Chadha Papers

Dated: 07.09.2022

BSE Limited,
Department of Corporate Services,
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai 400001.
Script Code:- 531946

Subject: Submission of Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24 along with Notice of 34th Annual General Meeting.

Ref: Pursuant to Regulation 34 (1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Dear Sir,

Please find enclosed herewith 34th Annual Report along with Notice of Annual General Meeting for the financial year 2023-24.

This is for your information and record.

For and on behalf on
Chadha Papers Limited

Chadha Papers Limited

Whole Time Director

Amanbir Singh Sethi
Wholetime Director
DIN: 01015203
Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011

Encl: a/a

Chadha Papers Limited
Corporate Office: R-11, Nehru Enclave, New Delhi-110019
Telephone: +91 120 435461, +91 120 4120849
Works: Chadha Estate, Nainital Road, Bilaspur, District-Rampur (U.P.)
CIN No. L21012UP1990PLCO11878

CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED

34TH ANNUAL REPORT - 2024


HEAPRO


GLOBE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MR. AMANBIR SINGH SETHI — WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR

MR. SANMEET SINGH — NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MR. NAVEEN SEXENA — INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

MR. ANAND SHARMA — INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

MRS. SURJEET KAUR — INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
MR. MOHIT AGARWAL

COMPANY SECRETARY
MR. DEEPAK RASTOGI

STATUTORY AUDITORS
M/SDHANA & ASSOCIATES
(FORMERLY KHANDELIA& SHARMA)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS,
407,SOUTH-EX, PLAZA-II,
NEW DELHI-110049

REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS
SKYLINE FINANCIAL SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED
D-153A, 1ST FLOOR, OKHLA INDUSTRIAL AREA,
NEW DELHI- 110020

REGISTERED OFFICE
CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED (CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878)
CHADHA ESTATE NANITAL ROAD
BILASPUR, RAMPUR
UTTAR PRADESH – 244921, PHONE NO'S:- 91053-88000

CORPORATE OFFICE
CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED
R-11,SECOND FLOOR,NEHRU ENCLAVE,NEAR NEHRU ENCLAVE METRO STATION,KALKAJI,NEW DELHI-110019
PHONE NO'S:- 91053-88000

EMAIL:-CHADHAPAPERSLTD@GMAIL.COM
WEBSITE:-WWW.CHADHAPAPERS.COM

CONTENTS OF ANNUAL REPORT OF CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED
34TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

CONTENTS

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE **34TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** OF THE MEMBERS OF **"CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED" (CIN: L21012UP1990PLC011878)** WILL BE HELD ON MONDAY, THE **30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 2024 AT 02:30 P.M**. AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT CHADHA ESTATE, NAINITAL ROAD, BILASPUR, RAMPUR, UTTAR PRADESH – 244921, INDIA, TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES:

1. TO RECEIVE, CONSIDER AND ADOPT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

(i) To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements (Standalone) of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024, together with the Reports of the Auditors and Board of Directors thereon.

(ii) To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (Consolidated) of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.

SPECIAL BUSINESSES:

2. TO RATIFY REMUNERATION OF COST AUDITOR FOR F.Y. 2024-25.

To consider and if thought fit to pass, with or without modifications, following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and for time being in force, and on the recommendation of Audit Committee, the remuneration of Rs. 60,000/- (Rupees Sixty Thousand Only) plus applicable taxes, if any, and out of pocket expenses in relation to the Cost Audit of the Company, to be paid to M/s Khushwinder Kumar & Co., Cost Accountants, having FRN. 100123, appointed as Cost Auditor by the Board of the Company in its meeting held on 07.09.2024 to conduct the audit of cost records maintained pursuant to the aforesaid provisions by the Company for the financial year to be ended on 31st March, 2025 be and is hereby approved and ratified."

3. TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to provisions of Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory amendment, modification or re-enactment thereof and in force for time being) and approval of Audit Committee, consent of the members of the Company be and is here by accorded for entering into any contract/arrangement/transactions with **"K Recycling Private Limited"** for a period from 01st October, 2024 to 30th September, 2025, as per details provided in the explanatory statement annexed to this Notice, and on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board of Directors of the Company and **"K Recycling Private Limited**.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Board of Directors and/or any Committee thereof be and is hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise, and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, usual, proper or expedient in this regard."

4. TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 `(including any statutory amendment, modification or re-enactment thereof and in force for time being) and approval of Audit Committee, consent of the members of the Company be and is here by accorded for entering into any contract/arrangement/transactions with **"M/s Amanbox Factory Private Limited"** for a period from 01st October, 2024 to 30th September, 2025, as per details provided in the explanatory statement annexed to this Notice, and on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board of Directors of the Company and **"M/s Amanbox Factory Private Limited".**

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Board of Directors and/or any Committee thereof be and is hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise, and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, usual, proper or expedient in this regard."

5. TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory amendment, modification or re-enactment thereof and in force for time being), approval of Audit Committee, consent of the members of the Company be and is here by accorded for entering into any contract/arrangement/transactions with "**M/s ATPAC Industries",** a partnership firm, for a period from 01st October, 2024 to 30th September, 2025, as per details provided in the explanatory statement annexed to this Notice, and on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board of Directors of the Company and **"M/s ATPAC Industries.**

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Board of Directors and/or any Committee thereof be and is hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise, and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, usual, proper or expedient in this regard."

6. <u>TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION</u>

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory amendment, modification or re-enactment thereof and in force for time being) and approval of Audit Committee, consent of the members of the Company be and is here by accorded for entering into any contract/arrangement/transactions with **"K PAPER TECHH PRIVATE LIMITED"** for a period from 01st October, 2024 to 30th September, 2025, as per details provided in the explanatory statement annexed to this Notice, and on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board of Directors of the Company and **"K PAPER TECHH PRIVATE LIMITED**.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Board of Directors and/or any Committee thereof be and is hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise, and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, usual, proper or expedient in this regard."

7. <u>TO APPROVE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION</u>

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory amendment, modification or re-enactment thereof and in force for time being) and approval of Audit Committee, consent of the members of the Company be and is here by accorded for entering into any contract/arrangement/transactions with **"WAVE DISTILLERIES AND BREWERIES LIMITED"** for a period from 01st October, 2024 to 30th September, 2025, as per details provided in the explanatory statement annexed to this Notice, and on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board of Directors of the Company and **"WAVE DISTILLERIES AND BREWERIES LIMITED**

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Board of Directors and/or any Committee thereof be and is hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise, and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, usual, proper or expedient in this regard."

.

By the order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

SD-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
(Whole Time Director)
DIN:-01015203
Address: CTC 061 The Crest Park Drive,DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011

Place: New Delhi
Date: 07-09-2024

Registered Office:
Chadha Estate, Nainital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh-244921, India

NOTES:

1. **A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY/ PROXIES TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON A POLL INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/ HERSELF. A PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. A PERSON CAN ACT AS PROXY ON BEHALF OF MEMBERS NOT EXCEEDING FIFTY (50) AND HOLDING IN THE AGGREGATE NOT MORE THAN TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY. A MEMBER HOLDING MORE THAN TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY CARRYING VOTING RIGHTS MAY APPOINT A SINGLE PERSON AS PROXY AND SUCH PERSON SHALL NOT ACT AS A PROXY FOR ANY OTHER PERSON OR SHAREHOLDER.**

   THE INSTRUMENT APPOINTING THE PROXY SHOULD, HOWEVER, BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING. PROXIES SHALL NOT HAVE ANY RIGHT TO SPEAK AT THE MEETING. A PROXY FORM IS ANNEXED TO THIS NOTICE.

   EVERY MEMBER ENTITLED TO VOTE AT THE MEETING, OR ON ANY RESOLUTION TO BE MOVED THEREAT, SHALL BE ENTITLED DURING THE PERIOD BEGINNING 24 HOURS BEFORE THE TIME FIXED FOR THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING AND ENDING WITH THE CONCLUSION OF THE MEETING, TO INSPECT THE PROXIES LODGED, AT ANY TIME DURING THE BUSINESS HOURS OF THE COMPANY, PROVIDED THAT NOT LESS THAN THREE DAYS` NOTICE IN WRITING OF THE INTENTION SO TO INSPECT IS GIVEN TO THE COMPANY.

2. The businesses set out in the Notice will be transacted through remote electronic voting system and the Company is providing facility for voting by remote electronic means. Instructions and other information relating to remote e-voting are given in the Notice under Note No. 14.

   Members attending the meeting, who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting, shall be able to exercise their right to vote at the meeting through ballot papers. Members who have cast their votes by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their votes again.

3. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company shall remain closed from **24th day of September, 2024** to **30th day of September, 2024** (both days inclusive).

4. Members may please note that SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_ RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022 has mandated the listed companies to

issue securities in dematerialized form only while processing service requests viz. Issue of duplicate securities certificate; claim from unclaimed suspense account; renewal/ exchange of securities certificate; endorsement; sub-division/splitting of securities certificate; consolidation of securities certificates/folios; transmission and transposition. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR – 4, the format of which is available on the Company's website at https:// www.chadhapapers.com under shareholder information tab.

5. SEBI vide its notification dated January 24, 2022 has mandated that all requests for transfer of securities including transmission and transposition requests shall be processed only in dematerialized form. In view of the same and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and avail various benefits of dematerialization. Members are advised to dematerialize the shares held by them in physical form. Members can contact the Company or RTA of the company i.e. **Skyline Financial Services Private Limited**, for assistance in this regard.

   Further, SEBI vide its notification no- SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2022/80 dated April 25 2022 and notification no- SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/65 dated May 18 2022 has simplified the transmission process and prescribed documents to be executed in case of transmission of securities.

6. **Norms for furnishing of PAN, KYC, Bank details and Nomination:**

   Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSDPoD- 1/P/ CIR/2023/37 dated March 16, 2023, issued in supersession of earlier circulars issued by SEBI bearing nos. SEBI/HO/ MIRSD/MIRSD RTAMB /P/CIR/2021/655 and SEBI/HO/MIRSD/ MIRSD RTAMB/ P/CIR/2021/687 dated November 3, 2021 and December 14, 2021, respectively, SEBI has mandated all listed companies to record PAN, Nomination, Contact details, Bank A/c details and Specimen signature for their corresponding folio numbers of holders of physical securities. **The folios wherein any one of the cited documents/details is not available on or after October 1, 2023, shall be frozen by the RTA.** The securities in the frozen folios shall be eligible:

   - To lodge any grievance or avail of any service, only after furnishing the complete documents / details as mentioned above;

   - To receive any payment including dividend, interest or redemption amount (which would be only through electronic mode) only after they comply with the above stated requirements.

Furthermore, such frozen folios shall be referred by RTA/Company to the administering authority under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 and/or Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, after December 31, 2025

The forms for updation of PAN, KYC, bank details and Nomination viz., Forms ISR-1, ISR-2, ISR-3, SH-13 are available on our website https:// www.chadhapapers.com under shareholder information tab.

In view of the above, we urge Members holding shares in physical form to submit the required forms along with the supporting documents at the earliest.
Company has issued letters to all Shareholders of the company along with two reminders for PAN Card, Bank account details and dematerialization of shares held in physical form as required by SEBI vide its circular number **SEBI/HO/MIRSD/DOP1/CIR/P/2018/73** dated 20th April 2018 followed by BSE circular **LIST/COMP/15/2018-19 dated 5th July, 2018.**
.
Pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/655 dated 03rd November 2021 Company has sent letters along with the help of RTA (Skyline Financial Services Private Limited) for furnishing the details required as per aforesaid circular.

Further, Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSDPoD- 1/P/ CIR/2023/37 dated March 16, 2023 Company has sent 2nd reminders letters to the shareholders of the company with the help of RTA (**Skyline Financial Services Private Limited** for furnishing the details required as per aforesaid circular.

Members who hold shares in dematerialized form and wish to update their PAN, KYC, Bank details and Nomination, are requested to contact their respective DPs.

7. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act and SEBI Circular, the facility for making nomination is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. If a Member desires to opt out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he/ she may submit the same in Form ISR-3 or SH-14 as the case may be. The said forms can be downloaded from the Company's website https:// www.chadhapapers.com under shareholder information tab. Members are requested to submit the said details to their DP in case the shares are held by them in dematerialized form and to Company's RTA **Skyline Financial Services Private Limited** in case the shares are held in physical form...

8. Members holding shares in physical form, in identical order of names, in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or RTA (**Skyline Financial Services Private Limited**), the details of such folios together with the share certificates along with the requisite KYC Documents for consolidating their holdings in one folio. Requests for consolidation of share certificates shall be processed in dematerialized form.

9. In case of Joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.

10. Non-resident Indian Members are requested to Inform Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, immediately of:

(a) Change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement.
(b) Particulars of their bank account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the bank with pin code number, if not furnished earlier.

11. SEBI & Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is promoting electronic communication as a contribution to greener environment. Accordingly, as a part of green initiative soft copy of the Annual Report 2023-24 is being sent to all the members whose email address(es) are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s) unless any member has requested for a hard copy of the same.

Notice of the AGM and the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24 including therein the Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year 2023-24, will be available on the website of the Company at www.chadhapapers.com and also available on the website of BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The Notice of AGM will also be available on the website of CSDL at www.evotingindia.com

The physical copies of the aforesaid documents will also be available at the Company's Registered Office for inspection during normal business hours on working days. For any communication, the shareholders may also send requests to the Company's investor email id chadhapapersltd@gmail.com.

12. As required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard 2, No Director is seeking re-appointment at this AGM,

13. To receive shareholders' communications through electronic means, including Annual Reports and Notices, members are requested to kindly register/update their e-mail address with their respective depository participant, where shares are held in electronic form, where shares are held in physical form, members are advised to register their e-mail address with **Skyline Financial Services Private Limited**. In case of queries, members are requested to write to chadhapapersltd@gmail.com.

14. **Voting through electronic means**

I. In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, members may cast their vote on all the resolutions proposed to be considered in this Annual General Meeting by electronic means from a remote location ("Remote E-voting") and the Company is pleased to provide to its members the facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the Annual General Meeting by "Remote E-voting". The company has engaged Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the facility of casting the votes by the members using an electronic voting system from a place other than venue of the AGM ("Remote E-voting") will be provided by CDSL..

II. Members of the company, instead of casting their votes by the aforesaid "Remote E-voting" may cast their vote at the venue of the Annual General Meeting through physical ballot papers, which shall be made available at the venue of the AGM and only such members attending the meeting, who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting, shall be able to exercise their right to vote at the meeting through ballot papers or by show off hands.

III. The process and manner for remote e-voting are as under:

(i) The voting period begins on **Friday the 27th day of September 2024 from 9.00 A.M. and ends on Sunday the 29th day of September 2024 up to 5.00 P. M**. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of **23rd September 2024,** may cast their vote electronically. The E-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.

(ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.

(iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. **SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020,** under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.
Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders

(iv) In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

(v) In terms of SEBI circular **no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242** dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below

Type of shareholders	**Login Method**
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with **CDSL Depository**	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab. 2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. 3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. 4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where

	the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with **NSDL Depository**	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider

Depository Participants (DP)	name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with **CDSL**	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with **NSDL**	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000

(v) Login method for e-Voting for **Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.**

1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
2. Click on "Shareholders" module.
3. Now enter your User ID
    a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
    b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
    c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
4. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
5. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
6. If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical

	shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details **OR** Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. • If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

(vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.

(vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

(viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

(ix) Click on the EVSN for the relevant CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED on which you choose to vote.

(x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.

(xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.

(xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.

(xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

(xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.

(xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

(xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

(xvii) **Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.**

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz chadhapapersltd@gmail.com if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

(xviii) Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become Member of the Company after dispatch of the Notice and holding shares as on the cut-off date i.e. 23rd September 2024 may follow the same instructions as mentioned above for e-Voting.

(xix) In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com

General Instructions:

a) **The voting period begins on Friday** the 27th day of September 2024 from 9.00 A.M. and ends on **Sunday** the 29th day of September 2024 up to 5.00 P. M.

During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares, as on the cut-off date of 23rd September 2024 may cast their vote electronically.

b) The voting right of the shareholders shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up Equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date (record date) of **23rd September 2024.**

c) **M/s Sachin Mavi & Associates, Company Secretaries in practice, (CP No. 18417)** has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the Annual General Meeting, first count the votes cast at the meeting, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least 2 (two) witnesses not in employment of the Company and make not later 2 working days of the conclusion of the meeting, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman and/or Director or a person authorized by him in writing who shall counter sign the same.

d) The results shall be declared forthwith upon receipt of the Scrutinizer's Report. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website ***www.chadhapapers.com*** and communicated to the stock exchanges where shares of the Company are listed.

15. Members desiring any information relating to the accounts are requested to write to the Company well in advance so as to enable the management to keep the information ready.

16. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice shall be open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours (10.30 am to 5.30 pm) on all working days, up to and including the date of Annual General Meeting of the Company.

17. Regulation 44(6) of SEBI Listing Regulations, is not applicable on the company, therefore conducting live webcast of proceedings of AGM is not required during the year under review.

18. The route map showing directions to reach the venue of the 34th AGM is annexed.

19. As a measure of economy, copies of Annual Report will not be distributed at the venue of the AGM. Members are, therefore, requested to bring their own copies of the Annual Report to the meeting.

20. Corporate members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified true copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting atleast 3 days before the AGM.

21. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, ('the Act') relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting ('AGM') is annexed hereto. The Board of Directors have considered and decided to include the Item Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, & 7 given above as Special Business in the forthcoming AGM.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 (1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

ITEM NO. 2

The Board of Directors of Company on the recommendation of Audit Committee approved the appointment and remuneration of **M/s Khushwinder Kumar & Co., Cost Accountants, having FRN. 100123.** Cost Accountants, to conduct the audit of cost records of the Company for the 2024-25 in their meeting held on 07.09.2024. In terms of provisions of Section 148(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules
2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors is to be ratified by the members of the Company.

Accordingly, the resolution is placed for ratification of the remuneration payable to Cost Auditors by the members of the Company.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is, in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

ITEM NO. 3

The Company is required to purchase its raw material (waste papers) and sell the Kraft Paper, Petroleum Product & finished goods, which it also does through its related parties i.e.**"K Recycling Private Limited"**.

Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules 15 and 16 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or enactment thereof for the time being in force), prescribe certain procedure for approval of related party transactions including seeking of shareholders' approval for material related party transactions. The proviso to section 188 also states that nothing in section 188(1) will apply to any transaction entered into by the company in its ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis. All the proposed transactions put up for approval are in ordinary course of business and at arm's length. Pursuant to the provisions of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and as approved by Audit Committee the following contracts/arrangements/ transactions are requiring the approval of the unrelated shareholders of the Company by an **Ordinary resolution:-**

Particulars	**Resolution No. 3**
Name of the related party its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	**M/s K Recycling Private Limited**
Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transaction;	The Listed Company purchase its raw material (waste papers) and sell the Kraft Papers, Petroleum coke & finished goods
Tenure of the proposed transaction Value of the proposed Transaction	01-10-2024 to 30-09-2025 Rs. 200 Crore
The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided)	33.33 %
Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	All the transactions with the related parties shall be in the ordinary course of business and at arms' length and in the best interest of the Company
Name of the Director or Key Managerial Personnel who is related, if any and the nature of their relationship	Amanbir Singh Sethi
Any other information that may be relevant	No

*maximum annual value of transactions per annum.

The other related information as envisaged under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures and Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are furnished hereunder:

As per Regulation 23(4) of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, all entities / persons that are directly / indirectly related parties of the Company shall abstain from voting on resolution(s) wherein approval of material Related Party Transactions is sought from the shareholders. Accordingly, all related parties of the Company will not vote on this resolution.

The Board of directors recommends the resolutions as set out at item nos. 3 to be passed as an Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors except **Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi,** Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolutions.

ITEM NO. 4 & 5

The Company is required to purchase its raw material (waste papers) and sell the Kraft Papers, Petroleum coke & finished goods, which it also does through its related parties i.e. **M/s Amanbox Factory Private Limited and M/s ATPAC Industries.**

Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules 15 and 16 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or enactment thereof for the time being in force), prescribe certain procedure for approval of related party transactions including seeking of shareholders' approval for material related party transactions. The proviso to section 188 also states that nothing in section 188(1) will apply to any transaction entered into by the company in its ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis. All the proposed transactions put up for approval are in ordinary course of business and at arm's length. Pursuant to the provisions of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and as approved by Audit Committee the following contracts/arrangements/ transactions are requiring the approval of the unrelated shareholders of the Company by an **Ordinary resolution:-**

Particulars	**Resolution No. 4**	**Resolution No. 5**
Name of the related party its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	**M/s Amanbox Factory Private Limited**	**M/s ATPAC Industries**
Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transaction;	The Listed Company purchase its raw material (waste papers) and sell the Kraft Papers, Petroleum coke & finished goods	The Listed Company purchase its raw material (waste papers) and sell the Kraft Papers, Petroleum coke & finished goods

Tenure of the proposed transaction Value of the proposed Transaction	01-10-2024 to 30-09-2025 Rs. 5 Crore	01-10-2024 to 30-09-2025 Rs. 30 Crore
The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided)	0.83 %	5.00%
Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	All the transactions with the related parties shall be in the ordinary course of business and at arms' length and in the best interest of the Company	All the transactions with the related parties shall be in the ordinary course of business and at arms' length and in the best interest of the Company
Name of the Director or Key Managerial Personnel who is related, if any and the nature of their relationship	Amanbir Singh Sethi	None
Any other information that may be relevant	No	No

*maximum annual value of transactions per annum.

The other related information as envisaged under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures and Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are furnished hereunder:

As per Regulation 23(4) of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, all entities / persons that are directly / indirectly related parties of the Company shall abstain from voting on resolution(s) wherein approval of material Related Party Transactions is sought from the shareholders. Accordingly, all related parties of the Company will not vote on this resolution.

The Board of directors recommends the resolutions as set out at item nos. 4 & 5 to be passed as an **Ordinary Resolution.**

None of the Directors except Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolutions.

ITEM NO. 6 & 7

The Company is required to purchase its raw material (waste papers), and sell the Kraft Papers, Petroleum coke & finished goods, which it also does through its related parties i.e. **M/s K Paper Techh Private Limited and M/s Wave Distilleries And Breweries Limited**.

Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules 15 and 16 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and in terms of applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or enactment thereof for the time being in force), prescribe certain procedure for approval of related party transactions including seeking of shareholders' approval for material related party transactions. The proviso to section 188 also states that nothing in section 188(1) will apply to any transaction entered into by the company in its ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis. All the proposed transactions put up for approval are in ordinary course of business and at arm's length. Pursuant to the provisions of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and as approved by Audit Committee the following contracts/arrangements/ transactions are requiring the approval of the unrelated shareholders of the Company by an **Ordinary resolution:-**

Particulars	Resolution No. 6	Resolution No. 7
Name of the related party its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	**M/S K Paper Techh Private Limited**	**M/S Wave Distilleries And Breweries Limited**

Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transaction;	The Listed Company purchase its raw material (waste papers) and sell the Kraft Papers, Petroleum coke & finished goods	The Listed Company purchase its raw material.
Tenure of the proposed transaction Value of the proposed Transaction	01-10-2024 to 30-09-2025 Rs.100 Crore	01-10-2024 to 30-09-2025 Rs. 1 Crore
The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided)	16.67%	0.17%
Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	All the transactions with the related parties shall be in the ordinary course of business and at arms' length and in the best interest of the Company	All the transactions with the related parties shall be in the ordinary course of business and at arms' length and in the best interest of the Company
Name of the Director or Key Managerial Personnel who is related, if any and the nature of their relationship	Amanbir Singh Sethi	None
Any other information that may be relevant	No	No

*maximum annual value of transactions per annum.

The other related information as envisaged under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures and Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are furnished hereunder:

As per Regulation 23(4) of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, all entities / persons that are directly / indirectly related parties of the Company shall abstain from voting on resolution(s) wherein approval of material Related Party Transactions is sought from the shareholders. Accordingly, all related parties of the Company will not vote on this resolution.

The Board of directors recommends the resolutions as set out at item nos. 6 & 7 to be passed as an **Ordinary Resolution.**

None of the Directors except Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolutions.

By the order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
(Whole Time Director)
DIN:-01015203
Address: CTC 061 The Crest Park Drive,DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011

Place: New Delhi
Date: 07.09.2024

BOARD REPORT

Dear Members,

Your directors have pleasure in presenting their 34th Annual Report on the affairs of the company together with the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2024.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The Company's financial performances for the financial year under review along with previous financial year's figures are given hereunder:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	STANDALONE		CONSOLIDATED	
	31/03/2024	31/03/2023	31/03/2024	31/03/2023
Total Income	61395.34	69883.41	61395.35	69883.41
Total Expenses	56321.79	61604.54	56370.42	61597.69
Profit before Exceptional Items & Tax	5073.55	8278.87	5024.93	8285.72
Less: Exceptional Items	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Less:				
Current Tax	1859.07	718.14	1859.07	718.14
MAT Credit Reversed	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Income Tax Previous Year	11.05	0.00	11.05	0.00
Deferred Tax	(525.21)	1481.08	(525.21)	1481.08
Profit/Loss after Tax before minority interest and share in profit of associate	**3728.64**	**6079.65**	**3680.02**	**6086.50**
Add: share of loss transferred to minority interest	**0.00**	**0.00**	**0.00**	**0.00**
Add: Other Comprehensive Income	**(1.33)**	**12.82**	**(1.33)**	**12.82**
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	**3727.31**	**6092.47**	**3678.69**	**6099.32**
E.P.S.	**36.54**	**59.58**	**36.06**	**59.65**

DIVIDENDAND TRANSFER TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

The board has not declared any dividend for any of the previous years and the same has not been declared this year as well.

Further the clause regarding transfer of unclaimed dividend to IEPF account is not applicable on the company as company never declared dividend in the past years.

AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES

No amount has been transferred to reserves during the year under review.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Authorised share capital of the Company as at 31st March, 2024 was Rs. 1,00,00,00,000/- (Rupees Hundred Crores only) comprising of 1,05,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/-eachaggregating to Rs. 10,50,00,000/-(Rupees Ten Crores Fifty Lakh Only) and 8,950,000 (Eighty-Nine Lakhs Fifty Thousand only) Preference shares of Rs. 100/- each aggregating to Rs. 89,50,00,000(Rupees Eighty-Nine Cores Fifty Lakhs only).

The issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Company as at 31st March, 2024 was 66,41,82,400/-(Rupees Sixty-Six Cores Forty-One Lakhs Eighty-Two Thousand and Four Hundred only) comprising of 1,02,04,040 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each aggregating to Rs. 10,20,40,400/- (Rupees Ten Cores Twenty Lakh Forty Thousand and Four Hundred Only) and 5621420 (Fifty-Six Lakhs Twenty-One Thousand Four Hundred and Twenty only) 0.01% Non-Convertible Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each aggregating to Rs. 562142000 (Rupees Fifty-Six Crores Twenty-One Lakhs Forty-Two Thousand only).

Further, during the year under review the Company has not issued any kind of security including Sweat Equity shares, Employees stock option scheme, Bonus issue or Right Issue.

During the year, Board of Directors via board resolution redeem the Nos 3250000 0.01% Non-Convertible Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each aggregating to Rs 325000000(Rupees Thirty-Two Crore Fifty Lacs), the dates of redemption of non-convertible preference share capital is 26.10.2023 and 21.01.2024 respectively

STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

Your Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing, producing, marketing, exporting and dealing in all kinds and varieties of paper, Board, Kraft Paper, Semi Kraft and other paper products.

During the said reporting financial year, the Company has earned a Profit of Rs.3727.31 (Figure in lakhs) as against profit of recorded Rs. 6092.47 (Figure in Lakhs) in the previous year.

During the year under review, your Company has achieved a Total Revenue of Rs 61395.34 (Figure in lakhs) as against Rs 69883.41 (Figure in lakhs) recorded in the previous year.

The revenue from operations of the Company on consolidated basis Rs. 61395.35 (Figure in lakhs) as against Rs 69883.41 (Figure in lakhs) recorded in the previous year. and the consolidated net profit after tax for F.Y. 2023-24 stood at Rs. 3678.69 (Figure in lakhs) as compared of Rs. 6099.32 (Figure in lakhs) for FY 2022-23.

Your Company is focusing on repositioning of product lines, improving internal efficiencies and making investments in expansion and building production capacities and to further penetrate in the global market. Your Company expects high revenue in the coming years.

CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

There has not been any change in the nature of business of the Company.

DEPOSITS

During the year under review, your Company has not accepted any deposit within the meaning of Sections 73 and 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) for the time being in force).

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Company is well equipped with adequate internal financial controls. The Company has a continuous monitoring mechanism which enables the organization to maintain the standard of control systems and helps them in managing any default on timely basis because of strong reporting mechanisms followed by the company.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Auditors report for the year is self-explanatory and require no further clarification.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

The Auditors, **M/s Dhana & Associates** (Formally known as Khandelia & Sharma), Chartered Accountants, (FRN:- 510525C), was appointed in the 33rd Annual General Meeting of the Company held in the year 2023 to hold office from the conclusion of that Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 38th Annual General Meeting.

Accordingly, **M/s Dhana & Associates** (Formally known as Khandelia & Sharma), Chartered Accountants, continued to be a statutory auditor of the Company during the year.

DISCLOSURE ABOUT COST AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 the Company has appointed **M/s. Khushwinder Kumar & Co, Cost Accountants**, as the Cost auditor to conduct the Cost Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25.

DISCLOSURE ABOUT INTERNAL AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules,2014 the Board of Directors of the Company had appointed **M/s V Nagarajan & Co.** (Firm Registration No. 004879N) as Internal Auditor to conduct Internal Audit of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2024.

DISCLOSURE ABOUT SECRETARIAL AUDIT

In terms of Section 204 of The Companies Act, 2013 read applicable Rule of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 the Secretarial Audit is applicable to the Company for the year under review.

Your Company has availed the services of **M/s Sachin Mavi & Associates** (Membership No - F11384), Company Secretaries in practice to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31st 2024.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2024 is given in form MR-3 as required under the companies Act, 2013, rules made there under and also amended regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Discloser requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed herewith and marked as **“Annexure – I”** to this report.

Secretarial Auditors report for the year is self-explanatory and requires no further comments or clarification by the Board.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There was no material change or commitment occurred between the end of Financial Year and the date of the report which could affect the financial position of the company.

DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANY(S)

As on 31st March 2024, the Company has one Subsidiaryas mentioned herein below:-

Your Company has One wholly owned unlisted subsidiaries namely Manorama Paper Mills Limited. The Company has formulated a policy on identification of material subsidiaries in accordance with Regulation 16(1)(c) of the Listing Regulations and the same is placed on Company’s website at the given weblink: https://www.chadhapapers.com/policy-for-determining-material-subsidiaries/ Manorama Paper Mills Limited is not a material unlisted subsidiary company as defined under the Listing Regulations. During the year under review, there was no change in the number of subsidiary or in nature of business of subsidiaries.

As per the requirements of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act 2013, the Company has prepared consolidated financial statements of the Company and its Subsidiary Company, which forms part of this Annual Report.

Further, a statement containing the salient features of the Subsidiary Company in the prescribed format AOC-1, is annexed as ***Annexure II***.

*Note: The information regarding Audited/Unaudited Financial Statements including Special Purpose Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of the one wholly owned unlisted subsidiary company, is not being furnished as the same have not been made available to the Company for financial year 2023-2024. The delinquent ex-directors of the subsidiary company are having unauthorised and illegal possession of the books of account and other records of the subsidiary companies and they are not allowing access to the books of account and other records subsidiary companies. The Company being the holding company and the other Board Members of the respective subsidiaries are taking necessary actions in this regard in accordance with law as legally advised.

.

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, mandates that the Board shall monitor and review the Board evaluation framework. Accordingly, the performance evaluation process of the Board involves following multiple levels:-

- Board as a whole
- Committees of the Board
- Individual Directors and the Chairpersons (Including Independent and Non- Independent Directors)
- The Board has devised the following parameters for the performance evaluation of Directors and Committees:-
- Strategy and performance evaluation
- Governance and Compliance
- Knowledge and Competency

The Board subsequently evaluated its own performance, the working of its Committees (Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee respectively)

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors and the board as a whole was evaluated, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors. The same was discussed in the board meeting that followed the meeting of the independent directors, at which the performance of the board, its committees, and individual directors was also discussed. Performance evaluation of independent directors was done by the entire board, excluding the independent director being evaluated.

NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS

During the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2024, sixteen (16) meetings of the Board were held. The complete details of meeting and the attendance of the Directors are mentioned in Corporate Governance Report.

Committee Meetings:

During FY 2023-24, various committee meetings were conducted by the Company. For details of these Committee meetings, please refer to the section on Corporate Governance of this annual report.

PARTICULARS OF LOAN, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

During the year under review, your company has not given any loan or guarantee or made any investment pursuant to provisions of section 186 of the Act.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All transactions entered by the Company with Related Parties were in the Ordinary Course of Business and at Arm's Length pricing basis. The Audit Committee granted omnibus approval for the transactions (which are repetitive in nature) and the same was reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. Suitable disclosures as required have been made in the Notes to the financial statements.

The Form AOC - 2 pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies Accounts) Rules, 2014 is set out as ***Annexure III.***

The related party transactions Policy has been placed on the website of your Company https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/ .

FRAUDS REPORTED BY THE AUDITORS

No fraud has been reported in their report for the financial year ended as on 31st March, 2024 by the Auditors of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Your Company continuously strives to conserve energy, adopt environment friendly practices and employ technology for more efficient operations.

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is annexed herewith as ***Annexure IV*** to this Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is not mandatorily required to constitute Risk Management Committee. In today's economic environment, Risk Management is a very important part of business. The main aim of risk management is to identify, monitor and take precautionary measures in respect of the events that may pose risks for the business. The Company has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks i.e., competition, legal changes, change in Government policies, availability of finance, manpower as identified by the company are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

DETAILS REGARDING CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR).

During the Period under review Provisions regarding Corporate Social Responsibility as contained under section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable to the Company.

However, for the year 2023-24 Corporate Social Responsibility Company triggered applicability of the Provision of Corporate Social responsibility and CSR Committee recommend the company to do CSR expenditure as per Corporate Social Responsibility Policy pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Amendment Rules, 2021.The Company During the Financial Year 2023-2024 spent the Rs. 6001000 (Sixty Lacs One Thousand only) The policy is available on the website of the Company at the link https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/ Annexure-V

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL.

No Director was appointed or resigned during the year under review. Following are the Directors of Company as on 31st March, 2024.

S.No	Name of Directors
1.	Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi
2.	Mr. Sanmeet Singh
3.	Mr. Anand Sharma
4.	Mr. Naveen Saxena
5.	Mrs. Surjeet Kaur

Following are the Key Managerial Personnel of Company as on 31st March, 2024.

S.No	Name	Designation
1.	Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi	Whole Time Director
2.	Mr. Mohit Agarwal	Chief Financial Officer
3.	Mr. Deepak Rastogi	Company Secretary

Mr. Khan Mohd Ubed, resigned from the post of Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company from 26th of October, 2023 and Mr. Deepak Rastogi has been appointed as the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. 26th October, 2023.

Mr. Ashwani Sharma, resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer of the Company from 21st August, 2023 and Mr. Mohit Agarwal has been appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company w.e.f. 21st August, 2023.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Policy on selection of Directors including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and Directors' Independence and the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees, as required under sub-section (3) of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 is maintained by the company. Accordingly, Board based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has formulated a policy on remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company. The policy covers the appointment, including criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes, independence and remuneration of its Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of your Company is available on company's website at the https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/ .

VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors had approved the Policy on Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower pursuant to which Whistle Blower can raise concerns relating to reportable manner such as breach of code of conduct, fraud, corruption, employee misconduct, misappropriation of funds etc. The same was hosted on the website of the Company. Your Company hereby affirms that no Director/ employee have been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee and that the complaints received were addressed properly during the year.

The Board had approved Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower Policy. The policy has been uploaded on the Company's website i.e. https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/ .

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNAL

There has been no order passed by any authority which impact the going concern status and company's operations in future.

DISCLOSURES UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

No complaints were received against the woman harassment at workplace during the financial year 2023-24.

Further, Company has duly complied with all applicable provisions of Sexual Harassment of women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

PARTICULARS OF REMUNERATION

The Statement of particulars of Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is enclosed as ***Annexure VI*** to this Annual Report.

DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your directors confirm that:

a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
b) The directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2024 and of the Profit of the Company for that period;
c) The directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
d) The directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
e) The directors, has laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
f) The directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The company is committed to maintain the highest standard of corporate governance and adhere to the corporate governance requirements set out by SEBI. Report on Corporate Governance is appended as ***Annexure VII.***

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As required by Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements (LODR) Regulations 2015, certificate on corporate Governance issued by Practicing Company Secretary i.e. **M/s Sachin Mavi & Associates** (Membership No – F11384), is enclosed as ***Annexure VIII*** to the board's report and the Observation cited in the certificate are same as given in Secretarial Audit Report (Mr-3) and Management provide same reply as given for Secretarial Audit Report (Mr-3) above.

WTD / CFO CERTIFICATION

The Whole Time Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company have certified, in terms of Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations, to the Board that the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations. A Certificate with respect to above said matter is annexed with this report as ***Annexure IX.***

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Your Company has laid down a detailed analysis of the Company's operational and financial performance as well as the initiatives taken by the Company in key functional areas such as Human Resources, Quality etc. is separately discussed in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report, which forms part of this Annual Report in ***Annexure X***.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

During the year under review, Company has complied all the applicable provisions of Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The financial statements for the financial year 2023-24 have been prepared in accordance with the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (IND-AS).

DECLARATION SIGNED BY THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER & WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR STATING THAT THE MEMBERS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL HAVE AFFIRMED COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT.

As per the requirements of Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the declaration is appended as ***Annexure VIII*** to the Board's Report.

PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016.

There is no proceeding pending or no Application made under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year under review.

DIFFERENCE IN VALUATION IN CASE OF LOAN TAKEN FROM THE BANK OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

During the period under review, no One Time Settlement took place between your Company and any Bank or Financial Institution. Hence, the above-mentioned provision of the act was not applicable on the Company.

ANNUAL RETURN.

Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Act and Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return for FY 2023-24 is available on Company's website at https://www.chadhapapers.com/anual-return/

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board places on record its appreciation for the valuable support and co-operation for the Bank, customers, suppliers, client, employees and shareholders and look forward to their continued support in future.

By order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

	Sd-	**Sd-**
	Amanbir Singh Sethi	**Sanmeet Singh**
Date:07.09.2024	**Whole Time Director**	**Director**
Place: New Delhi	**DIN-01015203**	**DIN-01139468**
	Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011	**Address: Malla, Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139**

Annexure-I

FORM NO. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Chadha Papers Limited
Chadha Estate Nanital Road bilaspur
Rampur Uttar Pradesh UP 244921

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit in respect of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Chadha Papers Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conduct/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the books, papers, minutes book, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **Chadha Papers Limited** and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2024, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024, to the extent applicable, and according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;

(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;

(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;

(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

(v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (‘SEBI Act’):-

(a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

(b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

(c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 amendments made therein from time to time;

(d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;

(e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client.

(f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008:

(g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents), Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client:

(h) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009:

(i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 1998.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

(ii) SEBI (The Listing Obligation Disclosure Requirement) Regulations 2015 by the Company with the BSE Limited.

During the year under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, and Standards etc. The observation made in Secretarial Report for the year ended 31st March, 2024 is as follows:

1. *The Company has taken but not reported unsecured loan from parties other than Director of the Company prior to the financial year.*

We further report that:
As per our inspection of records of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all directors of the Board Meetings, and the agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the decisions of the Board were carried out through unanimous votes, no dissenting views of any Director was recorded in the minutes maintained by the Company.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Disclaimer: Our opinion, as stated in the report is based on documents and information as made available by the Company.

Date: 04th September, 2024
Place: New Delhi

For Sachin Mavi & Associates
Company Secretary

Sd-
Sachin Mavi (PCS)
Proprietor
Membership No: F11384, CP N0. 18417
UDIN: F011384F001126476

This Report is to be read with Annexure A, which forms an integral part of this report

Annexure A

To,
The Members,
Chadha Papers Limited
Chadha Estate Nanital Roadbilaspur
Rampur Uttar Pradesh UP 244921 IN

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for your opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of the Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on random test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 04th September, 2024
Place: New Delhi

For Sachin Mavi & Associates
Company Secretary

Sd-
Sachin Mavi (PCS)
Proprietor
Membership No: F11384, CP N0. 18417

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures of Chadha Papers Limited

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Amount in Rupees)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	Manorama Paper Mills Limited
2.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	12-03-2007
3.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	NA
4.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	NA
5.	Share capital	3,98,90,000
6.	Reserves & surplus	
7.	Total assets	
8.	Total Liabilities (excluding Share Capital and Reserves & Surplus)	
9.	Investments	
10.	Turnover	
11.	Profit before taxation	
12.	Provision for taxation	
13.	Profit after taxation	
14.	Proposed Dividend	
15.	% of shareholding	99.92%

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations:-. NA

2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year.-NA

*Note: The information regarding Audited/Unaudited Financial Statements including Special Purpose Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of the one wholly owned unlisted subsidiary company, is not being furnished as the same have not been made available to the Company for financial year 2023-2024. The delinquent ex-directors of the subsidiary company are having unauthorised and illegal possession of the books of account and other records of the subsidiary companies and they are not allowing access to the books of account and other records subsidiary companies. The Company being the holding company and the other Board Members of the respective subsidiaries are taking necessary actions in this regard in accordance with law as legally advised.

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures:- NA

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Chadha Papers Limited

For DHANA & Associates (Formally Khandelia& Sharma) Chartered Accountants FRN: 510525C UDIN:	**Sd- Amanbir Singh Sethi Whole Time Director DIN-01015203 Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011**	**Sd- (Sanmeet Singh) Director DIN-01139468 Address: Malla, Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139**
Sd- Arun Khandelia Partner Membership No. 089125		
Date: 07.09.2024 Place: New Delhi	**Sd- Deepak Rastogi Company Secretary Membership No. F9502 Address: B-310,Sector-20,Noida-201301**	**Sd- Mohit Agarwal Chief Financial Officer PAN-AGGPA7327L Address: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pardesh-244001 .**

Annexure III

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: NA

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship
(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any
(e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions
(f) date(s)of approval by the Board
(g) Amount paid as advances, if any:
(h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:-

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:	**Amanbox Factory Private Limited (Whole Time Director holds Director ship in Related party)**	**Atpac Industries (Common Control of Partners of the related party are promoters of the company)**	**K Recycling Private Limited (Whole Time Director holds Director ship in Related party)**
(b)Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions:	1. Purchase of Waste Paper. 2. Sale of Kraft Paper.	1. Purchase of Waste Paper. 2.Sale of Kraft Paper. 3.Sale of Petroleum Coke.	1. Purchase of Waste Paper. 2. 2. Sale of Kraft Paper. 3. Sale and Purchase of Goods, Services and Machinery.
(c)Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions:	1 Year i.e. 1st October 2024 to 30th September, 2025	1 Year i.e. 1st October 2024 to 30th September, 2025	1 Year i.e.1st October 2024 to 30th September, 2025
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	As mutually agreed between them. Value of transaction is Rs.5 Crore	As mutually agreed between them. Value of transaction is Rs.30 Crore	As mutually agreed between them. Value of transaction is Rs.200 Crore

(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	07/09/2022	07/09/2022	07/09/2022
(f) Amount paid as advances, if any:	N.A	N.A	N.A

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:	**K Paper Techh Private Limited (Whole Time Director holds Director ship in Related party)**	**Wave Distilleries And Breweries Limited (Common Control of Partners of the related party are promoters of the company)**
(b)Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions:	1. Purchase of Waste Paper. 2. Sale of Kraft Paper.	1.The Listed Company purchase its raw material.
(c)Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions:	1 Year i.e. 1st October 2024 to 30th September, 2025	1 Year i.e. 1st October 2024 to 30th September, 2025
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	As mutually agreed between them. Value of transaction is Rs.100 Crore	As mutually agreed between them. Value of transaction is Rs.1 Crore
(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	07/09/2022	07/09/2022
(f) Amount paid as advances, if any:	N.A	N.A

By order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

Date:07.09.2024
Place: New Delhi

Sd-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011

Sd-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Address: Malla, Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139

Particulars of Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo required under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

i. Steps taken or impact toward conservation of Energy

a) By improving the operation of Compressed Air Systems, facilities can provide energy efficiency improvements of 10 to 20 percent.
b) Up gradation of Machineries to save fuel and energy
c) Improving boiler combustion efficiency, using blow down steam energy rather than live steam to preheat makeup feed water, and installation of a stack economizer.

ii. Steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy

The company is currently utilizing the conventional sources of energy. We are exploring options to utilize alternate sources of energy.

iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipment

Capital Investment has been made of Nil on energy conservation equipment.

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

i. Efforts made towards technology absorption

No Capital Investment has been made for technology adoption for environmental aspects.

ii. **The benefits derived liked product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution**- Nil

iii. Information regarding imported technology (imported during last three years)

Details of technology imported	Technology imported from	Year of Import	Status of implementation / absorption
-	-	-	-

iv. Expenditure on R & D (current year & last year) : NIL

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Foreign Exchange Earnings & Outgo	**2023-24**	**2022-23**
Foreign Exchange Earned in terms of actual inflows	**1,41,31,86,000**	**1,63,36,53,587**
Foreign Exchange outgo in terms of actual outflows	**Nil**	**Nil**

By order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

Date:07.09.2024
Place: New Delhi

Sd-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011

Sd-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Address: Malla, Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139

Annexure -V

Annual Report on CSR Activities As on 31.03.2024

1. **Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company**.

1. PREAMBLE

The Policy outlines the Company's responsibility as a corporate citizen and lays down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking activities for the welfare & sustainable development of the community at large.

The core purpose of CSR is the continuing commitment by business to ethical principles, protection of human rights, care for the environment while improving the quality of life of all stakeholders including the local community and society at large.

The Company believes that all the stakeholders must be benefited, whether it is employee welfare or involvement of the employees in fulfilling the needs of the society. It firmly believes in sharing its prosperity with the society in which it operates. Chadha Papers Ltd., being a responsible corporate citizen, has always believed in going beyond mere compliance with the laws of the land. Thus, the objective of the CSR Policy of the Company is not just to meet the legal requirements, but to have a profound positive social impact. The CSR policy of the Company is an effort to upheld the interest of various stakeholders, along with the community and the environment as a whole.

2. OBJECTIVE

The main objective of CSR policy is to lay down guidelines for CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED to make CSR a key business process for sustainable development of the Society. It aims at supplementing the role of the Govt. in enhancing welfare measures of the society based on the immediate short term and long term and environmental consequences of their activities.

3. CSR ACTIVITIES

The Company may undertake any of the following activities or such other activities as may be notified by the government from time to time:

(i) Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting health care including preventive healthcare and sanitation including contribution to the Swach Bharat Kosh set-up by the Central Government for the promotion of sanitation and making available safe drinking water;

(ii) Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly, and differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects;

(iii) Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;

(iv) Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agro forestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining

quality of soil, air and water including contribution to the Clean Ganga Fund set-up by the Central Government for rejuvenation of river Ganga;

(v) Protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of art; setting up public libraries; promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts;

(vi) Measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;

(vii) Training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports, Paralympic sports and Olympic sports;

(viii) Contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;

(ix) Contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government;

(x) Rural development projects;

(xi) Slum area development;

(xii) Any other activities in relation to above and all other activities which forms part of CSR as per Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time.

4. Annual spends/Allocation of Funds

The Company would spend not less than 2% of the average Net Profits of the Company, calculated in accordance with the Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, made during the three immediately preceding financial years.

The Company may build CSR capacities of its personnel and/or those of its implementing agencies through Institutions with established track records of at least three financial years but such expenditure shall not exceed five percent of total CSR expenditure of the Company in one financial year.

Any surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programs or activities shall not form part of the business profit of the Company.

5. IMPLEMENTATION

(a) The investment in CSR shall be project based and for every project time framed periodic mile stones shall be finalized at the outset.

(b) Project activities identified under CSR are to be implemented by specialized Agencies and or by Staff of Chadha Papers Limited. Specialized Agencies could be made to work singly or in tandem with other agencies.

(c) Such specialized agencies would include:

(1) Registered Trust; or

(2) Registered Society; or

(3) A Company established by the Company under Section 8 of the Companies Act 2013; or

(4) Agencies having established track record of three years in undertaking specified projects/programs.

(5) Voluntary Agencies (NGOs)

(6) Institutes/Academic Organizations.

(7) Trusts, Mission etc.

(8) Government, Semi Government and autonomous Organizations.

(9) Mahila Mondals/Samitis and the like

(10) Contracted agencies for civil works

(11) Professional Consultancy Organization etc.

(d) The areas / villages falling around plants shall be identified by respective GM/AGM/ Plant Heads.

6. CSR Committee

The CSR Committee consists of three Directors, out of which at least one Director is an Independent Director, if required to be appointed under the Companies Act, 2013.

7. Committee Members

S. No.	NAME	CHAIRPERSON/MEMBER
1	Sanmeet Singh	Chairman
2	Amanbir Singh Sethi	Member
3	Anand Sharma	Member

8. APPROVAL OF CSR PROPOSALS

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (CSRC) will examine & approve the proposals received from the Area Level Committee and decide allocation of funds at various heads / activities / projects.

The CSR Project shall be fixed for each financial year. This fund will not lapse. It will be transferred to CSR fund which will accumulate.

9. EXCLUSIONS

(i) The CSR activities shall be undertaken by the Company either new or ongoing, excluding the activities undertaken in pursuance of its normal course of business.

(ii) Any payment made directly or indirectly to the political party(ies) will not form part of CSR activities/ expenditure

(iii) The CSR projects or programs or activities that benefit exclusively for the employees of the Company and their families shall not be considered as CSR activities in accordance with this policy.

(iv) Any surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programs or activities shall not form part of the business profit of the Company.

10. Reporting in Annual Report

(i) Annual Report on CSR activities & Sustainability shall be included in the Board's Report as per the formats notified in the Act.

(ii) Additionally, the CSR Policy of the Company along with a report on its CSR activities & Sustainability shall be made available on the Company's website, if any.

(iii) If the Company fails to spend the required amount on CSR Activity, the Board shall, in its report made under Section 134(3)(o) of the Companies Act, 2013, specify the reasons for not spending the amount.

11. CONCLUSION

The above guidelines would form the framework within which the CSR activities would be undertaken. Every Area should have specific activities to adopt mostly in their close vicinity of the projects.

The CSR Committee will review the Policy from time to time based on changing needs and aspirations of the target beneficiaries and make suitable modifications, as may be necessary.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

S.N.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the Year
1.	Sanmeet Singh	Non-Executive – Non-Independent Director	4	4
2.	Amanbir Singh Sethi	Executive Director	4	4
3.	Anand Sharma	Non-Executive – Independent Director	4	4

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company- https://www.chadhapapers.com/corporate-social-responsibility-policy-csrpolicy/

4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report)- **Not Applicable**

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any- **Not Applicable**

6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): **26,05,35,204**

7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)-**Rs. 52,10,704**

(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years- **NIL**

(c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any- **NIL**

(d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c) - **Rs. 52,10,704**

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	**Amount Unspent (in Rs.)**				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).		**Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).**		
	Amount.	**Date of transfer.**	**Name of the Fund**	**Amount.**	**Date of transfer.**
Rs. 60,02,000	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: Nil

(1)	**(2)**	**(3)**	**(4)**	**(5)**		**(6)**	**(7)**	**(8)**	**(9)**	**(10)**	**(11)**	
Sl. No.	**Name of the Project.**	**Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.**	**Local area (Yes/No).**	**Location of the project.**		**Project duration.**	**Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).**	**Amount spent in the current financial Year (in Rs.).**	**Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).**	**Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/No).**	**Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency**	
				State.	**District.**						**Name**	**CSR Registration number.**

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against **other than ongoing projects** for the financial year:-

(1)	**(2)**	**(3)**	**(4)**	**(5)**		**(6)**	**(7)**	**(8)**	
Sl. No.	**Name of the Project**	**Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.**	**Local area (Yes/No).**	**Location of the project.**		**Amount spent for the project (in Rs.).**	**Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No).**	**Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.**	
				State.	**District.**			**Name.**	**CSR registration number.**
1.	FOR INSTALLATI	ITEM (III) OF SCHEDULE	YES	PUNJAB-JALANDHA		7,51,000	YES	BHAI GHANAYY	CSR00029370.

	ON OF SOLAR STREET LIGHT IN THE PREMISES OF CHILD CARE INSTITUTE.	VII- SETTING UP HOMES AND HOSTELS FOR WOMEN AND ORPHANS;		R			A JEE CHARITAB LE TRUST	
2.	FOR EDUCATIO N TO NEEDY STUDENTS	ITEM (II) OF SCHEDULE VII- PROMOTING EDUCATION	NO	PUNJAB- AMRITSAR	7,51,00 0	YES	MISSION DEEP EDUCATIO NAL TRUST	CSR00010 529
3.	PROMOTIN G HEALTHCA RE	ITEM (I) OF SCHEDULE VII - 'PROMOTIN G HEALTH CARE INCLUDING PREVENTIVE HEALTH CARE'	NO	PUNJAB- MOHALI	30,00,0 00	YES	SRI GURU HARKISHA N SAHIB C EYE HOSPITAL TRUST	CSR00026 039
4.	SKILL DEVELOPM ENT PROGRAM IN RURAL OR REMOTE AREAS	ITEM (IX)(B) OF SCHEDULE VII- CONTRIBUTI ONS TO PUBLIC FUNDED UNIVERSITIE S; INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOG Y (IITS)	YES	UTTRAKHA ND- ROORKEE	15,00,0 00	YES	INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOL OGY ROORKEE	CSR00003 687
	Total				**60,02,0 00**			

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads-- **NIL**

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable- **NIL**

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e) **- Rs. 52,10,704**

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)

(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. 52,10,704
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Rs. 60,02,000
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Rs. -791296
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	0
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	0

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:- **NIL**

Sl. No.	**Preceding Financial Year.**	**Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)**	**Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).**	**Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.**			**Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)**
				Name of the Fund	**Amount (in Rs).**	**Date of transfer.**	
1.							
	Total						

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):- **NIL**

(1)	**(2)**	**(3)**	**(4)**	**(5)**	**(6)**	**(7)**	**(8)**	**(9)**
Sl. No.	**Project ID.**	**Name of the Project.**	**Financial Year in which the project was commenced.**	**Project duration.**	**Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).**	**Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).**	**Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)**	**Status of the project - Completed /Ongoing.**
1								
	Total							

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year- **NO**

(asset-wise details).

(a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).

(b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.

(c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.

(d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5) - **Not Applicable**

By order of the Board

For Chadha Papers Limited

	Sd-	**Sd-**
	Amanbir Singh Sethi	**Sanmeet Singh**
Date:07-09-2024	**Whole Time Director**	**Director**
Place: New Delhi	**DIN-01015203**	**DIN-01139468**
	Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011	**Address: Malla, Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139**

Annexure VI

STATEMENT OF PARTICULARS AS PER RULE 5 OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014.

The remuneration and perquisites provided to the employees and Management are at par with the industry levels. The remunerations paid to the Whole Time Director and senior executives are reviewed and recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company.

i) The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year:

S.No	Name of Director	Ratio of the remuneration to the median remuneration of the employees
1	Amanbir Singh Sethi	46.90 : 01
2	Sanmeet Singh	N.A
3	Surjeet Kaur	N.A
4	Anand Sharma	N.A
5	Naveen Sexena	N.A

ii) The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager in the financial year:

S.No.	Name oftheDirector/CFO/CS	Percentage increase in remuneration
1	Amanbir Singh Sethi (Whole Time Director)	-
2	Sanmeet Singh (Director)	-
3	Surjeet Kaur (Director)	-
4	Anand Sharma (Director)	-
5	Naveen Sexena (Director)	-
6	Ashwani Sharma (CFO)	-
	Mohit Agarwal (CFO)	-
7	Khan Mohd Ubed (CS)	-
8	Deepak Rastogi (CS)	-

iii) Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the Financial Year :3.57%

iv) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company :467

v) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees is: Nil

There is only one Whole Time Director. Increase in the managerial remuneration is Nil for the financial year including WTD, CFO & CS.

(vi) The Remuneration paid to Key Managerial Personnel is as per the Remuneration policy of the Company.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NAME OF TOP TEN EMPLOYEES IN TERM OF REMUNERATION ARE AS FOLLOWS:-

S. No	Name	Designation	Remuneration (Per Month)	Nature of Employment	Experience	Qualification	Date of Commencement of Employment	Age	Details of Last employment
1	Amanbir Singh Sethi	Whole Time Director	10,00,000	Permanent	19 Years	MBA	30.09.2011	39	-
2	Arun Sood	President-Sales & Mktg.	1,90,575	Permanent	40 Year (approx)	B.SC+BE	01.05.2014	65	Sangal Paper Delhi
3	Umesh Chandra Srivastava	General Manager-Boiler	1,73,250	Permanent	40 Year (approx)	Diploma Mechanicals	15.01.2020	67	Teri Papers Ltd
4	Satish Paliwal	Vice President-Operations	1,56,500	Permanent	32 Year (approx)	Graduate and Diplomas in Paper Techonolgy	21.12.2020	55	Shri Krishana Paper Mill Jaipur
5	Sunil Kumar Sharma	General Manager-Mechanical-iii	1,31,250	Permanent	40 Year (approx)	B.SC	09.04.2022	66	
6	Indresh Sharma	General Magager H.R	1,18,000	Permanent	35 Year (approx)	L.L.B	18.09.2021	57	Flexituff International ltd
7	Vijay Kumar Thapa	General Manager-Process-ii	1,08,200	Permanent	20 Year (approx)	B.A	01.06.2018	47	
8	Lalit Kumar	A.G.M Instrumentation	1,05,000	Permanent	12 Year (approx)	B.Tech	05.03.2014	34	Rockwell Automation India Pvt.Ltd
9	Kapil Sharma	General Manager-Sales & Marketing	1,01,800	Permanent	10 Year (approx)	MBA	01.06.2024	36	Bhola Ram Paper
10	Satya Prakash	Dy. General Manager-DIP	1,00,000	Permanent	30 Year (approx)	B.SC + PPT	01.06.2016	55	Shri Krishana Paper Mill Jaipur

Annexure VII

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Your Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance for the year ended March 31, 2024.

In accordance with Regulation 34(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [hereinafter referred to as 'SEBI Listing Regulations'] read with the disclosure requirements relating to the Corporate Governance Report contained in Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Hereinafter referred to as "Listing Regulations") the details of compliance by the Company with the norms on Corporate Governance are as under:

1) COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

Chadha Papers Limited (the "Company") is committed to implement sound corporate governance practices with a view to bring about transparency in its operations and maximize shareholder value. The Company's core philosophy on the code of Corporate Governance is to ensure Fair and transparent business practices, Compliance of applicable statute, Effective management control and monitoring of executive performance by the Board. Corporate Governance is about transparency, accountability, fairness, and professionalism, and social responsiveness, complete disclosure of material facts and independence of the Board.

Company's Corporate Governance structure, systems and processes are based on two core principles:
(i) Management must have the executive freedom to drive the enterprise forward without undue restraints, and
(ii) This freedom of management should be exercised within a framework of effective accountability.

Company believes that control is a necessary concomitant of its second core principle of governance that the freedom of management should be exercised within a framework of appropriate checks and balances.

2) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

a. Composition of the Board

The Company's policy is to maintain an optimum combination of Executive and Non Executive Directors. The Board of Directors of the Company consists of 5 (Five) Directors. There are three (3) Independent Directors in the Company including one (1) Woman Director as required under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 & rules made thereunder and Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations.

The composition of the Board is in conformity with the Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations.

S.No	Name of Directors	Executive/Non Executive	Designation
1	Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi	Executive	Whole Time Director
2	Mr. Sanmeet Singh	Non Executive	Director
3	Mr. Naveen Sexena	Non Executive	Independent Director
4	Mr. Anand Sharma	Non Executive	Independent Director
5	Mrs. Surjeet Kaur	Non Executive	Independent Director

b. Attendance of each Director at the meeting of the Board of Directors during the Financial Year 2023-24 and the Last Annual General Meeting:

Sl. No.	Date of Board Meeting	Board Strength	Directors' presence in Board meeting				
			Anand Sharma	Amanbir Singh Sethi	Sanmeet Singh	Naveen Sexena	Surjeet Kaur
1.	11-04-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	09-05-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	19-06-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	18-07-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	11-08-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.	21-08-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.	26-08-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.	26-10-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9.	31-10-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
10.	09-11-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11.	04-12-2023	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12.	10-01-2024	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13.	15-01-2024	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
14.	22-01-2024	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15.	14-02-2024	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.	21-03-2024	5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Attendance of each Director at the Last Annual General Meeting held on 30.09.2023:

Name of Directors	Anand Sharma	Amanbir Singh Sethi	Sanmeet Singh	Naveen Sexena	Surjeet Kaur
Whether attended Annual General Meeting	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

c. The number of directorships and memberships in the Committees of Other Companies held by the Directors as on 31st March, 2024 are as under:

Name oftheDirector	No. of Directorships in Other Companies	In Other Companies	
		Membership	Chairmanship
Naveen Sexena	-	-	-
Anand Sharma	3	-	-
Sanmeet Singh	9	-	-
Amanbir Singh Sethi	3	-	-
Surjeet Kaur	2	5	-

The names of the listed entities where Directors of the Company as Directors:-

S. No	Name of Directors	Name of the Listed Companies	Category of Directorship
1	Amanbir Singh Sethi	-	-
2	Sanmeet Singh	-	-
3	Naveen Sexena	-	-
4	Anand Sharma	-	-
5	Surjeet Kaur	-	-

d. Disclosure of Relationships between Directors inter-se:

None of Directors have inter-se relationship between them.

e. Number of Shares and convertible instruments held by Non- Executive Directors:

Non Executive Director doesn't hold any share in the Company.

f. Web Link where details of Familarisation Programmes imparted to Independent Directors is disclosed:

The details of the familiarization programme of the Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/

g. Matrix setting out the skill/expertise/competence of the Board of Directors:

S. No.	Name of Directors	Skill/Expertise/Competence					
		Finance	**Operation**	**Management**	**Strategic Business Skills**	**Marketing /Sales**	**Administration**
1.	Amanbir Singh Sethi	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2.	Sanmeet Singh	✓	✓	-	✓	-	✓
3.	Naveen Sexena	-		✓	✓	✓	-
4.	Anand Sharma	-	-	✓	✓	✓	-
5.	Surjeet Kaur	-	✓	✓	✓	-	-

h. In the opinion of the Board, all the Independent Directors fulfills the conditions specified in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and are independent to the management.

i. None of the Independent Directors of the Company has resigned before the expiry of his tenure.

3) AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company shall perform all the functions and duties as specified in provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in Schedule II Part C of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The roles of the Audit Committee of the Company include the following:

1. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
2. Recommending to the Board, the appointment, re-appointment and if required, the replacement or removal of the statutory auditor and fixation of audit fees.
3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
4. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:

   a) Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of Section 134 of the Act.
   b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
   c) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
   d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
   e) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
   f) Disclosure of any related party transactions.
   g) Qualifications in the draft audit report, if any.
5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
6. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, and adequacy of the internal control systems.
7. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit.
8. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up thereon.
9. Investigating into any matter in relation to the items specified in the terms of reference and reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
10. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post–audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
11. Look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
12. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e. Whole Time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background etc. of the candidate.
13. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee. The Auditors and the Key Managerial Personnel have a right to be heard in the meetings of the Audit Committee when itconsiders the Auditor's Report.

The Audit Committee is also empowered, pursuant to its terms of reference, to:

a) Investigate any activity within its terms of reference and to seek any information it requires from any employee.
b) Obtain professional advice from external sources to carry on any investigation and have full access to information contained in the records of the Company.
c) Discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the Company.
d) Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
e) Approve subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.

f) Scrutinize the inter-corporate loans and investments and evaluate internal financial controls and risk management systems.
g) Oversee the vigil mechanism/whistle blower policy of the Company.
h) Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary. The Company has systems and procedures in place to ensure that the Audit Committee mandatorily reviews:
• Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations.
• Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by Management.
• Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors.
• Internal Audit Reports relating to internal control weaknesses, and
• The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor, if any.

Whenever applicable, monitoring end use of funds raised through public issues, right issues, preferential issues by major category (capital expenditure, sales and marketing, working capital etc.), shall form a part of the quarterly declaration of financial results.

A. COMPOSITION, NAME OF MEMBERS AND CHAIRPERSON

The members of Audit Committee are as follows:-

i) Mr. Naveen Sexena, **Chairman** – Independent Director
ii) Mr. Anand Sharma, **Member** –Independent Director
iii) Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi, **Member** – Whole Time Director

B. MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE DURING THE YEAR

During the financial year 2023-24, Six (6) Audit Committee meetings were held, the details are as under :-

Sl. No.	Date of Committee Meeting	Committee Strength	Directors Presence in Audit Committee Meeting		
			Naveen Sexena	Amanbir Singh Sethi	Anand Sharma
1.	11.04.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	18.07.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	26.08.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	26.10.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	09.11.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.	14.02.2024	3	Yes	Yes	Yes

4) NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company shall perform all the functions and duties as specified in Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

A) BRIEF TERMS OF REFERENCE ARE AS FOLLOWS:-

i. Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal;
ii. formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
iii. Devising a policy on diversity of board of directors.
iv. Carry on the evaluation of every director's performance;

In accordance with the recommendation of the Committee, the Company has since formulated a Remuneration Policy for directors, key managerial personnel and other employees of the Company. The Committee is responsible for recommending the fixation and periodic revision of remuneration of the managing Director. The Committee also decides on payment of commission to non-executive Directors and other senior managerial personnel. The performance evaluation criteria for non-executive including independent directors laid down by Committee and taken on record by the Board includes:

a. Attendance and participation in the Meetings.
b. Preparedness for the Meetings.
c. Understanding of the Company and the external environment in which it operates and contributes to strategic direction.
d. Raising of valid concerns to the Board and constructive contribution to issues and active participation at meetings.
e. Engaging with and challenging the management team without being confrontational or obstructionist.

B) NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS:

i) Mr. Naveen Sexena, **Chairman**– Independent Director
ii) Mr. Anand Sharma, **Member –** Independent Director
iii) Mr. Sanmeet Singh, **Member –** Non Executive Director

C) MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE DURING THE YEAR

During the financial year 2023-24, Five (5) Meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committees were held, the details are as under:-

Sl. No.	**Date of Committee Meeting**	**Committee Strength**	**Directors Presence in Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting**		
			Naveen Sexena	**Anand Sharma**	**Sanmeet Singh**
1.	09.05.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	19.06.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	21.08.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	24.10.2023	3	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	10.01.2024	3	Yes	Yes	Yes

D) PERFORMANCE EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS.

A separate meeting of Independent Directors of the Company, without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of management, was held on 17th March, 2024, as required under Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 (Code for Independent Directors) and Regulation 25 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

At the Meeting, the Independent Directors:

a. Reviewed the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
b. Reviewed the performance of the WTD of the Company, taking into account the views of the Non-Executive Directors; and
c. Assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors attended the Meeting of Independent Directors Mr. Naveen Saxena chaired the Meeting. Further, board of directors of the Company confirms that the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified under LODR and they are independent of the Management

5) <u>STAKEHOLDER'S RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE</u>

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Company has a Stakeholders Relationship Committee and the terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee are in conformity with the role as stipulated in Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Stakeholders Relationship Committee specifically looks into redressal of grievances of shareholders and other security holders such as transfer of shares, issue of share certificates, non-receipt of Annual Report andnon- receipt of declared dividends performance of the registrar and transfer Agents and recommends measures for overall improvement of the quality of investor services.

a) COMPOSITION OF STAKEHOLDER'S RELATIONSHIP/GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE ALONG WITH THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR HEADING THE COMMITTEE:-

Name of the Director	Designation
Mr. Anand Sharma, Independent Director	Chairperson
Mr. Sanmeet Singh, Non-Executive director	Member
Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi, Whole Time Director	Member

Sl. No.	Date of Committee Meeting	Directors Presence in Stakeholder Relationship Committee		
		Anand Sharma	Sanmeet Singh	Amanbir Singh Sethi
1.	11.04.2023	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	18.07.2023	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	16.10.2023	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	10.01.2024	Yes	Yes	Yes

b) NAME, DESIGNATION AND ADDRESS OF COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary/Compliance Officer.
Address: B-310,Sector-20,Noida-201301

c) NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDER'S COMPLAINTS RECEIVED DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR:
Nil

d) NUMBER OF COMPLAINTS NOT SOLVED TO THE SATISFACTION OF SHAREHOLDERS:
Nil

e) NUMBER OF PENDING COMPLAINTS:
Nil

6) RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Provision related to risk Management Committee are not applicable to the Company.

7) CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONISIBILITY COMMITTEE.

A) COMPOSITION, NAME OF MEMBERS AND CHAIRPERSON

The members of Audit Committee are as follows:-

i. Mr. Anand Sharma, **Chairperson** – Independent Director
ii. Mr. Sanmeet Singh, **Member** –Non Executive Director
iii. Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi, **Member** – Whole Time Director

B) Meeting and attendance during the year

Sl. No.	Date of Committee Meeting	Directors Presence in Corporate Social Responsibility Committee		
		Anand Sharma	Sanmeet Singh	Amanbir Singh Sethi
1.	11.04.2023	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	18.07.2023	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	23.10.2023	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	22.01.2024	Yes	Yes	Yes

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

A. Non - Executive Directors of the company do not have any pecuniary relationship or transaction with the company.
B. Non-Executive Directors do not draw any remuneration or sitting fees for attending meetings of Board/ Committee.
C. The Remuneration paid to the Whole-time Directors during the year is as follows:-

Name of the Director	Salary	Benefits	Bonuses	Pension	Commission	Service Contract	Notice Period	Total
Mr. Amanbir Singh Sethi	1.20 Crore	NA	NA	NA	NA	Appointed for a period of Five-year w.e.f 01/09/2023.	As per the Appointment Letter.	1.20 Crores

There were no severance fees and stock option plan. The appointment of Whole Time Director is made for a period of Three year on the terms and conditions contained in the respective resolutions passed by the Members.

8) GENERAL BODY MEETINGS.

a) Location and time, where last three AGMs held

S.NO	ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING	DATE AND TIME	ADDRESS
1.	2022-23 (33rd AGM)	30th September, 2023 at 02.30 P.M	Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh-244921
2	2021-22 (32nd AGM)	30th September, 2022 at 02.30 P.M	Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh-244921
3	2020-21 (31stAGM)	30th September, 2021 at 02.30 P.M	Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh-244921

b) Details of Special Resolutions passed in previous three Annual General Meetings

S.No	Annual General Meeting	Date and Time	Special Resolutions
1.	2022-23 (33rd AGM)	30th September, 2023 at 02.30 P.M	1. To Approve The Increase In Borrowing Powers In Excess Of The Paid-Up Share Capital, Free Reserves And Securities Premium Of The Company Pursuant To Section 180(1)(C) Of The Companies Act, 2013. 2. To Give Loans Or To Give Guarantees Or To Provide Securities In Connection With The Loan Made To Any Other Body Corporate(S) Or Person (S) Or To Make Investments Upto Rs. 100 Crore (Rupees One Hundred Crore) Under Section 186 Of The Companies Act, 2013.
1	2021-22 (32nd AGM)	30th September, 2022 at 02.30 P.M	-
2	2020-21 (31stAGM)	30th September, 2021 at 02.30 P.M	-

c) No Special Resolution was passed last year through Postal Ballot.

d) Since no Postal Ballot was conducted during the year. No person was required for conducting Postal Ballot.

e) No Special Resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot.

f) Procedure for Postal Ballot:- Not Applicable

9) MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

A) QUARTERLY RESULTS

Quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results of the Company were published in leading newspapers Business Standard English All editions, Business Standard Hindi Lucknow edition.

The results of the Company are displayed on the website:-***www.chadhapapers.com*** and on the website of BSE Limited- ***www.bseindia.com***

Stock Exchange

Your Company makes timely disclosures of necessary information to the BSE Limited in terms of the Listing Regulations and other rules and regulations issued by the SEBI.

10) GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

a) AGM: Date, time and venue: 30th September, 2024 at 02:30 p.m. at Chadha Estate,Nanital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur-244921, Uttar Pradesh.

b) Financial year:- 1st April 2023-31st March 2024.

iii. Date of Book closure:-24/09/2024 to 30/09/2024

c) Dividend Payment Date:- No Dividend is recommended.

d) Listing on Stock Exchanges and a confirmation about payment of Annual listing fee to each of such Stock exchange(s):- Company is listed on BSE Limited (Address: Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai- 400001) and Listing Fees for the Financial Year 2023-24 is paid.

e) Stock Code:- 531946

f) Market Price Data: High, Low during each month in last financial year: - Company's shares are not in trading since 2001.

g) Performance in comparison to broad-based indices such as BSE Sensex, CRISIL index etc.:- Company's shares are not in trading since 2001.

h) Reasons for suspension of securities:- N.A

i) Registrar & Transfer Agents:-

Name: Skyline Financial Services Private Limited
Address: D-153A, 1st Floor, Okha Industrial Area, Phase -1,New Delhi-110020
Telephone : +91-11-40450193-97
Fax Number :+91-11- 26812682
Email Address : info@skylinerta.com

j) Share Transfer System:- In terms of Regulation 40(1) of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time, securities can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. Further, SEBI has fixed March 31, 2021 as the cut-off date for re-lodgement of transfer deeds and the shares that are re-lodged for transfer shall be issued only in demat mode. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Transfers of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories with no involvement of the Company.

k) Pursuant to SEBI circular dated January 25, 2022, securities of the Company shall be issued in dematerialized form only while processing service requests in relation to issue of duplicate securities certificate, renewal / exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, sub-division / splitting of securities certificate, consolidation of securities certificates/folios, transmission and transposition.
Distribution of Shareholding:-

Shareholding Pattern on 31st March, 2024:

Category	%	No. of Shareholder	No of Shares
Promoter's Shareholding	75.00	4	76,53,020
Public Shareholding	25.00	989	25,51,020
Total	**100.00**	**993**	**10,204,040**

Shareholding Pattern by size as on 31st March, 2024:

S.No	Category of Shares	Number of Shareholders	% to Total Numbers	Total No. of Share	Share holding Amount	% to Total Amount
1	Up To 5,000	643	64.75	179420.00	1794200.00	1.76
2	5001 To 10,000	3	0.30	1820.00	18200.00	0.02
3	10001 To 20,000	323	32.53	445480.00	4454800.00	4.37
4	20001 To 30,000	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5	30001 To 40,000	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6	40001 To 50,000	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7	50001 To 1,00,000	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	1,00,000 and Above	24	2.42	9577320.00	95773200.00	93.86
	Total	**993**	**100.00**	**10204040.00**	**102040400.00**	**100.00**

l) Dematerialization of shares & liquidity: - Equity shares of the Company representing 83.69% of the Company's equity share capital are dematerialized as on March 31, 2024.
Under the Depository System, the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company's shares is INE669W01018

m) Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any Convertible instruments, conversion date an likely impact on equity:- The Company has not issued any GDRs / ADRs / Warrants or any convertible instruments in the past and hence as on March 31, 2024, the Company does not have any outstanding GDRs / ADRs / Warrants or any convertible instruments.

n) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities: -The Company is not carrying on any Commodity Business and has also not undertaken any hedging activities; hence same are not applicable to the Company.

o) Plant Locations:- Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur, Uttar Pradesh-244921.

p) Address for Correspondence

Registered Office: - Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur, Uttar Pradesh-244921.

Corporate Office: - R-11,Second Floor,Nehru Enclave,Near Nehru Enclave Metro Station,Kalkaji,New Delhi-110019

q) **List of Credit Rating obtained by the Company during the FY 2023-24:** Obtained below given are the details.

Instrument / Facility	Amount (Rs. Crore)	Ratings	Rating Action	Complexity Indicator
Long Term Fund Based Bank Facility – Cash Credit	30.00	IVR BB+/Stable [IVR Double B Plus with Stable Outlook]	Reaffirmed	Simple
Long Term Bank Facility – CEL	1.50	IVR BB+/Stable [IVR Double B Plus with Stable Outlook]	Reaffirmed	Simple
Short Term Non Fund Based Bank Facility – Letter of Credi	30.00	IVR A4+	Reaffirmed	Simple
Total	**61.50 (Sixty-One Crore and Fifty Lakh Only)**			

11) OTHER DISCLOSURES

a) Disclosures on materially significant related Party transactions.
During the year under review, there are no materially significant related party transactions of the Company having potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large. The Board has approved a policy for related party transactions which has been uploaded on the Company's website at https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/ .

b) No Penalties has been imposed by Stock Exchange or the SEBI on the Company during the last three financial years on any matter related to capital market.

c) Details of Establishment of Vigil Mechanism, Whistle Blower Policy, and affirmation that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee:-

The Company has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to which Whistle Blower can raise concerns relating to reportable manner such as breach of code of conduct, fraud, corruption, employee misconduct, misappropriation of funds etc. Further the mechanism adopted by the Company encourages the Whistle Blower to report genuine concerns or grievances and provide for adequate safeguards against victimization of whistle Blower. During the year, no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee. The policy of Vigil mechanism has been uploaded on the Company's website https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/ .

d) Details of Compliance of mandatory and non-mandatory requirements as under:

Mandatory Requirements: Company has complied with all the applicable regulations

Non Mandatory Requirement : Company has complied

e) Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries is uploaded on Company's website:- https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/

f) Policy on Related Party Transactions is uploaded on Company's website:- www.chadhapapers.com

g) Disclosure of Commodity Price Risks, Foreign exchange riskand Commodity hedging activities:

The Company is not carrying on any Commodity Business and has also not undertaken any hedging activities; hence same are not applicable to the Company. The Company does not deal in commodities and hence the discloser pursuant to SEBI Circular dated November 15, 2018 is not required to be given.

h) Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A): Company has not raised any funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A).

i) Company has obtained as Certificate from a Company Secretary in practice **M/s Sachin Mavi & Associates,** that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority annexed herewith as ***Annexure- XI.***

j) Where the board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year, the same to be disclosed along with reasons thereof: **N.A**

k) Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part Rs. 8.72 (Figures in Lacs).

l) Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

a. number of complaints filed during the financial year: Nil
b. number of complaints disposed of during the financial year: NA
c. number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year: NA

12) NON-COMPLIANCE OF ANY REQUIREMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT.

Company complied with the requirements of Corporate Governance Report during the reporting period

13) THE DISCLOSURES OF THE COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS PECIFIED IN REGULATION 17 TO 27 AND CLAUSES (B) TO (I) OF SUB-REGULATION (2) OF REGULATION 46 ARE AS FOLLOWS:

S.No	Regulation No.	Particulars of Regulation	Status of Compliance
1.	17	Board of Directors	Yes
2.	18	Audit committee	Yes
3.	19	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Yes
4.	20	Stakeholders Relationship Committee	Yes
5.	21	Risk Management Committee	N.A.
6.	22	Vigil Mechanism	Yes
7.	23	Related Party Transactions	Yes
8.	24	Corporate Governance requirements with respect to subsidiary of listed entity	N.A.
9.	25	Obligations with respect to Independent directors	Yes
10.	26	Obligations with respect to Directors and Senior Management	Yes

11.	27	Other Corporate Governance Requirements	Yes
12.	46	Website Requirements	Yes

14) DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO DEMAT SUSPENSE ACCOUNT/ UNCLAIMED SUSPENSE ACCOUNT

a) Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the beginning of the year:NA
b) Number of shareholders who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year: NA
c) Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year: NA
d) Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year: NA
e) that the voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares: NA

15) PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

During the year, the Company has amended the insider Trading policy in line with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendments) Regulations, 2018. This Policy includes policy and procedures for inquiry in case of leak of UPSI or Suspected leak of UPSI. The Company has automated the declarations and disclosers to identified designated persons, and the board reviews the policy on a need basis. The amended policy is available on our website, at https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/ .

16) DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN TYPES OF AGREEMENTS BINDING LISTED ENTITIES

The Company has also ensured the implementation of disclosure of Information under clause 5A of paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of these regulations.

17) COMPLIANCE WITH DISCRETIONARY REQUIREMENTS

The Company has also ensured the implementation of non-mandatory requirements as mentioned in Schedule II part E of the SEBI Regulations.

18) GREEN INITIATIVE IN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Shareholders desirous of receiving notices, documents and other communication from the Company through electronic mode can register their e-mail addresses with the Company. Shareholders may contact the Company Secretary/RTAfor registration or updating of email id with the company.

By order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

Date: 07.09.2024
Place: New Delhi

Sd-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011

Sd-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Address: Malla, Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139

To,
The Members,
Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Chadha Estate, Nainital Road,
Bilaspur Rampur,
Uttar Pradesh – 244921

Compliance Certificate pursuant to Regulation 34 (3) read with Paragraph E of Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

We have examined the compliance of conditions of corporate governance by “Chadha Papers Limited” (herein referred to as “the Company”) as per the relevant provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India {Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements} Regulations,2015 {“Listing Regulations”}as referred to in Regulation 15(2) of the Listing Regulations for the period 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.

The compliance of conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the corporate governance. It is neither as audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us we certify that the company has compiled with the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned regulations, further these are our observations as per the information made available by the company.:

- The Company has taken but not reported unsecured loan from parties other than Director of the Company prior to the financial year.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Sachin Mavi & Associates
(Practicing Company Secretary)

Date: 04.09.2024
Place: NEW DELHI

Sd-
Sachin Mavi
Proprietor
M.NO: F11384
CP.NO: 18417
UDIN: F011384F001126828

Annexure IX

WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR AND CFO CERTIFICATION

We hereby certify that:

A) We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2024 and that to the best of their knowledge and belief:

(i) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;

(ii) these statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.

B. There are, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the listed entity during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the listed entity's code of conduct.

C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the listed entity pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.

D. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee that there are no:-

(1) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;

(2) significant changes in accounting policies during the year that requires disclosure in the notes to the financial statements; and

(3) instances of significant fraud of which they have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the listed entity's internal control system over financial reporting.

By order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

	Sd-	**Sd-**
Date:07.09.2024	**Amanbir Singh Sethi**	**Mohit Agarwal**
Place: New Delhi	**Whole Time Director**	**Chief Financial Officer**
	DIN-01015203	**PAN- AGGPA7327L**
	Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011	**Address: Mandi Bans, Moradabad Uttar Pardesh 244001**

Declaration by the Whole Time Director under Paragraph D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

This is to certify that the Company has laid down Code of Conduct for all the Board Members and Senior Management of the Company and the copy of the same have been uploaded on the website of the Company i.e. ***https://www.chadhapapers.com/all-policies/.***

I hereby confirm that all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management, as approved by the Board, for the year ended 31st March 2024.

By order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

	Sd-	**Sd-**
Date:07.09.2024	**Amanbir Singh Sethi**	**Mohit Agarwal**
Place: New Delhi	**Whole Time Director**	**Chief Financial Officer**
	DIN-01015203	**PAN- AGGPA7327L**
	Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011	**Address: Mandi Bans, Moradabad Uttar Pardesh 244001**

__Annexure X__

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The paper industry in India has become more promising as the domestic demand is on the rise. Increasing population and literacy rate, growth in GDP, improvement in manufacturing sector and lifestyle of individuals are expected to account for the growth in the paper industry of India.

The focus of paper industry is now shifting towards more eco-friendly products and technology. Government of India has established rules and regulations to control the population and degradation of forest. These measures taken by the government has brought the significant changes in the paper industry of India.

1. INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT RELATING TO COMPANY'S LINE OF BUSINESS

Your Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing of papers and related paper products such as News Print, Writing Print, and Kraft Paper etc. During the Financial Year, the Company was able to achieve the sales of Rs. 60,931.79 (in Lac). The sale of products comprises of sale of News Print Paper, Writing Printing, and Kraft.

For developing the area of business, the Company has taken various steps to increase the revenue of the Company and for the Development of the Company:-

a. The Company is trying to enter into new markets and trying to capture the new area for business.
b. Enhance growth by reaching new customers, analyzing their needs and dynamically managing the price according to the needs of Customers.
c. In-house qualified and technical team to ensure better quality products.
d. Adoption of Business models that increases the assets efficiency and long term competitiveness.
e. Increasing profitability by trying to minimize the operating Costs.
f. Adoption of new technologies and measures to manufacture the papers at a lower cost.
g. Analyzing the demands of the society and adjusting the manufacturing and supply of goods accordingly.
h. Sufficient land and other infrastructure available with the Company for future expansion and growth.

2. OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

OPPORTUNITIES

India is already one of the fastest growing major economies of the world and the current emphasis on education, skill development and economic reforms should provide a further boost to the Country's growth prospects and resultant demand for Paper.

New opportunities for the Company are widely open as the company is planning to enter into new markets.

Company's has introduced the News Print and export quality writing & printing paper and management has laid out the plans and strategies to capture the markets. Improved quality of our Writing &Printing paper and acceptance of same in the printing segment places us in a strong position to take full advantage of growth opportunities.

The foregoing discussion traced that the Indian paper industry is a booming industry and is expected to grow in the years to come. The usage of paper cannot be ignored and this awareness is bound to bring about changes in the paper industry for the better.

THREATS

The gradual erosion of the market for the Kraft Paper is the biggest threat to the Company. The low sales graph of the Kraft Paper is a threat as well as alarming for the Company.

Most of the paper mills are in existence for a long time and hence present technologies fall in a wide spectrum ranging from oldest to the most modern. Due to old technologies and methods, it is difficult to meet the market demands.

The other challenge before the Paper industry is to comply with stringent Environment norms being insisted upon by the Ministry of Environment & Forest (MOEF) and the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB).

Another threat to the Industry is increasing coal and logistic cost.These cost adds to the total expenditure of the Company and therefore it is also a big threat to the future profits and growth.

Availability of substitute products at cheap rates from the foreign markets is also another threat which the company has to deal with because there is cheap dumping from export countries.

3. SEGMENT WISE OR PRODUCT WISE PERFORMANCE

As there is neither segments nor has different products, requirement of presentation of segment wise performance is not applicable to the company.

4. OUTLOOK

The Company installed News Printing/Writing Paper Plant last year in order to achieve the demand for this product and further management has planned and has improvised the technologies for the News Print and WP keeping in view the demand of the product and the sales target has been set high.

5. RISKS AND CONCERNS

Company has adopted a risk management Policy, as recommended by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The main objective of this policy is to ensure sustainable business growth with stability and to promote a pro-active approach in reporting, evaluating and resolving risks associated with the business.

The policy is categorized in following parts:-

a.) Risk Assessment.
b.) Risk Management.
c.) Risk Monitoring.
d.) Risk Minimization

The Company is prone to inherent business risks. The objective of the policy is identification, evaluation, monitoring and minimization of identifiable risks.

6. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ADEQUACY

Board of Directors has adopted proper procedure and policies for ensuring the efficient conduct of business, including proper utilization of resources, safeguarding of its assets, detection of frauds and errors and timely preparation of Financial Statements and fair and true disclosure in the same.

7. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

There was challenge within Tense competition & our overall sales volume increased though pricing was under severe pressure during the year under review.

Total Income of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24 is Rs.61395.34/- (In Lakhs). Company has incurred a profit of Rs. 3727.31/- (In Lakhs).

Operational Performance of the Company is satisfactory ensuring the Company's commitments of servicing its debts and enhancing the value of the Company.

8. MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company has adopted a progressive policy of development of its human resources through continuous training and motivation to achieve greater efficiencies and competencies. Progress made by the company was possible because of the efforts put in by the entire team Your Company considers people at its biggest assets and "believing in People" is the soul of human resource strategy. Company believes empowering employees through greater knowledge, opportunity and responsibility. During the year, the focus of your Company was to ensure that young talent is nurtured and mentored consistently, that rewards and recognition are commensurate with performance and that employees have the opportunity to develop and grow.

9. Details of significant changes in key financial ratios along with explanation

In compliance with the requirement of the Listing Regulations, the key financial ratios of the Company along with explanation for significant changes (i.e., for change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year will be termed as 'significant changes'), has been provided hereunder:

SNO.	Ratio	2023-24	2022-23	% of Changes	Explanation for Change
1	Debtors Turnover	12.23	15.30	(20.07)	The Reason of change is increase in account receivable and net credit sales.
2	Inventory Turnover	5.45	9.90	(44.95)	The Reason of change is increase in turnover to inventory.
3	Interest Coverage Ratio	8.41	11.14	(24.51)	The Reason of change is increase in interest expenses and earnings before interest and tax .
4	Current Ratio	1.17	1.21	(3.31)	-
5	Debt Equity Ratio	1.58	5.16	(69.33)	-
6	Operating Profit Margin	0.14	0.16	(12.50)	The Reason of change due to increase in operation profit.

7	Net Profit Margin	6.12%	8.72%	(29.84)	-
8	Return on Net Worth	0.93	2.85	(67.37)	-

By order of the Board
For Chadha Papers Limited

Date:07-09-2024
Place: New Delhi

Sd-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Address: CTC061 The Crest Park Drive, DLF5, Gurugram, Haryana-122011

Sd-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Address: Malla, Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members of
CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED
Registered Office;-Chadha Estate, Nanital Road,
Bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh - 244921

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED** having CIN **L21012UP1990PLC011878** and having registered office at Chadha Estate Nanital Road bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh - 244921 and (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers and Directors, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2024 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

S. No	Name of the Directors	DIN	Date of Appointment in the Company	Director of Active non-compliant Company
1.	ANAND SHARMA	00031044	15/07/2020	No
2.	AMANBIR SINGH SETHI	01015203	30/09/2014	No
3.	SANMEET SINGH	01139468	01/07/2011	No
4.	NAVEEN SEXENA	05133167	15/07/2020	No
5.	SURJEET KAUR	07235977	20/08/2020	No

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Sachin Mavi & Associates
(Practicing Company Secretary)

Date: 04.09.2024
Place: New Delhi

Sd-
Sachin Mavi
Proprietor M.NO: F11384
CP.NO: 18417
UDIN: F011384F001126399

M/s. D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
407, South Ex, Plaza-II,
South Extension Part-2,
New Delhi-110049. Ph. 41643733
email : info@ks-ca.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Chadha Papers Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the standalone financial statements of M/s. **Chadha Papers Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended ("Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its profit (including Other Comprehensive Income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw your attention to the following matters:

   A. **<u>Lease Deed Expired</u>**

   We draw attention to Note No. 3A of the standalone financial statements wherein it is stated that lease pertaining to part of factory land at Bilaspur (Rampur) where the paper manufacturing unit is located, has expired. The said land belonging to promoters and the family members was on lease for a period of 30 years since 1991. We are informed that the management is abreast of the matter and in process of getting the lease renewed. It is further confirmed by the management that the company has not received any communication from the lessor(s) for eviction thereof and, therefore, the management is not aware of any material implications on the operations of the company.

Our audit opinion is not modified in respect of the above.

Key Audit matters

5. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter:

1. Property Plant and Equipment and intangible assets

There are areas where management judgements impacts the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and their respective depreciation and amortization amounts. These include the decision to capitalize or expense costs; the annual asset life review: the timelines of the capitalization of assets and the use of management assumptions and estimates for the determination of the measurement and recognition criteria for assets retired from active use. Due to the materiality in the context of the balance sheet of the company and the level of judgements and estimates required, we consider this to be a key audit matter.

Response to Key Audit Matter: We assessed the controls ln place, evaluated the appropriateness of capitalisation process, performed tests of details on costs capitalized, the timeliness of the capitalization of assets and the de-recognition criteria for assets retired from active use.

In performing these procedures, we reviewed the judgements made by management including the nature of underlying costs capitalized; determination of realisable value of the assets retired from active use; the appropriateness of asset live applied in the calculation of depreciation; useful lives of assets as per the technical assessment of the management and external technical experts. We have observed that there are no material changes.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial statements

7. The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

8. In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone financial statements

9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

10. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

   - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

   - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

   - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

   - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

12. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

13. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

14. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the **Annexure "A"**, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

15. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

    (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;

    (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 15(g)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

    (c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including the Standalone Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

    (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;

    (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

(f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "**Annexure B**". Our report expresses unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements – Refer Note No. 49, 50 and 51 of the Standalone Financial Statements;

ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2024;

iv) (a). The Management has represented, that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually and in aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company, to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b). The management has represented, that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been received by the Company, from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company, shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c). Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company and, hence Section 123 of the Act, is not applicable.

vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 01 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, audit trail feature was not enabled at database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, as described in note 57 to the Standalone financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled.

h) As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 510525C

SD/-

Place: New Delhi
Date: 30-05-2024

Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No. 089125

UDIN: 24089125BKASCU5085

“Annexure A” to Independent Auditors’ Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors’ Report to the members of **Chadha Papers Limited** on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024,

To the best of our information and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

i. In respect of the Company’s Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

a. (A) The Company is under the process of maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.

b. All Property, Plant and Equipment have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee-Refer Note No.-3A of the Standalone Financial Statements) disclosed in the Standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.

d. The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year.

e. There are no proceedings initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

ii. a. The management has conducted physical verification of inventory during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification by the management is reasonable and the coverage and procedure for such verification is appropriate. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.

b. The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and the monthly stock statements submitted to bank are materially in agreement with the books of accounts as shown in Note no.72 of the Standalone financial statements.

iii. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not made any investment and has not granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, unsecured, to other parties during the year. The Company has not made any investments and has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, unsecured, to companies, firms or limited liability partnerships during the year. The Company has provided guarantee to Banks and other parties during the year, in respect of which the requisite information is as below:

A) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any loans or advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee or provided security to subsidiaries. The Company does not hold any investment in any joint ventures or associates.

B) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has given unsecured loans and unsecured advances in the nature of loans to parties other than subsidiaries as listed below. The Company has not stood guarantee or provided security to parties other than subsidiaries except the following:

Particular	Guarantees*	Security	Loans	Advances in the nature of loans
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year				
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
Associates	-	-	-	-
Others	76.38	-	-	-
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above advances				
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
Associates	-	-	-	-
Others	868.13	-	-	-

* Refer Note No. 51 of Standalone Financial Statements.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the the guarantees provided during the year and the terms and conditions of the same are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

c. The Company has not granted loans during the year to the companies, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

d. There are no amounts of loans granted to companies which are overdue for more than ninety days, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

e. There were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to companies or any other parties which was fallen due during the year, that has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given.

f. During the year the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.

iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loan, investment, guarantees and securities.

v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India read with the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act, the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.

vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, related to the manufacture of Paper, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

vii. In respect of statutory dues:

a. According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.

b. According to information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of goods and service tax, income tax, service tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, and duty of excise or value added tax or cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

ix. a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender and therefore reporting under clause (ix)(a) of the order is not applicable;

b. The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority;

c. Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained;

d. On an overall examination of the Standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.

e. On an overall examination of the Standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture during the year ended 31 March 2024.

f. The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

x. a. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer or term Loans and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

b. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

xi. a. Considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit..

b. No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.

c. No whistle blower complaints were received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report), while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.

xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv. a. In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.

b. We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

xvi. a. In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

b. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

c. The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

d. According to the information and explanations given by the management the group has not more than one Core Investment Company (CIC) as per the definition of Group contained in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.

xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of assets and payment of liabilities, other information accompanying the Standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. The provisions of Section 135 to the Companies Act, 2013 in relation to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is applicable to the Company. However, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 510525C

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No. 089125

Place: New Delhi
Date: 30-05-2024

UDIN: 24089125BKASCU5085

“Annexure B” to Independent Auditors’ Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

(Referred to in Paragraph 15(f) under the heading “Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement” of our report of even date to the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024.)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **M/s. Chadha Papers Limited** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (‘ICAI’). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, we have following observation(s) as at March 31, 2024:

i) In our opinion, the Company needs to implement the programme of physical verification of property, plant and equipment on periodical basis.

ii) The internal financial control with reference to obtaining periodical balance confirmation letters and reconciliation thereof Government entities, scrutiny and recovery of overdues is weak and needs to be improved upon to safeguard the interests of the Company and policy & procedure for write-off of old inoperative debit balances needs to be framed & implemented.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 510525C

SD/-

Place: New Delhi
Date: 30-05-2024

Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No. 089125

UDIN: 24089125BKASCU5085

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Registered office address :-Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur-244921, Rampur (UP)
Email Id :-chadhapapersltd@gmail.com, Mobile No.91053-88000
Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
			(Rs. In Lakhs)
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	9,879.41	9,254.14
Other intangible assets	4	0.77	0.77
Financial assets			
Investments	5	157.93	157.93
Other financial assets	6	2,116.60	1,431.24
Non-current tax assets (Net)	7	-	215.88
Other non-current assets	8	1,138.85	178.75
Total non-current assets		**13,293.56**	**11,238.71**
Current assets			
Inventories	9	8,029.04	4,987.59
Financial assets			
Investments	10	444.88	444.88
Trade receivables	11	4,984.19	4,555.83
Cash and cash equivalents	12	2,049.81	4,080.61
Other bank balances	13	500.00	717.12
Loans	14	3.94	6.68
Other financial assets	15	143.37	98.27
Other current assets	16	1,021.53	1,510.00
Total current assets		**17,176.76**	**16,400.98**
Total assets		**30,470.32**	**27,639.69**
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	17	1,020.40	1,020.40
Other equity	18	4,836.45	1,109.14
Total equity		**5,856.85**	**2,129.54**
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	19	3,450.01	5,008.31
Other financial liabilities	20	4,750.00	4,750.00
Provisions	21	142.67	109.24
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	22	1,553.33	2,078.99
Total non-current liabilities		**9,896.01**	**11,946.54**
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	23	5,822.17	5,982.99
Trade payables	24		
Dues of micro and small enterprises		812.94	1,163.55
Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		5,717.30	3,891.77
Other financial liabilities	25	686.24	658.78
Provisions	26	21.64	15.53
Other current liabilities	27	355.73	1,359.30
Current tax liabilities (net)	28	1,301.44	491.69
Total Current liabilities		**14,717.46**	**13,563.61**
Total equity and liabilities		**30,470.32**	**27,639.69**
Material Accounting Policies, Estimates & Judgements	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements
As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Add: CTC061 The crest Park Drive DLFS, Gurugram, 122001, Haryana

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani,263139, Uttrakhand

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, 244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur Uttarakhand Pin Code 263153

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20 Noida-201301

Place: Delhi
Date: 30.05.2024

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Registered office address :-Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur-244921, Rampur (UP)
Email Id :-chadhapapersltd@gmail.com, Mobile No.91053-88000
Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023
Revenue from operations	29	60,931.79	69,703.18
Other income	30	463.55	180.23
Total income		**61,395.34**	**69,883.41**
Expenses			
Cost of raw material consumed	31	35,475.61	42,765.00
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock in trade and Work-in-progress	32	(1,104.52)	77.98
Employee benefits expense	33	1,616.63	1,445.64
Finance costs	34	2,670.11	1,731.69
Depreciation and amortization expense	35	961.47	929.35
Other expenses	36	16,702.49	14,654.88
Total expenses		**56,321.79**	**61,604.54**
Profit / (Loss) Before Exceptional Items & Tax		**5,073.55**	**8,278.87**
Exceptional Items			
Provision for diminution in value of investment		-	-
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax		**5,073.55**	**8,278.87**
Tax expense / (credit)			
Current tax charge		1,859.07	718.14
Income Tax previous years		11.05	-
Deferred tax charge / (credit)		(525.21)	1,481.08
Total Tax expense		**1,344.91**	**2,199.22**
Net profit for the year (A)		**3,728.64**	**6,079.65**
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurements gain/(loss) of defined benefit obligations		(1.78)	17.13
Tax credit on above		0.45	(4.31)
Total Other Comprehensive Income (B)		**(1.33)**	**12.82**
Total Comprehensive Income (A + B)		**3,727.31**	**6,092.47**
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of Rs. 10 each (Previous Year : Rs. 10 each)	37		
Basic (in Rs.)		36.54	59.58
Diluted (in Rs.)		36.54	59.58
Material Accounting Policies, Estimates & Judgements	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements
As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Add: CTC061 The crest Park Drive DLFS, Gurugram, 122001, Haryana

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani,263139, Uttrakhand

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, 244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur Uttarakhand Pin Code 263153

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20 Noida-201301

Place: Delhi
Date: 30.05.2024

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Registered office address :-Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur-244921, Rampur (UP)
Email Id :-chadhapapersltd@gmail.com, Mobile No.91053-88000
Standalone Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2024

		(Rs. In Lakhs)
	Year Ended March 31, 2024	**Year Ended March 31, 2023**
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before taxation	5,073.55	8,278.87
Non-cash adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation on property plant & equipment, including intangible assets	961.47	929.35
Unwinding of interest on fiancial liabilities at amortised cost	1,749.10	832.76
Interest income on FDR	(260.70)	(63.32)
Interest expense	921.01	898.93
Profit on sale of property plant & equipment	-	(10.23)
Profit on sale of land	(35.26)	(46.86)
Loss on sale of property plant & equipment	-	0.89
Provision for dimunition in value of investment	-	-
Provision for doubtful debts/advances	59.58	24.01
Doubtful debts written off	157.30	153.21
Unrealised foreign fluctutation (Gain)/Loss	(33.10)	(37.19)
Old balances written back	(6.92)	(16.15)
Re-measurements gain/(loss) of defined benefit obligations	(1.78)	17.13
Operating profit before working capital changes	**8,584.25**	**10,961.40**
Adjustments for:		
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	(429.67)	(587.48)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(3,041.47)	(1,339.82)
(Increase) / Decrease in loans	2.75	39.60
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets	(737.41)	(963.24)
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets and Non current assets	(670.12)	(560.12)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	1,484.40	(280.72)
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	27.46	4,744.12
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(1,003.57)	(906.91)
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	39.54	(16.42)
Cash generated from operations	**4,256.16**	**11,090.41**
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	844.49	231.40
Net cash from operating activities (A)	**3,411.67**	**10,859.01**
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property plant & equipment, including intangible assets, CWIP	(1,614.48)	(316.11)
Purchase of investments	-	-
Proceeds from sale of Property plant & equipment, including intangible assets	63.00	173.64
Proceeds from sale of land	-	-
Investment in bank deposits	217.12	(517.12)
Interest income on FDR'	260.70	63.32
Net cash (used in) investing activities (B)	**(1,073.66)**	**(596.27)**
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of borrowings	-	(5,605.86)
Repayment on redemption of preference shares	(3,250.00)	-
Increase in borrowings	43.17	-
Interest paid	(921.01)	(898.93)
Net cash (used in) financing activities (C)	**(4,127.84)**	**(6,504.79)**
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,789.83)	3,757.95
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	15.33	20.93
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,774.50)	3,778.88
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(166.00)	(3,944.88)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	**(1,940.50)**	**(166.00)**

Notes:

1) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 on "Statement of Cash Flow".

2) Amounts in brackets indicate a cash outflow or reduction.

3)

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the Statement of cash flows:	**March 31, 2024**	**March 31, 2023**
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above	2,049.81	4,080.61
Letter of Credit and Cash Credit	(3,990.31)	(4,246.61)
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	**(1,940.50)**	**(166.00)**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502

Place : Delhi
Date : 30.05.2024

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Registered office address :-Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur-244921, Rampur (UP)
Email Id :-chadhapapersltd@gmail.com, Mobile No.91053-88000
Standalone Statement of change in equity as at March 31, 2024

(Rs. In Lakhs)

A Equity share capital

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	1,020.40	1,020.40
Balance at the end of the reporting year	**1,020.40**	**1,020.40**

B Other equity

Reserves & Surplus

Particulars	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption reserve	Security Premium	Total
Balance As at April 01, 2022	**(4,983.33)**	**-**	**-**	(4,983.33)
Profit for the year	6,079.65	-	-	6,079.65
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	12.82	-	-	12.82
Balance as at March 31, 2023	**1,109.14**	**-**	**-**	**1,109.14**
Profit for the year	3,728.64	-	-	3,728.64
Transfer to capital redemption reserve*	(3,250.00)	3,250.00	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	(1.33)	-	-	(1.33)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	**1,586.45**	**3,250.00**	**-**	**4,836.45**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements
*{Refer note no. 19(i)}
As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Add: CTC061 The crest Park Drive DLFS, Gurugram, 122001,

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani,263139, Uttrakhand

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, 244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur Uttarakhand

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20 Noida-201301

Place: Delhi
Date : 30.05.2024

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Notes forming part of the Standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2024

Note No 3 - Property, plant and equipment -

Particulars	Land Freehold	Factory Building	Non-Factory Building	Plant and Machinery	Vehicles	Office equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Computers and peripherals	Total
Gross Block									
As at 01 April 2022	**84.03**	**1,536.70**	**52.56**	**19,726.12**	**340.28**	**107.06**	**81.12**	**67.06**	**21,994.93**
Additions	32.89	-	-	280.40	-	0.28	0.37	2.17	316.11
Disposals	1.14	-	-	121.52	15.43	-	-	-	138.09
As at 31 March 2023	**115.78**	**1,536.70**	**52.56**	**19,885.00**	**324.85**	**107.34**	**81.49**	**69.23**	**22,172.95**
Additions	-	-	-	1,517.79	80.36	6.32	2.56	7.45	1,614.48
Disposals	-	-	9.00	269.33	-	-	-	-	278.33
As at 31 March 2024	**115.78**	**1,536.70**	**43.56**	**21,133.46**	**405.21**	**113.66**	**84.05**	**76.68**	**23,509.10**
Accumulated Depreciation									
As at 01 April 2022	**-**	**887.53**	**15.87**	**10,621.72**	**305.71**	**71.53**	**47.57**	**61.61**	**12,011.54**
Charge for the year	-	54.25	0.90	855.74	2.74	7.38	5.47	1.45	927.93
Disposals	-	-	-	10.71	9.95	-	-	-	20.66
As at 31 March 2023	-	**941.78**	**16.77**	**11,466.75**	**298.50**	**78.91**	**53.04**	**63.06**	**12,918.81**
Charge for the year	-	47.55	0.84	891.88	5.74	7.56	5.58	2.32	961.47
Disposals	-	-	4.26	246.33	-	-	-	-	250.59
As at 31 March 2024	**-**	**989.33**	**13.35**	**12,112.30**	**304.24**	**86.47**	**58.62**	**65.38**	**13,629.69**
Net Block									
As at 31 March 2023	**115.78**	**594.92**	**35.79**	**8,418.25**	**26.35**	**28.43**	**28.45**	**6.17**	**9,254.14**
As at 31 March 2024	**115.78**	**547.37**	**30.21**	**9,021.16**	**100.97**	**27.19**	**25.43**	**11.30**	**9,879.41**

Note No 4 - Intangible assets -

Particulars	Software, Server & Networks	Lease Hold Rights	Total
Gross Block			
As at 01 April 2022	**15.46**	**0.68**	**16.14**
Additions	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disposals	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2023	**15.46**	**0.68**	**16.14**
Additions	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disposals	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2024	**15.46**	**0.68**	**16.14**
Accumulated Amortisation			
As at 01 April 2022	**13.27**	**0.68**	**13.95**
Charge for the year	1.42	-	1.42
Disposals/Adjustments	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2023	**14.69**	**0.68**	**15.37**
Charge for the year	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2024	**14.69**	**0.68**	**15.37**
Net Block			
As at 31 March 2023	**0.77**	**-**	**0.77**
As at 31 March 2024	**0.77**	**-**	**0.77**

Note no 3A. Lease pertaining to part of factory land at Bilaspur (Rampur) where the paper manufacturing unit is located, has expired. The said land belonging to promoters and the family members was on lease for a period of 30 years since 1991. The management is abreast of the matter and in process of getting the lease renewed. The company has not received any communication from the lessor(s) for eviction thereof and, therefore, there is no material implication on the operations of the company.

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
5	**Investment**		
	Investment in Subsidiary (at cost) (Refer note(iii) below)		
	Unquoted		
	Manorama Paper Mills Ltd.	31.04	31.04
	Less: Impairement in value of shares	(31.04)	(31.04)
		-	-
	(No. of Shares 39,85,700 (Previous Year 39,85,700) FV @ Rs.10 each)		
	Others Investments		
	Investment in Equity instruments (at cost) - Quoted (Refer note(i) below)		
	Punjab National Bank	0.42	0.42
	(Aggregate amount of 700 Shares of erstwhile OBC Bank)		
	Investment carried at cost- Unquoted		
	Gold bonds (Refer note(ii) below)	12.63	12.63
	Investment in Equity instruments (at FVTPL) - Unquoted (Refer note(iii) below)		
	J.C. Broswon United Private Limited	889.77	889.77
	Less: Impairement in value of shares	(744.89)	(744.89)
		144.88	**144.88**
	(No. of Shares 25,422 (Previous Year 25,422)) FV @ Rs.10 each)		
	Total	**157.93**	**157.93**

(i) OBC bank merged with PNB. The company does not have share certificate of PNB and the company is under the process to get share certificate from PNB.

(ii) Gold bonds not in the name of the company as bonds were purchased in the name of whole time director of the company.
(iii) The company has impaired its investments and hence value of investments is written down by the amount equal to the impairment loss which is recognized in the income statement.

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
6	**Other Non-current financial assets**		
(a)	**Security deposits***		
	Considered good - Unsecured	551.40	818.14
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	6.95	-
	Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful	(6.95)	-
		551.40	818.14
(b)	**Earmarked balances with banks****	1,364.50	541.00
(c)	**Interest accrued on deposits with bank****		
	Considered good - Unsecured	200.70	72.10
	Total	**2,116.60**	**1,431.24**

*Security with Electricity department and sale tenders with Government.
**Deposit kept as margin with bank for issuing bank guarantee and lien marked by bank against Non Fund Based Limits.

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
	Movement in Provision		
	Opening	-	-
	Provision made during the year	6.95	-
	Provision for doubtful reversed during the year	-	-
	Bad debts	-	-
	Closing Balance	**6.95**	**-**
7	**Non-current tax assets (Net)**		
	Income Tax refundable	-	215.88
	Total	**-**	**215.88**
8	**Other Non-current assets**		
(a)	**Prepaid expenses**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	17.35	8.25
(b)	**Balance with statutory /government authorities**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	39.97	39.97
(c)	**Capital advances**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	1,081.53	130.53
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	69.61	69.61
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(69.61)	(69.61)
		1,081.53	130.53
	Total	**1,138.85**	**178.75**

Movement in Provision in Advance to suppliers		
Opening	69.61	53.53
Provision against for doubtful advances made during the year	-	16.08
Provision for doubtful reversed during the year	-	-
Bad debts	-	-
Closing Balance	**69.61**	**69.61**

9 Inventories#

(Refer note no. 2.10 for valuation)	**March 31, 2024 Rs.**	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
Raw Materials	4,228.72	2,536.20
Stock-in-transit	-	632.62
Work-in-progress	199.90	121.18
Finished goods	1,404.61	378.81
Stores and spares	1,209.03	877.39
Others :		
-Packing Material	51.35	50.10
-Coal	935.43	391.29
	8,029.04	**4,987.59**
Less: Provision for slow moving inventories	**-**	**-**
Total	**8,029.04**	**4,987.59**

#Note:

1. Inventory taken and valued by the management.
2. The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in Material Accounting Policies.
3. Inventories hypothecated as security for part of the working capital facilities.

10 Investments

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
	Investments carried at Cost		
	Unquoted		
(a)	Investment in Equity instruments - (Refer note(i) below)		
	Great Value Fuels Private Limited	442.26	442.26
	(No. of Shares 2,600 (Previous Year 2,600)) FV @ Rs.10 each)		
(b)	Investment in Gold bonds	2.62	2.62
	{Refer note no. 5(ii)}		
	Total	**444.88**	**444.88**

(i) The company has sold the investment against which the company received an advance. However, the shares can not be transferred in view of the agreement with the President of India, acting through the Secretary and Commissioner, Department of Transport, Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi and ,therefore, the sale has not yet been recognised.

11 Trade receivables#

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
Unsecured, Considered Good		
-Undisputed	4,984.19	4,555.83
-Disputed	-	-
Unsecured, Considered Doubtful		
-Undisputed	240.78	239.58
-Disputed	-	-
	5,224.97	**4,795.41**
Less: Allowance for credit losses	240.78	239.58
Total	**4,984.19**	**4,555.83**
Movement in Provision in Trade Receivables		
Opening	239.58	243.12
Provision for doubtful receivables during the year	1.20	-
Provision for doubtful receivables reversed during the year	-	-
Bad debts	-	(3.54)
Closing Balance	**240.78**	**239.58**

#Note

(i) Trade Receivables hypothecated as security for part of the working capital facilities.

(ii) Trade Receivables includes Rs. 721.65 Lakhs as on 31.03.2024 and Rs. 94.62 Lakhs as on 31.03.2023 receivable from related parties (Refer Note no. 47).

(iii) For Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule refer note no. 58.

12 Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
Cash on hand	3.98	3.89
Cheques in hand-Refer note(i)	-	4,050.00
Term deposits with original maturity of less than three months	2,000.00	-
Balances with banks {Refer note (ii)}	45.83	26.72
	2,049.81	**4,080.61**

(i) The company had given an advance of Rs. 4,050.00 Lakhs to M/s. Chadha Holdings Private Limited (A Core Investment Company-"CIC"), a related party for exploring investment opportunities and such advance was subsequently returned by the CIC vide cheque(s) dated 31 March 2023 and such cheques has been shown as Cheques in Hand as on March 31, 2023 by the company, and these cheques were presented for payment on June 28, 2023 and were dishonored by the bank due to insufficient funds in the CIC's account. The repayment thereof was subsequently effected by the CIC on July 1, 2023 through RTGS as no commercially viable opportunity could be identified by the CIC and therefore the said advance was duly returned to the company.

(ii) Balance with bank includes saving account balance of Rs. 8.76 Lakhs in the name of the whole time director of the company for investment in gold bond.

For the purpose of Statement of cash flows, Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above	2,049.81	4,080.61
Letter of Credit and Cash Credit	(3,990.31)	(4,246.61)
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	**(1,940.50)**	**(166.00)**

13 Current financials assets -Other bank balances

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Investments in term deposits (with original maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months)	500.00	717.12
	500.00	**717.12**

14 Current financials assets - Loans

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
	Unsecured, considered good-Interest Free		
(i)	**Loan to related parties:**		
	Loan to subsidiary company		
	Credit impaired	10.11	10.11
	Less: Provision of loan given to subsidiary	(10.11)	(10.11)
		-	-
(ii)	**Loan to Others:**		
	Loan to body corporate	3.21	3.21
	Less: Provision of loan given to body corporate	(3.21)	(3.21)
		-	-
(iii)	**Loan to employees**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	3.94	6.68
		3.94	**6.68**
	Movement in Provision of Loans		
	Opening	13.32	-
	Provision for doubtful loans made during the year	-	13.32
	Provision reversed during the year	-	-
	Closing Balance	**13.32**	**13.32**

15 Current financials assets - Others

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
(i)	**Security deposits***		
	Considered good - Unsecured	71.10	35.40
(ii)	**Interest accrued on deposits with bank**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	72.27	62.87
		143.37	**98.27**

*Security Deposits with vendors.

16 Other current assets

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
A.	**Advance to suppliers**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	829.48	1,241.49
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	39.72	-
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(39.72)	-
		829.48	**1,241.49**
B.	**Prepaid expenses**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	91.96	40.57
C.	**Balance with statutory /government authorities**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	91.85	219.70
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	11.71	-
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(11.71)	-
		91.85	219.70
D.	**Others**		
	Considered good - Unsecured		
	Duty Drawback Receivable	2.78	2.78
	RoDTEP Scheme Receivable	5.46	5.46
		1,021.53	**1,510.00**

Movement in Provision		
Opening	-	-
Provision for doubtful loans made during the year	51.43	-
Provision reversed during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	**51.43**	**-**

17 Equity Share capital

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Authorised shares		
1,05,00,000 (31st March 2023 - 1,05,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	1,050.00	1,050.00
89,50,000 (31st March 2023 - 89,50,000) 0.01% Non Convertible Non Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each)	8,950.00	8,950.00
	10,000.00	**10,000.00**
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up shares		
1,02,04,040 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid in Cash (as at March 31, 2023: Rs.1,02,04,040)	1,020.40	1,020.40
	1,020.40	**1,020.40**

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Shares outstanding at the commencement of the year	1,02,04,040	1,02,04,040
Shares Issued During the year	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Shares outstanding at the close of the year	**1,02,04,040**	**1,02,04,040**

Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

			March 31, 2024
Equity Shares	**No. of Shares**	**No. of Shares**	**% of Holding**
Smt. Jatinder Kaur Chadha	13,88,590	13,88,590	13.61%
Sh. Rajinder Singh Chadha	32,71,254	32,71,254	32.06%
M/s Capco Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	26,89,376	26,89,376	26.36%

			March 31, 2023
Equity Shares	**No. of Shares**	**No. of Shares**	**% of Holding**
Smt. Jatinder Kaur Chadha	13,88,590	13,88,590	13.61%
Sh. Rajinder Singh Chadha	32,71,254	32,71,254	32.06%
M/s Capco Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	26,89,376	26,89,376	26.36%

Promoters Shareholding

Equity Shares	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Smt. Jatinder Kaur Chadha		
No. of Shares	13,88,590	13,88,590
% Of total shares	13.61%	13.61%
% change during the year	**-**	**-**
Sh. Rajinder Singh Chadha		
No. of Shares	32,71,254	32,71,254
% Of total shares	32.06%	32.06%
% change during the year	**-**	**-**
M/s Capco Holdings Pvt. Ltd.		
No. of Shares	26,89,376	26,89,376
% Of total shares	26.36%	26.36%
% change during the year	**-**	**-**

18 Other equity (Refer statement of change in equity)

a) Capital Redemption Reserve: (Refer statement of change in equity)

b) Retained Earnings: This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company and effects of remeasurement of defined benefit obligations. This reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

19 Non-current financial liabilities - Borrowings

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
A. Unsecured - at amortised cost		
Redeemable Preference Share Capital (Refer note (i) below) 56,21,420 (P.Y.: 88,71,420) 0.01% Non Convertible Non Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each	3,419.61	5,008.31
B. Secured loans from bank		
HDFC bank- Vehicle Loan (Refer note (iii) below)	23.11	-
ICICI bank- Vehicle Loan (Refer note (ii) below)	20.06	-
Less: Current maturities of long term debt	(12.77)	-
	3,450.01	**5,008.31**

(i) Redeemable preference Share Capital:
The company has redeem preference shares of Rs. 3,250.00 Lakhs during the F.Y. 2023-2024. The Board decided based on the projected cash inflows, company may repay its remaining non-convertible preference shares capital of Rs 2,876.61 Lacs (P.Y. 6,126.61 Lakhs) and 2,744.81 lakhs (P.Y. 2,744.81 Lakhs) by 31.03.2029 and 31.03.2030 respectively.

(ii) ICICI- JCB Loan
Commercial vehicle Loan for Vehicle is secured by way of hypothecation of the respective vehicle, carrying interest @ 9.00% p.a. The loan is repayable from July 23 in 36 instalments @ Rs. 0.86 lakhs per month (including interest).

(iii) HDFC vehicle loan
(a) Ultra Light Commercial Vehicle
Commercial vehicle Loan for Vehicle is secured by way of hypothecation of the respective vehicle, carrying interest @ 9.00% p.a. The loan is repayable from February 24 in 60 instalments @ Rs. 0.15 Lakhs per month (including interest).
(b) Light Commercial Vehicle

Commercial vehicle Loan for Vehicle is secured by way of hypothecation of the respective vehicle, carrying interest @ 9.00% p.a. The loan is repayable from February 24 in 60 instalments @ Rs. 0.34 Lakhs per month (including interest).

20 Other financial liabilities

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Unsecured		
Security deposits*	4,750.00	4,750.00
	4,750.00	**4,750.00**

*Interest bearing Unsecured Security Deposit @ 6% p.a. taken on November'2022 for the period of 5 years to optimize the number of sales globally.

21 Non-current financial liabilities - Provisions

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Provision for Gratuity	129.94	98.23
Provision for Leave Encashment	34.37	26.54
Less: Transfered to short term provisions	(21.64)	(15.53)
Total	**142.67**	**109.24**

22 Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Deferred tax liabilities		
Related to fixed assets	1,103.67	1,123.05
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	554.15	994.36
	1,657.82	2,117.41
Deferred tax assets		
Other timing differences (gratuity, leave encashment and bonus etc.)	104.49	38.42
	104.49	38.42
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	**1,553.33**	**2,078.99**

23 Current financial liabilities - Borrowings

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
(i) Secured borrowings from banks		
Letter of credit refer note (i) below	2,024.67	2,279.29
Cash credit refer note (i) below	1,965.64	1,967.32
Current maturities of long term debt		
ICICI bank loan	8.78	-
HDFC bank loan	4.00	-
(ii) Unsecured borrowings other than banks		
Repayable on demand Refer Note (ii) below		
From related parties		
From associated enterprises	865.80	865.80
From others		
From Ex- directors and their relatives	63.06	57.60
From other body corporates	890.22	812.98
Total	**5,822.17**	**5,982.99**

(i) Cash Credit-Rs. 25.00 Cr. and Letter of Credit and Buyer's Credit-aggregate Rs. 30.00 Cr. from SBI are secured by 1-stocks of raw materials, stock in process, stores & spares and finished goods at its works, godowns etc., (present & future) and including stock in transit and cash/credit balance in their accounts. 2- All present and future book debts/receivables as also clean or documentary bills, domestic or export, whether accepted or otherwise, export documents accompanied by Bill of Lading/AWB, Bill of Exchange, G.R. etc. & other documents called for in the contract and the Cheques/drafts/instruments etc drawn in its favour.

(ii) Interest free Unsecured loan repayable on demand.

24 Trade payables

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
dues of micro and small enterprises	812.94	1,163.55
dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	5,717.30	3,891.77
Total	**6,530.24**	**5,055.32**

(For Trade payables ageing refer note no. 78)
(for disclosure under The Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) ACT, 2006- refer note no. 54)

25 Other current financial liabilities

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Security deposit received	12.00	12.00
Employee and ex-employee related liabilities	179.72	152.66
Advance for share sale*	442.26	442.26
Other payables	52.26	51.86
Total	**686.24**	**658.78**

*Refer Note no. 10(i) : Investments

26 Provisions - Current

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Provision for employee benefits		

Gratuity	16.57	11.64
Leave encashment	5.07	3.89
	21.64	**15.53**

27 Other current liabilities

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Statutory dues payable*	97.24	480.65
Interest accrued but not due on vehicle loan	0.17	-
Advances from customers**	258.32	878.65
Total	**355.73**	**1,359.30**

* Includes TDS/TCS Payable, GST Payable and PF/ESI Payable

**Advance from customers includes the amount received under supply of goods/ services agreements. The advance is expected to be settled within next 12 months has been classified as current liability.

28 Current tax liabilities (net)

Provision for Income Tax Payable	1,997.62	763.62
Less: TDS/TCS receivable	(96.18)	(71.93)
Less: Advance Tax	(600.00)	(200.00)
Total	**1,301.44**	**491.69**

29 Revenue from operations*

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Revenue from operations		
Sale of products	60,552.40	69,275.10
	60,552.40	**69,275.10**
Other operating revenue		
Sale of Other Items	379.39	428.08
	379.39	**428.08**
Revenue from operations	**60,931.79**	**69,703.18**

*Revnue from operations from related parties refer note no. 47

30 Other income

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Interest income on		
-Bank deposits and gold bonds	260.70	63.32
-Others	4.42	-
-Income tax refund	47.69	-
Old balances written back	6.92	16.15
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	-	10.23
Profit on sale of land/building	35.26	46.86
Realised foreign fluctuation gain	74.82	-
Unrealised foreign fluctutation gain	33.10	37.19
Miscllaneous income	0.64	6.48
	463.55	**180.23**

31 Cost of raw material and components consumed

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Inventories at commencement of the year	2,536.20	1,999.13
Add: Purchases during the year	37,168.13	43,302.07
Less: Inventories at the end of the year	4,228.72	2,536.20
	35,475.61	**42,765.00**
Raw Material Purchases		
Purchases	36,091.17	43,284.95
Add: Commission on purchases	1,076.96	17.12
	37,168.13	43,302.07

32 Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock in trade and Work-in-progress

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Inventories at the close of the year		
Finished goods	1,404.61	378.81
Stock-in-process	199.90	121.18
	1,604.51	**499.99**
Inventories at commencement of the year		
Finished goods	378.81	402.42
Stock-in-process	121.18	175.55
	499.99	**577.97**
	(1,104.52)	**77.98**

33 Employee benefits expense

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,338.90	1,209.16
Director's Remuneration	120.00	120.00
Contribution to provident and other funds	87.34	77.00
Gratuity expenses	34.07	29.13
Compensated absences	7.82	(11.94)
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	28.50	22.29
	1,616.63	**1,445.64**

34 Finance costs

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Interest to bank		
-On cash credit	362.02	398.51
-On letter of credit	12.83	8.65
-On overdraft	-	152.71
-On term loan	-	21.73
-On vehicle loan	2.17	0.23
Interest on others		
-On unsecured borrowings	-	4.27
-On security	285.78	149.92
-On direct tax	148.56	48.42
-On MSME vendors	0.60	3.08
-On indirect taxes	3.24	0.77
Unwinding of interest on fiancial liabilities at amortised cost	1,749.10	832.76
L.C. charges	105.81	110.64
	2,670.11	**1,731.69**

35 Depreciation and amortization expense

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Depreciation of property plant & equipment	961.47	927.93
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	1.42
	961.47	**929.35**

36 Other expenses

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Consumption of stores and spare parts	691.39	956.99
Consumption of packing materials	655.01	641.18
Manufacturing Exp.	1,008.28	869.04
Power and fuel	10,834.04	9,065.77
Rent including lease rentals	0.13	0.26
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings	0.19	5.09
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	152.02	184.11
Repairs and maintenance - Others	40.00	20.42
Security expenses	76.41	70.67
Insurance	43.36	42.78
Rates and taxes	77.74	130.38
Communication expenses	13.01	12.22
Travelling and conveyance	83.44	69.62
Travelling (foreign)	-	0.92
Printing and stationery	6.10	4.68
Freight outward	2,287.61	1,680.56
Freight inward	7.24	12.38
Provision for doubtful debts/advances	59.58	24.01
Sales & promotions	25.60	-
Legal and professional	64.02	24.77
Payment to statutory auditors		
-Audit fees (C.Y. includes Rs. 0.50 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	3.00
-Limited review (C.Y. includes Rs. 1 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	2.00
-Reimbursement of expenses	0.72	-
Payment to other auditors		
-Tax audit fee	1.50	1.50
-Cost audit fee	0.60	0.60
-Internal audit fee	7.20	7.20
Commission expenses	183.59	232.51
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	-	0.89
Realised foreign fluctuation loss	-	117.12
Unrealised foreign fluctutation loss	-	-
Doubtful debts w/off	157.30	153.21
CSR expense	60.02	-
Miscellaneous expenses	42.87	44.61
Bank Charges	68.67	95.24
Testing expenses	46.85	167.83
Provision against loan given	-	13.32
	16,702.49	**14,654.88**

37 Earnings per equity share

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.

Net profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss	3,728.64	6,079.65
Less: Dividend on preference shares	-	-
Amount available for equity shareholders	**3,728.64**	**6,079.65**
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic / diluted EPS	1,02,04,040	1,02,04,040
Earnings per Share, basic and diluted (Rs.)	36.54	59.58
Face value per equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00

38 Employee benefit plans

Defined contribution plans

Central provident fund

In accordance with The Employees Provident Funds Act, 1952 employees are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund. Both the employee and the employer make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate (12% for fiscal year 2024 and 2023) of an employee's basic salary. All employees have an option to make additional voluntary contributions. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India (GOI). The Company has no further obligations under the fund managed by the GOI beyond its monthly contributions which are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the period they are incurred.

The Company contributed a total of Rs. 61.40 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024 and Rs. 53.35 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2023 to defined contribution plans.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is eligible to a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet in accordance with Ind AS-19 'Employee benefits' for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Principal actuarial assumptions

Principal actuarial assumptions used to determine the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Discount rate	7.23%	7.36%
Future salary increase	5.00%	5.00%
Retirement Age (Years)	60	60
Mortality rate inclusive of provision for disability	100% of IALM (2012 - 14)	100% of IALM (2012 - 14)

The estimate of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotions and relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Amount recongnised in balance sheet consists of:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Fair value of plan assests	-	-
Present value of defined benefit obligations	129.94	98.23
Net (liability) / asset arising from defined benefit obligation	**129.94**	**98.23**

Amount recognised in statement of Profit or Loss in respect of defined benefit plan are as follows:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Current service cost	26.84	21.76
Net interest cost / (income)	7.23	7.37
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in statement of profit or loss	**34.07**	**29.13**

Amount recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of defined benefit plan are as follows:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Actuarial gain / (loss) on arising from change in financial assumption	1.68	(1.87)
Actuarial gain / (loss) on arising from experience adjustment	0.10	(15.25)
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on plan asset	-	-
Component of defined benefit cost recognized in other comprehensive income	**1.78**	**(17.13)**

Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the period	98.23	102.71
Interest Cost	7.23	7.37
Service Cost	26.84	21.76
Benefits Paid	(4.13)	(16.49)
Acquisition adjustment	-	-
Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligation	1.78	(17.13)
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	**129.94**	**98.23**

Movement in the fair value of plan assets is as follow:

Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on plan asset	-	-	-
Employer contribution	-	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	-	-	-

Percentage allocation of plan assets by category

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Government Securities	0.00%	0.00%
Non-Convertible Debenture/Bonds	0.00%	0.00%
Equity Instruments	0.00%	0.00%
Fixed Deposits	0.00%	0.00%

Sensitivity analysis

Below is the sensitivity analysis determined for significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of defined benefit obligations and based on reasonably

Increase / Decrease in defined benefit obligation	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Discount rate		
Increase by 0.50%	(6.45)	(5.07)
Decrease by 0.50%	7.06	5.56
Expected rate of increase in compensation level of covered employees		
Increase by 0.50%	7.18	5.66
Decrease by 0.50%	(6.61)	(5.21)

The above sensitivity analysis may be not representative of actual benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumption would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

In presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligation has been calculated using projected unit credit method at the end of reporting period which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit liability recognized in Balance sheet.

Risk analysis

Valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are dynamic in nature and vary over time. As such company is exposed to various risks as follow -

Salary Increases

Actual salary increases will increase the Plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.

Investment Risk

If Plan is funded then assets liabilities mismatch & actual investment return on assets lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability.

Discount Rate

Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.

Mortality & disability

Actual deaths & disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.

Withdrawals

Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact Plan's liability.

39 Capital management

The Company manages its capital in order to maximising the return to stakeholders through efficient allocation of capital toward expansion of business, optimisation of working capital requirements and deployment of surplus funds into various investment options.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The management of the company reviews the capital structure of the company on regular basis. As part of this review, the board considers the cost of capital and risk associates with movement in the working capital. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, overdraft facilities, trade payables and other liabilities, less cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Loans and borrowings	9,272.18	10,991.30
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(2,049.81)	(4,080.61)
Less : Other bank balances	(1,864.50)	(1,258.12)
Net debt	**5,357.87**	**5,652.57**
Total capital	5,856.85	2,129.54
Capital and net debt	**11,214.72**	**7,782.11**
Gearing ratio （%)	**47.78%**	**72.64%**

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements.

40 Taxation (including deferred taxes)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Current tax (Including earlier years)	1,870.12	718.14
MAT credit reversed	-	-
Deferred tax expense / (credit)	(525.21)	1,481.08
Total tax expense	**1,344.91**	**2,199.22**
Through OCI		
Tax on Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(0.45)	4.31
Total	**1,344.46**	**2,203.53**
Effective tax Reconciliation		
Net Income before taxes	5,073.55	8,278.87

Less: Special Rate Income	-	46.86
	5,073.55	**8,232.01**
Enacted tax rates on normal rate income	25.17%	25.17%
Enacted tax rates on special rate income	-	22.88%
Tax on normal income	1,276.91	2,071.83
Tax on special income	-	8.66
Computed tax income/(expense)	**1,276.91**	**2,080.49**
Increase/(reduction) in taxes on account of:		
Other non deductible expenses	56.95	37.62
Income Tax previous years	11.05	-
Effect of change in tax rate	-	-
Reduction in previous year losses	-	81.11
Income tax expense reported	**1,344.91**	**2,199.22**
Through OCI		
Tax on Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(0.45)	4.31
Total	**1,344.46**	**2,203.53**

41 Capital commitments

Estimated amount of contracts (net of advances) remaining to be executed on capital account	2,059.87	208.76

42 Segment Information

As the Company has a single reportable segment, the segment wise disclosure requirement of Ind AS 108 on operating segment is not applicable to it.

43 Financial instruments

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on the balance sheet. Details of material accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed ni note no. 2.

(A) Financial assets and liabilities:

The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, and their carrying amounts, are set out below:

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	At Cost	Fair value through profit or loss	At amortised Cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets- Non Current				
Non current investments	13.05	144.88	-	157.93
Other financial assets	-	-	2,116.60	2,116.60
Financial Assets-Current				
Current investments	444.88	-	-	444.88
Trade receivables	-	-	4,984.19	4,984.19
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,049.81	2,049.81
Other bank balances	-	-	500.00	500.00
Current loans	-	-	3.94	3.94
Other financial assets		-	143.37	143.37
Total	**457.93**	**144.88**	**9,797.91**	**10,400.72**
Financial liabilities-non current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	30.40	30.40
Interest free bearing borrowings	-	-	3,419.61	3,419.61
Other financial liabilities	-	-	4,750.00	4,750.00
Trade payables	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities- Current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	4,003.09	4,003.09
Interest free bearing borrowings	-	-	1,819.08	1,819.08
Trade payables	-	-	6,530.24	6,530.24
Other financial liabilities	-	-	686.24	686.24
Total -	-	-	**21,238.66**	**21,238.66**

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	At Cost	Fair value through profit or loss	At amortised Cost	Total carrying value
Financial assets- non current				
Non current investments	13.05	144.88	-	157.93
Other financial assets	-	-	1,431.24	1,431.24
Financial assets-current				
Current investments	444.88	-	-	444.88
Trade receivables	-	-	4,555.83	4,555.83
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	4,080.61	4,080.61
Other bank balances	-	-	717.12	717.12
Current loans	-	-	6.68	6.68
Other financial assets		-	98.27	98.27
Total	**457.93**	**144.88**	**10,889.75**	**11,492.56**
Financial liabilities-non current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	-	-
Interest free bearing borrowings	-		5,008.31	5,008.31
Other financial liabilities			4,750.00	4,750.00
Trade payables	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities- current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	4,246.61	4,246.61
Interest free bearing borrowings	-	-	1,736.38	1,736.38
Trade payables	-	-	5,055.32	5,055.32
Other financial liabilities	-	-	658.78	658.78
Total -	-	-	**21,455.40**	**21,455.40**

Other Notes

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments in term deposits, other financial assets (except derivative financial instruments), trade payables, and other financial liabilities (except derivative financial instruments) have fair values that approximate to their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature.

(ii) The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included at the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

(iii) The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values are consistent with those used for the year ended 31st March, 2024.

(B) Explanation to the fair value hierarchy

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, quoted investments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

i)	**Level 1**	Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.
ii)	**Level 2**	The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.
iii)	**Level 3**	If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration included in level 3.

44 Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to manage finances for the Company's operations. The Company has loan and other receivables, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that arise directly from its operations. The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

i) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and investments. Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

The sensitivity analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying value of post-employment benefit obligations provisions and on the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant Statement of Profit and Loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. The Company's activities expose it to various financial risks mainly interest rates.

(a) Foreign exchange risk

Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates may have an impact on profit or loss, the statement of change in equity, where any transaction references more than one currency or where assets/liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company.

Un-hedged Foreign currency exposure:

(INR and USD in Lakhs)

Currency	**As at March 31, 2024**		**As at March 31, 2023**	
	USD	**INR**	**USD**	**INR**
Letter of credit (FLC)	24.28	2,024.67	23.22	1,909.44
Trade receivable	-	-	-	-
Capital advances	2.25	187.74	0.41	34.04
Advance to suppliers	4.99	415.82	7.58	623.52
Trade payable	11.53	961.15	6.74	554.17

(INR and EURO in Lakhs)

Currency	**As at March 31, 2024**		**As at March 31, 2023**	
	EURO	**INR**	**EURO**	**INR**
Letter of credit (FLC)	-	-	-	-
Capital advances	2.97	267.95	-	-
Trade payable and other advances			-	-

The Company's exposure to foreign currency arises where the Company holds monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a currency different from the functional currency of the business, with US dollar for being the major non functional currency for manufacturing business. The changes in the foreign currency exchange rate and other market changes are not expected to have any significant impact on these financial statements.

Interest rate risk and sensitivity

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to long term debt. The management also maintains a portfolio mix of floating and fixed rate debt. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. As at March 31, 2024, approximately all the interest bearing borrowings of the Company are at variable interest rate.

With all other variables held constant, the following table demonstrates the impact of borrowing cost on floating rate portion of loans and borrowings -

(Rs in lakhs)

Interest rate sensitivity	**Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in basis points**	**Effect on profit before tax Increase / (Decrease)**
For the year ended March 31, 2024		
INR borrowings	+50	20.17
	-50	-20.17
For the year ended March 31, 2023		
INR borrowings	+50	21.23
	-50	-21.23

The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment.

ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.
The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities like trade receivables, inter corporate advances, deposits with banks and other financial instruments etc.

Trade receivables

Receivables resulting from sale of properties: The Company's trade receivables does not have any expected credit loss as registry of properties sold is generally carried out once the Company receives the entire payment. During the periods presented, the Company made no written-off of trade receivables and no recoveries from receivables previously written off.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company relies on a mix of borrowings, capital infusion and excess operating cash flows to meet its needs for funds. The current committed lines of credit are sufficient to meet its short to medium term expansion needs. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

The table below provides discounted cash flows towards non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date.

As at March 31, 2024

Payments due by year	Carrying Amount	Undiscounted Amount				
		<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	5-8 years	Total
Non-current						
Borrowings	3,450.01	-	26.52	2,880.48	2,744.81	5,651.81
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilites	4,750.00	-	-	4,750.00	-	4,750.00
Current						
Borrowings	5,822.17	5,822.17	-	-	-	5,822.17
Trade payables	6,530.24	6,530.24	-	-	-	6,530.24
Other financial liabilites	686.24	686.24	-	-	-	686.24
Total	**21,238.66**	**13,038.65**	**26.52**	**7,630.48**	**2,744.81**	**23,440.46**

As at March 31, 2023

Payments due by year	Carrying Amount	Undiscounted Amount				
		<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	5-8 years	Total
Non-current						
Borrowings	5,008.31	-	-	-	8,871.42	8,871.42
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilites	4,750.00			4,750.00		4,750.00
Current						
Borrowings	5,982.99	6,065.69	-	-	-	6,065.69
Trade payables	5,055.32	5,060.41	-	-	-	5,060.41
Other financial liabilites	658.78	658.78	-	-	-	658.78
Total	**21,455.40**	**11,784.88**	**-**	**4,750.00**	**8,871.42**	**25,406.30**

The Company has access to the following funding facilities

As as March 31, 2024

Funding facility*	Total Facility	Drawn	Undrawn
Less than 1 year	2,550.74	1,978.42	572.32
Non-Funding facility			
Less than 1 year	3,000.00	2,024.67	975.33
Total	**5,550.74**	**4,003.09**	**1,547.65**

As as March 31, 2023

Funding facility*	Total Facility	Drawn	Undrawn
Less than 1 year	3,000.00	1,967.32	1,032.68
Non-Funding facility			
Less than 1 year	3,000.00	2,279.29	720.71
Total	**6,000.00**	**4,246.61**	**1,753.39**

***Interchangeability of Rs. 5.00 Crore from FBWC limit to NFB limit**

(d) Counterparty and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities like trade receivables, inter corporate advances, deposits with banks and other financial instruments etc.

45 Expenditure in foreign exchange

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Purchase of goods (expenditure)	14,131.86	16,317.46
Travelling (foreign)	-	0.92
Total	**14,131.86**	**16,318.38**

46 Earnings in foreign exchange

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Sales (export of goods)	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**

47 Related party disclosure

Names of related parties and related party relationship

Related Parties where control exists

Subsidiary Companies

Manorama Paper Mills Limited

Related Parties under Ind AS 24 with whom transactions have taken place during the year

Key Management Personnel

Amanbir Singh Sethi-Whole Time Director
Mohit Agarwal-Chief Finance Officer (w.e.f. 21.08.2023)
Ashwani Sharma-Chief Finance Officer (till 21.08.2023)

Relative of Key Management Personnel

Priya Agarwal

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

Aman Box Factory Private Limited
ATPAC Industries
Chadha Holdings Private Limited
Rado Enterprises Private Limited
Krecycling Private Limited
K Recycling INC
Harjas Enterprises Private Limited

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Related Party Disclosure Contd…

Transactions and outstanding balances with related parties

a. Sale / purchase of goods (Excluding GST)

	Year ended	Sales of goods	Purchase of goods
Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives			
Aman Box Factory Private Limited	March 31, 2024	21.03	17.15
	March 31, 2023	159.88	21.68
ATPAC Industries	March 31, 2024	1,551.13	72.95
	March 31, 2023	2,312.63	122.62
K Recycling Inc	March 31, 2024	-	-
	March 31, 2023	1,043.26	134.54
Krecycling Private Limited	March 31, 2024	7,522.59	3,589.48
	March 31, 2023	5,379.17	9,710.74

b. Receivable / payable wrt sale / purchase of goods

	Year ended	Amount owed by related parties	Amount owed to related parties
Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives			
Aman Box Factory Private Limited	March 31, 2024	3.31	-
	March 31, 2023	5.09	-
ATPAC Industries	March 31, 2024	-	214.44
	March 31, 2023	-	295.77
K Recycling Inc	March 31, 2024	0.88	-
	March 31, 2023	0.88	-
Krecycling Private Limited	March 31, 2024	717.46	-
	March 31, 2023	88.65	-

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

c. Loans or Advances given/accepted and repayment thereof

	Year ended	Advance given	Received back/(Impaired)	As at Dr./(Cr.)
Loan given to Subsidiary Companies				
Manorama Paper Mills Limited	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	-	10.11	-
Advance for investment				
Chadha Holdings Private Limited	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	4,050.00	4,050.00	-

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

	Year ended	(Repayment)	(Interest Expense)/ Income	As at Dr./(Cr.)
Non- Current Borrowings				
Prefernce Share Capital				
Chadha Holdings Private Limited (Redeemable preference share capital)-at amortised cost	March 31, 2024	3,250.00	(1,661.30)	(3,419.61)
	March 31, 2023	-	(434.51)	(5,008.31)
Chadha Holdings Private Limited	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	(106.45)	(4.27)	-
Current borrowings				
Rado Enterprises Private Limited-At amortised cost	March 31, 2024	-	-	(155.80)
	March 31, 2023	(124.20)	(46.48)	(155.80)
Harjas Enterprises Private Limited-At amortised cost	March 31, 2024	-	-	(710.00)
	March 31, 2023	-	(117.85)	(710.00)
ATPAC Industries-At amortised Cost	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	(500.00)	(116.03)	-

d. Transactions with key management personnel / relatives of key management personnel

	Year ended	Reimbusement of expenses	Remuneration paid	Remuneration payable
Whole time director	March 31, 2024	-	120.00	5.90
	March 31, 2023	-	120.00	5.46
Chief financial Officer	March 31, 2024	3.79	7.55	0.75
	March 31, 2023	-	12.00	1.00
Company Secretary	March 31, 2024	-	6.75	0.65
	March 31, 2023	-	6.01	0.55
Relative of Chief financial Officer	March 31, 2024	-	9.95	1.13
	March 31, 2023	-	-	-

48 Auditor's Remuneration*

	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023
Payment to statutory auditors		
-Audit fees (C.Y. includes Rs. 0.50 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	3.00
-Limited review (C.Y. includes Rs. 1 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	2.00

Payment to other auditors		
-Tax audit fee	1.50	1.50
-Cost audit fee	0.60	0.60
-Internal audit fee	7.20	7.20
Total	**17.30**	**14.30**

*Excluding taxes

49 Contingent Liabilities

	(a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	**As At March 31, 2024**	**As At March 31, 2023**
(i)	The company had placed an order for purchase of some machinery with M/s Hindustan Door Oliver Ltd against which it had given them advance for Rs. 46 lakhs. However dispute arose as the company refused to take delivery of the material on the ground that it did not meet the required specifications. Consequently in the year 1999, M/s Hindustan Door Oliver Ltd filed a compensation claim of Rs. 1 crore in the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. The company challenged the contention of M/s Hindustan Door Oliver Ltd as also the jurisdiction of Hon'ble Bombay High Court in the matter. The matter was subsequently transferred to the court of Hon'ble Court of ADJ, Saket, New Delhi.	100.00	100.00
(ii)	The company had been procuring Imported Waste paper from M/s VIPA Lausanne SA. During the year 2009, one of the consignments shipped by M/s Vipa Lausanne SA to the company was sold to some third party by M/s VIPA Lausanne SA. However later it started claiming demurrage charges from the company and filed a winding up petition of the company u/s 433 and 434 of Companies Act, 1956 before the Hon'ble Allahabad High Court. The matter was disputed by the company before the Hon'ble High Court on the ground that the company is not liable to pay any demurrage charges and also the fact that M/s VIPA Lausanne SA being a company registered outside India can not file the suit in India against the company registered in India.	200.00	200.00
(iii)	During the year 2007 the company had purchased some boiler material from M/s Balaji Minerals. The material was rejected as it was not as per the specification given by the company. Against this M/s Balaji Minerals filed a suit in the Hon'ble ADJ Court Jaipur in the year 2010. The case is pending till date.	0.60	0.60
(iv)	During the year 2007 the company had purchased some boiler material from M/s Satyam Minerals. The material was rejected as it was not as per the specification given by the company. Against this M/s Satyam Minerals filed a suit in the Hon'ble ADJ Court Jaipur in the year 2010. The case is pending till date.	0.76	0.76
(v)	During the year2009 the company had purchased Hydro-SF Chemical from M/s Transpek Silox Industry Ltd. However, the material was rejected on it being not as per the specification given by the company. Against this M/s Transpek Silox Industry Ltd file a suit in the Hon'ble CJ (SD) Court Vadodara in the year 2010. The case is still pending.	9.58	9.58
(vi)	The company had purchased some material from M/s Jyoti Metal. However the material was having some defects and the company raised debit notes for that. Against this M/s Jyoti Metal has filed a suit before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for the recovery of Rs. 9.77 Lacs. The Hon'ble High Court ordered the Company to deposit Rs. 2.66 Lacs and transferred the matter to District court. The Company filed an application before the H'able High Court against the execution order. Both our application in Hon'ble High Court and main suit in District court are pending.	9.77	9.77

These claims are in respect of various cases filed by the customers and employees. The legal proceedings are on-going and therefore, it is not practicable to state the timing of any payments. The management is of the opinion that it is possible, but not probable, that the action will succeed and accordingly no provision for any liability has been made in these financial statements.

50 Export obligation are as under:

a.) EPCG License no. 2930000511 and License Dated 08.01.2019

Duty saved on import of capital goods under EPCG Scheme pending fulfillment of export obligation is amounting to Rs. 396.18 lacs. The Management is of the view that considering the past export performance and future prospects there is certainty that pending export obligation under EPCG Scheme, will be fulfilled before expiry of six years (50% export obligation will be fulfilled in first to fourth year (first block) and balance 50% in fifth to sixth year (second block). Out of the said obligation amounting to Rs. 396.18 lacs the company has fulfilled 50% export obligation in F.Y. 2020-2021 hence the balance export obligation is amounting to Rs. 198.09 lacs (Rs. 396.18 lacs*50%) as on 31.03.2021 which will be fulfulfilled in fifth to sixth year (from the date of license).

b.) EPCG License no. 2930000505 and License Dated 06.11.2018

Duty saved on import of capital goods under EPCG Scheme pending fulfillment of export obligation is amounting to Rs. 2,294.55 lacs. The Management is of the view that considering the past export performance and future prospects there is certainty that pending export obligation under EPCG Scheme, will be fulfilled before expiry of six years (50% export obligation will be fulfilled in first to fourth year (first block) and balance 50% in fifth to sixth year (second block). Out of the said obligation amounting to Rs. 2,294.55 lacs the company has fulfilled 50% export obligation in F.Y. 2020-2021 hence the balance export obligation is amounting to Rs.1,147.27 lacs (Rs. 2,294.55 lacs*50%) as on 31.03.2021 which will be fulfulfilled in fifth to sixth year (from the date of license).

51 Bank Guarantee given by the company as follows:

Party Name	Amount	Name of the Bank
Northern Coalfields Ltd	61.00	State Bank Of India
UP Pollution Board	10.00	State Bank Of India
Northern Coalfields Ltd	81.00	State Bank Of India
The President Of India (Ass./Deputy Comm. Of Customs	2.02	State Bank Of India
Northern Coalfields Ltd	29.28	State Bank Of India
Director Ms Bureau Of Textbook	293.33	State Bank Of India
Secretary Ncert Ministry Of Education	391.50	State Bank Of India
Total	**868.13**	

52 Letter of Credit **(US$ in Lakhs)**

Particulars	**As At March 31, 2024**	**As At March 31, 2023**
Letter of Credit	**5.61**	**5.25**
Total	**5.61**	**5.25**

53 The following demands are outstanding against the company on Traces portal which are under correction and deletion:

Financial Year	Short Payment	Short Deduction	Interest & Late fees	Total Default
2023-24	-	1.10	0.07	1.17
2022-23	-	-	0.52	0.52
2021-22	0.09	0.22	0.10	0.41
2020-21	0.11	0.09	0.01	0.21
Prior years	5.14	3.97	6.07	15.18

Total	**5.34**	**5.39**	**6.77**	**17.49**

54 The Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) ACT, 2006

Based on the information available, there are certain vendors who have confirmed that they are covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Disclosures relating to dues of Micro and Small Enterprises under section 22 of 'The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, are given below:

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
a)	Principal amount and Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier	812.34	1,160.47
b)	Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED Act along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year.	0.60	3.08
c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act	Nil	Nil
d)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid	0.60	3.08
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of this Act.	Nil	Nil

55 Provision of Current year Tax has been made in accordance the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019, inserted Section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961, which provides domestic companies an option to pay income tax at reduced rate effective 1st April, 2019, subject to certain conditions. Consequently, the tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 have been measured at reduced tax rate.

56 Financial ratio analysis

S.No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	Variance	Reason of Variance
i	**Current Ratio** (Current Assets/Current Liabilities) (in times)	1.17	1.21	(3.48)	Refer Note 1
ii	**Debt-Equity Ratio** Debt [Debt is Long Term Borrowing (current and noncurrent portion), Short Term Borrowing]/ Total Shareholder's Equity] (in times)	1.58	5.16	(69.33)	Refer Note 6
iii	**Debt Service Coverage Ratio** (Earnings available for debt services / Total interest and principal repayments) (in times)	1.67	4.07	(58.97)	Refer Note 7
iv	**Return on Equity Ratio** Net profit after tax /Average Shareholder’s Equity	0.93	-	-	Refer Note 2
v	**Inventory turnover ratio** Revenue From Operations/Average Inventory (in times)	5.45	9.90	(44.97)	Refer Note 3
vi	**Trade Receivables turnover ratio** Revenue from operations/Average trade receivables (in times)	12.77	16.07	(20.49)	Refer Note 1
vii	**Trade payables turnover ratio** (Cost of material consumed+Employee benefit)/Average trade payables (in times)	6.40	8.54	(25.00)	Refer Note 1
viii	**Net capital turnover ratio** Revenue/ Average Working Capital (in times)	2.10	2.86	(26.58)	Refer Note 4
ix	**Net profit margin** Net profit after tax/Revenue (in %)	6.12%	8.72%	(29.84)	Refer Note 5
x	**Return on Capital employed** Earnings before interest and taxes(EBIT)/Capital Employed (in %)	25.41%	36.22%	(29.83)	Refer Note 5
xi	**Retrun on investments** (Income Generated from investment/Investments) (in %)	4.32%	4.12%	4.96	Refer Note 1

1. Reason of variance is given only where % change is more than 25%.
2. Since Average Shareholder’s Equity was negative last year hence ratio and variance not calculated.
3. Sales are slowing down relative to its inventory levels.
4. The company is generating less revenue per unit of capital employed compared to a previous period.
5. Sales are slowing down.
6. Decrease in debt during the year as company has redeem preference shares.
7. Company’s net operating income falls due to lower revenues.

57 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled. The new requirement is applicable with effect from the financial year beginning on April 01, 2023.

The Company, in respect of financial year commencing on April 01, 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction posted into the accounting software, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made, in respect of those posted transactions in the books of accounts and such feature in the accounting software cannot be disabled. However, the audit trail (edit logs) feature for any changes made directly at the database level was not enabled for the accounting software.

The Company is evaluating the implementation of audit log feature for recording of edit logs at database level for the accounting software used for maintenance of books of accounts.

Additional disclosure / Regulatory Information as required by Notification no. GSR 207(E)dated 24.03.2021

58 Trade Receivables ageing schedule

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars		Unbilled revenue	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
			Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	4,979.34	4.85	-	-	-	4,984.19
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	0.88	239.90	240.78
	c) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii)	Disputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	c) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Less: Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	(0.88)	(239.90)	(240.78)
Total		**-**	**4,979.34**	**4.85**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**4,984.19**

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars		Unbilled revenue	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
			Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	4,104.85	378.92	0.35	0.74	70.97	4,555.83
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	239.58	239.58
	c) Credit Impaired		-	-		-	-	-
(ii)	Disputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	-	-		-	-	-
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	c) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Less: Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	(239.58)	(239.58)
Total		**-**	**4,104.85**	**378.92**	**0.35**	**0.74**	**70.97**	**4,555.83**

Where due date of payment is not available date of transaction has been considered.

59 Disclosure Corporate Social Responsibility under section 135 of Companies Act, 2013

Particulars		As at 31 Mar'2024	As at 31 Mar'2023
(i)	Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	52.11	-
(ii)	Amount of expenditure incurred	60.02	-
(iii)	Shortfall/(Exces) at the end of the year	(7.91)	-
(iv)	Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(v)	Spent against last year shortfall	-	-
(vi)	Total shortfall	-	-
(vii)	Reason for shortfall	N.A.	N.A.
(viii)	Nature of CSR activities		N.A.
	a) Skill development program in rural or remote areas	15.00	-
	b) for education to needy students	7.51	-
	c) for installation of solar street light in the premises of child care institute.	7.51	-
	d) Promoting healthcare	30.00	-
(ix)	Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Indian Accounting Standard	N.A.	N.A.
(x)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision	N.A.	N.A.

60 Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Profit or Loss on transactions involving Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency	No Such Transaction during the year	No Such Transaction during the year
Amount of currency held as at the reporting date		
Deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in Crypto Currency / Virtual Currency		

61 Undisclosed Income

There is no such income which has not been disclosed in the books of accounts. No such income is surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961.

62 Details in respect of utilization of Borrowed funds and share premium shall be provided in respect of

Particulars	Description
Transactions where an entity has provided any advance, loan or invested funds to any other person (s) or entities, including foreign entities.	No Such transaction has taken place during the year
Transactions where an entity has received any fund from any person (s) or entity / entities, including foreign entity.	No Such transaction has taken place during the year

63 The title deeds of all immovable property are held in the name of the Company except lease hold land.

64 The Company does not have any Investment property and hence, revaluation is not applicable..

65 The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including Right to Use Assets) in this financial year.

66 The Company has not revalued its Intangible assets.

67 **Loan or advances granted to the promoters, directors and KMPs and the related parties:**
No Loan or advances in the nature of loans have been granted to the promoters, directors, key managerial persons and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person that are:
(a) repayable on demand or
(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

68 **Disclosure in respect of Capital Work In Progress including Intangible Assets under Development**

Particulars	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
Building	NA	NA
Legal Fees		
Other Expenses		
Borrowing cost - Interest		

69 **CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2024**

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a year ended on 31st March 2024				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project in progress	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Projects temporarily suspended	NA	NA	NA	NA	-

For CWIP, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, CWIP completion schedule is given below

CWIP	To be completed in				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project-1	NA	NA	NA	NA	

CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2023

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a year ended on 31st March 2023				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project in progress	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Projects temporarily suspended	NA	NA	NA	NA	-

For CWIP, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, CWIP completion schedule is given below

CWIP	To be completed in				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project-1	NA	NA	NA	NA	

70 There are no intangible assets under development.

71 **Disclosure in respect of Benami Property Held**
No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

72 **Disclosure in case the Company has borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets**
Quarterly/monthly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions are materially in agreement with the books of accounts.

73 **Willful Defaulter**
The Company does not have any borrowings from banks or financial institutions and no Bank or financial institution has declared the company as "willful defaulter".

74 **Relationship and balances with Struck off Companies:**
There are no transaction with the companies whose name struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended 31 March 2024 and the year ended 31 March 2023.

75 **Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies:**
All applicable cases where registration of charges or satisfaction is required with Registrar of Companies. have been done, except the following:

Name of Lender	Amount In lakhs	Period	Location of the registrar	Reason of registration of charges not created
HDFC Bank Limited- Vehicle Loan	16.50	2023-2024	ROC- Kanpur	Registration of charges not created inadvertently.
HDFC Bank Limited- Vehicle Loan	7.24	2023-2024	ROC- Kanpur	Registration of charges not created inadvertently.
ICICI Bank Limited-Vehicle Loan	27.00	2023-2024	ROC- Kanpur	Registration of charges not created inadvertently.

76 **Compliance with number of layers of Companies**
No layers of companies has been established beyond the limit prescribed as per above said section / rules.

77 **Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements**
No scheme of arrangements has been approved by the competent authority in terms of Section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

78 **Ageing schedules of Trade payables**

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following years from due date of payment/date of transaction					Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Non- current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	812.94	-	-	-	**812.94**
b) Others	42.47	5,653.33	-	0.05	21.45	**5,717.30**
(ii) Disputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**42.47**	**6,466.27**	**-**	**0.05**	**21.45**	**6,530.24**

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following years from due date of payment/date of					Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Non- current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises						
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	1,163.55	-	-	-	**1,163.55**
b) Others	632.38	3,224.85	13.09	-	21.45	**3,891.77**
(ii) Disputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**632.38**	**4,388.40**	**13.09**	**-**	**21.45**	**5,055.32**

79 Figures for the previous year have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary.

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
(DIN-01015203)
Add: CTC 061 The crest Park Drive DLF5, Gurugram, 122001, Haryana

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
(DIN-01139468)
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani,263139, Uttrakhand

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, 244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
(PAN- ACFPL9732R)
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur
Uttarakhand Pin Code 263153

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20
Noida-201301

Place: Delhi
Date: 30.05.2024

1 Corporate Information

Chadha Papers Limited "the Company" is a Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India and having its registered office at Chadha Estate, Nainital Road, Tehsil Bilaspur - 244921, Distt. Rampur (UP). The Company is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and supply of paper. These are Company's standalone financial statements.

The standalone financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 30, 2024.

1.1 Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The standalone financial statements are prepared in accordance with and in compliance, in all material aspects, with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read along with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using historical cost convention and on an accrual method of accounting, except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value/amortised cost.

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also its functional currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes are presented in Lakhs Indian Rupees and have been rounded-off to two decimal place in accordance with the provisions of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Basis of classification of Current and non-current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.
An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:
- it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle.
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:
- it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non current only.

Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2 Summary of Material accounting policies

2.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant & equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition / construction, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition, construction and production of property, plant and equipment which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready for intended use.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, Plant and Equipment are subsequently measured at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any .

Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis on the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset	Useful lives estimated by the management (years)
Factory buildings	30 years
Other than factory buildings	60 years
Plant & equipments and Air conditioning plant	3 years -25 years
Electric installations	3 years -10 years
Office equipments	3 years -10 years
Computers and peripherals	3 years -6 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	8 years -10 years

The above lives are equal to those indicated under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

No depreciation is charged on Freehold land since they have an infinite life.

Cost of leasehold improvements is amortized over the lease period.

2.2 Capital-work-in-progress

Assets in the course of construction are capitalized in capital work in progress account. At the point when an asset is capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the cost of construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment. Costs (net of income) associated with the commissioning of an asset are capitalised until the period of commissioning has been completed and the asset is ready for its intended use.

2.3 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.
Costs relating to software, software licenses and website development, which are acquired, are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of four years or actual period of license, whichever is lower.

Softwares are amortised over a period of useful lives from the date of purchase/ date of completion of development and put to use (3 years to 4 years), being the estimated useful life as per the management estimate or license term whichever is less.

Losses arising from the retirement of, and gains and losses arising from the disposal of intangible assets which are carried at cost are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.4 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:
- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.
The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

2.6 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Financial Assets - Recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(a) Financial assets at amortized cost

A 'Financial assets' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:
a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss.

(b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A 'Financial assets' is classified as FVOCI if both of the following criteria are met:
a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Financial assets included within the FVOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit or loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

(c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for Financial assets. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a financial assets, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes being recognized in profit or loss.

Trade receivables

With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company initially measures financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, net of transaction costs. Trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price determined under Ind AS 115.

In respect of trade receivables, the company applies the simplified approach of IND AS 109 "Financial Instruments", which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Investment in equity instruments of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.

Investment in equity instruments of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less accumulated impairement, if any.

Investment in other equity instruments.

Investment in equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL'). For all other equity instruments, the company makes an irrevocable choice upon initial recognition, on an instrument by instrument basis, to classify the same as fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL'). Amount presented in other comprehensive income are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss.

(ii) Financial Assets - derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets:

(a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities and deposits

(b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVOCI

(c) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115.

For trade receivables only, the company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

At each reporting date, for recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit or loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

(a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet.
Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
(b) Debt instruments measured at FVOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

The Company does not have any purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, i.e., financial assets which are credit impaired on purchase/ origination.

(iv) Financial liabilities – Initial recognition & measurement
Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans, borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.
The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.
The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

(b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Loans & Borrowings)
After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

(c) Trade and other payables
A payable is classified as 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(v) Financial liabilities - Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(vi) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of any entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vii) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.7 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantees issued by the Company on behalf of group companies are designated as 'Insurance Contracts'. The Company assess at the end of each reporting period whether its recognised insurance liabilities (if any) are adequate, using current estimates of future cash flows under its insurance contracts. If that assessment shows that the carrying amount of its insurance liabilities is inadequate in the light of the estimated future cash flows, the entire deficiency is recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is considered as a prepayment and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the statement of profit or loss as other gains/ (losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for atleast 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a long term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the company does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of breach.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deduc ted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

2.9 Investment Properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, Components and Stores and Spares	Lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on FIFO/ weighted average basis. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost.
Traded Goods	Lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on FIFO/ weighted average basis.
Work-in-progress and Finished Goods	Lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials, labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity of relevant production facility.

Cost comprises cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other cost incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary to make sale.

2.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts, volume rebates, outgoing sales taxes and other indirect taxes excluding excise duty.

However, Goods & Services Tax (GST) is not received by the Company on its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised, when control of goods being sold is transferred to customer and where there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations. The performance obligations in contracts are considered as fulfilled in accordance with the terms agreed with the respective customers.

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured on transaction price excluding estimates of variable consideration that is allocate to performance obligations. Sales as disclosed, are exclusive of Goods and Services Tax.

The company considers the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods to a customer, excluding amount collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes collected on behalf of government). The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed consideration, variable consideration (if reversal is less likely in future), or both.

Interest

Interest income from debt instruments is recognized using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividends

Dividend income is recognised in the statement of profit and loss only when the right to receive payment is established, provided it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

2.12 Foreign Currency Transactions

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates that approximates the rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies are translated into the functional currency at exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies and measured at historical cost or fair value are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates on which such values were determined.

All exchange differences are included in profit or loss except any exchange differences on monetary items designated as an effective hedging instrument of the currency risk of designated forecasted sales or purchases, which are recognized in the other comprehensive income.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on restatement of monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in the previous financial statements are recognized as incomes or expense in the year in which they arise.

2.13 Income taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

• When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss

• In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

• When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
• In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.
Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. Acquired deferred tax benefits recognised within the measurement period reduce goodwill related to that acquisition if they result from new information obtained about facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date. If the carrying amount of goodwill is zero, any remaining deferred tax benefits are recognised in OCI/ capital reserve depending on the principle explained for bargain purchase gains. All other acquired tax benefits realised are recognised in profit or loss.

Sales/ value added taxes paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses
Expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales/ value added taxes paid, except:
• When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.
• When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included.

The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

2.14 Retirements and other employee benefits

Defined benefit plans

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the service rendered by employees are recognised during the period when the employee renders the services.

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation.
The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.
Re-measurements comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

• Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
• Net interest expense or income

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the statement of profit or loss and are not deferred.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

• The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
• The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

2.15 Leases

Determining whether an arrangement contains lease
At inception of an arrangement, the Company determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Where the Company is lessee

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Company is classified as a finance lease.

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. Unless the payments are structured to increase in line with general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase.

Where the Company is lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

2.16 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term money market deposits with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

2.18 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions represent liabilities for which the amount or timing is uncertain. Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources, that can be reliably estimated, will be required to settle such an obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Unwinding of the discount is recognized in profit or loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.19 Government grants and subsidies

Grants and subsidies from the government are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grant/subsidy will be received and all the conditions attached to such grants will be complied with.

When the grant or subsidy relates to revenue, it is recognized as income on a systematic basis in the statement of profit and loss over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs, which they are intended to compensate. Where the grant or subsidy relates to an asset, its value is deducted in arriving at the carrying amount of the related asset.

Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset and presented within other income.

When the Company receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at fair value amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life in a pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset.

When loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions, with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favorable interest is regarded as a government grant. The loan or assistance is initially recognised and measured at fair value and the government grant is measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan and the proceeds received. The loan is subsequently measured as per the accounting policy applicable to financial liabilities.

There is no government grant during the year.

2.20 Segment reporting

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker for assessing the Company's performance and allocating the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

The Company is mainly engaged in the business of providingmainly engaged in the business of manufacturing and supply of paper which constitute a single business segment. These activities are conducted only in one geographic segment viz India. Therefore, the disclosure requirements of the Ind AS 108 "Segment Reporting" are not applicable.

2.21 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are included in the accounting policies and/or notes:

Valuation of Interest free/ below market rate Loans/Redeemable Preference Shares

Interest free loan/below market rate loans taken have been fair valued on transition at the applicable market rate of interest. The same is subsequently measured at amortised cost. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgements is required in establishing fair values especially with regard to expected repayment dates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported value of equity and amortised cost of borrowings.

Significant Estimates

(i) Useful economic lives and impairment of other assets

Property, plant and equipment as disclosed in note 3 are depreciated over their useful economic lives. Management reviews the useful economic lives at least once a year and any changes could affect the depreciation rates prospectively and hence the asset carrying values. The Company also reviews its property, plant and equipment, for possible impairment if there are events or changes in circumstances that indicate that carrying values of the assets may not be recoverable. In assessing the property, plant and equipment for impairment, factors leading to significant reduction in profits such as changes in commodity prices, the Company's business plans and changes in regulatory environment are taken into consideration.

(ii) Deferred tax Assets/Liabilities

The Company has estimated certain business projections based on which it has recognised deferred tax assets/liabilities in these financial statements.

M/s. D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
407, South Ex, Plaza-II,
South Extension Part-2,
New Delhi-110049.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Chadha Papers Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the Consolidated financial statements of Chadha Papers Limited ("the Holding Company or " the Company"), and its subsidiary (the Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") which comprises the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated financial statements").

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2024, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw your attention to the following matters:

   A. <u>Lease Deed Expired</u>

   We draw attention to Note No. 3A of the consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that lease pertaining to part of factory land at Bilaspur (Rampur) where the paper manufacturing unit is located, has expired. The said land belonging to promoters and the family members was on lease for a period of 30 years since 1991. We are informed that the management is abreast of the matter and in process of getting the lease renewed. It is further confirmed by the management that the company has not received any communication from the lessor(s) for eviction thereof and, therefore, the management is not aware of any material implications on the operations of the company.

Our audit opinion is not modified in respect of the above.

B. <u>Basis of Preparation of Consolidated financial results</u>

As disclosed in Note 80 to the consolidated financial statements, the company has only one wholly owned non-material subsidiary company. The subsidiary company did not have any operations during the year ended 31.03.2024 which would have any impact on the financial position of the holding company. Consequently, the financial information of subsidiary company included in the consolidated financial statements is based on its financial position as of 31.03.2023.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter in respect of the above.

Key Audit matters

5. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter:

1. Property Plant and equipment and intangible assets

There are areas where management judgements impacts the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and their respective depreciation and amortization amounts. These include the decision to capitalize or expense costs; the annual asset life review: the timelines of the capitalization of assets and the use of management assumptions and estimates for the determination of the measurement and recognition criteria for assets retired from active use. Due to the materiality in the context of the balance sheet of the company and the level of judgements and estimates required, we consider this to be a key audit matter.

Response to Key Audit Matter: We assessed the controls ln place, evaluated the appropriateness of capitalisation process, performed tests of details on costs capitalized, the timeliness of the capitalization of assets and the de recognition criteria for assets retired from active use.

In performing these procedures, we reviewed the judgements made by management including the nature of underlying costs capitalized; determination of realisable value of the assets retired from active use; the appropriateness of asset live applied in the calculation of depreciation; useful lives of assets as per the technical assessment of the management and external technical experts. We have observed that there are no material changes.

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

6. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

   Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

   In connection with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

   We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial statements

7. The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

8. In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated financial statements

9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually

or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

10. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and the board of directors.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have not been audited by any auditors, We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion

11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

12. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

13. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

14. The company has only one wholly-owned non-material subsidiary ("Subsidiary") company. We did not audit the Financial statements / financial information of subsidiary whose Financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. Nil Lakhs as at March 31, 2024, total revenues from operations of Rs. Nil for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, whose Financial statements are not available.

The financial statements of the subsidiary company is not made available. The management is of the opinion that all the assets of subsidiary company are not recoverable/realizable hence made provision for impairment against all the assets of subsidiary company of Rs. 48.63 Lakhs during the year ended 31.03.2024 in consolidated financial Statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

15. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued for the Company included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

16. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;

b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.;

c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary company none of the directors of the Group's companies, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

f) With respect to the adequacy and the operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India, refer to our separate Report in **"Annexure A"** to this report. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting of those companies, for reasons stated therein.

g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the other financial information of the subsidiary, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:

i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its consolidated financial statements – Refer Note No. 49, 50 and 51 of the consolidated Financial Statements;

ii) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group during the year ended March 31,2024;

iv) (a). The Respective Managements of the Holding company and its subsidiary which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually and in aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary, to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (Which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary, from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company, shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Group and, hence Section 123 of the Act, is not applicable

vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 01 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, audit trail feature was not enabled at database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, as described in note 57 to the consolidated financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled.

h) As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 510525C

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No. 089125

Place: New Delhi
Date: 30-05-2024

UDIN: 24089125BKASCV5093

"Annexure A" to Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

(Referred to in Paragraph 16(f) under the heading "Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement" of our report of even date to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024.)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **M/s. Chadha Papers Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 and for the year ended 31 March 2024 in conjunction with Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India Which are its subsidiary company.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, we have following observation(s) as at March 31, 2024:

(i) In our opinion, the holding company needs to implement the programme of physical verification of property, plant and equipment on periodical basis.

(ii) The internal financial control with reference to obtaining periodical balance confirmation letters and reconciliation thereof Government entities, scrutiny and recovery of overdues is weak and needs to be improved upon to safeguard the interests of the Group and policy & procedure for write-off of old inoperative debit balances needs to be framed & implemented.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India Which are its subsidiary company, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **D H A N A & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 510525C

SD/-
(Arun Khandelia)
Partner
M. No.: 089125

Place: New Delhi
Date: 30-05-2024

UDIN: 24089125BKASCV5093

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Registered office address :-Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur-244921, Rampur (UP)
Email Id :-chadhapapersltd@gmail.com, Mobile No.91053-88000
Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	9,879.41	9,254.14
Other intangible assets	4	0.77	0.77
Financial assets			
Investments	5	157.93	157.93
Other financial assets	6	2,116.60	1,431.74
Non-current tax assets (Net)	7	-	215.88
Other non-current assets	8	1,138.85	178.75
Total non-current assets		**13,293.56**	**11,239.21**
Current assets			
Inventories	9	8,029.04	5,022.59
Financial assets			
Investments	10	444.88	444.88
Trade receivables	11	4,984.19	4,561.96
Cash and cash equivalents	12	2,049.81	4,080.69
Other bank balances	13	500.00	717.12
Loans	14	3.94	6.68
Other financial assets	15	143.37	98.27
Other current assets	16	1,021.53	1,516.92
Total current assets		**17,176.76**	**16,449.11**
Total assets		**30,470.32**	**27,688.32**
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	17	1,020.40	1,020.40
Other equity	18	4,824.99	1,146.28
Non-Controlling Interest		(0.02)	0.02
Total equity		**5,845.37**	**2,166.70**
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	19	3,450.01	5,008.31
Other financial liabilities	20	4,750.00	4,750.00
Provisions	21	142.67	109.24
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	22	1,553.33	2,078.98
Total non-current liabilities		**9,896.01**	**11,946.53**
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	23	5,833.30	5,994.11
Trade payables	24		
Dues of micro and small enterprises		812.94	1,163.55
Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		5,717.65	3,892.13
Other financial liabilities	25	686.24	658.78
Provisions	26	21.64	15.53
Other current liabilities	27	355.73	1,359.30
Current tax liabilities (net)	28	1,301.44	491.69
Total Current liabilities		**14,728.94**	**13,575.09**
Total equity and liabilities		**30,470.32**	**27,688.32**
Material Accounting Policies,Estimates & Judgements	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements
As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Add: CTC 061 The crest Park Drive DLF5, Gurugram,Haryana- 122001

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttrakhand-263139

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh-244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur Uttarakhand-263153

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20 Noida-201301

Place : Delhi
Date: 30.05.2024

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Registered office address :-Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur-244921, Rampur (UP)
Email Id :-chadhapapersltd@gmail.com, Mobile No.91053-88000
Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023
Revenue from operations	29	60,931.79	69,703.18
Other income	30	463.56	180.23
Total income		**61,395.35**	**69,883.41**
Expenses			
Cost of raw material consumed	31	35,475.61	42,765.00
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	32	(1,104.52)	77.98
Employee benefits expense	33	1,616.63	1,445.64
Finance costs	34	2,670.11	1,731.69
Depreciation and amortization expense	35	961.47	929.35
Other expenses	36	16,751.12	14,648.03
Total expenses		**56,370.42**	**61,597.69**
Profit / (Loss) Before Exceptional Items & Tax		**5,024.93**	**8,285.72**
Exceptional Items			
Provision for diminution in value of invetment		-	-
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax		**5,024.93**	**8,285.72**
Tax expense / (credit)			
Current tax charge		1,859.07	718.14
MAT Credit reversed		-	-
Income Tax privious years		11.05	-
Deferred tax charge / (credit)		(525.21)	1,481.08
Total Tax expense		**1,344.91**	**2,199.22**
Net profit for the year (A)		**3,680.02**	**6,086.50**
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurements gain/(loss) of defined benefit obligations		(1.78)	17.13
Tax credit on above		0.45	(4.31)
Total Other Comprehensive Income (B)		**(1.33)**	**12.82**
Total Comprehensive Income (A + B)		**3,678.69**	**6,099.32**
Profit for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the company		3,680.04	6,086.50
Non controlling Interest		(0.04)	(0.00)
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the company		(1.33)	12.82
Non controlling Interest		-	-
Total attributable to:			
Owners of the company		3,678.71	6,099.32
Non controlling Interest		(0.04)	-
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of Rs. 10 each (Previous Year : Rs. 10 each)	37		
Basic (in Rs.)		36.06	59.65
Diluted (in Rs.)		36.06	59.65
Material Accounting Policies,Estimates & Judgements	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements
As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Add: CTC 061 The crest Park Drive DLF5, Gurugram,Haryana- 122001

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttrakhand-263139

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh-244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur Uttarakhand-263153

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20 Noida-201301

Place : Delhi
Date: 30.05.2024

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2024

	Year Ended Mar-24	Year Ended Mar-23
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before taxation	5,024.93	8,285.72
Non-cash adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation on property plant & equipment, including intangible assets	961.47	929.35
Unwinding of interest on fiancial liabilities at amortised cost	1,749.10	832.76
Interest income on FDR	(260.70)	(63.32)
Interest expense	921.01	898.93
Profit on sale of property plant & equipment	-	(10.23)
Profit on sale of land	(35.26)	(46.86)
Loss on sale of property plant & equipment	-	0.89
Provision for dimunition in value of investment	-	-
Provision for doubtful debts/advances	108.13	24.01
Doubtful debts written off	157.30	155.25
Unrealised foreign fluctutation (Gain)/Loss	(33.10)	(37.19)
Old balances written back	(6.92)	(16.15)
Re-measurements gain/(loss) of defined benefit obligations	(1.78)	17.13
Operating profit before working capital changes	**8,584.18**	**10,970.29**
Adjustments for:		
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	(429.67)	(587.48)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(3,041.47)	(1,339.82)
(Increase) / Decrease in loans	2.74	29.49
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets	(743.84)	(963.24)
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets and Non current assets	(663.20)	(558.51)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	1,484.40	(281.13)
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	27.46	4,744.12
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(1,003.56)	(906.91)
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	39.54	(16.42)
Cash generated from operations	**4,256.58**	**11,090.39**
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	844.49	231.40
Net cash from operating activities (A)	**3,412.09**	**10,858.99**
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property plant & equipment, including intangible assets, CWIP	(1,614.48)	(316.11)
Purchase of investments	-	-
Proceeds from sale of Property plant & equipment, including intangible assets	63.00	173.64
Proceeds from sale of land	-	-
Investment in bank deposits	216.62	(517.12)
Interest income on FDR'	260.70	63.32
Net cash (used in) investing activities (B)	**(1,074.16)**	**(596.27)**
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of borrowings	-	(5,605.86)
Repayment on redemption of preference shares	(3,250.00)	-
Increase in borrowings	43.17	-
Interest paid	(921.01)	(898.93)
Net cash (used in) financing activities (C)	**(4,127.84)**	**(6,504.79)**
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,789.91)	3,757.93
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	15.33	20.93
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,774.58)	3,778.86
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(165.92)	(3,944.78)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	**(1,940.50)**	**(165.92)**

Notes:

1) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 on "Statement of Cash Flow".

2) Amounts in brackets indicate a cash outflow or reduction.

3)

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the Statement of cash flows:	**March 31, 2024**	**March 31, 2023**
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above	2,049.81	4,080.69
Letter of Credit and Cash Credit	(3,990.31)	(4,246.61)
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	**(1,940.50)**	**(165.92)**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203

Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468

Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L

Place : Delhi
Date : 30.05.2024

Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R

Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502

Consolidated Statement of change in equity as at March 31, 2024

(Rs. In Lakhs)

A Equity share capital

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	1,020.40	1,020.40
Balance at the end of the reporting year	**1,020.40**	**1,020.40**

B Other equity

Reserves & Surplus

Particulars	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption reserve	Capital Redemption On Consolidation	Total
Balance As at April 01, 2022	**(5,792.77)**	**-**	**839.73**	(4,953.04)
Profit for the year	6,086.50	-	-	6,086.50
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	12.82	-	-	12.82
Balance as at March 31, 2023	**306.55**	**-**	**839.73**	**1,146.28**
Profit for the year	3,680.04	-	-	3,680.04
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	(3,250.00)	3,250.00	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	(1.33)		-	(1.33)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	**735.26**	**3,250.00**	**839.73**	**4,824.99**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
DIN-01015203
Add: CTC 061 The crest Park Drive DLF5, Gurugram,Haryana-122001

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
DIN-01139468
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttrakhand-263139

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh-244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
PAN- ACFPL9732R
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur Uttarakhand-263153

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20 Noida-201301

Place : Delhi
Date: 30.05.2024

Chadha Papers Limited
CIN: - L21012UP1990PLC011878
Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2024

Note No 3 - Property, plant and equipment (Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Land Freehold	Factory Building	Non-Factory Building	Plant and Machinery	Vehicles	Office equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Computers and peripherals	Total
Gross Block									
As at 01 April 2022	**84.03**	**1,536.70**	**52.56**	**19,726.12**	**340.28**	**107.06**	**81.12**	**67.06**	**21,994.93**
Additions	32.89	-	-	280.40	-	0.28	0.37	2.17	316.11
Disposals	1.14	-	-	121.52	15.43	-	-	-	138.09
As at 31 March 2023	**115.78**	**1,536.70**	**52.56**	**19,885.00**	**324.85**	**107.34**	**81.49**	**69.23**	**22,172.95**
Additions	-	-	-	1,517.79	80.36	6.32	2.56	7.45	1,614.48
Disposals	-	-	9.00	269.33	-	-	-	-	278.33
As at 31 March 2024	**115.78**	**1,536.70**	**43.56**	**21,133.46**	**405.21**	**113.66**	**84.05**	**76.68**	**23,509.10**
Accumulated Depreciation									
As at 01 April 2022	**-**	**887.53**	**15.87**	**10,621.72**	**305.71**	**71.53**	**47.57**	**61.61**	**12,011.54**
Charge for the year	-	54.25	0.90	855.74	2.74	7.38	5.47	1.45	927.93
Disposals	-	-	-	10.71	9.95	-	-	-	20.66
As at 31 March 2023	-	**941.78**	**16.77**	**11,466.75**	**298.50**	**78.91**	**53.04**	**63.06**	**12,918.81**
Charge for the year	-	47.55	0.84	891.88	5.74	7.56	5.58	2.32	961.47
Disposals	-	-	4.26	246.33	-	-	-	-	250.59
As at 31 March 2024	-	**989.33**	**13.35**	**12,112.30**	**304.24**	**86.47**	**58.62**	**65.38**	**13,629.69**
Net Block									
As at 31 March 2023	**115.78**	**594.92**	**35.79**	**8,418.25**	**26.35**	**28.43**	**28.45**	**6.17**	**9,254.14**
As at 31 March 2024	**115.78**	**547.37**	**30.21**	**9,021.16**	**100.97**	**27.19**	**25.43**	**11.30**	**9,879.41**

Note No 4 - Intangible assets (Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Software, Server & Networks	Lease Hold Rights	Total
Gross Block			
As at 01 April 2022	**15.46**	**0.68**	**16.14**
Additions	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disposals	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2023	**15.46**	**0.68**	**16.14**
Additions	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disposals	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2024	**15.46**	**0.68**	**16.14**
Accumulated Amortisation			
As at 01 April 2022	**13.27**	**0.68**	**13.95**
Charge for the year	1.42	-	1.42
Disposals/Adjustments	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2023	**14.69**	**0.68**	**15.37**
Charge for the year	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	**-**	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2024	**14.69**	**0.68**	**15.37**
Net Block			
As at 31 March 2023	**0.77**	**-**	**0.77**
As at 31 March 2024	**0.77**	**-**	**0.77**

Note no 3A. Lease pertaining to part of factory land at Bilaspur (Rampur) where the paper manufacturing unit is located, has expired. The said land belonging to promoters and the family members was on lease for a period of 30 years since 1991. The management is abreast of the matter and in process of getting the lease renewed. The company has not received any communication from the lessor(s) for eviction thereof and, therefore, there is no material implication on the operations of the company.

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
5	**Investment**		
	Investment in Subsidiary (at cost) (Refer note(iii) below)		
	Unquoted		
	Manorama Paper Mills Ltd.	31.04	31.04
	Less: Impairement in value of shares	(31.04)	(31.04)
		-	-
	(No. of Shares 39,85,700 (Previous Year 39,85,700) FV @ Rs.10 each)		
	Others Investments		
	Investment in Equity instruments (at cost) - Quoted (Refer note(i) below)		
	Punjab National Bank	0.42	0.42
	(Aggregate amount of 700 Shares of erstwhile OBC Bank)		
	Investment carried at amortised cost- Unquoted		
	Gold bonds (Refer note(ii) below)	12.63	12.63
	Investment in Equity instruments (at FVTPL) - Unquoted (Refer note(iii) below)		
	J.C. Broswon United Private Limited	889.77	889.77
	Less: Impairement in value of shares	(744.89)	(744.89)
		144.88	**144.88**
	(No. of Shares 25,422 (Previous Year 25,422)) FV @ Rs.10 each)		
	Total	**157.93**	**157.93**

(i) OBC bank merged with PNB. The company does not have share certificate of PNB and the company is under the process to get share certificate from PNB.
(ii) Gold bonds not in the name of the company as bonds were purchased in the name of whole time director of the company.
(iii) The company has impaired its investments and hence value of investments is written down by the amount equal to the impairment loss which is recognized in the income statement.

6 Other Non-current financial assets

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
(a)	**Security deposits***		
	Considered good - Unsecured	551.40	818.14
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	6.95	-
	Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful	(6.95)	-
		551.40	818.14
(b)	**Earmarked balances with banks****		
	Considered good - Unsecured	1,364.50	541.50
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	0.50	-
	Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful	(0.50)	-
		1,364.50	541.50
(c)	**Interest accrued on deposits with bank****		
	Considered good - Unsecured	200.70	72.10
	Total	**2,116.60**	**1,431.74**

*Security with Electricity department and sale tenders with Government.
**Deposit kept as margin with bank for issuing bank guarantee and lien marked by bank against Non Fund Based Limits.

	Movement in Provision		
	Opening	-	-
	Provision made during the year	7.45	-
	Provision for doubtful reversed during the year	-	-
	Bad debts	-	-
	Closing Balance	**7.45**	**-**
7	**Non-current tax assets (Net)**		
	Income Tax refundable	-	215.88
	Total	**-**	**215.88**
8	**Other Non-current assets**		
(a)	**Prepaid expenses**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	17.35	8.25
(b)	**Balance with statutory /government authorities**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	39.97	39.97
(c)	**Capital advances**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	1,081.53	130.53
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	69.61	69.61
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(69.61)	(69.61)
		1,081.53	130.53
	Total	**1,138.85**	**178.75**

Movement in Provision in Advance to suppliers		
Opening	69.61	53.53
Provision against for doubtful advances made during the year	-	16.08
Provision for doubtful reversed during the year	-	-
Bad debts	-	-
Closing Balance	**69.61**	**69.61**

9 Inventories#

(Refer note no. 2.10 for valuation)	**March 31, 2024 Rs.**	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
Raw Materials	4,228.72	2,536.20
Stock-in-transit	-	632.62
Work-in-progress	199.90	121.18
Finished goods	1,404.61	378.81
Stores and spares	1,209.03	877.39
Scrap	35.00	35.00
Others :		
-Packing Material	51.35	50.10
-Coal	935.43	391.29
	8,064.04	**5,022.59**
Less: Provision for slow moving inventories	(35.00)	-
Total	**8,029.04**	**5,022.59**

#Note:
1. Inventory taken and valued by the management.
2. The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in Material Accounting Policies.
3. Inventories hypothecated as security for part of the working capital facilities.

10 Investments

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
	Investments carried at Cost		
	Unquoted		
(a)	Investment in Equity instruments - Unquoted (Refer note(i) below)		
	Great Value Fuels Private Limited	442.26	442.26
	(No. of Shares 2,600 (Previous Year 2,600)) FV @ Rs.10 each)		
(b)	Investment in Gold bonds	2.62	2.62
	{Refer note no. 5(ii)}		
	Total	**444.88**	**444.88**

(i) The company has sold the investment against which the company received an advance. However, the shares can not be transferred in view of the agreement with the President of India, acting through the Secretary and Commissioner, Department of Transport, Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi and ,therefore, the sale has not yet been recognised.

11 Trade receivables#

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
Unsecured, Considered Good		
-Undisputed	4,984.19	4,561.96
-Disputed	-	-
Unsecured, Considered Doubtful		
-Undisputed	246.90	239.58
-Disputed	-	-
	5,231.09	**4,801.54**
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	246.90	239.58
Total	**4,984.19**	**4,561.96**
Movement in Provision in Trade Receivables		
Opening	239.58	243.12
Provision for doubtful receivables during the year	7.32	-
Provision for doubtful receivables reversed during the year	-	-
Bad debts	-	(3.54)
Closing Balance	**246.90**	**239.58**

#Note
(i) Trade Receivables hypothecated as security for part of the working capital facilities.
(ii) Trade Receivables includes Rs. 721.65 Lakhs as on 31.03.2024 and Rs. 94.62 Lakhs as on 31.03.2023 receivable from related parties (Refer Note no. 47).
(iii) For Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule refer note no. 58.

12 Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Cash on hand	3.98	3.89
Cheques in hand-Refer note(i)	-	4,050.00
Term deposits with original maturity of less than three months	2,000.00	-
Balances with banks in current accounts-Refer note (ii)	45.91	26.80
Less: Doubtful	(0.08)	-
	2,049.81	**4,080.69**
Movement in Provision in Cash and cash equivalents		
Opening	-	-
Provision made during the year	0.08	-
Provision reversed during the year	-	-
Bad debts	-	-
Closing Balance	**0.08**	**-**

(i) The company had given an advance of Rs. 4,050.00 Lakhs to M/s. Chadha Holdings Private Limited (A Core Investment Company-"CIC"), a related party for exploring investment opportunities and such advance was subsequently returned by the CIC vide cheque(s) dated 31 March 2023 and such cheques has been shown as Cheques in Hand as on March 31, 2023 by the company, and these cheques were presented for payment on June 28, 2023 and were dishonored by the bank due to insufficient funds in the CIC's account. The repayment thereof was subsequently effected by the CIC on July 1, 2023 through RTGS as no commercially viable opportunity could be identified by the CIC and therefore the said advance was duly returned to the company.

(ii) Balance with bank includes saving account balance of Rs. 8.76 Lakhs in the name of the whole time director of the company.

For the purpose of Statement of cash flows, Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per above	2,049.81	4,080.69
Letter of Credit and Cash Credit	(3,990.31)	(4,246.61)
Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	**(1,940.50)**	**(165.92)**

13 Current financials assets -Other bank balances

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Investments in term deposits (with original maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months)	500.00	717.12
	500.00	**717.12**

14 Current financials assets - Loans

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
	Unsecured, considered good-Interest Free		
(i)	**Loan to Others:**		
	Loan to body corporate	3.21	3.21
	Less: Provision of loan given to body corporate	(3.21)	(3.21)
		-	-
(ii)	**Loan to employees**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	3.94	6.68
		3.94	**6.68**
	Movement in Provision of Loans		
	Opening	3.21	-
	Provision for doubtful loans made during the year	-	3.21
	Provision reversed during the year	-	-
	Closing Balance	**3.21**	**3.21**

15 Current financials assets - Others

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
(i)	**Security deposits***		
	Considered good - Unsecured	71.10	35.40
(ii)	**Interest accrued on deposits with bank**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	72.27	62.87
		143.37	**98.27**

*Security Deposits with vendors.

16 Other current assets

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
A.	**Advance to suppliers**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	829.48	1,248.41
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	46.65	-
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(46.65)	-
		829.48	1,248.41
B.	**Prepaid expenses**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	91.96	40.57
C.	**Balance with statutory /government authorities**		
	Considered good - Unsecured	91.85	219.70
	Considered doubtful - Unsecured	11.71	-
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(11.71)	-
		91.85	219.70
D.	**Others**		
	Considered good - Unsecured		
	Duty Drawback Receivable	2.78	2.78
	RoDTEP Scheme Receivable	5.46	5.46
		1,021.53	**1,516.92**
	Movement in Provision		
	Opening	-	-
	Provision for doubtful loans made during the year	58.36	-
	Provision reversed during the year	-	-
	Closing Balance	**58.36**	**-**

17 Equity Share capital

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Authorised shares		
1,05,00,000 (31st March 2023 - 1,05,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	1,050.00	1,050.00
89,50,000 (31st March 2023 - 89,50,000) 0.01% Non Convertible Non Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each)	8,950.00	8,950.00
	10,000.00	**10,000.00**
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up shares		
1,02,04,040 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid in Cash (as at March 31, 2023: Rs.1,02,04,040)	1,020.40	1,020.40
	1,020.40	**1,020.40**

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	**March 31, 2024 Rs.**	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
Shares outstanding at the commencement of the year	1,02,04,040	1,02,04,040
Shares Issued During the year	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Shares outstanding at the close of the year	**1,02,04,040**	**1,02,04,040**

Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

			March 31, 2024
Equity Shares	**No. of Shares**	**No. of Shares**	**% of Holding**
Smt. Jatinder Kaur Chadha	13,88,590	13,88,590	13.61%
Sh. Rajinder Singh Chadha	32,71,254	32,71,254	32.06%
M/s Capco Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	26,89,376	26,89,376	26.36%

			March 31, 2023
Equity Shares	**No. of Shares**	**No. of Shares**	**% of Holding**
Smt. Jatinder Kaur Chadha	13,88,590	13,88,590	13.61%
Sh. Rajinder Singh Chadha	32,71,254	32,71,254	32.06%
M/s Capco Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	26,89,376	26,89,376	26.36%

Promoters Shareholding

Equity Shares	**31 March 2024**	**31 March 2023**
Smt. Jatinder Kaur Chadha		
No. of Shares	13,88,590	13,88,590
% Of total shares	13.61%	13.61%
% change during the year	-	-
Sh. Rajinder Singh Chadha		
No. of Shares	32,71,254	32,71,254
% Of total shares	32.06%	32.06%
% change during the year	-	-
M/s Capco Holdings Pvt. Ltd.		
No. of Shares	26,89,376	26,89,376
% Of total shares	26.36%	26.36%
% change during the year	-	-

18 Other equity (Refer statement of change in equity)

a) Capital Redemption Reserve: (Refer statement of change in equity)

b) Retained Earnings: This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company and effects of remeasurement of defined benefit obligations. This reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

19 Non-current financial liabilities - Borrowings

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
A. Unsecured - at amortised cost		
Redeemable Preference Share Capital (Refer note (i) below) 56,21,420 (P.Y.: 88,71,420) 0.01% Non Convertible Non Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each	3,419.61	5,008.31
B. Secured loans from bank		
	-	-
HDFC bank- Vehicle Loan (Refer note (iii) below)	23.11	-
ICICI bank- Vehicle Loan (Refer note (ii) below)	20.06	-
Less: Current maturities of long term debt	(12.77)	-
	3,450.01	**5,008.31**

(i) Redeemable preference Share Capital:
The company has redeem preference shares of Rs. 3,250.00 Lakhs during the F.Y. 2023-2024. The Board decided based on the projected cash inflows, company may repay its remaining non-convertible preference shares capital of Rs 2,876.61 Lacs (P.Y. 6,126.61 Lakhs) and 2,744.81 lakhs (P.Y. 2,744.81 Lakhs) by 31.03.2029 and 31.03.2030 respectively.

(ii) ICICI- JCB Loan
Commercial vehicle Loan for Vehicle is secured by way of hypothecation of the respective vehicle, carrying interest @ 9.00% p.a. The loan is repayable from July 23 in 36 instalments @ Rs. 0.86 lakhs per month (including interest).

(iii) HDFC vehicle loan
(a) Ultra Light Commercial Vehicle
Commercial vehicle Loan for Vehicle is secured by way of hypothecation of the respective vehicle, carrying interest @ 9.00% p.a. The loan is repayable from February 24 in 60 instalments @ Rs. 0.15 Lakhs per month (including interest).

(b) Light Commercial Vehicle
Commercial vehicle Loan for Vehicle is secured by way of hypothecation of the respective vehicle, carrying interest @ 9.00% p.a. The loan is repayable from February 24 in 60 instalments @ Rs. 0.34 Lakhs per month (including interest).

20 Other financial liabilities

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	**March 31, 2023 Rs.**
Unsecured		
Security deposits*	4,750.00	4,750.00
	4,750.00	**4,750.00**

*Interest bearing Unsecured Security Deposit @ 6% p.a. taken on November'2022 for the period of 5 years to optimize the number of sales globally.

21 Non-current financial liabilities - Provisions

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Provision for Gratuity	129.94	98.23
Provision for Leave Encashment	34.37	26.54
Less: Transfered to short term provisions	(21.64)	(15.53)
Total	**142.67**	**109.24**

22 Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Deferred tax liabilities		
Related to fixed assets	1,103.67	1,123.05
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	554.15	994.36
	1,657.82	2,117.41
Deferred tax assets		
Other timing differences (gratuity, leave encashment and bonus etc.)	104.49	38.43
	104.49	38.43
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	**1,553.33**	**2,078.98**

23 Current financial liabilities - Borrowings

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
(i) Secured borrowings from banks		
Letter of credit refer note (i) below	2,024.67	2,279.29
Cash credit refer note (i) below	1,965.64	1,967.32
Current maturities of long term debt		
ICICI bank loan refer note (ii) below	8.78	-
HDFC bank loan refer note (iii) below	4.00	-
(ii) Unsecured borrowings other than banks		
Repayable on demand Refer Note (ii) below		
From related parties		
From associated enterprises	865.80	865.80
From others		
From Ex- directors and their relatives	74.19	68.72
From other body corporates	890.22	812.98
Total	**5,833.30**	**5,994.11**

(i) Cash Credit-Rs. 25.00 Cr. and Letter of Credit and Buyer's Credit-aggregate Rs. 30.00 Cr. from SBI are secured by 1-stocks of raw materials, stock in process, stores & spares and finished goods at its works, godowns etc., (present & future) and including stock in transit and cash/credit balance in their accounts. 2- All present and future book debts/receivables as also clean or documentary bills, domestic or export, whether accepted or otherwise, export documents accompanied by Bill of Lading/AWB, Bill of Exchange, G.R. etc. & other documents called for in the contract and the Cheques/drafts/instruments etc drawn in its favour.

(ii) Interest free Unsecured loan repayable on demand.

24 Trade payables

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
dues of micro and small enterprises	812.94	1,163.55
dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	5,717.65	3,892.13
Total	**6,530.59**	**5,055.68**

(For Trade payables ageing refer note no. 78)
(for disclosure under The Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) ACT, 2006- refer note no. 54)

25 Other current financial liabilities

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Security deposit received	12.00	12.00
Employee and ex-employee related liabilities	179.72	152.66
Advance for share sale*	442.26	442.26
Other payables	52.26	51.86
Total	**686.24**	**658.78**

*Refer Note no. 10(i) : Investments

26 Provisions - Current

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	16.57	11.64
Leave encashment	5.07	3.89
	21.64	**15.53**

27 Other current liabilities

	March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
Statutory dues payable*	97.24	480.65
Interest accrued but not due	0.17	-
Advances from customers**	258.32	878.65
Total	**355.73**	**1,359.30**

* Includes TDS/TCS Payable, GST Payable and PF/ESI Payable

**Advance from customers includes the amount received under supply of goods/ services agreements. The advance is expected to be settled within next 12 months has been classified as current liability.

28 Current tax liabilities (net)

Provision for Income Tax Payable	1,997.62	763.62
Less: TDS/TCS receivable	(96.18)	(71.93)
Less: Advance Tax	(600.00)	(200.00)
Total	**1,301.44**	**491.69**

29 Revenue from operations

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Revenue from operations		
Sale of products	60,552.40	69,275.10
	60,552.40	**69,275.10**
Other operating revenue		
Sale of Other Items	379.39	428.08
	379.39	**428.08**
Revenue from operations	**60,931.79**	**69,703.18**

*Revnue from operations from related parties refer note no. 48

30 Other income

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Interest income on		
-Bank deposits and gold bonds	260.70	63.32
-Others	4.42	-
-Income tax refund	47.69	-
Old balances written back	6.92	16.15
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	-	10.23
Profit on sale of land/building	35.26	46.86
Realised foreign fluctuation gain	74.82	-
Unrealised foreign fluctutation gain	33.10	37.19
Miscllaneous income	0.65	6.48
	463.56	**180.23**

31 Cost of raw material and components consumed

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Inventories at commencement of the year	2,536.20	1,999.13
Add: Purchases during the year	37,168.13	43,302.07
Less: Inventories at the end of the year	4,228.72	2,536.20
	35,475.61	**42,765.00**
Raw Material Purchases		
Purchases	36,091.17	43,284.95
Add: Commission on purchases	1,076.96	17.12
	37,168.13	43,302.07

32 Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Inventories at the close of the year		
Finished goods	1,404.61	378.81
Stock-in-process	199.90	121.18
	1,604.51	**499.99**
Inventories at commencement of the year		
Finished goods	378.81	402.42
Stock-in-process	121.18	175.55
	499.99	**577.97**
	(1,104.52)	**77.98**

33 Employee benefits expense

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,338.90	1,209.16
Director's Remuneration	120.00	120.00
Contribution to provident and other funds	87.34	77.00
Gratuity expenses	34.07	29.13
Compensated absences	7.82	(11.94)
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	28.50	22.29
	1,616.63	**1,445.64**

34 Finance costs

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Interest to bank		
-On cash credit	362.02	398.51
-On letter of credit	12.83	8.65
-On overdraft	-	152.71
-On term loan	-	21.73
-On vehicle loan	2.17	0.23
Interest on others		
-On unsecured borrowings	-	4.27
-On security	285.78	149.92
-On direct tax	148.56	48.42
-On MSME vendors	0.60	3.08
-On indirect taxes	3.24	0.77
Unwinding of interest on fiancial liabilities at amortised cost	1,749.10	832.76
L.C. charges	105.81	110.64
	2,670.11	**1,731.69**

35 Depreciation and amortization expense

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Depreciation of property plant & equipment	961.47	927.93
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	1.42
	961.47	**929.35**

36 Other expenses

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Consumption of stores and spare parts	691.39	956.99
Consumption of packing materials	655.01	641.18
Manufacturing Exp.	1,008.28	869.04
Power and fuel	10,834.04	9,065.77
Rent including lease rentals	0.13	0.26
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings	0.19	5.09
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	152.02	184.11
Repairs and maintenance - Others	40.00	20.42
Security expenses	76.41	70.67
Insurance	43.36	42.78
Rates and taxes	77.74	130.41
Communication expenses	13.01	12.22
Travelling and conveyance	83.44	69.76
Travelling (foreign)	-	0.92
Printing and stationery	6.10	4.68
Freight outward	2,287.61	1,680.56
Freight inward	7.24	12.38
Provision for doubtful debts/advances	108.21	24.01
Sales & promotions	25.60	-
Legal and professional	64.02	25.47
Payment to statutory auditors		
-Audit fees (C.Y. includes Rs. 0.50 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	3.35
-Limited review (C.Y. includes Rs. 1 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	2.00
-Reimbursement of expenses	0.72	-
Payment to other auditors		
-Tax audit fee	1.50	1.50
-Cost audit fee	0.60	0.60
-Internal audit fee	7.20	7.20
Commission expenses	183.59	232.51
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	-	0.89
Realised foreign fluctuation loss	-	117.12
Unrealised foreign fluctutation loss	-	-
Doubtful debts w/off	157.30	155.25
CSR expense	60.02	-
Miscellaneous expenses	42.87	44.61
Bank Charges	68.67	95.24
Testing expenses	46.85	167.83
Provision against loan given	-	3.21
	16,751.12	**14,648.03**

37 Earnings per equity share

	Year ended Mar 31, 2024 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs.
Net profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss	3,680.02	6,086.50
Less: Dividend on preference shares	-	-
Amount available for equity shareholders	**3,680.02**	**6,086.50**
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic / diluted EPS	1,02,04,040	1,02,04,040
Earnings per Share, basic and diluted (Rs.)	36.06	59.65
Face value per equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00

38 Employee benefit plans
Defined contribution plans
Central provident fund

In accordance with The Employees Provident Funds Act, 1952 employees are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund. Both the employee and the employer make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate (12% for fiscal year 2024 and 2023) of an employee's basic salary. All employees have an option to make additional voluntary contributions. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India (GOI). The Company has no further obligations under the fund managed by the GOI beyond its monthly contributions which are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the period they are incurred.

The Company contributed a total of Rs. 61.40 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024 and Rs. 53.35 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2023 to defined contribution plans.

Defined benefit plans
Gratuity plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is eligible to a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet in accordance with Ind AS-19 'Employee benefits' for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Principal actuarial assumptions

Principal actuarial assumptions used to determine the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Discount rate	7.23%	7.36%
Future salary increase	5.00%	5.00%
Retirement Age (Years)	60	60
Mortality rate inclusive of provision for disability	100% of IALM (2012 - 14)	100% of IALM (2012 - 14)

The estimate of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotions and relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Amount recongnised in balance sheet consists of:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Fair value of plan assests	-	-
Present value of defined benefit obligations	129.94	98.23
Net (liability) / asset arising from defined benefit obligation	**129.94**	**98.23**

Amount recognised in statement of Profit or Loss in respect of defined benefit plan are as follows:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Current service cost	26.84	21.76
Net interest cost / (income)	7.23	7.37
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in statement of profit or loss	**34.07**	**29.13**

Amount recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of defined benefit plan are as follows:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Actuarial gain / (loss) on arising from change in financial assumption	1.68	(1.87)
Actuarial gain / (loss) on arising from experience adjustment	0.10	(15.25)
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on plan asset	-	-
Component of defined benefit cost recognized in other comprehensive income	**1.78**	**(17.13)**

Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation:

Particulars	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the period	98.23	102.71
Interest Cost	7.23	7.37
Service Cost	26.84	21.76
Benefits Paid	(4.13)	(16.49)
Acquisition adjustment	-	-
Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligation	1.78	(17.13)
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	**129.94**	**98.23**

Movement in the fair value of plan assets is as follow:

Particulars		**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on plan asset	-	-	-
Employer contribution	-	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	-	-	-

Percentage allocation of plan assets by category

Particulars	**As at March 31, 2024**	**As at March 31, 2023**
Government Securities	0.00%	0.00%
Non-Convertible Debenture/Bonds	0.00%	0.00%
Equity Instruments	0.00%	0.00%
Fixed Deposits	0.00%	0.00%

Sensitivity analysis

Below is the sensitivity analysis determined for significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of defined benefit obligations and based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period while holding all other assumptions constant.

Increase / Decrease in defined benefit obligation	**Year ended March 31, 2024**	**Year ended March 31, 2023**
Discount rate		
Increase by 0.50%	(6.45)	(5.07)
Decrease by 0.50%	7.06	5.56
Expected rate of increase in compensation level of covered employees		
Increase by 0.50%	7.18	5.66
Decrease by 0.50%	(6.61)	(5.21)

The above sensitivity analysis may be not representative of actual benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumption would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

In presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligation has been calculated using projected unit credit method at the end of reporting period which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit liability recognized in Balance sheet.

Risk analysis

Valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are dynamic in nature and vary over time. As such company is exposed to various risks as follow -

Salary Increases

Actual salary increases will increase the Plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.

Investment Risk

If Plan is funded then assets liabilities mismatch & actual investment return on assets lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability.

Discount Rate

Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.

Mortality & disability

Actual deaths & disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.

Withdrawals

Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact Plan's liability.

39 Capital management

The Company manages its capital in order to maximising the return to stakeholders through efficient allocation of capital toward expansion of business, optimisation of working capital requirements and deployment of surplus funds into various investment options. The Company does not have debts except overdraft limits obtained to augment its working capital and meets its requirement through equity. The Cash surpluses are currently invested in income generating debts instruments (including through mutual funds), equity instruments depending on economic condition in line with the guidelines set out the management.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The management of the company reviews the capital structure of the company on regular basis. As part of this review, the board considers the cost of capital and risk associates with movement in the working capital. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, overdraft facilities, trade payables and other liabilities, less cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances.

Particulars	**As at March 31, 2024**	**As at March 31, 2023**
Loans and borrowings	9,283.31	11,002.42
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(2,049.81)	(4,080.69)
Less : Other bank balances	(1,864.50)	(1,258.62)
Net debt	**5,369.00**	**5,663.11**
Total capital	5,845.37	2,166.70
Capital and net debt	**11,214.37**	**7,829.81**
Gearing ratio（%)	**47.88%**	**72.33%**

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements.

40 Taxation (including deferred taxes)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Current tax	1,859.07	718.14
MAT credit reversed	-	-
Deferred tax expense / (credit)	(525.21)	1,481.08
Total tax expense	**1,333.86**	**2,199.22**
Through OCI		
Tax on Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(0.45)	4.31
Total	**1,333.41**	**2,203.53**
Effective tax Reconciliation		
Net Income before taxes	5,024.93	8,285.72
Less: Special Rate Income	-	46.86
	5,024.93	**8,238.86**
Enacted tax rates on normal rate income	25.17%	25.17%
Enacted tax rates on special rate income	-	22.88%
Tax on normal income	1,264.67	2,073.56
Tax on special income	-	8.65
Computed tax income/(expense)	**1,264.67**	**2,082.21**
Increase/(reduction) in taxes on account of:		
Other non deductible expenses	69.19	35.90
Reversal of MAT credit entitlement	-	-
Effect of change in tax rate	-	-
Reduction in previous year losses	-	81.11
Income tax expense reported	**1,333.86**	**2,199.22**
Through OCI		
Tax on Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(0.45)	4.31
Total	**1,333.41**	**2,203.53**

41 Capital commitments

Estimated amount of contracts (net of advances) remaining to be executed on capital account	2,059.87	208.76

42 Segment Information

As the Company has a single reportable segment, the segment wise disclosure requirement of Ind AS 108 on operating segment is not applicable to it.

43 Financial instruments

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on the balance sheet. Details of material accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed ni note no. 2.

(A) Financial assets and liabilities:

The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, and their carrying amounts, are set out below:

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	At Cost	Fair value through profit or loss	At amortised Cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets- Non Current				
Non current investments	13.05	144.88	-	157.93
Other financial assets	-	-	2,116.60	2,116.60
Financial Assets-Current				
Current investments	444.88	-	-	444.88
Trade receivables	-	-	4,984.19	4,984.19
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,049.81	2,049.81
Other bank balances	-	-	500.00	500.00
Current loans	-	-	3.94	3.94
Other financial assets		-	143.37	143.37
Total	**457.93**	**144.88**	**9,797.91**	**10,400.72**
Financial liabilities-non current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	30.40	30.40
Interest free bearing borrowings	-	-	3,419.61	3,419.61
Other financial liabilities	-	-	4,750.00	4,750.00
Trade payables	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities- Current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	4,003.09	4,003.09
Interest free bearing borrowings	-	-	1,830.21	1,830.21
Trade payables	-	-	6,530.59	6,530.59
Other financial liabilities	-	-	686.24	686.24
Total -	**-**	**-**	**21,250.14**	**21,250.14**

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	At Cost	Fair value through profit or loss	At amortised Cost	Total carrying value
Financial assets- non current				
Non current investments	13.05	144.88	-	157.93
Other financial assets	-	-	1,431.74	1,431.74
Financial assets-current				
Current investments	444.88	-	-	444.88
Trade receivables	-	-	4,561.96	4,561.96
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	4,080.69	4,080.69
Other bank balances	-	-	717.12	717.12
Current loans	-	-	6.68	6.68
Other financial assets		-	98.27	98.27
Total	**457.93**	**144.88**	**10,896.46**	**11,499.27**
Financial liabilities-non current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	-	-
Interest free bearing borrowings	-	-	5,008.31	5,008.31
Other financial liabilities	-	-	4,750.00	4,750.00
Trade payables	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities- current				
Interest bearing borrowings	-	-	4,246.61	4,246.61
Interest free bearing borrowings	-	-	1,747.50	1,747.50
Trade payables	-	-	5,055.68	5,055.68
Other financial liabilities	-	-	658.78	658.78
Total -	**-**	**-**	**21,466.88**	**21,466.88**

Other Notes

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments in term deposits, other financial assets (except derivative financial instruments), trade payables, and other financial liabilities (except derivative financial instruments) have fair values that approximate to their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature.

(ii) The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included at the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

(iii) The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values are consistent with those used for the year ended 31st March, 2024.

(B) Explanation to the fair value hierarchy

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, quoted investments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

i)	**Level 1**	Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.
ii)	**Level 2**	The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.
iii)	**Level 3**	If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration included in level 3.

44 Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to manage finances for the Company's operations. The Company has loan and other receivables, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that arise directly from its operations. The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

i) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and investments. Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

The sensitivity analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying value of post-employment benefit obligations provisions and on the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant Statement of Profit and Loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. The Company's activities expose it to various financial risks mainly interest rates.

(a) Foreign exchange risk

Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates may have an impact on profit or loss, the statement of change in equity, where any transaction references more than one currency or where assets/liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company.

Exposures on foreign currency loans are managed through a hedging policy, which is reviewed periodically to ensure that the results from fluctuating currency exchange rates are appropriately managed. The Company strives to achieve asset liability offset of foreign currency exposures and only the net position is hedged.

The Company uses forward exchange contracts and other derivatives to hedge the effects of movements in exchange rates on foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. The sources of foreign exchange risk are outstanding amounts payable for imported raw materials, capital goods and other supplies. Most of these transactions are denominated in US dollar. The following analysis is based on the gross exposure as at the reporting date.

Un-hedged Foreign currency exposure:

(INR and USD in Lakhs)

Currency	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	USD	INR	USD	INR
Letter of credit (FLC)	24.28	2,024.67	23.22	1,909.44
Trade receivable	-	-	-	-
Capital advances	2.25	187.74	0.41	34.04
Advance to suppliers	4.99	415.82	7.58	623.52
Trade payable	11.53	961.15	6.74	554.17

(INR and EURO in Lakhs)

Currency	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	USD	INR	USD	INR
Letter of credit (FLC)	-	-	-	-
Capital advances	2.97	267.95	-	-
Trade payable and other advances	-	-	-	-

The Company's exposure to foreign currency arises where the Company holds monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a currency different from the functional currency of the business, with US dollar for being the major non functional currency for manufacturing business. The changes in the foreign currency exchange rate and other market changes are not expected to have any significant impact on these financial statements.

Interest rate risk and sensitivity

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to long term debt. The management also maintains a portfolio mix of floating and fixed rate debt. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. As at March 31, 2024, approximately all the interest bearing borrowings of the Company are at variable interest rate.

With all other variables held constant, the following table demonstrates the impact of borrowing cost on floating rate portion of loans and borrowings -

(Rs in lakhs)

Interest rate sensitivity	Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in basis points	Effect on profit before tax Increase / (Decrease)
For the year ended March 31, 2024		
INR borrowings	+50	20.17
	-50	-20.17
For the year ended March 31, 2023		
INR borrowings	+50	21.23
	-50	-21.23

The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment.

ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.
The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities like trade receivables, inter corporate advances, deposits with banks and other financial instruments etc.

Trade receivables

Receivables resulting from sale of properties: The Company's trade receivables does not have any expected credit loss as registry of properties sold is generally carried out once the Company receives the entire payment. During the periods presented, the Company made no written-off of trade receivables and no recoveries from receivables previously written off.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company relies on a mix of borrowings, capital infusion and excess operating cash flows to meet its needs for funds. The current committed lines of credit are sufficient to meet its short to medium term expansion needs. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

The table below provides discounted cash flows towards non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date.

As at March 31, 2024

Payments due by year	Carrying Amount	Undiscounted Amount				
		<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	5-8 years	Total
Non-current						
Borrowings	3,450.01	-	26.52	2,880.48	2,744.81	5,651.81
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilites	4,750.00	-	-	4,750.00	-	4,750.00
Current						-
Borrowings	5,833.30	5,833.30	-	-	-	5,833.30
Trade payables	6,530.59	6,530.59	-	-	-	6,530.59
Other financial liabilites	686.24	686.24	-	-	-	686.24
Total	**21,250.14**	**13,050.13**	**26.52**	**7,630.48**	**2,744.81**	**23,451.94**

As at March 31, 2023

Payments due by year	Carrying Amount	Undiscounted Amount				
		<1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	5-8 years	Total
Non-current						
Borrowings	5,008.31	-	-	-	8,871.42	8,871.42
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilites	4,750.00	-	-	4,750.00	-	4,750.00
Current						
Borrowings	5,994.11	5,994.11	-	-	-	5,994.11
Trade payables	5,055.68	5,055.68	-	-	-	5,055.68
Other financial liabilites	658.78	658.78	-	-	-	658.78
Total	**21,466.86**	**11,708.55**	**-**	**4,750.00**	**8,871.42**	**25,329.99**

The Company has access to the following funding facilities

As as March 31, 2024

Funding facility*	Total Facility	Drawn	Undrawn
Less than 1 year	2,550.74	1,978.42	572.32
Non-Funding facility			
Less than 1 year	3,000.00	2,024.67	975.33
Total	**5,550.74**	**4,003.09**	**1,547.65**

As as March 31, 2023

Funding facility*	Total Facility	Drawn	Undrawn
Less than 1 year	3,000.00	1,967.32	1,032.68
Non-Funding facility			
Less than 1 year	3,000.00	2,279.29	720.71
Total	**6,000.00**	**4,246.61**	**1,753.39**

***Interchangeability of Rs. 5.00 Crore from FBWC limit to NFB limit**

(d) Counterparty and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities like trade receivables, inter corporate advances, deposits with banks and other financial instruments etc.

45 Expenditure in foreign exchange

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Purchase of goods (expenditure)	14,131.86	16,317.46
Travelling (foreign)	-	0.92
Total	**14,131.86**	**16,318.38**

46 Earnings in foreign exchange

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Sales (export of goods)	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**

47 Related party disclosure

Names of related parties and related party relationship

Related Parties where control exists
Subsidiary Companies
Manorama Paper Mills Limited

Related Parties under Ind AS 24 with whom transactions have taken place during the year
Key Management Personnel
Amanbir Singh Sethi-Whole Time Director
Mohit Agarwal-Chief Finance Officer (w.e.f. 21.08.2023)
Ashwani Sharma-Chief Finance Officer (till 21.08.2023)
Balveer Singh-Director of Subsidiary company (till 25.01.2024)
Relative of Key Management Personnel
Priya Agarwal

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives
Aman Box Factory Private Limited
ATPAC Industries
Chadha Holdings Private Limited
Rado Enterprises Private Limited
Krecycling Private Limited
K Recycling INC
Harjas Enterprises Private Limited

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Related Party Disclosure Contd…

Transactions and outstanding balances with related parties

a. Sale / purchase of goods

	Year ended	Sales of goods	Purchase of goods
		`	`
Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives			
Aman Box Factory Private Limited	March 31, 2024	21.03	17.15
	March 31, 2023	159.88	21.68
ATPAC Industries	March 31, 2024	1,551.13	72.95
	March 31, 2023	2,312.63	122.62
K Recycling Inc	March 31, 2024	-	-
	March 31, 2023	1,043.26	134.54
Krecycling Private Limited	March 31, 2024	7,522.59	3,589.48
	March 31, 2023	5,379.17	9,710.74

b. Receivable / payable wrt sale / purchase of goods

	Year ended	Amount owed by related parties	Amount owed to related parties
		`	`
Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives			
Aman Box Factory Private Limited	March 31, 2024	3.31	-
	March 31, 2023	5.09	-
ATPAC Industries	March 31, 2024	-	214.44
	March 31, 2023	-	295.77
K Recycling Inc	March 31, 2024	0.88	-
	March 31, 2023	0.88	-
Krecycling Private Limited	March 31, 2024	717.46	-
	March 31, 2023	88.65	-

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

c. Loans or Advances given/accepted and repayment thereof

	Year ended	Advance given	Received back/(Impaired)	As at Dr./(Cr.)
Loan given to Subsidiary Companies				
Manorama Paper Mills Limited	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	-	10.11	-
Advance for investment				
Chadha Holdings Private Limited	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	4,050.00	4,050.00	-

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

	Year ended	(Repayment)	(Interest Expense)/ Income	As at Dr./(Cr.)
Non- Current Borrowings				
Prefernce Share Capital				
Chadha Holdings Private Limited (Redeemable preference share capital)-at amortised cost	March 31, 2024	3,250.00	(1,661.30)	(3,419.61)
	March 31, 2023	-	(434.51)	(5,008.31)
Chadha Holdings Private Limited	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	(106.45)	(4.27)	-
Current borrowings				
Rado Enterprises Private Limited-At amortised cost	March 31, 2024	-	-	(155.80)
	March 31, 2023	(124.20)	(46.48)	(155.80)
Harjas Enterprises Private Limited-At amortised cost	March 31, 2024	-	-	(710.00)
	March 31, 2023	-	(117.85)	(710.00)
Balveer Singh	March 31, 2024	-	-	(1.13)
	March 31, 2023	-	-	(1.13)
ATPAC Industries-At amortised Cost	March 31, 2024	-	-	-
	March 31, 2023	(500.00)	(116.03)	-

d. Transactions with key management personnel / relatives of key management personnel

	Year ended	Reimbusement of expenses	Remuneration paid	Remuneration payable
Whole time director	March 31, 2024	-	120.00	5.90
	March 31, 2023	-	120.00	5.46
Chief financial Officer	March 31, 2024	3.79	7.55	0.75
	March 31, 2023	-	12.00	1.00
Company Secretary	March 31, 2024	-	6.75	0.65
	March 31, 2023	-	6.01	0.55
Relative of Chief financial Officer	March 31, 2024	-	9.95	1.13
	March 31, 2023	-	-	-

48 Auditor's Remuneration*	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023
Payment to statutory auditors		
-Audit fees (C.Y. includes Rs. 0.50 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	3.35
-Limited review (C.Y. includes Rs. 1 Lakh for F.Y. 22-23)	4.00	2.00
Payment to other auditors		
-Tax audit fee	1.50	1.50
-Cost audit fee	0.60	0.60
-Internal audit fee	7.20	7.20
Total	**17.30**	**14.65**

*Excluding taxes

49 Contingent Liabilities

(a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023
(i) The company had placed an order for purchase of some machinery with M/s Hindustan Door Oliver Ltd against which it had given them advance for Rs. 46 lakhs. However dispute arose as the company refused to take delivery of the material on the ground that it did not meet the required specifications. Consequently in the year 1999, M/s Hindustan Door Oliver Ltd filed a compensation claim of Rs. 1 crore in the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. The company challenged the contention of M/s Hindustan Door Oliver Ltd as also the jurisdiction of Hon'ble Bombay High Court in the matter. The matter was subsequently transferred to the court of Hon'ble Court of ADJ, Saket, New Delhi.	100.00	100.00
(ii) The company had been procuring Imported Waste paper from M/s VIPA Lausanne SA. During the year 2009, one of the consignments shipped by M/s Vipa Lausanne SA to the company was sold to some third party by M/s VIPA Lausanne SA. However later it started claiming demurrage charges from the company and filed a winding up petition of the company u/s 433 and 434 of Companies Act, 1956 before the Hon'ble Allahabad High Court. The matter was disputed by the company before the Hon'ble High Court on the ground that the company is not liable to pay any demurrage charges and also the fact that M/s VIPA Lausanne SA being a company registered outside India can not file the suit in India against the company registered in India.	200.00	200.00
(iii) During the year 2007 the company had purchased some boiler material from M/s Balaji Minerals. The material was rejected as it was not as per the specification given by the company. Against this M/s Balaji Minerals filed a suit in the Hon'ble ADJ Court Jaipur in the year 2010. The case is pending till date.	0.60	0.60
(iv) During the year 2007 the company had purchased some boiler material from M/s Satyam Minerals. The material was rejected as it was not as per the specification given by the company. Against this M/s Satyam Minerals filed a suit in the Hon'ble ADJ Court Jaipur in the year 2010. The case is pending till date.	0.76	0.76
(v) During the year2009 the company had purchased Hydro-SF Chemical from M/s Transpek Silox Industry Ltd. However, the material was rejected on it being not as per the specification given by the company. Against this M/s Transpek Silox Industry Ltd file a suit in the Hon'ble CJ (SD) Court Vadodara in the year 2010. The case is still pending.	9.58	9.58
(vi) The company had purchased some material from M/s Jyoti Metal. However the material was having some defects and the company raised debit notes for that. Against this M/s Jyoti Metal has filed a suit before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for the recovery of Rs. 9.77 Lacs. The Hon'ble High Court ordered the Company to deposit Rs. 2.66 Lacs and transferred the matter to District court. The Company filed an application before the H'able High Court against the execution order. Both our application in Hon'ble High Court and main suit in District court are pending.	9.77	9.77

These claims are in respect of various cases filed by the customers and employees. The legal proceedings are on-going and therefore, it is not practicable to state the timing of any payments. The management is of the opinion that it is possible, but not probable, that the action will succeed and accordingly no provision for any liability has been made in these financial statements.

(vii) During the year the directors of subsidiary company resigned without informing the holding company's management and did not handed over the company's documents and information properly. Resultantly, In absence of any information the holding company is not aware any pending litigation, if any.

50 Export obligation are as under:

a.) EPCG License no. 2930000511 and License Dated 08.01.2019

Duty saved on import of capital goods under EPCG Scheme pending fulfillment of export obligation is amounting to Rs. 396.18 lacs. The Management is of the view that considering the past export performance and future prospects there is certainty that pending export obligation under EPCG Scheme, will be fulfilled before expiry of six years (50% export obligation will be fulfilled in first to fourth year (first block) and balance 50% in fifth to sixth year (second block). Out of the said obligation amounting to Rs. 396.18 lacs the company has fulfilled 50% export obligation in F.Y. 2020-2021 hence the balance export obligation is amounting to Rs. 198.09 lacs (Rs. 396.18 lacs*50%) as on 31.03.2021 which will be fulfulfilled in fifth to sixth year (from the date of license).

b.) EPCG License no. 2930000505 and License Dated 06.11.2018

Duty saved on import of capital goods under EPCG Scheme pending fulfillment of export obligation is amounting to Rs. 2,294.55 lacs. The Management is of the view that considering the past export performance and future prospects there is certainty that pending export obligation under EPCG Scheme, will be fulfilled before expiry of six years (50% export obligation will be fulfilled in first to fourth year (first block) and balance 50% in fifth to sixth year (second block). Out of the said obligation amounting to Rs. 2,294.55 lacs the company has fulfilled 50% export obligation in F.Y. 2020-2021 hence the balance export obligation is amounting to Rs.1,147.27 lacs (Rs. 2,294.55 lacs*50%) as on 31.03.2021 which will be fulfulfilled in fifth to sixth year (from the date of license).

51 Bank Guarantee given by the company as follows:

Party Name	Amount	Name of the Bank
Northern Coalfields Ltd	61.00	State Bank Of India
UP Pollution Board	10.00	State Bank Of India
Northern Coalfields Ltd	81.00	State Bank Of India
The President Of India (Ass./Deputy Comm. Of Customs	2.02	State Bank Of India
Northern Coalfields Ltd	29.28	State Bank Of India
Director Ms Bureau Of Textbook	293.33	State Bank Of India
Secretary Ncert Ministry Of Education	391.50	State Bank Of India
Total	**868.13**	

52 Letter of Credit **(US$ in Lakhs)**

Particulars	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023
Letter of Credit	**5.61**	**5.25**
Total	**5.61**	**5.25**

53 The following demands are outstanding against the company on Income tax portal which are under correction and deletion:

Financial Year	Short Payment	Short Deduction	Interest & Late fees	Total Default
2023-24	-	1.10	0.07	1.17
2022-23	-	-	0.52	0.52
2021-22	0.09	0.22	0.10	0.41
2020-21	0.11	0.09	0.01	0.21
Prior years	5.14	3.97	6.07	15.18
Total	**5.34**	**5.39**	**6.77**	**17.49**

54 The Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) ACT, 2006

Based on the information available, there are certain vendors who have confirmed that they are covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Disclosures relating to dues of Micro and Small Enterprises under section 22 of 'The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, are given below:

		March 31, 2024 Rs.	March 31, 2023 Rs.
a)	Principal amount and Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier	812.34	1,160.47
b)	Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED Act along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year.	0.60	3.08
c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act	Nil	Nil
d)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid	0.60	3.08
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of this Act.	Nil	Nil

55 Provision of Current year Tax has been made in accordance the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019, inserted Section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961, which provides domestic companies an option to pay income tax at reduced rate effective 1st April, 2019, subject to certain conditions. Consequently, the tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2023 have been measured at reduced tax rate.

56 Financial ratio analysis

S.No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	Variance	Reason of Variance
i	**Current Ratio** (Current Assets/Current Liabilities) (in times)	1.17	1.21	(3.76)	Refer Note 1
ii	**Debt-Equity Ratio** Debt [Debt is Long Term Borrowing (current and noncurrent portion), Short Term Borrowing]/ Total Shareholder's Equity]	1.59	5.08	(68.72)	Refer Note 6
iii	**Debt Service Coverage Ratio** (Earnings available for debt services / Total interest and principal repayments) (in times)	0.80	1.26	(36.93)	Refer Note 7
iv	**Return on Equity Ratio** Net profit after tax /Average Shareholder’s Equity	0.92	-	0.00%	Refer Note 2
v	**Inventory turnover ratio** Revenue From Operations/Average Inventory (in times)	6.55	9.82	(33.30)	Refer Note 3
vi	**Trade Receivables turnover ratio** Revenue from operations/Average trade receivables (in times)	12.77	16.04	(20.41)	Refer Note 1
vii	**Trade payables turnover ratio** (Cost of material consumed+Employee benefit)/Average trade payables (in times)	7.66	8.54	(10.26)	Refer Note 1
viii	**Net capital turnover ratio** Revenue/ Average Working Capital (in times)	22.90	459.92	(95.02)	Refer Note 4
ix	**Net profit margin** Net profit after tax/Revenue (in %)	6.04%	8.73%	-30.83%	Refer Note 5
x	**Return on Capital employed** Earnings before interest and taxes(EBIT)/Capital Employed (in %)	25.25%	36.18%	-30.20%	Refer Note 5
xi	**Retrun on investments** (Income Generated from investment/Investments) (in %)	4.32%	4.12%	4.96%	Refer Note 1

1. Reason of variance is given only where % change is more than 25%.
2. Since Average Shareholder’s Equity was negative last year hence ratio and variance not calculated.
3. Sales are slowing down relative to its inventory levels.
4. The company is generating less revenue per unit of capital employed compared to a previous period.
5. Sales are slowing down.
6. Decrease in debt during the year as company has redeem preference shares.
7. Company’s net operating income falls due to lower revenues.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

57 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled. The new requirement is applicable with effect from the financial year beginning on April 01, 2023.

The Company, in respect of financial year commencing on April 01, 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction posted into the accounting software, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made, in respect of those posted transactions in the books of accounts and such feature in the accounting software cannot be disabled. However, the audit trail (edit logs) feature for any changes made directly at the database level was not enabled for the accounting software.

The Company is evaluating the implementation of audit log feature for recording of edit logs at database level for the accounting software used for maintenance of books of accounts.

Additional disclosure / Regulatory Information as required by Notification no. GSR 207(E)dated 24.03.2021

58 Trade Receivables ageing schedule

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars		Unbilled revenue	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
			Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	4,979.34	4.85	-	-	-	4,984.19
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	0.88	246.02	246.90
	c) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii)	Disputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	c) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Less: Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	(0.88)	(246.02)	(246.90)
Total		**-**	**4,979.34**	**4.85**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**4,984.19**

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars		Unbilled revenue	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
			Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	4,104.85	378.92	0.35	0.75	77.10	4,561.96
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	239.58	239.58
	c) Credit Impaired		-	-		-	-	-
(ii)	Disputed Trade Receivables							
	a) Considered good	-	-	-		-	-	-
	b) Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	c) Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Less: Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	(239.58)	(239.58)
Total		**-**	**4,104.85**	**378.92**	**0.35**	**0.75**	**77.10**	**4,561.96**

Where due date of payment is not available date of transaction has been considered

59 Disclosure in respect of Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure

Particulars		As at 31 Mar'2024	As at 31 Mar'2023
(i)	Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	52.11	-
(ii)	Amount of expenditure incurred	60.02	-
(iii)	Shortfall/(Exces) at the end of the year	(7.91)	-
(iv)	Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(v)	Spent against last year shortfall	-	-
(vi)	Total shortfall	-	-
(vii)	Reason for shortfall	N.A.	N.A.
(viii)	Nature of CSR activities		N.A.
	a) Skill development program in rural or remote areas	15.00	-
	b) for education to needy students	7.51	-
	c) for installation of solar street light in the premises of child care institute.	7.51	-
	d) Promoting healthcare	30.00	-
(ix)	Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Indian Accounting Standard	N.A.	N.A.
(x)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision	N.A.	N.A.

60 Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Profit or Loss on transactions involving Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency	No Such Transaction during the year	No Such Transaction during the year
Amount of currency held as at the reporting date		
Deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in Crypto Currency / Virtual Currency		

61 Undisclosed Income
There is no such income which has not been disclosed in the books of accounts. No such income is surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961.

62 Details in respect of utilization of Borrowed funds and share premium shall be provided in respect of :

Particulars	Description
Transactions where an entity has provided any advance, loan or invested funds to any other person (s) or entities, including foreign entities.	No Such transaction has taken place during the year
Transactions where an entity has received any fund from any person (s) or entity / entities, including foreign entity.	No Such transaction has taken place during the year

63 The title deeds of all immovable property are held in the name of the Company except lease hold land.

64 The Company does not have any Investment property and hence, revaluation is not applicable..

65 The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including Right to Use Assets) in this financial year.

66 The Company has not revalued its Intangible assets.

67 **Loan or advances granted to the promoters, directors and KMPs and the related parties:**
No Loan or advances in the nature of loans have been granted to the promoters, directors, key managerial persons and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person that are:
(a) repayable on demand or
(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

68 **Disclosure in respect of Capital Work In Progress including Intangible Assets under Development**

Particulars	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
Building	NA	NA
Legal Fees		
Other Expenses		
Borrowing cost - Interest		

69 **CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2024**

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a year ended on 31st March 2024				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project in progress	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Projects temporarily suspended	NA	NA	NA	NA	-

For CWIP, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, CWIP completion schedule is given below

CWIP	To be completed in				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project-1	NA	NA	NA	NA	

CWIP ageing schedule as at 31.03.2023

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a year ended on 31st March 2023				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project in progress	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Projects temporarily suspended	NA	NA	NA	NA	-

For CWIP, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, CWIP completion schedule is given below

CWIP	To be completed in				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project-1	NA	NA	NA	NA	

70 There are no intangible assets under development.

71 **Disclosure in respect of Benami Property Held**
No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

72 Disclosure in case the Company has borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets

Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions are materially in agreement with the books of accounts.

73 Willful Defaulter

The Company does not have any borrowings from banks or financial institutions and no Bank or financial institution has declared the company as "willful defaulter".

74 Relationship and balances with Struck off Companies:

There are no transaction with the companies whose name struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended 31 March 2024 and the year ended 31 March 2023.

75 Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies:

All applicable cases where registration of charges or satisfaction is required with Registrar of Companies. have been done, except the following:

Name of Lender	Amount In lakhs	Period	Location of the registrar	Reason of registration of charges not created
HDFC Bank Limited- Vehicle Loan	16.50	2023-2024	ROC- Kanpur	Registration of charges not created inadvertently.
HDFC Bank Limited- Vehicle Loan	7.24	2023-2024	ROC- Kanpur	Registration of charges not created inadvertently.
ICICI Bank Limited-Vehicle Loan	27.00	2023-2024	ROC- Kanpur	Registration of charges not created inadvertently.

76 Compliance with number of layers of Companies

No layers of companies has been established beyond the limit prescribed as per above said section / rules.

77 Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

No scheme of arrangements has been approved by the competent authority in terms of Section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

78 Ageing schedules of Trade payables

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following years from due date of payment/date of transaction					Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Non- current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	812.93	-	-	-	**812.93**
b) Others	42.47	5,653.69	-	0.05	21.45	**5,717.66**
(ii) Disputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**42.47**	**6,466.62**	**-**	**0.05**	**21.45**	**6,530.59**

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following years from due date of payment/date of					Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Non- current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises						
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current						
(i) Undisputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	1,163.55	-	-	-	**1,163.55**
b) Others	632.38	3,225.21	13.09	-	21.45	**3,892.13**
(ii) Disputed Trade Payables						
a) micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**632.38**	**4,388.76**	**13.09**	**-**	**21.45**	**5,055.68**

79 Figures for the previous year have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary.

80 The company has only one wholly-owned non-material subsidiary company. During the year ended 31.03.2024, the subsidiary company did not have any operations. Therefore, the financial information of subsidiary Co included in the consolidated financial statements is based on its financial position as of 31.03.2023. The management is of the opinion that the assets of subsidiary company are not recoverable/realizable, and hence, provision of Rs. 48.63 lakhs is made as on 31.03.2024 in the consolidated financial statements for impairment of such assets. The use of the previous year's financial information does not have any material impact on the financial position or financial performance of the consolidated entity.

For D H A N A & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN 510525C

For and on behalf of the Board of directors
of Chadha Papers Limited

SD/-
Arun Khandelia
Partner
Membership No.089125

SD/-
Amanbir Singh Sethi
Whole Time Director
(DIN-01015203)
Add: CTC 061 The crest Park Drive DLF5, Gurugram,Haryana- 122001

SD/-
Sanmeet Singh
Director
(DIN-01139468)
Add: Malla,Gorakhpur, Haldwani, Uttrakhand- 263139

SD/-
Mohit Agarwal
Chief Finance Officer
PAN- AGGPA7327L
Add: Mandi Bans, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh-244001

SD/-
Anil Lohani
AGM-Accounts
(PAN- ACFPL9732R)
Add: Sai Vihar Phase 5 Rudrapur Uttarakhand- 263153

SD/-
Deepak Rastogi
Company Secretary
M. No. F9502
Add: B-310, Block B, Sector 20 Noida- 201301

Place : Delhi
Date : 30 May 2024

1 Corporate Information

Chadha Papers Limited "the Company" is a Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India and having its registered office at Chadha Estate, Nainital Road, Tehsil Bilaspur - 244921, Distt. Rampur (UP). The Company is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and supply of paper. These are Company's consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 30, 2024.

1.1 Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with and in compliance, in all material aspects, with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read along with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using historical cost convention and on an accrual method of accounting, except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value/amortised cost.

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also its functional currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes are presented in Lakhs Indian Rupees and have been rounded-off to two decimal place in accordance with the provisions of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Basis of classification of Current and non-current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.
An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:
- it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle.
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:
- it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non current only.

Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

1.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relates to M/s. Chadha Papers Limited (Holding Company) and its Subsidiary Company (Subsidiary). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

(i). The financial statements of the holding companyand its subsidaries have been combiled on a line by line basis by adding together the book value of the like item of asset, liabilities, income and expenditure, after fully eliminating intra group balances and intra group transactions in accordance with IND AS -110- 'Consolidated Financial Statements'.

(ii). The difference between the cost of investments in the subsidiaries and joint ventures and the Group's share of net assets at the time of acquisitionof shares in the subsidiaries and joint ventures is recognised in the financial statements as Goodwill or Capital Reserve as the case may be.

(iii). Goodwill arising on consolidation is not amortised but tested for impairment, in any.

(iv). Minority's interest in the net assets of the consolidated subsidiaries consists of:
(a). The amount of equity attributable to minority at the date on which investment in a subsidiary is made;
(b). The minority share of movements in equity since the date the parent subsidiary relationship came into existence;
(c). Minority' share of net profit for the year of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and adjusted against the profit after tax of the group.

(v). The consolidated Financial statements have been prepare using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as the parent Company' separate financial statements.

(vi). The detail of entities which are included in the consolidated and the holding company's holding therein are as under as on March 31, 2024:

Manorama Paper Mills Limited	India	Subsidiary	99.92%

2 Summary of Material accounting policies

2.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant & equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition / construction, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition, construction and production of property, plant and equipment which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready for intended use.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, Plant and Equipment are subsequently measured at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any .

Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis on the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset	Useful lives estimated by the management (years)
Factory buildings	30 years
Other than factory buildings	60 years
Plant & equipments and Air conditioning plant	3 years -25 years
Electric installations	3 years -10 years
Office equipments	3 years -10 years
Computers and peripherals	3 years -6 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	8 years -10 years

The above lives are equal to those indicated under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

No depreciation is charged on Freehold land since they have an infinite life.

Cost of leasehold improvements is amortized over the lease period.

2.2 Capital-work-in-progress

Assets in the course of construction are capitalized in capital work in progress account. At the point when an asset is capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the cost of construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment. Costs (net of income) associated with the commissioning of an asset are capitalised until the period of commissioning has been completed and the asset is ready for its intended use.

2.3 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.
Costs relating to software, software licenses and website development, which are acquired, are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of four years or actual period of license, whichever is lower.

Softwares are amortised over a period of useful lives from the date of purchase/ date of completion of development and put to use (3 years to 4 years), being the estimated useful life as per the management estimate or license term whichever is less.

Losses arising from the retirement of, and gains and losses arising from the disposal of intangible assets which are carried at cost are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.4 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:
- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.
The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

2.6 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Financial Assets - Recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(a) Financial assets at amortized cost

A 'Financial assets' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:
a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss.

(b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A 'Financial assets' is classified as FVOCI if both of the following criteria are met:
a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Financial assets included within the FVOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit or loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

(c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for Financial assets. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.
In addition, the Company may elect to designate a financial assets, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes being recognized in profit or loss.

Trade receivables

With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company initially measures financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, net of transaction costs. Trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price determined under Ind AS 115.
In respect of trade receivables, the company applies the simplified approach of IND AS 109 "Financial Instruments", which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Investment in equity instruments of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.

Investment in equity instruments of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less accumulated impairement, if any.

Investment in other equity instruments.

Investment in equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL'). For all other equity instruments, the company makes an irrevocable choice upon initial recognition, on an instrument by instrument basis, to classify the same as fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL'). Amount presented in other comprehensive income are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss.

(ii) Financial Assets - derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets:

(a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities and deposits

(b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVOCI

(c) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115.

For trade receivables only, the company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

At each reporting date, for recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit or loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

(a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet.
Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
(b) Debt instruments measured at FVOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

The Company does not have any purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, i.e., financial assets which are credit impaired on purchase/ origination.

(iv) Financial liabilities – Initial recognition & measurement
Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans, borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.
The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.
The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

(b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Loans & Borrowings)
After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

(c) Trade and other payables
A payable is classified as 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(v) Financial liabilities - Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(vi) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of any entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vii) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.7 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantees issued by the Company on behalf of group companies are designated as 'Insurance Contracts'. The Company assess at the end of each reporting period whether its recognised insurance liabilities (if any) are adequate, using current estimates of future cash flows under its insurance contracts. If that assessment shows that the carrying amount of its insurance liabilities is inadequate in the light of the estimated future cash flows, the entire deficiency is recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is considered as a prepayment and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the statement of profit or loss as other gains/ (losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for atleast 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a long term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the company does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of breach.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deduc ted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

2.9 Investment Properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, Components and Stores and Spares	Lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on FIFO/ weighted average basis. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost.
Traded Goods	Lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on FIFO/ weighted average basis.
Work-in-progress and Finished Goods	Lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials, labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity of relevant production facility.

Cost comprises cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other cost incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary to make sale.

2.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts, volume rebates, outgoing sales taxes and other indirect taxes excluding excise duty.

However, Goods & Services Tax (GST) is not received by the Company on its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised, when control of goods being sold is transferred to customer and where there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations. The performance obligations in contracts are considered as fulfilled in accordance with the terms agreed with the respective customers.

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured on transaction price excluding estimates of variable consideration that is allocate to performance obligations. Sales as disclosed, are exclusive of Goods and Services Tax.

The company considers the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods to a customer, excluding amount collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes collected on behalf of government). The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed consideration, variable consideration (if reversal is less likely in future), or both.

Interest

Interest income from debt instruments is recognized using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividends

Dividend income is recognised in the statement of profit and loss only when the right to receive payment is established, provided it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

2.12 Foreign Currency Transactions

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates that approximates the rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies are translated into the functional currency at exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies and measured at historical cost or fair value are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates on which such values were determined.

All exchange differences are included in profit or loss except any exchange differences on monetary items designated as an effective hedging instrument of the currency risk of designated forecasted sales or purchases, which are recognized in the other comprehensive income.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on restatement of monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in the previous financial statements are recognized as incomes or expense in the year in which they arise.

2.13 Income taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

• When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss

• In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

• When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
• In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.
Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. Acquired deferred tax benefits recognised within the measurement period reduce goodwill related to that acquisition if they result from new information obtained about facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date. If the carrying amount of goodwill is zero, any remaining deferred tax benefits are recognised in OCI/ capital reserve depending on the principle explained for bargain purchase gains. All other acquired tax benefits realised are recognised in profit or loss.

Sales/ value added taxes paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses
Expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales/ value added taxes paid, except:
• When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.
• When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included.

The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

2.14 Retirements and other employee benefits

Defined benefit plans

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the service rendered by employees are recognised during the period when the employee renders the services.

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation.
The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.
Re-measurements comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

• Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
• Net interest expense or income

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the statement of profit or loss and are not deferred.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

• The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
• The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

2.15 Leases

Determining whether an arrangement contains lease
At inception of an arrangement, the Company determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Where the Company is lessee

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Company is classified as a finance lease.

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. Unless the payments are structured to increase in line with general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase.

Where the Company is lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

2.16 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term money market deposits with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

2.18 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions represent liabilities for which the amount or timing is uncertain. Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources, that can be reliably estimated, will be required to settle such an obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Unwinding of the discount is recognized in profit or loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.19 Government grants and subsidies

Grants and subsidies from the government are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grant/subsidy will be received and all the conditions attached to such grants will be complied with.

When the grant or subsidy relates to revenue, it is recognized as income on a systematic basis in the statement of profit and loss over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs, which they are intended to compensate. Where the grant or subsidy relates to an asset, its value is deducted in arriving at the carrying amount of the related asset.

Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset and presented within other income.

When the Company receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at fair value amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life in a pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset.

When loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions, with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favorable interest is regarded as a government grant. The loan or assistance is initially recognised and measured at fair value and the government grant is measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan and the proceeds received. The loan is subsequently measured as per the accounting policy applicable to financial liabilities.

There is no government grant during the year.

2.20 Segment reporting

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker for assessing the Company's performance and allocating the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

The Company is mainly engaged in the business of providingmainly engaged in the business of manufacturing and supply of paper which constitute a single business segment. These activities are conducted only in one geographic segment viz India. Therefore, the disclosure requirements of the Ind AS 108 "Segment Reporting" are not applicable.

2.21 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are included in the accounting policies and/or notes:

Valuation of Interest free/ below market rate Loans/Redeemable Preference Shares

Interest free loan/below market rate loans taken have been fair valued on transition at the applicable market rate of interest. The same is subsequently measured at amortised cost. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgements is required in establishing fair values especially with regard to expected repayment dates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported value of equity and amortised cost of borrowings.

Significant Estimates

(i) Useful economic lives and impairment of other assets

Property, plant and equipment as disclosed in note 3 are depreciated over their useful economic lives. Management reviews the useful economic lives at least once a year and any changes could affect the depreciation rates prospectively and hence the asset carrying values. The Company also reviews its property, plant and equipment, for possible impairment if there are events or changes in circumstances that indicate that carrying values of the assets may not be recoverable. In assessing the property, plant and equipment for impairment, factors leading to significant reduction in profits such as changes in commodity prices, the Company's business plans and changes in regulatory environment are taken into consideration.

(ii) Deferred tax Assets/Liabilities

The Company has estimated certain business projections based on which it has recognised deferred tax assets/liabilities in these financial statements.

FORM NO. MGT.11 – PROXY FORM
[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN: **L21012UP1990PLC011878**
Name of the company: **CHADHA PAPERS LIMITED**
Registered office: **CHADHA ESTATE, NAINITAL ROAD, BILASPUR, RAMPUR, UTTAR PRADESH – 244921,INDIA**

Name of the member (s):
Registered address:
E-mail Id:
Folio No/ Client Id:
DP ID:
I/We, being the member(s) of ……… shares of the above named company, hereby appoint
1. Name:
Address:
E-mail Id:
Signature: …………., or failing him
2. Name:
Address:
E-mail Id:
Signature: …………., or failing him
3. Name:
Address:
E-mail Id:
Signature: ………….
as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Monday, 30th day of September, 2024 at 02:30 P.M. at the Registered Office of the Company at Chadha Estate, Nainital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh – 244921, India and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Ordinary Resolution:

1. To receive, consider and adopt:
(i) The Audited Financial Statements (Standalone) of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon; (Ordinary Resolution).
(ii) The Audited Financial Statements (Consolidated) of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024, together with the Reports Auditors thereon; (Ordinary Resolution).

Special Business:

2. To ratify the remuneration of Cost Auditor for the financial Year 2024-25; (Ordinary Resolution).
3. To approve Related party Transaction with M/s Amanbox Factory Private Limited. (Ordinary Resolution).
4. To approve Related Party Transaction with M/s ATPAC Industries. (Ordinary Resolution).

5. To approve Related Party Transaction with K Recycling Private Limited. (Ordinary Resolution).
6. To approve Related Party Transaction with K Paper Techh Private Limited. (Ordinary Resolution).
7. To approve Related Party Transaction with Wave Distilleries And Breweries Limited. (Ordinary Resolution).

Affix Revenue Stamp

Signed this …………. day of …… 2024

Signature of shareholder
Signature of Proxy holder(s)

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

ATTENDANCE SLIP

Registered Folio No./Client ID	
Name and Address of the Shareholder(s): No. of Shares:	

1. I hereby record my presence at the 34th Annual General Meeting of the company held on Monday, the 30th day of September, 2024 at 02:30 P.M. at the Registered Office of the Company at Chadha Estate, Nainital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh – 244921, India.

2. Signature of the Member / Proxy Present: ....

3. Member / Proxy Holder wishing to attend the meeting must bring the duly signedAttendance Slip to the meeting.

4. Member/Proxy holder attending the Meeting should bring copy of the Annual Report for reference at the Meeting.

5. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

Note: Please follow the e-voting instructions mentioned in the Notice of 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The route map for the venue of the Meeting