose	9,82,500
177.	Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese	51,00,520
178.	Biji Shibu	40,35,000
179.	Elen Elu Shibu	34,05,000
180.	Erin Lizbeth Shibu	33,22,500
181.	Aleyamma Varghese	41,56,930
182.	Jiny Devassy	40,000
183.	Amrutha Paulson	1,00,000
184.	Niranjana Sabu	1,00,000
185.	Annie Poulose	50,000
186.	Suresh K V	50,000
	Total	4,04,46,900

2. Private Placement of 65,00,000 Equity Shares made to the following 2 allottees, as enlisted in the return of allotment filed:

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
1.	Southern Associates	50,00,000
2.	KLM Assets Fin	15,00,000

Sr.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares
No.		allotted
	Total	65,00,000

3. Bonus issue of 57,43,750 Equity Shares made to the following 657 allottees, as enlisted in the return of allotment filed:

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No.	equity	shares
1.	John J Pullan			2,400
2.	Chinnamma Kuriakose			2,850
3.	Bindu Peeyus			28,600
4.	Simi Jijo			2,950
5.	Ann Jose			5,000
6.	Jijo M Varghese			3,500
7.	Aleyamma Varghese			1,82,822
8.	Jose Sebastian Nalpat			75,000
9.	Kuriakose K P			5,000
10.	Eldhose T K			1,500
11.	Siji T K			1,000
12.	Joby George			50,000
13.	Thomas Joseph/ Achamma Joseph			5,000
14.	Ganesan A V			2,500
15.	Joseph C George			7,650
16.	Reshmi Joseph			4,350
17.	Johny P A			2,500
18.	Gayathri Sankar			2,500
19.	Jayan Paul			5,000
20.	Tinu Kuriachan			2,500
21.	Emily Kuriachan			10,000
22.	Cilmi Eldho			2,500
23.	Kuriakose E K			2,500
24.	Mini Roy			5,000
25.	Eldho Roy			7,500
26.	Anju Sajeev			5,000
27.	Paulose K A/ Kumari Paulose			5,000
28.	Aleyas K C			2,500
29.	Aswathy Roy			2,500
30.	Roy Scaria			2,500
31.	Simi Shine			5,000
32.	Antony A O			5,000
33.	Sajimon George			2,500
34.	Siby Skaria			5,000
35.	Jai M Paul			2,500
36.	C V Jacob			5,000
37.	Mini Baby			2,500
38.	Biju Varghese			5,000
39.	Mathai C V			2,500
40.	Paulson Joseph			5,000
41.	K P Joy			5,000
42.	P J George			20,000
43.	Sybi Varghese			10,000
44.	Baby Mathew			75,000
45.	Jacob George			1,750
46.	Varghese George			1,750
47.	Shiby T S			5,000
48.	Bino Kurian			2,500
49.	George Jacob A K			45,000
50.	Shinto Thomas			10,000
51.	Ittoop K O			34,000
52.	Lissy Ittoopp			36,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allo	equity	shares
53.	Grace Siby Joseph			5,000
54.	Elizabeth George			6,000
55.	Shiny Manoj Arakkal			2,500
56.	Thresiamma Joy			2,500
57.	Reena Varghese			2,500
58.	P O Avirachan			6,500
59.	Issac Meleth John			5,000
60.	Kuriachan M K Biju John			10,000
62.	Reena Sony			1,250 2,500
63.	Tessy Abro			2,500
64.	Suchitra P/ Dr. Bhaskaran Nair			4,000
65.	Sebastian P J			5,000
66.	Ekanadhan P K			2,500
67.	Abraham A M			5,000
68.	Julie Josen			2,500
69.	Amal Dev Tony			2,500
70.	Civy V Pulathayu			5,000
71.	Gracy K V			2,500
72.	Vijayamohanan M K			5,000
73.	Anil K George			2,500
74.	Gopinathan K			2,500
75.	Thommachan V U			5,000
76.	Nicey George			5,000
77.	Cherian K P			2,500
78.	Paulose K K			2,500
79.	Balu Raj Tony			5,000
80.	Joseph M C			5,000
81.	Joseph Thomas			1,000
82. 83.	Cijo Joseph Purushothaman M K			2,500
84.	Bindhu Baiju			1,000 2,500
85.	Marykutty Uthuppan			2,500
86.	Dolly George			2,500
87.	Santhamma Padmanabhan			2,500
88.	Sabu Paul			22,500
89.	Antony P V			5,000
90.	Elizabeth Mathew			1,000
91.	Soy V U			5,000
92.	Shalini Nair			2,375
93.	E M Bijukumar			5,000
94.	P V Xavier			2,500
95.	Chitra Visweswaran			2,500
96.	Kurian Joseph			2,500
97.	Varkey P V			2,500
98.	Vimal Kumar			2,500
99.	Shine Paul			5,000
100.	Peter K A			2,500
101.	Tomy C A			2,500
102.	Kuriakose Mathew			2,500
103. 104.	Jaimon Joseph Boby Paul			2,500 2,500
104.	Elen Elu Shibu			9,777
105.	Anitha Mol			2,500
100.	George Jacob A K			20,000
107.	Reji Kuriakose			17,500
108.	P J George/ Sherly George			5,000
110.	Reshmi Joseph/ Joseph C George			5,000
111.	Girija V/ Subramanian N			2,500
112.	Subramanian N/ V Girija			2,500
				_,500

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of allotted	equity	shares
113.	Alexander P R			5,000
114.	Lilly George			2,500
115.	Thomas John Palekudy			2,500
116.	Jose M O			5,000
117.	Sasidharan K/ Ralceme S			2,500
118.	Sasidharan K/ Kelshibe N S			5,000
119.	Varghese Jose			3,500
120.	James P J/ Josephin			2,500
121. 122.	Jessly George P Shibu Issac			2,500 5,000
123.	Princy Julian			7,500
124.	N A Vidyadharan/ T.V Pramaeela			2,500
125.	Elsie K P			7,500
126.	George K/ Kurian George			2,500
127.	P.R. Nithianandan			2,500
128.	Joy Paul			2,500
129.	Mathew P A			3,000
130.	Anietha Subramanian			5,000
131.	Paul Punnoose/ V P Punnoose/ Sheeba Punnoose			5,000
132.	Deepa Mary Paul			2,500
133.	Sherly Mathew			1,500
134.	P P Gopinatha Sarma/ Chandrakala G Sarma/ Vinitha A Mallan			3,500
135.	Sen P Mammen			5,000
136.	Sudarshan M R			2,500
137.	Davis P K/ George Davis/ Nichol Davis			1,500
138.	Geetha Sabu			5,000
139.	C T Roy			5,000
140.	Bency Jose Mundadan			5,000
141.	N O George/ A B Alphonsa			1,500
142. 143.	Sam K S Roy Skariah/ Mini Roy			1,500 5,000
144.	M M John/ Sosamma John			2,500
145.	Dr. Prasad Punnoose			1,500
146.	Sajeev Jacob/ Siji Rajeev			2,500
147.	Aleena Joseph			5,000
148.	Siji Rajeev/ Sajeev Jacob			2,500
149.	Nisha Shibu			5,000
150.	C K Sadananda Kurup			1,500
151.	G P Pillai			1,500
152.	Anoopa Joseph Thomas			5,000
153.	Suraj Prakash M J			2,500
154.	Benot Paulose/ V.T. Paulose/ Seema Vargheese M			2,500
155.	Anilkumar P.P			2,500
156.	Gitanjaly Sabu			5,000
157.	Muraleedharan K.			2,500
158.	Vinay Kumar T			5,000
159.	Davis K.A.			2,500
160.	Shibu C.T.			5,000
161.	Selimol Michael			5,000
162. 163.	C.T. Sabu Mariamma Cherian			5,000 5,000
164.	Dr. Saleena Mathew			2,500
165.	John Joseph/ Vinu George			1,500
166.	Lukose B			1,500
167.	Dipu Issac			5,000
168.	M.A. Zachariah			2,000
169.	Sonia Bhaskar			1,500
170.	Sajeev Joseph			15,000
171.	Beena Haridas			2,500
172.	Lijinu Abraham			2,500
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Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allotte	equity	shares
173.	Thomas Abraham Mannil			2,500
174.	Balasubramanian K.S.			2,000
175.	Baby N.K./ Rani Baby			1,500
176.	Mercy Paulose			1,250
177.	John K. Mathew			1,500
178.	T.P. Kunjalachi Amma			2,500
179.	Bindu Susy George			1,500
180.	Sheeba Joseph			2,500
181.	Joseph Varkey			2,500
182.	Niecy Manjuran			2,500
183.	K.P. Cherian			2,500
184.	Biju Joseph			4,000
185.	Fr. Dr. Thomas Chakiriyil/ Sunu Thomas			2,500
186.	Suseela A.M/ Merlyn Rajan/ Jeslin Mathews Rajan			2,500
187.	Alias A.E/Basil Alias			1,500
188.	V. Venugopal/ Sini			2,200
189.	Johny Mathew/ Rosily John			5,000
190.	Soosy George			1,500
191.	Vinod Tharian Philip/ Pratibha G Nair			1,500
192.	Jolly S.N.			1,500
193. 194.	Xavier P.J/ Annie Xavier Shaju Mathai			2,500
194.	Samanyu Mahendran			5,000 2,500
196.	Aswini S.K. Warrier			1,500
190.	Varkey M. Cherian			1,500
198.	Josmol			1,000
199.	Sobha Sreeraman			1,500
200.	Philomina E.X			1,500
201.	Joseph T. Kussakuzhiyil/ Celin E. Joseph			5,000
202.	P P Gopinatha Sarma/ Vinitha A Mallan/ Chandrakala G Sarma			1,000
203.	Annie Jacob/ Jacob Thomas			5,000
204.	Rajeena Sajee Vinod			1,750
205.	Eldhose T.K/ Siji P.K			1,000
206.	Alias P.V.			1,525
207.	Vijayan P.K			1,500
208.	Sajith John P			1,500
209.	Sunil John/ Bose Paul/ Paulose K.A.			2,500
210.	Sunil John/ Jancy Paul/ Paulose K.A.			2,500
211.	Aisoly Jacob			2,500
212.	Sreekumar Gopinathan Nair			5,000
213.	M P Kuriakose/ Mary Kuriakose			4,000
214.	Reji Varghese/ Varghese K V			1,500
215.	P M Jose			1,500
216.	Rajeena Sajee Vinod			1,000
217.	Subramanian N			500
218.	Vijayakumar A C/ Padmini Vijayakumar			1,739
219.	Thomas E I			2,500
220.	Sreejaya Madavan Pilla			5,000
221.	Joseph P P			2,500
222.	Radhamony Amma			1,500
223.	Nisha M. M.			1,500
224.	Bindu Benny Midwa David			2,500
225.	Mithun Davis			5,000
226.	Mithun Davis			5,000
227.	Jose K J Willy Antony Modelson			2,500
228.	Willy Antony Mookkan			1,500
229.	Priya George			2,500
230. 231.	Mallika J Devasskutty A J			6,150 1,500
231.	Saramma Isaac			1,500
434.	Daramma 18aat			1,500

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of allotted	equity	shares
233.	Saju M Karuthedam			2,500
234.	John Varghese			5,000
235.	Joseph John			1,500
236.	Simon Mathew			2,500
237.	Thomas A J			2,500
238.	Raju K G			2,500
239.	George P V			2,500
240.	Jose Thomas			2,500
241.	Mary Oommen Chacko C.V.			5,000
242. 243.	George K.P.			5,000
244.	Devassy Varuthunni			20,000
245.	Eldos Mathew			2,500
246.	Mathai K I			2,500
247.	Soman V.H.			5,000
248.	V.T. Joy			2,500
249.	George Mathew P			5,000
250.	K P Skaria			5,000
251.	Smitha Jayaraman			2,500
252.	Kuttappan K V			2,500
253.	Alvin Thomas John			2,500
254.	Peter Jacob			3,000
255.	Chinnamma Varkey			1,500
256.	Mary Kuriakose			4,000
257.	Sajeev Joseph			16,250
258.	Kuriakose P P			1,500
259.	Dinu Joy			25
260.	Jeena George			5,000
261.	Ammini Aleyas			2,500
262.	Joy T J			2,600
263. 264.	Chandran K.P. Karthikeyan N			5,000
265.	Sajith John P			1,000 500
266.	Mathew N T			2,500
267.	George Mather P/ Soji George			2,499
268.	Jose N E			2,500
269.	Manoj P Joseph			8,000
270.	Bipin George			2,500
271.	Chandra Babu M S			2,600
272.	Behanan T M/ Alice Behanan			10,000
273.	Shibu T Varghese		(6,57,061
274.	Alexander K M			1,500
275.	Mahendran Channanaveetil Puthenpurayil			5,000
276.	Joy P Jacob			2,500
277.	Purushothaman Pillai G			1,500
278.	P K Sugathan			4,750
279.	Shaju George			11,500
280.	Jacob T Abraham			2,500
281.	Anoop C Xavier			25,000
282.	Mathew P Skariah			1,500
283.	Sivarama Krishnan K P			10,000
284.	Paul Varghese			2,500
285.	Jaimol K Mani			2,500
286.	Abraham A V			2,500
287.	Rojo Joseph			2,500
288.	Nandakumar K			2,500
289.	George Joseph			17,500 2,500
290. 291.	Stephen N M Tona Jacob			5,125
291.	Joseph A A			2,500
<i>292.</i>	JUSEPH A A			۷,٥٥٥

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allo	equity	shares
293.	Mercy Sebastian			16,250
294.	Leelamma Mani			5,000
295.	Glaimy Alex			10,000
296.	Rajendran P P			2,500
297.	Sunny Joseph			12,500
298.	Reena Sunny			15,000
299.	Pathrose K P			1,000
300.	Joseph Gerald			2,500
301.	Sebastian C Kappen Muraleedharan K V			18,750
302. 303.	Siji Paul			5,000 2,500
304.	Maggy			5,000
305.	Eldho Roy			5,000
306.	Saji George			5,000
307.	Sadanandan P R			1,500
308.	Unni S Kappen			21,000
309.	Simi Dharman			2,500
310.	Jayan K George			7,500
311.	Saiby Jacob			2,700
312.	Saju M Karuthedam			2,500
313.	Mini Roy			5,000
314.	George Kuriape			23,962
315.	Sabu Paul			12,500
316.	Elen Elu Shibu			2,93,750
317.	Biji Shibu			4,37,940
318.	Saritha Sunil			833
319.	Aleyamma Varghese			3,17,096
320.	Bindu Sabu			2,500
321.	Roy Skariah			5,500
322.	Seena Justine			2,500
323.	Midhun Ittoop			25,000
324.	Kripa Sunny			12,500
325.	Eldo N I			2,500
326.	Thomas Cherian			7,500
327.	Ruby Shaju George			2,500
328. 329.	Zeenath Sugathan Mallika J			1,250 2,500
330.	Jayendran Nair A N			750
331.	Francis T K			1,500
332.	Jijo T K			3,375
333.	Sujatha A K			2,500
334.	T T Joseph			2,625
335.	Kunnel Mathai Korah			2,500
336.	P O Antony			2,500
337.	Joseph Mathew			1,000
338.	Linett David V			2,500
339.	Geetha Mohan			2,500
340.	Martin P Joseph			10,000
341.	Seldha Biju			4,000
342.	Basil Lalu			1,000
343.	Simon Mathew			2,500
344.	Samson Chacko			2,500
345.	Dinu Paul			5,000
346.	Thelakkat Nandakumar			2,500
347.	Chiramel Thomas Sabu			21,500
348.	Suma Rajagopal			2,500
349.	Niranjana Sabu			5,000
350.	Narendran K/ Sreedevi T N			500
351.	K Noorjehan			2,000
352.	Vithya Pallikudiyil			1,500

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allot	equity	shares
353.	Abraham Vaidyan			2,500
354.	Aswathy Merin Roy			2,500
355.	Sreedharan Nair K			6,500
356.	Rajeev Sankar Narayan			2,500
357.	Jose C D			2,500
358.	Ittoop K O			25,000
359.	Remadevi P K			2,500
360. 361.	Davis K.A. Balasubramanian A K			2,500
362.	M P Avarachan			2,500
363.	K Prathapachandran Nair			7,500
364.	Nanoo Sharma			2,500
365.	Babu Kollara Dharman			2,500
366.	Paul V George			5,000
367.	K Abdulrahiman			9,000
368.	Steffy Rose M S			7,500
369.	John Philipose			2,500
370.	Thomas A J			9,000
371.	Jose M K			1,500
372.	Saju Antony Kalaparamath Pathadan			2,500
373.	P P Biju			2,500
374.	Johnson Jose			2,500
375.	Joemon Jose			2,500
376.	Vijayaranjan K K			5,000
377.	Tomy Joseph			2,500
378.	Anithamol Rajan			2,500
379.	Akhil Thomas			2,500
380.	Koshy M K			2,500
381.	Glory Thomas			5,000
382. 383.	T.I. Jose Thachil			2,500 1,500
384.	Siby Varghese Geetha Paul K			16,500
385.	Anoopa			5,000
386.	Shine Theressa Shibu			2,500
387.	Thayyil Venugopal Sabu			2,500
388.	Mathai Augusty			60,000
389.	Sebastian Chowattukunnel			2,800
390.	Mathew K C/ Sosamma C V			2,500
391.	Rita James/ James John			3,500
392.	T R Thilakan			2,500
393.	K T Varghese			5,200
394.	T V Abraham			2,500
395.	Joseph Antony V			2,600
396.	Jacob P I			6,500
397.	Gopalakrishnan M R			1,000
398.	Jobin Tom			2,000
399.	Francis George			2,500
400.	Anju Sajeev			5,000
401.	Shyam Bhaskaran			7,000
402.	Josan Padayatty Devassykutty			2,500
403.	Lissy Yeldose			3,750
404.	Elizabeth Mooney			7,500
405. 406.	Anu Elizabeth Liza Thomas			1,500
406.	M N Babu			500 1,250
407.	Cyriac Joseph Pattara			2,500
408.	Serah Mathew Vinod Panicker			2,500
410.	Kuriakose Eldhose			2,625
411.	Subi Shaju Arangath			2,000
412.	Vasudevan K			3,000
				2,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allot	equity	shares
413.	K K Anil Kumar			2,500
414.	Kuriachan K Kuruvila			5,000
415.	Joseph M P			2,500
416.	M P George			1,500
417.	P P Deenamma			5,000
418.	Annie Poulose			2,500
419.	Amrutha Paulson			5,000
420.	Anitha Hariharan			2,500
421. 422.	Gitanjaly Sabu Chalackal Madhavan Baiju			7,500 2,500
422.	Sreedevi Lohidaksham			2,625
424.	Vatsa Korah Poulose			6,000
425.	P O Avirachan			5,000
426.	Suja Tomy			3,000
427.	P N Narayanan Nambissan/ Gowri P T			2,500
428.	Fancy Babu			2,500
429.	Tessy Joseph			1,000
430.	Babu M P/ Fancy Babu			2,500
431.	Byju Kuriakose			1,000
432.	Ancy K Kuriakose			2,500
433.	Fance Joseph			5,125
434.	Vivek Lohidakshan			2,500
435.	P T Gowri			2,500
436.	George Thanangadan			2,500
437.	Lizzy Jimmy			2,500
438.	E. M. Jimmy			2,500
439.	Shiju C.K.			2,500
440.	Sridhanya			2,500
441.	Anil K George			7,500
442. 443.	Jahan Kumbanan A			2,500 2,500
444.	Kunhappan A. Mary K A			1,250
445.	Biju N S			5,000
446.	Mathai K G			2,500
447.	Kuriakose O P			2,500
448.	Benny C Pozheliparambil			2,500
449.	Saju T Nair			2,500
450.	Victory Jozy			1,500
451.	Anitha Gopi			1,500
452.	Nalpat Sebastian Jose			50,000
453.	Sheeba Thomas			5,000
454.	Eldose Varghese			2,500
455.	Baby K I.			5,000
456.	Smitha Jose Akkara			20,000
457.	Annie Jacob			2,500
458.	Reji Kuriakose			74,650
459.	Paul Abraham			5,500
460.	Sabu Paul			77,499
461.	Sheela Nithyanandan			2,500
462.	Lilly Jose Oonnynny Abrohom			2,500
463. 464.	Oonnunny Abraham Kodath Pappu Madhavan			2,000
465.	Peeyus Antony			10,517
466.	Aleyas Varghese			2,500
467.	Kunjappan C B.			1,000
468.	Jenny Rose Jacob			5,000
469.	V P Unnikrishnan			3,000
470.	Johny			2,750
471.	Thomas Isaac			3,750
472.	Sivadas K R			5,000
				- ,

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allot	equity	shares
473.	George Antony			5,000
474.	Anu Mohanan			3,500
475.	Riya Titus			5,000
476.	Ratheesh V Narayanan			2,500
477.	George Thomas			2,500
478.	Rani George			2,500
479.	Reena Lynus			62,500
480.	Suresh Karuthara Velu			7,500
481.	Gopalakrishnan T E			6,250
482.	Priya Sebastian			4,500
483.	Sebastian M V			5,000
484.	Jomon Joy			250
485.	Jiby Yohannan			1,000
486.	Princy Jojo Lilly Paul			2,500
487. 488.	Joseph M			2,500
489.	Elizabeth George			5,000 17,500
490.	Mathew K Kuriakose			2,000
491.	Winston Paul			2,500
492.	Nikhil John			6,000
493.	Radhakrishnan P P			2,500
494.	Sosamma			10,000
495.	Sandeep C C			2,500
496.	Baby Abraham			500
497.	Jiny Devassy			2,000
498.	Mary Baby			5,000
499.	Paul Abraham/ Annie P Oommen			2,500
500.	Vadassery Kalister Lynus			60,000
501.	Milna Sibi			2,500
502.	Holy Roy			2,500
503.	A R Ravivijay			2,500
504.	Raseena Kochumon/ Kochumon Kottai			2,500
505.	Xavier Joseph Edattu/ Annamma Xavier			3,000
506.	Priya Shaji			2,500
507.	Elen Elu Shibu			75,000
508.	Pynadadhu Jacob George Salim A A			22,257
509.				5,000
510. 511.	Dheepa Kenvin Esabella Johnson			2,500 6,500
512.	Neelan Madhavab			2,500
513.	Lal P P			4,000
514.	Vincent Padamadan			2,500
515.	Baiju P P			2,500
516.	Anjali Alex Aerathu			2,500
517.	Mariya P Kottam			25,000
518.	Shaiby Kuruvilla			500
519.	M K Krishnakumar			500
520.	Francis P C			2,500
521.	Ajin Kuriakose			2,500
522.	Sanju Baby/ Baby KI		 	5,000
523.	Eldose Varghese/ Shobha K Poulose			2,500
524.	Jacob Thomas Pathumpadam			5,000
525.	Saneesh K S			2,50,000
526.	Verghese Kuruvilla			2,500
527.	Elizabeth Joju/ Joju Philip			2,500
528.	Biju Varghese			6,125
529.	Annamma Thomas			3,500
530.	Nomy Else Philip			2,600
531.	Dileep Thomas			2,500
532.	Joseph Devassy			2,800

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allo	equity	shares
533.	Jerin Jose			2,500
534.	Mechery Sebastian Paul			2,500
535.	Karimpanackal Velayudhan Suresh			2,500
536.	Varghese Edacheril Mathai			1,500
537.	Menacherry Joseph Varkey			1,500
538.	John Philipose			1,500
539. 540.	Saleena Mathew			1,250 2,500
541.	Vijayan K S K P Skaria			5,000
542.	Madhu P			2,500
543.	Lisma Louvi			2,500
544.	Lukose B			2,500
545.	Geo Joesph			2,500
546.	Reena George			2,500
547.	Sindhu			3,500
548.	Kolencheril Avara Jose			28,500
549.	Abi Antony			4,000
550.	Mampilly John Baby			24,000
551.	Tony Jose			5,000
552.	Anu Denny			10,000
553.	Simi Gijo			20,687
554.	Sudhakaran T K			500
555.	Shyam Bhaskaran			5,000
556.	Thomas M C			1,000
557.	Martin P Antony			3,090
558.	Sonia Bhaskar			500
559.	Manu Saju			15,000
560.	Chinnamma Varkey			1,000
561. 562.	Kuriyedath Joseph Johny Aji Paul			20,000
563.	Deepa P G			2,500
564.	Jitha Chummar			1,500
565.	Phiji Jose			1,250
566.	Mathews K V			2,500
567.	Soman V H			2,500
568.	Ria Chummar			1,500
569.	Beena George			1,500
570.	Jose M O			5,000
571.	Reji Pradeep			2,500
572.	Edward George			2,500
573.	Ashik Jose Pozhaliparambil			2,500
574.	Poulose K R			2,500
575.	Raju K K			2,500
576.	Jijimon Joseph			10,000
577.	Poulose P P			2,500
578.	Alexander P R			5,000
579.	Jayasree J			2,500
580.	Tony Kannath Jose			2,500
581.	Boany Paul P			1,500
582.	Sucy John			2,500
583.	Reji Mathew			5,000
584.	Abraham Raju			1,000
<u>585.</u>	P M Mooney Mathew Joseph			5,000
586. 587.	Joy Chittethuparayil George			2,500 3,750
588.	Sunil Varkey			4,166
589.	Kudiyattil Joseph George			1,000
590.	Biji George			2,500
591.	Prakash Chacko			2,500
592.	Lovely Prakash			2,500
374.	Do rotj i i intuoti			2,300

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. allo	equity	shares
593.	N A George/ Lilly George			3,750
594.	Leelamony George			2,800
595.	Kavitha Johnson			2,625
596.	Alphonsa Jose			2,625
597.	Tharakanmeloot Varghese Jobi			2,500
598.	Leena Jobi			5,000
599.	Mulakath Kuriakose Paulose			1,000
600.	Therat Achuthan Purushothamannair			2,500
601.	Jose K J Koottungal Chacko Mathai			10,000
602.	Bose Paul			1,500 2,500
604.	Keerthi Karayil Ashok			5,000
605.	Josen Mathew			5,250
606.	Joseph Varkey			5,500
607.	Celine M D			2,500
608.	Rani Cherian			6,000
609.	Melfy Philip			2,000
610.	Remya Raj			1,000
611.	Varghese John Koomullil			2,500
612.	Moncy Varughese			2,500
613.	Kallumkal Pappan George			5,000
614.	Sonu Saju			2,500
615.	Bindu Peeyus			61,375
616.	Erin Lizbeth Shibu			1,66,125
617.	Jacob Kaiparampil Joseph			2,500
618.	Davis P A			5,000
619.	Jestin Jose			5,000
620.	Vijayakumar Pottayil			2,500
621.	Kesavan Prasannadevi			750
622.	Remya Ratheesh			2,750
623.	Kumar Suresh Bindu			2,500
624.	Jiby George			2,500
625. 626.	Nidhin Aleyas Mullangath Prathapan Arun			2,625 2,500
627.	Babu Kurian			5,000
628.	Chirayil Itty Kunjumon			2,500
629.	Pozhaliparambil Chakkoru Anto			2,500
630.	Sanitha Shaji			755
631.	Calvin Joe Chakramakkil			2,500
632.	Chirayath Antony Francis			2,500
633.	Lakshmy Raveesh			2,500
634.	Josekutty Kollentekizhakkethil			5,000
635.	Suresh Kapparath			2,500
636.	Titto Francis			2,500
637.	Deepthy			2,500
638.	3A Capital Services Limited		·	250
639.	Rani Cherian			4,000
640.	Sophiamma Varghese			2,500
641.	Somanathan Nair T P			2,500
642.	Varughese Baby			1,250
643.	Annamma George			1,500
644.	Thankachan M			2,500
645.	Geetha R Nair			2,500
646.	Santha Kumari			2,500
647.	Annamma Abraham			2,500
648.	K D Ashok			30,000
649.	A A Thampi			2,500
650.	George Joseph			1,500
651.	Nimmy Sandeep			2,500
652.	Baburajan A V			5,000

Sr.	Name of allottee	No.	of	equity	shares
No.		allott	ed		
653.	Teena Jossy				2,500
654. 655.	Saji Varkey				2,500
655.	Shiny Mathew				6,000
656.	Amala Pallippat Davis				2,500
657.	Thomas E P				2,625
	Total			5'	7,43,750

4. Private Placement of 6,61,09,200 Equity Shares made to the following 132 allottees, as enlisted in the return of allotment filed:

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
1.	Paul John Pathadan	3,00,000
2.	Achamma George	1,00,000
3.	Roy George	1,00,000
4.	Nevil Chacko Pathadan	1,00,000
5.	Alvin Thomas John	32,000
6.	Sugathan PK	80,000
7.	Raveendran Nair	50,000
8.	Kulangara Mathew Abraham	1,20,000
9.	Sunny Joseph	50,000
10.	P K Chacko	1,00,000
11.	Francis P K	1,00,000
12.	Roy Abraham	1,01,000
13.	Robinson George	1,00,000
14.	Santhosh Sebastian Antony	1,00,000
15.	Venugopal K C	50,000
16.	Lukose B	50,000
17.	Babu	1,00,000
18.	Deepa P G	80,000
19.	Babu Kollara	75,000
20.	Rajasekharan K B	50,000
21.	Aswathi V S	1,00,000
22.	Girija Sukumaran	2,00,000
23.	Sudesh Kottilil Achuthan	50,000
24.	Anisha Boany	45,000
25.	Saramma Boany	45,000
26.	P Boany Paul	1,25,000
27.	V K Narayanan	50,000
28.	A M Salim	50,000
29.	Cici Tharu	60,000
30.	Achamma Antony	50,000
31.	Mathew Madukkamoottil Abraham	50,000
32.	Mathew Varghese K	50,000
33.	DR Jaslin Sajil	50,000
34.	Manu Saju	1,00,000
35.	Sindhu S	50,000
36.	Alexander P R	50,000
37.	Rosamma George	1,00,000
38.	Nomy Elsa Philip	1,00,000
39.	Jose C D	50,000
40.	Joseph A A	50,000
41.	Raju K Varghese	1,00,100
42.	Jose P A	50,000
43.	Lakshmi P S	50,000
44.	Gifty Francis	50,000
45.	Dolly Thomas	1,00,000
46.	Merin Chacko	50,000
47.	Arun Boany Pilinattu	20,000
48.	Shyama Prabhakaran	20,000
49.	Baburajan A V	50,000
	J. T. C.	20,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
50.	Krishnakumar K	50,000
51.	Issac Meleth John	2,00,000
52.	George Mathew Paluparambil	50,000
53.	Abraham P A	50,000
54.	Stephen Antony K	50,000
55.	Martin P Antony	88,000
56.	Cherian S Tharakan	1,00,000
57.	Reo KA	50,000
58.	James Abraham	1,00,000
59.	George Varghese	25,000
60.	K T Varghese	50,000
61.	Saji Kurivilla Jose	50,000
62.	Prathapa Chandran P	50,000
63.	Deepak C	2,00,000
64.	Jasim A S	50,000
65.	Chandran K P	50,000
66.	Geo Joseph	1,00,000
67.	James Jacob	50,000
68.	Saju Antony K	50,000
69.	Chacko C V	1,00,000
70.	Valsala Paily	50,000
71.	Rita James	50,000
72.	Geetha Paul K	50,000
73.	Jose K A	1,00,000
	Mahendran C P	
74.		50,000
75.	Sabu C T	50,000
76.	Muralikrishnan	50,000
77.	Joseph Devassy	50,000
78.	Pavan R Pujari	1,20,000
79.	Sajith S	2,00,000
80.	Muringathara Chandy Cherian	1,00,000
81.	Rekha Varghese Tharayil	50,000
82.	Joy Komban Varghese	50,000
83.	K Vasudevan	37,000
84.	Manjula S Pattil	80,000
85.	George Mathew	50,000
86.	Shyam Bhaskaran	50,000
87.	Asokan K	1,20,000
88.	Venkatesh Vasant Shiraguppi	80,000
89.	Priyadarshini Gadad	1,20,000
90.	Muraleedharan K V	50,000
91.	Niranjana Sabu	50,000
92.	Gitanjaly Sabu	50,000
93.	Vijayashankar Narayanankutty	50,000
94.	Paul Abraham	50,000
95.	Behanan T M	1,00,000
96.	Vidyadharan Nalothukudy Ayyappan	50,000
97.	Lincy George	50,000
98.	Saju M Karuthedam	50,000
99.	Tom Thomas	50,000
100.	Subin K R	50,000
101.	Leelamma S	50,000
102.	Raju Thomas	50,000
103.	Sunny George	1,00,000
104.	Dr P R Hareendra Sarma	1,00,000
105.	Rahul Gautham V E	32,000
106.	Jacintha Thomas	50,000
107.	Leena Cherian	50,000
108.	Samuel Thomas	50,000
109.	MD Celine	50,000
110.	Thahira A	50,000
111.	Chinnu Mol E S	50,000
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Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
112.	Smitha Jose Akkara	50,100
113.	Mathew V Eapen	24,000
114.	Binoy Mathai	1,50,000
115.	Mathew P J	50,000
116.	Suma Rajagopal	50,000
117.	Reji Mathew	1,00,000
118.	Arakal Bhaskaramenon Purushothaman	50,000
119.	Alena Tresa James	1,00,000
120.	Jacob Mathew	1,00,000
121.	George P C	1,00,000
122.	Saju George Sebastian	80,000
123.	George N A	50,000
124.	George Thomas	1,00,000
125.	Anish John	1,00,000
126.	Shibu T Varghese	1,80,00,000
127.	Biji Shibu	1,30,00,000
128.	Elen Elu Shibu	25,00,000
129.	Erin Lizbeth Shibu	25,00,000
130.	Southern Associates	1,20,00,000
131.	Prime Capital Developers	80,00,000
132.	KLM Assetfin	10,00,000
	Total	6,61,09,200

5. Bonus Issue of 1,86,72,779 Equity Shares made to the following 1,082 allottees, as enlisted in the return of allotment filed:

Sr.	Name of allottee	No. of equity
No.		shares allotted
1.	Chinnamma Kuriakose	5,700
2.	Bindu Peeyus	57,200
3.	Simi Jijo	5,900
4.	Ann Jose	10,000
5.	Jijo M Varghese	4,700
6.	Aleyamma Varghese	3,65,645
7.	Jose Sebastian Nalpat	1,50,000
8.	Joby George	1,00,000
9.	Ganesan A V	5,000
10.	Joseph C George	15,300
11.	Reshmi Joseph	8,700
12.	Johny P A	5,000
13.	Gayathri Sankar	5,000
14.	Cilmi Eldho	5,000
15.	Antony A O	10,000
16.	Sajimon George	5,000
17.	Siby Skaria	10,000
18.	Jai M Paul	5,000
19.	C V Jacob	10,000
20.	Mathai C V	5,000
21.	Paulson Joseph	10,000
22.	P J George	40,000
23.	Sybi Varghese	20,000
24.	Baby Mathew	1,50,000
25.	Jacob George	3,500
26.	Varghese George	3,500
27.	Shiby T S	10,000
28.	Bino Kurian	5,000
29.	Shinto Thomas	20,000
30.	Ittoop K O	68,000
31.	Lissy Ittoopp	72,000
32.	Grace Siby Joseph	10,000
33.	Elizabeth George	12,000
34.	Thresiamma Joy	5,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
35.	Reena Varghese	5,000
36.	Biju John	2,500
37.	Sebastian P J	10,000
38.	Julie Josen	5,000
39.	Amal Dev Tony	5,000
40.	Anil K George	5,000
41.	Gopinathan K	5,000
42.	Thommachan V U	10,000
43.	Nicey George Cherian K P	10,000 5,000
45.	Balu Raj Tony	10,000
46.	Joseph M C	10,000
47.	Joseph Thomas	2,000
48.	Purushothaman M K	2,000
49.	Bindhu Baiju	5,000
50.	Marykutty Uthuppan	5,000
51.	Santhamma Padmanabhan	5,000
52.	Sabu Paul	45,000
53.	Elezabeth Mathew	2,000
54.	Soy V U	10,000
55.	E M Bijukumar	10,000
56.	Kurian Joseph	5,000
57.	Vimal Kumar	5,000
58.	Peter K A	5,000
59.	Tomy C A	5,000
60.	Kuriakose Mathew	5,000
61.	Jaimon Joseph Boby Paul	5,000
62. 63.	Elen Elu Shibu	5,000 19,555
64.	Anitha Mol	5,000
65.	George Jacob A K	40,000
66.	Reji Kuriakose	35,000
67.	P J George/Sherly George	10,000
68.	Reshmi Joseph/Joseph C George	10,000
69.	Girija V/Subramanian N	5,000
70.	Lilly George	5,000
71.	Jose M O	10,000
72.	Sasidharan K/Ralceme S	5,000
73.	Sasidharan K/Kelshibe N S	10,000
74.	James P J/Josephin	5,000
75.	Shibu Issac	10,000
76. 77.	Princy Julian George K/Kurian George	15,000 5,000
78.	Paul Punnoose/V P Punnoose/Sheeba Punnoose	10,000
70. 79.	Deepa Mary Paul	5,000
80.	Sen P Mammen	10,000
81.	Sudarsanan M R	5,000
82.	Geetha Sabu	10,000
83.	C T Roy	10,000
84.	Bency Jose Mundadan	10,000
85.	Dr. Prasad Punnoose	3,000
86.	Aleena Joseph	10,000
87.	Nisha Shibu	10,000
88.	G P Pillai	3,000
89.	Anoopa Joseph Thomas	10,000
90.	Anilkumar.P.P	5,000
91.	Gitanjaly Sabu	10,000
92. 93.	Muraleedharan.K Vinay Kumar.T	5,000
93.	Shibu.C.T	10,000 10,000
95.	Selimol Michael	10,000
96.	C.T.Sabu	10,000
	CIZIDADA	10,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
97.	Dr.Saleena Mathew	5,000
98.	John Joseph/Vinu George	3,000
99.	Beena Haridas	5,000
100.	Lijinu Abraham	5,000
101.	Thomas Abraham Mannil	5,000
102.	Baby.N.K/Rani Baby	3,000
103.	T.P.Kunjalachi Amma	5,000
104.	Niecy Manjuran	5,000
105.	K.P.Cherian	5,000 5,000
106. 107.	Suseela.A.M/Merlyn Rajan/Jeslin Mathews Rajan V.Venugopal/Sini	4,400
107.	Soosy George	3,000
108.	Vinod Tharian Philip/Prathibha G Nair	3,000
110.	Jolly.S.N	3,000
111.	Xavier.P.J/Annie Xavier	5,000
112.	Shaju Mathai	10,000
113.	Varkey.M.Cherian	3,000
114.	Josmol	2,000
115.	Rajeena Sajee Vinod	3,500
116.	Alias.P.V	3,050
117.	Sunil John/Jancy Paul/Paulose K.A.	5,000
118.	Aisoly Jacob	5,000
119.	Sreekumar Gopinathan Nair	10,000
120.	P M Jose	3,000
121.	Rejeena Sajee Vinod	2,000
122.	Subramanian N	1,000
123.	Vijayakumar A C/Padmini Vijayakumar	3,478
124.	Sreejaya Madavan Pilla	10,000
125.	Joseph P P	5,000
126. 127.	Radhamony Amma	3,000
127.	Bindu Benny Mithun Davis	5,000 10,000
129.	Mithun Davis	10,000
130.	Biji Abraham John	5,000
131.	Aleyas K C	5,000
132.	Mini Roy	10,000
133.	Fr.Dr.Thomas Chakiriyil/Sunu Thomas	5,000
134.	Sajeev Joseph	80,625
135.	Raju K G	5,250
136.	Surendran/Radha Surendran	10,000
137.	George C Chacko	1,000
138.	Mathews Jacob	5,000
139.	Kuriakose P P	3,150
140.	Dinu Joy	52
141.	Paulose Benny Paul	5,000
142.	Jeena George	10,500
143.	Elezabeth Mathew	2,100
144.	Govinda Saseendra Prabhu	2,000
145. 146.	Ammini Aleyas Aleyas K C	5,250 250
140.	Joy T J	5,460
148.	George P V	5,000
149.	Jancy Jose/Jose P.A.	1,000
150.	Binov Mathai Dr	15,000
151.	Avarachan.K.V	1,600
152.	Rajasekharan K.B./Thankam Rajan	5,000
153.	Chandran .K.P.	15,500
154.	Karthikeyan N	2,100
155.	Sajith John P	3,050
156.	Mathew N T	5,250
157.	George Mathew P/Soji George	5,249
158.	Biju Varghese	10,500

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
159.	Jose N E	5,250
160.	Pulinattu Boany Paul/Saramma Boany	12,500
161.	Manoj P Joseph	16,800
162.	Sheela Rajesh/Rajesh Parempat	2,000
163.	Komayil Pathrose Ouseph	5,000
164.	Bipin George	5,250
165.	George Varghese	2,500
166.	Rajagopala Pillai K/Preethy A R	1,000
167.	Chandra Babu M S	5,460
168.	Behanan T M/Alice Behanan	31,000
169.	Joseph K.V	1,600
170.	Shibu T Varghese	31,79,828
171.	Alexander K M	4,150
172.	Mahendran Channanaveetil Puthenpurayil	15,500
173.	Joy P Jacob	5,250
174.	Purushothaman Pillai G	3,150
175.	P K Sugathan	17,975
176.	Mariamma Cherian	10,500
177.	Shaju George	39,585
178.	Jacob T Abraham	5,250
179.	Alice Jacob Pathadan	2,500
180.	Anoop C Xavier	52,500
181.	Mathew P Skariah	3,150
182.	George Joseph K	1,600
183.	Prasad Vaidyan P K	2,000
184.	Ramesan .P	2,000
185.	K A Sudesh	5,000
186.	Sivarama Krishnan K P	21,000
187. 188.	Paul Varghese Arun Boany Pulinattu	5,250 2,000
189.	K M Saramma	2,000
190.	Achamma Antony	8,300 8,300
191.	Anil C Joseph	2,000
192.	Jaimol K Mani	5,250
193.	Dipu Eldho Issac	10,500
194.	Xavier P V	5,250
195.	Valsala Paily	5,000
196.	Abraham A V	5,250
197.	Pushpangathan M A	1,000
198.	Sheela Vincy Mathew	5,000
199.	Rojo Joseph	5,250
200.	Binu Baby Kurian	2,000
201.	Nandakumar K	5,250
202.	Jaya Varghese	5,000
203.	George N O/Alphonsa A B	3,150
204.	Vincy V Mathew	5,000
205.	Jose Thomas	5,250
206.	Roy George	10,000
207.	Joseph John	3,150
208.	George Joseph	86,750
209.	Stephen N M	5,250
210.	Maymol Philip	5,000
211.	Tona Jacob	10,762
212.	Joseph A A	10,250
213.	Biju Mathew	10,000
214.	Mercy Sebastian	34,125
215.	Leelamma Mani	10,500
216.	Baby Joseph	5,512
217.	Jaimon Joseph	250
218.	Glaimy Alex	21,000
219.	Thomas Abraham Mannil	250
220.	Rajendran P P	10,250
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221. Sumy Joseph 31,250 222. Rena Sumy 46,500 223. Sadamandan Sasidharan 5,000 224. Sosmma Chacko 5,000 225. Mebin Varghese 2,000 226. Arya Sasidharan 8,000 227. Putrose K P 2,100 228. Lijan Jaharharan 250 229. Joseph Gerald 10,250 230. Sebastian C Kappen 39,375 231. Beem Sojan 5,259 232. Muraledharian K V 1,500 233. Radharmany Amma 150 234. Lili George 250 235. Biju Joseph 8,400 236. Priya George 5,000 237. Reem Sony 5,250 238. Saji Paul 5,250 239. Maged 1,000 240. Eldho Ry 26,251 241. George P C 1,000 242. Saji George	Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
2234	221.	Sunny Joseph	31,250
224. Sosamma Chacko 5,000 225. Arya Sasidharan 8,000 227. Pathrose K P 2,100 228. Lijinu Abraham 250 229. Joseph Gerald 10,250 230. Sebastan C Kappen 39,375 231. Beena Sojan 5,250 232. Murdecharan K V 15,000 233. Radhamany Amma 150 234. Lilly George 250 235. Biju Jospeh 8,400 236. Prya George 5,000 237. Reena Sony 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 240. Eltho Roy 2,625 240. Eltho Roy 2,625 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Saji G	222.		46,500
2256. Meya Sasidharam 8,000 2276. Aya Sasidharam 8,000 2277. Pathrose R P 2,100 228. Lijina Abraham 250 230. Sebastian C Kappen 39,375 231. Beens Sojan 5,250 232. Muralecdharan K V 15,500 233. Radhamary Amma 150 234. Lilly George 250 235. Biju Joseph 8,400 236. Priva George 5,000 237. Rena Sony 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 239. Magy 10,000 240. Eltho Roy 26,259 241. George P C 10,000 242. Sij George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Salo George 10,500 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unis J Kappen 44,100 247. Simi D			
226. Arya Sasidharan 8,000 227. Pathrose K P 2,100 228. Lijimo Abroham 250 229. Joseph Gerdd 10,250 230. Sebastian C Kappen 39,375 231. Beena Sojan 5,550 232. Murlauckmaran K V 15,500 233. Radhamany Amma 150 234. Lily George 250 235. Biju Joseph 8,400 236. Priya George 5,500 237. Reena Sony 5,250 238. Biju Joseph 8,200 237. Reena Sony 5,250 238. Biju Paul 5,250 238. Biju Paul 5,250 240. Eldo Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saja George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese J			
227. Puthrose K P 2,100 258 Lijim Abruham 2,250 2592 Joseph Garaid 10,250 2502 Joseph Garaid 10,250 2503 Sebastian C Kappen 39,375 251. Beena Sojan 5,250 252. Muraleecharan K V 15,000 253. Ruraleecharan K V 15,000 254. Ruraleecharan K V 15,000 255. Ruraleechar			
228. Lijimu Abraham 250 229. Joseph Gerald 10,250 230. Sebustian C Kappen 39,375 231. Beena Sojan 5,250 232. Muraleecharan K V 15,500 233. Radhanany Amma 150 234. Lilly George 250 236. Piya George 5,000 237. Reena Sony 5,250 238. Biju Jospeh 8,000 237. Reena Sony 5,250 238. Biju Paul 5,250 238. Biju Paul 5,250 239. Maggy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 3,350 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Umi S Kappen 4,100 247.			
229. Joseph Gerald 10,250 30. Sebastian C Kappen 39,375 231. Beena Sojan 5,250 232. Muraleecharam K V 15,500 233. Radhanany Amma 150 234. Lilly George 250 235. Biju Joseph 8,400 236. Priva George 5,000 237. Rena Sony 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 239. Maggy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Suji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadamadan P R 3,310 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unia S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saby Jacob 5,670 250. Saji M Ka			
230. Sebastian C Kappen 39,375 231. Buena Sojan 5,250 232. Muraleedharan K V 15,500 233. Radhamary Amma 15 244. Lilly George 250 235. Biju Jospeh 8,000 237. Reena Sony 5,200 238. Siji Paul 5,250 239. Maggy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,000 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadamandan P R 3,150 245. Varpices Gose 7,350 246. Unin S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,570 249. Saiy Jacob 5,670 250. Saji M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Min Roy 11,000 252. Seoge K			
321. Beena Sojan 5,250 232. Muraleedharan K V 15,500 233. Radbamany Amma 150 234. Lilly George 250 235. Bija Joseph 8,400 236. Priya George 5,000 237. Rena Sony 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 239. Magy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unin S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saby Jacob 3,570 250. Sajiu M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriap			
323. Muraleedharan K V			
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3234. Lilly Gorge 250 2355. Biju Jospeh 8,400 236. Priva George 5,000 237. Reena Sony 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 239. Maggy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unin S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Sajby Jacob 5,670 250. Saju M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 251. George Kuriape 45,321 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,300 254. Li			
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236. Priva George 5,000 237. Reena Sony 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 238. Siji Paul 5,250 239. Maggy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,000 242. Saji George 10,000 242. Saji George 10,000 243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Iose 7,350 246. Unni S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saji M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 43,521 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 25,550 254. Elen Elu Shibu 8,67,852 255. Baji Shibu 22,19,674 255. Saitha Sunil 1,749 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Balu Sabu 259. Roy Skariah 16,800 260. Raju K Varughese 10,010 261. Jose P A 6,200 262. Seena Justine 5,250 263. Mini Roy 34,916 264. Lincy Abraham 34,916 265. Midhun Ittoop 5,250 267. Kripa Sunny 31,250 268. Kripa Sunny 3,250 267. Kripa Sunny 3,250 26			
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338. Siji Paul 5,250 239. Maggy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 20,250 241. George P C 10,000 243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadamandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unni S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saju M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 8,67,852 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 256. Sairtha Sunil 1,749 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Bindu Sabu 5,250 260. <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
239. Maggy 10,000 240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Uni S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saju M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 867,852 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 256. Saritha Sunil 1,749 257. Aleyamma Varghese 684,184 258. Bim du Sabu 5,250 259. Roy Skariah 16800 260.			
240. Eldho Roy 26,250 241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadamandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Uhni S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saju M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mimi Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 867,852 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 256. Saritha Sunil 1,749 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 257. Aleyamma Varghese 10,010 260. Raju K Varughese 10,010 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>			
241. George P C 10,000 242. Saji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unni S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saju M Karuthedam 11,000 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 8,67,852 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Bindu Sabu 5,250 259. Roy Skariah 16,800 260. Rean Justine 5,250 261. Jose P A 6,200 262.			
242. Saji George 10,500 243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unni S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 250. Saju M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 86,7852 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 256. Saritha Sunil 1,749 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Bindu Sabu 5,250 259. Roy Skariah 16,800 260. Raju K Varughese 10,010 261. Jose P A 6,200 262. Seena Justine 5,250 263. Biju John Njondimakal 125			
243. Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John 5,250 244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unni S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saip M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 867,852 255. Biji Bibu 22,19,674 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Bindu Sabu 5,250 259. Roy Skariah 16,800 260. Raju K Varughese 10,010 261. Jose PA 6,200 262. Seena Justine 5,250 263. Biju John Njondimakal 125 264. Lincy Abraham 34,916			
244. Sadanandan P R 3,150 245. Varghese Jose 7,350 246. Unin S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saju M Karuthedam 11,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 8,67,852 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 256. Saritha Sunil 1,749 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Bindu Sabu 5,250 259. Roy Skariah 16,800 260. Raju K Varughese 10,010 261. Jose P A 6,200 262. Seena Justine 5,250 263. Biju John Njondimakal 125 264. Lincy Abraham 34,916 265.			
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246. Umi S Kappen 44,100 247. Simi Dharman 5,250 248. Jayan K George 15,750 249. Saiby Jacob 5,670 250. Saju M Karuthedam 15,500 251. Mini Roy 11,000 252. George Kuriape 45,321 253. Sabu Paul 28,500 254. Elen Elu Shibu 8,67,852 255. Biji Shibu 22,19,674 256. Saritha Sunil 1,749 257. Aleyamma Varghese 6,84,184 258. Bindu Sabu 5,250 259. Roy Skariah 16,800 260. Raju K Varughese 10,010 261. Jose P A 6,200 262. Seena Justine 5,250 263. Biju John Njondimakal 125 264. Lincy Abraham 34,916 265. Midhun Ittoop 52,500 266. Chinnu Mol E S 5,000 267.			
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281. Sunil John/Bose Paul/Paulose K A 8,750	279.		101,025
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282. Paulose K A/Kumari 14,000		Sunil John/Bose Paul/Paulose K A	8,750
	282.	Paulose K A/Kumari	14,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
283.	Davis P K/George Davis/Nichol Davis	3,150
284.	Kunnathkudy Varghese Varkey/Beena Jacob Koickal	2,500
285.	Soy Uthuppu Vattappillil	500
286.	Thomas Joseph Arambankudi/Achamma Thomas	10,500
287.	Manjooran Abraham Zacheria	4,200
288.	Vidyadharan Nalothukudy Ayyappan/Thoombayil Velu Prameela	10,250
289.	Puthenveedu Padmanabha Mallen Gopinathasarma/Anand Vinita/Chandrakala Gopinatha Sharma	2,000
290.	Puthenveedu Padmanabha Mallen Gopinathasarma/Chand Rakala Gopinatha Sharma/Anand Vinita	7,000
291.	Johny Mathew/Rosily John	10,000
292.	Roy Skariah/Mini Roy	10,000
293.	Francis T K	3,150
294.	Jijo T K	48,754
295.	Sujatha A K	5,250
296.	T T Joseph	5,512
297.	Kunnel Mathai Korah	5,250
298.	Jijo M Varghese	9,500
299.	Prasad Lekshmanan	2,000
300.	Aswathi Sasidharan Veliyil	10,000
301.	Stanly A Antony	10,000
302.	Anju Manohar	5,250
303.	Vijayamohanan M K	10,500
304.	Alena Tresa James	10,000
305.	Merin Chacko	5,000
306.	Annamma Abraham	5,250
307.	Dolly George	10,250
308.	Polayilvadakkethil Ramachandran Pillai Krishnakuma	2,000
309.	Lakshmi Perumbillil Sivadasan	5,000
310.	Elavangal Jacob Romeo Velayudhan Mythili	2,000
311. 312.	Joseph Joseph Thomas	2,000 2,000
313.	Madathil Marath Vijayakumari	4,800
314.	Samanyu Mahendran	5,000
315.	Chitra Visweswaran	5,000
316.	Payyapilly Antony Wilson	10,000
317.	Mathew Joseph Vayalil	2,000
318.	P J George	800
319.	Joseph Mathew	2,100
320.	Neduvely Narayanan Reji	3,200
321.	Linett David V	5,250
322.	Geetha Mohan	11,916
323.	Martin P Joseph	21,000
324.	Asokan K	12,000
325.	Seldha Biju	11,412
326.	Basil Lalu	2,100
327.	Shiny Manoj Arackal	5,000
328.	Simon Mathew	13,000
329.	Chitra Visweswaran/Sankaraiy Er Yegna Visweswaran	250
330.	Sudha Rajagopalan/Payyakkal Rajagopalan	2,000
331.	Joseph K J	3,200
332.	Samson Chacko	5,250
333.	Dinu Paul	10,500
334.	Thattampuram Poulose Kunjalachiamma	250
335.	Mini Baby	5,000
336.	Varghese Thomas Kocheril	5,000
337.	Anu Joy	5,000
338.	Thelakkat Nandakumar	5,250
339.	Chiramel Thomas Sabu	50,650
340.	Sibi Joseph Pulloppillil	2,000
341.	Joseph N Thomas	4,000
342.	Tomy C A	250

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
343.	Muringathara Chandy Cherian	10,000
344.	Suma Rajagopal	10,250
345.	Niranjana Sabu	15,500
346.	Issac Meleth John	30,000
347.	Anthony Claro Dsouza	2,500
348.	Joseph V J	2,000
349.	John K Mathew	5,233
350.	Raju Thomas	5,000
351.	Saramma Isaac	3,000
352.	Jayan Paul	10,000
353.	Narendran K/Sreedevi T N	1,050
354.	Dennis Thomas	5,512
355.	E I Thomas	5,250
356.	Thomas John Palekkudy	5,250
357.	Sebastian K C	3,000
358.	Rajeev J	5,000
359.	K Noorjehan	4,200
360.	Varghese George	175
361.	Vithya Pallikudiyil	3,150
362.	Sajith John P Abraham Vaidyan	3,000 5,250
363. 364.	Aswathy Merin Roy	10,500
365.	George A V Dr	1,600
	Sreedharan Nair K	, , ,
366. 367.	Rajeev Sankar Narayan	13,650 5,250
368.	Jose C D	10,250
369.	Ittoop K O	55,900
370.	Remadevi P K	5,250
371.	Davis.K.A	10,250
372.	Jacintha Thomas	2,500
373.	Chithra Pradeep	1,250
374.	Cijo Joseph	5,250
375.	Balasubramanian A K	5,250
376.	M P Avarachan	4,200
377.	K Prathapachandran Nair	15,750
378.	Nanoo Sharma	5,250
379.	Babu Kollara Dharman	18,000
380.	Paul V George	10,500
381.	K Abdulrahiman	18,900
382.	Steffy Rose M S	15,750
383.	John Philipose	5,250
384.	Thomas A J	24,150
385.	Vijayan P K	5,150
386.	Purushothaman M K	100
387.	Jose M K	3,150
388.	Saju Antony Kalaparampathpathadan	10,250
389.	Anilkumar P P	250
390.	P P Biju	5,250
391.	Johnson Jose	5,250
392.	Joemon Jose	5,250
393.	Vijayarajan K K	10,500
394.	Tomy Joseph	5,250
395.	Jayasree Paulson	4,000
396.	Lizy K D	5,000
397.	Devassykutty	3,150
398.	Anithamol Rajan	5,250
399.	Akhil Thomas	5,250
400.	Licy Ittoop	40,000
401.	Koshy M K	5,250
402.	Glory Thomas	10,500
403.	Abraham P A	5,000
404.	Dolly Thomas	10,000

406. John C I 8,000 406. Jacob Marlew/Elizabeth Jacob 10,000 407. Sunny M Paul 2,083 408. Cic Tharu 6,000 409. Si Varghese 3,150 410. Si Varghese 3,150 411. S. Krishnamorthy 5,512 412. Geeh Paul K 9,554 413. Anoops 10,580 414. Shire Theresas Shirbe 5,259 414. Shire Theresas Shirbe 5,259 415. Thayvil Venuegoal Sabu 5,259 416. Salorry 5,525 417. Mathari Augusty 1,20,000 418. Recethu Theresa George 10,000 419. Sebastian Chowattukunnel 12,546 420. Mathew K C-Sosommac C V 5,550 421. Ferncose Capital Services Private Limited 5,000 422. Rita James James John 12,556 423. Subramanian N Gringt V 5,250 424. Tr	Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
107. Sunny M Paul	405.		8,000
1409. T. Lose Thachil 5.250 1410. Siby Varghese 3.150 1411. S. Krishnamoorthy 5.515 1412. Geetha Pahl K 39,650 1413. Andopa 10.500 1414. Shine Theressa Shibu 5.250 1415. Thuyyil Venugopal Sahu 5.250 1416. Salomy 5.525 1417. Mathai Augusty 1,20,000 1418. Rechir Theresa George 10,000 1418. Rechir Theresa George 10,000 1419. Sebastian Chowattuskundel 12,346 1420. Mathw K C/Sosamma C V 5.250 1421. Tenrose Capital Services Private Limited 5,000 1422. Ris James/James John 12,354 1423. Subramanian N/Girija V 5.250 1424. Tenrose Capital Services Private Limited 5,000 1423. Subramanian N/Girija V 5.250 1424. Tenrose Capital Services Private Limited 5,000 1425. Varghese P I. 1,000 1426. K Yanghese 1,100 1427. Shyama Prabhakaran 2,000 1428. T V Abraham 5,250 1429. Sumy Joseph 5,000 1430. Joseph Antony V 10,660 1431. Jacob P I 13,650 1432. Gopalakirishnam M R 2,100 1433. Rockh Varghese P Haravil 5,000 1434. T R In Thomas 5,000 1435. Tom Thomas 5,000 1436. K Yanghese 5,512 1437. John Thomas 5,000 1438. Rechir Varghese 4,000 1439. Pinip George 5,520 1440. Jijo Mon V 2,000 1441. Anja Siever 5,250 1442. Shyam Bhakaran 10,000 1443. Jacob P Haravil 5,000 1444. Shyam Bhakaran 10,000 1455. Chernal Thomas 5,000 1456. K Tamamamamamamamamamamamamamamamamamamam	406.	Jacob Mathew/Elizabeth Jacob	10,000
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454. Chiramel Thomas Roy 500 455. Nisha Shibu 500 456. Chermal Thomas Shibu 500 457. Cyriac Joseph Pattara 5,250 458. Jiss Antu 2,400 459. Serah Mathew Vinod Panicker 5,250 460. Kuriakose Eldhose 5,512 461. Kannampuzha Joseph Jude 4,000 462. Joy K P 10,000 463. Subi Shaju Arangath 4,200 464. Robinson George 10,000 465. Aswini Sankaran Kutty Varier 3,150	452.		2,625
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465. Aswini Sankaran Kutty Varier 3,150			
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466. Manjula Sanjeev Patil 8,000			
	466.	Manjula Sanjeev Patil	8,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
467.	Vasudevan K	10,000
468.	Joy V T	5,250
469.	K K Anil Kumar	5,250
470.	Kuriachan K Kuruvila.	10,500
471.	Celine M D .	10,250
472.	Joseph M P .	5,250
473.	Jayakumar V S	2,000
474.	Eby Joseph .	2,000
475.	M P George .	3,150
476.	P P Deenamma .	10,500
477.	Annie Poulose .	5,250
478.	M Madhavadas	1,000
479. 480.	Amrutha Paulson Eldo Paul	10,500
480.	Anitha Hariharan	1,000 5,250
481.	Gitanjaly Sabu	21,250
483.	Raju Thejus Tony	2,500
484.	Mathew Madukkamoottil Abraham	5,000
485.	Chalackal Madhavan Baiju	5,250
486.	George Mathew Paluparampil	15,500
487.	Benzi Kallamparambil Balakrishnan	1,600
488.	Jolly Wilson	2,000
489.	Joy Paul	5,000
490.	Reo K A	5,000
491.	Mundapatt Jayaprakash Surajprakash	5,000
492.	Joy Komban Varghese	5,000
493.	Kulangara Mathew Abraham/Susan Abraham	12,000
494.	Alias Parackal Varkey	2,152
495.	Vattoly Mathunny Shiny	2,000
496.	Sebastian Joseph	10,000
497.	Mathew Kainikudyil Kuriakose	4,200
498.	Sreedevi Lohidakshan .	5,512
<u>499.</u> 500.	Lohidakshan M.K . Vatsa Korah Poulose .	5,512
501.	P O Avirachan .	12,600 24,150
502.	Justy Jose Parayil .	1,000
503.	Suja Tomy .	8,800
504.	T P Roy.	2,000
505.	P N Narayanan Nambissan ./Gowri P T .	5,250
506.	Fancy Babu .	10,250
507.	P Suchithra Nair .	400
508.	Joseph P V .	5,000
509.	Benny Sebastian .	8,000
510.	Tessy Joseph .	2,100
511.	Babu M P ./Fancy Babu .	10,250
512.	Byju Kuriakose .	2,100
513.	Jacob K John ./Beena Jacob .	2,000
514.	Ancy K Kuriakose .	5,250
515.	James Abraham .	10,000
516.	Fance Joseph .	10,762
517.	Vivek Lohidakshan	5,250
518.	Jenumol Joseph .	16,000
<u>519.</u>	P N Narayanan Nambisan P T Gowri .	1,666
520. 521.	George Thanangadan .	5,250 5,250
522.	Suchithra P Nair/ Payyor Bhaskaran Nair	8,000
523.	Lizzy Jimmy .	8,250
524.	E. M. Jimmy .	8,250
525.	Shiju.C.K.	5,250
526.	Sridhanya -	10,250
527.	Anil K George .	31,000
528.	Jahan .	5,250

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
529.	Salim A Makkar .	5,000
530.	Jasim A S .	5,000
531.	Kunhappan . A .	5,250
532.	Jaslin Sajil .	5,000
533.	Eldhose T K .	3,150
534.	Mary K A .	2,625
535.	Biju N S .	10,500
536.	Siji P K .	2,100
537.	Sadananda Kurup C K .	3,000
538.	K G Manojkumar .	1,500
539.	Mathai K G .	5,250
540.	Antony A O .	500
541.	Kuriakose O P .	5,250
542.	Benny C Pozheliparambil.	5,250
543.	Alvin Thomas John	8,450
544.	Saju T Nair	5,250
545.	Victory Jozy.	3,150
546.	Anitha Gopi.	3,000
547.	Nalpat Sebastian Jose .	1,12,500
548.	Sheeba Thomas .	10,500
549.	Eldose Varghese .	5,250
550.	Anila Thomas	520
551.	Baby K I .	10,000
552.	Smitha Jose Akkara .	50,135
553.	Leena Cherian .	5,000
554.	Annie Jacob .	5,250
555.	Reji Kuriakose .	1,56,765
556.	Rahul Gautham V E .	3,200
557. 558.	Paul Abraham . Sabu Paul .	16,550 1,62,749
559.	Sherly Mathew .	5,150
560.	Lincy Tomy .	2,000
561.	Biju Paul .	2,875
562.	Jeeva S Raj .	1,000
563.	Sheela Nithyanandan .	5,250
564.	Lilly Jose .	5,250
565.	Abraham A M .	10,500
566.	Oonnunny Abraham .	4,200
567.	Kodath Pappu Madhavan.	5,250
568.	Annie .	1,000
569.	Saneesh K S .	3,150
570.	Peeyus Antony .	22,086
571.	Mathai K I .	5,250
572.	Joshy John Avaran .	1,600
573.	Johny C D .	2,000
574.	Thahira A .	5,000
575.	Aleyas Varghese .	5,250
576.	Varkey P V .	5,250
577.	Gracy Mathai .	5,250
578.	Aisoly Jacob .	250
579.	Kunjappan C B .	2,100
580.	Jenny Rose Jacob .	10,500
581.	V P Unnikrishnan .	6,300
582.	Nithianandan P R .	5,250
583.	Johny .	5,775
584.	Saji Kuruvilla Jose .	5,000
585.	Thomas Isaac .	7,875
586.	Balasubramanian K S .	4,200
587.	Sivadas K R .	10,500
588.	Gayathri Sankararaman.	5,000
589.	Pushpa Subramanian.	10,000
590.	George Antony.	10,500
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Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
591.	Anu Mohanan.	10,000
592.	Roy Abraham.	10,100
593.	Antony P V.	10,000
594.	Riya Titus.	10,500
595.	Ratheesh V Narayanan .	5,250
596.	George Thomas .	15250
597.	Rani George .	5,250
598.	Reena Lynus .	1,31,250
599.	Suresh Karuthara Velu .	15,750
600.	Gopalakrishnan T E .	15,125
601.	Priya Sebastian .	9,450
602.	Sebastian M V .	10,500
603.	Jomon Joy .	525
604.	Santhosh Sebastian Antony .	10,000
605.	Jiby Yohannan .	2,100
606.	Princy Jojo .	5,250
607.	Lilly Paul .	5,250
608.	Joseph M .	10,000
609.	Elizabeth George .	37,350
610.	Sony John Chirayath .	1,000
611.	Kuttappan K V .	5,250
612.	Babu .	10,000
613.	Winston Paul .	5,250
614.	Nikhil John .	12,600
615.	Radhakrishnan P P .	5,250
616.	Sosamma .	21,000
617.	Anish John .	10,000
618.	Sandeep C C.	5,250
619.	Baby Abraham .	1,050
620.	Jiny Devassy.	4,200
621.	Bindu Susy George.	3,150
622.	Kalarikkal Easie Joy.	2,000
623.	Lekha K Nair.	2,000
624.	Mary Baby	10,500
625.	Paul Abraham ./Annie P Oommen .	5,250
626.	Vadassery Kalister Lynus.	1,26,000
627.	Milna Sibi.	5,250
628.	Holy Roy.	5,250
629.	A R Ravivijay.	5,250
630.	Raseena Kochumon	5,250
	./Kochumon Kottai .	
631.	Saraswathy Amma.	1,000
632.	Kuzhivelil Joseph Benny.	3,000
633.	Xavier Joseph Edattu	6,300
	./Annamma Xavier.	
634.	Priya Shaji.	5,250
635.	Pynadadhu Jacob George.	48,740
636.	Salim A A.	10,500
637.	Prathapa Chandran P.	15,000
638.	Dheepa Kenvin.	5,250
639.	Esabella Johnson.	13,650
640.	Neelan Madhavan.	5,250
641.	Lal P P.	8,400
642.	Vincent Padamadan.	5,250
643.	Baiju P P.	5,250
644.	Anjali Alex Aerathu.	5,250
645.	Mariya P Kottam.	52,500
646.	Prathapa Chandran Nair.	10,677
647.	Simi Jagathi.	10,000
648.	Shaiby Kuruvilla .	1,050
649.	M K Krishnakumar .	1,050
650.	Somalatha O .	6,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
651.	Sindhu S .	5,000
652.	Samuel Thomas .	5,000
653.	Francis P C.	5,250
654.	Ajin Kuriakose .	5,250
655.	Sanju Baby ./Baby K I . Eldose Varghese ./Shoba K Poulose .	10,000
656. 657.	Arakkal Bhaskaramenon Purushothaman .	5,250 5,000
658.	Jacob Thomas Pathumpadam .	10,500
659.	Saneesh K S .	3,74,073
660.	Peter Jacob .	6,000
661.	Verghese Kuruvilla .	5,250
662.	Mary Oommen .	10,500
663.	Elizabeth Joju ./Joju Philip .	5,250
664.	Annie Jacob ./Jacob Thomas Pathumpadam .	10,500
665.	Cherian S Tharakan .	10,000
666.	Shaji Kurian .	5,000
667.	Subin K R.	5,000
668.	Joseph T Kussakuzhiyil ./Celine Joseph Kussakuzhiyil .	10,500
669.	Lathish K S .	2,000
670.	Areeckal Ettiyachen Alias ./Basil Alias .	3,150
671.	Eldhose P V .	8,00,000
672.	Ente Naadu Multi State Agro Cooperative Society Ltd	2,88,000
673.	George Kuriape .	27,966
674.	Eldhose T K ./Siji P K .	2,000
675.	Sijo Kurian .	10,000
676.	Biju Varghese	12,862
677.	Annamma Thomas	7,350
678. 679.	Rony S Fernandes Jayanthilal .	8,400 10,000
680.	Nomy Elsa Philip	15,460
681.	Bindu P A	5,000
682.	Vaibhay Ramachandran	1,000
683.	Lydia .	2,500
684.	Dileep Thomas	5,250
685.	Sajith S	20,000
686.	Joseph Devassy	10,880
687.	Paul John Pathadan	30,000
688.	Liju K Mathew	5,000
689.	Nisha M M	3,150
690. 691.	Jessy George Jerin Jose	1,600 5,250
692.	Mechery Sebastian Paul	7,250
693.	Karimpanackal Velayudhan Suresh	5,250
694.	Lincy George	5,000
695.	Sheeba Joseph	5,250
696.	Varghese Edacheril Mathai	3,150
697.	Paulson Oliapuram	9,000
698.	Girija Viswanathan/Narayana N Subramanan .	250
699.	Jesslypalathinkal George	5,250
700.	Menacherry Joseph Varkey	3,150
701. 702.	Janardanan Kaipurath Chinnamma Varkey	2,000 3,150
702.	John Philipose	3,150
704.	Mary Kuriakose	10,000
705.	Deepa Xavier	10,000
706.	Sybi Varghese	1,000
707.	Saju George Sebastian	8,000
708.	Molly Antony	4,000
709.	Ramlal Chambamkulath Balan	3,000
710.	Sahadevan Pullancheri	2,000
711.	Stephen Antony Kollamkudy	5,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
712.	Velikulathil Kunjan Narayanan	5,000
713.	Hareendra Sarma	10,000
714.	Reetha Kunju	8,860
715.	Ramya .	1,200
716.	Kanolikkal Krishnan Suresh	1,600
717.	Ashin Roy	2,000
718.	Abraham Narekkatu Varkey	2,500
719.	Mini Abraham	2,500
720.	Benny Varghese	2,500
721.	Biju Raphel	5,000
722. 723.	Kochuveetil Gopinathan Nair Sreejith George P O	4,400 1,200
724.	Mathaikunju Parackal Poulo	2,400
725.	Kuriakose Mukalele Paily/Mary Kuriakose	8,400
726.	Reji Varghese/Varghese K V	3,150
727.	Saleena Mathew	7,625
728.	Vijayan K S .	5,250
729.	K P Skaria .	22,500
730.	Madhu P .	5,250
731.	Smitha Jayaraman	5,250
732.	Lisma Louvi .	5,250
733.	Gifty Francis .	5,000
734.	Lukose B.	13,400
735.	Geo Joseph	15,250
736.	Reena George	5,250
737.	Sindhu .	7,350
738.	Sajeev Jacob	250
739.	Sam Krishnan Sreedevi	3,000
740.	Kolencheril Avara Jose	69,850
741.	Abi Antony	8,400
742.	Tinu Kuriachan	5,250
743.	Emily Kuriachan Mampilly John Baby	21,000
744. 745.	Tony Jose	50,400
745.	Mannanal Kuriakose Kuriachan	10,500 21,000
747.	Jose K J	2,000
748.	Siji Sajeev	250
749.	Anu Denny	21,000
750.	Anju Saju	2,500
751.	Ansa Anna Saju	2,500
752.	Tessy Kuriachan	5,250
753.	Sajeev Jacob/Siji Sajeev	10,000
754.	Simi Gijo	43,738
755.	Sudhakaran T K	1,550
756.	Shyam Bhaskaran	10,500
757.	Thomas M C	2,100
758.	A M Mohan	5,000
759.	Anil Kumar G	5,512
760.	Martin P Antony	10,855
761.	Sonia Bhaskar	1,050
762.	Radhakrishnannair Elembilasserry Ramannair	2,000
763.	Manu Saju	51,500
764.	Chinnamma Varkey	2,100
765.	Kuriyedath Joseph Johny	42,000
766. 767.	Aji Paul Deepa P G	5,250 15,750
768.	Eldos Mathew Ambatt	5,250
769.	Jitha Chummar .	3,150
770.	Phiji Jose	2,625
771.	Sivapriyan Thottumkara Sreevardhanan	5,000
772.	Mathews K V	5,250
773.	Soman V H	15,750
		15,750

774. Ria Chummar 3,150 775. Sreeja Anil 2,000 777. De, Civy V Pulavath 2,000 778. Jose M O 10,500 779. Reij Fradeep 5,250 780. Edward George 5,250 781. Lulku Vallath Peedambaran 2,500 782. Balakrishnan N 2,000 783. Paveren K R 10,000 784. Sonia Bhaskar 3,000 785. Ashid lose Porbaliparanbil 5,259 786. Poulose K R 5,259 787. Vadakie Muriyi Thomas Jose 2,500 788. Asveendran Nair B 5,000 789. Raju K K 3,350 789. Raju K K 3,550 790. Taliominia E X 3,150 791. Jiliman Joseph 1,000 792. Anatamana George 2,200 793. Folkidee Mary Langer 2,500 794. Foulose P P 5,550	Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
776. Sreeja Anil 2,000 777. Dr. Givy V Pulayath 2,500 778. Jose M O 10,500 779. Rej Pradeep 5,259 780. Edward George 5,259 781. Lulu Valluth Peethambaran 2,500 782. Balakrishman N 2,000 783. Praveen K R 10,000 784. Sonia Blaskar 3,000 785. Ashth Jose Pozbaliparambil 3,250 786. Poulose K R 3,250 787. Vadakke Muryll Thomas Jose 2,500 788. Raveendran Nari B 5,000 789. Raju K K 5,250 790. Philomina E X 3,150 791. Philomina E X 3,150 792. Anamma George 2,240 793. Jolly Jacob 3,200 794. Poulose P P 5,250 795. Alexander P R 26,000 796. Jayasree J 5,250 7		Ria Chummar	3,150
777. Dc Civy V Plalyardn 2,300 778. Jose M O 0,500 779. Reji Pradeep 5,250 880. Edward George 5,250 781. Lullu Vallult Peethambaran 2,500 782. Balakrishnan N 2,000 783. Praveen K R 10,000 784. Sonia Bluskar 3,000 785. Ashi, lose Pozhaliparambil 5,250 786. Poulose K R 5,250 787. Vadake Muriyil Thomas Jose 2,500 788. Raveendran Nair B 5,000 789. Rajik K 5,250 790. Philomina E X 3,150 791. Jilmo Joseph 1,000 792. Annamma George 2,400 793. Jolly Jacob 3,200 794. Poulose P P 5,250 795. Alexander P R 2,600 796. Jayastree J 5,250 797. Tony Kananth Jose 5,250	775.	<u> </u>	3,150
778. Jose MO 10,500 779. Rej Pradeep 5,250 781. Lallw Vallath Peethambaran 2,500 782. Balakrishman N 2,000 783. Praveen K R 10,000 784. Sonia Bhaskar 3,000 785. Ashik Jose Pozhaliparambil 5,250 786. Poulose K R 5,250 787. Vadakke Muriyii Thomas Jose 2,500 788. Raveendran Nair B 5,000 789. Raju K K 5,250 790. Philomina E X 3,315 791. Jijimon Joseph 1,000 792. Anammar George 2,400 793. Jolly Jacob 3,200 794. Poulose P P 5,250 795. Alexander P R 26,000 796. Jayasree J 3,250 797. Tony Kannath Jose 5,250 798. Boany Paul P 3,150 799. Vengopala Prablu S 2,000			
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782. Balakrishnan N 2,000 783. Praveen K R 10,000 784. Sonia Bhaskar 3,000 785. Ashik Jose Pozhaliparambil 5,250 787. Vadakke Muriyil Thomas Jose 2,500 788. Rayendran Nair B 5,000 789. Raju K K 5,250 790. Philomina E X 3,150 791. Jijimon Joseph 1,000 792. Annamna George 2,400 793. Jolly Jacob 3,200 794. Poulose P P 5,250 795. Alexander P R 26,000 796. Jayasree J 5,250 797. Tony Kannath Jose 5,250 798. Boany Paul P 3,150 799. Venugopala Problu S 2,000 800. Elsie Kunnel Paul 18,804 801. Thomas Daniel 5,000 802. Sucy John 5,250 803. Vernugopala Problu S 2,000			
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807. V Sreedharan/M Prabhavathy 1,000 808. Mathew Joseph 5,250 809. Kuriakose Paily 1,600 810. Girija Sukumaran 20,000 811. Treesa Paily 2,000 812. Joy Chittethuparayil George 7,875 813. Sunil Varkey 8,749 814. Gopi Mohan Unnithan 2,000 815. Kudiyattil Joseph George 2,100 816. Biji George 5,250 817. Prakash Chacko 5,250 818. Lovely Prakash 5,250 819. Cecily Thomas 18,000 820. George C U 4,000 821. Johny Abraham 4,000 822. K N Jayan. 4,000 823. Krishnakumar K 5,000 824. Mathew V Eapen 2,400 825. N A George/Lilly George 12,875 826. Rosamma George 10,000 827. Leelamony George 5,512 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
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834. Mukalath Kuriakose Paulose 2,100		•	
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835. Anisha Boany 4,500			
	835.	Anisha Boany	4,500

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
836.	Therat Achuthan Purushothamannair	5,250
837.	Thekkoot Gopalan Salil	2,500
838.	Yacov Iype Koshy	10,000
839.	Achamma George	10,000
840.	Velappan Nair Komalamma Sunil Kumar	5,000
841.	Puthupparambil Kurian Chacko	10,000
842. 843.	Benoy Paulose/Veliyathukudy Thomas Paulose/Seema Varghese Muringasseril Saramma Boany.	5,250 4,500
844.	Jose K J .	21,250
845.	Chacko Cherppattuputhenpura Varkey	30,916
846.	Koottungal Chacko Mathai	3,150
847.	Bose Paul	5,250
848.	Keerthi Karayil Ashok	10,500
849.	Josen Mathew	11,025
850.	Joseph Varkey	16,800
851.	Akhil Sajan	21,525
852.	Prappuzha George Mathew	1,400
853.	Bino Kurian Varghese	250
854.	Charakunnath Varkey Mathai	250
855.	Anietha.	10,500
856.	Rani Cherian	14,683
857.	Pynadadhu Jacob George .	13,409
858.	Sunila Mathew	3,000
859. 860.	Geetha Menon Melfy Philip .	4,000 4,200
861.	Remya Raj .	2,100
862.	Varghese John Koomullil .	5,250
863.	Moncy Varughese	5,250
864.	John Philipose	9,000
865.	Rani Paily	5,000
866.	Ushakumari	2,000
867.	Viswanathan Pillai	2,500
868.	Leela Viswanathan	2,500
869.	Bindu Kokkattu Kuriakose	250
870.	Kallumkal Pappan George	20,500
871.	Sonu Saju	5,250
872.	Bindu Peeyus	1,31,747
873.	Erin Lizbeth Shibu	5,98,862
874. 875.	Bindu Kallyat Thazhath Mercy Paulose .	5,250 4,625
876.	Isha George .	5,512
877.	Pournami Prakash Madathil .	2,000
878.	Muraleedharan Karullil	250
879.	John Joseph	5,040
880.	Princy Julian	750
881.	Jacob Kaiparampil Joseph .	250
882.	Paulose Kakattil Kuriakose	5,250
883.	Civy Varghese Pulayath	10,000
884.	Binoj Vallangad Kuttappan	3,000
885.	Merin Kuriakose	10,000
886.	Rajesh Ramachandran	2,400
887.	Simi Jose	10,500
888.	Shine Paul	10,500
889.	Edayathukudiyil Kuruvilla Kuriakose	5,000
890. 891.	Neelakandan Ganesa Pillai Davis P A	1,600
891.	Jaya Velammavukudy Narayanan	10,500 5,000
892.	Jestin Jose	10,500
894.	Vijayakumar Pottayil	5,250
895.	Sunny George	10,000
896.	Kesavan Prasannadevi	1,575
897.	James Jacob	5,000
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Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
898.	Nikhil Sushil	4,000
899.	Pavan Ramachandra Pujari	8,000
900.	Remya Ratheesh	5,775
901.	Kumar Suresh Bindu	5,250
902.	Jiby George	5,250
903.	John Mathew	16,537
904.	Nidhin Aleyas	5,512
905.	Chakkiath Joseph Varghese	2,000
906.	Shymon Mathew	5,512
907.	Priyadarshini Gadad	12,000
908.	Mullangath Prathapan Arun	5,250
909. 910.	Jayant Suresh Sheri Babu Kurian	8,000
910.	Shalininair	10,500 4,987
911.	Chirayil Itty Kunjumon	5,250
912.	Aby Abraham	8,000
914.	Pozhaliparambil Chakkoru Anto	5,250
915.	Kuzhpillil Chandrasekharamenon Venugopal	5,000
916.	Shambhu	5,000
917.	Sanitha Shaji	1,585
918.	Poruthukkaran Joseph Mathew	5,000
919.	Calvin Joe Chakramakkil	5,250
920.	Chirayath Antony Francis	5,250
921.	Shweta V Shiraguppi	4,000
922.	Lakshmy Raveesh	5,250
923.	Josekutty Kollentekizhakkethil	10,500
924.	Suresh Kapparath	5,250
925.	Titto Francis	5,250
926.	P M Rangeev .	2,500
927.	Deepthy .	5,250
928.	Anju Vargheese .	600
929.	Amal Jose	700
930.	Vimal Jose .	700
931.	3a Capital Services Limited	525
932.	Jacob George	15,175
933.	Ajith Kumar S	10,000
934.	Ranjit Unnikrishnan .	5,000
935.	Mathew Antony Panikkassery .	6,000
936.	Rani Cherian	8,400
937.	Sobha Sreeraman	3,150
938.	Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor Sophiamma Varghese .	1,000 5,250
939. 940.	Somanathan Nair T P .	
941.	Varughese Baby .	5,250 2,625
941.	Annamma George .	3,150
942.	Thankachan M .	5,250
944.	Geetha R Nair .	5,250
945.	Leelamma S .	5,000
946.	Venu K Kartha .	1,600
947.	George Mathew .	5,000
948.	Santha Kumari .	5,250
949.	K D Ashok .	63,000
950.	A A Thampi .	5,250
951.	Mareena Sebastian .	4,000
952.	Kuriyedath Joseph Johny.	10,000
953.	Ajith K Sasidharan .	2,000
954.	Vijayan K G .	500
955.	George Joseph .	3,150
956.	Nimmy Sandeep .	5,250
957.	Sainudeenkutty Kassim Pilla .	1,000
958.	Francis P K.	10,000
959.	Leelamma Benadict .	5,000

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
960.	BABURAJAN A V .	15,500
961.	Teena Jossy .	5,250
962.	Saji Varkey .	5,000
963.	Priya P T .	4,000
964.	Deepak C .	20,000
965.	Shiny Mathew .	12,600
966.	Joshma George .	4,000
967.	Bijumon Baby .	5,250
968.	Amala Pallippat Davis .	5,250
969.	Thomas E P	5,512
970.	Jose K J .	5,000
971.	Chinnamma Kuriakose	285
972.	Ann Jose	500
973.	Kuriakose K P	500
974.	Ganesan A V	250
975.	Joseph C George	765
976.	Reshmi Joseph	435
977.	Johny P A	250
978.	Gayathri Sankar	250
979.	Jayan Paul	500
980.	Cilmi Eldho	250
981.	Kuriakose E K	250
982.	Sajimon George	250
983.	Siby Skaria	500
984.	Jai M Paul	250
985.	C V Jacob	500
986.	Mini Baby	250
987. 988.	K P Joy Shiby T S	500
988.	George Jacob A K	500 4,500
989.	Shinto Thomas	1,000
990.	Lissy Ittoopp	3,600
992.	Grace Siby Joseph	500
993.	Shiny Manoj Arakkal	250
994.	Thresiamma Joy	250
995.	Reena Varghese	250
996.	Issac Meleth John	500
997.	Sebastian P J	500
998.	Julie Josen	250
999.	Amal Dev Tony	250
1000.	Civy V Pulayathu	500
1001.	Anil K George	250
1002.	Gopinathan K	250
1003.	Cherian K P	250
1004.	Balu Raj Tony	500
1005.	Joseph M C	500
1006.	Joseph Thomas	100
1007.	Bindhu Baiju	250
1008.	Marykutty Uthuppan	250
1009.	Santhamma Padmanabhan	250
1010.	E M Bijukumar	500
1011.	Kurian Joseph	250
1012.	Vimal Kumar	250
1013.	Peter K A	250
1014.	Kuriakose Mathew	250
1015.	Boby Paul	250
1016.	Anitha Mol	250
1017.	George Jacob A K	2,000
1018.	Reji Kuriakose	1,750
1019.	P J George/Sherly George	500
1020.	Reshmi Joseph/Joseph C George	500
1021.	Jose M O	500

Sr. No.	Name of allottee	No. of equity shares allotted
1022.	Sasidharan K/Ralceme S	250
1023.	James P J/Josephin	250
1024.	Shibu Issac	500
1025.	George K/Kurian George	250
1026.	Joy Paul	250
1027.	Mathew P A	300
1028.	Paul Punnoose/V P Punnoose/Sheeba Punnoose	500
1029.	Deepa Mary Paul	250
1030.	Sen P Mammen	500
1031.	Sudarsanan M R	250
1032.	Sam K S	150
1033.	Roy Skariah/Mini Roy	500
1034.	M M John/Sosamma John	250
1035.	Dr. Prasad Punnoose	150
1036.	Aleena Joseph	500
1037.	C K Sadananda Kurup	150
1038.	G P Pillai	150
1039.	Anoopa Joseph Thomas	500
1040.	Suraj Prakash M J	250
1041.	Vinay Kumar.T	500
1042.	Davis.K.A	250
1043.	Selimol Michael	500
1044.	Dr.Saleena Mathew	250
1045.	John Joseph/Vinu George	150
1046.	Sonia Bhaskar	150
1047.	Beena Haridas	250
1048.	Baby.N.K/Rani Baby	150
1049.	K.P.Cherian	250
1050.	Suseela.A.M/Merlyn Rajan/Jeslin Mathews Rajan	250
1051.	V.Venugopal/Sini	220
1052.	Soosy George	150
1053.	Vinod Tharian Philip/Prathibha G Nair	150
1054. 1055.	Jolly.S.N	150
1055.	Xavier.P.J/Annie Xavier	250
1056.	Shaju Mathai Samanyu Mahendran	500 250
1057.	Varkey.M.Cherian	150
1058.	Josmol	100
1060.	Rajeena Sajee Vinod	175
1061.	Eldhose.T.K/Siji P.K	100
1061.	Sajith John P	150
1062.	Sunil John/Jancy Paul/Paulose K.A.	250
1064.	Sreekumar Gopinathan Nair	500
1065.	P M Jose	150
1065.	Rejeena Sajee Vinod	100
1067.	Subramanian N	50
1067.	Vijayakumar A C/Padmini Vijayakumar	173
1069.	Sreejaya Madavan Pilla	500
1070.	Joseph P P	250
1071.	Mithun Davis	500
1072.	Mithun Davis	500
1072.	Priya George	250
1074.	Saramma Isaac	150
1075.	Simon Mathew	250
1076.	George.P.V	250
1077.	George.K.P	500
1078.	Devassy Varuthunni	2,000
1079.	K P Skaria	500
1080.	Peter Jacob	300
1081.	Fr.Dr.Thomas Chakiriyil/Sunu Thomas	250
1082.	Sasidharan K/Kelshibe N S	500
	Total	1,86,72,779
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6. Bonus Issue of 2,05,40,019 Equity Shares made to the following 1284 allottees, as enlisted in the return of allotment filed:

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. (Allotte	Of Equity	Shares
1	P J Xavier/Aney Xavier			775
2	Sajeev Joseph			88,687
3	Raju K G			5,775
4	Surendran/Radha Surendran			11,000
5	Samuel Daniel M			2,500
6	Babu Joseph Moolan			100
7	Rajan T K			93
8	Tomy P J			10,000
9	Sivakumar Thottian			2,000
10	Deepak Kumar			62
11	N B Ravindran Pillai			1,600
12	George C Chacko			1,100
13	Vidya A K			1500
14	Abhiram Muralidhar Menon/Kamalamma Sankaranarayanan Bindu Nair			100
15	Mathews Jacob			5,500
16	Mathew Chakkittanirappil Joseph/Taji Joseph			355
17	Jinson C J			86
18	Kuriakose P P			3,465
19	Dinu Joy			57
20	Paulose Benny Paul			5,500
21	Muralidhar Menon			50
22	Sajeevan Vakkayil			100
23	Abdul Manaf Kongath			50
24	Sherin Joseph			450
25	Jeena George			11,550
26	Mundayat Purayil Mahamood			50
27	Amit Shankar Gaikwad			200
28	Kamalamma Sankaranarayanan Bindu Nair			90
29	Kunnath Govindankutty Menon Ayyappan			200
30	Elezabeth Mathew			2,510
31	Stanly Jose			250
32	Krishnakumar Vayyavinatkizhakkepat			711
33	Vattaparamban Kunjuvareed Shaju			5,620
34	Noushad Kozhikaruvattil			100
35	Jisha Avinoor			1,200
36	Chalattil Kalladithodi Nisar Ahamed			100
37	Riya Paulson Pengiparambil			400
38	Govinda Saseendra Prabhu			2,200
39	Kallumpuram Gangadharan Thilakan			200

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
40	Kokkuvayil Ramanan Arun	100
41	Mammasrayillath Valangattil Mujeeb Rahman	100
42	Eldhose Mathew	100
43	Thoppil Joseph Joshius	100
44	John K C	100
45	Ammini Aleyas	5,775
46	Aleyas K C	5,775
47	Joy T J	6,006
48	Thomas P J	3,000
49	George P V	5,500
50	Suchitra .L	800
51	Ananda Shenoy .V	800
52	Somy Mathews/Mohan Mathews	1,000
53	Jancy Jose/Jose P.A.	1,100
54	Cuckoo Mathai Dr/Dr Binoy Mathai	7,500
55	Binoy Mathai Dr	16,500
56	Avarachan.K.V	1,760
57	Rajasekharan K.B./Thankam Rajan	5,500
58	Chandran .K.P.	19,050
59	Karthikeyan N	2,310
60	Johny V I	1,000
61	Suresh Babu M	100
62	Sajith John P	4,355
63	Vijayalakshmi S	2,000
64	Mathew N T	5,775
65	George Mathew P/Soji George	5,774
66	Biju Varghese	11,550
67	Jose N E	5,775
68	George Varghese	1,000
69	Pulinattu Boany Paul/Saramma Boany	17,750
70	Manoj P Joseph	18,480
71	Reny K John	560
72	Sheela Rajesh/Rajesh Parempat	2,200
73	Joymon Puthussery	1,000
74	Varghese K I	3,000
75	Phonsy Jose	4,000
76	Komayil Pathrose Ouseph	5,500
77	Gopalakrishnan P B	5,250
78	Bipin George	5,775
79	Thadathil Joseph Joseph	2,000
80	George Varghese	2,750
81	Rajagopala Pillai K/Preethy A R	1,100
82	Chandra Babu M S	6,006

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
83	Behanan T M/Alice Behanan	34,100
84	Somasundaran	2,000
85	Joseph K.V	5,210
86	Shibu T Varghese	34,97,810
87	Alexander K M	4,565
88	Jainamma Siby	1,000
89	Varkey M Cherian	3,465
90	Mahendran Channanaveetil Puthenpurayil	17,050
91	Joy P Jacob	5,775
92	Purushothaman Pillai G	3,465
93	P K Sugathan	22,772
94	Mariamma Cherian	11,550
95	Shaju George	43,543
96	Jacob T Abraham	5,775
97	Alice Jacob Pathadan	2,750
98	Nirmala Mohan	2,000
99	Anoop C Xavier	52,500
100	Mathew P Skariah	3,465
101	George Joseph K	3,760
102	Prasad Vaidyan P K	3,200
103	Ramesan .P	2,200
104	K A Sudesh	5,500
105	Sivarama Krishnan K P	23,100
106	Paul Varghese	11,550
107	Arun Boany Pulinattu	23,200
108	Santhosh Kumar K K	1,000
109	K M Saramma	2,200
110	Rexy Varghese	100
111	Achamma Antony	9,130
112	Anil C Joseph	4,700
113	Jaimol K Mani	5,775
114	Dipu Eldho Issac	10,500
115	Xavier P V	5,775
116	Valsala Paily	5,500
117	Abraham A V	10,000
118	Pushpangathan M A	1,100
119	Sheela Vincy Mathew	20,708
120	James Joseph	2,000
121	Sreekumar V S	2,000
122	Linto Vincent	700
123	Rojo Joseph	6,825
124	Binu Baby Kurian	2,200
125	Nandakumar K	10,000
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Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
126	Jaya Varghese	5,500
127	Narayanan M K	512
128	George N O/Alphonsa A B	3,150
129	Vincy V Mathew	23,091
130	Jose Thomas	5,775
131	Roy George	11,000
132	Sajeesh K C	100
133	Ajai O V	500
134	Joseph John	3,465
135	Sivaprasad N	2,880
136	George Joseph	86,765
137	Stephen N M	5,775
138	Baby Augustine	1,000
139	Maymol Philip	5,500
140	Indira Kunjamma C R	1,330
141	Tona Jacob	9,838
142	Krishnankutty Nair K P	1,320
143	Joseph A A	11,275
144	Sindhu Beena V K	500
145	Molly Varkey	1,300
146	Biju Mathew	11,000
147	Renny Kuriakose	5,250
148	D Chandramohanan	7,000
149	Mercy Sebastian	34,125
150	Bijoy Aleyas	1,000
151	Leelamma Mani	11,550
152	Baby Joseph	6,063
153	Jaimon Joseph	3,000
154	Glaimy Jibin	25,100
155	Rajagopalan K A	100
156	Thomas Abraham Mannil	775
157	Rajendran P P	12,525
158	Sunny Joseph	34,375
159	Reena Sunny	52,150
160	Manju Kuriakose	750
161	Sadanandan Sasidharan	5,500
162	Joseph K I	3,300
163	Sosamma Chacko	5,500
164	Molly Benny	300
165	Priya Renjith	5,000
166	Mebin Varghese	2,200
167	Arya Sasidharan	8,800
168	Jyothi Sivakumar	3,000

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
169	Vishnu U	250
170	Pathrose K P	2,310
171	Lijinu Abraham	775
172	Joseph Gerald	11,275
173	Sebastian C Kappen	39,375
174	Beena Sojan	5,775
175	Muraleedharan K V	7,050
176	Premalatha K V/Shanmugha Dasan M K	1,000
177	Radhamany Amma	3,465
178	Joseph M C	11,550
179	Lilly George	775
180	Biju Jospeh	9,240
181	Priya George	5,250
182	Reena Sony	5,775
183	Siji Paul	5,775
184	Maggy	10,000
185	Eldho Roy	28,875
186	George P C	11,000
187	Saji George	11,550
188	Roney John Vadakken/Vadakken Jacob John	5,775
189	Sadanandan P R	3,465
190	Varghese Jose	8,085
191	Rejimon K Antony	2,000
192	Unni S Kappen	44,100
193	Simi Dharman	5,775
194	Jayan K George	17,325
195	Saiby Jacob	6,237
196	Saju M Karuthedam	17,050
197	Mini Roy	23,100
198	Sabu Paul	73,500
199	Elen Elu Shibu	9,76,148
200	Biji Shibu	23,95,531
201	Saritha Sunil	1,924
202	Aleyamma Varghese	11,54,812
203	Bindu Sabu	5,775
204	Roy Skariah	18,480
205	Raju K Varughese	11,011
206	Jose P A	9,820
207	Seena Justine	5,775
208	Biju John Njondimakal	5,637
209	Lincy Abraham	38,408
210	Midhun Ittoop	57,750
211	Chinnu Mol E S	5,500

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Allotted	Equity	Shares
212	Anoop Joseph			100
213	Kripa Sunny			35,375
214	K P Kuriakose			10,050
215	Eldo N I			5,775
216	Sushama George			5,600
217	Manoj Vengasseril Kuriakose			1,21,275
218	Thomas Cherian			12,705
219	Elizabeth Babu			5,000
220	Joseph Sebastian			4,400
221	Anie Cherian			1,600
222	Anand Narayanan			5,000
223	Muralikrishnan .			5,500
224	Aswin A Shenoy			800
225	Ruby Shaju George			5,775
226	Jansi Joy			2,400
227	Zeenath Sugathan			7,054
228	Mallika J			14,981
229	Jayendran Nair A N			2,732
230	Jithu Joy			2,000
231	Mathew Varghese K/Varghese Mathai K			5,500
232	George Jacob A K			1,47,525
233	Louie Alexander			3,300
234	Philomina Mangattu Chanda Pillai			1,000
235	Anu George			1,000
236	Siby K Kuruvilla			1,000
237	Sunil John/Bose Paul/Paulose K A			9,625
238	Paulose K A/Kumari			15,000
239	Kunnathkudy Varghese Varkey/Beena Jacob Koickal			2,750
240	Soy Uthuppu Vattappillil			550
241	Thomas Joseph Arambankudi/Achamma Thomas			11,550
242	Manjooran Abraham Zacheria			4,200
243	Vidyadharan Nalothukudy Ayyappan/Thoombayil Velu Prameela			11,275
244	Puthenveedu Padmanabha Mallen Gopinathasarma/Anand Vinita/Chandrakala Gopinatha Sharma			2,200
245	Puthenveedu Padmanabha Mallen Gopinathasarma/Chandrakala Gopinatha Sharma/Anand Vinita			7,700
246	Sunil John/Jancy Bose/Keelachirangara Abraham Paulose			9,275
247	Grace Siby Joseph			22,050
248	Johny Mathew/Rosily John			11,000
249	Jose Paul			61,740
250	Roy Skariah/Mini Roy			11,550

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Allotted	Equity	Shares
251	Thomas Chakiriyil/Sunu Thomas			5,775
252	Leesa Koshy			250
253	George Kuriakose Nadooppillil/Kurian George			775
254	Francis T K			3,465
255	Bitto James			1,000
256	Jijo T K			53,629
257	Jojy Peter			2,000
258	Sujatha A K			5,775
259	T T Joseph			6,063
260	Kunnel Mathai Korah			5,250
261	Jijo M Varghese			15,270
262	Prasad Lekshmanan			2,200
263	T C Johnson			5,000
264	Aswathi Sasidharan Veliyil			12,500
265	Annakutty Jacob			2,000
266	Thomas C Sunny			1,000
267	Stanly A Antony			11,000
268	Tesy K James			1,000
269	Anil Varghese			2,000
270	Anju Manohar			5,250
271	Vijayamohanan M K			10,000
272	Alena Tresa James			14,333
273	Merin Chacko			6,160
274	Rohit Sebastian			2,500
275	Rani Cherian			5,000
276	Paul Menachery Thomas			125
277	Annamma Abraham			5,775
278	Polayilvadakkethil Ramachandran Pillai Krishnakuma/R			2,200
279	Lakshmi Perumbillil Sivadasan			5,500
280	Anchatankil Velupillai Sudheer			50
281	Elavangal Jacob Romeo			2,200
282	Velayudhan Mythili			2,200
283	Sheeba Punnoose			10,000
284	Joseph Joseph Thomas			2,200
285	Madathil Marath Vijayakumari			5,280
286	Samanyu Mahendran			5,500
287	Chitra Visweswaran			5,500
288	Payyapilly Antony Wilson			1,1000
289	Thottamattathu Vasudevan Namboothiri Narayanan Nam/Boothiri			300
290	Babu Thomas			1,000
291	Sudarsanan			5,775
292	Shailaja Henry			2,000

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
293	Mathew Joseph Vayalil	3,241
294	Reshma Susan Mathew	5,000
295	Benzi Kallamparambil Balakrishnan	1,760
296	Shaju Mathai	11,550
297	Saji Skariah	5,250
298	Soosy George	465
299	Marykutty Uthuppan	10,250
300	Jose Joseph Keerikkattu	28,875
301	Reji Skariah	31,500
302	Thomas Shinto	23,100
303	Ann Jose	11,550
304	Blessy Antony	3,680
305	P J George	880
306	Sandeep Shriram Sule	100
307	Joseph Mathew	2,310
308	Neduvely Narayanan Reji	3,520
309	Linett David V	5,775
310	Geetha Mohan	6,108
311	Martin P Joseph	23,100
312	Asokan K	13,200
313	Seldha Biju	12,553
314	Basil Lalu	2,310
315	Shiny Manoj Arackal	5,500
316	Manibhavan Krishnan Nair Rajendrakumar	400
317	Simon Mathew	22,941
318	Chitra Visweswaran/Sankaraiyer Yegna Visweswaran	275
319	Sudha Rajagopalan/Payyakkal Rajagopalan	3,200
320	Ratna Ravi/N Ravindranathan	2,000
321	Darshana Bhavin Zaveri	1,000
322	Joseph K J	3,520
323	Samson Chacko	5,775
324	K J Joseph	5,000
325	Bose Mathew	1,000
326	Muruthery Karankote Mohan	2,000
327	Prabhakaran V V	1,000
328	Dinu Paul	11,550
329	Thattampuram Poulose Kunjalachiamma	5,775
330	Mini Baby	5,775
331	Varghese Thomas Kocheril	5,500
332	Anu Joy	5,000
333	Thelakkat Nandakumar	5,775
334	Hanuman Share & Stock Brokers Limited	555
335	Chiramel Thomas Sabu	65,715

336 Sijeeve B 2,500 337 Rosily Biji 2,000 338 Sibi Loseph Pulloppilili 2,000 339 Beena Haridas 5,775 340 Joseph N Thomas 4,400 341 Wealth Wisdom India Private Limited 710 342 Darly Varghese Kariahi 20,000 343 Jeegneshkumar Prakashbhai Vaghela 6,000 344 Padmaja Balakrishma 10,500 345 Tomy C A 75 346 Shiby T S 11,55 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Nirajana Sabu 17,058 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sumillumar Rumparambil 596 354 Tom Domas 6,00 355 Joseph V J 2,00 356 John K Mathew 5,756	Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
338 Sibi Joseph Pulloppillil 2,200 339 Beenn Haridas 5,775 340 Joseph N Thornus 4,400 341 Wealth Wisdom India Private Limited 7,10 342 Darly Varghese Varghese Skariah/ 20,000 343 Jeegneshkumar Prakashhhai Vaghela 6,000 344 Padmaja Balakrishnan 10,500 345 Tomy C A 775 346 Shiby T S 11,550 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Nirajaman Sabu 17,059 351 Issae Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Homas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,00 356 John K Maihew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,00 358 Kurian Joseph	336	Sajeev B	2,500
339 Beena Haridas 5,75 340 Joseph N Thomas 4,400 341 Wealth Wisdom India Private Limited 710 342 Darly Varghese/Varghese Skariah/ 20,000 343 Jeegneshkumar Prikashbhai Vaghela 6,000 344 Padmaja Balakrishnan 10,500 345 Tomy C A 775 346 Shiby T S 11,500 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringuhara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issae Meleth John 33,500 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sumilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,000 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,00 358 Kurian Joseph 5,00 360 Davis P K 1,155	337	Rosily Biju	2,000
340 Joseph N Thomas 4,400 341 Wealth Wisdom India Private Limited 710 342 Darly Varghese Nariahy 20,000 343 Jeegneshkumar Prakashbhai Vaghela 6,000 344 Padmaja Balakrishan 10,500 345 Tomy C A 775 346 Shiby T S 11,550 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,080 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunikumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,750 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,00 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis F K 1,155	338	Sibi Joseph Pulloppillil	2,200
341 Wealth Wisdom India Private Limited 710 342 Darly Varghese/Varghese Skariah/ 20,000 343 Jeegneshkumar Prakashbhai Vaghela 6,000 344 Padmaja Balakrishnan 10,500 345 Tomy C A 775 346 Shiby T S 11,550 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathrar Chardy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000	339	Beena Haridas	5,775
342 Darly Varghese/Varghese Skariah/ 20,000 343 Jeegneshkumar Prakashbhai Vaghela 6,000 344 Padmaja Balakrishnan 10,500 345 Tomy CA 775 346 Shiby T S 11,559 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Nirajana Sabu 17,000 351 Isasa Meleth John 33,550 351 Isasa Meleth John 33,500 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaue 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000	340	Joseph N Thomas	4,400
343 Jeegneshkumar Prakashbhai Vaghela 6,000 344 Padmaja Balakrishnan 10,500 345 Tomy C A 775 346 Shiby T S 11,500 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,00 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 1,000 363 Narendrau K/Sreedevi T N 1,500 364	341	Wealth Wisdom India Private Limited	710
344 Padmaja Balakrishnan 10,500 345 Tomy C A 775 346 Shiby T S 11,550 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjiana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunlikumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365	342	Darly Varghese/Varghese Skariah/	20,000
345 Tomy C A 775 346 Shiby T S 11,550 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 17,050 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Isace Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,20 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 1,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayi! 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 5,000 360	343	Jeegneshkumar Prakashbhai Vaghela	6,000
346 Shiby T S 11,550 347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,756 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 5,000 367 </td <td>344</td> <td>Padmaja Balakrishnan</td> <td>10,500</td>	344	Padmaja Balakrishnan	10,500
347 Thomas K A 2,000 348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Issac 3,155 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunil Alex 5,000 366 Dennis Thomas 5,000 367 E 1 Thomas 5,000 368<	345	Tomy C A	775
348 Muringathara Chandy Cherian 11,000 349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 Joseph V J 2,200 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakumil Alex 5,000 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 <td>346</td> <td>Shiby T S</td> <td>11,550</td>	346	Shiby T S	11,550
349 Suma Rajagopal 11,275 350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 5,00 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371	347	Thomas K A	2,000
350 Niranjana Sabu 17,050 351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372	348	Muringathara Chandy Cherian	11,000
351 Issac Meleth John 33,550 352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 <td< td=""><td>349</td><td>Suma Rajagopal</td><td>11,275</td></td<>	349	Suma Rajagopal	11,275
352 Anthony Claro Dsouza 2,750 353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghe	350	Niranjana Sabu	17,050
353 Sunilkumar Ramparambil 596 354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallik	351	Issac Meleth John	33,550
354 Tom Thomas 6,000 355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,30 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital	352	Anthony Claro Dsouza	2,750
355 Joseph V J 2,200 356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,550 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377	353	Sunilkumar Ramparambil	596
356 John K Mathew 5,756 357 Raju Thomas 5,000 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	354	Tom Thomas	6,000
357 Raju Thomas 5,500 358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajcev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	355	Joseph V J	2,200
358 Kurian Joseph 5,000 359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	356	John K Mathew	5,756
359 Saramma Isaac 3,165 360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	357	Raju Thomas	5,500
360 Davis P K 1,155 361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	358	Kurian Joseph	5,000
361 Jelmesh M S 1,000 362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	359	Saramma Isaac	3,165
362 Jayan Paul 11,000 363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	360	Davis P K	1,155
363 Narendran K/Sreedevi T N 1,155 364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	361	Jelmesh M S	1,000
364 Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil 1,000 365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	362	Jayan Paul	11,000
365 Saji Palakunnil Alex 500 366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	363	Narendran K/Sreedevi T N	1,155
366 Dennis Thomas 6,063 367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	364	Vimal Varghese Mukkadayil	1,000
367 E I Thomas 5,000 368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	365	Saji Palakunnil Alex	500
368 Suja Mathai 5,000 369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	366	Dennis Thomas	6,063
369 C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan 1,000 370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	367	E I Thomas	5,000
370 Thomas John Palekkudy 5,000 371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	368	Suja Mathai	5,000
371 Sebastian K C 3,300 372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	369	C K Kesavan/Sushama Kesavan	1,000
372 Rajeev J 5,500 373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	370	Thomas John Palekkudy	5,000
373 K Noorjehan 4,620 374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	371	Sebastian K C	3,300
374 Varghese George 192 375 Vithya Pallikudiyil 3,465 376 Plutus Capital Management Llp 2,000 377 Sajith John P 3,465	372	Rajeev J	5,500
375Vithya Pallikudiyil3,465376Plutus Capital Management Llp2,000377Sajith John P3,465	373	K Noorjehan	4,620
376Plutus Capital Management Llp2,000377Sajith John P3,465	374	Varghese George	192
377 Sajith John P 3,465	375	Vithya Pallikudiyil	3,465
•	376	Plutus Capital Management Llp	2,000
378 Abraham Vaidyan 5,775	377	Sajith John P	3,465
	378	Abraham Vaidyan	5,775

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
379	Selimol Michael	10,000
380	Sushil Kumar Pathiyar	187
381	Aswathy Merin Roy	11,550
382	George A V Dr	3,593
383	Pauly C D	100
384	Sreedharan Nair K	15,015
385	Antony Moothedan	2,000
386	Prasad K V	50
387	Rajeev Sankar Narayan	5,775
388	John Abraham K	5,000
389	Jose C D	13,275
390	Joy Williams Cizhuthanical	1,600
391	Ittoop K O	1,36,290
392	Agnes Anto	2,000
393	Remadevi P K	5,775
394	Muthukumar K	1,000
395	Davis.K.A	11,550
396	Jacintha Thomas	2,750
397	Wilson P U	300
398	Chithra Pradeep	1,375
399	Cijo Joseph	5,775
400	Balasubramanian A K	5,775
401	M P Avarachan	4,620
402	Sajaneesh K P	400
403	K Prathapachandran Nair	17,325
404	George V Mangaly	2,000
405	Babu Kollara Dharman	25,200
406	Paul V George	11,550
407	Renjith Mathew	5,000
408	K Abdulrahiman	22,790
409	Akhil M B	8
410	Steffy Rose M S	15,825
411	Habel V A/Sarakutty Habel	1,000
412	Suresh C R	260
413	John Philipose	5,775
414	Thomas A J	26,565
415	Vijayan P K	5,665
416	Babu C A	2,000
417	Purushothaman M K	510
418	Jancy	400
419	Jose M K	3,465
420	Saju Antony Kalaparampath Pathadan	15,425
421	Anilkumar P P	5,775
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Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
422	P P Biju	5,775
423	Johnson Jose	5,775
424	Joemon Jose	5,775
425	Vijayarajan K K	11,550
426	Tomy Joseph	5,250
427	Jayasree Paulson	4,400
428	Lizy K D	5,500
429	Devassykutty	3,465
430	Sebastian C.C	3,000
431	Anitha K Thattil	3,000
432	Anithamol Rajan	7,775
433	Akhil Thomas	5,775
434	Licy Ittoop	1,27,160
435	Koshy M K	5,525
436	Glory Thomas	10,500
437	Abraham P A	5,500
438	Vasantha Kala M	800
439	Dolly Thomas	11,000
440	John C J	9,075
441	Jacob Mathew/Elizabeth Jacob	11,000
442	Sunny M Paul	2,291
443	Preetha Prakash A	5,200
444	Kunjumon Kunjappy	100
445	Flory Puthukattukaran Jose	5,000
446	Cici Tharu	6,600
447	Madhavan Madathilveli Shaji	100
448	T. I. Jose Thachil	5,250
449	T. F. Thomas	5,000
450	Siby Varghese	3,465
451	Thomas V. L.	2,000
452	S. Krishnamoorthy	6,063
453	Jose K P	6,000
454	R Vijayan Nair	3,000
455	Geetha Paul K	43,615
456	Anoopa	11,550
457	Shine Theressa Shibu	5,775
458	Thayyil Venugopal Sabu	5,775
459	Salomy	6,063
460	Sunila Mathew	3,300
461	Reethu Theresa George	11,000
462	Mathew Varkey	250
463	Sebastian Chowattukunnel	18,801
464	Ajeesh Kumar C P	200
	•	

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
465	Mathew K C/Sosamma C V	5,775
466	Tenrose Capital Services Private Limited	850
467	Cijo K Paul	1,050
468	Rita James/James John	13,585
469	P P Gopinath Sarma	1,000
470	Ajitha Suresh Babu	1,000
471	Subramanian N/Girija V	5,775
472	T R Thilakan	6,600
473	Varghese P L	1,100
474	Starry James	1,000
475	K T Varghese	20,512
476	Shyama Prabhakaran	2,200
477	T V Abraham	5,775
478	Rosamma P A	2,000
479	Valsamma Noble	2,000
480	Sunny Joseph	5,500
481	Joseph Antony V	6
482	Mattamal Balakrishnan Thambi	10,000
483	Edachery Chakkappen Benny	1,200
484	Jacob P I	15,015
485	Santhosh Nambadan	2,000
486	Nakul Nath	3,000
487	Suprapti Finvest Pvt Ltd	11,500
488	Himanshu Pandey	125
489	Shainej P	10
490	Izuz Consultancy Private Limited	237
491	Suraj Surendran Vaidyan	10,000
492	Gopalakrishnan M R	2,310
493	Shanto Kodiyan Etteera	1,000
494	Rekha Varghese Tharayil	5,500
495	Ligy Varghese	2,500
496	Philip George	6,063
497	Stephy Varghese	7,733
498	Kannamali Anthappan Peter	5,775
499	Bharati Mahaballeshwar Kariyannavar	8,660
500	Jobin Tom	4,620
501	Nevil Chacko Pathadan	11,000
502	Nichol Davis	1,155
503	Binu Santhosh Kumar	100
504	Francis George	5,775
505	Jijo Mon V	2,200
506	Anju Sajeev	35,227
507	Anoop P A	1,000
	•	7

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	Of tted	Equity	Shares
508	Shyam Bhaskaran			29,170
509	Josan Padayatty Devassykutty			5,775
510	Swaminathan Krishnan			100
511	Surya Prakash Saxena			2,200
512	Nishi Saxena			3,300
513	Kurian Jacob T			1,000
514	Surya Kamalasanan			11,000
515	Geetha Paul K			11,550
516	Chiramel Thomas Roy			11,550
517	Nisha Shibu			11,550
518	Chermal Thomas Shibu			11,550
519	Lekha Antony V			100
520	B Ramachandran Menon/Prasanna K Shankar			4,000
521	Cyriac Joseph Pattara			6,775
522	Jiss Antu			2,640
523	Serah Mathew Vinod Panicker			5,775
524	Kuriakose Eldhose			5,250
525	Kannampuzha Joseph Jude			4,400
526	Joy K P			11,000
527	Aji N P			5,250
528	Subi Shaju Arangath			25,620
529	Robinson George			11,000
530	Aswini Sankaran Kutty Varier			3,465
531	Nikhil C M			1,000
532	Klm Axiva Finvest Limited Escrow Suspense Account			8,07,505
533	Thomas Daniel .			5,500
534	Sucy John			5,775
535	Vempala Joseph Dominic			5,500
536	Reji Mathew			22,550
537	Raju Abraham			5,060
538	P M Mooney			11,550
539	V Sreedharan/M Prabhavathy			1,100
540	Mathew Joseph			5,775
541	Kuriakose Paily			1,760
542	Girija Sukumaran			22,000
543	Rejeena Sajeevinod			6,352
544	Treesa Paily			2,000
545	Joy Chittethuparayil George			8,662
546	Sunil Varkey			9,624
547	Gopi Mohan Unnithan			2,200
548	Kudiyattil Joseph George			2,310
549	Biji George			5,775

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Allot	Equity	Shares
550	Prakash Chacko			5,775
551	Lovely Prakash			5,775
552	Cecily Thomas			19,800
553	George C U			4,400
554	M M Thomas			3,000
555	Johny Abraham			4,400
556	Joy . P.V			5,583
557	K N Jayan .			4,400
558	Krishnakumar K			5,500
559	Mathew V Eapen .			2,640
560	N A George/Lilly George			14,162
561	Rosamma George			11,000
562	Leelamony George			6,468
563	Josephine Emmanuel			5,000
564	Boby Paul Koottappillil			775
565	Anu Elizabeth			3,260
566	Sathesh Kumar Gopalapillai			1,000
567	Liza Thomas			1,155
568	Mundakkal Narayana Menon Babu			2,887
569	Chulliyil Narayanan Kutty Vijayasankar			5,500
570	Elizabeth Mooney			17,325
571	Kashish Aggarwal			100
572	Kavitha Johnson			5,512
573	Alphonsa Jose			5,512
574	Tharakanmeloot Varghese Jobi			15,275
575	Leena Jobi			10,550
576	Bency Jose Mundadan			11,550
577	Baby Mathew			1,50,750
578	Mukalath Kuriakose Paulose			2,310
579	Anisha Boany			7,450
580	Ajayan .			3,000
581	Chelakandathil Aliyas Sali			2,000
582	Therat Achuthan Purushothamannair			5,775
583	Fathima Sherafudheen			3,000
584	Thekkoot Gopalan Salil			2,750
585	Yacov Iype Koshy			11,000
586	Achamma George			11,000
587	Sreekumar Gopinathannair			11,550
588	Velappan Nair Komalamma Sunil Kumar			5,000
589	Puthupparambil Kurian Chacko			11,000
590	Treesamma Joseph/Joy Mazhuvanchery Chacko			4,250
591	Benoy Paulose/Veliyathukudy Thomas Paulose/Seema Varghese Muringasseril			5,775

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Allo	Equity	Shares
592	Mohammed Musthafa			7,680
593	Narayanan Subramanian			1,155
594	Thrikkukkaran Jose Jamose			1,000
595	Subramanian Sumi			2,400
596	Eldho Varghese Alukka			600
597	Mariamma Chinnan			4,000
598	Akhil Alex Aerathu			5,000
599	Anna Rose Nambadan			2,000
600	Njanadevan V V .			200
601	Somasekharan Unny .			1,750
602	Saramma Boany .			5,400
603	Chacko Cherppattuputhenpura Varkey			34,008
604	Baby George			4,000
605	Koottungal Chacko Mathai			3,465
606	Bose Paul			5,775
607	Keerthi Karayil Ashok			11,550
608	Josen Mathew			12,127
609	Joseph Varkey			18,480
610	Akhil Sajan			21,525
611	Prappuzha George Mathew			1,540
612	Bino Kurian Varghese			10,250
613	Mathews Maniyatt Paul			5,250
614	Tommy Varghese			4,000
615	Charakunnath Varkey Mathai			275
616	Padinjarekalayil John Kochumon			2,000
617	Soumya Markose			5,600
618	Markose Valadiyil Cheria			14,833
619	Anietha .			11,550
620	Rani Cherian			16,151
621	Geetha Menon			4,400
622	Sheela John .			4,000
623	Melfy Philip .			4,200
624	Remya Raj .			2,310
625	Varghese John Koomullil .			5,775
626	Moncy Varughese			5,775
627	John Philipose			9,900
628	Rani Paily			5,500
629	Ushakumari			2,200
630	Viswanathan Pillai			2,750
631	Leela Viswanathan			2,750
632	Bindu Kokkattu Kuriakose			275
633	Kallumkal Pappan George			22,550
634	Sonu Saju			5,250

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	Of tted	Equity	
635	Bindu Peeyus			1,31,747
636	Erin Lizbeth Shibu			6,58,748
637	Bindu Kallyat Thazhath			5,775
638	Mercy Paulose .			5,087
639	Isha George .			6,063
640	Teenu George			1,000
641	Pournami Prakash Madathil .			2,200
642	Muraleedharan Karullil			275
643	Ellimattathil Madhavan Bijukumar			11,550
644	Princy Julian			15,825
645	Amaldev Tony			775
646	Paulose Kakattil Kuriakose			5,775
647	Civy Varghese Pulayath			14,350
648	Binoj Vallangad Kuttappan			3,300
649	Sony Thomas			6,063
650	Merin Kuriakose			11,000
651	Rajesh Ramachandran			2,640
652	Simi Jose			11,550
653	Shine Paul			11,550
654	Edayathukudiyil Kuruvilla Kuriakose			10,525
655	Jemy John			2,500
656	Ranjini Rajan			5,000
657	Jayanthi Ramachandran Nair			6,400
658	Byju Sivadas			5,000
659	Sekar Maruda Gounder			600
660	Vinodh M			62
661	Jojo Jojo M			1,000
662	Neelakandan Ganesa Pillai			1,760
663	Ramesha L M			125
664	Davis P A			12,550
665	Jaya Velammavukudy Narayanan			5,500
666	Jestin Jose			11,550
667	Vijayakumar Pottayil			5,000
668	Sunny George			14,500
669	Kesavan Prasannadevi			1,732
670	Rupesh Raju Sawant			125
671	James Jacob			5,500
672	Mathai K I .			5,775
673	Joshy John Avaran .			6,760
674	Johny C D .			2,200
675	Thahira A .			5,500
676	Aleyas Varghese .			5,775
677	Varkey P V .			5,775
	•			×

678 Gincy Mathai. 2,000 679 Sushama Sukumaran M.K. 2,000 680 Kunjappan C.B. 2,000 681 Jenny Rose Jacob. 10,500 682 V P Unnikrishnan. 6,930 683 Nithianandan P R. 5,775 684 Ohony. 17,127 685 Saji Kunvilla Jose. 5,000 686 Thomas Isaac. 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas. 4,620 688 Baliasubramanian K S. 4,620 690 Goyathi Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosaman John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,000 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Any Abraham. 11,000 696 Any Abraham. 11,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,75 698 Riya Titus. 11,500 699 Ratheesh V Narayama. 16,75 <	Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
680 Kunjappan C B. 2,000 681 Jemy Rose-Jacob. 10,500 682 V P Uninkirishnan. 6,930 683 Nithianandan P R. 5,775 684 Johny. 17,127 685 Saji Kuruvilla Jose. 5,500 686 Thomas Isaac. 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas. 3,930 688 Balasubramanian K S. 4,620 689 Sivadas K R. 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Poshpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,100 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Gaessan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Rathessh V Narayanan. 5,775 701 Rani George. 5,25 702 <td>678</td> <td>Gracy Mathai .</td> <td>5,775</td>	678	Gracy Mathai .	5,775
681 Jenny Rose Jacob. 10,500 682 V P Umikrishnam. 6,930 683 Nithianandan P R. 5,735 684 Johny. 17,127 685 Saji Kuruvilla Jose. 5,500 686 Thomas Isaac. 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas. 3,930 688 Balasubramanian K S. 4,620 689 Sivadas K R. 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 701 Ran George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 14,435 703	679	Sushama Sukumaran ./Sukumaran M K .	2,000
682 V P Umikrishnan. 6,930 683 Nithianandan P R. 5,775 684 Johny. 17,127 685 Saji Kuruvilla Jose. 5,500 686 Thomas Isaac. 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas. 3,930 688 Balsubramanian K S. 4,620 689 Sivadas K R. 11,500 690 Gayahri Sankarraman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Tinus. 16,775 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 1,676 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 14,825 703	680	Kunjappan C B .	2,000
683 Nithianandan P R. 5,775 684 Johny. 17,127 685 Saji Kuruvilla Jose. 5,500 686 Thomas Isaac. 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas. 3,930 688 Balasubramanian K S. 4,620 689 Sivadas K R. 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosumma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Roy Abraham. 11,110 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Raena Lymus. 144,375 702 Reena Lymus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 40,20	681	Jenny Rose Jacob .	10,500
684 Johny . 17,127 685 Saji Kuruvilla Jose . 5,500 686 Thomas Isaac . 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas . 3,930 688 Balasubramanian K S . 4,620 689 Sivadas K R . 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankararaman . 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian . 11,000 692 Sosamma John . 5,775 693 George Antony . 11,150 694 Anu Mohanan . 11,000 695 Roy Abraham . 11,110 696 Antony P V . 10,000 697 Ganesan A V . 5,775 698 Riya Titus . 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan . 5,750 701 Ranii George . 5,250 702 Reena Lynus . 14,375 703 Sturesh Karuthara Velu . 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E . 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian M V . 10,500	682	V P Unnikrishnan .	6,930
685 Saji Kuruvilla Jose. 5,500 686 Thomas Isaac. 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas. 3,930 688 Balasubramanian K S. 4,602 689 Sivadas K R. 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P.V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A.V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V.Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,715 701 Rami George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T.E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian. 1,050	683	Nithianandan P R .	5,775
686 Thomas Isaac. 8,662 687 Smiji Thomas. 3,930 688 Balasubramanian K S. 4,620 689 Sivadas K R. 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankaraman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,77 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian M V. 10,000 707 Jomon Joy. 5,77 <td< td=""><td>684</td><td>Johny .</td><td>17,127</td></td<>	684	Johny .	17,127
687 Smiji Thomas. 3,930 688 Balasubramanian K S. 4,620 689 Sivadas K R. 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,100 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian 10,395 706 Sebastian M V. 10,000 707 Jomon Joy. 577	685	Saji Kuruvilla Jose .	5,500
688 Balasubramanian K S. 4,620 689 Sivadas K R. 11,550 690 Gayathri Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,500 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,100 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian. 10,300 707 Jomon Joy. 5,77 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 10,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 <t< td=""><td>686</td><td>Thomas Isaac .</td><td>8,662</td></t<>	686	Thomas Isaac .	8,662
689 Sivadas K R. 11,559 690 Gayathri Sankararaman. 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian. 11,000 692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,1100 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 14,4375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian. 10,300 707 Jomon Joy. 5,77 708 Santhos Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255	687	Smiji Thomas .	3,930
690 Gayathri Sankararanan 6,275 691 Pushpa Subramanian 11,000 692 Sosamma John 5,775 693 George Antony 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan 11,000 695 Roy Abraham 11,110 696 Antony P V 10,000 697 Ganesan A V 5,775 698 Riya Titus 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan 5,775 700 George Thomas 16,775 701 Rani George 5,250 702 Reena Lynus 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian 10,500 707 Jomon Joy 5,775 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan 2,310 710 Princy Jojo 5,255 711 Lilly Paul 5,255 711	688	Balasubramanian K S .	4,620
691 Pushpa Subramanian 11,000 692 Sosamma John 5,775 693 George Antony 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan 11,000 695 Roy Abraham 11,110 696 Antony P V 10,000 697 Ganesan A V 5,775 698 Riya Titus 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan 5,775 700 George Thomas 16,775 701 Rani George 5,250 702 Reena Lynus 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian 10,500 706 Sebastian M V 10,500 707 Jomon Joy 5,775 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan 2,310 710 Princy Jojo 5,255 711 Lilly Paul 5,255 711 L	689	Sivadas K R .	11,550
692 Sosamma John. 5,775 693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,100 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Rathcesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian. 10,500 707 Jomon Joy. 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 710 Princy Jojo. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George. 54,285 714	690	Gayathri Sankararaman .	6,275
693 George Antony. 11,550 694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian M V. 10,500 707 Jomon Joy. 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 710 Princy Jojo. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George. 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath. 1,100 <td< td=""><td>691</td><td>Pushpa Subramanian .</td><td>11,000</td></td<>	691	Pushpa Subramanian .	11,000
694 Anu Mohanan. 11,000 695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian 10,395 706 Sebastian M V. 10,500 707 Jomon Joy. 5,77 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 711 Lilly Paul. 5,25 712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George. 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath. 1,100 71	692	Sosamma John .	5,775
695 Roy Abraham. 11,110 696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian. 10,395 706 Sebastian M V. 10,500 707 Jomon Joy. 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 710 Princy Jojo. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George. 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath. 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V. 5,775 71	693	George Antony .	11,550
696 Antony P V. 10,000 697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,500 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian. 10,395 706 Sebastian M V. 10,500 707 Jomon Joy. 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 710 Princy Jojo. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George. 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath. 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V. 5,775 716 Babu. 11,000 717	694	Anu Mohanan .	11,000
697 Ganesan A V. 5,775 698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian M V. 10,500 707 Jomon Joy. 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 710 Princy Jojo. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George. 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath. 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V. 5,775 716 Babu. 11,000 717 Winston Paul. 5,775 718	695	Roy Abraham .	11,110
698 Riya Titus. 11,550 699 Ratheesh V Narayanan. 5,775 700 George Thomas. 16,775 701 Rani George. 5,250 702 Reena Lynus. 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu. 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E. 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian. 10,395 706 Sebastian M V. 10,500 707 Jomon Joy. 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony. 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan. 2,310 710 Princy Jojo. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 711 Lilly Paul. 5,255 712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George. 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath. 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V. 5,775 716 Babu. 11,000 717 Winston Paul. 5,775 718	696	Antony P V .	10,000
699 Ratheesh V Narayanan . 5,775 700 George Thomas . 16,775 701 Rani George . 5,250 702 Reena Lynus . 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu . 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E . 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian . 10,395 706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000 <td>697</td> <td>Ganesan A V .</td> <td>5,775</td>	697	Ganesan A V .	5,775
700 George Thomas . 16,775 701 Rani George . 5,250 702 Reena Lynus . 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu . 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E . 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian . 10,395 706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	698	Riya Titus .	11,550
701 Rani George . 5,250 702 Reena Lynus . 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu . 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E . 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian . 10,395 706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,255 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	699	Ratheesh V Narayanan .	5,775
702 Reena Lynus . 144,375 703 Suresh Karuthara Velu . 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E . 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian . 10,395 706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,255 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	700	George Thomas .	16,775
703 Suresh Karuthara Velu . 44,825 704 Gopalakrishnan T E . 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian . 10,395 706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	701	Rani George .	5,250
704 Gopalakrishnan T E . 16,637 705 Priya Sebastian . 10,395 706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	702	Reena Lynus .	144,375
705 Priya Sebastian . 10,395 706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	703	Suresh Karuthara Velu .	44,825
706 Sebastian M V . 10,500 707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	704	Gopalakrishnan T E .	16,637
707 Jomon Joy . 577 708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	705	Priya Sebastian .	10,395
708 Santhosh Sebastian Antony . 11,000 709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	706	Sebastian M V .	10,500
709 Jiby Yohannan . 2,310 710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	707	Jomon Joy .	577
710 Princy Jojo . 5,255 711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	708	Santhosh Sebastian Antony .	11,000
711 Lilly Paul . 5,250 712 Joseph M . 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	709	Jiby Yohannan .	2,310
712 Joseph M. 10,000 713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	710	Princy Jojo .	5,255
713 Elizabeth George . 54,285 714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	711	Lilly Paul .	5,250
714 Sony John Chirayath . 1,100 715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	712	Joseph M .	10,000
715 Kuttappan K V . 5,775 716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	713	Elizabeth George .	54,285
716 Babu . 11,000 717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	714	Sony John Chirayath .	1,100
717 Winston Paul . 5,775 718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	715	Kuttappan K V .	5,775
718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	716	Babu .	11,000
718 Nikhil John . 13,860 719 Beena Rubin . 4,000	717	Winston Paul .	
	718	Nikhil John .	13,860
720 Radhakrishnan P P . 5,775	719	Beena Rubin .	4,000
	720	Radhakrishnan P P .	5,775

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
721	Sosamma .	23,100
722	Anish John .	11,000
723	Sandeep C C.	5,775
724	Baby Abraham .	1,155
725	Jiny Devassy .	4,220
726	Bindu Susy George .	3,465
727	Kalarikkal Easie Joy .	2,200
728	Lekha K Nair .	2,200
729	Mary Baby.	11,550
730	Paul Abraham ./Annie P Oommen .	5,775
731	Vadassery Kalister Lynus .	1,38,600
732	Milna Sibi .	5,250
733	Holy Roy .	5,775
734	A R Ravivijay .	5,775
735	Saraswathy Amma .	1,100
736	Kuzhivelil Joseph Benny .	3,300
737	Anandan E G .	1,960
738	Xavier Joseph Edattu ./Annamma Xavier .	6,300
739	Priya Shaji .	5,775
740	Pynadadhu Jacob George .	1,08,364
741	Salim A A .	11,550
742	Prathapa Chandran P .	16,500
743	Dheepa Kenvin .	5,775
744	Esabella Johnson .	15,015
745	Neelan Madhavan .	5,775
746	Lal PP.	8,360
747	Joshma George .	4,400
748	Bijumon Baby .	5,775
749	Konikkara Lonappan Anthony .	1,600
750	Shajahan Y .	200
751	Ranjith Ramanpillai .	5,000
752	Bensy P P .	800
753	Suseelan Nanu Vaidyan	10,000
754	Manjula Sanjeev Patil	8,800
755	Vasudevan K	13,000
756	Joy V T	5,775
757	Sajy Jose P .	2,000
758	K K Anil Kumar	7,775
759	Kuriachan K Kuruvila .	11,550
760	Celine M D .	11,275
761	George T J .	50
762	Joseph M P .	5,775
763	P K Martin .	2,000

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
764	Jayakumar V S	2,200
765	Johny Chellakkudam Vareed	2,000
766	Eby Joseph .	2,200
767	M P George .	3,465
768	Sasikanthan M Viswanathan .	5,000
769	Mohan Philip C .	2,000
770	P P Deenamma .	11,550
771	Annie Poulose .	5,775
772	Antony Joseph .	2,000
773	Benny Kavumkal Antony .	2,500
774	Vijayan P R .	300
775	Yacob Puthussery Ouseph .	1,000
776	Sithara M S .	2
777	Jeena Thomas .	3,360
778	M Madhavadas	1,100
779	Amrutha Paulson	11,550
780	Eldo Paul	1,100
781	Anitha Hariharan	5,775
782	Korambeth Aneesan	500
783	Varghese Naijo	1,000
784	Gitanjaly Sabu	34,375
785	Raju Thejus Tony	2,750
786	Mathew Madukkamoottil Abraham	5,500
787	Chalackal Madhavan Baiju	5,775
788	George Mathew Paluparampil	17,050
789	Jolly Wilson	2,200
790	Joy Paul	5,500
791	Chellakudam Rajuvarghese	3,000
792	Reo K A	5,500
793	Mundapatt Jayaprakash Surajprakash	5,775
794	Joy Komban Varghese	5,500
795	Sebastian Philip	3,750
796	Kulangara Mathew Abraham/Susan Abraham	23,200
797	Alias Parackal Varkey	2,367
798	Vattoly Mathunny Shiny	2,200
799	Sebastian Joseph	11,000
800	Mathew Kainikudyil Kuriakose	4,620
801	Jessy Jacob	2,000
802	Shylaja Sudheesh	3,200
803	Jobin Abraham .	2,500
804	Sreedevi Lohidakshan .	6,063
805	Lohidakshan M.K .	6,063
806	Vatsa Korah Poulose .	13,860
-		,

807 P O Aviacahan. 26,565 808 Treasa Sashi. 3,000 809 Justy Jose Parayil. 1,100 810 Latha Sethumadhavan. 2,000 811 C Sethu Madhavan. 3,000 812 Thankamani C N. 5,000 813 Benu Punnen Joseph. 1,100 814 Suja Tomy. 9,680 815 T P Roy. 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar. 2,000 817 P N Narayanan Nambissan JGowri P T. 5,775 818 Fancy Babu. 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair. 440 820 Joseph P V. 5,500 821 Benny Schustian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph. 2,310 823 Babu M P Jinacy Babu. 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose. 2,100 825 Jacob John, JBeena Jacob. 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose. 5,255 827 James Abraham. 11,000 </th <th>Sr. No.</th> <th>Name Of Allottee</th> <th>No. Of Equity Shares Allotted</th>	Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
809 Justy Jose Parayil 1,100 810 Latha Sethumadhavan 2,000 811 C Sethu Madhavan 3,000 812 Thankamani C N. 5,000 813 Benu Punnen Joseph 1,00 814 Suja Tomy 9,680 815 T P Roy 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar 2,000 817 P N Narayanan Nambissan Æowri P T 5,775 818 Fancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P Ænacy Babu 11,275 824 Bylu Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John Æsena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 5,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 <	807	P O Avirachan .	26,565
810 Lutha Sethumadhavan 2,000 811 C Sethu Madhavan 3,000 812 Thankamani C N 5,000 813 Benu Punnen Joseph 1,00 814 Suja Tomy 9,680 815 T P Roy 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar 2,000 817 P N Narayanan Nambissan /Gowri P T 5,775 818 Pancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu 11,275 824 Byig Kuriakos 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakos 2,200 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 5,775 <td>808</td> <td>Treasa Sashi .</td> <td>3,000</td>	808	Treasa Sashi .	3,000
811 C Sethu Madhavan 3,000 812 Thankamani C N. 5,000 813 Benu Punnen Joseph .100 814 Suja Tomy 9,680 815 T P Roy 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar 2,000 817 P N Narayanan Nambissan JGowi PT 5,775 818 Fancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P JFancy Babu 11,275 824 Byji Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John JBeena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 5,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62	809	Justy Jose Parayil .	1,100
812 Thankamani C N. 5,000 813 Benu Punnen Joseph ,100 814 Suja Tomy 9,680 815 T P Roy 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar 2,000 817 P N Narayanan Nambissan /Gowri P T 5,775 818 Fancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu 11,275 824 Byig Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 5,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amriskumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775	810	Latha Sethumadhavan .	2,000
813 Benu Pumen Joseph . ,100 814 Suja Tomy . 9,680 815 T P Roy . 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar . 2,000 817 P N Narayaman Nambissan //Gowri P T . 5,775 818 Fancy Babu . 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair . 440 820 Joseph P V . 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian . 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph . 2,310 823 Babu M P //Fancy Babu . 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose . 2,100 825 Tessy Joseph A. 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 2,200 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavan kumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesa 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu	811	C Sethu Madhavan .	3,000
814 Suja Tomy 9,680 815 T P Roy 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar 2,000 817 P N Narayaman Nambissan /Gowri P T 5,775 818 Fancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P -/Fancy Babu 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 5,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachardra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavan Ramachardra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavan kumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Sheel Dwiveti	812	Thankamani C N .	5,000
815 T P Roy 2,200 816 K S Sashi Kumar 2,000 817 P N Narayanan Nambissan "Gowri P T 5,775 818 Fancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 5,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujuri 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Sneel Dwivedi 10 834 Kumar Sneel Dwivedi 10 835 Jiby George 5,775	813	Benu Punnen Joseph .	,100
816 K S Sashi Kumar 2,000 817 P N Narayanan Nambissan /Gowri P T 5,775 818 Fancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 2,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew <	814	Suja Tomy .	9,680
817 P N Narayanan Nambissan /Gowri P T. 5,775 818 Fancy Babu . 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair . 440 820 Joseph P V . 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian . 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph . 2,310 823 Babu M P //Fancy Babu . 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose . 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob . 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg	815	T P Roy .	2,200
818 Fancy Babu 11,275 819 P Suchithra Nair 440 820 Joseph P V 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 5,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavam Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavamkumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Armit Garg 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000	816	K S Sashi Kumar .	2,000
819 P Suchithra Nair . 440 820 Joseph P V . 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian . 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph . 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu . 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose . 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob . 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 10 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 840 Joseph Joly 500	817	P N Narayanan Nambissan ./Gowri P T .	5,775
820 Joseph P V. 5,500 821 Benny Sebastian . 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph . 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu . 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose . 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob . 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000	818	Fancy Babu.	11,275
821 Benny Sebastian . 8,800 822 Tessy Joseph . 2,310 823 Babu M P JFancy Babu . 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose . 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob . 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil . 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan . 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari . 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra . 62 832 Remya Ratheesh . 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu . 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi . 100 835 Jiby George . 5,775 836 John Mathew . 18,191 837 Amit Garg . 62 838 Akhil Babu . 6,000 840 Joseph Joly . 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew . 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta . 100 843 Thomas Kurian . 2,000	819	P Suchithra Nair .	440
822 Tessy Joseph 2,310 823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose 5,255 827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Arrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100	820	Joseph P V .	5,500
823 Babu M P /Fancy Babu . 11,275 824 Byju Kuriakose . 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob . 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845	821	Benny Sebastian .	8,800
824 Byju Kuriakose . 2,100 825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob . 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200	822	Tessy Joseph .	2,310
825 Jacob K John /Beena Jacob . 2,200 826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shy	823	Babu M P ./Fancy Babu .	11,275
826 Ancy K Kuriakose . 5,255 827 James Abraham . 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth	824	Byju Kuriakose .	2,100
827 James Abraham 11,000 828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	825	Jacob K John ./Beena Jacob .	2,200
828 Nikhil Sushil 4,400 829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	826	Ancy K Kuriakose .	5,255
829 Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan 400 830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	827	James Abraham .	11,000
830 Pavan Ramachandra Pujari 8,800 831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	828	Nikhil Sushil	4,400
831 Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra 62 832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	829	Harikumar Arrickara Gopalan	400
832 Remya Ratheesh 5,775 833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	830	Pavan Ramachandra Pujari	8,800
833 Kumar Suresh Bindu 5,775 834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	831	Pavankumar Amrishkumar Mishra	62
834 Kumar Sheel Dwivedi 100 835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	832	Remya Ratheesh	5,775
835 Jiby George 5,775 836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	833	Kumar Suresh Bindu	5,775
836 John Mathew 18,191 837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	834	Kumar Sheel Dwivedi	100
837 Amit Garg 62 838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	835	Jiby George	5,775
838 Akhil Babu 6,000 839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	836	John Mathew	18,191
839 Gifin Asharaf 62 840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth 4,166	837	Amit Garg	62
840 Joseph Joly 500 841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	838	Akhil Babu	6,000
841 Paul Jose Mathew 4,000 842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	839	Gifin Asharaf	62
842 Dhruv Malay Mehta 100 843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	840	Joseph Joly	500
843 Thomas Kurian 2,000 844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	841	Paul Jose Mathew	4,000
844 Nidhin Aleyas 6,063 845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	842	Dhruv Malay Mehta	100
845 Chakkiath Joseph Varghese 2,200 846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	843	Thomas Kurian	2,000
846 Amit Roy 62 847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	844	Nidhin Aleyas	6,063
847 Shymon Mathew 5,512 848 Elizabeth . 4,166	845	Chakkiath Joseph Varghese	2,200
848 Elizabeth . 4,166	846	Amit Roy	62
<u> </u>	847	Shymon Mathew	5,512
849 Priyadarshini Gadad 13,200	848	Elizabeth .	4,166
	849	Priyadarshini Gadad	13,200

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
850	Jayant Suresh Sheri	8,800
851	Shyam Bhaskaran	11,550
852	Babu Kurian	11,550
853	Shalininair .	4,987
854	Suneesh Kumar Prabhu Pulikkal Sudheendran	6,000
855	Chirayil Itty Kunjumon	5,775
856	Dimal Baby	250
857	Aby Abraham	8,800
858	Pozhaliparambil Chakkoru Anto	5,775
859	Roven Joseph Sebastian	200
860	Kuzhpillil Chandrasekharamenon Venugopal	5,500
861	Shambhu .	5,500
862	Anand Ramachandran	200
863	Sanitha Shaji	1,744
864	Poruthukkaran Joseph Mathew	5,500
865	Calvin Joe Chakramakkil	5,775
866	Chirayath Antony Francis	5,775
867	Niranjan .	125
868	Choondal Lonappan Tony	125
869	Shibu Issac	10,000
870	Ligy Jose	1,000
871	Melby Johnson	50
872	Shweta V Shiraguppi	4,400
873	Kallandiyil Joseph Sunny	1,000
874	Rijo Jose Tharayil	5,000
875	Vivek Nama	187
876	Sreenivasan Gopalan Nair	2,000
877	Aravind Podickala Padinjattethil Venugopal	5,000
878	Anna Joy	4,000
879	Sijo Jose Tharayil	5,000
880	Keerthy Bindu Prakash	50
881	Somy Solomon	2,500
882	Thandiakkal Mathew Job	2,000
883	Reema Raphel	2,000
884	Sreejith Ramapurath Chemmimchery	100
885	Lakshmy Raveesh	5,775
886	Josekutty Kollentekizhakkethil	11,550
887	Suresh Kapparath	5,775
888	Titto Francis	5,775
889	Mathew Puliyirikkumtadam Paul	4,000
890	Akash Avinash Doke	99
891	Amala Pallippat Davis	5,775
892	Cyriac George	680
	•	

893 Arum Mathew 100 894 Sivadas Rajan 5,600 895 Checerath Scercaj 250 896 Achipra Valappil Sameer 500 897 Pruveen Suresh Totakar 4,000 898 Kunhikannan Nair Mungath 100 900 P M Rangeev 2,750 901 Rajesh Kothari 100 902 Fance Joseph 11,838 903 Vivek Lohidaksham 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Kanayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Kandanan 1,670 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair / Payor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 3,000	Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
895 Cheerath Sreeraj 250 896 Achipra Valappil Sameer 500 897 Praveen Suresh Todakar 4,000 898 Kunlikannan Nair Mungath 100 899 Shankar Ram Prabhakarannair 2,000 900 P M Rangeev 2,750 901 Rajesh Kothari 100 902 Fance Joseph 11,838 903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Goori 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair - Payyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas, S 10,000 915 Markews Puthempurayit Mathew	893	Arun Mathew	100
896 Achipra Valappil Sameer 500 897 Praveen Suresh Todakar 4,000 898 Kunhikannan Nair Mungath 100 899 Shankar Ram Prabhakarannair 2,000 900 P M Rangeev 2,750 901 Rajesh Kothari 109 902 Fance Joseph 11,838 903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 900 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair J Payyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew	894	Sivadas Rajan	5,600
897 Praven Suresh Todakar 4,000 898 Kunhikaman Nair Mungath 100 899 Shankar Ram Prabhakarumair 2,000 900 P M Rangeev 2,750 901 Rajesh Kothari 100 902 Fance Joseph 11,838 903 Vivek Lobidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 P N Sreelatha 1,670 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair JPayyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas S. 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1	895	Cheerath Sreeraj	250
898 Kunhikannan Nair Mungath 100 899 Shankar Ram Prabhakarannair 2,000 900 P M Rangeev 2,750 901 Rajesh Kothari 100 902 Pance Joseph 11,388 903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Goori 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,670 909 P N Seelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair 'Payyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas, S 10,000 915 Mathews Purlienpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunaappilli Chacko Abraham	896	Achipra Valappil Sameer	500
899 Shankar Ram Prabhakarannair 2,000 900 P M Rangeev 2,750 901 Rajesh Kothari 100 902 Fance Joseph 11,838 903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,660 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payror Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alokaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas,S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju,C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 </td <td>897</td> <td>Praveen Suresh Todakar</td> <td>4,000</td>	897	Praveen Suresh Todakar	4,000
900 P M Rangeev . 2,750 901 Rajesh Kothari . 100 902 Fance Joseph . 11,838 903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph . 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan . 1,833 906 P T Gowi . 5,775 907 P N Chandran . 1,670 908 Umadevi P N . 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha . 1,670 909 P N Sreelatha . 1,670 910 George Thanangadan . 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair . 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis . 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky . 3,000 914 Vijayadas, S . 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew . 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy . 4,575 917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju C.K . 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob Mini Joseph .	898	Kunhikannan Nair Mungath	100
901 Rajesh Kothari 100 902 Fance Joseph 11,838 903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair "Payyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas, S. 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju, C.K. 5,775 919 Johney Jacob-Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231	899	Shankar Ram Prabhakarannair	2,000
902 Fance Joseph 11.838 903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5.775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1.833 906 P T Gowri 5.775 907 P N Chandran 1.670 908 Umadevi P N 1.660 909 P N Sreelatha 1.670 910 George Thanangadan 5.75 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhuskaran Nair 8.800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alcookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E.M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacobr/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 <td>900</td> <td>P M Rangeev .</td> <td>2,750</td>	900	P M Rangeev .	2,750
903 Vivek Lohidakshan 5,775 904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair ¿Payyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya- 11,275	901	Rajesh Kothari .	100
904 Jenumol Joseph 17,600 905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 5,775 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas, S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 1,575 918 Shiju, C.K. 5,775 919 Johney Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunaappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya- 11,275 925 Jahan 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar 5,500 <td>902</td> <td>Fance Joseph .</td> <td>11,838</td>	902	Fance Joseph .	11,838
905 P N Narayanan Nambisan 1,833 906 P T Gowri 5,775 907 P N Chandran 1,670 908 Umadevi P N 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha 1,670 910 George Thanangadan 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya- 11,275 924 Anil K George 34,875 925 Jahan 5,775	903	Vivek Lohidakshan	5,775
906 PT Govri . 5,775 907 P N Chandran . 1,670 908 Umadevi P N . 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha . 1,670 910 George Thanangadan . 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair . 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis . 3,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky . 3,000 914 Vijayadas S . 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew . 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy . 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju C.K . 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph . 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham . 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath . 231 921 Melathil Sacheendranath . 231 922 Teenu Jimmy . 10,000 923 Sridhanya 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan .<	904	Jenumol Joseph .	17,600
907 P N Chandran . 1,670 908 Umadevi P N . 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha . 1,670 910 George Thanangadan . 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair . 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis . 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky . 3,000 914 Vijayadas S . 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew . 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy . 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K . 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph . 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham . 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath . 231 922 Teenu Jimmy . 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,705 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P . Thomas . <td>905</td> <td>P N Narayanan Nambisan .</td> <td>1,833</td>	905	P N Narayanan Nambisan .	1,833
908 Umadevi P N. 1,660 909 P N Sreelatha . 1,670 910 George Thanangadan . 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair . 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis . 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky . 3,000 914 Vijayadas,S. 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew . 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy . 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju,C.K. 5,775 919 Johney Jacob/Mini Joseph . 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham . 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath . 231 922 Teenu Jimmy . 10,000 923 Sridhanya . 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P . Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S .	906	P T Gowri .	5,775
909 P N Sreelatha . 1,670 910 George Thanangadan . 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair . 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis . 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky . 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S . 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew . 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy . 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K . 5,775 919 Johney Jacob/Mini Joseph . 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham . 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath . 231 922 Teenu Jimmy . 10,000 923 Sridhanya 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P . Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775	907	P N Chandran .	1,670
910 George Thanangadan . 5,775 911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair . 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis . 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky . 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S . 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew . 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy . 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K . 5,775 919 Johney Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P. Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . <td< td=""><td>908</td><td>Umadevi P N .</td><td>1,660</td></td<>	908	Umadevi P N .	1,660
911 Suchithra P Nair /Payyor Bhaskaran Nair . 8,800 912 Nimmy Davis . 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky . 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S . 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew . 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy . 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K . 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500	909	P N Sreelatha .	1,670
912 Nimmy Davis 5,000 913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George 34,875 925 Jahan 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar 5,500 927 K . P. Thomas 3,000 928 Jasim A S 5,500 929 Biju Skariah 400 930 Kunhappan . A 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew 500 933 Eldhose T K 8,715 934 Mary K A 2,887	910	George Thanangadan .	5,775
913 Alookaran Anthony Rocky 3,000 914 Vijayadas.S 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya- 11,275 924 Anil K George 34,875 925 Jahan 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar 5,500 927 K. P. Thomas 3,000 928 Jasim A S 5,500 929 Biju Skariah 400 930 Kunhappan . A 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew 500 933 Eldhose T K 8,715 934 Mary K A 2,887	911	Suchithra P Nair ./Payyor Bhaskaran Nair .	8,800
914 Vijayadas.S. 10,000 915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew. 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy. 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy. 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya- 11,275 924 Anil K George. 34,875 925 Jahan. 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar. 5,500 927 K. P. Thomas. 3,000 928 Jasim A S. 5,500 929 Biju Skariah. 400 930 Kunhappan . A. 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	912	Nimmy Davis .	5,000
915 Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew 1,000 916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George 34,875 925 Jahan 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar 5,500 927 K. P. Thomas 3,000 928 Jasim A S 5,500 929 Biju Skariah 400 930 Kunhappan · A 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew 500 933 Eldhose T K 8,715 934 Mary K A 2,887	913	Alookaran Anthony Rocky .	3,000
916 Lizzy Jimmy 15,575 917 E. M. Jimmy 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George 34,875 925 Jahan 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar 5,500 927 K · P. Thomas 3,000 928 Jasim A S 5,500 929 Biju Skariah 400 930 Kunhappan · A 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew 500 933 Eldhose T K 8,715 934 Mary K A 2,887	914	Vijayadas.S .	10,000
917 E. M. Jimmy . 4,575 918 Shiju.C.K . 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	915	Mathews Puthenpurayil Mathew .	1,000
918 Shiju.C.K. 5,775 919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya- 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	916	Lizzy Jimmy .	15,575
919 Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph 300 920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	917	E. M. Jimmy .	4,575
920 Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham 500 921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	918	Shiju.C.K.	5,775
921 Melathil Sacheendranath 231 922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	919	Johncy Jacob/Mini Joseph	300
922 Teenu Jimmy 10,000 923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	920	Kunnappillil Chacko Abraham	500
923 Sridhanya - 11,275 924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P . Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	921	Melathil Sacheendranath	231
924 Anil K George . 34,875 925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	922	Teenu Jimmy	10,000
925 Jahan . 5,775 926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	923	Sridhanya -	11,275
926 Salim A Makkar . 5,500 927 K . P .Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	924	Anil K George .	34,875
927 K . P . Thomas . 3,000 928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	925	Jahan .	5,775
928 Jasim A S . 5,500 929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	926	Salim A Makkar .	5,500
929 Biju Skariah . 400 930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	927	K . P .Thomas .	3,000
930 Kunhappan . A . 5,775 931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	928	Jasim A S .	5,500
931 Jaslin Sajil . 5,500 932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	929	Biju Skariah .	400
932 Sheela Mathew . 500 933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	930	Kunhappan . A .	5,775
933 Eldhose T K . 8,715 934 Mary K A . 2,887	931	Jaslin Sajil .	5,500
934 Mary K A . 2,887	932	Sheela Mathew .	500
	933	Eldhose T K .	8,715
	934	Mary K A .	2,887
	935	Biju N S .	10,500

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
936	Siji P K .	2,310
937	Jibin P A.	3,200
938	Sadananda Kurup C K .	3,465
939	K G Manojkumar .	1,650
940	Mathai K G .	5,775
941	Antony A O .	11,550
942	Jessy .	2,500
943	Kuriakose O P .	5,775
944	Benny C Pozheliparambil .	5,775
945	Alvin Thomas John .	9,295
946	Saju T Nair .	775
947	Victory Jozy .	3,150
948	Anitha Gopi .	3,000
949	Nalpat Sebastian Jose .	1,38,750
950	Sheeba Thomas .	10,000
951	Eldose Varghese .	5,250
952	Anila Thomas .	3,322
953	Baby K I .	10,000
954	Smitha Jose Akkara .	59,148
955	Leena Cherian .	5,500
956	Annie Jacob .	5,250
957	Reji Kuriakose .	1,77866
958	Rahul Gautham V E .	3,520
959	Paul Abraham .	19,855
960	Sabu Paul .	1,62,749
961	Sherly Mathew .	5,665
962	Lincy Tomy .	2,200
963	Biju Paul .	3,162
964	Jeeva S Raj .	1,100
965	Sheela Nithyanandan .	5,775
966	Lilly Jose .	5,775
967	Abraham A M .	11,550
968	Oonnunny Abraham .	4,620
969	Kodath Pappu Madhavan .	5,775
970	Annie .	1,100
971	Saneesh K S .	3,465
972	Peeyus Antony .	22,086
973	Sreedevi Amma S .	2,000
974	Balram Krishan .	200
975	Abbasuddin Molla .	50
976	Rajesh Saini .	111
977	Sanket Kumar Gupta .	40
978	Tejas Narendra Giri .	227
-	J	

979 Sakib Khan. 100 980 Raj Sasmal. 100 981 Pawam Kumur Kushyap. 434 982 Kanhaiya Lal Galav. 400 983 Jaydeep Dilipbhai Yadher. 21 984 Shrikant Pathak. 200 985 Debashis Saha. 2,173 986 Shivam Gupta. 86 987 Shraddha. 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C. 1,000 990 Vinod Kumar. 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappupillai 800 995 Deephly. 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasikharan 125 997 Venkata Sriañvasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Varghece. 660 1000 Vinad Malose 1,770 1	Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Allo	Of tted	Equity	Shares
981 Pawan Kumar Kushyap. 434 982 Kanha'ya Lal Calaiv. 400 983 Jaydeep Dilipbhai Vadher. 21 984 Shrikunt Pathak. 200 985 Debashish Saha. 2,173 986 Shivam Gupta. 86 987 Shraddha. 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C. 1,000 989 Sukhdew Singh. 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar. 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jony 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy. 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese. 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose. 1,770	979	Sakib Khan .				100
982 Kanhaiya Laf Galav 400 983 Jaydeep Diliphbal Vadher 21 984 Shrikant Pathak 200 985 Debashish Saha 2,173 986 Shivam Gupta 86 987 Straddha 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C 1,000 989 Sukhdev Singh 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar 400 991 Thushnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolapapajilai 800 995 Deepthy 5,775 996 Peadeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkuta Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003	980	Raj Sasmal .				100
983 Jaydeep Dilipbhai Vadher 21 984 Shrikarl Pathak 200 985 Debashish Saha 2,173 986 Shivam Gupta 86 987 Shraddha 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C 1,000 989 Sukhdev Singh 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickul Shajia Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1	981	Pawan Kumar Kashyap .				434
984 Shrikant Pathak 200 985 Debashish Saha 2,173 986 Shivam Gupta 86 987 Shraddha 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C 1,000 989 Sukhdev Singh 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolapapajilai 800 995 Deepthy 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkara Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 </td <td>982</td> <td>Kanhaiya Lal Galav .</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>400</td>	982	Kanhaiya Lal Galav .				400
985 Debashish Saha . 2,173 986 Shivam Gupta . 86 987 Shraddha . 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C . 1,000 989 Sukhdev Singh . 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar . 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy . 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalurickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese . 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renic George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000	983	Jaydeep Dilipbhai Vadher .				21
986 Shivam Gupta. 86 987 Shraddha. 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C. 1,000 989 Sukhdev Singh. 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar. 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy. 5,77 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalurickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese. 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose. 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100	984	Shrikant Pathak .				200
987 Shraddha. 50 988 Mehta Shreyas C. 1,000 989 Sukhdev Singh. 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar. 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy. 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendru Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577	985	Debashish Saha .				2,173
988 Mehta Shreyas C . 1,000 989 Sukhdev Singh . 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar . 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy . 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renic George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George	986	Shivam Gupta .				86
989 Sukhdev Singh . 1,666 990 Vinod Kumar . 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy . 5,775 966 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese . 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1010 Jahn Kumar S	987	Shraddha .				50
990 Vinod Kumar. 400 991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy 5,775 996 Pradcep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renic George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan	988	Mehta Shreyas C .				1,000
991 Thashnath Ramu Shajiram 200 992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy. 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese. 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose. 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan	989	Sukhdev Singh .				1,666
992 Anju Jomy 1,000 993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery <td>990</td> <td>Vinod Kumar .</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>400</td>	990	Vinod Kumar .				400
993 Mahesh Milind Gaikwad 125 994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Umikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghes	991	Thashnath Ramu Shajiram				200
994 Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai 800 995 Deepthy . 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese . 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vinal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Uninkrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani	992	Anju Jomy				1,000
995 Deepthy . 5,775 996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese . 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman <t< td=""><td>993</td><td>Mahesh Milind Gaikwad</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>125</td></t<>	993	Mahesh Milind Gaikwad				125
996 Pradeep Sasidharan 125 997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor<	994	Suresh Babu Chidambara Kolappapillai				800
997 Venkata Srinivasu Theeda 100 998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese . 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1018 Sophia	995	Deepthy .				5,775
998 Kalarickal Shaju Boney 2,500 999 Anju Vargheese . 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P .	996	Pradeep Sasidharan				125
999 Anju Varghesee. 660 1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose. 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby 2887	997	Venkata Srinivasu Theeda				100
1000 Amal Jose 1,770 1001 Vimal Jose 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby 2887	998	Kalarickal Shaju Boney				2,500
1001 Vimal Jose . 1,770 1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	999	Anju Vargheese .				660
1002 Mahendra Kumar 100 1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby 2887	1000	Amal Jose				1,770
1003 Renie George Thirudhanathil 50 1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby 2887	1001	Vimal Jose .				1,770
1004 Sunil Kumar Sharma 100 1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1002	Mahendra Kumar				100
1005 Nicey George 15,000 1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1003	Renie George Thirudhanathil				50
1006 Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal 100 1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1004	Sunil Kumar Sharma				100
1007 3a Capital Services Limited 577 1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1005	Nicey George				15,000
1008 Jacob George 20,192 1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby 2887	1006	Syamalathoppu Sadanandan Sujeeshlal				100
1009 John C Samuel 200 1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1007	3a Capital Services Limited				577
1010 Ajith Kumar S 11,000 1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1008	Jacob George				20,192
1011 Ranjit Unnikrishnan . 5,500 1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1009	John C Samuel				200
1012 Mathew Antony Panikkassery . 6,930 1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1010	Ajith Kumar S				11,000
1013 Arun Varghese . 2,000 1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1011	Ranjit Unnikrishnan .				5,500
1014 Rani Cherian 9,240 1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby 2887	1012	Mathew Antony Panikkassery .				6,930
1015 Sobha Sreeraman 3,465 1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1013	Arun Varghese .				2,000
1016 Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor 1,000 1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1014	Rani Cherian				9,240
1017 Sobin K George . 7,200 1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1015	Sobha Sreeraman				3,465
1018 Sophiamma Varghese . 5,775 1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1016	Somy Kuriakose Cheruvathoor				1,000
1019 Somanathan Nair T P . 5,775 1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1017	Sobin K George .				7,200
1020 Varughese Baby . 2887	1018	Sophiamma Varghese .				5,775
	1019	Somanathan Nair T P .				5,775
1021 Annamma George . 7,465	1020	Varughese Baby .				2887
	1021	Annamma George .				7,465

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Allo	Equity	Shares
1022	Thankachan M .			5,775
1023	Geetha R Nair .			5,000
1024	Leelamma S .			5,500
1025	Venu K Kartha .			1,760
1026	George Mathew .			5,000
1027	Santha Kumari .			5,775
1028	K D Ashok .			69,300
1029	A A Thampi .			5,775
1030	Mareena Sebastian .			4,400
1031	Thekkesseril Isshac Issac .			4,000
1032	Kuriyedath Joseph Johny .			11,000
1033	Ajith K Sasidharan .			2,200
1034	Vijayan K G .			550
1035	George Joseph .			5,165
1036	Nimmy Sandeep .			11,775
1037	Sainudeenkutty Kassim Pilla .			1,100
1038	Francis P K.			11,000
1039	Leelamma Benadict .			5,000
1040	Baburajan A V .			22,050
1041	Teena Jossy .			5,775
1042	Saji Varkey .			5,500
1043	Reghu James .			2,500
1044	Priya P T .			4,400
1045	Deepak C .			22,000
1046	Karappanveettil Mohammed Naseer .			5,200
1047	Shiny Mathew .			13,860
1048	Vincent Padamadan .			5,775
1049	Baiju P P .			5,775
1050	Anjali Alex Aerathu .			5,775
1051	Mariya P Kottam .			57,750
1052	Prathapa Chandran Nair .			20,244
1053	Simi Jagathi .			18,000
1054	Shaiby Kuruvilla .			1,155
1055	M K Krishnakumar .			1,155
1056	Devassykutty M V .			2,200
1057	Somalatha O .			6,600
1058	Sindhu S .			5,500
1059	Samuel Thomas .			5,500
1060	Francis P C.			5,250
1061	Ajin Kuriakose .			5,775
1062	Sanju Baby ./Baby K I .			10,000
1063	Eldose Varghese ./Shoba K Poulose .			5,250
1064	Arakkal Bhaskaramenon Purushothaman .			5,000

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
1065	Jacob Thomas Pathumpadam .	10,500
1066	Saneesh K S .	19,288
1067	Peter Jacob .	6,600
1068	Mary Oommen .	11,550
1069	Elizabeth Joju ./Joju Philip .	5,250
1070	Annie Jacob ./Jacob Thomas Pathumpadam .	10,500
1071	Deepa Mary Paul .	,775
1072	Cherian S Tharakan .	11,000
1073	Shaji Kurian .	5,500
1074	Subin K R.	5,500
1075	Joseph T Kussakuzhiyil ./Celine Joseph Kussakuzhiyil .	10,550
1076	Lathish K S .	2,200
1077	Areeckal Ettiyachen Alias ./Basil Alias .	3,465
1078	Eldhose P V .	2,40,625
1079	Ente Naadu Multi State Agro Cooperative Society Lt/D	3,96,800
1080	Devis P C.	2,000
1081	George Kuriape .	9,727
1082	K Sasidharan ./Kelshibe N S .	11,550
1083	K Sasidharan ./Ralceme Sasidharan .	5,775
1084	Eldhose T K ./Siji P K .	2,310
1085	Sijo Kurian .	11,000
1086	Thresiamma Joy Issac .	5,775
1087	John Joseph ./Vinu George .	3,465
1088	Jesilda .	2,000
1089	Grace Varghese .	5,000
1090	Biju Varghese	14,148
1091	Annamma Thomas	8,085
1092	Rony S Fernandes	9,240
1093	Jayanthilal .	11,000
1094	Arun Ravi	62
1095	Joykutty M	770
1096	Seema Rani	1,00
1097	Nomy Elsa Philip	17,006
1098	Bindu P A	5,500
1099	Vaibhav Ramachandran	1,100
1100	A Beena Alima	1,600
1101	Kuldeep Rai	100
1102	Lydia .	2,750
1103	Dileep Thomas	5,450
1104	Sajith S	22,000
1105	Joseph Devassy	11,968
1106	Paul John Pathadan	33,000
1107	Thachuparambil Poulose Antony	1,200

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Allo	Equity	Shares
1108	Manoj Thomas			2,300
1109	Biju Kollaramalil Mathew			500
1110	Liju K Mathew			5,500
1111	Chandrasekharan N			3,000
1112	Sandhya Reji			1,000
1113	Ramesan C			1,000
1114	Amit Jain			62
1115	Patel Nayna Mayur			100
1116	Subhashis Mitra			100
1117	Nisha M M			3,465
1118	Savita Rani			100
1119	Jessy George			1,760
1120	Jerin Jose			5,775
1121	Mechery Sebastian Paul			8,975
1122	Pooja .			250
1123	Karimpanackal Velayudhan Suresh			5,775
1124	Sam Abraham			100
1125	Chiragbhai Babubhai Navadiya			100
1126	Lincy George			5,000
1127	Saramma Paulose			2,000
1128	Joseph Sino			2,000
1129	Sheeba Joseph			5,775
1130	Varghese Edacheril Mathai			3,465
1131	Surendranath Sethunath			4,000
1132	Paulson Oliapuram			9,900
1133	Girija Viswanathan/Narayanan Subramanan .			5,775
1134	Jesslypalathinkal George			5,775
1135	Menacherry Joseph Varkey			3,465
1136	Janardanan Kaipurath			2,200
1137	Chinnamma Varkey			3,465
1138	John Philipose			3,465
1139	Mary Kuriakose			11,000
1140	Deepa Xavier			10,000
1141	Sybi Varghese			23,100
1142	Rani Roy			2,000
1143	Saju George Sebastian			8,000
1144	Molly Antony			4,400
1145	Ramlal Chambamkulath Balan			3,300
1146	Sahadevan Pullancheri			2,200
1147	Stephen Antony Kollamkudy			5,500
1148	Velikulathil Kunjan Narayanan			5,500
1149	Hareendra Sarma			11,000
1150	Wilson Francis Pulikkal			10,000

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	Of tted	Equity	Shares
1151	Reetha Kunju			9,746
1152	Ramya .			1,320
1153	Kanolikkal Krishnan Suresh			1,760
1154	Ashin Roy			2,200
1155	Abraham Narekkatu Varkey			2,750
1156	Mini Abraham			2,750
1157	Benny Varghese			2,750
1158	John George			38,000
1159	Dheera .			4,953
1160	Biju Raphel			5,500
1161	Kochuveetil Gopinathan Nair Sreejith			6,840
1162	George P O			1,320
1163	Mathaikunju Parackal Poulo			2,640
1164	Kuriakose Mukalele Paily/Mary Kuriakose			9,240
1165	Sini Vazhamalayil Saji			2,500
1166	Joseph Varghese			465
1167	Jiby Cherian			2,600
1168	Jyobish Joseph Kombanal			2,000
1169	Elizabeth Brighty			2,400
1170	Kuriakose Mathew Karikudy			775
1171	Reji Varghese/Varghese K V			3,465
1172	Sajan Joseph			1,000
1173	Sabu Varkey Pynadath			2,000
1174	Sabu Karikkassery			10,000
1175	Tomilin Kottarathil Thomas			5,000
1176	Mathew.			8,166
1177	Jancy Mathew			4,000
1178	Velu Manjanam Ranje			500
1179	Saju Kurian			5,000
1180	Kuriakose Saju Vaisian			5,000
1181	Itty Biji Mathew			2,000
1182	Lena Varghese			1,000
1183	Pradeesh Prasanthbhavan Damodaran			2,500
1184	Raymond Henry Varghese			10,000
1185	Saleena Mathew			9,162
1186	Vijayan K S .			5,775
1187	K P Skaria .			25,300
1188	Madhu P .			5,775
1189	Smitha Jayaraman			5,775
1190	Lisma Louvi .			5,775
1191	Mercy Saxena			2,000
1192	Gifty Francis .			15,150
1193	Lukose B .			17,240

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
1194	Kalappurakkal Bindu	2,625
1195	Geo Joseph	16,775
1196	Reena George	5,775
1197	Sindhu .	2,730
1198	Sajeev Jacob	275
1199	Sam Krishnan Sreedevi	3,465
1200	Kolencheril Avara Jose	1,00,500
1201	Abi Antony	4,740
1202	Tinu Kuriachan	5,775
1203	Navneet Rastogi	100
1204	Emily Kuriachan	23,100
1205	Mampilly John Baby	77,500
1206	Tony Jose	11,550
1207	Mannanal Kuriakose Kuriachan	23,100
1208	Jose K J	2,200
1209	Siji Sajeev	10,275
1210	Anu Denny	23,100
1211	Anju Saju	2,750
1212	Ansa Anna Saju	2,750
1213	Tessy Kuriachan	5,775
1214	Sajeev Jacob/Siji Sajeev	11,000
1215	A P Varghese	5,250
1216	Reena George	5,000
1217	Jai M Paul .	7,250
1218	Simi Gijo	59,646
1219	Sudhakaran T K	2,705
1220	Soji C A	2,500
1221	Jose Joseph	1,050
1222	Saji Kochukudiyil Mathew	5,250
1223	Thomas M C	2,310
1224	A M Mohan	5,500
1225	Anil Kumar G	6,063
1226	Martin P Antony	13,946
1227	Sonia Bhaskar	1,155
1228	Radhakrishnannair Elembilasserry Ramannair	3,200
1229	Joseph Antony Vachaparambil	10,500
1230	Manu Saju	76,650
1231	Jessy Joseph	500
1232	Chinnamma Varkey	2,310
1233	Kuriyedath Joseph Johny	51,200
1234	Rpk Investments And Sons .	1,000
1235	Pynadath Rockey Varghese	5,000
1236	Aji Paul	5,775

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	Of tted	Equity	Shares
1237	K X Thomas .			10,000
1238	Deepa P G			19,325
1239	Sreenarayanan P I			1,000
1240	Eldos Mathew Ambatt			5,775
1241	Lijo Abraham			1,735
1242	Jitha Chummar .			3,465
1243	Phiji Jose			27
1244	Sivapriyan Thottumkara Sreevardhanan			5,000
1245	Mathews K V			10,775
1246	Tom Joseph			2,000
1247	Soman V H			17,325
1248	Ria Chummar			3,465
1249	Beena George			65
1250	Vinayakumar T			11,550
1251	Sreeja Anil			2,200
1252	Paul P O			2,700
1253	Sreejitha . K			2,500
1254	K R Muraleedharan			2,080
1255	Jose M O			11,550
1256	Reji Pradeep			5,775
1257	Edward George			5,775
1258	Lullu Vallath Peethambaran			2,750
1259	Balakrishnan N			2,200
1260	Jiji Subash			500
1261	Praveen K R			18,400
1262	Sonia Bhaskar			3,465
1263	Lusy Bindu			2,500
1264	Leela Meetna Variem			10,000
1265	Ashik Jose Pozhaliparambil			5,775
1266	Binoy Karlose			100
1267	Poulose K R			5,775
1268	Vadakke Muriyil Thomas Jose			2,750
1269	Raveendran Nair B			5,500
1270	Raju K K			5,775
1271	Rejy Mathew			2,000
1272	Philomina E X			3,465
1273	Jijimon Joseph			1,100
1274	Laiju Joseph			,500
1275	Annamma George			2,640
1276	Jolly Jacob			3,520
1277	Poulose P P			5,775
1278	Alexander P R			25,000
1279	George Davis			1,155

Sr. No.	Name Of Allottee	No. Of Equity Shares Allotted
1280	Jayasree J	5,005
1281	Tony Kannath Jose	5,775
1282	Boany Paul P	3,465
1283	Venugopala Prabhu S	2,200
1284	Elsie Kunnel Paul	18,804
	Total	2,05,40,019

4. Shareholding pattern of our Company as on September 30, 2024:

Categ	Category of Shareholder	Number of	No. of fully paid up	No. of partly paid- up	No. of shares underlyi ng	Total nos. shares held	Sharehol ding as a % of total no. of shares (calculat	clas	oting rights heles of securities (IX)		share s under lying outst	conversion of convertible securities	of l in s	ımber locked shares XII)	Numb of shar pledge or otherw encum ed (XIII	es ed ise per	Number of Equity Shares held in
ory (I)	Shareholder (II)	Sharaha	Equity Shares held (IV)		deposito ry receipts (VI)	(VII) = (IV)+(V)+ (VI)	V)+ SCRR) (VIII) As a % of Class - (A+B+C Fourty Total a	Total as a % of (A+B+C)	securi ties (inclu ding warr ants)	(as a percentage of diluted share capital) (XI)= (VII)+(X) As a % of (A+B+C2)		% No. to (a) sha s h	s a of tal are	dematerialise d form f (XIV) l e			
(A)	Promoter and Promoter Group	5	9,56,04,150	-	-	9,56,04,150	42.31	9,56,04,150	9,56,04,150	42.31	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,56,04,150
(B)	Public	1756	13,03,36,726	_	-	13,03,36,726	57.69	13,03,36,726	13,03,36,726	57.69	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,32,58,444
(C)	Non-		- , , , -			- , , , -		- 4 4 4	- 4 4 4-								7- 77
	Promoter Non-Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C) (1)	Shares underlying DRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C) (2)	Shares held by Employee Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	1761	22,59,40,876	-	-	22,59,40,876	100.00	22,59,40,876	22,59,40,876	100.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,88,62,594

5. Details of the aggregate number of securities of the Issuer purchased or sold by the promoter group and by the Directors of the Issuer and their relatives within six-months immediately preceding the date of filing this Prospectus with RoC are as follows:

S. No.	Name of the Allottee	Date of purchase/ sale	Category of the Allotee (Promoter Director, Promoter Group, Director)	Mode of acquisition of securities	Issue Price (In ₹)	Type of security	Total number of securities purchased/ sold
1.	Biji Shibu	July 19, 2024	Promoter	Bonus issue	NIL	Shares	23,95,531
2.	Shibu T Varghese	July 19, 2024	Director	Bonus issue	NIL	Shares	34,97,810
3.	Shibu T Varghese	Not Available	Director	Purchase of shares	10	Shares	10,050
4.	Shibu T Varghese	Not Available	Director	Purchase of shares	10	Shares	10,250
5.	Shibu T Varghese	Not Available	Director	Purchase of shares	10	Shares	10,525
6.	Shibu T Varghese	Not Available	Director	Purchase of shares	10	Shares	7,250
7.	Shibu T Varghese	Not Available	Director	Purchase of shares	10	Shares	52,500
8.	Aleyamma Varghese	July 19, 2024	Promoter group	Bonus issue	NIL	Shares	11,54,812
9.	Elen Elu Shibu	July 19, 2024	Promoter group	Bonus issue	NIL	Shares	9,76,148
10.	Erin Lizbeth Shibu	July 19, 2024	Promoter group	Bonus issue	NIL	Shares	6,58,748

6. List of top ten holders of Equity Shares of our Company as on September 30, 2024 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of shareholder	Number of Equity Shares held	Number of Equity Shares in demat form	Total shareholding as % of total no of Equity Shares
1.	Shibu T Varghese	3,85,66,494	3,85,66,494	17.07
2.	Biji Shibu	2,63,50,845	2,63,50,845	11.66
3.	Aleyamma Varghese	1,27,02,939	1,27,02,939	5.62
4.	Elen Elu Shibu	1,07,37,637	1,07,37,637	4.75
5.	Erin Lizbeth Shibu	72,46,235	72,46,235	3.21
6.	Ente Naadu Multi State Agro Cooperative Society Lt	43,64,800	43,64,800	1.93
7.	Nalpat Sebastian Jose	30,26,250	15,26,250	1.34
8.	Reji Kuriakose	23,06,531	19,56,531	1.02
9.	Bindu Peeyus	20,21,222	14,49,222	0.89
10.	Sabu Paul	17,90,243	17,90,243	0.79

7. List of top ten debenture holders of our Company as on September 30, 2024

a. Unlisted *privately placed secured* redeemable non-convertible debentures as on September 30, 2024 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of holders	Number of NCDs held	Face Value per NCDs	Amount (In ₹)	% of total non- convertible securities (Private Placement) outstanding
1	Sushila George	3,000	1000	30,00,000	4.13
2	Minnie Sajeev	2,500	1000	25,00,000	3.44
3	Sajeev George	2,500	1000	25,00,000	3.44
4	Suresh Kumar Kalathil	2,500	1000	25,00,000	3.44
5	Sajeev Samith	2,500	1000	25,00,000	3.44
6	Sajeev Sara	2,500	1000	25,00,000	3.44
7	Tanya Abraham	2,000	1000	20,00,000	2.75
8	Anju K J	1,700	1000	17,00,000	2.34
9	Premaletha Ravi	1,600	1000	16,00,000	2.20
10	Cherian Varughese	1,500	1000	15,00,000	2.06

b. Listed secured redeemable non-convertible debentures as on September 30, 2024 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of holders	Number of NCDs held	Face Value per NCDs	Amount (In ₹)	% of total Listed non- convertible securities outstanding
			(In ₹)		
1	Aleyamma Jacob	1,15,495	1,000	11,54,95,000	1.72
2	Joseph Augusty	26,000	1,000	2,60,00,000	0.39
3	Merciamma Augusty	22,000	1,000	2,20,00,000	0.33
4	Reji Mathew	14,747	1,000	1,47,47,000	0.22
5	Elizabeth Jacob	12,500	1,000	1,25,00,000	0.19
6	Biju Varghese	12,200	1,000	1,22,00,000	0.18
7	Jacob T Abraham	12,000	1,000	1,20,00,000	0.18
8	Kochiyil Ramachandran	12,000	1,000	1,20,00,000	0.18
9	Prathapa Chandran Nair	11,782	1,000	1,17,82,000	0.18
10	Chandy Paul V	11,000	1,000	1,10,00,000	0.16

c. List of top ten Subordinated Debt Instrument ("SDI") holders of our Company as on September 30, 2024 are as follows:

Sl. No.	Name of holders	Number of SDIs held	Face value per SDIs (in ₹)	Amount (in ₹)	% of total non- convertible securities outstanding
1	Aleyamma Jacob	45,000	1,000	4,50,00,000	0.57

2	P B Gopalakrishnan	45,000	1,000	4,50,00,000	0.57
3	Mathai Augusty	27,500	1,000	2,75,00,000	0.35
4	Gopi C V	23,000	1,000	2,30,00,000	0.29
5	Yeldho Ouseph	15,000	1,000	1,50,00,000	0.19
6	Lilly Andrews	13,200	1,000	1,32,00,000	0.17
7	Annamma Augusty	12,500	1,000	1,25,00,000	0.16
8	James N J	11,900	1,000	1,19,00,000	0.15
9	Aju Jacob	10,000	1,000	1,00,00,000	0.13
10	George Mathai	10,000	1,000	1,00,00,000	0.13

d. List of top ten Perpetual Debt Instrument ("PDI") holders of our Company as on September 30, 2024 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of holders	Category of holder	Number of NCDs held	Face Value per NCDs	Amount (In ₹)	% of total non- convertible securities (Private Placement) outstanding
1	Yacov Iype Koshy	Public	9,000	1,000	90,00,000	2.54
2	Ashokan K .	Public	8,500	1,000	85,00,000	2.40
3	Paul Abraham .	Public	6,160	1,000	61,60,000	1.74
4	Simon Mathew	Public	5,500	1,000	55,00,000	1.55
5	Seena Siddique	Public	5,000	1,000	50,00,000	1.41
6	Kudukkanthadathil Chandy Georgekutty	Public	4,200	1,000	42,00,000	1.19
7	Maggy	Public	3,500	1,000	35,00,000	0.99
8	Rajan Chellappan	Public	3,423	1,000	34,23,000	0.97
9	Nita Gregory	Public	3,000	1,000	30,00,000	0.85
10	Radha Surendran	Public	3,000	1,000	30,00,000	0.85

8. Details of holding of Equity Shares by our Promoter as on September 30, 2024 is set out below are as follows:

I	S.	Name of	the Num	ber (of	Total shareholding	No. of	Total percentage of
	No.	Promoter	Equi	ty		as a percent of total	Equity	Equity Shares pledged
			Shar	es helo	d	number of Equity	Shares	with respect to total
						Shares (in %)	pledged	number of Equity
								Shares held (in %)
	1.	Biji Shibu	2,63	,50,84	15	11.66%	NIL	NIL
	Tota	1	2,63	,50,84	15	11.66%	NIL	NIL

9. Details of holding of Equity Shares by our Directors as on September 30, 2024

For details of shareholding of our Directors in the Company, please refer to "Our Management- Shareholding of Directors" on page 168.

10. Debt - equity ratio:

The debt equity ratio of our Company on standalone basis, prior and post to this Issue as on March 31, 2024 is as follows:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Stand	Standalone		
Particulars	Pre- Issue	Post- Issue#		
Debt				
Debt Securities	67,667.92	90,167.92		
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	15,777.25	15,777.25		
Subordinated Liabilities	77,159.75	77,159.75		
Total Debts	1,60,604.92	1,83,104.92		
Equity				
Equity Share Capital	20,540.09	20,540.09		
Other Equity				
General Reserve	4.08	4.08		
Statutory Reserve Fund	1,538.71	1,538.71		
Retained Earnings	3,124.66	3,124.66		
Securities Premium	1,298.68	1,298.68		
Less: Unamortized expenses of Public Issues,	-	-		
term loans, and other prepaid expenses				
Total Equity	26,506.22	26,506.22		
Debt/Equity	6.06	6.91		

#The debt-equity ratio post the Issue is indicative and is on account of inflow of $\gtrless 12,500$ lakh from the NCD Issue X and $\gtrless 10,000.00$ lakh from the Issue and does not include contingent and off-balance sheet liabilities. The actual debt-equity ratio post the Issue would depend upon the actual position of debt and equity on the date of allotment.

Notes:

- 1) The figures disclosed above are based on Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31,2024
- 2) Debt / Equity Ratio = Total Debt (Borrowings) / Net worth
- 3) The following events occurred between April 01, 2024 Cut off date
 - 1. The Company has redeemed secured non convertible debentures amounting to ₹ ₹ 21,703.29 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date, impact of which is not provided in the above table.
 - 2. The Company has issued secured non convertible debentures amounting to ₹ 12,500.00 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date, impact of which is not provided in the above table.
 - 3. The Company has issued Sub ordinated debts amounting to ₹ 12,635.20 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date., impact of which is not provided in the above table.
 - 4. The Company has redeemed Sub ordinated debts amounting to ₹ 7,736.00 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date, impact of which is not provided in the above table.
- 11. For details on the total outstanding debt of our Company, see "Financial Indebtedness" beginning on page 216.

12. Details of any acquisition or amalgamation in the last one year

Our Company has not made any acquisition or amalgamation in the last one year prior to the date of this Prospectus.

13. Details of any reorganisation or reconstruction in the last one year

Our Company has not made any reorganisation or reconstruction in the last one year prior to the date of this Prospectus.

- 14. Our Company does not have any outstanding borrowings taken/debt securities issued where taken/issued (i) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or part, (ii) at a premium or discount or (iii) in pursuance of an option.
- 15. None of the Equity Shares held by the Promoter are pledged or encumbered otherwise.
- 16. As on September 30, 2024, 21,88,62,594 Equity Shares of our Company are in dematerialised form.
- 17. Our Company does not have any employee stock option scheme.

OBJECTS OF THE ISSUE

Our Company is in the business of gold loan, MSME loan and other loan financing, and as part of our business operations, we raise/avail funds for onward lending, financing and for repayment of interest and principal of existing borrowings.

Our Company proposes to utilise the funds which are being raised through the Issue, after deducting the Issue related expenses to the extent payable by our Company ("**Net Proceeds**"), estimated to be approximately ₹9,884.73 lakhs, towards funding the following objects (collectively, referred to herein as the "**Objects**"):

- 1. For the purpose of onward lending, financing and repayment/prepayment of principal and interest on existing borrowings; and
- 2. General Corporate Purposes.

The Main Objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of our Company permits our Company to undertake the activities for which the funds are being raised through the present Issue and the activities which our Company has been carrying on till date.

The details of the proceeds of the Issue are set forth in the following table:

(₹ in lakh)

S. No.	Description	Amount*
1.	Gross proceeds of the Issue	Up to 10,000
2.	(less) Issue related expenses	115.27
3.	Net Proceeds	9,884.73

^{*}Assuming the issue is fully subscribed and our Company retains oversubscription.

Requirement of funds and Utilisation of Net Proceeds

The following table details the objects of the Issue and the amount proposed to be financed from the Net Proceeds:

S. No.	Objects of the Issue		Percentage of amount proposed to be financed from Net Proceeds
1.	Onward lending, financing, repayment/prepayment o principal and interest on existing borrowings	of	Up to 75%
2.	General Corporate Purposes*		Maximum of up to 25%
	Total		100%

^{*}The Net Proceeds will be first utilised towards the Objects mentioned above. The balance is proposed to be utilised for general corporate purposes, subject to such utilisation not exceeding 25% of the amount raised in the Issue, in compliance with the SEBI NCS Regulations.

For further details of our Company's outstanding indebtedness, see "Financial Indebtedness" on page 216.

Funding plan

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this issue, funding plan will not be applicable.

Summary of the project appraisal report

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this issue, summary of the project appraisal report will not be applicable.

Schedule of implementation of the project

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, schedule of implementation of the project will not be applicable.

Interim Use of Proceeds

Our Management, in accordance with the policies formulated by it from time to time, will have flexibility in

deploying the proceeds received from the Issue. Pending utilisation of the proceeds out of the Issue for the purposes described above, our Company intends to temporarily invest funds in high quality interest bearing liquid instruments including money market mutual funds, deposits with banks or temporarily deploy the funds in investment grade interest bearing securities as may be approved by the Board. Such investment would be in accordance with the investment policies approved by the Board or any committee thereof from time to time. Also, such investments shall be in line with the guidelines and regulations prescribed by RBI.

Monitoring of Utilisation of Funds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations. The Board shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue. For the relevant Financial Years commencing from Fiscal 2024-25, our Company will disclose in our financial statements, the utilisation of the Net Proceeds of the Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of the Issue that have not been utilised thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilised proceeds of the Issue. Our Company shall utilize the proceeds of the Issue only upon the execution of the documents for creation of security and receipt of final listing and trading approval from BSE.

Variation in terms of contract or objects

The Company shall not, in terms of Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, at any time, vary the terms of the objects for which this Prospectus is issued, except as may be prescribed under the applicable laws and under Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Issue related expenses

The expenses for this Issue include, *inter alia*, Lead Manager's fees and selling commission to the Lead Manager, Consortium Member and intermediaries as provided for in the SEBI Master Circular, fees payable to Debenture Trustee, the Registrar to the Issue, Sponsor Bank, SCSBs' commission/fees, printing and distribution expenses, legal fees, advertisement expenses, listing fees and any other expense directly related to the Issue. The Issue expenses and listing fees will be paid by our Company. Our Company shall include the details of commission and processing fees payable to each intermediary and the timelines for payment will be made based on valid invoices within such timelines mutually agreed to/prescribed by the Company with the Designated Intermediaries/Sponsor Bank.

The estimated breakdown of the total expenses for the Issue is as follows:

(in ₹ lakhs)

Activity	Estimated expenses (₹ in lakhs) *	As percentage of Issue proceeds (in %) *	As Percentage of total expenses of the Issue (in %)
Lead Manager fees#		, ,	
	22.50	0.23%	19.52%
Underwriting commission#	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
Brokerage, selling commission and upload fees#	3.80	0.04%	3.30%
Fees payable to the Registrar to the Issue#			
	4.00	0.04%	3.47%
Others			
Fees Payable to Credit Rating Agency#			
	4.00	0.04%	3.47%
Fees payable to the Legal Advisor#			
	15.00	0.15%	13.01%
Advertising and marketing expenses#			
	36.00	0.36%	31.23%
Fees payable to the regulators including stock			
exchange#	13.75	0.14%	11.93%
Expenses incurred on printing and distribution of			
issue stationary#	2.02	0.02%	1.75%
Any other fees, commission or payments under			
whatever nomenclature**#	14.20	0.14%	12.32%
Total estimated Issue expenses		1.15%	100.00%

115.27	

^{*}Assuming the Issue is fully subscribed, and our Company retains oversubscription.

#Fees payable to such intermediaries are payable after receipt of invoice from each of such intermediaries' post closure of the Issue

Note: 1) Issue related expenses disclosed above are exclusive of GST as applicable on such expenses. Our Company shall claim input tax credit for the expenses.

2) In case of any difference between the estimated Issue related expenses and actual expenses incurred, the shortfall or excess shall be adjusted with the amount allocated towards general corporate purposes.

The above expenses are indicative and are subject to change depending on the actual level of subscription to the Issue and the number of Allottees, market conditions and other relevant factors.

Our Company shall pay processing fees to the SCSBs for Application forms procured by the Designated Intermediaries and submitted to the SCSBs for blocking the Application Amount of the applicant, at the rate of ₹ 10 per Application Form procured (plus other applicable taxes). However, it is clarified that in case of Application Forms procured directly by the SCSBs, the relevant SCSBs shall not be entitled to any ASBA Processing Fee

Our Company shall pay to the Sponsor Bank ₹ 10 per valid block of application amount (plus applicable taxes). The Sponsor Bank shall be responsible for making payments to the third parties such as remitter bank, NPCI and such other parties as required in connection with the performance of its duties under applicable SEBI circulars, agreements and other Applicable Laws.

Other Confirmation

In accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will not utilise the proceeds of the Issue for providing loans to or for acquisitions of shares of any entity who is a part of the promoter group and group companies.

No part of the Issue Proceeds will be paid by our Company to our Promoter, our Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or companies promoted by our Promoter.

The Issue Proceeds shall not be utilised towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia by way of a lease, of any property. The Issue Proceeds shall not be used for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in equity shares of any other listed company.

The Issue Proceeds from NCDs allotted to Banks will not be utilised for any purpose which may be in contravention of the RBI guidelines on bank financing to NBFCs including those relating to classification as capital market exposure or any other sectors that are prohibited under the RBI regulations.

Further our Company undertakes that the Issue proceeds from NCDs allotted to banks shall not be used for any purpose, which may be in contravention of the RBI guidelines on bank financing to NBFCs.

Our Company confirms that it will not use the proceeds of the Issue for the purchase of any business or in the purchase of any interest in any business whereby our Company shall become entitled to the capital or profit or losses or both in such business exceeding 50% thereof, directly or indirectly in the acquisition of any immovable property or acquisition of securities of any other body corporate.

The fund requirement as above is based on our current business plan and is subject to change in light of variations in external circumstances or costs, or in our financial condition, cash flows, business or strategy. Our management, in response to the competitive and dynamic nature of the industry, will have the discretion to revise its business plan from time to time and consequently our funding requirements and deployment of funds may also change.

Benefit/interest accruing to our Promoters/Directors out of the object of the Issue

Neither our Promoter nor our Directors of are interested in the Objects of this Issue.

^{**} fees payable to Industry report provider, debenture trustee and auditors.

Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

- (a) All monies received pursuant to the issue of NCDs to public shall be transferred to a separate bank account other than the bank account referred to in Section 40 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of the Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Company's balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised;
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;
- (d) The Issue Proceeds shall not be utilised towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia, by way of a lease, of any immovable property; and
- (e) Details of all utilised and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilised indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilised monies have been invested.

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE TAX BENEFITS

To, KLM Axiva Finvest Limited,

KLM Grand Estate, By Pass Road, Edapally, Ernakulam - 682 024 Kerala, India

And

To

Vivro Financial Services Private Limited

Vivro House 11, Shashi Colony, Opposite Suvidha Shopping Center, Paldi, Ahmedabad – 380 007, Gujarat, India ("Lead Manager" or "LM")

Sub: Proposed Public Offering of Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debenture of face value of ₹1,000 each ("NCDs") amounting up to ₹5,000 lakhs ("Base Issue"), with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹5,000 lakhs, aggregating up to ₹10,000 lakhs ("Issue") of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, ("Company" or "Issuer")

We, M/s. R.B. Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants, hereby confirm that the accompanying statement of possible tax benefits available to the debenture holder(s) states the possible tax benefits available to the debenture holders of the Company under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (the "IT Act"), as amended by the Finance Act, 2024, i.e. applicable for the Financial Year 2024-25 relevant to the assessment year 2025-26 respectively, presently in force in India (hereinafter referred to as the "Indian Income Tax Regulations") for the purpose of inclusion in the Offer document, in connection with the Issue, has been prepared by the management of the Company, which we have initiated for identification purposes. We are informed that such debentures raised in the Issue will be listed on BSE Limited ("Stock Exchange") and the Statement has been prepared by the Company's management on such basis.

We have performed the following procedures:

- i. Read the statement of tax benefits as given in Annexure I, and
- ii. Evaluated with reference to the provisions of the IT Act to confirm that statements made are correct in all material respect.

We confirm that the Statement as set out in Annexure I materially covers all the provisions of the Indian Income Tax Regulations with respect to debenture holders of the Company. Several of these benefits are dependent on the debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws.

The benefits discussed in the enclosed Annexure I are not exhaustive. The statement is only intended to provide general information and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for the professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to specific tax implications arising out of their participation.

The contents of the enclosed Annexure I are based on the information, explanations and representations obtained from the Company and on the basis of our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.

No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/ courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume any responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes.

We hereby consent to inclusion of this report and the accompanying Statement in the relevant Offer document and/or any other document in relation to the Issue to be filed by the Company with the Stock Exchange, the Securities and Exchange Board of India, and the Registrar of Companies, and any other regulatory authority in

relation to the Issue and such other documents as may be prepared in connection with the Issue. Further we consent the inclusion of our name as "Expert" as defined under section 2(38) Companies Act, 2013 to the extent to which it relates to the Statement of Possible Tax Benefits.

This report has been issued at the request of the Company for use in connection with the Issue and may accordingly be furnished as required to SEBI, BSE Limited or any other regulatory authorities, as required, and shared with and relied on as necessary by the Company's advisors and intermediaries duly appointed in this regard.

For R.B. Jain and Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 103951W

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Partner

Membership No: 019454

UDIN : 24019454BKAIRC3495 Date : November 13, 2024 Place : Palarivattom

Cc:

Crawford Bayley & Co.
4th Floor, State Bank Buildings
N.G.N. Vaidya Marg, Fort
Mumbai – 400 023
Maharashtra, India

Annexure I

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE TAX BENEFITS UNDER THE INCOME TAX ACT, 1961 ("IT ACT") AVAILABLE TO THE DEBENTURE HOLDERS UNDER THE APPLICABLE INCOME-TAX LAWS IN INDIA.

The following tax benefits will be available to the debenture holders of the Company ("**Debenture Holders**") as per the existing provisions of law. The tax benefits are given as per the prevailing tax laws under the provisions of the IT Act, as on date, taking into account the amendments made by the Finance Act, 2024, and may vary from time to time in accordance with amendments to the law or enactments thereto. The Debenture Holders are advised to consider the tax implications in respect of subscription to the Debentures after consulting his tax advisor as alternate views are possible.

IMPLICATIONS UNDER THE IT ACT

I. TO THE RESIDENT DEBENTURE HOLDER ("RESIDENT" AS DEFINED UNDER SECTION 6 OF THE IT ACT)

A. In Respect of Interest on Debentures (NCDs)

- 1. Interest on NCD received by Debenture Holders would be subject to income tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the IT Act. Interest will be assessed to Income tax on receipt basis or mercantile basis (accrual basis) depending on the method of accounting regularly employed by the NCD holders under Section 145 of the IT Act.
- 2. Income Tax is deductible at source at the rate of 10% on interest on debentures held by resident Indians as per the provisions of Section 193 of the IT Act (in case where interest is paid to Individual or HUF, no TDS will be deducted where interest paid is less than ₹5,000 and interest is paid by way of account payee cheque).

Further, Tax will be deducted at source at reduced rate, or no tax will be deducted at source in the following cases:

- a) When the Assessing Officer issues a certificate on an application by a Debenture Holder on satisfaction that the total income of the Debenture holder justifies no/lower deduction of tax at source as per the provisions of Section 197(1) of the IT Act; and that a valid certificate is filed with the Company before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest;
- b) When the resident Debenture Holder with Permanent Account Number ('PAN') (not being a company or a firm) submits a declaration as per the provisions of section 197A(1A) of the IT Act in the prescribed Form 15G verified in the prescribed manner to the effect that the tax on his estimated total income of the financial year in which such income is to be included in computing his total income will be NIL. However, under section 197A(1B) of the IT Act, Form 15G cannot be submitted nor considered for exemption from tax deduction at source if the dividend income referred to in section 194, interest on securities, interest, withdrawal from NSS and income from units of mutual fund or of Unit Trust of India as the case may be or the aggregate of the amounts of such incomes credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid during the financial year in which such income is to be included exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income tax;
- c) Senior citizens, who are 60 or more years of age at any time during the financial year, enjoy the special privilege to submit a self-declaration in the prescribed Form 15H for non-deduction of tax at source in accordance with the provisions of section 197A(1C) of the Act even if the aggregate income credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid exceeds the maximum amount not chargeable to tax, provided that the tax due on the estimated total income of the year concerned will be NIL; and

d) In all other situations, tax would be deducted at source as per prevailing provisions of the IT Act. Please find below the class of resident investors and respective documents that would be required for granting TDS exemption:

Sr	Class of Investors	Relevant Section	Documents to be taken on record from
No.		which grants TDS exemption	Investors
1	Resident Individual or resident HUF	Claiming non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source under section 193 of the IT Act,	Form No.15G with PAN / Form No.15H with PAN / Certificate issued u/s 197(1) has to be filed with the Company. However in case of NCD Holders claiming non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, the NCD Holder should furnish either (a) a declaration (in duplicate) in the prescribed form i.e. (i) Form 15H which can be given by individuals who are of the age of 60 years or more (ii) Form 15G which can be given by all applicants (other than companies, and firms), or (iii) a certificate, from the Assessing Officer which can be obtained by all applicants (including companies and firms) by making an application in the prescribed form i.e. Form No.13.
2	Life insurance Corporation of India	Clause vi of Proviso to Section 193	Copy of Registration certificate
3	a. General Insurance Corporation of India, b. 4 companies formed under section 16(1) of General Insurance Business Act, 1972 and c. any company in which GIC and aforesaid 4 companies has full beneficial interest (100% shareholding)	Clause vii of Proviso to Section 193	a. Copy of Registration certificate b. Copy of Registration certificate c. Copy of shareholding pattern
4	Any Insurer	Clause viii of Proviso to Section 193	Copy of Registration certificate issued by IRDA
5	Mutual Funds	Section 196(iv) read with Section 10(23D)	Copy of Registration certificate issued by SEBI / RBI and notification issued by Central Government
6	Government, RBI and corporation established under Central / State Act whose income is exempt from tax	Section 196(i),(ii) and (iii)	In case of Corporation, Declaration that their income is exempt from tax with applicable provisions
7	Recognized Provident Funds, Recognized Gratuity Funds, Approved Superannuation Funds, Employees' State Insurance Fund etc.	Section 10(25) and 10(25A) and CBDT Circular - 18/2017	Copy of Registration and Recognition certificate issued by relevant statutory authorities and income-tax authorities and Declaration from the funds that there income is exempt u/s 10(25) and 10(25A)
8	New Pension System Trust	Section 10(44) read with Section 196(iii) and CBDT Circular - 18/2017	Relevant Registration certificate issued to NPS Trust under section Indian Trusts Act, 1882
9	Other entities like Local	Section 10(20) etc. read	Declaration that they fall within the

Sr No.	Class of Investors	Relevant Section which grants TDS	Documents to be taken on record from Investors	
		exemption		
	authority, Regimental Funds, IRDA etc.	with CBDT Circular - 18/2017	relevant income-tax section and eligible for income-tax exemption on their income	
10	Alternative Investment Funds (Category I and II)	Section 197A(1F)	Copy of Registration certificate issued by SEBI	

B. respect of Capital Gains

1. Long Term Capital Gain

Under Section 2(29AA) read with section 2(42A) of the IT Act, listed Debentures held as Capital Asset as defined under section 2(14) of the IT Act is treated as long term capital asset if it is held for more than 12 Months. Debentures held as capital asset for a period of 12 Months or less will be treated as short term capital asset.

Long Term Capital Gain will be chargeable to tax under Section 112 of the IT Act at the rate of 20% (plus applicable surcharge and education cess). However, in the case of listed debentures, as per first proviso to section 112(1) of the IT Act, tax payable is only 10% (plus applicable surcharge and education cess). No indexation benefit is available for debentures. Hence, the tax payable on long term capital gains on transfer of NCD will be 10% (plus applicable surcharge and education cess) and the capital gains have to be computed without indexation.

In case of an individual or HUF, being a resident, where the total income as reduced by such long-term capital gains is below the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, then, such long-term capital gains shall be reduced by the amount by which the total income as so reduced falls short of the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax and the tax on the balance of such long-term capital gains shall be computed at the rate mentioned above.

2. Short Term Capital Gains

Listed Debentures held as capital asset under Section 2(14) of the IT Act for a period of not more than 12 months would be treated as Short term capital asset under Section 2(42A) of the IT Act. Short Term Capital Gains on transfer of NCD will be taxed at the normal rates of tax in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act. The provisions relating to maximum amount not chargeable to tax would apply to short term capital gains.

3. Capital Loss on transfer of Debentures.

As per Section 74 of the IT Act, short-term capital loss on transfer of debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off against short-term as well as long-term capital gains of the said year. Balance loss, if any could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent years' short term as well as long-term capital gains. Long-term capital loss on debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off only against long-term capital gains. Balance loss, if any, could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent year's long-term capital gains.

4. Exemption available for Individuals and HUF for Long Term Capital gains U/s 54F of the IT Act.

As per the provisions of Section 54F of the IT Act, any long-term capital gains on transfer of a long term capital asset arising to a Debenture Holder who is an individual or Hindu Undivided Family, is exempt from tax if the entire net sales consideration is utilized, within a period of one year before, or two years after the date of transfer, in purchase of a new residential house in India, or for construction of residential house in India within three years from the date of transfer subject to conditions. If part of such net sales consideration is invested within the prescribed period in a residential house, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis. This exemption is available, subject to the conditions stated therein.

Under section 54EE of the IT Act, long term capital gains arising to the Debenture Holder(s) on transfer

of debentures in the company shall not be chargeable to tax to the extent such capital gains are invested in long term specified asset (a unit or units issued before 01.04.2019) as notified by Central Government within six months after the date of transfer. If only part of the capital gain is so invested, the exemption shall be proportionately reduced. However, if the said notified bonds are transferred or converted into money within a period of three years from their date of acquisition, the amount of capital gains exempted earlier would become chargeable to tax as long-term capital gains in the year in which the bonds are transferred or converted into money. However, the exemption is subject to a limit of investment of ₹50 lakhs during any financial year in the notified bonds. Where the benefit of Section 54EE of the IT Act has been availed of on investments in the notified bonds, a deduction from the income with reference to such cost shall not be allowed under section 80C of the Act.

As per provisions of section 54EE of the IT Act, capital gain on the transfer of a long-term capital asset, arising to a debenture holder is exempt from tax, if the assessee / debenture holder invested the whole or any part of capital gains in the long-term specified asset at any time within a period of six months. If the cost of the long-term specified asset is less than the capital gain arising from the transfer of the original asset, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis. This exemption is available, subject to the condition that the investment in the long-term specified asset by an assessee during any financial year does not exceed fifty lakh rupees: If the long term specified asset in which the investment has been made is transferred within a period of three years from the date of its acquisition, the amount of capital gains tax claimed earlier would became chargeable to tax as capital gains in the year in which such long term specified asset is transferred. Specified Asset means a unit or units, issued before the 1st day of April, 2019, of such fund as may be notified by the Central Government in this behalf.

C. <u>In respect of Business Income</u>

In case the Debentures are held as stock in trade by the debenture holder, the income/loss from transfer of debentures would be taxed as Income from Business. Such income is to be computed in accordance with the Income Computation and Disclosure Standard VIII, which is notified by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India under Section 145(2) of the IT Act. Where debentures are held as stock in trade and unpaid interest has accrued before acquisition of Debentures and is included in the price paid for the Debentures, subsequent receipt of interest is to be allocated between pre-acquisition and post-acquisition periods, the pre-acquisition portion of the interest is reduced from the actual cost and is to be treated as interest. In the case of Debentures held by Scheduled Bank and Public Financial Institutions, income is to be recognized in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

D. <u>Debentures received as gift without consideration or inadequate consideration.</u>

As per section 56(2)(x) of the IT Act, except in cases which are specifically exempted under this clause (such as gift received from relative as defined under the section), where the debentures are received without consideration where the aggregate market value of all gifts received exceeds 50,000- the aggregate market value of the debentures shall be taxable as income in the hands of the recipient. Similarly, if debentures are received for inadequate consideration, the shortfall in the consideration will be treated as income of the recipient subject to the provisions contained in section 56(2)(x) of the IT Act. There is no gift tax for the Donor of the Debentures.

II. TO THE NON-RESIDENT DEBENTURE HOLDER.

A Non – Resident Indian has an option to be governed by Chapter XII – A of the IT Act, subject to the provisions contained therein which are given in brief as under:

- a) As per Section 115E of the IT Act, interest income from debentures acquired or purchased with or subscribed to in convertible foreign exchange will be taxable at 20%, whereas long term capital gains on transfer of such Debentures will be taxable at 10% of such capital gains without indexation of cost of acquisition. Short-term capital gains will be taxable at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein.
- b) As per Section 115G of the IT Act, it shall not be necessary for a non-resident Indian to file a return of income under Section 139(1) of the IT Act, if his total income consists only of investment income as defined under Section 115C and/or long term capital gains earned on transfer of such investment

acquired out of convertible foreign exchange, and the tax has been deducted at source from such income under the provisions of Chapter XVII- B of the IT Act in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein.

- c) As per Section 115D (1) of the IT Act no deduction in respect of any expenditure or allowance shall be allowed under any provisions of the IT Act in the computation of income of a non-resident Indian under Chapter XII A of the IT Act.
- d) In accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 115-I of the IT Act, a Non-Resident Indian may opt not to be governed by the provisions of Chapter XII A of the IT Act.
- e) Long Term capital gains on transfer of listed debentures would be subject to tax at the rate of 10% computed without indexation.
- f) Interest income and Short-term capital gains on the transfer of listed debentures, where debentures are held for a period of not more than 12 months preceding the date of transfer, would be taxed at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the IT Act.
- g) Where debentures are held as stock in trade, the income on transfer of debentures would be taxed as business income or loss in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the IT Act.
- h) Under Section 195 of the IT Act, the applicable rate of tax deduction at source is 20% on investment income and 10% on any long-term capital gains as per Section 115E, and 30% for Short Term Capital Gains if the payee debenture Holder is a Non Resident Indian.
- i) The income tax deducted shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess. As per Section 74 of the IT Act, short-term capital loss on transfer of debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off against short-term as well as long-term capital gains of the said year. Balance loss, if any could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent years' short-term as well as long-term capital gains. Long-term capital loss on debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off only against long-term capital gains. Balance loss, if any, could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent year's long-term capital gains.

As per Section 90(2) of the IT Act read with the Circular No. 728 dated October 30, 1995 issued by the Central Board of Direct Taxes, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Tax Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in the DTAA, whichever is more beneficial to the assessee. However, submission of tax residency certificate (TRC), is a mandatory condition for availing benefits under any DTAA. If the tax residency certificate does not contain the prescribed particulars as per CBDT Notification 57/2013 dated August 1, 2013, a self-declaration in Form 10F would need to be provided by the assessee along with TRC.

- j) Alternatively, to avail non deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, the Debenture Holder should furnish a certificate under Section 195(2) and 195(3) of the IT Act, from the Assessing Officer before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest.
- k) In case the Debentures are held as stock in trade by the debenture holder, the income/loss from transfer of debentures would be taxed as Income from Business. Such income is to be computed in accordance with the Income Computation and Disclosure Standard VIII which is notified by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India under Section 145(2) of the IT Act. Where debentures are held as stock in trade and unpaid interest has accrued before acquisition of Debentures and is included in the price paid for the Debentures, subsequent receipt of interest is to be allocated between pre-acquisition and post-acquisition periods, the pre-acquisition portion of the interest is reduced from the actual cost and is to be treated as interest. In the case of Debentures held by Scheduled Bank, income is to be recognized in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.
- As per section 56(2)(x) of the IT Act, except in cases which are specifically exempted under this clause (such as gift received from relative as defined under the section), where the debentures are received without consideration where the aggregate market value of all gifts received exceeds Rs. 50,000/- the aggregate market value of the debentures shall be taxable as income in the hands of the recipient.

Similarly, if debentures are received for inadequate consideration, the shortfall in the consideration will be treated as income of the recipient subject to the provisions contained in section 56(2)(x) of the IT Act. There is no gift tax for the Donor of the Debentures.

m) As per the provisions of Section 54F of the IT Act, any long-term capital gains on transfer of a long term capital asset arising to a Debenture Holder who is an individual or Hindu Undivided Family, is exempt from tax if the entire net sales consideration is utilized, within a period of one year before, or two years after the date of transfer, in purchase of a new residential house in India, or for construction of residential house in India within three years from the date of transfer subject to conditions. If part of such net sales consideration is invested within the prescribed period in a residential house, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis. This exemption is available, subject to the conditions stated therein

III. TO THE FOREIGN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS/ FOREIGN PORTFOLIO INVESTORS (FIIs/FPIs)

- 1. As per Section 2(14)(b) of the IT Act, any securities held by FIIs which has invested in such securities in accordance with the regulations made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, shall be treated as capital assets. Accordingly, any gains arising from transfer of such securities shall be chargeable to tax in the hands of FIIs as capital gains.
- 2. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 115AD of the IT Act, long term capital gains on transfer of debentures by FIIs are taxable at 10% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) and short-term capital gains are taxable at 30% (plus applicable surcharge and cess). The benefit of cost indexation will not be available. Further, benefit of provisions of the first proviso of Section 48 of the IT Act will not apply.
- 3. Interest on NCD may be eligible for concessional tax rate of 5% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) for interest referred under Section 194LD.
- 4. Further, in case where section 194LD is not applicable, the interest income earned by FIIs/FPIs should be chargeable to tax at the rate of 20% under section 115AD of the IT Act. Tax shall be deducted u/s. 196D of the IT Act on such income 141 at 20%. Where DTAA is applicable to the payee, the rate of tax deduction shall be lower of rate as per DTAA or 20%, subject to the conditions prescribed therein.
- 5. Section 194LD in the IT Act provides for lower rate of withholding tax at the rate of 5% on payment by way of interest paid by an Indian Company to FIIs and Qualified Foreign Investor in respect of rupee denominated bond of an Indian Company between June 1, 2013 and July 1, 2023 provided such rate does not exceed the rate as may be notified by the Government.
- 6. The income tax deducted shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess.
- 7. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 196D(2) of the IT Act, no deduction of tax at source is applicable in respect of capital gains arising on the transfer of debentures by FIIs referred to in section 115AD.
- 8. The CBDT has issued a Notification No. 9 dated 22 January 2014 which provides that Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) registered under SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014 shall be treated as FII for the purpose of Section 115AD of the IT Act.

IV. TO MUTUAL FUNDS

All mutual funds registered under Securities and Exchange Board of India or set up by public sector banks or public financial institutions or authorized by the Reserve Bank of India are exempt from tax on all their income, including income from investment in Debentures under the provisions of Section 10 (23D) of the IT Act in accordance with the provisions contained therein. Further, as per the provisions of section 196 of the IT Act, no deduction of tax shall be made by any person from any sums payable to mutual funds specified under Section 10(23D) of the IT Act, where such sum is payable to it by way of interest or dividend in respect of any securities or shares owned by it or in which it has full beneficial interest, or any other income accruing or arising to it.

V. TO SPECIFIED FUNDS ("SPECIFIED FUND" AS DEFINED UNDER SECTION 10(4D) OF THE IT ACT)

The income of Specified Funds is taxable for the year beginning April 1, 2020, to the extent attributable to units held by non-resident (not being a permanent establishment of a non-resident in India), and in accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 115AD of the IT Act, as under:

- a) The interest income earned are chargeable to tax at the rate of 10%;
- b) long term capital gains on transfer of debentures to the specified extent are taxable at 10% (benefit of provisions of the first proviso of section 48 of the IT Act will not apply); and
- c) Short-term capital gains are taxable at 30%.

Further, where any income in respect of NCD is payable to Specified Funds, tax shall be deducted at the rate of 10% on the income other than exempt under section 10(4D) with effect from November 1, 2020 as per Section 196D of the IT Act.

The income tax deducted shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess.

VI. REQUIREMENTS TO FURNISH PAN/FILING OF RETURNS UNDER THE IT ACT

1. SEC. 139A (5A):

Section 139A (5A) requires every person from whom income tax has been deducted at source under chapter XVII – B of the IT Act to furnish his PAN to the person responsible for deduction of tax at source.

2. SEC. 206AA:

- a) Section 206AA of the IT Act requires every person entitled to receive any sum, on which tax is deductible under Chapter XVIIB ('deductee') to furnish his PAN to the deductor, failing which tax shall be deducted at the higher of the following rates:
 - (i) at the rate specified in the relevant provision of the IT Act; or
 - (ii) at the rate or rates in force; or
 - (iii) at the rate of twenty per cent. 142
 - b) A declaration under Section 197A (1) or 197A (1A) or 197A (1C) shall not be valid unless the person furnishes his PAN in such declaration and the deductor is required to deduct tax as per Para (a) above in such a case.
- c) Where a wrong PAN is provided, it will be regarded as non-furnishing of PAN and Para (a) above will apply.
- d) As per Rule 37BC, the higher rate under section 206AA shall not apply to a non resident, not being a company, or to a foreign company, in respect of payment of interest, if the non-resident deductee furnishes the prescribed details inter alia TRC and Tax Identification Number (TIN).

3. SEC. 206AB

Further, the Finance Act, 2021 inserted new section for punitive withholding tax rate for non-filers of return of income with effect from 1 July 2021 as per which payments made to the specified persons will be subject to TDS at higher of twice the applicable rate or 5% in respect of all TDS/TCS provisions except for specific exclusions.

NOTES FORMING PART OF STATEMENT OF TAX BENEFITS

1. The above Statement sets out the provisions of law in a summary manner only and is not a complete

- analysis or listing of all potential tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposal of debenture/bonds.
- 2. The above statement covers only certain relevant benefits under the IT Act and does not cover benefits under any other law.
- 3. The above statement of possible tax benefits is as per the current direct tax laws relevant for the Assessment Year 2025-2026 (Financial year 2024-25) and taking into account the amendments made by the Finance Act, 2024.
- 4. This statement is intended only to provide general information to the Debenture Holders and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each debenture Holder is advised to consult his/her/its own tax advisor with respect to specific consequences of his/her/its holding in the debentures of the Company.
- 5. Several of the above tax benefits are dependent on the debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws and subject to Chapter X and Chapter XA of the IT Act.
- 6. The stated benefits will be available only to the sole/ first named holder in case the debenture is held by joint holders.
- 7. In respect of non-residents, the tax rates and consequent taxation mentioned above will be further subject to any benefits available under the relevant tax treaty, if any, between India and the country in which the non-resident has fiscal domicile.
- 8. In respect of non-residents, taxes paid in India could be claimed as a credit in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax treaty and applicable domestic tax law.
- 9. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/ courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to changes from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. We shall not be liable to any claims, liabilities or expenses relating to this assignment except to the extent of fees relating to this assignment, as finally judicially determined to have resulted primarily from bad faith or intentional misconduct. We will not be liable to any other person in respect of this statement.

SECTION IV - ABOUT OUR COMPANY AND THE INDUSTRY

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Unless otherwise indicated, all of the information and statics disclosed in this section are extracted from an industry report titled "Industry report on gold loans, personal loans, MSME loans, and microfinance loans — August 2024", prepared and issued by CRISIL Limited. For details of risks in relation to CRISIL Report and other publications, see "Risk Factors-"Third party statistical and financial data in this Prospectus may be incomplete and unreliable" contained in this Prospectus" on page 36. Unless otherwise indicated, all industry and other related information derived from CRISIL Report. The information presented in this section, including forecasts and projections, have not been prepared or independently verified by us, our Directors, our Promoters, the Lead Manager or any of our or their respective advisors.

The data may have been re-classified by us for the purposes of presentation. Industry sources and publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable, but that their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Industry sources and publications are also prepared based on information as of specific dates and may no longer be current or reflect current trends. Industry sources and publications may also base their information on estimates, projections, forecasts and assumptions that may prove to be incorrect. Accordingly, investors must rely on their independent examination of, and should not place undue reliance on, or base their investment decision solely on this information. The recipient should not construe any of the contents in the CRISIL Report as advice relating to business, financial, legal, taxation or investment matters and are advised to consult their own business, financial, legal, taxation, and other advisors concerning the transaction.

GLOBAL ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

India is projected to maintain its position as one of the world's most rapidly expanding economies

The Indian economy has been one of the fastest-growing major economies globally during fiscal 2024. It logged a robust 8.2% growth on the back of strong domestic fundamentals and benign inflation expectations.

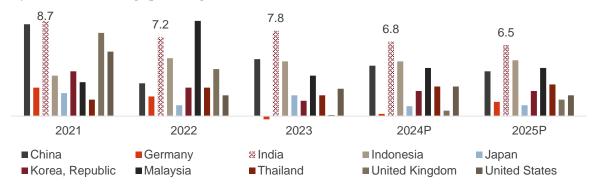
CRISIL MI&A Research projects economic growth to moderate at 6.8% in fiscal 2025, largely due to cyclical factors. Further, as of this fiscal, global growth is expected to slow even as the impact of the Reserve Bank of India's (RBI's) rate hikes on domestic demand plays out. The impact of the escalation of the Middle East conflict on energy and logistics costs will remain a key monitorable.

According to the World Economic Outlook's April 2024 forecasts, the global economic growth prospects remain largely stable, with no significant changes expected as of July 2024, with GDP growth expected to hold at 3.2% in 2024 and marginally increase to 3.3% in 2025. The latest projections are based on revised commodity price forecasts, including a 5% increase in non-fuel prices in 2024. Meanwhile, energy prices are expected to drop by 4.6% in 2024, a smaller decline than previously predicted, due to OPEC's production cuts and ongoing Middle East tensions. Additionally, major central banks are still expected to lower interest rates in the second half of 2024, although the pace of normalization will vary depending on individual countries' inflation situations.

The forecast for advanced economies has been revised to show a slower decline in inflation in 2024 and 2025, due to persistent service price inflation and higher commodity prices. However, as labour markets cool down and energy prices drop, headline inflation is expected to return to target levels by the end of 2025. In contrast, inflation is expected to remain higher and decline more slowly in emerging markets and developing economies, although it has already returned to pre-pandemic levels in many of these countries, partly due to falling energy prices.

The US Federal Reserve's cut its benchmark rate by 50 basis points in September 2024, which allows Asia-Pacific central banks to take some time before they pivot on their monetary policies. Among major central banks in the region, the Bank of Japan and the People's Bank of China (PBOC) are due to announce their rate decisions this week, and the Reserve Bank of Australia is due to review its monetary policy September 2024.

On-year real GDP change percentage



Note: All forecasts refer to IMF forecasts. *Forecast for the calendar year, while for India, it is fiscal, i.e., 2021 = fiscal 2022; 2022 = fiscal 2023, P: Projected, E: Estimated

Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF April 2024 World Economic outlook), CRISIL MI&A Research

The growth forecast for emerging markets and developing economies has been revised upwards, driven by stronger activity in Asia, particularly in China and India. China's growth forecast has been increased to 5% in 2024, due to a rebound in private consumption and strong exports in the first quarter. However, growth is expected to slow down to 4.5% in 2025 and continue to decelerate to 3.3% by 2029, due to challenges from an aging population and slowing productivity growth. India's growth forecast has also been revised upwards to 7.0% this year, driven by carryover from previous upward revisions and improved prospects for private consumption, especially in rural areas.

Country	2021	2022	2023	2024P	2025P
China	8.4	3.0	5.2	4.6	4.1
Germany	2.6	1.8	-0.3	0.2	1.3
India	8.7	7.2	7.8	6.8	6.5
Indonesia	3.7	5.3	5.0	5.0	5.1
Japan	2.1	1.0	1.9	0.9	1.0
Korea, Republic	4.1	2.6	1.4	2.3	2.3
Malaysia	3.1	8.7	3.7	4.4	4.4
Thailand	1.5	2.6	1.9	2.7	2.9
United Kingdom	7.6	4.3	0.1	0.5	1.5
United States	5.9	1.9	2.5	2.7	1.9

Note: All forecasts refer to IMF forecasts. *Forecast for the calendar year, while for India, it is fiscal, i.e., 2021 = fiscal 2022; 2022 = fiscal 2023, P: Projected, E: Estimated

Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF April 2024 World Economic outlook), CRISIL MI&A Research

Per capita GDP increasing

With GDP growth having gained pace, CRISIL MI&A Research forecasts that the per capita income will gradually improve, enabling domestic consumption over the medium term. As per IMF estimates, India's per capita income (at current prices) is expected to grow annually at ~9% during FY24.

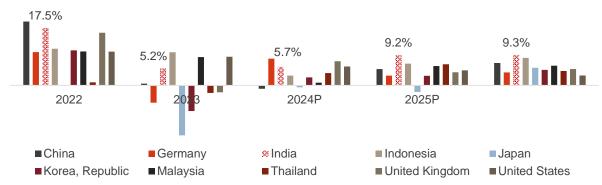
GDP per capital, current prices (US dollar per capita)

Country	2021	2022	2023E	2024P	2025P
China	12,572	12,643	12,514	13,136	14,037
Germany	51,461	48,756	52,727	54,291	56,439
India	2,250	2,366	2,500	2,731	2,984
Indonesia	4,358	4,799	4,942	5,271	5,714

Japan	40,114	34,005	33,806	33,138	34,922
Korea, Republic	35,126	32,395	33,192	34,165	35,785
Malaysia	11,476	12,466	12,570	13,315	14,115
Thailand	7,237	7,073	7,337	7,812	8,153
United Kingdom	46,704	45,730	49,099	51,075	53,627
United States	70,996	77,192	81,632	85,373	87,978

Note: Forecast for the calendar year, while for India, it is fiscal year, i.e., 2021 = fiscal 2022; 2022 = fiscal 2023, P: Projected Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF April 2024 World Economic outlook), CRISIL MI&A Research

Growth in per capita GDP, current prices



Note: *Forecast for the calendar year, while for India, it is fiscal year, i.e., 2021 = fiscal 2022; 2022 = fiscal 2023, P: Projected

Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF April 2024 World Economic outlook), CRISIL MI&A Research

Country	2021	2022	2023E	2024P	2025P
China	19.4	0.6	-1.0	5.0	6.9
Germany	10.2	-5.3	8.1	3.0	4.0
India	17.5	5.2	5.7	9.2	9.3
Indonesia	11.2	10.1	3.0	6.6	8.4
Japan	-0.1	-15.2	-0.6	-2.0	5.4
Korea, Republic	10.7	-7.8	2.5	2.9	4.7
Malaysia	10.3	8.6	0.8	5.9	6.0
Thailand	0.9	-2.3	3.7	6.5	4.4
United Kingdom	16.0	-2.1	7.4	4.0	5.0
United States	10.3	8.7	5.8	4.6	3.1

Note: *Forecast for the calendar year, while for India, it is fiscal year, i.e., 2021 = fiscal 2022; 2022 = fiscal 2023, P: Projected Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF April 2024 World Economic outlook), CRISIL MI&A Research

An overview of the Indian economy

While the global economy faces headwinds, India is poised to continue its growth

Despite grappling with the formidable challenges of Covid-19, geopolitical conflicts, and climate change, the Indian economy has demonstrated notable resilience and exceeded growth expectations. Amid a global slowdown, tighter monetary conditions, and high inflation, India has achieved a higher economic growth rate compared to

many of its peers. This success is attributable to strong domestic consumption, lower dependence on global demand, and continued resistance to external headwinds. Optimism prevails as the rural economy shows signs of recovery, while strong growth in manufacturing, robust bank balance sheets, increased credit growth, and high-value manufacturing bolster India's underlying growth potential.

India's gross domestic product (GDP) exceeded expectations yet again. According to the National Statistics Office (NSO)'s second advance estimates (SAE), real GDP accelerated to 8.2% on-year in fiscal 2024 from 7.6% in fiscal 2023. Growth of the past two quarters were revised up (fourth quarter was revised to 7.8% from 5.9%, and third quarter to 8.6% from 8.4%).

After a strong GDP print in the past three fiscals, GDP grew at 6.7% on year in first quarter of fiscal 2025. The print was a deceleration vs the fourth quarter of fiscal 2024, which saw the economy expand at 7.8%. The nominal GDP moderated as well to 9.7% from 9.9% in last quarter of fiscal 2024 but was higher than 8.5% in the year ago quarter.

CRISIL MI&A Research expects the GDP growth to moderate to 6.8% this fiscal after a higher of 8.2% last year, weighted down by high interest rates and low fiscal impulse. Last year's laggards – agriculture and consumption – are poised to rise. Rural demand is expected to drive consumption.

The Indian economy will take support from domestic structural reforms and cyclical levers and can retain and even improve its growth prospects. This can be done by continuing to build infrastructure both digital and physical and undertaking growth-enhancing reforms aimed at improving the ease of doing business. Amid global risks, this can also allow India to grasp opportunities from diversifying global supply chains.

On-year GDP change



Note: F: Forecast, @:1st Revised Estimate, ^: Provisional Estimate Source: National Statistical Office (NSO), CRISIL MI&A Research

In the near term gradually the government of India will start receding its capex, and expectations the pass on being taken up by the private sector. Some sectors have already been picked up by the private capex such as electronics, EVs and green transition accounted for 16% of incremental capex in fiscals 2023 and 2024.

Macroeconomic outlook

Macro variable	FY23	FY24	FY25F	Rationale for outlook
Real GDP (%, y-o-y)	7.0	8.2^	6.8	High interest rates and lower fiscal impulse (from reduction in fiscal deficit to 5.1% of GDP) will temper domestic demand. Net indirect tax impact on GDP is expected to normalise this fiscal. Uneven growth in key trade partners will restrict healthy export recovery. But budgetary support to capex and rural incomes will support growth.
Consumer price index (CPI)-based inflation (%, y-o-y)	6.7	5.5	4.5	Soft commodity prices and healthier farm output should help moderate inflation. A non-inflationary budget that focuses on asset creation rather than direct cash support bodes well for core inflation and hence monetary policy

Macro variable	FY23	FY24	FY25F	Rationale for outlook
Current account balance/ GDP (%)	-2.0	-0.7	-1.0	Softer crude oil prices and moderation in domestic growth will keep trade deficit in check despite tepid exports of goods. Alongside, robust services trade surplus and healthy remittances will keep the current account deficit (CAD) in check
Rs/\$ (March end)	82.3	83.0	84.0	Narrower CAD and healthy foreign portfolio flow into debt amid a favourable domestic macro environment will support the rupee
Fiscal deficit (% of GDP)	6.4	5.6	4.9	Continued pursuit of fiscal consolidation aided by moderation in revenue spending and robust tax collections will reduce the fiscal deficit and lead to lower government borrowings from the market
yield (fiscal- end %) 7.4 7.0 6.8 inflation and expected rate cut yields. India's inclusion in the		6.8	Lower gross market borrowings will reduce the pressure on yields. Lower inflation and expected rate cuts by the MPC will create downside pressure on yields. India's inclusion in the JP Morgan Emerging Market Bond Index is favourable for capital flows into government debt	

[^]National Statistical Office (NSO) third advance estimate; *FY24 and FY25 numbers are government's revised and budget estimates

Note: F - forecast

Source: RBI, National Statistical Office (NSO), CRISIL MI&A Research

Indigenous advantages to result in a stronger economic growth rate in the longer term

India has the largest population in the world

As per the report published (in July 2020) by National commission on population, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare report, India's population in 2011 was 121 crores, comprising nearly 24.6 crore households. It should be noted that decadal growth rate during 2001-2011 stood at 17%. This is estimated to have fallen to 12% during 2011-2021 and is likely to decline further to 9% during 2021-2031. However, with 147 crore estimated population in 2030, India will continue to be a major opportunity market from demand perspective. Additionally, as per United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, India has overtaken China as the world's most populous country in April 2023.

India's population growth trajectory (billion)



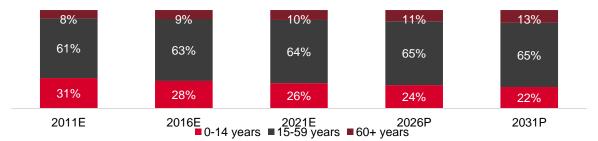
Note: P – Projected, E – Estimates

Source: Census of India 2011, Ministry of Health and family welfare, CRISIL MI&A Research

Favourable demographics

India is also one of the countries with the largest youth population, with a median age of 28 years. About 90% of Indians are aged below 60 years. It is estimated that 64% of this population is aged between 15 and 59 years. CRISIL MI&A Research expects the existence of a large share of working population, coupled with rapid urbanisation and rising affluence, will propel growth of the Indian financial services sector.

India's demographic division (share of different age groups in India's population)



Note: P – Projected, E – Estimates

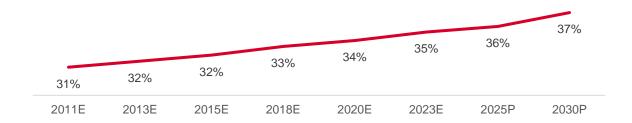
Source: Census of India 2011, Ministry of Health and family welfare, CRISIL MI&A Research

Rise in urbanisation

Urbanisation is a key growth driver for India, as it leads to faster infrastructure development, job creation, development of modern consumer services, and the city's ability to mobilise savings. The share of urban population in total population has been consistently rising over the years and is expected to reach 36% by 2025 from 31% in 2011, spurring more demand.

Urban consumption in India has shown signs of improvement and given the country's favourable demographics, coupled with rising disposable incomes, the trend is likely to continue and drive domestic economic growth.

Urbanisation in India



Note: P – Projected, E – Estimates

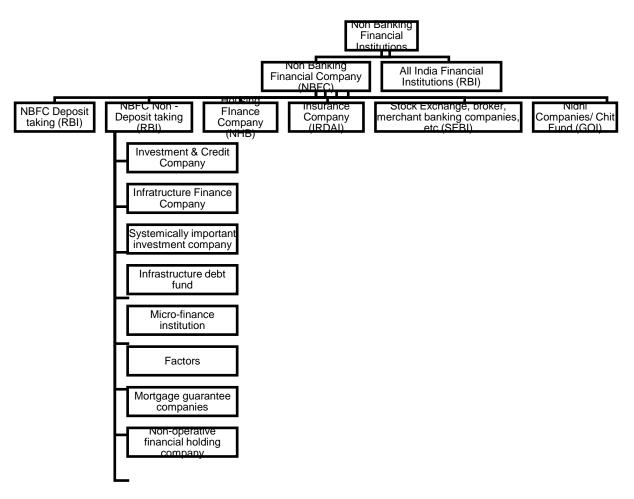
Source: Census of India 2011, Ministry of Health and family welfare, CRISIL MI&A Research

Overall NBFC – Industry overview

NBFCs are important part of the credit system

Financing needs in India have risen in sync with the notable economic growth over the past decade. NBFCs have played a major role in meeting this need, complementing banks and other financial institutions. NBFCs help fill gaps in the availability of financial services with respect to products as well as customer and geographic segments. A strong linkage at the grassroots level makes them a critical cog in the financial machine. They cater to the unbanked masses in rural and semi-urban reaches and lend to the informal sector and people without credit histories, thereby enabling the government and regulators to realise the mission of financial inclusion.

Structure of non-banking financial institutions in India



Note: The regulatory authority for the respective institution is indicated within the brackets; All-India Financial Institutions include NABARD, SIDBI, EXIM Bank

Source: RBI, CRISIL MI&A Research

Classification of NBFCs

NBFCs until now have been classified on the basis of the kind of liabilities they access, types of activities they pursue and their perceived systemic importance. RBI on October 22, 2021, introduced additional classification of NBFCs vide Scale Based Regulation (SBR) framework into four categories i.e., Base Layer (NBFC – BL), Middle Layer (NBFC – ML), Upper Layer (NBFC – UL) and Top Layer (NBFC – TL).

Liabilities-based classification

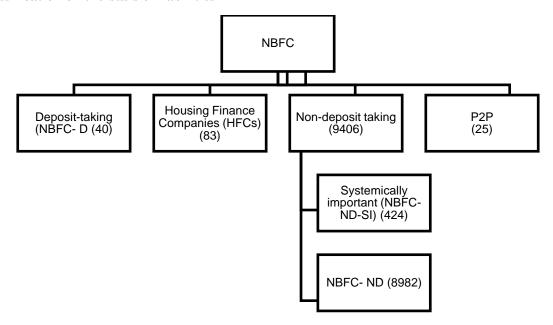
NBFCs are classified on the basis of liabilities into two broad categories:

- (a) deposit-taking; and
- (b) non-deposit taking.

Deposit-taking NBFCs (NBFC - D) are subject to the requirements of stricter capital adequacy, liquid-assets maintenance and exposure norms.

Further, in 2015, non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size of Rs 5 billion and above were labelled as 'systemically important non-deposit taking NBFCs' (NBFC - ND - SI), and separate prudential regulations were made applicable to them.

Classification on the basis of liabilities



Note: Figures in brackets represent number of entities registered with RBI as of March 2023.

Source: RBI, CRISIL MI&A Research

Activity-based classification

As per the RBI circular dated February 22, 2019, the central bank merged three categories of NBFCs, i.e., asset finance companies (AFC), loan companies (LCs) and investment companies (ICs), into a new category called NBFC - Investment and Credit Company (NBFC-ICC)

- Investment and credit company (NBFC-ICC): An NBFC-ICC means any company that is a financial
 institution carrying on as its principal business of providing finance by making loans or advances or
 otherwise for any activity other than its own and acquisition of securities; and is not any other category
 of NBFC.
- 2. **Infrastructure finance company (IFC):** An IFC is an NBFC that deploys at least 75% of its total assets in infrastructure loans and has a minimum net-owned funds of Rs 300 crore, with a minimum credit rating of 'A' or equivalent and a 15% CRAR (Capital to risk-weighted adequacy ratio).

- Infrastructure debt fund (IDF-NBFC): An IDF-NBFC is a company registered as an NBFC to
 facilitate the flow of long-term debt into infrastructure projects. It raises resources through the issue of
 rupee or dollar-denominated bonds with a minimum five-year maturity. Only IFCs can sponsor IDFNBFCs
- 4. **Micro-finance institution (NBFC-MFI):** An NBFC-MFI is a non-deposit-taking NBFC with not less than 75% of its assets in the nature of qualifying assets, which satisfy the following criteria:
 - NBFC MFIs can disburse loans to borrowers with household annual income not exceeding Rs 300,000. The household shall mean an individual family unit, i.e., husband, wife and their unmarried children.
 - All collateral-free loans will be considered as qualifying assets. Such loans will include all non-collateral loans irrespective of end use and mode of application/processing/disbursal.
 - The loan shall not be linked with a lien on the deposit account of the borrower.
- 5. **Factors (NBFC-Factors):** An NBFC-Factor is a non-deposit-taking NBFC engaged in the principal business of factoring. Financial assets in the factoring business should constitute at least 50% of its total assets and income derived from the factoring business should not be less than 50% of its gross income.
- 6. **Mortgage guarantee companies (MGC):** An MGC is a financial institution for which at least 90% of the business turnover is mortgage guarantees or at least 90% of the gross income is from the mortgage-guarantee business and whose net-owned funds is at least Rs 100 crore.
- 7. **Non-operative financial holding company (NOFHC):** An NOFHC is a financial institution through which promoter / promoter groups will be permitted to set up a new bank. A wholly owned NOFHC will hold the bank as well as all other financial services companies regulated by the RBI or other financial sector regulators to the extent permissible under the applicable regulatory prescriptions.
- 8. **Account Aggregators (NBFC-AA):** NBFC Account Aggregator is a financial entity which functions as the Account Aggregator for the customers of NBFC. NBFC-AA accumulates and provides information concerning multiple accounts which are held by the customers in various NBFC entities.
- 9. **Peer to Peer Lending (NBFC-P2P):** NBFC –Peer to Peer Lending platform (NBFC-P2P) is a type of Non-Banking Financial Company which carries on the business of providing services of Loan facilitation to willing lenders and borrowers through online platform.

Scale based classification

As per RBI circular dated October 22, 2021, the central bank introduced Scale Based Regulation (SBR) framework for classification of NBFCs along with the activity-based classification of NBFCs as per earlier regulations. The revised SBR framework shall be effective from October 01, 2022

As per the revised framework NBFCs will be classified into four layers based on their size, activity and perceived riskiness. NBFCs in the lowest layer will be known as NBFC – Base Layer (NBFC BL), NBFCs in middle layer and upper layer shall be known as NBFC - Middle Layer (NBFC-ML) and NBFC - Upper Layer (NBFC-UL) respectively. The Top Layer is expected to be empty and will be known as NBFC - Top Layer (NBFC - TL).

Classification on the basis of scale-based regulation

NBFC – Base Layer
(NBFC-BL)

NBFC – Middle Layer
(NBFC-Upper Layer
(NBFC-UL)

NBFC – Top Layer
(NBFC-TL)

Source: RBI, CRISIL MI&A Research

Base Layer – NBFC – BL shall comprise of (a). Non deposit taking NBFCs below asset size of Rs 1000 crore and (b). Following NBFCs – (i) NBFC P2P, (ii) NBFC – AA, (iii) NOHFC, and (iv) NBFCs not availing public funds and not having any customer interface

Middle Layer – NBFC – ML shall comprise of (a). All deposit taking NBFCs irrespective of asset size, (b). Non-deposit taking with asset size of Rs 1000 crore and above and (c). Following NBFCs – (i) Standalone primary dealer (SPD), (ii) Infrastructure debt fund (IDF), (iii) Core investment companies (CIC), (iv) Housing finance companies (HFCs) and (v) Infrastructure finance companies (IFCs) Government owned NBFCs shall be placed in the Base Layer or Middle Layer, as the case may be. They will not be placed in the Upper Layer till further notice by RBI.

Upper Layer – NBFC – UL shall comprise of NBFCs which are specifically identified by the Reserve Bank as warranting enhanced regulatory requirement based on a set of parameters and scoring methodology. The top ten eligible NBFCs in terms of their asset size shall always reside in the upper layer, irrespective of any other factor.

Top Layer – NBFC – TL shall be populated only if in opinion of RBI there is a substantial increase in the potential systemic risk from specific NBFCs in the Upper Layer. Such NBFCs shall be moved to Top layer from the Upper layer.

Other regulatory changes under Scale Based Regulations

1. Net Owned Fund (NOF) for NBFC-ICC, NBFC-MFI and NBFC-Factors shall be increased to Rs 10 cr timelines for change in NOF for above mentioned NBFCs is as follows.

NBFCs	Current NOF	By March 31, 2025	By March 31, 2027
NBFC - ICC	Rs 2 crore	Rs 5 crore	Rs 10 crore
NBFC - MFI	Rs 5 crore (Rs 2 crore in	Rs 7 crore (Rs 5 crore in NE	Rs 10 crore
	NE region)	region)	
NBFC – Factors	Rs 5 crore	Rs 7 crore	Rs 10 crore

2. NPA classification: NPA classification norms stands changed to the overdue period of more than 90 days for all categories of NBFCs, timelines to adhere change for NBFC – BL to 90 days NPA norm is as follows.

NPA norms	Timeline
>150 days overdue	By March 31, 2024
>120 days overdue	By March 31, 2025
>90 days overdue	By March 31, 2026

- 3. Experience of the board Considering the need for professional experience in managing the affairs of NBFCs, at least one of the directors shall have relevant experience of having worked in a bank/ NBFC. This regulation shall be applicable for all class of NBFCs.
- 4. Ceiling on IPO Funding RBI prescribed ceiling of Rs 1 crore per borrower for financing subscriptions to IPO. NBFCs can fix more conservative limits. This regulation shall come into effect from April 01, 2022.

Prompt corrective action framework

NBFCs have been growing in size and now have substantial interconnectedness with other segments of the financial system. Accordingly, in October 2022, the RBI made effective a prompt corrective action (PCA) framework to further strengthen the supervisory tools applicable to NBFCs. The objective of the framework is to enable supervisory intervention at the appropriate time.

It requires the supervised entity to initiate and implement remedial measures in a timely manner to restore its financial health. It does not preclude the central bank from taking any other action as it deems fit at any time, in addition to the corrective actions prescribed in the framework.

The PCA framework applies to all NBFC-Ds and all NBFC-NDs in the middle, upper and top layers, identified under the new SBR. It excludes NBFCs not accepting/ not intending to accept public funds, government companies, primary dealers and HFCs.

The risk thresholds when breached that may result in invocation of PCA are:

1. For NBFC-Ds and NBFC-NDs (excluding CICs):

Indicator	Risk threshold 1	Risk threshold 2	Risk threshold 3
CRAR	Up to 300 bps below the regulatory minimum CRAR (currently, CRAR <15% but ≥12%)	More than 300 bps, but up to 600 bps below regulatory minimum CRAR (currently, CRAR <12% but ≥9%)	More than 600 bps below regulatory minimum CRAR (currently, CRAR <9%)
Tier 1 capital ratio	Up to 200 bps below the regulatory minimum tier 1 capital ratio (currently, tier 1 capital ratio <10% but ≥8%)	400 bps below the regulatory	capital ratio [currently, tier 1
NNPA ratio (including NPIs)	>6% but ≤ 9%	>9% but ≤12%	>12%

Source: RBI

2. For CICs

Indicator	Risk threshold 1	Risk threshold 2	Risk threshold 3
Adjusted net worth (ANW) / aggregate risk weighted asset (RWA)	Up to 600 bps below the regulatory minimum ANW/RWA (currently, ANW/RWA <30% but ≥24%)	More than 600 bps, but up to 1200 bps below regulatory minimum ANW/ RWA (currently, ANW/RWA <24% but ≥18%)	More than 1200 bps below regulatory minimum ANW/ RWA (currently, ANW/RWA <18%)
Leverage ratio	≥2.5 times but <3 times	\geq 3 times but <3.5 times	≥3.5 times
NNPA ratio (including NPIs)	>6% but ≤ 9%	>9% but ≤12%	

Source: RBI

Credit concentration norms

RBI, in its April 19, 2022, guidelines on Large Exposure Framework for Non-Banking Financial Company – Upper Layer (NBFC-UL), permits exposures to the original counterparty to be offset with certain credit risk transfer instruments. These include instruments such as cash margin/caution money/security deposit against which the right to set off is available, held as collateral against the advances, and government guaranteed claims (0% risk weight for central and 20% for state government for CRAR computation) However, this was exclusive to NBFC-UL.

In a move towards standardisation, the RBI has extended this provision to NBFCs in the middle and base layers. This harmonisation levels the playing field for all NBFCs across layers.

Out of 9,376 RBI-registered NBFCs, only 15 falls under the NBFC-UL category, while the majority are in the middle and base layers.

Gold finance

Gold loan growth to regain lustre

Banks dominate the gold loan segment

Туре	Share (FY24)	Book (Rs bn) - FY24	CAGR (FY20-FY24)	Growth in FY24	Growth in FY25P
NBFCs	21%	1,619	15.7%	16.4%	17-18%
Banks	79%	5,989	28.3%	24.3%	21-23%
Overall	100%	7,607	25.0%	22.6%	19-21%

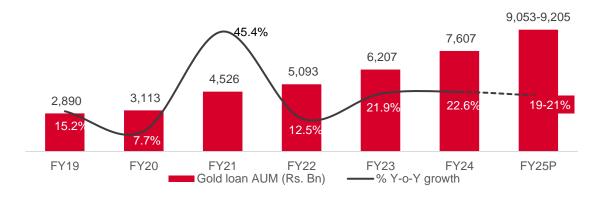
Note: P — projected

Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

The overall gold loan segment (banks and NBFCs combined) grew by 23% during fiscal 2024, marginally slower than the 25% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) logged between fiscals 2020 and 2024. While credit growth of banks in the segment is estimated to have normalised, credit growth of NBFCs have recovered post a slack seen post pandemic, leading to healthy growth in the overall segment in fiscal 2024, primarily driven by increasing gold prices, an inherently better asset quality performance and better rates of interest.

In fiscal 2025, the overall segment is expected to grow a further 19-21%. Gold loan NBFCs will continue to lose market share to banks amid competition in the segment even as their disbursements are expected to recover. Further, on account of regulatory action on IIFL Finance by RBI and it imposing curbs on new sanctions has led to the company's portfolio to shrink considerably which will also drag the overall credit growth of non-banks during current fiscal.

Gold loan AUM to normalise



Note: 1) P — projected

2) Includes agricultural lending by banks with gold as collateral

Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

The firming up of gold prices in India on account of elevated inflation, a global economic slowdown, rupee depreciation and an increase in gold import duty could support the loan-to-value (LTV) ratio of lenders. Rising prices also create headroom for further credit growth.

The customer shift from unorganised to organised players will also support credit growth, largely because unorganised players charge exorbitant rates of interest and provide little clarity on valuation of gold and LTV. Also, there is no assurance that the pledged asset will be returned.

CRISIL MI&A Research believes organised financiers will see their share grow, driven by increasing gold loan penetration in the country through geographical diversification and wider popularity of this mode of financing.

Organised gold loan penetration in India (computed as gold stock with organised financiers divided by the total gold stock in India) is estimated at ~6% as of March 2024, indicating significant headroom for organised gold loan market growth. It is expected to deepen due to wider geographical diversification, a growing branch network and increasing keenness of households to monetise their gold holdings for personal and business needs. The increase in gold prices and expectations of micro enterprises to fund their working capital requirements through these loans are also expected to boost gold financing growth

The organised segment has been using digital and online platforms, along with phygital (combination of physical and digital) modes to do business. In fact, the growing uptake under these modes is expected to be the primary growth driver.

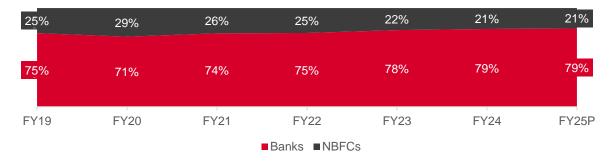
Market share interplay between banks and gold loan NBFCs

Banks have enjoyed a majority share in the domestic gold loan business historically. Their share increased significantly whenever there was a major disruption in the financial markets, such as the Global Financial Crisis of 2008, the taper tantrum of fiscal 2014 and the onset of the pandemic in fiscal 2021. Banks perceive gold as a product with relatively better asset quality as it is a liquid collateral. Not only does it offer a higher rate of interest but also, gold prices are likely to increase. In fiscal 2021, during the peak of the pandemic, an increase in the regulatory cap on LTV to 90% for a year provided banks further incentives to focus on the safer gold loan segment. After fiscal 2021, despite lowering of the regulatory cap on LTV to 75%, banks continued to grow in the segment, as the country reeled under the impact of the second pandemic wave and subsequent reimposition of lockdowns. The major focus of banks has been on growing the agri-gold loan book which is also given priority sector lending (PSL) benefits.

With banks aggressively focusing on the segment, gold loan NBFCs have seen a sustained reduction in their share, including in the last fiscal. Banks are competing in the gold loan segment by focusing on agri-gold loans, which qualify for priority sector lending, along with offering lower interest rates to existing-to-bank (ETB) customers in higher ticket sizes. Gold loan NBFCs compete on turnaround time (as low as 5-15 minutes), service levels and ease of processing.

Although the intensity of competition from banks have reduced in the current fiscals, the non-bank financers are expected to continue losing market share to banks. This is on back of considerable decline in the gold portfolio of one of the key gold financers due to RBIs curb on sanction of new loans and due to closer of existing loans at a faster pace. The top gold financing company's are estimated to grow at healthy double digit rate, however, due to decline in base overall non-banks growth rate is expected to be dragged below banks.

Banks to continue to outpace NBFCs, gain market share in the near to medium term



Note: 1) P — projected

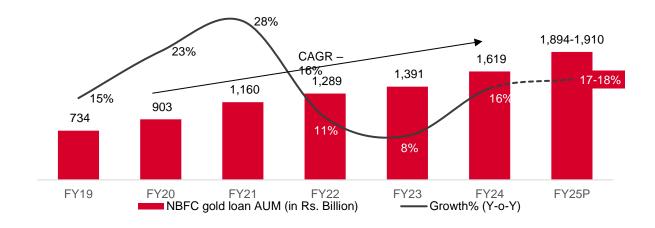
NBFCs compete on operating efficiency, turnaround time and local connect while managing risks

Despite banks having a competitive advantage by offering gold loans at a lower cost, NBFCs have been trying to compete through aggressive branch expansion and a sharper focus on customer experience. They focus more on the gold loan business and have, accordingly, built their service offerings by investing significantly in manpower, systems and processes in line with customer needs. Some key features are listed below:

- 1. **Lower turnaround time and less documentation:** The borrower generally wants to get the loan disbursed as quickly as possible. Availability of well-trained and experienced employees in assessment and valuing gold helps NBFCs disburse loans faster than banks
- 2. **Wider reach and better local connect:** NBFCs have a wider and deeper reach geographically, especially in rural and semi-urban regions, where the demand for gold loans is higher
- 3. **Risk management process:** Most NBFCs have put in place a comprehensive and robust risk management process based on their experience and considering the key risks involved. These include steps to prevent fraud, ensure safety of the gold stored and recoup losses from possible non-performing assets

Growth in NBFC gold loan disbursals moderated further in fiscal 2023, owing to increased competition from banks and lower rural credit demand. Also, as cash flows improved following a rebound in economic activity, borrowers began repaying the loans and redeeming their gold. However, with a recovery in rural credit demand, expansion and optimisation of gold loan branches, credit growth is recovered in fiscal 2024 and the trend is expected to continue in fiscal 2025.

Loan book growth of gold loan NBFCs to improve amid rising gold prices



Note: P — projected

Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

Looking to compete more effectively with banks and fintechs, gold loan NBFCs are expanding their reach and customer base through focused marketing strategies, and also by increasing advertising and employee incentives. They are also working towards ringfencing their high-value customer base (loans >Rs 2 lakh), which is targeted by the banks, and expanding to cater to rural low-income customers. The majority of customer base of gold loan NBFCs, though, remains stable, as banks typically cater to higher ticket sizes.

NBFC growth logged a 16% CAGR between fiscal 2020-2024 despite low credit growth of 8% in fiscal 2023. CRISIL MI&A Research projects credit growth of gold assets under management (AUM) at 17-18% in fiscal

2025 on account of branch expansion and optimisation, expected firming up of gold prices, an increase in credit demand from the target consumer segment of NBFCs and easing competition from banks.

The average ticket size of gold loans has been rising over the past five years, as higher gold prices have created headroom for incremental credit due to lowering of the LTV ratio. Since the LTV ratio for NBFCs is capped at 75%, the increase in average ticket size suggests a rise in the gold loan portfolio owing to higher gold prices. Thus, AUM growth is also led by an increase in ticket size, in addition to higher volumes.

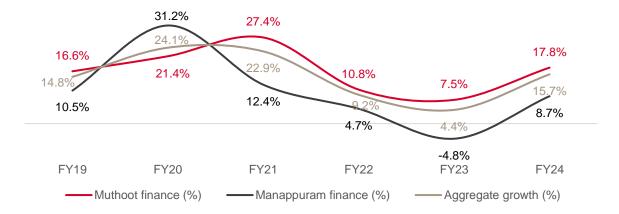
Increase in average ticket size contributed to loan book growth

Average ticket size (Rs lakh)	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24
Manappuram Finance	0.33	0.39	0.45	0.57	0.58	0.59
Muthoot Finance	NA	NA	0.61	0.69	~0.70	0.83
IIFL Finance	0.58	0.56	0.59	0.70	0.63	0.90

Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

Post a slack in credit growth top 2 gold financers witnessed healthy double digit momentum in fiscal 2024

Muthoot Finance and Manappuram Finance together enjoyed close to 60% share of the NBFC gold loan market as of March 2024. Further Muthoot Fincorp also crossed Rs 200 billion mark for gold loans as of fiscal 2024. IIFL Finance, Shriram Finance, Muthoot Mini Financiers, Bajaj Finance and Kosamattam Finance were the other key players. The top two companies have an established franchise, a strong regional presence and a good branch network and reach. RBIs action on IIFL Finance has led to the decline in portfolio during FY24 and Q1FY25 and would continue to do so until the restrictions on sanctions are lifted by the Reserve Bank.



Source: Company report, CRISIL MI&A Research

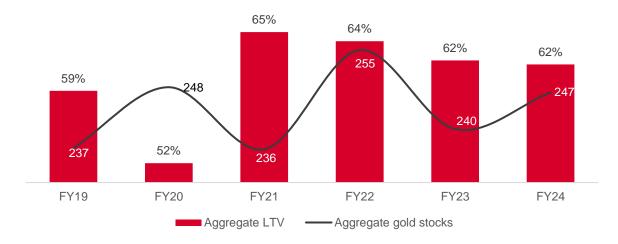
The top two companies have taken various steps to maintain their market share. Apart from making significant investments in marketing and employee benefits, they also introduced teaser loans in fiscal 2022. Subsequently, a majority of teaser loans were closed or migrated to higher interest rates as of March 2023.

Specialised gold loan NBFCs have a focused approach, and their technological initiatives enable customers to transact online.

Credit growth supported by gold prices

Gold stocks of the top two NBFCs were declining for much of fiscal 2023 before reporting a moderate uptick in the last quarter. The uptick in gold stocks is estimated to have continued in fiscal 2024. Despite the rise in gold stocks, LTVs remained elevated at 67-69% in the first half of fiscal 2024 before moderating to ~62-64% in second half of the year due of considerable jump in gold prices. The LTVs continue to remain stable at 62% during first quarter of fiscal 2025.

Interplay between gold stocks and LTV



Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

Gold loan book per tonne indicates growth fuelled by gold prices

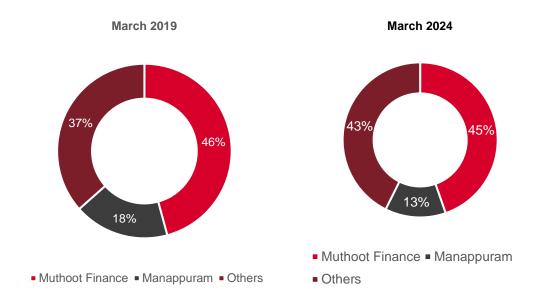
The gold loan book per tonne increased from Rs 1.97 billion in fiscal 2019 to Rs 3.79 billion in 2024 largely in line with higher gold prices as shown in the exhibit below.

Such a strong correlation between loan book growth and gold prices indicates that any adverse movement in prices will have an adverse effect on credit growth.



Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

Market share shift among gold loan with key player losing considerable market share



Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

Southern India retains a major share of AUM

Southern India will continue to have a dominant share in AUM of gold loan NBFCs, though the players will increase their penetration in other regions. Changing consumer perception of gold loans, driven by increasing awareness and funding requirements, will give an impetus to the sector in the other regions.

Region-wise share of AUM of top two players Region-wise share of branches in fiscal 2024 53% 53% 52% 52% 51% 51 14% 8% 22 22% 20% 20% 21% 21% 17% 61% 19% 18% 17% 17% 17% 17 10% 10% 1(9% 9% 9% FY19 FY20 FY21 FY22 FY23

We

Note: Aggregate includes Muthoot Finance and Manappuram Finance

-East

-North

Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

South

Demand for gold loans higher in southern states

• Southern states accounted for 50-55% of the overall gold loan AUM over the past five years due to the following factors:

South North East West

- Gold owners in the region have better awareness about the utility of the yellow metal as a collateral to raise funds
- The region has seen the origination and establishment of gold loan franchisees, which have devised simple procedures that ensure quick loan disbursement
- Though the south continues to dominate, several players have been shifting focus to untapped markets in the eastern and western regions, where there are fewer branches but they provide an incremental growth opportunity.

Personal Loans

Growth in personal loans to normalise in near-to-medium term

Measured normalisation in growth likely amid RBI caution and asset-quality vulnerability

Outstanding book (Rs billion)	Share (FY24)	Book (Rs billion) - FY24	CAGR (FY20-24)	FY24 growth	FY25P growth
NBFCs	25%	3,141	34%	39%	24-26%
Banks	75%	9,636	21%	18%	14-16%
Overall	100%	12,777	24%	22%	16-18%

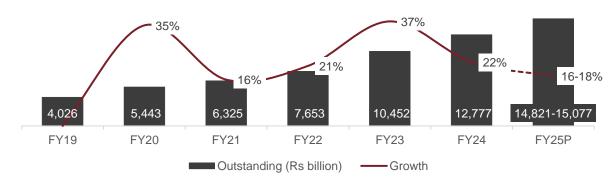
Note: P - Projected; CAGR – compound annual growth rate; RBI – Reserve Bank of India; NBFCs - non-banking financial companies

Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, Credit bureau

The market size of personal loans grew 22% on-year in fiscal 2024, reaching Rs 12,777 billion with non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) continuing to outpace banks. They grew their personal loan portfolio 39% on-year to Rs 3,141 billion compared with the 18% growth of banks.

Normalised growth to follow post-pandemic exuberance

Overall Personal loans credit growth



Note: P - Projected

Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, Credit bureau

The personal loans segment was marked by post-pandemic exuberance in fiscal 2023 and the first half of fiscal 2024, even as lenders — both banks and NBFCs — preferred retail loans to wholesale loans. Multiple factors were at work, including the granularity of the retail loan book against legacy asset-quality issues in the chunky wholesale segment, leveraging of technology to achieve scale, changing consumption patterns and alleviation of income-related risks after the pandemic. However, in the second half of fiscal 2024, the Reserve Bank of India's (RBI) decision to increase risk weights on unsecured loans proved to be detrimental and led to a slowdown in the personal loans segment. Since then, NBFCs and banks have been cautious, which has led them to recalibrate their strategy concerning the personal loan segment.

Given the evolving situation after the RBI's caution and circular on risk weights, the exuberance is expected to taper into a normalised, albeit healthy growth. Hence, the overall credit outstanding is expected to be slightly lower at 16-18% to Rs ~14.8-15.0 trillion in fiscal 2025.

Overall in fiscal 2024

- Small-ticket loans, i.e., loans below Rs 100,000 in value accounted for 12% of the overall loan share, with disbursements driven by borrowers in the lower-age bracket
- The number of personal loans per borrower stood at 2.2 for borrowers aged below 25 years
- The average ticket size increased to Rs 89,093 in March 2024 from Rs 76,354 in March 2023 as banks and NBFCs focused on building quality loan book amid slowdown in disbursals in the second half of fiscal 2024
- Tier 2 and lower cities dominated the disbursement pie, with their share expanding. The sharper focus of NBFCs on these regions will continue to support their growth trajectory, with contribution from the top five metros declining
- Public sector banks continue to dominate originations (value), while NBFCs (fintechs and others) are market leaders in terms of volume

Personal loan book of NBFCs to grow faster than that of banks

Banks and NBFCs have different target customers. Banks will continue to focus on the salaried, middle-aged borrowers to grow their loan book and retain a higher share in Tier 1 cities. NBFCs, however, will build their retail lending book through lower ticket-size personal loans and maintain focus on growing their base in Tier 2 and lower cities. Banks primarily focus on salaried, higher ticket-size borrowers, while NBFCs and fintechs focus on bridging the financing gap for self-employed, low-income, younger generation and smaller ticket-size borrowers.

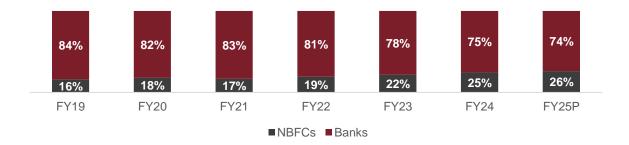
NBFCs have outpaced banks in terms of growth in credit outstanding, leveraging their segmental focus. In contrast, personal loans constitute just a portion of the overall portfolio for banks. NBFCs also benefit from their extensive branch network, which is spread across remote areas as well. These factors, along with high contribution from the digital platforms, kept the credit growth of NBFCs healthy, albeit tapered, leading to a 39% on-year increase in fiscal 2024.

The credit growth of banks increased at 18% on-year in fiscal 2024, despite a high base, spurred by their aggressive focus on the retail loans segment in recent times. Additionally, because of their salaried-customer base and a higher share of Tier 1 cities in the portfolio, the borrower segment faced lower cash-flow disruptions, thereby realising a better asset quality performance for banks versus NBFCs.

In the case of NBFCs, with a higher share of the self-employed segment, along with a greater share of Tier 2 and lower cities in the portfolio, asset quality was weaker.

However, with NBFCs growing faster than banks, CRISIL MI&A Research expects the former's market share to increase this fiscal.

NBFCs to corner more market share this fiscal



Note: P - Projected

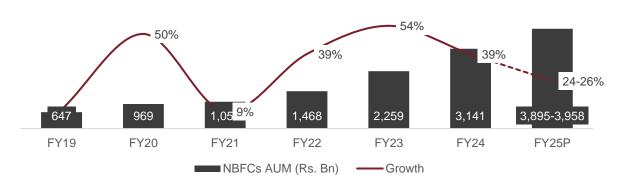
Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, credit bureau

The market share of NBFCs has risen sharply over a low base because of their aggressive strategies. CRISIL MI&A Research expects NBFCs to sustain the pace and capture share from banks in the near term. Fintechs and NBFCs compete fiercely with banks, even though they cater to different consumer segments.

However, given the rising early-bucket delinquencies and the vulnerable nature of the segment, growth could moderate in the near-to-medium term for both NBFCs and banks.

Normalisation in the NBFC loan book

NBFC's Personal Loan credit growth



Note: P-Projected

Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, credit bureau

Between fiscals 2020 and 2024, disbursement of personal loans by NBFCs increased at 41% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) and a sharper 47% on-year in fiscal 2024, with loan outstanding at ~Rs 3.1 trillion. The robust growth in fiscal 2023 continued till first half of fiscal 2024. Since then, following the RBI's concerns on unsecured lending, NBFCs have exercised vigilance over their personal loan portfolio, curbing disbursements in this sector. This tapered momentum is expected to continue this fiscal as well.

NBFCs have exhibited aggressive strategies with disbursements to riskier borrower segments, although they have a granular portfolio with smaller ticket-size loans. As per CRISIL MI&A Research, the NBFCs' loan book is projected to grow 24-26% to ~Rs 3.9 trillion this fiscal.

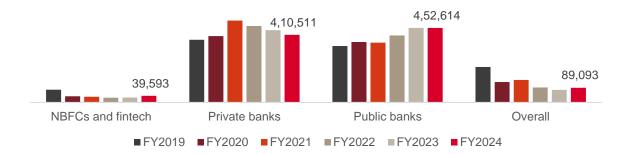
NBFCs and fintechs focus on small-ticket loans

With NBFCs and fintechs deepening their market penetration, the share of small-ticket personal loans, i.e., loans below Rs 100,000 in value, has gradually increased over the past few years.

However, the average ticket size increased sharply in fiscal 2024 since banks and NBFCs employed filters into their personal loan book amid a slowdown in disbursals in the second half. They focused on quality borrowers to curb the building stress on asset quality. Furthermore, the proportion of very low and low-risk borrowers rose. As of March 2024, the average ticket size was ~Rs 37,000 for NBFCs and Rs 432,000 for banks versus an overall average of ~Rs 89,000.

Fintechs have been rapidly expanding their base in the personal loans segment by offering smaller-ticket and short-tenure loans to younger, low-income and digital-savvy customers with insufficient credit history through alternative scorecard-lending models. The loans disbursed are now as low as Rs 5,000-20,000 for aspirational customers.

Average ticket size by lender type



Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, Credit bureau

In fiscal 2024, transactions of NBFCs (including fintechs) declined marginally to 87% of overall transactions by volume from 88% in fiscal 2023. In value terms, transactions grew to 36% of total disbursements from 30%, given their low-ticket size.

Fintechs provide the advantage of better customer experience and shorter turnaround time (TAT) for disbursements. They focus on the scorecard-based lending model based on a borrower's cash flow, primarily relying on non-conventional and alternative sources of information, such as a customer's mobile phone data for underwriting loans. Algorithms track and analyse mobile phone data for specific insights on a customer's liquid cash flow and repayment history, along with spending habits. Third-party applications and databases are used for KYC authentication, credit-history checks and fraud detection. This, along with the government's focus on digitalisation through the National Financial Reporting Authority and DigiLocker has enabled quicker TATs for disbursements and lower operating costs.

Indeed, risk-management processes and data analytics capabilities of NBFCs and fintechs have evolved over the years, along with underwriting norms and monitoring mechanisms.

Evolution of personal loans from exuberance to caution, followed by slowdown

Exuberant growth and entailing risks: At the borrower end, consumption remained muted during the pandemic (fiscals 2021 and 2022). The savings rate of Indian households peaked at 11.5% (net financial assets adjusted for net financial liabilities as a percentage of gross domestic product) in fiscal 2021 from the pre-pandemic rate of 7.6% in fiscal 2020.

After the lockdown was lifted, consumption picked up and the savings rate declined to 7.2% in fiscal 2022 and to a decadal low of 5.1% in fiscal 2023. This was largely due to consumers using the savings accumulated during the pandemic years, leading to strong consumption demand. A portion of the savings would also have been diverted to physical savings. The decline in savings was also driven by the increase in financial liabilities. Hence, the consumption-led recovery after the pandemic was driven in large part by debt.

Ease of borrowing, innovative products, such as 'travel now, pay later' (TNPL), no-cost equated monthly instalments (EMIs) and burgeoning lifestyle expenses have contributed significantly to the rise in demand for personal loans. Broader factors also include demographic shifts, especially the younger demographic, formalisation of economy, evolution of fintechs, adoption of digital-payment systems, influence of the India stack and digital footprints, along with broader coverage of credit bureaus.

On the supply side, banks and NBFCs have sharpened their focus aggressively on the retail segment, including housing, retail, auto and unsecured personal loans. For personal loans, better availability of information and technology has helped improve the underwriting capabilities of banks and NBFCs (including fintechs), which has been the primary growth driver. Unsecured loans (credit cards and other personal loans) at banks grew 26% on-year as of March 2023, and the trend continued with 28% on-year growth as of August 2023. The share of gross banking credit increased from 8.2% as of March 2021 to 9.6% as of August 2023, in addition to the NBFCs' over two times rise in the book over the past two fiscals.

Personal loans are inherently riskier due to the absence of collateral, indicating the lender's ability to recover the outstanding amount is compromised in cases of borrower default. From an asset-quality perspective, higher caution is required for non-bank lenders, since gross non-performing assets (GNPAs) remain elevated at 7-8%.

Further, loans in the days past due (DPD) 1-30 bucket and 30-59 DPD bucket increased during fiscal 2024, indicating a rising accumulation of stress in SMA 1 & SMA 2 accounts. Additionally, with focused high double-digit growth in unsecured loans, lenders need to be cautious while onboarding loans with a weaker credit profile to prevent asset quality deterioration or higher write-offs.

Higher inflation, coupled with stagnant income, could also cramp a borrower's repayment capability. Moreover, the rise in personal loans was also driven by overleveraging of borrowers in addition to tapping new customers. This overleveraging could augment asset-quality vulnerability. Further, any macroeconomic event impacting the income levels of households would lead to a sharp increase in GNPAs across lenders and would continue to be a key monitorable. That said, the granularity of loans provides some comfort.

RBI follows up with the circular on risk weights after striking a cautious note

Noting the exuberant growth of unsecured lending against the backdrop of a rising interest rate environment, the RBI started cautioning the lenders since end-fiscal 2023 regarding the potential risks associated with the rapid growth in unsecured lending by NBFCs.

In November 2023, the RBI introduced the circular on risk weights as a deterrent to the growth of unsecured loans. As per the circular, the risk weights of all consumer loans for both banks and NBFCs (including credit card receivables) was increased 25%, excluding housing, vehicle, education and gold loans. Additionally, the risk weight for exposure by banks to NBFCs, where the extant risk-weight of the NBFC was below 100%, was also increased by 25%.

Banks faced an ~85 basis points (bps) impact on capital adequacy due to the circular, whereas the impact for key NBFCs operating in the consumer lending segment was as high as 200-400 bps. Larger NBFCs rated A- and above and operating in these segments will also face an additional impact on their borrowing costs from bank funding since the capital cost for banks increases in such cases. The higher lending rates to NBFCs could spill over to corporate bonds in the form of higher yields through widening of credit spreads. Such an increase in the cost of funds could drive demand for securitisation and co-lending, accelerating capital raising by entities for managing loan-book growth while ensuring adequate capital buffers are maintained. Hence, this could lead to higher capital requirement by lenders and increased lending rates for borrowers, impacting loan book growth to an extent.

After the RBI's circular, personal loans growth slowed in fiscal 2024 second half, closing at 22% on-year

After experiencing rapid growth in the previous two fiscal years, the personal loan segment encountered significant challenges in the second half of fiscal 2024. The RBI's circular and concerns over unsecured lending led banks and NBFCs to reassess their portfolio strategies, resulting in a slowdown in disbursements. Many lenders subsequently reduced the share of personal loans in their overall portfolio and shifted their focus to borrowers with stronger repayment capabilities, such as salaried customers, to mitigate concerns over deteriorating asset quality due to over-leveraging. The run-up to the general elections further disrupted collections, causing a decline in collection efficiency and an increase in non-performing loans. As a result, the personal loan segment grew at a modest 22% year-over-year in fiscal 2024, a significant decline from the 37% growth rate recorded in fiscal 2023. With concerns over unsecured lending still prevalent, the industry is expected to continue experiencing a slowdown in fiscal 2025.

RBI tightens grip on P2P Lending

In a circular dated August 16, 2024, RBI issued guidelines concerning Non-Banking Financial Company – Peer to Peer Lending (P2P) platform. P2P lending enables individuals to lend and borrow directly through RBI-regulated NBFC platforms. These platforms act as intermediaries, connecting lenders with borrowers and facilitating transactions, while also managing repayments and earning a fee for their services. The new guidelines aim to increase transparency and compliance and prevent irregular practices in the industry.

- The NBFC-P2P cannot assume any credit risk arising out of transactions carried on their platform. Lenders bear the entire loss of principal or interest, in case of default
- The NBFC-P2P cannot lend on its own, nor cross-sell any insurance product which is a credit enhancement or credit guarantee. The lenders' funds cannot be deployed or utilised for other purposes

- Exposure limits across all P2P platforms are Rs 50 lakh for lenders, Rs 10 lakh for borrowers and Rs 50,000 for a single lender to the same borrower
- Prior to this circular, NBFC-P2P lending platforms were required to maintain two separate escrow accounts: one for lender funds awaiting disbursement and another for borrower repayments. While this structure remains in place, the updated regulations introduce stricter guidelines, mandating funds in these accounts be transferred within a tighter timeframe of one business day (T+1) from the date of receipt, ensuring greater efficiency and transparency in transactions
- Additional requirements include: 1. Board-approved policy for matching lenders and borrowers 2.
 Monthly portfolio performance and NPA disclosures and 3. Revised fee structure (fixed amount or percentage of the principal amount)

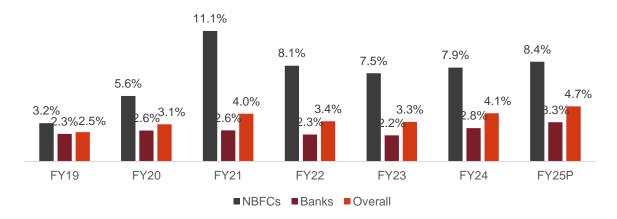
These guidelines promote transparency and restrict violations of the existing 2017 master directions, ensuring a more regulated and secure P2P lending environment.

Asset quality to decline further this fiscal as risks emerging at the horizon

GNPA of NBFCs had been improving trend since fiscal 2021. However, GNPAs increased to 7.9% in fiscal 2024 as asset quality detoriated following over-leveraging and decline in collection efficiency due to general elections. There are signs of rising stress in 1-29 DPD and 30-59 DPD buckets, which will further drag the non-performing loans. As a result, GNPA for NBFCs is expected to increase to ~8.4% this fiscal.

Despite banks maintaining a relatively stable GNPA level of ~2.5% by focusing on higher-ticket-size loans to predominantly salaried customers, banks are now starting to feel the impact of industry-wide asset quality concerns. As a result, their GNPA ratio has begun to creep up, reaching 2.8% in fiscal 2024; it is projected to rise further to 3.3% in the current fiscal.

GNPAs to decline in fiscal 2025

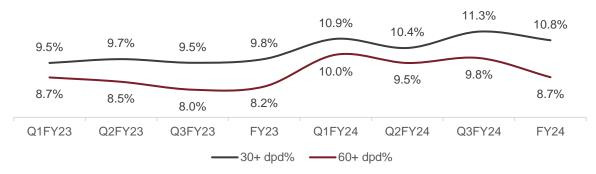


P: Projected

Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, company reports, Credit bureau

Delinquencies inch up in softer buckets for NBFCs (including fintechs) after the third quarter of fiscal 2023

While the softer buckets (30+ DPD% and 60+DPD%) for NBFCs cooled after the pandemic, they have been inching upwards since the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023. This is an indication of stressed borrower profile due to overleveraging, higher inflation and uptick in loan pricing due to the pass-on of higher interest rates.



Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, credit bureau

MSME Finance

Credit offtake by micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs) in fiscal 2024 stood at Rs 35,432 billion. Banks had a dominant 76% share of this, while non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) accounted for the balance

Banks dominate MSME lending, trend to persist

Туре	Share in book FY24	Book (Rs billion) FY24	CAGR (FY20-24)	Growth in FY24	Growth in FY25P
NBFCs	24%	8,602	17%	27%	24-25%
Banks	76%	26,829	18%	20%	19-20%
Overall	100%	35,432	18%	22%	20-21%

Notes:

- 1. P: Projected
- 2. Credit deployment data published by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has undergone revision and so were the comparable numbers for the previous fiscals
- 3. Companies with <Rs 5 crore turnover and <Rs 1 crore investment are classified as micro; those with turnover between Rs 5 crore and Rs 25 crore and investment between Rs 1 crore and Rs 10 crore as small; and those with turnover between Rs 25 crore and Rs 250 crore and investment between Rs 10 crore and Rs 50 crore as medium

Source: CRISIL MI&A Research

The first and second waves of the Covid-19 pandemic were particularly tough for MSMEs. That's because their prospects are fundamentally linked to the broader economic activity. The frequent lockdowns and mobility restrictions interrupted supply and demand for goods and services, adversely impacting the profitability of most industries. That, in turn, significantly affected MSMEs in fiscals 2021 and 2022.

To mitigate, the central government launched the Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS) in May 2020 so that MSMEs can fulfil their operational liabilities in the early stages of the pandemic and resume operations as the economy stabilised by supporting their liquidity needs and promoting loan offtake.

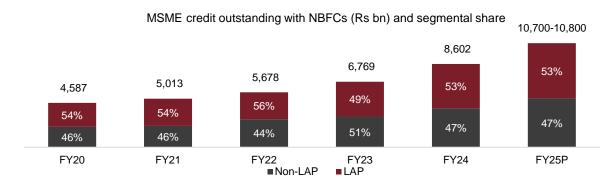
In the Union Budget 2024-25, the government announced several initiatives to boost the MSME sector.

They included expanding the MUDRA loan scheme's Tarun Category with higher limits, introducing a new credit guarantee scheme of up to Rs 100 crore per applicant for machinery and equipment purchases without collateral, creating a mechanism to facilitate credit flow to MSMEs facing special mention account issues beyond their control, opening 24 new Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI) branches to serve MSME clusters and increase funding for developing in-house technology-based underwriting models for public sector banks to evaluate MSMEs, reducing TDS for e-commerce operators from 1% to 0.1%, establishing e-commerce export hubs through public-private partnerships and lowering the turnover threshold for mandatory onboarding on the Trade Receivables Discounting System (TReDS) platform from Rs 500 crore to Rs 250 crore.

In fiscal 2023, the Indian economy normalised, with industrialisation and urbanisation picking up pace. As a result, revenue of corporate India increased 20%, while that of SMEs grew 11%. In line with the overall growth, aggregate MSME credit grew a robust 25% during the fiscal. However, in fiscal 2024, growth rates witnessed marginal moderated as the pent-up demand from the previous year was absorbed. MSME credit growth slowed to 21.7%, SME revenue growth eased to 7-8% and corporate India's revenue growth moderated to 8-9%.

CRISIL MI&A Research expects MSME credit growth to remain rangebound this fiscal 2025, with a projected growth rate of 20-21%. While bank lending is anticipated to grow slower pace of 18-19% vis-à-vis NBFCs which are likely to lead with an expected surge of 24-25%, outpacing the overall MSME credit growth.

LAPs to maintain share within NBFC MSME financing



Note:

1. P: Projected

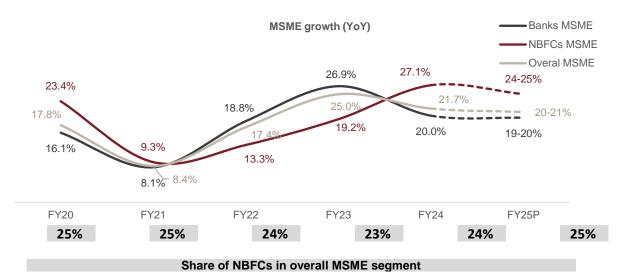
2. Non-LAP segment includes secured and unsecured loans

Source: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

During fiscal 2023, the segmental share of the non-LAP portfolio (LAP is loan against property) of the NBFCs grew to 51% from 44% in fiscal 2022. The increase was fuelled by the MSMEs' desperate need for cash for day-to-day operations amid global and domestic uncertainties. The NBFCs started niche credit assessments without the requirement for property collateral to provide the organisations with credit.

In fiscal 2024, the LAP portfolio regained its dominance, accounting for 53% of the total, as economic activity rebounded with support from government initiatives such as the Atmanirbhar Bharat and the RBI. Additionally, housing finance companies (HFCs) contributed to the growth of the LAP segment as they expanded their portfolios to achieve better blended yields. This trend is expected to continue this fiscal too as HFCs focus on retailisation of their portfolios, further boosting the share of LAPs. CRISIL MI&A Research expects the LAP share to remain stable at 53% this fiscal.

Industrialisation, steady economic expansion to propel MSME credit



Notes:

1. P: Projected

2. Credit deployment data published by the RBI was revised and so were the comparable numbers for the previous fiscals. Sources: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

Faster-than-expected revival in economic activity and pent-up demand post the pandemic led to a growth spurt in MSME lending since the plummet in fiscal 2021. In fiscal 2023, the healthcare, consumption and construction sectors drove the growth. Robust economic growth of 7.0% is linked closely to the sector as MSMEs form ~30% of the gross domestic product (GDP). However, owing to slower GDP growth in foreign markets, such as the UK and US, export-oriented MSMEs saw lower growth.

In fiscal 2024, the healthcare, consumption, construction and infrastructure sectors continued to propel growth, while the information technology-enabled services (ITES) sector stood out as a bright spot among export-led sectors. Meanwhile, pharmaceutical companies saw a healthy growth, driven by strong domestic demand and increased exports. Majority of the registrations on the Udyam portal were MSMEs from the services sector.

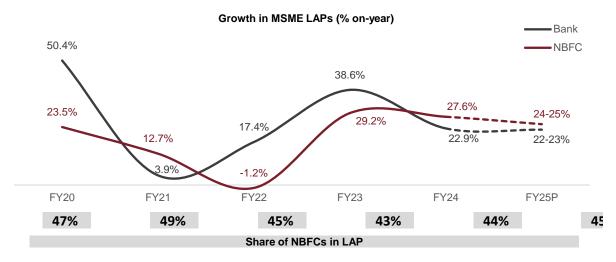
MSMEs in the commodity-led manufacturing sector logged a slow growth and accounted for the balance registrations. The RBI's sectoral deployment shows that the bank credit to micro and small industries and overall services-related companies grew faster during the fiscal, while that to medium-sized units and overall manufacturing sector grew slower.

India's economy experienced a strong upswing in fiscal 2024, with GDP growth reaching 8.2%. However, as noted earlier, the SMEs and bigger corporates saw a moderation in revenue growth. This fiscal, GDP growth is expected to moderate to 6.8%, while corporate India's revenue is projected to accelerate to 9-10%. SMEs are also expected to maintain a healthy growth rate of 8-9%, driven by robust consumer demand. Furthermore, rapid urbanisation is expected to fuel credit demand, as a growing urban population drives up demand for domestic products and services, creating opportunities for MSMEs to expand and increase their credit requirements. CRISIL MI&A Research expects NBFCs' credit to MSMEs to grow 24-25% in fiscal 2025 with banks following closely at 19-20%. The overall MSME credit is projected to grow 20-21% during the fiscal.

NBFC-LAP segment growth to moderate in fiscal 2025

LAPs can be obtained by mortgaging residential and commercial real estate with a lender. These loans can be used for personal or business purposes and both salaried and self-employed individuals are eligible to apply. The main purpose of the loan is not strictly regulated and as it offers the financier security in the form of real estate, LAP is a secured offering with lower interest rate than a personal or corporate loan.

NBFCs' LAP portfolio to grow 24-25% this fiscal



1. P: Projected

2. Credit deployment data published by the RBI was revised with effect from January 2021 and so were the comparable numbers for the previous fiscals

Sources: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

The LAP market saw a remarkable rebound in fiscal 2023, with banks and NBFCs posting growth rates of 38.6% and 29.2%, respectively, the highest since the pandemic. The growth slowed down in fiscal 2024, with banks growing at 22.9% and NBFCs at 27.6%. In fiscal 2023, banks had initially taken the lead owing to the perceived safety of collateral-backed loans. However, in fiscal 2024, non-banks, particularly HFCs, caught up and even surpassed banks in the LAP growth, driven by their focus on maintaining higher yields.

According to CRISIL MI&A Research, the LAP market is expected to experience a moderate expansion this fiscal, with banks and NBFCs projected to grow 22-23% and 24-25%, respectively.

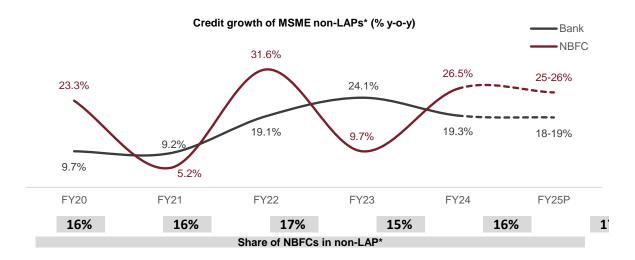
Non-LAP growth to be led by NBFCs, with banks focusing more on LAP

Loans with security and those without it make up the non-LAP sector. Working capital products, such as cash credit, overdraft facilities and bill discounting, as well as other term loan products (asset-backed or hypothecated loans), are examples of non-LAP secured MSME loans. Hypothecated loans are term-based where the offered collateral is a combination of real estate, stock and so on.

Self-employed borrowers are provided unsecured MSME loans in the absence of a collateral. Instead of being dependent on a collateral, this type of lending is cash-flow-based. Unsecured loans are reviewed based on a variety of factors, including scorecards, bureau checks, bank accounts, financial statements and returns from the goods and services tax. When a small business reaches a bank's cash credit and overdraft limits, it typically goes for an unsecured business loan to expand or sustain operations, take advantage of short-term possibilities or get through a cash flow crisis. Many lenders offer these loans, in addition to the secured loans they already possess.

Owing to the non-availability of collateral, underwriting plays a key role in maintaining the asset quality of unsecured business loans. Underwriting these loans requires expertise and is powered by new financial technology and increased availability of data on customers' credit history. Competition in the secured loans market (especially retail loans) has compelled the NBFCs and a few private banks to gain expertise in niche lending and build robust digital platforms to cash in on fresh opportunities in the unsecured business loans space, while maximising profitability.

Banks' non-LAP book moderates in fiscal 2024 on a high base



Notes:

- 1. P: Projected
- 2. Credit deployment data published by the RBI was revised with effect from January 2021 and so were the comparable numbers for the previous fiscals have been revised accordingly.
- 3. * The non-LAP segment includes secured and unsecured loans

Sources: Company reports, CRISIL MI&A Research

In fiscal 2023, banks outperformed NBFCs in the non-LAP segment, achieving a robust growth rate of 24.1% driven by their aggressive strategies, increased market presence, lower funding costs and sufficient liquidity. In contrast, NBFCs grew at a slower pace of 9.7%.

The tables turned in fiscal 2024, with banks' credit growth rate moderating to 19.3% owing to a high base effect, while NBFCs accelerated their growth to 26.5%, capitalising on their low base and aggressively expanding their market presence. According to CRISIL MI&A Research, banks are expected to maintain a steady growth pace of 18-19% during fiscal 2025 with lesser growth in non-lap and more focus on secured LAP lending, while NBFCs are likely to balance the LAP and non-LAP credit growth in range of 25-26%.

Asset quality

MSME asset quality improves, expected to remain range bound

As of March 2021, asset quality of MSME loans deteriorated owing to Covid-19 as income of the borrowers was impacted which led to rise in GNPA numbers. With continued improvement in economic activity, better collection efficiency and strong credit growth, GNPA level decreased by March 2023.

As of March 2024, the ratio stood between 4-5%. Among various lenders, the asset quality of private banks, which serve relatively low-risk customers, is better than other lender categories, such as NBFCs, which serve customers with lack of documented income. CRISIL MI&A Research estimates asset quality to be in similar range of 4-5% during fiscal 2025 due to expected slippages as portfolio seasons.

Micro finance

Review and outlook

MFIs credit growth to moderate amid concerns on collection and over leveraging

In India, microfinance plays an important role in delivering credit to the bottom of the economic pyramid. As a result, microfinance lends support to income-generating activities and livelihoods in both rural and urban geographies. Microfinance loans are of small amount, have short tenures, are extended without collateral, and

have a higher frequency of loan repayments compared with traditional commercial loans. These loans are generally taken for income-generating activities, but are also provided for consumption, housing, and other purposes. Thus, MFI operations have traditionally been cash-intensive and have become very aggressive in the rural areas especially after demonetisation.

The total outstanding microfinance credit stood at Rs. 4.34 trillion as of March 2024. NBFC MFIs held the largest market share at 39%, equivalent to Rs. 1.71 trillion, followed by banks at 33% (Rs. 1.44 trillion), with the remaining 27% divided among small finance banks, other NBFC and non-profit NBFCs.

Moderation in growth expected across lender due to challenges in collections during current fiscal

Туре	Share (FY24)	Outstanding book (Rs billion) FY24	CAGR (FY20 - FY24)	Growth outlook for FY24	Growth outlook for FY25P
NBFC – MFIs	39%	1,709	24%	24%	18-20%
Banks	33%	1,440	12%	21%	13-15%
Others	27%	1,188	16%	31%	16-18%
Total	100%	4,337	17%	25%	16-18%

P: Projected

Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, Microfinance Institutions Network (MFIN)

Overall microfinance industry has grown at a CAGR of 17% between fiscal 2020-24 with NBFC-MFIs growing at the fast pace of 24% CAGR and capturing the market share of banks which witnessed a growth of 12% during the same period. Over the last decade micro finance industry has been affected by multiple macro events which has impacted the stability of the segment. This includes, Andhra Pradesh (AP) crisis (2010), and Andhra Pradesh farm loan waiver (2014), small finance banks (SFB) licenses issued to MFIs (in-principal approval in 2015), demonetisation (2016), farm loan waiver across some states (2017 and 2019) and nationwide impact of pandemic (2021 and 2022).

Post a moderation during fiscal 2021 and first half of fiscal 2022, with pick-up in economic activities and improved collection efficiency NBFC MFI sector grew at 24% on year for fiscal 2022. Further, with revised MFI guidelines announced by RBI in March 2022 leading to raise in the total household income threshold for collateral-free loans to fuelled growth.

Further, during FY24, NBFC-MFIs witnessed disbursement growth of 6% on-year with disbursements aggregating Rs 1,383 billion as compared to Rs. 1,306 billion during FY23. The slower growth was on account of lower collection efficiency in the micro finance segment since from December 2023 onwards.

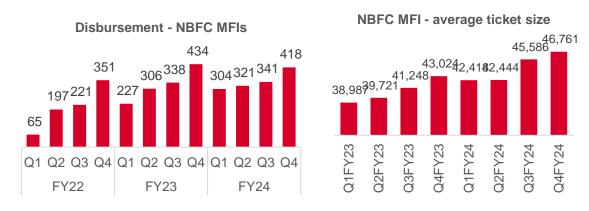
Collection challenges were primarily due to over leveraging of customers, this was on account of multiple loans obtained by a household. The impact of this was seen across lender groups with growth slowing down in Q4FY24 and trend continued in Q1FY25. Additionally, the demand moderation during second half of fiscal 2024 was on account of the "Karza Mukti Andolan" in certain geographics, geographies such as Punjab and Tamil Nadu due to flood impacting economic activities and heatwaves impacting economic activities.

In lights of the above MFIN the self-regulatory body of microfinance, announced serval steps to tighter regulations. These includes, restricting the number of microfinance lenders to a borrower to maximum of 4 and total indebtedness to Rs. 2 lacs.

CRISIL MI&A Research estimates that the NBFC-MFIs continued to outpace other lenders with slight moderation in growth at 18-20% during fiscal 2025. The growth will be primarily supported by increased penetration of NBFC MFIs into new geographies.

NBFC MFI's disbursements grew only 6% during fiscal 2024 on a high base

Increasing average ticket size supports disbursements



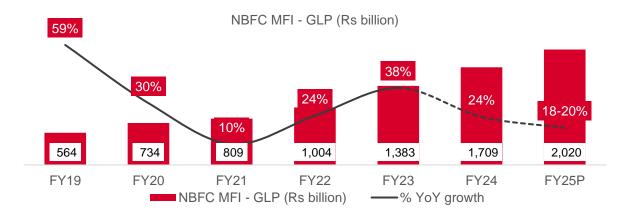
Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, MFIN

The first quarter of fiscal 2022 was affected by the second wave of pandemic leading to localised lockdowns. The growth rebounded in the second half and pace continued during fiscal 2023 with aggregated disbursement for FY23 standing at Rs. 1,306 billion (57% yoy growth).

During FY24, NBFC-MFIs witnessed disbursement growth of 6% on-year with disbursements aggregating Rs 1,383 billion as compared to Rs. 1,306 billion during FY23. The slower growth was on a high base of fiscal 2023 and also slowdown in credit outflow during Q4FY24 due to impact in collection efficiency.

However, overall growth in MFIs was supported by resumption of economy in rural areas, implementation of RBI's new regulatory framework, increased penetration and by increased average ticket size of disbursement which grew by a 9% from Rs. 43,024 during Q4FY23 to Rs 46,761 during Q4FY24.

NBFCs MFIs growth to moderate post high double digit growth during last three fiscal years



Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, MFIN, company reports

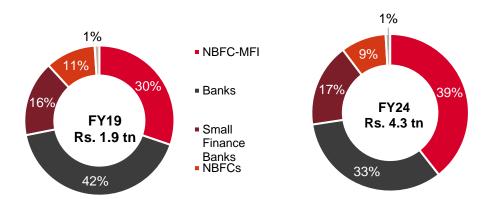
NBFC MFIs grew at a healthy CAGR of 24% between fiscal 2020-24 with a slack witnessed during fiscal 2021 on account of pandemic related disruptions. Post which with recovery in rural economy, pent-up demand for credit and increase in ticket size of disbursements supported by new MFI regulations aided in credit growth during fiscal 2022 and 2023. During fiscal 2023, the disbursement for NBFC-MFIs grew at 57% on year with gross loan portfolio growing at 38%.

During fiscal 2024, the disbursements for NBFC MFIs grew by 6% on year for FY24 aggregating to Rs. 1,383 billion. The mid-single digit growth was on back of a higher base and marginal slowdown in growth during last quarter of fiscal on account of collection challenges. In certain geographies such as Punjab and Tamil Nadu due to flood impacting economic activities. Additionally, in the state of Punjab lenders faced slippages on portfolio

due to loan wavier campaign and ongoing farmer protests along with customer overleveraging issues across geographies. At an aggregate level NBFC MFIs outpaced banking credit growth at 24% vis-à-vis 21% during fiscal 2024 respectively.

NBFC MFIs credit growth trend is expected to continue with moderation to 18-20% in fiscal 2025. The growth will be primarily supported by increased penetration of NBFC MFIs into new geographies along with increased ticket size of existing borrower for new cycle loans.

NBFC-MFIs share increased by 9% between fiscal 2019-24 at cost of bank's



Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, MFIN

Banks had the largest share in the MFI industry during fiscal 2019 as they lend under priority sector lending (PSL) norms. However, NBFC-MFIs have been growing aggressive over the past five fiscals, with their loan book growing at a CAGR of 24% between 2020-24 compared with ~12% for banks. The focused lending approach for NBFC MFIs along with support from investors (impact and PE funds) has been critical in growth post pandemic.

Moreover, the average ticket size of banks and NBFCs has been changing over the past few years. The average ticket size of NBFCs has been increasing, while that of banks has witnessed a decline until the first half of fiscal 2023, post which it jumped by 15% on year during Q4FY24 with average ticket size of Rs. 48,108. This was on back of increased focus on banks in the MFI lending segment with the credit growth at 21% during fiscal 2024 and it further estimated to grow in range of 13-15% during fiscal 2025.

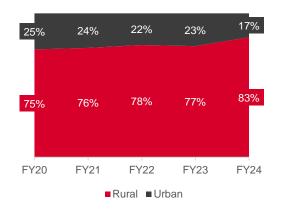
Average ticket	Q1FY2	Q2FY2	Q3FY2	Q4FY2	Q1FY2	Q2FY2	Q3FY2	Q4FY2
size	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
NBFC-MFI	38,987	39,721	41,248	43,024	42,418	42,444	45,586	46,761
NBFCs	44,204	43,438	44,485	46,561	51,254	53,118	50,501	55,055
Banks (JLG)	37,342	37,231	38,458	42,000	40,975	44,966	47,973	48,108
SFBs	45,281	44,631	47,162	49,174	48,107	47,699	49,008	50,116

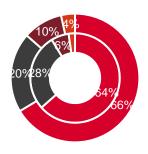
Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, MFIN

Share of rural lending increased considerably during fiscal 2024

MFI portfolio by lending segment

NBFC-MFI portfolio split





- Agriculture and allied activities
- Trade and services
- Manufacturing / production
- Household finance

Inner circle - March 2023 Outer circle - March 2024

Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, MFIN, company reports

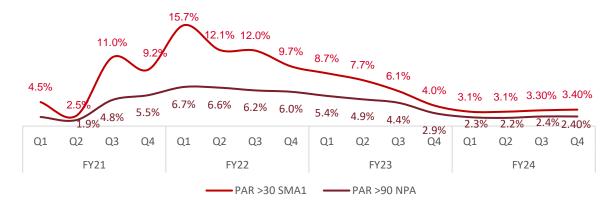
Share of rural areas expanded to 83% of the total NBFC-MFI book during fiscal 2024. The penetration of digital infrastructure in these areas is low and internet connectivity is poor. Lack of access is accentuated by low literacy levels among microfinance borrowers, who are generally daily wage earners and tend to transact in cash. Focus of NBFC-MFIs is to add more and more population under formal mode of financing and increase financial literacy along with continued credit growth.

The main objective of microfinance lending is to support capital formation in agriculture and allied sectors. With disbursements being more focused on the rural parts of the country, NBFC-MFIs promote alternative employment opportunities by supporting farm and manufacturing sectors.

A state wise split of the portfolio indicates that the top five states contribute to ~53% of the overall NBFC MFI outstanding with highest being Bihar (14%) followed by Tamil Nadu (11%), Uttar Pradesh (11%), Karnataka (10%) and Madhya Pradesh (7%). Lowest PAR 90+ amongst the key states was of Karnataka at 1.1% followed by Bihar at 1.2% vis-à-vis overall PAR 90+ at 2.4% as of March 2024.

Stressed witnessed in few geographies leading to inch up in GNPA during FY24

PAR 90+ witnessed an uptick during FY24, with stress among states such as Tamil Nadu and Punjab



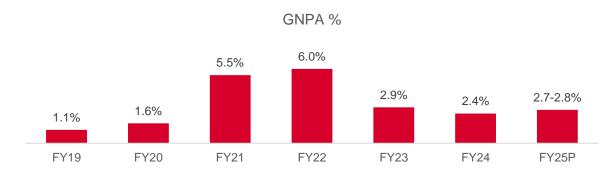
Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, MFIN

Typically, in times of stress, GNPA tends to remain high for a couple of years, as players try to spread the credit cost. The asset quality witnessed improved towards end of fiscal 2023 along with reduction in the restructured portfolio. PAR 90+ peaked at 6.7% during first quarter of fiscal 2022 with second wave impacting the economic activities along with slippages from the moratorium book during first half of fiscal 2021. MFI witnessed double

digit restructured book which has significantly reduced during fiscal 2023 as loans move out of moratorium and started regular repayment of fall into GNPA.

The PAR 90+ reduced at 2.20% during first half of fiscal 2024, however, it continues to be above the pre-covid levels. Further, the industry witnessed an uptick of 20 bps taking GNPAs to 2.40% as of March 2024. This increase was mainly attributed to challenges faced by the lenders in specific geographies i.e., in state of Tamil Nadu and Punjab where collection efficiencies has dropped due to floods in both states and also loan waiver campaign seen in few parts of Punjab impacting collections. Additionally, a trend was seen across MFI lender for overleveraging, where in number of borrowers with more than 4 loans has increased considerably. In light of this, as a preventive measure MFIN announced guardrails for lender with respect to maximum number of borrowers and total indebtedness.

Challenges in collection due to increase leverage and disruptions in Q1 to impact overall NPAs



Source: CRISIL MI&A Research

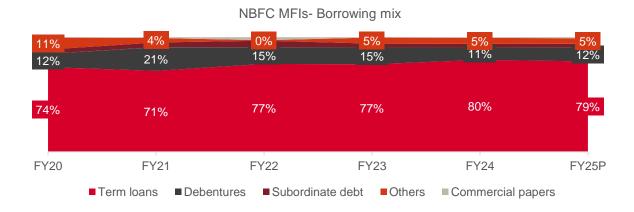
Banks continue to be an integral source of funds for NBFC-MFIs

Banks have traditionally been the key lenders to NBFC-MFIs. Smaller players would resort to portfolio sell-outs to channel growth. The share of borrowing via bonds and debentures saw an uptick during fiscal 2021 supported by targeted long-term repo operations (TLTRO) announced by the RBI to boost credit flow in the economy. Post which with high interest rate environment the share of NCDs subsided.

During fiscal 2024, key NBFC-MFI lenders witnessed rating upgrades which led to better cost of borrowings for funds raised by NCDs leading to marginally increase in share. Additionally, with an expectation of decline in interest rates in second half of fiscal 2025, the share of capital market borrowings and overseas borrowings is expected to increase with share of term loans being range bonds.

On securitisation front the share of MFI in overall securitisation market has increased from 10% during fiscal 2021 to ~16% during fiscal 2024. The growth was supported by improved collection efficiencies post pandemic., better margins and profitability in the segment.

With expected decline in interest rates, share of bonds and external borrowing to increase in fiscal 2025



Source: CRISIL MI&A Research, MFIN

NBFC-MFIs also raised funds through the partial credit guarantee scheme under which the RBI extended a special liquidity facility to NABARD, SIDBI and National Housing Bank to the tune of Rs 25,000 crore, Rs 15,000 crore and Rs 10,000 crore, respectively, to be further lent to sectors such as construction, small and medium enterprises and micro lending. The borrowing from term loans witnessed a dip during fiscal 2021 due to risk averseness of lenders such as banks and financial institutions due to increased stress in unsecured lending segments includes micro finance loans. During the period MFIs resorted to borrowings from capital market in form of NCDs leading to a share of 26% during fiscal 2021. With improvement in economic activities in rural areas and increased demand for MFI loans the share of term loan lending and foreign currency borrowing increased during fiscal 2023.

Credit cost to rise in current fiscal owing to higher slippages

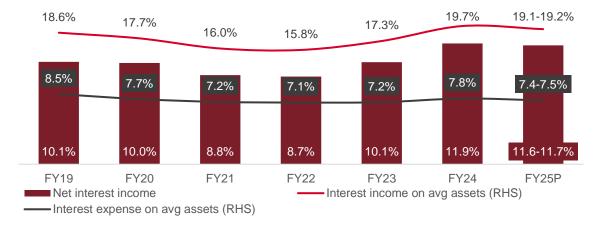
Yields in the segment have historically been high due to their high borrowing cost and riskier borrower profiles. Borrowers are small businesses and household manufacturing entities with weak payment profiles. Any disruption in normal business environment impacts their cash flows, weakening their repayment ability. As a result, players factor in this risk in terms of higher yields. Typically, large players in this segment have yields of 18-23%.

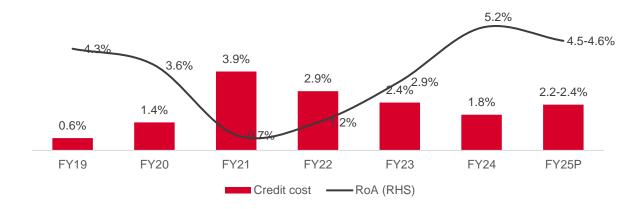
Since almost 100% of borrowers are charged fixed rate of interest, due to the shorter span of loan, any change in repo rate will be immediately passed on to borrowers. After an aggressive hike of 250 bps during fiscal 2023, the Central Bank has been on a pause and is monitoring the movement in inflation and the impacted of pass on of rates on the economy.

The yields are expected to decline during fiscal 2025 on back of expectation of declining repo rates and RBIs cautioning microfinance lender to contain the higher pricing to borrowers. In lines with declining interest rates the cost of funds is also expected to decline marginally. However, due to faster declining in yields the spreads and margins are expected to contract.

Further, the credit cost is expected to rise on account of slippages seen in stage II and stage III buckets leading to lower RoAs in fiscal 2025 at ~4.5-4.6% compared to 5.2% in fiscal 2024.

With pass-on of rate hikes, interest income to increase further during fiscal 2024





Mirco finance - Industry overview

NBFC-MFI regulatory guidelines

Potential harmonisation of regulations for MFI lending

In February 2021, the RBI outlined the need to harmonise regulations governing the MFI lending industry and proposed a revamped framework. A potential harmonisation of regulations for MFI lending will positively impact NBFC-MFIs as banks and SFBs will also be governed by the same regulations, hence eliminating the competitive edge they currently enjoy. The key proposals include,

- (i) a common definition of microfinance loans for all regulated entities,
- (ii) a Board-approved policy for household income assessment,
- (iii) capping the outflow on account of repayment of loan obligations of a household to 50% of the household income,
- (iv) greater flexibility of repayment frequency for all microfinance loans,
- (v) no pre-payment penalty or requirement of collateral,
- (vi) introduction of a standard simplified fact sheet on pricing of microfinance loans for better transparency,
- (vii) alignment of pricing guidelines for NBFC-MFIs with guidelines for NBFCs, and
- (viii) withdrawal of guidelines currently applicable to only NBFC-MFIs, including withdrawal of the twolender norm for lending by NBFC-MFIs and withdrawal of all pricing-related instructions applicable to NBFC-MFIs.

The new regulatory regime ensures a level playing field and benefits NBFC-MFIs

In its master directions on microfinance loans released in March 2022, the RBI has done away with the interest rate cap applicable on loans given by NBFC-MFIs. Entities providing microfinance loans will have to put in place a Board-approved policy for the pricing of loans. The policy should include the interest rate model, the range of spread of each component for various categories of borrowers, and the interest rate ceiling and all other charges on MFI loans.

With microfinance loans provided by NBFC-MFIs and banks/SFBs now being subject to the same rules unlike the earlier regime, the RBI has ensured a level playing field for both NBFC-MFIs and banks/SFBs.

The increase in annual household income cap for microfinance borrowers (to Rs 3,00,000 in both urban and rural areas), removal of the two-lender norm for lending by NBFC-MFIs, and providing NBFC-MFIs greater flexibility to offer non-MFI loans (MFI loans should account for 75% of total assets for NBFC-MFIs, as per the new regulations) will increase market opportunities and enable NBFC-MFIs to achieve a more balanced portfolio.

On the flip side, the increase in annual household income threshold could increase the maximum permissible indebtedness limit of borrowers from Rs 1,25,000. While the limit on the loan repayment obligation will act as a safeguard against excessive leveraging, the increased permissible debt limit and possibility of divergences in household income assessment criteria across lenders still pose risks. Proper data infrastructure would be required to analyse and estimate household income, especially in rural areas.

Following RBI's revised regulations for MFI loans effective October 1, 2022, some MFIs have increased interest rates for borrowers by 150-200 bps, especially for customers with untested credit behaviour.

The key changes in the regulatory framework and their potential impact on NBFC-MFIs are captured below:

	Earlier re	gulations	New regulations (effective April 1, 2022)		
Area of regulation	For NBFC-MFIs	For banks and SFBs	For all regulated entities*		
Loan pricing	Margin cap at 10% for large MFIs (loan portfolios > Rs 1 billion)		No pricing cap. Underwriting of loans to be done on risk-based analysis, and a risk premium to be charged based on the borrower.		
	12% for small MFIs (loan portfolios < Rs 1 billion)	No restrictions for banks and SFBs	A Board-approved policy for pricing of loans to be put in place. The policy should include the interest rate model, the range of spread of each component for various categories of borrowers, and the interest		
Processing fees	Not more than 1% of the gross loan amount		rate ceiling and all other charges on MFI loans.		
		Have to meet the	The minimum requirement of microfinance loans has been revised to 75% of an NBFC-MFI's total assets.		
Qualifying criteria	85% loans unsecured	target set for priority sector loans	The maximum limit on microfinance loans for NBFCs other than NBFC-MFIs has been revised 25% of the total assets from 10% previously.		
Household income	Rural areas: Rs 125,000 per annum Urban areas: Rs 200,000 per annum		Annual household income: Up to Rs 300,000 for		
Ticket size of loans	Rs 75,000 in the first cycle and Rs 125,000 in the subsequent cycles	No restrictions for banks and SFBs	urban as well as rural areas. (higher than the amount stated in the consultation paper issued in June 2021 – up to Rs 125,000 for rural areas and Rs 200,000 for urban and semi-urban areas) Board-approved policy for the assessment of		
Tenure of loans	Not less than 24 months for loan amounts in excess of Rs 30,000		household income.		
Lending to the same borrower	Not more than two lenders allowed per borrower	More than two banks can lend to the same borrower	Limit on maximum loan repayment obligation of a household towards all loans: 50% of monthly		
Overall borrower indebtedness	Should not exceed Rs 125,000	No restrictions for banks and SFBs	household income.		

Regulated entities include all commercial banks (including SFBs, local area banks and regional rural banks), excluding payments banks; all primary (urban) co-operative banks, state co-operative banks and district central co-operative banks; and all NBFCs (including MFIs and housing finance companies) Source: RBI, CRISIL MI&A Research

MFIN guardrails to protect borrowers from over leveraging

India's self-regulatory organization (SRO), MFIN has been collaborating with its members to ensure that flexibility is utilized in a responsible and efficient manner, ultimately benefiting clients. To achieve this, MFIN has taken proactive measures, including streamlining guidelines to reduce interest rates and implementing safeguards to prevent borrowers from over-leveraging and defaulting on repayments.

Two key initiatives have been introduced to promote responsible lending practices:

- Capping the number of microfinance lenders a borrower can access at four, to prevent over-indebtedness.
- Limiting total microfinance indebtedness to INR 2 lacs, which, given that nearly 80% of loans have a tenure of 1.5 years or more, effectively reduces repayment obligations to well below the regulatory limit."

Key success factors

• Ability to attract funds/raise capital and maintain healthy capital position

The microfinance industry has seen rapid growth over the past few years owing to small ticket sizes and doorstep disbursement. Despite this, a large portion of the market remains underpenetrated, making it necessary for MFIs to raise funds at regular intervals to sustain growth. This remains a challenge for several MFIs owing to perceived risk of the borrower segment, their susceptibility to socio-political issues, and volatility in asset quality. The ability of MFIs to raise funding from diverse sources and maintain a capital position much higher than the prescribed regulatory minimum is vital for long-term sustainability.

• Geographically diversified portfolio helps MFIs mitigate risks

A large, well-diversified portfolio in different geographies enables players to mitigate risks associated with a concentrated portfolio. Apart from this, a wider scale of operation helps them reduce operating expenses as a percentage of outstanding loans. Rural areas are still under-penetrated in India; hence, players operating in/focussed on these areas are likely to see faster growth in their portfolios.

• Ability to control asset quality and ageing of NPAs

The vulnerability of MFI portfolios to local issues and events that impact the repayment ability of borrower households makes it critical for them to have a strong hold on asset quality and regularly engage with borrowers to control ageing of NPAs. MFIs, thus, need to put in place methods and use analytics to understand and predict the quality of the portfolio, and minimise the frequency and size of asset quality-related risks.

• Competitive dynamics

CRISIL MI&A Research expects NBFC-MFIs to grow at a much faster rate vis-a-vis SFBs, on account of increasing focus of the latter towards product suites beyond the MFI loan portfolio and improving liquidity for NBFCs in the system.

OUR BUSINESS

In this section, any reference to "we," "us" or "our" refers to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited. Unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise requires, the financial information used in this section is derived from our Limited review Unaudited Financial Results and Audited Financial Statements set forth elsewhere in this Prospectus.

We have included various operational and financial performance indicators in this section, some of which may not have been derived from our Audited Financial Statements and which may not have been subject to an audit or review of the Statutory Auditor. The manner in which such operational and financial indicators are calculated and presented, and the assumptions and estimates used in the calculation, may vary from that used by other entities in the business similar to ours. You should consult your own advisors and evaluate such information in the context of the Audited Financial Statements and other information relating to our business and operations included in this Prospectus.

Some of the information contained in the following discussion, including information with respect to our plans and strategies, contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should read "Forward Looking Statements" on page 16 for a discussion of the risks and uncertainties related to such statements and also "Risk Factors" on page 18 for a discussion of certain factors that may affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Our actual results may differ materially from those expressed in or implied by these forward-looking statements.

The industry-related information contained in this section is derived from the CRISIL Report, which has been exclusively commissioned and paid for by our Company only for the purposes of confirming our understanding of the industry in connection with the Issue.

Overview

We are a non-deposit taking systemically important non-banking finance company ("NBFC – Middle Layer") primarily serving low- and middle-income individuals and businesses that have limited or no access to formal banking and finance channels. We had originally obtained a Certificate of Registration in the name of Needs Finvest Limited dated December 13, 1997, bearing registration no. 09.00006 issued by the RBI to commence the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the Certificate of Registration under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act. Subsequently, the name of our Company was changed to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, and we have obtained fresh Certificate of Registration dated March 15, 2016 bearing registration no. 09.00006 from RBI. We operate primarily in four business verticals: (i) gold loan business, lending money against the pledge of household jewellery, (ii) micro, small and medium enterprises loan, (iii) personal loan and (iv) microfinance loan. As on September 30, 2024, we operate through 670 branches across six states namely Kerala, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra managed through our corporate office located at Kochi.

As of quarter ended June 30, 2024 and Fiscal year March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, our AUM was ₹ 1,68,511.13 lakhs, ₹1,72,095.82 lakhs, ₹1,46,032.97 lakhs, and 1,07,296.71 lakhs, respectively. Our AUM increased at a CAGR of 22.22% from ₹ 1,07,296.71 lakhs as of March 31, 2022, to ₹ 1,68,511.13 lakhs as of June 30, 2024.

Our product portfolio:

Our loan customers are typically businessmen, vendors, traders, farmers, salaried individuals and families, who for reasons of convenience, accessibility or necessity, avail of our credit facilities.

Gold Loans:

Our gold loan business is typically loans against pledge of household gold jewellery by individuals. We provide loans against gold jewellery with a tenure ranging up to 12 months. We offer variety of gold loan schemes to our customers to suit their individual needs. The schemes differ in relation to the amount advanced per gram of gold, tenure, interest rate chargeable and amount of loan. As of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, we had an aggregate principal balance of ₹ 1,06,430.82, ₹1,06,750.72 lakhs, ₹93,796.18 lakhs, and ₹ 62,546.94 lakhs of outstanding gold loans. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024, and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, our gold loan portfolio yield representing interest income on gold loans as a percentage of average outstanding gold loans, for the same period were 5.77%, 22.00%,

23.04%, and 23.32%, respectively. For June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, income from interest earned on our gold loans constituted 74.11%, 69.81%, 64.60%, and 62.99%, of our total income, respectively.

Micro, small and medium enterprises loans and other loans:

We provide loans up to ₹ 1,000 Lakhs to micro, small and medium enterprises ("MSME") customers, a category which primarily includes small and medium size enterprises, including businessmen, traders, manufacturers and self-employed professionals. The MSME loan segment includes working capital loans against residential and commercial property with a tenure ranging up to 40 months. Other loans include personal loans and vehicle loans. We provide personal loans up to ₹ 20 lakhs to our individual customers for their personal needs against tangible collateral as well as security in other forms with a tenure ranging up to 40 months. We also provide two-wheeler loans to women customers. As of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, we had an aggregate principal balance of ₹ 44,394.71 lakhs, ₹46,080.21 lakhs, ₹ 37,840.92 lakhs, and ₹ 35,898.97 lakhs of outstanding MSME loan respectively. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022, our MSME loan portfolio yield representing interest income on MSME loans and other loans as a percentage of average outstanding of MSME loans and other loans, for the same period were 2.81%, 12.68%, 15.41% and 12.81%, respectively. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, income from interest earned on our MSME loans and other loans constituted 15.31%, 16.85%, 20.38%, and 22.72%, of our total income, respectively.

Microfinance loans:

We also provide micro finance loans to women customers. We provide microfinance loans up to ₹ 0.50 lakhs each to a group of 10 – 15 women customers for their business and personal needs. These loans are provided essentially for use in their small businesses or other income generating activities. As of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, we had an aggregate principal in our microfinance loan segment 17,685.59, of ₹19,264.89, ₹ 14,395.87 lakhs, and ₹ 8,850.80 lakhs of outstanding Microfinance loan. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024, and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, our microfinance loan portfolio yield representing interest income on microfinance loans as a percentage of average outstanding of microfinance loans, for the same period were 3.37%, 17.26%, 28.88%, and 24.18%, respectively. For quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, income from interest earned on our microfinance loans constituted 7.50%, 9.19%, 12.04%, and 10.20%, of our total income, respectively.

The following table sets forth certain information relating to our operations and financial performance in the periods specified:

(₹ in Lakhs) **Particulars** June 30, 2024 March 31, March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 2022 Gold Loan 1,06,430.82 1,06,750.72 93,796.18 62,546.94 46,080.20 36,648.70 34,700.25 MSME Loan 44,394.71 1.191.77 1.197.27 Personal Loan Microfinance Loan 17,685.59 19,264.89 14,395.87 8,850.80 Vehicle Loan 0.45 1.46 1,68,511.13 1,72,095.82 1,46,032.97 1,07,296.71 Total AUM Gross NPA 3,742.14 2,753.14 2,692.13 4,292.53 Gross NPA/AUM% 1.60% 2.22% 1.84% 4.00% Net NPA 2,025.10 1,148.72 1,190.55 2,898.48 Net NPA/AUM% 1.20% 0.67% 0.82% 2.70% Equity/ Net worth 25,917.86 26,506.20 26,149.93 15,059.46 Return on net worth % 1.69% 8.69% 7.01% 7.56% 30,562.49 8,135.13 27,540.07 Revenue from Operations 17,943,43 Profit after Tax (before OCI) 437.81 2,302.87 1,833.10 1.138.34

As of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, our total outstanding debt including interest (excluding unamortised expenses of public issue) was ₹1,66,101.54 lakhs, ₹1,67,764.62 lakhs, ₹

1,45,456.18 lakhs, and ₹ 1,31,452.16 lakhs, respectively, and our finance cost was ₹ 3,975.59 lakhs, ₹15,476.76 lakhs, ₹ 14,336.45 lakhs, and ₹ 10,450.40 lakhs, respectively.

Our AUM in Gold loan, MSME loan, and Micro Finance loan has increased at a CAGR of 26.65%,9.90%, and 36.02%, from March 31, 2022 to June 30, 2024, respectively.

Key Operational and Financial indicators of our Company

A summary of our key operational and financial parameters for the last three completed financial years are as given below:

Based on the Audited Financial Statements

(in ₹ lakhs)

			(III \ lakiis)
Parameters	Fiscal 2024	Fiscal 2023	Fiscal 2022
Balance Sheet			
Property, Plant and Equipment	13,987.50	12,014.32	5,577.35
Financial Assets	1,78,985.10	1,57,395.47	1,39,188.05
Non-financial Assets excluding property, plant and equipment	3,061.83	2,519.86	2,452.98
Total Assets	1,96,034.43	1,71,929.65	1,47,218.39
Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
- Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-
- Trade Payables	=	=	=
- Debt Securities	67,667.92	81,079.39	66,411.39
- Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	15,777.25	7,562.82	6,369.67
- Subordinated liabilities	77,159.75	50,289.45	53,331.54
- Other financial liabilities	6,872.53	6,613.26	4,863.66
Non-Financial Liabilities	,	,	,
- Current tax liabilities (net)	772.58	694.86	488.84
- Provisions	-	-	=
- Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	=	-
- Other non-financial liabilities	586.96	233.10	72.03
Equity (Equity Share Capital and Other Equity)	27,197.44	25,456.78	15,681.24
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,96,034.43	1,71,929.65	1,47,218.39
Profit and Loss			
Revenue from operations	30,562.49	27,540.07	17,943.43
Other income	1,029.83	334.91	647.83
Total Income	31,592.32	27,874.98	18,591.26
Total Expenses	29,289.45	26,041.88	17,452.92
•	,	,	,
Profit after tax for the year	2,302.87	1,833.10	1,138.34
Other comprehensive income	-	-	_
Total Comprehensive Income	2,302.87	1,833.10	1,138.34
Earnings per equity share (Basic)	1.14	1.33	2.16
Earnings per equity share (Diluted)	1.14	1.33	2.16
Cash Elow			
Cash Flow			
Net cash from / used in (-) operating activities	(7,109.80)	(20,086.81)	(19,812.94)
Net cash from / used in (-) operating activities Net cash from / used in (-) investing activities	(4,224.51)	(8,586.22)	(3,706.22)
Net cash from / used in (-) operating activities Net cash from / used in (-) investing activities Net cash from / used in (-) financing activities	(4,224.51) 5,636.21	(8,586.22) 6,353.67	(3,706.22) 52,127.46
Net cash from / used in (-) operating activities Net cash from / used in (-) investing activities	(4,224.51)	(8,586.22)	(3,706.22)

Parameters	Fiscal 2024	Fiscal 2023	Fiscal 2022
Additional information			_
Net worth	26,506.20	24,763.63	15,059.46
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,721.99	9,420.09	31,739.44
Loans	1,70,486.83	1,44,464.58	1,05,800.30
Loans (Principal Amount)	1,55,297.16	1,36,512.12	96,289.19
Total Debts to Total Assets	0.82	0.81	0.86
Interest Income	30,562.49	27,540.07	17,943.43
Interest Expense	15,476.76	14,336.45	10,450.40
Impairment on Financial Instruments	40.60	71.98	63.37
Bad Debts to Loans	-	-	-
% Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	1.77%	1.97%	4.46%
% Net Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	0.74%	0.87%	3.01%
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.61%	16.66%	13.71%
Tier 2 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	8.01%	8.61%	7.24%

Notes:

- 1. Total Debts to Total assets= Debt Securities + Borrowings (other than debt securities) + Subordinated Debts/ Total Assets.
- 2. Net worth = Equity Share Capital + Other equity excluding revaluation reserve

Based on the Unaudited Financial Statements

(₹ in lakh, except percentages)

Particulars	Three months period ended June 30, 2024
PROFIT AND LOSS	
Revenue from operations	8,135.13
Other Income	167.18
Total Income	8,302.31
Total Expense	7,864.50
Profit after tax for the year	437.81
Other Comprehensive income	-
Total Comprehensive Income	-
Earnings per equity share (Basic) (₹)	0.21
Earnings per equity share (Diluted) (₹)	0.21
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Net worth	25,917.86
Cash and cash equivalents	N.A.
Loans	N.A.
Loans (Principal)	N.A.
Total Debts to Total Assets	0.86
Interest Income	8,135.13
Interest Expense	3,975.59
Impairment on Financial Instruments	150.38
Bad Debts to Loans	-
% Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	N.A.
% Net Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	N.A.
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15.73%
Tier II Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	8.10%

N.A.- Not Available

Notes:

- 1) Total Debts to Total assets = Debt securities + Borrowings (other than debt securities) + Subordinated liabilities/Total Assets
- 2) Net worth = Equity Share Capital + Other equity excluding revaluation reserve

Our Strengths

Diversified product offerings presenting significant growth opportunities

We offer a diverse range of financial products and services targeted at the low and middle income customer segments. Our gold loan/personal loan segment extends loan to individuals for their personal needs. Our MSME loan segments extend loans to dealers, retailers and related service providers in various industries. Our vehicle loans are two-wheeler loans targeted towards women customers. Our microfinance loans are targeted for income generation for women entrepreneurs. We cover a diversified customer demographic through our various financing products. As of June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, gold loan segment represented 63.16%, 62.03%, 64.23%, and 58.29%, MSME loan and other loans segment represented 26.35%, 26.78%, 25.91%, and 33.46%, Microfinance loan segment represented 10.50%, 11.19%, 9.86%, and 8.25% respectively of the total AUM of the Company. We believe that our diversified product portfolio and customer base aligned with increasing market demand is a key component of our growth and success. Our diverse revenue stream reduces our dependence on any particular product line thus enabling us to spread and mitigate our risk exposure to any particular industry, business, and geography or customer segment.

Growing distribution network

As on September 30, 2024, we had a distribution network of 670 branches spread across Kerala, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. We believe that our presence allows us to continue to capitalise on opportunities to grow our loan portfolio and our in house ability to appraise credit quality is a key to our efficient credit decisions. With our growing network and dedicated distribution and operations teams, we seek to ensure that our credit assessment processes are robust and we provide financial facilities to creditworthy customers. Below data shows our growth in distribution network. The branch details of our company as on September 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, is as given below:

States	As at September 30, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Kerala	327	327	338	306
Karnataka	133	133	133	63
Tamil Nadu	125	125	125	41
Telangana	44	44	43	16
Andhra Pradesh	34	34	33	-
Maharashtra	7	7	6	-
Total	670	670	678	426

For further details on our branches please refer the QR code and web link below:



Satisfactory customer service

We have established an effective process for origination, monitoring and collecting receivables which enable us to generate stable growth with control over the asset quality. We adhere to a strict set of market survey and location guidelines while selecting branch sites to ensure that our branches are set up close to our customers. We believe that our customers appreciate this convenience, as well as extended operating hours that we typically offer, which are often more compatible with our customers' work schedules.

Our target customers mainly hail from rural/semi-urban area. Under such customer segment, the knowledge of local culture and long relationship with the customers play a key role for growth in our operation. We have adopted distinguished and cost effective business origination policy, where we originate the business through our branch networks in association with marketing officers termed as customer service points. These customer service points are local residents of the area and have the domain knowledge of that area. They identify potential customers in defined area and maintain long term relationship with the existing customers. Each of our branches is staffed with persons who possess local knowledge and understanding of customers' needs and who are trained to appraise collateral and disburse loans within a short span of time. Although disbursement time may vary depending on the loan ticket size and the security pledged. We believe our customer service and response time are our key competitive strengths that differentiate our services and products from those provided by commercial banks.

Effective risk management system including appraisal, internal audit and inspections.

Risk management forms an integral part of our business as we are exposed to various risks relating to our business. The objective of our risk management system is to measure and monitor the various risks we are subject to and to implement policies and procedures to address such risks. We have an internal audit system which consists of audit and inspection, for risk assessment and internal controls. The audit system comprises of accounts audit and loan appraisal. In accordance with our internal audit policy, our branches are subject to surprise audit every month on random basis. We have designed stringent evaluation process and credit policies to ensure the asset quality of our loans and the security provided for such loans. Our credit policy comprises classification of target customers in terms of track record, classification of assets, differentiated loan to value ratio for different class of customers and assets, limits on customer exposure etc. Further, in order to build quality assets and reduce NPA level, we have developed a culture of accountability by making our marketing officers responsible for loan administration, monitoring as well as recovery of the loans they originate.

For effective and timely portfolio management, we have put in place a centralized risk analytics team publishing credit and portfolio performance reports for management's review. We utilise advance statistical tools like customer behaviour scorecards for early identification of potential risks in our portfolios and to take corrective actions accordingly as required. The reports provide detailed information on various portfolio segments and ascertain the risk. In addition, periodic collection reviews are conducted on delinquent customers and segments to identify and evaluate any problem areas, to drive collection efficiencies and future acquisitions.

Experienced management team and skilled personnel

We believe that the expertise and industry knowledge of our senior management team has enabled us to accelerate the growth in our business. Although we have a relatively brief operating history, our senior management team has experience in gold loan, micro finance and consumer finance businesses with a track record of successfully growing businesses. Our board of directors has experience across a broad range of disciplines. Our Whole time Director Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese has over two decades of experience in the financing business and have developed a good understanding of the local area dynamics. This has enabled our Company to grow our loans portfolios. We have an experienced management team, which is supported by a capable and motivated pool of employees. Our senior managers have diverse experience in various functions, related to our business. Our senior managers have an in-depth understanding of the specific industry, products and geographic regions they cover, which enables them to appropriately support and provide guidance to our employees. For further details, refer to "Our Management" on page 195.

Our Strategies

Our business strategy is designed to capitalize on our competitive strengths and enhance our market standing. Key elements of our strategy include:

Growth of the business through increasing geographical presence in rural and semi-urban areas

We intend to continue to grow our loan portfolio by expanding our network through the addition of new branches.

In order to optimize our expansion, we carefully assess potential markets by analyzing demographic, competitive and regulatory factors, site selection and availability, and growth potential. A good reach to customers is very important in our business. Increased revenue, profitability and visibility are the factors that drive the branch network. Currently, we are present in key locations which are predominantly in South India for sourcing business namely Kerala, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. Our strategy for branch expansion includes further strengthening our presence in South Indian states by providing higher accessibility to customers as well as leveraging our expertise and presence in southern Indian states. We also seek to expand our business through branch expansion in non-southern states. As a strategy, we will continue to leverage on the infrastructure provided by entities operating under the 'KLM' brand name. We expect that our diverse revenue stream will reduce our dependence on any particular product line thus enabling us to spread and mitigate our risk exposure to any particular industry, business, geography or customer segment. Offering a wide range of products helps us attract more customers thereby increasing our scale of operations. At the core of our branch expansion strategy, we expect to penetrate new markets and expand our customer base in rural and semi-urban markets where a large portion of the population has limited access to credit either because they do not meet the eligibility requirements of banks or financial institutions, or because credit is not available in a timely manner at reasonable rates of interest, or at all. A typical loan customer expects rapid and accurate appraisals, easy access, quick approval and disbursement. We believe that we meet these criteria when compared to other money lenders, and thus our focus is to expand our loan financing business. At the core of our branch expansion strategy, we expect to penetrate new markets and expand our customer base to include customers who otherwise would rely on the unorganized sector.

Further strengthen and grow our gold loan and microfinance business

Our Company started offering customized loans to small enterprises finance segment in 2013-14 and has continually focused on expanding our customer base for this product since then. We see a significant opportunity for our Company to expand our customer base in small enterprise finance segment. We intend to focus on the industry opportunity and leverage our established presence to further grow our gold loan and microfinance business. As per CRISIL report dated August 2024 on the "Industry report on gold loans, personal loans, MSME loans, and microfinance loans -released in Mumbai in August 2024", The overall gold loan segment (banks and NBFCs combined) grew by 23% during fiscal 2024, marginally slower than the 25% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) logged between fiscals 2020 and 2024. While credit growth of banks in the segment is estimated to have normalised, credit growth of NBFCs have recovered post a slack seen post pandemic, leading to healthy growth in the overall segment in fiscal 2024, primarily driven by increasing gold prices, an inherently better asset quality performance and better rates of interest. Southern states have a dominant share in the total AUM. It is observed that 50-55% of the total AUM is contributed by the southern region in past five years.

We intend to focus on the industry opportunity and leverage our established presence to further grow our gold loan and microfinance business,

To implement advanced processes and systems

We intend to invest in our existing technology systems and processes to create a stronger organization and ensure good management of customer credit quality. We also intend to invest in our technology-enabled operating procedures to increase operational and management efficiencies as well as ensure strong customer credit quality. Our focus on the effective use of technology is aimed at allowing employees across our branch network to collect and enter data to a centralized management system, providing our senior management real-time access to credit processing and decision making. We continue to implement technology led processing systems to make our appraisal and collection processes more efficient, facilitate rapid delivery of credit to our customers and augment the benefits of our relationship based approach. We also believe that deploying strong technology systems will enable us to respond to market opportunities and challenges swiftly, improve the quality of services to our customers, and improve our risk management capabilities. Our Company has implemented ERP system across all branches from February 29, 2020. We believe that the accurate and timely collection of such data gives us the ability to operate our business in a centralized manner and develop better credit procedures and risk management. As we continue to expand our geographic reach and scale of operations, we intend to further develop and invest in our technology to support our growth, improve the quality of our services and achieve superior turnaround time in our operations.

Further strengthen our risk management and loan appraisal

We believe risk management is a crucial element for further expansion of our Loan business. We therefore

continually focus on improving our integrated risk management framework with processes for identifying, measuring, monitoring, reporting and mitigating key risks, including credit risk, appraisal risk, custodial risk, market risk and operational risk. We plan to continue to adapt our risk management procedures, to take account of trends we have identified. We believe that prudent risk management policies and development of tailored credit procedures will allow us to expand our Loan financing business without significantly increasing our non-performing assets. Since we plan to expand our geographic reach as well as our scale of operations, we intend to further develop and strengthen our technology platform to support our growth and improve the quality of our services. We are focused on improving our comprehensive knowledge base and customer profile and support systems, which in turn will assist us in the expansion of our business.

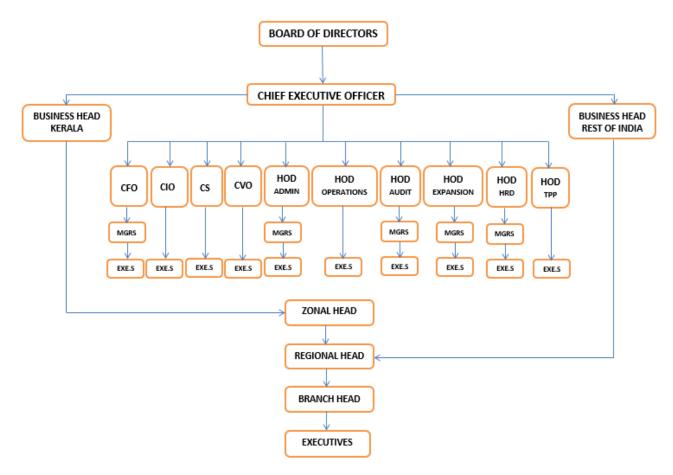
Description of our business line

We primarily operate four principal lines of business, namely gold loan business, micro, small and medium enterprises loan, personal loan and microfinance. The table below sets forth details in relation to our total credit exposure as of the dates indicated:

				(₹ In lakhs)
Particulars	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Gold loan	1,06,430.82	1,06,750.72	93,796.18	62,546.94
MSME loan and	44,394.71	46,080.21	36,648.70	34,700.25
Other loans				
Personal loan	-	-	1,191.77	1,197.27
Microfinance	17,685.59	19,264.89	14,395.87	8,850.80
loan				
Vehicle loan	-	-	0.45	1.46
Total AUM	1,68,511.13	1,72,095.82	1,46,032.97	1,07,296.72

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

The following chart presents the corporate structure of our Company:



Our Business Operations

Gold Loan

One of our primary business is disbursement of gold loans, which are typically small ticket loans collateralized by gold jewellery. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 the assets under management for gold loan was ₹ 1,06,430.82 lakhs, ₹ 1,06,750.72 lakhs, ₹93,796.18 lakhs and ₹ 62,546.94 lakhs which represented 63.16%, 62.03%, 64.23% and 58.29% of our total assets under management. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, income from interest earned on our gold Loans constituted 74.11%, 69.81%, 64.60%, and 62.99%, respectively, of our total income.

Loan disbursement process

The principal form of collateral accepted by us is gold jewellery. The amount that we finance against the security of gold jewellery is typically based on the value of the jewellery. We value the gold jewellery brought by our Gold Loan customers based on our centralized policies and guidelines, including policy on interest rate fixation. We currently lend up to 75% of the value of the jewellery. We appraise the jewellery collateral solely based on the weight of its gold content, excluding weight and value of the stone studded in the jewellery. Our gold loans are therefore well collateralized because the actual value of the collateral in all cases are generally higher than our appraised value.

The amount we lend against an item and the total value of the collaterals we hold fluctuates according to the gold prices but not exceeding the LTV ratio as prescribed by RBI from time to time. However, an increase in gold price will not result automatically in an increase in our gold loan portfolio unless the per gram rate are revised by our corporate office. Similarly, since adequate margins are kept at the time of disbursement of loan, a decrease in the price of gold has little impact on our interest income. However, a sustained decrease in the market price of gold may decrease in the size of our subsequent loan portfolio and our interest income.

We rely on the disposition of collateral to recover the principal amount of an overdue gold loan and the interest due thereon. We also have recourse against the customer for the loan. Since the disbursement of loans is primarily

based on the value of collateral, the customer's creditworthiness is not a factor in the loan decision. However, we comply with 'know your customer' norms adopted by the Board and require proof of identification and address proof. We also photograph customers with web-cameras installed in our branches.

All our gold loans have terms of up to 12 months. However, our customers have the option to redeem the loan at any time during the period of loan tenure. In the event that a loan is not repaid on time and after providing due notice to the customer, the unredeemed collateral is disposed of on behalf of the customer in satisfaction of the principal and all interest charges. In general, collateral is disposed of only when the recoverable amount is equal to or more than the realizable value of the collateral.

Loan appraisal process

Our gold loan approval process is generally linked with the appraisal of gold jewellery that serves as collateral, which takes only a few minutes. Each of our branches is staffed with persons who have been trained and have experience in appraising the gold content of jewellery. The appraisal process begins with weighing the jewellery using calibrated weighing machines. Jewellery is then subject to prescribed primary tests for the quality of gold, including stone tests and acid tests, followed by additional tests, if required, such as salt tests, sound tests, weight tests, pointed scratching tests, flexibility tests, color tests, smell tests, usability tests, magnifying glass tests and finishing tests. Once the jewellery passes these tests, loans are disbursed based on the rates per gram of gold approved by the corporate office.

Our customers are provided the option to accept loan disbursements in cash or by cheque, as permissible under RBI guidelines. At the time of disbursement, an undertaking is signed by the customer. It states the name and address of our Company's relevant branch office and the customer, a detailed description of the gold jewellery provided as collateral, the amount of the loan, the interest rate, the date of the loan, and other terms and conditions.

The pledged gold jewellery are separately packed by staff of the branch, and then placed in a polythene pouch with the relevant documents on the loan and the customer and stored in the safe or strong room of the branch. The safes and strong rooms in which the gold jewellery is kept are built as per industry standards and practices. The strong rooms are vaults with reinforced concrete cement structures. Currently, almost all of our branches are using strong rooms or safe vaults.

We monitor our loan accounts and recovery of dues on an ongoing basis. Once a loan is fully repaid, the pledged gold jewellery is returned to the customer. When a customer does not repay a loan on or before its maturity, we initiate the recovery process and dispose of the collateral to satisfy the amount owed to us, including both the principal and the accrued interests. Before starting the recovery process, we inform the customer through registered letters or legal notices.

When a loan is repaid, we give the customer an option to pledge the security again and obtain another loan. The procedure of re-pledging entails the same procedure as that of a pledge and is accompanied by the same mode of documentation that a pledge entails. If the loan is not repaid when the loan falls due, we are able to sell the gold collateral in satisfaction of the amount due to us. We also reserve the right to sell the collateral even before a loan becomes past due in the event the market value of the underlying collateral is less than amounts outstanding on the loan, after serving notice to the customer.

Micro, small and medium enterprises loan ("MSME and Other Loans"):

Currently, we offer business loans to the micro, small and medium enterprises segment for a tenor of up to 40 months. Our target customers in the micro, small and medium enterprises segment typically comprises self-employed professionals, wholesale and retail dealers, merchants, small and medium scale manufacturing concerns etc. Our MSME Loan segment is typically customized to suit the requirements of our customers after having assessed and understood their business model. We provide personal loan to our existing and new customers. Our officials reach out directly to our personal loan customers and visit them at their doorstep to carry out loan origination and credit evaluation, so as to ensure speedy processing of loans. We target customer segments who do not have easy access to bank or other modes of financing for immediate short or medium term funding requirements, within reasonable time. The average tenor for such loans is typically up to 20 months. For the quarter ended June 30 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31,2023 and March 31,2022 the assets under management for MSME loans and other loans was ₹ 44,394.71 lakhs, ₹46,080.21 lakhs, ₹37,840.92 lakhs and ₹35,898.97 lakhs which represented 26.35%, 26.78%, 25.91% and 33.46% of our total assets under management.

We believe that the MSME Loan segment is still under banked to a large extent and barring certain public financial institutions and public sector banks, lending in this sector has traditionally been addressed by the unorganized players in most regions in India. Accordingly, we see a significant opportunity for our Company to expand our customer base in MSME segment.

Microfinance

In the Fiscal 2017, we have introduced microfinance operations entail providing micro credit lending to our women customers who are predominantly located in rural and semi-urban areas and the purpose of loans sanctioned to them is mainly for utilisation in small businesses or for other income generating activities but not for personal consumption. Primarily, we utilise a clustered group lending model to provide unsecured loans to our customers. This model relies on a form of 'social collateral' and ensures credit discipline through peer support within the group. This model presupposes our members being prudent in conducting their financial affairs and prompt in repaying their outstanding borrowings.

We provide microfinance loans up to ₹ 0.50 lakhs each to a group of 10-15 women customers for their business needs. A customer is eligible for a subsequent cycle of the loan if their track record of repayment is good and meets certain other requirements relating to their conduct within the group. In addition, we also extend midterm loans to certain eligible microfinance customers, based on their requirements. All our microfinance loans are offered at fixed interest rates, with principal and interest typically payable in weekly instalments. Interest rates for our microfinance product offerings are a function of our operating and funding costs, in particular our personnel and administrative costs, as well as the RBI limits on microfinance loan interest rates. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31,2023 and March 31, 2022, the assets under management for microfinance loans were ₹ 17,685.59 lakhs, ₹ 19,264.89 lakhs, ₹14,395.87 lakhs and ₹8,850.80 lakhs which represented 10.50%, 11.19%, 9.86% and 8.25% of our total assets under management.

Interest Rate Model

All of our loans (a) are offered at fixed or variable interest rates, and (b) have principal and interest payable in weekly, fortnightly or monthly instalments and sometimes the loans are repaid at one go. The interest rates we charge our borrowers are principally based on our operating and funding costs, particularly our personnel and administrative costs, which we believe are significantly higher than those of most commercial banks and traditional non-banking finance companies. We have in the past progressively reduced the interest rates we charge to our borrowers whenever our costs have reduced, either as a result of economies of scale or lowered funding costs. We may continue to reduce our interest rates in the future as we achieve such economies of scale in other markets or further economies of scale in existing regions.

Loan Evaluation, Credit Appraisal and Disbursement

Loan evaluation

Due to our customer profile, in addition to a credit evaluation of the borrower, we rely on guarantor arrangements, the availability of security, referrals from existing relationships and close client relationships in order to manage our asset quality. All customer origination and evaluation, loan disbursement, loan administration and monitoring as well as loan recovery processes are carried out by our executives at each branch, who are responsible for (i) loan origination, (ii) credit evaluation, (iii) pre-lending field investigations and (iv) post lending credit appraisal. The team of officials responsible for origination of a loan is also responsible for the timely servicing of loans, recoveries, and monitoring performance of each loan from origination to closure of the loan. We offer incentivized salary structures to such officials where their incentives are directly linked to recovery of instalments of the principal amount and interest on the loans. We do not utilize or engage direct selling or other marketing and distribution agents or appraisers to carry out these processes. We follow certain procedures for the evaluation of the creditworthiness of potential borrowers. Our credit appraisal process is as follows:

When a customer is identified and the requisite information for a financing proposal is received, a branch manager or our branch executive personally visits such customer at their homes and/or place of business to assess the loan requirements and creditworthiness of such customer. We also require an applicant to provide appropriate references from existing or former customers. The proposal form requires the customer to provide information on the age, address, employment details and annual income of the customer, as well as information on outstanding loans.

Credit Appraisal

We undertake various credit control checks, diligence and field investigations on a prospective customer which inter-alia includes an internal data de-duplication check, CIBIL database check, fraud verification, asset verification and valuation, trade credit reference checks and other legal and technical verification procedures which also includes detailed analysis of financial statements, bank statements and other documents put together constitute the credit file for all customers. From time to time, our management lays down loan approval parameters which are linked to the value of the underlying security and/or collateral. The borrower is charged prepayment charges in the event of termination of the loan by prepayment. Security received from the borrower, including unutilized post-dated cheques, if any, is released on repayment of all dues or on collection of the entire outstanding loan amount, provided no other existing right or lien for any other claim exists against the borrower. After having completed our internal verification procedures all documents submitted by the prospective customer are checked and verified as required and any discrepancies and/or gaps in such documentation are highlighted and sent to the prospective customer for corrections, explanations and resubmissions as required.

The files provided are at length reviewed by the credit managers for evaluation using credit evaluation tool. Based on the document review the credit managers conduct personal discussions with the customers at their workplace. The discussion is intended to gather information about the business model of the customer, his positioning in the value chain, dependence of suppliers and/or customers and to ascertain any business risks like export dependence, raw-material supplies, etc. which might adversely impact the business cash flows and hence diminish repayment capacity. Based on the all the information gathered, and assessment of customer's business risks, debt servicing ability and collateral risks, the credit manager puts the transaction proposal to appropriate approving committee in the hierarchy for decision.

Approval and Disbursement Process

Once the credit history, credentials, information and documents have been submitted by the prospective customer and verified to our satisfaction, the applications are approved at the appropriate credit approval level.

There are four progressive levels of approvals which a proposal can be put to which are based on loan product, loan amount and identified risks. All proposals require minimum of two approvals and up to four approvals for larger ticker size loans. For gold loan, the branch manager is authorized to approve a loan if the proposal meets the criteria established for the approval of a loan. For MSME loan, personal loan and microfinance, our corporate office is authorised to provide final approval in consultation with the branch. The applicant is intimated of the outcome of the approval process, as well as the amount of loan approved, the terms and conditions of such financing, including the rate of interest (annualized) and the application of such interest during the tenure of the loan. With due sanctioning of the loan, we execute agreements in connection with the loan and creation of security in relation thereto, if any, with the customer. Margin money and other charges, if any, are collected prior to loan disbursements. The disbursing officer retains evidence of the applicant's acceptance of the terms and conditions of the loan as part of the loan documentation.

Prior to the loan disbursement, our concerned officer ensures that a Know Your Customer, ("KYC"), checklist is completed by the applicant. The concerned officer verifies such information provided and includes the records in the relevant loan file. The officer is also required to ensure that the contents of the loan documents are explained in detail to the customer either in English or in the local language of the customer. The customer is provided with a copy of the loan documents executed by him. Further although our customers have the option of making payments by cash or cheque, we may require the applicant to submit post-dated cheques covering an initial period prior to any loan disbursement.

Loan administration and monitoring

The customer (and guarantor, if any) execute(s) the security creation documents and the loan agreement setting out the terms of the loan. A loan repayment schedule is attached as a schedule to the loan agreement, which generally sets out periodical repayment terms. Repayments are made in periodical instalments. Loans disbursed are recovered from the customer in accordance with the loan terms and conditions agreed with the customer. We track loan repayment schedules of our customers on a monthly basis, based on the outstanding tenure of the loans, the number of instalments due and defaults committed, if any. This data is analysed based on the loans disbursed and location of the customer. All recovery of amounts due on loans is managed internally by us. We ensure complete focus on all stages of the collections process. We monitor the completeness of documentation, creation

of security etc. through regular visits to the business outlets by our regional as well as corporate office executives and internal auditors. All customer accounts are reviewed on a regular basis.

We monitor the completeness of documentation, creation of security etc. through regular visits to our branches by the regional as well as corporate office executives and internal auditors. All borrower accounts are reviewed at least once a year, with a higher frequency of reviews for the larger exposures and delinquent borrowers. The branch managers review collections regularly and personally contact borrowers that have defaulted on their loan payments. Branch managers are assisted by the officers responsible for loan origination, who are also responsible for the collection of instalments from each borrower serviced by them. We believe that close monitoring of debt servicing efficiency enables us to maintain high recovery ratios.

Collection and Recovery

We believe that our loan recovery procedure is particularly well-suited to our target market for each of our products. The entire collection operation is administered in-house through our branch officials and we do not outsource loan recovery and collection operations. In case of default, the reasons for the default are identified by the officer responsible for each loan and appropriate action is initiated, such as requiring partial repayment and/or seeking additional guarantees or collateral.

In the event of a default on three loan instalments, the relevant officer is required to make a personal visit to the borrower to determine the gravity of the loan recovery problem. We may initiate the process for repossession of the underlying asset and/or enforcement of the charge if required. Our officers are trained to repossess assets and/or enforce the security interest and no external agency is involved in such processes. Repossessed assets are held at designated secured facilities for eventual disposal. The notice to the customer specifies the outstanding amount to be paid within a specified period, failing which the asset may be disposed of and/or the charge enforced. In the event there is a short fall in the recovery of the outstanding amount from enforcement of the charge, legal proceedings against the customer may be initiated.

Branch Network

As on September 30, 2024 we 670 branches in the states of Kerala, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. We propose to target establishing our operations through new branch network in cities and towns where we historically had relatively limited operations. We typically introduce our products in a particular location only after having evaluated the regional market and the demand for each individual product. Currently, not all of our branch offer our full range of products. As a part of our strategy, we target to gradually introduce our entire range of product offerings at each of our existing branch network.

A typical our branch comprises 3 to 6 employees, including the branch manager. The branch details of our company during the quarter ended September 30, 2024 and the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 is as given below:

States	As at September 30, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Kerala	327	327	338	306
Karnataka	133	133	133	63
Tamil Nadu	125	125	125	41
Telangana	44	44	43	16
Andhra	34	34	33	0
Pradesh				
Maharashtra	7	7	6	0
Total	670	670	678	426

Marketing, Sales and Customer Care

Our Company undertakes publicity through media, both print and electronic to increase the visibility of our brand. Our media plan ensures the visibility and reach of our KLM brand within the desired budget. These advertisements are carried out across various states wherever our Company has presence. This helps individual branches to target the public and thereby generate business from the locality. For the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, our total advertisement expenditure was ₹ 212.01 lakhs, ₹ 268.91 lakhs, ₹ 184.31 lakhs, and ₹ 511.81 lakhs, respectively.

Risk Management

Risk management forms an integral part of our business as we are exposed to various risks relating to the Loan business. The objective of our risk management systems is to review the operations of the organization followed by identifying potential threats to the organization and the likelihood of their occurrence, and then taking appropriate actions to address the most likely threats and to provide a framework that enables future activities to take place in a consistent & controlled manner and to improve the decision making, planning and prioritization by comprehensive and structured understanding of business activities, volatility and opportunities/ threats. Our Risk Management Committee assists the Board in addressing various risk such as operational risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk compliance risk, strategic risk.

Asset and Liability Management ("ALM")

Our business operations require steady flow of working capital and hence managing the day to day liquidity becomes a critical function. The ALM, amongst other functions, is concerned with risk management, providing a comprehensive as well as a dynamic framework for measuring, monitoring and managing liquidity, market risk and interest rate risk. The ALM ensures proper balance of assets and liabilities of the company as per guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India from time to time. The ALM also computes and monitors monitor periodically the maturity pattern of the various liabilities and assets of the company.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss due to the failure of any counterparty abiding by the terms and conditions of any financial contract with us. We aim to reduce the aforesaid credit risk through a rigorous loan approval and collateral appraisal process, as well as a strong NPA monitoring and collection strategy. Our Company has established separate department for customer relation to ensure the quality of customers acquired. Team of Credit Manager, Branch Manager and Customer Relation Executive is responsible for customer acquisition, maintenance, follow up, credit recovery etc. Before each disbursement the aforesaid team carries out proper check on customer's identity through KYC documentation, customer visit, back ground verification etc. The loan application is processed only after the approval of Credit Manager who approves the customer upon physically verifying the customer's address and documents provided.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. We have instituted a series of checks and balances, including an operating manual, and both internal and external audit reviews. Although we disburse loans in a relatively short period of time, we have clearly defined appraisal methods as well as KYC compliance procedures in place to mitigate operational risks. Any loss on account of failure by employees to comply with defined appraisal mechanism is recovered out of their variable incentive. We also have detailed guidelines on movement and security measures of cash or gold. We are in the process of completing the installation of a centralised software which automates inter branch transactions, enabling branches to be monitored centrally and thus reducing the risk of un-reconciled entries. In addition, we are in the process of installing surveillance cameras across our various branches, and subscribe to insurance to cover employee theft or fraud and burglary. Our internal audit department and our centralised monitoring systems assist in the management of operational risk.

We regularly conduct internal audit at all the branches of the Company on a concurrent basis by a team of internal auditors. Internal audit team identifies and resolves failure in procedure implementation, identifying manipulations, malpractices, fraud, security issues etc. Internal auditor conducts regular checking ensures that all branch activities are carried out as per norms/procedures as mentioned in the operational policy. All our branches are reviewed monthly and were ranked based on their performance. The scope of these audits is reviewed periodically and modified to keep pace with a dynamic business environment.

Financial Risk

Our business is cash intensive and requires substantial funds, on an on-going basis to finance the loan portfolio and to grow it. Any disruption in the funding sources might have an adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition. Our Company is proactively pursuing a system of identifying and accessing newer and cheaper sources of funds, to finance the loan book and to grow the business. Our Asset Liability Committee meets regularly and

reviews the liquidity position of our Company and ensures availability of sufficient funding in advance.

Market Risk

Market risk refers to potential losses arising from the movement in market values of interest rates in our business. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings to loss. The majority of our borrowings, and all the loans we make, are at fixed rates of interest. Thus, presently, our interest rate risk is minimal.

Internal Audit Department

Our internal audit department assists in the management of operational risk using our centralised monitoring systems. Separate divisions of our internal audit department are in place to handle the audit of the departments of the corporate office and those of the branch offices. The audits of our branches are divided into two categories: (i) Audit and (ii) Inspection. Branch audit is carried out quarterly with the focus on the verification of documents, accounts, performance and compliance. In addition, an incremental high value loan check is carried out by regional managers as part of their periodical branch inspection.

Risk Management Audit

Our branch auditors also carry out a system driven risk audit on certain identified key risk parameters. These are keyed into the system and alerts are sent to branch controllers and top management in case the risk weight given under a specific parameter goes beyond the prefixed tolerance levels. In all such cases, the concerned branches are inspected by the branch controllers or top management personnel depending on the severity of risk and immediate remedial actions are initiated.

ALM Management Policy

The Asset - Liability Committee (ALCO) is responsible for ensuring adherence to the limits set by the Board as well as for deciding the business strategy of our Company (on the assets and liabilities sides) in line with our Company's budget and decided risk management objectives.

The business and risk management strategy of our Company will ensure that our Company operates within the limits/parameters set by the Board. The business issues that an ALCO would consider, inter alia, includes product pricing, desired maturity profile and mix of the incremental assets and liabilities, prevailing interest rates offered by other peer NBFCs for the similar services/product, etc. In addition to monitoring the risk levels of our Company, the ALCO reviews the results of and progress in implementation of the decisions made in the previous meetings. The ALCO would also articulate the current interest rate view of our Company and base its decisions for future business strategy on this view.

The frequency of holding ALCO meetings is quarterly.

Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk is the non-availability of cash to pay a liability that falls due. A company deemed to be financially sound if it is in a position to carry on its business smoothly and meet all the obligations — both long term as well as short term — without strain. Liquidity Risk arises largely due to maturity mismatch associated with assets and liabilities of the Company. Liquidity risk stems from the inability of the Company to fund increase in assets, manage unplanned changes in funding sources and meet financial commitments when required. Our Company has implemented liquidity management policy for reducing the risk relating to liquidity issues.

The major funding source for the Company is by way of equity share, capital, debentures and subordinated debts. Though these are external sources of funds the Company is exposed to following risks:

- Interest Rate risk arises because of increase in cost of funds due to an overall increase in the interest rates economy.
- Asset-Liability Mismatch can lead to severe liquidity shortfall and result in significantly higher costs of funds.
- A high degree of leverage risk can severely impact the liquidity profile of the Company and lead to default in meeting its liabilities.

Company has implemented liquidity management policy for reducing the risk relating to liquidity issues. Currently the policies relating to liquidity are as follows:

- The Company is maintaining high capital adequacy ratio over and above limits prescribed by regulators.
- The Company ensures to keep liquidity to cover unexpected repayment obligation.
- Promoting fund infusion by way of Non-Convertible debentures and subordinated debts so that due date for interest and maturity can be pre known.
- Funding from long terms sources and lending as short term loans.
- Reducing the percentage of unsecured lending so that repayment up to a level is not affected.

Interest Rate Risk (IRR)

Interest rate risk is the risk where changes in the market interest rates might adversely affect an NBFC's financial condition. The changes in the interest rates affect the NBFCs in a larger way. The immediate impact of changes in the interest rates is on NBFCs earnings by changing its Net Interest Income. The interest rate risks are viewed from earning perspective and economic value perspective, respectively. It is the intention of the RBI to move over to the modern techniques of Interest Rate Risk Measurement like Duration Gap Analysis, Simulation and Value at Risk over time when NBFCs acquire sufficient expertise and sophistication in acquiring and handling MIS.

Over the last several years, the Government of India has substantially deregulated the financial sector. As a result, interest rates are now primarily determined by the market, which has increased the interest rate risk exposure.

Our results of operations are substantially dependent upon the level of our net interest margins. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors beyond our control, including the RBI's monetary policies, domestic and international economic and political conditions and other factors. Rise in inflation, and consequent changes in the bank rates, repo rates and reserve repo rates by the RBI has led to an increase in interest rates on loans provided by banks and financial institutions.

Compliance Risk

We are regulated principally by and have reporting obligations to the RBI. We are also subject to the corporate, taxation and other laws in effect in India. The regulatory and legal framework governing us may continue to change as India's economy and commercial and financial markets evolve. We ensure compliance with regulatory and statutory requirements. We have dedicated departments working together for monitoring, review and compliance of the applicable provisions reporting to Board of Directors.

Asset Classification

Non-performing Assets (NPA)

Based on the RBI Scale Based Master Directions, the norms for asset classification, details of the classification of our gross NPAs for significant classes of our assets for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ending on March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, are as furnished below:

(₹ in lakh) Asset Type June 30, 2024# March 31, 2023^ March 31, 2022^ March 31, 2024^ Standard 164768.99 169,342.67 1,43,340.83 1,03,004.17 Sub-standard 1598.00 1,108.55 993.95 1,470.50 Doubtful 1,698.18 2144.14 1,644.60 2,822.03 Loss Gross NPA 3742.14 2,753.15 2,692.14 4,292.53 Total Loans & 1,68,511.13 1,72,095.82 1,46,032.97 1,07,296.71 Advances Gross NPA % of 2.22% 1.60% 1.84% 4.00% Total Loans & Advances 1,604.43 Less Provisions 1,717.04 1,394.05 1,501.58 Net NPA 2,025.10 1,148.72 1,190.55 2,898.48 Net NPA % of Total 1.20% 0.67% 0.82% 2.70%

Asset Type	June 30, 2024#	March 31, 2024^	March 31, 2023^	March 31, 2022^
Loans & Advances				_

[^]based on Audited Ind AS Financial Statements.

Secured loans are classified or provided for, as per management estimates, subject to the minimum provision required as per RBI SI Master Directions.

Resource Planning Policy

We maintain a well-diversified funding profile that is underpinned by our established relationships with our lenders and investors. We have historically and seek to continue to secure funding through a variety of sources. Further, our Company has put in place a Board approved policy for resource planning ("Resource Planning Policy") dated June 27, 2024, the Resource Planning Policy has been formulated by our Company to mobilise our resources raised from various sources including funds raised through issuance of non-convertible debentures, subordinated debts, perpetual debt instrument and funds raised by way of banks or institutional funding.

NPA Management Policy

Our Company has put in place NPA Policy. Every NBFC is required to have a policy in accordance with RBI guidelines for managing the Non-performing assets of the Company. The Board of Directors of every NBFC granting loans shall frame a policy for the company and implement the same in term of RBI Circular no. DNBS. 157/CGM(CSM)-2002 dated April 12, 2002.

As per the circular NPA policy of the Company shall, inter alia, stipulate the following:

- a. A cut off date within which the repayment of demand or call loan shall be demanded or called up;
- b. The sanctioning authority shall, record specific reasons in writing at the time of sanctioning demand or call loan, if the cut off date from demanding or calling up such loan is stipulated beyond a period of one year from the date of sanction:
- c. The rate of interest which shall be payable on such loans;
- d. Interest on such loans, as stipulated shall be payable either at monthly or quarterly rests;
- e. The sanctioning authority shall record specific reasons in writing at the time of sanctioning;
- f. A cut off date for review of performance of the loan, not exceeding six months commencing from the date of sanction:
- g. Such demand or call loans shall not be renewed unless the periodical review has shown satisfactory compliance with the terms of sanction.

A demand or call loan, which remained overdue for six months from the date of demand or call or on which interest amount remained past due for a period of six months, will be considered as non-performing (NPA) loan and suitable provisions as envisaged by RBI from time to time is provided for by the Company.

Normal tenor of a gold loan can be up to a period of 12 months from the date of advance. Interest is payable at the time of maturity date. To be categorised as NPA, the loan shall have remained overdue (inclusive of unpaid interest), for a period of six months or more or on which interest amount remained overdue for a period of six months or more from the due date. Effectively, a gold loan qualifies to be categorised as NPA from the 19th month, when it remains un paid or interest has not been serviced for 18 months from the date of advance or for 6 months from the due date. In the case of non-repayment, i.e., within a period of nine or 12 months, as applicable, from the date of pledging, the asset will be disposed of by our Company after the expiry of either nine or twelve months and 15 days of grace, by sale through public auction. Our Company may also consider settlement of loan dues by way of concessions in interest as a one –time settlement on a case to case basis only with the approval of corporate office.

The auction procedure shall be transparent. And prior notice will be given to customer by registered post/courier informing about the auction. The auction shall be announced to the public by issuing advertisements in at least two newspapers, two in vernacular language describing the date of auction, venue of auction, and the details of gold etc. Auction will be conducted by an approved auctioneer appointed by our Company. The Company will provide full list of articles to be auctioned, the auction proceeds should be credited to the company's account

[#] based on Unaudited Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

within a maximum period of 30 days from the date of auctions, the auctioneer and the Company will enter into a written agreement for conducting the auction. The auctioneers tenure will be one year with reappointment every year and the fees payable is pre-fixed subject to a ceiling 5% of the auction proceeds. Our Company or its promoters concerns will not participate in the auction.

Capital Adequacy Ratio

As per the Master Directions, every NBFC-ND-SI including us are subject to capital adequacy requirements. Currently, we are required to maintain a minimum capital ratio consisting of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital which shall not be less than 15% of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off balance sheet items. Also, the total of Tier 2 capital, at any point of time, shall not exceed one hundred percent of Tier 1 capital. Additionally, we are required to transfer up to 20% of our net profit to a reserve fund and make provisions for NPAs. We had a capital adequacy ratio of 23.82%, 23.62 %, 25.27%, and 20.95% on June 30, 2024, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, respectively. We have satisfied the minimum capital adequacy ratios prescribed by the RBI for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022.

Technology

We use information technology as a strategic tool for our business operations to improve our overall productivity and efficiency. We believe that through our information systems which are currently in place, we are able to manage our operations efficiently, market effectively to our target customers, and effectively monitor and control risks. We believe that this system has improved customer service by reducing transaction time and has allowed us to manage loan collection efforts better and to comply with regulatory record-keeping and reporting requirements. All our branches are computerised. A need was felt for a centralised IT platform for our continued aggressive growth along with risk management. Accordingly, we have implemented centralised IT platform and are streamlining the past records to improve the operational efficiency. Further, our Company has implemented the ERP system across all branches from February 29, 2020.

Our Company has also constituted an Information Technology Strategy Committee to direct and manage information security governance for our Company's enterprise. Information Technology Strategy Committee is responsible for policy maintenance activities including reviews and revisions and for monitoring compliance with Information Technology Policy ("IT Policy") approved by the Information Technology Strategy Committee and to assist in the enforcement of the IT Policy. The Information Technology Strategy Committee also conducts annual risk assessments in order to determine the level of security risk and the efficacy of security controls within the Company.

Our Borrowings and Credit Ratings

Source of funding

We have expanded our sources of funds in order to reduce our funding costs, protect interest margins and maintain a diverse funding portfolio. This will enable us to achieve funding stability and liquidity. We have depended on issuance of equity shares & secured non-convertible debentures through private placement & public issues and subordinate debt as primary source of funding.

Please refer to sections titled "Financial Statements" and "Financial Indebtedness" on pages 214 and 216.

Credit Ratings:

Credit Rating	Instrument	Date	Ratings	Rated amount in ₹
Agencies				lakhs
Acuité Ratings	Proposed Issue of	Rating letter	BBB stable	₹ 10,000 Lakhs
& Research	Non-Convertible	dated October 08,		
Limited	Debentures	2024		

Security threats and measures taken to mitigate them

The principal security risks to our operations are robbery and employee theft or fraud. We have extensive security and surveillance systems to counter external security threats. To mitigate internal threats, we undertake careful

pre-employment screening, including obtaining references before appointment. We have also installed surveillance cameras across our branches to protect against robbery, all branch employees work behind wooden, glass and steel counters, and the back office, strong room/safe and computer areas are locked and closed to customers. We also keep the pledged gold in joint custody stored securely in strong rooms. Since we handle high volumes of cash and gold jewellery at our locations, daily monitoring, spot audits and immediate responses to irregularities are critical to our operations. We have an internal auditing program that includes unannounced branch audits and cash counts at randomly selected branches.

Competition

We face competition from banks, NBFCs and other unregulated/unorganised money lenders. Our Board believes that we can achieve economies of scale and increased operating efficiencies by increasing the number of branches under operation and proven operating methods. We believe that the primary elements of competition are the quality of customer service and relationship management, branch location and the ability to lend competitive amounts at competitive rates. In addition, we believe the ability to compete effectively will be based increasingly on strong management, regional market focus, automated management information systems and access to capital.

Insurance

We believe that we maintain all material insurance policies that are customary for companies operating in similar businesses. These include a money insurance policy in respect of cash-in-safe and in-transit. We also maintain insurance coverage against losses occasioned by burglary for the gold and cash-in-safe.

Property

Our registered office is at Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana - 500 079. Our corporate office is at KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Ernakulam, Kerala-682024. As at September 30, 2024, we had 670 branches. We enter into lease and/or leave and license agreements in connection with the premises required for our business outlet. Except our branch located in Kothamangalam, Kerala, and our Corporate Office, all of our branches, registered office are located on leased premises.

Intellectual Property

Our corporate logo "KLM AXIVA" and trade name are registered with the Trade Marks Registry under class 36 and received a Certificate of Registration of Trademark bearing number 3270689 dated March 30, 2017. Additionally,

we have also registered the logo for 'KLM Axiva Finvest' with the Trade Marks Registry under class 36 and received Certificate of Registration of Trademark bearing number 3899321 on January 26, 2019.

Human Resource

As of September 30, 2024, we have 2,336 full-time employees. In addition, we have temporary sales, marketing and recovery personnel who work on a commission basis. We adhere to a policy of nurturing dedicated talent by conducting regular training programmes. We provide training to our employees both as a commitment to their career development and also to ensure quality service to our customers. These trainings are conducted on joining as part of employee initiation and include additional on-the-job trainings.

HISTORY AND CERTAIN OTHER CORPORATE MATTERS

Our Company was incorporated on April 28, 1997, as 'Needs Finvest Limited', a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh at Hyderabad. Our Company also obtained the certificate of commencement of business dated May 6, 1997 from the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh at Hyderabad. The name of our Company was changed to 'KLM Axiva Finvest Limited' pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at the EGM held on January 25, 2016 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated February 29, 2016 issued by the RoC. The Corporate Identity Number of our Company is U65910TG1997PLC026983.

Our Company had originally obtained a Certificate of Registration in the name of Needs Finvest Limited dated December 30, 1997 bearing registration no. 09.00006 issued by the RBI to commence the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the Certificate of Registration under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act. Subsequently, the name of our Company was changed to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited and we had obtained fresh Certificate of Registration dated March 15, 2016 bearing registration no. 09.00006 from RBI.

Our erstwhile Promoter Princy Josekutty has disassociated herself from the Company with effect from June 18, 2021 and had transferred 47,000 Equity Shares to Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese.

As on date of this Prospectus, list of our Group Companies are as follows:

- 1. KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited;
- 2. Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited
- 3. Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited.

Registered office of our Company

The registered office of our Company is located at Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana – 500 079.

Change in Registered Office of our Company

Date	Details of registered office	Reason for Change
At Incorporation	Flat No.12, 3 rd Floor, Krishna Complex, D. No. 4-	-
	1-938, Tilak Road, Abids, Hyderabad – 500001	
April 08, 2009	D.No.3-4-186, Tobacco Bazar, Lane Behind	For effective and efficient business
	Mahankali Temple, Secunderabad, Telangana -	
	500003	
January 22, 2017	Subodh Business Centre, 408, Malik Chambers,	For effective and efficient business
	Hyderguda, Hyderabad, Telengana – 500029	
August 31, 2020	Door No. 3-3-408/1, First Floor, RTC Colony,	For administrative and operational
	Opposite SBI Bank, LB Nagar, Mansoorabad,	convenience
	Rangareddi, Hyderabad - 500 074, Telangana,	
	India	
August 13, 2022	Door No. 8-13, Plot No. 39, First Floor, Ashoka	For administrative and operational
	Complex, Above Indian Bank, Mythripuram	convenience
	Colony, Gayathrinagar X Road, Vaishalinagar	
	P.O., Hyderabad, Telangana-500 079	

Change in Corporate Office of our Company

Date	Details of corporate office	Reason for Change
May 14, 2024	KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally,	For administrative and operational
	Ernakulam, Kerala-682024	convenience

Main objects of our Company

The main objects of our Company as contained in our Memorandum of Association are:

- 1. To carry on and undertake the business of finance, whether by making loans or advances or otherwise, gold loan, hire purchase, leasing and to finance lease operations of all kinds, purchasing, selling, hiring or letting on hire all kinds of Plant and Machinery and equipment that the Company may think fit to any Company, body corporate, firm, society, trust, association or individual and to assist in financing of all and every kind and description of hire purchase or deferred payment or similar transactions and to subsidise, finance or assist in subsidising or financing the sale and maintenance of any goods, articles or commodities of all and every kind and description upon any terms whatsoever and for the purpose to purchase or otherwise deal in all forms of immovable and movable property including lands and buildings, plant and machinery, equipment, ships, aircrafts, automobiles, such as motor vehicles, motor cars, two wheelers, computers, and all consumer, commercial and industrial items and to lease or otherwise deal with them in any manner whatsoever including resale thereof, regardless of whether the property purchased and leased be new and/ or used to carry on finance against shares, securities and any other valuable articles.
- 2. To invest, lend, advance, deposit or deal with the money belonging to, entrusted to or at the disposal or Company, or to give credit to any Company, Companies, Firms or persons, and in particular to the customers of the Company, with or without security and on such terms as may seem expedient and to give guarantees or securities for any such persons, firms, or Companies.
- 3. To subscribe, purchase, acquire, hold, sell, invest, dispose off or otherwise deal, for self and on behalf of others in shares, stocks, debentures, bonds, units, mortgages, obligations and securities issued to or guaranteed by Company or Mutual Fund and Government, Trust, Municipal. Local or other authority, and to invest by original subscription, syndicate participation, tender, purchase or otherwise out of the funds of the Company obtained either by subscription of capital, borrowings or by receipt of income from any trust which may be discretionary or otherwise or by gift of money received by the company from any person and also to invest in Badia finance and fiancé against shares and securities.
- 4. To become a corporate member of Stock Exchange, Security Exchange, OTC Exchange, any other recognized stock exchanges with trading privileges and to act as brokers and dealers for shares, securities, stocks, financial instruments, bonds, debentures, foreign exchanges and render consultancy services to their clientele whether in India and in abroad for investment in shares, debentures, bonds and all kinds of securities and to act as underwriters, issue managers, Lead Managers, Co-Managers, Portfolio Managers for all public issues including euro issues or otherwise.
- 5. To carry on the business as full-fledged money changers subject to the rules and regulations prescribed in this behalf by the Reserve Bank of India, from time to time.
- 6. To carry on the business of sub-agency of Money Transfer Companies, to solicit and procure Insurance Business, such as Life, General and Health Insurance as a Corporate Agent /Sub Agent.

Key milestones and major events

Financial year	Particulars					
2012-2013	Present management acquired KLM Axiva Finvest Limited formerly known as Needs					
	Finvest Limited and got permission for management change from RBI in 2013					
2015-2016	Company extended the area of business to states of Tamil Nadu and Karnataka					
2016-2017	Company raised fund through issue of non-convertible debentures through private					
	placements and issue of subordinated debts					
2017-2018	Our Company had started a Microfinance division in September 2017.					
2019-2020	Our Company, by virtue of our total assets exceeding ₹ 50,000 lakhs, became a systemically important non-deposit taking NBFC with effect from March 9, 2020. Further RBI, on October 16, 2020, intimated our Company that it will fall under the category of Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit Taking company.					

Key Agreements

Share purchase agreement dated March 9, 2013 entered into amongst Varalakshmi Kanapala, Satyanarayana Konapala, Konapala Rajasekhar, Balla Ramalingeswara Rao, Uppu Nagaratnam, K V L Narayana, Vatti Satyavathi, Vatti Arjuna Rao and Sri Lakshmi K (collectively referred as "Sellers"), Biji Shibu, Jijo M Varghese, Simi Gijo, Princy Josekutty, Ann Jose, Bindu Peeyus, Chinnamma Kuriakose, John J Pullan and Aleyamma

Varghese (collectively referred as "Purchasers"), and our Company.

Our Company, Sellers and Purchasers entered into a share purchase agreement dated March 9, 2013 ("SPA"), pursuant to which Sellers agreed to sell and Purchasers agreed to purchase, 100% of the issued and paid up equity share capital of the Company. The consideration of ₹85,34,588 (Rupees Eighty Five Lakhs Thirty Four Thousands Five Hundred and Eighty Eight only) was discharged by the Purchasers for transfer of 758,300 Equity Shares of our Company at a price of ₹11.25 per Equity Shares.

Holding Company

Our Company does not have a holding company.

Subsidiary

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company does not have a subsidiary.

OUR MANAGEMENT

In compliance with the Companies Act, 2013, our Company requires us to have not less than three Directors and not more than fifteen Directors. As on the date of this Prospectus, we have six Directors on the Board which include two Executive Directors and four Non-Executive Directors.

Board of Directors

The general superintendence, direction and management of our affairs and business are vested in the Board of Directors. Currently, the composition of our Board is governed by the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the rules prescribed thereunder, in compliance with the same, our Company is required to have not less than 3 (three) and not more than 15 (fifteen) Directors.

Details relating to Directors

S. No.	Name, designation, DIN, nationality, occupation, date of appointment, term and address	Age (years)	Other Directorships
1.	Sreenivasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai	80	Nil
	Designation: Chairman and Non-Executive Director		
	DIN: 03048551		
	Nationality: Indian		
	Occupation: Business		
	Date of appointment/reappointment: May 23, 2023		
	Term: Liable to retire by rotation		
	Address: Sreelekha, J3, Jawahar Nagar, Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala – 695 003, India		
2.	Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese	59	1. Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited.
	Designation: Whole-Time Director		
	DIN: 02079917		
	Nationality: Indian		
	Occupation: Business		
	Date of appointment/reappointment: July 27, 2016		
	Term: Re-appointed for a further period of 5 years with effect from August 30, 2024		
	Address: Theckumpuram, Padamamali Road, Chelad, Pindimana, Chelad Junction, Ernakulam, Kerala – 686 681, India.		
3.	Biji Shibu	54	1. Carbomix Polymers (India) Private

S. No.	Name, designation, DIN, nationality, occupation, date of appointment, term and address	Age (years)		Other Directorships
	Designation: Executive Director		2.	Limited; KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited; and
	DIN: 06484566		3.	Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited.
	Nationality: Indian			
	Occupation: Business			
	Date of appointment/reappointment: March 9, 2013			
	Term: Liable to retire by rotation			
	Address: Theckempuram, Padammali Road Chelad, Pindimana, Chelad Junction, Ernakulam, Kerala – 686 681, India.			
4.	K.M. Kuriakose	70	1.	Astoria Nidhi Limited
	Designation: Independent Director		2.	Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited
	DIN: 08924909			
	Nationality: Indian			
	Occupation: Service			
	Date of appointment/reappointment: May 23, 2024			
	Term: reappointed for the 2 nd term of 5 years from May 23, 2024			
	Address: Kaippillil, Vaikkara, Asamannoor, Ernakulam, Kerala – 683 549, India			
5.	Joseph Paul Menacherry	70	1.	M P Joseph's Jgnana Kendra (OPC)
	Designation: Independent Director			Private Limited
	DIN: 06540233			
	Nationality: Indian			
	Occupation: Service			
	Date of appointment/reappointment: June 8, 2024			
	Term: Reappointed for the 2 nd term of 5 years from June 8, 2024			
	Address: Villa No. 40, Choice Village, Near Choice School, Tripunithura P.O, Ernakulam, Kerala – 682 301			
6.	Abraham Thariyan	72	1.	ESAF Financial Holdings Private

S. No.	Name, designation, DIN, nationality, occupation, date of appointment, term and address	Age (years)	Other Directorships
	Designation: Independent Director		Limited

DIN: 07132831

Nationality: Indian

Occupation: Service

Date of appointment/reappointment:

June 21, 2024

Term: Reappointed for the 2nd term of 3

years from June 21, 2024

Address: Flat No.37, Kairali Apartment, Panampilly Nagar Avenue, Ernakulam,

Kerala - 682 036

Our Company confirms that the, permanent account number, aadhar number, driving license number, bank account number and passport number of the Directors shall be submitted to the Stock Exchange at the time of filing of the Prospectus.

Brief Profile of Directors

Sreenivasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai: aged 80 years is the Chairman and Non-Executive Director of our Company. He holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in English and Masters of Arts Degree in English from the University of Kerala.

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese: aged 59 years is the Whole-Time Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in arts from Gandhiji University. He is also a director in Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited. He has been associated with our Company since July 27, 2016.

Biji Shibu: aged 54 years is the Promoter and Executive Director of our Company. She holds a bachelor's degree in arts from Mahatma Gandhi University. She is serving as a director in Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited, KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited and Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited. She has been associated with our Company since March 9, 2013.

K.M. Kuriakose: aged 70 years old is the Independent Director. He holds a Masters Degree in philosophy from University of Kerala and Masters of Arts Degree from Vikaram University.

Joseph Paul Menacherry: aged 70 years is the Independent Director of the Company. He is a Masters Holder in Human Resources Development from Victoria University of Manchester, UK, Masters degree holder in Solid State Physics from The Cochin University of Science and Technology and Pre-University Course from Loyola College Nugumbakkam, Chennai.

Abraham Thariyan: aged 72 years is an Independent Director of the Company. He holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Chemistry, Post Graduate Degree in Sociology. Master of Business Administration from Cochin University and is a Certified Associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers.

Confirmations

None of our Directors have been restrained or prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities.

None of our directors is a promoter or director of another company which is debarred from accessing the securities

market or dealing in securities by the SEBI.

None of our Directors have been identified as a 'wilful defaulter', as defined under SEBI NCS Regulations.

None of the whole time directors of our Company is a promoter or whole time director of another company that is a wilful defaulter.

None of the Directors of our Company interested in the appointment of or acting as lead manager, credit rating agency(ies), underwriter, registrar, debenture trustee, advertising agency, printers, banker to the Issue or any other such intermediary appointed in connection with the Issue.

None of our Directors was a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Prospectus, in accordance with the SEBI Delisting Regulations, as amended.

None of our promoters or directors is a fugitive economic offender.

No fine or penalties levied by the Board /Stock Exchanges is pending to be paid by the issuer at the time of filing the offer document.

We are not in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of non-convertible securities, if any, for a period of more than six months.

Relationship between Directors

Except as stated below, none of our Directors are related to each other.

Name of Director	Designation	Relationship with other Directors
Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese	Whole time Director	Husband of Biji Shibu
Biji Shibu	Executive Director	Wife of Shibu Theckumpurath
		Varghese

Remuneration and terms of appointment of the Directors

Executive Directors

The present remuneration structure of Executive Directors consists of fixed salary, commission and other perquisites. The following table sets forth all compensation paid to the Executive Directors:

1. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese was appointed for a period of 3 years, with effect from August 30, 2016 as the Whole-Time Director of our Company by a resolution of the Board of Directors dated August 30, 2016 and the approval of the members pursuant to an AGM held on September 26, 2016. Further, Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese was re-appointed for a further period of 5 years with effect from August 30, 2024 with the approval of the members pursuant to an EGM held on June 21, 2024.

Pursuant to the EGM held on June 21, 2024, the remuneration payable to Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese is been increased from ₹8,00,000 per month to ₹15,00,000 per month subject to any statutory modifications or reenactment of the Companies Act, 2013 w.e.f. September 01, 2024.

2. Biji Shibu

Biji Shibu was appointed as a Director with effect from March 09, 2013, by a resolution of the Board of Directors dated March 09, 2013. Further, Biji Shibu was re-appointed as a Director by a resolution dated August 18, 2023. Pursuant to the EGM held on June 21, 2024, the designation of Biji Shibu was changed from Non-Executive Director to Executive Director of our Company, with effect from July 1, 2024. Furthermore, during the same EGM, the remuneration payable to Biji Shibu was enhanced from ₹12,00,000/- per annum to ₹36,00,000/- per annum, with effect from July 1, 2024 onwards.

Non-Executive Directors

The Board of Directors *vide* resolutions dated March 26, 2024 approved payment of sitting fees of ₹80,000/- for attending meeting of the Board and ₹40,000/- for attending meeting of Committees subject to Rs. 1,20,000 per quarter to each of the Independent Directors namely K.M. Kuriakose, Joseph Paul Menacherry, and Abraham Thariyan.

Except for Sreenivasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai and Biji Shibu, none of the Non-Executive Directors including the Independent Directors of our Company have been paid remuneration during the financial year 2023-2024.

The shareholders of the Company in their meeting held on June 21, 2024 have approved an annual remuneration of ₹13,33,332/- by way of monthly payment to Sreenivasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai.

Remuneration paid to our Directors

The following table sets forth the remuneration (which includes sitting fees) paid by our Company to our Directors as on October 31, 2024 and during last three financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022:

Name of Directors	Designation	As on October 31, 2024	As on March 31, 2024	As on March 31, 2023	As on March 31, 2022
Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese	Whole Time Director	70,00,000	81,00,000	54,00,000	35,00,000
Dr Alexander John Joseph ¹	Non-Executive (Independent) Chairman	Nil	Nil	Nil	4,50,000
Biji Shibu	Executive Director	15,00,000	7,00,000	Nil	50,000
Issac Jacob ²	Independent Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Ambramoli Purushothaman ³	Independent Director	Nil	20,000	2,20,000	Nil
Sivadas Chettoor ⁴	Independent Director	Nil	40,000	2,80,000	Nil
Mr. Sreenivasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai ⁵	Chairman and Non Executive Director	7,44,444	11,00,000	Nil	Nil
Mr. K. M. Kuriakose ⁶	Independent Director	2,60,000	2,00,000	Nil	Nil
Mr. Joseph Paul Menacherry ⁷	Independent Director	2,60,000	1,80,000	Nil	Nil
Mr. Abraham Thariyan ⁸	Independent Director	2,60,000	1,80,000	Nil	Nil

¹ Expired on January 14, 2022

²Vacation of office w.e.f November 8, 2023

³Independent Directorship Tenure completed on April 12, 2023

Borrowing Powers of the Board

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at their EGM held on January 05, 2022 and in accordance with provisions of Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of our Company, the Board has been authorised to borrow money on and behalf of the Company from time to time as deemed by the Company to be requisite and proper for the business of the Company, notwithstanding that the monies to be borrowed together with the monies already borrowed by the Company as per the latest annual audited financial statements (apart from temporary loans obtained from the company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not exceed an amount of ₹ 2,50,000 lakhs.

Interest of the Directors

K.M. Kuriakose, Joseph Paul Menacherry and Abraham Thariyan, our Independent Directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of sitting fees payable to them for attending meetings of the Board and its committees. Our Executive Director may be deemed to be interested to the extent of remuneration payable to them. All of our Directors are interested to the extent of reimbursement of expenses payable to them by our Company.

Further, Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese and Biji Shibu may also be regarded as interested to the extent of any Equity Shares held by them and also to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of such Equity Shares held by them. The Directors of our Company, may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of Equity Shares, if any, held by companies, firms and trusts in which they are interested as directors, partners, members or trustees and also to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of the said Equity Shares.

None of the Directors have any interest in immovable property acquired or proposed to be acquired by the Company in the preceding two years as of the date of this Prospectus.

As on date of this Prospectus, none of the Directors are interested in any contracts, agreements/ arrangements entered into or to be entered into by our Company with any company in which they hold directorships or any partnership firm in which they are partners as declared in their respective declarations, except as disclosed in the section titled "*Related Party Transactions*" on page 213.

For further details regarding the interest of our Directors, refer to "Related Party Transactions" on page 213.

Our Directors have not taken any loan from our Company. Further, except as provided in "Debenture holding of Directors", none of our Directors hold any debentures/subordinated debt/perpetual debt instrument in our Company.

Except Biji Shibu, none of the other Directors are interested in the promotion of our Company.

None of our Directors are interested in their capacity as a member of any firm or company and no sums have been paid or are proposed to be paid to any Director or to such firm of company in which he is interested, by any person, in cash or shares or otherwise, either to induce them or to help them qualify as a director or for services rendered by him or by such firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

For the details of securities purchased or sold by our Directors or their relatives have not in the six month preceding the date of this Prospectus, refer "Capital Structure" on page 50.

None of the directors, have made any contribution as part of this Prospectus or separately.

No regulatory action is pending against any of the Directors of our Company before the SEBI or Reserve Bank of India or any other regulatory or statutory body in India or overseas.

⁴Resigned with effect from May 19, 2023

⁵ Appointed with effect from May 23, 2023

⁶Appointed with effect from May 23, 2023

⁷ Appointed with effect from June 08, 2023

⁸ Appointed with effect from June 21, 2023

None of the Directors of our Company are interested in the benefits / interests arising out of the objects of the issue.

Appointment of Relatives of Directors to an office of profit

As on date, none of the relatives of Directors are appointed to an office or place of profit.

Debenture holding of Directors

As on date, none of our Directors hold any debentures issued by our Company.

Changes in the Directors of the company during the last three years

The changes in the Board of Directors of our Company in the three years preceding the date of this Prospectus are as follows:

N D ' '	D 4 6	D 4 60 4	D (CD ' ('	D 1
Name, Designation and DIN	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation, if applicable	Date of Resignation, if applicable	Remarks
Alexander John Joseph	Appointment	п аррисамс	п аррисанс	
Designation : Non-				
Executive	-	January 14, 2022	-	Due to death
(Independent) Director		•		
DIN : 00485766				
Sivadas Chettoor				
Designation:	January 28,	_	May 19, 2023	_
Independent Director	2022		111aj 17, 2023	
DIN: 01773249				
Ambramoli				
Purushothaman	A: 1 12 2022	A:1 12 2022		Expiry of
Designation: Independent Director	April 12, 2022	April 12, 2023	-	Tenure
DIN: 07706484				
Sreenivasan Thettalil				
Parameswaran Pillai				
Designation : Chairman				
and Non-Executive	May 23, 2023			
Director				
DIN: 03048551				
K.M. Kuriakose				
Designation:				
Independent Director	May 23, 2023			
(Non-Executive and	May 23, 2023	023		
Independent Director)				
DIN: 08924909				
Joseph Paul				
Menacherry				
Designation:	June 8, 2023			
Independent Director				
DIN: 06540233				
Abraham Thariyan Designation:				
Independent Director	June 21, 2023			
DIN: 07132831				
Issac Jacob				
Designation: Non-				Vacation under
Executive and	March 17,	November 8, 2023		167 of
Independent Director	2023			Companies Act,
DIN: 02078308				2013
DII1. 020/0300				

Note: This does not include changes such as regularisations or change in designations

Shareholding of Directors

Details of the Equity Shares held in our Company by our Directors, as on the date September 30, 2024, is provided in the table given below:

Name of Director	Number of Equity Shares held	Percentage of the total paid-up capital (%)
Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese	3,85,66,494	17.07%
Biji Shibu	2,63,50,845	11.66%
Total	6,49,17,339	28.73%

Key Managerial Personnel

Our Company's Key Managerial Personnel are as follows:

- 1. *Manoj Raveendran Nair*, aged 47 years, is the Chief Executive Officer of our Company. He holds a degree of Master of Business Administration from Bharathiar University. He was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of our Company on January 12, 2022.
- 2. **Thanish Dalee**, aged 41 years, is the Chief Financial Officer of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from the Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam and he is also a certified chartered accountant from the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. He was appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of our Company on August 8, 2017.
- 3. *Naveena P. Thampi*, aged 30 years, is the Company Secretary of our Company. She holds a master's degree in commerce from the Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam and she is also a fellow member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. She was appointed as the Company Secretary of our Company with effect from March 11, 2024.

For details about our Whole Time Director, please refer to "Our Management" on page 195.

All our Key Managerial Personnel are permanent employees of our Company.

Except for the remuneration drawn from our Company, our Key Managerial Personnels do not have any other financial or material interest in the Issue.

Senior Management

Our Company's Senior Management are as follows:

- 1. V. C. Georgekutty: aged 52 years is the Vice President Sales & Marketing of our company. He has been associated with our company since January 15, 2020.
- 2. Srikanth Nair: aged 44 years is the Business Head Rest of India (ROI) of our company. He has been associated with our company since May 12, 2022.
- **3. Minni Sajan:** aged 49 years is the General Manager of our company. She has been associated with our company since February 10, 2004.
- 4. **Tom Jyothis K.:** aged 45 years is the Chief Information Officer (CIO) of our company. He has been associated with our company since May 03, 2021.
- 5. **P. C. Dean:** aged 58 years is the Chief Compliance Officer (CCO) of our company. He has been associated with our company since May 06, 2024.
- 6. K. B. Venugopal: aged 64 years is the Chief Vigilance Officer (CVO) of our company. He has been

associated with our company since December 12, 2022.

- 7. **Prakash K.** aged 41 years is the AGM Human Resources of our company. He has been associated with our company since May 11, 2020.
- **8. Jayakrishnan P.** aged 41 years is the AGM Human Resources of our company. He has been associated with our company since August 24, 2015.
- **9. Anil Kumar A K:** aged 57 years is the AGM Audit of our company. He has been associated with our company since June 16, 2022.
- **10. Jersy Murukesh:** aged 46 years is the Chief Manager-Accounts & Finance of our company. She has been associated with our company since December 12, 2007.
- **11. Radhakrishnan Nayar:** aged 63 years is the Senior Manager-Operations of our company. He has been associated with our company since February 14, 2022.
- **12. Anto K A:** aged 40 years is the Senior Manager Internal Audit of our company. He has been associated with our company since July 23, 2019.
- **13. Nisha Deepak:** aged 41 years is the Head Branding & Corporate Communication of our company. She has been associated with our company since March 01, 2018.
- 14. **Ratheesh P Menon**: aged 36 years is the Manager Learning and Development of our company. He has been associated with our company since February 14, 2022.
- 15. **Elezabeth Mathew:** aged 39 years is Senior Manager CRM of our company. She has been associated with our company since March 03, 2014.
- **16. Dhanesh K. S.:** aged 45 years is the Deputy Manager Legal & Recovery of our company. He has been associated with our company since October 10, 2019.
- 17. Shibu K K: aged 46 years is the Manager Third Party Products of our company. He has been associated with our company for the past November 11, 2021.
- **18. Jagadeeswaran S.** aged 42 years is the Vice President Microfinance of our company. He has been associated with our company since September 23, 2024.
- **19. Mr. Rajeesh E. N.** aged 38 years is the Chief Manager Strategy & Analytics of our company. He has been associated with our company since April 4, 2022

Except for the remuneration drawn from our Company, our Senior Management do not have any other financial or material interest in the Issue.

Details of various Committees of the Board

1. Audit Committee

Audit committee was constituted by the Board of directors through its resolution dated August 14, 2015 and was last reconstituted on April 1, 2024. It currently comprises of the following directors:

- a. K M Kuriakose (Chairman)
- b. Biji Shibu

c. Abraham Thariyan

The scope and functions of the Audit committee are approved by the Board vide resolution dated July 7, 2023 are in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and its terms of reference are as follows:

- 1. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2. Recommend appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors, of the Company;
- 3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors, for any other services rendered by them;
- 4. Review with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for its approval, with particular reference to:
 - a) matters required to be included in the Directors' responsibility statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - b) changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c) major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgement by management;
 - d) significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f) disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - g) modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- 5. Review with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- 6. Review with the management, the statement of uses/application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilised for the purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public issue or rights issue or preferential issue or qualified institutions placement, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- 7. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 8. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions with related parties of the Company;
- 9. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 10. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- 11. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 12. Review with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems.
- 13. Review the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 14. Discuss with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow-up thereon;
- 15. Review the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- 16. Discuss with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 17. Look into the reasons for substantial defaults, in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 18. Review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism / oversee the vigil mechanism;
- 19. Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- 20. Review the utilisation of loans and / or advances from / investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding Rs.100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments;
- 21. Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the Company and its shareholders.
- 22. The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following:
 - a. Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
 - b. Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - c. Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
 - d. Appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor
 - e. Statement of deviations:
 - i. quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations);

- annual statement of funds utilised for purpose other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus in terms of the Listing Regulations;
- 23. Monitor the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters;
- 24. Examine the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon;
- 25. Review financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries if any, in particular the investments made by the subsidiaries;
- 26. Guidance on implementation of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind As);
- 27. Formulate the scope, functioning, periodicity of and methodology for conducting the internal audit;
- 28. Shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval in line with the policy on related party transactions of the listed entity and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature;
- 29. The Committee shall have powers to investigate any activity within its terms of reference, seek information from any employee, obtain outside legal or other professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary;
- 30. All related party transactions and subsequent material modifications shall require prior approval of the audit committee of the Company;
- 31. The Audit Committee must ensure that an Information System Audit of the internal systems and processes is conducted to assess operational risks faced by the Company;
- 32. The rationale and justification for any change in the Expected Credit Losses (ECL) model and any adjustments to the ECL model output shall be approved by the Audit Committee;
- 33. Approval of the classification of accounts that are past due beyond 90 days but not treated as impaired, with the rationale for the same;
- 34. Carry out any other role as mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory laws, notifications, circulars, RBI master directions, or amendments as may be applicable.

2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination Committee was constituted by a board resolution dated August 14, 2015 and reconstituted as on August 02, 2024 . It currently comprises the following Directors:

The Committee currently comprises:

- a. Joseph Paul Menacherry (Chairperson)
- b. K M Kuriakose
- c. Abraham Thariyan

The scope and function of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are approved by the Board vide Resolution dated July 7, 2023 is in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act and its terms of reference are as follows:

- 1. Identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal
- 2. Specify the manner for effective evaluation of performance of Board, its Committees and Individual Directors to be carried out either by the Board, by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or by an independent external agency and review its implementation and compliance;
- 3. Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director, and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees;
- 4. For every appointment of an independent director, the Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:
 - a. use the services of an external agencies, if required;
 - b. consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
 - c. consider the time commitments of the candidates.
- 5. Formulate the criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors;
- 6. Devise a policy on Board diversity;
- 7. Identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management

- in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend to the Board their appointment and / or removal;
- 8. Consider extension or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Directors on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- 9. Recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management;
- 10. to ensure 'fit and proper' status of proposed/ existing directors as per RBI Master Direction DNBR.PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17;
- 11. Carry out any other role as mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory laws, notifications, circulars, RBI master directions, or amendments as may be applicable.

3. Finance Committee

The Finance Committee was constituted by a Board Resolution dated March 31, 2016 and was last reconstituted on April 09, 2021 and it currently comprises:

- a. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese (Chairman)
- b. Biji Shibu

The scope, function of the Finance Committee and its terms of references are altered by the Board of Directors of the Company *vide* board resolution dated September, 02, 2024 to as follows:

- 1. To oversee annual audit process;
- 2. To allot, transfer, transmit, dematerialize, re-materialise, split and consolidate equity shares and other securities issued by the Company;
- 3. Review company's financial policies, working capital and cash flow management and make such reports and recommendations to the Board with respect thereto as it may deem advisable;
- 4. Borrow monies from banks/financial institutions by way of short term/long term loans, cash credit requirements, overdraft facility, commercial papers (CP) and/or by way of other instruments (other than Debentures), securitization/assignment of receivables and exercise all powers for taking necessary actions connected therewith upto a limit of ₹500 crores.
- 5. Approval/Review of banking arrangements, cash management and arrangements with other financial institutions;
- 6. Opening and closing of accounts with Banks, change in authorised signatories and perform such other actions connected with Bank accounts of the Company;
- 7. Carry out any other functions as mandated by the Board from time to time and/or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification as may be applicable;
- 8. Regularly review and make recommendations about the changes to the Charter of the Committee;
- 9. To authorize individuals to represent the company before civil courts, criminal courts, judicial forums and similar authorities.
- 10. Issuance of power of attorney to represent the company in various courts.
- 11. Other transactions or financial issues that the Board may desire to have them reviewed by the Committee.

4. Asset Liability Management Committee

The Asset Liability Management Committee was constituted by a Board Resolution dated November 15, 2017 and was last reconstituted on April 17, 2024 and it currently comprises:

- a. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese (Chairman)
- b. Biji Shibu
- c. Manoj Raveendran Nair
- d. Thanish Dalee
- e. Naveena P. Thampi

The scope and function of the Asset Liability Committee and its terms of reference are approved by the Board vide resolution dated July 7, 2023 as follows:

1. Ensuring adherence to the risk tolerance/ limits set by the Board as well as implementing the liquidity

- risk management strategy of the Company.
- 2. The role of the ALCO with respect to liquidity risk should include, inter alia, decision on desired maturity profile and mix of incremental assets and liabilities, sale of assets as a source of funding, the structure, responsibilities and controls for managing liquidity risk, and overseeing the liquidity positions of all branches.
- 3. The ALM Support Group consisting of the operating staff shall be responsible for analysing, monitoring and reporting the liquidity risk profile to the ALCO
- 4. To create an institutional mechanism to compute and monitor periodically the maturity pattern of the various liabilities and assets of the company.
- 5. To ensure proper balance of assets and liabilities of the company as per guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
- 6. The objectives of the committee are as follows:
 - a. Liquidity risk management;
 - b. Management of market risks;
 - c. Funding and capital planning;
 - d. Profit planning and growth projection.
- 7. Carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification as may be applicable.

5. Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee was constituted by a Board Resolution dated November 15, 2017 and was last reconstituted on April 17, 2024 and it currently comprises:

- a. K M Kuriakose (Chairman)
- b. Biji Shibu
- c. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese
- d. Manoj Raveendran Nair (Chief Executive Officer)
- e. Thanish Dalee (Chief Financial Officer)
- f. Mr. Anilkumar A. K. (Head- Internal Audit)

The scope and function of the Risk Management Committee and its terms of reference are approved by the Board vide resolution dated July 7, 2023 as follows:

- 1. To review the operations of the Company followed by identifying potential threats to the Company and the likelihood of their occurrence, and taking appropriate actions to address the most likely threats;
- 2. To identify the risks, the Company is subject to, deciding how to manage it, implementing the management technique, measuring the ongoing effectiveness of management and taking appropriate correction action;
- 3. To provide a framework that enables future activities to take place in a consistent & controlled manner
- 4. To improve the decision making, planning and prioritization by comprehensive and structured understanding of business activities, volatility and opportunities/ threats.
- 5. To contribute towards more efficient use/allocation of the resources within the organization.
- 6. To optimize operational efficiency in the organization
- 7. To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - (a) A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the Company, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
 - (b) Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
 - (c) Business continuity plan.
- 8. To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- 9. To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- 10. To periodically review the risk management policy, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- 11. To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- 12. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject

- to review by the Risk Management Committee.
- 13. The Committee shall be responsible for evaluating the overall risks faced by the Company including liquidity risk.
- 14. The Risk Management Committee shall coordinate its activities with other committees, in instances where there is any overlap with activities of such committees, as per the framework laid down by the board of directors.
- 15. Carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification as may be applicable.

6. Stakeholder Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee was constituted in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 by a Board Resolution dated April 4, 2017 and was last reconstituted August 02, 2024 and it currently comprises:

- a. K M Kuriakose (Chairperson)
- b. Biji Shibu
- c. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese

The scope and function of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee are in accordance with Section 178 (6) of the Companies Act and its terms of reference are approved by the Board vide resolution dated September, 2024 and include the following:

- 1. Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings;
- 2. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- 3. Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- 4. Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company;
- 5. To monitor transfers, transmissions, dematerialization, re-materialization, splitting and consolidation and all matters connected therewith, of Equity Shares and other securities issued by the Company;
- 6. To coordinate with the statutory and regulatory authorities regarding investor grievances;
- 7. Carry out any other role as mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory laws, notifications, circulars, RBI master directions, or amendments as may be applicable.

7. Debenture Committee

The Debenture Committee was re-constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated March 20, 2018 and was last reconstituted on April 09, 2021. The Debenture Committee comprises of the following persons:

- a. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese; (Chairman)
- b. Biji Shibu;

The terms of reference of the Debenture Committee are approved by the Board vide resolution dated July 7, 2023 and includes the following:

- 1. To determine and approve, the terms and conditions and number of the debentures to be issued, the timing, nature, type, pricing and such other terms and conditions of the issue including coupon rate, minimum subscription, retention of oversubscription, if any, etc.,
- 2. to approve and make changes to the Draft prospectus, prospectus abridged prospectus, applications forms including any corrigendum, amendments supplements thereto, and the issue thereof;
- 3. to issue and allot the debentures and to approve all other matters relating to the issue;
- 4. to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things including execution of all such deeds, documents, instruments, applications and writings as it may, at its discretion, deem necessary and desirable for such

purpose including without limitation the utilisation of the issue proceeds, modify or alter any of the terms and conditions, including size of the Issue, as it may deem expedient, extension of issue and/or early closure of the issue in accordance with applicable laws;

Other transactions or financial issues that the Board may desire to have them reviewed by the Committee.

8. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

The CSR Committee was constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated April 3, 2018 and was last reconstituted on June 21, 2023. The CSR Committee comprises of the following persons:

- K M Kuriakose (Chairman);
- b. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese
- c. Biji Shibu;

The terms of reference of the CSR Committee are approved by the Board vide resolution dated July 7, 2023 and includes the following:

- 1. To formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as per the Companies Act, 2013;
- 2. To review and recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities to be undertaken by the company;
- 3. To monitor the CSR policy of the Company from time to time;
- 4. To formulate and recommend to the Board, an annual action plan which shall include the following, namely:
 - a. the list of CSR projects or programmes that are approved to be undertaken in areas or subjects specified in Schedule VII of the Act;
 - b. the manner of execution of such projects or programmes as specified in sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the Companies (CSR) Rules, 2014;
 - c. the modalities of utilisation of funds and implementation schedules for the projects or programmes;
 - d. monitoring and reporting mechanism for the projects or programmes; and
 - e. details of need and impact assessment, if any, for the projects undertaken by the company.
- 5. Carry out any other role as mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory laws, notifications, circulars, RBI master directions, or amendments as may be applicable.

9. Information Technology (IT) Strategy Committee

The IT Strategy Committee was constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated August 26, 2021 and was last reconstituted on April 17, 2024. The IT Strategy Committee comprises of the following persons:

- a. K M Kuriakose (Chairman)
- b. Biji Shibu
- c. Joseph Paul Menacherry
- d. Manoj Raveendran Nair
- e. Tom Jyothis K
- f. Thanish Dalee

The terms of reference approved vide board resolution dated April 17, 2024 of the IT Strategy Committee includes the following:

- 1. Approving IT strategy and policy documents and ensuring that the management has put an effective strategic planning process in place;
- 2. Ascertaining that management has implemented processes and practices that ensure that the IT delivers value to the business:
- 3. Ensuring IT investments represent a balance of risks and benefits and that budgets are acceptable;
- 4. Monitoring the method that management uses to determine the IT resources needed to achieve strategic goals and provide high-level direction for sourcing and use of IT resources;
- 5. Ensuring proper balance of IT investments for sustaining NBFC's growth and becoming aware about exposure towards IT risks and controls.

- 6. Review and amend the IT strategies in line with the corporate strategies
- 7. Institute an effective governance mechanism and risk management process for all IT outsourced operations

10. Information Technology (IT) Steering Committee

The IT Steering Committee was constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated April 17, 2024. The IT Steering Committee comprises of the following persons:

- a. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese (Chairman)
- b. Manoj Raveendran Nair
- c. Tom Jyothis K
- d. Thanish Dalee

The terms of reference approved vide board resolution dated April 17, 2024 of the IT Steering Committee includes the following:

- 1. Assist the ITSC in strategic IT planning, oversight of IT performance, and aligning IT activities with business needs;
- 2. Oversee the processes put in place for business continuity and disaster recovery;
- 3. Ensure implementation of a robust IT architecture meeting statutory and regulatory compliance; and
- 4. Update ITSC and CEO periodically on the activities of IT Steering Committee.

OUR PROMOTER

As on the date of this Prospectus, the Promoter of our Company is Biji Shibu and she holds 2,63,50,845 Equity Shares aggregating to 11.66% of the share capital of our Company as on September 30, 2024. Further our erstwhile Promoter Princy Josekutty has disassociated herself from the Company with effect from June 18, 2021 and had transferred 47,000 Equity Shares to Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese.

Profile of our Promoter



Biji Shibu

Biji Shibu, aged 54 years, is the Promoter and Executive Director of our Company

Date of Birth: May 21, 1970

Address: Theckumpuram, Padamalli Road, Chelad, Pindimana, Chelad Junction, Ernakulam, Kerela – 686 681, India.

Education: She holds a bachelor's degree in arts from Mahatma Gandhi University.

Experience: She is associated with our Company from March 9, 2013

Achievements: NIL

She is serving as a director in Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited, Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited and KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited. For further details, see "*Our Management*" on page 195.

Our Company confirms that the permanent account number, aadhar number, driving license number, bank account number(s) passport number of the Promoter and personal address shall be submitted to the Stock Exchange at the time of filing of the Prospectus.

There have been no changes in the Promoter's holding in our Company during last financial year beyond the threshold prescribed by RBI.

Interest of our Promoter in our Company

Except as stated under "Our Management" beginning on page 195 and as stated above, to the extent of their shareholding and debenture holding in our Company and to the extent of remuneration received by them in their capacity as Biji Shibu as Director, our Promoter do not have any other interest in our Company's business. Further, our Promoter have no interest in any property acquired by our Company in the last two years from the date of this Prospectus, or proposed to be acquired by our Company, or in any transaction with respect to the acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery.

Our Promoter does not propose to subscribe to the Issue and none of our Promoter have any interest in the promotion of the Issue.

Our Promoter's equity shareholding in our Company, as on September 30, 2024, is as set forth below:

S. No.	Name of Promoter	Total number of Equity Shares	Number of shares held in dematerialised Form	Percentage of issued Equity Share capital	Equity Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered	% of Equity Shares pledged
1.	Biji Shibu	2,63,50,845	2,63,50,845	11.66%	NIL	NIL

Other Confirmations

Our Promoter has not been identified as Wilful Defaulters by any financial institution or bank or a consortium thereof in accordance with the guidelines on identification of Wilful Defaulters prescribed by the RBI.

Our Promoter, was not a promoter, director, or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Prospectus, in accordance with the SEBI Delisting Regulations, as amended.

No violations of securities laws have been committed by our Promoter in the past or no proceedings are currently pending against them.

None of the promoter of our Company is promoter of another company that is wilful defaulter.

Our Promoter has not been restrained or debarred or prohibited from accessing the capital markets or restrained or debarred or prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by SEBI or any other authority or refused listing of any of the securities issued by any stock exchange in India or abroad. Further, our Promoter is a not a promoter of another company which is debarred from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by SEBI.

None of the member forming part of our Promoter Group have been restrained or debarred or prohibited from accessing the capital markets or restrained or debarred or prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by SEBI or any other authority or refused listing of any of the securities issued by any stock exchange in India or abroad.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For details of the related party transactions for the Fiscals 2024, Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022 in accordance with the requirements under Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended from time to time, see "Audited Financial Statements for the financial years ended March 31,2024, March 31,2023 and March 31,2022" on pages F- 59 - Note 35, F - 121 – Note 35 and F-178 – Note 35, respectively.

Related party transactions entered during the last three Fiscals i.e. 2022, 2023 and 2024, with regard to loans made or, guarantees given or securities provided:

(₹ in lakh)

Name of Related Party	Fiscal	Loans Made	Guarantees given	Securities provided
NIL	2022	NIL	NIL	NIL
NIL	2023	NIL	NIL	NIL
NIL	2024	NIL	NIL	NIL

Related party transactions entered during the current financial year for the period from April 01, 2024, till Cut-off date, with regard to loans made or, guarantees given or securities provided

(₹ in lakh)

Name of Related Party	Loans Made	Guarantees given	Securities provided
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

SECTION V - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sr. No.	Particulars	Page No.
1.	Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended on June 30, 2024	F-1 to F-13
2.	Audited Financial Statements as at and for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024	F-14 to F-75
3.	Audited Financial Statements as at and for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023	F-76 to F-134
4.	Audited Financial Statements as at and for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022	F-135 to F-192



Statement of financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 (As per regulation 52 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

					(Rs. In Lakhs)
	Particulars	3 months ended 30/06/2024	Preceding 3 months ended 31/03/2024	Corresponding 3 months ended of previous year (30/06/2023)	Previous year ended (31/03/2024)
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Revenue From Operations				
	Interest Income	8,135.13	8147.26	6987.18	30562.4
П	Other Income	167.18	316.46	207.45	1029.8
Ш	Total income (I+II)	8302.31	8463.72	7194.63	31592.33
	EXPENSES				
	Finance Costs	3,975.59	3,687.25	3732.22	15476.70
	Impairment on Financial Instruments	150.38	37.36	2.90	40.6
	Employee benefits expenses	1,669.75	1721.43	1532.63	6730.6.
	Depreciation, amortization and impairment	243.58	66.02	306.94	892.7.
	Other expenses	1695,10	1517.85	1004.39	5434.11
	Total expenses	7,734.40	7,029.90	6,579.08	28,574.90
	Profit/(Loss) before Tax (III-IV)	567.91	1,433.82	615,56	3,017.42
	Tax Expense:				
	1. Current Tax	145.16	348.60	160.35	772.58
	2. Deferred Tax	-15.06	-54.98	-0.73	-58.03
I	Profit /(Loss) for the Period (V-VI)	437.81	1,140.20	455.93	2,302.87
П	Other Comprehensive Income	1		-	
X	Total Comprehensive Income (VII+VIII)	437.81	1140.20	455.93	2302.8
	Earnings per Equity Share				
	Basic & Diluted (Rs.)	0.21	0.58	0.24	1.14

Date: August 13, 2024 Place: Ernakulam



For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Shibu Theckumpurathu Varghese

Wholetime Director DIN: 02079917





Notes

- 1. The above financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meeting held on August 13, 2024.
- 2. In compliance with Regulation 52 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a Limited Review of standalone financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 has been carried out by the Statutory Auditor of the Company.
- 3. The working results have been arrived at after considering impairment as per Ind AS provisions, depreciation on fixed assets and other usual and necessary provisions.
- 4. Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year presentation.
- The Company is engaged primarily in the business of financing and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 dealing with Operating Segments.
- 6. The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 are balancing figures between audited figures for the year ended March 31, 2024 and unaudited figures for the quarter ended December 31, 2023 which was subject to "Limited Review".
- 7. Disclosures required under regulation 52(4), 52(7), 52(7A), 54(2) and 54(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is attached herewith as Annexure I.





CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS LIMITED REVIEW REPORT ON UNAUDITED QUARTERLY AND YEAR TO DATE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED PURSUANT TO REGULATION 52 OF THE SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015 AS AMENDED

To,
The Board of Directors
KLM AXIVA FINVEST LTD

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying statement of unaudited financial results of KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED (CIN: U65910TG1997PLC026983) ('the company') for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 ('the statement'), being submitted by the company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 52 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ('the Regulations').
- 2. This statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and has been approved by the Company's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition & measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ('Ind AS 34'), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other recognised accounting principles generally accepted in India and is in compliance with the Regulations. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these financial statements based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is

E-Mail:kjtassociates@gmail.com

MOB: 8891537093, 09349254789, 8075768998

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CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. We have not performed an audit and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

4. Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying statement of unaudited financial results prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 34, prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other recognised accounting principles generally accepted in India has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of the Regulations including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement or that it has not been prepared in accordance with the relevant prudential norms issued by the Reserve Bank of India in respect of income recognition, asset classification, provisioning and other related matters.

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Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For RB JAIN and ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

FRN: 103951W

K J Thomas BSc, FCA

Partner

M No.019454

UDIN: 24019454BKAIBK6257

Date: 13-08-2024

MOB: 8891537093, 09349254789, 8075768998

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<u>Disclosure under 52(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015</u>

We would like to submit the following details as required under clause 52(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 for the quarter ended June 30, 2024.

SI. No	Particulars	Disclosures
1	Debt equity ratio	6.13
2	Debt service coverage ratio	0.14
3	Interest service coverage ratio	1.14
4	Outstanding redeemable preference shares (Quantity and Value)	Nil
5	Capital redemption reserve/Debenture redemption reserve	Not Applicable
6	Net worth (Excl. revaluation reserve)	25917.86 Lakhs
7	Net profit /loss after tax	437.81 Lakhs
8	Earnings per share: Basic Diluted	0.21 0.21
9	Current Ratio	3.29
10	Long term debt to working capital	1.34
11	Bad debts to account receivable ratio	Nil
12	Current liability ratio	0.20
13	Total debt to total assets	0.86
14	Debtors turnover	Nil
15	Inventory turnover	Nil
16	Operating Margin (%)	6.84%
17	Net profit Margin (%)	5.27%
18	Sector specific equivalent ratios, as applicable a. CRAR (Tier I) b. GNPA c. NNPA	15.73% 2.22% 1.20%

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Disclosure under 52(7) and 52(7A) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Statement of utilization of issue proceeds of non-convertible securities during the quarter ended June 30, 2024.

Name of the Issuer	ISIN	Mode of Fund Raising (Public issues/ Private placement)	Type of instrument	Date of raising funds	Amount Raised (Rs. In Lakhs)	Funds utilized (Rs. In Lakhs)	Any devia tion (Yes/ No)	If 8 is Yes, then specify the purpose of for which the funds were utilized	Remarks, if any
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
KLM Axiva Finvest Limited	NA	NA	NA	NA	Nil	Nil	No	NA	Nil

The last allotment of non-convertible securities (public issues) was on September 12, 2024 and the funds were fully utilized by March 31, 2024. During the quarter ended June 30, 2024, there were no fund pending to be utilized.

There are no material deviations in the use of issue proceeds of non-convertible securities as compared to the objects of the issue.

For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese

Wholetime Director

DIN: 02079917

Date: August 13, 2024 Place: Ernakulam





Disclosure under 54(2) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

SI. No	Particulars	Disclosures
1.	Extend of Security	Equal to the value of one time (one hundred percentage) of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.
2.	Nature of Security	Nature of Security for NCD I and III: Secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with existing securee creditors on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debt and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Then District, Periyakulam Reg. Dt., Thevaram SRO, Uthampalyam Taluk Kombai Village, Malligai Nagar, Plot No.10 in Survey No. 595/1. Nature of Security for NCD II: Secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with existing securee creditors on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debt and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Plo No. 10 & Plot No. 15. Malligai Nagar, Kombai Village, Uthampalayn Taluk, Theni District, Tamil Nadu. Nature of Security for NCD IV and V: Secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with existing secure creditors on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debt and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon. Nature of Security for NCD VI, VII, VIII & IX: Secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with Existing Secure Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.



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CERTIFICATE ON SECURITY COVER

To,

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Ernakulam – 682024.

Dear Sir,

Based on the unaudited financial statements and information and explanation made available by the Company, we certify that the security coverage for the secured debts as on June 30, 2024, would be as follows:



E-Mail:kjtassociates@gmail.com



CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

Column A	Column B	Column Ci	Column Dii	Column E iii	Column F iv	Column G v	Column H vi	Column I vii					(Amou	nts in Lakhs
	100	Exclusive	Exclusive	Pari- Passu	Pari- Passu	Pari- Passu	Assets not		Column J	Column K	Column L	Column M	Column N	Column O
	Description	Charge	Charge	Charge	Charge	Charge	offered as Security	Elimination (amount in	(Total C to H)	Related to on	ly those items cov	ered by this cer	rtificate	
	of asset for which this certificate relate	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Debt	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Assets shared by pari passu debt holder (includes debt for which this certificate is issued & other debt with pari-passu charge)	Other assets on which there is pari- Passu charge (excluding items covered in column F)	occury	negative) debt amount considere d more than once (due to exclusive plus pari passu charge)		Exclusive basis	Carrying /book value for exclusive charge assets where market value is not ascertainable or asplicable (For Eg. Bank Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	for Pari passu charge Assets ^{viii}	Carrying value/book value for pari passu charge assets where market value is not ascertainable or applicable (For Eg. Bank Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	Total Value(=K+L+ + N)
		Value	Book Value	Yes/ No	Book Value	Book						Relating to Colu	ımn F	
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Others		YES	1,577.55	1,901.40							
and Cash Equivalents		YES	7,073.91			7,073.91					
Bank Balances other than Cash	110000		2,078.90			2,678.90		-		2,678.90	2,678.90
Cash and Cash Equivalents		YES	2,678.90			*		-	-	-	
Receivable s	*		-						- 117	- 1	
Trade		*				1,66,751.76	-	-		1,66,751.76	1,66,751.76
Inventories		YES	1,66,751.76		-	16677474	- 1	-		- 100 N	Listans Company
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Intangible Assets under Developme nt	+ 11				-	-					



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Note:

a. Compliance of all the covenants/terms of the issue in respect of listed debt securities of the listed

We have examined the compliances made by the listed entity in respect of the covenants/terms of the issue of the listed debt securities (NCD's) and certify that the such covenants/terms of the issue have been complied by the listed entity.



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CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

For R.B Jain and Associates,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)



K.J Thomas BSc, FCA

Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAIBJ4494

Place : Palarivattom
Date : 13-08-2024

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CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Results

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone annual financial results of **KLM Axiva Finvest Limited** for the quarter and year ended March 31,2024 ('the statement') being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ('Listing Regulations'),

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, these standalone financial results:

- a. are presented in accordance with the requirements of regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations in this regard and
- b. give a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended to the extent applicable, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of standalone net profit and standalone other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2024.

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Basis for Opinion

We have conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial results, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 3 to the Financial Statement, which describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the adverse business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.





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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statement of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statement as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter Provision for Expected Credit Losses (ECL) on Loans

As against the provisioning norms earlier prescribed by Reserve Bank of India and adopted by the Company in prior years, Ind-AS (Financial Instruments) requires the Company to recognise Expected Credit Loss (ECL) and impairment loss allowances on financial assets. ECL involves an estimation of probability weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Company's loans and advances.

In the process, a significant degree of judgment has been applied by the Management for:

• Timely identification and classification of the impaired

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We examined methodologies for computation of ECL that address policies, procedures and controls for assessing and measuring credit risk on all lending exposures, commensurate with the size, complexity and risk profile specific to the Company.

We evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of controls across the processes relevant to ECL, including the judgements and estimates.

These controls included, among others, controls over the allocation of assets into stages including management's monitoring of stage effectiveness, model monitoring including the need for post model adjustments and disclosures.

We assessed the criteria for staging of loans based on their past-due status to check compliance with requirement of Ind AS 109. Tested a sample of performing (stage I) loans to assess whether any SICR or loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under stage 2 or 3.

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loans.

- Staging of loans [i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ('SICR') and 'default' categories].
- Determination and calculation of probability of default / Loss given default.
- Consideration of probability weighted scenarios and forward looking macroeconomic factors for determining credit quality of receivables.
- Estimation of losses for loan products with no/minimal historical defaults

The outbreak of the COVID – 19 pandemic during the year has necessitated a high degree of Management's judgement to consider the possible impact of uncertainties associated with the same and the Management's judgement involved in estimation of ECL.

We tested the appropriateness of determining the Exposure At Default (EAD), Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) for a samples of exposure.

We performed an overall assessment of the ECL provision levels at each stage including management's assessment on Covid-19 impact to determine if they were reasonable in considering the Company's portfolio, risk profile, credit risk management practices and the macroeconomic environment.

We assessed disclosures included in the financial statement in respect of expected credit losses including the specific disclosures made with regards to the impact of COVID-19 on ECL estimation.

Company has started providing for higher of provisions as per IND AS and IRAC norms.

Information technology

Financial accounting and reporting processes, are fundamentally reliant on IT systems and IT controls to process significant volumes of

We obtained an understanding of the Company's IT control environment and changes during the audit period that may be relevant to the audit.

We tested a sample of key controls operating over the information technology in relation to

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transaction. The Company's financial accounting and reporting processes are so highly dependent on the automated controls in information systems, that there exists a risk that gaps in the IT control environment could result in the financial accounting and reporting records being materially misstated.

In the month of Feb 2020 company implemented a new IT Software, and most of the post live fine tuning was during the F.Y 2020-21. The outbreak of the COVID – 19 pandemic during the year; subsequent lockdown and travel restrictions affected the speed of IT Software implementation related work.

From a financial reporting perspective the Company uses and we have tested the financial accounting and reporting system and loan management systems and other tools for its overall financial reporting.

financial accounting and reporting systems, including system access and system change management.

We evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the significant accounts-related 1T automated controls which are relevant to the accuracy of system calculation, and the consistency of data transmission.

We obtained an understanding of the Company's Internal control environment and check available IT set up, to counter the shortfalls if any in the IT infrastructure.



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Information Other than the Financial Statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Results

These standalone financial results have been compiled from the interim standalone financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of these standalone Financial Results that give a true and fair view of the net

profit/ loss and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 (Ind AS 34) "Interim Financial Reporting" specified under section 133 of the Act/ issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the relevant provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the circulars, guidelines and directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time ('RBI Guidelines') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act/ Banking Regulation Act, 1949/non – banking financial company – systematically important non – deposit taking company and deposit taking company (Reserve Bank) directions, 2016 for safeguarding of the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone inancial results

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that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial results, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.

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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Company of which we are independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.





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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified during the reporting period from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

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- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations against the company which would impact its financial position.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (h) In our opinion the remuneration paid by the company to its wholetime director is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 and rules framed there under read with schedule V of Companies Act 2013.

For R.B Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

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"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024:

- 1) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (B)The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of lntangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner, designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book's records and the physical Property, Plant and Equipment have been noticed.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed provided to us by the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company;
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the valuation report issued by a registered valuer, the value of some of the property has been enhanced from Rs. 113.09 Lakhs to 146.18 Lakhs. The Purchase value accounts to 77.36% of its revalued figure. A change up to 0.50% in net carrying value of class of asset is affected by such enhancement.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

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- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the nature of the Company's business is such that it is not required to hold any inventories. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees from banking institution on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns filed by the company with bank are in agreement with the books of the company.
- 3) (a) The company being an NBFC whose principle business is to give loans is exempt from clause 3(iii)(a)
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the company's interest.
 - (c) In respect of loans granted by the company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are generally been regular except in few cases.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is an overdue amount of Rs. 2,753.14/- lakhs for more than ninety days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the company for the recovery of principle and interest.
 - (e) The company being an NBFC whose principle business is to give loans is exempt from clause 3(iii) (e).
 - (f) The company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying the terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.

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- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any public deposit from the public within the meaning of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified. Thus reporting under clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company. Thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 7) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Goods and Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.
 - 8) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, there are no transactions surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which are not recorded in the books of account.

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- 9) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the loans are applied by the company for the purpose for which the same has obtained.
 - (d) The company has not raised any funds on short term basis from any lender. Accordingly, clause 3 (ix) (d) of the order is not applicable for the company.
 - (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures hence clause 3 (ix) (e) does not apply to company.
 - (f) The company does not have subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ix) (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 10)(a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has raised money by way of public issue of debt instruments and the money raised has been applied for the purpose for which they have been raised.
 - (b)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has complied with the requirements of section 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the amount raised by preferential allotment or private placement of shares during the year under review have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of fully, partially or optionally convertible debentures.

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- 11)(a)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, an amount aggregating to Rs. 119.95 lakhs resulting from various fraud cases on the company has been reported during the year. The same are intimated by the company with Reserve Bank of India.
 - (b)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, no offence involving fraud is being or has been committed against the company by officers or employees of the company. Accordingly, clause 3 (xi) (c) doesn't apply to the company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not received any whistle blower complaints during the year.
- 12) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 and there was no transactions falling under the purview of section 188 during the year. The transactions with related parties have been disclosed in the Financial Statement as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14)(a)The company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b)To ensure the robustness of internal audit system and internal control system in the company we have reviewed the reports made by internal auditors of the company for the period of auditing and found that the internal control systems implemented by management are effective and internal audit procedures are adequate for the company.
- Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

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- 16) (a) The Company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and has obtained the registration.
 - (b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) In our opinion, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company with in the group and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order is not applicable.
- 17) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not incurred cash, losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18) During the year there was no resignation of Statutory Auditor.
- On the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report indicating that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the company and when they fall due.

20)(a)There are no unspent amount towards Corporate Social responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to

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sub – section (5) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

(b) There are no unspent amount on ongoing projects which requires to be transferred to special account in compliance with 135(6) of the Companies Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the order is not applicable for the year.

For R.B Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas BSc, FCA Partner (M.No.019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

Palarivattom 14-05-2024



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"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statement of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statement of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAl and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For R.B Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants

(FRN 103951W)-

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Partner (M.No.019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

Palarivattom 14-05-2024

E-Mail:kjtassociates@gmail.com

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

				(Rs in Lakhs
SI. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31,2024	As at March 31,2023
	ASSETS			
1	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	3,721.98	
(b)	Bank Balance Other than (a) above	7	3,721.98	9,420.0
(c)	Loans & Advances	8	1,70,486.83	1,755.4
(d)	Investments	9	1,70,460.83	1,44,464.58
(e)	Other Financial Assets	10	1,689.84	1.755.30
2	Non-Financial Assets			1, 30.00
(a)	Current Tax Assets (Net)	11	1,049.12	
(b)	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	12	475.85	1,486.93
(c)	Property	- "	6,610.03	417.82
(d)	Plant and Equipment	13	5,769,16	6,396.33
(e)	Capital work- in- progress		1,608.30	5,062.81
(f)	Other Intangible Assets	14	116.67	555.18
(g)	Other Non-Financial Assets	15	1,420.18	90.98 524.13
	TOTAL		1,96,034.43	1,71,929.65
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
1	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Payables	1		
(b)	Debt Securities	16	67,667.92	81.079.39
(c)	Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	17	15,777.25	7,562.82
(d)	Subordinated Liablities	18	77,159.75	50,289.45
(e)	Other Financial liabilities	19	6,872.53	6.613.26
2	Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	20	772.58	694.86
(b)	Other Non-Financial Liabilities	21	586.96	233.10
3	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity Share Capital	22	20,540.09	18,672.81
(b)	Other Equity	23	6,657.36	6,783,97
	TOTAL		1,96,034.43	1,71,929.65

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

Place:Palarivattom Date:14-05-2024 For and on behalf of the board of directors

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917

Director (DIN-06484566)

Manoj Raveend an Nair Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Dafee Chief Financial Officer

Naveena P Thampi Company Secretary

AND ASSOR

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Hyderabad

Statement of Profit and Loss for the Period ended March 31, 2024

	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
1	Revenue From Operations			
	Interest Income	24	30,562.49	27,540.07
11	Other Income	25	1,029.83	334.91
111	Total income (I+II)		31,592.32	27,874.96
	EXPENSES			
	Finance Costs	26	15,476.76	14,336.45
	Impairment on Financial Instruments	27	40.60	71.98
	Employee benefits expenses	28	6,730.63	5,232.07
	Depreciation, amortization and impairment Other expenses	29	892.73	1,094.76
	Coulci expenses	30	5,434.18	4,676.94
IV	Total expenses		28,574.90	25,412,20
v	Profit/(Loss) before Tax (III-IV)		3.017.42	2,462,78
VI	Tax Expense:	31		2,302.70
	1. Current Tax		772.58	694.86
	2. Deferred Tax		-58.03	-65.18
VII	Profit /(Loss) for the Period (V-VI)		2,302.87	1,833.10
viii	Other Comprehensive Income			
IX	Total Comprehensive Income (VII+VIII)		2,302.87	1,833.10
x	Familian and Familian Charles			
^	Earnings per Equity Share Basic & Diluted (Rs.)	32	1.14	1,33

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See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

Place:Palarivatiom Date:14-05-2024 For and on behalf of the board of directors

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN 02079917)

Bijî Shibu Director (DDF 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Thantsh Datee Chief Financial Officer

Naveena P Thampi Company Secretary

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

A. Equity Share Capital

Equity Shares of CIV each Issued, subscribed and fully paid		
Particulars		(Ks in Lakhs)
As at March 31 2023	Nos.	Amount
Lesing during the year	18,67,28,078	18,672.81
As at March 31 7004	1,86,72,779	1,867.28
יוס מו ושמוניון סדל שסקים	20,54,00,857	20,540.09

B. Other Equity

								(Rs in Lakhs)
			Reserves and Surplus	d Surplus				
Particulars	Statutory Reserve	, Securities Premium	Debenture Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Retained	Revaluation Reserve	Other	Total
As at March 31, 2023	1.078.13	3 165 05		4 00	200000		Income	
	CTIO COLT	0,100.33	4	4.08	1,842.66	693.15	1	6 783 97
Dividends		,		,	-56030			100000
Transfer to/from Retained Earnings	460.57				2000	1		
				1	7C.DQ+	1		
Specific l'urpose	*		1					
Other Additions/Deductions during the year								
Net inmact of Securities premium during the year	,	-1,867.28	- 1	,				
Net in Bact of assets revalued during the year							,	
				r	1	(1.91)		
Profit for the year (net of taxes)		1		,	2303			
As at March 31, 2024	1 539 70	1 300 60			CACH		,	
	A POOCAT	1,470.00	-	4.08	3,124.66	691,24		6 427 34
								00.700,0

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountagts

(FRN: 1039524W

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

Place:Palarivattom Date:14-05-2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917) Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Naveena P Thampi Company Secretary 3

Chief Financial Officer

Cash Flow Statement for the Period ended March 31, 2

DARTICHYARO		(Rs in Lakhs
PARTICULARS	For the Period ended	For the Period ended Marcl
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	March 31, 2024	31, 2023
Net profit Before Taxation		
Adjustments for:	3,017.42	2,462.78
Depreciation and Amortisation		
Finance costs	892.73	1,094.76
Interest on income tax	15,476.76	14,336.45
Impairment on financial instruments	40.40	
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	40.60	71.98
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans & Advances -Financial Assets	19,427.51	17,965.97
(Increase)/ Decrease in Other Financial Assets	-26,062.85	-38,736.26
(Increase)/ Decrease in Other ron Financial Assets	65.52	-785.55
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	-896.04	761.09
Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Non financial Liabilities	259.27	1,749.60
Cash from operations	353.86	161.06
Net income tax paid	-6,852.75	-18,884.08
Net Cash From Operating Activities	-257.05	-1,202.73
	-7,109.80	-20,086.81
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital Expenditure	-2,893.51	-7,509.27
Purchase of investments	-	-7,309.27
Bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents	-1,331.00	-1,076.95
Net Cash From Investing Activities	-4,224.51	-1,076.95
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	7,221,01	-0,380.22
Proceeds from issuance of equity shares		
Share Premium on issue of equity shares	1,867.28	7,185.30
Additions/Deductions in Specific Reserve	-1,867.28	767.11
Proceeds from issue of Debentures		-81.33
Proceeds from issue of Subordinate debts	-13,411.47	14,668.00
(Repayment)/ Increase in long-term borrowings	26,870.30	-3,042.09
Dividend Paid	8,214.44	1,193.14
Finance cost	-560.30	-
Net Cash From Financing Activities	-15,476.76	-14,336.45
NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	5,636.21	6,353.67
	-5,698.10	-22,319.36
OPENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,420.09	31,739.44
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,721.99	9,420.09

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates.,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

Place:Palarivattom Date:14-05-2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Dalee Chief Financial Officer

Naveena P Thampi Company Secretary

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1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, (the Company), is a Public limited company, incorporated on 28 April 1997. The Company was registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and primarily engaged in lending and related activities. The Company has received the certificate of registration 09.00006 on 13th December, 1997 enabling the Company to carry on business as Non-Banking Financial Company.

The Company offers broad suite of lending and other financial products such as gold loan, mortgage loan, loan against securities, micro finance loans etc.

The registered office of the Company is at Plot No. 39, Door No. 8-13, 1st Floor, Ashoka Complex, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathri Nagar X Road, Vaishalinagar PO. Hyderabad, Rangareddi, Telangana, 500079.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the application of fair value measurements required or allowed by relevant Accounting Standards. Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

The above financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed read with relevant rules issued there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India mainly considering the Master Directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as applicable to Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosed amount of contingent liabilities. Areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions are significant to the Company are discussed in Note 5 - Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR).

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The financial statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division III) of the Companies Act, 2013 applicable to NBFCs, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These separate financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the generally accepted accounting principles as referred to above.



3. IMPACT OF COVID-19

The COVID-19 outbreak is on-going and the actual extent of its impact on the economy globally in general and in India, in particular remains uncertain. The outbreak has contributed to a significant decline and volatility in the global and Indian financial markets and slowdown in the economic activities. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has issued guidelines relating to COVID-19 Regulatory Package dated March 27, 2020, April 17, 2020 and May 23, 2020 and in accordance therewith, the Company has offered an optional moratorium of six months on the payment of all principal instalments and/or interest, as applicable, for the loans disbursed up to covid period and during the year 2020-21. For all such accounts where the moratorium is granted, the asset classification shall remain stand still during the moratorium period.

A lot of requests were received during the year 2022-23 from customers under stress and concerned branches seeking extension in repayment period. The board noted that the RBI has given a total period of 2 years (including already given moratorium period, if any) for FITL, vide its circular dated May 5, 2021 and granted additional time of eighteen months.

Further, the Company has, based on current available information and based on the policy approved by the board, determined the prudential estimate of provision for impairment of financial asset as at March 31, 2024. Based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company considers this provision to be adequate.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1. Financial Instruments

(I) Financial Assets

a) Initial recognition

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. In case of financial assets which are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

b) Subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories depending on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the Company's business model for managing financial assets:

- a. Financial assets measured at amortised cost- A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- b. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- c. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL.



c) Other Equity Investments

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the Company has elected to present the changes in fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

d) Direct Assignment of Loans

The company has assigned some gold loans to other parties. The assigned portfolio is reduced from the total gold loan asset under management.

Particulars	
	Amount
Gold Loan Assat Under Ma	(In Lakhs)
Gold Loan Asset Under Management (AUM)	1,08,348.78
Less: Assigned portfolio	1,598.06
Gold Loan (As per Note 8)	1,06,750.72

(II) Financial Liabilities

a) Initial recognition

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, non-convertible debentures, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

b) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

4.2. Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

(I) Financial Assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual cash flows from the asset expire or it transfers its rights to receive contractual cash flows from the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

(II) Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.



4.3. Impairment of financial assets

I. Overview of the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model

The Company recognises impairment allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets held at amortised cost. The Company recognises loss allowances (provisions) for expected credit losses on its financial assets (including non-fund exposures) that are measured at amortised costs or at fair value through other comprehensive income account.

The ECL provision is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset (the lifetime expected credit loss), unless there has been no significant increase in credit risk since origination, in which case, the allowance is based on the 12 months' expected credit loss. The 12-month ECL is the portion of the lifetime ECL that represent the ECLs that result from default events on financial assets that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company performs an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

The Company applies a three-stage approach to measuring expected credit losses (ECLs).

Stage 1: 12-months ECL

For financial assets where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired upon origination, the portion of the lifetime ECL associated with the probability of default events occurring within the next 12 months is recognised.

Stage 2: Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired

For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but are not credit impaired, a lifetime ECL (i.e. reflecting the remaining life time of the financial asset) is recognised.

Stage 3: Lifetime ECL - credit impaired

Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred. For financial assets that have become credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised and interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost (net of provision) rather than the gross carrying amount.

The Company has identified a zero bucket for financial assets that are not overdue.

II. Estimation of Expected Credit Loss

The Company has calculated ECL using three main components: a probability of default (PD), a loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD). ECL is calculated by multiplying the PD, LGD and EAD and adjusted for time value of money using a rate which is a reasonable approximation of EIR.

Probability of Default (PD) - The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. The Company uses historical information where available to determine PD.

Exposure at Default (EAD) - The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, expected draw downs on committed facilities.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – The Loss Given Default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral.

4.4. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet only if there is an enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts with an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.5. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

4.6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each reporting date are shown under other non-financial assets. The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for its intended use at each reporting date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income /expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised. The date of disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

4.7. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are

carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life.

Gains or losses from de-recognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.8. Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using the written down value method. Freehold land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment for the current period are as follows:

Asset
Building
Computers and servers
Office equipment
Furniture and fixtures
Vehicles
Useful life
30-60Years
3-6 Years
5 Years
10 Years
8-10 Years

* Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (upto) the date on which asset is ready for use (disposed of).

Intangible Assets are amortised on a Straight Line basis over the estimated useful economic life. Computer Software which is not an integral part of the related hardware is classified as an intangible asset, and amortised over a period of five years, being its estimated useful life.

4.9. Impairment of non-financial assets

At Balance Sheet date, an assessment is done to determine whether there is any indication of impairment in the carrying amount of the Company's assets. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

An assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The carrying amount of the fixed asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the fixed asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on written down value basis over its remaining useful life.

4.10. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.



(I) Interest Income

The Company recognises Interest income by applying the effective interest rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets and other credit-impaired financial assets. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Company applies the

credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition. Such interests, where instalments are overdue in respect of non-performing assets are recognised on realization basis.

The EIR in case of a financial asset is computed

- a) As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.
- b) By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows
- c) Including all fees received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets required to be measured at FVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate as net gain on fair value changes.

Other Income: In respect of the other heads of income, the Company accounts the same on accrual basis.

(II) Recognition of revenue from sale of goods or services

Revenue (other than for Financial Instruments within the scope of Ind AS 109) is measured at an amount that reflects the considerations, to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation

Processing fee which is not form part of effective interest rate has been recognised as and when it is accrued.

(III) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established. This is established when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

4.11.Finance cost

Finance costs represents Interest expense recognised by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial liabilities other than financial liabilities classified as FVTPL.

The EIR in case of a financial liability is computed

- a) As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the amortised cost of a financial liability.
- b) By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows
- c) Including all fees paid between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest expense includes issue costs that are initially recognised as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortised over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to advisers and other expenses such as external legal costs, Rating Fee etc, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability.

4.12.Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits: All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense)

Defined Contribution Plan

Eligible employees of the Company receive benefits from provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the eligible employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the Government administered provident fund scheme equal to a specified percentage of the eligible employee's salary. Amounts collected under the provident fund plan are deposited with in a government administered provident fund.

The Company's contribution to employee state insurance scheme is considered as defined contribution plans and is charged as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

4.13.Income taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred income tax.

Current income tax for current year and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss i.e., either in other comprehensive income or in equity. Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary timing differences and tax losses can be utilised. The Company offsets income-tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.14. Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equities shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

4.15.Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the enterprise determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

4.16.Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

4.17.Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

4.18.Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged in the business segment of Financing, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. The Company has concluded that the business of lending finance is the only reportable segment.

4.19.Leases

With effect from April 1, 2019, the Company has applied Ind AS 116 'Leases' to all lease contracts existing on April 01, 2019 by adopting the modified retrospective approach. Accordingly, the comparative information is not required to be restated.

The Company evaluates each contract or arrangement, whether it qualifies as lease as defined under Ind AS 116. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The Company as a lessee

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months and leases with low value assets. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with periods covered by an option to extend the lease, where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit. The related cash flows are classified as operating activities.

Wherever the above exception permitted under Ind AS 116 is not applicable, the Company at the time of initial recognition:

- measures lease liability as present value of all lease payments discounted using the Company's
 incremental cost of borrowing and directly attributable costs. Subsequently, the lease liability is
 increased by interest on lease liability, reduced by lease payments made and remeasured to reflect
 any reassessment or lease modifications specified in Ind AS 116 'Leases', or to reflect revised fixed
 lease payments.
- measures 'Right-of-use assets' as present value of all lease payments discounted using the Company's incremental cost of borrowing and any initial direct costs. Subsequently, 'Right-of-use assets' is measured using cost model i.e., at cost less any accumulated depreciation (depreciated on straight line basis over the lease period) and any accumulated impairment losses adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability specified in Ind AS 116 'Leases'

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosure and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

5.1. Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

5.2. Fair value measurement

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

5.3. Impairment of loans portfolio

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

5.4. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method

The Company's EIR methodology recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, probable fluctuations in collateral value as well as expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

5.5. Other estimates

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended March 31,2024

Rs in Lakhs

Note 6 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars (a) Cash on hand	As at March 31 , 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(b) Balance with banks	722.35	1,366.80
In current accounts In fixed deposits (with maturity of less than 3 months)	2,999,63	3,992.29 4,061.00
TOTAL	3,721.98	9,420.09

Note 7 - Bank Balance Other Than Above

Particulars (a) Balance deposits with maturity more than 3 months	As at March 31 , 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(b) On Escrow Accounts Unpaid Dividend account	3,086.45	1,755.49
TOTAL	3,086,45	1,755.45

Note 8 - Loans & Advances

Booklandana			ch 31, 2024		
Particulars		At Fair Value			
Loans	Amortised Cost	Through other Comprehensive Income	Through profit/loss	Designated at fair value through	Total
(A)				profit or loss	
Gold Loan					
MSMF & Other Receivables	1,06,750.72				
Microfinance Loan	46,080.21				1,06,750,72
A CAMERICA COMM	19,264.89				46,080.21
Total (A) - Gross					19,264.89
	1,72,095.82				1,72,095.82
Less: Impairment loss allowance					1,74,095.82
	1,608.99				1,608.99
Total (A) - Net	-				1,00.79
	1,70,486.83	•			1,70,486.83
(6)					2), 4, 200,00
(i) Secured by tangible assets	1.52,830.93				
(ii) Covered by Bank/Government guarantees	1,52,830.93			4	1.52,830.93
thi Unsecured	19,264.89			,	
	17,204.09	-	*		19,264.89
Total (B) - Gross	1,72,095.82				
	17/ 6,033.02				1,72,095.82
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,608 99				
P-4 100 N				1	1,608 99
Total (B) - Net	1,70,486.83	-			
			•	-	1,70,486.83
(C) Loans in India					
(a) Public Sector					
(ii) Others					
(ii) Caticas	1,72,095.82				1.72.095.82
I otal (C) - Gross	-				17/2/093.02
101 21073	1,72,095.82				1,72,095.82
ess: Impairment loss allowance					1,74,973,1.02
, and desired Hibr	1,608.99	-			1,608 99
Total (C) - Net	1 70 404 02				-,
	1,70,486.83			-	1,70,486.83



Note 8 - Loans & Advances

Particulars		As at Man	ch 31, 2023		
		At Fair Value			
	Amortised Cost	Through other Comprehensive Income	Through	Designated at fair value through	Total
Loans		Tomprenensive income	profit/loss	profit or loss	
(A) Gold Loan				P10111 ()1 1085	
MSME & Other Receivables	93,796.18				
Microfinance Loan	37,840.92		*-	-	93,796 18
Total (A) - Gross	14,395.87				37,840.92
	1,46,032.97			-	14,395.87
Less, Impairment Joss allowance	1,568,39	•			1,46,032.97
Total (A) - Net		-		-	1,568.39
(8)	1,44,464.58				1,44,464.58
Secured by tangible assets Covered by Bank/Government guarantees	1,31,637.10				
(ii) Unsecured	14 205 05				1.31.637 10
Total (B) - Gross	14,395.87				14,395.87
	1,46,032.97				
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,568.39				1,46,032.97
lotal (B) - Net	1,44,464.58				14,96,40,480 05
(C)	1,44,404.30	-			10,58,00,30,469.77
Loans in India (i) Public Sector (ii) Others					
	1,46,032.97				1.
Total (C) - Gross	1,46,032,97			6.	1,46,032,97
ess Impairment loss allowance		-	-		1,46,032.97
Folat (C) - Net	1,568.39				1,568.39
	1,44,464.58				1,44,161.58

Summary of ECL provisions

Particulars		F.Y. 2023-24		
Cold Loan	Stage I	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
MSME & Other Receivables	0.52	3.14	278.82	282.47
Microfinance Loan		-	891.73	891.7
Total Closing ECL provision	0.13	0.77	433 88	434.78
	0.65	3.91	1,604.43	1,608.99

Summary of ECL provisions

Particulars		F.Y. 2022-23		
Gold Loan	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
MSML & Other Receivables	3.28	18.29	16.04	124.4
Microfinance Loan	0.06	25,90	1,040.84	618.4
Total Closing ECL provision	14.06	5.22	444,70	384.7
Total Crossing ECC provisibili	17.40	49.41	1,501.58	1,568.3

Note 10 - Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Interest accrued on fixed deposits (b) Security Deposits	180.46	43.02
(c) Other Receivables	1,476.89 32.49	1,450.40 261.93
TOTAL	1,689.84	1.755.36

Note 11 - Current Tax Assets (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Advance fax and tax deducted at source	1,049.12	1,486.93
TOTAL	1,049,12	1.486.93



Rs in Lakhs

Note 12 - Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Fixed Asset: Timing difference on account of depreciation and amortisation Impairment of financial instruments Amortisation of expenses & income under effective interest rate me Total	169.30 404.95 -98.39	156.14 394.73 -133.04
Net deferred tax asset	475.85	417.82
	475.85	417.82

Note 15 - Other Non-Financial Assets

Particulars (a) Balance with revenue Authorities	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
GST receivable Income Tax Refund (b) Advances for land (c) Other Advances Id) Stock of Stationary	189.19 968.66 259.70 2.63	83.28 438.23 2.63
TOTAL	1,420.18	524.13

Note 16 - Debt Securities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
At Amortised Cost:		
(a) Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Privately Placed (b) Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Public Issue	727.08 66,940.84	235.11 80,844.2
Lotal (A)	67,667.92	81,079.3
Borrowings in India Borrowings outside India	67,667.92	81,079.3
TOTAL.	67,667,92	81,079,3

Nature of Security:

Secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Malligai Nagar, Kombai Village, Uthampalayam Taluk, Theni District, Tamil Nadu.

Extend of Security:

Equal to the value of one time (one hundred percentage) of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

16.1 - Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Private Placement

Series wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non Convertible Debentures 2023 - 24 Series	727.98	158.10
Non Convertible Debentures 2017 - 18 Series		62.70
Non Convertible Debentures 2016 - 17 Series		12.10
Non Convertible Debentures 2015 - 16 Series		2.20
107AL	727.08	235.10

Interest wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Non Convertible Debentures - 12.5%		29,30	
Non Convertible Debentures - 12%		155.30	
Non Convertible Debentures - < 12%	727.08	50.50	
TOTAL	727.08	235.10	

Maturity wise classification of secured non-convertible debeutures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non Convertible Debeutures - 18 months maturity	678.08	
Non Convertible Debentures - 60 months maturity		220.80
Non Convertible Debentures - 36 months maturity	49.00	14.30
TOTAL	727.08	235.10



Rs in Laklis

16.2 - Secured Non Convertible De	bentures - Public Issue
Series wise classification of secured na	on convertible deheutures

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non Convertible Debentures 2023 - 24 Series (Public Issue IX) Non Convertible Debentures 2022 - 23 Series (Public Issue VIII) Non Convertible Debentures 2022 - 23 Series (Public Issue VII) Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue VI) Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue V) Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue IV) Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue III) Non Convertible Debentures 2020 - 21 Series (Public Issue III) Non Convertible Debentures 2019 - 20 Series (Public Issue II) Non Convertible Debentures 2018 - 19 Series (Public Issue I) Sub Total Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	8,678.38 13,612.96 14,688.09 8,036.82 6,983.02 7,053.13 3,938.33 2,982.19 1,424.10 67,397.02	13,612.94 18,798.56 15,551.43 10,525.35 8,892.45 6,306.99 3,184.62 4,526.08 81,398.4
TOTAL	456.18 66,940.84	554.1 80,844.2

Interest torse classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non Convertible Debentures - > 12% Non Convertible Debentures - 12% Non Convertible Debentures - > 11.5% to 11.86% Non Convertible Debentures - > 11.25% to 11.5% Non Convertible Debentures - 11% to 11.25% Non Convertible Debentures - < 11% Sub Total Less EIR unpact of transaction cost	1,424,10 599.47 6,321.05 363.08 15,429.93 43,259.39 67,397.02 456.18	2,274.95 2,850.56 6,810.64 2,444.58 15,990.60 51,027.07 81,398.44 554.15
	66,940.84	80,844.2

Maturity wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non Convertible Debenfures - 82 months maturity	1,996.30	1.551.69
Non Convertible Debentures - 80 months maturity	1,709.46	948.53
Non Convertible Debentures - 78 months maturity	1,076.26	
Non Convertible Debentures - 75 months maturity	2,177.35	1,837.19
Non Convertible Debentures - 72 months maturity		2,177.35
Non Convertible Debentures - 60 months maturity	1,424.10	1,424.10
Non Concertible Debentures - 45 months maturity	27,646.31	28,710.95
Non Convertible Debentures - 36 months maturity		202.43
	13,040.54	13,948.93
Non Convertible Debentures - 24 months maturity	7,407.60	12,324.96
Non Convertible Debentures - 18 months maturity	3.131.54	6,892,49
Non Convertible Debentures - 16 months maturity	5,310.20	6,030,00
Non Convertible Debentures - 13 months maturity	2,477.36	2,525.53
Non Convertible Debentures - 12 months maturity		2,824.29
Sub Total	67,397.02	81,398.44
Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	456.18	
TOTAL	66,940.84	554.15 80.844.29

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2024	As at March 31, 2023
At Amortised Cost:	10072021	A9 at 191a(til 51 , 2025
(a) Term Loan		
Indian Rupee Loans from Banks (Secured)	10,646.12	3,941.88
(b) Loans repayable on demand		
Cash credit / overdraft facilities from banks (Secured) Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	5,131.13	3,660.66 39.72
lotal (A)	15,777.25	7,562.82
Borrowings in India	15,777,25	754202
Borrowings outside India	13,777.23	7,562.82
TOTAL	15,777.25	7,562.82



Rs in Lukhs

Nature of Security :

(a) Term loan from bank -

iculars	Primary	Ciltiral	
Kotak Mahindra - 68.96 Lakhs	The loans are secured by	Colfateral	Guaranturs
(Release Order No : CF/22207069 dated 25-08-2023)	hypotheration of respective	Nit	กม

(iselease Order No :CF/22360034 dated 26-09-2023)	loans have been availed		
ticulars	Primary	Calledon	
		Collateral	Guarantors
		a. Exclusive Equitable Mortage charge over the commerical plot bearing survey number:Sy.no 549,570/3-2,570 /3-3, Situated at door no 5/699, nuringoor Thekkummuri, Chalakkudy. 680308, Admeasuring total Area. 4.09 Acres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited(Sale Deed No.561/2019).	1. Shibu 1 Varghese 2.Biji Shibu
State Bank of India -Term Loan of Rs 125.00Crs	Hypothecation of Book Debts, Loan Receivables and other	b. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over the Commercial Plot bearing Survey Number: Sy. No 379 / 12 and 379 / 2, situated near Vallakkunnu junction, Oppo Two Pole Structure No. IIKU/RS/207, R S Road, Vallakkunnu, Uringlakuda, Thrissur 680683 Admeasuring Total Area: 2.93 Acres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited [Sale Deed No 12911/2022).	
(Sanction Letter dated 29-12-2023)	Current Assets on First Pari Passu basis with Debenture Trustees of the Company and other Banks in MBA.	c. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over the Commercial plot bearing Survey Number: 5y. No L267/g-z,with a commercial building hearing Door No 30/564 of Kothamangalam Municipality, in Kothamingalam Village,Kothamangalam Taluh Ernakulam District, Admeasuring Total Ar." 7.78 Ares,Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (sare Deed No836/2022).	
		d. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage Charge over the commercial building bearing Survey number: Re-Sy. No 26/2, all in block no 280, situated in Edappally North Village, Kanayannur Taluk, Ernakulam District, Admeasuring Total Area: 3.24 Ares, Beforging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (Sale Deed No 1854/2019) and commercial building bearing survey. Number: Re-sy. No 26, all in block no 280, situated in Edappally North Village, Kanayatmur Talulq Ernakulam District Admeasuring Total-Area: 1.75 Ares, Belonging to Shibu T. V. (Sale Deed No 5327 / 2014).	
		e.Exclusive Charge(Lien) Over the Fixed Deposit of Rs 21.85 Crs (Rs. 11.8 Crs + Rs 10.00 Cr) held in the name of the company with SBI	
Indian Overseas Bank - Term Luan of Rs. 20.00 Crores (Sanction Letter Dated 08-11-2023)	Exclusive first charge by way of assignment/hypothecation of Book Debts (principal amount pertains to Standard / regular underlying Assets) with asset coverage of 1.4.3 times of the Loan component at any point of time during the currency of the Loan.	30% of the exposure by way of fixed deposits.	1 Shibu Theckumpurat Varghese 2 Biji Shibu

Particulars	Primary	Collateral	Guarantors
		1. EM of Property admeasuring to 7.92 ares of land situated under Sy No 1160/6B of village Kothamangalam, Taluk Kothamangalam, District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future.	1. Shibu T. Varghese 2. Biji Shibu
	Hypothecation of Book debts, Loan Receivables and other	2. EM of property admeasuring to 9.27 Ares of land situated under Sy No Holf 6A, 1160/6B of village Kothamangalam, Taluk Kothamangalam, District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited logether with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future.	
South Indian Bank (Limit - Rs 10:00 Crores) (Sanction Letter dated 13-02-2024)	South Indian Bank (Limit - Rs 10.00 Crores) Current assets on first pari passu basis with Debenture Trustees of the company and	3. EM of properly admeasuring to 8.75 Ares of land situated under Sy No 1159/9 village Kothamangalam, Taluk Kothamangalam, District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with aff buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future.	
		4. EM of property admeasuring to 63.94 ares (61.92 Ares + 2.02 Ares) situated under Sy No 571/3-20 (61.92 Ares) and 571/4-4 (2.02 Ares) of village Muringoor Thekkunumri, Taluk Chafakudy, District Thrissur, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future.	
		5. EM of property adneasuring to 22.80 Ares of land situated under old Sy No 269/1C/2 & 269/1B/1; Re Sy No : 136/7 of village patrimatrom, Taluk Kumathunadu, District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future.	

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	Rs in Luldys	
Dhanalakshi Bank (Limit - Rs 9.00 Crores) (Sanction Letter dated 12-07-2023)	First ranking pari passu charge with existing secured creditors including debenture trustees on all movable assets inclusing book debts and receivables, cash and bank halances, Loans & advances both present and future of the company at a margin of 30%. (For DP calculation only gold loan portifolio to be reckoned at the stipulatedmargin level of 30%, cover period upto 60 days.	2. EM of 82.35 Ares (203.40 cents) of dry residential land and a 479.03 sq in residential building standing thereon bearing Door Nos 5-173 & 5-174 under Re Sy no. 470/11-3-3 of 21.22 Ares, Re Sy no. 470/11 of 2.26 Ares, Re Sy 470/11-3-2 of 22.54 Ares, Re Sy 470/11-1-2 of 19.95 Ares, Re Sy 470/11-3 of 3.24 Ares, Re Sy 470/2 of 8.44 Ares and Re Sy 470/15 of 4.70 Ares at Block 32, Ward No. V, TP No. 6822 of Mazhuvannur Village, Mazhuvannur GP, Veettoor Desom, Puthencruz SRO, Kunnathunadu Taluk, Ernakulam (Dist), kerala standing in the name of M/s. KLM Axiva Finvest Limited.	1. Shibu T Vargh 2. Biji Shibu
		1. Exclusive Equitable Mortage charge over the commercial plot bearing survey number: Sy.no 549,570/3-2,570/3-3, Situated at door no 5/699, muringoor Thekkummuri, Chalakkudy, 680308, Admeasuring total Areas. 09 Arres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (Sale Deed No.561/2019). 2 Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over the Commercial Plot hearing. Survey Number Sy. No 379 / 1,-2 and 379 / 2, situated near Vallakkummujunktion, Oppo. Two Pole Structure No. IKKU/RS/207, R.S. Road, Vallakkunnu, Irinjalakuda, Thrissur 680683 Admeasuring Total Area: 2.93 Acres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Pinvest Limited (Sale Deed No. 1291/2022).	I. Shibu T Varghese 2.Biji Shibu
State Bank of India (Limit- Rs 25 00 Crores) (Sanction Letter dated 29-12-2023) Loan Receival Current Assets Passu basis wi Trustees of the	Hypothecation of Book Debts, Loan Receivables and other Current Assets on First Pari Passu basis with Debenture Trustees of the Company and other Banks in MBA	3.Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over the Commercial plot bearing Survey Number: Sy. No.1267/g-z.with a commercial building bearing Door No.30/564 of Kothamangalam Municipality, in Kothamangalam Village.Kothamangalam Taluh Ernakulum District, Admeasuring Total Ar.** 7.78 Ares,Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (sale Deed No.836/2022).	
		4. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage Charge over the commercial building bearing Survey number: Re-Sy. No 26/2, all in block no.280, situated in Edappally North Village, Kanayannur Taluk, Ernakulam District, Admeasuring Total Area: 3.24 Ares, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (Sale Deed No 1854/2019) and commercial building bearing survey Number: Re-sy. No 26, all in block no.280, situated in Edappally North Village, Kanayannur Talulq Ernakulam District Admeasuring Total Area: 175 Ares, Belonging to Shibu T V Sale Deed No 5327 / 2014)	
		5. Exclusive Charge(Lien) Over the Fixed Deposit of Rs 21.85. Crs (Rs. 11.85. Crs + Rs 10.00 Cr) held in the name of the company with 5B1	

Note 18 - Subordinated Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
At Amortised Cost:		
(a) Subordinated Debts	73.621.22	47,845.52
(b)Tier- 1 Capital - Perpectual Debt Instruments	3,538.53	2,443.93
Iotal (A)	77,159.75	50,289.45
Subordinated liability in India Subordinated liability outside India	77.159.75	50.289.45
TOTAL	77,159,75	50,289.45



Rs in Lakhs

Note 18 - Subordinated Liabilities

Particulars At Amortised Cost:	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Subordinated Debts (b) Fier- 1 Capital - Perpectual Debt Instruments Total (A)	73,621.22 3,538.53 77,159.75	47,845.52 2,443.93
Subordinated fiability in India Subordinated fiability outside India	77,159.75	50,289.45 50,289.45
TOTAL	77,159.75	50,289,45

18.1 - Unsecured Subordinated Debt - Private Placement

Series wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2020 - 22,2022-23 and 2023-24 Series	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2019 - 20 Series	60,761.83 11,593.33	27,632.67
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2018 - 19 Series Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2017 - 18 Series Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2016 - 17 Series	1,052.98 213.08	11.593.33 8,354.22 265.30
TOTAL	73,621.22	47.845.52

Interest wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars Unsecured Subordinated Debt - >12.5%	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12.5%	1,015.26	1,284.57
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12,25%	174.20	201.21
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12%	388.63	376.13
Unsecured Subordinated Debt < 12%	5,160.78	3,369.15
TOTAL.	66,882.35	42,614.46
	73,621.22	47.845.52

Maturity wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 5 to 6 years maturity	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	4,265.07	4,351.23
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 5 years maturity TOTAL	69,356.15	43,494.29
TOTAL	73,621.22	47.845.52

Note 19 - Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Interest payable on debt securities (b) Interest payable on subordinated debts	4,193.17	3,594,98
(c) Interest payable on PDI	2,440.24	2,346.61
d) Others	70.11	28.79
TOTAL	169.01	642.89
TOTAL	6,872.53	6,613.26

Note 20 - Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Income tax provision	772.58	694.86
	772.58	694.86

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Statutory remittances (b) Gratuity Payable	80.59	108.59
(c) Other Payables	183.81	124.51
(c) Chief (a) ables	322.56	
TOTAL		_
TOTAL	586.96	233.10



Rs in Lakhs

Note 22 - Equity Share Capital

The reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the b

Particulars Authorised	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
250,000,000 (March 31, 2023) 250,000,000) equity Shares of ₹10/- each	25,000.00	25,000.0
ssued, Subscribed & Fully Paid Up	25,000.00	25,000.0
(54.00.857(March 3), 2023-20,54,01,857) equity Shares of ₹107-each	20,540.09	18,672.8
OTAL.	20,540.09	18.672.8

i. Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Taittemars	A determined the of the year	
As at March 31, 2023	In Numbers	Amount
Shares Issued during the Year	18,67,28,078	18,672.81
As at March 31, 2024	1,86,72,779	1,867,28
	20,54,00,857	20 540 00

ii. Terms / Rights attached to equity shares
The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of

all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

iii. Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% Shares

Name of shareholder	As at March 31, 2024		As at	
ibu T Varghese	No: of shares	% of Holding	No: of shares	1. 2023 % of Holding
evamma Varghese i Shibu	3,49,78,109.00 1,15,48,127.00	17.03 5.62	3,17,98,281	17.0
n Elu Shiba	2,39,55.314.00 97,61,489.00	11,66	1,04,98,298 2.21,96,740	5.6

Note 23 - Other Equity	00,74,002	4.75
Particulars		
Securities Premium	Amount	_
As at March 31, 2023		
Add: Additions upon share issue	3,10	65 95
As at March 31, 2024		67.28
Statutory Reserve	1,29	98.68
As at March 31, 2023		
Add. Additions/(Deductions) during the year	1.07	76.13
As at March 31, 2024		60.57
General Reserve	1,53	38.70
As at March 31, 2024		
Utilised during the year		4.08
		- Troth
Revaluation reserve		
As at March 31, 2023		
Add: Additions/(Deductions) during the year	69	93.15
As at March 31, 2024		-[.9]
	69	91.24
Retained Earnings As at March 31, 2023		
Add: Profit for the year	184	12.66
Less: Dividend		02.87
less: Transfer to statutory reserve		50.30
Case Transper to Mutatoly 1626(Ab		50.57
Parel Other C - St.	3,12	
Total Other Equity		
As at March 31, 2023	4 86	2 07
As at March 31, 2024	6,78	
	6,657	7.00



Rs in Laklis

Nature and purpose of Reserves

Securities premium

This Reserve represents the premium on issue of equity shares. The reserve can be utilised only for the purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act. 2013.

Statutory reserve

Statutory Reserve is created as per the terms of section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. It requires every non-banking finance institution which is a Company to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty percent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss before any dividend is declared. The Company has appropriated 20% of the Profit After Tax to the fund for the year.

General reserve

Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of profit for the period at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. After the introduction of Companies Act 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the amount previously transferred to the general reserve can be utilised only in accordance with the specific requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

The revaluation reserves represents the gain/ loss attained by the company while revaluing its assets to fair market value. During the year, the company revalued some of its landed property and the gain/loss has been transferred to revaluation reserve.

Retained earnings

This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company.

Note 24 - Interest Income

Particulars		
On financial assets measured at amortised cost: (i) Interest on Loans	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Gold Loan MSME & Other Loans Microfinance Loans (ii) Interest on deposit with banks (iii) Other interest income	22,058,95 5,321.87 2,904.20 277.05 3.42	18,008,54 5,680,42 3,356,25 488,73 6,09
TOTAL	30,562.49	27,540.07

Note 25 - Other Income

Particulars		
Commission Income	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Processing Fee	469.76	175.68
Notice Charge	i61.18	
Miscellaneous Income	20.02	12.29
Closing Charges	2.09	142.11
Documentation charges	167.52	
Profit on Investment	209.25	
TOTAL		4.83
	1,029.83	334.91

Note 26 - Finance Cost

Particulars				
On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
Interest on Borrowings (other than debt securities) Interest on Subordinate Debt Interest on Debenture Interest on PD) Others Interest on delayed payment of income tax	1,066.32 6,125.95 7,903.59 380.09	496,9 6,137,1 7,455.1 247.2		
TOTAL	15,476.76	14,336,4		

Note 27 - Impairment on Financial Instruments

Particulars		
On financial assets measured at amortised cost:	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Loan Assets	40.60	71.98
TOTAL	40.60	71.98



Rs in Lakhs

Note 28 - Employee henefits expenses

ialaries & Wages	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Contribution of synges	6,266,16	
ontributions to provident and other funds		4,877.0
ratuity	391.41	293.8
OTAL	73.05	61.1
	6,730.63	5,232.0

Note 29 - Depreciation, amortisation and impairment

epreciation of tangible assets	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
mortisation of intangible assets	878.50	1,080.39
0.000	14.23	14,37

Particulars		
Advertisement	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Audit Expenses	268.91	184.
Audit Fee	0.40	0.0
Bank Charges	11.50	11.
Business Promotion	67.53	39.1
Celebration Expense	132.34	129.5
	12.51	9,5
Collection Expenses	1,25	
Computer & Software Expenses	14.39	3.:
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	37.57	17.1
Crisil rating expenses	0.99	24.3
Customer Meet expenses		2.7
Cibil Charges	12.56	5.1
Debenture Trustee Remuneration	3.15	4.7
Discount Given	1.21	1.2
Electricity Charges	120.32	70.9
Fuel Expenses	170.64	126.5
naugural Expense	15,44	14.2
Incentive	5.59	21.1
asurance Charges	770.56	957.5
nternet Charges	172,28	21.8
.egal Expense	39.32	31,6
oss on Auction Gold	52.86	30.9
oss on sale of Fixed Assets	17.55	68.7
Marketing Expenses	11.55	
deeting Expenses	4.63	5.5
dembership Fee	22.22	36.69
liscellaneous Expense	1.09	2.0
lewspaper & Periodicals	0.18	0.10
Hice Expense	1.41	1.78
Ostage	172.90	162.53
rinting & Stationery	39.89	36.11
rofessional Fee	105,58	107.33
oblic Issue	65.61	97.33
ates & Taxes	147.62	246.07
ent	33.30	42,10
epairs and Maintenance	2,140.49	1,636.20
epairs and Maintenance-Bullding	20.76	12.40
OC Filing Charge	4.03	6.31
tting Fees	6.18	14.67
aff Training Expense	8.10	6.00
elephone charges	91.47	99.88
avelling expenses	83,79	73.87
ST & flood cess Paid	370.16	299.07
ehicle Maintenance	157.97	
ater Charges	5 97	6.99
OTAL	5,434.18	7.31 4,676.94

Note - 30.1 Payment to the auditors compris

Particulars	For the year end	led
As auditors - statutory audit	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
For taxation matters	9.20	9.2
OTAL	2.30	2.3
	11.50	11.50



Rs in Lakhs

Designation Whole-time Director Director

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Fluuncial Officer

Company Secretary

Independent Director

Independent Director

Independent Director

Director

Note 31 - Income Tax

The components of income tax expense for the year ended March 31, 2024 and year ended March 31, 2023 are:

· acceptates		
	For the year en	ded
Current lax	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deferred Tax	772.58	694.86
Income tax expense reported in statement of profit and loss	-58.03	-65.18
200771111111111111111111111111111111111	714.55	629.68

Note 32 - Earnings per share

Particulars	For the year en	ded
Net profit for calculation of basic earnings per share	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Weighted average number of shares used as denominator for calculating basic and dilutert earning per share.	2,302.87	1,833.10
Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	2,023,40	1,376.54
	1.14	1.33

Note 35 - Related party disclosures

Names of Related Parties

(A) Key Management Personnel

l) Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese

2) Biji Shibu

3) Manoj Raveendran Nair

4) Thanish Dalee

5) Naveena P Thampi

6) Kaippillil Mathew Kuriakose

7) Joseph Paul Menacherry

8) Abraham Thariyan

9) Sreemvasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai

(iii) Sivadas Chelloor

11) Ambramoti Puroshothaman

12) Issac Jacob

13) Srikanth G Menon

(B) Entities in which KMP / Relatives of KMP / Director can exercise significant influence

1) KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited

2) Payyoti Granites Private Limited

3) finte Naadu Nidhi Limited

4) Axiva Mfin Limited - Strike Off

5)Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited

6) FSAT Financial Holdings Private Limited

7) M P Joseph's IGNANA Kendra (OPC) Private Limited

8) Astoria Nidhi Limited

(C) Relatives of Key Management Personnel

Elen Ela Shibo Erm Lizbeth Shibu Aleyamına Varghese Vithya Mothew

Aswathy R

Lalgin C Kurian

Lakshmi P S

d/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese d/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Mother of Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese

Independent Director (Resigned on 19-05-2023)

Independent Director (Ceased due to vacation on 08-11-2023)

Company Secretary (Resigned on November 10, 2023)

Independent Director (Retired on 12-04-2023)

w/o Thanish Dalee w/o Manoj Raveendran Nair

h /o Navecna P Thampi w/o Srikanth G Menon

Particulars		Related Party		
	A5 at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	Relatives of R As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
shares subwrited including share premium		2,315.71		2,315.71
Purchase of listed NCD of the Company				
Purchase of sub-debts of the Company			2,50	-
Interest paid on listed NCD	1.10		0.48	-
Bonus Shares issued	54.00			0.17
Down to set of the set of		*	22.51	
Remuneration paid	233,33	166.57		
Dividend paid	145.79		68,56	5
sitting Fees	6.20		***************************************	

NO ASSI

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2024

Rs in Laklis

Balance outstanding as at the year end: Asset/ (Liability)

Particulars	Related P	arty	Relatives of I	Palatori Danto
Investment in Subsidiary Company	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Equity shares subscribat NCD - Listed	5,893,34	3,179.83	2,793.18	4,758.9
Subordinate debt		2.50	2.00	
nterest payable on NCD			4.00	
		0.26	0.09	

Note:

Related parties have been identified on the basis of the declaration received by the management and other records available and the same has been relied upon by the auditors

Note 36 - Capital

Capital Management

The Company's objective is to maintain appropriate levels of capital to support its business strategy taking into account the regulatory, economic and commercial environment. The Company aims to maintain a strong capital base to support the risks inherent to its business and growth strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain a higher capital base than the mandated regulatory capital at all times.

The Company's assessment of capital requirement is aligned to its planned growth which forms part of an annual operating plan which is approved by the Board and also a long range strategy. These growth plans are aligned to assessment of risks- which include credit, liquidity and interest rate. The Company monitors its capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR) on a regular basis through its Assets Liability Management Committee (ALCO).

Regu	atory	Ca	pitai

l'articulars Tier I Capital	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Tier II Capital	29,452.20	26,698,7
Fotal capital	15,110.84	13,797,4
Risk Weighted Assets	44,563.05	40,496.1
Fier I CRAR	1,88,633.47	1,60,245.3
Fier II CRAR	15.61%	16.66
Fotal capital ratio	6.01%	8.61
	23.62%	25.27

Regulatory capital consists of Tier Leapital, which comprises share capital, share premium, Perpectual Debt Instructment, statutory reserve and retained earnings including current year profit. The other component of regulatory capital is other Tier 2 Capital Instruments.



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2024

Note 13 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Land	Computers and data processing units	Electrical Installations and Equipment	Furniture and furnishings	Building	Office Equipments	Motor	Capital Work in progress	Total
Cost:									
Deemed cost as at 1st April 2023	6,396.33	399.67	247.04	2,889.10	592.48	904.18	30.33	91 925	(5 + 10 Ct
Additions	213.71	98.80	38,68	1,214.87		156.69	75.81	0.000	14,014,3,
Dispusals	,	I	,	,		1	Tarre .	71.035.12	7,851,68
									1
Depreciation:									
Disposals		1	•)					
Depreciation charge for the year		170.98	5.23	518.75	56.29	116.48	10.78		878.50
Carrying Amount:									
As at 31st March 2023	6,396.33	399.67	247.04	2,889.10	592.48	904 18	00.00	i i	
As at 39t March 2024"	6,610.03	327.49	280.50	3,585,22	536.20	944 39	06.30	555.18	12,014.32

* Repossessed asset amounts to Rs. 6,604.90 Lakhs

Note 14 - Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Computer
Cost:	SULWAR
Deemed cost as at 1st April 2023	8
Additions	3000
Disposals	74.61
Accumulated Amortisation:	
Disposals	,
Amortisation charge for the year	14.23
Carrying Amount:	
As at 31st March 2023	85.06
As at 31st March 2024	F-7 7 F F





KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2024

Note 33 - Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled and considering contractual terms. For Loans and advances to customers, maturity analysis is based on expected repayment behaviour.

Particulars		As at March 31, 2024			As at March 31 2022	~
	2		Total	Within 12	704 (10)	
ASSETS	months	After 12 months	LOCAL	months	After 12 months	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Bank Balance Other than above	3,721.98	1	3,721,98	9,420,09	-	00 001 0
i nams	3,086.45		3,086,45	1,755.45		1 755 45
	1,23,868,22	48,227.60	1,72,095,82	1 10 628 74	2E 404 22	1,723.43
- Actionment on account of #1K/ EC. L		1 608 00	200000	4410707074	23,404.23	1,46,032,97
Investments		1,000.29	-1,608,94		-1,568,39	-1,568,39
Cyther Financial Assets		1				1
Non-Financial Assets	212.95	1,476.89	1,689,84	304.95	1,450.40	1 755 36
Carment Tay Accode (Nav.)		,				DC-000 141
	1,049.12	,	1 040 12	1 402 00		
Leffered Jax Assets (Net)		30 367	Z11240/1	1,400,93		1,486.93
Property, Plant and Equipment		4/2.62	475.85		417.82	417.82
Other Intangible Assert		13,987,50	13,987.30		12.014.32	12 (114 22
Other Non-Financial Access	*	116.67	116.67	4	90.00	20.210,21
Total Accord	189.19	1,230,99	1,420.18	50A 13	07.07	20.38
JOHN ASSETS	1,32,127.92	63.906.51	1 96 024 42	1 04 400 00		524.13
LIABILATES			CERCOGOGO	67.071757	47,809.36	1,71,929.65
Financial Liabilities						
Payables						
Debt Securities					4	
- Shustment on account of E-IR	28,192.60	39,931,50	68,124.10	22,914,90	58,719,64	83 634 54
Borrows (There there I halt Carrieries)		-456.18	-156.18		-554 15	EKA 1E
Library 1 Shillian	7,886.57	7,890.68	15,777,25	4 740 27	350000	CL.#CC-
מתאלי לות ישונית ורושול שלווה	9,889.83	67,269,92	77 150 75	0 000 0	2,770,7	/ 262.82
CORP. I Indicial Babilibes	3.020.41	3 852 12	4 023 23	0,501,51	41,388.14	50,289.45
Non-kinancial Liabilities			2,0,2,3,3	7,211.02	4,402.24	6,613,26
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		*				
Other New Financial Habithes	772.58	•	772.58	694,85	,	20 PU7
Total Labilities	586.96	•	38.90	233.10		03.4.00
	50,348.95	1,18,488.04	1.68.836.99	20 405 44	00 mm	01.002
1961	778 97	CA 501 52	20 000	1 × 0 × 0 × 0	74.///00/1	1,46,472.87
	1000000	CONTRACT	46.19.74	KA A7A SE	E0 000 00	



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2024

Note 34 - Risk Management

Risk is an integral part of the Company's business and sound risk management is critical to the success. As a financial lending institution, the Company is exposed to risks that are particular to its lending and the environment within which it operates. The Company has a risk management policy which covers risk associated with the financial assets and liabilities. The principal objective in Company's risk management processes is to measure and monitor the various risks that Company is subject to and to follow policies and procedures to address such risks.

The Company's Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors constituted is responsible for the overall risk management approach, approving risk management strategies and principles.

The Risk Management Committee shall be responsible for the following:

- I. Reviewing the operations of the organization followed by identifying potential threats to the organization and the likelihood of their occurrence, and then taking appropriate actions to address the most likely threats.
- 2. Identifying the risks an organization is subject to, deciding how to manage it, implementing the management technique, measuring the ongoing effectiveness of management and taking appropriate correction action and provide a framework that enables future activities to take place in a consistent & controlled manner.

The Company is generally exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and operational risk.

I. Credit risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss due to the failure of any counterparty abiding by the terms and conditions of any financial contract obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company's main income generating activity is lending to customers and therefore credit risk is a principal risk. Credit risk mainly arises from loans and advances.

The Company addresses credit risk through following processes:

- 1. Through a rigorous loan approval and collateral appraisal process, as well as a strong NPA monitoring and collection strategy.
- 2. Minimise losses due to defaults or untimely payments by borrowers
- 3. Credit risk on Gold loan is considerably reduced as collateral is in the form of Gold ornaments which can be easily liquidated and adequate margin of 25% or more is retained while disbursing the loan.

Classification of financial assets under various stages

The Company classifies its financial assets in three stages having the following characteristics:

Stage I: unimpaired and without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a 12 month allowance for ECL is recognised;

Stage 2: a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a lifetime ECL is recognised;

Stage 3: objective evidence of impairment, and are therefore considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired on which a lifetime ECL is recognised.

The Company considers a financial instrument as defaulted and therefore Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) calculations in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due (DPD) on its contractual payments. All financial assets are deemed to have suffered a significant increase in credit risk when they are 30 DPD and are accordingly transferred from stage 1 to stage 2.

The Company has calculated ECL using three main components: a probability of default (PD), a loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD).



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2024

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise.

Probability of default (PD)

The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon.

To calculate the ECL for a Stage 1 and Stage 2, the Company assesses whether any abnormal reasons occured for a possible default.

To calculate the ECL for Stage 3 financial assets, the exposure at default is considered for events over the lifetime of the instruments. The Company uses historical information wherever available, expertise of the management team to determine PD.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

LGD is the estimated loss that the Company might bear if the borrower defaults. The Company determines its recovery by analysing the recovery trends, borrower rating, collateral value and expected proceeds from sale of asset. In estimating LGD, the company reviews macro-economic developments taking place in the economy.

II. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the non-availability of cash to pay a liability that falls due. A company is deemed to be financially sound if it is in a position to carry on its business smoothly and meet all the obligations – both long term as well as short term – without strain. Liquidity Risk arises largely due to maturity mismatch associated with assets and liabilities of the Company. Liquidity risk stems from the inability of the Company to fund increase in assets, manage unplanned changes in funding sources and meet financial commitments when required.

Company has implemented liquidity management policy for reducing the risk relating to liquidity issues. Currently the policies relating to liquidity are as follows:

- 1. The Company is maintaining high capital adequacy ratio over and above limits prescribed by regulators.
- 2. The Company ensures to keep liquidity to cover unexpected repayment obligation.
- 3. Promoting fund infusion by way of Non-Convertible debentures and subordinated debts so that due date for interest and maturity can be pre known.
- 4. Funding from long terms sources and lending as short term loans.
- 5 Reducing the percentage of unsecured lending so that repayment up to a level is not affected.

Asset Liability Management (ALM)

The table below shows the maturity pattern of significant financial assets and financial liabilities. In the case of loans, contracted tenor of gold loan is maximum of 12 months. However, on account of high incidence of prepayment before contracted maturity, the below maturity profile has been prepared by the management on the basis of historical pattern of repayments. In case of loans other than gold loan, the maturity profile is based on contracted maturity.



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2024

Maturity pattern of assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2024;

Particulars	1 day to 7 days	8 days to 14 days	15 days to 30 / 31 days	Over 1 month upto 2 months	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months &r upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Not sensitive to ALM*	Total
Deposits	_											
Advances	4.077.00	200.40		-	-		3,086.45			-		3,086.45
Investments	4,977.89	308.42	647.54	3,337.16	4,331.89	17,878.79	92,386.53	30,745.09	6,886.23	10,596,29	-1,608.99	1,70,486.83
	-		-	-		-			-	-	-	-
Borrowings												
a) Debt Securities		1,358.17	1,613.54			7.596.76	17,624 13	23,913.92	14,021.28	1,996.30	456.18	67,667.92
o)Borrowings(other							***************************************	25,715.72	17,021.20	1,770.37	-130.16	07,007.92
han debt securities) :)Subordinated	57,58		262.91	320.50	320.52	961.65	5,963.42	6,375.35	1,515.33			15,777.26
abilities	543.99	146.29	216.47	717.10	900.50	1,029,69	6,335.79	44,297.17	17,658.57	F 27.170		
oreign Currency Assets		-	-			2,023.07	0,330.77	44,277.17	17,008.07	5,314.18	-	77,159.75
oreign Currency Liabilities represents adjustments on account			-					-			-	

Maturity pattern of assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2023:

Paniculars	1 day to 7 days	8 days to 14 days	15 days to 30 / 31 days	Over 1 month upto 2 months	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Not sensitive to ALM*	Total
Deposits	+		-		4,061.00	1,755.45						F.014.15
Advances Investments	15,111.53	2,078,70	2,250.60	2,213 09	2,829,24	8,132,50	78,013.08	26,872.89	7,282.26	1,249.08	-1,568.39	5,816.45 1,44,464.58
			-		-			-	-		-	
Berowings a) Debt Securities			4,098.78	28.50	26.00	9,073.45	9,688.17	45,183.01	13,535.63	-	-554.15	81,079,39
b)Borrowings(other than debt securities) c)Subordinated	-	-	90.16	90.17	90.18	270.58	4,199.18	2,862.26			-39.72	7,562.81
liabilities Foreign Currency Assets	-	7	336.13	573.53	227.42	1,240.41	6,523.82	22,120.92	16,823.29	2,443.93		50,289,45
Foreign Currency Liabilities			-		-	-		-	-	49787777		30,407.90
represents adjustments on account	of FIR/FC1				-		-			-	2	



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2024

III. Market risk

Market risk refers to potential losses arising from the movement in market values of interest rates in the Company's line of business. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings to loss.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk where changes in the market interest rates might adversely affect the Company's financial condition. The interest rate risks are viewed from earning perspective and economic value perspective, respectively. Over the last several years, the Government of India has substantially deregulated the financial sector. As a result, interest rates are now primarily determined by the market, which has increased the interest rate risk exposure.

The results of the Company's operations are substantially dependent upon the level of the net interest margins. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors beyond the Company's control, including the RBI's monetary policies, domestic and international economic and political conditions and other factors. Rise in inflation, and consequent changes in the bank rates, reportates and reserve reportates by the RBI has led to an increase in interest rates on loans provided by banks and financial institutions.

In order to manage interest rate risk, the company seek to optimize borrowing profile between short-term and long-term loans and the company adopts funding strategies to ensure diversified resource-raising options to minimize cost and maximize stability of funds. The Company has Board Approved Asset Lability Management (ALM) policy for managing interest rate risk and policy for determining the interest rate to be charged on the loans given.

IV. Operational risk

Operational risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. The Company has instituted a series of checks and balances, including an operating manual, and both internal and external audit reviews. Any loss on account of failure by employees to comply with defined appraisal mechanism is recovered out of their variable incentive. The Company also has detailed guidelines on movement and security measures of cash or gold. The Company cannot expect to eliminate all operational risks, but it endeavours to manage these risks through a control framework and by monitoring and responding to potential risks. Company also have a strong internal audit department which checks the level of operational compliances of branches.

V. Price risk

In recent years the company have become a gold loan NBFC. The variations in market price of gold can affect the business of the company. Gold price is affected by large number of macro economic scenarios and not predictable.

Any sharp decrease in price can adversely affect the business of the company.



Note 38 - Disclosure with regard to dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises

Based on the Information available with the Company and has been relied upon by the auditors, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and" Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to principal amounts unpaid as at the period ended March 31, 2022 together with interest paid / payable are required to be furnished.

Note 39 - Details of the Auctions conducted with respect to Gold Loan

Year	Number of Loan	Amount due as on	Value Fetched
	Accounts	the date of auction	
31/03/2024	8,922	6,914.10	6,896.55
31/03/2023	16,078	17,290.33	17,221.55

Note 40 - Disclosures required as per Reserve Bank of India Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

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SL No.		Particulars	As at March	31, 2024	As at March	(₹ in lak 31, 2023
140.		Liabilities side :	Amount out-standing	Amount overdue	Amount out-standing	Amount
1	Loans and a	dvances availed by the NBICs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but				
	not paid:					
	(a) Deber	ntures : Secured	67,667.92			
		: Unsecured	07,007.92		81,079.39	
	(other	than falling within the meaning of public deposits)		-		
		red Credits				
		Loans				
		orporate loans and borrowing	10,646.12	-	3,941.88	
		percial Paper		*		-
		: Deposits				
		Loans -				
	the Cine	Subordinated debt				
		4,1	73,621,22		47.845.52	
		Perpectual Debt Instruments	3,538,53		2,443,93	E
2	Proplement	Cash credit / overdraft facilities from banks	5,131.13		3,660,66	
-		(1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued				
	thereon but r				10	
	(b) In the	form of Unsecured debentures form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a all in the value of security		:	-	1
	(c) Other	public deposits		3 - 2 - 1	1- 1	-
		Assets side :		Amount out	-standing	
3	Break-up of	Loans and Advances including bills receivables Jother than those				
	included in (4) below]:	As at March :	31, 2024	As at March 3	1, 2023
	(a) Secure	d		1,52,830.93		
	(b) Unsecu	ured				1,31,637.1
4	Break up of	Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards		19,264.89		14,395.8
	asset financia					
ŀ	(i) Lease a	assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors :				
	(a)	Financial lease				
		Operating lease				
ı		in hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:				
	(a)	Assets on hire				
		Repussessed Assets			-	
F						
	(a)	tours counting towards asset tinancing activities				
	(a)	Loans where assets have been repossessed				
	(b)	Loans other than (a) above				



Break						
Ciurre	ent Investments :		As at Ma	rch 31, 2024	As at Ma	rch 31, 2023
1	Onoted:					
(i)	Shares					
	(a) Equity		- 1			
						*
	(b) Preference					
(ii)	Debentures and Bonds					
(iii)	Units of mutual funds					
(îv)	Government Securities				1-	
						*
{v}	Others (please specify)					
2	Unquoted:					
(i)	Shares					
, ,	(a) Equity					
4-41	(b) Preference					
(11)	Debentures and Bonds				111111111111111111111111111111111111111	·
(ini)	Units of mutual funds					. 11:
(iv)	Government Securities					
(v)	Others (please specify)					
	Term investments:					
			As at Ma	rch 31, 2024	As at Ma	rch 31, 2023
1	Quoted:					
(i)	Shares					
	(a) Equity		9			
	(b) Preference					
(ii)	Debentures and Bonds					1
(111)	Units of mutual funds					1
				-		
(iv)	Government Securities					
(v)	Others (please specify)					
2	Unquoted:					
(i)	Shares					
7.7	(a) Equity					
	(b) Preference			-		
	Debentures and Bonds					
(11)	er teritores ind bonds					
(11)	Units of mutual funds					
(iii)	Units of mutual funds					
(iii) (iv)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities					
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify)	2 2 (6) 1				
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities	and (4) above :				
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3)		t of provisions as at	March 31, 2024	Amount net of	Drovisions as al Marris
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3		t of provisions as at I	-		provisions as at March
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3)	Amount ne		March 31, 2024 Total	Amount net of Secured	provisions as at March Unsecured
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties	Amount ne		-		
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries	Amount ne		-		
(iii) (iv) (v)	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group	Amount ne		-		
(iii) (iv) (v) Boero	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties	Amount ne		-		
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Substituties (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Substituties (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties	Amount ne Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Substituties (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	Unsecured 18,830.11 es and securities (bo	Total	1,30,532,69	Unsecured
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Substituties (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	Unsecured 18,830.11 es and securities (bo	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote	1,30,532,69 As at Mar	Unsecured 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	I,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value /	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borron	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Substituties (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties for group-wise classification of all investments (current	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	I,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value /	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties for group-wise classification of all investments (current	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Boero	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) 880ero	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Borror	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or Jair value or NAV	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Boerror	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value / Break up or fair	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of	1,30,532,69 As at Mar Market Value / Break up or fair	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 13,931.89
(iii) (iv) (v) Boeron	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote th 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of Provisions)	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 Sch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net a) Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Boero	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Total information Particulars	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote rch 31, 2024 thook Value (Net of Provisions)	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931,89 13,931,89 13,931,89 15 oh 31, 2023 Book Value (Net of Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Boero	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Other matter parties Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote th 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of Provisions)	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 Sch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net a) Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Boero	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Total information Particulars	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote th 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of Provisions)	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 Sch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net a) Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Boero	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Total Information Particulars Gross Non-Performing Assets* (a) Related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquoted and unqu	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 Sch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net a) Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Total information Particulars Gross Non-Perforning Assets* (a) Related parties (b) Other than related porties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote th 31, 2024 Blook Value (Net of Provisions)	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931,89 13,931,89 Poch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net or Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Gross Non-Perforning Assets* (a) Related parties (b) Other than related porties Not Non-Performing Assets*	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquoted and unqu	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931.89 13,931.89 Sch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net a) Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Borro	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) Wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other seastification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Gross Non-Performing Assets* (a) Related parties (b) Other than related porties Net Non-Performing Assets* (a) Related parties (a) Related parties (b) Other than related porties (b) Other than related parties (c) Related parties (d) Related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquoted and unqu	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931,89 13,931,89 Poch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net or Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Borror	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Offiers (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Total information Particulars Gross Non-Perforning Assets* (a) Related parties (b) Other than related parties (c) Related parties (d) Related parties (e) Other than related parties (f) Other than related parties (h) Other than related parties (b) Other than related parties (b) Other than related parties	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	Total 1,70,486.83 th quoted and unquote ch 31, 2024 thook Value (Net of Provisions) ch 31, 2024	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931,89 13,931,89 Poch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net or Provisions)
(iii) (iv) (v) Borror	Units of mutual funds Government Securities Others (please specify) wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3 Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties or group-wise classification of all investments (current Category Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Other than related parties Gross Non-Perforning Assets* (a) Related parties (b) Other than related porties Not Non-Performing Assets*	Amount ne Secured	18,830.11 es and securities (bo As at Mai Market Value/ Break up or Jair value or NAX	I,70,486.83 th quoted and unquoted and unqu	1,30,532.69 d) As at Mar Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Unsecured 13,931,89 13,931,89 Poch 31, 2023 Book Value (Net or Provisions)



1,44,464.58

SJ. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	CRAR (%)	23.62%	25.273
2	CRAR - Tier (Capital (%)	15.61%	16.663
3	CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	8.01%	8,615
4	Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier - Il capital	14,726.10	13,349,38
5	Amount raised by issue of perpetual dobt instruments	3,538.53	2,443.93

Note 40.3 - investments

SI. No.	Particulars			As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
l	Value of investme	ents			
	(1)	Gross Valu	e of Investments		
		(a)	In India		
		(b)	Outside India		
	(n)	Provisions	for Depreciation		
		(a)	In India		
		(b)	Outside India		
	(56)	Net Value	of luvestments		
		(a)	In India		
		(b)	Outside India		
2	Movement of pro	avisions held tow	ards depreciation on investments		
	(i)	Opening he	dance		
	(II)	Add : Prov	sions made during the year		
	(iii)	Less : Write	off / write back of excess provisions during the year		
	(iv)	Closing bal			

Note 40.4 - Ratings assigned by Credit rating Agencies

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	Hank Loans - Cash Credit/overdraft	IND 888-/Stable; ACUITE 888 / Stable	CARE BBB-/Stable; IND BBB-/Stable; BW BBB-/ Stable
Z	Non Convertible Debentures - Public issue	CARE BBB-/Stable; IND BBB-/Stable;	

Withdrawal in rating for bank loans during the year by the company from BWR BBB-/ Stable and CARE BBB-/ Stable Assigned rating for bank loans during the year from Acuste BBB.

Note 40.5 - Provisions and Contingencies

Sl. No.	Break up of Provisions and Contingencies shown under the head Expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss	As at March 31, 2024	(₹ in likhs) As at March 31, 2023
1	Provisions for depreciation on Investment		
2	Provision towards NPA (Expected Credit Loss)		
3	Provision made towards Income Tax	772.58	
4	Other Provision and Contingencies (with details)	172.30	694.86
5	Provision for Standard Assets		

Note 40.6 - Concentration of Advances

Sl. No.

Particulars

Total Advances to twenty targest burrowers

Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the NBFC

9.94%

10.43%

Note 40.7 - Concentration of Exposures (Tiu likhs) SI. No. Particulars As at Asat March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 Total Exposures to twenty largest horrowers/customers 1 17,100.25 Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest burrowers/Customers to Total Exposures of the NBFC on 15,234,74 2 horrowers/Customers. 9.94% 10.43%

e 40.8 - Concentrat	IOH OF NYAS		i ₹ m lakh:
Sl. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	Fotal Exposures to top four NPA accounts	161.98	134,7

0.9 - Sector wise	NPAs .	Percentage of NPAs to To	Percentage of NPAs to Total Advances in that sector		
Sl. No.	Sector	As at March 31, 2024	As at		
1	Agriculture & albed activities	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
2	MSME				
3	Corporate borrowers	2.07%	3.64		
4	Services				
5	Unsecured personal loans				
6	Auto loans (vehicle toan)				
7	Other loans	O ASSO			
	a) Gold Loans	1			
	b) Microfinance Loans	0.52%	0.05		
	# 10	0.43%	8.83		

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Note 40.10 · Movement of NPAs

SI. No.	Particulars		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(1)	Net NPAs* to Net Advances (%)		0.67%	0.78%
(ii)	Movement of NP	As* (Gross)		V.7 (7)
	(4)	Opening balance	2,692.14	4,292.53
	(b)	Net additions during the year	61.01	(1,600,40)
	(c)	Closing balance	2,753.14	2,692.14
(iii)	Movement of Net	I NPAs*		-707-2111
	(d)	Opening balance	1,123.75	2.898.48
	(b)	Net additions during the year	20.41	(1.774.73)
	(c)	Closing balance	1,144.16	1,123.75
(iv)	Movement of pro	visions for NPAs* (excluding Provisions on Standard Assets)		1,12.3.7 5
	(a)	Opening balance	1,501.58	1,394.05
	(b)	Provisions made during the year	102.85	107.53
	(c)	Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions	102.03	107,33
	(d)	Closing balance	1,604.43	1.501.58

*Stage 3 loan assets under Ind AS.

Note 43 - Customer complaints

St. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	No. of complaints pending as at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil
2	No. of complaints received during the year	45	MIX
.3	No. of complaints redressed during the year	45	ь
4	No. of complaints pending as at the end of the sear	45	6
	1	Nil	Nil

Note 43.01 - Fop Five grounds of complaints received

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complain ts received during the year	decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
			Current Year		
STAFF MISCONDUCT		5	400%		
AUCTRON		4	300%		
INTREST ISSUE	-	2			
TECHNICAL ISSUE		1	100%		
INVESTMENT INTREST			-100%		
Ground - 6					
OTHERS		33			
TOTAL		45			-
			Previous Year		
STAFF MISCONDUCT		I	1007%		
AUCTION		1	100%		-
INTREST ISSUE		2	200%		-
TECHNICAL ISSUE			25070		· .
INVESTMENT INTREST		3	200%		1
OTHERS			2001		•
IOTAL		6			



Note 44 - Master Direction DNBS, PPD,01/66.15.001/2016-17 dated. September 29, 2016.

(7 m laktes)

Total Ly, 2010.		(€ 111 THERES)
5t. No. Particulars	AS at	As at
Amount related to fraud reported	119.95	164.59

Note 45 - Percentage of Loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery to total assets

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SI, No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	Gold Loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery	1,06,750,72	93,796.1
2	Total Financial assets of the Company	1,72,176.67	1,46,219,9
3	Percentage of Gold Loans to Total Assets	62.00%	64 15"

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Note 46 - Previous year's figures have been regrouped/rearranged, wherever necessary to conform to current year's classifications/disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN 02079917)

Biji Shihu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Natr Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Oalee Chief Financial Officer

Navcena P Thampi Company Secretary

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 24019454BKAHTG3999

Place:Palarivattom Date:14-05-2024

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2024

As at March 31, 2024

Note 41 - Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DOR (NBFC). CC. PD. No.109/ 22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13,2020
A comparison between provisions required under Income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances as per Ind AS 109 - Financial instruments.

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms (1)	Asset Classification as per IND AS 109 (2)	Gross Carrying Amount as per IND AS (3)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under IND AS 109 (4)	Net carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between IND AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
Performing Assets		(5)	(3)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7)=(4)-(6)
Standard Assets	Zero overdue Stage 1	1,68,933.37 185.97	0.65	1,68,933.37 185.32	675.73 0.74	-675.73 -0.09
Subtotal	Stage 2	223.34 1,69,342.68	3.91 4.56	219.43 1,69,338.12	0.89 677.3 7	3.02 -672.81
Non-Performing Assets Sub Standard	Stage 3	1,108.55	249.61	858.94	110.86	138.76
Doubtful- up to 1 year 1 to 3 years	Stage 3 Stage 3	391.46 376.21	195.73	195.73	78.29	117.44
More than 3 years Subtotal for doubtful	Stage 3	876.93 1,644.60	282.16 876.93	94.05	112.86 438.47	169.29 438.47
Loss Subtotal for NPA	Stage 3	2,753.15	1,354.82 - 1,604.43	289.78 1,148.72	629.62 740.48	725.20 - 863.95
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under	Stage 1 Stage 2	-	:			
current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP)	Stage 3		-	725		
Subtotal					1.5	-
otal	Zero overdue Stage 1	1,68,933.37 185.97	0.00	1,68,933.37	675.73	-675.73
	Stage 2 Stage 3	223.34 2,753.15	3.91 1,604.43	185.32 219.43 1,148.72	0.74	-0.09 3.02
	Total	1,72,095.83	1,608.99 F072	1,70,486.84	740.48 1,417.85	863.95 191.14

Note 41 - Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DOR (NBFC). CC. PD. No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13,2020
A comparison between provisions required under Income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances as per Ind AS 109 - Financial instruments.

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms (1)	Asset Classification as per IND AS 109 (2)	Gross Carrying Amount as per IND AS (3)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under IND AS 109 (4)	Net carrying Amount (5)=(3)-(4)	Provisions required as per IRACP norms (6)	Difference between IND AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms (7)=(4)-(6)
D. C						
Performing Assets						
Standard Assets	Zero overdue	1,35,547.33	-	1,35,547.33	542.19	(542.19)
Standard Assets	Stage 1	4,970.02	17.40	4,952.63	19.88	(2.49)
Subtotal	Stage 2	2,823.48	49.41	2,774.07	11.29	38.12
Subtotal		1,43,340.83	66.81	1,43,274.02	573.36	(506.55)
Non-Performing Assets				and the part of		
Sub Standard	Stage 3	993.95	115.39	970 57	00.10	47.00
	0.00	77.7.73	113.39	878.56	99.40	16.00
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3	313.21	156.60	156.60	62.64	93.96
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	621.55	466.16	155.39	186.46	279.70
More than 3 years	Stage 3	763.43	763.43		381.71	381.71
Subtotal for doubtful		1,698.18	1,386.19	311.99	630.82	755.37
Loss						
Subtotal for NPA	Stage 3			-	-	-
Subtotal for INPA		2,692.14	1,501.58	1,190.55	730.21	771.37
Other items such as guarantees, loan	Stage 1					
commitments, etc. which are in the scope				No.	-	7
of Ind AS 109 but not covered under	Stage 2	*	0 7			
current Income Recognition, Asset						
Classification and Provisioning (IRACP)	Stage 3					
norms						
Subtotal						
Subtotal					-	
	Zero overdue	1,35,547.33		1 25 545 22		/P 40, -01
otal	Stage 1	4,970.02	17.40	1,35,547.33 4,952.63	542.19	(542.19)
	Stage 2	2,823.48	17.40 49.41	2,774.07	19.88	(2.49)
	Stage 3	2,692.14	1,501.58	1,190.55	730.21	38.12
	Total	1,46,032.97	1,568,39	1,44,464.58	1,303.58	771.37 264.80

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As at March 31, 2024

Note 42 - Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24 dated October 19, 2023

(i) Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty (both deposits and borrowings):

Sr No.	Number of Significan t Counterpa	Amount (Rs. Lakhs)		% of Total Liabilities
1	2	13,867.00	NA	8.21%

(ii) Top 20 large deposits (amount in Rs. Lakhs and % of total deposits): Not Applicable

(iii)Top 10 borrowings (amount in Rs. Lakhs and % of total borrowings):

	The state of the s
Amount in Rs. Lakhs	18,794.89
% of total borrowings	11.70%

(iv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument/product:

Sr No.	Name of the instrument/product	Amount (Rs. Lakhs)	% of Total Liabilities
1	Secured NCD	67,667.92	40.08%
7	Borrowings from Banks & FI's	15,777.25	
5	Subordinated Liabilities	77,159,75	
	Total	1,60,604.92	

- (v) Stock Ratios:
- (a) Commercial papers as a % of total public funds, total liabilities, and total assets: Not Applicable
- (b) Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total public funds, total liabilities, and total asset: Not Applicable
- (c) Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total public funds, total liabilities, and total assets:

Particulars	Weightage
Other short-term liabilities as % of Total Public funds	31.35%
Other short-term liabilities as % of Total Liabilities	29.82%
Other short-term liabilities as % of Total Assets	25.68%



(vi) Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management:

The Board of Directors of the Company has an overall responsibility and oversight for the management of all the risks, including liquidity risk. The Board approves the governance structure, policies, strategy, and the risk tolerance limit for the management of liquidity risk.

The Board of Directors approves the constitution of Risk Management Committee (RMC) for the effective supervision and management of various aspects including liquidity risks faced by the company. The meetings of RMC are held periodically.

The Board of Directors also approves constitution of Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), consisting of the Company's top management which functions as the strategic decision-making body for the asset-liability management of the Company from risk-return perspective and within the risk appetite and tolerance limits approved by the Board. The role of the ALCO also includes periodic revision of interest rates, diversification of source of funding and its mix, maintenance of enough liquidity and investment of surplus funds. ALCO meetings are held periodically.

Note:

- 1) Significant counterparty is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-
- 2) Significant instrument/product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Little Product is as defined in RBI Circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC.No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management 20 The Liquidity Risk Management 20
- 3) Total Liabilities has been computed as sum of all liabilities (Balance Sheet figure) less Equities and Reserves/Surplus.
- 4) Public funds are as defined in Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Direction, 2016.





CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Results

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone annual financial results of **KLM Axiva Finvest Limited** for the year ended March 31,2023 ('the statement') being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ('Listing Regulations'),

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, these standalone financial results:

- a. are presented in accordance with the requirements of regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations in this regard and
- b. give a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended to the extent applicable, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of standalone net profit and standalone other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023.

E-Mail:kjtassociates@gmail.com



CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN-25

Basis for Opinion

We have conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial results, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 3 to the Financial Statement, which describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the adverse business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

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E-Mail:kjtassociates@gmail.com



CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statement of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statement as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter Provision for Expected Credit Losses (ECL) on Loans

As against the provisioning norms earlier prescribed by Reserve Bank of India and adopted by the Company in prior years, Ind-AS 109 (Financial Instruments) requires the Company to recognise Expected Credit Loss (ECL) and impairment loss allowances on financial assets. ECL involves an estimation of probability weighted loss financial instruments over their life. considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Company's loans and advances.

In the process, a significant degree of judgment has been applied by the Management for:

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We examined methodologies for computation of ECL that address policies, procedures and controls for assessing and measuring credit risk on all lending exposures, commensurate with the size, complexity and risk profile specific to the Company.

We evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of controls across the processes relevant to ECL, including the judgements and estimates.

These controls included, among others, controls over the allocation of assets into stages including management's monitoring of stage effectiveness, model monitoring including the need for post model adjustments and disclosures.

We assessed the criteria for staging of loans based on their past-due status to check compliance with requirement of Ind AS 109. Tested a sample of performing (stage 1) loans to assess whether any SICR or loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under

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- Timely identification and classification of the impaired loans.
- Staging of loans [i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ('SICR') and 'default' categories].
- Determination and calculation of probability of default / Loss given default.
- Consideration of probability weighted scenarios and forward looking macro-economic factors for determining credit quality of receivables.
- Estimation of losses for loan products with no/minimal historical defaults

The outbreak of the COVID – 19 pandemic during the year has necessitated a high degree of Management's judgement to consider the possible impact of uncertainties associated with the same and the Management's judgement involved in estimation of ECL.

stage 2 or 3.

We tested the appropriateness of determining the Exposure At Default (EAD), Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) for a samples of exposure.

We performed an overall assessment of the ECL provision levels at each stage including management's assessment on Covid-19 impact to determine if they were reasonable in considering the Company's portfolio, risk profile, credit risk management practices and the macroeconomic environment.

We assessed disclosures included in the financial statement in respect of expected credit losses including the specific disclosures made with regards to the impact of COVID-19 on ECL estimation.

Company has started providing for higher of provisions as per IND AS and IRAC norms.

Information technology

We obtained an understanding of the Company's IT control environment and changes during the audit period that may be relevant to the audit.

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Financial accounting and reporting processes, are fundamentally reliant on IT systems and IT controls to process significant volumes of transaction. The Company's financial accounting and reporting processes are so highly dependent on automated controls information systems, that there exists a risk that gaps in the IT control environment could result in the financial accounting and reporting records being materially misstated.

In the month of Feb 2020 company implemented a new IT Software, and most of the post live fine tuning was during the F.Y 2020-21. The outbreak of the COVID – 19 pandemic during the year; subsequent lockdown and travel restrictions affected the speed of IT Software implementation related work.

From a financial reporting perspective the Company uses and we have tested the financial accounting and reporting system and loan management systems and other tools for its overall financial reporting.

We tested a sample of key controls operating over the information technology in relation to financial accounting and reporting systems, including system access and system change management.

We evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the significant accounts-related IT automated controls which are relevant to the accuracy of system calculation, and the consistency of data transmission.

We obtained an understanding of the Company's Internal control environment and check available IT set up, to counter the shortfalls if any in the IT infrastructure.

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Information Other than the Financial Statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Results

These standalone financial results have been compiled from the interim standalone financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of these standalone Financial Results that give a true and fair view of the net profit/ loss and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 (Ind AS 34) "Interim Financial Reporting" specified under section 133 of the Act/ issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the relevant provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the circulars, guidelines and directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time ('RBI Guidelines') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act/ Banking Regulation Act, 1949/non – banking financial company – systematically important non – deposit taking company and deposit taking company (Reserve Bank) directions, 2016 for safeguarding of the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities:

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selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial results, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from

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fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Company of which we are independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with

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them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified during the reporting period from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

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- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations against the company which would impact its financial position.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (h) In our opinion the remuneration paid by the company to its wholetime director is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 and rules framed there under read with schedule V of Companies Act 2013.

For R.B Jain and Associates,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187

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"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023:

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (B)The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner, designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book's records and the physical Property, Plant and Equipment have been noticed.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed provided to us by the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company;
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the valuation report issued by a registered valuer, the value of one one of the property has been enhanced from Rs. 917.47 Lakhs to 988.83 Lakhs which accounts to 92.78% of its purchase value. A change up to 1.12% in net carrying value of class of asset is affected by such enhancement.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

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- 2) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the nature of the Company's business is such that it is not required to hold any inventories. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees from banking institution on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns filed by the company with bank are in agreement with the books of the company.
- (a)The company being an NBFC whose principle business is to give loans is exempt from clause 3(iii)(a)
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the company's interest.
 - (c) In respect of loans granted by the company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are generally been regular except in few cases.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is an overdue amount of Rs.2,692.13/lakhs for more than ninety days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the company for the recovery of principle and interest.
 - (e) The company being an NBFC whose principle business is to give loans is exempt from clause 3(iii) (e).

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- (f) The company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying the terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.
- 4) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any public deposit from the public within the meaning of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified. Thus reporting under clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company. Thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Goods and Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.

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- 8) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, there are no transactions surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which are not recorded in the books of account.
- 9) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the loans are applied by the company for the purpose for which the same has obtained.
 - (d) The company has not raised any funds on short term basis from any lender. Accordingly, clause 3 (ix) (d) of the order is not applicable for the company.
 - (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures hence clause 3 (ix) (e) does not apply to company.
 - (f) The company does not have subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ix) (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 10)(a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has raised money by way of public issue of debt instruments and the money raised has been applied for the purpose for which they have been raised.

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- (b)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has complied with the requirements of section 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the amount raised by preferential allotment or private placement of shares during the year under review have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of fully, partially or optionally convertible debentures.
- 11)(a)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, an amount aggregating to Rs. 164.59 lakhs resulting from various fraud cases on the company has been reported during the year. The same are intimated by the company with Reserve Bank of India.
 - (b)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, no offence involving fraud is being or has been committed against the company by officers or employees of the company. Accordingly, clause 3 (xi) (c) doesn't apply to the company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not received any whistle – blower complaints during the year.
- 12) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 and there was no transactions falling under the purview of section 188 during the year. The transactions with related parties have been disclosed in the Financial Statement as required by the applicable accounting standards.

14)(a)The company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

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- (b)To ensure the robustness of internal audit system and internal control system in the company we have reviewed the reports made by internal auditors of the company for the period of auditing and found that the internal control systems implemented by management are effective and internal audit procedures are adequate for the company.
- 15) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 16) (a) The Company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and has obtained the registration.
 - (b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) In our opinion, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company with in the group and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order is not applicable.
 - 17) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not incurred cash, losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
 - 18) During the year there was no resignation of Statutory Auditor.
 - 19) On the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of

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Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report indicating that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the company and when they fall due.

20)(a)There are no unspent amount towards Corporate Social responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to sub – section (5) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

(b) There are no unspent amount on ongoing projects which requires to be transferred to special account in compliance with 135(6) of the Companies Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the order is not applicable for the year.

For R.B Jain and Associates,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas BSc, FCA Partner (M.No.019454)

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187

Palarivattom 26-05-2023

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"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statement of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statement of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and

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plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For R.B Jain and Associates,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M.No.019454)

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187

Palarivattom 26-05-2023

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Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

(Rs in lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31,2023	As at March 31, 2022
	ASSETS			
1	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	9,420.09	31,739.4
(b)	Bank Balance Other than (a) above	7	1,755.45	678.5
(c)	Loans & Advances	8	1,44,464.58	1,05,800.3
(d)	Investments	9	-	
(e)	Other Financial Assets	10	1,755.36	969.8
2	Non-Financial Assets			
(a)	Current Tax Assets (Net)	11	1,486.93	773.0
(b)	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	12	417.82	352.6
(c)	Property	13	6,396.33	3,471.0
(d)	Plant and Equipment	13	5,062.81	1,843.4
(e)	Capital work- in- progress		555.18	262.9
(f)	Other Intangible Assets	14	90.98	42.0
(g)	Other Non-Financial Assets	15	524.13	1,285.2
	TOTAL		1,71,929.65	1,47,218.3
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
1	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Payables			
(b)	Debt Securities	16	81,079.39	66,411.3
(c)	Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	17	7,562.82	6,369.6
(d)	Subordinated Liablities	18	50,289.45	53,331.5
(e)	Other Financial liabilities	19	6,613.26	4,863.6
2	Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	20	694.86	488.8
(b)	Other Non-Financial Liabilities	21	233.10	72.0
3	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity Share Capital	22	18,672.81	11,487.5
(b)	Other Equity	23	6,783.97	4,193.3
	TOTAL		1,71,929.65	1,47,218.3

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 163951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187

Place:Palarivattom Date:26-05-2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair

Chief, Executive Officer

Thanish Dalee

Chief Financial-Officer

Srikanth G. Menon

Company Secretary

Statement of Profit and Loss for the Period ended March 31, 2023

(Rs in lakhs)

	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
I	Revenue From Operations			
	Interest Income	24	27,540.07	17,943.43
п	Other Income	25	334.91	647.83
m	Total income (I+II)		27,874.98	18,591.26
	EXPENSES			
	Finance Costs	26	14,336.45	10,450,40
	Impairment on Financial Instruments	27	71.98	63.37
	Employee benefits expenses	28	5,232.07	2,960.39
	Depreciation, amortization and impairment	29	1,094.76	522.12
	Other expenses	30	4,676.94	2,856.59
IV	Total expenses		25,412.20	16,852.88
v	Profit/(Loss) before Tax (III-IV)		2,462.78	1,738.38
VI	Tax Expense:	31		
	1. Current Tax		694.86	488.84
	2. Deferred Tax		-65.18	111.20
	Tax relating to prior years paid on settlement			
VII	Profit /(Loss) for the Period (V-VI)		1,833.10	1,138.34
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			
IX	Total Comprehensive Income (VII+VIII)		1,833.10	1,138.34
X	U 4 4 7	32	No.	
	Basic & Diluted (Rs.)		1.33	2.16

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454) For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Dalee

Chief Financial Officer

Srikanth G. Menon Company Secretary

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187

Place:Palarivattom Date:26-05-2023

Cash Flow Statement for the Period ended March 31, 2023

PARTICULARS	For the Period ended March 31, 2023	(Rs in lakhs) For the year ended March 31, 2022
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Waitti 51, 2022
Net profit Before Taxation	2,462.78	1,738.38
Adjustments for:		1,750.30
Depreciation and Amortisation	1,094.76	522.12
Finance costs	14,336.45	10,450.12
Interest on income tax		0.28
Impairment on financial instruments	71.98	63.37
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	17,965.97	12,774.28
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans & Advances -Financial Assets	(38,736.26)	(32,566.60)
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Financial Assets	(785.55)	(351.92)
(Increase)/Decrease in Other non Financial Assets	761.09	(440.40)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	1,749.60	1,466.23
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Non financial Liabilities	161.06	(41.82)
Cash from operations Net income tax paid	(18,884.08)	(19,160.24)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	(1,202.73)	(652.70)
	(20,086.81)	(19,812.94)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital Expenditure	(7,509.27)	(3,276.92)
Purchase of investments		247.70
Bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents Net Cash From Investing Activities	(1,076.95)	(677.00)
	(8,586.22)	(3,706.22)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from issuance of equity shares	7,185.30	4,694.69
Share Premium on issue of equity shares	767.11	1,238.67
Additions/ Deductions in Specific Reserve	(81.33)	
Proceeds from issue of Debentures	14,668.00	41,014.98
Proceeds from issue of Subordinate debts	(3042.09)	10,823.66
(Repayment)/ Increase in long-term borrowings Dividend Paid	1,193.14	5,349.28
Finance cost		(543.43)
Net Cash From Financing Activities	(14,336.45)	(10,450.40)
	6,353,67	52,127.46
NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	(22,319.36)	28,608.30
OPENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	31,739.44	3,131.14
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,420.09	31,739.44

As per our report even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates, Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454) For and on behalf of the Hoard of Directors

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Datee Chief Financial Officer

Srikanth G. Menon Company Secretary

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187

Place:Palarivattom Date:26-05-2023

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

Equity Shares of Rs 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid A. Equity Share Capital Particulars

7,185.30

7,18,52,950.00 18,67,28,078.00

11,48,75,128.00

18,672.81

(Rs in lakhs)

Total

comprehensive

Specific Reserve

Revaluation Reserve

> Retained Earnings

Other

Income

81,33

621.79

376.18

-366.62

11,487.51

(Rs in lakhs) Amount 4,193.73

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B, Other Equity			Re	Reserves and Surplus
Particulars	Statutory Reserve	Securities	Debenture Redemption Reserve	General Reserve
	711 51	2,398.85	,	4.08
As at March 31, 2022	-	1		•
Dividends	29992			ď.
Transfer to/from Retained Earnings	4000C	,	1	i.
Specific Purpose				
Other Additions/Deductions during the year		767.11	a	,
Net in act of Securities premium during the year	6	1	1	*
et in assets revalued during the year	,		ı	4
Net impact of specific reserve during me year	,	i	1	•
Profit for the year (net of taxes)	1,078.13	3,165.95		4.08

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates.,

Chartered Accountants (FRN: 103951W)

Partner (M. No. 019454) K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187 Place:Palarivattom

Date:26-05-2023

Srikanth G. Menon Company Secretary,

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Biji Shibu

6,783.97

-81,33

71,36

693,15

1,842.66 1,833.10

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917) Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, (the Company), is a Public limited company, incorporated on 28 April 1997. The Company was registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and primarily engaged in lending and related activities. The Company has received the certificate of registration 09.00006 on 13th December, 1997 enabling the Company to carry on business as Non-Banking Financial Company.

The Company offers broad suite of lending and other financial products such as gold loan, mortgage loan, loan against securities, micro finance loans etc.

The registered office of the Company is at Plot No. 39, Door No. 8-13, 1st Floor, Ashoka Complex, Mythripuram Colony, Gayathri Nagar X Road, Vaishalinagar PO. Hyderabad, Rangareddi, Telangana, 500079.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the application of fair value measurements required or allowed by relevant Accounting Standards. Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

The above financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed read with relevant rules issued there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India mainly considering the Master Directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as applicable to Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosed amount of contingent liabilities. Areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions are significant to the Company are discussed in Note 5 - Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions.

Consolidation of financial statement is not applicable to the company as KMLM Financial Services Limited the wholly owned subsidiary of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited pursuant to Extra Ordinary General Meeting resolution dated 25th January 2022 initiated the voluntary winding up procedure and appointed Mr. P D Vincent as the official liquidator of the company who manage the accounts and affairs of the company there after. National Company Law Tribunal passed the winding up order on 5th May 2022 (Order No: CP(IB) /28/KOB/2022, Under Section 59 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016)

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR).

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The financial statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division III) of the Companies Act, 2013 applicable to NBFCs, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis.

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STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These separate financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the generally accepted accounting principles as referred to above.

3. IMPACT OF COVID-19

The COVID-19 outbreak is on-going and the actual extent of its impact on the economy globally in general and in India, in particular remains uncertain. The outbreak has contributed to a significant decline and volatility in the global and Indian financial markets and slowdown in the economic activities. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has issued guidelines relating to COVID-19 Regulatory Package dated March 27, 2020, April 17, 2020 and May 23, 2020 and in accordance therewith, the Company has offered an optional moratorium of six months on the payment of all principal instalments and/or interest, as applicable, for the loans disbursed up to covid period and during the year 2020-21. For all such accounts where the moratorium is granted, the asset classification shall remain stand still during the moratorium period.

A lot of requests were received during the year 2022-23 from customers under stress and concerned branches seeking extension in repayment period. The board noted that the RBI has given a total period of 2 years (including already given moratorium period, if any) for FITL, vide its circular dated May 5, 2021 and granted additional time of eighteen months.

Further, the Company has, based on current available information and based on the policy approved by the board, determined the prudential estimate of provision for impairment of financial asset as at March 31, 2023. Based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company considers this provision to be adequate.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1. Financial Instruments

(I) Financial Assets

a) Initial recognition

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. In case of financial assets which are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

b) Subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories depending on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the Company's business model for managing financial assets:

- a. Financial assets measured at amortised cost- A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- b. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) - A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets



and contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - A financial
asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL.

c) Other Equity Investments

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the Company has elected to present the changes in fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

(II) Financial Liabilities

a) Initial recognition

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, non-convertible debentures, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

b) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

4.2. Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

(T) Financial Assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual cash flows from the asset expire or it transfers its rights to receive contractual cash flows from the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

(II) Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

4.3. Impairment of financial assets

I. Overview of the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model

The Company recognises impairment allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets held at amortised cost. The Company recognises loss allowances (provisions) for expected credit losses on its financial assets (including non-fund exposures) that are measured at amortised costs or at fair value through other comprehensive income account.

The ECL provision is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset (the lifetime expected credit loss), unless there has been no significant increase in credit risk since origination, in which case, the allowance is based on the 12 months' expected credit loss. The 12-month ECL is the portion of the lifetime ECL that represent the ECLs that result from default events on financial assets that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company performs an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

The Company applies a three-stage approach to measuring expected credit losses (ECLs).

Stage 1: 12-months ECL

For financial assets where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired upon origination, the portion of the lifetime ECL associated with the probability of default events occurring within the next 12 months is recognised.

Stage 2: Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired

For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but are not credit impaired, a lifetime ECL (i.e. reflecting the remaining life time of the financial asset) is recognised.

Stage 3: Lifetime ECL - credit impaired

Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred. For financial assets that have become credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised and interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost (net of provision) rather than the gross carrying amount.

The Company has identified a zero bucket for financial assets that are not overdue.

II. Estimation of Expected Credit Loss

The Company has calculated ECL using three main components: a probability of default (PD), a loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD). ECL is calculated by multiplying the PD, LGD and EAD and adjusted for time value of money using a rate which is a reasonable approximation of EIR.

Probability of Default (PD) - The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. The Company uses historical information where available to determine PD.

Exposure at Default (EAD) - The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, expected draw downs on committed facilities.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – The Loss Given Default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral.

4.4. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet only if

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there is an enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts with an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.5. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

4.6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each reporting date are shown under other non-financial assets. The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for its intended use at each reporting date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income /expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised. The date of disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

4.7. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life.

Gains or losses from de-recognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.8. Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using the written down value method. Freehold land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment for the current period are as follows:

Asset

Building
Computers and servers
Office equipment
Furniture and fixtures
Vehicles

Useful life
30-60Years
3-6 Years
5 Years
10 Years
8-10 Years

* Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (upto) the date on which asset is ready for use (disposed of).

Intangible Assets are amortised on a Straight Line basis over the estimated useful economic life. Computer Software which is not an integral part of the related hardware is classified as an intangible asset, and amortised over a period of five years, being its estimated useful life.

4.9. Impairment of non-financial assets

At Balance Sheet date, an assessment is done to determine whether there is any indication of impairment in the carrying amount of the Company's assets. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

An assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The carrying amount of the fixed asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the fixed asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on written down value basis over its remaining useful life.

4.10.Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

(I) Interest Income

The Company recognises Interest income by applying the effective interest rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets and other credit-impaired financial assets. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Company applies the

credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition. Such interests, where instalments are overdue in respect of non-performing assets are recognised on realization basis.

The EIR in case of a financial asset is computed

- As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.
- b) By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows

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c) Including all fees received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets required to be measured at FVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate as net gain on fair value changes.

Other Income: In respect of the other heads of income, the Company accounts the same on accrual basis.

(II) Recognition of revenue from sale of goods or services

Revenue (other than for Financial Instruments within the scope of Ind AS 109) is measured at an amount that reflects the considerations, to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation

Processing fee which is not form part of effective interest rate has been recognised as and when it is accrued.

(III) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established. This is established when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

4.11.Finance cost

Finance costs represents Interest expense recognised by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial liabilities other than financial liabilities classified as FVTPL.

The EIR in case of a financial liability is computed

- a) As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the amortised cost of a financial liability.
- b) By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows
- c) Including all fees paid between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.



Interest expense includes issue costs that are initially recognised as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortised over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to advisers and other expenses such as external legal costs, Rating Fee etc, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability.

4.12.Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits: All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense)

Defined Contribution Plan

Eligible employees of the Company receive benefits from provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the eligible employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the Government administered provident fund scheme equal to a specified percentage of the eligible employee's salary. Amounts collected under the provident fund plan are deposited with in a government administered provident fund.

The Company's contribution to employee state insurance scheme is considered as defined contribution plans and is charged as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

The Company has not made any provision for gratuity payable during the year in accordance with IND AS. However, the company has created a specific reserve of Rs. 81,33,136 during the year 2021-22.

4.13.Income taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred income tax.

Current income tax for current year and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss i.e., either in other comprehensive income or in equity. Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary timing differences and tax losses can be utilised. The Company offsets income-tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable

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right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.14.Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equities shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

4.15.Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the enterprise determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

4.16.Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

4.17.Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

4.18.Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged in the business segment of Financing, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. The Company has concluded that the business of lending finance is the only reportable segment.



4.19.Leases

With effect from April 1, 2019, the Company has applied Ind AS 116 'Leases' to all lease contracts existing on April 01, 2019 by adopting the modified retrospective approach. Accordingly, the comparative information is not required to be restated.

The Company evaluates each contract or arrangement, whether it qualifies as lease as defined under Ind AS 116. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The Company as a lessee

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months and leases with low value assets. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with periods covered by an option to extend the lease, where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit. The related cash flows are classified as operating activities.

Wherever the above exception permitted under Ind AS 116 is not applicable, the Company at the time of initial recognition:

- measures lease liability as present value of all lease payments discounted using the Company's
 incremental cost of borrowing and directly attributable costs. Subsequently, the lease liability is
 increased by interest on lease liability, reduced by lease payments made and remeasured to reflect
 any reassessment or lease modifications specified in Ind AS 116 'Leases', or to reflect revised fixed
 lease payments.
- measures 'Right-of-use assets' as present value of all lease payments discounted using the Company's incremental cost of borrowing and any initial direct costs. Subsequently, 'Right-of-use assets' is measured using cost model i.e., at cost less any accumulated depreciation (depreciated on straight line basis over the lease period) and any accumulated impairment losses adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability specified in Ind AS 116 'Leases'

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosure and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

5.1. Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how

The

groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

5.2. Fair value measurement

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

5.3. Impairment of loans portfolio

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

5.4. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method

The Company's EIR methodology recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, probable fluctuations in collateral value as well as expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

5.5. Other estimates

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.



Note 6 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Ks' in lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Cash on hand	1,366.80	1,124.01
(b) Balance with banks		
In current accounts	3,992.29	11,046.43
In fixed deposits (with maturity of less than 3 months)	4,061.00	19,569.00
TOTAL	9,420.09	31,739.44

Note 7 - Bank Balance Other Than Above

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Balance deposits with maturity more than 3 months (b) On Escrow Accounts Unpaid Dividend account	1,755.45	678.50
TOTAL	1,755.45	678,50

Note 8 - Loans & Advances

		As at M	arch 31, 2023		
			At Fair Value		
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Through other Comprehensive Income	Through profit/loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Loans					
(A)					
Gold Loan	93,796.18		+		93,796.18
MSME & Other Receivables	37,840.92	191	+	-	37,840.92
Microfinance Loan	14,395.87			-	14,395.87
Total (A) - Gross	1,46,032.97				1,46,032.97
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,568.39		+	-	1,568.39
Total (A) - Net	1,44,464.58				1,44,464.58
(B)					
(i) Secured by tangible assets (ii) Covered by Bank/Government guarantees	1,31,637.10			-	1,31,637.10
(ii) Unsecured	14,395.87	~	-	-	14,395.87
Total (B) - Gross	1,46,032.97				1,46,032.97
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,568.39		-	-	1,568.39
Total (B) - Net	1,44,464.58	*		-	1,44,464.58
(C)					
Loans in India (i) Public Sector					
(ii) Others	1,46,032.97		+	-	1,46,032.97
Total (C) - Gross	1,46,032.97				1,46,032.97
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,568.39	-	-	+	1,568.39
Total (C) - Net	1,44,464.58		-		1,44,464.58



(Ks in lakhs)

Note 8 - Loans & Advances

		As at Ma	arch 31, 2022		
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Through other Comprehensive Income	At Fair Value Through profit/loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Loans					
(A) Gold Loan	62,546.94				62,546.94
MSME & Other Receivables	35,898.97				35,898.97
Microfinance Loan	8,850.80		-		8,850.80
Total (A) - Gross	1,07,296.71				1,07,296.71
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,496.40	-	-	-	1,496.40
Total (A) - Net	1,05,800.30	-			1,05,800.30
(B)					-
(i) Secured by tangible assets	98,445.91				98,445.91
(ii) Covered by Bank/Government guarantees			8	1	-
(ii) Unsecured	8,850.80	7			8,850.80
Total (B) - Gross	1,07,296.71			+	1,07,296.71
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,496.40	-	-	*	1,496.40
Total (B) - Net	1,05,800.30		-	-	1,05,800.30
(0)	-				
Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector			7	3	-
(ii) Others	1,07,296.71		-		1,07,296.71
Total (C) - Gross	1,07,296.71		+		1,07,296.71
Less: Impairment loss allowance	1,496.40	14		-	1,496.40
Total (C) - Net	1,05,800.30				1,05,800.30

Summary of ECL provisions

Particulars		F.Y. 2022-23			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Gold Loan	3.28	18.29	16.04	37.60	
MSME & Other Receivables	0.06	25.90	1,040,84	1,066.80	
Microfinance Loan	14.06	5.22	444.70	463.98	
Total Closing ECL provision	17.40	49.41	1,501.58	1,568.39	

Summary of ECL provisions

Particulars		F.Y. 2021-22		
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gold Loan	6,63	66.50	51.36	124.48
MSME & Other Receivables	0.05	18.64	968.50	987.19
Microfinance Loan	6.69	3.85	374.19	384.73
Total Closing ECL provision	13.36	88.99	1,394.05	1,496.40

Note 10 - Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Interest accrued on fixed deposits	43.02	29.25
(b) Security Deposits	1,450.40	922.84
(c) Other Receivables	261.93	17.71
TOTAL	1,755.36	969.81

Note 11 - Current Tax Assets (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Advance tax and tax deducted at source	1,486.93	773.04
TOTAL	1,486.93	773.04



Note 12 - Deferred Tax

(Rs' in lakhs)

Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Fixed Asset: Timing difference on account of depreciation		
and amortisation	156.14	148.62
Impairment of financial instruments	394.73	376.62
Amortisation of expenses & income under effective interest	1	
rate method	(133.04)	(172.60)
Total	417.82	352.64
Net deferred tax asset	417.82	352.64

Note 15 - Other Non-Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Balance with revenue Authorities		
GST receivable	83.28	134.43
(b) Advances for land	- 1	1,000.25
(c) Other Advances	438.23	147.93
(d) Stock of Stationary	2.63	2.63
TOTAL	524.13	1,285.23

Note 16 - Debt Securities

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2023	As at March 31, 2022
At Amortised Cost:		
(a) Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Privately Placed	235.10	768.20
(b) Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Public Issue	80,844.29	65,643.19
Total (A)	81,079.39	66,411.39
Borrowings in India Borrowings outside India	81,079.39	66,411.39
TOTAL	81,079.39	66,411.39

Nature of Security:

Secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Malligai Nagar, Kombai Village, Uthampalayam Taluk, Theni District, Tamil Nadu.

Extend of Security:

Equal to the value of one time (one hundred percentage) of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

16.1 - Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Private Placement

Series wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Convertible Debentures 2018 - 19 Series	158.10	197.10
Non Convertible Debentures 2017 - 18 Series	62.70	520.10
Non Convertible Debentures 2016 - 17 Series	12.10	48.80
Non Convertible Debentures 2015 - 16 Series	2.20	2.20
TOTAL	235.10	768.20



(Ks in lakhs)

- 1	
- 1	Particulars
	Particulars

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Convertible Debentures - 12.5%	29,30	97.70
Non Convertible Debentures - 12%	155.30	449.50
Non Convertible Debentures - < 12%	50.50	221.00
TOTAL	235.10	768.20

Maturity wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Convertible Debentures - 60 months maturity	220.80	743.90
Non Convertible Debentures - 36 months maturity	14.30	24.30
TOTAL	235.10	768,20

16.2 - Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Public Issue Series wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulurs	As at March 31 , 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Convertible Debentures 2022 - 23 Series (Public Issue VIII)	13,612.96	
Non Convertible Debentures 2022 - 23 Series (Public Issue VII)	18,798.56	-
Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue VI)	15,551.43	17,765.22
Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue V)	10,525,35	16,210,77
Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue IV)	8,892.45	15,000.00
Non Convertible Debentures 2020 - 21 Series (Public Issue III)	6,306,99	7,884.81
Non Convertible Debentures 2019 - 20 Series (Public Issue II)	3,184.62	4,959.68
Non Convertible Debentures 2018 - 19 Series (Public Issue I)	4,526.08	4,526.08
Sub Total	81,398.44	66,346.56
Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	554.15	703.37
TOTAL	80,844.29	65,643.19

Interest wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Convertible Debentures -> 12%	2,274.99	2,274.99
Non Convertible Debentures - 12%	2,850.56	2,850.56
Non Convertible Debentures -> 11.5% to 11.86%	6,810,64	7,133.85
Non Convertible Debentures ->11.25% to 11.5%	2,444.58	4,370.79
Non Convertible Debentures - 11% to 11.25%	15,990.60	18,888.39
Non Convertible Debentures - <11%.	51,027.07	30,827.98
Sub Lotal	81,398.44	66,346.56
Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	554.15	703.37
TOTAL	80,844.29	65,643.19

Maturity wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non Convertible Debentures - 82 months maturity	1,551.69	
Non Concertible Debentures - 80 months maturity	948.53	948.53
Non Convertible Debentures - 78 months muturity	1,837.19	1,837.19
Non Convertible Debentures - 75 months maturity	2,177.35	2,177.35
Non Concertible Debentures - 72 months muturity	1,424.10	1,424.10
Non Convertible Debentures - 60 months maturity	28,710.95	19,512.73
Non Convertible Debentures -45 months maturity	202.43	202.43
Non Convertible Debentures - 36 months maturity	13,948.93	11,763.39
Non Convertible Debentures - 24 months maturity	12,324.96	7,831.54
Non Convertible Debentures - 18 months muturity	6,892.49	5,911,34
Non Convertible Debentures - 16 months maturity	6,030.00	-
Non Convertible Debentures - 13 months maturity	2,525,53	6,804.45
Non Canocrtible Debentures - 12 months muturity	2,824,29	7,93157
Sub Total	81,398.44	66,346.56
Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	554.15	703.37
TOTAL	80,844.29	65,643.19

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
At Amortised Cost:		
(a) Term Loan		
Indian Rupee Loans from Banks (Secured)	3,941.88	5,013,92
(b) Loans repayable on demand		
Cash credit / overdraft facilities from banks (Secured)	3,660.66	1,403.41
Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	39.72	47.66
Total (A)	7,562.82	6,369.67
Borrowings in India	7,562.82	6,369.67
Borrowings outside India		
TOTAL	7,562.82	6,369.67



(Ks. in lakhs)

Nature of Security:

(a) Term loan from bank -

Vehicle loan - The loans are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicles against which the loans have been availed.

Loans repayable on demand	Tax .	0.0	12
ticulars	Primary	Collateral	Guarantors
South Indian Bank (Limit - Rs 10.00 Crore)	All book debts and receivables of the Company.	1. EM of land in the name of Josekutty Xavier Managing Director KLM Axiva Finvest ltd,admeasuring 22.91 cents under Sy No: 1160/6B, 1160/6A; 32.57 cents under Sy No: 1160/8, 1160/67; 20.35 cents under Sy No:1159/9 and 21.61 cents under Sy No:1159/9 in Kothamangalam Village, Ernakulam District 2. EM of land admeasuring 19.224 cents with 23079 sq. ft. commercial building under Sy. No. 1267/9-2 with building no. 30/564 in Kothamangalam municipality, Kothamangalam taluk, Ernakulam District in the name of M/s KMLM Chits India Limited. 3. EM of 8 cents of vacant land under Sy. No. 1/4A, 1/4B, Re. Sy.No. 26/2 in Edappally North Village, Kanayannur Tahak, Ernakulam District in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited.	Shibu T. Varghe Biji Shibu Corporate guarant M/s KMLM Chi India Limited
Dhanalakshi Bank (Limit - Rs 4.50 Crore)	First ranking pari passu charge with existing secured creditors including debenture trustees on all movable assets inclusing book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, Loans & advances both present and future of the company at a margin of 30% (For DP calculation only gold loan portifolio to be reckoned at the stipulatedmargin level of 30%.)	1.Residential Land(301) -EM of 54.73 Ares land under Sy no 322/4 of 8.90 ares, Syno.322/5 of 45.83 ares of Mazhuvannur Village, Kunnathunadu Taluk, Ernakulam District 2.Residential land with residential building(305) - EM of 82.35 Ares of Residential land and 479.03Sq meter residential building (82.35 ares(203.40 cents) under Re Sy no 470/11-3-3 of 21.22 ares, Re Sy no 470/11 of 2.26 ares Re Sy 470/11-3-2 of 22.54ares, Re Sy 470/11-1-2 of 19.95 ares, Re Sy 470/11-3 of 3.24 Ares, Re Sy470/2 of 8.44 Ares and Re Sy no 470/15 of 4.70 Ares)of valakam village ,Muvattupuzha taluk, Ernakulam District 3.Residental Land, EM of 19.94 Ares of land under Sy No 385/2-2-4 of 6.07 ares Sy No 385/2-2-5 of 7.80 ares and sy no 385/2-2-6 of 6.07 ares of Mazhuvannor Village , Kunnathunadu taluk, Ernakulam District.	1, Shibu T Varghe 2. Biji Shibu
State Bank of India (Limit-Rs 25.00 Crore)	Hypothecation of Book Debts , Loan Receivables and other Current Assets on First Pari Passu basis with Debenture Trustees of the Company and other Banks in MBA.	a. Exclusive Equitable Mortage charge over the commercial plot bearing survey number: Sy. no 549,570/3-2,570/3-3, Situated at door no 5/699, muringoor Thekkummuri, Chalakkudy. 680308, Admeasuring total Area: 4.09 Acres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (Sale Deed No.561/2019). b. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over the Commercial Plot bearing Survey Number: Sy. No 379 / 1,-2 and 379 / 2, situated near Vallakkumu junction, Oppo. Two Pole Structure No. IIKU/BS/207, R.S. Road, Vallakkumu, Irinjalakuda, Thrissur 680683 Admeasuring Total Area: 2.93 Acres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited [Sale Deed No 1291'/2022). c. Exclusive Charge (Lien) Over the Fixed Deposit of Rs 9.54 Crs held in the name of the company with SBI	1. Shibu T Varghese 2.Biji Shibu



(Rs in lakhs)

Note 18 - 9	Subordinated	Liabilities
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Particulars	As at March 31 , 2023	
At Amortised Cost:	As at March 31 , 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Subordinated Debts (b)Tier-1 Capital - Perpectual Debt Instruments Total (A)	47,845.52 2,443.93	52,316.04 1,015.50
Toma (v.)	50,289.45	53,331.5
Subordinated liability in India Subordinated liability outside India	50,289.45	53,331.5
TOTAL	50,289.45	53,331,56

18.1 - Unsecured Subordinated Debt - Private Placement

Series wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2023	A
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2020 - 22 ,22-23Series Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2019 - 20 Series Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2018 - 19 Series Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2017 - 18 Series Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2016 - 17 Series Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2016 - 17 Series	27,632.67 11,593.33 8,354.22 265.30	As at March 31, 2022 22,387.74 11,593.33 8,354.21 9,494.67
TOTAL	47.845.52	486.08 52.316.0

Interest wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - >12.5%		As at March 31, 2022
	1,284.57	1,480.10
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12.5%	201.21	2.112.59
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12.25%	376.13	
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12%	1	374.13
	3,369.15	9,799.76
Unsecured Subordinated Debt < 12%	42,614,46	38,549,40
TOTAL	47,845.52	
	17,040.02	52,316.04

Maturity wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Parliculars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 5 to 6 years maturity	4.351.23	The second secon
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 5 years maturity		3,070.52
	43,494.29	49,245.52
TOTAL	47,845.52	52.316.04

Note 19 - Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Interest payable on debt securities	3,594.98	2,230.63
(b) Interest payable on subordinated debts	2,346,61	2,400.58
(c) Interest payable on PDI	28.79	4.98
(d) Others	642.89	227.46
TOTAL	6,613.26	4,863.66

Note 20 - Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Income tax provision	694,86	488.84
	694.86	488.84

Note 21 - Other Non-Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31 , 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Statutory remittances	233.10	72.03
TOTAL	233,10	72.03



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended March 31,2023

Note 22 - Equity Share Capital

(Rs in lakhs)

The reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Authorised	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	AS at March 31, 2022
250,000,000 (March 31, 2022: 115,000,000.) equity Shares of '10/- each	25,000.00	11,500.00
Issued, Subscribed & Fully Paid Up	25,000.00	11,500.00
186,728,078(March 31, 2022-114,875,128.) equity Shares of '10/- each	18,672.81	11,487.51
TOTAL	18,672,81	11,487.51

i. Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	In Numbers	American
As at March 31, 2022	to remocis	Amount
Shares Issued during the Year	1,145.75	11,457.51
As at March 31, 2023	721.53	7,215.30
- 10 at 10 at 11 at 12 a	1,867.28	18,672,81

ii. Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of '10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

iii. Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% Shares

Name of shareholder Shibu T Varghese	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	No: of shares	% of Holding	No: of shares	% of Holding
Shibu 1 Varghese Aleyamma Varghese Biji Shibu	317.98 104.98	17.03 5.62	131.41 99.98	11.44
Elen Elu Shibu	221.97 88.74	11.89 4.75	87.59 60.71	7.62



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended March 31,2023

Note 23 - Other Equity

(ks in lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
Securities Premium	Amount
As at March 31, 2022	7 100 0
Add: Additions upon share issue	2,398.8
As at March 31, 2023	767.11
Statutory Reserve	3,165.95
As at March 31, 2022	
Add: Additions/(Deductions) during the year	711.51
As at March 31, 2023	366.62
General Reserve	1,078.13
As at March 31, 2023	
Utilised during the year	4.08
Specific Reserve	
As at March 31, 2022	81.33
Add: Additions/(Deductions) during the year	-81.33
As at March 31, 2023	***************************************
Revaluation reserve	
As at March 31, 2022	
Add: Additions/(Deductions) during the year	621,79
As at March 31, 2023	71.36
Retained Barnings	693.15
As at March 31, 2022	
Add: Profit for the year	376.18
Less: Dividend	1,833,10
less: Transfer to statutory reserve	
less: Transfer to Specific reserve	(366.62)
The state of the s	
7.10.	1,842.66
Total Other Equity	
As at March 31, 2022	4.193,73
As at March 31, 2023	6,783.97

Nature and purpose of Reserves

Securities premium

This Reserve represents the premium on issue of equity shares. The reserve can be utilised only for the purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Statutory reserve

Statutory Reserve is created as per the terms of section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. It requires every non banking finance institution which is a Company to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty percent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss before any dividend is declared. The Company has appropriated 20% of the Profit After Tax to the fund for the year.

Specific reserve

Specific reserves refers to the reserves that are created for a specific purpose in business. These reserves cannot be used for any other purpose apart from the purpose for which they were created. Rs 81.33 lakhs is towards gratuity liabilities of employees who have completed 5 years of service as on 31.03.2022 and has transfered to other financial liabilities during the year.

General reserve

Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of profit for the period at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. After the introduction of Companies Act 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the amount previously transferred to the general reserve can be utilised only in accordance with the specific requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserves represents the gain/ loss attained by the company while revaluing its assets to fair market value. During the year, the company revalued some of its landed property and the gain/loss has been transferred to revaluation reserve.

Retained earnings

This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company.

(Rs in lakhs)

Note 24 - Interest Income	Not	e 24	- In	terest	Income
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Particulars		
On financial assets measured at amortised cost: (i) Interest on Loans	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Gold Loan MSME & Other Loans Microfinance Loans (ii) Interest on deposit with banks (iii) Other interest income	18,008.58 5,680.42 3,356.25 488.73 6.09	11,709.8 4,223.6 1,895.9 103.9 10.0
TOTAL	27,540.07	17,943.43

Note 25 - Other Income

Particulars		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Commission Income	175,68	574.35
Notice Charge	12.29	4.32
Miscellaneous Income	142.11	53.89
Profit on Investment	4.83	15.26
TOTAL	334,91	647.83

Note 26 - Finance Cost

Particulars		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Interest on Borrowings (other than debt securities)	496.97	12.45
Interest on Subordinate Debt	6,137.10	5,844,98
Interest on Debenture	7,455.17	4,569.69
Interest on PDI	247.21	22.9
Others		22.95
Interest on delayed payment of income tax	1	2
y a payround of the sale.	1	0.28
TOTAL	-	
IUIAL	14,336.45	10,450.40

Note 27 - Impairment on Financial Instruments

Particulars		
On financial assets measured at amortised cost:	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Loan Assets	71.98	63,37
TOTAL	71.98	63.33

Note 28 - Employee benefits expenses

Particulars		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Salaries & Wages	4,877.00	2,845,06
Contributions to provident and other funds	293.88	111.79
Gratuity	61.19	3.54
TOTAL	5,232.07	2,960,39

Note 29 - Depreciation, amortisation and impairment

Particulars		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Depreciation of langible assets Amortisation of intangible assets	1,080.39 14.37	508.10 14.02
TOTAL	1,094.76	522.12



Note 30 - Other expenses

(ks in lakhs)

	M1 21 2022	
Advertisement	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Audit Expenses	184,31	511.8
Audit Fee	0.40	0.5
Bank Charges	11.50	10.0
Business Promotion	39.00	31.1
Celebration Expense	129.91	43.7
Collection Expenses	9.51	7.5
Computer & Software Expenses	3.17	6.1
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	17.14	8.3
Crisil rating expenses	24.39	14.7
Customer Meet expenses	2.74	1.8
Cibil Charges	5.12	1.1
Debenture Trustee Remuneration	4.70	4.8
Discount Civen	1.20	1.0
Electricity Charges	70.97	61.9
Fuel Expenses	126.50	70.2
	14.22	11.3
Inaugural Expense	21.19	9.5
Incentive	957.57	349.57
Insurance Charges	21.88	16.87
Internet Charges	31.62	22.95
Legal Expense	30.93	25.00
Loss on Auction Gold	68.79	35.56
Marketing Expenses	5.52	5.29
Meeting Expenses	36.65	13.22
Membership Fee	2.01	0.57
Miscellaneous Expense	0.10	0.02
Newspaper & Periodicals	1.78	2.51
Office Expense	162.53	123.87
Postage	36.11	20.44
Printing & Stationery	107.31	82.98
Professional Fee	97.33	
Public Issue	246.07	51.92
Rates & Taxes	42.10	99.65
Rent	1,636.20	10.88
Repairs and Maintenance	12.40	886.14
Repairs and Maintenance-Building	6.31	8.73
ROC Filing Charge	14.67	4.66
Sitting Fees	6.00	9.74
Staff Training Expense		2.75
elephone charges	99.88	63.47
ravelling expenses	73.87	49.65
ST & flood cess Paid	299,07	147.31
Vehicle Maintenance		15.16
Vater Charges	6,99	7.80
TOTAL	7.31 4.676.94	3.73

Note - 30.1

Payment to the auditors comprises:

Particulars	For the year end	ded
As auditors - statutory audit	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
For taxation matters	9.20	8.00
TOTAL	2.30	2.00
TOTAL	11.50	10.00



Note 31 - Income Tax

(Rs in lakhs)

The components of in

Particulars	For the year en	ded
Current tax	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Deferred Tax	694.86	488.84
Income tax expense reported in statement of profit and loss	(65.18)	111.20
The state an admittant of profit and loss	629.68	600.04

Note 32 - Earnings per share

Particulars	For the year end	ded
Net profit for calculation of basic earnings per share	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Weighted average number of shares used as denominator for calculating basic and diluted earning	1,833.10	1,138.34
Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	1,376.54	527.77 2.16

Note 35 - Related party disclosures

Names of Related Parties

(A) Key Management Personnel

- 1) Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese
- 2) Manoj Raveendran Nair
- 3) Thanish Dalee
- 4) Srikanth G. Menon

Designation

Whole-time Director Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

(B) Entities in which KMP / Relatives of KMP can exercise significant influence

- 1) KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited
- 2) Payyoli Granites Private Limited
- 3) Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited *
- 4) Axiva Mfin Limited
- 5) Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited
- * Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited is also related party for the financial year 2021-22

(C) Relatives of Key Management Personnel

Biji Shibu Elen Elu Shibu Erin Lizbeth Shibu Aleyamma Varghese Vithya Mathew Lakshmi P. S.

w/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese d/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese d/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Mother of Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese w/o Thanish Dalee w/o Srikanth G. Menon

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Notes on Financial Statements for the period ended March 31,2023

Related Party transactions during the year.

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	KMP		Relatives	of KMP
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at
Shares subscribed including share premium	2,315.71	637.57	2,394.65	March 31, 2022
Purchase of listed NCD of the Company			4,394.00	1,868,60
Purchase of sub-debts of the Company	1 -1	10.00	-	1.0
Interest paid on listed NCD		-	-	
interest paid on subordinate debts	1 -1	0.57	0.17	0.0
Remuneration paid		~	7	
Professional consulting fees	166.57	84.58		-
Sitting Fees	- 1	4.0	-	-
and the same of th		1.00	-	

Batance outstanding as at the year end: Asset/ (Liability)

Particulars	KMP		Relatives	of KMP
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Investment in Subsidiary Company				marin 31, guez
Equity shares subscribed	3,179.83	~ 1	-	
NCD - Listed		1,314.12	4,758.92	2,818.0
Subordinate debt	2.50	10.00	7	1.00
	* 1	(+)	-	
Interest payable on NCD	0,26	0.22	-	0.07

Notes

Related parties have been identified on the basis of the declaration received by the management and other records available and the same has been relied upon by the auditors.

Note 36 - Capital

Capital Management

The Company's objective is to maintain appropriate levels of capital to support its business strategy taking into account the regulatory, economic and commercial environment. The Company aims to maintain a strong capital base to support the risks inherent to its business and growth strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain a higher capital base than the mandated regulatory capital at all times.

The Company's assessment of capital requirement is aligned to its planned growth which forms part of an annual operating plan which is approved by the Board and also a long range strategy. These growth plans are aligned to assessment of risks—which include credit, liquidity and interest rate. The Company monitors its capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR) on a regular basis through its Assets Liability Management Committee (ALCO).

Regulatory Capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Tier I Capital Tier II Capital	26,698.76 13,797.42	15,680.25 8,284.46
Total capital Risk Weighted Assets	40,496.18	23,964.71
Tier I CRAR	1,60,245,31 16,66%	1,14,405.73
Tier II CRAR	8.61%	13.71% 7.24%
Total capital ratio	25.27%	20.95%

Regulatory capital consists of Tier I capital, which comprises share capital, share premium, Perpectual Debt Instructment, statutory reserve and retained earnings including current year profit. The other component of regulatory capital is other Tier 2 Capital Instruments.

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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

Note 33 - Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled and considering contractual terms. For Loans and advances to customers, maturity analysis is based on expected repayment behaviour.

		A LE A COMP				(NS IN IAKUS)
Daniel Jane		As at March 31, 2023			As at March 31, 2022	
FORENCIALS	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
ASSETS		-				
Pinancial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9 420 08	3	OV OCK D	Tr. Comments		
Bank Balance Other than above	20.0024/c		9,420.09	51,739,44		31,739,44
Colors	07:00 2:3		1,755.45	677.00	1.50	678.50
Adjustment on account of FID / ECT	1,10,628,74	35,404.23	1,46,032.97	69,491.36	37,805.35	1,07,296.71
Investments		(1,568.39)	(1,568.39)	*	(1,496.40)	(1,496.40)
Olf-on Encountry Accept		7	4.	ď		
Non-Financial Assets	304,95	1,450.40	1,755.36	46.97	922.84	18'696
Current Tax Assets (Net)	1 402 003					
Daffored Tay Accele (Mat)	CC.001-1	1	1,486.93	773.04	3	773.04
Desired in Assets (1961)		417,82	417.82		352.64	352.64
Property, Flant and Equipment	4	12,014.32	12,014.32		5.577.35	5 577 35
Other Intangible Assets	- 1	86'06	86.06		20.00	20.00
Other Non-Financial Assets	524.13	1	524.13	1.148.17	137.05	1 385 00
Total Assets	1.24.120.29	AT 800.36	1 71 000 42	1 03 075 00	50.7CT	1,205,23
LIABILITIES		account in	1/1 1/252/03	1,00,00,009	43,342,40	1,47,218.39
Pinanci Liabilities						
Payabies						
Debt Securities	22,914.90	58 719 64	91 624 24	1700071	, , , ,	
 Adjustment on account of EIR 	Description of the second of t	/ARA 187	#5.400,100	17,230,74	49,184,02	67,114.76
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	17/032	2 600 EE	(334.13)		(703.37)	(703.37)
Subordinated Liabilities	77.02.05 20 200 0	4,000,44	70.700'/	1,773.30	4,596.37	6,369.67
Other Financial liekilities	5,301.31	41,388,14	50,289.45	9,980.75	43,350,79	53,331.54
Ourer Than Man aroundes Non-Financial Liabilities	2,211.02	4,402.24	6,613.26	2,838.85	2,024.81	4,863.66
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	694.85	1	694.85	488 84		10001
Other Non-Financial Liabilities	233.10		233.10	72.03		400.04
Total Liabilities	39,695,44	1,06,777,42	1.46.472.87	33.084.52	C3 C2 X 80	1 24 525 44
Net	84,424.85	(58,968.06)	25 456 78	70 791 47	(66 414 99)	#1.705,150,1
		(01:002/07	10,121,4	(22,011,00)	15,681,25



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

Note 34 - Risk Management

Risk is an integral part of the Company's business and sound risk management is critical to the success. As a financial lending institution, the Company is exposed to risks that are particular to its lending and the environment within which it operates. The Company has a risk management policy which covers risk associated with the financial assets and liabilities. The principal objective in Company's risk management processes is to measure and morutor the various risks that Company is subject to and to follow policies and procedures to address such risks

The Company's Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors constituted is responsible for the overall risk management approving risk management strategies and principles.

The Risk Management Committee shall be responsible for the following:

- 1. Reviewing the operations of the organization followed by identifying potential threats to the organization and the likelihood of their occurrence, and then taking appropriate actions to address the most likely threats.
- 2. Identifying the risks an organization is subject to, deciding how to manage it, implementing the management technique, measuring the organization setting effectiveness of management and taking appropriate correction action and provide a framework that enables future activities to take place in a consistent & controlled manner.

The Company is generally exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and operational risk.

I, Credit risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss due to the failure of any counterparty abiding by the terms and conditions of any financial contract obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company's main income generating activity is lending to customers and therefore credit risk is a principal risk. Credit risk mainly arises from loans and advances.

The Company addresses credit risk through following processes:

- 1. Through a rigorous loan approval and collateral appraisal process, as well as a strong NPA monitoring and collection strategy.
 - 2. Minimise losses due to defaults or untimely payments by borrowers
- 3. Cred or is considerably reduced as collateral is in the form of Gold ornaments which can be easily liquidated and adequate margin of 25% or more is retained while disbursing the loan.

Classification of financial assets under various stages

The Company classifies its financial assets in three stages having the following characteristics:

Stage 1: unimpaired and without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a 12 month allowance for BCL is recognised;

Stage 2: a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a lifetime ECL is recognised;

Stage 3: objective evidence of impairment, and are therefore considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired on which a lifetime ECL is recognised,

The Company considers a financial instrument as defaulted and therefore Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) calculations in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due (DPD) on its contractual payments. All financial assets are deemed to have suffered a significant increase in credit risk when they are 30 DPD and are accordingly transferred from stage 1 to stage 1 an ECL allowance is calculated based on a 12 month Point in Time probability weighted probability of default (PD). For stage 2 and 3 assets a life time ECL is calculated based on a lifetime PD.

The Company has calculated ECL using three main components: a probability of default (PD), a loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD).



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

Exposure at Default (EAD)

The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise.

Probability of default (PD)

The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. To calculate the ECL for a Stage 1 toan, the Company assesses the possible default events within 12 months for the calculation of the

12 month ECL. For Stage 2 and Stage 3 financial assets, the exposure at default is considered for events over the lifetime of the instruments. The Company uses historical information wherever available to determine PD.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

LGD is the estimated loss that the Company might bear if the borrower defaults. The Company determines its recovery by analysing the recovery trends, borrower rating, collateral value and expected proceeds from sale of asset. In estimating LGD, the company reviews macro-economic developments taking place in the economy.

II. Liquidity risk

short term - without strain. Liquidity Risk arises largely due to maturity mismatch associated with assets and liabilities of the Company. Liquidity risk stems from the mability of the Company to fund increase in assets, manage Liquidity risk is the non-availability of cash to pay a liability that falls due. A company is deemed to be financially sound if it is in a position to carry on its business smoothly and meet all the obligations - both long term as well as unplanned changes in funding sources and meet financial commitments when required.

Company has implemented liquidity management policy for reducing the risk relating to liquidity issues. Currently the policies relating to liquidity are as follows:

- 1. The Company is maintaining high capital adequacy ratio over and above limits prescribed by regulators.
 - 2. The Company ensures to keep liquidity to cover unexpected repayment obligation.
- 3. Promoting fund infusion by way of Non-Convertible debentures and subordinated debts so that due date for interest and maturity can be pre known.
 - 4. Funding from long terms sources and lending as short term loans,

5. Reducing the percentage of unsecured lending so that repayment up to a level is not affected 5

Asset Liability Management (ALM)

The table below shows the maturity pattern of significant financial assets and financial liabilities. In the case of loans, contracted tenor of gold loan is maximum of 12 months. However, on account of high incidence of prepayment before contracted maturity, the below maturity profile has been prepared by the management on the basis of historical pattern of repayments. In case of loans other than gold loan, the maturity profile is based on contracted maturity.



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

Maturity pattern of assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2023;

Particulars	Upto 1 month	I to 2 months	2 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Not sensitive to	Total
Financial Assets									TARRES .	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,413.01	2,355.02	5,652.05			7		,		OU DOLD
Bank Belance Other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	,		2	1,755.45						5,420,09
Loans	19,440.83	2,213,09	2,829.24	8,132,50	78.013.08	26.872.89	36 080 7	1 240 06	44 ECO AND	1,755.45
Investments	*					and the same of th	(hereing	1,647,00	(46,005,1)	1,44,464.58
Financial Liabilities								-		
Control of the contro										
Debt Securities	4,098.78	28.50	26,00	9,073,45	9,688.17	45,183.01	13,535.63	ì	(554.15)	81 070 30
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	90.16	90.17	90.18	270.58	4,199.18	2,862.26	,		(02.08)	CO C72 E
Subordinated Liabilities	336.13	573.53	227.42	1,240.41	6,523.82	22,120.92	16.823.20	20 444 03	(7/'60)	797707
# Annual Contract of the Party Property Property of the Party Property of the Party Property of the Party Property of the Party Prop	TOTAL STATE						24.1706.140	4,444,53		20,289.45

*represents adjustments on account of EIR/ECL

Maturity pattern of assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2022:

Particulars	Upto 1 month	1 to 2 months	2 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Not sensitive to	Total
Financial Assets									Mary	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,124.01	11,046.43	19,569.00	+	1		4			11 000 HG
Bank Balance Other than Cash										31,739,44
and Cask Equivalents			3	00'229				1.50	,	02 829
Loans 9	24,113.98	1,830.86	4,883,39	10,122.27	28,540.86	37,805.35			/1 40K 40t	4 00 000 30
Investments									(At-ncarr)	DC/DO'CD'T
Financial Liabilities								1	t	,
	40.00									·Ŧ
Dept Securities	11.10	16.00	1.55	1,600.17	16,301.92	30,792.39	10,542.97	7,848.66	(703,37)	66.411.30
Borrowings (Other than Debt										Active to the second
Securities)	06.98	89.30	89.30	267.90	1,237.50	2.143.20	2.500.83		(17 66)	200000
Subordinated Liabilities	74.02	25.82	35.50	350.74	0 404 67	8 354 25	11 803 22	20 400 04	(20.00)	70,205.07
					The same	DANIEL DE	11,020,000	87°CYH7C7		52 221 54

* represents adjustments on account of EIR/ECL



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

III. Market risk

Market risk refers to potential losses arising from the movement in market values of interest rates in the Company's line of business. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings to loss.

Interest rate risk

respectively. Over the last several years, the Government of India has substantially deregulated the financial sector. As a result, interest rates are now primarily determined by the market, which has increased the interest rate risk Interest rate risk is the risk where changes in the market interest rates might adversely affect the Company's financial condition. The interest rate risks are viewed from earning perspective and economic value perspective, exposante.

domestic and international economic and political conditions and other factors. Rise in inflation, and consequent changes in the bank rates, reporates and reserve reporates by the RBI has led to an increase in interest rates on The results of the Company's operations are substantially dependent upon the level of the net interest margins, interest rates are sensitive to many factors beyond the Company's control, including the RBI's monetary policies, loans provided by banks and financial institutions

diversified resource-raising options to minimize cost and maximize stability of funds. The Company has Board Approved Asset Liability Management (ALM) policy for managing interest rate risk and policy for determining the In order to manage interest rate risk, the company seek to optimize borrowing profile between short-term and long-term loans and the company adopts funding strategies to ensure interest rate to be charged on the loans given.

IV. Operational risk

also has detailed guidelines on movement and security measures of cash or gold. The Company cannot expect to eliminate all operational risks, but it endeavours to manage these risks through a control framework and by Operational risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. The Company has instituted a series of checks and balances, including an operating manual, and both internal and external audit reviews. Any loss on account of failure by employees to comply with defined appraisal mechanism is recovered out of their variable incentive. The Company monitoring and responding to potential risks.



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

Note 35 - Disclosure with regard to dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises

Based on the information available with the Company and has been relied upon by the auditors, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to principal amounts unpaid as at the period ended March 31, 2022 together with interest

Note 39 - Details of the Auctions conducted with respect to Gold Loan $\,$

Year		Amount due as on the date of auction	Value Fetched
31-03-2023			
31-03-2022	16078	17.290.33	17,221.55
	8431	8,891.95	8,886,66

Note 40 - Disclosures required as per Reserve Bank of India Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

SL No.	Particulars	As at March	31, 2023	As at March	(Rs in lak)
	Liabilities side :	Amount out-standing	Amount	Amount out-standing	Amount overdue
1	Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon by	at		and statuting	Overture
	not paid:				
	(a) Debentures: Secured	81,079.39			
	: Unsecured	01,072.53		66,411.39	+
	(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)	1 1	1		-
	(b) Deferred Credits		31	-	140
- 1	(c) Term Loans	2 041 00	-		-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	3,941.88	7	4,966.26	-
	(e) Commercial Paper	1 1	-	7	
	(f) Public Deposits	1 7 1	2 1	- 1	-
- 1	(g) Other Loans -			-	
- 1	Subordinated debt	12000000	8.		-
- 1	Perpectual Debt Instruments	47,845.52	15	52,316.04	-
	Cash credit / overdraft facilities from banks	2,443.93		1,015.50	+
2	Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrues	3,660.66	*	1,403.41	+
	thereon but not paid):				
1	(a) In the form of Unsecured debentures				
- 1	(b) In the form of partly secured dependence in debentures		7		+
	 (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfal in the value of security 	1 -	12		
	(c) Other public deposits			18	
_	Assets side :	×		- 1	
3 [Amount out	standing	
	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]:	As at March	31, 2023	As at March 3	1, 2022
	(a) Secured		1,31,637.10		98,445.9
	(b) Unsecured		14,395,87		
	Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards asset financing activities				8,850.8
	Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors ;				
	(a) Financial lease				
- 1	(b) Operating lease			5	
- 1	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:			*	
	(a) Assets on hire				
	(b) Eupowersed Assets	7		141	
	(iii) Other loans counting towards asset financing activities		1	-	
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed				
	(b) Loans other than (a) above	~			
_	1 1-1 month owner maniful about	-		- 6	



Brea	k-up of Investments		T			
	ent Investments :					
1	Quoted:		As at N	farch 31, 2023	As at A	Aarch 31, 2022
(i)	Shares					
	(a) Equity					
			10			
100	(b) Preference			3		1
(ii)	Debentures and Bonds			7		
(tii)	Units of mutual funds		1	*	1	
(iv)	Government Securities			-		
(v)	Others (please specify)		1	-		
-	1 21					
2	Unquoted:					
(i)	Shares					
	(a) Equity					
1	(b) Preference			-		
(ii)	Debentures and Bonds			+		
(iii)	Units of mutual funds			14		
12.00				(4)		-
(iv)	Government Securities					
(v)	Others (please specify)		1			4
Long'	Term investments:			.+.		4
1	Quoted :		As at Ma	arch 31, 2023	As at M	arch 31, 2022
(i)	Shares					
125	(a) Equity					
	(b) Preference			6		
700						
(11)	Debentures and Bonds					*
(iii)	Units of mutual funds					2
(iv)	Government Securities			~		3
(v)	Others (please specify)			-		-
2	Unquoted:			~		-
	Shares					
146	Professional Control of the Control					
	(a) Equity			5.1		
	(b) Preference					-
(ii)	Debentures and Bonds			-		-
(iii)	Units of mutual funds			-		*
(iv)	Government Securities			•		-
	Others (please specify)			4		4
Borrow	wer group-wise classification of assets financed as in (2) 4 (4) -1				-
	o i morto mante da in (
	Category	Amount ne	t of provisions as at l	March 31, 2023	Amount not o	f provisions as at Marc
-		Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	
1	Related Parties				Serareu	Unsecured
V .	(a) Subsidiaries					
	(b) Companies in the same group	-			100	- 1
	(b) Companies in the same group			- 1		
	(c) Other related parties		4			-
2	Other than related parties	1,31,637.10	14,395.87	1,46,032.97	And a contract	-
Investo	or group-wise classification of all investments (curren	and long term) in shares	and securities (both	1,46,032.97	98,445.91	8,850.80
_		0 /	and occurries (both	quoted and unquoted	,	
			As at Mar	ch 31, 2023	As at Mar	ch 31, 2022
			Market Value/	Book Value (Net of	Market Value/	n t. 2/-t /22
	Category		Break up or fair	Provisions)		Book Value (Net of
			value or NAV	- Torradoney	Break up or fair	Provisions)
3 Is	Political B. at		THERE OF TAKE		value or NAV	
1 1	Related Parties					
	(a) Subsidiaries	1				
	(b) Companies in the same group		- 8	-	*	14
	(c) Other related parties				*	2
2			16		4	
2 6	Other than related parties					
Mh	Total			-	-	
otner in	nformation					
en T	Particulars		As at Marc	ch 31, 2023	As at Man	ch 31, 2022
(i) (C	Gross Non-Performing Assets*				1 80 10 17 181	
- 1	(a) Related parties	1				
	(b) Other than related parties					- 1
				2,692.14		4,292.53
	Net Non-Performing Assets*					40.200
(ii) N	(a) Related parties					
(ii) N						-
(ii) N	(b) Other than related parties			1.100.00		275.50
(ii) N				1,123.75		2,898.48



Note 40.2 - Capital

SI. No.	Particulars	As at	(Rs in lakhs
1	CKAR (%)	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
2	CRAR - Tier I Capital (%)	25.27%	20:95%
	CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	16.66%	13.71%
4	Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier - II capital	8.61%	7.24%
5	Amount raised by issue of perpetual debt instruments	13,349.38	7,840.12
	1 Bate of perpetual debt instruments	2,443.93	1,015.50

Note 40.3 - Investments

SI. No.	Particula	_		1 4	(Rs in la
				As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1	Value of I	investments			Transaction of a sound
	(i)	Gross Va	lue of Investments		
		(a)	In India		
		(b)	Outside India		
	(ii)	Provision	ns for Depreciation		
	1	(a)	In India	1.	
		(b)	Outside India		
	(iii)	Net Value	e of Investments		
		(a)	In India		
		(b)	Outside India	7	
2	Movemer	nt of provisio	ons held towards depreciation on investments		
	(i)	Opening			
	(ii)	Add: Pro	wisions made during the year	1 3 1	
	(iii)		ite off / write back of excess provisions during the year	1	
	(iv)	Closing b	alance	1 31	

Note 40.4 - Ratings assigned by Credit rating Agencies

SI. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	Bank Loans - Cash Credit/overdraft	CARE BBB-/Stable; IND BBB-/Stable; BWR BBB-/ Stable	CRISIL BB+/ Stable CARE BB+/Stable
2	Non Convertible Debentures - Public Issue	CARE BBB-/Stable; IND BBB-/Stable;	CARE BB+/Stable

Migration in rating during the year - Change in outlook from CARE BB+/Stable to CARE BBB-/Stable.

Note 40.5 - Provisions and Contingencies

Sl. No.	Break up of Provisions and Contingencies shown under the head Expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss	As at March 31, 2023	(Rs in lakins As at March 31, 2022
1	Provisions for depreciation on Investment		11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-
2	Provision towards NPA (Expected Credit Loss)	*	32.31
3	Provision made towards Income Tax	694.86	63.3
4	Other Provision and Contingencies (with details)	094.80	488.8
5	Provision for Standard Assets		

Note 40.6 - Concentration of Advances

SI. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1	Total Advances to twenty largest homowers	14.834.20	84/49/
2	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the	14/034-20	9,461.26
	NBFC	10.16%	8.82%

Note 40.7 - Concentration of Exposures

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1	Total Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/customers	14.834.20	
2	Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/Customers to Total	14,034,20	9,461.26
	Exposures of the NBFC on borrowers/Customers.	10,16%	8,829



Sl. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	(Rs in lukhs As at
1	Total Exposures to top four NFA accounts	Nighth 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	The second of th	134.76	559.91

ote 40,9	Sector wise NPAs	Percentage of NPAs to Total	Advances in that sector
SI. No.	Sector	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1	Agriculture & allied activities		March 31, 2022
2	MSME		
3	Corporate borrowers	3.64%	8.83%
4	Services	5.1	-
5	Unsecured personal loans		1.0
6	Auto loans (vehicle loan)		
7	Other loans		100%
		0.05%	0.55%

Note 40.10 - Movement of NPAs

Sl. No.	Particula		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(i)		s* to Net Advances (%)	0.78%	2.649
(ii)	Movemer	nt of NPAs* (Gross)		2.04/
	(a)	Opening balance	4,292.53	4.004.0
	(b)	Net additions during the year	0.000	4,904.84
	(c)	Closing balance	(1,600.40)	(612.31)
(iii)	Movemen	t of Net NPAs*	2,692.14	4,292.5
	(a)	Opening balance	2,898.48	2 400 0
	(b)	Net additions during the year	(1,774,73)	3,495.84
	(c)	Closing balance	1,123.75	(597,36)
(iv)	Movemen	t of provisions for NPAs* (excluding Provisions on Standard Assets)	1,143,73	2,898.48
	(a)	Opening balance	1,394.05	1,409.00
1	(b)	Provisions made during the year	107.53	1,409,00
- 1	(c)	Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions	107.55	4.00
	(d)	Closing balance	1,501,58	(14.95) 1,394.05

Stage 3 loan assets under Ind A5.

Note 42 - Customer complaints

SI. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1	No. of complaints pending as at the beginning of the year	Nil	NTS
2	No. of complaints received during the year	1	Nil
	No. of complaints redressed during the year	6	Nil
		6	Nil
4	No. of complaints pending as at the end of the year	Nil	Nil

Note 43 - Percentage of Loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery to total assets

SI, No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1	Gold Loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery	93,796.18	£2.546.11
2	Total Financial assets of the Company		62,546.9
3	Percentage of Gold Loans to Total Assets	1,46,219.93	1,06,770.1
	The same country to Total Assets	64.15%	58,58

Note 44 - Previous year's figures have been regrouped/rearranged, wherever necessary to conform to current year's classifications/disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Dalee

Chief Financial Officer

UDIN: 23019454BGWFQW5187

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Partner (M. No. 019454)

Place:Palarivattom

Date:26-05-2023

Srikanth G. Menon

Company Secretary

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Hyderahad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2023

Note 41 - Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DOR (NBFC), CC., PD. No.109/ 22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13,2020

A comparison between provisions required under Income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances as per Ind AS 109 - Financial instruments.

('Rs in lakhs)

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms (1)	Asset Classification as per IND AS 109 (2)	Gross Carrying Amount as per IND AS (3)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under IND AS 109 (4)	Net carrying Amount (5)=(3)-(4)		Provisions required as provisions and IRACP perms (5) (7)=(4)-(6)
Performing Assets						
	Zero overdue	1,35,547.33	1	1,35,547.33	542.19	(542.19)
Standard Assets	Stage 1	4,970.02	17.40	4,952.63	19.88	(2.49)
	Stage 2	2,823.48	49.41	2,774.07	11.29	38.12
Subtotal		1,43,340.83	18'99	1,43,274.02	573,36	(506.55)
Non-Performing Assets						
Sub Standard	Stage 3	993.95	115,39	878.56	04.40	16.00
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3	313.21	156.60	156.60	62.64	93.96
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	621.55	466.16	155.39	186.46	279.70
More than 3 years	Stage 3	763.43	763,43	1	381.71	381.71
Subtotal for doubtful		1,698.18	1,386.19	311.99	630.82	755.37
Loss	Stage 3	r	1		i	1
Subtotal for NPA		2,692.14	1,501,58	1,190,55	730.21	771.37
Other items such as guarantees, loan	Stage 1	-)	9			
commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered	Stage 2		(-	į.	(Y)	1
under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning	Stage 3	-(, a			
(IRACP) norms				ř		
Subtotal		,	•	•		,
	Zero overdue	1,35,547.33	ž-	1,35,547,33	542.19	(542.19)
Total	Stage 1	4,970.02	17.40	4,952,63	19.88	(249)
LORGE	Stage 2	2,823.48	19.41	2,774.07	11.29	38,12
	Stage 3	2,692.14	1,501,58	1,190.55	730.21	77.1.37
	Total	1,46,032.97	1,568.39	1 44 464 58	1 303 58	08 800



Note 41 - Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DOR (NBFC), CC., PD. No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13,2020

A comparison between provisions required under Income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances as per Ind AS 109 - Financial instruments.

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms (1)	Asset Classification as per IND AS 109 (2)	Gross Carrying Amount as per IND AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under IND AS 109	Net carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between IND AS 109 Provisions required as provisions and IRACP per IRACP norms
Performing Assets			(2)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(9)	(7)=(4)-(6)
Standard Assets	Zero overdue Stage 1	86,500,91	13.36	16,000,91	346.00	(346.00)
Subtotal	Stage 2	10,160.59	88.99	10,071.60	40.64	(12.01)
Non-Performing Assets Sub Standard	Stage 3	1,470.50	314.69	1,155.81	147.05	(505.00)
Doubtful- up to 1 year 1 to 3 years More than 3 years Subtotal for doubtful	Stage 3 Stage 3 Stage 3	950.37 1,260.68 610.98 2,822.03	332.63 441.24 305.49 1,079.36	617.74 819.44 305.49 1,742.67	190.07 378.20 305.49 873.77	142.56 63.03
Loss Subtotal for NPA	Stage 3	4,292.53	1,394.05	2.898.48	- CD 000 L	e state
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covaced.	Stage 1 Stage 2	() (* *	3. 4	4,020,04	3/3,23
under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 3	à.	4			
		4	•		,-	
	Zero overdue	86,500.91		86,500,91	346.00	(346.00)
Total	Stage 2	10,160.59	13,36	6,329,31	25,37	(12.01)
	Stage 3	4,292.53	1,394.05	2,898.48	1.020.82	48.35
	Total	1,07,296.71	1,496,40	1.05.800 30	40 00 F	57,075



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2023

Note 13 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulare		Computers and data	Electrical	Furniture and				Capital	
0.000	rang	processing	and Equipment	furnishings	Building	Equipments	Vehicles	Work in progress	Total
Cost									
Deemed cost as at 1st April 2022	3,471.01	194.45	144.19	955.19		520.44	2014	263.02	100
Additions	2,925.32	394.47	152.63	2,367.21	651.08	21930	15.00	202.30	26,776,0
Disposals	-1	T.)	. 1			-	C77767	7,517.36
Depreciation:									
Disposais	ì	1-		1		- 3			
Depreciation charge for the year	1	189,25	49.77	433.31	58.60	335,65	13.81	C 3	1,080,39
Carrying Amount:									
As at 31st March 2022	3,471.01	194.45	144.19	955.19	,	520.44	20 14	50 636	and a
s at $\overline{\mathfrak{S}}$ st March 2023	6,396.33	29668	247.04	2,889.10	592.48	904.18	20.00	20293	3,777,33

Note 14 - Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Computer
Cost:	SOLUMBE
Deemed cost as at 1st April 2022	42.07
Additions	63.27
Disposals	
Accumulated Amortisation:	
Disposals	
Amortisation charge for the year	14.37
Carrying Amount:	
As at 31st March 2022	42.07
As at 31st March 2023	86'06





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2022, and the statement of profit and loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the statement of cash flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statement, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statement give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit/loss, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We have conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statement under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statement.



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Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 3 to the Financial Statement, which describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the adverse business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, we were not able to visit the branches of the Company and hence could not verify the underlying security in respect of gold loans. We are relying on the internal control system in force and management representation with respect to the same.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statement of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statement as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Provision	for	Expected	Credit
-----------	-----	----------	--------

As against the provisioning norms earlier prescribed by Reserve Bank of India and adopted by the Company in prior years, Ind-AS 109 (Financial Instruments) requires the Company to recognise Expected Credit Loss (ECL) and impairment loss allowances on financial assets. ECL involves an estimation of probability weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, reasonable and considering supportable information about past current conditions, and events,

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We examined Board Policy approving methodologies for computation of ECL that address policies, procedures and controls for assessing and measuring credit risk on all lending exposures, commensurate with the size, complexity and risk profile specific to the Company.

We evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of controls across the processes relevant to ECL, including the judgements and estimates.

These controls included, among others, controls over the allocation of assets into stages including

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forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Company's loans and advances.

In the process, a significant degree of judgment has been applied by the Management for:

- Timely identification and classification of the impaired loans.
- Staging of loans [i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ('SICR') and 'default' categories].
- Determination and calculation of probability of default / Loss given default.
- Consideration of probability weighted scenarios and forward looking macro-economic factors for determining credit quality of receivables.
- Estimation of losses for loan products with no/minimal historical defaults

The outbreak of the COVID – 19 pandemic during the year has necessitated a high degree of Management's judgement to consider the possible impact of uncertainties associated with the same and the Management's judgement involved in estimation of ECL.

management's monitoring of stage effectiveness, model monitoring including the need for post model adjustments and disclosures.

We assessed the criteria for staging of loans based on their past-due status to check compliance with requirement of Ind AS 109. Tested a sample of performing (stage 1) loans to assess whether any SICR or loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under stage 2 or 3.

We tested the appropriateness of determining the Exposure At Default (EAD), Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) for a samples of exposure.

We performed an overall assessment of the ECL provision levels at each stage including management's assessment on Covid-19 impact to determine if they were reasonable in considering the Company's portfolio, risk profile, credit risk management practices and the macroeconomic environment.

We assessed disclosures included in the financial statement in respect of expected credit losses including the specific disclosures made with regards to the impact of COVID-19 on ECL estimation.

Information technology

Financial accounting and reporting

We obtained an understanding of the Company's IT control environment and changes during the audit

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processes, are fundamentally reliant on IT systems and IT controls to process significant volumes of transaction. The Company's financial accounting and reporting processes are so highly dependent on the automated controls in information systems, that there exists a risk that gaps in the IT control environment could result in the financial accounting and reporting records being materially misstated.

In the month of Feb 2020 company implemented a new IT Software, and most of the post live fine tuning was during the F.Y 2020-21. The outbreak of the COVID – 19 pandemic during the year; subsequent lockdown and travel restrictions affected the speed of IT Software implementation related work.

From a financial reporting perspective the Company uses and we have tested the financial accounting and reporting system and loan management systems and other tools for its overall financial reporting. period that may be relevant to the audit.

We tested a sample of key controls operating over the information technology in relation to financial accounting and reporting systems, including system access and system change management.

We evaluated the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the significant accounts-related IT automated controls which are relevant to the accuracy of system calculation, and the consistency of data transmission.

We obtained an understanding of the Company's Internal control environment and check available IT set up, to counter the shortfalls if any in the IT infrastructure.

Information Other than the Financial Statement and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statement

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statement that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an

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auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the
 Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the
 Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

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 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statement of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

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RB JAIN AND ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under. *Except Ind AS-19 Employee Benefits (Provision for Gratuity Payable has not been made in accordance with IND AS. However the company has created specific reserve of Rs.81.33 Lakhs in this regard.)
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations against the company which would impact its financial position.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

 There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For R.B Jain and Associates,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN:22019454 AMHBN05587

Palarivattom, 23-05-2022

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RB JAIN AND ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (B)The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner, designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book's records and the physical Property, Plant and Equipment have been noticed.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed provided to us by the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company;
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the valuation report issued by a registered valuer, the value of one of the property has been enhanced from Rs.172.48 Lakhs to 328.48 Lakhs which accounts to 90.70% of its purchase value. A change up to 4.18% in net carrying value of class of asset is affected by such enhancement.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the nature of the Company's business is such that it is not required to hold any inventories. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- (b)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees from banking institution on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns filed by the company with bank are in agreement with the books of the company.
- (a)The company being an NBFC whose principle business is to give loans is exempt from clause 3(iii)(a)
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the company's interest.
 - (c) In respect of loans granted by the company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are generally been regular except in few cases.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is an overdue amount of Rs.4,292.53/- lakhs for more than ninety days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the company for the recovery of principle and interest.
 - (e) The company being an NBFC whose principle business is to give loans is exempt from clause 3(iii) (e).
 - (f) The company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying the terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.
- 4) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- 5) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any public deposit from the public within the meaning of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified. Thus reporting under clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

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- As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company. Thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Goods and Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.
- 8) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, there are no transactions surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which are not recorded in the books of account.
- 9) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the loans are applied by the company for the purpose for which the same has obtained.
 - (d) The company has not raised any funds on short term basis from any lender. Accordingly, clause 3 (ix) (d) of the order is not applicable for the company.

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- (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures hence clause 3 (ix) (e) does not apply to company.
- (f) The company does not have subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ix) (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 10)(a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has raised money by way of public issue of debt instruments and the money raised has been applied for the purpose for which they have been raised.
 - (b) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has complied with the requirements of section 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the amount raised by preferential allotment or private placement of

shares during the year under review have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of fully, partially or optionally convertible debentures.

- 11)(a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, no offence involving fraud is being or has been committed against the company by officers or employees of the company. Accordingly, clause 3 (xi) (c) doesn't apply to the company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not received any whistle – blower complaints during the year.
- 12) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 and there was no transactions falling under the

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purview of section 188 during the year. The transactions with related parties have been disclosed in the Financial Statement as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- 14)(a)The company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b)To ensure the robustness of internal audit system and internal control system in the company we have reviewed the reports made by internal auditors of the company for the period of auditing and found that the internal control systems implemented by management are effective and internal audit procedures are adequate for the company.
- Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 16) (a) The Company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and has obtained the registration.
 - (b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) In our opinion, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company with in the group and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order is not applicable.
- 17) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not incurred cash, losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18) During the year there was no resignation of Statutory Auditor.

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- 19) On the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report indicating that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the company and when they fall due.
- 20)(a)There are no unspent amount towards Corporate Social responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to sub section (5) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

(b) There are no unspent amount on ongoing projects which requires to be transferred to special account in compliance with 135(6) of the Companies Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the order is not applicable for the year.

For R.B Jain and Associates,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas BSc, FCA

Partner (M.No.019454)

UDIN:22019454 AMHBN 05587

Palarivattom, 23-05-2022.



RB JAIN AND ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statement of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statement of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

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Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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RB JAIN AND ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CIVIL LANE ROAD, PALARIVATTOM, COCHIN -25

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For R.B Jain and Associates,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Partner (M.No.019454)

UDIN:22019454 AMHBNO5587

Palarivattom, 23-05-2022.

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Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

	Baranc	Note	March 31, 2022 As at	As at
51.	Particulars	No.	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
o.	ASSETS			
	ASSELS			
1	Financial Assets		2 452 044 267	313,113,858
a)	Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	3,173,944,267	150,000
b)	Bank Balance Other than (a) above	7	67,850,000	7,329,707,005
(c)	Loans & Advances	8	10,580,030,470	24,770,000
(d)	Investments	9	nz pno 545	61,788,179
(e)	Other Financial Assets	10	96,980,545	01// 00/2
2	Non-Financial Assets		x0x are	43,883,299
(a)	Current Tax Assets (Net)	11	77,304,475	46,383,569
(b)	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	12	35,264,034	328,707,771
(c)	Property, Plant and Equipment	13	557,735,114	5,432,438
(d)	Other Intangible Assets	14	4,207,129 128,522,604	84,482,833
(e)	Other Non-Financial Assets	15	120,322,004	73.57.57.5
	TOTAL		14,721,838,638	8,238,418,952
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
1	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Payables	100	6,641,139,387	2,539,640,931
(b)	Debt Securities	16 17	636,967,066	102,039,09
(c)	Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	18	5,333,154,000	4,250,788,000
(d)	Subordinated Liablities	19	486,365,773	339,742,78
(e)	Other Financial liabilities	19	100,000,110	
2	Non-Financial Liabilities		10 004 125	31,848,99
(a)	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	20	48,884,435	11,384,90
(b)	Other Non-Financial Liabilities	21	7,203,322	11,504,20
3	EQUITY			679,282,28
(a)	Equity Share Capital	22	1,148,751,280	283,691,96
(b)	Other Equity	23	419,373,374	200,091,90
	TOTAL		14,721,838,638	8,238,418,95

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates.,

Chartered Accountants (FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 22019454AMHBNO5587

Place:Palarivattom Date: 23-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese

Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair

Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Dalee

Chief Financial Officer

Srikanth G. Menon

Company Secretary

Statement of Profit and Loss for the Period ended March 31, 2022

	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
I F	Revenue From Operations Interest Income	24	1,794,343,418	1,237,615,874
11	Other Income	25	64,782,924	27,504,600
m	Total income (I+II)		1,859,126,342	1,265,120,474
3	EXPENSES Finance Costs Impairment on Financial Instruments Employee benefits expenses Depreciation, amortization and impairment Other expenses	26 27 28 29 30	1,045,039,707 6,336,969 296,039,394 52,212,487 285,659,385	730,405,267 -13,850,403 187,823,938 39,518,772 210,962,022
IV	Total expenses		1,685,287,942	1,154,859,596
v vi	Profit/(Loss) before Tax (III-IV) Tax Expense: 1. Current Tax 2. Deferred Tax 3. Tax relating to prior years paid on settlement	31	173,838,401 48884434.7 11,119,536	110,260,878 31,848,995 562,67 7,265,49
VII	Profit/(Loss) for the Period (V-VI)		113,834,430	70,583,71
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income		7	•
IX	Total Comprehensive Income (VII+VIII)		113,834,430	70,583,71
x	Earnings per Equity Share Basic & Diluted (Rs.)	32	2.10	5

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates., Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN:22019454AMHBN0558T

Place:Palarivattom Date: 23-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Dalee

Chief Financial Officer

Srikanth G. Menon Company Secretary Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2022 PARTICULARS	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES : Net profit Before Taxation	173,838,401	110,260,878
Adjustments for: Depreciation and Amortisation Finance costs Interest on income tax Impairment on financial instruments	52,212,487 1,045,011,723 27,984 6,336,969	39,518,772 730,390,383 14,884 (13,850,403)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	1,277,427,563	866,334,514
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans & Advances -Financial Assets (Increase)/Decrease in Other Financial Assets (Increase)/Decrease in Other non Financial Assets Increase/(Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	(3,256,660,434) (35,192,366) (44,039,771) 146,622,986 (4,181,581)	(2,337,557,256) (15,357,065) (2,789,499) 152,170,935 8,534,680
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Non financial Liabilities Cash from operations	(1,916,023,603)	(1,328,663,691)
Net income tax paid	(65,270,171)	(57,628,083)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	(1,981,293,774)	(1,386,291,774)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Capital Expenditure Purchase of investments Bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents Net Cash From Investing Activities	(327,692,210) 24,770,000 (67,700,000) (370,622,210)	10,000,000
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from issuance of equity shares Share Premium on issue of equity shares Proceeds from issue of Debentures Proceeds from issue of Subordinate debts (Repayment)/ Increase in long-term borrowings Dividend Paid Finance cost Net Cash From Financing Activities	469,469,000 123,867,250 4,101,498,457 1,082,366,000 534,927,975 (54,342,582 (1,045,039,707 5,212,746,392	798,660,028 1,200,452,000 262,452) (53,128,228)) (730,405,267
	2,860,830,409	(48,702,566
NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)		
OPENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	313,113,858	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,173,944,266	313,113,858

As per our report of even date attached

For R.B Jain and Associates.,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA Partner (M. No. 019454)

UDIN: 22019454AMHBN05587

Place:Palarivattom Date: 23-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Manoj Raveendran Nair

Chief Executive Officer

Thanish Dalee

Chief Financial Officer

Srikanth G. Menon

Company Secretary

Hyderabad

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

Equity Shares of '10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid

469,469,000

46,946,900

67,928,228

Nos.

Amount 679,282,280

Particulars
As at March 31, 2021
Issued during the year
As at March 31, 2022

b. Otner Equity	-		Re	Reserves and Surplus				
Particulars	Statutory Reserve	Securities Premium	Debenture Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Reserve	Specific Reserve	comp
		COLUMN STREET		408.000	9,026,251	109,856,310	•	
As at March 31, 2021 Dividends Transfer to/ from Retained Earnings Specific Purpose	48,383,843	116,017,502	() () () () ()	X ()	(54,342,582) (22,766,886) (8,133,136)	t 1 1	8,133,136	

123,867,250 -47,677,690 113,834,430 419,373,374

8,133,136

62,178,620

113,834,430

408,000

47,677,690

283,691,966

Total

prehensive

Other

Income

As per our report of even date attached

Profit for the year (net of taxes)

As at March 31, 2022

For R.B Jain and Associates.,

Chartered Accountants
(FRN: 103951M)

Partner (M. No. 019454)
UDIN: 220194-54AMHBNO5584
Place:Palarivattom

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Date: 23-05-2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

239,884,812

71,150,729

123,867,250

Other Additions/Deductions during the year Sacurities premium received during the year of timpact of assets revalued during the year.

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

Srikanth G. Menon Company Secretary

Thanish Dalee
Chief Financial Officer

Director (DIN: 06484566)

Biji Shibu

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, (the Company), is a Public limited company, incorporated on 28 April 1997. The Company was registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and primarily engaged in lending and related activities. The Company has received the certificate of registration 09.00006 on 13th December, 1997 enabling the Company to carry on business as Non-Banking Financial Company.

The Company offers broad suite of lending and other financial products such as gold loan, mortgage loan, loan against securities, micro finance loans etc.

The registered office of the Company is at Door No. 3-3-408/1, First Floor, RTC Colony, Opposite SBI Bank, LB Nagar, Mansoorabad, Hyderabad, Rangareddi, Telangana – 500074.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the application of fair value measurements required or allowed by relevant Accounting Standards. Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

The above financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed read with relevant rules issued there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India mainly considering the Master Directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as applicable to Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosed amount of contingent liabilities. Areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions are significant to the Company are discussed in Note 5 – Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions.

Consolidation of financial statement is not applicable to the company as KMLM Financial Services Limited the wholly owned subsidiary of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited pursuant to Extra Ordinary General Meeting resolution dated 25th January 2022 initiated the voluntary winding up procedure and appointed Mr. P D Vincent as the official liquidator of the company who manage the accounts and affairs of the company there after. National Company Law Tribunal passed the winding up order on 5th May 2022 (Order No: CP(IB) /28/KOB/2022, Under Section 59 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016)

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR).

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The financial statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division III) of the Companies Act, 2013 applicable to NBFCs, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis.



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These separate financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the generally accepted accounting principles as referred to above.

3. IMPACT OF COVID-19

The COVID-19 outbreak is on-going and the actual extent of its impact on the economy globally in general and in India, in particular remains uncertain. The outbreak has contributed to a significant decline and volatility in the global and Indian financial markets and slowdown in the economic activities. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has issued guidelines relating to COVID-19 Regulatory Package dated March 27, 2020, April 17, 2020 and May 23, 2020 and in accordance therewith, the Company has offered an optional moratorium of six months on the payment of all principal instalments and/or interest, as applicable, for the loans disbursed up to covid period and during the year 2020. For all such accounts where the moratorium is granted, the asset classification shall remain stand still during the moratorium period.

Further, the Company has, based on current available information and based on the policy approved by the board, determined the prudential estimate of provision for impairment of financial asset as at March 31, 2020. Based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company considers this provision to be adequate.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1. Financial Instruments

(I) Financial Assets

a) Initial recognition

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. In case of financial assets which are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

b) Subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories depending on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the Company's business model for managing financial assets:

- a. Financial assets measured at amortised cost- A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- b. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) - A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- c. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL.

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c) Investment in Subsidiary

The company does not have any investment in subsidiaries as on 31st March 2022. An income of Rs. 15,25,924 received on 30th March 2022 from Profit on sale of investment in a subsidiary which was subsequently wounded up has been considered in preparation of company's financials.

d) Other Equity Investments

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the Company has elected to present the changes in fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

(II) Financial Liabilities

a) Initial recognition

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, non-convertible debentures, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

b) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

4.2. Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

(I) Financial Assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual cash flows from the asset expire or it transfers its rights to receive contractual cash flows from the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

(II) Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

4.3. Impairment of financial assets

1. Overview of the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model

The Company recognises impairment allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets held at amortised cost. The Company recognises loss allowances (provisions) for expected credit losses on its financial assets (including non-fund exposures) that are measured at amortised costs or at fair value through other comprehensive income account.

The ECL provision is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset (the lifetime expected credit loss), unless there has been no significant increase in credit risk since

origination, in which case, the allowance is based on the 12 months' expected credit loss. The 12-month ECL is the portion of the lifetime ECL that represent the ECLs that result from default events on financial assets that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company performs an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

The Company applies a three-stage approach to measuring expected credit losses (ECLs).

Stage 1: 12-months ECL

For financial assets where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired upon origination, the portion of the lifetime ECL associated with the probability of default events occurring within the next 12 months is recognised.

Stage 2: Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired

For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but are not credit impaired, a lifetime ECL (i.e. reflecting the remaining life time of the financial asset) is recognised.

Stage 3: Lifetime ECL - credit impaired

Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred. For financial assets that have become credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised and interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost (net of provision) rather than the gross carrying amount.

The Company has identified a zero bucket for financial assets that are not overdue.

II. Estimation of Expected Credit Loss

The Company has calculated ECL using three main components: a probability of default (PD), a loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD). ECL is calculated by multiplying the PD, LGD and EAD and adjusted for time value of money using a rate which is a reasonable approximation of EIR.

Probability of Default (PD) - The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. The Company uses historical information where available to determine PD.

Exposure at Default (EAD) - The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, expected draw downs on committed facilities.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – The Loss Given Default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral.

4.4. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet only if there is an enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts with an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.5. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and shortterm deposits, as defined above.

4.6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment,

Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each reporting date are shown under other non-financial assets. The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for its intended use at each reporting date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income /expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised. The date of disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

4.7. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life.

Gains or losses from de-recognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.8. Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using the written down value method. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

The estimated useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment for the current period are as follows:

Asset

Building
Computers and servers
Office equipment
Furniture and fixtures
Vehicles

Useful life
30-60Years
3-6 Years
5 Years
10 Years
8-10 Years

Intangible Assets are amortised on a Straight Line basis over the estimated useful economic life. Computer Software which is not an integral part of the related hardware is classified as an intangible asset, and amortised over a period of five years, being its estimated useful life.

4.9. Impairment of non-financial assets

At Balance Sheet date, an assessment is done to determine whether there is any indication of impairment in the carrying amount of the Company's assets. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

An assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The carrying amount of the fixed asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the fixed asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on written down value basis over its remaining useful life.

4.10. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

(I) Interest Income

The Company recognises Interest income by applying the effective interest rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets and other credit-impaired financial assets. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Company applies the

credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition. Such interests, where instalments are overdue in respect of non-performing assets are recognised on realization basis.

The EIR in case of a financial asset is computed

a) As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.

b) By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows

^{*} Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (upto) the date on which asset is ready for use (disposed of).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

c) Including all fees received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets required to be measured at FVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate as not gain on fair value changes.

Other Income: In respect of the other heads of income, the Company accounts the same on accrual basis.

(II) Recognition of revenue from sale of goods or services

Revenue (other than for Financial Instruments within the scope of Ind AS 109) is measured at an amount that reflects the considerations, to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation

Processing fee which is not form part of effective interest rate has been recognised as and when it is accrued.

(III) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established. This is established when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

4.11.Finance cost

Finance costs represents Interest expense recognised by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial liabilities other than financial liabilities classified as FVTPL.

The EIR in case of a financial liability is computed

- As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the amortised cost of a financial liability.
- b) By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows
- c) Including all fees paid between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest expense includes issue costs that are initially recognised as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortised over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to advisers and other expenses such as external legal costs, Rating Fee etc, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability.

4.12.Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits: All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense)

Defined Contribution Plan

Eligible employees of the Company receive benefits from provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the eligible employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the Government administered provident fund scheme equal to a specified percentage of the eligible employee's salary. Amounts collected under the provident fund plan are deposited with in a government administered provident fund.

The Company's contribution to employee state insurance scheme is considered as defined contribution plans and is charged as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

The Company has not made any provision for gratuity payable during the year in accordance with IND AS. However, the company has created a specific reserve of Rs. 81,33,136 during the year.

4.13.Income taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred income tax.

Current income tax for current year and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss i.e., either in other comprehensive income or in equity. Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary timing differences and tax losses can be utilised. The Company offsets income tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.14.Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equities shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

4.15.Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the enterprise determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

4.16.Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

4.17.Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

4.18.Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged in the business segment of Financing, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. The Company has concluded that the business of lending finance is the only reportable segment.



4.19.Leases

With effect from April 1, 2019, the Company has applied Ind AS 116 'Leases' to all lease contracts existing on April 01, 2019 by adopting the modified retrospective approach. Accordingly, the comparative information is not required to be restated.

The Company evaluates each contract or arrangement, whether it qualifies as lease as defined under Ind AS 116. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The Company as a lessee

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months and leases with low value assets. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with periods covered by an option to extend the lease, where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit. The related cash flows are classified as operating activities.

Wherever the above exception permitted under Ind AS 116 is not applicable, the Company at the time of initial recognition:

- measures lease liability as present value of all lease payments discounted using the Company's
 incremental cost of borrowing and directly attributable costs. Subsequently, the lease liability is
 increased by interest on lease liability, reduced by lease payments made and remeasured to reflect
 any reassessment or lease modifications specified in Ind AS 116 'Leases', or to reflect revised fixed
 lease payments.
- measures 'Right-of-use assets' as present value of all lease payments discounted using the Company's incremental cost of borrowing and any initial direct costs. Subsequently, 'Right-of-use assets' is measured using cost model i.e., at cost less any accumulated depreciation (depreciated on straight line basis over the lease period) and any accumulated impairment losses adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability specified in Ind AS 116 'Leases'

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosure and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

5.1. Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how

groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

5.2. Fair value measurement

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

5.3. Impairment of loans portfolio

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

5.4. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method

The Company's EIR methodology recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, probable fluctuations in collateral value as well as expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

5.5. Other estimates

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 6 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Cash on hand	112,401,385.74	48,424,347
(b) Balance with banks In current accounts In fixed deposits (with maturity of less than 3 months)	1,104,642,881.67 1,956,900,000.00	212,089,511 52,600,000
TOTAL	3,173,944,267	313,113,858

Note 7 - Bank Balance Other Than Above

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Balance deposits with maturity more than 3 months	67,850,000.00	150,000
(b) On Escrow Accounts		
Unpaid Dividend account		
TOTAL	67,850,000	150,000

Note 8 - Loans

		As at	March 31, 2022		
			At Fair Value		
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Through other Comprehensive Income	Through profit/loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Loans					
(A)	The second second				
Gold Loan	6,254,693,601	+€1	100	5	6,254,693,601
Business Loan	3,470,024,529	-			3,470,024,529
Personal Loan	119,726,898	16	7.	-	119,726,898 145,901
Vehicle Loan	145,901			-	
Microfinance Loan	885,080,021	,-			885,080,021
Total (A) - Gross	10,729,670,950	19		+	10,729,670,950
Less: Impairment loss allowance	149,640,480	Y		141	149,640,480
Total (A) - Net	10,580,030,470	-	. Tree	÷	10,580,030,470
(B)					
(i) Secured by tangible assets (ii) Covered by Bank/Government	9,844,590,929	-	+	8	9,844,590,929
guarantees		81	*	8	222 00.00
(ii) Unsecured	885,080,021		7	(4)	885,080,021
Total (B) - Gross	10,729,670,950			-	10,729,670,950
Less: Impairment loss allowance	149,640,480			1.6	149,640,480
Total (B) - Net	10,580,030,470	7:		+ 1	10,580,030,470
(C)					
Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector	100	-	141		
(ii) Others	10,729,670,950		41		10,729,670.950
Total (C) - Gross	10,729,670,950	1			10,729,670,950
Less: Impairment loss allowance	149,640,480	-	-	4	149,640,480
Total (C) - Net	10,580,030,470		- 4	4	10,580,030,470



		As a	t March 31, 2021		
			At Fair Value		
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Through other Comprehensive Income	Through profit/loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Loans					
(A)					
Gold Loan	3,787,122,458		-	-	3,787,122,458
Business Loan	2,883,344,438	9	(+)		2,883,344,438
Personal Loan	119,366,346				119,366,346
Vehicle Loan	165,440	-		-	165,440
Microfinance Loan	683,011,833				683,011,833
Total (A) - Gross	7,473,010,516				7,473,010,516
Less: Impairment loss allowance	143,303,511				143,303,511
Total (A) - Net	7,329,707,005		-		7,329,707,005
(B)					
(i) Secured by tangible assets (ii) Covered by Bank/Government	6,789,998,683	•	1	*	6,789,998,683
guarantees	-	-	-		+
(ii) Unsecured	683,011,833	- 1		*	683,011,833
Total (B) - Gross	7,473,010,516				7,473,010,516
Less: Impairment loss allowance	143,303,511		-	+	143,303,511
Total (B) - Net	7,329,707,005		-	-	7,329,707,005
(C)					
Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector		9.	-	4	4
(ii) Others	7,473,010,516	+		4	7,473,010,516
Total (C) - Gross	7,473,010,516	-	-		7,473,010,516
Less: Impairment loss allowance	143,303,511	*	-	4	143,303,511
Total (C) - Net	7,329,707,005		-		7,329,707,005

Summary of ECL provisions

Particulars		F.Y. 2021	1-22	
ratticulars	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gold Loan	662,608	6,649,617	5,135,591	12,447,816
Business Loan	4,957	1,863,996	59,976,893	61,845,846
Personal Loan		-	36,822,189	36,822,189
Vehicle Loan		-	51,244	51,244
Microfinance Loan	668,895	385,275	37,419,216	38,473,386
Total Closing ECL provision	1,336,460	8,898,888	139,405,132	149,640,480



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Summary of ECL provisions

		F.Y. 2020)-21	
Particulars	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
A 111	21,563	119,255	5,171,902	5,312,721
Gold Loan	1,631,707	560,671	102,479,636	104,672,015
Business Loan	-	-	17,904,952	17,904,952
Personal Loan				-
Vehicle Loan	10,834	59,093	15,343,897	15,413,824
Microfinance Loan Total Closing ECL provision	1,664,104	739,019	140,900,388	143,303,511

Note 9 - Investment

Note 9 - Investments			As at March	31, 2021	
		At Fair V	alue		
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Through other Comprehensive Income	Through profit/loss	Others	Total
(A) Equity instruments in subsidiaries (i) Wholly owned subsidiary (Unquoted)					
21,550 equity shares of Rs. 1,000/- each fully paid in KMLM Financial Services Limited			-	24,770,000	24,770,000
				24,770,000	24,770,000
Total (A) - Gross					+
(i) Investments outside India	1	-		24,770,000	24,770,000
(ii) Investments in India	-	-	•	24,770,000	24,770,000
Total (B) - Gross					
Less:Impairment loss allowance	4	-	-	•	-
Total - Net		1	- 1	24,770,000	24,770,000



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 10 - Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Interest accrued on fixed deposits (b) Security Deposits (c) Other Receivables	2,925,493.00 92,283,947.18 1,771,105.00	666,552 61,121,627
TOTAL	96,980,545	61,788,179

Note 11 - Current Tax Assets (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Advance tax and tax deducted at source	77,304,474.78	43,883,299
TOTAL	77,304,475	43,883,299

Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Fixed Asset: Timing difference on account of depreciation and amortisation Impairment of financial instruments Amortisation of expenses & income under effective interest rate method	14,862,356 37,661,519 (17,259,842)	12,918,027 36,066,631 (2,601,088
Total	35,264,034	46,383,569
Net deferred tax asset	35,264,034	46,383,56

Note 15 - Other Non-Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Balance with revenue Authorities GST receivable (b) Advances for land (c) Other Advances (d) Stock of Stationary	13,442,753.00 100,024,500.00 14,792,851.38 262,500.00	11,763,814 70,641,635 1,814,884 262,500
TOTAL	128,522,604	84,482,833

Note 16 - Debt Securities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
At Amortised Cost: (a) Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Privately Placed (b) Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Public Issue	76,820,000.00 6,564,319,387	113,880,000 2,425,760,931
Total (A)	6,641,139,387	2,539,640,931
Borrowings in India Borrowings outside India	6,641,139,387	2,539,640,931
TOTAL	6,641,139,387	2,539,640,931

Nature of Security:

Secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Malligai Nagar, Kombai Village, Uthampalayam Taluk, Theni District, Tamil Nadu.

Extend of Security:

Equal to the value of one time (one hundred percentage) of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

16.1 - Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Private Placement

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non Convertible Debentures 2018 – 19 Series	19,710,000	24,460,000
Non Convertible Debentures 2017 - 18 Series	52,010,000	72,810,000
Non Convertible Debentures 2016 - 17 Series	4,880,000	16,390,000
Non Convertible Debentures 2015 - 16 Series	220,000	220,000
TOTAL	76,820,000	113,880,000



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Interest wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non Convertible Debentures - 12.5%	9,770,000	15,150,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 12%	44,950,000	68,880,000
Non Convertible Debentures - < 12%	22,100,000	29,850,000
TOTAL	76,820,000	113,880,000

Maturity wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non Convertible Debentures - 60 months maturity	74,390,000	111,150,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 36 months maturity	2,430,000	2,730,000
TOTAL	76,820,000	113,880,000

16.2 - Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Public Issue

Series wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue VI)	1,776,522,000	
Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue V)	1,621,077,000	
Non Convertible Debentures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue IV)	1,500,000,000	
Non Convertible Debentures 2020 - 21 Series (Public Issue III)	788,481,000	1,242,893,000
Non Convertible Debentures 2019 - 20 Series (Public Issue II)	495,968,000	618,520,000
Non Convertible Debentures 2018 - 19 Series (Public Issue I)	452,608,000	581,207,000
	6,634,656,000	2,442,620,000
Sub Total	70,336,613	16,859,069
Less; EIR impact of transaction cost TOTAL	6,564,319,387	2,425,760,931

Interest wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non Convertible Debentures -> 12%	227499000	630,544,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 12%	285056000	334,700,000
Non Convertible Debentures -> 11.5% to 11.86%	713,385,000	1,010,815,000
Non Convertible Debentures - >11.25% to 11.5%	437,079,000	267,158,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 11% to 11.25%	1,888,839,000	
Non Convertible Debentures - <11%	3082798000	199,403,000
	6,634,656,000	2,442,620,000
Sub Total Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	70,336,613	16,859,069
TOTAL	6,564,319,387	2,425,760,931

Maturity wise classification of secured non convertible debentures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non Convertible Debentures - 80 months maturity	94,853,000	
Non Convertible Debentures - 78 months maturity	183,719,000	*
Non Convertible Debentures - 75 months maturity	217,735,000	216,810,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 72 months maturity	142,410,000	142,410,000
	1,951,273,000	776,665,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 60 months maturity	20,243,000	20,243,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 45 months maturity	1,176,339,000	541,511,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 36-months maturity	783.154,000	279,334,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 24 mouths maturity	591,134,000	128,606,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 18 months maturity	680,445,000	337,041,000
Non Convertible Debentures - 13 months maturity	793,351,000	DD / JOHN JOHN
Non Convertible Debentures - 12 months maturity	12,19-1511,013	2,442,620,000
Sub Total	6,634,656,000	
Less: EIR impact of transaction cost	70,336,613	16,859,069
TOTAL	6,564,319,387	2,425,760,931



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 17 - Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
501,392,235.00	3,122,491
140,340,903.95 4,766,072.57	98,916,600
636,967,066	102,039,091
636,967,066	102,039,091
636,967,066	102,039,091
	March 31, 2022 501,392,235.00 140,340,903.95 4,766,072.57 636,967,066

Nature of Security:

(a) Term Ioan from bank -

Vehicle loan - The loans are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicles against which the loans have been availed.

Particulars	Primary	Collateral	Guarantors
State Bank of India -Term Loan Of Rs 50.00Crs	Loan Receivables and other	bearing survey number:Sy.no 549,570/3-2,570 /3-3, Situated at door no 5/699, muringoor Thekkummuri, Chalakkudy. 680308, Admeasuring total Area:4.09 Acres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited(Sale Deed No.561/2019).	2.Biji Shibu

(b) Loans repayable on demand	Primary	Collateral	Guarantors
South Indian Bank (Limit - Rs 10.00 Crore) All book debts and receivables of the Company.		 EM of land in the name of Josekutty Xavier admeasuring 22.91 cents under Sy No: 1160/6B, 1160/6A; 32.57 cents under Sy No: 1160/8, 1160/7; 20.35 cents under Sy No:1159/9 and 21.61 cents under Sy No:1159/9 in Kothamangalam Village, Ernakulam District 	Josekuity Xavier Shibu T. Varghese Biji Shibu James Joseph Armbankudiyil Corporate guarantee M/s KMLM Chits India Limited
First ranking pari passu charge with existing secured creditors including debenture trustees on all movable assets inclusing book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, Loans & advances both present and future of the company at a margin of 30%. (For DP calculation only gold loan portifolio to be reckoned at the stipulatedmargin level of 30%.)		1.Residential Land(301) -EM of 54.73 Ares land under Sy no 322/4 of 8.90 ares, Syno.322/5 of 45.83 ares of Mazhuvannur Village, Kunnathunadu Taluk, Ernakulam District 2.Residential land with residential building(305) - EM of 82.35 Ares of Residential land and 479.03Sq meter residential building (82.35 ares(203.40 cents) under Re Sy no 470/11-3-3 of 21.22 ares, Re Sy no 470/11 of 2.26 ares Re Sy 470/11-3-2 of 22.54ares, Re Sy 470/11-1-2 of 19.95 ares, Re Sy 470/11-3 of 3.24 Ares, Re Sy470/2 of 8.44 Ares and Re Sy no 470/15 of 4.70 Ares)of valakam village "Muvattupuzha taluk, Ernakulam District 3.Residental Land_EM of 19.94 Ares of land under Sy No 385/2-2-4 of 6.07 ares "Sy No 385/2-2-5 of 7.80 ares and sy no 385/2-2-6 of 6.07 ares of Mazhuvannor Village, Kunnathunadu taluk, Ernakulam District.	



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 18 - Subordinated Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
At Amortised Cost:		
(a) Subordinated Debts	5,231,604,000	4,250,788,000
(b) Tier- 1 Capital - Perpectual Debt Instruments	101,550,000	21
Total (A)	5,333,154,000	4,250,788,000
Subordinated liability in India	5,333,154,000	4,250,788,000
Subordinated liability outside India		
TOTAL	5,333,154,000	4,250,788,000

18.1 - Unsecured Subordinated Debt - Private Placement

Series wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2020 - 22 Series	2,238,774,000	1,200,452,000	
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2019 - 20 Series	1,159,333,000	1,159,333,000	
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2018 - 19 Series	835,422,000	835,422,000	
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2017 - 18 Series	949,467,000	949,467,000	
Unsecured Subordinated Debt 2016 - 17 Series	48,608,000	106,114,000	
TOTAL	5,231,604,000	4,250,788,000	

Interest wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - > 12,5%	148016000	189,787,000
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12.5%	211259000	203,977,000
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12.25%	37413000	37,413,000
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 12%	979976000	851,687,000
Unsecured Subordinated Debt < 12%	3854940000	2,967,924,000
TOTAL	5,231,604,000	4,250,788,000

Maturity wise classification of unsecured subordinated debt

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 5 to 6 years maturity	307,052,000	323,315,000
Unsecured Subordinated Debt - 5 years maturity	4,924,552,000	3,927,473,000
TOTAL	5,231,604,000	4,250,788,000

Note 19 - Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Interest payable on debt securities	223,062,696.81	121,980,463
(b) Interest payable on subordinated debts	240,058,126.54	184,126,128
(c) Interest payable on PDI	498,476.71	
(d) Others	22,746,472.70	33,636,196
TOTAL	486,365,773	339,742,787

Note 20 - Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Income tax provision	48,884,434.70	31,848,995
	48,884,435	31,848,995

Note 21 - Other Non-Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Statutory remittances	7,203,321.55	11,384,902
TOTAL	7,203,322	11,384,902



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 22 - Equity Share Capital

The reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Authorised 115,000,000 (March 31, 2021 7,50,00,000.) equity Shares of '10/- each	1,150,000,000	750,000,000
	1,150,000,000	750,000,000
Issued, Subscribed & Fully Paid Up 114,875,128(March 31, 2021: 6,79,28,228.) equity Shares of '10/-each	1,148,751,280	679,282,280
TOTAL	1,148,751,280	679,282,280

i. Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	In Numbers	Amount
As at March 31, 2021	67,928,228	679,282,280
Shares Issued during the Year	46,946,900	469,469,000
As at March 31, 2022	114,875,128	1,148,751,280

ii. Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of '10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

iii. Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% Shares

The second second	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
Name of shareholder	No: of shares	% of Holding	No: of shares	% of Holding
Shibu T Varghese	13,141,220	11.44	7,840,700	11.54
Alevamma Varghese	9,998,380	8.70	5,841,450	8.60
Biji Shibu	8,758,800	7.62	4,926,300	7.25
Elen Elu Shibu	6,070,555	5.28	2,665,555	3.92



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 23 - Other Equity

Note 23 - Other Equity Particulars	Amount
Securities Premium	
As at March 31, 2021	116,017,562
Add: Additions upon share issue	123,867,250
As at March 31, 2022	239,884,812
Statutory Reserve	46,383,843
As at March 31, 2021	22,766,886
Add: Additions/(Deductions) during the year	71,150,729
As at March 31, 2022	1.2,234,1
General Reserve	408,000
As at March 31, 2022	300,000
Utilised during the year	
Specific Reserve	
As at March 31, 2021	8,133,136
Add: Additions/(Deductions) during the year	8,133,136
As at March 31, 2022	
Revaluation reserve	109,856,310
As at March 31, 2021	(47,677,690)
Add: Additions/(Deductions) during the year	62,178,620
As at March 31, 2022	02,270,020
Retained Earnings	9,026,251
As at March 31, 2021	113,834,430
Add: Profit for the year	(54,342,582
Less: Dividend	(22,766,886
less: Transfer to statutory reserve	(8,133,136
less: Transfer to Specific reserve	37,618,077
Total Other Equity	283,691,966
As at March 31, 2021	
As at March 31, 2022	419,373,374

Nature and purpose of Reserves

Securities premium

This Reserve represents the premium on issue of equity shares. The reserve can be utilised only for the purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Statutory reserve

Statutory Reserve is created as per the terms of section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. It requires every non banking finance institution which is a Company to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty percent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss before any dividend is declared. The Company has appropriated 20% of the Profit After Tax to the fund for the year.

Specific reserve

Specific reserves refers to the reserves that are created for a specific purpose in business. These reserves cannot be used for any other purpose apart from the purpose for which they were created.Rs 81.33 lakhs is towards gratuity liabilities of employees who have completed 5 years of service.

General reserve

Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of profit for the period at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. After the introduction of Companies Act 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the amount previously transferred to the general reserve can be utilised only in accordance with the specific requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

The revaluation reserves represents the gain/ loss attained by the company while revaluing its assets to fair market value. During the year, the company revalued some of its landed property and the gain/loss has been transerred to revaluation reserve.

Retained earnings

This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company.



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 24 - Interest Income

Particulars	For the year ended		
Tallicanos	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
On financial assets measured at amortised cost:			
(i) Interest on Loans	Towns Committee	10000000000	
Gold Loan	1,170,983,221.20	773,509,962	
Business Loan	422,226,807.60	337,246,943	
Personal Loan	130,915.00	11,275,980	
Vehicle Loan	8,661.74	24,550	
Microfinance Loans	189,592,599.00	104,522,973	
(ii) Interest on deposit with banks	10,392,155,59	10,826,422	
(iii) Other interest income	1,009,057.54	209,043	
TOTAL	1,794,343,418	1,237,615,874	

Note 25 - Other Income

For the year ended		
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
57,435,443.67	26,595,497	
432,111.29	30,069	
5,389,445.14	879,034	
1,525,924.38	3	
64,782,924	27,504,600	
	57,435,443.67 432,111.29 5,389,445.14 1,525,924.38	

e 26 - Finance Cost

Particulars	For the year ended		
Latticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on Borrowings (other than debt securities) Interest on Subordinate Debt Interest on Debenture Interest on PDI Others Interest on delayed payment of income tax	1,245,235.23 584,498,327.19 456,969,401.60 2,298,759.03 27,984.00	6,114,774 413,873,189 310,402,421	
TOTAL	1,045,039,707	730,405,267	

Note 27 - Impairment on Financial Instruments

Particulars	For the year ended		
Particulats	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
On financial assets measured at amortised cost: Loan Assets	6,336,969.05	-13,850,403	
TOTAL	6,336,969.05	-13,850,403	

Particulars	For the year	For the year ended		
Particulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Salaries & Wages	284,505,635,11	173,504,558		
Contributions to provident and other funds	11,179,351.00	14,319,380		
	354,408.00			
Gratuity	296,039,394	187,823,938		
TOTAL				

Note 29 - Depreciation, amortisation and impairment Particulars	For the year ended			
Particulats	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Depreciation of tangible assets Amortisation of intangible assets	50,810,377.00 1,402,109.50	37,312,186 2,206,586		
TOTAL	52,212,487	39,518,772		



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Particulars	For the year end	
atticumo	TYPING TO A MARKET	March 31, 2021
Advertisement	51,180,983.00	31,251,785
Audit Expenses	50,944.00	116,810
Audit Fee	1,000,000.00	817,500
Bank Charges	3,115,571.61	835,053
Bad Debts written off		817,500
Business Promotion	4,371,013.58	1,110,443 776,057
Celebration Expense	754,166.00	625,010
Collection Expenses	614,996.50	1,016,719
Computer & Software Expenses	837,660.94	724,715
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	1,475,190.44	/24,/13
Crisil rating expenses	185,115.44	10.079
Customer Meet expenses	111,486.00	19,078
Cibil Charges	489,219.00	266,773 110,000
Debenture Trustee Remuneration	100,000.00	3,706,630
Discount Given	6,198,915.00	5,577,809
Electricity Charges	7,028,293.64	1,001,284
Fuel Expenses	1,139,064.00	244,56
Inaugural Expense	955,889.12	42,991,61
Incentive	34,957,333.83	8,175,37
Insurance Charges	1,686,855.00	2,370,64
Internet Charges	2,294,853.72	3,722,46
Legal Expense	2,499,758.00	3,55
Loss on Auction Gold	3,555,862.50	218.96
Marketing Expenses	528,584.00	1,632,35
Meeting Expenses	1,327,062.00	4,50
Membership Fee	57,300.00	7,79
Miscellaneous Expense	2,194,01	165,35
Newspaper & Periodicals	251,419.00	8,707,50
Office Expense	12,386,589.78	980,10
Postage	2,043,819.60	3,761,4
Printing & Stationery	8,298,119.40	2,664,1
Professional Fee	5,192,270,27	4,139,5
Public Issue	9,965,049.22	747,9
Rates & Taxes	1,088,471.70	56,334,1
Rent	88,614,264.46	764,6
Repairs and Maintenance	873,473,31	337,8
Repairs and Maintenance-Building	466,129.46	1,410,9
ROC Filing Charge	974,438.31	135,0
Sitting Fees	275,000.00	2,647,3
Staff Training Expense	6,347,035.92	4,123,1
Telephone charges	4,965,289.33	8,546,
Travelling expenses	14,731,246.91	6,627,
GST & flood cess Paid	1,515,623.36	447,
Vehicle Maintenance	780,151.45	276/
Water Charges	372,682.00	210,962,
TOTAL	285,659,385	210,962,

Note - 30.1

Payment to the auditors comprises :	For the year	For the year ended		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
As auditors - statutory audit	800,000 200,000	600,000 150,000		
For taxation matters	1,000,000	750,000		



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Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 31 - Income Tax

The components of income tax expense for the year ended March 31, 2021 and year ended March 31, 2020 are:

Particulars	For the year ended			
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Current tax	48,884,435	31,848,995		
Tax relating to prior years paid on settlement*		7,265,499		
Deferred Tax	11,119,536	562,671		
Income tax expense reported in statement of profit and loss	60,003,970	39,677,164		

The Company has computed the tax expense of the current financial year as per the tax regime announced under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, tax expense for the year comprising current and deferred tax as per Indian Accounting Standards -12 Income Taxes have been recognised using the reduced tax rates applicable.

* A search and seizure proceedings was initiated by the Income Tax Department under Section 132 of the Income-Tax Act, 1961 on October 5, 2015 in the business premises of the Company and other group Companies. Simultaneously, search was also conducted in the residential premises of the Directors. Further, a survey under section 133A of the Income Tax Act, 1961 was also conducted in the business premises of the branches of the Company. Pursuant to the IT Search and Seizure Proceedings, the Company received notices under section 148 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Centre Circle, Kochi. It was alleged that the Company had generated undisclosed income and utilized the same over the period because of which the Company, subsequently, approached the Income Tax Settlement Commission, Chennai Bench ("The Commission"). The Company declared an additional income of '401.64 lakhs before the Settlement Commission for the assessment years 2013-14 to 2016-17. The Settlement Commission through its order dated December 28, 2017 allowed the settlement application of the Company. Further, The Commission, vide its order under section 245(D)4 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, dated May 24, 2019 settled the income for the assessment years which were subject matter of settlement and allowed the payment of tax including interest in six quarterly installments. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle - 1, Frnakulam, passed an order dated August 29, 2019 giving effect of the order of the Settlement Commission. The Company has as at March 31, 2021 paid off the entire tax liability including interest.

Note 32 - Earnings per share

Particulars	For the year ended		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Net profit for calculation of basic earnings per share	113,834,430	70,583,713	
Weighted average number of shares used as denominator for calculating basic and			
diluted earning per share	52,776,961	56,990,865	
Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	2.16	1.24	

Note 35 - Related party disclosures

Names of Related Parties

(A) Key Management Personnel

- 1) Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese
- 2) Manoj Raveendran Nair (From 31 12:2021 onwards)
- 3) Thanish Dalee
- 4) Srikanth G. Menon

Designation

Whole-time Director Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

(B) Entities in which KMP / Relatives of KMP can exercise significant influence

- 1) KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited
- 2) Payyoli Granites Private Limited

(C) Relatives of Key Management Personnel

Biji Shibu Elen Elu Shibu Erin Lizbeth Shibu Aleyamma Varghese Vithya Mathew Lakshmi P. S. w/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese d/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese d/o Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese Mother of Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese w/o Thanish Dalee w/o Srikanth G. Menon Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Related Party transactions during the year:

	KMP		Relatives of KMP	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Shares subscribed including share premium	63,756,500	25,000,000	186,867,875	75,000,000
Purchase of listed NCD of the Company	1,000,000	300,000.00	100,000	400,000
Purchase of sub-debts of the Company		AL PL		
Interest paid on listed NCD	57,145	67,778.08	7,450	101,422
Interest paid on subordinate debts		27		25,875
Remuneration paid	8,458,207	5,593,085		-
Professional consulting fees		550,000.00		
Sitting Fees	100,000	55,000.00		55,000
Particulars	Subsidiary Company		Entities in which KMP / Relatives of KMP can exercise significant influence	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Shares subscribed including share premium		- 8	6.7	
Investment in equity shares		24,770,000	(8)	-
Purchase of listed NCD of the Company	-	(+	1	
Purchase of sub-debts of the Company	-	1.2	1.3	141
Interest paid on listed NCD		1,882,987	-	~
Interest paid on subordinate debts	-			*
Remuneration paid	~			
Professional consulting fees	1.5	1.0	9	5
Sitting Fees		-		-

Balance outstanding as at the year end: Asset/	KMP		Relatives of KMP	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Investment in Subsidiary Company		8		*
Equity shares subscribed	131,412,200	(78,407,000)	281,802,350	(134,333,050)
NCD - Listed	1,000,000	(297,929)	100,000	(397,239)
Subordinate debt	1.2	1.5	*	(225,000)
Interest payable on NCD	21,905	(2,803)	7,450	(3,737)
Particulars	Subsidiary Company		Entities in which KMP / Relatives of KMP can exercise significant influence	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Investment in Subsidiary Company		24,770,000		
NCD - Listed	-		~	-
Interest payable on NCD	42		+	-

Note:

Related parties have been identified on the basis of the declaration received by the management and other records available and the same has been relied upon by the auditors.



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 36 - Capital

Capital Management

The Company's objective is to maintain appropriate levels of capital to support its business strategy taking into account the regulatory, economic and commercial environment. The Company aims to maintain a strong capital base to support the risks inherent to its business and growth strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain a higher capital base than the mandated regulatory capital at all times.

The Company's assessment of capital requirement is aligned to its planned growth which forms part of an annual operating plan which is approved by the Board and also a long range strategy. These growth plans are aligned to assessment of risks—which include credit, liquidity and interest rate. The Company monitors its capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR) on a regular basis through its Assets Liability Management Committee (ALCO).

Regulatory Capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Tier I Capital	1,568,024,872	801,301,928
Tier II Capital	828,446,025	463,475,058
Total capital	2,396,470,896	1,264,776,986
Risk Weighted Assets	11,440,573,208	7,873,339,086
Tier I CRAR	13.71%	10.18%
Tier II CRAR	7.24%	5.89%
Total capital ratio	20.95%	16.06%

Regulatory capital consists of Tier I capital, which comprises share capital, share premium, Perpectual Debt Instructment, statutory reserve and retained earnings including current year profit. The other component of regulatory capital is other Tier 2 Capital Instruments.



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 13 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Land	Computers and data processing units	Electrical Installations and Equipment	Furniture and furnishings	Office Equipments	Motor Vehicles	Total
Cost						18	
Deemed cost as at 1st April 2021	220,649,442	12,791,379	8,892,157	62,785,199	19,304,628	4,284,966	328,707,771
Additions	152,744,236	17,977,568	8,149,774	57,535,168	43,273,774	157,200	279,837,720
Disposals	6	r	T	•	,	î -	
Depreciation:							
Disposals	E	A.	î		+	+	H
Depreciation charge for the year	Ti-	11,323,809	2,622,840	24,801,199	10,534,268	1,528,261	50,810,377
Carrying Amount:							
As at 31st March 2021	220,649,442	12,791,379	8,892,157	62,785,199	19,304,628	4,284,966	328,707,771
18 at 31st March 2022	373,393,678	19,445,137	14,419,091	95,519,168	52,044,134	2,913,905	557,735,114

Note 14 - Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Computer
Cost	
Deemed cost as at 1st April 2021	5,432,438
Additions	176,800
Disposals	3
Accumulated Amortisation:	
Disposals	
Amortisation charge for the year	1,402,110
Carrying Amount:	
As at 31st March 2021	5,432,438
As at 31st March 2022	4,207,129



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled and considering contractual terms. For Loans and advances to customers, Note 33 - Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

(143,303,511) 7,473,010,516 24,770,000 43,883,299 46,383,569 5,432,438 84,482,833 2,556,500,000 313,113,858 150,000 61,788,179 8,238,418,951 177,707,771 Total As at March 31, 2021 After 12 months 1,823,049,000 46,383,569 5,432,438 150,000 1,906,151,018 24,770,000 61,121,627 177,707,771 2,077,384 2,231,490,296 -143,303,511 733,451,000 43,883,299 82,405,449 6,006,928,655 313,113,858 5,566,859,498 666,552 Within 12 months 6,711,476,000 3,173,944,267 10,729,670,950 -149,640,480 96,980,545 77,304,475 557,735,114 128,522,604 14,721,838,638 000'058'29 35,264,034 4,207,129 Total As at March 31, 2022 4.935,976,000 35,264,034 After 12 months 150,000 8,057,381,038 92,283,947 557,735,114 4,207,129 8,611,086,034 -149,640,480 13,705,253 6,110,752,603 000'005'524'1 67,700,000 2,672,289,912 4,696,598 77,304,475 114,817,351 3,173,944,267 Within 12 months maturity analysis is based on expected repayment behaviour - Adjustment on account of EIR/ECL Property, Plant and Equipment Scher Intangible Assets
Other Non-Financial Assets Bank Balance Other than above Cash and Cash Equivalents Deffered Tax Assets (Net) Current Tax Assets (Net) Other Financial Assets Non-Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Financial Assets LIABILITIES Total Assets Investments Particulars Payables ASSETS Loans

(16,859,069)

-16,959,069

3,122,491

98,916,600 106,114,000 213,826,683

5,333,154,000

486,365,773

636,967,066

-70,336,613

-70,336,613 388,981,114 4,335,079,000 202,481,039

> 247,985,952 000'540'866 283,884,733

Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) - Adjustment on account of EIR

Debt Securities

Other Non-Financial Liabilities

Total Liabilities

Net

Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

Non-Financial Liabilities

Other Financial liabilities

Subordinated Liabilities

250,788,000

4,144,674,000 125,916,104

339,742,787

102,039,091

11,384,902 7,275,444,706 962,974,245

> (3,848,312,230) 6,079,802,526

> > 4,811,386,475

1,568,124,655

(1,181,094,507) 9,792,180,541

3,361,533,442 2,749,219,162

48,884,435

7,203,322

13,153,713,983

1,195,542,180

31,848,995

31,848,995

48,884,435

7,203,322

11,384,902



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Risk is an integral part of the Company's business and sound risk management is critical to the success. As a financial lending institution, the Company is exposed to risks that are particular to its lending and the environment within which it operates. The Company has a risk management policy which covers risk associated with the financial assets and liabilities. The principal objective in Company's risk management

processes is to measure and monitor the various risks that Company is subject to and to follow policies and procedures to address such risks.

The Company's Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors constituted is responsible for the overall risk management approach, approving risk management strategies and principles.

The Risk Management Committee shall be responsible for the following:

- 1. Reviewing the operations of the organization followed by identifying potential threats to the organization and the likelihood of their occurrence, and then taking appropriate actions to address the most likely
- 2. Identifying the risks an organization is subject to, deciding how to manage it, implementing the management technique, measuring the ongoing effectiveness of management and taking appropriate correction action and provide a framework that enables future activities to take place in a consistent & controlled manner.

The Company is generally exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and operational risk.

Credit risk is the possibility of loss due to the failure of any counterparty abiding by the terms and conditions of any financial contract obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company's main indome generating activity is lending to customers and therefore credit risk is a principal risk. Credit risk mainly arises from loans and advances. \$\mathbb{R}\$

The Company addresses credit risk through following processes:

- 1. Through a rigorous loan approval and collateral appraisal process, as well as a strong NPA monitoring and collection strategy.
 - 2. Minimise losses due to defaults or untimely payments by borrowers
- 3. Credit risk on Gold loan is considerably reduced as collateral is in the form of Gold ornaments which can be easily liquidated and adequate margin of 25% or more is retained while disbursing the loan.

Classification of financial assets under various stages

Stage 1: unimpaired and without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a 12 month allowance for ECL is recognised; The Company classifies its financial assets in three stages having the following characteristics:

Stage 2: a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a lifetime ECL is recognised;

Stage 3: objective evidence of impairment, and are therefore considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired on which a lifetime ECL is recognised.

The Company considers a financial instrument as defaulted and therefore Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) calculations in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due (DPD) on its contractual payments. All financial assets are deemed to have suffered a significant increase in credit risk when they are 30 DPD and are accordingly transferred from stage 1 to stage 2. For stage 1 an ECL allowance is calculated based on a 12 month Point in Time probability weighted probability of default (PD). For stage 2 and 3 assets a life time ECL is calculated based on a lifetime PD.

The Company has calculated ECL using three main components: a probability of default (PD), a loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD)

Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise.

The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. To calculate the ECL for a Stage 1 loan, the Company assesses the possible default events within 12 months for the calculation of the 12 month ECL. For Stage 2 and Stage 3 financial assets, the exposure at default is considered for events over the lifetime of the instruments. The Company uses historical information wherever available to determine PD.

LGD is the estimated loss that the Company might bear if the borrower defaults. The Company determines its recovery by analysing the recovery trends, borrower rating, collateral value and expected proceeds from sale of asset. In estimating LGD, the company reviews macro-economic developments taking place in the economy.

Liquidity risk is the non-availability of cash to pay a liability that falls due. A company is deemed to be financially sound if it is in a position to carry on its business smoothly and meet all the obligations - both long term as well as short term - without strain. Liquidity Risk arises largely due to maturity mismatch associated with assets and liabilities of the Company. Liquidity risk stems from the inability of the Company to fund increase in assets, manage unplanned changes in funding sources and meet financial commitments when required

Campany has implemented liquidity management policy for reducing the risk relating to liquidity issues. Currently the policies relating to liquidity are as follows:

- 2. The Company ensures to keep liquidity to cover unexpected repayment obligation.
- 3. Promoting fund infusion by way of Non-Convertible debentures and subordinated debts so that due date for interest and maturity can be pre known.
 - 4. Funding from long terms sources and lending as short term loans.
- 5. Reducing the percentage of unsecured lending so that repayment up to a level is not affected.

incidence of prepayment before contracted maturity, the below maturity profile has been prepared by the management on the basis of historical pattern of repayments. In case of loans other than gold loan, the The table below shows the maturity pattern of significant financial assets and financial liabilities. In the case of loans, contracted tenor of gold loan is maximum of 12 months. However, on account of high maturity profile is based on contracted maturity.



KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Maturity nattorn of assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2022:

					6 months to 1				Not sensitive to	
Particulars	Upto 1 month	Upto 1 month 1 to 2 months 2 to 3 months 3 to 6 months	2 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Over 5 years	ALM*	Total
Financial Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	112,401,386	1,104,642,882	1,956,900,000	,	ī	1	r	1	Ł	3,173,944,267
Bank Balance Other than Cash and Cash Equivalents			•	000'002'29	3	1	,	150,000	ť	67,850,000
Loans	2,411,397,959	183,085,976	488,339,223	1,012,227,346	2,854,085,813	3,780,534,634	1	((149,640,480)	10,580,030,470
Investments			ı	-1	4	8	*	4	1	
Financial Liabilities										
Debt Securities	1,110,000	1,600,000	155,000	160,017,000	1,630,192,000	3,079,239,000	1,054,297,000	784,866,000	(70,336,613)	6,641,139,387
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	8,930,000	8,930,000	8,930,000	26,790,000	123,750,452	214,320,000	250,082,687	í	(4,766,073)	636,967,066
Subordinated Liabilities	7,402,000	2,582,000	3,550,000	35,074,000	949,467,000	835,422,000	1,159,333,000	2,340,324,000	1	5,333,154,000

^{*} represents adjustments on account of EIR/ECL

March 31 2021.

Particulars	Upto 1 month	Upto 1 month 1 to 2 months 2 to 3 months 3 to 6 months	2 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Not sensitive to ALM*	Total
Francial Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	313,113,858	+	i.	7	<u>.</u>			f		313,113,858
Bank Balance Other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		Í	ì				,	150,000		150,000
Loans	413,987,460	18,695,680	226,235,698	476,492,820	4,431,447,840	1,906,151,018	7	4	(143,303,511)	7,329,707,005
Investments	1	1.	,	•		Ŷ	7.	24,770,000	4	24,770,000
Financial Liabilities										
Debt Securities				337,261,000	396,190,000	997,362,000	691,247,000	134,440,000	(16,859,069)	2,539,640,931
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)					98,916,600	3,122,491	4	ď		102,039,091
Subordinated Liabilities	A	- 1)		106,114,000	1,784,889,000	1,960,457,000	399,328,000		4,250,788,000

^{*} represents adjustments on account of EIR/ECL



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Market risk refers to potential losses arising from the movement in market values of interest rates in the Company's line of business. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings to loss.

Interest rate risk is the risk where changes in the market interest rates might adversely affect the Company's financial condition. The interest rate risks are viewed from earning perspective and economic value perspective, respectively. Over the last several years, the Government of India has substantially deregulated the financial sector. As a result, interest rates are now primarily determined by the market, which has increased the interest rate risk exposure

The results of the Company's operations are substantially dependent upon the level of the net interest margins. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors beyond the Company's control, including the RBI's monetary policies, domestic and international economic and political conditions and other factors. Rise in inflation, and consequent changes in the bank rates, reportates and reserve reportates by the RBI has led to an increase in interest rates on loans provided by banks and financial institutions.

diversified resource-raising options to minimize cost and maximize stability of funds. The Company has Board Approved Asset Liability Management (ALM) policy for managing interest rate risk and policy for In order to manage interest rate risk, the company seek to optimize borrowing profile between short-term and long-term loans and the company adopts funding strategies to ensure determining the interest rate to be charged on the loans given.

Operational risk

Secure of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. The Company has instituted a series of checks and Caramana risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. The Company has instituted a series of checks and Caramana risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. The Company has instituted a series of checks and Caramana risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. balances, including an operating manual, and both internal and external audit reviews. Any loss on account of failure by employees to comply with defined appraisal mechanism is recovered out of their variable incentive. The Company also has detailed guidelines on movement and security measures of cash or gold. The Company cannot expect to eliminate all operational risks, but it endeavours to manage these risks through a control framework and by monitoring and responding to potential risks.



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

Note 38 - Disclosure with regard to dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises

Based on the information available with the Company and has been relied upon by the auditors, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ("MSMED") Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to principal amounts unpaid as at the period ended March 31, 2022 together with interest paid / payable are required to be furnished.

Note 39 - Details of the Auctions conducted with respect to Gold Loan

Year	Number of Loan Accounts	Amount due as on the date of auction	Value Fetched
31/03/2022	8431	892,222,276	888,666,413
31/03/2021	281	9,039,724	8,938,974

Note 40 - Disclosures required as per Reserve Bank of India Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

(& in laklis)

SI.	Particulars	As at March	31, 2022	As at March ?	1, 2021
No.	Liabilities side :	Amount out-standing	Amount overdue	Amount out-standing	Amount overdue
1	Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accr	ued thereon but			
	not paid:				
	(a) Debentures Secured	66,411.39	1	25,396.41	
	Unsecured	- 1	8	-	(6)
	(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)	- 1	- 1	201	
	(b) Deterred Credits	4.1	-		*
	(c) Term Loans	4,966.26		31.22	+
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing		4	-	-
	(e) Commercial Paper			*	
	(f) Public Deposits		-		-
	(g) Other Loans -			4	-
	Subordinated debt	52,316.04	8	42,507.88	
	Perpectual Debt Instruments	1,015.50	9	-	
	Cash credit / overdraft facilities from banks	1,403.41		989.17	-
	(a) In the form of Unsecured debentures (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures is shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits	where there is a -	3		
	(c) Other public deposits Assets side :		Amount ou	-standing	
3.	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [o included in (4) below]:	ther than those As at March		As at March	
	(a) Secured		98,445.91		67,899.9
	(b) Unsecured		8,850.80		6,830,
1	Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counti financing activities	ng towards asset			
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors : (a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease				
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors: (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed Assets	-		=	
	(iii) Other loans counting towards asset financing activities (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed			-	
	(b) Loans other than (a) above			7	



Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

eak-up of Investments	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
rrent Investments :	735 de Frinteit 51, avan	
1 Quoted:		
(i) Shares		
(a) Equity		
(b) Freference		
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	
(iii) Units of mutual funds	-	
(iv) Government Securities		
(v) Others (please specify)	*	
2 Unquoted : (i) Shares		
(a) Equity		
(b) Preference	2	S-1
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	T.	×
(iii) Units of mutual funds		
(iv) Government Securities		
(v) Others (please specify)		As at March 31, 2021
ong Term investments :	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
1 Quoted:		
(i) Shares		V =
(a) Equity		
(b) Preference	*	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds		
(iii) Units of mutual funds	~	
(iv) Government Securities		
(v) Others (please specify)		-
2 Unquoted:		
(i) Shares		247.70
(a) Equity		200.00
(b) Preference		
(ii) Debentures and Bonds		
(iii) Units of mutual funds		
(iv) Government Securities		
(v) Others (please specify)		

6 Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above :

-	rower group-wise classification of assets financed as ir	Amount net o	f provisions as at Marc	h 31, 2022	Amount net of pr	ovisions as at March 3	
	Category	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Total
1	Related Parties						
	(a) Subsidiaries		7	- 5	1	101	
	(b) Companies in the same group	181	-	1	200		
	(c) Other related parties Other than related parties	98,445,91	8,850,80	107,296.71	67,899.99	6,830.12	74,730,1

Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted)

	As at Mar	rch 31, 2022	As at Mar	ch 31, 2021
Category	Market Value / Break up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)	Market Value/ Break up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net o Provisions)
Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same group (c) Other related parties		1	-	247.70
Other than related parties Total		+	-	247.70

LOWI		
8 Other information	Amount As at Marh 31, 2022	Amount As at Marh 31, 2021
Particulars	Amount As at Marit 31, 2022	2.410.5
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets* (a) Related parties (b) Other than related parties (ii) Net Non-Performing Assets*	4,292.53	4,904.8
(a) Related parties (b) Other than related parties (iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	2,898.48	3,495.8

^{*} Stage 3 loan assets under Ind AS



Note 40.2 - Capital

tore work -	Capital	Asat	As at
St. No.	Particulars .	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1	CRAR (%)	20.95%	16.06%
	CRAR - Tier I Capital (%)	13.71%	10.18%
3	CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	7.24%	5.89%
4	Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier - II capital	7,840,12	4,006.51
- 5	Amount raised by issue of perpetual debt instruments	1,015.50	

(& ni laklis) Note 40.3 - Investments

St. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
1	Value of Investments		
	(i) Gross Value of Investments		
	(a) In India		247
	(b) Outside India		
	(ii) Provisions for Depreciation		
	(a) In India		
	(b) Outside India	3.1	
	(iii) Net Value of Investments		
	(a) In India	9	24
	(b) Unisale India	- 1	
2	Movement of provisions held towards depretation on investments		
	(i) Opening balance	3	
	(ii) Add 4 Provisions made during the year	* 1	
	(iii) Less: Write off / write back of excess provisions during the year	7	
	(iv) Closing balance		2

Note 40.4 - Ratings assigned by Credit rating Agencies

SI, No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
1	Bank Loans - Cash Credit/oversloiti	CRISH, BB+ / Stable; CARE BB+/Stable	CRISH, BB+ / Stable; CARE BB+ / Stable
2	Non Convertible Debentures - Public issue	CARE BB+/Stable	CARE BB+/Stable

Migration in rating during the year - Change in outlook from CARE BB/Stable to CARE BB+/Stable,

Note 40.5 - Provisions and Contingencies

(₹ m lakhs)

(₹ m laklis)

SI. No.	Break up of Provisions and Contingencies shown under the head Expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Provisions for depreciation on Investment		
2	Provision towards NPA (Expected Credit Loss)	03.37	-138.50
3	Provision made towards locome Tax	488 84	318.49
4	Other Provision and Contingencies (with details)		
5	Provision for Standard Assets		-

nte 40 h -	Concentration of Advances		(₹ in lakhs)
SI. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
1	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	9,461.26	7,956.82
2	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest burrowers to Total Advances of the NBFC	8.82%	10.65%

(₹ in laklis) Note 40.7 - Concentration of Exposures As at March 31, 2021 As at March 31, 2022 Particulars. 51. No. 7,956.82 9,461.26

Total Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/customers Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/Customers to Total Exposures of the NBFC on borrowers/Customers. 8.82% 10.65%



(in takhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Total Exposures to top four NPA accounts	559.91	76.47
1	Total Exposures to top four 141% accounts		

ote 40.9 -	Sector wise NPAs	secto	r
Sl. No.	Sector	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
T	Agriculture & allied activities		
2	MSME	8.83%	12.27%
3	Corporate borrowers	-	Ψ.
4	Services		
5	Unsecured personal loans	2.4	
6	Auto loans (vehicle loan)	100%	1.85%
7	Other loans	0.55%	1.857

SI. No.	- Movement Particulars		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(i)	Net NPAs	to Net Advances (%)	2.64%	4.779
(ii)	Movemen	of NPAs* (Gross)	100 104 202	451,205,44
	(a)	Opening balance	490,484,362	
	(b)	Net additions during the year	(61,230,972)	39,278,913
	(c)	Closing balance	429,253,390	490,484,36
(iii)		t of Net NPAs*		an. 550 (F
Ngn	(a)	Opening balance	349,583,974	306,572.65
	(b)	Net additions during the year	(59,735,717)	43,011,32
	(c)	Closing balance	289,848,257	349,583,97
(iv)	Movemen	t of provisions for NPAs* (excluding Provisions on Standard Assets)	77-7-1	77 tox V
Tro.	(a)	Opening balance	140,900,388	144,632,79
	(b)	Provisions made during the year		
	(c)	Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions	-1,495,256	-3,732,40
	(d)	Closing balance	139,405,132	140,900,38

^{*} Stage 3 loan assets under Ind AS.

e complaints

Sl. No.	Particulars Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	No. of complaints pending as at the beginning of the year	Nil	NII
	No. of complaints received during the year	Nil	Nil
2	No. of complaints received during the year	Nil	Nil
3	No. of complaints pending as at the end of the year	Nil	Nil

Note 43 - Percentage of Loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery to total assets

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Gold Loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery	6,254,693,601	3,787,122,458
1		13,918,805,282	7,729,529,041
2	Total Financial assets of the Company	44.94%	49.00%
3	Percentage of Gold Loans to Total Assets	44.74 /0	12700

Note 44 - Previous year's figures have been regrouped/rearranged, wherever necessary to conform to current year's classifications/disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For R.B Jain and Associates.,

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 103951W)

Shibu Thekkumpurathu Varghese

Whole-time Director (DIN: 02079917)

Biji Shibu

Director (DIN: 06484566)

K.J Thomas, BSc, FCA

Partner (M. No. 019454)

Manoj Raveendran Nair Chief Executive Officer

UDIN: 22019454 AMHNBO Chief Financial

Chief Financial Officer

Place:Palarivattom

Srikanth G. Menon

Date:23-05-2022

Company Secretary



Hyderabad

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended march 31, 2022

A comparison between provisions required under Income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances as per Ind AS 109 - Financial instruments. Note 41 - Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DOR (NBFC). CC. PD. No.109/ 22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13,2020

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset Classification as per IND AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per IND AS (3)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under IND AS 109 (4)	Net carrying Amount (5)=(3)-(4)	Provisions required as per IRACP norms (6)	Provisions required as IND AS 109 provisions per IRACP norms and IRACP norms (6)
Performing Assets Standard Assets Subtotal	Zero overdue Stage 1 Stage 2	8,650,091,109 634,267,873 1,016,058,577 10,300,417,559	1,336,460 8,898,888 10,235,348	8,650,091,109 632,931,413 1,007,159,689 10,290,182,211	34,600,364 2,537,071 4,064,234 41,201,670	(34,600,364) (1,200,612) 4,834,653 (30,966,323)
Non-Performing Assets Sub Standard	Stage 3	147,050,359	31,469,339	115,581,020	14,705,036	16,764,303
Doubtful- up to 1 year 1 to 3 years More than 3 years Subtotal for doubtful	Stage 3 Stage 3 Stage 3	95,036,945 126,067,869 61,098,218 282,203,032	33,262,931 44,123,754 30,549,109 107,935,794	61,774,014 81,944,115 30,549,109 174,267,238	19,007,389 37,820,361 30,549,109 87,376,859	14,255,542 6,303,393 20,558,935
Loss Subtotal for NPA	Stage 3	429,253,391	139,405,132	289,848,258	102,081,895	37,323,238
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under	Stage 1 Stage 2	£." I	Ŷ (I)	y. 1	0.7	r 1
current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms Subtotal	Stage 3	4.	i - i	1-1	1 1	i t
Total	Zero overdue Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 Total	8,650,091,109 634,267,873 1,016,058,577 429,253,391 10,729,670,950	1,336,460 8,898,888 139,405,132 149,640,480	8,650,091,109 632,931,413 1,007,159,689 289,848,258 10,580,030,470	34,600,364 2,537,071 4,064,234 102,081,895 143,283,565	(34,600,364) (1,200,612) 4,834,653 37,323,238 6,356,915

As at March 31, 2021

Note 41 - Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DOR (NBFC), CC., PD. No.109/ 22.10.106 /2019-20 dated March 13,2020

Asset Classification as per IND AS 109 Asset Classification As per IND AS 109	Asset Classification as per IND AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per IND AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under IND AS 109	Net carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms (6)	Difference between IND AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms (7)=(4)-(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(A) (A) (A)	1	(05 700 15(I)
Performing Assets Standard Assets	Zero overdue Stage 1 Stage 2	6,447,537,529 483,672,849 51,315,776	1,664,104	6,447,537,529 482,008,745 50,576,757	25,790,150 1,934,691 205,263 27,930,105	(25,77,707) (270,587) 533,756 (25,526,982)
Subtotal		6,982,526,154	2,403,123	10000		
Non-Performing Assets	Stage 3	189,075,819	59,280,667	129,795,152	18,907,582	40,373,085
Sub Standard Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3	95,457,549	33,410,142	62,047,407 157,741,415	19,091,510 61,785,298	14,318,632 (13,575,720)
1 to 3 years More than 3 years Subtotal for doubtful	Stage 3	301,408,543	81,619,721	219,788,822	80,876,808	742,913
			-1	9	•	
Loss	Stage 3	490,484,362	140,900,388	349,583,974	99,784,390	41,113,770
Subtotal for NFA					•	
con the se marantees, loan comi	Stage 1	t.	7		1-	
Other trems such as Such					1	
	Stage 3			-1	Y	0
Subtotal				DC2 TC2 TAK	25.790,150	0 (25,790,150)
	Zero overdue	6,447,537,529				
lotal	Stage 1	483,672,849	1,		7 205,263	
	Stage 2	51,315,776	6 50714 200000 300		4 99,784,390	
	Stage 3	490,484,362	THE SECOND	7	127,714,495	5 15,589,016
	Stage 3	7 473 010 546	24	-		

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Other than as disclosed below and in the Prospectus, there have been no material developments since March 31,2024 and there have arisen no circumstance that materially or adversely affect the operations, or financial condition or profitability of the Company or the value of its assets or its ability to pay its liabilities within the next 12 months.

- 1. The Company has redeemed secured non convertible debentures amounting to ₹ 21,703.29 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date.
- 2. The Company has issued secured non convertible debentures amounting to ₹ 12,500.00 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date.
- 3. The Company has issued Sub ordinated debts amounting to ₹ 12,635.20 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date.
- 4. The Company has redeemed Sub ordinated debts amounting to ₹ 7,736.00 lakhs, during April 1, 2024 to Cut-off date.
- 5. The Board of Directors of the Company at the meeting held on May 14, 2024 approved payment of interim dividend at the rate of 5% per share.
- 6. The shareholders of the Company at the EGM held on June 21, 2024 approved the following:
 - 6.1 The capitalization of a sum not exceeding ₹20,54,00,857 (Rupees Twenty Crore Fifty Four Lakh Eight Hundred and Fifty Seven only) from and out of the securities premium account for the purpose of issue of bonus equity shares to be credited as fully paid up to the eligible members of the Company in the ratio of 1:10 i.e., 1 (One) new fully paid-up equity share each for every 10 (Ten) fully paid-up equity shares and pursuant to the same, finance committee vide resolution dated July 19, 2024 allotted 2,05,40,019 bonus Equity Shares.
 - 6.2 Reappointment of Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese as Whole-time Director for a further period of 5 years, effective from August 30, 2024
 - 6.3 Increase in remuneration of the Whole-time Director to ₹1,80,00,000 per annum, effective from September 01, 2024.
 - 6.4 Increase in remuneration of Sreenivasan Thettalil Parameswaran Pillai to ₹13,33,332/- per annum, effective from June 21, 2024.
 - 6.5 Change in designation of Biji Shibu to Executive Director and increase in remuneration to ₹36 lakhs per annum, effective from July 01, 2024.
- 7. The shareholders of the Company at the 27th Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 30, 2024, appointed M/s. John Moris & Co, Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditor for a term of 3 years from the conclusion of the 27th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 30th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

As on September 30, 2024, our Company had outstanding Total Borrowings of 1,63,568.99 Lakhs:

Sr. No.	Nature of Borrowings	Amount Outstanding (₹ in lakhs)	%
1	Secured borrowings	83,195.57	50.86%
2	Unsecured borrowings	80,373.42	49.14%
	Total Borrowings	1,63,568.99	100.00

Set forth below, is a summary of the borrowings by our Company outstanding as on September 30, 2024 together with a brief description of certain significant terms of such financing arrangements.

A. Details of secured borrowings:

Our Company's secured outstanding borrowings as on September 30, 2024 amounts to ₹ 83,195.57 lakhs. The details of the secured borrowings are set out below:

Borrowings from Banks/ Financial Institutions:

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal outstandi ng (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Credi t Ratin g	Asset Classifi cation
State Bank of India – Term Loan	December 29,2023	12,500.00	8,179.41	installment of ₹89,30,000/- each and one (last) monthly installment of ₹88,50,000/- with the first instalment commencing on 30/04/2022 and the last instalment falling due on 30/11/2026. Term Loan 2 - ₹2,500 lakhs 35 Monthly installment of ₹69,44,000/- each and one (last) monthly installment of ₹ 69,60,000 with the first installment	Hypothecation of Book Debts, Loan Receivables and other Current Assets on First Pari Passu basis with Debenture Trustees of the Company and other Banks in MBA. Collateral: a. Exclusive Equitable Mortage charge over the commerical plot bearing survey number: Sy.no 549,570/3-2,570 /3-3, Situated at door no 5/699, muringoor Thekkummuri, Chalakkudy. 680308, Admeasuring total Area:4.09 Acres, Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited	Acuite BBB Stable	Standar

Lender's	Date of	Amount	Principal	Repayment	Security and	Credi	Asset
Name and Type of	Sanction	Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	outstandi ng	Date/Schedule	Guarantee	t Ratin	Classifi cation
facility			(₹ in lakhs)			g	
			iuxiis)	falling due on	b. Exclusive Equitable		
				25/06/2026.	Mortgage charge over the Commercial Plot		
				Term Loan 3 -	bearing Plot		
				₹5,000 lakhs	Survey Number: Sy. No 379 /1,-2 and 379 /2,		
				47 Monthly	situated near		
					Vallakkunnu junction,		
				1,04,16,667 / - each and	Oppo. Two Pole Structure No.		
				one (last) monthly			
					Road, Vallakkunnu,		
				₹1,04,16,651 /-, with the first instalment			
					Total Area: 2.93 Acres,		
				25/04/2024 and the	Belonging to KLM		
				last instalment falling due on	Axiva Finvest Limited [Sale Deed No		
				25/03/2028.	1291/2022).		
					c. Exclusive Equitable		
					Mortgage charge over		
					the Commercial plot bearing		
					Survey Number: Sy. No		
					L267 /g-z,with a		
					commercial building bearing Door No		
					30/564 of		
					Kothamangalam		
					Municipality, in Kothamingalam		
					Village,Kothamangala		
					m Taluh Ernakulam		
					District, Admeasuring Total Ar."" 7.78 Ares,		
					Belonging to KLM		
					Axiva Finvest Limited		
					(sale Deed No 836/2022).		
					050,2022).		
					d. Exclusive Equitable		
					Mortgage Charge over the commercial		
					building bearing Survey		
					number : Re-Sy. No		
					26/2, all in block no.280, situated in		
					Edappally North		
					Village, Kanayannur		
					Taluk, Ernakulam		
					District, Admeasuring Total Area: 3.24 Ares,		
					Belonging to KLM		
					Axiva Finvest Limited (
					Sale Deed No		

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal outstandi ng (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Credi t Ratin g	Asset Classifi cation
Indian Overseas Bank- Term Loan	September 07,2024	3,667.00	3,611.11	36 th instalment being ₹ 55,55,575 /- after 03 months' holiday period. Interest to be serviced separately as and when debited. Term Loan 2 - ₹2,000.00 lakhs 1.To be repaid 35	hypothecation of standard book debts/ standard loan receivables, current assets etc., present and future of the branches of the company. Asset coverage ratio of 1.43 to be ensured. Collateral: 30% of the exposure by way of fixed deposits. Guarantors: 1. Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese	Acuite BBB Stable	Standar

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal outstandi ng (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Credi t Ratin g	Asset Classifi cation
South Indian Bank Overdraft – Working Capital	February 13,2024	1,000.00	369.13	1.Repayable on demand.	Primary: 1. Hypothecation of Book debts, Loan Receivables and other current assets on first pari passu basis with Debenture Trustees of the company and other banks on MBA Asset coverage ratio of not less than 1.50 times to be ensured at all times for SIBs Exposure. Collateral: 1. EM of Property admeasuring to 7.92 ares of land situated under Sy No 1160/6B of village Kothamangalam, Taluk Kothamangalam, District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future. 2. EM of property admeasuring to 9.27 Ares of land situated under Sy No 1160/6A, 1160/6B of village Kothamangalam, District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future. 3. EM of property admeasuring to 8.75 Ares of land situated under Sy No 1159/9 village Kothamangalam, Taluk Kothamangalam,	Acuite BBB Stable	Standar

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal outstandi ng (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Credi t Ratin g	Asset Classifi cation
			Iakns)		District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future. 4. EM of property admeasuring to 63.94 ares (61.92 Ares + 2.02 Ares) situated under Sy No 571/3-20 (61.92 Ares) and 571/4-4 (2.02 Ares) of village Muringoor Thekkummuri, Taluk Chalakudy, District Thrissur, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future. 5. EM of property admeasuring to 22.80 Ares of land situated		
					under old Sy No 269/1C/2 & 269/1B/1; Re Sy No : 136/7 of village pattimattom, Taluk Kunnathunadu, District Ernakulam, in the name of M/s KLM Axiva Finvest Limited together with all buildings, existing and / or to be constructed thereon in future. Guarantors: 1. Shibu T. Varghese 2. Biji Shibu		
Dhanlaxmi Bank – Cash Credit	April 03,2024	900.00	878.94	Repayable on demand	Primary: 1. First ranking pari passu charge with		Standar d

existing secured creditors including debenture trustees on all current assets including book debts and receivables, cash and Bank balances, loans & advances both present and future of the Company at a margin of 30%. (For calculation only gold loan portfolio to be reckoned at the stipulated margin level of 30%). **Collateral:** 1. EM of 54.73 Ares (135.18 cents) of dry residential vacant land under Sy no 322/4 of 8.90 ares & Sy No 322/5 of 45.83 ares under TP No 18468, of Valakam Village, Valakam GP, Kunnakkal Desom, Muvattupuzha SRO, Muvattupuzha Taluk, Ernakulam District. Kerala standing in the name of M/s. KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (Also right of way). 82.35Ares of Residential land and 479.03 Sq meter residential building (21.22 Ares in Re Sy no.470/11-3-3, 2.26 Ares in Re Sy no.470/11,22.54 Ares in Re Sy 470/11-3-2,19.95Ares in Re Sy 470/11-1-2 3.24 Ares in Re Sy 470/11-3 8.44 Ares in Re Sy 470/2 and 4.70 Ares in Re Sy 470/15 of Mazhuvannur Village, Kunnathunadu Taluk, Ernakulam District. owned by George Kuryap in capacity of GM, M/s.KLM Axiva Finvest Limited.

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal outstandi ng (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Credi t Ratin g	Asset Classifi cation
					3. EM of 19.94 Ares of land (3.33 Ares in Sy No 385/2-2-4, 3.67Ares in Sy No. 385/2-2-5 and 2.82 Ares in Sy no.385/2-2-6 of Koovapady Village, Kunnathunad Taluk, Ernakulam District owned by Mr Shibu T Varghese, Wholetime Director M/s.KLM Axiva Finvest Limited. Guarantors: 1. Shibu T V 2. Biji Shibu		
State Bank of India – Cash Credit	December 29,2023	2,500.00	52.84	Repayable On Demand	Primary: 1. Hypothecation of Book Debts, Loan Receivables and other Current Assets on First Pari Passu basis with Debenture Trustees of the Company and other Banks in MBA. Collateral: 1. Exclusive Equitable Mortage charge over the commerical plot bearing survey number:Sy.no 549,570/3-2,570 /3-3, Situated at door no 5/699, muringoor Thekkummuri, Chalakkudy. 680308, Admeasuring total Area:4.09 Acres,Belonging to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited(Sale Deed No.561/2019). 2.Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over	Acuite BBB Stable	Standar

the Commercial Plot
bearing
Survey Number: Sy. No
379 /1,-2 and 379 /2,
Vallakkunnu
junction, Oppo. Two
Pole Structure No.
IIKU/RS/207, R S
Road, Vallakkunnu,
Irinjalakuda, Thrissur
680683 Admeasuring
Total Area: 2.93 Acres,
Belonging to KLM
Axiva F'invest Limited
(Sale Deed No
1291'/2022).
3.Exclusive Equitable
Mortgage charge over
the Commercial plot
bearing
Survey Number: Sy. No
L267 /g-z,with a
commercial building
bearing Door No
30/564 of
Kothamangalam
Municipality, in
Kothamingalam
Village,Kothamangala
m Taluh Ernakulam
District, Admeasuring
Total Ar."" 7.78
Ares,Belonging to
KLM Axiva Finvest
Limited (sale Deed No
836/2022).
4.Exclusive Equitable
Mortgage Charge over
the commercial
building bearing Survey
number: Re-Sy. No
26/2, all in block
no.280, situated in
Edappally North
Village, Kanayannur
Taluk, Ernakulam
District, Admeasuring
Total Area: 3.24 Ares,
Belonging to KLM
Axiva Finvest Limited (
Sale Deed No
1854/2019) and
commercial building
bearing survey
Number: Re-sy. No 26,
all in block no.280,
situated in Edappally

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal outstandi ng (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Credi t Ratin g	Asset Classifi cation
					North Village, Kanayannur Talulq Ernakulam District Admeasuring Total Area: 1.75 Ares, Belonging to Shibu T V Sale Deed No 5327 /2014). 5.Exclusive Charge (Lien) Over the Fixed Deposit of ₹21.85 Crs (₹11.85 Crs + ₹10.00 Cr) held in the name of the company with SBI		
Kotak Mahindra Prime Vehicle Loan	August 25,2023 September 26,2023	68.96	48.51		Primary: Hypothecation of vehicle.	NA	Standar d
ICICI Bank Overdraft against Deposit	July 26, 2021	4.50	-	Repayable on Demand	Lien on Fixed Deposit	NA	Standar d
HDFC Bank Limited Overdraft against Deposit	February 05. 2021	5.00	-	Repayable on Demand	Lien on Fixed Deposit	NA	Standar d
Total		20,645.46	13,139.94				

Penalty Clause

- 1. For the loans from State Bank of India,
 - a. Enhanced rate of interest as under cumulatively subject to a maximum of 5% will be charged for the period of delay in respect of:

Irregularity in Cash Credit/Overdraft	Rate of Penal Interest.			
Account/ Term Loan Account				
a) Irregularity upto 60 Days	2% per annum on the irregular portion for the period of irregularity.			
b) Continuous irregular for a period beyond 60 days	5% per annum on the outstanding for the period of irregularity.			

 $b. \quad \text{Pre-closure charges} - 2\% \ \text{of the outstanding amount being take over (20\% \ concession \ permitted)}$

- 2. For the loan from Indian Overseas Bank,
 - a. 2% penal charge on overdue amount will be collected for the number of days of delay (Day count basis = Actual number of odd days of delay/365) + Applicable GST.
 - SRRP: 2% penal charge to be collected on the limit sanctioned till the regular renewal. (Day count basis = Actual number of days of delay/365 subject to recovery of SRRP charges for a maximum of 180 days) + Applicable GST
 - c. 2% penal charge to be collected on outstanding amount more than DP/limit (Day count basis = Actual number of days of delay/365) + Applicable GST.
 - d. For non-compliance of material terms and conditions, penal charge + applicable GST to be collected every month till compliance as under:

Category	Quantum of Loan amount	Penal charge to be recovered on Monthly basis
For All Borrowers:	Loan amounts up to ₹ 1.00 crores	0.10% of outstanding amount subject to maximum of ₹ 5,000/- + Applicable GST
Amount equivalent to	Loan amount above ₹ 1.00 crore and up to ₹ 5.00 crore.	₹ 5,000/- + 0.10% of outstanding > ₹ 1.00 crore to ₹ 5.00 crore, maximum of ₹ 10,000/- + Applicable GST.
0.10% of Loan amount o/s	Loan amount above ₹ 5.00 crore and up to ₹ 10.00 crore.	₹ 10,000/- + 0.10% of outstanding > ₹ 5.00 crore to ₹ 10.00 crore, maximum of ₹ 10,000/- + Applicable GST.
	Loan amount above ₹ 10.00 crore and up to ₹ 25.00 crore.	₹ 20,000/- + 0.10% of outstanding > ₹ 10.00 crore to ₹ 25.00 crore, maximum of ₹ 50,000/- + Applicable GST.
	Loan amount above ₹ 25.00 crore and up to ₹ 50.00 crore.	₹ 50,000/- + 0.10% of outstanding > ₹ 25.00 crore to ₹ 50.00 crore, maximum of ₹ 100,000/- + Applicable GST.
	Loan amount above ₹ 50.00 crores	₹ 100,000/- + 0.10% of outstanding > ₹ 50.00 crore maximum of ₹ 200,000/- + Applicable GST.

3. For the loan from Dhanlaxmi Bank,

- a. Penal interest as stipulated by the bank from time to time will be charged in case of default in payment of interest/installments, non-submission of prescribed return or default in observing any the terms and conditions of the advance sanction.
- b. In case of premature closure of the facility prepayment/pre closure charges fixed by the bank from time to time is binding on the borrower as advised by the Bank.
- 4. For the loan from South Indian Bank,
 - a. Penal Charges -2% p.a. will be charges as per rules for any defaults and/or non-compliances of any of the sanction stipulations.
 - b. Penal interest of 2% p.a. will also be charged in the event of limit being not renewed within the validity period.
 - c. Pre closure charges should be collected for all operative limits(OD/CC/PC/BP/DC/FBP except UBP/UBD) if closed during the currency of the sanction, even if the limit is sanctioned for more than 1 year which is 3%.

Rescheduling

- 1. For the loans from State Bank of India,
 - a. Rephasement of Loans/ Deferment in Loan Installments 0.05% of the limit, minimum ₹2,000/- and max. ₹ 1.00,000/-

- 2. For the loan from Indian Overseas Bank,
 - a. Rephasement of loan/Change /modification/waiver of terms and conditions of sanction.

Event of Default

NA

External Commercial Borrowings

As on September 30, 2024, our Company has not taken any external commercial borrowings.

Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures

i. Private Placement of secured unlisted redeemable non-convertible debentures

The Company has issued on private placement basis, secured, unlisted, redeemable, non-convertible debentures under various series of which ₹ 727.08 lakhs is cumulatively outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series	ISIN	Tenure or/ period of Maturit y	Coupo n (p.a.) in %	Amou nt outsta nding as on Septe mber 30,202 4 (₹ in lakhs)	Date of Allotme nt	Redemp tion date/ schedule	it Rati	Secured /unsecur ed	Security
2023-24	INE01I50 7901 INE01I50 7919 INE01I50 7927	18 to 3 years	10.00 % to 10.60 %	727.08	October 07, 2023	April 07, 2025 to October 07, 2026	NA	Secured	The principal amount of the NCDs issued in terms of the offer letter together with all interest due on the NCDs, shall be secured by way of a first ranking pari passu charge with existing secured creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company, equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.
Total				727.08					

ii) Secured Redeemable non-convertible debentures (public issue):

a. Public Issue I

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹ 1,424.10 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Te no r/ Pe ri od of m at ur ity	Co upo n (p.a .) in %	Amou nt outsta nding as on Septe mber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of allotment	Redem ption Date/ Sched ule	Credit Rating	Secu red/ Unse cure d	Security
Non Convertible Debent ures 2018- 19 Series (Public Issue I)	INE0115 07091	6 Ye ars	12. 25 %	1,424.1	November 06, 2018	Novem ber 5, 2024	CARE BBB-; Stable	Secured	The principal amount of the secured NCDs to be issued in terms of the prospectus together with all interest due on the secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the existing secured creditors on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Theni District, Periyakulam Reg. Dt., Thevaram SRO, Uthampalyam Taluk, Kombai Village, Malligai Nagar, Plot No.10 in Survey No. 595/1.

b. Public Issue II

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which $\stackrel{?}{=}$ 2,982.19 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/P erio d of mat urity	Cou pon (p.a.) in %	Amo unt outst andin g as on Septe mber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of allotment	Redem ption Date/ Sched ule	Credi t Ratin g	Secu red/ Unse cure d	Security
Non Conver tible Debent ures 2019 - 20 Series (Public Issue II)	INE0115 07166 INE0115 07174 INE0115 07190	5 Year s to 75 Mon ths	11.7 3% to 12.0 0%	2,982 .19	October 03,2019	Octobe r 1, 2024 to Januar y 02, 2026	CAR E BBB- ; Stable	Secured	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of the prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with existing secured creditors, on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Plot No. 10 & Plot No. 15. Malligai Nagar, Kombai Village, Uthampalaym Taluk, Theni District, Tamil Nadu

c. Public Issue III

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹ 3,938.33 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Tenor/ Period of maturi ty	Coupo n (p.a.) in %	Amount outstan ding as on Septem ber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of	Red emp tion Date / Sche dule	Credi t Ratin g	Secu red/ Unse cure d	Security
Non Conver tible Debent ures 2020 - 21 Series (Public Issue III)	INE01I5 07273 INE01I5 07281 INE01I5 07299	5 Years to 75 Month s	11.73% To 12.00%	3,938.33	July 01, 2020	July 01, 2025 to Octo ber 01, 2026	CAR E BBB- ; Stable	Secured	The principal amount of the secured NCDs to be issued in terms of the prospectus together with all interest due on the secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the existing secured creditors on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Theni District, Periyakulam Reg. Dt., Thevaram SRO, Uthampalyam Taluk, Kombai Village, Malligai Nagar, Plot No.10 in Survey No. 595/1.

d. Public Issue IV

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which $\stackrel{?}{=}$ 4,003.96 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/P erio d of mat urity	Cou pon (p.a.) in %	Amount outstandi ng as on Septemb er 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of allotment		Credi t Ratin g	Secu red/ Unse cure d	Security
Non Conver tible Debent	INE01I5 07372 INE01I5 07380	5 Year s to	11.1 0% to	4,003.96	July 30, 2021	July 29, 2026 to	CAR E BBB-	Secu red	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus together with all interest due on the

ures	INE01I5	79	11.5		Febru	;	NCDs, as well as all costs,
2021 -	07398	Mon	0%		ary	Stable	charges, all fees,
22		ths			29,		remuneration
Series					2028		of Debenture Trustee and
(Public							expenses payable in respect
Issue							thereof shall be secured by
IV)							way of first ranking pari
							passu charge with existing
							secured creditors, on all
							movable assets and fixed
							assets, including book debts
							and receivables, cash and
							bank balances, loans and
							advances, both present and
							future of the Company equal
							to the value of one time of
							the NCDs outstanding plus
							interest accrued thereon.

e. Public Issue V

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which $\not\equiv$ 6,983.02 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/P erio d of mat urity	Coup on (p.a.) in %	Amoun t outstan ding as on Septem ber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of allotment		Credi t Ratin g	Secur ed/Un secur ed	Security
Non Conver tible Debent ures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue V)	INE01I5 07455 INE01I5 07463 INE01I5 07471 INE01I5 07489 INE01I5 07497	3 Year s to 80 Mon ths	10.50 % to 11.25 %	6,983.02	Novemb er 01, 2021	Octo ber 31, 2024 to June 30, 2028	CAR E BBB- ; Stable	Secured	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of the Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets and fixed assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time

				of t	he	NCDs
				outstand	ding	plus
				interest		accrued
				thereon		

f. Public Issue VI

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹ 8,036.82 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/ Per iod of mat urit y	Coup on (p.a.) in %	Amou nt outsta nding as on Septe mber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of allotment	Redem ption Date/ Sched ule	Credi t Ratin g	Secur ed/Un secur ed	Security
Non Conver tible Debent ures 2021 - 22 Series (Public Issue VI)	INE01I50 7554 INE01I50 7562 INE01I50 7570 INE01I50 7588 INE01I50 7596	3 Years to 80 Months	10.25 % to 11.25 %	8,036. 82	March 17, 2022	March 15, 2025 to Novem ber 16, 2028	CAR E BBB- ; Stable	Secured	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of the Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

g. Public Issue VII

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹ 13,074.55 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/P erio d of mat urity	Cou pon (p.a.) in %	Amount outstand ing as on Septemb er 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of allotmen		Credit Rating	Secu red/ Unse cure d	Security
Non Conver tible Debent ures 2022 - 23 Series (Public Issue VII)	INE01I5 07612 INE01I5 07620 INE01I5 07638 INE01I5 07646 INE01I5 07653 INE01I5 07661 INE01I5	18 Mon ths to 82 Mon ths	9.25 % to 10.7 5%	13,074.5	Octobe r 18, 2022	Oct ober 17, 202 4 to Aug ust 17, 202 9	IND BBB- Stable	Secured	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of the Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

h. Public Issue VIII

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which $\rat{7,707.20}$ lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/P erio d of mat urity	Cou pon (p.a.) in %	Amo unt outst andin g as on Septe mber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of lotment		Credit Rating	Secu red/ Unse cure d	Security
Non Conver tible Debent ures 2022 -	INE01I50 7703 INE01I50 7729 INE01I50 7737	400 Days to 82 Mon ths	9.25 % to 10.7 5%	7,707. 20	Marc h 10, 2023	Marc h 07, 2025 To	IND BBB- Stable	Secu red	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of the Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/P erio d of mat urity	Cou pon (p.a.) in %	Amo unt outst andin g as on Septe mber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of lotment	Rede mptio n Date/ Sched ule	Credit Rating	Secu red/ Unse cure d	Security
23 Series (Public Issue VIII)	INE01150 7752 INE01150 7778 INE01150 7786 INE01150 7794					Janua ry 09, 2030			fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with existing secured creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

i. Public Issue IX

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$}}$ 8,678.38 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/ Per iod of mat urit y	Cou pon (p.a .) in %	Amo unt outst andin g as on Septe mber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of nent	Redem ption Date/ Schedu le	Credit Rating	Secure d/Unse cured	Security
Non Conver tible Debent ures 2023 - 24 Series (Public	INE011 507893 INE011 507828 INE011 507836 INE011 507844	400 Day s to 82 Mo nths	9.00 % to 10.6 8%	8,678. 38	Septem ber 12, 2023	January 10, 2025 to July 15, 2030	IND BBB- Stable	Secure d	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof

Issue	INE011		shall be secured by way of
IX)	507851		first ranking pari passu
	INE011		charge with Existing
	507869		Secured Creditors, on all
	INE011		movable assets, including
	507877		book debts and receivables,
	INE011		cash and bank balances,
	507885		other movable assets, loans
	INE011		and advances, both present
	507802		and future of the Company
	INE011		equal to the value of one
	507810		time of the NCDs
			outstanding plus interest
			accrued thereon.

j. Public Issue X

The Company has issued by way of public issue, secured, listed, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹12,500.00 lakhs is outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Series of NCD	ISIN	Ten or/ Per iod of mat urit y	C ou po n (p. a.) in %	Amo unt outst andin g as on Septe mber 30, 2024 (₹ in	Date of allotme nt		Credit Rating	Secure d/Unse cured	Security
Non Convertible Debent ures 2024 - 25 Series (Public Issue X)	INE0115 07935 INE0115 07AB6 INE0115 07943 INE0115 07950 INE0115 07968 INE0115 07976 INE0115 07AC4 INE0115 07984 INE0115 07992 INE0115 07AA8	400 Day s to 79 Mo nths	9. 50 % to 11 .1 0 %	12,50 0.00	Augu st 08, 2024	Septe mber1 1, 2025 to Marc h 07, 2031	IND BBB- Stable	Secure d	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

B. Corporate Guarantee

As on September 30, 2024, The Company has not any corporate guarantee.

C. Details of unsecured borrowings:

1. Commercial Papers

As on September 30, 2024, The Company has not issued any commercial papers.

2. Inter-Corporate Deposits and Loans

As on September 30, 2024, The Company has not borrowed by way of inter-corporate deposits and loans.

3. Loan from Directors and Relatives of Directors:

As on September 30, 2024, The Company has not taken any loan from Directors or relative of Directors.

4. Subordinated Debts

Our Company has issued on private placement basis, unsecured, redeemable, subordinated debts under various series of which ₹ 76,834.89 lakhs is cumulatively outstanding as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Subordinated Debts Series	ISIN	Amount outstanding (₹ in lakhs)	Date of allotment	Tenure	Coupon Rate in % (p.a.)	Redemption date	Credit rating
2017-18/A	NA	175.18	April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018	5 - 6 years	12.00 % to 12.50%	April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2024	NA
2018-19/A	NA	416.65	April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019	5 - 6 years	12.00 % to 12.50%	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2025	NA
2019-20/A	NA	7,284.49	April 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019	60 - 75 months	11.50% to 12.50%	April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2026	NA
2020 - 22 ,2022- 23,2023-24 and 2024-25	NA	68,958.57	April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025	60 - 79 months	11.00 % to 12.50%	April 1, 2025 to October 31, 2031	NA
Total		76,834.89					

5. Perpetual Debt Instrument

The Company has outstanding perpetual debts amounting to ₹ 3,538.53 lakhs as on September 30, 2024, the details of which are set forth below:

Perpetual Debts Instrumen t	ISIN	Amount outstandin g (₹ in lakhs)	Date of allotmen t	Tenure *	Redemptio n Date/ Schedule	Coupo n Rate in %(p.a.)	Credi t rating
PDI – I	INE01I50801 6 INE01I50802 4	1,015.50	January 21, 2022	10 years	-	11.75 % to 12.00%	NA

Perpetual Debts Instrumen t	ISIN	Amount outstandin g (₹ in lakhs)	Date of allotmen t	Tenure *	Redemptio n Date/ Schedule	Coupo n Rate in %(p.a.)	Credi t rating
PDI – II	INE01I50803 2 INE01I50804 0	1,428.43	June 30, 2022	10 years	-	11.75 % to 12.00%	NA
PDI – III	INE01I50805 7 INE01I50806 5	1,094.60	July 21, 2023	10 years	-	12%	NA
Total		3,538.53					

^{*}The company may exercise call option after 10 years.

6. Details of Unsecured Term Loans

As on September 30, 2024 the Company has not availed any unsecured term loans.

A. Servicing behaviour on existing debt securities, payment of due interest on due dates on financing facilities or debt securities

Our Company confirms that there has not been default upon or delay in payment of any interest and/or principal for the existing term loans, debt securities and other financial indebtedness in the preceding three years and the current financial year.

B. Details of any outstanding borrowings taken/ debt securities issued where taken/ issued (a) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or in part, (b) at a premium or discount, or (c) in pursuance of an option as on September 30, 2024.

The Company has no amount of corporate guarantee or letter of comfort, contingent liability and has Nil outstanding borrowings taken/debt securities issued where taken/issued (a) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or in part, (b) at a premium or discount, or (c) in pursuance of an option as on September 30, 2024.

C. Details of bank fund-based facilities /rest of borrowings (if any, including hybrid debt instruments such as foreign currency convertible bonds (FCCB) or optionally convertible debentures and preference shares from financial institutions or financial creditors as on September 30, 2024

The Company does not have any bank fund-based facilities /rest of borrowings (if any, including hybrid debt instruments such as foreign currency convertible bonds (FCCB) or optionally convertible debentures and preference shares from financial institutions or financial creditors as on September 30, 2024.

Restrictive covenants under the financing arrangements:

Many of the financing agreements include various restrictive conditions and covenants restricting certain corporate actions, and our Company is required to take the prior approval of the lender/Debenture Trustee before carrying out such activities. For instance, our Company, *inter alia*, is required to obtain the prior written consent in the following instances:

- (i) To declare/pay any dividend to the shareholders/stake holders.
- (ii) To repay monies brought in by the promoters / directors/principal shareholders and friends and relatives by way of deposits / loans / advances.
- (iii) Effect any change in the constitution of the organisation.
- (iv) Effect any change in the Unit's Capital Structure where shareholding of existing promoter(s) is diluted.
- (v) Implement any scheme of expansion / modernization / diversification / renovation or acquire any fixed assets during any accounting year, except such schemes which have already been approved by the Bank.
- (vi) Formulate any scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction or merger or demerger.
- (vii) Invest by way of share capital or lend or advance funds to or place deposits with any other concern (including group companies). However, normal trade credit or security deposits in the normal course of business or advances to employees can be excluded.
- (viii) Enter into borrowing arrangements either secured or unsecured with any other bank, Financial Institution, company or person.
- (ix) Undertake guarantee obligations on behalf of any other company, firm, director or person.
- (x) Declare dividends for any year except out of profits relating to that year after making all due and necessary provisions and provided further that no default had occurred in any repayment obligations.
- (xi) Transfer of controlling interest or effect any drastic change in their management setup including resignation of directors, promoters, key managerial personnel.
- (xii) Securitization of loan assets of the Company.
- (xiii) Effect any change in the remuneration payable to the Directors / Partners, etc. either in the form of siting fees or otherwise.
- (xiv) Pay guarantee commission to the guaranters whose guarantees have been stipulated / furnished for the credit limits sanctioned by the Bank.
- (xv) Create any further charge, lien or encumbrance over the assets and properties of the Unit/Guarantors to be charged / charged to the Bank in favour of any other bank, Financial Institution, firm or person.
- (xvi) Sell, assign, mortgage or otherwise dispose off any of the fixed assets charged to the Bank.
- (xvii) Undertake any trading activity other than the sale of produce arising out of its own manufacturing / trading operations.
- (xviii) Open any account with any other bank.
- (xix) Undertake any expansion/ modernization/ diversification programme/new line of business or manufacture other than incurring routine capital expenditure.
- (xx) Change the accounting system/ policies in regard to stock valuation, depreciation of fixed assets, payment of dividends etc.
- (xxi) Enter into contractual obligation of a long term nature for an unrelated activity.
- (xxii) Issuance of Bank guarantees with auto renewal clause except in favour of government departments for business purposes.
- (xxiii) Approach Capital market for mobilizing additional resources in form of debt or equity.

SECTION VI - ISSUE RELATED INFORMATION

ISSUE STRUCTURE

Public Issue by our Company of NCDs of face value $\ref{1,000}$ each, for an amount aggregating up to $\ref{5,000}$ lakhs with an option to retain over-subscription up to $\ref{5,000}$ lakhs, aggregating to a total of $\ref{10,000}$ lakhs on the terms and in the manner set forth herein.

The Issue has been authorised by resolution of the Board passed during meeting held on September 02, 2024.

Principal Terms and Conditions of the Issue

Terms and Conditions in connection with the NCDs

Security Name	KLM NCD XI				
-	For coupon and maturity year, please see "Issuer Structure- Terms of the				
	NCDs" on page 243				
Issuer	KLM Axiva Finvest Limited				
Lead Manager	Vivro Financial Services Private Limited				
Debenture Trustee	Vistra ITCL (India) Limited				
Registrar to the Issue	KFin Technologies Limited				
Type and nature of	Secured redeemable non-convertible debentures				
Instrument					
Seniority	Senior (the claims of the Debenture Holders holding NCDs shall be superior				
	to the claims of any unsecured creditors, subject to applicable statutory				
	and/or regulatory requirements).				
	The NCDs would constitute secured obligations of our Company and shall have first ranking <i>pari passu</i> charge with existing secured creditors, on all movable assets including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.				
Who can apply/Eligible	Category I				
Investors					
	 Resident Public Financial Institutions as defined in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act 2013, statutory corporations including state industrial development corporations; Scheduled commercial banks, co-operative banks, regional rural banks, and multilateral and bilateral development finance institutions which are 				
	 authorised to invest in the NCDs; Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs, Pension Funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; Alternative Investment Funds, subject to investment conditions applicable to them under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012; Resident venture capital funds registered with SEBI; Insurance Companies registered with the IRDA; National Investment Fund set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India published in the Gazette of India; Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air 				
	 Instraince funds set up and managed by the indian army, havy of the antiforce of the Union of India or by the Department of Posts, India; Mutual Funds, registered with SEBI; and 				

• Systemically Important NBFC registered with RBI and having a networth of more than ₹ 50,000 lakh as per the last audited financial statements.

Category II

- Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013; bodies corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Educational institutions and Associations of Persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment; which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Trust including Public/private charitable/ religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Association of persons
- Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Partnership firms in the name of the partners;
- Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009); and
- Resident Indian individuals and Hindu undivided families through the Karta aggregating to a value exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs.

Category III*#

- Resident Indian individuals; and
- Hindu undivided families through the Karta.
- * Applications aggregating to a value not more than $\not\in 5$ lakh.
- # applications up to a value of $\stackrel{?}{\scriptstyle <}$ 5 lakh shall only be made under the UPI Mechanism.

Stock Exchange proposed for listing of the NCDs

BSE Limited, the Designated Stock Exchange

Listing and timeline for Listing The NCDs shall be listed within 6 Working Days of Issue Closing Date

Rating of the Instrument

Rating agency	Instrumen t	Rating symbol	Date of credit rating rational e letter	Amount rated	Rating Definition
Acuité Ratings & Research Limited	Non- convertible debentures	ACUIT E BBB	October 08, 2024	₹10,000 lakhs	Instrument s with this rating are considered to have moderate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry moderate credit risk.

Issue Size

Public Issue of secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of our Company of face value of ₹ 1,000 each aggregating up to ₹ 5,000 lakhs with

	an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹ 5,000 lakhs, aggregating to a
	total of ₹ 10,000 lakhs, on terms and in the manner set forth herein.
Minimum Subscription	Minimum subscription is 75% of the Base Issue, i.e. ₹ 3,750 lakhs
Base Issue	₹5,000 lakhs
Option to retain over	₹5,000 lakhs
subscription	,
Mode of Issue	Public Issue
Mode of Allotment	In dematerialised form
Mode of Trading	NCDs will be traded in dematerialised form
Objects of the Issue	Please see "Objects of the Issue" on page 122.
In case the Issuer is an	NA
NBFC and the objects of the	IVA
Issue entail loan to any entity	
•	
who is a 'group company' Details of the utilization of	Di
	Please see "Objects of the Issue" on page 122.
the proceeds of the Issue	N "I C. T. C.I NOD." 242
Coupon/Dividend Rate	Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
Step up/ Step down coupon	NA
rate	N (// C. T. All YOU.
Coupon payment frequency	Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
Coupon payment dates	Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
Cumulative/ non-cumulative,	NA
in case of dividend	
Coupon type (fixed, floating	Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
or other structure)	
Coupon Reset Process	NA
(including rates, spread,	
effective date, interest rate	
cap and floor etc)	
Day count basis	Actual
Application Money	The entire Application Amount is payable on submitting the application.
Application Money Interest on Application	The entire Application Amount is payable on submitting the application. NA
Interest on Application	
	NA
Interest on Application Money	NA In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under
Interest on Application Money	NA In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate
Interest on Application Money	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed.
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243.
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price Call date	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price Call date Call price	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure – Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure – Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA NA NA NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price Call date Call price Put notification time	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price Call date Call price	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure – Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure – Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA NA NA NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price Call date Call price Put notification time	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure −Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price Call date Call price Put notification time Call notification time	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
Interest on Application Money Default interest Rate Tenor Redemption Date Redemption Amount Redemption premium/ discount Issue Price Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount Put date Put price Call date Call price Put notification time Call notification time Face Value	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. Please see "Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs" on page 243. NA ₹ 1,000 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA

Issue Timing	Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("Board") or Debenture Committee of the Board. In the event of such early closure, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure is given to the prospective investors through advertisement in an English national daily newspaper and a regional daily newspaper in Telangana where the registered office is located, with wide circulation on or before such earlier date of closure. Application Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE.
Issue Opening Date	Thursday, November 14, 2024
Issue Closing Date	Thursday, November 28, 2024
Issue Schedule	The Issue shall be open from November 14, 2024 to November 28, 2024 with an option to close earlier as may be determined by a duly authorised committee of the Board and informed by way of newspaper publication on or prior to the earlier date of closure.
Date of earliest closing of the issue, if any	NA
Pay-in Date	Application Date. The entire Application Amount is payable on Application.
Deemed Date of Allotment	The date on which the Board or a duly authorised committee approves the Allotment of NCDs. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall be available to Investors from the Deemed Date of Allotment. The actual allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment.
Settlement Mode of the Instrument	Please refer to the chapter titled "Terms of Issue - Payment on Redemption" on page 269
Depository	NSDL and CDSL
Disclosure of Interest/Dividend/redemptio n dates	NA
Record Date	The record date for payment of interest in connection with the NCDs or repayment of principal in connection therewith shall be 15 Days prior to the date on which interest is due and payable, and/or the date of redemption. Provided that trading in the NCDs shall remain suspended between the aforementioned Record Date in connection with redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed by the Stock Exchange, as the case may be. In case Record Date falls on a day when Stock Exchange is having a trading holiday, the immediate subsequent trading day will be deemed as the Record Date.
All covenants of the Issue (including side letters, accelerated payment clause, etc)	The Company shall comply with the representations, affirmative covenants, negative covenants, financial covenants and reporting covenants as disclosed below under "Issue Structure – Covenants of the Issue" at page 246, Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the websites of the Stock Exchange, where the NCDs are proposed to be listed.
	The Issuer has no side letter or accelerated payment clause with any debt securities holder.
Description regarding	The total value of the Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) to be issued, including all due interest costs charges foos Debenture Trustoe
Security (where applicable) including type of security	including all due interest, costs, charges, fees, Debenture Trustee remuneration, and related expenses, will be secured. This security will be in
(movable/ immovable/	the form of a first-ranking pari passu charge, on par with existing secured
tangible etc.), type of charge	creditors. The charge will cover all current and future movable assets of the
(pledge/ hypothecation/	Company, such as book debts, receivables, cash, bank balances, other

mortgage etc.), date movable assets, and loans and advances. The value of the security will be creation of security/ likely equivalent to 100% of the outstanding NCDs plus any accrued interest. date of creation of security, minimum security cover, Without prejudice to the above, as per the NCS Regulations 18(2) &18(3) in revaluation the event our Company fails to execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed within the period prescribed by SEBI, and importantly, prior to the listing of the NCDs, our Company shall also pay interest of at least 2% (two per cent) per annum to the NCD holders. This interest is over and above the interest rate on the NCDs specified in the Prospectus, and will be payable until the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. The security shall be created prior to making the listing application for the NCDs with the Stock Exchange(s). For further details on date of creation of security/ likely date of creation of security minimum security cover etc., please see refer to "Terms of the Issue- Security Cover" below. Replacement of security – Our Company shall within such period as may be Replacement of security, permitted by the Debenture Trustee, furnish to the Debenture Trustee as interest to the debenture holder over and above the additional security, if the Debenture Trustee is of the opinion that during the coupon rate as specified in subsistence of these presents, the security for the NCDs has become the Trust Deed and disclosed inadequate on account of the margin requirement as provided in the financial in the issue document covenants and conditions and the Debenture Trustee has, accordingly, called upon our Company to furnish such additional security. In such case, our Company shall, at its own costs and expenses, furnish to the Debenture Trustee such additional security, in form and manner satisfactory to the Debenture Trustee, as security for the NCDs and upon creation of such additional security, the same shall vest in the Debenture Trustee subject to all the trusts, provisions and covenants contained in these presents. **Transaction documents** This Prospectus read with any notices, corrigenda, addenda thereto, the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement, the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and other security documents, if applicable, and various other documents/agreements/undertakings, entered or to be entered by the Company with Lead Manager and/or other intermediaries for the purpose of this Issue including but not limited to the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement, the Public Issue Account Agreement, the Agreement with the Registrar and the Agreement with the Lead Manager. For further details, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 384. Other than the conditions specified in the SEBI NCS Regulations, and agreed **Conditions** precedent disbursement form of Debenture Trust Deed there are no conditions precedents to disbursement. Conditions Other than the conditions specified in the SEBI NCS Regulations, and agreed subsequent disbursement form of Debenture Trust Deed there are no conditions subsequent to **Events of default (including** Please refer to the chapter titled "Terms of Issue – Events of Default" on manner of voting/ conditions page 257 of joining inter creditor agreement) Creation of recovery expense The Company shall deposit cash or cash equivalents including bank fund guarantees towards the contribution to Recovery Expense Fund with the Designated Stock Exchange at the time of making the application of the listing of NCDs and submit relevant documents evidencing the same to the Debenture Trustee from time to time. The Company shall ensure that the bank guarantees remains valid for a period of six months post the maturity

Issue - Recovery Expense Fund" on page 255.

date of the NCDs. The Company shall keep the bank guarantees in force and renew the bank guarantees at least seven working days before its expiry, failing which the Designated Stock Exchange shall invoke such bank guarantee. For further details, please refer to the chapter titled "Terms of

Conditions for breach of	The conditions for breach of covenants will be finalised upon execution of		
covenants (as specified in	the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed which shall be executed as		
Secured Debenture Trust	per Regulation 18 of SEBI NCS Regulations.		
cum Hypothecation Deed)			
Provisions related to Cross	Please refer to the chapter titled "Terms of Issue – Events of Default" on		
Default Clause	page 257		
Roles and responsibilities of	Please refer to the chapter titled "Terms of Issue – Debenture Trustees for		
the Debenture Trustee	the NCD Holders" on page 238.		
Working Days	If the date of payment of interest does not fall on a Working Day, then the		
convention/Day count	interest payment will be made on succeeding Working Day, however the		
convention/Effect of holidays	calculation for payment of interest will be only till the originally stipulated		
on payment	Interest Payment Date. The dates of the future interest payments would be as		
	per the originally stipulated schedule. In case the redemption date (also being the last interest payment date) does not fall on a Working Day, the payment		
	will be made on the immediately preceding Working Day, along with		
	coupon/interest accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such		
	payment.		
Risk factors pertaining to the	Please see "Risk Factors" on page 18.		
Issue			
Governing law and	The Issue shall be governed in accordance with the laws of the Republic of		
jurisdiction	India and shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of		
	Kochi, India.		

Note:

- (a) The Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("Board") or Debenture Committee of the Board. In the event of such early closure, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure is given to the prospective investors through advertisement in an English national daily newspaper and a regional daily newspaper in Telangana where the registered office is located, with wide circulation on or before such earlier date of closure. Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE.
- (b) In terms of Regulation 7 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will undertake this Issue of NCDs in dematerialized form. However, in terms of Section 8(1) of the Depositories Act, the Company, at the request of the Applicants who wish to hold the NCDs post allotment in physical form, will fulfil such request through the process of dematerialization, if the NCDs were originally issued in dematerialized form. However, any trading of the NCDs shall be compulsorily in dematerialised form only.
- (c) If there is any change in coupon rate pursuant to any event including lapse of certain time period or downgrade in rating, then such new coupon rate and the events which lead to such change will be disclosed by the Company.
- (d) While the debt securities are secured to the extent of hundred percent of the amount of the principal and interest or as per the terms of the issue document, in favour of debenture trustee, it is the duty of the debenture trustee to monitor that the security is maintained

Terms of the NCDs

Tenure	400 Days	16 Months	18 Mont hs	2 Years	2 Years	3 Years	3 Years	5 Years	5 Years	79 Months
Nature					Sec	cured				
Series	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
Frequenc y of Interest Payment	Month ly	Cumulat ive	Month ly	Month ly	Annua lly	Month ly	Annua lly	Month ly	Annua lly	Cumulat ive

Tenure	400 Days	16 Months	18 Mont	2 Years	2 Years	3 Years	3 Years	5 Years	5 Years	79 Months
Minimum Applicatio n		5 NCDs (₹ 5,000) (across all Series of NCDs)								
In multiples , of				1 NCD a	fter the m	inimum a	pplication	l		
Face Value of NCDs (₹ /NCD)					₹1.	,000				
Issue Price (₹ /NCD)					₹1,	,000				
Mode of Interest Payment/ Redempt ion		Through various series available								
Coupon (%) per annum for All category	9.50 %	NA	9.85 %	10.00	10.25	10.25	10.50	10.75	11.00	NA
Coupon Type					Fix	ked				
Redempt ion Amount (₹/NCD) for Debentur e Holders	1,000	1,135	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	2,000
Effective Yield (%)(per annum)	9.92 %	9.96%	10.31	10.47	10.25	10.75	10.50 %	11.30	11.00	11.10%
Maturity / Redempt ion Date (Years from the Deemed Date of Allotmen t)	400 days	16 Months	18 Mont hs	2 years	2 years	3 years	3 years	5 years	5 years	79 months
Put and Call Option					Not ap	plicable				

	400	16	18	2	2	3	3	5	5	79
Tenure	Days	Months	Mont	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Months

Deemed Date of Allotmen

The date on which the Board or the Debenture Committee approves the Allotment of NCDs. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on the NCDs shall be available to the Investors from the Deemed Date of Allotment. The actual Allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment

Interest and Payment of Interest

1. Monthly interest payment series

Interest would be paid monthly under Series I, III, IV, VI and VIII at the following rates of interest in connection with the relevant categories of NCD Holders, on the amount outstanding from time to time, commencing from the Deemed Date of Allotment of NCDs:

Catagory of -		Rate of Interes	Rate of Interest (p.a.) for the following tenures					
Category of - NCD Holder -	400 Days	18 Months	2 Years	3 Years	5 years			
NCD Holder -	Series I	Series III	Series IV	Series VI	Series VIII			
Category I, II and	9.50%	9.85%	10.00%	10.25%	10.75%			
III (%)								

For avoidance of doubt where interest is to be paid on a monthly basis, relevant interest will be calculated from the first day till the last date of every month on an actual/actual basis during the tenor of such NCDs and paid on the first day of every subsequent month. For the first interest payment for NCDs under the monthly series if the Deemed Date of Allotment is prior to the fifteenth of that month, interest for that month will be paid on first day of the subsequent month and if the Deemed Date of Allotment is post the fifteenth of that month, interest from the Deemed Date of Allotment till the last day of the subsequent month will be clubbed and paid on the first day of the month next to that subsequent month.

2. Annual Interest payment series

Series V, VII and IX of the NCDs shall be redeemed as below:

Rate of Interest (p.a.) for the following tenures				
2 Years	3 Years	5 Years		
Series V	Series VII	Series IX		
10.25%	10.50%	11.00%		
	2 Years Series V	2 Years 3 Years Series V Series VII		

3. Cumulative interest payment series

Series II and X of the NCDs shall be redeemed as below:

Category of NCD Holder	Redemption Amount (per NCD)				
	16 Months	79 Months			
	Series II	Series X			
Category I, II, and III (in ₹)	1135	2000			

Day count convention

Please refer to Annexure I for details pertaining to the cash flows of the Company in accordance with the SEBI Master Circular.

Please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the transferee of deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs subject to such Transferee holding the NCDs on the Record Date.

Terms of Payment

The entire face value per NCDs is payable on application. The entire face value per NCDs applied for will be blocked in the relevant ASBA Account maintained with the SCSB or under UPI mechanism (only for Retail Individual Investors), as the case may be, in the bank account of the Applicants that is specified in the ASBA Form at the time of the submission of the Application Form. In the event of Allotment of a lesser number of NCDs than applied for, our Company shall unblock the additional amount blocked upon application in the ASBA Account, in accordance with the terms of specified in "Terms of Issue – Manner of Payment of Interest/Redemption Amounts" on page 267.

Participation by any of the above-mentioned investor classes in this Issue will be subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.

The NCDs have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction. In particular, the NCDs have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act, 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or the securities laws of any state of the United States and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. The Issuer has not registered and does not intend to register under the U.S. Investment Company Act, 1940 in reliance on section 3(c)(7) thereof. This Prospectus may not be forwarded or distributed to any other person and may not be reproduced in any manner whatsoever, and in particular, may not be forwarded to any U.S. Person or to any U.S. address.

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not exceeding three). Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names. If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form. Please ensure that such Applications contain the PAN of the HUF and not of the Karta.

In the case of joint Applications, all payments will be made out in favour of the first Applicant. All communications will be addressed to the first named Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form and at the address mentioned therein.

Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue. For further details, please see the chapter titled "Issue Procedure" on page 274.

Covenants of the Issue

A. Representations of the Company

The Company declares, represents and covenants as follows:

(i) <u>Necessary Disclosures</u>

This Prospectus contains all necessary disclosures including but not limited to statutory and other regulatory disclosures. Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and the Transaction Documents in

relation to the Issue of the NCDs will, constitute legal, valid and binding obligations on the Company, enforceable in accordance with the Terms and Applicable Law and would be so treated in the courts of law or tribunals of India, and Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and the other Transaction Documents in relation to the Issue of the NCDs are in proper form for enforcement in courts.

(ii) Consent/approval required for the Issue of NCDs

The Company is an eligible issuer as per Regulation 5 of the SEBI NCS Regulations. All corporate and other action necessary for the issuance of the NCDs have been obtained by the Company and the Company will at all times, keep all such approvals/consents valid and subsisting during the terms of the NCDs. The Company has also obtained all necessary consents and approvals from prior lenders/creditors for the creation of security for the NCDs on pari-passu basis. The Company has complied with and will comply with all applicable provisions of the Companies Act and all other Applicable Laws in respect of the NCDs and their issuance thereof.

(iii) Absence of Defaults with memorandum/articles of association or any other agreements in respect of transaction/Transaction Document

The documents in pursuance of the issue of NCDs, including this Prospectus and Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed towards creation of the Security executed or to be executed and delivered, will constitute valid and binding obligations of the Company and will not contravene any Applicable Laws, statute or regulation and will not be in conflict with memorandum of association/articles of association of the Company or result in breach of, any of the terms, covenants, conditions and stipulations under any existing agreement to which the Company is a party.

(iv) Filings and Registration

The Company has completed and shall duly and in a timely manner complete all filing and registration as may be required under Applicable Law from time to time for the purposes of the issue and maintenance of the NCDs and the creation of Security. The Company shall within 30 days of the execution of Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, file Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed in Form CHG-9 with the Registrar of Companies, in relation to the perfection of Security created herein.

(V) No immunity under laws

Neither the Company nor its assets has any immunity (sovereign or otherwise) from any suit or any legal proceeding under the laws of India.

(vi) No obligations of a borrower or principal debtor or guarantor

The Debenture Trustee, ipso *facto* does not have any obligations of a borrower or a principal debtor or a guarantor as to the monies paid/invested for the NCDs

(vii) Solvency

The Company is currently solvent and the Company has not taken any corporate or other action, nor have any steps been taken or legal proceedings of any manner been initiated/threatened against the Company for its winding up, dissolution, insolvency, bankruptcy or for appointment of receiver on its assets or its business.

(Viii) No debt/contingent liability except as disclosed in the annual audited accounts/this Prospectus.

Except as disclosed in the annual audited accounts/this Prospectus, the Company has no debts or contingent liabilities outstanding.

(ix) Indebtedness

The Company is not in default with respect to any loans or deposits or advances or other financial facilities availed by the Company in the capacity of the borrower.

(x) Power to execute Security Documents

Notwithstanding anything by the Company done or executed or omitted to be done or executed or knowingly suffered to the contrary, the Company now has power to act, convey, transfer assure and assign unto the Debenture Trustee, the Security. The Company is not restricted from creating Security over the assets over which Security has been or will be created under Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and the Transaction Documents. All the assets that have been secured under this Issue are free from any encumbrances other than those as disclosed in Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and this Prospectus.

That the Hypothecated Property nor any part or portion thereof is the subject matter of any decree or order of any court of Applicable Law and/or any authority or authorities including under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and that there are no proceedings pending in any court of Applicable Law wherein the Hypothecated Property is the subject matter, and that the Company has not received any notice, order or circular from any Person or authority or authorities or Government or semi-government or public bodies whereby or by reason or means the Hypothecated Property is affected.

(Xi) Further Borrowings

The Company shall to borrow/raise loans or avail of financial assistance in whatever form as also to issue debentures/ NCDs/other securities in any manner having such ranking in priority, pari passu or otherwise, subject to applicable consents, approvals or permissions that may be required under any statutory/regulatory/contractual requirement, and change the capital structure including the issue of shares of any class, on such terms and conditions as we may think appropriate, provided stipulated Security Cover is maintained on the NCDs and after obtaining the consent of, or intimation to, the NCD Holders or the Debenture Trustee regarding the creation of a further charge over such Security

(Xii) Debenture Trustee to keep in trust the benefits of the Security upon taking possession thereof

That it shall be lawful for the Debenture Trustee upon entering into or taking possession under the provisions herein contained of all or any of the Security henceforth to hold and keep in trust the same and to receive the rents and profits thereof without any interruption or disturbance by the Company or any other person or persons claiming by, though, under or in trust for Company and that freed and discharged from or otherwise by the Company sufficiently indemnified against all encumbrances and demands whatsoever.

(Xiii) Company to execute other documents reasonably required by the Debenture Trustee to exercise its rights under these presents

That the Company shall execute all such deeds, documents and assurances and do all such acts and things as the Debenture Trustee may reasonably require for exercising the rights under these presents and the NCDs or for effectuating and completing the Security intended to be hereby created and shall from time to time and at all times after the Security hereby constituted shall become enforceable execute and do all such deeds, documents, assurances, acts, and things as the Debenture Trustee may require for facilitating realisation of the Security and for exercising all the powers, authorities and discretion thereby offered on the Debenture Trustee or any Receiver and in particular the Company shall execute all transfers, conveyances, assignments and assurances of the Security whether to the Debenture Trustee or to their nominees which the Debenture Trustee may think expedient and shall perform or cause to be performed all acts and things requisite or desirable for the purpose of giving effect to the exercise of any of the said powers, authorities and discretion's and further shall for such purposes or any of them make or consent to such application to any Government or local authority as the Debenture Trustee may require for the consent, sanction or authorisation of such authority to or for the sale and transfer of the Movable/Hypothecated Property or any part thereof and it shall be lawful for the Debenture Trustee to make or consent to make any such application in the name of the Company and for the purposes aforesaid a certificate in writing signed by the Debenture Trustee to the effect that any particular assurance or thing required by them is reasonably required by them shall be conclusive evidence by the fact.

- (XIV) The Company shall at all times maintain the Security Cover of 100% or higher.
- (XV) The Company shall not down-streaming of funds raised by way of NCDs to any of its subsidiaries.

B. Affirmative Covenants

The Company shall:

- (i) This Prospectus to have conformity with Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed: ensure that Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and any other Transaction Documents, in relation to the NCDs, when executed/to be executed shall be to the satisfaction of the Debenture Trustee and NCD Holders at all times, and will be in accordance with the Terms and Conditions as contained in this Prospectus;
- (ii) <u>Validity of Transaction Documents</u>: ensure that this Prospectus, Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and any other Transaction Documents creating the Security validly executed and delivered/shall be validly executed and delivered, will continue in full force and effect and will constitute valid and binding obligations of the Company.
- (iii) Notice of Winding Up or Other Legal Process: promptly inform Debenture Trustee if it has notice of any application for winding up having been made or any statutory notice of winding up under the provisions of the Companies Act or any other notice under any other statute or otherwise of any suit or other legal processes intended to be filed or initiated against the Company and affecting the title to the Hypothecated Properties of the Company or if a Receiver is appointed of any of its properties of the Company or if a Receiver is appointed of any of its properties or businesses or undertakings;
- (iv) <u>Memorandum and Articles of Association:</u> carry out such alterations to its memorandum and articles of association as may be deemed necessary in the opinion of NCD Holders/Debenture Trustee to safeguard the interests of the NCD Holders and as required under Applicable Law;
- (v) Preserve Corporate Status: Diligently preserve its corporate existence and status and all rights, contracts, privileges, franchises and concessions now held or hereafter acquired by it in the conduct of its business, including license to conduct business as a non-banking financial institution, and that it will comply with each and every one of the said franchises and concessions and all acts, rules, regulations, orders and directions of any legislative, executive, administrative or judicial body applicable to the Security or any part thereof;
 - PROVIDED THAT the Company may contest in good faith the validity of any such acts, rules, regulations, orders and directions and pending the determination of such contest may postpone compliance therewith if the rights enforceable under the NCDs or the Security of the NCDs is not hereby materially endangered or impaired. The Company will not do or voluntarily suffer or permit to be done any act or thing whereby payment of the principal of or premium on the NCDs might or would be hindered or delayed;
- (vi) Furnish Information to Debenture Trustee: give to the Debenture Trustee or its nominees such information as they shall require as to all matters relating to the business, property and affairs of the Company and at the time of the issue thereof to the shareholders of the Company furnish to the Debenture Trustee copies of every report, balance sheet, profit and loss account, circulars or notices issued to the shareholders and the Debenture Trustee shall be entitled, if they deem fit, from time to time to nominate an accountant or agent to examine the books of account, documents and property of the Company or any part thereof and to investigate the affairs thereof and the Company shall allow any such accountant or agent to make such examination and investigation and shall furnish him with all such information as they may require and shall pay all costs, charges and expenses incidental to such examination and investigation;
- (vii) Furnish Information regarding Credit Rating: the Company shall submit to the Debenture Trustee a certificate stating the credit rating issued with respect to the NCDs from an independent Credit Rating Agencies, which is not associated with the Company or its sponsors or promoters. Further pursuant to Regulations 55 of SEBI LODR Regulations, the credit rating obtained by the Company shall be reviewed at least once a year by a Credit Rating Agencies and the Company submit the same to the Debenture Trustee. In the event of any degradation in the credit rating by the Credit Rating Agencies, the Company shall immediately disseminate the same to the Stock Exchange and Debenture Trustee pursuant to SEBI LODR Regulations;
- (viii) Corporate Governance: confirm to all mandatory recommendation on corporate governance pursuant to

the SEBI LODR Regulations;

- (ix) <u>Due Payment of Public and Other Demands</u>: confirm that the Company is not in arrears of any undisputed public demands such as income-tax, corporation tax and all other taxes and revenues or any other statutory dues payable to Central or State Governments or any local or other authority;
- (x) <u>Maintain Listing:</u> confirm that the Company shall take all necessary steps and comply with the uniform listing agreement with the BSE Limited along with the SEBI LODR Regulations and SEBI NCS Regulations, to ensure that the NCDs remain listed;
- (xi) <u>Maintenance of Rating:</u> confirm that the Company will comply with any agreement with the Credit Rating Agencies and provide any necessary information to the Credit Rating Agencies so as to continue to maintain a credit rating;
- (xii) <u>Maintenance of Movable Properties:</u> maintain and keep in proper order, repair and keep in good condition the Movable Properties. If the Company fails to keep in proper order, good condition and repair the Movable Properties or any part thereof, then the Debenture Trustee may, but shall not be bound to, maintain the same in proper order or repair or condition and any expense incurred by the Debenture Trustee and its costs and charges therefore shall be reimbursed by the Company;
- (Xiii) <u>Conducting of business</u>: conduct its business with due diligence and efficiency and in accordance with the financial standards and the best business practices;
- (XiV) <u>Utilisation of Issue Proceeds</u>: utilise the monies received towards subscription of the NCDs for the purposes as stated in this Prospectus i.e. the funds raised through this Issue will be utilised for the purpose of onward lending and for repayment of interest and principal of existing loans and for General Corporate Purposes after meeting the expenditures of and related to the Issue and subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. The Company shall submit a statement regarding utilisation of Issue Proceeds of the Debentures and material deviation in use of proceeds, if any, along with quarterly financial results to the Stock Exchange till such proceeds of the Issue have been fully utilised or purpose for raising the proceeds has been achieved, in accordance with Regulations 52(7) and 52(7A) of the SEBI LODR Regulations.;

The Company shall submit to the Debenture Trustee the following, in accordance with Regulation 56 of the SEB LODR Regulations copy of the annual report at the same time as it is issued along with a copy of certificate from the Company's auditors in respect of utilization of funds during the implementation period of the project for which the funds have been raised. Provided that the copy of the auditor's certificate may be submitted at the end of each financial year till the funds have been fully utilised or the purpose for which these funds were intended has been achieved,

- (XV) Registration: duly cause these presents to be registered in all respects so as to comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, and also cause Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed to be registered in conformity with the provisions of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 or any other statute, ordinance or regulation of or relating to any part of India, within which any portion of the Movable Property is or may be situated by which the registration of Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed is required and generally do all other acts (if any) necessary for the purpose of assuring the legal validity of these presents and in accordance with the Company's memorandum of association and articles of association;
- (xvi) Payment of Stamp Duty: pay all such stamp duty (including any additional stamp duty), other duties, taxes, charges and penalties in connection with the NCDs and the issue thereof and all other documents in relation to the NCDs, as and when the Company may be required to pay according to the laws for the time being in force, whether in the State in which the Movable Property are situated, or otherwise, and in the event of the Company failing to pay such stamp duty, other duties, taxes and penalties as aforesaid, the Debenture Trustee will be at liberty (but shall not be bound) to pay the same and the Company shall reimburse the same to the Debenture Trustee on demand;
- (xvii) Reimbursement of Expenses: reimburse all sums paid or expenses incurred by the Debenture Trustee or any Receiver, Attorney, Manager, Agent or other person appointed by the Debenture Trustee for all or any of the purposes mentioned in these presents immediately on receipt of a notice of demand from them in

this behalf. All such sums shall carry interest at the rate of 18% per annum in case of any delay from the date when the same shall have been advanced, paid or become payable or due and as regards liabilities, the Company will, on demand, pay and satisfy or obtain the release of such persons from such liabilities and if any sum payable under this clause shall be paid by the Debenture Trustee or any other person the Company shall forthwith on demand, reimburse the same to the Debenture Trustee. Until payment or reimbursement of all such sums, the same shall be a charge upon the Movable/Hypothecated Properties in priority to the charge securing the NCDs;

- (xviii) Notice of labour issues: promptly inform the Debenture Trustee of the happening of any labour strikes, lockouts, shut-downs, fires or any event likely to have a substantial effect on the Company's profits or business and the reasons therefor:
- (xix) Notice of damage due to force majeure: promptly inform the Debenture Trustee of any loss or damage, which the Company may suffer due to force majeure circumstances or act of God against which the Company may not have insured its properties;
- (xx) <u>Compliance with Laws</u>: comply with the provisions and disclosure requirements as specified under various laws, rules, regulations, notifications and circulars issued by applicable Governmental/Regulatory Authorities including SEBI, RBI, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, etc., from time to time as applicable in respect of the public issue of NCDs as may be in force from time to time during the currency of the NCDs;

C. Negative Covenants

The Company shall:

- (i) inform the debenture trustee about any change in nature and conduct of business by the company before such change;
- (ii) inform the debenture trustee of any significant changes in the composition of its Board of Directors;
- (iii) inform the debenture trustee of any amalgamation, merger or reconstruction scheme proposed by the company;
- (iv) not create further charge or encumbrance over the trust property without the approval of the trustee;
- (v) keep the debenture trustee informed of all orders, directions, notices, of court/tribunal affecting or likely to affect the charged assets.

D. Financial Covenants

(i) Until the Final Settlement Date, the Company shall maintain a Capital Adequacy Ratio as may be prescribed by the RBI from time to time.

E. Reporting Covenants

- (i) The Company shall furnish reports quarterly, i.e. periodical status/ performance reports from the Company within 7 (seven) days of the relevant board meeting or within 45 days of respective quarter whichever is earlier, to the Debenture Trustee containing the following particulars -
 - (a) updated list of the names and addresses of the NCD Holders.
 - (b) details of the Interest due, but unpaid and reasons thereof.
 - (c) the number and nature of grievances received from the NCD Holders and (a) resolved by the Company and (b) unresolved by the Company and the reasons for the same.
 - (d) a statement that the assets of the Company which form part of the Security are sufficient to discharge the claims of the NCD Holders as and when they become due.
- (ii) The Company shall inform the Debenture Trustee about any change in nature and conduct of business before any such change.

- (iii) The Company shall inform to the Debenture Trustee of any amalgamation, merger or reconstruction scheme proposed by the Company.
- (iv) The Company shall keep the Debenture Trustee informed of all orders, directions, notices of court/tribunal affecting or likely to affect the Hypothecated Properties.
- (v) The Company shall inform Debenture Trustee of any major change in composition of its Board of Directors, which may amount to change in control as defined in Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, as amended.
- (vi) The Company shall submit any such information, as required by the Debenture Trustee and such other reports as may be stipulated by SEBI or under Applicable Law
- (vii) The Company shall promptly disclose and furnish to the Debenture Trustee, all documents/information about or in relation to the Company or the Debentures, as requested by the Debenture Trustee to fulfil its obligations hereunder or to comply with any Applicable Law, including in relation to filing of its reports/ certification to Designated Stock Exchange within the prescribed timelines.

(viii) The Company shall:

provide such documents/information and assistance to the Debenture Trustee as required by the Debenture Trustee to carry out the necessary continuous due diligence and monitoring of the minimum Security Cover on a quarterly basis in the manner as may be specified by SEBI from time to time;

- a. provide such documents/information and assistance to the Debenture Trustee as required by the Debenture Trustee to carry out the necessary continuous due diligence and monitoring of the minimum Security Cover on a quarterly basis in the manner as may be specified by SEBI from time to time;
- b. submit a certificate from the statutory auditor on a half-yearly basis, together with the financial statements, a certificate from the statutory auditor of the Company regarding the Security Cover including compliance with the Financial Covenants and Conditions of this Prospectus time in the manner as may be specified by the SEBI and Applicable Law from time to time.

Periodical Monitoring by the Debenture Trustee:

The Debenture Trustee shall undertake independent periodical assessment of compliance with covenants or terms of the issue of NCDs. The Company shall, inter-alia, submit the following reports/ certificates to the Debenture Trustee within a considerable timeline so as to enable the Debenture Trustee shall submit the following reports/certificates to Stock Exchange within the timelines specified in order to carry out the due diligence on continuous basis by the Debenture Trustee pursuant to Regulations Regulation 15(1)(s) & 15(1)(t) of the SEBI DT Regulations.

Reports/ Certificates	Timelines for submission of report/certifications by Debenture Trustee to
	Stock Exchange
Security Cover Certificate (in the format as specified in Annex-VA of SEBI Debenture Trustee's Master Circular)	Quarterly basis within 75 days from end of each quarter except last quarter when submission is to be made within 90 days.
A statement of value of pledged securities	•
A statement of value for Debt Service Reserve Account or any other form of security offered	
Net worth certificate of guarantor (In case of	Half yearly basis within 75 days from end of
NCDs are secured by way of personal guarantee),	each half-year.
as applicable.	
Financials/value of guarantor prepared on basis of	Annual basis within 75 days from end of each

Reports/ Certificates	Timelines for submission of report/ certifications by Debenture Trustee to Stock Exchange
audited financial statement etc. of the guarantor(In case of NCDs are secured by way of corporate guarantee), as applicable.	financial year.
Valuation report and title search report for the immovable/movable assets, as applicable.	Once in three years within 75 days from the end of the financial year.

- (i) The Debenture Trustee may at any time through its authorized representatives and agents, inspect books of account, records, registers of Company and the trust property to the extent necessary for discharging its obligations and the Company shall provide full and unimpeded access to the records, registers and books of accounts and facilitate in the inspection and due diligence process. Any fees, costs expenses incurred in conducting such inspection/due diligence process shall be fully borne by the Company. In the event, any fees, costs expenses are borne by the Debenture Trustee, it shall be reimbursed forthwith by the Company upon request.
- (ii) The Company shall provide intimation regarding:
 - Any default in timely payment of interest or redemption or both in respect of the non-convertible debt securities.
 - ii. All covenants of the issue (including side letters, Event of Default clause etc.).
- (iii) The Company shall ensure due compliance and adherence to the SEBI Debenture Trustee's Master Circular in letter and spirit.
- (iv) **Forensic Audit**: In case of initiation of any forensic audit (by whatever name called) in respect of the Company, the Company shall report to the Debenture Trustee and provide following information and make requisite disclosures to the Designated Stock Exchanges:
 - i. the fact of initiation of forensic audit along with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same: and
 - ii. the final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory/ enforcement agencies) on receipt by the Company along with comments of the management, if any.

TERMS OF THE ISSUE

Authority for the Issue

This Issue has been authorised by the Board of Directors of our Company pursuant to a resolution passed at their meeting held on September 02, 2024. Further, the present borrowing is within the borrowing limits under Section 180(1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 duly approved by the shareholders' *vide* their resolution passed at their EGM held on January 05, 2022.

Principal Terms & Conditions of this Issue

The NCDs being offered as part of the Issue are subject to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations and the SEBI Master Circular, the applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013, the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of our Company, the terms of the Prospectus, the Application Forms, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement, the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements including those issued from time to time by SEBI/the Government of India/BSE, RBI, and/or other statutory/regulatory authorities relating to the offer, issue and listing of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.

Ranking of NCDs

The NCDs being offered through this Issue would constitute direct and secured obligations of the Company and shall rank *pari passu* inter se, and subject to any obligations under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, shall also, with regard to the amount invested, be secured by way of first charge on the identified movable assets of our Company. The claims of the NCD Holders shall be superior to the claims of any unsecured creditors, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. We have received necessary consents from the relevant lenders, debenture trustees and security trustees for creating an exclusive charge in favour of the Debenture Trustee in relation to the NCDs.

In terms of the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees, our Company is required to obtain permissions or consents from or provide intimations to the prior creditors for proceeding with this Issue, if pari passu security is sought to be created.

Security

The Issue comprises of public issue of NCDs of face value of ₹ 1,000 each.

The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with existing secured creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Prior to the filing of the listing application as prescribed under SEBI Regulations and other Applicable Laws, our Company will ensure 100.00% or higher security cover on the outstanding amount, including interest, for the NCDs at any time, by creating security in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the Debenture Holders.

In terms of the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees, our Company has entered into the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement and in furtherance thereof intends to enter into a Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed with the Debenture Trustee for the benefit of the NCD Holders, ("**Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed**"), before the filing of listing application as prescribed under SEBI Regulations and other applicable laws. The terms of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed shall govern the appointment of the Debenture Trustee and the issue of the NCDs.

Under the terms of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, our Company will covenant with the Debenture Trustee that it will pay the Debenture Holders holding the NCDs the principal amount on the NCDs on the relevant redemption date and also that it will pay the interest due on the NCDs at the rate specified in this Prospectus and in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed

The Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed will also provide that our Company may withdraw any portion of the security subject to prior written consent of the Debenture Trustee and/or may replace with another security of the same or a higher value, subject to in accordance with Applicable Law(s).

Our Company confirms that the Issue proceeds shall be kept in the Public Issue Account until the documents for creation of security i.e. the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, is executed.

The NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with sub-registrar and/or RoC or CERSAI or Depository etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the Debenture Trustee. Further, in the event our Company fails to execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed within a timeline specified under Regulation 18 of SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company shall pay interest of at least 2% p.a. to each NCD Holder, over and above the agreed coupon rate, till the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed

Debenture Redemption Reserve

Regulation 16 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 states that where debentures are issued by any company, the company shall create a debenture redemption reserve out of the profits of the company available for payment of dividend. Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended by Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Amendment Rules, 2019, listed NBFC is not required to create a DRR in case of public issue of debentures. The rules further mandate that the company which is coming with a Public Issue shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more prescribed methods.

Accordingly, our Company is not required to create a DRR for the NCDs proposed to be issued through this Issue. Further, our Company shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more following methods: (a) in deposits with any scheduled bank, free from charge or lien; (b) in unencumbered securities of the Central Government or of any State Government; (c) in unencumbered securities mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) and (ee) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882; (d) in unencumbered bonds issued by any other company which is notified under clause (f) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882. The abovementioned amount deposited or invested, must not be utilized for any purpose other than for the repayment of debentures maturing during the year provided that the amount remaining deposited or invested must not at any time fall below 15% of the amount of debentures maturing during year ending on the 31st day of March of that year, in terms of the applicable laws.

Recovery Expense Fund

Pursuant to SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustee, as amended, our Company is required to create a recovery expense fund. Our Company shall deposit in the recovery expense fund an amount equal to 0.01% of the issue size, subject to maximum of ₹25 lakhs. The recovery expense fund may be utilised by Debenture Trustee, in the event of default by our Company under the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, for taking appropriate legal action to enforce the security.

Kindly note, any default committed by the Company in terms of the NCDs proposed to be issued shall be reckoned at each respective International Securities Identification Number level assigned to the respective Option(s)/Series of NCDs issued.

Settlement Guarantee Fund

Our Company will deposit amounts in the settlement guarantee fund in the manner as specified in the SEBI Master Circular, if applicable. This fund has been created under the SEBI Master Circular to ensure upfront collection of charges from eligible issuers at the time of allotment of debt securities.

Face Value

The face value of each NCD to be issued under this Issue shall be ₹ 1,000.

NCD Holder not a Shareholder

The NCD Holders will not be entitled to any of the rights and privileges available to the equity and/or preference shareholders of our Company, except to the extent of the right to receive the annual reports of our Company and such other rights as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Rights of the NCD Holders

Some of the significant rights available to the NCD Holders are as follows:

- 1. The NCDs shall not, except as provided under the Companies Act, 2013, our Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association and/or the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, confer upon the NCD Holders thereof any rights or privileges available to our members including the right to receive notices or annual reports of, or to attend and/or vote, at our general meeting. However, if any resolution affecting the rights attached to the NCDs is to be placed before the members, the said resolution will first be placed before the concerned registered NCD Holders for their consideration. The opinion of the Debenture Trustee as to whether such resolution is affecting the right attached to the NCDs is final and binding on NCD Holders. In terms of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, holders of NCDs shall be entitled to a copy of the balance sheet and copy of trust deed on a specific request made to us.
- 2. Subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, including requirements of the RBI, the rights, privileges and conditions attached to the NCDs may be varied, modified and/or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of at least three-fourths of the outstanding amount of the NCDs or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the concerned NCD Holders, provided that nothing in such consent or resolution shall be operative against us, where such consent or resolution modifies or varies the terms and conditions governing the NCDs, if the same are not acceptable to us.
- 3. Subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, in case of NCDs held in (i) dematerialised form, the person for the time being appearing in the register of beneficial owners of the Depositories; and (ii) physical form on account of re-materialization, the registered NCD Holder or in case of joint-holders, the one whose name stands first in the register of debenture holders shall be entitled to vote in respect of such NCDs, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the concerned NCD Holders and every such NCD Holder shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands and on a poll, his/her voting rights on every resolution placed before such meeting of the NCD Holders shall be in proportion to the outstanding nominal value of NCDs held by him/her.
- 4. The NCDs are subject to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations and the SEBI Master Circular, the applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies Act, 1956, our Memorandum and Articles of Association, the terms of this Prospectus, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, requirements of the RBI, other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements relating to this issue and listing, of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.
- 5. Subject to SEBI circular, SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022, for NCDs in physical form on account of re-materialization, a register of debenture holders will be maintained in accordance with Section 88 and Section 94 of the Companies Act, 2013 and all interest and principal sums becoming due and payable in respect of the NCDs will be paid to the registered holder thereof for the time being or in the case of joint-holders, to the person whose name stands first in the register of debenture holders as on the Record Date. For NCDs in dematerialized form, all interest and principal sums becoming due and payable in respect of the NCDs will be paid to the person for the time being appearing in the register of beneficial owners of the Depositories. In terms of Section 88(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the register of beneficial owners maintained by a Depository for any NCD in dematerialised form under Section 11 of the Depositories Act shall be deemed to be a register of debenture holders for this purpose. The same shall be maintained at the Registered Office of our Company under Section 94 of the Companies Act, 2013 unless the same has been moved to another location after obtaining the consent of the NCD Holders as given thereunder.
- 6. A register of NCD Holders holding NCDs in physical form pursuant to rematerialisation of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue ("**Register of NCD Holder**") will be maintained in accordance with Section

88 of the Companies Act, 2013 and all interest/redemption amounts and principal sums becoming due and payable in respect of the NCDs will be paid to the registered holder thereof for the time being or in the case of joint-holders, to the person whose name stands first in the Register of NCD Holders as on the Record Date.

7. Subject to compliance with RBI requirements, NCDs can be rolled over only with the consent of the holders of at least 75% of the outstanding amount of the NCDs after providing at least 15 days' prior notice for such roll over and in accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations. Our Company shall redeem the debt securities of all the debt securities holders, who have not given their positive consent to the roll-over.

The aforementioned rights of the NCD Holders are merely indicative. The final rights of the NCD Holders will be as per the terms of this Prospectus, the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed to be executed between our Company and the Debenture Trustee.

Debenture Trustees for the NCD Holders

We have appointed Vistra ITCL (India) Limited to act as the Debenture Trustees for the NCD Holders in terms of Regulation 8 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder. We and the Debenture Trustee will execute a Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed *inter alia*, specifying the powers, authorities and obligations of the Debenture Trustee and us, within such period as specified under Regulation 18 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and on failure to do the same, we shall pay interest of at least two percent per annum to the NCD Holder(s), over and above the agreed coupon rate, till the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, with respect to the NCDs. The NCD Holder(s) shall, without further act or deed, be deemed to have irrevocably given their consent to the Debenture Trustee or any of its agents or authorised officials to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things in respect of or relating to the NCDs as the Debenture Trustee may in its absolute discretion deem necessary or require to be done in the interest of the NCD Holder(s). Any payment made by us to the Debenture Trustee on behalf of the NCD Holder(s) shall discharge us *pro tanto* to the NCD Holder(s).

The Debenture Trustee will protect the interest of the NCD Holders in the event of default by us in regard to timely payment of interest and repayment of principal and they will take necessary action at our cost. It is it the duty of the debenture trustee to monitor the security cover is maintained, however, the recovery of 100% of the amount shall depend on the market scenario prevalent at the time of enforcement of the security.

Our Company shall not create any further encumbrances on the Security except with the prior approval of the Debenture Trustee. In the event of such request by our Company, the Debenture Trustee shall provide its approval for creation of further charges provided that our Company provides a certificate from a chartered accountant stating that after creation of such further charges, the required Security cover is maintained.

At any time before the Security constituted hereunder becomes enforceable, the Debenture Trustee, may, at the request of our Company and without any consent of the NCD Holders, do or concur our Company in doing all or any of the things which our Company might have done in respect of the Security as if no security had been created and particularly, but not by way of limitation, the following assent to any modification of any contracts or arrangements which may be subsisting in relation to the Security.

Events of Default

The occurrence of any one of the following events shall constitute an Event of Default by the Company:

- (i) Default is committed in payment of the Redemption Amount/Principal Amount of the NCDs on the Redemption Date or respective due date(s);
- (ii) Two consecutive defaults are committed in payment of any Interest Amount on the NCDs on the Interest Payment Date;
- (iii) Default is committed in payment of any other monies including costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Debenture Trustee, as per the Transaction Documents;
- (iv) Default is committed in the performance or observance of any material Terms, covenant, condition or

provision or terms contained in this Deed and/or the Terms and Conditions and of the Offer Document (other than the obligation to pay Redemption Amount and Interest) and, except where the Debenture Trustee certify that such default is in their opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required), such default continues for 30 days after written notice has been given thereof by the Debenture Trustee to the Company requiring the same to be remedied;

- (v) Default by the Company in maintaining the minimum Security Cover;
- (vi) Any indebtedness of the Company for borrowed monies i.e. indebtedness for and in respect of monies borrowed or raised (whether or not for cash consideration) by whatever means (including acceptances, credits, deposits and leasing) becomes due prior to its stated maturity by reason of default of the terms thereof or any such indebtedness is not paid at its stated maturity or there is a default in making payments due under any guarantee or indemnity given by the Company in respect of the such indebtedness of borrowed monies of any person and such default has not been cured or waived;
- (vii) Any information given by the Company in the Transaction Documents, reports and other information furnished by the Company in accordance with the reporting system and the warranties given/deemed to have been given by it to the Debenture Trustee is found to be misleading or incorrect in any material respect;
- (viii) If there is reasonable apprehension that the Company is unable to pay its debts or proceedings for taking it into liquidation, either voluntarily or compulsorily, may be or have been commenced or admitted by the court;
- (ix) If, the Movable/Hypothecated Properties have not been kept insured or depreciate in value to such an extent that in the opinion of the Debenture Trustee further Security should be given and on advising the Company to that effect such Security has not been given to the Debenture Trustee to their satisfaction;
- (x) The Company has voluntarily or involuntarily become the subject of proceedings under any bankruptcy or insolvency law and such proceeding is admitted by the court or the Company is voluntarily or involuntarily dissolved; and a court having jurisdiction shall enter a decree or order for relief in respect of the Company and such decree or order shall remain unstayed and in effect for a period of 30 (thirty) consecutive days or the Company has consented to the entry of an order for relief in an involuntary case under any such laws, or shall consent to the appointment of or taking possession by a receiver, liquidator, trustee, custodian, sequestrator or similar official of the Company or for any substantial part of its property or has made any general assignment for the benefit of the creditors, or has failed generally to pay its debts as they become due or shall take any corporate action in furtherance of any of the above.
- (xi) If a petition for winding up of the Company shall have been admitted or if an order of a court of competent jurisdiction is made or a notice shall have been given of a proposed resolution for the winding up of the Company or an effective resolution is passed for the winding up of the Company otherwise than in pursuance of a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction previously approved in writing by the Debenture Trustee and duly carried out into effect
- (xii) The Company is unable to or has admitted in writing its inability to pay its debts as they mature;
- (xiii) If in the opinion of the Debenture Trustee further Security should be created to secure the NCDs and on advising the Company to the effect such Security has not been given to the Debenture Trustee to its reasonable satisfaction;
- (xiv) If an attachment or distress has been levied on the assets or any part thereof of the Hypothecated Property and/ or certificate proceedings have been taken or commenced for recovery of any dues from the Company;
- (xv) Except as provided in this Deed and the Offer Document if, without the prior approval of the Debenture Trustee, the Hypothecated Property are sold, disposed of, charged, encumbered or alienated by the Company;
- (xvi) The Company has taken or suffered any action to be taken for its reorganisation, liquidation or dissolution.

- (xvii) A Receiver or a liquidator has been appointed or allowed to be appointed of all or any part of the undertaking of the Company;
- (xviii) If, any extra-ordinary circumstances have occurred which make it impossible for the Company to fulfil its obligation under these presents and/or the Offer Documents in relation to the NCDs;
 - The Company without the consent of NCD holders ceases or threatens to cease to carry on its business as an NBFC or gives notice of its intention to do so;
- (xix) When any breach of the terms of the prospectus inviting the subscriptions of debentures or of the covenants of this deed is committed;
- (xx) If, the Company is unable to pay its debts or if the Company is carrying on business at a loss and it appears to the Debenture Trustee that continuation of its business will endanger the security hereby created:
- (xxi) After giving an opportunity of being heard to the Company, the Debenture Trustee is of the opinion that the Security of the NCD Holders is in jeopardy;
- (xxii) If it is certified by an accountant or firm accountants appointed by the Debenture Trustee that the liabilities of the Company exceed its respective assets in violation of the Applicable Law(s);
- (xxiii) if the Company enters into amalgamation, reorganisation or reconstruction without the prior consent of the Debenture Trustee in writing;
- (xxiv) When the company creates or attempts to create any charge on the mortgaged premises or any part thereof without the prior approval of the Debenture Trustees/NCD Holders;
- (xxv) Any of the Transaction Documents cease to be in full force and effect;
- (xxvi) The Company, rescinds / repudiates or purports to rescind / repudiate or evidences an intention to rescind / repudiate any of the Transaction Documents to in whole or in part;
- (xxvii) if the Company shall, without the prior consent of the Debenture Trustee in writing, make or attempt to make any alteration to its memorandum and articles of association, which, affects adversely the interest of the NCD Holders; and.
- (xxviii) If any litigation, arbitration, investigative or administrative proceedings is instituted against the Company that restrains the Company's entry into or restricts the exercise of any of the Company's rights under or compliance by the Company of any of its obligations under the Debenture Trust Deed and is not discharged or resolved within a period of 60 days of such institution, the Company shall request the Debenture Trustee in writing to extend the period for such resolution by such additional time as may seem reasonable before the expiry of these 60 days. The Debenture Trustee shall, within 3 days of receipt of such a request, call a meeting of the NCD Holders within to decide upon granting extension to the Company to resolve or discharge such litigation, arbitration, investigative or administrative proceedings. The decision of NCD Holders holding Majority Interest shall be communicated to the Company with regard to whether failure to resolve or discharge such litigation, arbitration, investigative or administrative proceedings shall constitute a material adverse effect.
- (xxix) If the following documents are not executed and/or perfected as the case maybe within the timeframe specified for each of such documents:
 - a. This Deed is not executed/perfected before transfer of funds from the Public Issue Account as specified in the Prospectus.

All expenses incurred by the Debenture Trustee after an Event of Default has occurred in connection with:

(i) preservation of the Company's assets (whether then or thereafter existing); and

(ii) collection of amounts due in respect of the NCDs;

shall be payable by the Company.

Remedies

If one or more of the events specified above occur(s), the Debenture Trustee may take such steps subject to the provisions of Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 and SEBI Debenture Trustee Circular in their discretion, but shall, upon request in writing of the NCD Holders of an amount representing not less than three-fourths in value of the nominal amount of the NCDs for the time being outstanding or by a special resolution duly passed at the meeting of the NCD Holders convened in accordance with the provisions set out hereunder, by a notice in writing to the Issuer, declare the Principal of and all accrued Interest on the NCDs to be due and payable forthwith and the NCDs shall without any further action become due for Redemption along with the Interest accrued thereon.

Minimum Subscription

In terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations, for an issuer undertaking a public issue of debt securities the minimum subscription for public issue of debt securities shall be 75% of the Base Issue. If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue being ₹3,750 lakhs, within the prescribed timelines under the Companies Act, SEBI Regulations and any rules thereto, the entire Application Amount blocked shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date or such time as may be specified by the Board. In the event the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period. In the event of failure to list such securities within such days from the date of closure of issue as may be specified by the Board (scheduled listing date), all application moneys received or blocked in the public issue shall be refunded or unblocked forthwith within two working days from the scheduled listing date to the applicants through the permissible modes of making refunds and unblocking of funds. For delay in refund/unblocking of funds beyond the timeline as specified above, the issuer shall be liable to pay interest at the rate of fifteen percent per annum to the investors from the scheduled listing date till the date of actual payment.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard included in the SEBI Master Circular.

Market Lot and Trading Lot

Since trading of the NCDs is in dematerialised form, the tradable lot is one NCD.

Please note that the NCDs shall cease to trade from the Record Date (for payment of the principal amount and the applicable interest for such NCDs) prior to redemption of the NCDs.

Allotment in the Issue will be in Demat form in multiples of one NCD. For details of allotment, see "Issue Procedure" beginning on page 274.

Nomination facility to NCD Holder

In accordance with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 ("**Rule 19**") and Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, the sole NCD Holder, or first NCD Holder, along with other joint NCD Holders' (being individual(s)), may nominate, in the Form No. SH.13, any one person in whom, in the event of the death of Applicant the NCDs Allotted, if any, will vest. Where the nomination is made in respect of the NCDs held by more than one person jointly, all joint holders shall together nominate in Form No. SH.13 any person as nominee. A nominee entitled to the NCDs by reason of the death of the original holder(s), will, in accordance with Rule 19

and Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013, be entitled to the same benefits to which he or she will be entitled if he or she were the registered holder of the NCDs. Where the nominee is a minor, the holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in Form No. SH.14, any person to become entitled to NCDs in the event of the holder's death during minority. A nomination will stand rescinded on a sale/transfer/alienation of NCDs by the person nominating. A buyer will be entitled to make a fresh nomination in the manner prescribed. Fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form available on request at our Corporate Office or with the Registrar to the Issue.

NCD Holder(s) are advised to provide the specimen signature of the nominee to us to expedite the transmission of the NCD(s) to the nominee in the event of demise of the NCD Holder(s). The signature can be provided in the Application Form or subsequently at the time of making fresh nominations. This facility of providing the specimen signature of the nominee is purely optional.

In accordance with Rule 19, any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the Rule 19, will on the production of such evidence as may be required by the Board, elect either:

- to register himself or herself as the holder of the NCDs; or
- to make such transfer of the NCDs, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, the Board may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the NCDs, and if the notice is not complied with, within a period of 90 days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all interests or redemption amounts or other monies payable in respect of the NCDs, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

For all NCDs held in the dematerialized form, nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Applicant would prevail. If the investors require changing their nomination, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant in connection with NCDs held in the dematerialized form.

A nomination may be cancelled or varied by nominating any other person in place of the present nominee, by the Debenture Holder who has made the nomination, by giving a notice of such cancellation or variation in the prescribed manner as per applicable laws. The cancellation or variation shall take effect from the date on which the notice of such variation or cancellation is received.

For all NCDs held in the dematerialised form and since the allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be made only in dematerialized mode, there is no need to make a separate nomination with our Company. The nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Applicant would prevail. If the investors require changing their nomination, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant in connection with NCDs held in the dematerialised form.

Applicants who have opted for rematerialisation of NCDs and are holding the NCDs in the physical form should provide required details in connection with their nominee to our Company.

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Kochi, Kerala India.

Application in the Issue

Applicants shall apply in this Issue in dematerialised form only, through a valid Application Form filled in by the Applicant along with attachment, as applicable. Further, Applications in this Issue shall be made through the ASBA facility only (including Applications made by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism).

In terms of Regulation 7 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will make public issue of the NCDs in the dematerialised form only.

However, in terms of Section 8(1) of the Depositories Act, our Company, at the request of the Investors who wish to hold the NCDs in physical form will rematerialise the NCDs. However, any trading of the NCDs shall be compulsorily in dematerialised form only.

Form of Allotment and Denomination of NCDs

As per the SEBI NCS Regulations, the trading of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange shall be in dematerialized form only in multiples of one (1) NCD ("Market Lot"). Allotment in this Issue to all Allottees, will be in electronic form i.e. in dematerialised form and in multiples of one NCD.

For details of allotment please see "Issue Procedure" on page 274.

Transfer/ Transmission of NCD(s)

The NCDs shall be transferred or transmitted freely in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The NCDs held in dematerialised form shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by NSDL/CDSL and the relevant DPs of the transfer or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof. The transferee(s) should ensure that the transfer formalities are completed prior to the Record Date. The seller should give delivery instructions containing details of the buyer's DP account to his depository participant.

In the absence of the same, interest will be paid/redemption will be made to the person, whose name appears in the register of debenture holders maintained by the Depositories. In such cases, claims, if any, by the transferees would need to be settled with the transferor(s) and not with the Company or Registrar.

For further details, see "Issue Structure" beginning on page 238, for the implications on the interest applicable to NCDs held by individual NCD Holders on the Record Date and NCDs held by non-individual NCD Holders on the Record Date. NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred. Any trading of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue shall be compulsorily in dematerialized form only. The procedure for transmission of securities has been further simplified vide the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Fourth Amendment) Regulations, 2022 Gazette Notification no. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2022/80 dated April 25, 2022.

Title

In case of:

- the NCDs held in the dematerialised form, the person for the time being appearing in the record of beneficial owners maintained by the Depository; and
- the NCD held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, the person for the time being appearing in the Register of NCD Holders as NCD Holder,

shall be treated for all purposes by our Company, the Debenture Trustee, the Depositories and all other persons dealing with such person as the holder thereof and its absolute owner for all purposes regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any interest in it or any writing on, theft or loss of the Consolidated NCD Certificate issued in respect of the NCDs and no person will be liable for so treating the NCD Holder.

No transfer of title of an NCD will be valid unless and until entered on the register of NCD holders or the register of beneficial owners maintained by the Depositories prior to the Record Date. In the absence of transfer being registered, interest and/or maturity amount, as the case may be, will be paid to the person, whose name appears first in the register of the NCD Holders maintained by the Depositories and/or our Company and/or the Registrar, as the case may be. In such cases, claims, if any, by the purchasers of the NCDs will need to be settled with the seller of the NCDs and not with our Company or the Registrar. The provisions relating to transfer and transmission and other related matters in respect of our Company's shares contained in the Articles of Association of our Company and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, shall apply, mutatis mutandis (to the extent applicable) to the NCD(s) as well.

Register of NCD Holders

No transfer of title of NCD will be valid unless and until entered on the Register of NCD Holders or the register and index of NCD Holders maintained by the Depository prior to the Record Date. In the absence of transfer being registered, interest and/or Maturity Amount, as the case may be, will be paid to the person, whose name appears

first in the Register of NCD Holders maintained by the Depositories and/or our Company and/or the Registrar, as the case may be. In such cases, claims, if any, by the purchasers of the NCDs will need to be settled with the seller of the NCDs and not with our Company or the Registrar. The provisions relating to transfer and transmission and other related matters in respect of our Company's shares contained in the Articles of Association of our Company and the Companies Act shall apply, mutatis mutandis (to the extent applicable) to the NCDs as well.

Maintenance of Accounts

The Company shall maintain proper books of account as required by the Companies Act, and make true and proper entries therein of all dealings and transactions of and in relation to the Movable Properties and the business of the Company and keep the said books of account and all other books, registers and other documents relating to the affairs of the Company at its registered office or, where permitted by law, at other place or places where the books of account and documents of a similar nature may be kept and the Company will ensure that all entries in the same relating to the Security and the business of the Company shall at all reasonable times be open for inspection of the Debenture Trustee without any condition and such person or persons as the Debenture Trustee shall, from time to time, in writing for that purpose appoint.

Annual Accounts

The Company shall submit to the Debenture Trustee its duly audited annual accounts, as prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations. In case statutory audit is not likely to be completed during this period, the Company shall get its accounts audited by an independent firm of chartered accountants and furnish the same to the Debenture Trustee.

Insurance

The Company shall insure and keep insured up to the replacement value thereof or on such other basis as approved by the Trustee, the Movable Properties against fire, theft, lightning, explosion, earthquake, strike, lock out, civil commotion, storm, tempest, flood, marine risk, erection risk, war risk and other risk as may be specified by the Trustee and shall duly pay all premium and other sums payable for the purpose. The insurance in respect of the Movable Properties shall be taken in the joint names of the Company the Trustee and any other person having a pari passu charge on the Movable Properties and acceptable to the Trustee. The Company shall submit copies of such insurance policies and renewals thereof with the Trustee. The Company shall deliver to the Trustee an Auditors' Certificate as and when requested by the Trustee certifying the adequacy of insurance coverage for the assets provided as security. In the event of failure on the part of the Company to insure the Movable Properties or to pay the insurance premium or other sums referred to above, the Trustee may, but shall not be bound to, get the Movable Property insured or pay the insurance premium and other sums referred to above, which shall be reimbursed to the Trustee by the Company.

Dividend Declaration

The Company shall not declare any dividend to the shareholders in any year until the company has paid or made satisfactory provision for the payment of the instalments of principal and interest due on the debentures.

Payment of Duties

The Company shall punctually pay all rents, royalties, taxes, rates, levies, cesses, assessments, impositions and outgoings, governmental, municipal or otherwise imposed upon or payable by the Company as and when the same shall become payable and when required by the Debenture Trustees produce the receipts of such payment and also punctually pay and discharge all debts and obligations and liabilities which may have priority over the security created and observe, perform and comply with all covenants and obligations which ought to be observed and performed by the Company in respect of the Security or any part thereof.

Notice of distribution of profits

The Company shall inform the Debenture Trustee prior to declaration or distribution of dividend by the Company.

Succession

Where NCDs are held in joint names and one of the joint holders dies, the survivor(s) will be recognized as the NCD Holder(s). It will be sufficient for our Company to delete the name of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining satisfactory evidence of his death. Provided, a third person may call on our Company to register his name as successor of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining evidence such as probate of a will for the purpose of proving his title to the debentures. In the event of demise of the sole or first holder of the Debentures, the Company will recognise the executors or administrator of the deceased NCD Holders, or the holder of the succession certificate or other legal representative as having title to the Debentures only if such executor or administrator obtains and produces probate or letter of administration or is the holder of the succession certificate or other legal representation, as the case may be, from an appropriate court in India. The directors of the Company in their absolute discretion may, in any case, dispense with production of probate or letter of administration or succession certificate or other legal representation. In case of death of NCD Holders who are holding NCDs in dematerialised form, third person is not required to approach the Company to register his name as successor of the deceased NCD Holder. He shall approach the respective Depository Participant of the NCD Holder for this purpose and submit necessary documents as required by the Depository Participant.

Where a non-resident Indian becomes entitled to the NCDs by way of succession, the following steps have to be complied with:

- 1. Documentary evidence to be submitted to the Legacy Cell of the RBI to the effect that the NCDs were acquired by the non-resident Indian as part of the legacy left by the deceased NCD Holder.
- 2. Proof that the non-resident Indian is an Indian national or is of Indian origin.
- 3. Such holding by a non-resident Indian will be on a non-repatriation basis.

Joint-holders

Where two or more persons are holders of any NCD(s), they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint holders with benefits of survivorship subject to other provisions contained in the Articles.

Procedure for Re-materialization of NCDs

NCD Holders who wish to hold the NCDs in physical form may do so by submitting a request to their DP at any time after Allotment in accordance with the applicable procedure stipulated by the DP, in accordance with the Depositories Act and/or rules as notified by the Depositories from time to time. Holders of NCDs who propose to rematerialise their NCDs, would have to mandatorily submit details of their bank mandate along with a copy of any document evidencing that the bank account is in the name of the holder of such NCDs and their Permanent Account Number to the Company and the DP. No proposal for rematerialisation of NCDs would be considered if the aforementioned documents and details are not submitted along with the request for such rematerialisation.

Restriction on transfer of NCDs

There are no restrictions on transfers and transmission of NCDs allotted pursuant to this Issue. Pursuant to the SEBI Listing Regulations, NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition, with effect from April 1, 2019.

Period of Subscription

Issue Opening Date	November 14, 2024
Issue Closing Date	November 28, 2024#
Pay In Date	Application Date. The entire Application Amount is payable on Application
Deemed Date of Allotment	The date on which the Board of Directors or the Committee thereof authorised
	by the Board approves the Allotment of the NCDs for the Issue or such date
	as may be determined by the Board of Directors/ Committee authorised by
	the Board thereof and notified to the Designated Stock Exchange. The actual
	Allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of
	Allotment. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall
	be available to the Debenture Holders from the Deemed Date of Allotment.

#This Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated in the Prospectus,, except that this Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date(subject to a minimum period of two Working Days and a maximum period of 10 Working Days from the date of opening of the Issue and subject to not exceeding thirty days from filing the Prospectus with ROC as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company or Debenture Committee of the Board thereof, subject to compliance with Regulation 33A of the SEBI NCS Regulations. In the event of such early closure or extension of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through an advertisement in all the newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement for opening of this Issue has been given on or before such earlier or initial date of Issue closure.

Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange.

Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date. For further details please refer to the chapter titled "Issue Related Information" on page 238 of this Prospectus. Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) ("Bidding Period") during the Issue Period as mentioned above on all days between Monday and Friday (both inclusive barring public holiday) (a) by the Designated Intermediaries at the Bidding Centres, or (b) by the SCSBs directly at the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Additionally, an Investor may also submit the Application Form, through the app or web interface of the Stock Exchange. On the Issue Closing Date Application Forms will be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. to 3.00 p.m. and until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by Stock Exchange. It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded on the Stock Exchange Platform would be rejected. Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on one Working Day post the Issue Closing Date.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, Applicants are advised to submit their Application Forms one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, no later than 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Issue Closing Date. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, there may be some Applications which are not uploaded due to lack of sufficient time to upload.

Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Application Forms will only be accepted on Working Days during the Issue Period. Neither our Company, nor the Lead Manager, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange are liable for any failure in uploading the Applications due to failure in any software/hardware systems or otherwise. Please note that the Basis of Allotment under the Issue will be on the basis of date of upload of each application into the electronic book of the Stock Exchange in accordance with the SEBI Master Circular. However, from the date of oversubscription and thereafter, the allotments will be made to the applicants on proportionate basis.

Basis of payment of Interest

NCDs once Allotted under any particular category of NCDs shall continue to bear the applicable tenor, Coupon/Yield and Redemption Amount as at the time of original Allotment irrespective of the category of Debenture Holder on any Record Date, and such Tenor, Coupon/Yield and Redemption Amount as at the time of original Allotment will not be impacted by trading of any series of NCDs between the categories of persons or entities in the secondary market.

Payment of Interest/Maturity Amount will be made to those NCD Holders whose names appear in the register of Debenture Holders (or to first holder in case of joint-holders) as on Record Date.

We may enter into an arrangement with one or more banks in one or more cities for direct credit of interest to the account of the Investors. In such cases, interest, on the interest payment date, would be directly credited to the account of those Investors who have given their bank mandate.

We may offer the facility of NACH, NEFT, RTGS, Direct Credit and any other method permitted by RBI and SEBI from time to time to help NCD Holders. The terms of this facility (including towns where this facility would be available) would be as prescribed by RBI. Please see, "Terms of the Issue – Manner of Payment of Interest /

Taxation

Income Tax is deductible at source at the rate of 10% on interest on debentures held by resident Indians as per the provisions of Section 193 of the IT Act (in case where interest is paid to Individual or HUF, no TDS will be deducted where interest paid is less than 5,000 and interest is paid by way of account payee cheque). Further, Tax will be deducted at source at reduced rate, or no tax will be deducted at source in the following cases:

- a) When the Assessing Officer issues a certificate on an application by a Debenture Holder on satisfaction that the total income of the Debenture holder justifies no/lower deduction of tax at source as per the provisions of Section 197(1) of the IT Act; and that a valid certificate is filed with the Company/ Registrar, at least 7 days before the relevant record date for payment of debenture interest;
- b) When the resident Debenture Holder with Permanent Account Number ('PAN') (not being a company or a firm) submits a declaration as per the provisions of section 197A(1A) of the IT Act in the prescribed Form 15G verified in the prescribed manner to the effect that the tax on his estimated total income of the financial year in which such income is to be included in computing his total income will be Nil. However, under section 197A(1B) of the IT Act, Form 15G cannot be submitted nor considered for exemption from tax deduction at source if the dividend income referred to in section 194, interest on securities, interest, withdrawal from NSS and income from units of mutual fund or of 236 Unit Trust of India as the case may be or the aggregate of the amounts of such incomes credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid during the financial year in which such income is to be included exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income tax;
- c) Senior citizens, who are 60 or more years of age at any time during the financial year, enjoy the special privilege to submit a self-declaration in the prescribed Form 15H for non-deduction of tax at source in accordance with the provisions of section 197A(1C) of the Act even if the aggregate income credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid exceeds the maximum amount not chargeable to tax, provided thatthe tax due on the estimated total income of the year concerned will be Nil.

In all other situations, tax would be deducted at source as per prevailing provisions of the IT Act. However, in case of NCD Holders claiming non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, the NCD Holder should furnish either (a) a declaration (in duplicate) in the prescribed form i.e. (i) Form 15H which can be given by individuals who are of the age of 60 years or more (ii) Form 15G which can be given by all applicants (other than companies, and firms), or (b) a certificate, from the Assessing Officer which can be obtained by all applicants (including companies and firms) by making an application in the prescribed form i.e. Form No.13. Further, eligible NCD Holders other than resident individuals or resident HUF investors, the following documents should be submitted with the Company/Registrar, at least 7 days before the relevant record date for payment of debenture interest (i) copy of registration certificate issued by the regulatory authority under which the investor is registered, (ii) self-declaration for non-deduction of tax at source, and (iii) such other document a may be required under the Income Tax Act, for claiming non-deduction / lower deduction of tax at source and/or specified by the Company/Registrar, from time to time.

The aforesaid documents, as may be applicable, should be submitted at least 7 days before the relevant Record Date for payment of interest on the NCDs quoting the name of the sole/ first NCD Holder, NCD folio number and the distinctive number(s) of the NCD held, to ensure non-deduction/lower deduction of tax at source from interest on the NCD. The aforesaid documents for claiming non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, shall be submitted to the Registrar as per below details or any other details as may be updated on the website of the Issuer at www.klmaxiva.com or the Registrar at www.kfintech.com, from time to time. The investors need to submit Form 15H/ 15G/certificate in original from the Assessing Officer for each Fiscal during the currency of the NCD to claim non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source from interest on the NCD. Tax exemption certificate/document, if any, must be lodged at the office of the Registrar to the Issue at least seven days prior to the Record Date or as specifically required, failing which tax applicable on interest will be deducted at source on accrual thereof in our Company's books and/or on payment thereof, in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act and/or any other statutory modification, enactment or notification as the case may be.

A tax deduction certificate will be issued for the amount of tax so deducted. Subject to the terms and conditions in connection with computation of applicable interest on the Record Date, please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs.

Subject to the terms and conditions in connection with computation of applicable interest on the Record Date as stated in the section titled "Issue Procedure" on page 274, please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs.

Day Count Convention:

Interest shall be computed on actual/actual basis i.e. on the principal outstanding on the NCDs as per the SEBI Master Circular.

Effect of holidays on payments

If the date of payment of interest does not fall on a Working Day, then the interest payment will be made on succeeding Working Day (the "Effective Date"), however the calculation for payment of interest will be only till the originally stipulated Interest Payment Date. The dates of the future interest payments would be as per the originally stipulated schedule. Payment of interest will be subject to the deduction of tax as per Income Tax Act or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. In case the Maturity Date (also being the last Interest Payment Date) does not fall on a Working Day, the payment will be made on the immediately preceding Working Day, along with coupon/interest accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such payment.

Illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments.

The illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments, as required by SEBI Master Circular is disclosed at page 387.

Maturity and Redemption

The NCDs issued pursuant to this Prospectus have a fixed maturity date. The NCDs will be redeemed at the expiry of 400 days from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series I, 16 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series III, 2 Years from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series IV, 2 Years from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series V, 3 Years from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series VII, 5 Years from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series VII, 5 Years from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series IX, 79 Months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Series IX,

Application Size

Each application should be for a minimum of 5 NCDs and multiples of one NCD thereof. The minimum application size for each application would be \mathfrak{T} 5,000 (for all kinds of Series NCDs either taken individually or collectively) and in multiples of \mathfrak{T} 1,000 thereafter.

Applicants can apply for any or all series of NCDs offered hereunder provided the Applicant has applied for minimum application size using the same Application Form.

Applicants are advised to ensure that application made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions.

Terms of Payment

The entire issue price of ₹ 1,000 per NCD is blocked in the ASBA Account on application itself. In case of allotment of lesser number of NCDs than the number of NCDs applied for, our Company shall instruct the SCSBs to unblock the excess amount blocked on application in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus.

Manner of Payment of Interest / Redemption Amounts

The manner of payment of interest / redemption in connection with the NCDs is set out below:

For NCDs held in dematerialised form:

The bank details will be obtained from the Depositories for payment of Interest / redemption amount as the case may be. Holders of the NCDs, are advised to keep their bank account details as appearing on the records of the depository participant updated at all points of time. Please note that failure to do so could result in delays in credit of Interest/ Redemption Amounts at the Applicant's sole risk, and the Lead Manager, our Company or the Registrar shall have no any responsibility and undertake no liability for the same.

For NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization:

In case of NCDs held in physical form, on account of rematerialisation, the bank details will be obtained from the documents submitted to the Company along with the rematerialisation request. For further details, please see " *Terms of the Issue–Procedure for Re-materialization of NCDs*" on page 264.

The mode of payment of Interest/Redemption Amount shall be undertaken in the following order of preference:

- 1. **Direct Credit/ NACH/ RTGS:** Investors having their bank account details updated with the Depository shall be eligible to receive payment of Interest / Redemption Amount, through:
 - i. **Direct Credit**. Interest / Redemption Amount would be credited directly to the bank accounts of the Investors, if held with the same bank as the Company.
 - ii. NACH: National Automated Clearing House which is a consolidated system of ECS. Payment of Interest / Redemption Amount would be done through NACH for Applicants having an account at one of the centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be subject to availability of complete bank account details including Magnetic Ink Character Recognition (MICR) code wherever applicable from the depository. The payment of Interest / Redemption Amount through NACH is mandatory for Applicants having a bank account at any of the centres where NACH facility has been made available by the RBI (subject to availability of all information for crediting the Interest / Redemption Amount through NACH including the MICR code as appearing on a cheque leaf, from the depositories), except where applicant is otherwise disclosed as eligible to get Interest / Redemption Amount through NEFT or Direct Credit or RTGS.
 - iii. RTGS: Applicants having a bank account with a participating bank and whose Interest / Redemption Amount exceeds ₹ 2 lakhs, or such amount as may be fixed by RBI from time to time, have the series to receive the Interest / Redemption Amount through RTGS. Such eligible Applicants who indicate their preference to receive Interest / Redemption Amount through RTGS are required to provide the IFSC code in the Application Form or intimate our Company and the Registrar to the Issue at least 7 (seven) working days before the Record Date. Charges, if any, levied by the Applicant's bank receiving the credit would be borne by the Applicant. In the event the same is not provided, Interest / Redemption Amount shall be made through NECS subject to availability of complete bank account details for the same as stated above.
 - iv. **NEFT:** Payment of interest / redemption amount shall be undertaken through NEFT wherever the Applicants' bank has been assigned the Indian Financial System Code ("**IFSC**"), which can be linked to a Magnetic Ink Character Recognition ("**MICR**"), if any, available to that particular bank branch. IFSC Code will be obtained from the website of RBI as on a date immediately prior to the date of payment of the Interest / Redemption Amounts, duly mapped with MICR numbers. Wherever the Applicants have registered their nine-digit MICR number and their bank account number while opening and operating the de-mat account, the same will be duly mapped with the IFSC Code of that particular bank branch and the payment of Interest / Redemption Amount will be made to the Applicants through this method.
- 2. Registered Post/Speed Post: For all other NCD Holders, including those who have not updated their bank particulars with the MICR code, the Interest Payment / Redemption Amount shall be paid by way of Interest/ Redemption warrants dispatched through speed post/ registered post only to Applicants that have provided details of a registered address in India.

Printing of Bank Particulars on Interest/ Redemption Warrants

As a matter of precaution against possible fraudulent encashment of Interest/ Redemption warrants due to loss or misplacement, the particulars of the Applicant's bank account are mandatorily required to be given for printing on the orders/ warrants. In relation to NCDs held dematerialised form, these particulars would be taken directly from the depositories. In case of NCDs held in physical form on account of rematerialisation, the investors are advised to submit their bank account details with our Company / Registrar at least 7 (seven) working days prior to the Record Date failing which the orders / warrants will be dispatched to the postal address of the holder of the NCD as available in the records of our Company. Bank account particulars will be printed on the warrants which can then be deposited only in the account specified.

Loan against NCDs

Pursuant to RBI Circular dated June 27, 2013, our Company, being an NBFC, is not permitted to extend any loans against the security of its NCDs.

Buy Back of NCDs

Our Company may, at its sole discretion, from time to time, consider, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, buyback of NCDs, upon such terms and conditions as may be decided by our Company.

Our Company may from time to time invite the NCD Holders to offer the NCDs held by them through one or more buy-back schemes and/or letters of offer upon such terms and conditions as our Company may from time to time determine, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Such NCDs which are bought back may be extinguished, re-issued and/or resold in the open market with a view of strengthening the liquidity of the NCDs in the market, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Procedure for Redemption by NCD Holders

The procedure for redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization:

No action would ordinarily be required on the part of the NCD Holder at the time of redemption and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of NCD Holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption. However, our Company may require that the NCD certificate(s), duly discharged by the sole holder/all the joint-holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificate(s)) be surrendered for redemption on maturity and should be sent by the NCD Holder(s) by Registered Post with acknowledgment due or by hand delivery to our office or to such persons at such addresses as may be notified by us from time to time. NCD Holder(s) may be requested to surrender the NCD certificate(s) in the manner as stated above, not more than three months and not less than one month prior to the redemption date so as to facilitate timely payment.

We may at our discretion redeem the NCDs without the requirement of surrendering of the NCD certificates by the holder(s) thereof. In case we decide to do so, the holders of NCDs need not submit the NCD certificates to us and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of NCD Holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption of NCDs. In such case, the NCD certificates would be deemed to have been cancelled. Also see "Payment on Redemption" on page 269.

NCDs held in electronic form:

No action is required on the part of NCD Holder(s) at the time of redemption of NCDs.

Payment on Redemption

The manner of payment of redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialisation:

The payment on redemption of the NCDs will be made by way of cheque/pay order/ electronic modes. However, if our Company so requires, the aforementioned payment would only be made on the surrender of NCD certificate(s), duly discharged by the sole holder / all the joint-holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificate(s). Dispatch of cheques/pay order, etc. in respect of such payment will be made on the Redemption Date or (if so requested by our Company in this regard) within a period of 30 days from the date of receipt of the duly discharged NCD certificate.

In case we decide to do so, the redemption proceeds in the manner stated above would be paid on the redemption date to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of debenture holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption. Hence the transferees, if any, should ensure lodgment of the transfer documents with us at least seven working days prior to the Record Date. In case the transfer documents are not lodged with us at least seven working days prior to the Record Date and we dispatch the redemption proceeds to the transferor, claims in respect of the redemption proceeds should be settled amongst the parties inter se and no claim or action shall lie against us or the Registrar to the Issue.

Our liability to holder(s) towards their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the date of redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holder(s).

Further, we will not be liable to pay any interest, income or compensation of any kind from the date of redemption of the NCD(s).

NCDs held in electronic form:

On the redemption date, redemption proceeds would be paid by cheque /pay order / electronic mode to those NCD Holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us. These names would be as per the Depositories' records on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption. These NCDs will be simultaneously extinguished to the extent of the amount redeemed through appropriate debit corporate action upon redemption of the corresponding value of the NCDs. It may be noted that in the entire process mentioned above, no action is required on the part of NCD Holders.

Our liability to NCD Holder(s) towards his/their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the date of redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holder(s).

Further, we will not be liable to pay any interest, income or compensation of any kind from the date of redemption of the NCD(s).

Right to reissue NCD(s)

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, where we have fully redeemed or repurchased any NCD(s), we shall have and shall be deemed always to have had the right to keep such NCDs in effect without extinguishment thereof, for the purpose of resale or reissue and in exercising such right, we shall have and be deemed always to have had the power to resell or reissue such NCDs either by reselling or reissuing the same NCDs or by issuing other NCDs in their place. The aforementioned right includes the right to reissue original NCDs.

Sharing of information

We may, at our option, use on our own, as well as exchange, share or part with any financial or other information about the NCD Holders available with us and affiliates and other banks, financial institutions, credit bureaus, agencies, statutory bodies, as may be required and neither we or our affiliates nor their agents shall be liable for use of the aforesaid information.

Notices

All notices to the NCD Holder(s) required to be given by us or the Debenture Trustee shall be published in one English language newspaper having wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper in Telangana and/or will be sent by post/ courier or through email or other electronic media to the Registered Holders of the NCD(s) from time to time.

Issue of duplicate NCD Certificate(s)

If any NCD certificate(s), issued pursuant to rematerialisation, if any, is/are mutilated or defaced or the cages for recording transfers of NCDs are fully utilised, the same may be replaced by us against the surrender of such certificate(s). Provided, where the NCD certificate(s) are mutilated or defaced, the same will be replaced as aforesaid only if the certificate numbers and the distinctive numbers are legible.

If any NCD certificate is destroyed, stolen or lost then upon production of proof thereof to our satisfaction and upon furnishing such indemnity/security and/or documents as we may deem adequate, duplicate NCD certificate(s) shall be issued. Upon issuance of a duplicate NCD certificate, the original NCD certificate shall stand cancelled.

Future Borrowings

We will be entitled to borrow/raise loans or avail of financial assistance in whatever form as also to issue debentures/ NCDs/other securities in any manner having such ranking in priority, *pari passu* or otherwise, subject to applicable consents, approvals or permissions that may be required under any statutory/regulatory/contractual requirement, and change the capital structure including the issue of shares of any class, on such terms and conditions as we may think appropriate, provided stipulated security cover is maintained on the NCDs and after obtaining the consent of, or intimation to, the NCD Holders or the Debenture Trustee regarding the creation of a charge over such security.

Impersonation

Attention of the Investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

"Any person who:

- a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,

shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to ₹ 50 lakh or with both.

Pre-closure

Our Company, in consultation with the Lead Manager reserves the right to close this Issue at any time prior to the Issue Closing Date, subject to receipt of Minimum Subscription (75% of the Base Issue, i.e. ₹ 3,750 lakhs). Our Company shall allot NCDs with respect to the Application Forms received at the time of such pre-closure in accordance with the Basis of Allotment as described herein and subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. In the event of such early closure of this Issue, our Company shall ensure that public notice of such early closure is published on or before such early date of closure or the Issue Closing Date for this Issue, as applicable, through advertisement(s) in all those newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement and advertisement for opening or closure of the issue have been given.

Minimum Subscription

If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size i.e. ₹ 3,750 lakhs prior to the Issue Closing Date and as prescribed under the Companies Act and any rules thereto, the entire Application Amount blocked shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard included in the SEBI Master Circular.

Pre-Issue Advertisement

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013, our Company will issue a statutory advertisement on or before the Issue Opening Date. This advertisement will contain the information as prescribed in Schedule V of SEBI NCS Regulations in compliance with the Regulation 30 of SEBI NCS Regulations. Material updates, if any, between the date of filing of this Prospectus with RoC and the date of release of the statutory advertisement, will be included in the statutory advertisement.

Listing

The NCDs offered through this Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the BSE. Our Company has obtained an 'in-principle' approval for the Issue from the BSE *vide* its letter dated November 12, 2024. For the purposes of the Issue, BSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange.

Our Company will use best efforts to ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing at the Stock Exchange is taken within Six Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby clarified that in the event of non-subscription to any one or more of the Series, such Series(s) of NCDs shall not be listed. If permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs are not granted by the Stock Exchange, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the applicants in pursuance of this Prospectus.

Guarantee/Letter of Comfort

This Issue is not backed by a guarantee or letter of comfort or any other document and/or letter with similar intent.

Arrangers

No arrangers have been appointed for this Issue.

Monitoring & Reporting of Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations. Our Board shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of this Issue. Our Company will disclose in the Company's financial statements for the relevant financial year commencing from Financial Year 2023-24, the utilisation of the net proceeds of this Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of this Issue that have not been utilized thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilized proceeds of this Issue.

Lien

Not Applicable

Lien on Pledge of NCDs

Subject to applicable laws, our Company, at its discretion, may note a lien on pledge of NCDs if such pledge of NCDs is accepted by any bank or institution for any loan provided to the NCD Holder against pledge of such NCDs as part of the funding.

ISSUE PROCEDURE

This chapter applies to all Applicants. Pursuant to the SEBI Master Circular issued by SEBI, all Applicants are required to apply for in the Issue through the ASBA process and an amount equivalent to the full Application Amount as mentioned in the Application Form will be blocked by the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Further, UPI Mechanism as a payment mechanism is applicable for the Issue, wherein a UPI Investor, may submit the Application Form with a SCSB or a Designated Intermediary or through the app/web based interface platform of the Stock Exchange and use their bank account linked UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, if the Application being made is for a value of ₹ 5 lakhs or less. The UPI Mechanism is applicable for public issue of debt securities which open for subscription on or after January 1, 2021. An additional mode for application in public issues of debt securities through an online (app/web) interface to be provided by the stock exchanges. In this regard, SEBI has also stipulated that the stock exchanges formulate and disclose the operational procedure for applying through the app/web based interface developed by them for making applications in public issues through the stock exchange's website. Since, BSE is the Designated Stock Exchange for the Issue, BSE's online platform BSE Direct, shall be available to UPI Investors to make an application under the UPI Mechanism, in accordance with the operational procedures notified by BSE vide notifications dated December 28, 2020.

Applicants should note that they may submit their Application Forms (including in cases where Applications are being made under the UPI mechanism) at (i) the Designated Branches of the SCSBs or (ii) at the Collection Centres, i.e., to the respective Members of the Consortium at the Specified Locations, the Trading Members at the Broker Centres, the CRTA at the Designated RTA Locations or CDP at the Designated CDP Locations or (iii) through BSE Direct, the app and/or web based interface/platform of the Stock Exchange, as applicable. For further information, please see "Issue Procedure- Submission of Completed Application Forms" on page 293.

Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Application do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in this Prospectus.

Please note that this section has been prepared based on the requirements notified the SEBI Operational Circular and the notifications issued by BSE, in relation to the UPI Mechanism, dated December 28, 2020.

ASBA Applicants must ensure that their respective ASBA Accounts can be blocked by the SCSBs, in the relevant ASBA accounts for the full Application Amount. Applicants should note that they may submit their Applications to the Designated Intermediaries at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or designated branches of SCSBs as mentioned on the Application Form. Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Applications do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in this Prospectus.

Specific attention is drawn to the SEBI Master Circular which provides for all allotment in public issues of debt securities to be made on the basis of the date of upload of each application into the electronic book of the Stock Exchange, as opposed to the date and time of upload of each such application.

Our Company and the Lead Manager do not accept any responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the information stated in this section and are not liable for any amendment, modification or change in the applicable law which may occur after the date of the Issue. Investors are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Bids are submitted in accordance with the applicable law.

Further, our Company, the Lead Manager and the Members of the Syndicate do not accept any responsibility for any adverse occurrence consequent to the implementation of the UPI Mechanism for application in the Issue.

PLEASE NOTE THAT ALL DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES WHO WISH TO COLLECT AND UPLOAD APPLICATION IN THIS ISSUE ON THE ELECTRONIC APPLICATION PLATFORM PROVIDED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE WILL NEED TO APPROACH THE STOCK EXCHANGE(S) AND FOLLOW THE REQUISITE PROCEDURES AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE. THE FOLLOWING SECTION MAY CONSEQUENTLY UNDERGO CHANGE BETWEEN THE DATES OF THE DRAFT PROSPECTUS / PROSPECTUS, THE ISSUE OPENING DATE AND THE ISSUE CLOSING DATE.

THE DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES (OTHER THAN TRADING MEMBERS), SCSBS AND OUR COMPANY SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS

ON THE PART OF THE TRADING MEMBERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUCH TRADING MEMBERS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO COLLECTION AND UPLOAD OF APPLICATION FORMS IN THIS ISSUE ON THE ELECTRONIC APPLICATION PLATFORM PROVIDED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE. FURTHER, THE STOCK EXCHANGE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDRESSING INVESTOR GRIEVANCES ARISING FROM APPLICATION THROUGH TRADING MEMBERS REGISTERED WITH THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

For purposes of this Issue, the term "Working Day" shall mean all days excluding Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai and/or Kochi, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holiday in Mumbai. Furthermore, for the purpose of post issue period, i.e., period beginning from the Issue Closure to listing of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange, Working Day shall mean all trading days of the Stock Exchange, excluding Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai, as per the SEBI NCS Regulations.

The information below is given for the benefit of the Investors. Our Company and the Members of Syndicate are not liable for any amendment or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Prospectus.

PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATION

Availability of the Abridged Prospectus and Application Forms

The Abridged Prospectus containing the salient features of this Prospectus together with Application Form may be obtained from:

- (a) Our Company's Registered Office and Corporate Office;
- (b) Offices of the Lead Manager/Syndicate Member;
- (c) the CRTA at the Designated RTA Locations;
- (d) the CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations;
- (e) Trading Members at the Broker Centres; and
- (f) Designated Branches of the SCSBs.

Electronic copies of this Prospectus along with the downloadable version of the Application Form will be available on the websites of the Lead Manager, the Stock Exchange, SEBI and the SCSBs.

Electronic Application Forms may be available for download on the website of the Stock Exchange and on the websites of the SCSBs that permit submission of Application Forms electronically. A unique application number ("UAN") will be generated for every Application Form downloaded from the website of the Stock Exchange. Our Company may also provide Application Forms for being downloaded and filled at such website as it may deem fit. In addition, brokers having online demat account portals may also provide a facility of submitting the Application Forms virtually online to their account holders.

Trading Members of the Stock Exchange can download Application Forms from the website of the Stock Exchange. Further, Application Forms will be provided to Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at their request.

UPI Investors making an Application upto ₹ 5 lakhs, using the UPI Mechanism, must provide the UPI ID in the relevant space provided in the Application Form. Application Forms that do not contain the UPI ID are liable to be rejected. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism may also apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications using the UPI handles as provided on the website of SEBI.

Who can apply?

The following categories of persons are eligible to apply in this Issue:

Category I

Resident public financial institutions as defined in Section 2(72) of the Companies act 2013, statutory
corporations including state industrial development corporations, scheduled commercial banks, co-operative
banks and regional rural banks, and multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions which are

- authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Provident funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs, pension funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakhs, superannuation funds and gratuity funds, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Alternative investment funds, subject to investment conditions applicable to them under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012;
- Resident venture capital funds registered with SEBI;
- Insurance companies registered with the IRDAI;
- National Investment Fund (set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of India);
- Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air force of the Union of India or by the Department of Posts, India;
- Mutual funds registered with SEBI; and
- Systemically Important NBFC registered with RBI and having a net-worth of more than ₹ 50,000 lakh as per the last audited financial statements.

Category II

- Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013; bodies corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Educational institutions and associations of persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment; which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Trust including public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Association of persons;
- Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Partnership firms in the name of the partners;
- Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009); and
- Resident Indian individuals and Hindu undivided families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating to a value exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs.

Category III*#

- Resident Indian individuals; and
- Hindu undivided families through the Karta*.

For Applicants applying for NCDs, the Registrar shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID, Client ID and where applicable the UPI ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange by the Members of the Syndicate or the Trading Members, as the case may be.

Participation of any of the aforementioned categories of persons or entities is subject to the applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements in connection with the subscription to Indian securities by such categories of persons or entities. Applicants are advised to ensure that Application made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue.

The Lead Manager and its respective associates and affiliates are permitted to subscribe in the Issue.

Who are not eligible to apply for NCDs?

The following categories of persons, and entities, shall not be eligible to participate in this Issue and any Application from such persons and entities are liable to be rejected:

(a) Minors without a guardian name*(A guardian may apply on behalf of a minor. However, Application by minors must be made through Application Forms that contain the names of both the minor Applicant and the

^{*} applications aggregating to a value not more than ₹ 5 lakh.

[#] applications upto a value of ₹ 5 lakhs shall only be made under the UPI Mechanism.

- guardian);
- (b) Foreign nationals, NRI *inter-alia* including any NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA;
- (c) Persons resident outside India and other foreign entities;
- (d) Foreign Portfolio Investors;
- (e) Foreign Venture Capital Investors;
- (f) Qualified Foreign Investors;
- (g) Overseas Corporate Bodies; and
- (h) Persons ineligible to contract under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements.

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Application Forms belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship). In case of such Application, the Registrar to the Issue shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID and Client ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange.

The concept of Overseas Corporate Bodies (meaning any company, partnership firm, society and other corporate body or overseas trust irrevocably owned/held directly or indirectly to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs), which was in existence until 2003, was withdrawn by the Foreign Exchange Management (Withdrawal of General Permission to Overseas Corporate Bodies) Regulations, 2003. Accordingly, OCBs are not permitted to invest in this Issue.

Please see "Issue Procedure – Rejection of Applications" on page 295 for information on rejection of Applications.

Method of Application

Eligible investor desirous of applying in the Issue can make Applications through the ASBA mechanism only.

Further, the Application may also be submitted through the app or web interface developed by Stock Exchange wherein the Application is automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI mechanism, as applicable.

All Applicants shall mandatorily apply in the Issue through the ASBA process only. Applicants intending to subscribe in the Issue shall submit a duly filled Application form to any of the Designated Intermediaries. Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) shall submit/deliver the Bid cum Application Form (except the Bid cum Application Form from a Retail Individual Investor bidding using the UPI mechanism) to the respective SCSB, where the Bidder has a bank account and shall not submit it to any non-SCSB bank or any Escrow Bank.

Applicants should submit the Application Form only at the Bidding Centres, i.e., to the respective Syndicate Members at the Specified Locations, the SCSBs at the Designated Branches, the Registered Broker at the Broker Centres, the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations. Kindly note that Application Forms submitted by Applicants at the Specified Locations will not be accepted if the SCSB with which the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries for deposit of the Application Forms. A list of such branches is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in.

The relevant Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of physical Application Forms from Applicants, shall upload the details of these Application Forms to the online platform of the Stock Exchange and submit these Application Forms (except a Bid cum Application Form from RIIs using the UPI Mechanism) with the SCSB with whom the relevant ASBA Accounts are maintained.

Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) shall not accept any ASBA Form from a RII who is not Bidding using the UPI Mechanism.

For RIIs using UPI Mechanism, the Stock Exchange shall share the bid details (including UPI ID) with the Sponsor Bank on a continuous basis to enable the Sponsor Bank to initiate UPI Mandate Request to RIIs for blocking of funds.

^{*}Applicant shall ensure that guardian is competent to contract under Indian Contract Act, 1872

An Applicant shall submit the Application Form, which shall be stamped at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB. Application Forms in physical mode, which shall be stamped, can also be submitted to be the Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Locations. The SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application Form.

The Sponsor Bank shall provide details of the UPI linked bank account of the Bidders to the Registrar to the Issue for purpose of reconciliation.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-PoD-1/P/CIR/2024/128 dated September 24, 2024, all individual investors applying in public issues where the application amount is up to ₹5,00,000 shall use UPI and shall also provide their UPI ID in the bid cum application form submitted with any of the entities mentioned herein below:

- 1. a syndicate member;
- 2. a stock broker registered with a recognised stock exchange (and whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity);
- 3. a depository participant (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity);
- 4. a registrar to an issue and share transfer agent (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity).

Retail individual investors using the UPI Mechanism must provide the UPI ID in the relevant space provided in the Bid cum Application Form and the Bid cum Application Form that does not contain the UPI ID are liable to be rejected.

Retail individual investors using UPI Mechanism, submitting a Bid-cum Application Form to any Designated Intermediary (other than SCSBs) should ensure that only the UPI ID is mentioned in the field for Payment Details in the Bid cum Application Form. Application Forms submitted by retail individual investors using UPI Mechanism to Designated Intermediary (other than SCSBs) with ASBA Account details, are liable to be rejected.

Further, such Bidders including RIIs using the UPI Mechanism, shall ensure that the Bids are submitted at the Bidding Centres only on Bid cum Application Forms bearing the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary (except in case of electronic Bid-cum-Application Forms) and Bid cum Application Forms (except electronic Bid-cum-Application Forms) not bearing such specified stamp may be liable for rejection. Bidders must ensure that the ASBA Account has sufficient credit balance such that an amount equivalent to the full Bid Amount can be blocked by the SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, as applicable, at the time of submitting the Bid. Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) shall not accept any ASBA Form from a RII who is not Bidding using the UPI Mechanism.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to ASBA Applications accepted by the Designated Intermediaries, Applications uploaded by SCSBs, Applications accepted but not uploaded by SCSBs or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs, the Application Amount has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account. Further, all grievances against Designated Intermediaries in relation to the Issue should be made by Applicants directly to the relevant Stock Exchange.

In terms of the SEBI Master Circular, an eligible investor desirous of applying in this Issue can make Applications through the following modes:

- 1. Through Self-Certified Syndicate Bank (SCSB) or intermediaries (viz. Syndicate members, Registered Stock Brokers, Registrar and Transfer agent and Depository Participants)
 - a. An investor may submit the bid-cum-application form, with ASBA as the sole mechanism for making payment, physically at the branch of a SCSB, i.e., investor's bank. For such applications, the existing process of uploading of bid on the Stock Exchange bidding platform and blocking of funds in investors account by the SCSB would continue.
 - b. An investor may submit the completed bid-cum-application form to intermediaries mentioned above along

with details of his/her bank account for blocking of funds. The intermediary shall upload the bid on the Stock Exchange bidding platform and forward the application form to a branch of a SCSB for blocking of funds.

c. An investor may submit the bid-cum-application form with a SCSB or the intermediaries mentioned above and use his / her bank account linked UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, if the application value is ₹ 5 lakhs or less. The intermediary shall upload the bid on the Stock Exchange bidding platform. The application amount would be blocked through the UPI mechanism in this case.

2. Through Stock Exchange

- a. An investor may submit the bid-cum-application form through the App or web interface developed by Stock Exchange (or any other permitted methods) wherein the bid is automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI Mechanism.
- b. BSE extended their web-based platforms i.e. 'BSEDirect' to facilitate investors to apply in public issues of debt securities through the web based platform and mobile app with a facility to block funds through Unified Payments Interface (UPI) mechanism for application value upto ₹ 5 lakhs. To place bid through 'BSEDirect' platform/ mobile app the eligible investor is required to register himself/ herself with BSE Direct.
- c. An investor may use the following links to access the web-based interface developed by the Stock Exchange to bid using the UPI Mechanism: BSE: https://www.bsedirect.com.
- d. The BSE Direct mobile application can be downloaded from play store in android phones. Kindly search for 'BSEdirect' on Google Playstore for downloading mobile applications.
- e. For further details on the registration process and the submission of bids through the App or web interface, the Stock Exchange have issued operational guidelines and circulars available at BSE: https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20201228-60, and https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20201228-61.

APPLICATIONS FOR ALLOTMENT OF NCDs

Details for Applications by certain categories of Applicants including documents to be submitted are summarized below.

Applications by Mutual Funds

Pursuant to the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74dated May 19, 2023 ("SEBI Mutual Fund Master Circular"), mutual funds are required to ensure that the total exposure of debt schemes of mutual funds in a particular sector shall not exceed 20% of the net assets value of the scheme. Further, the additional exposure limit provided for financial services sector not exceeding 10% of net assets value of scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to HFCs. However, the overall exposure in HFCs shall not exceed the sector exposure limit of 20% of the net assets of the scheme Further, the group level limits for debt schemes and the ceiling be fixed at 10% of net assets value extendable to 15% of net assets value after prior approval of the board of trustees.

A separate Application can be made in respect of each scheme of an Indian mutual fund registered with SEBI and such Applications shall not be treated as multiple Applications. Applications made by the AMCs or custodians of a mutual fund shall clearly indicate the name of the concerned scheme for which Application is being made. In case of Applications made by Mutual Fund registered with SEBI, a certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate must be submitted with the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Application by Non-Banking Financial Companies – Middle Layer

Non-Banking Financial Company – Middle Layer, a non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India and having a net-worth of more than thousand crore rupees as per the last audited financial

statements can apply in this Issue based on their own investment limits and approvals. The Application Form must be accompanied by a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued by the RBI, a certified copy of its last audited financial statements on a standalone basis and a net worth certificate from its statutory auditor(s). Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Application by commercial banks, co-operative banks and regional rural banks

Commercial banks, co-operative banks and regional rural banks can apply in this Issue based on their own investment limits and approvals. The Application Form must be accompanied by certified true copies of their (i) the certificate of registration issued by RBI, and (ii) the approval of such banking company's investment committee is required to be attached to the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, SCSBs making Applications on their own account using ASBA Facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making Application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for applications.

Application by Insurance Companies

In case of Applications made by insurance companies registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India ("IRDAI"), a certified copy of certificate of registration issued by IRDAI must be lodged along with Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason, therefore.

Insurance companies participating in this Issue shall comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by the IRDAI from time to time to time including the IRDA (Investment) Regulations, 2000.

Application by Indian Alternative Investment Funds

Applications made by Alternative Investment Funds eligible to invest in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Fund) Regulations, 2012, as amended (the "SEBI AIF Regulations") for Allotment of the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of SEBI registration certificate. The Alternative Investment Funds shall at all times comply with the requirements applicable to it under the SEBI AIF Regulations and the relevant notifications issued by SEBI. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason, therefor.

Applications by associations of persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment

In case of Applications made by 'Associations of Persons' and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment, must submit a (i) certified copy of the certificate of registration or proof of constitution, as applicable, (ii) power of attorney, if any, in favour of one or more persons thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to this Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Trusts

In case of Applications made by trusts, settled under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, as amended, or any other statutory and/or regulatory provision governing the settlement of trusts in India, must submit a (i) certified copy of the registered instrument for creation of such trust, (ii) power of attorney, if any, in favour of one or more

trustees thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to this Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Public Financial Institutions or Statutory Corporations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) any act/ rules under which they are incorporated; (ii) board resolution authorising investments; and (iii) specimen signature of authorised person. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of incorporation/ registration under any act/rules under which they are incorporated. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by National Investment Fund

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) resolution authorising investment and containing operating instructions; and (ii) specimen signature of authorized person. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Companies, bodies corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of the registration under the act/rules under which they are incorporated. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Indian Scientific and/or industrial research organizations, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of the registration under the act/ rules under which they are incorporated. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Partnership firms formed under applicable Indian laws in the name of the partners and Limited Liability Partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of certified copy of certificate of the partnership deed or registration issued under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, as applicable. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications under Power of Attorney

In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants who are Institutional Investors or Non-Institutional Investors, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be, with a certified copy of the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws must be submitted with the Application Form. In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants, a certified copy of the power of attorney must be submitted with the Application Form. Failing this,

our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor. Our Company, in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to relax the above condition of attaching the power of attorney with the Application Forms subject to such terms and conditions that our Company and the Lead Manager may deem fit.

Brokers having online demat account portals may also provide a facility of submitting the Application Forms online to their account holders. Under this facility, a broker receives an online instruction through its portal from the Applicant for making an Application on his/ her behalf. Based on such instruction, and a power of attorney granted by the Applicant to authorise the broker, the broker makes an Application on behalf of the Applicant.

APPLICATIONS FOR ALLOTMENT OF NCDs

This section is for the information of the Applicants proposing to subscribe to the Issue. The Lead Manager and our Company are not liable for any amendments or modifications or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Prospectus. Investors are advised to make their independent investigations and to ensure that the Application Form is correctly filled up.

Our Company, our Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, the Lead Manager and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to Applications (including Applications under the UPI Mechanism) accepted by and/or uploaded by and/or accepted but not uploaded by Trading Members, registered brokers, CDPs, RTAs and SCSBs who are authorised to collect Application Forms from the Applicants in the Issue, or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts by SCSBs or failure to block the Application Amount under the UPI Mechanism. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs (other than UPI Applications), the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account and for Applications by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism, uploaded by Designated Intermediaries, the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked under the UPI Mechanism.

The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive Application Forms from the Members of the Syndicate is available on the website of SEBI (https://www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI (https://www.sebi.gov.in) as updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The list of registered brokers at the Broker Centres, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at the website of the Stock Exchange at www.bseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centres, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the registered brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

Submission of Applications

Applications can be submitted through either of the following modes:

(a) Physically or electronically to the Designated Branches of the SCSB(s) with whom an Applicant's ASBA Account is maintained. In case of Application in physical mode, the Applicant shall submit the Application Form at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB(s). The Designated Branch shall verify if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account and shall also verify that the signature on the Application Form matches with the Investor's bank records, as mentioned in the Application Form, prior to uploading such Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the respective Designated Branch shall reject such Application and shall not upload such Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the Designated Branch shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount and upload details of the Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. The Designated Branch of the SCSBs shall stamp the Application Form and issue an acknowledgement as proof of having accepted the Application.

In case of Application being made in the electronic mode, the Applicant shall submit the Application either through the internet banking facility available with the SCSB, or such other electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking funds in the ASBA Account held with SCSB, and accordingly registering such

Application.

- (b) Physically through the Designated Intermediaries at the respective Collection Centres. Kindly note that above Applications submitted to any of the Designated Intermediaries will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained, as specified in the Application Form, has not named at least one branch at that Collection Center where the Application Form is submitted (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in).
- (c) A UPI Investor making an Application in the Issue under the UPI Mechanism, where the Application Amount is upto ₹ 5 lakhs, can submit his Application Form physically to a SCSB or a Designated Intermediary. The Designated Intermediary shall upload the application details along with the UPI ID on the Stock Exchange's bidding platform using appropriate protocols. Kindly note that in this case, the Application Amount will be blocked through the UPI Mechanism.
- (d) A UPI Investor may also submit the Application Form for the Issue through BSE Direct, wherein the Application will be automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange's bidding platform and an amount equivalent to the Application Amount shall be blocked using the UPI Mechanism.

Upon receipt of the Application Form by the Designated Intermediaries, an acknowledgement shall be issued by the relevant Designated Intermediary, giving the counter foil of the Application Form to the Applicant as proof of having accepted the Application. Thereafter, the details of the Application shall be uploaded in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. Post which:

- (i) for Applications other than under the UPI Mechanism the Application Form shall be forwarded to the relevant branch of the SCSB, in the relevant Collection Center, named by such SCSB to accept such Applications from the Designated Intermediaries (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in). Upon receipt of the Application Form, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures including verification of the Applicant's signature with his bank records and check if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account, as mentioned in the Application Form. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the relevant Application Form is liable to be rejected. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount mentioned in the Application Form.
- (ii) for Applications under the UPI Mechanism once the Application details have been entered in the bidding platform through Designated Intermediaries or BSE Direct, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of the Applicant with the Depository. The Depository shall validate the PAN and Demat account details and send response to the Stock Exchange which would be shared by the Stock Exchange with the relevant Designated Intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any. Post uploading of the Application details on the Stock Exchange's platform, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the Applicant regarding submission of the Application. Post undertaking validation with the Depository, the Stock Exchange shall, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with the Applicants UPI ID, with the Sponsor Bank appointed by our Company. The Sponsor Bank shall then initiate a UPI Mandate Request on the Applicant. The request raised by the Sponsor Bank, would be electronically received by the Applicant as an SMS or on the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account. The Applicant shall then be required to authorise the UPI Mandate Request. Upon successful validation of block request by the Applicant, the information would be electronically received by the Applicants' bank, where the funds, equivalent to Application Amount, would get blocked in the Applicant's ASBA Account. The status of block request would also be shared with the Sponsor Bank, which in turn would be shared with the Stock Exchange. The block request status would also be displayed on the Stock Exchange platform for information of the Designated Intermediary.

The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/failure of this Issue or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be.

Applicants must note that:

(a) Application Forms will be available with the Designated Branches of the SCSBs and with the Designated Intermediaries at the respective Collection Centres; and electronic Application Forms will be available on the websites of the SCSBs and the Stock Exchange at least one day prior to the Issue Opening Date. Physical

Application Forms will also be provided to the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at their request. The Application Forms would be serially numbered. Further, the SCSBs will ensure that this Prospectus is made available on their websites. The physical Application Form submitted to the Designated Intermediaries shall bear the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary. In the event the Application Form does not bear any stamp, the same shall be liable to be rejected.

(b) The Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall accept Application Forms directly from Applicants only during the Issue Period. The SCSBs shall not accept any Application Forms directly from Applicants after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date. However, the relevant branches of the SCSBs at Specified Locations can accept Application Forms from the Designated Intermediaries, after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date, if the Applications have been uploaded. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "General Information – Issue Programme" on page 48. Physical Application Forms directly submitted to SCSBs should bear the stamp of SCSBs, if not, the same are liable to be rejected.

Please note that Applicants can make an Application for Allotment of NCDs in the dematerialised form only.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING-UP THE APPLICATION FORM

General Instructions

A. General instructions for completing the Application Form

- Applications must be made in prescribed Application Form only;
- All Applicants need to tick the Series of NCDs in the Application Form that they wish to apply for.
 Applications for all the Series of the NCDs may be made in a single Application Form only.
- Application Forms must be completed in **BLOCK LETTERS IN ENGLISH**, as per the instructions contained in this Prospectus and the Application Form;
- If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names;
- It shall be mandatory for subscribers to the Issue to furnish their PAN and any Application Form, without the PAN is liable to be rejected, irrespective of the amount of transaction
- Applications should be in single or joint names and not exceeding three names, and in the same order as
 their Depository Participant details (in case of Applicants applying for Allotment of the Bonds in
 dematerialised form) and Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. The
 Applicant is required to specify the name of an Applicant in the Application Form as 'XYZ Hindu
 Undivided Family applying through PQR', where PQR is the name of the Karta. Please ensure that such
 Applications contain the PAN of the HUF and not of the Karta;
- Applicants must provide details of valid and active DP ID, Client ID and PAN, clearly and without error.
 On the basis of such Applicant's active DP ID, Client ID and PAN provided in the Application Form,
 and as entered into the electronic Application system of the Stock Exchange by SCSBs, the Designated
 Intermediaries, the Registrar will obtain from the Depository the Demographic Details. Invalid accounts,
 suspended accounts or where such account is classified as invalid or suspended may not be considered
 for Allotment of the NCDs;
- Applications must be for a minimum of 5 NCDs and in multiples of one NCD thereafter. For the purpose
 of fulfilling the requirement of minimum application size of 5 NCDs, an Applicant may choose to apply
 for 5 NCDs of the same series or across different series:
- If the ASBA Account holder is different from the Applicant, the Application Form should be signed by the ASBA Account holder also, in accordance with the instructions provided in the Application Form;

- If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form;
- Thumb impressions and signatures other than in English/Hindi/Gujarati/Marathi or any other languages specified in the 8th Schedule of the Constitution needs to be attested by a Magistrate or Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under his/her seal;
- All Applicants are required to ensure that the Application Forms are submitted at the Designated Branches of SCSBs or the Collection Centres provided in the Application Forms, bearing the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary/Designated Branch of the SCSB;
- The Designated Intermediaries or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms by stamping and returning to the Applicants the Acknowledgement Slip. This Acknowledgement Slip will serve as the duplicate of the Application Form for the records of the Applicant;
- Applicants must ensure that the requisite documents are attached to the Application Form prior to submission and receipt of acknowledgement from the relevant Designated Intermediaries or the Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be;
- All Applicants are required to check if they are eligible to apply as per the terms of this Prospectus and applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;
- All Applicants are required to tick the relevant column of "Category of Investor" in the Application Form; and
- All Applicants should correctly mention the ASBA Account number (including bank account number/bank name and branch) and ensure that funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form to the Designated Branch and also ensure that the signature in the Application Form matches with the signature in Applicant's bank records, otherwise the Application is liable to be rejected;
- A system generated acknowledgement (TRS) will be given to the Applicant as a proof of the registration of each Application. It is the Applicant's responsibility to obtain the acknowledgement from the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be.
- In case of any revision of Application in connection with any of the fields which are not allowed to be modified on the electronic application platform of the Stock Exchanges as per the procedures and requirements prescribed by each relevant Stock Exchange, the Applicants should ensure that they have first withdrawn their original Application and submit a fresh Application.

The series, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account no. etc. should be captured by the relevant Designated Intermediaries in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for Allotment.

Applicants should note that neither the Designated Intermediaries nor the SCSBs, as the case may be, will be liable for error in data entry due to incomplete or illegible Application Forms.

B. Applicant's Beneficiary Account Details

Applicants must mention their DP ID, Client ID and UPI ID (wherever applicable) in the Application Form and ensure that the name provided in the Application Form is exactly the same as the name in which the Beneficiary Account is held. In case the Application Form is submitted in the first Applicant's name, it should be ensured that the Beneficiary Account is held in the same joint names and in the same sequence in which they appear in the Application Form. In case the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) mentioned in the Application Form and entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange do not match with the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) available in the Depository database or in case PAN is not available in the Depository database, the Application Form is liable to be rejected. Further, Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive, will be rejected.

On the basis of the Demographic Details as appearing on the records of the DP, the Registrar to the Issue will take steps towards demat credit of NCDs. Hence, Applicants are advised to immediately update their Demographic Details as appearing on the records of the DP and ensure that they are true and correct, and carefully fill in their Beneficiary Account details in the Application Form. Failure to do so could result in delays in demat credit and neither our Company, Designated Intermediaries, SCSBs, Registrar to the Issue nor the Stock Exchange will bear any responsibility or liability for the same.

In case of Applications made under power of attorney, our Company in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to permit the holder of power of attorney to request the Registrar that for the purpose of printing particulars on the Allotment Advice, the Demographic Details obtained from the Depository of the Applicant shall be used.

By signing the Application Form, the Applicant would have deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide, upon request, to the Registrar to the Issue, the required Demographic Details as available on its records. The Demographic Details given by Applicant in the Application Form would not be used for any other purpose by the Registrar to the Issue except in relation to this Issue. Allotment Advice would be mailed by speed post or registered post at the address of the Applicants as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories. Applicants may note that delivery of Allotment Advice may get delayed if the same once sent to the address obtained from the Depositories are returned undelivered. Further, please note that any such delay shall be at such Applicants' sole risk and neither our Company, Registrar to the Issue, Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank nor the Lead Manager shall be liable to compensate the Applicant for any losses caused to the Applicants due to any such delay or liable to pay any interest for such delay. In case of refunds through electronic modes as detailed in this Prospectus, refunds may be delayed if bank particulars obtained from the Depository Participant are incorrect.

With effect from August 16, 2010, the beneficiary accounts of Applicants for whom PAN details have not been verified shall be suspended for credit and no credit of NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be made into the accounts of such Applicants. Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive shall be rejected. Furthermore, in case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories, which matches the parameters, namely, DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) then such Application are liable to be rejected.

C. Permanent Account Number

The Applicant should mention his or her Permanent Account Number allotted under the IT Act. For minor Applicants, applying through the guardian, it is mandatory to mention the PAN of the minor Applicant. However, Applications on behalf of the Central or State Government officials and the officials appointed by the courts in terms of a SEBI circular dated June 30, 2008 and Applicants residing in the state of Sikkim who in terms of a SEBI circular dated July 20, 2006 may be exempt from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market. In accordance with Circular No. MRD/DOP/Cir-05/2007 dated April 27, 2007 issued by SEBI, the PAN would be the sole identification number for the participants transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of transaction. Any Application Form, without the PAN is liable to be rejected, irrespective of the amount of transaction. It is to be specifically noted that the Applicants should not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.

However, the exemption for the Central or State Government and the officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to the Depository Participants' verifying the veracity of such claims by collecting sufficient documentary evidence in support of their claims. At the time of ascertaining the validity of these Applications, the Registrar to the Issue will check under the Depository records for the appropriate description under the PAN Field i.e., either Sikkim category or exempt category.

D. Joint Applications

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not exceeding three). In the case of joint Applications all interest / redemption amount payments will be made out in favour of the first Applicant. All communications will be addressed to the first named Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form and at the address mentioned therein. If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders

and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.

E. Additional/Multiple Applications

An Applicant is allowed to make one or more Applications for the NCDs for the same or other series of NCDs, subject to a minimum Application size as specified in this Prospectus and in multiples of thereafter as specified in this Prospectus. Any Application for an amount below the aforesaid minimum Application size will be deemed as an invalid Application and shall be rejected. However, multiple Applications by the same individual Applicant aggregating to a value exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs shall be deemed such individual Applicant to be an HNI Applicant and all such Applications shall be grouped in the HNI Portion, for the purpose of determining the Basis of Allotment to such Applicant. However, any Application made by any person in his individual capacity and an Application made by such person in his capacity as a Karta of a Hindu Undivided family and/or as Applicant (second or third Applicant), shall not be deemed to be a multiple Application. For the purposes of allotment of NCDs under this Issue, Applications shall be grouped based on the PAN, i.e., Applications under the same PAN shall be grouped together and treated as one Application. Two or more Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications if the sole or first Applicant is one and the same. For the sake of clarity, two or more applications shall be deemed to be a multiple Application for the aforesaid purpose if the PAN number of the sole or the first Applicant is one and the same.

Process for investor application submitted with UPI as mode of payment

- a. Before submission of the application with the intermediary, the investor would be required to have / create a UPI ID, with a maximum length of 45 characters including the handle (Example: InvestorID@bankname).
- b. An investor shall fill in the bid details in the application form along with his/ her bank account linked UPI ID and submit the application with any of the intermediaries or through the stock exchange App/ Web interface, or any other methods as may be permitted.
- c. The intermediary, upon receipt of form, shall upload the bid details along with the UPI ID on the stock exchange bidding platform using appropriate protocols.
- d. Once the bid has been entered in the bidding platform, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of investor with the depository.
- e. The Depository shall validate the aforesaid PAN and Demat account details on a near real time basis and send response to stock exchange which would be shared by stock exchange with intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any.
- f. Once the bid details are uploaded on the Stock Exchange platform, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the investor regarding submission of his / her application, at the end of day, during the bidding period. For the last day of bidding, the SMS may be sent the next working day.
- g. Post undertaking validation with the Depository, the Stock Exchange shall, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with investors UPI ID, with the Sponsor Bank appointed by the issuer.
- h. The Sponsor Bank shall initiate a mandate request on the investor
- i. The request raised by the Sponsor Bank, would be electronically received by the investor as a SMS / intimation on his / her mobile no. / mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account.
- j. The investor shall be able to view the amount to be blocked as per his / her bid in such intimation. The investor shall be able to view an attachment wherein the public issue bid details submitted by investor will be visible. After reviewing the details properly, the investor shall be required to proceed to authorize the mandate. Such mandate raised by sponsor bank would be a one-time mandate for each application in the public issue.
- k. An investor is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm on the third working day from the day of bidding on the stock exchange platform except for the last day of the issue period or any other modified

- closure date of the issue period in which case, he / she is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm the next working day.
- 1. An investor shall not be allowed to add or modify the bid(s) of the application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN ID but not both. However, the investor can withdraw the bid(s) and reapply.
- m. For mismatch bids, on successful validation of PAN and DP ID/ Client ID combination during T+1 modification session, such bids will be sent to Sponsor Bank for further processing by the Exchange on T+1 day till 1 PM.
- n. The facility of re-initiation/resending the UPI mandate shall be available only till 5 pm on the day of bidding.
- D. Upon successful validation of block request by the investor, as above, the said information would be electronically received by the investors' bank, where the funds, equivalent to application amount, would get blocked in investors account. Intimation regarding confirmation of such block of funds in investors account would also be received by the investor.
- p. The information containing status of block request (e.g. accepted / decline / pending) would also be shared with the Sponsor Bank, which in turn would be shared with the Stock Exchange. The block request status would also be displayed on the Stock Exchange platform for information of the intermediary.
- q. The information received from Sponsor Bank, would be shared by stock exchange with RTA in the form of a file for the purpose of reconciliation.
- r. Post closure of the offer, the Stock Exchange shall share the bid details with RTA. Further, the Stock Exchange shall also provide the RTA, the final file received from the Sponsor Bank, containing status of blocked funds or otherwise, along with the bank account details with respect to applications made using UPI ID.
- s. The allotment of NCDs shall be done as per SEBI Master Circular
- t. The RTA, based on information of bidding and blocking received from the Stock Exchange, shall undertake reconciliation of the bid data and block confirmation corresponding to the bids by all investor category applications (with and without the use of UPI) and prepare the basis of allotment.
- u. Upon approval of the basis of allotment, the RTA shall share the 'debit' file with Sponsor bank (through Stock Exchange) and SCSBs, as applicable, for credit of funds in the public issue account and unblocking of excess funds in the investor's account. The Sponsor Bank, based on the mandate approved by the investor at the time of blocking of funds, shall raise the debit / collect request from the investor's bank account, whereupon funds will be transferred from investor's account to the public issue account and remaining funds, if any, will be unblocked without any manual intervention by investor or their bank.
- v. Upon confirmation of receipt of funds in the public issue account, the securities would be credited to the investor's account. The investor will be notified for full/partial allotment. For partial allotment, the remaining funds would be unblocked. For no allotment, mandate would be revoked and application amount would be unblocked for the investor.
- w. Thereafter, Stock Exchange will issue the listing and trading approval.
- x. Further, in accordance with the Operational Instructions and Guidelines for Making Application for Public Issue of Debt Securities through BSE Direct issued by BSE on December 28, 2020 the investor shall also be responsible for the following:
 - i. Investor shall check the Issue details before placing desired bids;
 - ii. Investor shall check and understand the UPI mandate acceptance and block of funds process before placing the bid;
 - iii. The receipt of the SMS for mandate acceptance is dependent upon the system response/ integration of UPI on Debt Public Issue System;
 - iv. Investor shall accept the UPI Mandate Requests within the stipulated timeline;

- v. Investor shall note that the transaction will be treated as completed only after the acceptance of mandates by the investor by way of authorising the transaction by entering their UPI pin and successfully blocking funds through the ASBA process by the investor's bank;
- vi. Investor shall check the status of their bid with respect to the mandate acceptance and blocking of funds for the completion of the transaction; and
- vii. In case the investor does not accept the mandate within stipulated timelines, in such case their bid willnot be considered for allocation.
- y. The Investors are advised to read the operational guidelines mentioned for Making Application for Public Issue of Debt Securities through BSE Direct issued by BSE on December 28, 2020 before investing through the through the app/ web interface of Stock Exchange(s).

Do's and Don'ts

Applicants are advised to take note of the following while filling and submitting the Application Form:

Do's

- 1. Check if you are eligible to apply as per the terms of this Prospectus and applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals.
- 2. Read all the instructions carefully and complete the Application Form in the prescribed form.
- 3. Ensure that you have obtained all necessary approvals from the relevant statutory and/or regulatory authorities to apply for, subscribe to and/or seek Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue.
- 4. Ensure that the DP ID, the Client ID and the PAN mentioned in the Application Form, which shall be entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange are correct and match with the DP ID, Client ID and PAN available in the Depository database. Ensure that the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) are correct and the depository account is active as Allotment of the Equity Shares will be in dematerialized form only. The requirement for providing Depository Participant details is mandatory for all Applicants.
- 5. Ensure that you have mentioned the correct ASBA Account number (for all Applicants other than UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism) in the Application Form. Further, UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism must also mention their UPI ID.
- 6. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that the bank, with which they have their bank account, where the funds equivalent to the application amount are available for blocking, is certified by NPCI before submitting the ASBA Form to any of the Designated Intermediaries.
- 7. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism through the SCSBs and mobile applications shall ensure that the name of the bank appears in the list of SCSBs which are live on UPI, as displayed on the SEBI website. UPI Investors shall ensure that the name of the app and the UPI handle which is used for making the application appears on the list displayed on the SEBI website. An application made using incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of an SCSB or bank which is not mentioned on the SEBI website is liable to be rejected.
- 8. Ensure that the Application Form is signed by the ASBA Account holder (or the UPI-linked bank account holder, as the case may be) in case the Applicant is not the ASBA account holder. Applicants (except UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism) should ensure that they have an account with an SCSB and have mentioned the correct bank account number of that SCSB in the Application Form. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism should ensure that they have mentioned the correct UPI-linked bank account number and their correct UPI ID in the Application Form.
- 9. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form to the respective Designated Branch of the SCSB, or to the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be.
- 10. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism, should ensure that they approve the UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to Application

Amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment, in a timely manner.

- 11. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that details of the Application are reviewed and verified by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorise the UPI Mandate Request using their UPI PIN. Upon the authorization of the mandate using their UPI PIN, the UPI Investor may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of the UPI Investor making and Application using the UPI Mechanism in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed to block the entire Application Amount and authorized the Sponsor Bank to issue a request to block the Application Amount mentioned in the ASBA Form in their ASBA Account.
- 12. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism should mention valid UPI ID of only the Applicants (in case of single account) and of the first Applicant (in case of joint account) in the ASBA Form.
- 13. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism, who have revised their Application subsequent to making the initial Application, should also approve the revised UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the revised Application Amount in their account and in case of Allotment in a timely manner.
- 14. Ensure that the Application Forms are submitted at the Designated Branches of SCSBs or the Collection Centres provided in the Application Forms, bearing the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary/Designated Branch of the SCSB.
- 15. Before submitting the Application Form with the Designated Intermediaries ensure that the SCSB, whose name has been filled in the Application Form, has named a branch in that relevant Collection Centre.
- 16. Ensure that you have been given an acknowledgement as proof of having accepted the Application Form.
- 17. Ensure that signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India is attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal.
- 18. In case of an HUF applying through its Karta, the Applicant is required to specify the name of an Applicant in the Application Form as 'XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through PQR', where PQR is the name of the Karta. However, the PAN number of the HUF should be mentioned in the Application Form and not that of the Karta.
- 19. Ensure that the Applications are submitted to the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, before the closure of application hours on the Issue Closing Date. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "General Information Issue Programme" on page 48.
- 20. **Permanent Account Number:** Except for Application (i) on behalf of the Central or State Government and officials appointed by the courts, and (ii) (subject to SEBI circular dated April 3, 2008) from the residents of the state of Sikkim, each of the Applicants should provide their PAN. Application Forms in which the PAN is not provided will be rejected. The exemption for the Central or State Government and officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to (a) the Demographic Details received from the respective depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficiary owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in "active status"; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the Demographic Details evidencing the same.
- 21. Ensure that if the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.
- 22. All Applicants should choose the relevant option in the column "Category of Investor" in the Application Form.
- 23. Choose and mark the series of NCDs in the Application Form that you wish to apply for.

In terms of SEBI Circular no. CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, SCSBs making applications on their own account using ASBA facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI

registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for Applications.

Don'ts:

- 1. Do not apply for lower than the minimum Application size.
- 2. Do not pay the Application Amount in cash, by cheque, by money order or by postal order or by stock invest.
- 3. Do not send Application Forms by post. Instead submit the same to the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be.
- 4. Do not submit the Application Form to any non-SCSB bank or our Company.
- 5. Do not apply through an Application Form that does not have the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary or the Designated Branch of the SCSB, as the case may be.
- 6. Do not fill up the Application Form such that the NCDs applied for exceeds the Issue Size and/or investment limit or maximum number of NCDs that can be held under the applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under the applicable regulations.
- 7. Do not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.
- 8. Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Issue.
- 9. Do not submit the Application Form without ensuring that funds equivalent to the entire Application Amount are available for blocking in the relevant ASBA Account or in the case of UPI Investors making and Application using the UPI Mechanism, in the UPI-linked bank account where funds for making the Application are available.
- 10. Do not submit Applications on plain paper or on incomplete or illegible Application Forms.
- 11. Do not apply if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872.
- 12. Do not submit an Application in case you are not eligible to acquire NCDs under applicable law or your relevant constitutional documents or otherwise.
- 13. Do not submit Applications to a Designated Intermediary at a location other than Collection Centres.
- 14. Do not submit an Application that does not comply with the securities law of your respective jurisdiction.
- 15. Do not apply if you are a person ineligible to apply for NCDs under this Issue including Applications by Persons Resident Outside India, NRI (inter-alia including NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA).
- 16. Do not make an Application of the NCD on multiple copies taken of a single form.
- 17. Payment of Application Amount in any mode other than through blocking of Application Amount in the ASBA Accounts shall not be accepted in the Issue.
- 18. Do not link the UPI ID with a bank account maintained with a bank that is not UPI 2.0 certified by the NPCI in case of Bids submitted by UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism.
- 19. Do not submit more than five Application Forms per ASBA Account.

Please also see "Key Regulations and Policies - Operational Instructions" on page 369.

Kindly note that Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries, to deposit such Application Forms (A list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in).

Please see "Issue Procedure - Rejection of Applications" on page 295 for information on rejection of Applications.

TERMS OF PAYMENT

The Application Forms will be uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and deposited with the relevant branch of the SCSB at the Collection Centres, named by such SCSB to accept such Applications from the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in).

For Applications other than those under the UPI Mechanism, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures and block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application. For Applications under the UPI Mechanism, i.e., up to ₹ 5 lakhs, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of the Applicant with the Depository. The Depository shall validate the PAN and Demat account details and send response to the Stock Exchange which would be shared by the Stock Exchange with the relevant Designated Intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any. The blocking of funds in such case (not exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs) shall happen under the UPI Mechanism.

The entire Application Amount for the NCDs is payable on Application only. The relevant SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the entire Application Amount in the ASBA Account at the time of upload of the Application Form. In case of Allotment of lesser number of NCDs than the number applied, the Registrar to the Issue shall instruct the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank (as the case maybe) to unblock the excess amount in the ASBA Account.

For Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs, the relevant SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application, before entering the Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. SCSBs may provide the electronic mode of application either through an internet enabled application and banking facility or such other secured, electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking of funds in the ASBA Account.

For Applications submitted under the UPI Mechanism, post the successful validation of the UPI Mandate Request by the Applicant, the information would be electronically received by the Applicants' bank, where the funds, equivalent to Application Amount, would get blocked in the Applicant's ASBA Account.

Applicants should ensure that they have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application. An Application where the corresponding ASBA Account does not have sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount at the time of blocking the ASBA Account is liable to be rejected.

A UPI Investor applying through the UPI Mechanism should ensure that, they check the relevant SMS generated for the UPI Mandate Request and all other steps required for successful blocking of funds in the UPI linked bank account, which includes accepting the UPI Mandate Request by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the Stock Exchange (except on the last day of the Issue Period, where the UPI Mandate Request not having been accepted by 5:00 pm of the next Working Day), have been completed.

The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/failure of this Issue or until withdrawal/rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be. Once the Basis of Allotment is approved, and upon receipt of intimation from the Registrar, the controlling branch of the SCSB shall, on the Designated Date, transfer such blocked amount from the ASBA Account to the Public Issue Account. The balance amount remaining after the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment shall be unblocked by the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank (in case of Applications under the UPI Mechanism) on the basis of the instructions issued in this regard by the Registrar to the respective SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, within six Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until transfer of the Application Amount to the Public Issue Account, or until withdrawal/failure of this Issue or until rejection of the Application, as the case may be.

SUBMISSION OF COMPLETED APPLICATION FORMS

Mode of Submission of T Application Forms		whom the Application Form has to be submitted	
ASBA Applications	(i)	(i) If using <u>physical Application Form</u> , (a) to the Designated Intermediaries a relevant Collection Centres, or (b) to the Designated Branches of the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained; or	
	(ii)) If using <u>electronic Application Form</u> , to the SCSBs, electronically through internet banking facility, if available.	
Applications under the UPI Mechanism	(i)	Through the Designated Intermediary, physically or electronically, as applicable; or	
	(ii)	Through BSE Direct	

No separate receipts will be issued for the Application Amount payable on submission of Application Form. However, the Designated Intermediaries will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms by stamping the date and returning to the Applicants an Acknowledgement Slips which will serve as a duplicate Application Form for the records of the Applicant.

Electronic Registration of Applications

(a) The Designated Intermediaries and Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, will register the Applications (including those under the UPI Mechanism) using the on-line facilities of the Stock Exchange. The Members of Syndicate, our Company and the Registrar to the Issue or the Lead Manager is not responsible for any acts, mistakes or errors or omission and commissions in relation to, (i) the Applications accepted by the SCSBs, (ii) the Applications uploaded by the SCSBs, (iii) the Applications accepted and uploaded by the SCSBs without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts, (v) any Applications accepted and uploaded and/or not uploaded by the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange or (vi) any Application made under the UPI Mechanism, accepted or uploaded or failed to be uploaded by a Designated Intermediary or through the app/web based interface of the Stock Exchange and the corresponding failure for blocking of funds under the UPI Mechanism.

In case of apparent data entry error by the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, in entering the Application Form number in their respective schedules other things remaining unchanged, the Application Form may be considered as valid and such exceptions may be recorded in minutes of the meeting submitted to the Designated Stock Exchange. However, the series, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account no. etc. should be captured by the relevant Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for Allotment/rejection of Application.

- (b) The Stock Exchange will offer an electronic facility for registering Applications for this Issue. This facility will be available on the terminals of Designated Intermediaries and the SCSBs during the Issue Period. The Designated Intermediaries can also set up facilities for off-line electronic registration of Applications subject to the condition that they will subsequently upload the off-line data file into the on-line facilities for Applications on a regular basis, and before the expiry of the allocated time on this Issue Closing Date. On the Issue Closing Date, the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall upload the Applications till such time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. This information will be available with the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs on a regular basis. Applicants are cautioned that a high inflow of high volumes on the last day of the Issue Period may lead to some Applications received on the last day not being uploaded and such Applications will not be considered for allocation. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "General Information Issue Programme" on page 48.
- (c) With respect to Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs at the time of registering each Application, the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall enter the requisite details of the Applicants in the on-line system including:

- Application Form number
- PAN (of the first Applicant, in case of more than one Applicant)
- Investor category and sub-category
- DP ID
- Client ID
- UPI ID (if applicable)
- Series of NCDs applied for
- Number of NCDs Applied for in each series of NCD
- Price per NCD
- Bank code for the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained
- Bank account number
- Location
- Application amount
- (d) With respect to Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, at the time of registering each Application, the requisite details of the Applicants shall be entered in the on-line system including:
 - Application Form number
 - PAN (of the first Applicant, in case of more than one Applicant)
 - Investor category and sub-category
 - DP ID
 - Client ID
 - UPI ID (if applicable)
 - Series of NCDs applied for
 - Number of NCDs Applied for in each series of NCD
 - Price per NCD
 - Bank code for the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained
 - Bank account number
 - Location
 - Application amount
- (e) A system generated acknowledgement (TRS) will be given to the Applicant as a proof of the registration of each Application. It is the Applicant's responsibility to obtain the acknowledgement from the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be. The registration of the Application by the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may

- be, does not guarantee that the NCDs shall be allocated/ Allotted by our Company. The acknowledgement will be non-negotiable and by itself will not create any obligation of any kind.
- (f) Applications can be rejected on the technical grounds listed below or if all required information is not provided or the Application Form is incomplete in any respect.
- (g) The permission given by the Stock Exchange to use its network and software of the online system should not in any way be deemed or construed to mean that the compliance with various statutory and other requirements by our Company, the Lead Manager are cleared or approved by the Stock Exchange; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the compliance with the statutory and other requirements nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of our Company, the management or any scheme or project of our Company; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this Prospectus; nor does it warrant that the NCDs will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Stock Exchange
- (h) Only Applications that are uploaded on the online system of the Stock Exchange shall be considered for allocation/ Allotment. The Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall capture all data relevant for the purposes of finalizing the Basis of Allotment while uploading Application data in the electronic systems of the Stock Exchange. In order that the data so captured is accurate the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs will be given up to one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date to modify/verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period after which the data will be sent to the Registrar for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL.

REJECTION OF APPLICATIONS

Applications would be liable to be rejected on the technical grounds listed below or if all required information is not provided or the Application Form is incomplete in any respect. The Board of Directors and/or the Debenture Committee thereof, reserves its full, unqualified and absolute right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part and in either case without assigning any reason thereof.

Application may be rejected on one or more technical grounds, including but not restricted to:

- (a) Application by persons not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, as amended, (other than minors having valid Depository Account as per Demographic Details provided by Depositories);
- (b) Applications by persons prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities, directly or indirectly, by SEBI or any other regulatory authority;
- (c) Applications accompanied by cash, draft, cheques, money order or any other mode of payment other than amounts blocked in the Applicants' ASBA Account maintained with an SCSB;
- (d) Applications not being signed by the sole/joint Applicant(s);
- (e) Investor Category in the Application Form not being ticked;
- (f) Application Amount blocked being higher or lower than the value of NCDs Applied for. However, our Company may Allot NCDs up to the number of NCDs Applied for, if the value of such NCDs Applied for exceeds the minimum Application size;
- (g) Applications where a registered address in India is not provided for the non-Individual Applicants;
- (h) In case of partnership firms (except LLPs), NCDs applied for in the name of the partnership and not the names of the individual partner(s);
- (i) Minor Applicants (applying through the guardian) without mentioning the PAN of the minor Applicant;
- (j) PAN not mentioned in the Application Form, except for Applications by or on behalf of the Central or State Government and the officials appointed by the courts and by investors residing in the State of Sikkim, provided such claims have been verified by the Depository Participants. In case of minor Applicants

- applying through guardian when PAN of the Applicant is not mentioned;
- (k) DP ID, Client ID or UPI ID (wherever applicable) not mentioned in the Application Form;
- (1) GIR number furnished instead of PAN;
- (m) Applications by OCBs;
- (n) Applications for an amount below the minimum Application size;
- (o) Submission of more than five ASBA Forms per ASBA Account;
- (p) Applications by persons who are not eligible to acquire NCDs of our Company in terms of applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;
- (q) Applications under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporate, trust etc. submitted without relevant documents;
- (r) Applications accompanied by stock invest/ cheque/ money order/ postal order/ cash;
- (s) Signature of sole Applicant missing, or in case of joint Applicants, the Application Forms not being signed by the first Applicant (as per the order appearing in the records of the Depository);
- (t) Applications by persons debarred from accessing capital markets, by SEBI or any other appropriate regulatory authority;
- (u) Application Forms not being signed by the ASBA Account holder, if the account holder is different from the Applicant;
- (v) Signature of the ASBA Account holder on the Application Form does not match with the signature available on the SCSB bank's records where the ASBA Account mentioned in the Application Form is maintained;
- (w) Application Forms submitted to the Designated Intermediaries or to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs does not bear the stamp of the SCSB and/or the Designated Intermediary, as the case may be;
- (x) ASBA Applications not having details of the ASBA Account or the UPI-linked Account to be blocked;
- (y) In case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories that matches the parameters namely, DP ID, Client ID, UPI ID and PAN;
- (z) Inadequate funds in the ASBA Account to enable the SCSB to block the Application Amount specified in the Application Form at the time of blocking such Application Amount in the ASBA Account or no confirmation is received from the SCSB for blocking of funds;
- (aa) SCSB making an Application (a) through an ASBA account maintained with its own self or (b) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB not in its own name or (c) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB in its own name, where clear demarcated funds are not present or (d) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB in its own name which ASBA Account is not utilised solely for the purpose of applying in public issues;
- (bb) Applications for amounts greater than the maximum permissible amount prescribed by the regulations and applicable law;
- (cc) Authorization to the SCSB for blocking funds in the ASBA Account not provided;
- (dd) Applications by any person outside India;
- (ee) Applications not uploaded on the online platform of the Stock Exchange;
- (ff) Applications uploaded after the expiry of the allocated time on the Issue Closing Date, unless extended by

- the Stock Exchange, as applicable;
- (gg) Application Forms not delivered by the Applicant within the time prescribed as per the Application Form, this Prospectus and as per the instructions in the Application Form and this Prospectus;
- (hh) Applications by Applicants whose demat accounts have been 'suspended for credit' pursuant to the circular issued by SEBI on July 29, 2010 bearing number CIR/MRD/DP/22/2010;
- (ii) Applications providing an inoperative demat account number;
- (jj) Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries other than the Collection Centres or at a Branch of a SCSB which is not a Designated Branch;
- (kk) Applications submitted directly to the Public Issue Bank (except in case the ASBA Account is maintained with the said bank as a SCSB);
- (ll) Investor category not ticked;
- (mm)In case of cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity falling under the minimum quantity required for a single Application;
- (nn) A UPI Investor applying through the UPI Mechanism, not having accepted the UPI Mandate Request by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the stock exchange except on the last day of the Issue Period, where the UPI Mandate Request not having been accepted by 5:00 pm of the next Working Day; and
- (oo) A non-UPI Investor making an Application under the UPI Mechanism, i.e., an Application for an amount more than ₹ 5 lakhs.
- (pp) Kindly note that Applications submitted to the Lead Manager, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchanges, Members of the Syndicate, Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Cities will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the ASBA Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that Specified City for the Lead Manager, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchanges, Members of the Syndicate, Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be, to deposit Applications.

For information on certain procedures to be carried out by the Registrar to the Issue for finalization of the Basis of Allotment, please see "Information for Applicants" below.

Mode of making refunds

The Registrar shall instruct the relevant SCSB to unblock the funds in the relevant ASBA Account to the extent of the Application Amount specified in the Application Forms for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful Applications within 5 (five) Working Days of the Issue Closing Date.

Our Company and the Registrar shall credit the allotted NCDs to the respective beneficiary accounts, within 5 (five) Working Days from the Issue Closing Date.

Further,

- a. Allotment of NCDs in the Issue shall be made within a time period of 4 (four) Working Days from the Issue Closing Date;
- b. Credit to dematerialised accounts will be given within one Working Day from the Date of Allotment;
- c. Where the NCDs are not allotted and/or application monies are not unblocked within the period prescribed by SEBI, Interest at the rate of 15% per annum shall be paid to the investors. In the event of failure to list such securities within such days from the date of closure of issue as may be specified by the Board (scheduled listing date), all application moneys received or blocked in the public issue shall be refunded or unblocked forthwith within two working days from the scheduled listing date to the applicants through the permissible modes of making refunds and unblocking of funds. For delay in refund/unblocking of funds beyond the

timeline as specified above, the issuer shall be liable to pay interest at the rate of fifteen percent per annum to the investors from the scheduled listing date till the date of actual payment.

d. Our Company will provide adequate funds to the Registrar for this purpose

Information for Applicants

Upon the closure of the Issue, the Registrar to the Issue will reconcile the compiled data received from the Stock Exchange and all SCSBs and match the same with the Depository database for correctness of DP ID, Client ID, UPI ID (where applicable) and PAN. The Registrar to the Issue will undertake technical rejections based on the electronic details and the Depository database and prepare list of technical rejection cases. In case of any discrepancy between the electronic data and the Depository records, our Company, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, the Lead Manager and the Registrar to the Issue, reserves the right to proceed as per the Depository records for such Applications or treat such Applications as rejected.

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Applications belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship).

In case of Applications for a higher number of NCDs than specified for that category of Applicant, only the maximum amount permissible for such category of Applicant will be considered for Allotment.

BASIS OF ALLOTMENT

Basis of Allotment for NCDs

The Registrar will aggregate the Applications, based on the applications received through an electronic book from the Stock Exchange and determine the valid Application for the purpose of drawing the basis of allocation.

Allocation Ratio

The Registrar will aggregate the Applications based on the Applications received through an electronic book from the Stock Exchange and determine the valid applications for the purpose of drawing the basis of allocation. Grouping of the application received will be then done in the following manner:

Grouping of Applications and Allocation Ratio: Applications received from various applicants shall be grouped together on the following basis:

- (a) Applications received from Category I applicants: Applications received from Category I, shall be grouped together, ("Institutional Portion");
- (b) Applications received from Category II applicants: Applications received from Category II, shall be grouped together, ("Non-Institutional Portion");
- (c) Applications received from Category III applicants: Applications received from Category III, shall be grouped together, ("Retail Individual Portion").

For removal of doubt, "Institutional Portion", "Non-Institutional Portion" and "Retail Individual Portion" are individually referred to as "Portion" and collectively referred to as "Portions".

For the purposes of determining the number of NCDs available for allocation to each of the abovementioned Portions, our Company shall have the discretion of determining the number of NCDs to be Allotted over and above the Base Issue Size, in case our Company opts to retain any oversubscription in the Issue up to ₹ 5,000 lakhs. The aggregate value of NCDs decided to be allotted over and above the Base Issue Size, (in case our Company opts to retain any oversubscription in the Issue), and/or the aggregate value of NCDs up to the Base Issue Size shall be collectively termed as the "Overall Issue Size".

Basis of Allotment for NCDs

Allotments in the first instance:

- (i) Applicants belonging to the Category I, in the first instance, will be allocated NCDs up to 10% of overall Issue Size on first come first serve basis (determined on the basis of date of receipt of each Application duly acknowledged by the Lead Manager and their respective affiliates/SCSB (Designated Branch or online acknowledgement));
- (ii) Applicants belonging to the Category II, in the first instance, will be allocated NCDs up to 40% of Overall Issue Size on first come first serve basis (determined on the basis of date of receipt of each Application duly acknowledged by the Members of the Syndicate/Trading Members/SCSB (Designated Branch or online acknowledgement));
- (iii) Applicants belonging to the Category III, in the first instance, will be allocated NCDs up to 50% of Overall Issue Size on first come first serve basis (determined on the basis of date of receipt of each Application duly acknowledged by the Members of the Syndicate/Trading Members/SCSB (Designated Branch or online acknowledgement));

Allotments, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, shall be made on date priority basis i.e., a first-come first-serve basis, based on the date of upload of each Application in to the electronic book with Stock Exchange, in each Portion subject to the Allocation Ratio. However, on the date of oversubscription, the Allotments would be made to the Applicants on proportionate basis.

(a) Under Subscription:

Under subscription, if any, in any Portion, priority in Allotments will be given in the following order:

- (i) Individual Portion
- (ii) Non-Institutional Portion and Resident Indian individuals and Hindu undivided families through the Karta applying who apply for NCDs aggregating to a value exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs;
- (iii) Institutional Portion
- (iv) on a first come first serve basis.

Within each Portion, priority in Allotments will be given on a first-come-first-serve basis, based on the date of upload of each Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange.

For each Portion, all Applications uploaded into the electronic book with the Stock Exchange would be treated at par with each other. Allotment would be on proportionate basis, where Applications uploaded into the Platform of the Stock Exchange on a particular date exceeds NCDs to be allotted for each Portion, respectively.

Minimum allotment of 5 NCD and in multiples of 1 (one) NCD thereafter would be made in case of each valid Application.

(b) Allotments in case of oversubscription:

In case of an oversubscription, Allotments to the maximum extent, as possible, will be made on a first-come first-serve basis and thereafter on proportionate basis, i.e. full Allotment of NCDs to the valid Applicants on a first come first serve basis for forms uploaded up to 5 pm of the date falling 1 (one) day prior to the date of oversubscription and proportionate allotment of NCDs to the valid Applicants on the date of oversubscription (based on the date of upload of the Application on the Stock Exchange Platform, in each Portion). In case of over subscription on date of opening of the Issue, the Allotment shall be made on a proportionate basis. Applications received for the NCDs after the date of oversubscription will not be considered for Allotment.

In view of the same, the Investors are advised to refer to the Stock Exchanges website at www.bseindia.com for details in respect of subscription.

- (c) Proportionate Allotments: For each Portion, on the date of oversubscription:
 - (i) Allotments to the Applicants shall be made in proportion to their respective Application size, rounded off to the nearest integer;
 - (ii) If the process of rounding off to the nearest integer results in the actual allocation of NCDs being

- higher than the Issue Size, not all Applicants will be allotted the number of NCDs arrived at after such rounding off. Rather, each Applicant whose Allotment size, prior to rounding off, had the highest decimal point would be given preference; and
- (iii) In the event, there are more than one Applicant whose entitlement remain equal after the manner of distribution referred to above, our Company will ensure that the Basis of Allotment is finalised by draw of lots in a fair and equitable manner.
- (d) Applicant applying for more than one series of NCDs:

If an Applicant has applied for more than one Series of NCDs, and in case such Applicant is entitled to allocation of only a part of the aggregate number of NCDs applied for due to such Applications received on the date of oversubscription, the series-wise allocation of NCDs to such Applicants shall be in proportion to the number of NCDs with respect to each series, applied for by such Applicant, subject to rounding off to the nearest integer, as appropriate in consultation with Lead Manager and Designated Stock Exchange.

In cases of odd proportion for Allotment made, our Company in consultation with the Lead Manager will Allot the residual NCD (s) in the following order:

- (i) first with monthly interest payment in decreasing order of tenor i.e., VIII, VI, IV, III and I
- (ii) second with payment on annual interest payment in decreasing order of tenor i.e., IX, VII and V
- (iii) Followed by payment on cumulative series in decreasing order of tenor i.e., X and II.

Hence using the above procedure, the order of Allotment for the residual NCD(s) will be: VIII, VI, IV, III, I, IX, VII, V, X and II.

All decisions pertaining to the Basis of Allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Issue shall be taken by our Company in consultation with the Lead Manager, and the Designated Stock Exchange and in compliance with the aforementioned provisions of this Prospectus.

Our Company would Allot Series I NCDs to all valid applications, wherein the Applicants have not indicated their choice of the relevant series of the NCDs.

Valid applications where the Application Amount received does not tally with or is less than the amount equivalent to value of number of NCDs applied for, may be considered for Allotment, to the extent of the Application Amount paid rounded down to the nearest ₹ 1,000 in accordance with the pecking order mentioned above.

Retention of oversubscription

Our Company shall have an option to retain over-subscription up to the Issue limit.

Unblocking of Funds for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful Applications

The Registrar shall, pursuant to preparation of Basis of Allotment, instruct the relevant SCSB or the Sponsor Bank (for Applications under the UPI Mechanism), as applicable, to unblock the funds in the relevant ASBA Account/UPI linked bank account, for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful Applications within six Working Days of the Issue Closing Date.

ISSUANCE OF ALLOTMENT ADVICE

Our Company shall ensure dispatch of Allotment Advice and/ or give instructions for credit of NCDs to the beneficiary account with Depository Participants upon approval of Basis of Allotment. The Allotment Advice for successful Applicants will be mailed by speed post/registered post to their addresses as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories.

Our Company shall use best efforts to ensure that all steps for completion of the necessary formalities for commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange where the NCDs are proposed to be listed are taken within six Working Days from the Issue Closing Date.

Application Amount shall be unblocked within six Working Days from the Issue Closing Date or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI or else the Application Amount shall be unblocked in the ASBA Accounts or the UPI linked bank accounts (for Applications under the UPI Mechanism) of the Applicants forthwith, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the Applicants at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period.

Our Company will provide adequate funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice to the Registrar to the Issue.

OTHER INFORMATION

Withdrawal of Applications during the Issue Period

Applicants can withdraw their Applications until the Issue Closing Date. In case an Applicant wishes to withdraw the Application during the Issue Period, the same can be done by submitting a request for the same to the concerned Designated Intermediary who shall do the requisite.

In case of Applications (other than under the UPI Mechanism) were submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of the request for withdrawal from the Applicant, the relevant Designated Intermediary, as the case may be, shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and intimating the Designated Branch of the SCSB unblock of the funds blocked in the ASBA Account at the time of making the Application. In case of Applications (other than under the UPI Mechanism) submitted directly to the Designated Branch of the SCSB, upon receipt of the request for withdraw from the Applicant, the relevant Designated Branch shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and unblocking of the funds in the ASBA Account, directly.

Withdrawal of Applications after the Issue Period

In case an Applicant wishes to withdraw the Application after the Issue Closing Date or early closure date, the same can be done by submitting a withdrawal request to the Registrar to the Issue prior to the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.

Revision of Applications

Cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application is permitted during the Issue Period as long as the total order quantity does not fall under the minimum quantity required for a single Application. Please note that in case of cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity falling under the minimum quantity required for a single Application will be liable for rejection by the Registrar.

Applicants may revise/ modify their Application details during the Issue Period, as allowed/permitted by the Stock Exchange, by submitting a written request to the Designated Intermediary and the Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be. For Applications made under the UPI Mechanism, an Applicant shall not be allowed to add or modify the details of the Application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN ID but not both. However, the Applicant may withdraw the Application and reapply.

However, for the purpose of Allotment, the date of original upload of the Application will be considered in case of such revision/ modification. In case of any revision of Application in connection with any of the fields which are not allowed to be modified on the electronic Application platform of the Stock Exchange as per the procedures and requirements prescribed by the Stock Exchange, Applicants should ensure that they first withdraw their original Application and submit a fresh Application. In such a case the date of the new Application will be considered for date priority for Allotment purposes.

Revision of Applications is not permitted after the expiry of the time for acceptance of Application Forms on the Issue Closing Date. However, in order that the data so captured is accurate, the Designated Intermediaries and/or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs will be given up to one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date to modify/verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period, after which the data will be sent to the Registrar for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL. Please also see, "Key regulations and Policies" on page 353.

Depository Arrangements

We have made depository arrangements with NSDL and CDSL. Please note that Tripartite Agreements have been executed between our Company, the Registrar and both the depositories.

As per the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996, the NCDs issued by us can be held in a dematerialised form. In this context:

- (i) Tripartite agreement dated April 25, 2018 among our Company, the Registrar and CDSL and tripartite agreement dated August 24, 2018 among our Company, the Registrar and NSDL, respectively for offering depository option to the investors.
- (ii) An Applicant must have at least one beneficiary account with any of the Depository Participants (DPs) of NSDL or CDSL prior to making the Application.
- (iii) The Applicant must necessarily provide the DP ID and Client ID details in the Application Form.
- (iv) NCDs Allotted to an Applicant in the electronic form will be credited directly to the Applicant's respective beneficiary account(s) with the DP.
- (v) Non-transferable Allotment Advice will be directly sent to the Applicant by the Registrar to this Issue.
- (vi) It may be noted that NCDs in electronic form can be traded only on the Stock Exchange having electronic connectivity with NSDL or CDSL. The Stock Exchange has connectivity with NSDL and CDSL.
- (vii) Interest or other benefits with respect to the NCDs held in dematerialised form would be paid to those Debenture Holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us as on Record Date. In case of those NCDs for which the beneficial owner is not identified by the Depository as on the Record Date/ book closure date, we would keep in abeyance the payment of interest or other benefits, till such time that the beneficial owner is identified by the Depository and conveyed to us, whereupon the interest or benefits will be paid to the beneficiaries, as identified, within a period of 30 days.
- (viii) The trading of the Secured NCDs on the floor of the Stock Exchanges shall be in dematerialized form only.

Please note that the NCDs shall cease to trade from the Record Date (for payment of the principal amount and the applicable premium and interest for such NCDs) prior to redemption of the NCDs.

PLEASE NOTE THAT TRADING OF NCDs ON THE FLOOR OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE SHALL BE IN DEMATERIALISED FORM ONLY IN MULTIPLE OF ONE NCD.

Allottees will have the option to re-materialize the NCDs Allotted under the Issue as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act.

Communications

All future communications in connection with Applications made in this Issue (except the Applications made through the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange) should be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, quoting the full name of the sole or first Applicant, Application Form number, Applicant's DP ID and Client ID, Applicant's PAN, number of NCDs applied for, ASBA Account number in which the amount equivalent to the Application Amount was blocked or the UPI ID (for UPI Investors who make the payment of Application Amount through the UPI Mechanism), date of the Application Form, name and address of the Designated Intermediary or Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be, where the Application was submitted.

Applicants may contact our Compliance Officer and Company Secretary or the Registrar to the Issue in case of any pre-Issue or post-Issue related problems such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice or credit of NCDs in the respective beneficiary accounts, as the case may be.

Interest in case of delay

Our Company undertakes to pay interest, in connection with any delay in Allotment and demat credit, beyond the time limit as may be prescribed under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, at such rates as

stipulated under such applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Undertaking by the Issuer

Our Company undertakes that:

- (a) All monies received pursuant to this Issue shall be transferred to a separate bank account as referred to in sub-section (3) of section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of this Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised;
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;
- (d) Details of all utilized and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized, and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested;
- (e) We shall execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed in accordance with the timeline prescribed by SEBI. Further, as per Regulation 18 of SEBI NCS Regulations, in the event our Company fails to execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed within the timelines provided by SEBI, our Company shall pay interest of at least 2% p.a. over and above the agreed coupon rate, to each NCD Holder, till the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed;
- (f) We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and creation of security, as stated in this Prospectus, on receipt of the minimum subscription of 75% of the Base Issue i.e., ₹ 3,750 lakhs and receipt of listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange
- (g) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, *inter alia* by way of a lease, of any immovable property business, dealing in equity of listed companies or lending/investment in group companies; and
- (h) In the event of non-receipt of minimum subscription, all blocked application money shall be unblocked forthwith, but not later than eight working days from the date of closure of the issue or such time as may be specified by the Board. In case such application money is not unblocked within such period, our company shall pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period
- (i) In the event the NCDs are not allotted and/or application monies are not unblocked within the timeline prescribed by SEBI, our Company pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum to the investors
- (j) Investors are advised to read the Risk Factors carefully before taking an investment decision in this Issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue including the risks involved. The Prospectus has not been recommended or approved by any regulatory authority in India, including any registrar of companies, stock exchange or SEBI nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Specific attention of investors is invited to the section 'Risk factors' on page 18.
- (k) The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for, and confirms that this issue document contains all information with regard to the issuer and the issue, that the information contained in the issue document is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect.
- (l) Our Company has no side letter with any NCD holder. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the

stock exchanges' website where the NCDs are listed.

- (m) the assets on which the charge or security has been created to meet the hundred percent security cover or higher security cover is free from any encumbrances and in case the assets are encumbered, the permissions or consent to create any further charge on the assets has been obtained from the existing creditors to whom the assets are charged, prior to creation of the charge.
- (n) Informations on consents/permissions required for creation of further charge on assets is adequately disclosed in this Prospectus.

Other undertakings by our Company

Our Company undertakes that:

- (a) Complaints received in respect of this Issue (except for complaints in relation to Applications submitted to Trading Members) will be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;
- (b) Necessary cooperation to the relevant credit rating agency(ies) will be extended in providing true and adequate information until the obligations in respect of the NCDs are outstanding;
- (c) Our Company will take necessary steps for the purpose of getting the NCDs listed within the specified time, i.e., within six Working Days of this Issue Closing Date;
- (d) Funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice/NCD Certificates (only upon rematerialisation of NCDs at the specific request of the Allottee/ Holder of NCDs) will be made available by our Company to the Registrar to the Issue;
- (e) Our Company will forward details of utilisation of the proceeds of this Issue, duly certified by the Statutory Auditor, to the Debenture Trustee as required under applicable laws;
- (f) Our Company will provide a compliance certificate to the Debenture Trustee on an annual basis in respect of compliance with the terms and conditions of this Issue as contained in this Prospectus;
- (g) Our Company will disclose the complete name and address of the Debenture Trustee in its annual report; and
- (h) Our Company shall make necessary disclosures/ reporting under any other legal or regulatory requirement as may be required by our Company from time to time.
- (i) The allotment of NCDs will be done on a first come, first serve basis. On the successful allotment of the NCDs, the issue proceeds will be released to the issuer to use in pursuance of the objects specified in this Prospectus.

SECTION VII - LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

OUTSTANDING LITIGATION

Except as stated in this section, there are no outstanding: (i) criminal proceedings; (ii) actions by statutory/regulatory authorities; (iii) claims for any indirect and direct tax liability; and (iv) other litigations which are identified as material in terms of the Materiality Threshold (as defined hereinafter below), each involving our Company, Directors or Promoter.

Our Debenture Committee of the Board, in its meeting held on January 12, 2022, has adopted a threshold for the identification of material litigations ("Materiality Threshold"). As per the Materiality Threshold, other than for the purposes of (i) to (iii) above, all outstanding litigation, wherein:

- (a) the monetary amount of claim by or against the Company, its directors, its promoter(s) or its group companies in any such pending litigation exceeds the lower of the following:
 - a) 0.5% (half percent) of the total assets for Fiscal 2024. The total assets of our Company for Fiscal 2024 is ₹ 1,96,034.43 lakhs and half percent of the same is ₹ 980.17 lakhs or
 - *b)* 3% (three percent) of the total income for Fiscal 2024. The total income of our Company for Fiscal 2024 is ₹ 31,592.32 lakhs and three percent of the same is ₹ 947.77 lakhs or
 - c) $\not\equiv$ 5,00,00,000 (Rupees five crores only)

as per the latest audited annual standalone financial statements of the Company.

Accordingly, all litigation involving monetary amount of claim exceeding 5,00,00,000/- (Rupees five crores only) ("Material Threshold") has been considered as material;

(b) such pending litigation is material from the perspective of Company's business, operations, prospects or reputation,

has been considered as 'material litigation', and accordingly has been disclosed in this Prospectus.

Further, except as mentioned in this section, there are no proceedings involving our Group Companies, which may have a material adverse effect on the position of our Company.

It is clarified that for the purposes of the above, pre-litigation notices received by our Company, Directors, Promoter or Group Companies shall, unless otherwise decided by our Board of Directors including committee thereof, not be considered as litigation until such time that our Company or Directors or Promoter or Group Companies, as the case may be, is impleaded as a defendant in litigation proceedings before any judicial forum.

Further, except as stated in this section, there are no: (i) litigation or legal action pending or taken by any Ministry or Department of the Government or a statutory authority against our Promoter during the last three years immediately preceding the year of the issue of this Prospectus and any direction issued by such Ministry or Department or statutory authority; (ii) pending litigation involving our Company, our Promoter, our Directors, Group Companies or any other person, whose outcome could have material adverse effect on the position of our Company; (iii) pending proceedings initiated against our Company for economic offences; (iv) default and non-payment of statutory dues, etc; (v) inquiries, inspections or investigations initiated or conducted against our Company under the Companies Act or any previous companies law in the three years immediately preceding the year of this Prospectus; (vi) prosecutions filed (whether pending or completed), fines imposed or compounding of offences done in the three years immediately preceding the year of this Prospectus; and (vii) material frauds committed against our Company in the last three years.

Further from time to time, we have been and shall continue to be involved in legal proceedings filed by and/or against us, arising in the ordinary course of our business. We believe that the number of proceedings in which we are/were involved is not unusual for a company of our size doing business in India.

Unless stated to the contrary, the information provided below is as of the date of this Prospectus.

All terms defined in a particular litigation disclosure below are for that particular litigation only.

A. Litigations involving our Company

Litigations against our Company

Tax proceedings

Settlement applications filed by Our Company, KMLM Chits India Limited and KLM Fincorp Limited ("Applicants"), before the additional bench of the Income Tax Settlement Commission, Chennai ("Settlement Commission") for the following Assessment Years:

- 1. For our Company Assessment Years 2013 2014 to 2016 2017;
- 2. For KMLM Chits India Limited Assessment Years 2010 2011 to 2016 2017; and
- 3. For KLM Fincorp Limited Assessment Years 2010 2011 to 2016 2017.

A search was conducted under section 132 of the I.T. Act on October 5, 2015 in the business premises of the Applicants at Kothamangalam, Thirupunithura, Piravom and Kaloor. Simultaneously, search was also conducted in the residential premises of Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese and Josekutty Xavier. Further, a survey under section 133A of the I.T. Act was conducted in the business premises of the concerns of the Applicants at Kolenchery, Aluva, Thodupuzha, Pala, Athani, Thirussur, Muvattupuzha, Perumbavoor and Pallithazham. During the search, certain documents and items were seized by the department and sworn statements were recorded from Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese, Josekutty Xavier, and other employees of the Applicants. It was alleged that the Applicants have generated the undisclosed income and utilized the same over the period and therefore the Applicants have filed the settlement application before the Settlement Commission.

Further, the Applicants have declared additional income of (i) ₹ 1,241.45 Lakhs in the case of KMLM Chits India Limited, (ii) ₹ 401.64 Lakhs in the case of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited, and (iii) ₹ 1385.62 Lakhs in the case of KLM Fincorp Limited before the Settlement Commission and the additional tax thereon arrived at by the Applicants exceeds the prescribed threshold limit of tax payable by the Applicants. The Settlement Commission through its order dated December 28, 2017 allowed the settlement applications of Applicants to be proceeded with further. The aggregate tax liability of the Company for the Assessment Years 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 was ₹ 116.87 Lakhs, which was ordered by the Settlement Commission to be paid in six instalments, and the same is fully paid as of date.

KLM Fincorp Limited and KMLM Chits India Limited have outstanding tax liabilities of ₹ 238.65 Lakhs and ₹ 239.86 Lakhs respectively and have been ordered by the Settlement Commission to pay the same in six instalments and have also made payments of their respective tax liabilities.

Criminal Cases

NIL

Material Civil Cases

NIL

Statutory and Regulatory Proceedings

- 1. On October 11, 2024, the RBI issued a SCN to our Company under Sections 45JA, 45L, 45M, 58B(5)(aa), and 58G of the RBI Act, 1934. The SCN alleged a violation of paragraph 33 of the RBI Scale Based Master Directions pertaining to the declaration of dividends by NBFCs. The SCN called upon the Company to show cause in writing by October 31, 2024, as to why penalty should not be imposed. In response, our Company submitted its explanations via a letter dated October 30, 2024. As of the date of filing this Prospectus, our Company has not received any further communication from the RBI regarding this matter.
- 2. On October 4, 2023, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) issued a Show Cause Notice (SCN) to our company under Section 45-IA(6) of the RBI Act, 1934. The notice alleged certain violations and non-compliance in our company's operations that could potentially be detrimental to public interest. The RBI claimed that our company failed to accurately report the Net Owned Funds as of March 31, 2022, and did not maintain the Tier 1 capital above the regulatory minimum Capital to Risk-weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) of 12%. Additionally, the RBI alleged that our company incorrectly reported the outstanding subordinate debt, the gross loans and advances, and the gross and net Non-Performing Assets (NPA) as of March 31, 2022, contrary to the RBI's

instructions. The RBI also claimed that our company failed to disclose a related entity with a common director in the annual report. In response to these allegations, our company submitted comprehensive replies on October 31, 2023, and December 31, 2023. After reviewing our responses, the RBI issued a letter on April 4, 2024, advising our company to implement specific corrective measures by June 30, 2024. The RBI also advised our company to refrain from further expansion of the balance sheet until the implementation of these corrective measures. Our Company, vide communication dated June 30, 2024, informed the RBI about the implementation of the corrective measures. Upon reviewing the measures undertaken by the Company, the RBI issued a follow-up letter dated September 13, 2024, advising the Company, interalia, to submit additional information and details concerning the implementation of the corrective measures. It was also informed that a review of the measures undertaken by the Company to address the supervisory concerns will be subjected to compliance testing after three months. The Company is yet to furnish the requisite information to the RBI.

Litigations by our Company

Criminal cases

- 1. Our Company has filed various complaints and notices under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 for recovering amounts due from various individuals and entities ("**Persons**") on account of dishonouring of cheques issued by such Persons due to insufficiency of the funds. As of the date of this Prospectus, there are 97 such complaints pending before various courts. The total amount involved in such cases is approximately ₹ 459.50 Lakhs.
- 2. Our Company has filed a police complaint against Mr. Robin Lalu ("Accused") at Sulthanbathery Police Station, Wayanad. The same was registered as FIR No: 0775/2021 dated 1-10-2021 under section 420 IPC. Our Company states that during the periodic verification of the ornaments pledged by the Accused, it was found that the ornaments weighing 60 grams is Spurious. The Loan Amount was ₹ 2,44,096. Our Company has prayed for punishment to the Accused. The police had filed the Charge Sheet/Final Report. The same was registered at Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court-I Sulthanbathery as CC 100576/2023 dated 14-06-2023. As on the date of filing of this Prospectus, our Company has recovered ₹37,096 from the accused, hence the amount outstanding is ₹2,07,000. The Case was called/summoned on 12-09-2023 and is currently pending.
- 3. Our Company has filed a police complaint against Mr. Noufal Naushad ("Accused") at Kattappana Police Station, Idukki. The same was registered as FIR No: 0307/2023 dated 14-03-2023 under sections 420 & 408 IPC. In this case an Amount of Rs 6,91,350 looted by the Accused-collection Staff, from daily collection. ₹ 2,00,000 was recovered from the staff and immediately dismissed him. Our Company has prayed for punishment to the Accused. The police had filed the Charge Sheet/Final Report. The same was registered at Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court-I Kattappana as CC 1500319/2023 dated 11-09-2023. The Case called/summoned on 1-12-2023 and the matter is currently pending.
- 4. Our Company has filed a police complaint against Ms. Risa K V ("Accused 1"), Mr. Venugopalan K P ("Accused-2"), Mr. Ajal P ("Accused-3"), Mr. Akhil P ("Accused-4") at Feroke Police Station, Kozhikode. The same was registered as FIR No: 0740/2021 dated 27-10-2021 under sections 420 & 34 IPC. Our Company states that during the periodic verification of the ornaments pledged by the accused, it was found that the ornaments weighing 436.04 grams is Spurious. The Loan Amount was ₹ 15,69,600. Our Company has prayed for punishment to the Accused. The police had filed the Charge Sheet/Final Report. The same was registered at Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court-V Kozhikode as CC 418/2023 dated 28-04-2023. The Case called/summoned on 07-09-2023 and now the case is made-over ("Transferred") to Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court-II Kozhikode on 26-06-2024 and new number not received yet.
- 5. Our Company has filed a police complaint against Mr. Anandkumar ("Accused") at Ramamurthy Nagar Police Station, Karnataka. The same was registered as FIR No: 0275/2022 dated 22-07-2022 under sections 406 & 420 IPC. Our Company states that, Branch Manager transferred ₹ 12,79,000 to Accused customer's account for a takeover gold loan and the Accused customer diverted the funds to other means. Our Company has prayed for punishment to the Accused. The police had filed the Charge Sheet/Final Report. The same was registered at Chief Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Bangalore as CC 33305/2023 dated 18-12-2023. As on the date of filing of this Prospectus, our Company has recovered ₹79,000 from the accused, hence the amount outstanding is ₹12,00,000. The Case called/summoned on 12-02-2024 and the matter is currently pending.
- 6. Our Company has filed a police complaint against Mr. Sumesh ("Accused") at Pattambi Police Station, Palakkad. The same was registered as FIR No: 0292/2023 dated 20-04-2023 under section 420 IPC. Our Company states that during the periodic verification of the ornaments pledged by the Accused, it was found

that the ornaments weighing 80.39 grams is Spurious. The Loan Amount was ₹ 1,82,000. Our Company has prayed for punishment to the Accused. The police had filed the Charge Sheet/Final Report. The same was registered at Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court, Pattambi as CC/0200726/2023 dated 05-10-2023. As on the date of filing this Prospectus, the outstanding amount of loss caused to the Company is ₹3,50,000. The Case was called/summoned on 07-02-2024 and the matter is currently pending.

- 7. Our Company has filed a police complaint against Mr. Biju MB ("Accused-1") & Mr. Abdul Khalam ("Accused-2") at Palarivattom Police Station, Ernakulam. The same was registered as FIR No: 2476/2023 dated 07-11-2023 under sections 420,468, 471 & 34 IPC. Our Company states that during the periodic verification of the ornaments pledged by the Accused, it was found that the ornaments weighing 57.33 grams is Spurious. The Loan Amount was ₹ 2,55,000. Our Company has prayed for punishment to the Accused. The police had filed the Charge Sheet/Final Report. The same was registered at Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court-I, Attingal as CC/329/2024 dated 07-05-2024. As on the date of filing this Prospectus, the outstanding amount of loss caused to the Company is ₹5,58,500. The Case was called/summoned on 25-06-2024 and the matter is currently pending.
- 8. Our Company has filed a police complaint against Mr. Ilyas ("Accused") at Palarivattom Police Station, Ernakulam. The same was registered as FIR No: 2311/2023 dated 06-10-2023 under sections 420 & 406 IPC. Our Company states that during the periodic verification of the ornaments pledged by the Accused, it was found that the ornaments weighing 31.6 grams is Spurious. The Loan Amount was ₹ 1,28,000. Our Company has prayed for punishment to the Accused. The police had filed the Charge Sheet/Final Report. The same was registered at Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court-IX Ernakulam as CC/1400862/2023 dated 01-12-2023. The Case was called/summoned on 15-12-2023 and the matter is currently pending.
- 9. Our Company filed a Police Complaint against Mr. Akhil ("Accused") at Attingal Police Station, Ernakulam. The same was registered as Fir/Crime No: 2425/2023 dated November 01, 2023, under sections 420, 468 & 471 IPC. During Periodic verification, it was found that ornaments pledged by the accused weighing 17.42 grams is spurious. The Loan Amount was Rs. 70,000/-. Our Company has prayed punishment to the accused. The Police had filed the charge sheet /Final Report. The had charged offences against the co accused and the Same was registered as at Judicial First-Class Magistrate Court-I Attingal as CC 400735/2024 & CC 400698/2024 dated 19-09-2024 & 20-09-2024 respectively. CC 400735/2024 is summoned/call to 6-12-2024 & CC 400698/2024 is summoned/call to 1-11-2024

Material Civil cases

Nil

B. Litigations involving our Group Companies

Litigations against our Group Companies

Nil

Litigations by our Group Companies

Criminal Cases

NIL

Material Civil Cases

NIL

C. Litigations involving our Promoter

Litigations against our Promoter

Tax proceedings

NIL

Criminal Cases
NIL
Material Civil Cases
NIL
Statutory and Regulatory Proceedings
NIL
Litigations by our Promoter
Criminal Cases
NIL
Material Civil Cases
NIL
D. Litigations involving our Directors
Litigation against our Director
Tax Proceedings
NIL
Criminal Cases
NIL
Material Civil Cases
NIL
Litigations by our Directors
Criminal Cases
1. A Criminal Complaint was filed by Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese, Whole Time Director ("Complainant") against Noushad Alathur, owner of Grande Film Corporation ("Accused No 1") and Symon, owner of Empire Video ("Accused No 2") (together with Accused No. 1 "Defendants") before the Judicial Magistrate Court, Ernakulam. The complaint was filed due to non-compliance of the order dated October 06, 2016 in the OS 21/2016, restraining the Defendants from selling video rights to any other person than the Complainant. The

- cause of action arose when the Complainant had seen the CD of the movie in a shop which was sold by Accused No 2, thus violating the order. Therefore, the Complainant has filed a complaint CC/60/2017 under section 120B, 418 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The matter is posted for hearing on February 25, 2023 and currently pending before the Judicial First Class Magistrate, Ernakulam.
- 2. There are 9 complaints initiated by the Directors of our Company against different parties for alleged violation of Section 138 read with Section 141 and 142 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 for dishonour of cheques. The aggregate consolidated amount involved in such cases is ₹ 33.65 Lakhs and our Directors have sought for appropriate reliefs under the NI Act. All such proceedings are currently pending.

Material Civil Cases

NIL

Notices received by the Company:

NIL

Litigation or legal action pending or taken by any ministry or government department or statutory authority against our Promoter during the last three years immediately preceding the year of the issue of this Prospectus and any direction issued by any such ministry or department or statutory authority upon conclusion of such litigation or legal action

NIL

Inquiries, inspections or investigations initiated or conducted under the Companies Act or any previous companies' law in the last three years immediately preceding the year of issue of this Prospectus against our Company (whether pending or not); fines imposed or compounding of offences done by our Company in the last three years immediately preceding the year of this Prospectus

NIL

Any material event/ development or change having implications on the financials/credit quality (e.g. any material regulatory proceedings against the issuer/promoters, litigations resulting in material liabilities, corporate restructuring event etc.) at the time of issue which may affect the issue or the investor's decision to invest / continue to invest in the non-convertible securities/ commercial paper.

NIL

Reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks or emphasis of matter or other observations of the auditors of our Company in the last three financial years and their impact on the financial statements and financial position of our Company and the corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by our Company for each of the said reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks or emphasis of matter or other observations:

Financi al Year	Basis of Financial Statements	Summary of Qualifications or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the audit reports/CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Company	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Company
FY 2023-24	Standalone	We draw attention to Note 3 to the Standalone Financial Statements, which describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the adverse business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full	The COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Company's provision on financial assets is dependent on the future developments which are highly uncertain and cannot be quantified at this point of time	In accordance with the regulatory package announced by RBI, the company has offered an optional moratorium to the eligible customers. The Honourable Supreme court by its order dated 03.09.2020 ordered, the accounts which were not declared as NPA till 31.08.2020 shall not be declared NPA till further orders.

Financi al Year	Basis of Financial Statements	Summary of Qualifications or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the audit reports/CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Company	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Company
		impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.		Considering the Honourable Supreme court's order the loan accounts are not downgraded; no right back of impairment on financial instruments has been done considering the possibility of future downgrade when the Honourable Supreme Court's order is withdrawn.
	Standalone	 Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements: During the financial year, an amount aggregating to ₹ 119.95 lakhs resulting from various fraud cases on the company has been reported. The same are intimated by the Company with Reserve Bank of India. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the valuation report issued by a registered valuer, the value of one of the property has been enhanced from ₹113.09 lakhs to ₹146.18 lakhs. The Purchase value accounts to 77.36% of its revalued figure. A change up to 0.50% in net carrying value of class of asset is affected by such enhancement. According to the information and 	Recovery measures and legal actions are at its early stage and loss cannot be ascertained at this stage. The difference in book value and amount as per valuation report has been transferred to revaluation reserve.	Recovery measures are being taken by the vigilance department of the company. The Company has filed police complaints and matters are pending with Honourable court. Company is preparing a policy for revaluation of properties.
		information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is an overdue amount of ₹2,753.14 lakhs for more		

Financi al Year	Basis of Financial Statements	Summary of Qualifications or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the audit reports/CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Company	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Company
		than ninety days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for the recovery of principal and interest.	Financial statements are prepared as per IND AS. Difference between these norms and IRAC is shown in note 40.	Company is trying to enhance collection of non -performing accounts.
FY 2022-23	Standalone	Emphasis Of Matter We draw attention to Note 3 to the Standalone Financial Statements, which describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the adverse business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.	The COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Company's provision on financial assets is dependent on the future developments which are highly uncertain and cannot be quantified at this point of time	In accordance with the regulatory package announced by RBI, the company has offered an optional moratorium to the eligible customers. The Honourable Supreme court by its order dated 03.09.2020 ordered, the accounts which were not declared as NPA till 31.08.2020 shall not be declared NPA till further orders. Considering the Honourable Supreme court's order the loan accounts are not downgraded; no right back of impairment on financial instruments has been done considering the possibility of future downgrade when the Honourable Supreme Court's order is withdrawn.
	Standalone			
			Recovery measures and legal actions are at its	Recovery measures are being taken by the

Financi	Basis of	Summary of Qualifications	Impact on the financial	Corrective steps		
al Year	Financial Statements	or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the audit reports/CARO	statements and financial position of the Company	taken and proposed to be taken by the Company		
		Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements: • During the financial year, an amount aggregating to ₹ 164.59 lakhs resulting from various fraud cases on the company has been reported. The same are intimated by the Company with Reserve	early stage and loss cannot be ascertained at this stage.	vigilance department of the company. The Company has filed police complaints and matters are pending with Honourable court.		
		Bank of India. • According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the valuation report issued by a registered valuer, the value of one of the property has been enhanced from ₹917.47 lakhs to ₹988.83 lakhs which accounts to 92.78% of its purchase value. A change up to 1.12% in net carrying value of class of asset is affected by such enhancement. • According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is an overdue amount	The difference in book value and amount as per valuation report has been transferred to revaluation reserve.	Company is preparing a policy for revaluation of properties.		
		of ₹2,692.13 lakhs for more than ninety days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for the recovery of principal and interest.	Financial statements are prepared as per IND AS. Difference between these norms and IRAC is shown in note 40.	Company is trying to enhance collection of non -performing accounts.		
FY 2021-22	Standalone	Emphasis Of Matter We draw attention to Note 3 to the Standalone Financial Statements, which describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the	The COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Company's provision on financial assets is dependent on the future developments which are highly uncertain and	In accordance with the regulatory package announced by RBI, the company has offered an optional moratorium to the eligible customers.		

Financi al Year	Basis of Financial Statements	Summary of Qualifications or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the audit reports/CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Company	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Company
		adverse business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.	cannot be quantified at this point of time	The Honourable Supreme court by its order dated 03.09.2020 ordered, the accounts which were not declared as NPA till 31.08.2020 shall not be declared NPA till further orders. Considering the Honourable Supreme court's order the loan
		Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, we were not able to visit the branches of the Company and hence could not verify the underlying security in respect of gold loans. We are relying on the internal control system in force and management representation with respect to the same.		accounts are not downgraded; no right back of impairment on financial instruments has been done considering the possibility of future downgrade when the Honourable Supreme Court's order is withdrawn.
		Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.		Countrywide and region wise lockdown, declaration of containment zones/hotspots, shut down of offices, spurt of disease among staff etc, caused lot of difficulty in regular operations of the Company.
	Standalone	Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements: As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:	The impact of non-adherence could not be ascertained as actuarial valuation was not conducted.	As per the explanation provided, the Company has approached Life Insurance Corporation of India to adopt actuarial valuation for the compliance of Ind AS-19. The report was received on June 7, 2022.
		• In our opinion, the financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting		

Financi al Year	Basis of Financial Statements	Summary of Qualifications or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the audit reports/CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Company	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Company
		Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under Except Ind AS-19 - Employee Benefits. • According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the valuation report issued by a registered valuer, the value of one of the property has been enhanced from ₹172.48 lakhs to ₹328.48 lakhs which accounts to 90.70% of its purchase value. A change up to 4.18% in net carrying value of class of asset is affected by such enhancement. • According to the information and	The difference in book value and amount as per valuation report has been transferred to revaluation reserve.	Company is preparing a policy for revaluation of properties.
		explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is an overdue amount of ₹4,292.53 lakhs for more than ninety days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for the recovery of principal and interest.	Financial statements are prepared as per IND AS. Difference between these norms and IRAC is shown in note 40.	Company is trying to enhance collection of non -performing accounts.

Details of acts of material frauds committed against our Company for the current financial year as on Cutoff Date and in the last three financial years, if any, and if so, the action taken by our Company

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
1	Curre nt Finan cial year as on Cut- off Date	Nelaman gala bh road	April 04, 2024	27.92	The Branch Manager of Nelamangala B H road Karnataka Aravind created 13 gold loan accounts/pledges by using spurious ornaments for ₹2273043 /- and looted ₹519000/- from cash balance and Bank from November 2023 to 28 February 2024. A police case filed against Aravind Kumar on 04.04.2024 with crime number 079/2024 at Nelamangala Town police station under sections 408,419,420,468, 406,471,120 and 381 of IPC and Intimation has been given to the insurance company and Insurance claim is under process.				Under investigati on.
		Andraha li	April 12, 2024	17.86	CASH SHORTAGE: While verifying the cash we found an amount of ₹1,75,317/- was short in cash tray balance. FUND SHORTAGE AT				Police complaint filed against the staff & Insurance claim reported.

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					BANK: The 8 accounts are closed in bank mode without collecting cash from customers.	-	-	-	
					PACKET MISSING: While doing the packet counting, we are unable to find one of the gold loan accounts. SPURIOUS: During the gold packet verification, we found 37.4 gm spurious ornaments in gold loan accounts.				
		Virugam bakkam	April 15, 2024	20.42	Branch Manager appraised and sanctioned gold loan against 469.43 grams spurious gold, ₹ 20,42,844/- through 09 accounts from our Virugambakkam branch Chennai region.	-	-	-	Police complaint filed against the staff & Insurance claim reported.
		Kazakoo ttam	April 27, 2024	8.09	04 Gold packet contain 121.16 gm missing involvement of branch head Bibin Binoy, FIR filed against BM.	8.49	-	-	Insurance claim received upto ₹8.49 Lakhs and Proceedin gs are pending

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
									with the court.
		Palakoll	April 30, 2024	1.16	The customer/accused pledged gold weighing 17.00 gm in our Palakollu branch Andhrapradesh, on 23.09.2023 for ₹60000/- and on 28.09.2023 the customers/accuse d pledged gold weighing 15.80 gm for ₹56000/ The Amalapuram Town, Andhrapradesh police team on 27.03.2024 sei zed the pledged items under crime No.419/2023. Intimation has been given to the insurance company and the Insurance claim is under process.				Under investigati on.
		T kallupett y	July 12, 2024	28.84	17 Customers pledged 27 accounts spurious gold by cheating our company and availed loan amount ₹ 34,53,600. The company filed a police case against the Branch Manager,	5.69	-	-	Police complaint filed against the staff & Insurance claim reported.

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					staff and the customers who are involved, the T Kallupetti-Tamilnadu police registered an FIR on 12.07.2024 with crime number 173/2024. Intimation has been given to the insurance company and Insurance claim is under process.				
		Tiruman galam	July 23, 2024	6.08	The Branch Manager of Tirumangalam - Tamilnadu Muthurathinam and joint custodian Deepika looted an amount of ₹608004/- without closing the loan account in the system and handed over the gold ornaments pledged to the customers. A police case filed against Muthurathinam and Deepika on 23.07.2024 with crime number 289/2024 at Tirumangalam Town police station and Intimation has been given to the insurance company and	-	-	-	Under investigati on

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
					Insurance claim is under process.				
		Molugubranch	July 31, 2024	7.50	On 31-07-2024, Police visited our branch along with Sammeta Prashanth informed that he was a thief and he had stolen the gold ornaments somewhere and the 177.93 gms had pledged with KLM MULUGU Branch (2024060201002 60 & 20240602010030 0 dated 06.04.2024 & 20.04.2024) and informed them of the crime No 73/2024. U/S 403,409,420 IPC which has been registered to the Mangpeta Police station and the police had seized the pledged ornaments from KLM MuluguBranch for further investigation purpose and drawn the Mahazor at the spot further the had given the copy of FIR and Mahazar. Intimation has	7.50			Insurance claim received upto Rs. 7.50 Lakhs and Proceedin gs are pending with the court.

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
					been given to the insurance company and Insurance claim is under process.				
		Nagole branch	September 25, 2024	1.95	On 25-09-24, Vanastalipuram Telangana Police officials had visited our branch along with Adepu Babu Rao informed that he was a thief and he had stolen the gold ornaments somewhere and the same had pledged with KLM Nagole Branch for ₹195100/- on 19.09.2024 and informed them of the crime NO 1095/2024. U/S 318 (4) 305 BNS which has been registered to the Vanasthalipuram Police and the Police had seized the pledged ornaments weighing 39.90 from KLM Nagole Branch for further investigation purpose. The case is intimated to the insurance company for claim on 25.09.2024				Letter sent to police to file case against the customer & Insurance Claim reported.

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2	2023-24	Nagamal a Pudukott ai	July 12, 2023	2.26	The customer Balasubramanian pledged theft gold weight 55.40 gm in our branch loan amount ₹2,25,550/- FIR NO 0082/2023.	-	-	-	Show cause notice sent to the concerned staff. Police case filed.
	2023-24	Kengeri	July 31, 2023	1.08	Customer named Santhosh pledged theft gold in our kengeri branch under Banglore 1 region Gross weight - 39.8gms. Loan sanctioned ₹1,08,000/-	0.83	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.
	2023-24	Hebbago di	August30, 2023	3.21	Customer omsai Pledged Theft gold in our Hebbagodi branch under Banglore 2 region. Gross weight - 72.8 gms loan sanctioned ₹4,94,092/-	3.89	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.
	2023- 24	Palarivat tom	September 14, 2023	1.28	Customer Ilyas pledged spurious Bangle Nos 03. gross weight 31.6 gms.	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.
	2023- 24	Kallamb alam	October 21, 2023	3.69	Spurious pledged customer - saleena beevi and Abdhul kalam.	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.
	2023- 24	Alamcod e	October 21, 2023	5.81	Spurious gold pledged under various customer name total 06 a/c.	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
									against the customer.
	2023- 24	R T Nagar	October 30, 2023	1.97	Theft case - 05 Pkts Seized By Police On 30-10- 2023 Customer Name : Raziya Sulthana, Nagina Taj.	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.
	2023-24	West Maredap aly	November 24, 2023	15.53	BM Vijaya lakshmi and Joint custodian R. Kumar tampered the packets and pledged new loans - cash shortage.	12.99	-	-	Terminati on letter sent to the concerned staff. Police case filed.
	2023 - 2024	Konanak unte	December 15, 2023	85.12	KLM AXIVA FINVEST - Employee dishonesty at Konanakunte- 76030446232400 000031 FIR NO 0529/2023.	5.00	-	-	Terminati on letter sent to the concerned staff. Police case filed.
3	2022- 2023	Anekkal	August08, 2022	0.80	The accused pledged theft gold at Anekal Branch - Karnataka in the Month of May 2022 for ₹79,600/- The police, seized the pledged items on 30.06.2022 under crime No.0030/2022 registered before the Hon'bleAddl. Civil Judge(Jr.Dn)JMF C court Anekkal	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
					Banglore Rural Dist.Meanwhile, our insurance claim is under process as intimation has been given to the insurance company through the agency. Instructions have been given to BM for insurance follow-up. The matter engaged to a local Adv. Chandrashekaran for claiming the items through court. He advised for sending registered notice and subsequently for filing petition for claiming assets under our custody.				
	2022 - 2023	Hubli Old Market	August08, 2022	0.52	The accused pledged theft gold at Hubli old Market Road Branch - Karnataka in the Month of May, June, July & August 2022 for ₹52,000/- The police, seized the pledged items on 01.07.2022 under crime No.0070 /2022 registered before the Hon'ble 2nd addl. CJ& CJM (Jr.Div) Court & JMFC 3rd Court Hubli Dharwad	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.

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					.Meanwhile, our insurance claim is under process as intimation has been given to the insurance company through the agency. Instructions have been given to BM for insurance follow-up. The matter engaged to a local Adv. Chandrashekaran for claiming the items through court. He advised for sending registered notice and subsequently for filing petition for claiming assets under our custody.				
	2022 - 2023	Jigeni	August 08, 2022	1.04	The accused pledged theft gold at Anekal Branch - Karnataka in the Month of July 2022 for ₹1,04,000/- The police, seized the pledged items on 02.08.2022 under crime No.0154/2022reg istered before the Hon'bleAddl.Civi l Judge(Jr.Dn)JMF C court Anekkal Banglore Rural Dist.Meanwhile, our insurance claim is under process as	1.04	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
					intimation has been given to the insurance company through the agency. Instructions have been given to BM for insurance follow-up. The matter engaged to a local Adv. Chandrashekaran for claiming the items through court. He advised for sending registered notice and subsequently for filing petition for claiming assets under our custody.	lakh)			
	2022 - 2023	Jayanaga r	August 08, 2022	56.59	The accused pledged theft gold at Jaya Nagar Branch - Karnataka in the Month of January , March & April 2022 for ₹56,58,649/- The police, seized the pledged items on 08.07.2022 under crime No.0083/2022 registered before the Hon'ble 24th Addl. CMM Court Nrupatunga Road Banglore cityMeanwhile, our insurance claim is under process as intimation has been given to the	56.59	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
					insurance company through the agency. Instructions have been given to BM for insurance follow-up. The matter engaged to a local Adv. Chandrashekaran for claiming the items through court. He advised for sending registered notice and subsequently for filing petition for claiming assets under our custody.				
	2022 _ 2023	R T Nagar	September 13, 2022	2.73	The accused pledged theft gold at RT Nagar Branch - Karnataka in the Month of May,June, July & August 2022 for ₹2,73,300/- The police, seized the pledged items on 13.09.2022 under crime No.0351 /2022 registered before the Hon'ble11th addl.CMM Court MayoHall Banglore city .Meanwhile, our insurance claim is under process as intimation has been given to the insurance company through the agency. Instructions have	2.53	-		Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
					been given to BM for insurance follow-up. The matter engaged to a local Adv. Chandrashekaran for claiming the items through court. He advised for sending registered notice and subsequently for filing petition for claiming assets under our custody.				
	2022 - 2023	Banergi Road	October 20, 2022	0.79	The accused pledged theft gold at Banerji Road Branch - Ernakulma in the Month of October 2022 for ₹79,000/ The police, seized the pledged items on 20.10.2022 under crime No.1202/2022 registered before the Hon'ble JUDICIAL FIRST-CLASS MAGISTRATE COURT NJARAKKAL. Meanwhile, our insurance claim is under process as intimation has been given to the insurance company through the agency. Instructions have been given to BM		-		Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.

Sr No	Finan cial Year/ Perio d	Branch	Date Of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recov ery amou nt (₹ in lakh)	Amount Written Off (₹ in lakhs)	Provisio n (₹ in lakh)	Action taken by the Company
					for insurance follow-up.				
	2022 - 2023	Vattiyoo rkavu	October 27, 2022	1.81	The customer pledged theft gold at Vattiyoorkkav Branch - Trivandrum in the month of August, September and October 2022 for ₹18,19,000/ The police, seized the pledged items on 27.10.2022 under crime No.0788/2022 registered before Hon'ble JUDICIAL FIRST-CLASS MAGISTRATE COURT- III ATTINGAL. Meanwhile, our insurance claim is under process as intimation has been given to the insurance company through the agency. Instructions have been given to BM for insurance follow-up.				Terminati on letter sent to the concerned staff. Police case filed.
	2022 - 2023	Pallithaz ham	November 11, 2022	43.52	Employee transferred an amount ₹4,31,685/- without loan acc. In the loan module to	-	-	-	Case registered under section 406,408& 420 by Kothamng

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					different customer accounts.				alam police. The accused is under judicial custody from 29-01-2023.
	2022 - 2023	Koralag unta	November 19, 2022	54.03	Employee Shanthi Kumar robbed the pledged ornaments weight 1013.08 and cash ₹6.41,620/- (4700*1013.08).	43.53	-	-	Terminati on letter sent to the concerned staff. Police case filed.
	2022 - 2023	Jigani	January18, 2023	1.52	Customer Somashekar pledged the stolen gold loan amount Rs. 1,52,150/- police seized the packets fir no: 0020/2023.	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.
	2022 - 2023	Virudh Nagar	January18, 2023	1.19	Customer Krishnaveni pledged the stolen gold loan amount Rs. 1,19,900/- police seized the packets fir no: 0030/2023.	-	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.
	2022 - 2023	Old Panvel	March 02, 2023	31.53	Customer pledged spurious gold ₹31,52,552/- in the help of branch manager.	6.00	-	-	Letter sent to police to file case against the customer.

 $Details \ of \ disciplinary \ action \ taken \ by \ SEBI \ or \ Stock \ Exchanges \ against \ the \ Promoters/\ Group \ companies in the last five financial years, including outstanding action.$

NIL

OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

Issuer's Absolute Responsibility

"The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the issue which is material in the context of the issue, that the information contained in this Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly stated and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect."

Authority for the Issue

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of our Company, held September 02, 2024, the Board approved the Issue of Secured, Redeemable NCDs to the public for an amount of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}{}}$ 5,000 lakhs, with an option to retain oversubscription up to $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}{}}$ 5,000 lakhs aggregating up to $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{\checkmark}{}}$ 10,000 lakhs.

Prohibition by SEBI

Our Company, persons in control of our Company, our Directors and/or our Promoter has not been restrained, prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities and no such order or direction is in force. Further, no member of our promoter group has been prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities due to fraud.

Our Company confirms that there are no fines or penalties levied by SEBI or the Stock Exchanges pending to be paid by the Company as on the date of this Prospectus.

No regulatory action is pending against the Issuer or its Promoter or directors before the SEBI or the Reserve Bank of India.

Categorisation as a Wilful Defaulter

Our Company, our Directors and/or our Promoter have not been categorised as a Wilful Defaulter nor are they in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt securities issued to the public, for a period of more than six-months.

Declaration as a Fugitive Economic Offender

None of our Promoter or Directors has been declared as a Fugitive Economic Offender under Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018 (17 of 2018).

Other confirmations

None of our Company or our Directors or our Promoter, or person(s) in control of our Company was a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Prospectus, in accordance Chapter V of the SEBI Delisting Regulations, as amended.

The NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with Sub-registrar and Registrar of Companies or CERSAI or Depository etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the debenture trustee.

The consents/permissions and no objection certificates required for creation of further *pari passu* charge in favour of the Debenture Trustee on the assets from the Existing Secured Creditors, wherever required, have been obtained.

Further, it is confirmed that our Company is in compliance with applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended and any other guidelines so specified by SEBI;

Disclaimer

Disclaimer statement from our Company, our Directors, and the Lead Manager

Our Company, our Directors and the Lead Manager accepts no responsibility for statements made other than in this Prospectus or in the advertisements or any other material issued by or at our Company's instance in connection with the Issue of the NCDs and anyone placing reliance on any other source of information including our Company's website, or any website of any affiliate of our Company would be doing so at their own risk. The Lead Manager accept no responsibility, save to the limited extent as provided in the Issue Agreement.

None among our Company or the Lead Manager or any Member of the Syndicate is liable for any failure in uploading the Application due to faults in any software/hardware system or otherwise; the blocking of Application Amount in the ASBA Account on receipt of instructions from the Sponsor Bank on account of any errors, omissions or non-compliance by various parties involved in, or any other fault, malfunctioning or breakdown in, or otherwise, in the UPI Mechanism.

Investors who make an Application in the Issue will be required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company, the Lead Manager and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives that they are eligible under all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the NCDs and will not issue, sell, pledge, or transfer the NCDs to any person who is not eligible under any applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the NCDs. Our Company, the Lead Manager and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives accept no responsibility or liability for advising any investor on whether such investor is eligible to acquire the NCDs being offered in the Issue.

Disclaimer Clause of SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT FILING OF OFFER DOCUMENT TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SEBI) SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE ISSUE IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT. THE LEAD MANAGER, VIVRO FINANCIAL SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED, HAS CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SEBI (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED ISSUE.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE THE ISSUER IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEQUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT, THE LEAD MERCHANT BANKER IS EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT THE ISSUER DISCHARGES ITS RESPONSIBILITY ADEQUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE, THE LEAD MANAGER VIVRO FINANCIAL SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED, HAS FURNISHED TO SEBI A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED NOVEMBER 13, 2024, WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. WE CONFIRM THAT NEITHER THE ISSUER NOR ITS PROMOTER OR DIRECTORS HAVE BEEN PROHIBITED FROM ACCESSING THE CAPITAL MARKET UNDER ANY ORDER OR DIRECTION PASSED BY THE BOARD. WE ALSO CONFIRM THAT NONE OF THE INTERMEDIARIES NAMED IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT HAVE BEEN DEBARRED FROM FUNCTIONING BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY.
- 2. WE CONFIRM THAT ALL THE MATERIAL DISCLOSURES IN RESPECT OF THE ISSUER HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT AND CERTIFY THAT ANY MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE ISSUE OR RELATING TO THE ISSUE UP TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF LISTING AND TRADING OF THE NCDs OFFERED THROUGH THIS ISSUE SHALL BE INFORMED THROUGH PUBLIC NOTICES/ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL THOSE NEWSPAPERS IN WHICH PRE-ISSUE ADVERTISEMENT AND ADVERTISEMENT

FOR OPENING OR CLOSURE OF THE ISSUE HAVE BEEN GIVEN.

- 3. WE CONFIRM THAT THE OFFER DOCUMENT CONTAINS ALL DISCLOSURES AS SPECIFIED IN THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021, AS AMENDED.
- 4. WE ALSO CONFIRM THAT ALL RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, SECURITIES CONTRACTS, (REGULATION) ACT, 1956, SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ACT, 1992 AND THE RULES, REGULATIONS, GUIDELINES, CIRCULARS ISSUED THEREUNDER ARE COMPLIED WITH.

WE CONFIRM THAT NO COMMENTS/COMPLAINTS WERE RECEIVED ON THE DRAFT PROSPECTUS HOSTED ON THE WEBSITE OF BSE LIMITED (DESIGNATED STOCK EXCHANGE).

Filing of the Prospectus with the RoC

Our company shall file Prospectus with the RoC in accordance with Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Utilisation of proceeds by our Group Companies

No proceeds of the Issue will be paid to our Group Companies.

Default in payment

In case of default (including delay) in payment of interest and/ or redemption of principal on the due dates for debt securities issued on private placement or public issue, additional interest of at least 2% p.a. over the coupon rate shall be payable by the issuer for the defaulting period.

Disclaimer Clause of BSE

BSE LIMITED ("THE EXCHANGE") HAS GIVEN, VIDE ITS APPROVAL LETTER DATED NOVEMEBR 12, 2024 PERMISSION TO THIS COMPANY TO USE THE EXCHANGE'S NAME IN THIS OFFER DOCUMENT AS ONE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGES ON WHICH THIS COMPANY'S SECURITIES ARE PROPOSED TO BE LISTED. THE EXCHANGE HAS SCRUTINIZED THE DRAFT OFFER DOCUMENT/OFFER DOCUMENT FOR ITS LIMITED INTERNAL PURPOSE OF DECIDING ON THE MATTER OF GRANTING THE AFORESAID PERMISSION TO THIS COMPANY. THE EXCHANGE DOES NOT IN ANY MANNER:

- a) WARRANT, CERTIFY OR ENDORSE THE CORRECTNESS OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS OFFER DOCUMENT; OR
- b) WARRANT THAT THIS COMPANY'S SECURITIES WILL BE LISTED OR WILL CONTINUE TO BE LISTED ON THE EXCHANGE; OR
- c) TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL OR OTHER SOUNDNESS OF THIS COMPANY, ITS PROMOTERS, ITS MANAGEMENT OR ANY SCHEME OR PROJECT OF THIS COMPANY.

AND IT SHOULD NOT FOR ANY REASON BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE DRAFT OFFER DOCUMENT/OFFER DOCUMENT HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY THE EXCHANGE. EVERY PERSON WHO DESIRES TO APPLY FOR OR OTHERWISE ACQUIRES ANY SECURITIES OF THIS COMPANY MAY DO SO PURSUANT TO INDEPENDENT INQUIRY, INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS AND SHALL NOT HAVE ANY CLAIM AGAINST THE EXCHANGE WHATSOEVER BY REASON OF ANY LOSS WHICH MAY BE SUFFERED BY SUCH PERSON CONSEQUENT TO OR IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH SUBSCRIPTION/ACQUISITION WHETHER BY REASON OF ANYTHING STATED OR OMITTED TO BE STATED HEREIN OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON WHATSOEVER.

Disclaimer Clause of RBI

THE COMPANY IS HAVING A VALID CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION DATED MARCH 15,

2016 BEARING REGISTRATION NO. 09.00006 ISSUED BY THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 45 IA OF THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1934. HOWEVER, RBI DOES NOT ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR GUARANTEE ABOUT THE PRESENT POSITION AS TO THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF THE COMPANY OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF ANY OF THE STATEMENTS OR REPRESENTATIONS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED BY THE COMPANY AND FOR REPAYMENT OF DEPOSITS/DISCHARGE OF LIABILITY BY THE COMPANY.

Disclaimer Clause of IRDAI

INSURANCE REGULATORY AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF INDIA DOES UNDERTAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF OUR COMPANY OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF ANY OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THIS CONNECTION.

Disclaimer in Respect of Jurisdiction

THE ISSUE IS BEING MADE IN INDIA, TO INVESTORS FROM CATEGORY I, CATEGORY II, AND CATEGORY III. THIS PROSPECTUS WILL NOT, HOWEVER, CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR AN INVITATION TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NCDS OFFERED HEREBY IN ANY JURISDICTION OTHER THAN INDIA TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE AN OFFER OR INVITATION IN SUCH JURISDICTION. ANY PERSON INTO WHOSE POSSESSION THIS PROSPECTUS COMES IS REQUIRED TO INFORM HIMSELF OR HERSELF ABOUT, AND TO OBSERVE, ANY SUCH RESTRICTIONS.

Disclaimer Clause of Acuité Ratings

An Acuite rating does not constitute an audit of the rated entity and should not be treated as a recommendation or opinion that is intended to substitute for a financial adviser's or investor's independent assessment of whether to buy, sell or hold any security. Acuite ratings are based on the data and information provided by the issuer and obtained from other reliable sources. Although reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the data and information is true, Acuite in particular, makes no representation or warranty, expressed or implied with respect to the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of the information relied upon. Acuite is not responsible for any errors or omissions and especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect or consequential loss of any kind arising from the use of its ratings. Acuite ratings are subject to a process of surveillance which may lead to a revision in ratings as and when the circumstances so warrant. Please visit our website (www.acuite.in) for the latest information on any instrument rated by Acuite, Acuite's rating scale and its definitions. Any inadvertent omission or error in the rating letter which is discovered or brought to the notice of Acuite shall be rectified as soon as reasonably practicable not later than 48 hours of such discovery or notice. Such error or omission shall not render Acuite liable to any person for any kind of loss or damage including, but not limited to, any special, incidental, indirect or consequential damages caused by errors or omissions, provided such omission or error is rectified as soon as possible after discovery/notice.

Disclaimer Clause of CRISIL

CRISIL Market Intelligence & Analytics (CRISIL MI&A), a division of CRISIL Limited (CRISIL) has taken due care and caution in preparing this Report based on the Information obtained by CRISIL from sources which it considers reliable (Data). This Report is not a recommendation to invest / disinvest in any entity covered in the Report and no part of this Report should be construed as an expert advice or investment advice or any form of investment banking within the meaning of any law or regulation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, nothing in the Report is to be construed as CRISIL providing or intending to provide any services in jurisdictions where CRISIL does not have the necessary permission.

Track record of past public issues handled by the Lead Manager

The track record of past issues handled by the Lead Manager, as required by SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/157 dated September 26, 2023, are available at the following website.

Name of Lead Manager	Website
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Listing

An application will be made to BSE for permission to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs. BSE has been appointed as the Designated Stock Exchange.

If permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs are not granted by BSE, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the applicants in pursuance of this Prospectus.

Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange mentioned above are taken within 6 working days from the date of closure of the issue.

Consents

The written consents of (a) Directors of our Company; (b) Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; (c) Chief Executive Officer; (d) Chief Financial Officer; (e) Statutory Auditors; (f) Legal counsel to the Issue; (g) Lead Manager; (h) the Registrar to the Issue; (i) Public Issue Account Banks; (j) Refund Banks; (k) Credit Rating Agencies; (l) CRISIL Limited; (m) the Banker to our Company; (n) the Debenture Trustee; (o) Sponsor Bank and (p) the Syndicate Members to act in their respective capacities, have been obtained and will be filed along with a copy of this Prospectus with the RoC as required under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and such consents have not been withdrawn as on the date of this Prospectus.

Expert Opinion

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinion:

Common form of Transfer

We undertake that there shall be a common form of transfer for the NCDs held in dematerialised form shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by NSDL/CDSL and the relevant Depositary Participants of the transferor or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof.

Filing of the Draft Prospectus

The Draft Prospectus will be filed with the Designated Stock Exchange in terms of Regulation 27 of the SEBI NCS Regulations for dissemination on its website(s).

Filing of the Prospectus with the RoC

Our company shall file Prospectus with the RoC in accordance with Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Debenture Redemption Reserve ("DRR")

Pursuant to Regulation 16 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 states that where debentures are issued by any company, the company shall create a debenture redemption reserve out of the profits of the company available for payment of dividend. Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended by Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Amendment Rules, 2019, listed NBFC is not required to create a DRR in case of public issue of debentures. The rules further mandate that the company which is coming with a Public Issue shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more prescribed methods.

Accordingly, our Company is not required to create a DRR for the NCDs proposed to be issued through this Issue. Further, our Company shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more following methods: (a) in deposits with any scheduled bank, free from charge or lien; (b) in unencumbered securities of the Central Government or of any State Government; (c)

in unencumbered securities mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) and (ee) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882; (d) in unencumbered bonds issued by any other company which is notified under clause (f) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882. The abovementioned amount deposited or invested, must not be utilized for any purpose other than for the repayment of debentures maturing during the year provided that the amount remaining deposited or invested must not at any time fall below 15% of the amount of debentures maturing during year ending on the 31st day of March of that year, in terms of the applicable laws.

Issue Related Expenses

For details of Issue related expenses, see "Objects of the Issue" on page 122.

Reservation

No portion of this Issue has been reserved.

Terms and Conditions of Debenture Trustee Agreement

Fees charged by Debenture Trustee

The Debenture Trustee has agreed for one time acceptance fee amounting to ₹1,00,000/- (plus the applicable taxes) payable on acceptance of the offer with Annual fee of 0.015% of the outstanding balance of secured NCDs at the end of each quarter payable on quarterly basis for the services starting from the date of execution of trust deed as agreed in the engagement letter dated September 09, 2024.

Terms of carrying out due diligence

As per the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees, the Debenture Trustee is required to exercise independent due diligence to ensure that the assets of the Issuer company are sufficient to discharge the interest and principal amount with respect to the debt securities of the Issuer at all times.

Accordingly, the Debenture Trustee shall exercise due diligence as per the following process, for which our company has consented to.

- a. The Trustee shall carry out due diligence on a continuous basis to ensure compliance by the Company, with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Debenture Regulations, the SEBI DT Master Circular and any other regulations issued by SEBI pertaining to debt issuance and any other Applicable Law.
- b. The Trustee in terms of Regulations 15(6) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993 (as amended from time to time), either through itself or its agents/ advisors/ consultants, shall carry out requisite diligence to verify the status of encumbrance and valuation of the assets and whether all permissions or consents as may be required to create the security as stipulated in the offer document/ disclosure document/ information memorandum/ private placement memorandum, including Disclosure Document, has been obtained. Prior to the appointment of any agents/advisors/consultants, the Trustee shall obtain necessary confirmation from the said agents/ advisors/ consultants that they do not have any conflict-of-interest in conducting the diligence under the transaction. For the purpose of carrying out the due diligence as required in terms of the Debenture Regulation, the Trustee, either through itself or its agents/ advisors/ consultants, shall have the power to examine the books of account of the Company and to have the Company's assets inspected by its officers and/or external auditors/ valuers/ consultants/ lawyers/ technical experts/ management consultants appointed by the Trustee.
- c. The Company shall provide all assistance to the Trustee to enable verification from the Registrar of Companies, sub-registrar of assurances (as applicable), CERSAI, depositories, information utility or any other authority, as may be relevant, where the assets and/or encumbrances in relation to the assets of the Company or any third party security provider are registered/ disclosed.
- d. Further, in the event that existing charge holders have provided conditional consent/ permissions to the Company to create further charge on the assets, the Trustee shall also have the power to verify such conditions by reviewing the relevant transaction documents or any other documents executed between existing charge holders and the Company. The Trustee shall also have the power to intimate the existing charge holders about proposal of creation of further encumbrance and seeking their comments/ objections,

if any.

- e. Without prejudice to the aforesaid, the Company shall ensure that it provides and procures all information, representations, confirmations and disclosures as may be required in the sole discretion of the Trustee to carry out the requisite diligence in connection with the issuance and allotment of the Initial Debentures and/or the Additional Debentures, as the case maybe, in accordance with the Debenture Regulations.
- f. The Trustee shall have the power by itself or to appoint intermediaries, valuers, chartered accountant firms, practicing company secretaries, consultants, lawyers and other entities in order to assist in the diligence by the Trustee. All costs, charges, fees and expenses that are associated with and incurred in relation to the diligence as well as preparation of the reports/certificates/documentation shall be directly compensated/remunerated by the Trustee.
- g. The Trustee shall carry out due diligence as per the SEBI DT Master Circular and shall obtain the following documents/certificates from the empanelled agency to independently assess that the assets to be secured are adequate available for the proposed issue:
 - i. security cover certificate from the practicing chartered accountants;
 - ii. ROC search report from the practicing company secretary;
 - iii. Title search report (applicable in case of immovable property);
 - iv. Valuation report (applicable in case of immovable property); and
 - v. Such other documents as may be reasonable required for conducting due diligence.

While the NCD is secured as per terms of the Offer Document and charge is held in favour of the Debenture Trustee, the extent of recovery would depend upon realization of asset value and the Debenture Trustee in no way guarantees / assures full recovery / partial of either principal or interest.

Other Confirmations

The Debenture Trustee confirms that they have undertaken the necessary due diligence in accordance with Applicable Law, including the SEBI (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993, read with the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees.

- I. Creation of security in issuance of listed debt security and 'due diligence' by debenture trustee (s)" dated May 16, 2024.
- II. Monitoring and disclosures by debenture trustee(s) dated May 16, 2024

VISTRA ITCL (INDIA) LIMITED HAVE FURNISHED TO STOCK EXCHANGES A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED NOVEMBER 04, 2024, AS PER THE FORMAT SPECIFIED IN ANNEXURE II-A TO THE SEBI DT MASTER CIRCULAR AND UNDER PART A OF SCHEDULE IV OF THE SEBI NCS REGULATION WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. We have examined documents pertaining to the said issue and other such relevant documents, reports and certifications as provided to us.
- 2. On the basis of such examination and of the discussions with the Issuer, its directors and other officers, other agencies and on independent verification of the various relevant documents, reports and certifications provided to us, WE CONFIRM that as on date:
 - a. The Issuer has made adequate provisions for and/or has taken steps to provide for adequate security for the debt securities to be issued.
 - b. The Issuer has obtained the permissions / consents necessary for creating security on the said property(ies).
 - c. The Issuer has made all the relevant disclosures about the security and also its continued obligations towards the holders of debt securities to the best of our knowledge basis the information provided to us.

- d. Issuer has adequately disclosed all consents/permissions required for creation of further charge on assets in offer document and all disclosures made in the offer document with respect to creation of security are in confirmation with the clauses of debenture trustee agreement.
- e. Issuer has disclosed all covenants proposed to be included in Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed (including any side letter, accelerated payment clause etc.), offer document and has given an undertaking that Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed shall be executed before filing of listing application.
- f. Issuer has given an undertaking that charge shall be created in favour of Debenture Trustee as per terms of issue before filing of listing application.

We have satisfied ourselves about the ability of the Issuer to service the debt securities as on date, basis the information/documents shared with us as on date.

Our Company undertakes that it shall submit the due diligence certificate from Debenture Trustee to the Stock Exchange as per format specified in Annex II - A of SEBI Debenture Trustee Master Circular and under Part A of Schedule IV of the SEBI NCS Regulations.

Details regarding the Company and other listed companies which are associate companies as described under the Companies Act, 2013, which made any capital issue during the last three years.

There are no other listed companies under the same management / associate companies as described under the Companies Act, 2013, during the last three years. Other than the Public Issue I, Public Issue II, Public Issue III, Public Issue IV, Public Issue VV, Public Issue VII, Public Issue VIII, Public Issue VIII, Public Issue IX, and Public X our Company has previously not made any public issues of non-convertible debentures.

Public Issue of Equity Shares

Our Company has not made any public issue of Equity Shares or rights issuances in the last five years.

Previous Issue

Other than the Public Issue I, Public Issue II, Public Issue III, Public Issue IV, Public Issue V, Public Issue VI, Public Issue VII, Public Issue VIII, Public Issue IX and Public Issue X our Company has previously not made any public issues of non-convertible debentures

Other than as specifically disclosed in this Prospectus, our Company has not issued any securities for consideration other than cash in last two years preceding the date of this Prospectus.

Dividend

Our Company has no formal dividend policy. The declaration and payment of dividends on our Equity Shares will be recommended by the Board of Directors and approved by our shareholders, at their discretion, and will depend on a number of factors, including but not limited to our profits, capital requirements and overall financial condition. For details of dividend declared and paid for during the current financial year and three Fiscals i.e. 2022 to 2024, please refer table below:

(₹ in lakhs, except per share data)

			(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	t per siterie deliter)
	From April 01,	March 31, 2024	March 31,	March 31,
Particulars	2024 till Cut-off		2023	2022
	Date			
On Equity Shares				
Fully Paid-up Share Capital (Nos.)	22,59,40,876	20,54,00,857	18,67,28,078	11,48,75,128
Face Value / Paid Up Value (₹)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Equity Share Capital	22,594.09	20,540.09	18,672.81	11,487.51
Rate of Dividend	-	5%	3%	-
Dividend	-	1,027.00	560.18	-

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Kochi, India.

Details regarding lending out of issue proceeds of Previous Issues

A. Lending Policy

Please see "Our Business - Gold Loans" on page 173

B. Utilisation of Issue Proceeds of the previous Issues by our Company

I. KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ('the Company')

i. Public issue of equity shares by the Company

The Company has not undertaken any public issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to cut-off-date.

ii. Previous public issues of non-convertible debentures by the Company

Except as given below, the Company has not undertaken the public issues of non-convertible debentures till cut-off-date.

Public Issue I

Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Issue Proceeds	10,000.00
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending and for repayment of interest and principal of existing borrowings	10,000.00
2.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	10,000.00

Our Company has incurred an amount of ₹89.99 lakhs towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue I. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue II

Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Issue Proceeds	9,383.38
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending and for repayment of interest and principal of existing borrowings	9,383.38
2.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	9,383.38

Our Company has incurred an amount of ₹ 104.99 lakhs towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue II. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue III

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
Issue Proceeds		12,428.93

	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending and repayment of interest and principal of	12,428.93
	existing borrowings	
2.	General Corporate Purpose	0.00
	Total	12,428.93

The Company has incurred an amount of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}$ 88.09 lakks towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue IV

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)	
	Issue Proceeds	15,000.00	
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds		
1.	Onward Lending, financing and repayment/ repayment of principal and interest of existing borrowings	15,000.00	
2.	General Corporate Purpose		
	Total	15,000.00	

The Company has incurred an amount of $\not\in$ 63.54 lakks towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue V

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Issue Proceeds	16,210.77
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending, financing and repayment/ repayment of principal and interest of existing borrowings	16,210.77
2.	General Corporate purpose	-
	Total	16,210.77

The Company has incurred an amount of ₹ 92.65 lakhs towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue VI

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)	
	Issue Proceeds	17,765.22	
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds		
1.	Onward Lending, financing and repayment/ repayment of principal and interest of existing borrowings	17,765.22	
2.	General Corporate purpose	-	
	Total	17,765.22	

The Company has incurred an amount of $\not\in$ 63.65 lakks towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue VII

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Issue Proceeds	18,798.56
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending, financing and repayment/ repayment of principal and interest of existing borrowings	14,740.00
2.	General Corporate Purpose	58.38
3.	Balance with Bank	4,000.18
	Total	18,798.56

The Company has incurred an amount of ₹74.25 lakhs towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue VIII

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)	
	Issue Proceeds	13,612.96	
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds		
1.	Onward Lending, financing and repayment/ repayment of principal and interest of existing borrowings	13,612.96	
2.	General Corporate Purpose	-	
3.	Balance with Bank	-	
	Total	13,612.96	

The Company has incurred an amount of ₹ 101.19 lakhs towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue IX

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)	
	Issue Proceeds	8,678.38	
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds		
1.	Onward Lending, financing and repayment/ repayment of principal	8,678.38	
	and interest of existing borrowings		
2.	General Corporate Purpose	-	
3.	Balance with Bank	-	
	Total	8,678.38	

The Company has incurred an amount of ₹49.04 lakhs towards issue related expenses consisting of professional fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

Public Issue X

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)	
	Issue Proceeds	12,500.00	
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds		
1.	Onward Lending, financing and repayment/ repayment of principal	11,300.00	
	and interest of existing borrowings		
2.	General Corporate Purpose	<u>-</u>	
3.	Balance with Bank	1,200.00	
	Total	12,500.00	

The Company has incurred an amount of ₹75.66 lakhs towards issue related expenses consisting of professional

fees, statutory payments and other incidental and ancillary expenses related with the Public Issue. These expenses have been met from the internal sources of the Company and not from the Issue proceeds.

iii. Previous private placement of non-convertible debentures by the Company

The issue proceeds of the previous issues of non-convertible debentures issued on private placement basis made on or after April 1, 2021 till the Cut-off Date have been utilized by the Company; towards the objects of the issue, as per the respective offer documents.

iv. Rights issue by the Company

The Company has not undertaken any rights issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

II. Subsidiary Company ('the Company')

NIL

III. Group Companies (the Company')

- a. KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited
 - i. Public issue of equity shares by the KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited

KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited has not undertaken any equity public issue in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

ii. Previous public issues of non-convertible debentures by KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited

KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited has not undertaken the public issue of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

iii. Previous private placement of non-convertible debentures by KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited in the last three years

KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited has not undertaken any private placement of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

iv. Rights Issue by KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited in the last three years KLM Tiana Gold & Diamonds Private Limited has not undertaken any rights issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date

b. Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited

- Public issue of equity shares by Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited
 Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited has not undertaken any equity public issue in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date
- ii. Previous public issues of non-convertible debentures by Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited Limited Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited has not undertaken the public issue of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date
- iii. Previous private placement of non-convertible debentures by Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited

Limited in the last three years

Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited has not undertaken any private placement of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date

iv. Rights Issue by Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited in the last three years

Ente Naadu Nidhi Limited has not undertaken any rights issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date

c. Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited

i. Public issue of equity shares by Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited has not undertaken any equity public issue in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date

ii. Previous public issues of non-convertible debentures by Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited

Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited has not undertaken the public issue of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date

iii. Previous private placement of non-convertible debentures by Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited in the last three years

Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited has not undertaken any private placement of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date

iv. Rights Issue by Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited in the last three years Carbomix Polymers (India) Private Limited has not undertaken any rights issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to prior to Cut-off Date

Description of our loan portfolio

A. Loans given by the Company

The company has not provided any loans/ advances to associates, entities/persons relating to Board, senior management or promoters out of the proceeds of previous public issues and private placements of debentures.

B. Type of loans

Classification of loans/advances given

The detailed breakup of the types of loans given by the Company as on March 31, 2024 is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

No.	Type of Loans	Amount	Percentage of AUM
1	Secured	1,52,830.93	88.81%
2	Unsecured	19,264.89	11.19%
	Total assets under management (AUM)	1,72,095.82	100.00%

C. Denomination of loan outstanding by LTV as on March 31, 2024*

No.	LTV	Percentage of AUM
1.	Up to 40%	1.84%
2.	40%-50%	0.86%

No.	LTV	Percentage of AUM
3.	50%-60%	1.72%
4.	60%-70%	10.55%
5.	70%-80%	84.86%
6.	80%-90%	0.11%
7.	More than 90%	0.06%
	Total	100.00%

^{*}LTV at the time of origination

D. Sectoral Exposure as on March 31, 2024

No.	Segment wise break up of AUM	Percentage of AUM
1.	Retail	
(a)	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	-
(b)	Gold Loans	62.03
(c)	Vehicle Finance	-
(d)	MFI	11.19
(e)	M & SME	26.78
(f)	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	-
(g)	Others	-
2.	Wholesale	
(a)	Infrastructure	-
(b)	Real Estate (including builder loans)	-
(c)	Promoter funding	-
(d)	Any other sector (as applicable)	-
(e)	Others	-
	Total	100.00

E. Denomination of the loans outstanding by ticket size as on March 31, 2024*

No.	Ticket size**	Percentage of AUM
1.	Up to 2 lakhs	56.07
2.	2 lakhs to 5 lakhs	19.83
3.	5 lakhs to 10 lakhs	4.82
4.	10 lakhs to 25 lakhs	2.62
5.	25 lakhs to 50 lakhs	1.69
6.	50 lakhs to 1 crore	2.29
7.	1 crore to 5 crores	7.56
8.	5 crores to 25 crores	5.13
9.	25 crores to 100 crores	-
10.	Above 100 cores	-
Total		100.00

^{*}Ticket size at the time of origination

F. Geographical classification of the borrowers as on March 31, 2024

Top 5 borrowers state wise

^{**}The details provided as per borrower and not as per loan account

No.	Top 5 states	Percentage of AUM
1.	Tamil Nadu	17.59
2.	Telangana	6.32
3.	Kerala	47.62
4.	Karnataka	23.44
5.	Maharashtra	0.66
6.	Andhra Pradesh	4.37
	Total	100.00

G. Details of loans overdue and classified as non-performing in accordance with the RBI's guidelines as on March 31, 2024

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
Movement of gross NPA	
Opening gross NPA	2,692.14
- Additions during the year	61.01
- Reductions during the year	-
Closing balance of gross NPA	2,753.14
Movement of net NPA	
Opening net NPA	1,123.75
- Additions during the year	20.41
- Reductions during the year	-
Closing balance of net NPA	1,144.16
Movement of provisions for NPA	
Opening balance	1,501.58
- Provisions made during the year	102.85
- Write-off / write-back of excess provisions	-
Closing balance	1,604.43

H. Segment-wise gross NPA as on March 31, 2024

No.	Segment wise break up of gross NPA	Gross NPA (%)*
1.	Retail	
(a)	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	-
(b)	Gold Loans	0.52%
(c)	Vehicle Finance	-
(d)	MFI	6.43%
(e)	M & SME	2.07%
(f)	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	-
(g)	Others	-
2.	Wholesale	
(a)	Infrastructure	-
(b)	Real Estate (including builder loans)	-
(c)	Promoter funding	-
(d)	Any other sector (as applicable)	-
(e)	Others	-
Gross N	PA	1.60%

^{*}Gross NPA means percentage of NPAs to total advances in that sector

I. Residual Maturity Profile of Assets and Liabilities as on March 31, 2024

(₹ in lakhs)

	Up to	Over 1 month	Over 2 months	Over 3 months &	Over 6 months	Over 1 year	Over 3 years		
Particulars	30 / 31 Days	upto 2 month s	upto 3 months	upto 6 months	&	&	&	Over 5 years	Total
					upto 1 year	upto 3 years	upto 5 years		
Deposits	-	-	-	-	3,086.45	-	-	-	3,086.45
Advances	5,933 .85	3,337. 16	4,331.8 9	17,878.79	92,386.5 3	30,745.0 9	6,886.2 3	10,596.29	1,72,095.82
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings									
a) Debt	2,971			7,596.76	17,624.1	23,913.9	14,021.	1,996.30	68,124.10
Securities	.71	-	-	7,390.70	3	2	28	1,990.30	06,124.10
b)									
Borrowings (other than		320.50	320.52	961.65	5,963.42	6,375.35	1,515.3		15,777.26
debt	320.4	320.30	320.32	901.03	3,903.42	0,373.33	3	-	13,777.20
securities)	9								
c)	906.7					44,297.1	17,658.		
Subordinate	5	717.10	900.50	1,029.69	6,335.79	7	57	5,314.18	77,159.75
d liabilities Foreign									
Currency	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Assets									
Foreign									
Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities									

J. (a) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of advances as on March 31, 2024

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Amount			
Total advances to twenty largest borrowers				
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances to the Company	9.94%			

(b) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of exposure as on March 31, 2024

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Amount	
	Secured	Unsecured
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers	17,100.25	NIL
Percentage of exposure to twenty largest borrowers to Total exposure to the	9.94%	NIL
Company		

K. Classification of loans/advances given to Group Companies as on March 31, 2024:

Name of Borrower		Amount of Advance/ exposure to such	Percentage of Exposure	
		borrower (₹ in lakhs) (A)	(A/ Total AUM)	
	NIL	NIL	NIL	

L. Others

LOAN POLICY

Introduction:-

The Loan Policy shall act as a guiding post for the top management of the Company in conducting the business within acceptable risk, Long Term Profitability and Stability in lending operations.

Objectives:-

- 1. Ensure a healthy balance between loan levels, profits and quality of assets.
- Comply with the regulatory requirements / directives such as Capital Adequacy, LTV, Interest rates etc.
- 3. Lay down controls for assumption and monitoring of large exposures.
- 4. Develop and inculcate 'internal values' in the business of lending.
- 5. Facilitate sustained growth without deterioration in the asset quality.
- 6. Lay down proper system & procedures, appraisal standards at various levels in the organization with sturdy internal controls.
- 7. Adequately protect the collaterals pledged from any possible loss.
- 8. Detail risk management practices and internal audit procedures into the Lending Policy
- 9. Enable the Company to successfully and consistently cope with competition.
- 10. Improve the capabilities and credit skills of the employees and officers connected with loan portfolio at various levels.
- 11. Meet with the expectations on corporate social responsibility and actively participate in 'financial inclusion' programme.

Loans

- 1. Gold Loan
- 2. Business Loan
- 3. Personal Loan

Gold Loan: -

Product and target Segment: -

To provide short term loans to the customers against gold jewellery as collateral.

NB- Gold ornaments to be accepted as per RBI Guidelines.

Individual who is owner of the ornament and fulfill the KYC norms as per RBI norms can pledge. He/ She need to give declaration about the ownership.

Purposes: -

The loan can be extended for one or more of the following purposes

- Personal Needs
- 2. Agricultural
- 3. Marriage Expenses
- 4. Business Purposes
- Medical Needs

Area of Operation: -

The Branch will be entitled to consider the request customers whose residence or place of employment within a radius of 20 kilometers from the branch. The person who is working near to branch but from other states will consider for loan by case to case.

Quantity of Finance: -

Minimum Amount: ₹ 1,000/-Maximum Amount: No Limit.

If the loan is above ₹ 5,00,000/- Address Verification is mandatory.

Branches to maintain LTV ratio 75% as per RBI new guidelines. The Maximum permissible loan amount will be only the intrinsic value of the gold content there in and no other cost elements should be added while evaluating the value of Gold.

Period: -

Minimum Period – 7 Days

Maximum Period – 365 days

Up on maturity of the loan, the pledge may be renewed at the request from the borrower and subject to the direction of KLM.

Interest and Charges: -

Interest and other charges to be charged upon shall be as per the schemes circulated time to time. The interest rates decided based on gradation of risk policy.

The interest shall be calculated for the number of days the loan remains outstanding, including the date of disbursement and the date of repayment. However the borrower closing the loan within 7 days he/she has to pay 7 day's interest or ₹ 10/- whichever is high.

Borrower to pay interest on a monthly basis or as per the scheme.

Documentation: -

- 1. KYC- ID and Address Proof To Submit the KYC document copy after checking the original. (one document of identity proof (such as ration card, driving license, PAN Card, Voter ID card, passport etc.) and one document of residential proof.)
- 2. Also customer should sign the below documents.
- Loan Application or Agreement form
- DPN and Ownership Declaration form
- Weight measurement
- Payment receipt voucher after post disbursement of cash
- Pawn ticket

Mode of Payment: Up to ₹ 1,99,999/- will pay as cash and if it is above this limit will pay as cheque.

Stone weight: Actual or estimated weight of the stone will mention in the form/agreement/in pawn ticket. The loan only to the net weight of the ornament.

Rate Per Gram: Gold rate per gram for disbursing the loan will be announced by the CO on a daily basis.

Items to be avoided for Disbursement:-

- 1. Gold Coins
- 2. Gold Bars
- 3. Item with more than 40% stone
- 4. A new customer coming with all broken items.
- 5. Karmanimala

6. Items Below 20 Ct

Release of Jewellery: - The jewellery shall be released to the same customer on receipt of full dues including the principal, interest, penal interest and charges, if any. In case of part payment proportionate Jewellery wherever possible can be released. Any Release of partial or full only after the verification of original pawn ticket.

The ornament shall normally be released only to the person who had tendered the security to the branch. In exceptional cases it can be released to other person duly authorized by the customer in the prescribed format, subject to verification of the identity and signature of the person. In all the cases original pawn ticket is mandatory.

In case of death of the borrower Jewellery to be released to the legal heir on submission of the proper certification in this regard.

Staff Training to Avoid Loss or Fraud: - Gold ornaments offered by loan applicants for availing loan there against will be correctly appraised for actual gold content i.e. purity. Employees at the branches will be provided regular and effective training from time to time to improve their gold appraisal skills using traditional tests such as nitric acid, smell, colour, sound etc.

Auction:- If any customer fails to pay the interest within 365 days and above will go for auction. The following Process will follow.

- Prepare Region Auction Schedules as per the Hotlist in all Auction centres.
- Take approval from Chairman through Auction Dept.
- Approved auction schedules circulating to concerned Territory & all other dept. (Audit, System, Vigilance, Security, Brand Mgr. & Accounts).
- Prepare Tentative Schedules for receiving auction Gold packets from concerned branches under the auction venues.
- Before receiving the packets should verify the Original DPN, Registered letter, AD Card & Auction Intimation Letter.
- After verification Return all DPN along with Documents to concerned Branches for maintaining separate auction file.
- Collect Gold packets as per approved schedule through systems with the presence of Audit Manager & Gold Appraisers.
- Should receive only the Gold purity (18Ct& above)- Low Qty & Spurious Gold should kept separately and remark through system and submit the report to H.O(Operation & Auction Dept.).
- If any weight difference (0.500gm & above) found while receiving auction packets immediately reported through concerned Operation /Auction dept. at H.O.
- After completion of receiving the packets, make lots- as per the Weight (1500-2500 grams)
- Make arrangements for release News paper advertisement, prior 15 Days from the public auction. (English & Local Languages).
- After collecting EMD (Earnest Money Deposit) & required documents we can show the lots to bidder for verification. After verifications of all lots by the bidders immediately pack and seals with the presence of audit Manager and keep it in Strong Room.
- Once amount received from Bidder will release the ornaments to them.

Revaluation of assets

Our Company has not revalued its assets in last three financial years.

Mechanism for redressal of investor grievances

Agreement dated October 18, 2024 between the Registrar to the Issue and our Company provides for settling of investor grievances in a timely manner and for retention of records with the Registrar to the Issue for a period of eight years.

All grievances relating to the Issue may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue and Compliance Officer giving full details such as name, address of the applicant, number of NCDs applied for, amount paid on application and

the details of Member of Syndicate or Trading Member of the Stock Exchange where the application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to either (a) the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant, or (b) the concerned Member of the Syndicate and the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB in the event of an Application submitted by an ASBA Applicant at any of the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, series applied for, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application.

All grievances related to the UPI process may be addressed to the Stock Exchange, which shall be responsible for addressing investor grievances arising from applications submitted online through the App based/ web interface platform of stock exchange or through their Trading Members. The intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them.

We estimate that the average time required by us or the Registrar to the Issue for the redressal of routine investor grievances will be three (3) working days from the date of receipt of the complaint. In case of non-routine complaints and complaints where external agencies are involved, we will seek to redress these complaints as expeditiously as possible.

The contact details of Registrar to the Issue are as follows:

KFin Technologies Limited

Selenium Tower-B,

Plot No – 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Hyderabad, Rangareddi –500 032,

Telangana, India

Telephone: +91 40 6716 2222 Toll free number: 18003094001 Email: klm.ncd@kfintech.com

Investor grievance e-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com

Website: www.kfintech.com Contact Person: M Murali Krishna SEBI Registration No.: INR000000221

Compliance Officer of our Company

Ms. Naveena P. Thampi has been appointed as the Compliance Officer of our Company for this issue.

The contact details of Compliance officer of our Company are as follows:

Naveena P. Thampi

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edappally, Ernakulam – 682024 Kerala, India

Telephone: +91-484-4281182 **E-mail:** cs@klmaxiva.com

Change in Auditors of our Company during the last three years and current financial year

Name of the Auditor	Address	Date of appointment	Date of cessation, if applicable	Date of resignation, if applicable
M/s Balan & Co.	Bank Road, Aluva,	-	-	April 12, 2021
Chartered	Kochi-683 101,			
Accountants	Kerala, India			
M/s R B Jain and	Kosseril House,	May 21, 2021*	September 30,	-

	Civil Lane Road,		2024
	Palarivattom,		
	Kochi – 682 025		
John	Door No.56/0, IInd	September 30,	
	floor, Shan	2024	
	Apartment,		
	Panampilly Nagar,		
	Kochi- 682036		
•	John	Palarivattom, Kochi – 682 025 John Door No.56/0, IInd floor, Shan Apartment, Panampilly Nagar,	Palarivattom, Kochi – 682 025 John Door No.56/0, IInd September 30, floor, Shan 2024 Apartment, Panampilly Nagar,

^{*}Re-appointed on August 18, 2023

Undertaking by our Company

Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in this issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the Issuer and the offer including the risks involved. The securities have not been recommended or approved by any regulatory authority in India, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Specific attention of investors is invited to the statement of 'Risk factors' on page 18.

The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for, and confirms that this Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the Issue, that the information contained in this Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect.

The Issuer has no side letter with any debt securities holder. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the stock exchange website where the debt is listed.

KEY REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The regulations summarised below are not exhaustive and are only intended to provide general information to Investors and are neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for any professional legal advice. Taxation statutes such as the IT Act, GST laws (including CGST, SGST and IGST) and applicable local sales tax statutes, labour regulations such as the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 and the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, and other miscellaneous regulations such as the Trade Marks Act, 1999 and applicable Shops and Establishments statutes apply to us as they do to any other Indian company and therefore have not been detailed below.

The following description is a summary of certain sector specific laws and regulations in India, which are applicable to our Company. The information detailed in this chapter has been obtained from publications available in the public domain. The regulations set out below may not be exhaustive, and are only intended to provide general information to the investors and are neither designed nor intended to substitute for professional legal advice. The statements below are based on the current provisions of the Indian law, and the judicial and administrative interpretations thereof, which are subject to change or modification by subsequent legislative, regulatory, administrative or judicial decisions.

Regulations governing NBFCs

Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

As per the RBI Act, a financial institution has been defined as a company which includes a non-banking institution carrying on as its business or part of its business the financing activities, whether by way of making loans or advances or otherwise, of any activity, other than its own and it is engaged in the activities of loans and advances, acquisition of shares/ stock/ bonds/ debentures/ securities issued by the Government of India or other local authorities or other marketable securities of like nature, leasing, hire-purchase, insurance business, chit business but does not include any institution whose principal business is that of carrying out any agricultural or industrial activities or the sale/ purchase/ construction of immovable property.

As per prescribed law any company that carries on the business of a non-banking financial institution as its 'principal business' is to be treated as an NBFC. The term 'principal businesses has not been defined in any statute, however, RBI has clarified through a press release (Ref. No. 1998-99/1269) issued in 1999, that in order to identify a particular company as an NBFC, it will consider both the assets and the income pattern as evidenced from the last audited balance sheet of the company to decide a company's principal business. The company will be treated as an NBFC if its financial assets are more than 50 percent of its total assets (netted off by intangible assets) and income from financial assets should be more than 50 percent of the gross income. Both these tests are required to be satisfied in order to determine the principal business of a company.

Every NBFC is required to submit to the RBI a certificate, from its statutory auditor within one month from the date of finalisation of the balance sheet and in any case, not later than December 30 of that year, stating that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution requiring it to hold a certificate of registration.

NBFCs are primarily governed by the RBI Act and the Master Directions – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, Peer to Peer Lending Platform (Reserve Bank) Directions 2017, Master Direction– Non-Banking Financial Company - Account Aggregator (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, Reserve Bank Commercial Paper Directions, 2017 and the Non-Banking Financial Companies Acceptance of Public Deposits (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016. In addition to these regulations, NBFCs are also governed by various circulars, notifications, guidelines and directions issued by the RBI from time to time.

Although by definition, NBFCs are permitted to operate in similar sphere of activities as banks, there are a few important and key differences. The most important distinctions are:

- An NBFC cannot accept deposits repayable on demand in other words, NBFCs can only accept fixed term deposits. Thus, NBFCs are not permitted to issue negotiable instruments, such as cheques which are payable on demand; and
- NBFCs are not allowed to deal in foreign exchange, even if they specifically apply to the RBI for approval in this regard.

Types of NBFCs

Section 45-IA of the RBI Act makes it mandatory for every NBFC to get itself registered with the Reserve Bank in order to be able to commence any of the aforementioned activities.

The major regulations governing our Company are detailed below:

On October 19, 2023, the RBI issued a Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, as amended from time to time ("SBR Directions"). A Revised Regulatory Framework for NBFCs ("SBR Framework"), whereby NBFCs have been categorised into following four layers based on their size, activity, and perceived riskiness by the RBI:

- i) NBFC- Base Layer ("NBFC-BL");
- ii) NBFC- Middle Layer ("NBFC-ML");
- iii) NBFC- Upper layer ("NBFC-UL"); and
- iv) NBFC- Top Layer ("NBFC-TL")

The NBFC-BL comprise of (a) non-deposit taking NBFCs below the asset size of ₹ 1,00,000 lakh and (b) NBFCs undertaking the following activities- (i) NBFC-Peer to Peer Lending Platform (NBFC-P2P), (ii) NBFC-Account Aggregator (NBFC-AA), (iii) Non-Operative Financial Holding Company (NOFHC) and (iv) NBFCs not availing public funds and not having any customer interface.

The NBFC- ML consist of (a) all deposit taking NBFCs ("NBFC-D"), irrespective of asset size, (b) non-deposit taking NBFCs with asset size of ₹ 1,00,000 lakh and above and (c) NBFCs undertaking the following activities (i) Standalone Primary Dealers (SPD), (ii) Infrastructure Debt Fund - Non-Banking Financial Companies (IDF-NBFC), (iii) Core Investment Companies (CIC), (iv) Housing Finance Companies (HFC) and (v) Infrastructure Finance Companies (NBFC-IFC).

The NBFC-UL comprise of those NBFCs which are specifically identified by RBI as warranting enhanced regulatory requirement based on a set of parameters and scoring methodology as provided in appendix to SBR Framework. The top ten eligible NBFCs in terms of their asset size shall always reside in the upper layer, irrespective of any other factor.

The NBFC-TL will ideally remain empty. This layer can get populated if RBI is of the opinion that there is a substantial increase in the potential systemic risk from specific NBFC-UL. Such NBFCs shall move to the NBFC-TI

Pursuant the SBR Framework the criteria of asset size of non-deposit NBFCs for classification as non-systemically important has been increased from ₹ 50,000 lakh to ₹ 1,00,000 lakh ("NBFC-ND"). Therefore, non-deposit NBFCs with asset size of over ₹ 1,00,000 lakh will be considered as risky and will fall under middle layer ("NBFC-ND-SI/ NBFC-ML"). The SBR Framework came into effect from October 01, 2022 and provides that from October 01, 2022 references to NBFC-ND shall mean NBFC-BL and all references to NBFC-D and NBFC-ND-SI shall mean NBFC-ML or NBFC-UL, as the case may be. The SBR Framework clarified that existing NBFC-ND-SIs having asset size of ₹ 50,000 lakhs and above but below ₹ 1,00,000 lakh (except those necessarily featuring in NBFC-Middle Layer) will be known as NBFC-BL.

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company falls under the category of NBFC-ML as its asset size is above 1,00,000 lakhs as per the last audited balance sheet. SBR Directions provide that NBFC-ML shall be subject to regulations as specified in Section III, unless stated otherwise.

As the regulatory structure envisages scale based as well as activity-based regulation under the SBR Framework, the following prescriptions shall apply in respect of the NBFCs:

- i) NBFC-P2P, NBFC-AA, NOFHC and NBFCs without public funds and customer interface will always remain in the base layer of the regulatory structure.
- ii) NBFC-D, CIC, IFC and HFC will be included in middle layer or the upper layer (and not in the base layer), as the case may be. SPD and IDF-NBFC will always remain in the middle layer.

- iii) The remaining NBFCs, viz., Investment and Credit Companies (NBFC-ICC), Micro Finance Institution (NBFC-MFI), NBFC-Factors and Mortgage Guarantee Companies (NBFC-MGC) could lie in any of the layers of the regulatory structure depending on the parameters of the scale based regulatory framework.
- iv) Government owned NBFCs shall be placed in the base layer or middle layer, as the case may be. RBI Master Directions define 'NBFC ICC' to mean a company which is a financial institution carrying on as its principal business of asset finance, the providing of finance whether by making loans or advances or otherwise for any activity other than its own and the acquisition of securities.

Further, an NBFC may be registered as a NBFC-D or as a NBFC-ND. The RBI has recently harmonised the categories of NBFCs into: (i) investment and credit companies (which erstwhile consisted of asset finance companies, investment companies, and loan companies); (ii) infrastructure finance companies; (iii) infrastructure debt funds; (iv) NBFC – micro finance institutions; and (v) NBFC – factors.

Regulatory Requirements of an NBFC under the RBI Act

Our Company has been classified as an NBFC-ND-SI pursuant to a Board resolution of the Company dated March 9, 2020. As on date of filing of this Prospectus the Company falls under the category of NBFC ML, as its assets size is above ₹ 1,00,000 lakh, as per the last audited balance sheet. The SBR Framework provide that NBFC-ML shall comply with regulatory instructions specified in Section III along with regulatory instructions applicable to NBFC-BL as specified in Section II of the SBR Master Directions, unless provided otherwise .

NBFC-ML

NBFC-ML shall maintain a minimum capital ratio consisting of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital which shall not be less than 15 percent of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items.

Rating of NBFCs

Pursuant to the SBR Directions, NBFCs with asset size of ₹100 crore and above shall furnish information about downgrading/upgrading of assigned rating of any financial product issued by them, within fifteen days of such a change in rating, to the Regional Office of the Reserve Bank under whose jurisdiction their registered office is functioning.

Prudential Norms

The SBR Master Directions amongst other requirements prescribe guidelines on NBFCs regarding capital requirement, income recognition, asset classification, provisioning requirements, constitution of audit committee, capital adequacy requirements, concentration credit/ investment and norms relating gold loans. Further the concentration of credit/ investment norms shall not apply to non-banking financial company not accessing public funds in India, either directly or indirectly, and not issuing guarantees.

Corporate governance norms

As per the SBR Directions, all NBFC-MLs are required to adhere to certain corporate governance norms, including constitution of an audit committee, a nomination and remuneration committee, an asset liability management committee and risk management committee. NBFCs are required to furnish to the RBI a quarterly statement on change of directors, and a certificate from the managing director of the NBFC that fit and proper criteria in selection of the directors has been followed. Further, all applicable NBFCs shall have to frame their internal guidelines on corporate governance with the approval of its board of directors, enhancing the scope of the guidelines without sacrificing the spirit underlying the above guidelines and it shall be published on the company's web-site, if any, for the information of various stakeholders constitution of a nomination committee, a risk management committee and certain other norms in connection with disclosure, transparency and connected lending has also been prescribed in the RBI Master Circular. Further, RBI *vide* notification dated 10 November 2014 has mandated the Audit Committee to ensure that an information systems audit of the internal systems and processes is conducted at least once in two years to assess operational risks faced by the company. RBI has also mandated the NBFCs to have a policy to ascertain the 'fit and proper criteria' at the time of appointment of directors and on a continuing basis.

Under the terms of SBR Framework following additional corporate governance compliances have been stipulated for NBFC-ML and NBFC-UL:

- (a) Key Managerial Personnel Except for directorship in a subsidiary, key managerial personnel shall not hold any office (including directorships) in any other NBFC-ML or NBFC-UL. A timeline of two years is provided with effect from October 01, 2022 to ensure compliance with these norms. However, they can assume directorship in NBFC-BLs.
- (b) Independent Director Within the permissible limits in terms of Companies Act, 2013, an independent director shall not be on the board of more than three NBFCs (NBFC-ML or NBFC-UL) at the same time. Further, the Board of the NBFC shall ensure that there is no conflict arising out of their independent directors being on the board of another NBFC at the same time. A timeline of two years is provided with effect from October 01, 2022 to ensure compliance with these norms. There shall be no restriction to directorship on the boards of NBFC-BLs, subject to applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013.
- (c) Disclosures NBFCs shall, in addition to the existing regulatory disclosures, disclose the following in their annual financial statements, with effect from March 31, 2023:
 - i. Corporate governance report containing composition and category of directors, shareholding of nonexecutive directors, etc.
 - ii. Disclosure on modified opinion, if any, expressed by auditors, its impact on various financial items and views of management on audit qualifications.
 - iii. Items of income and expenditure of exceptional nature.
 - iv. Breaches in terms of covenants in respect of loans availed by the NBFC or debt securities issued by the NBFC including incidence/s of default.
 - v. Divergence in asset classification and provisioning above a certain threshold to be decided by RBI.
- (d) Chief Compliance Officer In order to ensure an effective compliance culture, it is necessary to have an independent compliance function and a strong compliance risk management framework in NBFCs. NBFCs are, therefore, required to appoint a chief compliance officer (CCO), who should be sufficiently senior in the organization hierarchy. NBFCs shall put in place a board approved policy laying down the role and responsibilities of the CCO with the objective of promoting better compliance culture in the organization.
- (e) Compensation guidelines In order to address issues arising out of excessive risk taking caused by misaligned compensation packages, NBFCs shall put in place a board approved compensation policy. The guidelines shall at the minimum include, a) constitution of a remuneration committee, b) principles for fixed/ variable pay structures, and c) malus/ claw back provisions. The nomination and remuneration committee shall ensure that there is no conflict of interest.
- (f) Other Governance matters NBFCs shall comply with the following:
 - i. The board shall delineate the role of various committees (audit committee, nomination and remuneration committee, risk management committee or any other committee) and lay down a calendar of reviews.
 - ii. NBFCs shall formulate a whistle blower mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns.
 - iii. The board shall ensure good corporate governance practices in the subsidiaries of the NBFC.

Core Banking Solution - NBFCs with 10 and more branches are mandated to adopt core banking solution in accordance with a glide path of 3 years with effect from October 01, 2022.

Provisioning Requirements

An NBFC-ML, after taking into account the time lag between an account becoming non-performing, its recognition, the realisation of the security and erosion overtime in the value of the security charged, shall make

provisions against sub-standard assets, doubtful assets and loss assets in the manner provided for in the SBR Directions.

As per the SBR Directions every applicable NBFC-ML shall make provision for standard assets at 0.40 per cent of the outstanding, which shall not be reckoned for arriving at net NPAs. The provision towards standard assets need not be netted from gross advances but shall be shown separately as 'Contingent Provisions against Standard Assets' in the balance sheet.

Capital Adequacy Norms

Under the terms of SBR Master Directions, NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50 per cent or more of their financial assets) shall maintain a minimum Tier l capital of 12 percent.

"Tier 1 Capital" means owned fund as reduced by investment in shares of other non-banking financial companies and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances including hire purchase and lease finance made to and deposits with subsidiaries and companies in the same group exceeding, in aggregate, ten per cent of the owned fund.

Owned Funds, are defined as paid up equity capital, preference shares which are compulsorily convertible into equity, free reserves, balance in share premium account and capital reserves representing surplus arising out of sale proceeds of asset, excluding reserves created by revaluation of asset, as reduced by accumulated loss balance, book value of intangible assets and deferred revenue expenditure, if any.

Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)

Under the SBR Framework, NBFC-ML and NBFC-UL are required to make a thorough internal assessment of the need for capital, commensurate with the risks in their business. The internal assessment shall be on similar lines as ICAAP prescribed for commercial banks under Pillar 2 (Master Circular – Basel III Capital Regulations dated July 01, 2015). While Pillar 2 capital will not be insisted upon, however, NBFCs are required to make a realistic assessment of risks. Internal capital assessment shall factor in credit risk, market risk, operational risk and all other residual risks as per methodology to be determined internally. The methodology for internal assessment of capital shall be proportionate to the scale and complexity of operations as per the NBFCs board approved policy. The objective of ICAAP is to ensure availability of adequate capital to support all risks in business as also to encourage NBFCs to develop and use better internal risk management techniques for monitoring and managing of the risks.

Hybrid debt means, capital instrument, which possess certain characteristics of equity as well as debt.

Subordinated debt means a fully paid up capital instrument, which is unsecured and is subordinated to the claims of other creditors and is free from restrictive clauses and is not redeemable at the instance of the holder or without the consent of the supervisory authority of the NBFC. The book value of such instrument is subjected to discounting as prescribed.

Concentration of credit/investment

The erstwhile credit concentration limits prescribed for NBFCs were separate for lending and investments, however, under the SBR Framework the lending and investments exposure limits have been merged into a single exposure limit of 25% for single borrower/ party and 40% for single group of borrowers/ parties, of the Tier 1 capital of the NBFC.

Exposure Norms

In order to ensure better risk management and avoidance of concentration of credit risks, the RBI has, in terms of the Master Direction, prescribed credit exposure limits for financial institutions in respect of their lending to single/group borrowers. Credit exposure to a single borrower shall not exceed 15 per cent of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND, while the credit exposure to a single group of borrowers shall not exceed 25 per cent of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND. Further, the systemically important NBFC-ND may not invest in the shares of another company exceeding 15 per cent of its owned funds, and in the shares of a single group of companies exceeding 25 per cent of its owned funds. However, this prescribed ceiling

shall not be applicable on a NBFC-ND-SI for investments in the equity capital of an insurance company to the extent specifically permitted by the RBI. Any NBFC-ND-SI not accessing public funds, either directly or indirectly may make an application to the RBI for modifications in the prescribed ceilings Any systemically important NBFC-ND classified as asset finance company by RBI, may in exceptional circumstances, exceed the above ceilings by 5 per cent of its owned fund, with the approval of its Board of Directors. The loans and investments of the systemically important NBFC-ND taken together may not exceed 25 per cent of its owned funds to or in single party and 40 per cent of its owned funds to or in single group of parties. A systemically important ND-NBFC may, make an application to the RBI for modification in the prescribed ceilings. Further, NBFC ND SI may exceed the concentration of credit/investment norms, by 5 per cent for any single party and by 10 per cent for a single group of parties, if the additional exposure is on account of infrastructure loan and/or investment.

Asset Classification

The Prudential Norms Directions require that every NBFC shall, after taking into account the degree of well defined credit weaknesses and extent of dependence on collateral security for realisation, classify its lease/hire purchase assets, loans and advances and any other forms of credit into the following classes:

- Standard assets;
- Sub-standard Assets:
- Doubtful Assets; and
- Loss assets

Further, such class of assets would not be entitled to be upgraded merely as a result of rescheduling, unless it satisfies the conditions required for such upgradation. At present every NBFC is required to make a provision for standard assets at 0.40 per cent by March 31, 2018 and onwards.

Other stipulations

All NBFCs are required to frame a policy for demand and call loan that includes provisions on the cut-off date for recalling the loans, the rate of interest, periodicity of such interest and periodical reviews of such performance.

The prudential norms also specifically prohibit NBFCs from lending against its own shares.

Net Owned Fund

Section 45-IA of the RBI Act provides that to carry on the business of a NBFC, an entity would have to register as an NBFC with the RBI and would be required to have a minimum net owned fund of ₹ 200 lakhs. For this purpose, the RBI Act has defined "net owned fund" to mean:

Net Owned Fund - The aggregate of the paid-up equity capital and free reserves as disclosed in the latest balance sheet of the company, after deducting (i) accumulated balance of losses, (ii) deferred revenue expenditure, (iii) deferred tax asset (net); and (iv) other intangible assets; and further reduced by the amounts representing,

- (i) investment by such companies in shares of (i) its subsidiaries, (ii) companies in the same group, (iii) other NBFCs; and
- (ii) the book value of debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances (including hire purchase and lease finance) made to, and deposits with (i) subsidiaries of such companies; and (ii) companies in the same group, to the extent such amount exceeds 10 per cent of (a) above.

Further, in accordance with RBI Notification No DNBR.007/CGM (CDS) 2015 dated 27 March 2015 which provides that a non-banking financial company holding a certificate of registration issued by the RBI and having net owned fund of less than 200 lakhs may continue to carry on the business of non-banking financial institution, if such company achieves net owned fund of:

- i. ₹100 lakhs before April 1, 2016; and
- ii. ₹200 lakhs before April 1, 2017

Reserve Fund

In addition to the above, Section 45-IC of the RBI Act requires NBFCs to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum of not less than 20% of its net profits earned annually before declaration of dividend. Such a fund is to be created by every NBFC irrespective of whether it is a ND NBFC or not. Such sum cannot be appropriated by the NBFC except for the purpose as may be specified by the RBI from time to time and every such appropriation is required to be reported to the RBI within 21 days from the date of such appropriation.

Maintenance of liquid assets

The RBI through notification dated January 31, 1998, as amended has prescribed that every NBFC shall invest and continue to invest in unencumbered approved securities valued at a price not exceeding the current market price of such securities an amount which shall, at the close of business on any day be not less than 10% in approved securities and the remaining in unencumbered term deposits in any scheduled commercial bank; the aggregate of which shall not be less than 15% of the public deposit outstanding at the last working day of the second preceding quarter.

NBFCs such as the Company, which do not accept public deposits, are subject to lesser degree of regulation as compared to a NBFC-ML and NBFC-UL and are governed by the SBR Directions.

An NBFC-ML is required to inform the RBI of any change in the address, telephone no's, etc. of its Registered Office, names and addresses of its directors/auditors, names and designations of its principal officers, the specimen signatures of its authorised signatories, within one month from the occurrence of such an event. Further, an NBFC-ND would need to ensure that its registration with the RBI remains current.

All NBFCs (whether accepting public deposits or not) having an asset base of ₹ 10,000 lakhs or more or holding public deposits of ₹ 20,000 lakhs or more (irrespective of asset size) as per their last audited balance sheet are required to comply with the RBI Guidelines for an Asset-Liability Management System.

Similarly, all NBFCs are required to comply with "Know Your Customer Guidelines - Anti Money Laundering Standards" issued by the RBI, with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by the NBFC concerned.

RBI, *vide* circular bearing reference number RBI/2018-19/130 DNBR (PD) CC.No.097/03.10.001/2018-19 dated February 22, 2019, has harmonised different categories of NBFCs into fewer ones, based on the principle of regulation by activity rather than regulation by entity. Accordingly, RBI has merged the three categories of NBFCs viz. Asset Finance Companies (AFC), Loan Companies (LCs) and Investment Companies (ICs) into a new category called NBFC - Investment and Credit Company (NBFC-ICC). Further differential regulations relating to bank's exposure to the three categories of NBFCs viz., AFCs, LCs and ICs were harmonised. Further, a deposit taking NBFC-ICC shall invest in unquoted shares of another company which is not a subsidiary company or a company in the same group of the NBFC, an amount not exceeding twenty per cent of its owned fund.

Lending against security of gold

The RBI pursuant to the SBR Direction has prescribed that all NBFCs shall maintain a loan to value ratio not exceeding 75% for loans granted against the collateral of gold jewellery. Provided that the value of gold jewellery for the purpose of determining the maximum permissible loan amount shall be the intrinsic value of the gold content therein and no other cost elements shall be added thereto. NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets) shall maintain a minimum Tier 1 capital of 12%. The SBR Directions has issued guidelines with regard to the following:

Where the gold jewellery pledged by a borrower at any one time or cumulatively on loan outstanding is more than 20 grams, NBFCs shall keep a record of the verification of the ownership of the jewellery. The ownership verification need not necessarily be through original receipts for the jewellery pledged but a suitable document shall be prepared to explain how the ownership of the jewellery has been determined, particularly in each and every case where the gold jewellery pledged by a borrower at any one time or cumulatively on loan outstanding is more than 20 grams.

The gold jewellery accepted as collateral by the NBFC shall be valued by the following method:

The gold jewellery accepted as collateral by the NBFC shall be valued by taking into account the preceding 30 days' average of the closing price of 22 carat gold as per the rate as quoted by the Bombay Bullion Association Ltd. (BBA) or the historical spot gold price data publicly disseminated by a commodity exchange regulated by the Forward Markets Commission.

If the purity of the gold is less than 22 carats, the NBFC shall convert the collateral into 22 carat and state the exact grams of the collateral. In other words, jewellery of lower purity of gold shall be valued proportionately. NBFC, while accepting gold as collateral, shall give a certificate to the borrower on their letterhead, of having assayed the gold and state the purity (in terms of carats) and the weight of the gold pledged. NBFCs may have suitable caveats to protect themselves against disputes during redemption, but the certified purity shall be applied both for determining the maximum permissible loan and the reserve price for auction.

The auction shall be conducted in the same town or taluka in which the branch that has extended the loan is located. NBFCs can however pool gold jewellery from different branches in a district and auction it at any location within the district, subject to meeting the following conditions:

- The first auction has failed.
- The NBFC shall ensure that all other requirements of the extant directions regarding auction (prior notice, reserve price, arms-length relationship, disclosures, etc.) are met. Non-adherence to the above conditions will attract strict enforcement action

While auctioning the gold the NBFC must declare a reserve price for the pledged ornaments. The reserve price for the pledged ornaments shall not be less than 85 percent of the previous 30 day average closing price of 22 carat gold as declared by the Bombay Bullion Association Ltd. (BBA) or the historical spot gold price data publicly disseminated by a commodity exchange regulated by the Forward Markets Commission and value of the jewellery of lower purity in terms of carats shall be proportionately reduced.

It shall be mandatory on the part of the NBFCs to provide full details of the value fetched in the auction and the outstanding dues adjusted and any amount over and above the loan outstanding shall be payable to the borrower.

NBFCs shall disclose in their annual reports the details of the auctions conducted during the financial year including the number of loan accounts, outstanding amounts, value fetched and whether any of its sister concerns participated in the auction.

NBFCs, which are in the business of lending against collateral of gold jewellery, shall ensure that necessary infrastructure and facilities are put in place, including safe deposit vault and appropriate security measures for operating the vault, in each of its branches where gold jewellery is accepted as collateral. This is required to safeguard the gold jewellery accepted as collateral and to ensure convenience of borrowers. No new branch/es shall be opened without suitable arrangements for security and for storage of gold jewellery, including safe deposit vault

Reserve Bank of India (Know Your Customer (KYC)) Master Directions, 2016 dated February 25, 2016, as amended ("RBI KYC Directions")

The RBI KYC Directions are applicable to every entity regulated by the RBI, specifically, scheduled commercial banks, regional rural banks, local area banks, primary (urban) co-operative banks, state and central co-operative banks, all India financial institutions, NBFCs, miscellaneous non-banking companies and residuary non-banking companies, amongst others. In terms of the RBI KYC Directions, every entity regulated thereunder is required to formulate a KYC policy which is duly approved by the board of directors of such entity or a duly constituted committee thereof. The KYC policy formulated in terms of the RBI KYC Directions is required to include four key elements, being customer acceptance policy, risk management, customer identification procedures and monitoring of transactions. It is advised that all NBFC'S adopt the same with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by them and ensure that a proper policy framework of anti-money laundering measures is put in place. The RBI KYC Directions provide for a simplified procedure for opening accounts by NBFCs. It also provides for an enhanced and simplified due diligence procedure. It has prescribed detailed instructions in relation to, inter alia, the due diligence of customers, record management, and reporting requirements to Financial Intelligence Unit – India. The RBI KYC Directions have also issued instructions on sharing of information while ensuring secrecy and confidentiality of information held by Banks and NBFCs. The regulated entities must also adhere to the reporting requirements under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act and

Common Reporting Standards. The RBI KYC Directions also require the regulated entities to ensure compliance with the requirements/obligations under international agreements. The regulated entities must also pay adequate attention to any money-laundering and financing of terrorism threats that may arise from new or developing technologies, and ensure that appropriate KYC procedures issued from time to time are duly applied before introducing new products/services/technologies. The RBI KYC Directions were updated on April 20, 2018 to enhance the disclosure requirements under the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 and in accordance with the Prevention of Money-Laundering Rules vide Gazette Notification GSR 538 (E) dated June 1, 2017 and the final judgment of the Supreme Court in the case of Justice K.S. Puttaswamy (Retd.) & Another v. Union of India (Writ Petition (Civil) 494/2012). The Directions were updated to accommodate authentication as per the AADHAR (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 and use of an Indian resident's Aadhar number as a document for the purposes of fulfilling KYC requirement. The RBI KYC Directions were further amended on January 9, 2020, in view of Government of India Gazette Notification No. G.S.R. 582(E) dated August 19, 2019 and Gazette Notification G.S.R. 840(E) dated November 13, 2019, notifying amendment to the Prevention of Money-laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005. With a view to leveraging the digital channels for Customer Identification Process (CIP) by Regulated Entities (REs), the Reserve Bank has decided to permit Video based Customer Identification Process (V-CIP) as a consent based alternate method of establishing the customer's identity, for customer on boarding.

Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Regulatory Framework for Microfinance Loans) Directions, 2022 dated March 14, 2022

Applicability

The master directions are applicable to the following entities:

- i) All Commercial Banks (including Small Finance Banks, Local Area Banks, and Regional Rural Banks) excluding Payments Banks;
- ii) All Primary (Urban) Co-operative Banks/ State Co-operative Banks/ District Central Cooperative Banks; and
- iii) All Non-Banking Financial Companies (including Microfinance Institutions and Housing Finance Companies).

Definition of microfinance loan

Pricing of loans

According to the directions, each of the regulated entities must implement a board-approved policy on microfinance loan pricing, on microfinance loans, interest rates and other charges/fees should not be usurious and shall be subjected to the supervisory scrutiny of the Reserve Bank. Further, according to the master directions each of the regulated entities shall also disclose pricing related information in a standardised format.

The master directions also lay down the guidelines on conduct towards microfinance borrowers.

Qualifying asset criteria

Under the earlier guidelines, an NBFC that does not qualify as an NBFC-MFI, cannot extend microfinance loans exceeding 10 per cent of its total assets. As per the master directions, the maximum limit on microfinance loans for such NBFCs (i.e., NBFCs other than NBFC-MFIs) is now revised to 25 per cent of the total assets.

Implementation of Green Initiative of the Government

All NBFCs are required take proactive steps for increasing the use of electronic payment systems, elimination of post-dated cheques and gradual phase-out of cheques in their day to day business transactions which would result in more cost-effective transactions and faster and accurate settlements.

Master Circular - Non-Banking Financial Companies - Corporate Governance (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 - Corporate Governance Directions 2015

All NBFC-ND-NSI are required to adhere to certain corporate governance norms, including constitution of an audit committee, a nomination committee, an asset liability management committee and risk management committee. RBI vide its recent Master Circular dated July 1, 2015, introduced the Non-Banking Financial Companies - Corporate Governance (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 which requires all systemically important ND NBFCs having an asset size above ₹ 50,000 lakhs are required to consider adopting best practices and transparency in their systems as specified below. RBI pursuant to its Master Circular No. DNBR (PD) CC.No.053/03.10.119/2015-16 dated July 1, 2015 mandated that all NBFC having assets of ₹ 50,000 lakhs and above as per its last audited balance sheet are required to constitute an audit committee, consisting of not less than three members of its Board of Directors, NBFCs are required to furnish to the RBI a quarterly statement on change of directors, and a certificate from the managing director of the NBFC that fit and proper criteria in selection of the directors has been followed. Further, all applicable NBFCs shall have to frame their internal guidelines on corporate governance with the approval of its board of directors, enhancing the scope of the guidelines without sacrificing the spirit underlying the above guidelines and it shall be published on the company's web-site, if any, for the information of various stakeholders constitution of a nomination committee, a risk management committee and certain other norms in connection with disclosure, transparency and connected lending has also been prescribed in the RBI Master Circular. Further, the Audit Committee are required to ensure that an Information Systems Audit of the internal systems and processes is conducted at least once in two years to assess operational risks.

Know Your Customers Guidelines

The RBI has extended the KYC Guidelines to NBFCs and advised all NBFCs to adopt the same with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by such NBFCs and ensure that a proper policy framework of anti-money laundering measures is put in place. The know your customer policies are required to have certain key elements, including a customer acceptance policy, customer identification procedures, monitoring of transactions and risk management, adherence to KYC Guidelines and the exercise of due diligence by persons authorised by the NBFC, including its brokers and agents.

Accounting Standards & Accounting policies

NBFCs that are required to implement Ind AS as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ("Accounting Standard Rules") shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with Ind AS notified by the Government of India and shall comply with the regulatory guidance specified in the Master Directions. Disclosure requirements for notes to accounts specified in the Master Directions shall continue to apply. Other NBFCs shall comply with the requirements of notified Accounting Standards (AS) insofar as they are not inconsistent with Master Directions. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), in its press release dated January 18, 2016, issued a roadmap for implementation of Ind AS converged with IFRS for non-banking financial companies, scheduled commercial banks, insurers, and insurance companies, which was subsequently confirmed by the RBI through its circular dated February 11, 2016. The Accounting Standard Rules were subsequently amended by MCA press release dated March 30, 2016. The Accounting Standard Rules stipulates that NBFCs whose equity and/or debt securities are listed or in the process of listing on any stock exchange in India or outside India and having a net worth of less than ₹50,000 lakh, shall comply with Ind AS for accounting periods beginning from April 1, 2023 onwards with comparatives for the periods ending on March 31, 2023 or thereafter. Accordingly, Ind AS is applicable to our Company with effect from April 1, 2023.

Implementation of Indian Accounting Standards: RBI Notification

The Reserve bank of India *vide* notification number RBI/2019-20/170 DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020 framed regulatory guidance on Ind AS which will be applicable on Ind AS implementing NBFCs and Asset Reconstruction Companies (ARCs) for preparation of their financial statements from financial year 2019-20 onwards. These guidelines focus on the need to ensure consistency in the application of the accounting standards in specific areas, including asset classification and provisioning, and provide clarifications on regulatory capital in the light of Ind AS implementation.

The guidelines cover aspects on Governance Framework, Prudential Floor for ECL and Computation of Regulatory Capital and Regulatory Ratios.

Master Direction dated September 29, 2016 on Monitoring of Frauds in NBFCs (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

All NBFC-ND-NSIs shall put in place a reporting system for frauds and fix staff accountability in respect of delays in reporting of fraud cases to the RBI. An NBFC-ND-NSI is required to report all cases of fraud of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$}}$ 1 lakh and above, and if the fraud is of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$}}$ 100 lakhs or above, the report should be sent in the prescribed format within three weeks from the date of detection thereof. The NBFC-ND-NSI shall also report cases of fraud by unscrupulous borrowers and cases of attempted fraud.

Master Circular dated July 1, 2015 - Frauds - Future approach towards monitoring of frauds in NBFCs

In order to prevent the incidence of frauds in NBFCs, the RBI established a reporting requirement to be followed by NBFCs, both NBFCs-Deposit taking and NBFCs-ND-NSI. In terms of the circular, all NBFCs-ND-NSI shall disclose the amount related to fraud, reported in the company for the year in their balance sheets. NBFCs failing to report fraud cases to the RBI would be liable for penal action prescribed under the provisions of Chapter V of the RBI Act. Additionally, the circular provides for categorisation of frauds and the reporting formats in order to ensure uniformity in reporting.

Master Circular dated July 1, 2015 on returns to be submitted by NBFCs

The circular lists down detailed instructions in relation to submission of returns, including their periodicity, reporting time, due date, purpose and the requirement of filing such returns by various categories of NBFCs, including an NBFC-ND-NSI. RBI, *vide* notification dated November 26, 2015 titled "Online Returns to be submitted by NBFCs-Revised" changed the periodicity of NDSI returns from monthly to quarterly.

Reporting by Statutory Auditor

The statutory auditor of the NBFC-ND is required to submit to the Board of Directors of the company along with the statutory audit report, a special report certifying that the Directors have passed the requisite resolution mentioned above, not accepted any public deposits during the year and has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as applicable to it. In the event of non-compliance, the statutory auditors are required to directly report the same to the RBI.

Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

In addition to the report made by the auditor under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 on the accounts of an NBFC-ND-NSI, the auditor shall made a separate report to the Board of Directors of the company on inter alia examination of validity of certificate of registration obtained from the RBI, whether the NBFC is entitled to continue to hold such certificate of registration in terms of its Principal Business Criteria (financial asset / income pattern) as on March 31 of the applicable year, whether the NBFC is meeting the required net owned fund requirement, whether the board of directors has passed a resolution for non-acceptance of public deposits, whether the company has accepted any public deposits during the applicable year, whether the company has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as applicable to it, whether the capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return submitted to the Bank in form NBS-7, has been correctly arrived at and whether such ratio is in compliance with the minimum CRAR prescribed by the Bank, whether the company has furnished to the Bank the annual statement of capital funds, risk assets/exposures and risk asset ratio (NBS-7) within the stipulated period, and whether the non-banking financial company has been correctly classified as NBFC Micro Finance Institutions (MFI).

Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Filing of Supervisory Returns) Directions – 2024 dated February 27, 2024

NBFCs - ML are required to report data on their domestic and overseas operations, including the operations of IFSC Banking Units (IBUs) and Overseas Banking Units (OBUs). NBFCs - ML shall design, build, and maintain the data architecture and supporting IT infrastructure for accurate, complete, and timely data aggregation and reporting not only in normal times but also during times of stress or crisis. NBFCs- ML are expected to measure and monitor the accuracy of data and to develop appropriate escalation channels and action plans to rectify any deterioration in data quality. NBFCs- ML are expected to measure and monitor the accuracy of data and to develop appropriate escalation channels and action plans to rectify any deterioration in data quality. Furthermore, NBFCs-

ML should strive to achieve a higher degree of automation in the generation of data for the filing of returns. NBFCs- ML shall maintain proper records of sources and aggregation rules for generating returns' data.

Ombudsman scheme for customers of NBFCs

The RBI had under its Statement on Development and Regulatory Policies-February 2018 dated February 7, 2018 announced the proposed ombudsman scheme for NBFCs to provide cost-free and expeditious grievance redressal to customers of all NBFC-Ds and all NBFCs with customer interface having an asset size exceeding ₹ 1 billion ("Covered NBFCs").

The RBI has on February 23, 2018 introduced the Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018 (the "Scheme"). The stated objective of the Scheme is to enable the resolution of complaints free of cost, relating to certain aspects of services rendered by certain categories of NBFCs registered with the RBI to facilitate the satisfaction or settlement of such complaints, and matters connected therewith. The Scheme provides for the appointment by RBI of one or more officers not below the rank of general manager as ombudsmen (the "Ombudsmen") for a period not exceeding three years at a time, to carry out the functions entrusted to Ombudsmen under the Scheme. The Scheme describes the nature of complaints which any person could file with an Ombudsman alleging deficiency in services by an Covered NBFC, which include inter alia failure to convey in writing the amount of loan sanctioned along with the terms and conditions including annualised rate of interest and method of application thereof, failure or refusal to provide adequate notice on proposed changes being made in the sanctioned terms in vernacular or a language understood by the borrower, levying of charges without adequate prior notice to the borrower/customer and failure or inordinate delay in releasing the securities documents to the borrower on repayment of all dues. The complaints may be settled by the Covered NBFC within a specified period or may be decided by an award passed by Ombudsman after affording the parties a reasonable opportunity to present their case, either in writing or in a meeting. Where the Ombudsman decides to allow the complaint, the award passed is required to contain the direction/s, if any, to the Covered NBFC for specific performance of its obligations and in addition to or otherwise, the amount, if any, to be paid by the Covered NBFC to the complainant by way of compensation for any loss suffered by the complainant, arising directly out of the act or omission of the Covered NBFC. The Covered NBFC is required to implement the settlement arrived at with the complainant or the award passed by the Ombudsman when it becomes final and send a report in this regard to the RBI within 15 days of the award becoming final. The Ombudsman is required to send a report to the RBI governor annually (as on June 30 every year) containing general review of the activities of his office during the preceding financial year and provide such other information as may be required by the RBI.

Master Direction on Information Technology Governance, Risk, Controls and Assurance Practices dated November 7, 2023

These directions require all NBFC-ML to implement a comprehensive IT governance framework that includes a board-level IT strategy committee and an IT steering committee for oversight. Additionally, a Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) and an Information Security Committee (ISC) must be appointed to manage cyber and information security risks. A critical aspect of this is the implementation of an IT and Information Security Risk Management Framework, which incorporates information security policies, cybersecurity policies, and a cyber crisis management plan. Furthermore, cybersecurity measures like regular Vulnerability Assessments (VA) and Penetration Testing (PT) along with a cyber incident response plan are mandated. The RBI also dictates guidelines for managing IT infrastructure and services, including software, hardware, third-party arrangements, capacity, projects, vendors, and data. Secure access controls with Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) and audit trails are another requirement. To ensure business continuity in case of disruptions, NBFC-MLs must have a Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Disaster Recovery (DR) policy that is tested regularly. Finally, an IS Audit policy with a separate IS Audit function is necessary to conduct risk-based audits

Directions on Managing Risks and Code of Conduct in Outsourcing of Financial Services by NBFCs, 2017

With a view to put in place necessary safeguards applicable to outsourcing of activities by NBFCs, the RBI has issued directions on managing risks and code of conduct in outsourcing of financial services by NBFCs ("Risk Management Directions"). The Risk Management Directions specify that core management functions like internal auditing, compliance functions, decision making functions such as compliance with KYC norms shall not be outsourced by NBFCs. Further, the Risk Management Directions specify that outsourcing of functions shall not limit its obligations to its customers.

Financing of NBFCs by bank

The RBI has issued guidelines *vide* a circular dated bearing number DBOD No. FSD. BC.46/24.01.028/2006-07 dated December 12, 2006 relating to the financial regulation of non-systemically important NBFC-NDs and the relationship of banks with such institutions. In particular, these guidelines prohibit banks from lending to NBFCs for the financing of certain activities, such as (i) bill discounting or rediscounting, except where such discounting arises from the sale of commercial vehicles and two wheelers or three wheelers, subject to certain conditions; (ii) unsecured loans or corporate deposits by NBFCs to any company; (iii) investments by NBFCs both of current and long term nature, in any company; (iv) further lending to individuals for the purpose of subscribing to an initial public offer.

In addition to the above the RBI has issued guidelines *vide* a circular dated bearing number DBR.BP.BC.No.5/21.04.172/2015-16 dated July 1, 2015 relating to bank financing of NBFCs predominantly engaged in lending against Gold has directed banks to (i) reduce their regulatory exposure ceiling on a single NBFC, having gold loans to the extent of 50% or more of its total financial assets 10% of banks' capital funds. However, the exposure ceiling may go up by 5%, i.e., up to 15% of banks' capital funds if the additional exposure is on account of funds on-lent by NBFCs to the infrastructure sector and (ii) to have an internal sub-limit on their aggregate exposures to all such NBFCs, having gold loans to the extent of 50% or more of their total financial assets, taken together. The sub-limits should be within the internal limit fixed by the banks for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs put together.

Norms for excessive interest rates

In addition, the RBI has introduced *vide* a circular bearing reference number RBI/ 2006-07/ 414 dated May 24, 2007 whereby RBI has requested all NBFCs to put in place appropriate internal principles and procedures in determining interest rates and processing and other charges. In addition to the aforesaid instruction, the RBI has issued a Master Circular on Fair Practices Code dated July 1, 2015 read with the Master Directions for regulating the rates of interest charged by the NBFCs. These circulars stipulate that the board of each NBFC is required to adopt an interest rate model taking into account the various relevant factors including cost of funds, margin and risk premium. The rate of interest and the approach for gradation of risk and the rationale for charging different rates of interest for different categories of borrowers are required to be disclosed to the borrowers in the application form and expressly communicated in the sanction letter. Further, this is also required to be made available on the NBFCs website or published in newspapers and is required to be updated in the event of any change therein. Further, the rate of interest would have to be an annualised rate so that the borrower is aware of the exact rates that would be charged to the account.

Supervisory Framework

In order to ensure adherence to the regulatory framework by non-systemically important ND-NBFCs, the RBI has directed such NBFCs to put in place a system for submission of an annual statement of capital funds, and risk asset ratio etc. as at the end of March every year, in a prescribed format. This return is to be submitted electronically within a period of three months from the close of every financial year. Further, a NBFC is required to submit a certificate from its statutory auditor that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution with requirement to hold a certificate of registration under the RBI Act. This certificate is required to be submitted within one month of the date of finalisation of the balance sheet and in any other case not later than December 30 of that particular year. Further, in addition to the auditor's report under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 the auditors are also required to make a separate report to the Board of Directors on certain matters, including correctness of the capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return NBS-7 to be filed with the RBI and its compliance with the minimum CRAR, as may be prescribed by the RBI. Where the statement regarding any of the items referred relating to the above, is unfavorable or qualified, or in the opinion of the auditor the company has not complied with the regulations issued by RBI, it shall be the obligation of the auditor to make a report containing the details of such unfavourable or qualified statements and/or about the noncompliance, as the case may be, in respect of the company to the concerned Regional Office of the Department of Non-Banking Supervision of the Bank under whose jurisdiction the registered office of the company is located.

Asset Liability Management

The RBI has prescribed the Guidelines for Asset Liability Management ("ALM") System in relation to NBFCs ("ALM Guidelines") that are applicable to all NBFCs through a Master Circular on Miscellaneous Instructions to All Non-Banking Financial Companies dated July 1, 2015. As per this Master Circular, the NBFCs (engaged in and classified as equipment leasing, hire purchase finance, loan, investment and residuary non-banking

companies) meeting certain criteria, including, an asset base of ₹ 10,000 lakhs, irrespective of whether they are accepting / holding public deposits or not, or holding public deposits of ₹ 2,000 lakhs or more (irrespective of the asset size) as per their audited balance sheet as of March 31, 2001, are required to put in place an ALM system. The ALM Guidelines mainly address liquidity and interest rate risks. In case of structural liquidity, the negative gap (i.e. where outflows exceed inflows) in the 1 to 30/31 days' time-bucket should not exceed the prudential limit of 15% of cash outflows of each time-bucket and the cumulative gap of up to one year should not exceed 15% of the cumulative cash outflows of up to one year. In case these limits are exceeded, the measures proposed for bringing the gaps within the limit should be shown by a footnote in the relevant statement.

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (the "DRT Act") provides for establishment of the Debts Recovery Tribunals (the "DRTs") for expeditious adjudication and recovery of debts due to banks and public financial institutions or to a consortium of banks and public financial institutions. Under the DRT Act, the procedures for recovery of debt have been simplified and time frames have been fixed for speedy disposal of cases. The DRT Act lays down the rules for establishment of DRTs, procedure for making application to the DRTs, powers of the DRTs and modes of recovery of debts determined by DRTs. These include attachment and sale of movable and immovable property of the defendant, arrest of the defendant and his detention in prison and appointment of receiver for management of the movable or immovable properties of the defendant.

The DRT Act also provides that a bank or public financial institution having a claim to recover its debt, may join an ongoing proceeding filed by some other bank or public financial institution, against its debtor, at any stage of the proceedings before the final order is passed, by making an application to the DRT.

Anti-Money Laundering

The RBI has issued a Master Circular dated July 1, 2015 to ensure that a proper policy frame work for the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") is put into place. The PMLA seeks to prevent money laundering and provides for confiscation of property derived from, or involved in money laundering and for other matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. It extends to all banking companies, financial institutions, including NBFCs and intermediaries. Pursuant to the provisions of PMLA and the RBI guidelines, all NBFCs are advised to appoint a principal officer for internal reporting of suspicious transactions and cash transactions and to maintain a system of proper record (i) for all cash transactions of value of more than ₹ 10 lakhs; (ii) all series of cash transactions integrally connected to each other which have been valued below ₹ 10 lakhs where such series of transactions have taken place within one month and the aggregate value of such transaction exceeds ₹ 10 lakhs. Further, all NBFCs are required to take appropriate steps to evolve a system for proper maintenance and preservation of account information in a manner that allows data to be retrieved easily and quickly whenever required or when requested by the competent authorities. Further, NBFCs are also required to maintain for at least ten years from the date of transaction between the NBFCs and the client, all necessary records of transactions, both domestic or international, which will permit reconstruction of individual transactions (including the amounts and types of currency involved if any) so as to provide, if necessary, evidence for prosecution of persons involved in criminal activity.

Additionally, NBFCs should ensure that records pertaining to the identification of their customers and their address are obtained while opening the account and during the course of business relationship, and that the same are properly preserved for at least ten years after the business relationship is ended. The identification records and transaction data is to be made available to the competent authorities upon request.

RBI Notification dated December 3, 2015 titled "Anti-Money Laundering (AML)/ Combating of Financing of Terrorism (CFT) – Standards" states that all regulated entities (including NBFCs) are to comply with the updated FATF Public Statement and document 'Improving Global AML/CFT Compliance: on-going process' as on October 23, 2015.

Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 ("SARFAESI")

The SARFAESI Act regulates the securitization and reconstruction of financial assets of banks and financial institutions. The SARFAESI Act provides for measures in relation to enforcement of security interests and rights of the secured creditor in case of default.

The RBI has issued guidelines to banks and financial institutions on the process to be followed for sales of financial assets to asset reconstruction companies. These guidelines provide that a bank or a financial institution or an NBFC may sell financial assets to an asset reconstruction company provided the asset is an NPA. A bank or financial institution or NBFC may sell a financial asset only if the borrower has a consortium or multiple banking arrangements and at least 75% by value of the total loans to the borrower are classified as an NPA and at least 75% by the value of the banks and financial institutions in the consortium or multiple banking arrangement agree to the sale. In addition to the above, a financial asset may be sold by any bank or financial institution where the asset is reported, by the bank financial institution to Central Repository for Information on Large Credit, as an NPA wherein the principal or interest payment is overdue between 61-90 days.

As per the SARFAESI Amendment Act of 2004, the constitutional validity of which was upheld in a recent Supreme Court ruling, non-performing assets have been defined as an asset or account of a borrower, which has been classified by a bank or financial institution as sub-standard, doubtful or loss asset in accordance with directions or guidelines issued by the RBI. In case the bank or financial institution is regulated by a statutory body/authority, NPAs must be classified by such bank in accordance with guidelines issues by such regulatory authority. The RBI has issued guidelines on classification of assets as NPAs. Further, these assets are to be sold on a "without recourse" basis only.

The SARFAESI Act provides for the acquisition of financial assets by Securitization Company or Reconstruction Company from any bank or financial institution on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between them. A securitization company or reconstruction company having regard to the guidelines framed by the RBI may, for the purposes of asset reconstruction, provide for measures such as the proper management of the business of the borrower by change in or takeover of the management of the business of the borrower, the sale or lease of a part or whole of the business of the borrower and certain other measures such as rescheduling of payment of debts payable by the borrower; enforcement of security.

Additionally, under the provisions of the SARFAESI Act, any securitisation company or reconstruction company may act as an agent for any bank or financial institution for the purpose of recovering its dues from the borrower on payment of such fee or charges as may be mutually agreed between the parties.

Various provisions of the SARFAESI Act have been amended by the Enforcement of Security Interest and Recovery of Debt Laws and Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment) Act, 2016 as also the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (which amended S.13 of SARFAESI). As per this amendment, the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 shall by order declare moratorium for prohibiting inter alia any action to foreclose, recover or enforce any security interest created by the corporate debtor in respect of its property including any action under the SARFAESI Act.

Further, in accordance with Ministry of Finance notification no. S.O. 856(E) dated February 24, 2020, the eligibility limit for to enforcement of security interest with respect to secured debt recovery by NBFCs (having assets worth ₹ 100 Crores and above) has been reduced from ₹ 1 Crore to ₹ 50 Lakhs.

Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code") consolidates laws relating to insolvency, reorganisation and liquidation/ bankruptcy of all persons, including companies, individuals, partnership firms and Limited Liability Partnerships ("LLPs"). The Code has established an Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India to function as the regulator for all matters pertaining to insolvency and bankruptcy. The Code prescribes a timeline of 330 days for the insolvency resolution process, which begins from the date the application is admitted by the NCLT. During this period, the creditors and the debtor shall negotiate and finalise a resolution plan (accepted by 66% of the financial creditors) and in the event, they fail, the debtor is placed in liquidation and the moratorium lifted. The Code stipulates an interim-moratorium period which would commence after filing of the application for a fresh start process and shall cease to exist after elapse of a period of 180 days from the date of application. During such period, all legal proceedings against such debtor should be stayed and no fresh suits, proceedings, recovery or enforcement action may be initiated against such debtor. However, the Code has also imposed certain restrictions on the debtor during the moratorium period such as the debtor shall not be permitted to act as a director of any company or be involved in the promotion or management of a company during the moratorium period. In light of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Government of India, introduced economic reforms to contribute to the ease of doing business. One of the reforms introduced is the suspension of the Code for a period of one year. An ordinance detailing the changes pursuant to this reform is expected to be introduced by the government. Further, the GoI vide notification dated March 24, 2020 ("Notification") has amended section 4 of the Code due the

lingering impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Pursuant to the said Notification, Government of India has increased the minimum amount of default under the insolvency matters from ₹ 1,00,000 to ₹ 1,00,00,000.

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy (Insolvency and Liquidation Proceedings of Financial Service Providers and Application to Adjudicating Authority) Rules 2019 ("IBC Rules, 2019")

The Code, which regulates the insolvency resolution process for "corporate persons" previously excluded financial service providers from its purview. With the notification of the IBC Rules, 2019, the provisions of the Code will apply to financial service providers as well, which are subject to modifications and additional conditions as set out in the IBC Rules, 2019. Financial service providers are defined to mean persons engaged in the business of providing financial services in terms of authorisation issued or registration granted by a financial sector regulator under the Code. "Financial services" is broadly defined in the Code, and includes, inter alia, services in the nature of acceptance of deposits, administration of assets, underwriting services, advisory services with respect to dealings in financial products, operation of an investment scheme, and maintenance of records of ownership of a financial product. The IBC Rules, 2019, lays down the provisions for setting up an advisory committee, resolution plan and the liquidation process of financial service providers.

Foreign Investment Regulations

Master Circular – Foreign Investments in India, issued by RBI dated January 04, 2018 (updated as on March 17, 2022), read with the Consolidated FDI Policy Circular of 2020, issued by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India, dated October 15, 2020 ("FDI Policy")

Foreign investment into NBFCs, carrying on activities approved for FDI, will be subject to the provisions of the FEMA regulations including the FEMA (Non-Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 and conditions specified in paragraph 3.8.3 of the FDI Policy and foreign investment of up to 100% is permitted under the automatic route.

Master Circular No.10/2015-16 on Memorandum of Instructions governing money changing activities, issued by RBI dated July 1, 2015 and updated on September 10, 2015.

Guidelines for Licencing and other Approvals for Authorised Money Changers (AMCs)

Full Fledged Money Changers (FFMCs) are authorised by the Reserve Bank to deal in foreign exchange for specified purposes, to widen the access of foreign exchange facilities to residents and tourists while ensuring efficient customer service through competition. FFMCs are authorised to purchase foreign exchange from residents and non-residents visiting India and to sell foreign exchange for certain approved purposes. AD Category –I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs may appoint franchisees to undertake purchase of foreign currency*. No person shall carry on or advertise that he carries on money changing business unless he is in possession of a valid money changer's licence issued by the Reserve Bank.

* Note: -Franchisees of AD Category –I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs functioning within 10 kilometres from the borders of Pakistan and Bangladesh may also sell the currency of the bordering country, with the prior approval of the Regional offices concerned of the Reserve Bank. Other franchises of AD Category –I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs cannot sell foreign currency.

Guidelines for Licencing and other Approvals for Authorised Money Changers (AMCs)

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* Note: -Franchisees of AD Category – I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs functioning within 10 kilometres from the borders of Pakistan and Bangladesh may also sell the currency of the bordering country, with the prior approval of the Regional offices concerned of the Reserve Bank. Other franchises of AD Category –I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs cannot sell foreign currency.

Guidelines for appointment of Agents/ Franchisees by Authorised Dealer Category – FFMCs.

Under the Scheme, the Reserve Bank permits FFMCs to enter into franchisee/agency agreements at their option for the purpose of carrying on Restricted Money Changing business i.e. conversion of foreign currency notes, coins or travellers' cheques into Indian Rupees.

A franchisee can be any entity which has a place of business and a minimum Net Owned Funds of ₹ 10 lakhs. Franchisees can undertake only restricted money changing business.

FFMCs as the franchisers are free to decide on the tenor of the arrangement as also the commission or fee through mutual agreement with the franchisee. The Agency/Franchisee agreement to be entered into should include the salient features as mentioned under the master circular. The master circular also prescribes the procedure for application, due diligence of franchisees, selection of centres, training, reporting, audit and inspection of franchisees and Anti Money Laundering (AML)/Know Your Customer (KYC)/Combating the Financing of Terrorism (CFT) Guidelines.

Note: No licence for appointment of franchisees will be issued to any FFMC, against whom any major DoE/DRI/CBI/Police case is pending. In case where any FFMC has received one-time approval for appointing franchisees and subsequent to the date of approval, any DoE/DRI/CBI/Police case is filed, the FFMC should not appoint any further franchisees and bring the matter to the notice of the Reserve Bank immediately. A decision will be taken by the Reserve Bank regarding allowing the FFMC to appoint franchisees.

Operational Instructions

Foreign exchange in any form can be brought into India freely without limit provided it is declared on the Currency Declaration Form (CDF) on arrival to the Custom Authorities. When foreign exchange brought in the form of currency notes or travellers' cheques does not exceed US \$10,000 or its equivalent and/or the value of foreign currency notes does not exceed US \$5,000 or its equivalent, declaration thereof on CDF is not insisted upon.

Taking out foreign exchange in any form, other than foreign exchange obtained from an authorised dealer or a money changer is prohibited unless it is covered by a general or special permission of the Reserve Bank. Non-residents, however, have general permission to take out an amount not exceeding the amount originally brought in by them, subject to compliance with the provisions of sub-para above.

Authorised Money Changers (AMCs)/franchisees may freely purchase foreign currency notes, coins and traveller's cheques from residents as well as non-residents. Where the foreign currency was brought in by declaring on form CDF, the tenderer should be asked to produce the same. The AMC should invariably insist on production of declaration in CDF.

AMCs may sell Indian Rupees to foreign tourists/visitors against International Credit Cards/International Debit Cards and take prompt steps to obtain reimbursement through normal banking channels.

AMCs may issue certificate of encashment when asked for in cases of purchases of foreign currency notes, coins and travellers cheques from residents as well as non-residents. These certificates bearing authorised signatures should be issued on the letter head of the money changer and proper record should be maintained.

In cases where encashment certificate is not issued, attention of the customers should be drawn to the fact that unspent local currency held by non-residents will be allowed to be converted into foreign currency only against production of a valid encashment certificate.

AMCs may purchase from other AMCs and ADs any foreign currency notes, coins and encashed travellers' cheques tendered in the normal course of business. Rupee equivalent of the amount of foreign exchange purchased should be paid only by way of crossed account payee cheque/demand draft/bankers' cheque/Pay order.

AMCs may sell foreign exchange up to the prescribed ceiling (currently US \$ 10,000) specified in Schedule III to the Foreign Exchange Management (Current Account Transaction) Rules, 2000 during a financial year to persons resident in India for undertaking one or more private visits to any country abroad (except Nepal and Bhutan). Exchange for such private visits will be available on a self-declaration basis to the traveller regarding the amount of foreign exchange availed during a financial year. Foreign nationals permanently resident in India are also

eligible to avail of this quota for private visits provided the applicant is not availing of facilities for remittance of his salary, savings, etc., abroad in terms of extant regulations.

AMCs may sell foreign exchange to persons' resident in India for undertaking business travel or for attending a conference or specialised training or for maintenance expenses of a patient going abroad for medical treatment or check-up abroad or for accompanying as attendant to a patient going abroad for medical treatment/check-up up to the limits as specified in Schedule III to FEMA (Current Account Transactions) Rules, 2000.

AMCs may convert into foreign currency, unspent Indian currency held by non-residents at the time of their departure from India, provided a valid Encashment Certificate is produced.

AMCs may convert at their discretion, unspent Indian currency up to ₹ 10,000 in the possession of non-residents if, for bona fide reasons, the person is unable to produce an Encashment Certificate after ensuring that the departure is scheduled to take place within the following seven days. FFMCs may provide facility for reconversion of Indian Rupees to the extent of ₹ 50,000/- to foreign tourists (not NRIs) against ATM Receipts based on the following documents- Valid passport and visa, ticket confirmed for departure within 7 days, Original ATM slip.

AMCs may issue a cash memo, if asked for, on official letterhead to travellers to whom foreign currency is sold by them. The cash memo may be required for production to emigration authorities while leaving the country.

AMCs may put through transactions relating to foreign currency notes and travellers' cheques at rates of exchange determined by market conditions and in alignment with the ongoing market rates.

AMCs should display at a prominent place in or near the public counter, a chart indicating the rates for purchase/sale of foreign currency notes and travellers' cheques for all the major currencies and the card rates for any day, should be updated, latest by 10:30 a.m.

AMCs should keep balances in foreign currencies at reasonable levels and avoid build-up of idle balances with a view to speculating on currency movements.

Franchisees should surrender foreign currency notes, coins and travellers' cheques purchased only to their franchisers within seven working days.

The transactions between authorised dealers and FFMCs should be settled by way of account payee crossed cheques/demand drafts. Under no circumstances should settlement be made in cash.

AMCs may obtain their normal business requirements of foreign currency notes from other AMCs/authorised dealers in foreign exchange in India, against payment in rupees made by way of account payee crossed cheque/demand draft.

Where AMCs are unable to replenish their stock in this manner, they may make an application to the Forex Markets Division, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, RBI, Mumbai through an AD Category-I for permission to import foreign currency into India. The import should take place through the designated AD Category-I through whom the application is made.

AMCs may export surplus foreign currency notes/encashed travellers' cheques to an overseas bank through designated Authorised Dealer Category - I in foreign exchange for realisation of their value through the latter. FFMCs may also export surplus foreign currency to private money changers abroad subject to the condition that either the realisable value is credited in advance to the AD Category – I bank's nostro account or a guarantee is issued by an international bank of repute covering the full value of the foreign currency notes/coins to be exported.

In the event of foreign currency notes purchased being found fake/forged subsequently, AMCs may write- off up to US \$ 2000 per financial year after approval of their Top Management after exhausting all available options for recovery of the amount. Any write-off in excess of the above amount, would require the approval of the Regional Office concerned of the Foreign Exchange Department of the Reserve Bank.

Further, provisions regarding the following are also mentioned-

- Registers and Books of Accounts of Money-changing Business
- Submission of Statements to the Reserve Bank

- Inspection of Transactions of AMCs
- Concurrent Audit
- Temporary Money Changing Facilities

Opening of Foreign Currency Accounts by AMCs

AMCs, with the approval of the respective Regional Offices of the Foreign Exchange Department, may be allowed to open Foreign Currency Accounts in India, subject to the following conditions: -

- ii. Only one account may be permitted at a particular centre.
- iii. Only the value of foreign currency notes/encashed TCs exported through the specific bank and realised can be credited to the account.
- iv. Balances in the accounts shall be utilised only for settlement of liabilities on account of:
- (a) TCs sold by the AMCs and
- (b) Foreign currency notes acquired by the AMCs from AD Category-I banks.
- (c) No idle balance shall be maintained in the said account.

All AMCs are required to submit their annual audited balance sheet to the respective Regional office of the Reserve Bank for the purpose of verification of their Net Owned Funds along-with a certificate from the statutory auditors regarding the NOF as on the date of the balance sheet. As AMCs are expected to maintain the minimum NOF on an ongoing basis, if there is any erosion in their NOF below the minimum level, they are required to bring it to the notice of the Reserve Bank immediately along with a detailed time bound plan for restoring the Net Owned Funds to the minimum required level.

FFMCs, which are not Regional Rural Banks (RRBs), Local Area Banks (LABs), Urban Co-operative Banks (UCBs) and Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) having a minimum net worth of ₹ 500 lakhs, may participate in the designated currency futures and currency options on exchanges recognised by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) as clients only for the purpose of hedging their underlying foreign exchange exposures. FFMCs and ADs Category–II which are RRBs, LABs, UCBs and NBFCs, may be guided by the instructions issued by the respective regulatory Departments of the Reserve Bank in this regard.

Shops and Establishments legislations in various states

The provisions of various Shops and Establishments legislations, as applicable, regulate the conditions of work and employment in shops and commercial establishments and generally prescribe obligations in respect of interalia registration, opening and closing hours, daily and weekly working hours, holidays, leave, health, termination of services and safety measures and wages for overtime work.

Labour Laws

India has stringent labour related legislations. We are required to comply with certain labour laws, which include the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, Employees' Compensation Act, 1923, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, amongst others.

Intellectual Property

Intellectual Property in India enjoys protection under both common law and statute. Under statute, India provides for patent protection under the Patents Act, 1970, copyright protection under the Copyright Act, 1957 and trademark protection under the Trade Marks Act, 1999. The above enactments provide for protection of intellectual property by imposing civil and criminal liability for infringement.

SECTION VIII – SUMMARY OF MAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Capitalised terms used in this section have the meaning that has been given to such terms in the Articles of Association of our Company. In case of any inconsistency between the Articles of Association of our Company and the Companies Act, 1956 and Companies Act, 2013, the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies Act 2013 shall prevail over the Articles of Association of our Company. Pursuant to Schedule II of the Companies Act, 1956 and the SEBI Regulations, the main provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company are detailed below:

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be such sum as may be prescribed under Clause V of Memorandum of Association divided into such number of shares of prescribed face value as amended from time to time, which may be increased or reduced in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013
 - Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.
- 2. (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided,
 - a. one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
 - b. several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first
 - (ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon
 - (iii)In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
- 3. (i) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate
 - (ii) The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the company.
- 4. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
- 5. (i) The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made there under.
 - (ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
 - (iii)The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

- 6. (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
 - (ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
- 7. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further share ranking pari passu therewith.
- 8. Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

LIEN

- 9. (i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien—
 - (a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
 - (b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:

Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

- (ii)The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividend bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.
- 10. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

 Provided that no sale shall be made—
 - (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
 - (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
- 11. (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
 - (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
 - (iii)The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- 12. (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
 - (ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale

CALLS ON SHARES

- 13. (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:
 - Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call

- (ii)Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares
- (iii)A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board
- 14. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.
- 15. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
- 16. (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
 - (ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.
- 17. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium,
 - shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.
 - (ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

18. The Board—

- (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
- (b)upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 19. (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
 - (ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
- 20. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 decline to register—
 - (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
 - (b)any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.
- 21. The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless—
 - (a) the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56;
 - (b)the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
 - (c)the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

22. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 23. (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a shareholder, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
 - (ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
- 24. (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
 - (a)to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
 - (b)to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
 - (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
- 25. (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
 - (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
 - (iii)All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
- 26. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have complied with.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

- 27. If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.
- 28. The notice aforesaid shall—
 - (a)name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
 - (b)state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the

call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

- 29. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect
- 30. (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
 - (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.
- 31. (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
 - (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.
- 32. (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
 - (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
 - (iii)The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
 - (iv)The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
- 33. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- 34. The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
- 35. Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,-
 - (a)consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (b)convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
 - (c)sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum:
 - (d)cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
- 36. Where shares are converted into stock,—
 - (a)the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:

Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

- (b)the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- (c)such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words —share and —shareholder in those regulations shall include- stock and stock-holder respectively.
- 37. The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law,—
 - (a)its share capital;
 - (b)any capital redemption reserve account; or
 - (c)any share premium account.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

- 38. (i) The company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—
 - (a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
 - (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—
 - (A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
 - (B) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paidup, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
 - (C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
 - (iii) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;
 - (iv) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.
- 39. (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—
 - (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and
 - (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
 - (ii) The Board shall have power—
 - (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and
 - (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the

company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

(iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

BUY-BACK OF SHARES

40. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 41. All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
- 42. (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
 - (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 43. (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
 - (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.
- 44. The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.
- 45. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 46. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING

- 47. (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so, directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
 - (ii)No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
 - (iii)When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
 - (iv)Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

VOTING RIGHTS

48. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares,—

(a)on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and

(b)on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.

- 49. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.
- 50. (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
 - (ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
- 51. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- 52. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.
- 53. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
- 54. (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
 - (ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

PROXY

- 55. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 56. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.
- 57. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 58. The first directors of the company as on the date of the Incorporation were:
 - 1. K. Varalakshmi
 - 2. Ramamurthy
 - 3. Ashwini Kumar
 - 4. K.V. Reddy Panthulu
- 59. The number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum or a majority of them.

- 60. (i) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.
 - (ii) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them—
 - (a)in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the company; or
 - (b)in connection with the business of the company.
- 61. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the company.
- 62. The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that section) make and vary such regulations as it may thinks fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- 63. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 64. Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.
- 65. (i) Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.
 - (ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.
 - 65A. Subject to the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993 read with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non- Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (including any amendments or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), the Board is required to appoint a person nominated by the debenture trustee(s) as a director on the Board of Directors of the Company within such period from the date of receipt of nomination from the debenture trustee(s) as applicable from time to time.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

- 66. (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
 - (ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
- 67. (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.
 - (ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.
- 68. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
- 69. (i) The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
 - (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes

after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.

- 70. (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.
 - (ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.
- 71. (i) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings.
 - (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 72. (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
 - (ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.
- 73. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
- 74. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

- 75. Subject to the provisions of the Act,—
 - (i)A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may thinks fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
 - (ii)A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.
- 76. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

THE SEAL

- 77. (i) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.
 - (ii) The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a Committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two directors and of the secretary or chief executive officer or chief financial officer or functional heads or such other person as the Board or Committee of the Board may appoint for the purpose; and those two directors and the secretary or the chief executive officer or chief financial officer or functional heads or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

- 78. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
- 79. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.
- 80. (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.
 - (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.
- 81. (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
 - (ii)No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
 - (iii)All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
- 82. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
- 83. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
 - (ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
- 84. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.
- 85. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.
- 86. No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

ACCOUNTS

- 87. (i) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.
 - (ii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

WINDING UP

- 88. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—
 - (i)If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
 - (ii)For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
 - (iii)The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

89. Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

SECTION IX -OTHER INFORMATION

MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following contracts and documents (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on by our Company or entered into more than two years before the date of this Prospectus) which are or may be deemed material have been entered or/are to be entered into by our Company. These contracts which are or may be deemed material shall be attached to the copy of this Prospectus to be delivered to the Registrar of Companies, Telangana for registration and also the documents for inspection referred to hereunder, may be inspected at the Registered Office of our Company from 10:00 am to 5:00 pm on Working Days from the date of the filing of this Prospectus with the RoC until the Issue Closing Date.

Material Contracts

- 1. Issue Agreement dated November 05, 2024 between the Company and the Lead Manager;
- 2. Registrar Agreement dated October 18, 2024 between the Company and the Registrar to the Issue;
- 3. Debenture Trusteeship Agreement dated October 24, 2024, between the Company and Vistra ITCL (India) Limited, the Debenture Trustee;
- 4. Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement dated November 07, 2024, executed by our Company, the Registrar, the Public Issue Account Bank(s), Sponsor Bank and Lead Manager;
- 5. Syndicate Agreement dated November 12, 2024, between the Company and the Syndicate Members;
- 6. Tripartite Agreement dated April 25, 2018 between CDSL, the Company and the Registrar to the Issue; and
- 7. Tripartite Agreement dated August 24, 2018 between NSDL, the Company and the Registrar to the Issue.
- 8. Agreed form of Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed to be executed between the Company and the Debenture Trustee under Regulation 18 of the NCS Regulations.

Material Documents

- 1. Original certificate of incorporation of Company dated April 28, 1997, issued by Registrar of Companies, Telangana;
- 2. Revised certificate of incorporation of the Company dated February 29, 2016, issued by Registrar of Companies, Telangana pursuant to change of name;
- 3. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, as amended to date;
- 4. The certificate of registration No. B-09.00006 dated March 15, 2016 issued by RBI under Section 45IA of the RBI Act;
- 5. Credit rating letter dated October 08, 2024 from Acuite Ratings & Research Private Limited, granting credit rating to the NCDs, for the proposed non-convertible debenture issue;
- 6. Copy of the Board Resolution dated September 02, 2024, approving the Issue;
- 7. Resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on January 05, 2022 approving the overall borrowing limit of Company;
- 8. Copy of the Debenture Committee resolution dated November 05, 2024, approving the Draft Prospectus;
- 9. Copy of the Debenture Committee resolution dated November 13, 2024, approving this Prospectus;

- 10. Share Purchase Agreement dated March 9, 2013 entered into amongst Varalakshmi Kanapala, Satyanarayana Konapala, Konapala Rajasekhar, Balla Ramalingeswara Rao, Uppu Nagaratnam, K V L Narayana, Vatti Satyavathi, Vatti Arjuna Rao and Sri Lakshmi K, Biji Shibu, Jijo M Varghese, Simi Gijo, Princy Josekutty, Ann Jose, Bindu Peeyus, Chinnamma Kuriakose, John J Pullan and Aleyamma Varghese, and our Company;
- 11. Consents of the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Lead Manager, Debenture Trustee, Credit Rating Agencies for the Issue, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Legal Counsel to the Issue, CRISIL Limited, Bankers to the Company, Public Issue Account Bank, Refund Bank, Sponsor Bank and the Registrar to the Issue, to include their names in the Prospectus;
- 12. The consent of our previous statutory auditors, namely M/s. RB Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants dated November 05, 2024, for inclusion of their names as the previous Statutory Auditors and experts in respect of the: (i) Our audit report dated May 23, 2022, May 26, 2023 and May 14, 2024 on the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial years March 31, 2022, March 31, 2023 and March 31,2024 respectively included in this Prospectus. The consent of the previous statutory auditor has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Prospectus.
- 13. Our Company has further received a consent dated October 29, 2024 from M/s. A. John Morris & Co, Chartered Accountants, to include their name as required under section 26 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI NCS Regulations, in this Prospectus, and as an "expert" as defined under section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as our Statutory Auditor.
- 14. Industry report titled "Industry report on gold loans, personal loans, MSME loans, and microfinance loans", prepared and issued by CRISIL Limited;
- 15. Copy of Statutory Auditor's certificate on statement of possible tax benefits dated November 13, 2024;
- 16. Annual Reports of the Company for last three Financial Years;
- 17. Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ending March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022;
- 18. Due Diligence certificate dated November 04, 2024, from Debenture Trustee to the Issue;
- 19. Due Diligence certificate dated November 13, 2024, filed with SEBI by the Lead Manager; and
- 20. In-principle listing approval letter bearing reference number DCS/BM/PI-BOND/25/24-25 dated November 12, 2024 issued by BSE, for the Issue.

Any of the contracts or documents mentioned in this Prospectus may be amended or modified at any time if so required in the interest of our Company or if required by the other parties, without reference to the applicants, subject to compliance of the provisions contained in the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other relevant statutes.

Declaration

We, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

We further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct and complete in all material respects, are in conformity with Companies Act, 2013, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act. 1956, as amended and rules made thereunder including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Prospectus does not contain any misstatements. Furthermore, all the monies received under this Issue shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in this Prospectus. No information material to the subject matter of this Prospectus has been suppressed or concealed and whatever is stated is as per the original records maintained by the Promoter(s) subscribing to the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese Whole-Time Director

Biji Shibu Executive Director

K.M. Kuriakose Independent Director

Abraham Thafiyan Independent Director

Date: November 13, 2024

Place: Ernakulam

Declaration

I. the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

I further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct and complete in all material respects, are in conformity with Companies Act. 2013. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended and rules made thereunder including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Prospectus does not contain any misstatements. Furthermore, all the monies received under this Issue shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in this Prospectus. No information material to the subject matter of this Prospectus has been suppressed or concealed and whatever is stated is as per the original records maintained by the Promoter(s) subscribing to the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association.

Signed by the Director of our Company

T.P. Sreenivasan

Chairman and Non-Executive Director

Date: November 13, 2024

Declaration

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

I further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct and complete in all material respects, are in conformity with Companies Act, 2013, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended and rules made thereunder including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Prospectus does not contain any misstatements. Furthermore, all the monies received under this Issue shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in this Prospectus. No information material to the subject matter of this Prospectus has been suppressed or concealed and whatever is stated is as per the original records maintained by the Promoter(s) subscribing to the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Joseph Paul Menacherry Independent Director

Date: November 13,2024 Place: Antarctica

ANNEXURE I - DAY COUNT CONVENTION

Interest on the NCDs shall be computed on an actual/actual basis for the broken period, if any. For Options I, III, IV, VI and VIII the interest shall be calculated from the first day till the last date of every month on an actual/actual basis during the tenor of such NCDs. Consequently, interest shall be computed on a 365 day a year basis on the principal outstanding on the NCDs. However, if period from the Deemed Date of Allotment/anniversary date of Allotment till one day prior to the next anniversary/redemption date includes February 29, interest shall be computed on 366 days a-year basis, on the principal outstanding on the NCDs.

For Options V, VII and IX interest shall be paid on an annual basis and the relevant interest will be paid on each anniversary of the Deemed Date of Allotment on the face value of the NCDs. The last interest payment under Options V, VII and IX shall be made at the time of redemption of the NCDs.

For Options II and X interest shall be computed on a 365 day a year basis on the principal outstanding on the NCDs which have tenors on cumulative basis.

Illustration of cash-flows: To demonstrate the day count convention, please see the following table below, which describes the cash-flow in terms of interest payment and payment of Redemption Amount per NCD for all categories of NCD Holders.

INVESTORS SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS EXAMPLE IS SOLELY FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES AND IS NOT SPECIFIC TO THE ISSUE

Company	KLM Axiva Finvest Limited					
Face Value		₹1,000				
Day and Date of Allotment (tentative)		December, 04, 2024				
Options	III	V	X			
Tenure	18 Months	2 Year	79 Months			
Coupon (%) for NCD Holders in Category I,	9.85%	10.25%	NA			
II and III						
Frequency of the Interest Payment with	Monthly	Yearly	Cumulative			
specified dates starting from date of						
allotment						
Day Count Convention		Actual/Actual	_			

Option III

Company	KLM Axiva Finvest Limited
Face Value	₹1,000
Day and date of Allotment (tentative)	December, 04, 2024
Day and date of Redemption (tentative)	Wednesday, 3 June, 2026
Tenure	18 Months
Coupon (%) for NCD Holders in Category I, II and III	9.85%
Frequency of the Interest Payment with specified dates starting	Monthly
from date of allotment	
Day Count Convention	Actual/Actual

Cash flow	Due Date of interest/redemption payment (1)	Day and Date of interest/redemption payment (2)	No. of days in Coupon/maturity period	Amount (in ₹)
1 st coupon	Tuesday, 31 December,	Wednesday, 1 January,		
_	2024	2025	27	7.27
2 nd coupon	Friday, 31 January,	Saturday, 1 February,		
	2025	2025	31	8.37
3 rd coupon	Friday, 28 February,	Saturday, 1 March,		
	2025	2025	28	7.56
4 th coupon	Monday, 31 March,	Wednesday, 2 April,		_
	2025	2025	31	8.37

Cash flow	Due Date of interest/redemption payment (1)	Day and Date of interest/redemption payment (2)	No. of days in Coupon/maturity period	Amount (in ₹)
5 th coupon	Wednesday, 30 April, 2025	Friday, 2 May, 2025	30	8.10
6 th coupon	Saturday, 31 May, 2025	Monday, 2 June, 2025	31	8.37
7 th coupon	Monday, 30 June, 2025	Tuesday, 1 July, 2025	30	8.10
8 th coupon	Thursday, 31 July, 2025	Friday, 1 August, 2025	31	8.37
9 th coupon	Sunday, 31 August, 2025	Monday, 1 September, 2025	31	8.37
10 th coupon	Tuesday, 30 September, 2025	Wednesday, 1 October, 2025	30	8.10
11 th coupon	Friday, 31 October, 2025	Saturday, 1 November, 2025	31	8.37
12 th coupon	Sunday, 30 November, 2025	Monday, 1 December, 2025	30	8.10
13 th coupon	Wednesday, 31 December, 2025	Thursday, 1 January, 2026	31	8.37
14 th coupon	Saturday, 31 January, 2026	Monday, 2 February, 2026	31	8.37
15 th coupon	Saturday, 28 February, 2026	Monday, 2 March, 2026	28	7.54
16 th coupon	Tuesday, 31 March, 2026	Wednesday, 1 April, 2026	31	8.34
17 th coupon	Thursday, 30 April, 2026	Saturday, 2 May, 2026	30	8.07
18 th coupon	Sunday, 31 May, 2026	Monday, 1 June, 2026	31	8.34
19th coupon	Wednesday, 3 June,	Wednesday, 3 June,		
	2026	2026	3	0.81
Principal Maturity value	Wednesday, 3 June, 2026	Wednesday, 3 June, 2026	546	1000

Option V

KLM Axiva Finvest Limited
₹1,000
December, 04, 2024
Thursday, 3 December, 2026
2 Year
10.25%
Yearly
Actual/Actual
1

Cash flow	Due Date	of	Date	of	No. of days in	Amount
	interest/redempti	on	interest/redempti	on	Coupon/maturity	(in ₹)
	payment (1)		payment ⁽²⁾		period	
1st coupon	Wednesday,	3	Wednesday,	3	365	
	December, 2025		December, 2025			102.50
2 nd coupon	Thursday,	3	Thursday,	3	365	_
	December, 2026		December, 2026			102.50
Principal			_		730	
Maturity	Thursday, 3 December,		Thursday,	3		
value	2026		December, 2026			1000.00

Option X

Company	KLM Axiva Finvest Limited
Face Value	₹1,000
Day and Date of Allotment (tentative)	December, 04, 2024
Day and date of Redemption (tentative)	Thursday, 3 July, 2031
Tenure	79 Months
Redemption Amount (₹/NCD) for NCD Holders in Category I, II	₹2000
and III	
Frequency of the Interest Payment with specified dates starting	Cumulative
from date of allotment	
Day Count Convention	Actual/Actual

Cash flow		Date reden		Date interest/re	den				•	in	Amount (in ₹)
	payment (1) payment (2)			period							
-	Thursday	, 3	July,	Thursday,	3	July,	2403				2000
value	2031			2031							

NOTES:

- 1. Effect of public holidays has been ignored as these are difficult to ascertain for future period except January 26, April 1, May 1, August 15, October 2, day have been taken into consideration.
- 2. As per SEBI Master Circular, in order to ensure uniformity for payment of interest/redemption on debt securities, the interest/redemption payment shall be made only on a Working Day. Therefore, if the interest payment date falls on a non-Working Day, the coupon payment shall be on the next Working Day. However, the future coupon payment dates would be as per the schedule originally stipulated. In other words, the subsequent coupon schedule not be disturbed merely because the payment date in respect of one particular coupon payment has been postponed earlier because of it having fallen on a holiday. However, if the redemption date of the debt securities falls on non- Working Day, the redemption proceeds shall be paid on the previous Working Day.
- 3. Deemed Date of Allotment has been assumed to be December, 04, 2024
- 4. The last coupon payment will be paid along with maturity amount at the redemption date.

ANNEXURE II – CREDIT RATING LETTER, RATING RATIONALE AND PRESS RELEASE

Please turnover for the rationale





Press Release

October 08, 2024

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Rating Assigned and Reaffirmed

Product	Quantum (Rs. Cr)	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating
Bank Loan Ratings	200.00 ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed		-
Non Convertible Debentures (NCD)	100.00	ACUITE BBB Stable Assigned	-
Non Convertible Debentures (NCD)	150.00	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed	-
Total Outstanding	450.00	-	-
Total Withdrawn	0.00	-	-

Rating Rationale

Acuité has reaffirmed the long-term rating of 'ACUITE BBB' (read as ACUITE triple B) on the Rs.200.00 Cr. Bank Loan facility of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (KLM). The outlook is 'Stable'.

Acuité has reaffirmed the long-term rating of 'ACUITE BBB' (read as ACUITE triple B) on the Rs.150.00 Cr. Non Convertible Debentures of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (KLM). The outlook is 'Stable'.

Acuité has assigned the long-term rating of 'ACUITE BBB' (read as ACUITE triple B) on the Rs.100.00 Cr. Non Convertible Debentures of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited (KLM). The outlook is 'Stable'.

Rationale for Rating

The rating reaffirmation continues to factors in the growth in the scale of operations in the recent years, adequate capitalization level and moderate; albeit improving earning profile. The AUM of the company grew by ~18 percent in FY2024 to Rs 1,720.96 Cr. from Rs 1,460 Cr. in FY2023. KLM's capital adequacy ratio stands adequate at 23.66 percent with Tier 1 capital of 15.61 percent which is well above the regulatory minimum. KLM's profitability improved as reflected in its ROAA of 1.25 percent in FY2024 as against 1.15 percent in FY2023. KLM reported PAT of Rs 23.03 Cr. in FY2024 as against Rs 18.33 Cr. in FY2023. However, as the company is in expansion phase its operating expense to earning assets moderated to 7.66 percent in FY2024 as against 7.45 percent in FY2023. The operational costs are expected to rationalise in the coming years once the operational efficiency from the new branches is attained.

These strengths are partially offset by the company's geographical and funding profile concentration. The company's operations are highly concentrated in the states of Kerala (~50 percent) and Karnataka (~22 percent) as on Mar 2024. KLM's resource profile is concentrated towards the NCDs (public issued and privately placed) and sub-debt forming ~90 percent of the total borrowings as on FY2024. though the share of bank loans have been increasing it remains modest.

Going forward company's ability to continue increasing its scale of operations while maintaining its asset quality and improving its profitability metrics and mobilizing low cost funds will be key monitorable

About the company

Hyderabad based KLM Axiva Finvest Limited was incorporated in 1997 as Needs Finvest Limited and in 2014, the current management took over and renamed it to KLM Axiva Finvest Limited. The company is led and promoted by the whole-time Director Mr Shibu Theckumpurath Varghese. As on June 30, 2024, 42.27% of the shareholding is held by promoters, directors and their relatives and the balance is held by other investors.

The company is engaged in lending business and offers gold loan, mortgage loan, vehicle loans, micro finance loans, etc. The company also provides foreign exchange services, money transfer and insurance broking services. The company has its branches in Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Hyderabad, Karnataka & Maharashtra.

Unsupported Rating

Not Applicable

Analytical Approach

Acuité has adopted a standalone approach to analyse the business and financial profile of KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Key Rating Drivers

Strength

Promoter support and experienced management team;

The company is headed by Mr. Shibu Varghese (whole time director) who has more than 30 years of experience in the Financial Services and is supported by seasoned professionals for the daily operations. The current promoters took over the company in 2014 and have been running the company for a decade now with the support of management having an extensive experience of over a decade in the industry. The company benefits from the rich experience of the promoters in the home state which remained significant for the overall capital raising capability of the company. Acuite believes that company will continue to benefit from the extensive experience of the promoters and management team along with Independent Director.

Healthy growth in AUM and improving asset Quality;

KLM's AUM grew by ~18 percent year on year to Rs. 1,720.96 Cr. as on March 31, 2024 as against Rs. 1,460 Cr. as on March 31, 2023 (Rs. 1073 Cr. as on March 31, 2022). The growth in AUM was owing to the uptick in disbursements, growth in number of branches and much focused business drives conducted by the company. KLM's Loan against gold contributes 62 percent to the total POS as on March 31, 2024, as the company now focuses to grow its gold loan book has aided in the improvement of its asset quality. The company's asset quality is marked by on time portfolio of 94.45 percent as on Dec 2023 as against 92.82 percent as on March 2023. KLM's asset quality improved from 1.84 percent GNPA and 0.82 percent NNPA in FY23 to 1.6 percent GNPA and 0.67 percent in FY24. The prudent underwriting policies adopted by the management and improving collection efficiency has enabled the company to improve its asset quality.

Acuité believes that going forward the ability of the company to maintain comfortable asset quality and growth momentum in AUM will be key rating sensitivity.

Moderate; albeit improving earning profile;

The growth in scale of operation in FY2023 is reflected in the interest income which grew to Rs 305.62 Cr. in FY2024 from Rs 275.40 Cr. in FY2023. However, as the company is in expansion phase its operating expense to earning assets moderated to 7.66 percent in FY2024 as against 7.45 percent in FY2023. The operational costs are expected to rationalise in the coming years once the operational efficiency from the new branches is attained. The company has reported a PAT of Rs 23.03 Cr. with ROAA of 1.25 percent during FY2024 as against PAT of Rs 18.33 Cr. and ROAA of 1.15 percent during FY2023.

Acuité believes that KLM will be able to sustain its financial performance and any impact on profitability metrics due to higher provisioning requirements would remain key monitorable

Weakness

Leveraged capital structure;

KLM is engaged in loans against gold and SME loans secured and unsecured for a period of 12 - 24 months. The company's networth stood at Rs. 271.92 Cr. and total debt stood at Rs. 1,606 Cr. as on March 2024. The company's AUM stood at Rs. 1,720.96 Cr. as on March 24 as compared to Rs. 1,460 Cr. as on March 31,2023 . KLM's gearing stood at 5.91 times as on March 24 (5.43 times as on March 31, 2023). The total debt of Rs 1606 Cr. includes subordinated liabilities amounting to Rs 771.60 Cr. as on March 2024. To support the growth momentum KLM would require further debt and considering the already leveraged capital structure the promoters may be required to infuse additional equity to support any future business growth.

Going forward, Acuité believes that the company's ability to manage its gearing levels will be a key monitorable and infusion of capital would be required for containing gearing levels and to support business growth.

Geographical and Funding profile concentration;

KLM started its operations in the state of Kerala and gradually expanded to the states of Karnataka and Tamil Nadu and has recently expanded to other states like Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra thereby reducing the concentration in the state of Kerala. However, major concentration is in the state of Kerala with exposure of ~50% as on March 2024. KLM's resource profile is concentrated towards the NCDs (public issued and privately placed) and sub-debt forming 90 percent of the total borrowings as on Mar'24; though the share of bank loans have been increasing it remains modest.

Acuite believes that geographical concentration coupled with improved earning profile will continue to weigh on the company's credit profile.

Rating Sensitivity

- Movement in capital structure and timely infusion of capital
- Movement in Cost of borrowing and maintenance of adequate liquidity
- Movement in AUM and its impact on asset quality
- Movement in profitability metrics.
- Movement in asset quality

• Changes in Regulatory environment

Liquidity Position

Adequate

KLM's overall liquidity profile remains adequate with no negative cumulative mismatches in near to medium term as per ALM dated December 31, 2023. ALM is comfortable mainly on account of shorter tenor of loans provided by KLM with access to longer tenure borrowings. As on March 31, 2024, the company had cash and bank balance of about Rs 68.08 Cr.

Outlook: Stable

Acuité believes that KLM will maintain 'Stable' outlook over the near to medium term supported by the sustainable growth in its profitability along with timely infusion of capital. The outlook may be revised to 'Positive' in case of significant and sustainable growth in its AUM while maintaining profitability, asset quality and capitalization indicators. The outlook may be revised to 'Negative' if the company faces challenges in raising fresh equity or long-term debt funding commensurate with its near-term business requirements and higher than expected deterioration in asset quality and profitability

Other Factors affecting Rating

None

Key Financials - Standalone / Originator

	1			
Particulars	Unit	FY24	FY23	
Farticulars	Oilit	(Actual)	(Actual)	
T . 1 .	Rs.	1055.50	1715 10	
Total Assets	Cr.	1955.59	1715.12	
Total Income*	Rs.	161.16	134.31	
Total income	Cr.	101.10	134.31	
DAT	Rs.	22.02	10.22	
PAT	Cr.	23.03	18.33	
Networth	Rs.	271.97	254.57	
Networth	Cr.	2/1.9/	234.37	
Return on Average	(0/)	1.25	1.15	
Assets (RoAA)	(%)	1.25	1.15	
Return on Net Worth	(%)	8.86	9.21	
(RoNW)	(70)	0.00	9.21	
Total				
Debt/Tangible	Times	5.91	5.43	
Net Worth (Gearing)	Times			
Gross NPA	(%)	1.60	1.84	
Net NPA	(%)	0.67	0.82	

^{*}Total income equals to Total Income net off interest expense

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA (if applicable):

Not Applicable

Any other information

None

Applicable Criteria

- Application Of Financial Ratios And Adjustments: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-53.htm
- Default Recognition: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-52.htm
- Explicit Credit Enhancements: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-49.htm
- Non-Banking Financing Entities: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-44.htm

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument

In order to inform the investors about complexity of instruments, Acuité has categorized such instruments in three levels: Simple, Complex and Highly Complex. Acuite's categorisation of the instruments across the three categories is based on factors like variability of the returns to the investors, uncertainty in cash flow patterns, number of counterparties and general understanding of the instrument by the market. It has to be understood that complexity is different from credit risk and even an instrument categorized as 'Simple' can carry high levels of risk. For more details, please refer Rating Criteria "Complexity Level Of Financial Instruments" on www.acuite.in.

Rating History

Date	Name of Instruments/Facilities	Term	Amount (Rs. Cr)	Rating/Outlook
	Term Loan	Long Term	32.12	ACUITE BBB Stable (Reaffirmed)
	Term Loan	Long Term	21.52	ACUITE BBB Stable (Reaffirmed)
	Cash Credit	Long Term	25.00	ACUITE BBB Stable (Reaffirmed)
11 Jun 2024	Proposed Non Convertible Debentures	Long Term	150.00	ACUITE BBB Stable (Assigned)
11 Juli 2024	Proposed Long Term Loan	Long Term	100.00	ACUITE BBB Stable (Assigned)
	Cash Credit	Long Term	9.00	ACUITE BBB Stable (Reaffirmed)
	Secured Overdraft	Long Term	10.00	ACUITE BBB Stable (Reaffirmed)
	Proposed Long Term Bank Facility	Long Term	2.36	ACUITE BBB Stable (Reaffirmed)
	Term Loan	Long Term	38.93	ACUITE BBB Stable (Assigned)
22 Feb 2024	Proposed Long Term Bank Facility	Long Term	11.07	ACUITE BBB Stable (Assigned)
	Term Loan	Long Term	25.00	ACUITE BBB Stable (Assigned)
	Cash Credit	Long Term	25.00	ACUITE BBB Stable (Assigned)

Annexure - Details of instruments rated

Lender's Name	ISIN	Facilities	Date Of Issuance	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Quantum (Rs. Cr.)	Complexity Level	Rating
State Bank of India	Not avl. / Not appl.	Cash Credit		Not avl. / Not appl.		25.00	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Dhanlaxmi Bank Ltd	Not avl. / Not appl.	Cash Credit	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.		9.00	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507AA8	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	Not avl. / Not appl.		5.15	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507984	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	10.75	07 Aug 2029	13.38	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507992	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	11.00	07 Aug 2029	2.42	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507976	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	10.25	07 Aug 2027	15.25	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507AC4	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	10.50	07 Aug 2027	4.45	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507968	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	10.25	07 Aug 2026	10.54	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507950	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	10.00	07 Aug 2026	16.68	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507943	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	9.85	06 Feb 2026	7.40	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507AB6	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	Not avl. / Not appl.		27.68	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	INE011507935	Non- Convertible Debentures (NCD)	08 Aug 2024	9.50	11 Sep 2025	22.01	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Long Term Bank Facility	Not avl. / Not appl.		Not avl. / Not appl.	2.36	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Long Term Loan		Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	30.00	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Non Convertible Debentures	Not avl. / Not appl.		Not avl. / Not appl.	100.00	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Assigned
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Non Convertible Debentures		Not avl. / Not appl.		25.04	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
South Indian Bank	Not avl. / Not appl.	Secured Overdraft	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	10.00	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed

Indian Overseas Bank	Not avl. / Not appl.	Term Loan	-	Not avl. / Not appl.	_	20.00	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
State Bank of India	Not avl. / Not appl.	Herm Loan	_	Not avl. / Not appl.	_	50.00	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
State Bank of India	Not avl. / Not appl.	i term Loan	- 1	Not avl. / Not appl.		32.12	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed
	Not avl. / Not appl.	lTerm Loan	_	Not avl. / Not appl.	_	21.52	Simple	ACUITE BBB Stable Reaffirmed

Contacts

Mohit Jain

Senior Vice President - Rating Operations

Nattasha Venkatesh

Associate Analyst - Rating Operations

Contact details exclusively for investors and lenders

Mob: +91 8591310146

Email ID: analyticalsupport@acuite.in

About Acuité Ratings & Research

Acuité is a full-service Credit Rating Agency registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The company received RBI Accreditation as an External Credit Assessment Institution (ECAI) for Bank Loan Ratings under BASEL-II norms in the year 2012. Acuité has assigned ratings to various securities, debt instruments and bank facilities of entities spread across the country and across a wide cross section of industries. It has its Registered and Head Office in Kanjurmarg, Mumbai.

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www.acuite.in



Rating Letter - Intimation of Rating Action

Letter Issued on: October 08, 2024 Letter Expires on: September 16, 2025 Annual Fee valid till: September 16, 2025

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED 150/C-C5, KLM GRAND ESTATE, EAST SERVICE ROAD, EDAPPALLY, ERNAKULAM Kochi 682024

Kind Attn.: Mr. Mr. Thanish Dalee, Cfo (Tel. No.9746402277)

Sir / Madam,

KERALA

Sub.: Rating(s) Assigned - Debt Instruments of KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED

Please note that the current rating(s) and outlook, instrument details, and latest rating action for the aforementioned instrument are as under:

	Long Term Instruments	Short Term Instruments	
Total Rated Quantum (Rs. Cr.)	100.00	0.00	
Quantum of Enhancement (Rs. Cr.)	0.00	0.00	
Rating(s)	ACUITE BBB	Not Applicable	
Outlook	Stable	Not Applicable	
Most recent Rating Action(s)	Assigned	Not Applicable	
Date of most recent Rating Action(s) October 08, 2024		Not Applicable	
Rating Watch	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

5W]h reserves the right to revise the rating(s), along with the outlook, at any time, on the basis of new information, or other circumstances which 5W]h believes may have an impact on the rating(s). Such revisions, if any, would be appropriately disseminated by 5W]h as required under prevailing SEBI quidelines and 5W |h B policies.

This letter will expire on **September 16**, **2025** or on the day when 5W]h takes the next rating action, whichever is earlier. It may be noted that the rating(s) is subject to change anytime even before the expiry date of this letter. Hence lenders / investors are advised to visit https://www.acuite.in/ OR scan the QR code given above to confirm the current outstanding rating(s).

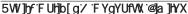
5W] f will re-issue this rating letter on **September 17**, **2025** subject to receipt of surveillance fee as applicable. If the rating(s) is reviewed before **September 16**, **2025**, 5W] f will issue a new rating letter.

Please note that under extant SEBI regulations and as per the terms of the rating agreement, once a rating is accepted and outstanding, the issuer is required to promptly furnish the INo Default StatementĐon the first working day of every month.

Sd/-Chief Rating Officer

This is a system generated document. No signature is required.

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Scan this QR Code to verify authenticity of this rating







Annexure A. Details of the rated in	nexure A. Details of the rated instrument			
Instruments	Scale	Amt. (Rs. Cr)	Rating Assigned (Outlook) Rating Action	
Proposed Non Convertible Debentures	Long-term	100.00	ACUITE BBB (Stable) Assigned	
Total Quantum Rated		100.00	-	

DISCLAIMER

An 5W Jb rating does not constitute an audit of the rated entity and should not be treated as a recommendation or opinion that is intended to substitute for a financial adviser's or investor's independent assessment of whether to buy, sell or hold any security. 5W Jb ratings are based on the data and information provided by the issuer and obtained from other reliable sources. Although reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the data and information is true, 5W Jb', in particular, makes no representation or k UffUbmžYl dfYggYX cf Ja d'JYX k Jh fYgdYWfitc th Y UXYei UMMŽUWV fUMmcf Wa d'YHYbYgg cZhh Y JbZcfa Ufjcb fY JYX i dcb" 5W Jb is not responsible for any errors or omissions and especially states that has no financial liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect or consequential loss of any kind arising from the use of its ratings.5W Jb ratings are subject to a process of surveillance which may lead to a revision in ratings as and when the circumstances so warrant. Please visit our website (www.acuite.in) for the latest information on any instrument rated by 5W Jb f, 5W Jb B rating scale and its definitions.

on any instrument rated by 5W/fr, 5W/fr B rating scale and its definitions.

Any inadvertent omission or error in the rating letter which is discovered or brought to the notice of Acuite shall be rectified as soon as reasonably practicable not later than 48 hours of such discovery or notice. Such error or omission shall not render Acuite liable to any person for any kind of loss or damage including, but not limited to, any special, incidental, indirect or consequential damages caused by errors or omissions, provided such omission or error is rectified as soon as possible after discovery/notice.

ANNEXURE III – CONSENT LETTER ALONG WITH THE ENGAGEMENT LETTER OF THE DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

APPENDED OVERLEAF

Ref No.: CL/MUM/2024/DEB/100 Date: 24th October 2024

To,
The Board of Directors,
KLM Axiva Finvest Limited,
KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road, Edapally,
Ernakulam - 682024 Kerala, India

Dear Sir/ Madam,

Sub:

Consent in relation to the proposed public offering of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("NCDs"), at par, aggregating up to 10,00,000 rated, listed, secured, redeemable_non-convertible debentures_each_having_a_face_value_of_₹ 1,000_each_(Rupees_One_Thousand only) of the aggregate nominal value of up to ₹ 100,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Hundred Crores only) ("Issue") by KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ("Company" or "Issuer")

We, the undersigned, hereby consent to act as the Debenture Trustee to the Issue and to our name being inserted as the Debenture Trustee to the Issue in the Draft Prospectus to be filed with BSE Limited ("Stock Exchange") and to be forwarded to Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") and the Prospectus to be filed with the Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad ("RoC"), Stock Exchange and to be forwarded to SEBI in respect of the Issue and also in all related advertisements and communications sent pursuant to the Issue. The following details with respect to us may be disclosed:

Logo	
	VISTRI
Name	Vistra ITCL (India) Limited
Address	Office No. 505 A2/5th floor, B wing, The Capital building, BKC, Bandra E, Mumbai - 400051
Tel	022 – 2659 3333
E-mail	itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com
Investor Grievance e- mail	itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com
Website	www.vistraitcl.com
Contact Person	Mr. Jatin Chonani - Compliance Officer
SEBI Registration Number	IND000000578

We confirm that we are registered with the SEBI and that such registration is valid as on the date of this letter. We enclose a copy of our registration certificate enclosed herein as Annexure A and a declaration regarding our registration with SEBI as Annexure B.

We also confirm that we have not been prohibited by SEBI to act as an intermediary in capital market issues. We confirm that we have not been prohibited to act as a debenture trustee by the SEBI.

We hereby authorise you to deliver this letter of consent to the RoC, pursuant to the provisions of section 26 of the

Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws or any other regulatory/statutory authorities as required by law. We also agree to keep strictly confidential, until such time as the proposed transaction is publicly announced by the Company in the form of a press release, (i) the nature and scope of this transaction; and (ii) our knowledge of the proposed transaction of the Company.

We confirm that we will immediately inform the Company and the Lead Manager of any change to the above information until the date when the proposed public issue of NCDs commence trading on the Stock Exchange. In the absence of any such communication from us, the above information should be taken as updated information until the NCDs commence trading.

This letter may be relied upon by you, the Lead Manager and the legal counsel to the Issue in respect of the Issue.

Sincerely,

For Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

Authorised Signatory Name: Sanjay Dodti

Designation: Senior Manager

प्ररूप ख FORM-B

DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA

(डिबेंचर न्यासी) विनियम, 1993

(DEBENTURE TRUSTEE) REGULATIONS, 1993

922000

🍃 (विनियम 8)

(Regulation 8)

रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

- 1) बोर्ड, भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड अधिनियम, <mark>1992 के अधीन डिबेंचर न्यासी के लिए बनाए</mark> गए नियमों और विनियमों के साथ पठित उस अधिनियम की धारा-12 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए,
- 1) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India

 Act, 1992, read with the rules and regulations made thereunder for the debenture trustee the Board hereby grants a

 certificate of registration to

VISTRA ITCL INDIA LIMITED
IL&FS FINANCIAL CENTRE, PLOT NO. 22
G BLOCK, BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX, BANDRA EAST
MUMBAI – 400051, MAHARASHTRA

को नियमों में, शर्तों के अधीन रहते हुए और विनियमों के अनुसार डिबेंचर न्यासी के रूप में रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपत्र इसके द्वारा प्रदान करता है। as a debenture trustee subject to the conditions in the rules and in accordance with the regulations.

2) डिबेंचर न्यासी के लिए रजिस्ट्रीकरण कूट

IND00000578

2) Registration Code for the debenture trustee is

This certificate of registration shall be valid till it is suspended or cancelled by the Board.

3) जब तक नवीकृत न किया जाए, रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपत्र

से

तक विधिमान्य है।

3) Unless renewed, the certificate of registration is valid from

to

ار المنظم

स्थान Place :

नारीख Date

Mumbai

April 15, 2024

Bi

भारतीय प्रतिभात और विजिल्ल बोर्ड

Securities and Exchange Soars of India

RACHNA ANAND

प्राधिकृत हस्ताक्षरकर्ता Authorised Signatory

Jai Nauariai



Annexure B

Date: 24th October 2024

To,
The Board of Directors,
KLM Axiva Finvest Limited,
KLM Grand Estate, Bypass Road,
Edapally, Ernakulam - 682024 Kerala, India

Dear Sir/ Madam,

Sub:

Consent in relation to the proposed public offering of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("NCDs"), at par, aggregating up to 10,00,000 rated, listed, secured, redeemable non-convertible debentures each having a face value of ₹ 1,000 each (Rupees One Thousand only) of the aggregate nominal value of up to ₹ 100,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Hundred Crores only) ("Issue") by KLM Axiva Finvest Limited ("Company" or "Issuer")

We hereby confirm that as on date the following details in relation to our registration with SEBI as a Debenture Trustee is true and correct.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Registration Number	IND000000578
2.	Date of registration/ Renewal of registration	15th April 2024
3.	Date of expiry of registration	Not Applicable
4.	If applied for renewal, date of application	Not Applicable
5.	Any communication from SEBI prohibiting the entity from acting as an intermediary	Not Applicable
6.	Any enquiry/ investigation being conducted by SEBI	Not Applicable

We hereby enclose a copy of our SEBI registration certificate.

We shall immediately intimate the Company of any changes, additions or deletions in respect of the matters covered in this certificate till the date when the securities of the Issuer, offered, issued and allotted pursuant to the Issue, are traded on the relevant stock exchange. In the absence of any such communication from us, the above information should be taken as updated information until the NCDs commence trading.

Sincerely,

For Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

Authorised Signatory Name: Sanjay Dodti

Designation: Senior Manager

gistered office: itra ITCL (India) Limited fice No. 505 A2/ 5th floor, ving, The Capital building, C, Bandra E, Mumbai -400051

09th September 2024

KLM AXIVA FINVEST LIMITED Mathewson Trade Centre, Kaloor Stadium, Banerji Rd, Kaloor, Ernakulam, Kerala 682017

Kind Attention: Mr. Thanish Dalee

Re: Offer Letter for the appointment of Debenture Trustee for the proposed public issue of Secured Redeemable NCDs by KLM Axiva Finvest Limited for INR 50 Crores with oversubscription of INR 50 Crores (INR 100 Crores) - (NCD XI)

Dear Sir,

This is with reference to the captioned subject. Vistra ITCL (India) Limited (formerly IL&FS Trust Company Limited) is in principle agreeable to act as a Debenture Trustee for the captioned transaction.

In the context, please find enclosed herewith the following:

- (1) Terms of Engagement of VISTRA ITCL - Annexure I
- (2) Brief understanding of the transaction - Annexure II
- Other Terms and Conditions Annexure III (3)
- Requirements prior to execution of documents Annexure IV (4)

Kindly acknowledge and return a duplicate copy of this letter by fax / courier as a token of your acceptance of the terms. Should you require any clarifications please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

We look forward to working with your organization and building a long standing, mutually beneficial relationship

It may be noted that this letter of offer does not construe "Consent Letter" confirming that VISTRA ITCL is acting debenture trustee for the said transaction. The consent letter will be issued after execution of a Debenture Trustee Appointment Agreement between ourselves.

This offer letter is only for purpose of acceptance of the commercial terms of appointment.

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Yours sincerely,

For Vistra ITCL (India) Limited



Authorized Signatory

Accepted

For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Authorized Signatory

Registered office:

The IL&FS Financial Centre.

Plot C- 22. G Block. 7th Floor

Bandra Kuria Complex, Bandra (East),

Mumbai 400051

Tel +91 22 2659 3535

Fax: +912226533297

Email: mumbai@vistra.com

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Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

Corporate Identity Number (CIN):U66020MH1995PLC095507

Annexure I

Terms of Engagement of Vistra ITCL (India) Limited (VISTRA ITCL)

"Trustee Remuneration"

As a Debenture Trustee:

- 1. Acceptance Fee: Onetime fee of Rs. 100,000/- payable on acceptance of the offer.
- 2. Review Fee: Onetime fee of Rs. NIL/- payable on delivery of the first draft of the documents reviewed listed in Annexure II:
- 3. Annual Fee : Annual fees will start from the date of execution of trust deed and will be payable on quarterly basis at .015% of the outstanding balance of secured NCDs at the end of each quarter as per the Pricing Structure attached in Schedule V.
- 4. Additional Fee *(if applicable): In the event of default or in case of enforcement of security, a minimum fee of Rs. 5 Lakhs shall be payable in advance by the Lender/Investor towards assistance in initiation of any proceedings.

*In case VISTRA ITCL is appointed for carrying out full enforcement process/default management, the fee shall be decided based on scope of work envisaged at the time of enforcement / default

The fees agreed herein above shall be valid for the transaction documents to be executed within a period of 3 months from the date of acceptance of this offer letter. Fees as regards any work whether or not part of scope of services, beyond the time period of 3 months shall be mutually agreed.

The acceptance fee as above is to be paid in advance on acceptance of this offer letter. The Review fees would be due and payable at the time of circulation of first draft of the documents reviewed. These fees are not dependent on execution of transaction documents or completion of the transaction.

The above fee (commencing from point no. 1 to 5) are exclusive of Goods and Service Tax and cess, Registration charges of Central Registry etc as levied by the Government and Out of Pocket expenses like Audit fee, Legal counsel fee, Travelling expenses or any other. The same shall be charged after/with prior information/notice to the client.

The annual fee shall commence from the date of execution of first Debenture Trust Deed and would be applicable till the debentures are fully repaid under all existing trust deeds and fee are payable quarterly in advance. The first annual fee would be payable on date of execution of the Trust Deed for a pro-rata period up to the following quarter.

The annual fee shall be revised every two years considering the increase in scope of work and/or tenure, regulatory amendments, increase in risk profile and inflation, increase in number of contributors/investors and/or assets under management.

Any fee paid pursuant to the above shall be non-refundable and shall be in addition to any amount that may be payable / reimbursed specifically under the provisions of the Financing Documents.

The Company shall pay VISTRA ITCL on the expiry of 45 (Forty Five) Days from the Invoice Date for payment, in addition to the stipulated Trustee Remuneration as detailed herein, penalty at the rate of 18% per annum, compounded on a monthly basis on the defaulted amounts, in the event of default in payment of Trustee Remuneration pursuant to the Trust Deed, during the period of default.

All charges mentioned in the offer letter are applicable for the issue size/number of investors/service/documentation requirements as mentioned in this letter. Any further issuance; any additional requirements, documentation over & above mentioned in this offer would attract fresh charges.

Accepted

For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Authorized Signatory

Registered office

The IL&FS Financial Centre,

Plot C-22, G Block, 7th Floor

Bandra Kurla Complex. Bandra (East),

Mumbai 400051

Tel +91 22 2659 3535

Fax: +912226533297

Email: mumbai@vistra.com

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Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

(CIN):U66020MH1995PLC095507

Annexure II

Brief understanding of the Transaction

Particulars of the Transaction	Appointment of Debenture Trustee for the proposed public issue of Secured Redeemable NCDs by KLM Axiva Finvest Limited for INR 50 Crores with oversubscription of INR 50 crore (INR 100 Crores - (NCD XI)		
Type & Structure of Debenture	Secured Redeemable Non-convertible Debentures		
Listed / Unlisted	Listed		
Tenor & Total Amount	Tenor: As per IM Amount: INR 100 Crore		
Proposed Issue Open Date	To be decided		
Proposed Security for the Debentures	The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon		
Role of VISTRA ITCL	VISTRA ITCL shall act as a Trustee for the Debentures and hold the security for and on behalf of the subscribers to the Debentures		
Review Scope	Maximum of 3 versions of transactional documents shall be reviewed.		
Scope of Work for Annual Fee	1. Monitoring of covenants, QCRs, DRR, Insurance policy, asset cover, pledge share adequacy, interest servicing and redemption, credit rating, end use certificate. 2. Security creation - perfection, pari-passu NOCs, CERSAI in case of MOE, ROC filings 3. Release of security after receipt of No-dues 4. Compliance for listing of NCDs		

It may be noted that above referred terms are only indicative and not exhaustive. The details terms and conditions shall be recorded in the Debenture Trustee Appointment Agreement/ Debenture Trust Agreement / Debenture Trust Deed. Preparation/ Vetting of the First Draft of the documents will take at least two working days after receipt of the signed term sheet & acceptance of VISTRA ITCL offer from the Issuer/Subscriber

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Accepted For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Authorized Signatory



Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

Annexure III

Other Terms and Conditions

- (1) The Client (Company) may not assign or transfer any of its obligations under this letter
- (2) This letter shall ensure to the benefit of the Debenture Trustee and their respective successors and assigns
- (3) The Debenture Trustee may assign any or all of its rights and (if any) obligations under this letter to any successor Debenture Trustee appointed in accordance with the terms of the Subscription Documents
- (4) This letter may only be amended (and the provisions hereof may only be waived) by agreement in writing among all of the parties hereto
- (5) The liability of VISTRA ITCL, its officers, employees, directors, agents as a Service Provider shall be limited to the extent of fee charged by VISTRA ITCL.
- (6) This offer of services is subject to the management approval of VISTRA ITCL including Compliance and KYC clearance
- (7) The implications of the service offering and structuring thereof would depend and vary on the laws prevalent at any point of time.
- (8) This offer is valid for 60 days from the date of this offer.
- (9) In case of listed debenture issues, at the request of the issuer company VISTRA ITCL may issue an in principle consent letter to be furnished to the exchange however the same shall be subject to the condition that mutually agreed debenture trustee appointment agreement is entered into before the issue opening date.
- (10) VISTRA ITCL shall commence it services only upon receipt of documents under serial number 1 & 2 stated in Annexure IV.
- (11) The terms & conditions of this offer letter shall be in addition to the terms & conditions of the transaction documents to be executed. In the event of any contradicting terms & conditions, the terms of this letter shall prevail.

Accepted

For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Authorized Signatory



(CIN):U66020MH1995PLC095507

Annexure IV

Standard requirements prior to execution of documents

For drafting or preparation or vetting of documents as the case may be, VISTRA ITCL will require the following documents:

- Signed Term Sheet / IM /Debenture Subscription Agreement / Disclosure Documents / Any other documents offering the debenture for subscription
- 2. Completion of VISTRA ITCL KYC requirements
- 3. All documents enclosed in the checklist that would be forwarded by VISTRA ITCL
- 4. Charges / Payments towards settlement of the trust

Please Note: The above list is not exhaustive & binding at this stage. The appropriate list for the particular transaction shall be provided at the time of documentation.

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Accepted For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Authorized Signatory



Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

Annexure V

Pricing structure for undertaking trusteeship services for issuers

other than Public Sector Undertakings are as follows:

Listed Debentures	Secured		Unsecured		
Issue Size	Public/Private - Non -PSU entities				
	Initial Fee	Annual Fee	Initial Fee	Annual Fee	
<25 crs	Rs. 0.75 Lac	Rs. 1 Lac	Rs. 0.60 Lac	Rs. 1 Lac	
>25 crs - <100 crs	Rs. 1 Lac	Rs. 1.5 Lac	Rs. 0.75 Lac	Rs. 1 Lac	
> 100 crs - < 1500	0.01%	0.015%	0.005%	0.0075%	
>1500 crs	Rs.15 Lac	Rs.22.50 Lac	Rs.7.50 Lac	Rs.11.25 Lac	

- 1. In case of multiple securities or securities located across states, complex /structured covenant monitoring etc., additional fee would be levied.
- 2. Expenses relating to valuation, search, inspection, etc. arranged through external agencies shall be payable on actual basis over and above the aforementioned fees.

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Accepted

For KLM Axiva Finvest Limited

Authorized Signatory

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