

RAJ RAYON INDUSTRIES LIMITED

CIN NO.: L17120DN1993PLC000368

REGD. OFFICE & FACTORY : SURVEY NO. 177/1/3 & 177/1/4, VILLAGE : SURANGI, SILVASSA - 396 230 (U. T. OF DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI & DAMAN & DIU)

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PAN AAACR7820E

GSTIN 26AAACR7820E1ZL

Date: 22/8/2024

To,

The Secretary BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE LIMITED P J Towers Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001	NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE OF INDIA LIMITED Listing Department Exchange Plaza, 5 th Floor, Bandra-kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051.
Company Code No. : 530699	Company Code : RAJRILTD

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub.: Newspaper Advertisement - Disclosure under Regulations 30 read with 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 30 read with Regulation 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and in compliance with all applicable circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, please find enclosed the copies of newspaper advertisement published in today's newspapers i.e. Free Press Gujarat (English) and Lokmitra (Gujarati) intimating the members that ensuing 31st Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company is to be held through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"), without physical presence of the members at a common venue.

Kindly place the same in your records.

Thanking you,

FOR RAJ RAYON INDUSTRIES LIMITED



RAJKUMAR SATYANARAYAN AGARWAL
MANAGING DIRECTOR
DIN: 00395370



Encl.: A/a

Editorial

Editor : Mayur Bhatt

Third Voice of Global South Summit: How India is institutionalising a developing world perspective amid polarising global order



As the world is beset by conflicts, wars, and the impact of the pandemic and geopolitical fault lines, the Global South continues to suffer for no fault of theirs and gets caught in the crossfires of geo-economic contestations. India has once again made a choice to voice the concerns and plight of the developing and underdeveloped world across continents while alleviating their suffering in accordance with its universalistic policy of "Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam"—the world is one family.

Even during its G20 Presidency (2022-23), the theme of the summit was "One earth, One family, and One Future". Although many would have preferred to refer to the requirements of the developing countries as a given, PM Narendra Modi made a point to invite the leaders of the Global South for a virtual summit, enabling them to articulate their genuine concerns and suggestions for ploughing into the G20 remit and landscape.

As a result of conflicts and pandemic the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and fight against climate change had taken a back seat, which was brought forward and into the focus by India. New Delhi had a very difficult task to wade through the geopolitical divide between Russia and the West, which would have otherwise marred the summit altogether. But PM Modi's personal connection with the leaders and diplomatic dexterity carried the day in an exemplary manner.

India hosted the first

virtual 'Voice of the Global South Summit' (VOGSS) in January 2023 with the participation of over 120 leaders from across the continents. The theme was 'Unity of Voice and Unity of Purpose'. PM Modi, in his remarks, laid out the 4Rs matrix, which essentially hinged on the key issues confronting the developing world. The mantra included Respond, Recognise, Respect, and Reform.

"To re-energise the world, we should together call for a global agenda of 'Respond, Recognise, Respect, and Reform': Respond to the priorities of the Global South by framing an inclusive and balanced international agenda. Recognise that the 'Common but Differentiated Responsibilities' principle applies to all global challenges. Respect the sovereignty of all nations, the rule of law, and peaceful resolution of differences and disputes. And reform international institutions, including the United Nations, to make them more relevant," PM said while underscoring that "your voice is India's voice and your priorities are India's priorities."

One of the key agendas India followed at the G20 was greater representation of the Global South; hence, the inclusion of the African Union (AU) with its fifty-five member states became a priority so that the voice of Africa and the Global South could be heard loud and clear. VOGSS served as a platform to discuss ways to sustain the momentum generated towards our common aspiration of a more

inclusive, representative, and progressive world order.

After the G20 Summit, New Delhi organised the second summit in November 2023 with 140 countries to take stock of the efforts and the relevant outcomes of the G20 with the theme 'Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas and Sabka Vishwas'—'Together, for Everyone's Growth, with Everyone's Trust'. Even as the Eurasian and Middle East was continued to take their toll, especially in the Global South, Indian priority was to de-weaponise and de-politicise the food, fuel, and fertilisers, which are so essential for the well-being of the Global South.

Besides the issues such as climate change, health, food and energy security, resilient value and supply chains, sustainable development, global governance, and international cooperation remained at the forefront. India also inaugurated the "Global South Centre of Excellence—Dakshin", which acts as the incubator of ideas and projects for enhancing South-South cooperation. Moreover, initiatives like the platform of the Global South Science and Technology Initiative, the Global South Scholarship Programme, cooperation in the health sector, and the Global South Young Diplomats Forum have acquired reasonable traction as engagement with think tanks and other institutions became commonplace. Foreign Ministers conversed on 'India and the Global South: Emerging Together for a Better Future' for creating a new road map.

Again, on August 17, the third Voice of Global South Summit will seek to do a Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats (SWOT) analysis. Since conflicts like the Russia-Ukraine war and the Israel-Hamas war are increasing in intensity with huge escalation potential, there is hardly any respite for the Global South countries. Hence the third summit, which appears to be institutionalised and will be chaired by PM Modi, will seek

to address the inherent shortcomings apart from the global challenges of development, terrorism, and climate change, as well as capacity building and making the human resource future ready as the countries lead into AI-driven Industrial Revolution 4.0 with new technologies and newer frontiers.

Moreover, effort is needed to create and curate the indigenous developmental solutions and critical mass of specified interests and opportunities, which should be mutually sustaining within the ambit of South-South cooperation devoid of dependence on the ODA model and Washington Consensus. India has acquired tremendous heft in the Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI), which could act as a starting point with AAA technologies that are 'available, affordable, and accessible' within the parameters of our capacity-building assistance matrix. Likewise, health care, logistics and agronomic practices, and agro-processing could benefit from the technological advances. S-S trade and government-to-government (G2G) efforts to help the evolution of functional public-private partnership (PPP) models of cooperation would go a long way for the creation of viable global and regional value supply chains. Neocolonial practices by certain countries leading to non-sustainable indebtedness will have to be structurally addressed through innovative and indigenous expertise within the Global South, where India can lead the charge. The institutionalisation of VOGSS clearly attests to India's commitment to the Global South in a holistic framework of mutually beneficial cooperation, as PM Modi believes, "Despite the challenges the developing world faces, I remain optimistic that our time is coming. The need of the hour is to identify simple, scalable, and sustainable solutions that can transform our societies and economies."

How ex-ISI chief's arrest shows Pakistan Army's paranoia



Pakistan is never short of news. As Arshad Nadeem became the first Pakistani to ever win an individual gold at the Olympics, Lt Gen Faiz Hameed became the first ever intelligence chief to get arrested. Arshad won national glory and a buffalo. Hameed could lose his reputation and his head. All this is vastly interesting in terms of the flamboyant Faiz Hameed himself. What is more interesting is what it says about the Pakistani army. The days when Indian army officers often saw the other's army as quite alike itself in terms of a British-trained and disciplined force are long gone. Think again. Things are getting dangerous.

First, the issue of the arrested ISI Chief. Enough has been said about his prowess in the field and his now famous photograph at the Serena hotel in Kabul, sipping a cup of tea as the Taliban took over the country. Enough to say that no intelligence chief worth his salt would be seen dead in an operational

area, where he has a strong role to play. But that was Faiz all over. He got the Taliban in, and he had no qualms about claiming it. Then was his equal prowess in bringing all Imran Khan's opponents to a sticky end. That included the virtual creation of the right-wing Tehrik-e-Labbaik Pakistan (TLP), led by a fiery preacher, Khadim Rizvi, who led a series of protests against Nawaz Sharif that ate away at his political bastion in Punjab. That was when he was a Major General in charge of the counterintelligence wing, believed to have backed the famous 2017 Faizabad protests that brought Islamabad to a halt, even while an Army officer was seen paying them off later. It's another matter that when Rizvi became too big for his boots, he died under mysterious circumstances shortly thereafter.

In 2017 was also the infamous Joint Investigation Committee against Nawaz Sharif that probed his alleged corruption, which included an

extensive publication and televising of a series of reports that exposed his vast wealth. So brutal was the exercise that the then Chief Justice Saqib Nisar observed that ISI and military intelligence officers were made part of the team to "spice it up". Visuals of riches beyond the imagination of an average Pakistani finished Nawaz Sharif off in the eyes of the populace—for good. Faiz was nothing if not thorough.

But such exercises are hardly unusual in the agency. It's all par for the course. Neither was the whole 'Top City' case, which is getting media attention now. Simply put, on May 12, 2017, the Pakistan Rangers and officials of the ISI raided the office of a massive property developed "Top City" and owner Kunwar Moiz and took away valuables, including gold and diamond ornaments and money, supposedly in a terrorism case. The owner was also pressured into giving a large slice of land to Faiz's brother, a tehsildar, who was arrested in March this year. The brothers clearly had large ambitions.

as scholar Ayesha Siddiqi observes, hundreds of acres of land were thus 'acquired'. The case landed up on a bench that included Chief Justice Qazi Faiz Isa (accused of being overtly lenient to Imran Khan), who directed the military to probe allegations that included a whole group of ISI officers and at least two Brigadiers and six others from the agency. None of this still explains why Faiz Hameed was arrested. In April 2024, Lt Gen Ayman Bilal Safdar, the GOC 1 Corps, resigned after the ISI recorded critical comments he made about Gen.

bank was literally carved out for the express purpose of disbursing funds to diverse politicians to oppose the then liberal Benazir Bhutto? That was in the 1990's and dragged on for years. Younis Habib, a former chief of the Mehran Bank, revealed that he was pressured by then army chief Mirza Aslam Beg and the President, Ghulam Ishaq Khan, to transfer some Rs 1.48 billion, out of which Rs 140 million were distributed among political parties while the rest were invested in "army welfare schemes" and transferred to account numbers provided by ISI officials. He went to jail. The others got off scot-free. Another little nugget. Allegedly, some Rs 50 million was paid to Bangladesh's Khaleida Zia to enable her to fight Sheikh Hasina at the time. How much of that actually went into ISI's pockets remains unknown. Then was money paid to jihadis in the Kashmir 'struggle', much of which was siphoned off by ISI officials on the ground.

In other words, the ISI and its henchmen have been having fun for years. But the military is not usually very quick to act against its own. Earlier, some 12 army officers were arrested for corruption and made to pay heavy fines, but they kept their pensions intact. Then was the serious attempt at a coup by a triumvirate in 1995 that aimed to kill the Army Chief and Benazir Bhutto. That trial was still going on in 2023. But matters have undoubtedly been getting worse. In April 2024, Lt Gen Ayman Bilal Safdar, the GOC 1 Corps, resigned after the ISI recorded critical comments he made about Gen.

Breast disease and cancer

Breast cancer today has become, a dreaded disease and has got deadlier for the modern woman who is becoming vulnerable to the illness. Breast cancer is the second most common cancer in Indian women. The incidence is more in urban than rural women. No doubt, we have seen a considerable change in the level of awareness among women in semi urban and urban areas. The rise is particularly affecting younger women between 30 and 40 years. The fault, to a certain extent, lies with the doctors too who do not encourage screening. Many of us have a misconception that visiting a doctor is required only if we have symptoms that do not go away. It is important to understand that screening is for healthy women without any symptoms. Every woman after 40 should go for a mammogram test. Fathers, brothers and husbands should speak to their daughters, sisters and wives and make them understand the importance of regular breast and cervical cancer screening. Most girls work, have late marriages and then have children even later. All these factors work at increasing the chances of breast cancer," Stress and obesity are other factors that can increase the chances of having breast cancer.



Vinod Chandrashekhar Dixit
Free-lance Journalist, Writer & Cartoonist
(dixitpatrakar@yahoo.in)

To prevent a disease, we need to spread awareness to mitigate the risk factors that may lead to breast disease and breast cancer. In India, scientists are incredibly good at improving technology while simultaneously making it cost-effective. Irrespective of one's education, nutritional and socio-economic status, everyone faces a risk of developing cancer. This is called the population risk of developing cancer. A timely initiative with the right degree of gravity for raising

awareness about breast cancer among the folks. To be frank, most people do have only a vague idea about breast cancer and the intensity of the malady. Cancer has always been considered a disease of the aged. Though that is true to a certain extent, the age at which women develop breast cancer has undergone a change in the last two decades. An increasing number of breast cancers are detected in the 25-40 years age group. The mere presence of risk factors is not synonymous with the occurrence of breast cancer nor can all risk factors for breast cancer be mitigated or modified. The following universal suggestions may be made for all Indian women:

- A diet low in fat and rich in vitamins, minerals and antioxidants (through fresh fruits and vegetables).
- Regular exercise and weight reduction.
- Alcohol consumption must be avoided or minimised.
- Avoid use of tobacco. While tobacco does not lead directly to breast cancer, it can lead to certain benign breast diseases.
- Oral contraceptive pills and Hormone Replacement Treatment must be undertaken under the close supervision of a health care provider.
- Self-breast examination must be practiced monthly from teenage onwards by all women.
- Clinical breast examination may be undertaken annually with one's health care provider.

Women must be familiar with structure of their breasts and do regular examinations. According to doctors, with changing times and a faster lifestyle, younger women are becoming more susceptible to the disease. (B-15 Jyoti-Kalash Society, Jodhpur Tekra, Satellite, Ahmedabad - 380 015)

Why ISRO's third and final development flight of Small Satellite Launch Vehicle is significant



Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) continued with their Independence Day celebrations for more than 24 hours and successfully launched their Small Satellite Launch Vehicle (SSLV) on August 16, 2024. This mission was known as the SSLV-D3 mission. This was the third and final development flight of this vehicle. Now it could be said that ISRO's SSLV vehicle is fully operational.

In the future, ISRO is expected to undertake various commercial assessments by using this vehicle. For years, ISRO has been depending on its most trusted workhorse, the Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle (PSLV), for undertaking commercial launches. The payload-carrying capacity of PSLV is around two tons. The majority of contracts that ISRO is getting are for launching mini/micro/nano satellites. Small satellites are of low mass and size, usually under 500 kg. PSLV is in use essentially for launching India's earth observation/remote sensing satellites and, on occasion, satellites required for meteorological and some other purposes. Normally, such satellites are of the weight between 1.5 to 2 tons. Hence, when possible, ISRO was using the remaining weight-carrying capability of PSLV for carrying small satellites for commercial purposes. However, this 'piggyback' being a temporary arrangement, ISRO was aware that if they wanted to capture the global market for the launch of small satellites, then they would be required to develop a new vehicle for such purposes. SSLV project put in place in 2018 to develop a vehicle for launching 500 kg satellites to Low Earth Orbits (LEO).

Unfortunately, the first developmental flight of the SSLV (SSLV-D1) launched on August 7, 2022, had failed. However, within six months, ISRO was able to identify and rectify the fault and ensure the success during the second developmental flight on February 10, 2023. During this SSLV-D2 mission, three small satellites were put in orbit. For the SSLV-D3 mission, the main payload is the EOS-08 satellite, which is weighing 175.5 kg. This system has three key payloads inside it. They include an Electro-Optical Infrared (EOIR) payload, a Global Navigation Satellite System-Reflectometry (GNSS-R) payload, and a Silicon Carbide (SiC) UV Dosimeter.

EOIR is meant for satellite-based surveillance, disaster and environmental monitoring, fire detection, and industrial disaster assessment. This unit would take day and night images across the Mid-Wave Infrared (MIR) and Long-Wave Infrared (LWIR) spectrums. The GNSS-R payload comes with remote sensing applications like flood monitoring, analysing ocean surface winds, assessing soil moisture, and studying the Himalayan region. While the dosimeter is meant for monitoring UV irradiance for the Gaganyaan Mission's Crew Module. It would provide warning in case of the presence of a high dose of gamma radiation. This mission, in addition to EOS-08, has also launched a cube satellite called SR-0 DEMOSAT for the Space

Kidz India, which is an Indian Aerospace Startup dealing with small satellites. This satellite has an IMU and Digipeater. An Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) is an electronic device that measures and reports acceleration, orientation, angular rates, and other gravitational forces. While Digipeater is a digital repeater, which is normally a single-frequency device. The purpose of this satellite is to provide a LoRa digipeater for amateur radio operators as well as serve as DemoSat for a new cubesat deployer. This satellite aims to create awareness about amateur radio and nanosatellites among school and college students. It also would help to successfully transmit health telemetry and beacons for radio amateurs around the world.

Raj Rayon Industries Limited

CIN: L17120DN1963PLC000368
Registered office: Survey No 177/1/3, Village Surangi, Silvassa DN 396230
E-mail: investors@rajrayon.com ; Website: www.rajrayon.com

NOTICE OF THE 31st ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING/ OTHER AUDIO-VISUAL MEANS

Notice is hereby given that the 31st Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company will be held through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and rules made thereunder and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with all applicable circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") issued in this regard, without physical presence of the members at a common venue, to transact the business as set out in the Notice of the ensuing 31st AGM.

In accordance with the applicable MCA and SEBI circulars, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2023-24 will be sent by electronic mode to those members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depository/RTA/Depository Participant. The requirement of sending physical copies has been dispensed with pursuant to the aforesaid Circulars. The Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2023-24 will also be available on the website of the Company at investors@rajrayon.com, BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.nseindia.com. Members can attend and participate in the Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM facility only. The instructions for joining the Annual General Meeting will be given in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting.

Remote e-voting facility will be provided to Members to cast their votes on any of the resolutions set out in the ensuing Notice of the AGM. Members have the option to cast their vote using the remote e-voting facility prior to the AGM or during the AGM. Detailed procedure for remote e-voting will be provided in the Notice of the AGM.

Members who have still not registered their E-mail ID can get their E-mail ID registered by following the below mentioned process.

- (i) In the case of Shares held in Physical mode: The shareholder may please contact our RTA, Link Intime India Private Ltd., for any change/update email address immediately.
- (ii) In the case of Shares held in Demat mode: The shareholder may please contact the Depository Participant ("DP") and register the email address and bank account details in the demat account as per the process followed and advised by the DP.

Members who are holding shares in physical form or who have not registered their email addresses can cast their vote through remote e-voting prior to or during the AGM by following below procedure

Shareholders may send a request to investors@rajrayon.com / mt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in for procuring user ID and password for e-Voting.

1. In case shares are held in physical mode, please provide Folio Number, name of member, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card).
2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DP ID and Client ID (16-digit DP ID + Client ID or 16-digit beneficiary ID), name of member, client master or copy of consolidated account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card).
3. If you are an individual shareholder holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at Note Login method for e-Voting and voting during the meeting for individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

The Notice of AGM and Annual Report 2023-24 will be sent to shareholders in accordance with the applicable laws on their registered email addresses in due course.

FOR RAJ RAYON INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Sd/-
RAJKUMAR SATYANARAYAN AGARWAL
MANAGING DIRECTOR
DIN: 00395370

Date: 21/08/2024
Place: Gujarat

SYMBOLIC POSSESSION NOTICE

ICICI Bank Branch Office: ICICI Bank LTD Office Number 201-B, 2ND Floor, Road No.1 Plot No-B3, WFI IT PARK, Wagle Industrial Estate, Thane (West)- 400604

The Authorised ICICI Bank Officer under the Securitisation, Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 and in exercise of the powers conferred under section 13(12) read with Rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules 2002, issued Demand Notices to the borrower(s) mentioned below, to repay the amount mentioned in the Notice within 60 days from the date of receipt of the said Notice.

Having failed to repay the amount, the Notice is issued to the borrower and the public in general that the undersigned has taken symbolic possession of the property described below, by exercising powers conferred on him/her under Section 13(4) of the said Act read with Rule 8 of the said rules on the below-mentioned dates. The borrower in particular and the public in general are hereby cautioned not to deal with the property. Any dealings with the property will be subject to charges of ICICI Bank Limited.

Sr. No.	Name of the Borrower(s)/ Loan Account Number	Description of Property/ Date of Symbolic Possession	Date of Demand Notice (Rs)	Name of Branch
1.	Vinod Macchindra Ubale & Komal Vinod Ubale- LBKLY00005168187	Property 1) Shop No.10, 1st Floor, Building No. 1, Bela Residency, O & P Wing, Shop No. 4785, Umbergaon Station Road, Survey No. 114/1/P/1, Mouje & Tal- Umbergaon, Valsad 396195 Property 2) Shop No.11, 1st Floor, Building No. 1, Bela Residency, O & P Wing, Shop No. 4786, Umbergaon Station Road, Survey No. 114/1/P/1, Mouje & Tal- Umbergaon, Valsad- 396195/ August 16, 2024	May 02, 2024 Rs. 19,27,230.28/-	Kalyan-Mumbai
2.	Vinod Macchindra Ubale & Komal Vinod Ubale- LBKLY00005334048	Property 1) Shop No.10, 1st Floor, Building No. 1, Bela Residency, O & P Wing, Shop No. 4785, Umbergaon Station Road, Survey No. 114/1/P/1, Mouje & Tal- Umbergaon, Valsad 396195 Property 2) Shop No.11, 1st Floor, Building No. 1, Bela Residency, O & P Wing, Shop No. 4786, Umbergaon Station Road, Survey No. 114/1/P/1, Mouje & Tal- Umbergaon, Valsad- 396195/ August 16, 2024	May 02, 2024 Rs. 1,04,189.24/-	Kalyan-Mumbai

The above-mentioned borrowers(s)/guarantors(s) is/are hereby issued a 30 day Notice to repay the amount, else the mortgaged properties will be sold after 30 days from the date of publishing this Notice, as per the provisions under Rules 8 and 9 of Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules 2002.

Date: August 22, 2024
Place: Valsad & Vapi

Sincerely Authorised Signatory
For ICICI Bank Ltd.

WESTERN RAILWAY - RAJKOT DIVISION

ENGINEERING WORKS

E-Tender Notice No. 17 of 2024- 25 date 14/08/2024 / e-Tender No : DRM-RJT-2024-25-E-42 Name of Work : Rajkot Division- Providing mobile (Android Base) G.P.S. based surveillance tracking system for monitoring of inspection & patrolling activity with AMC (Four years) Approximate NIT Cost : ₹49,77,712.00 Earnest Money : ₹99,600.00 e-Tender No : DRM-RJT-2024-25-E-43 Name of Work : Hapa- Goods Yard: Interlocking of point No.501/502 & 503/504 with insertion of 03 trap points, 2 Starter signals with Shunt. Approximate NIT Cost : ₹8,92,871.98 Earnest Money : ₹17,900.00 Date & Time of Opening of Tender : 06/09/2024 15:00 Hrs. Office Address : Office Address : Divisional Railway Manager (Engg.), Western Railway, Kothi Compound, Rajkot, Gujarat - 360 001 Website : www.reps.gov.in Like us on : facebook.com/WesternRly