# HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED

REGD. OFF: 601/602 A, FAIRLINK CENTRE OFF. ANDHERI LINK ROAD ANDHERI (W), MUMBAI 400 053, TEL NO. 40034768

Email: compliance@hemholdings.com/investors@hemholdings.com

CIN: L65990MH1982PLC026823

REF: HHT/AGM/ 2023/1 Date:05.09.2023

To, The Bombay Stock Exchange, Department of Corporate Services, 25th Floor, P. J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai-400 001

Dear Sir /Madam,

Sub:- Intimation regarding 41<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company

Ref: BSE Scrip Code 505520

This is to inform you that the 41<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company will be held on Saturday, 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 at 2.00 P.M. through Video Conferencing (""VC') /Other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM')), in accordance with the relevant circulars issued by the ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

The details such as manner of (i) registering / updating email addresses, (ii) casting vote through remote e-voting and (iii) attending the AGM through VC / OAVM has been set out in the Notice of the AGM. In compliance with the provisions of Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and aforesaid Circulars, the Company has engaged the services of CDSL as the authorised agency for conducting of the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and for providing electronic voting ("e-voting") facility to its members.

The Members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or dematerialised form, as on the Cut- off date i.e. September 22, 2023 may cast their vote by Remote evoting during the meeting.

Commencement of Remote e-voting: From 09.00 A.M. on 27th September, 2023

End of Remote e-voting: Upto 05.00 P.M. on 29th September, 2023.

Pursuant to Regulation 42 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013, we hereby inform you that the Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from September 24, 2023 to September 30, 2023 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of 41<sup>st</sup> AGM of the Company.

This information and Annual Report are also available on website of the Company at www.hemholdings.com

Thanking You,

Yours Faithfully,

For, Hem Holdings and Trading Limited.

AKANKSHA KOTWANI KOTWANI Date: 2023.09.05 17:58:07 +05'30'

AKANKSHA KOTWANI Company Secretary

# HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mrs. Sangeeta K Shah Managing Director
Mr. Ketan M Shah Non -Executive Director

Mr. Sanjay Gupta Additional Director (Independent)

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mrs. Akanksha Kotwani

# **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Mr. Ashish Tayal

# STATUTORY AUDITOR

M/s Harsh Jain and Associates

# INTERNAL AUDITORS

M/s Deepankar Samaddar & Associates

# SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

Meena Naidu & Associates Practicing Company Secretary

# REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd. C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. MARG, Vikhroli (West) MUMBAI, (M.H.) – 400083

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

601/602 A, Fairlink Center, Off Andheri Link Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai - 400053 (M.H.)

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# SUMMARISED FINANCIAL DATA

(Rs. In Lakh)

PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
Revenue from operations	6.42	4.32	4.06	2.90	6.47	6.36
Other Income	6.30	3.20	0.00	33.27	10.00	9.96
TOTAL INCOME	12.72	7.52	4.06	36.18	16.47	16.32
Employee benefits expense	2.58	1.90	2.27	4.14	1.32	1.00
Depreciation and amortization Expense	1.58	0.48	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07
Other expenses	9.40	8.38	7.96	12.46	7.16	6.59
TOTAL EXPENSES	13.58	10.76	10.30	16.67	8.55	7.66
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	(0.86)	(3.24)	(6.24)	19.51	7.91	8.66
Current Tax expense	0.50	0.00	0.00	3.19	0.28	0.46
Net Profit after tax	(1.36)	(3.24)	(6.24)	16.33	7.63	8.20
EARNING PER SHARE (BASIC/DILUTED)	(0.57)	(1.35)	(2.60)	6.80	3.18	3.42
EXTRACT FROM BALANCE SHEET						
Share Capital	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
Reserve & Surplus	219.06	218.84	214.77	223.77	211.94	204.30
Net Fixed Assets	30.76	32.34	1.21	1.28	1.35	1.41
Non-Current Investment	19.89	17.75	7.42	11.15	95.47	95.47
Loans and Receivables	130.17	162.39	163.62	158.48	125.50	125.53
Cash &Cash Equivalent	65.40	30.70	64.02	79.02	17.84	8.30
OTHER FINANCIAL DATA						
TURNOVER (Rs. In Lakhs)	6.42	4.32	4.05	2.89	6.47	6.36
BOOK VALUE PER SHARE (Rs.)	101.28	101.18	99.49	103.23	98.31	95.12
NETWORTH (Rs. In Lakhs)	243.06	242.84	238.77	247.77	235.94	228.30

# **NOTICE**

Notice is hereby given that the 41<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members of Hem Holdings and Trading Limited will be held on Saturday, 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 at 2.00 pm through Video Conferencing ('VC') or other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM'), to transact the following business:

# **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To consider and adopt the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 and in this regard, pass the following resolutions as an Ordinary Resolutions.
  - "RESOLVED THAT the audited financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon laid before this meeting, be and are hereby considered, adopted and approved."
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Ketan M Shah (DIN: 00312343) who retires by rotation and being eligible offer himself for re-appointment.

# **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

3. Appointment of Mr Sanjay Gupta (DIN: 10249917) as an Independent Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 and the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force, Mr Sanjay Gupta (DIN: 10249917), who was appointed as an Additional Director in the capacity of an Independent Director with effect from 2<sup>nd</sup> August, 2023, who meets the criteria for independence under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a member under Section 160(1) of the Act, and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company for a period of five consecutive years effective from 2<sup>nd</sup> August, 2023 till 1<sup>st</sup> August, 2028, and his office shall not be liable to retire by rotation."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any of the Directors of the Company and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company be and are hereby authorized severally to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as are necessary to give effect to this resolution."

# By Order of the Board of Directors For, **Hem Holdings and Trading Ltd**

Date: 14.08.2023 Place: Bhilai

Akanksha Kotwani Company Secretary

Reg Office: 601/602A, Fairlink Center, Off Andheri Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumbai-400 053

### **Notes:**

- 1. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and MCA circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The Board of Directors of the Company considered that the special business under Item Nos. 3 be transacted at the ensuing AGM of the Company.
- 2. Pursuant to General Circular Nos.14/2020, 17/2020,20/2020 and 10/2022 dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020 and December 28, 2022 respectively and clarification circular Nos. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, 14/2021 dated December 14, 2021 and 03/2022 dated May 05, 2022 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars") and SEBI Circulars Nos. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12,2020,SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 and SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 05, 2023 physical attendance of the Members to the AGM venue is not required and Annual General Meeting (AGM) be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 3. Although, a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and on a poll to vote instead of himself/ herself, but since this meeting is being held through VC/OAVM under the framework of MCA circulars on account of threat posed by COVID-19, where physical presence of members has been dispensed with, the facility of appointment of proxy will not be available and hence the proxy form and attendance slip are not annexed hereto.
- 4. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed to this Notice.
- 5. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's

agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.

- 6. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 7. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 8. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM along with Annual Report for the Financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March,2022 is available on the website of the Company at <a href="www.hemholdings.com">www.hemholdings.com</a>, on the website of the Stock Exchange i.e BSE Limited at <a href="www.bseindia.com">www.bseindia.com</a> and on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. <a href="www.evotingindia.com">www.evotingindia.com</a>.
- 9. Members of the Company under the category of Institutional Investors are requested to attend and vote at the AGM through VC. Corporate Members/ Institutional Investors intending to appoint their authorized representatives pursuant to Section 113 of the Act, to attend the AGM through VC or OAVM or to vote through remote e-voting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution to the Scrutinizer by e-mail at cscmameena@gmail.com.
- 10. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 24<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 to 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the Annual General Meeting for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March,2023.
- 11. AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, MCA Circular No. 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021, MCA Circular No. 03/2022 dated May 05, 2022 and MCA Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022. The Notice of AGM is being sent only in electronic mode to those members whose, e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/ RTA or the Depository Participant(s) as on 25<sup>th</sup> August, 2023. A person who has acquired the shares and has become a member of the Company after the dispatch of the Notice of the AGM and shareholders as on Cut-off date i.e 22nd September, 2023, shall be entitled to exercise his/her vote electronically i.e. remote e-voting or e-voting system on the date of the AGM by following the procedure mentioned in Annexure-B.

- 12. CS Meena Naidu, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No. 23853 & Membership No. A28193) Meena Naidu & Associates has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 13. The Scrutinizer shall within a stipulated period from the conclusion of the e-voting period unblock the votes in the presence of at least two (2) witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make a Scrutinizer's Report of the votes cast in favour or against, if any, forthwith to the Chairman of the Company.
- 14. The Results shall be declared on or after the AGM of the Company. The Results declared along with the Scrutinizers Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.hemholdings.com and on the website of CDSL within two working days from the conclusion of AGM of the Company and communicated to the Stock Exchange (BSE).
- 15. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed hereto.
- 16. In accordance with the above mentioned MCA General Circulars and SEBI Circulars, in view of the prevailing situation and owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching physical copies of the Financial Statements (including Board's Report, Auditor's Report or other documents required to be attached therewith) for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023 pursuant to section 136 of the Act and Notice calling the AGM pursuant to section 101 of the Act read with the Rules framed thereunder, such statements including the Notice of AGM are being sent only in electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/ RTA or the Depository Participant(s). The Company will not be dispatching physical copies of such statements and Notice of AGM to any Member. Members are requested to register/update their email addresses, in respect of electronic holdings with the Depository through the concerned Depository Participants and in respect of physical holdings with RTA by following due procedure. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, a copy of the Notice of this AGM along with Annual Report for the Financial Year 2022-23 is available on the website of the Company at www.hemholdings.com website of the Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Company is listed i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and the AGM Notice is also available on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the e-voting facility) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 17. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in the Securities Market. Members holding shares in electronic form are therefore, requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding the shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company/RTA.
- 18. As per Regulation 40 of the Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Members can contact the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd. C-101,

- 247 Park, LBS Marg, Vikhroli (West) Mumbai 400083 (MH) Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in Contact No.: 022-49186270.
- 19. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/mobile numbers, PAN, registering of nomination, power of attorney registration, Bank Mandate details, etc., to their Depository Participant ("DP") in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the Registrar in case the shares are held in physical form, quoting their folio number and enclosing the self-attested supporting document. Further, Members may note that SEBI has mandated the submission of PAN by every participant in securities market.
- 20. To support the 'Green Initiative', Members who have not yet registered their email addresses are requested to register the same with their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and with the Company in case the shares are held by them in physical form.
- 21. Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, Members who hold shares in the physical form can nominate a person in respect of all the shares held by them singly or jointly. Members who hold shares in single name are advised, in their own interest, to avail of the nomination facility by filling form SH-13. Members holding shares in the dematerialized form may contact their Depository Participant for recording the nomination in respect of their holdings.

# 22. PROCEDURE FOR INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS::

- a. All the documents referred to in the accompanying notice and the statement pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be available for inspection through electronic mode. Members are requested to write to the Company on compliance@hemholdings.com for inspection of said documents; and
- b. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Act, and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, will be available electronically for inspection by the Members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available for electronic inspection by the Members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of inspect AGM. Members seeking to such documents can send an email compliance@hemholdings.com
- 23. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to advise any change in their registered address, E-mail address, Contact Numbers and Bank particulars etc., to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA), Link Intime India Private Limited (LIIPL), Mumbai quoting their folio number at rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in. Members holding shares in electronic form must send the advice about change in their registered address, E-mail address, Contact Number and bank particulars to their respective Depository Participant and not to the Company.
- 24. In all correspondence with the Company or with its Share Transfer Agent, members are requested to quote their folio number and in case the shares are held in the dematerialized form, they must quote their Client ID Number and their DPID Number.

- 25. Members are encouraged to express their views /send their queries in advance mentioning their name demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at compliance@hemholdings.com. Questions / queries received by the Company till 5.00 p.m. on Thursday, 28th September, 2023 shall only be considered and responded during the AGM.
- 26. Details under Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, "Listing Regulations" in respect of the Director seeking re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting, has also been annexed as Annexure -A.

# **Explanatory Statement**

# [Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act")]

The following Statement sets out all material facts relating to Item Nos. 3 mentioned in the accompanying Notice.

# ITEM NO. 3

The Board of Directors in order to broad base its board composition and on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, appointed Mr Sanjay Gupta (DIN: 10249917) as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of five (5) years effective from 2<sup>nd</sup> August, 2023, subject to the approval of the Members of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') from a member proposing his candidature for the office of an Independent Director. Mr Sanjay Gupta (DIN: 10249917) is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director, in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 and has given his consent to act as an Independent Director of the Company. Mr Sanjay Gupta (DIN: 10249917) has submitted a declaration of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and that he is in compliance with Rules 6(1) and 6(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, with respect to his registration with the data bank of independent directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. He has also submitted declaration pursuant to BSE Circular No. LIST/COMP/14/2018-19 dated June 20, 2018, stating that he has not been debarred from holding office of a director by virtue of any order passed by SEBI or any other such regulatory authority. He has confirmed that he is not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact his ability to discharge his duties as an Independent Director of the Company.

The Board of Director is of the opinion that he fulfills the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Accordingly, based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board recommends the Resolution set out at Item No.3 of the accompanying Notice for approval of the Members of the Company.

Except Mr Sanjay Gupta (DIN: 10249917) and his relative, none of the other Directors and/or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are concerned or interested financially or otherwise, in the said resolution.

# Annexure-A

# **Brief Profile of Appointee:**

Name of Director:	Ketan Moolchand Shah	Sanjay Gupta
Age	02/12/1965	27/08/1967
Date of First Appointment on Board:	29/01/2011	02/08/2023
Qualifications	Bachelor degree in Mechanical Engineering and postgraduate degree in Business Management	Graduate (B.Com)
tise in specific functional area/Brief resume of the Director:	Mr Ketan Moolchand Shah holds a Bachelor degree in Mechanical Engineering from the Madhav Institute of Technology and Science, Gwalior (M.P) and a postgraduate degree in Business Management from the University of Florida. Over the period of his thirty Seven years of experience and being an innovative technocrat, company succeeded in positioning its global presence as one of the reliable name for customers.	Graduate and possesses the specialization in Financial Analysis and Reporting, Development of Systems & Processes, Tax and Corporate Compliances.
Terms and conditions for appointment / reappointment	As per Company Policy on appointment of Board members	As per Company Policy on appointment of Board members
Details of Remuneration sought to be paid and Remuneration last drawn:	As per Nomination and Remuneration Policy	As per Nomination and ration Policy
Number of Board Meetings attended during FY 2022-23:	4/4	NIL
Other Directorship held:	<ol> <li>Simplex Castings Limited</li> <li>Sim Prabha Estates and Trading Company Pvt Ltd.</li> <li>Prabha Plantations Pvt Ltd.</li> <li>SEFW Projects Pvt Ltd.</li> </ol>	NIL
No. of Shares Held (as on 31st March,2023)	52402 (21.83%)	NIL

Name of	Hem Holdings & Trading Limited	Hem Holdings & Trading
committees		Limited
in which he/she	-Audit Committee (Member)	
holds	-Nomination and Remuneration Committee	-Audit Committee (Chairman)
membership/	(Member)	-Nomination and Remuneration
chairmanship	-Stakeholders & Relationship Committee	Committee (Chairman)
	(Member)	-Stakeholders & Relationship
		Committee (Chairman)
Relationship with	Mrs Sangeeta K Shah and Mr Ketan M Shah are	Mr. Sanjay Gupta is not related to
other Directors	related to each other.	any Director(s) of the Company as
and KMPs of the		defined under the provisions of
Company		section 2(77) of the Companies Act,
Company		2013, and is not debarred from
		holding the office of director by
		virtue of any SEBI order or any
		other statutory authority.

### **ANNEXURE-B**

# I THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

- **Step 1** : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- i. The voting period begins on 27<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 (9 A.M IST) and ends on 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 (5 P.M IST). During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 22<sup>nd</sup> September, 2023 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- ii. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- iii. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

- **Step 1** : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- iv. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in	1. Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab.
Demat mode with CDSL Depository	2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
	<ol> <li>If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login &amp; New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.</li> </ol>
	4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <a href="www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> . Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a>
	3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the

	home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

# Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>NSDL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

**Step 2**: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- v. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
  - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website <u>www.evotingindia.com</u>.
  - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.

# 3) Now enter your User ID

- a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
- b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
- c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <a href="www.evotingindia.com">www.evotingindia.com</a> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in
	Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable
	for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
	• Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in
Bank Details	your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
OR Date of	• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter
Birth (DOB)	the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- vi. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- vii. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

- viii. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
  - ix. Click on the EVSN for the relevant Hem Holdings & Trading Limited on which you choose to vote.
  - x. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xi. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xii. After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xiii. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xiv. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xv. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xvi. There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

# xvii. Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <a href="www.evotingindia.com">www.evotingindia.com</a> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a>.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

• Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; cscmameena@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL evoting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

# II INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 8. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

# III PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- 1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in.
- 2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective

Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

IV If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33

V All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL, ) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or call toll free no. 1800 22 55 33.

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Dear Members,

Your directors are pleased to present their 41<sup>st</sup> Annual Report and Accounts of your Company for the year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.

# **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

(Rs in 000)

	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2023	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022
Total Income	1272.33	751.78
Total Expenses	1,358.38	1075.45
Profit before tax	(86.05)	(323.67)
Profit after tax	(136.25)	(323.67)
Other Comprehensive Income	158.57	730.03
Total Comprehensive Income	22.32	406.36

# PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Total income for the Financial Year 2022-23 is Rs. 12.72 Lacs as against Rs. 7.51 lacs in previous year. Total Comprehensive Income is Rs 0.22 Lacs as against of previous year of Rs 4.06 Lacs.

The Company does not have any subsidiary, or associate, or joint venture Company.

## <u>RESERVES</u>

The Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserve Fund during F Y 2022-23.

### DIVIDEND

In order to conserve funds of the Company, for future growth, the Board of Directors regrets that no dividend is being recommended for the year under review.

# TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

No amount is required to be transferred under the provisions of Section 125(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 as there was no dividend declared and paid in last years.

# **REMUNERATION**

As per Section 197(12) read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, no remuneration has been paid to Directors of the Company.

# FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMME OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company conducts the Familiarization Programme for the Independent Directors to provide them an opportunity to familiarize with the Company, its Management and its operation so as to gain a clear understanding of their roles, rights and responsibilities and contribute significantly towards the growth of the Company.

# NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Company continues to consider human resources as its invaluable assets. This policy on nomination and remuneration of directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) and other employees has been formulated in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Agreement.

# MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There are no material changes or commitments occurring after 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, which may affect the financial position of the Company or may require disclosure.

# **COMPLIANCE WITH RBI GUIDELINES**

Your company has adopted "Fair practices Code" and complied and continues to comply with all the applicable regulations, circulars and guidelines issued by the RBI for every NBFC Company from time to time.

# **PUBLIC DEPOSITS**

The Company has not accepted any deposit within the meaning of Section 73 and Section 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rule, 2014 including (any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) for the time being in force).

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As per the provisions of Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the compliance with the specified regulations of Corporate Governance was not applicable on the Company during the financial year 2022-23.

# COST RECORDS AND AUDIT

Maintenance of cost records and requirement of cost audit as prescribed under the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable for the business activities carried out by the Company and accordingly no such accounts and records are made and maintained.

# CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the Financial Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.

# NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

The following Meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the Financial Year 2022-23:

The particulars of the Directors and attendance at the Board Meetings during the year, the attendance in the last Annual General Meeting, number of other directorships (excluding Hem Holdings and Trading Limited) and Committee Memberships as on 31-03-2023 are as follows:

27.05.2022	3/3
12.08.2022	3/3
08.11.2022	3/3
09.02.2023	3/3

Currently the Board has three committees: Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

# **Audit Committee**

The Composition of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company along with the details of the meetings held and attended during the financial year ended 31 st March, 2023 is detailed below:

Date	Audit Committee Attendance
27.05.2022	3/3
12.08.2022	3/3
08.11.2022	3/3
09.02.2023	3/3

Name of the Member(s)	Category	Category	No	of Meeting attended
Anup Kumar Das	Chairman	Independent Director	4/4	
Ketan M Shah	Member	Non-Executive Director	4/4	
Sangeeta K Shah	Member	Managing Director	4/4	

# NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The committee met once during the year on 09.02.2023. The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company along with the details of the meetings held and attended by the members of the Committee during the financial year 2022-23 is detailed below:

Name of the Member(s)	Category	Attendance
Mr. Anup Kumar Das	Independent Director/ Chairman	1/1
Mr. Ketan M Shah	Non- Executive Director/Member	1/1

Mrs Sangeeta K Shah	Managing Director/Member	1/1
	2 11 0 0 0 0 17 17 1 0 1 1 0 1	

# STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE.

The committee met once during the year on 09.02.2023. As on 31 st March, 2023, the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee consists of the following members:

Name of the Member(s)	Category	Attendance
Mr. Anup Kumar Das	Independent Director/ Chairman	1/1
Mr. Ketan M Shah	Non- Executive Director/Member	1/1
Mrs Sangeeta K Shah	Managing Director/Member	1/1

# DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors hereby confirm that:

- a) In the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with proper explanations relating to material departures, if any;
- b) They have selected such Accounting Policies and applied them consistently and made judgment and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31, 2023 and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- c) To the best of their knowledge and information, they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) They have prepared the Annual Accounts on a Going Concern basis;
- e) They have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- f) There is a proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY & FOREIGN EXCHANGE

The Company is not a manufacturing Company and as such no provisions of Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are attracted. It is further stated that there was no inflow and outflow of foreign exchange.

# INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (IND AS)

Pursuant to the notification, issued by The Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated February 16, 2015 relating to the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, the Company has adopted "IND AS" with effect from April 01, 2019.

# RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company constantly manages monitors and reports on the principal risk and uncertainties that can have an impact on the Company. Your directors keep a close watch on the risk prone areas and take actions from time to time.

# INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The Company has an adequate Internal Control System, commensurate with its size, scale and operations to ensure proper recording of financial and operational information and compliance of various internal control and other regulatory and statutory compliance. During the year no reportable material weakness in the design or operation were observed.

# **DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

In accordance with the provision of Section 152 of Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Ketan M Shah, director shall be retiring by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer himself for reappointment.

During the year under review, the Company has appointed Mrs Akanksha Kotwani as Company Secretary of the Company with effect from 14.02.2023 in place of Mrs. Pooja Hirwani.

# STATUTORY AUDITORS

The members of the Company at the 39th Annual General Meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 has approved the appointment of M/s. Harsh Jain & Associates , Chartered Accountants, Durg , having ICAI Firm Registration No. 007639C as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of one year, from the conclusion of the 39th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 40th Annual General Meeting of the Company going to be held in the year 2022.

Accordingly, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and confirmation received from M/s. Harsh Jain & Associates , Chartered Accountants, Durg , having ICAI Firm Registration No. 007639C on their eligibility, the Board recommends to the members for the re-appointment of M/s Harsh Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Durg , as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold the office for a period of five year from the conclusion of this  $40^{\rm th}$  Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of  $45^{\rm th}$  Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2027 subject to approval of members of the Company in ensuring Annual General Meeting of the Company.

# SECRETARIAL AUDITOR AND THEIR REPORT

Meena Naidu from Meena Naidu & Associates, Practicing Company secretary had been appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the FY 2022-23. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended 31 st March, 2023 is annexed herewith as **Annexure-II** to this Report.

# FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS

The Statutory Auditors or Secretarial Auditor of the Company have not reported any frauds under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, including rules made thereunder.

# EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming the part of the extract of Annual return as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 in form MGT-9 in accordance with Section 92(3) of the Company Act, 2013 read with Companies (Management and Administration) Rule, 2014 is annexed herewith as **Annexure-III** to this report.

# RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There is no materially significant Related Party Transaction made by the Company during the year that would require shareholders approval under the Listing Regulations. Details of the transaction with Related Parties are provided in accompanying financial statement. There was no transaction during the year which would require to be reported in form no AOC-2.

# PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

During the Financial Year 2022-23, no Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 was made by the Company. Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments outstanding as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 are given in the notes to the financial statements.

# CHANGE IN CAPITAL STRUTURE AND LISTING OF SHARES

Presently the Company's shares are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). There are no changes in Capital Structure during the F.Y ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023. Your company has not issued equity shares with differential rights as to dividends, voting or otherwise, and does not have ESOP scheme for its employees/Directors.

# PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

There was no employee receiving remuneration attracting provisions of section 134(3)(q) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) & (3) of Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

### DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

Your Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Schedules and Rules issued thereunder as well as Regulation 16(1) (b) of Listing Regulations (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) for the time being in force). In accordance with the provision of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, none of Independent Director is liable to retire by rotation.

# PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE BOARD, ITS COMMITTEES AND INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS

Meeting the requirements of the statue and considering Boards Performance evaluation as an important step for a board to transit to a higher level of performance, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has laid down a comprehensive framework for carrying out the evaluation prescribed in the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules issued thereunder and the Listing Regulations (including any statutory modifications or re- enactment (s) for the time being in force). The process for evaluation of the annual performance of the Director/Board/Committees was carried out. The overall outcome was positive.

# **VIGIL MECHANISM**

A Vigil Mechanism Policy for Directors and employee of the Company is constituted as per Section 177 (9) to provide a mechanism which ensures adequate safeguards to employees and Directors from any victimization on rising of concerns of any violations of legal or regulatory requirements, incorrect or misrepresentation of any financial statements and report etc.

# NBFC LICENSE

Hem Holdings and Trading Limited is one of the certified non-deposit accepting (Category-B) NBFC business institution from Reserve Bank of India engaged in investments and other investment advisory financial services. Hem Holdings and Trading limited since 1980 has been engaged in providing quality services in field of Investment and buying, selling, underwriting, investing, acquire and hold securities of every kind whether issued by Companies operating within India or outside.

# **GENERAL**

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:-

- (a) The Company is not covered under Section 135(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as such no disclosure regarding Corporate Social Responsibility is required under the said section or applicable rules.
- (b) Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme save and except ESOS referred to in this Report.
- (c) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- (d) Your Company has not made any one time settlement with any of its lenders.
- (e) There is no application filed or made under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy, 2016.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

A detailed report on the Management Discussion and Analysis in terms Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is enclosed as **Annexure-I.** 

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

Your Directors wishes to express its gratitude and record their appreciation for the commitment and dedicated efforts put in by all the employees. Your director take this opportunity of expressing the assistance and co-operation extended to the Company by banks, employees, members and all other persons.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Ketan Moolchand Shah)
DIRECTOR

DIN: 00312343

(Sangeeta Ketan Shah)
DIRECTOR
DIN: 05322039

Place: Bhilai Date: 13.06.2023

# **ANNEXURE-I**

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

# MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

In FY2023, the Indian economy was facing challenges on multiple fronts. The consumer inflation was on the rise, inching beyond the RBI's tolerance range, and remaining above it for an extended period of 12 months. This induced the RBI to follow in the footsteps of its global peers by raising interest rates and reducing excess liquidity in the banking system. Other major areas of concern arose in the form of elevated commodity prices leading to rising Current Account Deficit (CAD) and depreciation of the Indian rupee, and domestic weather conditions like excessive heat and unseasonal rains keeping food prices high. However, despite these challenges, India emerged as the fastest growing major economy in the world with a GDP growth of 7% in FY2023. The capital markets were particularly dynamic in the Financial Year 2022-23 following major events such as the Ukraine war, persistent rise in core inflation, central bankers turning hawkish, and liquidity crunch in banks in developed nations.

These can also be correlated with the events as they unfolded around the globe. The start to the financial year 2022-23 was particularly challenging as Russia's invasion of Ukraine was the most significant event impacting not only geopolitics but also commodity and energy markets. Russia's 'special military operation' essentially broke a major source of world's energy, and food supply chains, leading to a spiralling spike in fuel, food, and raw material prices. This further put inflation in overdrive in various countries due to energy and commodity rising to record highs following economic sanctions on Russia, with the US recording the highest inflation rate in 40 years. This induced central banks around the world to implement tectonic shift in their monetary policy stance from being dovish to hawkish and set on an aggressive rate hiking cycle. The US Federal Rate is above the high set before the 2008 subprime crisis, rising more than 500 bps to 5% to 5.25%.

Similarly, many other central banks such as European Central Bank, Canadian Central Bank and England Central Bank have aggressively raised rates to curb core inflation induced by supply chain issues. This also induced FPIs to exit emerging markets, with India also witnessing record FPI outflows of INR 1,40,010 crores in FY2021-22 and INR 37,632 crores in FY 2022-23. However, the start to financial year 2023-24 has been promising.

The strong start to the financial year 2023-24 has been backed by consecutive monthly foreign buying. It will prudent to mention here that we feel that market outlook is pricing in further gradual decrease in inflation, on the back of falling commodity prices. This has led to a gap between central bank commentary and asset pricing. While the market is pricing in an end of the interest rate hiking cycle, central banks such as the US Federal Reserve has indicated further hikes to completely stamp out inflation. The hawkish commentary can be seen as fear of return of the hyper-inflationary cycle of 1980s in the US, where the Federal Reserve at that time prematurely backed off from the hawkish stance. However, having pointed the risk, it is also pertinent to note that India seems to be in particularly sweet spot, having the highest projected growth rate of all major economies, and near zero probability of recession.

Industry Overview and Outlook for our company

NBFCs have become an important constituent of the Indian economy, having recorded a higher credit growth than scheduled commercial banks over the past few years. This can be attributed to specialised nature of each NBFC providing customised products as per needs of its target markets. Further, lower transaction

costs, quick decision making, and better customer orientation have also aided this shift. The growing importance of NBFCs is also reflected in rising proportion of credit to GDP. This is particularly impressive, given the Covid-19 shock experienced by the industry over an extended period in the last few financial years. Picking up on this trend and our expertise in the capital markets segment, we announced earlier in this financial year 2023-24 that we have launched 'Loan Against Securities' to cater to the growing base of retail investors in India. This shall allow to focus and grow a core segment within the company. As reflected in our financials, we have invested in the capital markets and constantly optimising our equity portfolio to generate higher returns. This increased focus on our own portfolio, and interaction with other market participants allowed us to identify the gaps and issues faced by retail and other smaller institutional investors with respect to monetising their equity holdings in time of need. While we acknowledge the presence of marquee names such as Bajaj Finance, IIFL Finance, Mirae Asset Finance among others providing this product, the market is still in its nascent stages in line with the capital markets of India, which is on track to have a dominant performance globally over the next few decades. Further, as we entrench ourselves in the capital markets and its supply chain, we shall launch new products and keep optimising our own equity portfolio to provide the growth engines for our company to reach new hights

# **OPPORTUNITIES & THREATS**

# Opportunities

- Increase in Income levels will aid greater penetration of financial products.
- Positive regulatory reforms.
- Increase in corporate growth & risk appetite.
- Greater efficiency in debt market operations which will also help greater penetration.
- Increased securitization.
- Focus on selling new product/services.

## **Threats**

- Inflation could trigger increase in consumer price inflation, which would dampen growth.
- Increased competition in both local & overseas markets.
- Unfavorable economic development.
- Market risk arising from changes in the value of financial instruments as a result of changes in market variables like interest rate and exchange rates.

# **HUMAN RESOURCE**

The Company keeps developing its organizational structure consistently over time. Efforts are made to follow excellent Human Resource practices. Adequate efforts of the staff and management personnel are directed on imparting continuous training to improve the management practices.

The objective of your Company is to create a workplace where every person can achieve his or her full potential. The employees are encouraged to put in their best. Lot of hard work is put in to ensure that new and innovative ideas are given due consideration to achieve the short- and long-term objectives of your company.

# INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND ITS ADEQUACY

The Company believes that strong internal control system and processes play a critical role in the health of the Company. The Company's well-defined organizational structure, documented policy guidelines, defined authority matrix and internal controls ensure efficiency of operations, compliance with internal policies and applicable laws and regulations as well as protection of resources. Moreover, the Company continuously upgrades these processes and systems in line with the best available practices. The internal control system is supplemented by extensive internal audits, regular reviews by the management and standard policies and guidelines which ensure reliability of financial and all other records. The Company has, in material respect, an adequate internal financial control over financial reporting and such controls are operating effectively.

# **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT**

The statements in the "Management Discussion and Analysis Report" section describes the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations and predictions, which may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the applicable laws and regulations. The annual results can differ materially from those expressed or implied, depending upon the economic and climatic conditions, Government policies and other incidental factors.

# **ANNEXURE-II**

# FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETERIAL AUDIT REPORT

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule No.9 of the Companies

(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED 601/602A, FAIRLINK CENTRE, OFF ANDHERI LINK ROAD, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI, M.H 400053

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED, (hereinafter called "the company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made herein after:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- 1. The Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder;
- 2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the rules made thereunder;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder to the extent of Regulation 76 of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;
- 4. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of NBFC regulation for non accepting public Deposit;
- 5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations,

2011;

- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; [Not applicable to the Company during the audit period];
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; [Not applicable to the Company during the audit period];
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; [Not applicable to the Company during the audit period];
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client.
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 [Not applicable to the Company during the audit period]; and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 to the extent applicable; [Not applicable to the Company during the audit period];

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clause of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and the Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited. We have not examined Financial Laws and necessary Rules, as the same has been audited by other independent Professionals.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting .

All decisions at the Board Meetings and Committees Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

We have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers for systems and mechanism framed by the Company for compliances under other Acts, Laws and Regulations applicable to the Company.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules , regulations and guidelines as mentioned above.

We further report that during the audit period there were no specific events / actions having a major bearing on the affairs of the company.

For Meena Naidu & Associates Company Secretaries FRN: S2022CG465700

Peer Review Certificate No.: 1522/2021

MEENA NAIDU Mem No : A28193 COP NO :23853 Date : 13/06/2023

Place: Bhilai

UDIN: A028193E000482636

#### ANNEXURE 'A'

To, The Members, HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED 601/602A, FAIRLINK CENTRE, OFF ANDHERI LINK ROAD, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI, M.H 400053

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed proved a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Account of the Company.
- 4. Whereever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Meena Naidu & Associates Company Secretaries

FRN: S2022CG465700

Peer Review Certificate No.: 1522/2021

MEENA NAIDU Mem No : A28193 COP NO :23853 Date : 13/06/2023

Place: Bhilai

UDIN: A028193E000482636

			OF ANNUAL						
			the Financial						
		[Pursuant to section		Compan f the	ies Act	, 2013 and	d rule 12(1)		
		Companies (N	Management ar		nistratio	on) Rules.	. 20141		
		1	<u> </u>			, ,	<u>,                                     </u>		
I. RI	EGIST	TRATION AND O	THER DETA	AILS:					
i)		CIN:			Le	55990MH	1982PLC02		
ii)		Registration D					01/04/19	_	
iii)		Name of the Con		Н			AND TRAD		MITED
iv)	1	gory / Sub-Category	of the	Company Limited By Shares INDIAN NON- GOVERNMENT COMPAN			ID A NIXI		
)		pany	1 00*						
v)	Address of the Registered office and contact details						LINK CEN		
		andcontact de	etans	ANDHERI LINKROAD, ANDHERI (W),			w),		
				MUMBAI, MAHARASHTRA - 400053					
vi)	V	Whether listed compar	ny Yes / No	YES					
	Na	me, Address and Cor	ntact details	LIN	K INTI	IME IND	IA PRIVAT	E LIMI	TED
vii)	of	Registrar and Transfe	er Agent, if	C10	1,1ST	FLC	OOR, 2	47 PA	RK,
	an	у				LAL	BAHAI		
				SHASTRI MARG, VIKHROLI (WEST),					
						MUMB	3AICITY, M 400083	UMBAI	_
							400003		
II. P	RINC	IPAL BUSINESS	ACTIVITIE	S OF T	HE C	OMPAN	Υ		
All t		iness activities contri	buting 10 % or	more of	the tot	al turnove	er of the com	pany sha	ll be
-	NO.	Name and Descript	ion of main pro	oducts /		NIC C	Code of the	% to	total
		services	•			Produ	ct/ service	turnover of	
							thecompany		
1	1 INTEREST				-			100%	
TIT I	ADT	ICIII ADC OF HO	I DINC CH	DCIDI	DVA	NID ACC	OCLATE	COMD	NITEC
111. 1   -	PARI	ICULARS OF HO	LDING, SUI	BSIDIA	KY A	.ND A55	OCIATE	COMPA	ANIES
Sl.	NAN	ME AND ADDRESS	CIN/GLN		HOLD	DING/	%of	Appli	cabl
No.				SUBSIDIAR Y/		OIAR	share	e	
							S	Section	
							held		
4 675		HOLDWAR : ==		NIL	DE ~	A Dame : =	. DDE : ***	ID 4 6	
1		HOLDING PATT FAGEOF TOTAL	` -	FY SHA	ARE C	APITAI	L BREAKU	JP AS	
i) NO. OF SHARES AT THE				NO. OF SHARES AT THE END			%		
CATEGOR BEGINNINGOF THE YEAR					OF	THE YEAR		CHA	
YWISE								NGE	
SHAI NG	REHO!	LDI							DUR

CATEGORY	DEM	PHY	TOTAL	%	DEM	PHY	TOTAL		ING
0	AT	SI		OF	AT	SI		TOT	THE
F SHAREHOLDE		CA		TOT		CA		AL	YEA
RS		L		AL		L		SHA	R
KS				SHA				RES	
				RES					
A. Promotors									
(1) Indian	101,40	-	101,405	42.25	1,05,705	-	1,05,705	44.04 %	1.79%
(a) Individual/ HUF			-	0.00%	-		-	0.00%	-
(b) Central Govt	-		-	0.00%	-		-	0.00%	-
(c) State Govt.	-		-	0.00%	-		-	0.00%	-
(d)Body	23,043	-	23,043	9.60%	23,043		23,043	9.60%	_
Corporat						-			
e									
(e) Banks/ FI	-	_	_	0.00%	_	-	_	0.00%	-
(f) Any other	-	-	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	-
Subtotal (A) (1):	1,24,448	-	1,24,448	51.85 %	1,28,748	-	1,28,748	53.65 %	1.79%
(2) Foreign	0	-	-	0.00%	0	-	-	0.00%	-
(a) NRI	0			0.00%	0			0.00%	-
Individua		_	-			-	-		
	0			0.00%	0			0.00%	
(b) Other Individual	0	-	-	0.00%	0	-	-	0.00%	-
(c) Body	0	_	_	0.00%	0	_		0.00%	-
Corporate	0			0.000/				0.000/	
(d) Banks/ FI	0	-	-	0.00%	0	-	-	0.00%	-
(e) Any other	0	-	-	0.00	0	-	-	0.00%	-
Subtotal (A) (2):									_
Total	1,24,448	-	1,24,448	51.85	1,28,748	-	1,28,748	53.65	1.79%
Shareholding				%				%	
0									
fPromotors (A)									
= (A)(1)+(A)(2)									
	1	I	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	
B. Public Shareho	olding								
(1) Institutions	0	-	-	0.00%		-	-	0.00%	-
(a) Mutual Fund	0	-	-	0.00%		-	-	0.00%	-
(b) Banks/ FI	0	-	-	0.00%	0	-	-	0.00%	-

(c) Central Govt	0	-	-	0.00%	0	-	-	0.00%	-
(d) State Govt (s)	0	-	<b> </b> -	0.00%	0	-	-	0.00%	-
(e)	0			0.00%	0			0.00%	-
Ventur		-	-			-	-		
eCapital Fund									
(f)Insuranc	0			0.00%	0			0.00%	-
e		-	-			-	_		
Companies									
(g) FII	0	-	-	0.00%	0	-	-	0.00%	-
(h) Foreign	0			0.00%	0			0.00%	-
Venture Capital							_		
(i) Funds	0			0.00	0			0.00%	-
other		-	-	<b>%</b>		_	_		
(Specify)									
Subtotal (B) (1):	0	-	_	0.00%	0	-	_	0.00%	-
(2)Non-Institutions									
(a) Body Corporate									

i) Indian	0	-	-	0%	0	-	-	0%	-
ii) Overseas	0	-	-	0%	0	-	-	0%	_
(b) Individuals									
i)	57,450	58,102	1,15,552	48.15%	53,150	58102	111252		(1.79%)
holdin								46.36%	
gnominal shares									
capital upto 2									
lakh									
ii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
holdin									
gnominal									
shares									
capital in excess of 1									
l lakh									
(c) HUF	0	-	_	0%	0	_	  -	0%	_
Subtotal (B) (2)	57,450	58,102	1,15,552	48.15%	-	58102	111252	46.36%	(1.79%
	07,100	00,102	1,10,002		23,130	20102	111202	10.2070	)
Total	57,450	58,102	1,15,552	48.15%	53,150	58102	111252	46.36%	(1.79%
Publi	, , , , ,		, -,						
cShareholding									
(B)									
= (B)(1)+(B)(2)									
C. Shares held by	-	-	-	-					-
Custodian									
fo									
rGDRs & ADRs									
Grand	181,898	58,102	240,000	100%	1,81,89	58,102	240,000	100%	-
Total					8				
(A+B+C)					<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

(ii)	(ii). SHAREHOLDING OF PROMOTERS							
S	SHAREHOLDE	SHARE	SHAREHOLDING			HOLDIN	G AT	%CHANGE
R.	R'S NAME	ATTHE			THEEND OF THE YEAR			IN
N		BEGINNINGOF						<b>SHARE</b>
О		THE YEAR						HOLDING
		NO.	% OF	%OF	NO.OF	<b>%</b>	%OF	DURING
		OF	TOT	SHA	<b>SHARE</b>	O	SHAR	THE YEAR
		<b>SHAR</b>	$\mathbf{AL}$	RES	S	$\mathbf{F}$	ES	
		ES	SHA	PLE		TOTAL	PLED	
			RES	D		SHARE	G	
			OF	<b>GED</b>		S	<b>ED</b> /	
			THE	/ENC		O	<b>ENCU</b>	
			COM	<b>UMB</b>		FTHE	M	
			PAN	ERED		COMP	BERE	
			Y	TO		ANY	DTO	
				TOT			<b>TOTA</b>	
				$\mathbf{AL}$			L	
				SHA			SHAR	

				RES			ES	
1	KETAN M. SHAH	52,402	21.83	-	52402	21.83%	-	0.00%
	PRABHA							
2	PLANTATION SPVT. LTD	21,443	8.93%	-	21,443	8.93%	-	0.0%
3	SIM PRABHA							
3	ESTATES&	1,600	0.67%		1,600	0.67%	-	0.0%
	TRADING COPVT.							
	LTD.							
4	SANGEETA K SHAH	49,003	20.41%		53,303	22.21%		1.79%
		1,000	0.11/0		23,303	1 / U		1.17/0
	TOTAL PROMOTER	1,24,448	51.85%		1,28,748	53.65%		1.79%
	SHAREHOLDIN			-			-	
	$\mathbf{G}$							

(iii). CHANGE IN PE THEREIS NO CHAN		S' SHAREH	IOLI	OING (1	PLEASE SP	ECIFY, IF
PADTICIII ADS		IOLDING EGINNING AR		SHAR G AT	ULATIVE EHOLDIN THE END IE YEAR	Date 31/03/2023
PARTICULARS	NO. OF SHARE S	% OF TOTAL SHARES FTHE COMPAN	O IY	NO. OF SHA R ES	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF TH	
					COMPA	

				NY	
KETAN M SHAH	52,402	21.83%	52,402	21.83%	No Change
SANGEETA K SHAH	49,003	20.41%			
Purchase 08.04.2022	2100	0.88%			
PURCHASE 14.10.2022	2200	0.92%			
TOTAL			53,303	22.21%	1.79%
PRABHA					
PLANTATIONSPVT.					
LTD	21,443	8.93%	21,443	8.93%	No Change
SIM PRABHA					
ESTATES& TRADING					
CO PVT. LTD.	1,600	0.67%	1,600	0.67%	No Change

		SHAREHO ATTHE B OF THE Y	EGINNING	SHAREHOLDING AT THEEND OF THE YEAR		
SI N o	PARTICULARS	NO. OF SHARE S	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF TH E COMPA N Y	NO. OF SHARE S	% OF TOTAL SHARES OF THE COMPANY	
01.	CHANDRI NAVEEN SHAH	5000	2.08%	5000	2.08%	
02.	LILA MAHENDRA SHAH	4500	1.87%	4500	1.87%	
03.	UTPAL DUTTA	2300	0.958%	2300	0.958%	
04	SHANKAR TARAFDAR	2300	0.958%	2300	0.958%	
05.	RANJEET SINGH	2250	0.937%	2250	0.937%	
06.	PRADEEPKUMAR DHURVE	2200	0.916%	2200	0.916%	

07.	BHARATBHUSHAN MAJUMDAR	2200	0.916%	0	0.916%
08.	MAHENDRAPRATAP SINGH	2200	0.916%	2200	0.916%
09.	NARENDRA YADU	2200	0.916%	2200	0.916%
10.	SAJAL KUMAR GHOSH	2200	0.916%	2200	0.916%`
11.	ARPITA CHAKLADAR	2200	0.916%`	2200	0.916%`

(v). SHAREHOLDING PATTERN OF DIRECTORS AND KEY									
MANAGERIALPE	MANAGERIALPERSONNEL								
	SHAREHOLD		SHAREHOLDING AT						
	THE BEGINN	THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		THEEND					
	THE YEAR			OF THE YEAR					
PARTICULARS	NO. OF	0/0	NO. OF	% OF					
	SHARES	O	SHARES	TOTAL					
		F		SHARES					
		TOTA		0					
		L		FTHE					
		SHARE		COMPANY					
		S							
		O							
		FTHE							
		COMPAN							
KETAN M. SHAH	52,402	21.83%	52,402	21.83%					
SANGEETA K SHAH	49,003	20.41%							
Purchase 08.04.2022	2100								
		0.88%							
PURCHASE 14.10.2022	2200	0.92%							
TOTAL			53,303	22.21%					
ANUP K. DAS	-	-	0	0.00					

INDEBTEDNESS OF THE COMPANY INCLUDING INTEREST OUTSTANDING/ACCRUEDBUT NOT DUE FOR PAYMENT						
PARTICULARS	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecure dLoans	Deposits	<b>Total Indebtedness</b>		
Indebtedness at the						
beginning of the financial						
year						
i) Principal Amount						
ii) Interest due but not paid						

iii) Interest accrued but not	NIL
Total(i+ii+iii)	
Change in Indebtedness	
duringthe financial year	
- Addition	
- Reduction	
Net Change	
Indebtedness at the end of the	
financial year	
i) Principal Amount	
ii) Interest accrued but not due	
iiI) Interest due but not paid	

Total (i+ii+iii)	
------------------	--

	VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS  A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole- time Directors and/or Manager:					
SN	Particulars of Remuneration	Mrs Sangeeta Ketan Shah(Managing Director)	Mr Ketan M Shah (Non-Executive Director)			
1	Gross salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961					
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2)Income-tax Act, 1961					
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	NIL	NIL			
2	Stock Option	]	1.22			
3	Sweat Equity	1				
	Commission	]				
4	<ul><li>as % of profit</li><li>others, specify</li></ul>					
5	Others, please specify					
	Total (A)	1				
	Ceiling as per the Act					

# **B.** Remuneration to other Directors (Rs in Lacs)

D. 11	emuneration to other Directors (143 h	n Lacs,		
SN	Particulars of Remuneration	Mr.	Anup	Total Amount
		Kumar		
			Da	
		s(w.e.f		
		14.08.20	021)	
	Independent Directors		·	

1	Fee for attending board committee meetings	0.00	0.00
	Commission		
	Others, please specify		
	Total (1)	0.00	0.00
2	Other Non-Executive Directors		
	Fee for attending board committee meetings		
	Commission		
	Others, please specify		
	Total (2)		
	Total (B)=(1+2)	0.00	0.00

# C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD (Rs in Lacs)

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Mrs. Pooja Hirwani (CS)	Mrs Akanksha Kotwani	Total Amount
1	Gross salary  (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961  (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income Tax Act, 1961  (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961	2.22	0.15	2.37
2	Stock Option			
3	Sweat Equity			
5	-as % of profit -others, specify Others, please specify			
3	Total	2.22	0.15	2.37

# VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

There were no penalties, punishments or compounding of offences during the year ended 31st March,2023.

# For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Ketan Moolchand Shah) DIRECTOR DIN: 00312343

Place: Bhilai Date: 13.06.2023 (Sangeeta Ketan Shah) DIRECTOR DIN: 05322039

### ANNEXURE – IV

# NON APPLICABILITY OF SUBMISSION OF REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AS PER EXEMPTION GIVEN OF CHAPTER IV OF SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015

To the Members
HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED

This is to certify that as per Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the compliance with the corporate governance provisions as specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of Sub Regulation (2) of regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of Schedule V shall not be applicable in respect of: The Listed Entity having paid-up equity share capital not exceeding Rs. 10.00 Crore and net worth not exceeding Rs. 25.00 Crore as on the last day of the previous financial year. With regard to same, we would like to draw your kind attention that the paidup equity share capital of the Company does not exceed rupees Ten Crore and Net Worth does not exceed rupees Twenty Five Crore as on 31.03.2023. Therefore it is not required to submit Report on Corporate Governance.

Place: Bhilai For and on behalf of the Board

Date: 13.06.2023

Sangeeta Ketan Shah MANAGING DIRECTOR

# CERTIFICATE FROM COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE (Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members
Hem Holdings and Trading Limited
601/602A, Fairlink Center, Off Andheri Link Road Andheri (W), Mumbai – 400053

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Hem Holdings and Trading Limited having (CIN: L65990MH1982PLC026823) and having registered office at 601/602A, Fairlink Center, Off Andheri Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumbai – 400053 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub-clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number ('DIN') status at the portal (<a href="www.mca.gov.in">www.mca.gov.in</a>) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'), or any such other Statutory Authority.

SL No	Name of the Director	DIN	Date of
			Appointment in
			Company
1.	Ketan M Shah	00312343	29/01/2011
2.	Sangeeta K Shah	05322039	18/03/2014
3.	Anup Kumar Das	09248995	14/08/2021

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Meena Naidu & Associates

Company Secretaries FRN: S2022CG465700

Peer Review Certificate No.: 1522/2021

MEENA NAIDU Mem No : A28193 COP NO :23853 Date : 13/06/2023

Place: Bhilai

UDIN: A028193E 000482647

### ANNEXURE-VI

# COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER [Pursuant to Regulation 17(8)] OF SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015

To, The Board of Directors Hem Holdings & Trading Limited

We the undersigned, in our respective capacities as CEO and Chief Financial Officer to the best of our knowledge and belief certify that:

- a. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:
- i. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- ii. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b. We further state that to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- c. We are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting of the Company and have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
- i. Significant changes, if any, in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
- ii. Significant changes, if any, in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
- iii. No significant fraud witnessed during the year.

(Ashish Tayal)

Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive officer

# STATUTORY AUDIT REPORT OF

HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED

For the period from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023

# HARSH JAIN & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Phone No.: 0788-2325482 (Office)

Mobile No.: 93296-99700 E-mail: caharsh.jain@gmail.com

### HARSH JAIN

(B.Com., LLB, FCA, DISA (ICA), DIRM)

"Saroj Chambers"

Opp. Gurudwara, Station Road,

Durg (C.G.) 491001

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Members of,
HEM HOLDINGS AND TRADING LIMITED
CIN-L65990MH1982PLC026823
Registered Address:- 601/602A,
FAIRLINK CENTRE, OPP. ANDHERI LINK ROAD,
ANDHERI (WEST) MUMBAI MH 400053

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Hem Holding & Trading Limited (the 'Company'), which comprise the standalone balance sheet as at 31st March 2023, and the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the 'standalone financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2023, loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SAs') specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Kev Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. - NIL

# **Principal Audit Procedures:**

We have started our audit procedures with understanding of the internal control environment related to impairment loss allowance. Our procedures over internal controls focused on recognition and measurement of impairment loss allowance. We assessed the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the selected key controls implemented by the Company.

We also assessed whether the impairment methodology used by the company is in line with Ind AS 109 "Financial instruments" requirements. Particularly we assessed the approach of the Company regarding definition of default, Probability of Default, Loss Given Default and incorporation of forward-looking information for the calculation of ECL.

For loans and advances which are assessed for impairment on a portfolio basis we performed particularly the following procedures:

- We tested the reliability of key data inputs and related management controls;
- We checked the stage classification as at the balance sheet date as per definition of default of the company;
- We validated the ECL model and calculation by involving our Information Technology Expert;
- We have also calculated the ECL provision manually for a selected sample; and
- We have assessed the assumptions made by the Company in making accelerated provision considering forward looking information and based on an event in a particular geographical range.

For loans and advances which are written off during the year under audit, we read and understood the methodology and policy laid down and implemented by the Company in this regard along with its compliance on sample basis.

# Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion & Analysis, Director's Report and Corporate Governance Report but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our-auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the

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work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the **Annexure** "B" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, no remuneration has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses during the year ended 31st March, 2023.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For, Harsh Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants, FRN-007639C

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CA Harsh Jain (Partner) Mem. No. 076736

UDIN: 23046436BGPLOP5887

Place: Durg

Date: 30.05.2023

# ANNEXURE - A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Hem Holdings and Trading Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that,

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by ICAI.

For, Harsh Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants

FRN-007639C

CA Harsh Jain

(Partner)

Mem. No.076736

UDIN: 230767368GPL075887

Place: Durg

Date: 30.05.2023

# Annexure 'B' to the Auditors' Report -

The Annexure referred to in our Report to the members of Hem Holdings and Trading Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

- i. In respect of its Fixed Assets:
  - a. (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
    - (B) In respect of its Intangible assets, there being no intangible assets, this clause is not applicable.
  - b. As explained to us, the Company has a program for the physical verification of fixed assets at periodic intervals. In our opinion, the period of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets. No significant discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - c. We have inspected the original deeds of the immovable properties of the company held as fixed assets which are in the custody of the Company. Based on our audit procedures and the information and explanation received by us, we report that all title deeds of immovable properties of the company held as fixed assets are held in the name of the Company.
  - d. The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
  - e. No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the "Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and Rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) In respect of its Inventories, there being no inventory, this clause is not applicable.
  - (b) During any point of time of the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working
     capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- iii. In respect of investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties:
  - a. (A) The company has granted loan/advances to associate company and year-end balance was Rs. 4,68,656/- and the company has made investments in associate company and year-end balance was Rs. 19,89,395/-
  - (B) The company has not granted loan/advances to parties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.
  - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the company's interest.
  - c. According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no stipulation as to receipt of principal and interest.
  - d. According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no overdue amount of loans granted to the companies.



- e. There is no such loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- f. The Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to associate company, and the year-end balance was Rs. 4,68,656/-, percentage thereof to the total loans granted was 100% and the company has made investments in associate company and year-end balance was Rs. 19,89,395/- percentage thereof to the total investments was 100%.
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with provisions 4 of Section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the period to which the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder are applicable.
- vi. According to the information and explanations provided by the management, the Company is not engaged in production of any such goods or provision of any such services for which Central Govt. has prescribed particulars relating to utilization of material or labor or other items of cost. Hence, no cost records as prescribed by the central government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, have been prepared by the Company.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
  - a. According to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess, Goods & Service Tax and other statutory dues have been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at 31st March 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.
  - b. There are no disputed statutory dues.
- viii. No transactions are being recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) The company is not a declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - (c) The company has not applied for any term loans during the year.
  - (d) The company has not raised any funds on short term basis which has utilized for long term purposes.
  - (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.



- (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) The company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year were applied for the purposes for which those are raised.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- xi. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year that causes the financial statements to be materially misstated.
  - (b) No report under sub-Section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) the auditor has not received any whistle-blower complaints.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company as prescribed under section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- xv. The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as prescribed under section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- xvi. (a) The Company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and it has obtained the registration.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined under the Regulations by the Reserve Bank of India.
- xvii. the Company has incurred cash profit in the current financial year of Rs 71,451/- and in the immediately preceding financial year cash loss of Rs. 2,76,000/-.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- xix. As per our opinion, there is no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.



- (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) The company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year were applied for the purposes for which those are raised.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- xi. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year that causes the financial statements to be materially misstated.
  - (b) No report under sub-Section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) the auditor has not received any whistle-blower complaints.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company as prescribed under section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- xv. The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as prescribed under section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- xvi. (a) The Company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and it has obtained the registration.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined under the Regulations by the Reserve Bank of India.
- xvii. the Company has incurred cash profit in the current financial year of Rs 71,451/- and in the immediately preceding financial year cash loss of Rs. 2,76,000/-.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- xix. As per our opinion, there is no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.



# HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED

CIN:- L65990MH1982PLC026823

Address:- 601/602-A, FAIRLINK CENTRE, OPP. ANDHERI LINK ROAD, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI-400053

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023

(Rs. '000)

		(RS. C	,001
Particulars	Note no.	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
ASSETS			7.5
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	6,540.12	3,070.04
Receivables	5	12,548.04	12,548.04
oans	6	468.66	3,690.77
nvestments	7	1,989.40	1,775.12
Other financial assets	8	2.05	2.05
Total financial assets		21,548.26	21,086.01
Non-financial assets			
Current tax assets (net)	9	64.21	73.68
Deferred tax assets (net)	21		
Property, plant and equipment	10	3,076.55	3,234.05
Total non-financial asset		3,140.76	3,307.73
Total Assets		24,689.02	24,393.74
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES Financial liabilities Payables			
Trade payables			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises			
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and			
small enterprises	11(a)	7.26	30.54
(II) Other payables			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises			
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and			
small enterprises	11(b)	58.10	74.20
Other financial liabilities	11(c)	209.00	
Total financial liabilities		274.36	104.74
Non-financial liabilities	21	50.20	
Current tax liabilities (net) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	21	57.40	1.69
Other non-financial liabilities	12	0.83	3.40
Total non-financial liabilities		108.42	5.08
Total Liabilities		382.78	109.82
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	13	2,400.00	2,400.00
Other equity	14	21,906.24	21,883.92
Total Equity		24,306.24	24,283.92
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>		24,689.02	24,393.74
Significant accounting policies & notes to Financial Statements	2		

In terms of our report of even date attached

For, M/s Harsh Jain & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

FRN: 007639C

Si

CA Harsh Jain

Partner

Mem. No. 076736

UDIN: 23076736BGPLOP5887

Place: Durg Date: 30.05.2023 For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ketan M Shah

Director DIN-00312343

Sangeeta K Shah Managing Director DIN- 05322039

Akansha Kotwani Company Secretary

Ashish Tayal Chief Financial Officer Juliala

# HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED

CIN:- L65990MH1982PLC026823
Address:- 601/602-A, FAIRLINK CENTRE, OPP. ANDHERI LINK ROAD, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI-400053

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on 31.03.2023

(Rs. '000

			(Rs. '	000)
	Particulars	Note no.	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
	Revenue from Operations	15	3	
	Dividend Income			NAME OF THE PARTY
	Interest Income	-	642.09	432.38
	Total revenue from operations		642.09	432.38
	Other Income	16_	630.24	319.40
	Total Income	-	1,272.33	751.78
	Expenses			
	Finance Costs	17	2.42	4.01
	Employee benefits expenses	18	258.15	190.16
	Depreciation and amortization	19	157.50	47.67
	Other expenses	20_	940.32	833.61
	Total expenses	_	1,358.38	1,075.45
	Profit before exceptional items and tax (I-II)		(86.05)	(323.67)
	Exceptional items			
II.	Profit before tax	_	(86.05)	(323.67)
v.	Tax expense:			
	Current tax	21	50.20	
	Deferred tax	21		t s
	Tax adjustment for earlier years			2
	Net tax expense		50.20	н
<b>/</b> .	Profit/(Loss) for the year (III-IV)		(136.25)	(323.67)
,	Other comprehensive income			
VI.				
	(A) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		214.28	1,032.44
	- Net gain / (loss) on equity instruments measured through OCI			
	- Income tax impact	S-	(55.71)	(302.41) <b>730.03</b>
	Total (A)	1 m	158.57	730.03
	(B) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:			
	- Loans and advances through OCI			
	- Income tax impact on above	-	*	
	Total (B)		450.57	720.02
	Other comprehensive income (A+B)	_	158.57	730.03
/II.	Total comprehensive income (V + VI)		22.32	406.36
/III.	Earnings per equity share (of Rs. 10 each):	22		
	Basic (Rs.)		(0.57)	(1.35)
	Diluted (Rs.)		(0.57)	(1.35)
	Significant accounting policies & notes to Financial Statements	2		
	In terms of our report of even date attached	Fo	or & on behalf of th	e Board of Directors
	For, M/s Harsh Jain & Associates		0	1
	Chartered Accountants	Ketan M Sh	nah	X .
	FRN: 007639C	Director	Luan	- hay
	<i>y</i> :	DIN- 00312	343	
		DII 00312	-01	10
	CA Harsh Jain	Sangeeta K	Shah	
	Partner	Managing I	Director	/
	Mem. No. 076736	DIN- 05322	The state of the s	111
	UDIN: 23076736BGPLOP5887		X	aste & ha
	Place: Durg	Akansha Ke Company S		
	Date: 30.05.2023	20	~	
	DULLI DOLDIAVAD	Ashish Tay	al	1011
		Chief Finan		Ture.
		Cillei rillan	ciai Officer V	

# HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED Standalone Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31.03.2023

(A)	Equity Share Capital	In Rs. '000
	Equity Share of Rs. 10 each, issued, subscribed and fully paid up	
	Balance as on 1st April 2021	2,400
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	
	Balance as on 31st March 2022	2,400
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	
	Balance as on 31st March 2023	2,400

Other Equity	Res	Other comprehensi ve income			
	Special Reserve Fund	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments through OCI	Total
Balance as at 31st March 2021	1,830.00	38.40	20,334.39	(725.23)	21,477.56
Profit for the year	north and		(323.67)		(323.67)
Other comprehensive income (net of taxes)				730.03	730.03
Transfer to Special Reserve u/s 45-IA of RBI		11/2	4,	*	-
Balance as at 31st March 2022	1,830.00	38.40	20,010.72	4.80	21,883.92
Profit for the year		1112	(136.25)	*	(136.25)
Other comprehensive income (net of taxes)	-		-	158.57	158.57
Transfer to Special Reserve u/s 45-IA of RBI			-	1 × 1	-
Balance as at 31st March 2023	1,830.00	38.40	19,874.48	163.37	21,906.24



# HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED CIN:- L65990MH1982PLC026823

Address:- 601/602-A, FAIRLINK CENTRE, OPP. ANDHERI LINK ROAD, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI-400053

Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2023

	authorps they then a		Year ended	Year ended
	Particulars		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
A	Cash Flow from operating activities			
	Profit/(Loss) before tax		(86.05)	(323.67)
	Adjustments for:			
	- Depreciation/amortization		157.50	47.67
	- Provision of Tax		(50.20)	-
	- Dividend Income			2
	Operating profit before working capital changes		21.25	(276.00)
	Movements in working capital :			
	Decrease/(Increase) in receivables			
	Decrease/(Increase) in loans		3,222.12	122.66
	Decrease/(Increase) in other financial assets		-	-
	Decrease/(Increase) in-other non-financial assets		9.47	(23.41)
	Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables		(39.38)	2.24
	Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities		209.00	
	Increase/(Decrease) in other non-financial liabilities		47.63	2.26
	Cash generated from/(used in ) operations		3,470.08	(172.25)
	Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)			•
	Net Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities	Α .	3,470.08	(172.25)
В	Cash flows from investing activities			
70	Purchase of fixed assets + CWIP + Cap Advance			(3,160.00)
	Proceeds from sale of Fixed Assets/ Investments		2	-
	Dividend Received		*	
	Interest received			
	Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities	В	*	"(3,160.00)
С	Cash flows from financing activities			
	Interest paid			-
	Net cash flow from/(used in) financing activities	С	* 1	-
	Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		3,470.08	(3,332.25
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year		3,070.04	6,402.29
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		6,540.12	3,070.04
	Components of cash and cash equivalents			
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year			
	Cash on hand		27.58	396.28
	Balances with banks	11 2 1 1	6,512.54	2,673.76
	Total cash and cash equivalents		6,540.12	3,070.04

The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cash Flow. Significant accounting policies & notes to Financial Statements - Note 2

In terms of our report of even date attached

For, M/s Harsh Jain & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

FRN: 007639C

CA Harsh Jain

Partner Mem. No. 076736

UDIN: 23076736BGPLOP5887

Place: Durg Date: 30.05.2023 For & on behalf of the Board of

Directors

Ketan M Shah Director

DIN- 00312343

Sangeeta K Shah Managing Director DIN- 05322039

Akansha Kotwani Company Secretary

Ashish Tayal Chief Financial Officer Islish

# HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED : F.Y. 2022-23

(a) Current Ratio				Reason for variation more than 25%
Numerator (Cash & cash Equivalents & other current assets) Denominator (Current Liabilities)	, 6,604.33 2034.88% 324.56	3,143.72 3001.45%	-32.20%	Due to Balances in current accounts increased by Rs. 38,38,783/- and current liabilities increased by Rs. 2,19,816/- 32,20% (Provision for current tax Rs. 50,199/- and Total financial liabilities Rs. 1 69 617/-).
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio Numerator (Debt)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	-
Denominator (Equity)	(The Company has no debts)	(The Company has no debts)		
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio Numerator (Net Profit after tax + Interest + Depreciation) Denominator (Interest + Principal repayment)	; N.A. (The Company has no debts for	N.A. (The Company has no debts	- N.A.	4
	repayment)	for repayment)		
(d) Return on Equity Ratio Numerator (Net Profit after tax) Denominator (Shareholder's Equity)	-136.25 -0.56% 24,306.24	-323.67 -1.33%	-57.94%	Due to Net Loss decreased by Rs. 1,87,421/-
(e) Inventory turnover ratio  Numerator (Average Inventory)  Denominator (Cost of Goods Sold)	N.A. (The Company has no Inventory)	N.A. (The Company has no Inventory)	N.A.	
(f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio  Numerator (Net Credit Sales)  Denominator (Average Accounts receivable)	N.A. (The Company has no Sales)	N.A. (The Company has no Sales)	N.A.	
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio Numerator (Net Credit Purchase)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
Denominator (Average Accounts Payable)	(The Company has no Purchases)	(The Company has no Purchases)		
(h) Net capital turnover ratio Numerator (Total Sales/Gross Receipts) Denominator (Shareholder's Equity)	1,272.33 5.23%	751.78 3.10% 24,283.92	%60.69	Due to Interest & Other Income increased by Rs. 5,20,552/-
(i) Net profit ratio  Numerator (Net Profit after tax)  Denominator (Total Turnover/Gross Receipts)	-136.25 -10.71%	-323.67 -43.05% 751.78	-75.13%	Due to Net Loss decreased by Rs. 1,87,421/- and Interest & Other Income increased by Rs. 5,20,552/-
(j) Return on Capital employed Numerator (Earning Before Interest and Taxes) Denominator (Shareholders Equity + Long Term Liability)	-86.05 -0.35% 24.306.24	-323.67 -1.33% 24,283.92	-73.44%	Due to Net Loss decreased by Rs. 1,87,421/- and Interest & Other Income increased by Rs. 5,20,552/-
(k) Return on investment Numerator (Net Profit) Denominator (Shareholder's Investment)	-136.25° -0.56% 24.306.24	-323.67 24,283.92	-57,94%	Due to Net Loss decreased by Rs. 1,87,421/- and Interest & Other Income increased by Rs. 5,20,552/-



# 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Hem Holdings and Trading Limited (the "Company") is a public Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (CIN-L65990MH1982PLC026823). It is registered as an investment and non-deposit taking non-banking finance Company ("NBFC") with Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"). The Company is engaged in the business of investment in mutual funds and in equity shares including in group companies as also providing loans to group companies. Its shares are listed in only one recognized stock exchange i.e., BSE Limited (BSE).

The Company's registered office is at 601 / 602-A, Fairlink Centre, Off Andheri Link Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai-400053, Maharashtra, India.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

# 2.1 Statement of compliance

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (the "Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act").

# 2.2 Presentation of financial statements

The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Profit and Loss are presented in the format prescribed under Division III of Schedule III of the Act, as amended from time to time, for Non-Banking Financial Companies ('NBFCs') that are required to comply with Ind AS. The Statement of Cash Flows has been presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after thereporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 31.

Financial assets and financial liability are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable rightto offset the recognized amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- i) The normal course of business
- ii) The event of default

# 2.3 Basis of Preparation

The standalone financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial assets which have been measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below.

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Thousand Rupees (000'Rs.) which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency"). The values are rounded to the nearest rupee, except when otherwise indicated.

# 2.4 Use of estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

# Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made judgements, which have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# i) Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of business model and the solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are de-recognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

# Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the standalone financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

# i) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial

liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. For further details about determination of fair value refer note 3.9.

# ii) Effective interest rate ("EIR") method

The Company's EIR methodology, as explained in Note3.1(A), recognizes interest income / Expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioral life of loans given / taken and recognizes the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behavior and life cycle of the instruments, as well as expected changes to interest rates and other fee income I expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

# iii) Impairment of financial asset

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's expected credit loss ("ECL") calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their inter dependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- a) The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life time expected credit loss("LTECL") basis.
- b) Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs.
- c) Determination of associations between macro-economic scenarios and economic inputs, such as gross domestic products, lending interest rates and collateral values, and the effect on probability of default ("PD"), exposure at default ("EAD") and loss given default ("LGD").
- d) Selection of forward-looking macro-economic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into ECL models.

# iv) Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of the Company's business.

When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the outflow is considered to be probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and number of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

For further details on provisions and other contingencies refer note 3.17.

These estimates and judgements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the standalone financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

# 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTINGPOLICIES

# 3.1 Recognition of interest income

# A. EIR method

Under Ind AS 109, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate method for all financial instruments measured at amortized cost and financial instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

The EIR (and therefore, the amortized cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognizes interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the financial instrument.

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortized through Interest income in the statement of profit and loss.

# B. Interest income

The Company calculates interest income by applying EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit impaired assets.

When a financial asset becomes credit impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'stage 3', the Company calculates interest income on the net basis. If the financial asset cures and is no longer credit impaired, the Company reverts passiful interest income on gross basis?

# 3.2 Financial instrument - Initial recognition

# A. Date of recognition

Debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Company becomes a partyto the contractual provisions of the instrument.

# B. Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments (Refer note 3.3(A)). Financial instruments are initially measured at their fair value (as defined in Note 3.9), except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from this amount.

# C. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- i) Amortized cost
- ii) FVOCI
- iii) FVTPL

# i) Financial assets and liabilities

# A. Financial assets

Business model assessment

The Company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective. The Company's business model is not assessed on an Instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- a) How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Company's key management personnel.
- b) The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed.
- c) How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cashflows collected).
- d) The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Company's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cashflows after initial recognition are realized in a way that is different from the Company's original expectations, the Company does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

#### SPPI test

As a second step of its classification process, the Company assesses the contractual terms of financial to identify whether they meet SPPI test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortization of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Company applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

# Accordingly, financial assets are measured as follows:

# i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost("AC")

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### ii) Financial assets measured at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Since, the loans and advances are held to sale and collect contractual cash flows, they are measured at FVOCI.

# iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

A financial asset which is wat classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

# iv) Other equity investments

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI").

# B. Financial liability

# i) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liability is initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial liability, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

# ii) Subsequent amusement

Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

# 3.3 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified. The Company did not reclassify any of its financial assets or liabilities in the year ended 31st March 2023 and 31st March 2022.

# 3.4 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

# A. Derecognition of financial assets due to substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Company de-recognizes a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognized loans are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes.

# B. Derecognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification

#### i) Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is de-recognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount (measured at the date of derecognition) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Accordingly, gain on sale or de recognition of assigned portfolio are recorded upfront in the statement of profit and loss as per Ind AS109. Also, the Company recognizes servicing income as a percentage of interest spread over tenure of loan in cases where it retains the obligation to service the transferred financial asset.

As per the guidelines of RBI, the company is required to retain certain portion of the loan assigned to parties in its books as Minimum Retention Requirement ("MRR"). Therefore, it continues to recognize the portion retained by it as MRR.

# ii) Financial liability

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from. The same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

### 3.5 Impairment of financial assets

# A. Overview of ECL principles

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses ECL model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at FVTPL.

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- ii) Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument)

Both LTECLs and 12 months ECLs are calculated on collective basis. Based on the above, the Company categorizes its loans into Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3, as described below:

**Stage 1:** When loans are first recognized, the Company recognizes an allowance based on 12 months ECL Stage 1 loans include those loans where there is no significant credit risk observed and also includes facilities where the credit risk has been improved and the loan has been reclassified from stage 2 or stage 3.

Stage 2: When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Company records an allowance for the life time ECL. Stage 2 loans also include facilities where the credit risk has improved and loan has been reclassified from stage 3.



Stage 3: Loans considered credit impaired are the loans which are past due for more than 90 days. The Company records an allowance for life time EGL.

Loan commitments: When estimating LTECLs for undrawn loan commitments, the Company estimates the expected portion of the loan commitment that will be drawn down over its expected life. The ECL is then based on the present value of the expected shortfalls in cash flows if the loan is drawn down.

#### B. Calculation of ECLs

The mechanics of EGL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

PD Probability of Default ("PD") is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. A default may only happen at a certain time over the assessed period, if the facility has not been previously derecognized and is still in the portfolio.

EAD Exposure at Default ("EAD") is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, taking into account expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, including repayments of principal and interest.

LGD Loss Given Default ("LGD") is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realization of any collateral. It is usually expressed as a percentage of the EAD.

The Company has calculated PD, EAD and LGD to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of loans and discounted at an approximation to the EIR. At every reporting date, the above calculated PDs, EAD and LGDs are reviewed and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

The mechanics of the EGL method are summarized below:

**Stage 1:** The 12 months EGL is calculated as the portion of LTECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The Company calculates the 12 months ECL allowance based on the expectation of a default occurring in the 12 months following the reporting date. These expected 12-months default probabilities are applied to a forecast EAD and multiplied by the expected LGD and discounted by an approximation to the original EIR.

**Stage 2:** When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Company records an allowance for the LTECLs. The mechanics are similar to those explained above, but PDs and LGDs are estimated over the lifetime of the instrument. The expected cash shortfalls are discounted by an approximation to the original EIR.



**Stage 3:** For loans considered credit-impaired, the Company recognizes the lifetime expected credit losses for these loans. The method is similar to that for stage 2 assets, with the PD set at 100%.

# C. Loans and advances measured at FVOCI

The ECLs for loans and advances measured at FVOCI do not reduce the carrying amount of these financial assets in the balance sheet, which remains at fair value. Instead, an amount equal to the allowance that would arise if the assets were measured at amortized cost is recognized in OCI as an accumulated impairment amount, with a corresponding charge to profit or loss. The accumulated loss recognized in OCI is recycled to the profit and loss upon derecognition of the assets.

# D. Forward looking information

In its ECL models, the Company relies on a broad range of forward-looking macroparameters and estimated the impact on the default at a given point of time.

- i) Gross fixed investment (% of GDP)
- ii) Lending interest rates
- iii) Deposit interest rates

#### 3.6 Write-offs

Financial assets are written off when the Company has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to impairment on financial instruments in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 3.7 Determination of fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company has taken into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

Level 1 financial instruments: Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date;

- Level 2 financial instruments: Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life. Such inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical instruments in inactive markets and observable inputs other than quoted prices such as interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads; and
- Level 3 financial instruments: Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

# 3.8 (1) Recognition of other income

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115 - Revenue from contracts with customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition guidance found within Ind ASs.

The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

**Step 1:** Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

**Step 2:** Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

**Step 3:** Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

**Step 4:** Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

#### A. Dividend income

Dividend income (including from FVOCI investments) is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

#### B. Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in rental income in the statement of profit and loss, unless the increase is in line with expected general inflation, in which case lease income is recognized based on contractual terms.

#### C. Other interest income

Other interest income is recognized on a time proportionate basis.

#### D. Fees and commission income

Fees and commission income such as stamp and document charges, guarantee commission, service income etc. are recognized on point in time basis.

# 3.9 (II) Recognition of other expense

### A. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are the interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period for which they are incurred.

#### 3.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 3.11 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment ("PPE") are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of PPE comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and other incidental expenses. Subsequent expenditure on PPE after its purchase is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as specified under schedule II of the Act.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives are, as follows:

- i) Buildings 60 years
- ii) Office equipment 3 to 10 years
- iii) Furniture and fixtures 10 years
- iv) Vehicles 8 years

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis from the date on which such asset is ready for its intended use.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

PPE is de-recognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognized in other income *I* expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is de-recognized.

# 3.12 Intangible assets

The Company's intangible assets include the value of software. An intangible asset is recognized only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortization is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives (three years) using the straight-line method, and is included in depreciation and amortization in the statement of profit and loss.

# 3.13 Impairment of non-financial assets - property, plant and equipment's and Intangible assets

The carrying values of assets/ cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount, impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss as an expense, for such excess amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 3.14 Leasing

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or whether the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

### Company as a lessee

Leases that do not transfer to the Company substantially all of the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the. Leased items are operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless the increase is in line with expected general inflation, in which case lease payments are recognized based on contractual terms.

#### Company as a lessor

Leases where the Company does not transfer substantially all of the risk and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in rental income in the statement of profit and loss, unless the increase is in line with expected general inflation, in which case lease income is recognized based on contractual terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

#### 3.15 Corporate guarantees

Corporate guarantees are initially recognized in the standalone financial statements (within "other non-financial liabilities") at fair value, being the notional commission. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative amortization.

Any increase in the liability relating to financial guarantees is recorded in the statement of profit and loss. The notional commission *is* recognized in the statement of profit and loss under the head fees and commission income on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee.

# 3.16 Retirement and other employee benefits, Defined contribution plans

The Company's contribution to provident fund and employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

# Defined benefit plans

The Company pays gratuity to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation / retirement. The gratuity is paid @15days salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The gratuity liability amount is contributed by the Company to the Life insurance corporation of India who administers the fund of the Company.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

As per Ind AS 19, the service cost and the net interest cost are charged to the statement of profit and loss. Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized in OCI.

# Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages etc. and the expected cost of ex-gratia are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid when there is a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

# 3.17 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

#### A. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the effect of the time value of money is material, the Company determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.



# B. Contingent liability

A possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or; present obligation that arises from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability are disclosed as contingent liability and not provided for.

#### C. Contingent asset

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are neither recognized not disclosed in the financial statements.

#### 3.18 Taxes

#### A. Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities. Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the period as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or equity.

#### B. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the standalone financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off.

C. Goods and services tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses for assets are recognized net of the goods and services tax paid, except when the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or availing of services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable.

The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

# 3.19 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the profit after tax (i.e., profit attributable to ordinary equity holders) by the weighted average number of equities shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the profit after tax (i.e., profit attributable to ordinary equity holders) as adjusted for after-tax amount of dividends and interest recognized in the period in respect of the dilutive potential ordinary shares and is adjusted for any other changes in income or expense that would result from the conversion of the dilutive potential ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share as increased by the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares

Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits, right issue and bonus shares, as appropriate.

### 3.20 Dividends on ordinary shares

The Company recognizes a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders of the Company when the distribution is authorized and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the Act, final dividend is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders and interim dividend is authorized when it is approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. A corresponding amount is recognized directly in equity.

Non-cash distributions are measured at the fair value of the assets to be distributed with fair value re-measurement recognized directly in equity.

Upon distribution of non-cash assets, any difference between the carrying amount of the liability and the carrying amount of the assets distributed is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

		(Amount in	n Rs.'000)
		As at	As at
Note 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Cash in Hand			
Balances with Banks:		27.58	396.28
In current accounts		6.540.54	*
	Total cash and cash equivalents	6,512.54 <b>6,540.12</b>	2,673.76 <b>3,070.0</b> 4
	•	0,540.12	3,070.04
Note 5. Receivables			
<u>Trade Receivables</u>			
Trade receivables considered good-unsecured			
Alloumner for least 1	Total		7.
Allowances for Impairment loss		4 4	
	Total		
Other receivables			
Other receivables considered good-unsecured			
(a) From 0 to 1 year			-
(b) From 1 to 2 year			-
(c) From 2 to 3 year		7-041-1*	
(a) From 3 to infinite years		-	11 040
(a) vising to minite years		12,548.04	12,548.04
Allowances for Impairment loss	Total	12,548.04	12,548.04
	Total		*
	Total Total Receivables	12,548.04	12,548.04
	Total Receivables	12,548.04	12,548.04
No trade or other receivable are due from directors or Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms o or a member.	other officers of the company either severa r private companies respectively in which a	lly or jointly with any ny director is a partne	other person. r, a director
Note 6. Loans			
(A) Term Loans			
(A) Term Loans		4	
(B) Secured by tangible assets			
Unsecured		-	# ************************************
	Total (B)	468.66	3,690.77
	Total (B)	468.66	3,690.77
C) (I.) Loans in India			
Public sector			
Private sector		459.56	2 500 77
	Total ( C)- Gross	468.66	3,690.77
	10tal ( C)- 01033	468.66	3,690.77
C) (II.) Loans outside India			
C) (II.) Loans outside India	Total ( C) (I) and ( C) (II)	468.66	3,690.77

Refer Note No. 27(b) for loan to company in which directors are interested



Note 7. Investments

Equity instruments Mutual Funds

(i) Investments outside India (ii) Investments in India

Less: Allowances for Impairment Loss (C)

A	s at 31.03.2023	3	As	at 31.03.202	2
At fair value through OCI	Others	Total	At fair value through OCI	Others	Total
1	2	(3=1+2)	4	5	(6=4+5)
1,989.40		1,989.40	1,775.12		1,775.12
1,989.40		1,989.40	1,775.12	-	1,775.12
1,989.40	F/	1,989.40	1,775.12		1,775.12
1,989.40	/(w)	1,989.40	1,775.12	-	1,775.12
1 000 40		-		-	-,770122
1,989.40		1,989.40	1,775.12	2	1,775.12

Total- Net (D) = (B) - (C)

Average cost of Investments

Total (A)

Total (B)

1,768.63



				(Amount	in Rs.'000)
				As at	As at
Note 8. Other financial assets Security deposits				31.03.2023	31.03.202
Interest accrued but not due on loans & advance	res			2.05	2.0
Interest accrued but not due on bank deposits					
,	Total other financial assets				
Note 9 Communication	3300			2.05	2.0
Note 9. Current Tax Assets (Net) Advance Income Tax /TDS Receivable					
Advance income Tax / TDS Receivable				64.21	73.6
	Total Current Tax Assets			64.21	7 0 7 0 1
Note 10. Property, Plant & Equipments and Int	angible assets				
Nature of assets		Property, P	lant & Equi	pments (a)	Intangible
Deemed cost		Buildings	Vehicles	Total	Assets (b)
As at 31st March 2021				Total	Total
Additions		834.04		834.04	
Disposal		3,160.00	*	3,160.00	
As at 31st March 2022		-	-		
Additions		3,994.04	-	3,994.04	
Disposal		*	*	-	
As at 31st March 2023		3,994.04		-	
Depreciation/Amortization As at 31st March 2021		3,994.04	*	3,994.04	-
Depreciation/amortization charge		712.32	-	712.32	
Disposal		47.67	*	47.67	74
As at 31st March 2022		750.00			-
Depreciation/amortization charge		759.98		759.98	
Disposal		157.50		157.50	
As at 31st March 2023		917.48			
Net Block value As at 31st March 2021		327,40	**	917.48	
As at 31st March 2022		121.72		121.72	
As at 31st March 2023		3,234.05	-	3,234.05	
TO SAN MINISTER EDES		3,076.55	-	3,076.55	-
				(Amount in	Rs.'000)
Note 11(a). Trade Payables				As at	As at
(a) From 0 to 1 year			_		31.03.2022
(b) From 1 to 2 year				3.72	27.00
(c) From 2 to 3 year					-
(a) From 3 to infinite years				3.54	3.54
	Total Trade Payables		-	7.26	30.54
Note 11(b). Other Payables				7120	30.34
a) From 0 to 1 year					
b) From 1 to 2 year				56.10	72.20
c) From 2 to 3 year				-	
a) From 3 to infinite years					2.00
	Total Other Payables			2.00	
1-1-1-1	- To Tubics		_	58.10	74.20
lote 11(c). Other financial liabilities					
nterest accrued but not due on others					
ecurity deposits received from borrowers				209.00	
, -	Total Other financial liabilities		_	209.00	
ote 12. Other non-financial liabilities			-		-
atutory remitances					
terest income received in advance				0.83	3.40
	atal other non-financials asset			+	

Total other non-financial liabilities

3.40

0.83

	(Amount	in Rs.'000)
Note 13. Equity Share Capital	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Authorised Shares:		
250000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	2,500.00	2,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up shares:	2,500.00	2,500.00
240000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up	2,400.00	2,400.00
	2,400.00	2,400.00

# Note 13.1. Reconcilation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the begigning and at the end of the reporting year:

	As at 31.	03.2023	As at 31.	03.2022
	No. of shares	(Amt.in Rs.'000)	No. of shares	(Amt.in Rs.'000)
Equity shares at the begining of the year Issued during the year	2,40,000	2,400.00	2,40,000	2,400.00
Outstanding at the end of the year	2,40,000	2,400.00	2,40,000	2,400.00

# Note 13.2.1 Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares

Class of shares / Name of shareholder	As at 31	As at 31.03.2023		As at 31.03.2022	
Equity shares	No. of shares held	% of holding in that class of shares	No. of shares held	% of holding in that class of shares	
Ketan Moolchand Shah	52,402	21.83%	52,402	21.83%	
Sangeeta Ketan Shah	53,303	22.21%		20.42%	
Prabha Plantations Pvt. Ltd.	21,443	8.93%	1.0,000	8.93%	

#### Note 13.2.2 Details of shares held by each promoters:

Class of shares / Name of shareholder	As at 31	As at 31.03.2023		As at 31.03.2022	
Equity shares	No. of shares held	% of holding in that class of shares	No. of shares held	% of holding in that class of shares	
Ketan Moolchand Shah	52,402	21.83%	52,402	21.83%	
Sangeeta Ketan Shah	53,303	22.21%		20.42%	
Prabha Plantations Pvt. Ltd.	21,443	8.93%	21,443	8.93%	
Sim Prabha Estates & Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	1,600	0.67%		0.67%	
Total held by promoters:	1,28,748	53.65%		51.85%	

# Note 13.3. Details of bonus shares issued during the five years immediately preceding the balance sheet date: NIL

# Note 13.4. Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.



	(Amount	in Rs.'000)
	As at	As at
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Note 14. Other equity (Refer Note 19.1)		
General Reserve		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	38.40	38.40
Outstanding at the end of the year	38.40	38.40
Special Reserve Fund		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,830.00	1,830.00
Additions during the year	_	-,000.00
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,830.00	1,830.00
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	20,010.72	20,334.39
Add: Profit for the year	-136.25	-323.67
	19,874.48	20,010.72
Less: Appropriations		
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund		
Total Appropriations		
Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	19,874.48	20,010.72
Other comprehensive Income		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	4.80	(725.23)
Equity instruments through OCI	214.28	1,032.44
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(55.71)	(302.41)
Other comprehensive income for the year-net of tax	163.37	4.80
Total other equity	21,906.24	21,883.92

#### Note 14.1. Nature and purpose of reserve

1. Special Reserve Fund u/s 45-IA Of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (the "RBI Act, 1934") Reserve u/s. 45-IA of RBI Act, 1934 is created in accordance with section 45 IC (1) of the RBI Act, 1934. As per Section 45 IC (2) of the RBI Act, 1934, no appropriation of any sum from this reserve fund shall be made by the NBFC except for the purpose as may be specified by RBI.

#### 2. General Reserve

Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. Consequent to introduction of Companies Act 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the amount previously transferred to the general reserve can be utilized only in accordance with the specific requirements of Companies Act, 2013.

#### 3. Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Surplus in the statement of profit and loss is the accumulated available profit of the Company carried forward from earlier years. These reserves are free reserves which can be utilized for any purpose as may be required.

#### 4. FVOCI Equity Investments

The Company has elected to recognize changes in the fair value of investments in equity securities (other than investment in subsidiary) in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI equity investments reserve within equity.



#### **HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED**

Notes forming Part of Standalone Financial Statements as at 31st March 2023 (Contd.)

	(Amount in	Rs.'000)
	As at	As at
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Note 15. Operating Income		
Dividend Income		
Other Interest Income	642.09	432.38
Total	642.09	432.38
Note 16. Other Income		
Rental income	627.00	313.50
Capital Gains on sale of investments		-
Income from non-financing activity	3.24	5.90
	630.24	319.40
Note 17. Finance cost (on financial liabilities measured at amortized cost)		
Other interest expense		
Bank Charges	2.42	4.01
	2.42	4.01
Note 18. Employee benefits expense		
Salaries and wages	250.45	100.16
Staff welfare expenses	258.15	190.16
Staff Welfare expenses	258.15	190.16
Note 19. Depreciation and amortization  Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	157.50	47.67
Amortization of intangible assets	157.50	47.67
A state of managine assets	157.50	47.67
	237.50,	47.07
Note 20. Other expenses		
Advertisement expenses	50.72	53.87
Custody Charges	10.62	10.62
COVID expenses		
Conveyance Expenses		0.26
Demat Charges	7.56	0.59
E-Voting expenses	17.70	16.52
Filing Fees	120	4.00
Fine & Penalty	1 <del>4</del> 5	17.70
Listing Fees	354.00	354.00
Miscellaneous expenses	11.94	14.13
Payment to auditors (Refer note below)	53.10	47.20
Printing & Stationery Expenses	0.94	1.25
Professional fees	160.29	174.72
Rates and taxes	40.20	64.00
Registration & Renewal expenses	52.08	33.48
Repairs and Maintenance	169.81	41.27
Tax Expenses AY 2022-23	11.36	
Balance W/off & ASSO		0.00
37 30	940	834

	(Amount in Rs.'000)		
Note: Payment to auditors (including taxes)	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022	
As auditor			
- Statutory audit			
- Limited review of quarterly results	35.40	35.40	
- Other services	17.70	11.80	
	53.10	47.20	
Note 21. Tax expenses	33.10	47.20	
The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022 are:			
Adjustment in respect of, current income tax of	50.20	-	
prior years			
Deferred tax	2	-	
Total tax charge		-	
Current tax	50.20		
Deferred tax		*	
	-	-	
Reconciliation of the Total Tax Charge			
The tax charge shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax charge that would app Indian corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multi for the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022 is, as follows:	oly if all profits had b plied by India's dom	een charged at estic tax rate	
Accounting and fit has a	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	

Ine tax charge shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax charge that would apply if Indian corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied for the years ended 31st March 2023 and 2022 is, as follows:	all profits had be I by India's dome	een charged at estic tax rate
Accounting profit before tax	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Accounting profit before tax		OMIOGIEGEE

Accounting profit before tax	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Applicable tax rate	(136.25)	(323.67)
Computed tax expense	26.00%	26.00%
Tax effect of:	(35.42)	(84.15)
Exempted income		
Nondeductible items		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Adjustment on account of change in tax rate		32.44
Others		- 1
Total tax expense		-
Tax expenses recognized in the statement of profit and loss	(35.42)	(51.71)
Effective tax rate	(35.42)	(51.71)
,	26.000%	15.976%
Deferred Tax	As at	As at
Deferred tax asset/ liability (net)	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:		
At the start of the year (DTA) / DTL (net)	4.00	
Credit/(charge) for loans & advances thro' OCI	1.69	(300.73)
Credit/(charge) for equity instruments thro' OCI		
Credit/(charge) to the statement of profit & loss	55.71	302.41
At the end of year (DTA)/ DTL (net)	<u> </u>	10. 2
	57.40	1.69



#### **HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED**

Notes forming Part of Standalone Financial Statements as at 31st March 2023 (Contd.)

The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

(Amount in Rs.'000)

	As at 31.03.2022	Statement of Profit & Loss	OCI	As at 31.03.2023
Component of deferred tax asset/ (liability)				
Deferred tax asset / (liability) in relation to:				
Difference between written down value of fixed assets as per books of accounts &				
income tax				
Deferred tax on fair value of investments	2		55.71	57
Expenses allowable on payment basis				
	2		56	5
	As at	Statement of	OCI	As at
	31.03.2021	Profit & Loss	OCI	31.03.2022
Component of deferred tax asset/ (liability)				
Deferred tax asset / (liability) in relation to:				
Difference between written down value of fixed assets as per books of accounts &				
ncome tax				
Deferred tax on fair value of investments	(300.73)	-	302	
xpenses allowable on payment basis				ind in
	(300.73)	-	302	
			112000000	17277
current Tax Liabilities (Net)			As at	As at
rovision for tax [net of advance tax of Rs. 3,69,288/- Pre Yr - Rs. 2,57,326/-]			31.03.2023	31.03.2022
13. 2,37,320/-1				62
22 52 1 2 1			As at	As at
lote 22. Eårning Per share			31.03.2023	31.03.2022
let profit after tax as per Profit & Loss (A)			(136.25)	(323.67
Veighted average number of equity shares of Rs. 10 each for calculation of basic EP	S (B)		2,40,000	2,40,000
Veighted average number of equity shares of Rs.10 each for calculation of diluted E	PS (C.)		2,40,000	2,40,000
Basic earnings per share (A/B)			(0.57)	(1.35
Diluted earnings per share (A/C)			(0.57)	(1.35
			(0.37)	(1.55
lote 23. Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for			As at	As at
A) Contingent liabilities			31.03.2023	31.03.2022
uarantees given by the company				0000
and a sampany			Nil I	Nil
3) Commitments				
stimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not	provided:		Nil I	Vil

# Note 24. Corporate social responsibility ("CSR") expenses:

The company does not come within the preview of CSR as per section 135 of the act.

#### Note 25. Leasing arrangements

Operating lease commitments - as lessor - Nil

#### Note 26. Segment reporting:

The Company is engaged primarily on the business of "Financing" only, taking into account the risks and returns, the organization structure and the internal reporting systems. All the operations of the Company are in India. Accordingly, there are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 - "Operating segments".

#### **HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED**

Notes forming Part of Standalone Financial Statements as at 31st March 2023 (Contd.)

#### Note 27. Related party disclosures as required by Ind AS 24

#### a) List of related parties and relationships

Key management personnel

Mr Ketan M Shah Mrs Sangeeta K Shah Mr. Anup Kumar Das Mr. Ashish Tayal

Director Director Director CFO (KMP)

Other related parties

Simplex Castings Limited

	(Amount in Rs.'000		
b) Transactions with related parties are as follows:	As at	As at	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
Interest received on Advances	642.09	432.38	
Director Sitting fees	Nil	Nil	
Salry to Director- Mr. Anup Kumar Das	35.95	6.00	
c) Balances outstanding from related parties are as follows:			
Loans and advances given/(accepted)	468.66	3,690.77	
Investments	1,989.40	1,775.12	
All transactions with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis. None of the balances are secured.			

# Disclosures as per Regulation 53(f) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements Regulations, 2015).

Loans and advances in the nature of loans given in which directors are interested as under:

	(Amount in Rs. '000)		
Name	As at	As at	
-6	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
Simplex Castings Ltd	468.66	3,690.77	
(Maximum balance outstanding during the year)	6,109.44	7,813.43	

### Note 28. Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Based on the intimation received by the Company, there are no Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31st March, 2021. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the information available with the Company.



Note-29. Disclosures required in terms of Annexure XIV of the RBI Master Direction DNBR. PD. 008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated 1 September 2016 (updated as on 22 February 2019) "Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 are mentioned as below:

,	(Amount i	unt in Rs.'000)	
Note 29.1. Capital	As at	As at	
i) CRAR (%)	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
ii) CRAR - Tier I capital (%)	126.64%	110.87%	
ii) CRAR - Tier II capital (%)	125.80%	110.85%	
v) Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	0.84%	0.02%	
/) Amount raised by issue of perpetual debt instruments			
Note: CRAR % as on 31.03.2021 of 206.84% was taken and accepted as per Audited			
Financial Statement of Previous Year.			
	(Amount in	Rs.'000)	
Note 29.2. Investments	As at	As at	
. Value of investments	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
i) Gross value of investments			
a) In India			
b) Outside India	1,989.40	1,775.12	
i) Provisions for depreciation			
a) In India			
o) Outside India			
ii) Net value of investments		-	
a) In India	1 000 40		

# 2. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments.

(i) Opening balance

(b) Outside India

- (ii) Add: Provisions made during the year
- (iii) Less: Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions during the year
- (iv) Closing balance

#### Note 29.3 Derivatives

The Company has not entered into any derivative transactions and hence the disclosure required has not been made.

# Note 29.4 Disclosures relating to securitization

The Company has not entered into any securitization / assignment transactions and hence the disclosure required has not been made.

# Note 29.5 Details of financial assets sold to securitization L reconstruction Company for asset reconstruction

The Company has not sold financial assets to securitization / reconstruction Company for asset reconstruction during the year (previous year Nil)

# Note 29.6 Details of assignment transactions undertaken by NBFCs

The Company has not undertaken any assignment transactions and hence the disclosure required has not been made.

# Note 29.7 Details of non-performance financial assets purchased/ sold.

The Company has not purchased or sold non-performing financial assets during the year (previous year Nil).



1.989.40

# Note 29.8 Asset liability management maturity pattern of certain items of assets & liabilities.

(Amount in Rs.'000)

	1 day to 30/31 days(one month)	Over 1 month to 2 months	Over 2 months to 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to One year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 year to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Bank Fixed Deposits			*						
Receivables (Others)	, ii Was						120	12,548.04	12,548.04
Advances		468.66				-	-		468.66
Investments				- 1				1,989.40	1,989.40
Borrowings		-	-	-			-		
Foreign Currency assets		2	- 1						*
Foreign Currency liabilities								2	



# Note 29.9 Exposure to Real Estate Sector

The Company has no exposure to real estate sector.

(Rs. '000)

Note 29.10 Exposure to Capital  Market	As at <b>31.03.2023</b>	As at <b>31.03.2022</b>
<ul> <li>(i) Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;</li> </ul>	1989.39	1775.12
<ul> <li>(ii) Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual. funds;</li> </ul>	Nil	Nil
(iii) Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security;	Nil	Nil
(iv) Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual	Nil	Nil
funds Elsewhere the primary security other than shares <i>I</i> convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds 'does not fully cover the advances;		
(v) Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market	Nil	Nil
(vi) Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares /bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	Nil	Nil
(vii) Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	Nil	Nil
(viii) All exposures to venture capital funds (both registered and unregistered)	Nil	Nil
Total exposure to capital market	1989.39	1775.12

# Note 29.11 <u>Details of financing of parent company</u> <u>products -</u> Not applicable

# Note 29.12 Details of Single Borrower Limit ("SGL")Group Borrower Limit ("GBL") exceeded by the NBFC As at 31.03.23 As at 31.03.22 (Rs. '000)

- i) Loans and advances given, excluding advance funding but including off-balance sheet exposures to any single party in excess of 15 per cent of owned fund of the NBFC:
- ii)Loans and advances to (excluding advance funding but including debentures/bonds and off-balance sheet exposures) and investment in the shares of single party in excess of 25 per cent of the owned fund of the NBFC:

468.65 3,690.78

2458.04 5465.89

# Note 29.13 Unsecured advances

- a) Refer Note no. 6(B)(ii) to the financial statements.
- b) The Company has not granted any advances against in taking securities (31st March 2023: Nil).

# Note 29.14 Registration number obtained from RBI:

The registration no is - 13.00182 vide certificate dtd. 02.03.1998

# Note 29.15 Disclosure of penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators

During the financial year ended 31 March 2023, no penalties have been imposed by RBI and other regulators (31 March 2023: Nil).

Note 29.16 Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year -The Company has not got its credit rating done by any rating agency.

# Note 29.17 Remuneration of directors

The company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year

# Note 29.18 Provisions and contingencies

The information on all provisions and contingencies is as under:	As at	As at
Break up of 'provisions and contingencies' under the		
head expenditure in the statement of Profit &	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Loss		
Provision for depreciation on investment	-	-
Provision towards impaired assets (Stage 3)		-
Provision made towards income tax		7 0
Provision towards impaired assets (Stage1 and 2)	-	-
(Suger and )	-	7

#### Note 29.19 Draw-down from reserves

Provision for employee benefits

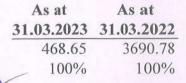
The Company has made no drawdown from existing reserves.

Note 29.20	Concentration of deposits (for deposit taking	(D. 1000)
NBFCs)- N	ot Applicable	(Rs.'000)

Note 29.21 Concentration of Advances	As at	As at
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total advances given to twenty largest borrowers	468.65	3,690.78
Percentage of advances to twenty largest borrowers	100%	100%
to total advances of the NBFC.		

#### Note 29.22 Concentration of exposures

Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers/	customers
Percentage of exposures to twenty largest born	
customers to total exposure of the NBFC on bo	rrowers



Note	29.23	Concen	tration	of	Stage 3 assets
Total	exposu	ire to top	four Sta	ige	3 accounts

As at As at 31.03.2023 31.03.2022 Nil Nil

Note 29.24	Sector-wise	Stage	3 a	ssets
(Gross)				

% of Stage 3 assets to Total Advances in thatsector as at 31.03.2023 % of Stage 3 assets to Total Advances in that sector as at 31.03.2022

	31.03.2023	
Sector		
(i) Agriculture and allied activities	Nil	Nil
(ii) MSME	Nil	Nil
(iii) Corporate borrowers	Nil	Nil
(iv) Services	Nil	Nil
(v) Unsecured personal loans	Nil	Nil
(vi) Auto loans	Nil	Nil
(vii) Other personal loans	Nil	Nil



Note 29.25 Movement of Stage 3 assets	As at	As at
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
(i) Net stage 3 assets to net advances (%)	Nil	Nil
(ii) Movement of stage 3 assets (gross)		
(a) Opening balance	Nil	Nil
(b) Additions during the year	Nil	Nil
(c) Reductions during the year	Nil	Nil
(d) Closing balance	Nil	Nil
(iii) Movement of net stage 3 assets		
(a) Opening balance	Nil	Nil
(b) Additions during the year	Nil	Nil
(c) Reductions during the year	Nil	Nil
(d) Closing balance	Nil	Nil
(iv) Movement of provisions for stage 3 assets (Excluding provisions on standard as ets)		
(a) Opening balance	Nil	Nil
(b) Provisions made during the year	Nil	Nil
<ul><li>(c) Write-off I write-back of excess provisions</li><li>(d) Closing balance</li></ul>	Nil Nil	Nil Nil

# Note 29.26 Overseas assets (for those with joint ventures and subsidiaries abroad)

There are no overseas asset owned by the Company.

# Note 29.27 Off-balance sheet SPVs sponsored (which required to be consolidated per accounting norms)

The company is now required to provide its financial statements under Ind AS, which require all securitization related SPV's to be consolidated in the books of the originator (the Company). Accordingly, there are no SPV's sponsored during the year.

Note .29.28 Disclosure of customers complaints	As at	As at 31.03.2022
	51.05.40kg	31.03.2022
(a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year		-
(b) No. of complaints received during the year		-
(c) No. of complaints redressed during the year	# NA	-
(d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year		-
Sell A ASSO		

# 8. Measurement of fair values

# i) Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities which are at amortized cost are considered tobe the same as their fair values as there is no material differences in the carrying values presented.

# ii) Financial instruments fair value

The fair value of financial instruments as referred to in note (A) above have been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement).

The categories used are as follows:

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices;

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in active market is determined using valuation technique which maximizes the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value on instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2; and

Level 3: If one or more of significant input is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

# iii) Transfers between levels I and II

There has been no transfer in between level 1, level 2 and level 3

#### C. Capital

The Company maintains an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business and is meeting the capital adequacy requirements of the local banking supervisor, RBI. The adequacy of the Company's capital is monitored using, among other measures, the regulations issued by RBI.

The Company has complied in full with all its externally imposed capital requirements over the reported period. Equity share capital and other equity are consider the purpose of Company's capital management.

Note 30

Information as required in terms of Paragraph 13 of the RBI Master Direction DNBR. PD. 008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September Q.I 2016 "Master Direction: Non-Banking Financial Company: Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 are mentioned as below:

Comparison   Com	<u>Liabilitie</u>					(Rs. '000
(a) Debentures (excl Public deposits)  -Secured Nil	Note 30.1	Loans and advances availability the NBFO	Cs Inclusive of interes	st accrued the	reon but not pa	aid
(a) Debentures (excl Public deposits)  -Secured Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil (b) Deferred credits (c) Term loans (d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing (e) Commercial paper (f) Other loans:  -From a company (f) Other loans:  -From a company (g) Nil					As at	Amount
(b) Deferred credits (c) Term loans (d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing (e) Commercial paper (f) Other loans:  -From Banks Nii Nii Nii Nii Nii Nii Nii Nii Nii Ni		(a) Dahanturas (sI.B. III. I			31.03.2022	Overdue
(b) Deferred credits (c) Term loans (c) Term loans (d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing (d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing (e) Commercial paper (f) Other loans:  - From Banks Nil		(a) Debentures (excl Public deposits)			Nil	Nil
(c) Term loans (d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing (d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing (e) Commercial paper Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil (f) Other loans:  - From Banks Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil - From a company Nil Nil Nil Nil - From a company Nil Nil Nil Nil - Security deposits Nil Nil Nil Nil - Advances received against loan agreements Nil Nil Nil Nil - Advances received against loan agreements Nil Nil Nil Nil Ote 30.2  Break-up of (1)(f) above (outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid)  As at Nil		(b) Defermed and its	-Unsecured		Nil	Nil
(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing (e) Commercial paper (f) Other loans:  - From Banks Nil		5/8			Nil	Nil
(e) Commercial paper (f) Other loans:  - From Banks Nil					Nil	Nil
(f) Other loans:  -From Banks Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil -From a company Nil					Nil	Nil
From a company Nil					Nil	Nil
- Security deposits Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Ote 30.2 Break-up of (1)(f) above (outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid)    As at		(1) Other loans:		Nil	Nil	Nil
- Advances received against loan agreements Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Oote 30.2 Break-up of (1)(f) above (outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid)  As at As at As at Amoun 31.03.2023 31.03.2022 Overdum (a) In the form of unsecured debentures (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e., debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits Nil		*		Nil	Nil	Nil
As at 31.03.2023 31.03.2022 Overdum (a) In the form of unsecured debentures (b) In the form of partly secured debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits Nil			- Security deposits	Nil	Nil	Nil
(a) In the form of unsecured debentures (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e., debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits Nil		- Advances received aga	inst loan agreements	Nil	Nil	Nil
(a) In the form of unsecured debentures (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e., debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits Nil	Note 30.2	Break-up of (1)(f) above (outsternding - 1);	1			
(a) In the form of unsecured debentures (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e., debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits  Nil	1010 50.2	Break-up of (1)(1) above (outstanding public	deposits inclusive of i	nterest accrued	thereon but no	t paid)
(a) In the form of unsecured debentures (b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e., debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits Nil				As at	* As at	Amount
(b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e., debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits  Nil		(ST 4) C		31.03.2023	31.03.2022	Overdue
where there is a shortfall in the value of security (c) Other public deposits  Nil Nil Nil Nil  Sesets side:  Ote 30.3 Break-up of loans and advances including bills receivables (other than those included in (4) below)  Amount Outstanding  As at				Nil	Nil	Nil
(c) Other public deposits  Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Sesets side:  Ote 30.3 Break-up of loans and advances including bills receivables (other than those included in (4) below)  Amount Outstanding  As at A		(b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e., debentures		Nil	NEI	NI!I
Seets side: Ote 30.3 Break-up of loans and advances including bills receivables (other than those included in (4) below)  Amount Outstanding  As at As		where there is a shortfall in the value of secur	rity	INII	INII	Nil
Amount Outstanding  As at As a		(c) Other public deposits		Nil	Nil	Nil
Amount Outstanding  As at As a	Assets side	Δ.				
Amount Outstanding  (a) Secured (b) Unsecured  Nil Nil As at 468.66 3,690.  Amount Outstanding  Amount Outstanding  Amount Outstanding  Amount Outstanding  As at 468.66 3,690.  Amount Outstanding  As at 31.03.2023 31.03.2023  (i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease (b) Operating lease (ci) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities  (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA	Note 30.3		hille rogoivables (eth-	41 41		(Rs.' 000
(a) Secured (b) Unsecured  Nil Nil A68.66 3,690.  The 30.4 Bréak UP of leased assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities  Amount Outstanding  As at As at 31.03.2023 31.03.2023 31.03.2023  (i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease (b) Operating lease (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA	MEDICAL ESCAPATION			er than those ii		
(a) Secured (b) Unsecured  Nil Nil 468.66 3,690.  As at As at 31.03.2023 31.03.2023  (i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (a) Lease assets including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (a) Lease assets have been repossessed  NA N		Amount Outst	anding			
(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire (b) Operating lease (c) Assets on hire (d) Assets on hire (e) Assets on hire (f) Repossessed assets (g) Characteristics (g) Assets on hire (g) Assets on hire (h) Repossessed assets (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed (b) Assets on hire (c) Assets on hire (d) Loans other than (e) Assets have been repossessed (e) Assets on hire (f) Assets have been repossessed (g) Assets have been repossessed (h) Assets have been repossessed (h) Assets have been repossessed (h) Assets have been repossessed		(a) Secured				
Amount Outstanding  As at As a						
Amount Outstanding  As at As at 31.03.2023  (i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed (b) Lease assets that there (c) the second state of the					468.66	3,690.77
Amount Outstanding  (i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease  (b) Operating lease  (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire  (b) Repossessed assets  (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities  (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  N	lote 30.4	Bréak UP of leased assets and stock on hire	and other assets cou	nting towards	AEC activities	
(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  N				inting towards		
(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:  (a) Financial lease  (b) Operating lease  (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire  (b) Repossessed assets  (cii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities  (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  (b) Loans where there (c) the sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire  (b) Repossessed assets  (c) Assets on hire  (d) Assets on hire  (e) Assets on hire  (f) Assets on hire  (g) Assets on hire  (h) Loans where assets have been repossessed		Amount Outsta	anding			
(a) Financial lease (b) Operating lease NA NA (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors: (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets NA NA (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed NA		(i) Lease assets including lease rentals unde	r sundry debtors:		-110012020	01.00.2022
(b) Operating lease (ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors: (a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  N		(a) Financial lease			NA	NA
(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:  (a) Assets on hire  (b) Repossessed assets  (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities  (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  N		(b) Operating lease				
(a) Assets on hire (b) Repossessed assets (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  N		(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges und	der sundry debtors:		****	11/1
(b) Repossessed assets (iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  NA  N		(a) Assets on hire			NA	NA
(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities  (a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA		(b) Repossessed assets				
(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed  NA  NA  NA		(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC acti	vities		THE THE	INA
(b) I come of how there (c) 1		(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed			NA	NA
		(b) Loans other than (a) above	W & ASS			

Note 30.5	Break-up of investments		
	Current investments:		. '000)
	Amount outstanding	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
1	Quoted:	01.00:2020	31.03.2022
	(i) Shares:	Nil	Nil
	(a) Equity	Nil	Nil
	(b) Preference	Nil	Nil
	(ii) Debentures and bonds	Nil	Nil
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	Nil	Nil
	(iv) Government securities	Nil	Nil
	(v) Others (please specify)	Nil	Nil
2	Unquoted:		
	(i) Shares:	Nil	Nil
	(a) Equity	Nil	Nil
	(b) Preference	Nil	Nil
	(ii) Debentures and bonds	Nil	Nil
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	Nil	Nil
	(iv) Government securities	Nil	Nil
	(v) Others (please specify)	Nil	Nil
	Long term investments:		
	Quoted:		
	(i) Shares:	1,989.40	1,775.12
	(a) Equity	1,989.40	1,775.12
	(b) Preference	Nil	Nil
	(ii) Debentures and bonds	Nil	Nil
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	Nil	Nil
	(iv) Government securities	Nil	Nil
	(v) Others (please specify)	Nil	Nil
	Unquoted:		
	(i) Shares:	Nil	Nil
	(a) Equity	Nil	Nil
	(b) Preference	Nil	Nil
	(ii) Debentures and bonds	Nil	Nil
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	Nil	Nil
	(iv) Government securities	Nil & ASSO	Nil
	(v) Others (please specify)	CHARTERED E Nil	Nil

Note 30.6	Borrower group-wise classification of assets final	nced as in (3) a	nd (4) above:		(Rs. '000)
	Amount outstanding			ınt net of provisi	
	Category		Secured	Unsecured	Total
1	Related parties **				22.3.6466
	(a) Subsidiaries		Nil	Nil	Nil
	(b) Companies in the same group		Nil	468.66	468.66
	(c) Other related parties		Nil	Nil	Nil
2	Other than related parties		Nil	Nil	Nil
		Total	Nil	468.66	468.66

Note 30.7 Investor group-wise classification of all investments shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

	Category	p of	fair 1e or	Book value (net of provisions)
1	Related parties **		(Rs.	'000)
	(a) Subsidiaries		Nil	Nil
	(b) Companies in the same group		1,989.40	1,775.12
	(c) Other related parties		Nil	Nil
2	Other than related parties		Nil	Nil
	** As per Ind As issued by MCA (refer note below)	Total	1,989.40	1,775.12

Market

Note 30.8 Other i	nformation
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Other information	(Rs.	'000)
Amount outstanding	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
(i) Gross non-performing assets		
(a) Related parties	Nil	Nil
(b) Other than related parties	Nil	Nil
(ii) Net non-performing assets		7411
(a) Related parties	Nil	Nil
(b) Other than related parties	Nil	Nil
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	Nil	Nil

Note

All Ind AS issued by MCA are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets as also, assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, market value in respect of quoted investments and break up / fair value / NAV in respect of unquoted investments shall be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term or current in (5) above.

#### HEM HOLDINGS & TRADING LIMITED

Notes forming Part of Standalone Financial Statements as at 31st March 2023 (Contd.)

#### Note 31. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analyzed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

	(Rs. In '000)			
	As at 31-	03-2023	As at 31-03-2022	
	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months	Within 12 Months	After 12 Months
ASSETS	-	- I		
Financial assets		- C		
Cash and cash equivalents	6,540.12		3,070.04	2
Receivables	-	12,548.04	-	12,548.0
Loans	-	468.66	-	3,690.7
Investments	-	1,989.40	12 12	1,775.1
Other financial assets	-	2.05	-	2.0
Non-financial assets				
Income tax assets (Net)	- 1	64.21		73.68
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	2		-	70.0
Property, plant and equipment		3,076.55		3,234.0
Total assets	6,540	18,149	3,070	21,32
LIABILITIÉS				
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables				
Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	65.36		104.74	**
Other financial liabilities	-	209.00	-	*1
Non-fiancial liabilities				
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		12	-	-
Deffered Tax Liabilities (Net)	-	57.40	-	1.6
Other Non financial liabilities	0.83	-	3 27/68	
Total Liabilities	66.18	266.40	108.14	1.69

#### Note 32. Financial instrument and fair value measurement

A. Accounting classifications and fair values
The carrying amount and fair value of financial instruments including their levels in the fair value hierarchy presented below;

(Rs. '000)

As at March 2023	Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at fair value through OCI				
Investments	1,989.40	1,989.40		
Total	1,989.40	1,989.40		
Financial assets at amortized cost				
Cash and Cash equivalents	6,540.12	-		
Loans	468.66			
Security Deposits	2.05	-		
Total	7,010.83			
Financial Liabilities at amortized cost				
Trade Payables	65.36	-		
Other Financial Liabilities	209.00			
Total	274.36			

As at March 2022	Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at fair value through OCI				
Investments	1,775.12	1,775.12		
Total	1,775.12	1,775.12		
Financial assets at amortized cost				- 95
Cash and Cash equivalents	3,070.04	8		
Loans	3,690.77			
Security Deposits	2.05	-		
Total	6,762.86	4		
Financial Liabilities at amortized cost	77.115.2000.1144.11			
Trade Payables Trade Payables	104.74	-		
Other Financial Liabilities	125			
Total	104.74			

The Company has not disclosed the fair values for cash and cash equivalents, receivables, loans, security deposits, trade payables and other financial liabilities as their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.



# C.1 Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximize shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

As at 31 03 2023 3	As at 51.03.2022
24142876 163365	24279122 4798
24306241	24283920
123 80%	110.85%
0.84%	0.02% 110.87%
	31.03.2023 3 24142876 163365 24306241 123.80%

Tier 1 capital consists of shareholders' equity and retained earnings. Tier 2 capital consists of general provision and loss reserve against standard assets and subordinated debt (subject to prescribed discount rates and not exceeding 50% of Tier 1).

Note: CRAR % as on 31.03.2022 of 110.87% was taken and accepted as per Audited Financial Statement of Previous Year.

# Note 33 Employee benefit plan

Disclosure in respect of employee benefits under Ind AS 19 - Employee Benefit are as under:

As there are no permanent employee as on the date on balance sheet the same has not made applicable

### Note 34 Financial risk management objectives and policies

While risk is inherent in the company's activities, it is managed through an integrated risk management framework, including ongoing identification. Measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls.

The Board of Directors are responsible for the overall risk management approach and for approving the risk management strategies and principles.

The Risk Committee has the overall responsibility for the development of the risk strategy and implementing principles, frameworks, policies and limits. The Risk Committee is responsible for managing risk decisions and monitoring risk levels and reports to the Supervisory Board.

The company's management is responsible for managing it assets and liabilities and the overall financial structure. It is also primarily responsible for the funding and liquidity risks of the company.

#### a) Credit risk

The company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties and for geographical and industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

#### Financial assets measured on a collective

The company splits its exposure into smaller homogeneous portfolios, based on shared credit risk characteristics, as described below in the following order:

loans are Secured

if the loans are determined to be secured

- Nature of loan i.e., based on the nature of loan



# Significant increase in credit risk

The company considers an exposure to have significant increase in credit risk when the borrowe crosses 30 DPD but is within 90 DPD.

#### Impairment assessment

The company considers a financial instrument defaulted and therefore stage 3 (credit impaired) for ECL calculations in all cases when the borrower crosses 90 days past due on its contractual payments.

# Exposure at default

The exposure at default (EAD) represents the gross carrying amount of the financial instrument subject to the impairment calculation.

# Loss given default

The credit risk assessment is based on a standardized LGD assessment framework that incorporates the probability of default and subsequent recoveries, discounted.

Current economic data and forward-looking economic forecasts and scenarios are used in order to determine the Ind AS 109 LGD rate. The company uses data obtained from third party sources and combines such data with inputs to the Company's ECL models including determining the weights attributable to the multiple, scenarios.

# Analysis of risk concentration

of the Company's loans.		, As at	As at
		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Carrying value of Loans		468656	3690773
Mortgage-backed loans			
other assets backed loans			
Personal loans			0
Others		468656	3690773
Others	Total	468656	3690773

# Collateral and other credit enhancements

The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the counterparty. Guidelines are in place covering the acceptability and valuation of each type of collatera

During the year the company has not advanced loan to any third party.

The company also obtains guarantees from parent companies for loans to their subsidiaries. Management monitors the market value of collateral and will request additional collateral in accordance with the underlying agreement.

Collateral coverage - credit impaired loans

Nil

b) Liquidity risk and funding management



Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Group might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatch in the timing of cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances. To limit this risk, management has devised for diversified funding sources, and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on daily basis.

# Maturity profile of financial liabilities

Since the company no financial liabilities in the form of borrowing, the maturity profiles of the undiscounted cash flows are not applicable.

#### c) Market risk

Market risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

# Note 35 Revenue from contracts with customers.

During the year the company did not earn revenue from Contracts with customers and hence reconciliation to profit and loss account is not applicable

# Note 36 Events occurring after the balance sheet date

There have been no events after the reporting date that require disclosure in these financial statements.

#### Note 37 Standards issued but not vet effective

There are neither new standards nor amendments to existing standards which are effective for the annual period beginning from 1st April 2022.

#### Note 38 Previous year comparatives

Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary, to conform to current year's classification.

For & on behalf of Board of Directors

Ketan M Shah

Director

DIN-00312343

Sangeeta K Shafi

Managing Director

DIN-05322039

Akansha Kotwani

Company Secretary

Ashish Tayal

Chief Financial

Officer

In terms of our report of even date attached

For M/s Harsh Jain & Associates (Chartered Accountants)

FRN-007639C

CA Harsh Jain (Partner)

M.No. 076736

UDIN-23076736BGPLOP5887

Place: Durg

Date: 30.05.2023