

Ref No: 08/SE/CS/JUL/2024-25

Date: July 16, 2024

To,

Listing Department	Listing & Compliance Department
BSE Limited	National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,	Exchange Plaza, 5 th Floor
Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001	Plot No.C/1, "G" Block
	Bandra- Kurla Complex
	Bandra(E), Mumbai- 400051
BSE Scrip Code: 544020	NSE Symbol: ESAFSFB

Dear Sir / Madam,

Sub: Communication to Shareholders - Intimation on Tax Deduction on Dividend

Pursuant to the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Rules framed thereunder, as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividend paid or distributed on or after April 1, 2020, shall be taxable at the hands of the Shareholders.

In this regard, please find enclosed herewith the communication explaining the process on withholding tax from dividends paid to the shareholders at prescribed rates, as may be applicable, along with the necessary annexures. An email communication in this regard, will be provided along with the notice of the 8th Annual General Meeting of the Bank.

The above Intimations are also being made available on the website of the Bank at www.esafbank.com

Requesting you to take the same into your records.

Thank you,

Yours Faithfully

For ESAF Small Finance Bank Limited

Ranjith Raj. P
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer



Communication to Shareholders - Intimation on Tax Deduction on Dividend

Date: July 16, 2024

Dear Shareholder,

We hope this communique finds you safe and in good health.

We are pleased to inform you that the Board of Directors at their Meeting held on May 08, 2024 have proposed payment of Final dividend of Rs. 0.7 per equity share of face value of Rs. 10/- each (7% on the paid up equity share capital) for the Financial year 2023-24. The dividend once approved in the AGM by the shareholders, will be paid within 30 days from the date of AGM.

Members holding shares as on the Record date will be entitled to receive the dividend after deduction of applicable tax. In order to avail exemptions / concessions from Tax, Shareholders are required to submit necessary documents and details as enumerated in the following paragraphs.

Tax Deduction at Source (TDS) on Dividend

Shareholders may note that pursuant to the changes in the Income Tax Act,1961 ('the Act') as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividend income will be taxable in the hands of the shareholders and the Bank is required to deduct tax at source (TDS) at the time of making the payment of dividend to shareholders at the prescribed rates. The tax deduction / withholding tax rate would vary depending on the residential status of the shareholder and the exemptions as enumerated in the Act subject to fulfilling the documentary requirements.

The TDS/Withholding tax provisions for both categories of shareholders viz. Resident and Non-Resident are detailed below:

I. Resident shareholders:

In respect of Resident Shareholders, Tax will be deducted at source ("TDS") under Section 194 of the Act @ 10% on the amount of dividend payable unless exempt under any of the provisions of the Act subject to fulfilment of the following conditions:

- 1. Valid Permanent Account Number ("PAN") will be mandatorily required.
- Shareholders holding shares under multiple accounts under different status/ category (e.g., Resident and Non-Resident) and single PAN, may note that, higher of the tax as applicable to the status in which shares held under a PAN will be considered on their entire holding in different accounts.

- 3. **Non-linkage of PAN with Aadhaar**: As per Section 139AA of the Income Tax Act, every person who has been allotted a PAN and who is eligible to obtain Aadhaar, shall be required to link the PAN with Aadhaar. In case of failure to comply with this, the PAN allotted shall be deemed to be invalid/inoperative and tax shall be deducted at the rate of 20% as per the provisions of section 206AA of the Act.
- 4. For Shareholders who are identified as "Specified Persons" under Sec 206AB of the Act, higher tax rate as applicable would be deducted if
 - Shareholder has not filed the returns of income for the assessment year relevant to the previous year, immediately before the previous year for which the time limit for furnishing the return of income has expired, in which tax is required to be deducted/ collected.
 - Aggregate of tax deducted at source and tax collected at source is rupees fifty thousand or more in the said previous year.

For the purpose of TDS, Company will verify the status (i.e., Specified Person or not and PAN-Aadhar linkage) from the Government enabled online facility and deduct TDS accordingly.

Apart from the above, specific provisions applicable to Resident-Individuals and Resident Non-Individuals are given below for ready reference.

IA. Resident Shareholders (Individual):

- 1. In case of Individuals, TDS would not apply if the aggregate of total dividend paid to them by the Company under folio(s) during FY 2023-24 does not exceed Rs.5,000/-.
- Tax will not be deducted at source in cases where a shareholder provides duly signed Form 15G Annexure 1 (applicable to an individual below the age of 60 years) / Form 15H
 - **Annexure 2** (applicable to an individual of the age of 60 years and above), provided that the eligibility conditions are met.
- 3. Valid PAN will be mandatorily required. However, if the PAN is not updated or is invalid or is deleted or if Aadhaar is not linked or is classified as Specified Person under Section 206AB then the higher rate as per the Act (i.e., 20%) would apply.

IB. Resident Shareholders (Other than Individuals):

The TDS for Resident shareholders (other than individuals) along with required documents are provided in Table below:

Category of	Tax	Exemption Applicability/ Documents required
Shareholder	Deductio	
	n Rate	
Insurance	NIL	Documentary evidence that the provisions of section
Companies		194 of the Act are not applicable to them:
		1. PAN
		Registration certificate along with
		3. Self-declaration given in Annexure 3

Mutual Funds	NIL	Documentary evidence to prove that the mutual fund is
WIULUAI FUIIUS	INIL	Documentary evidence to prove that the mutual fund is a mutual fund specified under clause (23D) of section
		10 of the Act and is covered under Section 196 of the
		Act along with Self-declaration given in Annexure 3
Alternative	NIL	Documentary evidence that the person is covered by
Investment fund		Notification No. 51/2015 dated 25 June 2015
(AIF)		(OR)
established/		Self-declaration that its income is exempt under Section
incorporated in		10 (23FBA) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and they are
India		governed by SEBI regulations as Category I or
		Category II AIF along with the following documents
		Self-attested copy of the PAN card
		Registration certificate
		3. Self-declaration given in Annexure 3
Recognized	NIL	Self-attested copy of a valid order from Commissioner
Provident Fund		under Rule 3 of Part A of Fourth Schedule to the Act,
		(OR)
		Self-attested valid documentary evidence (e.g., relevant
		copy of registration, notification, order, etc.) in support
		of the provident fund being established under a scheme
		framed under the Employees Provident Funds Act,
		1952 needs to be submitted along with Self-declaration
Δ		given in Annexure 3
Approved	NIL	Self-attested copy of valid approval granted by the
Superannuation /		Commissioner needs to be submitted:
		a) under Rule 2 of Part B of Fourth Schedule to the Act (In case of Approved Superannuation Fund)
Approved Gratuity Fund		b) under Rule 2 of Part C of Fourth Schedule to the Act
Gratuity I und		(In case of Approved Gratuity Fund)
		along with Self-declaration given in Annexure 3
National	NIL	Self-attested valid documentary evidence (e.g.,
Pension		relevant copy of registration, notification, order, etc.)
Scheme		grating approval to the Scheme along with Self-
		declaration given in Annexure 3
Entities exempt	NIL	If the income is exempt under the Act, the authorized
under Section		signatory shall submit the declaration given in
10 of the Act		Annexure 3 duly signed with stamp affixed for the
		purpose of claiming exemption from TDS (entities as
		provided in Circular No.18 of 2017)
Corporation	NIL	Documentary evidence that the person is covered under
established by		section 196 of the Act along with self-declaration given
or under a		in Annexure 3.
Central Act/		
State Act which		
is, under any		
law for the time		
being in force,		
exempt from		

income- tax on its income including entities in which such corporations are the beneficial shareholders Order under	Rate	Lower/NIL withholding tax certificate obtained from
section 197 of the Act	provided in the order	Income Tax authorities.
Benefit under Rule 37BA	Rates based on the status of the beneficial owners	In case where shares are held by Clearing Member/intermediaries/ stock brokers and TDS is to be applied by the Company in the PAN of the beneficial shareholders, then intermediaries/ stock brokers and beneficial shareholders will have to provide a declaration given in Annexure 4 along with Appendix A . Any declaration submitted after the cut-off date will not be accepted.
Other resident shareholders without PAN/Invalid PAN/ Deleted PAN/ PAN-Aadhar not linked/ non-compliance of Section 206AB	20%	

II. Non-resident Shareholders

In respect of Non-Resident Shareholders, Tax will be deducted at source ("TDS") under Section 195 and Section 196D of the Act @ 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) on the amount of dividend payable unless exempt under the provisions of the Act as given below:

Category of	Tax	Exemption Applicability/ Documents required
Shareholder	Deductio	Exemption Applicability/ Documents required
	n Rate	
Any non-resident shareholder (including Foreign Institutional Investors, Foreign Portfolio Investors (FII, FPI))	20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or Tax Treaty rate whichever is lower	As per Section 90 of the Act, a non-resident shareholder has an option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ('DTAA') between India and the country of tax residence of the shareholder, if such DTAA provisions are more beneficial to such shareholder. To avail the DTAA benefits, the non-resident shareholder will have to compulsorily provide the following documents: a. Copy of Permanent Account Number (PAN), if available. b. Self-attested copy of Tax Residency Certificate ('TRC') issued by the revenue authorities of the country of which shareholder is tax resident, evidencing and certifying shareholder's tax residency status during FY 2023-24. c. E-filed Form 10F filed on the Indian Income-tax e-filing portal. Steps to file the same is enclosed as (for shareholders who have PAN - Annexure 5a) and (for shareholders who do not have PAN - Annexure 5b). d. Self-declaration of having no taxable presence, fixed base or permanent establishment in India in accordance with the applicable Tax Treaty and Beneficial ownership by the non-resident shareholder (Annexure 6).
		Application of beneficial DTAA rate shall depend upon the completeness and satisfactory review by the Company of the documents submitted by the Non-Resident shareholders. The Company will apply its sole discretion and is not obligated to apply the beneficial DTAA rates for tax deduction on dividend payable to shareholders.
		TDS shall be recovered at 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) if any of the above-mentioned documents are not provided.
Submitting Order	Rate	Lower/NIL withholding tax certificate obtained from
under section	provided	Income Tax authorities.
195(3) /197 of the	in the	
Act	Order	

Note:

- Shareholders holding shares under multiple accounts under different status/ category (eg. Resident and Non-Resident) and single PAN, may note that, higher of the tax as applicable to the status in which shares held under a PAN will be considered on their entire holding in different accounts.
- 2. For Shareholders who are identified as "Specified Persons" under Sec 206AB of the Act, higher tax rate as applicable would be deducted if
 - a. Shareholder has not filed the returns of income for the assessment year relevant to the previous year, immediately before the previous year for which the time limit for furnishing the return of income has expired, in which tax is required to be deducted/ collected.
 - b. Aggregate of tax deducted at source and tax collected at source is rupees fifty thousand or more in the said previous year.

For the purpose of TDS, Company will verify the status (i.e., Specified Person or not) from the Government enabled online facility and deduct TDS accordingly. It may be noted that as per sections 206AB, the specified persons shall not include a non-resident who does not have a permanent establishment in India.

Submission of Declarations and other Documents:

Kindly note that the documents and annexures as explained above duly filled and signed can be uploaded by the shareholders directly at https://liiplweb.linkintime.co.in/formsreg/submission-of-form-15g-15h.html and in case of any difficulty be sent to the Email ID investor.relations@esafbank.com.

Shareholders are requested to submit the required documents for availing tax exemption/concession before August 07, 2024 for further processing.

It may be further noted that in case the tax on said Final Dividend is deducted at a higher rate in the absence of receipt of the aforementioned details/documents from you or on application of provisions of Section 206AB, there would still be an option available with you to file the return of income and claim an appropriate refund, if eligible.

No claim shall lie against the Company for such taxes deducted.

In the event of any income tax demand (including interest, penalty, etc.) arising from any misrepresentation, inaccuracy or omission of information provided / to be provided by the Shareholder(s), such Shareholder(s) will be responsible to indemnify the Company and also, provide the Company with all information / documents and co-operation in any appellate proceedings.

Pursuant to the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May 2020 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the dividend will be paid electronically in the Members bank accounts.

Updation of PAN, Email ID, Mobile, Bank and other details

Members are requested to verify / update their PAN, Email address for communication, Mobile number, Bank details etc with the Depository Participants (Demat Shares) / RTA (Physically held shares).

Shareholders, whose valid PAN is updated, will be able to see the credit of TDS in Form 26AS, which can be downloaded from their e-filing account at https://www.incometax.gov.in/iec/foportal/

We request your cooperation in this regard.

Thanking you,

For ESAF Small Finance Bank Limited

Ranjith Raj P

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Annexures:

To view / download Annexure 1 - Form 15G Click here and Annexure 2 Form 15H Click here

To view / download Annexure 3 - Resident Tax Declaration Click here

To view / download Annexure 4 – Rule 37BA declaration Click here and appendix A Click here

To view / download Annexure 5a - Steps to file e-filed Form 10F (for shareholders having PAN) Click here.

To view / download Annexure 5b – Steps to file e-filed Form 10F (for shareholders not having PAN) Click here.

To view / download Annexure 6 - Letter Foreign Company has no PE in India and Self declaration owner <u>Click here</u>.

<u>Disclaimer: This communication shall not be treated as an advice from the Bank. Shareholders should obtain the tax advice related to their tax matters from a tax professional</u>