

#### **S Chand And Company Limited**

Registered Office: A-27. 2nd Floor, Mohan Co-Operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi - 110044. India. P:+91 11 4973 1800 | F:+91 11 4973 1801 | E:info@schandgroup.com | www.schandgroup.com

Date: August 23, 2024

Com

То	То
Listing Department	Listing Department,
BSE Limited	National Stock Exchange of India Limited
25th Floor, P J Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai,	Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla
Maharashtra 400001	Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai, Maharashtra
	400051

Dear Sir,

Re: Submission of Annual Report for the financial year 2023-24 along with the Notice of 53<sup>rd</sup>

Annual General Meeting of the Company pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations")

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the Listing Regulations, the Annual Report for the financial year 2023-24 along with the notice of 53<sup>rd</sup> Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company is enclosed herewith. These documents are also available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/#annual-report">www.schandgroup.com/investors/#annual-report</a> and on the website of Link Intime India Private Limited <a href="https://instavote.linkintime.co.in.">https://instavote.linkintime.co.in.</a>

Key Details with respect to AGM are as under:

- i) The AGM will be held on Friday, September 20, 2024 at 11:30 A.M. through video conferencing in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and Ministry of Corporate Affairs General Circulars No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, No. 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021, No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022, No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 and 09/2023 dated September 25, 2023 ("MCA Circulars");
- ii) In compliance of the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, May 13, 2022, January 05, 2023 and October 07, 2023, the Annual Report along with Notice of the AGM is being circulated to the shareholders of the Company through electronic mode;
- Pursuant to section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations, as amended, the Company is pleased to provide its Members the facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the AGM by remote e-voting or through an electronic voting system during the AGM;
- iv) The cut-off date for determining the eligibility of the members to vote through remote e-voting or through an electronic voting system during the AGM is Friday, September 13, 2024;

- v) The Company has appointed Link Intime India Private Limited ("Link Intime") for the purpose of providing remote e-voting facility to the members prior to the AGM and e-voting facility during the AGM. The remote e-voting facility shall commence at 9:00 a.m. on Monday, September 16, 2024 and will end at 5:00 p.m. on Thursday, September 19, 2024. During this period the members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by Link Intime for voting thereafter; and
- vi) The Company has appointed Mr. R.S. Bhatia, Company Secretary in Practice as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

Request you to kindly take note of the above.

Thanking You,
For S Chand And Company Limited

Jagdeep Singh
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
Membership No.: A15028
A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor,
Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,
New Delhi-110044

Encl: as above





# Sustained Efforts. Sustainable Growth.

Annual Report 2023-24

## Stories inside...



02

**Company Overview** 

Chairman's Message

**Managing Director's** Message

**Performance Highlights** 

10

**Industry Context** 

**Strategy** 

**Digital Offerings** 

14

**Marketing Initiatives** Investee Companies

16

18

**Board of Directors** 

20

**Corporate Information** 

**Statutory Reports** 

21 Board's Report

77 Management Discussion and Analysis 87

**Financial Statements** 

88 Standalone Financial Statements

**183** Consolidated Financial Statements



To download this report online & to know more about us, please visit:

www.schandgroup.com

**Notice** 

At S Chand, with renewed vigor, we have ushered in a new era of sustainable cash flows, profitability and growth. Our remarkable performance over the past three years underscores our relentless efforts and unwavering commitment to operational excellence. Our dedication to

# **"S Chand 3.0"**has empowered us

to navigate challenges, embrace innovations, and foster a culture of sustainable progress. Each step forward has brought us closer to our goals, reinforcing our commitment to providing relevant educational content.

FY 2023-24 is a milestone year, featuring the best working capital metrics and net debt-free status in the Company's history. We have achieved the highest operating cash flows, operating revenues, gross margins, and EBITDA margins. Our ability to adapt and evolve has been central to this success, propelling us to greater heights.

As we move forward, we remain focused on sustaining this momentum and fortifying our financial position. Our collaborative efforts will enable us to elevate our profitability and growth, delivering enduring value to all stakeholders. Through innovative product offerings, market expansion, operational efficiency improvements, and digital transformation, we are poised for continued success and exceptional value creation in the coming years.





#### **COMPANY OVERVIEW**

### **About S Chand and Company**

S Chand and Company is amongst India's leading education content providers, boasting over eight decades of profound expertise and experience. Renowned for delivering top-notch educational materials, we offer a wide range of products and services across Early Learning, K-12, Higher Education, Competitive Examinations, and digital platforms. Our portfolio features over 11,000 titles, including competitive exams, reference books, school and higher academic books.

Our extensive distribution network, comprising over 3,000 distributors and channel partners, ensures deep market penetration. Additionally, we export print content to over 20 countries and digital content to five countries across SAARC, South Asia, the Middle East, Africa, and beyond.



We have a strong presence in CBSE/ICSE and state board schools nationwide. We excel in fostering lasting customer relationships through quality content and innovation. We are committed to enhancing our digital offerings, aiming to lead in hybrid learning solutions for schools, higher education institutions, professional colleges, and vocational training centers.





#### Bringing people and knowledge together is our mission.

The means of education have changed over the years; the end has remained the same – Empowered minds, which can evolve, sustain, empower and fulfill the ever changing needs of society.

The Group is driven by the vision and mission of being "a knowledge corporation" and move forward in the publishing domain both print & digital. The Group is racing ahead with a mission of pioneering innovative publications in school segment, higher education, management, engineering and vocational education.

The Group aims at nurturing people at all levels by facilitating their growth and needs as it thoroughly believes that people are the greatest strength of any organization. It also aims to be transparent in its vision, objectives, working and looks forward to honesty, integrity and commitment. Expects and trains its people to take ownership of the responsibilities entrusted. This applies to professional commitment, promoting the culture of the organization and achieving organizational goals.

Annual Report 2023-24



Financial Statements

### ₹ 6,626 million

Highest operating revenue in 5 years

### ₹ 1,098 million

**Highest EBITDA in 5 years** 

66%

Highest gross margins in 5 years

### ₹ 1,211 million

Highest-ever operating cash flows

## 157 days

Lowest working capital days in 5 years

### Net debt-free

as of March 31, 2024

### ₹ 511 million

**PAT** 



### Chairman's Message



#### DEAR SHAREHOLDERS.

FY 2023-24 has been a milestone year for S Chand on many fronts. I am pleased to share with you the remarkable progress we've made over the year. Our unrelenting focus on S Chand 3.0 and financial discipline has propelled us to new heights, and I am excited to discuss our key accomplishments and future opportunities. Thank you for your continued trust and support as we embark on this journey of sustained growth and success.

We recorded the highest operating revenues in five years, marking a 9% YoY increase to ₹ 6,626 million. Our EBITDA and EBITDA margin also reached their highest levels in five years, showing a 14% YoY growth to ₹ 1,098 million. Our operating income surged to ₹ 484 million, an impressive 65% increase compared to the previous year. We are delighted to announce an annual dividend of ₹ 3 per share for FY 2023-24.

Additionally, we achieved the highest operating cash flows in the company's history, amounting to ₹ 1,211 million.

Our greatest achievement has been the significant improvement in our working capital metrics, which are now at historic lows. This has allowed us to free up significant cash, enabling us to become net debt-free at the end of the year with a net cash balance of  $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 600$  million. Our commitment is to sustain this positive momentum and enhance our financial position over the long term.

Our legacy spanning over eight decades, combined with the expertise of our experienced team, has been pivotal in maintaining our market position.

Throughout the years, we have witnessed dynamic changes within the education sector. Yet, our commitment to innovation and operational excellence has remained resolute.

The year witnessed the landmark announcement of the National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) in August 2023, after an 18-year gap. We see it as a catalyst for change and aim to seize this opportunity over the next 2-3 years. However, despite the announcement, the impact on the Revenues of FY 2023-24 was minimal, as NCERT did not release

**Corporate Overview** 

Our strategic partnerships have allowed us to expand our offerings, tailored to evolving customer preferences. We have successfully launched books aligned with the new curriculum and are planning to release a comprehensive range of updated syllabus books in FY 2024-25. This proactive approach will enable us to enter the FY 2024-25 sales season with a larger repository of new syllabus books for our target audience. We expect FY 2024-25 and FY 2025-26 to see maximum adoption of new syllabus books in schools, driving our growth trajectory.

In the higher education and test prep segment, we faced challenges due to shortened semesters and uneven implementation of the National Education Policy (NEP) across states in the various higher education institutes across the country. Additionally, fewer government job vacancies and stiff competition from YouTubers impacted this segment. We focus on improving our performance by strengthening collaborations with influential YouTubers and creating content relevant to a larger customer base.

Our YouTube channel, S Chand Academy, continues to be a phenomenal success. We have launched over 1,800 videos focused on higher education topics, including science, engineering, and test preparation, amassing over 22 million views and 2,50,000 subscribers. This year, we plan to add another

800 videos for both the school and college segments. We also launched Solid Steps, an integrated K-5 curriculum solution aligned with the core concepts of the NEP 2020 and designed to meet NCF 2023 guidelines. This program empowers young minds with essential skills such as critical thinking, creativity, and a love for learning. Additionally, our K-8 curriculum solution, Mylestone, continued to provide holistic learning to schools in India and the Middle East.

Drawing upon our extensive knowledge and expertise, we strive to cater to the learning needs of our students and empower them to excel in an everevolving world. We anticipate significant advancements in the education landscape and ensure to remain at the forefront by offering innovative, high-quality content.

I extend my heartfelt gratitude to all our stakeholders, customers, employees, shareholders, and board members for their unstinted trust and support. We look forward to your continued engagement as we strive to make a meaningful impact in the realm of education and achieve sustainable growth.

With best wishes,

DESH RAJ DOGRA Chairman





Drawing upon our extensive knowledge and expertise, we strive to cater to the learning needs of our students and empower them to excel in an everevolving world.



### Managing Director's Message



We strongly believe that quality education is the cornerstone of a brighter future. In the dynamic landscape of education, where innovation, creativity, and adaptability are crucial, we remain committed to excellence.

#### DEAR SHAREHOLDERS.

I'm pleased to present our Annual Report for FY 2023-24. This year has been exceptional, marked by strong financial and operational performance. The implementation of S Chand 3.0, initiated in FY 2018-19, has now fully manifested, delivering a robust turnaround. As part of this strategy, we remain focused on enhancing operational efficiencies, improving cash flows, and optimizing resources.

We achieved strong revenue growth and the highest gross and EBITDA margins in the past five years. Our revenue from operations for FY 2023-24 reached ₹ 6,626 million, representing a 9% YoY increase. Additionally, our EBITDA rose to ₹ 1,098 million, marking a 14% YoY growth, and our profit after tax (PAT) stood at ₹ 511 million. Our operating income substantially improved, increasing to ₹ 484 million from ₹ 292 million in FY 2022-23, a 65% YoY growth.

These accomplishments resulted in the highest-ever operating cash flows, amounting to  $\ref{totaleq}$  1,211 million, compared to  $\ref{totaleq}$  811 million in FY 2022-23. We have achieved a net debt-free status at the end of the year, with a positive cash and equivalent balance of  $\ref{totaleq}$  600 million.

On the Working Capital front, we had the lowest trade receivable days and working capital days in the history of the company reflecting our sustained efforts into building a sustainable business with strong financial capability. We strongly believe that quality education is the cornerstone of a brighter future. In the dynamic landscape of education, where innovation, creativity, and adaptability are crucial, we remain committed to excellence. Through our innovative and engaging content, we equip students with the essential skills to thrive in the future.

The release of the National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) after a prolonged 18-year gap is a game-changer in India's education industry. This development will reduce the pre-used books market and significantly boost the demand for updated content. We are poised to contribute to this transformative journey by providing quality educational content to the next generation of learners. With the announcement of new syllabus books for Classes 3 and 6 in April 2024, we anticipate further updates for additional classes throughout the year. In FY 2023-24, we introduced books aligned with the new curriculum and plan to launch more updated syllabus books in FY 2024-25, further driving our growth.

We've strategically expanded our EdTech offerings to reshape the learning landscape. S Chand Academy, our YouTube channel, has grown impressively, with 2,50,000 subscribers and over 22 million views, making toptier education accessible to students in Tier 2 and Tier 3 colleges. We expanded our reach in FY 2023-24 by partnering with 40 prominent YouTube influencers and aim to double these partnerships in FY 2024-25. Our updated TestCoach app is seeing strong traction, reaching over 1,70,000 downloads. With the rise in test preparation exams and government job opportunities, TestCoach will see



We've strategically expanded our EdTech offerings to reshape the learning landscape. S Chand Academy, our YouTube channel, has grown impressively, with 2,50,000 subscribers and over 22 million views, making toptier education accessible to students in Tier 2 and Tier 3 colleges.



increased adoption. Our newly launched K-5 curriculum program, Solid Steps, offered in multiple Indian languages, aligns with the NCF 2023 guidelines and equips young aspirants with future-ready skills. SmartK, our early learning Curriculum solution has made significant progress during the year. The Activity-based program is completely aligned to the NCERT syllabus for early learning.

As we look to the future, we are gearing up to meet the evolving needs of the education sector through strategic initiatives and partnerships. We aim to sustain our revenue growth, operational excellence, margin expansion, and financial discipline into FY 2024-25 and beyond, fostering long-term growth and value creation.

Thank you to all our stakeholders for your continued support.

With best wishes,

#### HIMANSHU GUPTA

**Managing Director** 



#### PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

### Delivering an Extraordinary Performance

In FY 2023-24, we demonstrated strong growth and achieved significant milestones. Our performance is a culmination of our strategic initiatives and efficient operations, showcasing our robust financial management practices.

Highest operating revenues in 5 years

Highest gross margins of 66% in 5 years

Highest EBITDA and EBITDA margins in 5 years Highest operating income in 5 years

 $\triangle$  9% YoY

**△ 12% YoY** 

△ 14% YoY

 $\triangle$  65% YoY

Highest operating cash flows

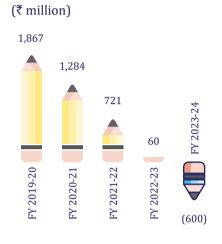
Best working capital efficiency

Net debt free in March 2024

Annual dividend of ₹ 3/share

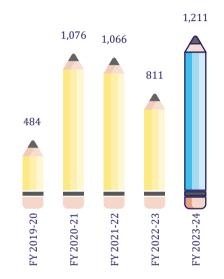
#### **Revenue from Operations EBITDA PAT** (₹ million) (₹ million) (₹ million) 6,626 1,098 576 511 6,103 963 FY 2020-21 4,809 4,294 4,252 614 547 (65) FY 2019-20 7Y 2019-20 FY 2020-21 FY 2021-22 FY 2022-23 FY 2020-21 FY 2021-22 FY 2022-23 FY 2022-23 FY 2021-22 FY 2023-24 (220)(1,115)

#### **Net Debt**



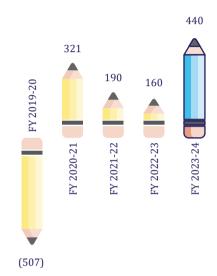
### **Cash Generated from Operating Activities**

(₹ million)

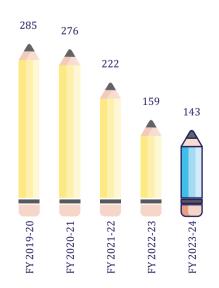


### Net Increase/decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents

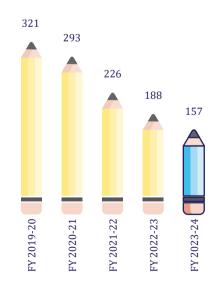
(₹ million)



#### **Receivable Days**



### **Net Working Capital Days**







#### INDUSTRY CONTEXT

## **Embracing the Future of Education**

The Indian education sector is on the cusp of a transformative era, driven by favorable initiatives and policy changes. As we navigate this dynamic landscape, we are poised to lead the charge in delivering quality educational content for the next generation of learners.

The government of India has taken numerous initiatives to strengthen the education sector. A notable milestone is the introduction of the National Education Policy (2020), aimed at revolutionizing the educational landscape by improving teaching standards, fostering skill development, and ensuring universal access to education.

### National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE)

The release of the National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) in August 2023 marked a pivotal moment after an 18-year gap. This development will substantially reduce the second-hand book market and boost the demand for new books.

#### New Syllabus Announcements

In April 2024, NCERT announced new syllabus books for Classes 3 and 6. We expect higher adoption of these new curriculum books by schools in FY 2024-25, supported by additional announcements of new syllabus books from NCERT for other classes.

# New Content Launched in FY 2023-24

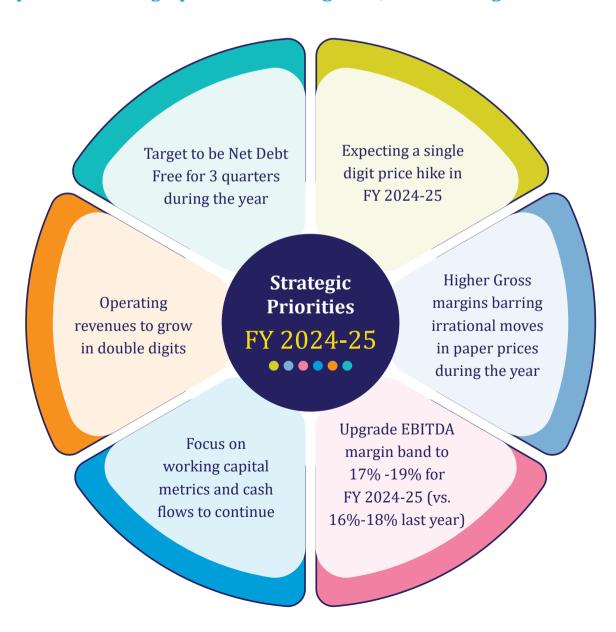
Although the impact of the NCF-SE announcement in FY 2023-24 was minimal as NCERT did not introduce new syllabus books until March 2024, we strategically expanded our offerings. Most schools continued using the old syllabus books, resulting in lower adoption of the new ones. Our strategic partnerships and collaborations enabled us to meet evolving customer needs in FY 2023-24. We introduced books aligned with the new curriculum and plan to launch a wide array of updated syllabus books in FY 2024-25. We anticipate 100% adoption of the new NCF by schools over the next 2-3 years, driving our growth from FY 2024-25 to FY 2026-27.



#### **STRATEGY**

### Well-charted Strategy for Sustained Growth

We have set ambitious yet achievable targets to bolster our revenue and profitability in the coming years. Central to our strategy is a relentless focus on enhancing working capital metrics and cash flows while achieving net debt-free status. This underscores our strong financial discipline and strategic priorities for long-term, sustainable growth.





#### **DIGITAL OFFERINGS**

# Enhancing Learning with Our Digital Offerings

We have been at the forefront of digital education, continually enhancing our offerings to cater to modern learning needs. Our aim is to provide innovative educational solutions, empowering students and reshaping the learning experience.



#### **S Chand Academy**

Launched in FY 2021-22, S Chand Academy on YouTube features over 1,800 videos focused on test preparation and higher education, covering key topics in Science and Engineering. The channel has seen impressive growth, reaching 2,50,000 subscribers and over 22 million views.

This platform not only promotes our educational content but also makes top-tier education accessible to students in Tier 2 and Tier 3 colleges. To further expand its reach, we partnered with around 40 prominent YouTube influencers in FY 2023-24 and aim to double these partnerships in FY 2024-25.

#### **TestCoach**

Our updated TestCoach app, with over 1,70,000 downloads, provides mock tests for more than 50 national and state-level exams in both English and Hindi. As test preparation exams and government job opportunities rise, TestCoach will witness significant adoption.

#### **Mylestone**

This digitally-enabled school curriculum solution is designed for the K-8 segment, offering affordable private schools a comprehensive package that includes curriculum, content, teacher training, and assessments.



#### Madhubun Educate360

A K-12 blended learning solution, Madhubun Educate360 helps schools conduct online classes, student assessments, and provides e-book support. It aligns with NEP 2020, ensuring compliance with recommended pedagogies.

#### **SmartK**

Tailored for children aged 2 to 6 years, SmartK follows a 'preschool in a box' approach, combining play and activity-based learning. Aligned with NCERT guidelines, it fosters language, socioemotional, and physical development, ensuring a smooth transition from home to preschool and preparing children for formal schooling.

#### **Solid Steps**

Our newly launched K-5 curriculum program is offered in multiple Indian languages, including Hindi, Kannada, Telugu, and Malayalam. Aligned with the NCF 2023 guidelines, Solid Steps equips young minds with critical thinking, creativity, and a passion for learning.

#### Learnflix

Our most affordable learning app, Learnflix, is designed specifically for the Next Half Billion (NHB) audience. Catering to students from classes 6<sup>th</sup> to 10<sup>th</sup>, Learnflix offers comprehensive coverage of Maths, Science, and Social Studies. We are optimistic about Learnflix's growth prospects, driven by our commitment to delivering an enhanced product at an accessible price point.



#### **MARKETING INITIATIVES**

# **Stepping up Marketing Activities**























 $\hbox{\it ``The World of Publishing'' - Opportunity for school children to visit S\,Chand's \,Printing\,Press}$ 



### Investee Companies

# **SmartIvity**



Smartivity, founded in 2015, focuses on S.T.E.M. learning and DIY kits. We have angel funded approx. ₹ 20 million in the Company across various funding rounds. With its latest funding in September 2022, the Company was valued at approx. ₹ 100 crores. Notable investors include Ashish Kacholia (26%) and Hemandra Kothari (8%). Our investment, valued at ₹ 150 million, represents a 16% stake in the company. In FY 2023-24, Smartivity became **EBITDA** positive and is very close to being PAT positive. The company achieved a 17% YoY revenue growth and strong gross margin expansion in FY 2023-24.



















Founded in December 2016 in Delhi by Chandraprakash Joshi, Arunima Sinha, and Sandeep Singh, ixamBee aims to assist in preparing for government exams, including those for banks, insurance, and railways. The company has attracted investments from notable sources such as Mumbai Angels Network, JITO Angel Network, Inflection Point Ventures, Firstport Capital, Keiretsu, MSFT, and Keyur Joshi of MakeMyTrip. In April 2023, we invested ₹ 30 million, acquiring a 4.3% stake in ixamBee.















## **Board of Directors**



















#### Mr. Desh Raj Dogra

Independent Director and Chairman

Mr. Desh Raj Dogra, aged 69 years, is an Independent Director and Chairman of the Board. He holds a Bachelor's and Master's degree in Science and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the University of Delhi. He has over 45 years of experience in the financial sector and credit administration and previously served as the CEO and Managing Director at Credit Analysis and Research Limited (CARE).

**Statutory Reports** 



#### Mr. Himanshu Gupta

Managing Director

Mr. Himanshu Gupta, aged 45 years, is the Managing Director of our Company. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce from the University of Delhi and has over 24 years of experience in the knowledge products and the services industry. He is a recipient of the 'Young Publisher Award' by the Federation of Educational Publishers in India for the year 2011; he has been awarded the 'Family Entrepreneur of the Year' from Entrepreneur magazine and he is the recipient of the '40 Under Forty Award' from the Economic Times.



#### Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala

Whole Time Director

Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, aged 63 years, is an Executive Director of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since 2004 and has over 19 years of experience in the knowledge products and services industry.



#### Ms. Archana Capoor

Independent Director

Ms. Archana Capoor, aged 65 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. She holds a Bachelor degree in Science, as well as a Masters of Business Administration. She has over 41 years of experience across various sectors and previously served as the Managing Director of Tourism Finance Corporation of India Limited.



#### Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar

Independent Director

Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar, aged 46 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. He is an Industrial Engineer from NIT Jalandhar and a management graduate from NITIE Mumbai. He has 21 years of experience in strategy, corporate planning and business development. He was appointed as an Independent Director of our Company on July 23, 2018. He works in the domain of inbound marketing and consulting. He is the Managing Director of Pragmatic Learning Private Ltd.



#### Ms. Savita Gupta

Non-Executive Director

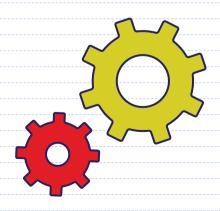
Ms. Savita Gupta, aged 74 years, is a Non-Executive Director of our Company. She holds a Bachelors and Masters Degree in English Literature, and is associated with our Company since 1989.



#### Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Gauray Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, aged 37 years, is a Non-Executive Director of our Company. He has over 12 years of experience in the knowledge products and services industry and has been with our Company since 2011.





### **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Desh Raj Dogra

Chairman and Independent Director

#### Himanshu Gupta

Managing Director

#### Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala

Whole Time Director

#### **Archana Capoor**

Independent Director

#### Rajagopalan Chandrashekar

Independent Director

#### Savita Gupta

Non-Executive Director

#### Gaurav Kumar Ihunjhnuwala

Non-Executive Director

#### CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Saurabh Mittal

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Jagdeep Singh

#### KEY MANAGEMENT TEAM

#### Naveen Railani

Chief Executive Officer - Vikas Publishing

#### Shammi Manik

Chief Executive Officer - New Saraswati

#### Prateek Dhanuka

Chief Executive Officer - Chhaya Prakashani

#### Jitendra Kumar Agnihotri

Business Head - School Education

#### Sachin Sharma

National Sales Head – Higher Education

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE &** CORPORATE OFFICE

A-27. Second Floor.

Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,

New Delhi 110044

Tel: +91 11 4973 1800 Fax: +91 11 4973 1801

website: www.schandgroup.com

#### STATUTORY AUDITORS

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP **Chartered Accountants** 

(Firm Registration No: 001076N/N500013)

#### SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

R. S. Bhatia - Company Secretary in Practice

#### REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.

Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot NH 2, C-1 Block LSC,

Near Savitri Market,

Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058

Phone: +91 11 4941 1000

Fax: +91 11 4141 0591

E-mail: delhi@intime.co.in

Website: www.linkintime.co.in

#### PRINTING FACILITIES

20/4, Site IV, Industrial Area, Sahibabad, Ghaziabad (Uttar Pradesh) - 201010

#### BANKERS TO THE COMPANY

State Bank of India **HDFC Bank Limited** 

**RBL Bank Limited** 

Indian Bank

Tata Capital Financial Services Limited

DCB Bank Limited

Citibank N.A.

Deutsche Bank



Notice

### **Board's Report**

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 53<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report together with Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

#### 1. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Figures in ₹ Million

Abridged Profit And Loss Statement	Consol	idated	Standalone		
	FY Ended	FY Ended	FY Ended	FY Ended	
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	
				(Note 1)	
Revenue from operations	6,625.79	6,103.24	2505.56	2276.47	
Other income	98.72	329.11	121.04	348.85	
Total Revenue	6,724.51	6,432.35	2626.60	2625.32	
Profit / (Loss) before finance cost, tax, depreciation	1,197.14	1,291.81	375.03	539.58	
and amortization, (EBIDTA)					
Depreciation and amortization expenses	461.97	463.60	117.31	126.95	
Finance cost	152.68	206.71	127.95	157.77	
Profit / (Loss) before tax, Exceptional Item, minority	582.49	621.50	129.77	254.87	
interest and share of associate company					
Exceptional (expense) / income	-	156.28	(13.00)	(152.84)	
Tax expense	71.02	200.75	(31.16)	59.58	
Profit / (Loss) after tax and before minority interest	511.47	577.03	147.93	42.45	
and share of associate company					
Share in (loss) / income of associate company	-	(1.11)	-	-	
Profit / (Loss) for the year	511.47	575.92	147.93	42.45	
Other Comprehensive income / (loss)	(13.88)	(21.17)	(5.10)	(12.07)	
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year	497.59	554.75	142.83	30.39	
Total Comprehensive income / (loss) for the year					
attributable to					
- Owners of the parent	552.38	637.95	-	-	
- Minority interest	(54.80)	(83.20)	-		
Balance of profit brought forward from previous years	2,203.06	1,572.16	1359.15	1328.76	
Net surplus / (loss) in the statement of profit and loss	566.34	660.36	147.93	42.45	
account					
Other Comprehensive income / (loss)	(13.96)	(22.41)	(5.10)	(12.06)	
Appropriations:					
Equity dividend	(105.65)	-	(105.65)	-	
Tax on Equity dividend	-	-	-	-	
Adjustments relating to subsidiary companies	-	-	-	-	
Transfer from debenture redemption reserve	21.89	1.07	-	-	
Adjustment on acquisition of non-controlling interest	-	(8.11)	-		
Balance Carried to Balance Sheet	2,671.68	2,203.06	1,396.33	1,359.15	

Note 1: The standalone financials of FY 2022-23 have been restated consequent to the restructuring approved by the Hon'ble NCLT, Delhi Bench with regard to merger of Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited ("Blackie"), Nirja Publishers & Printers Private Limited ("Nirja"), and the education businesses of DS Digital Private Limited ("DS Digital") and Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited ("Safari") with and into S Chand And Company Limited ("the Company") (refer Point 7 below for detail of NCLT order).



#### 2. OPERATIONS

The Company has reported revenue from operations of ₹ 2,505.56 million in comparison to the previous year's revenue from operation of ₹ 2,276.47 million (restated post restructuring), an increase in revenue by 10% YoY. The Company has reported a strong increase in the net profit (after tax) to ₹147.93 million as compared to a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 42.45 million (restated post restructuring) in the previous year. The increase in sales was on the back of a of volume growth during the year. The increase in profitability was driven by improved gross margins, operating leverage, reduced finance costs and reduced tax expenses (one-time tax benefit of ₹ 87.01 million) due to the restructuring.

The Company was able to increase efficiency in working capital through better trade receivable management. The Company reported year-end receivables of ₹ 1,276.34 million vs. ₹ 1,205.14 million in the last year which is higher by ₹ 71.20 million in spite of ₹ 229.09 million higher sales during the year. Year ending Inventories increased to ₹ 698.81 million from ₹ 514.46 million in the last year on the back of higher raw material inventory at the year end. The Company reduced Total borrowings drastically during the year to ₹ 627.77 million from ₹ 1,325.42 million last year. The Company has adequate liquidity of ₹ 544.06 million in the form of Cash and Bank Balances, Deposits and Current Investments.

The Company expects to achieve higher revenue and profitability growth in the next financial year driven by the announcement of new books based on the National Curriculum Framework (NCF) which has already been announced. This should provide us with a runway of strong growth for the next 2-3 years. Increase in sales volumes, product pricing, controlled operating expenses, reduced sales returns and reduction in working capital should drive the cash flows for the financial year 2024-25

#### 3. DIVIDEND

Pursuant to Regulation 43A of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") (as amended), the Board of Directors of your Company has formulated a Dividend Distribution Policy ("Dividend Policy"). The Dividend Policy is available on web-link <a href="https://schandgroup.com/wp-content/uploads/Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf">https://schandgroup.com/wp-content/uploads/Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf</a>.

After considering the parameters as specified in Divided Policy and performance of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on May 24, 2024 have recommended a final dividend of ₹ 3/- (Rupees

Three Only) per share to the equity shareholders of the Company for the financial year 2023-24. Final dividend if approved by the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting will be paid to all the shareholders whose names are appearing in the list of beneficial owners as on the record date fixed for payment of dividend after deducting applicable withholding tax.

Pursuant to Rule 7(2A) of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (as amended), Mr. Jagdeep Singh has been appointed as the Nodal Officer of the Company. The details of the Nodal Officer and the unpaid and unclaimed amounts are available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/">www.schandgroup.com/investors/</a>.

#### 4. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Board of Directors of your Company has not proposed to transfer any amount to the Reserves.

# 5. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2023-24 AND THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

There have been no material changes and commitments which affect the financial position of the Company and have occurred between the end of the financial year 2023-24 and the date of this Report.

#### 6. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

During the year under review, there has been no change in the nature of business.

# 7. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS/COURTS/TRIBUNALS

The Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi Bench III vide its order dated July 24, 2023 approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement amongst Blackie, Nirja, DS Digital, Safari and the Company, its respective members and creditors under the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules framed thereunder. The said scheme of arrangement is effective from the appointed date (i.e. April 01, 2017) but was operative from September 04, 2023 i.e., the date of filing of certified true copy of the order of the Hon'ble NCLT with the jurisdictional Registrar of Companies by the transferor and transferee companies. Accordingly, after the order became operative, Blackie, Nirja and DS Digital were stand dissolved with effect from September 04, 2023 (i.e., the date of filing of order with the Registrar of Companies, Delhi).

Scheme involves the following restructuring:

 Amalgamation of Nirja and Blackie with and into the Company;

**Statutory Reports** 

- Demerger of educational Business of DS Digital and Safari with and into the Company;
- Amalgamation of DS Digital with residual business (business remaining after demerger of education business) with and into Safari.

There are no other significant and material orders passed by any Regulator/Court/Tribunal against the Company which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

#### 8. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company has adequate internal financial control system and processes. Internal Control policies and procedures have been adopted by the Company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information. The Internal Auditors of the Company M/s. Haribhakti & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants, audited and reviewed the internal controls, operating systems, internal processes and procedures of the Company. The reports on findings of Internal Auditors have been reviewed by the Audit Committee periodically.

### 9. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Blackie and Nirja, wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, have been amalgamated with the Company, and DS Digital has been amalgamated with Safari, subsidiary of the Company vide order of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Delhi dated July 24, 2023 ("NCLT Order"). The scheme of amalgamation was effective from the appointed date (i.e. April 01, 2017) but operative with effect from September 04, 2023 (i.e. the date of filing the certified copy of NCLT Order by Blackie, Nirja, DS Digital, Safari and the Company with the Registrar of Companies, Delhi). Accordingly, pursuant to the same, Blackie, Nirja, DS Digital dissolved and ceased to exist from the date of filing of the NCLT Order and Safari, which were earlier a wholly owned subsidiary became subsidiary of the Company with effect from September 04, 2023.

As on March 31, 2024, the Company had 9 (Nine) subsidiaries. The Board of Directors reviewed the affairs of its subsidiaries for the financial year 2023-24. The Consolidated Financial Statements of your Company for the financial year 2023-24 are prepared in compliance

with the applicable provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time, which shall be placed before the members in the ensuing Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

#### Subsidiaries:

#### a) BPI (India) Private Limited

BPI (India) Private Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 29.97 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 43.18 million in the previous financial year and reported a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 8.87 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 7.20 million in the previous financial year.

#### b) Chhava Prakashani Limited

Chhaya Prakashani Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 1,137.63 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 1,153.89 million in the previous financial year and reported a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 187.55 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 268.53 million in the previous financial year.

#### c) Convergia Digital Education Private Limited

Convergia Digital Education Private Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 180.09 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 116.55 million in the previous financial year and reported a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 84.10 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 135.66 million in the previous financial year.

#### d) Edutor Technologies India Private Limited

Edutor Technologies India Private Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 21.94 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 17.35 million in the previous financial year and reported a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 16.08 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 31.78 million in the previous financial year.

#### e) Indian Progressive Publishing Co Pvt Ltd

Indian Progressive Publishing Co Pvt Ltd reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 12.30 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 18.79 million in the previous financial year and reported a net profit



(after tax) of  $\ref{7.60}$  million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net profit (after tax) of  $\ref{10.48}$  million in the previous financial year.

#### f) New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited

New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 1268.65 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 1,131.62 million in the previous financial year and reported a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 91.46 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 96.80 million in the previous financial year.

#### g) S. Chand Edutech Private Limited

S. Chand Edutech Private Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 34.15 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 35.18 million in the previous financial year and reported a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 25.98 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 13.00 million in the previous financial year.

#### h) Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited

As per the scheme of arrangement as approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Delhi vide its order dated July 24, 2023 the financial of Safari has been re stated, therefore, Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 34.99 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 34.96 million in the previous financial year and reported a net loss (after tax) of ₹ 14.48 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 85.80 million in the previous financial year.

#### i) Vikas Publishing House Private Limited

Vikas Publishing House Private Limited reported total revenue from operations of ₹ 2,132.69 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to total revenue from operations of ₹ 1,829.69 million in the previous financial year and reported a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 277.78 million in the financial year 2023-24 as compared to a net profit (after tax) of ₹ 141.09 million in the previous financial year.

In accordance with section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing salient features of financial statements of each of the subsidiary in the prescribed Form AOC-1 is enclosed as **Annexure-A**. In accordance with Section 136 of the Act, the audited financial statements, including the consolidated

financial statements and related information of the Company and audited financial statements of each of its subsidiary will be available on the website of the Company (<a href="www.schandgroup.com/investors/">www.schandgroup.com/investors/</a>). These documents will also be available for inspection during business hours at the registered office of the Company.

The policy for determining material subsidiaries is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies">www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies</a>.

For contribution of the subsidiaries in the overall performance of the Company, please refer note 52 of the consolidated financial statements of the Company forming part of this Annual Report.

#### 10. DEPOSITS

The Company has neither accepted nor renewed any deposits during the year under review within the purview of section 73 of the Act read with The Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. There are no unclaimed or unpaid deposits lying with the Company.

#### 11. AUDITORS

#### **Statutory Auditor**

M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013), were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the annual general meeting held on September 28, 2021, for a term of 5 (Five) consecutive years. Accordingly, M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants, will hold office till the conclusion of 55<sup>th</sup> annual general meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2026.

The Statutory Auditors has not reported any matter under Section 143 (12) of the Act, therefore no detail is required to be disclosed under Section 134 (3)(ca) of the Act and no comment of Board on the audit report is required to be given.

The auditor's report submitted by the Statutory Auditors on the standalone and consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024 forms part of the Annual Report. There is no qualification / reservation or adverse remark in the Audit report.

#### **Internal Auditor**

During the year under the review, to ensure better governance, compliances and internal control over financial reporting and financial processes, the Company appointed M/s. Haribhakti & Co. LLP as an Internal Auditors of the Company, with effect from July 01, 2023 for a period of 1 (One) year.

#### Secretarial Auditor

The Board had appointed Mr. R.S. Bhatia, Company Secretary in Practice (CP No. 2514) as the Secretarial Auditor. The secretarial audit report submitted by the Secretarial Auditor for the financial year 2023-24 is annexed as **Annexure-B** and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

**Statutory Reports** 

During the year under review, the Secretarial Auditor has not reported any matter under Section 143(12) of the Act, therefore no detail is required to be disclosed under Section 134(3)(ca) of the Act.

There is no qualification / reservation or adverse remark in the Secretarial Audit report for the financial year 2023-24.

As per the requirements of the Listing Regulations, Secretarial Auditors of the respective material subsidiaries of the Company have undertaken secretarial audits of these subsidiaries for financial year 2023-24. Their audit reports confirm that the material subsidiaries have complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, and guidelines and that there were no deviations or non-compliances.

#### 12. WEB ADDRESS FOR ANNUAL RETURN

The Annual Return for the financial year 2023-24 will be made available on the website of the Company at www. schandgroup.com/investors/#annual-report.

#### 13. DETAILS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, **TECHNOLOGY** ABSORPTION. **FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO**

The Company is in the business of publishing and printing of books. The brief details about conservation of energy and technology absorption are mentioned below:

#### A) Conservation of energy-

- (i) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy -
  - The Company has rationalized the use of Generators and structured the working hours of its warehouse facilities in such a manner where dependence on Generator Sets is reduced. Further the process of using PNG Gensets is in process.
  - In its offices lighting system has been efficiently used and overall use of electricity has been minimized.
- (ii) the steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy: The Company is in the process of shifting its warehouse to facilities

which will have Solar Panels to meet the energy demands. The Corporate Office already has such facilities.

(iii) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment's; Nil

#### Technology absorption-

Notice

- the efforts made towards technology (i) absorption- The company has upgraded its ERP from SAP ECC 6.0 to SAP S4 HANA.
- (ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution; The efficiency of processing transactions has improved due to this upgrade.
- (iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)- Nil
- (iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development. Nil

During the year under review, the Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

- Foreign Exchange earnings: ₹ 26.83 million
- Foreign Exchange outgo: ₹ 13.14 million

#### 14. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The Company is managed and controlled by the Board comprising an optimum blend of Executives and Non-Executive Professional Directors. The Chairman of the Board is a Non-Executive, Independent Director. As on March 31, 2024, the Board of Directors consists of 7 (Seven) Directors consisting of a Managing Director, a Whole-time Director and 5 (Five) Non-Executive Directors, out of which 3 (Three) are Independent Directors. The composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations and the relevant provisions of the Act.

All the Directors possess requisite qualifications and experience in corporate management, finance, banking, publishing and other allied fields which enable them to contribute effectively to the Company in their capacity as Directors.

During the year under review, there was no change in the composition of Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnels.



The details relating to skills, competencies and expertise of Independent Directors are given in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report.

#### Director liable to retire by rotation

In terms of section 152 of the Act, Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988) will retire by rotation at the ensuing AGM and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommended his reappointment and the same is included in the notice of the ensuing AGM.

Further, sub-section (13) of Section 149 of the Act, provides that the provisions of retirement by rotation as defined in sub-sections (6) and (7) of Section 152 of the Act shall not apply to the Independent Directors. Hence, none of the Independent Directors will retire at the ensuing AGM.

### Re-appointment of Managing Director and Whole Time Director

Mr. Himanshu Gupta (DIN: 00054015) has been reappointed as Managing Director of the Company with effect from May 22, 2019 for a period of 5 (Five) years i.e upto May 21, 2024. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Directors of your Company after taking into account the performance of Mr. Himanshu Gupta during his term of 5 (Five) years and considering his knowledge, acumen, expertise, experience and the substantial contribution, has recommended to the Board his re-appointment as Managing Director of the Company for a further period of 5 (Five) years. Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on February 06, 2024 re-appointed him as Managing Director of the Company for a further period of 5 (Five) years with effect from May 22, 2024, subject to the approval of the members in the ensuing AGM.

Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988) has been re-appointed as Whole-time Director of the Company with effect from March 28, 2019 for a period of 5 (Five) years i.e upto March 27, 2024. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Directors of your Company after taking into account the performance of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala during his term of 5 (Five) years and considering his knowledge, acumen, expertise, experience and the substantial contribution, has recommended to the Board his re-appointment as Whole-time Director of the Company for a further period of 5 (Five) years. Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on February 06, 2024 reappointed him as Whole-time Director of the Company for

a further period of 5 (Five) years with effect from March 28, 2024, subject to the approval of the members in the ensuing AGM.

# Continuation of Ms. Savita Gupta (DIN No.: 00053988) as a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director of the Company

Ms. Savita Gupta, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director, was appointed on the Board of the Company on October 20, 1989. Pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Regulation and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 or as amended from time to time, for continuation of office of any Non-Executive Director who has attained the age of 75 (Seventy Five) years, approval of shareholders by way of a Special Resolution is required. Based on the recommendations of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 12, 2024 approved the continuation of her directorship in the Company, subject to the approval of the members in the ensuing AGM.

#### **Independent Directors' Declaration**

The Independent Directors have given a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations. Further, pursuant to Sub-rule (1) of Rule 6 of The Companies (Appointment & Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Independent Directors have successfully registered their names in the Data Bank of Independent Directors. The Independent Directors have also complied with the Code of Conduct for Directors and senior management personnel. The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact the ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence and that they are independent of the management.

#### **Board Evaluation**

In compliance with the Act and Regulation 17 (10) of the Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out an evaluation of its own performance, its Committees and performance of individual Directors for the year under review. The aspects covered in the evaluation includes adherence of code of conduct and corporate governance practices of the Company, professional qualification and experience especially experience to relevant industry, attendance and participation in the Board / Committee Meetings etc. The evaluation of the individual Director was done by all the Directors other than the Director being evaluated and evaluation of the Board was done by all the

Directors. The evaluation of the Independent Directors was based on their performance and fulfillment of criteria of independence as per the Act and independence from the management.

**Statutory Reports** 

Complete details of such evaluation are given in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report. The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

#### **Board Meetings**

During the year under review, the Board of Directors met 6 (Six) times, details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act and the Listing Regulations.

#### 15. DETAILS OF **GUARANTEES** OR LOANS. **INVESTMENTS**

Details of loans, guarantees and investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act along with the purpose for which the loans or guarantees or securities are proposed to be utilized by the recipient are provided in the Note No. 8, 9, 14 and 42 of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024.

#### 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year under review, all related party transactions entered by the Company were in ordinary course of the business and on arm's length basis. No material related party transaction was entered during the financial year by the Company.

Accordingly, the disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134(3) (h) of the Act, in Form AOC 2 is not applicable to your Company.

The Policy on materiality of related party transactions and policy on dealing with the related party transactions are available on the Company's website at www.schandgroup. com/investors/#corporate-policies.

#### 17. INFORMATION REGARDING EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The information required under Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 forms part of this Annual Report and annexed as Annexure-C.

Pursuant to Rule 5(2) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, a statement containing, inter alia, the names of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn and every employee employed throughout the financial year and in receipt of remuneration of ₹ 1.02 crores or more, and every employee employed for part of the year and in receipt of remuneration of ₹ 8.50 lakhs or more per month is attached as Annexure-D of this report.

#### **Managerial Remuneration**

Notice

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee by passing resolution by circulation on August 26, 2021 and Board of Directors at its meetings held on August 31, 2021 and the members at the annual general meeting held on September 28, 2021 approved the remuneration of Mr. Himanshu Gupta, Managing Director, and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Whole-time Director of the Company effective from July 01, 2021 till the expiry of their respective terms.

During the financial year 2023-24, the following remuneration was paid to the Managerial Personnel:

Mr. Himanshu Gupta - ₹ 22.75 million

Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala - ₹ 16.90 million

#### **Sexual Harassment Policy**

The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at the work place and has adopted a Policy on "Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace" in line with the provisions of "The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prohibition, Prevention and Redressal) Act, 2013" ("POSH"). The Company has an Internal Complaints Committee which has been constituted as per the provisions of POSH and this Committee deals with all the sexual harassment matters. The disclosures in relation to POSH have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### **Details of ESOPS**

The underlying objectives of Employees Stock Option Scheme 2012, Employees Stock Option Plan 2018 and Employees Stock Option Plan 2023 (collectively refer as "ESOP Schemes") are to attract, motivate, retain and reward employees for high levels of individual performance and share the wealth that they have created for the Company and its members. ESOP Schemes are in line with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SBEB Regulations").

Pursuant to the Regulation 13 of the SBEB Regulations, a Certificate has been issued by the Secretarial Auditor of the Company, certifying that the ESOP schemes of the Company are being implemented in accordance with the



SBEB Regulations and in accordance with the resolutions passed by the members of the Company in this respect. The said certificate shall be made available for inspection by the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The relevant disclosures pursuant to Rule 12(9) of The Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and the Regulation 14 of the SBEB Regulations are given as **Annexure-E**. Relevant disclosures pursuant to Regulation 14 read with Part F of Schedule of I of SBEB Regulations are available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com">www.schandgroup.com</a>.

#### 18. RISK MANAGEMENT

During the year under review, the Company has identified and evaluated elements of risk. The business risks interalia impact of increase in raw material and printing cost, change in curriculum, change in education framework, implementation of NEP, higher borrowing cost, competition from other players and violation of intellectual property rights of the Company and current regulatory framework in the country. The risk management framework defines the risk management approach of the Company which includes periodic review of such risks, mitigation controls and reporting mechanism of such risks. The Risk Management Committee, Board of Directors, Audit Committee and the senior management evaluates the operations to identify potential risks and take necessary actions to mitigate the same. The Company also has in place a Risk Management Policy and the Risk Management Committee ensures implementation of appropriate risk management framework for the Company.

The details relating to composition and terms of reference of Risk Management Committee are given in Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report.

#### 19. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Pursuant to section 135 of the Act, the Company has a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("CSR Committee"), which comprises of Mr. Desh Raj Dogra (Chairman- Non-Executive, Independent Director), Mr. Himanshu Gupta – (Member-Managing Director) and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala – (Member-Whole-time Director). The terms of references of the CSR Committee are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Annual Report. The CSR policy of the Company is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies">www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies</a>.

Since, the Company has reported net loss (as computed

as per provisions of Section 198 of the Act) during the financial year 2020-21. The average net profit (as computed as per provisions of Section 198 of the Act) of the Company made during the preceding three financial year (i.e. 2020-21, 2021-22 & 2022-23 (restated)) is negative. In view of the same, the Company did not spend on CSR activities during the financial year 2023-24.

The Annual Report on the CSR for the financial year 2023-24 is attached as **Annexure-F** and forms part of this Annual Report.

#### 20. VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has adopted the vigil mechanism by way of formulating a Whistle Blower Policy. The policy provides a formal mechanism to the Directors and employees to report their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct or ethics policy. The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and also provides for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies">www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies</a>.

#### 21. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company is committed to maintain the high standards of Corporate Governance and adhere to the Corporate Governance requirements set out by The Securities and Exchange Board of India. In terms of Regulation 34 of the Listing Regulations, a report on the Corporate Governance along with a certificate of practicing company secretary on compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is attached as **Annexure-G** and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

#### 22. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management discussion and analysis report, highlighting the performance of the Company and its business prospects, is provided in a separate section and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

#### 23. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises of 3 (Three) Non-Executive, Independent Directors, namely Ms. Archana Capoor (Chairperson-Non-Executive, Independent Director), Mr. Desh Raj Dogra (Member-Non-Executive, Independent Director) and Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar (Member-Non-Executive, Independent Director). The details of the Audit Committee are included in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### 24. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Board of Directors has a policy which lays down a framework in relation to appointment and remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management of the Company. The policy lays down the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence and remuneration of Board members, Key Managerial Personnel and employees. The objective of this policy is to attract and retain talent and to strike the right balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the goals of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is available on Company's website at www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies.

**Statutory Reports** 

The Nomination and Remuneration policy of the Company are in line with the amendments notified by SEBI vide the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023.

#### 25. COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

During the year under review, the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards.

#### 26. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Act, the Board hereby submits its responsibility statement:

- in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- c) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this

Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

- the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

#### 27. STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

- The Company is not required to maintain cost records as per Section 148(1) of the Act.
- No application was made against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016 ("IBC **2016**") during the year and no proceeding is pending against the Company under IBC 2016 as at the end of financial year 2023-24.
- During the year under review, the Company has not entered any One-Time Settlement of loans with Banks or Financial Institutions, therefore, the requirement of stating the difference between the amount of valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions does not arise.

#### 28. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Your Directors wish to express their thanks to the members, bankers, financial institutions, customers, suppliers, government and other regulatory authorities for their continued support. Your Directors place on record their appreciation to the employees at all levels for their committed services to the Company.

> On behalf of the Board of Directors For S Chand And Company Limited

Place: New Delhi **Date:** August 12, 2024

Sd/-Himanshu Gupta Managing Director DIN: 00054015

Sd/-Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-time Director DIN: 00282988



#### ANNEXURE-A

#### Form AOC-1

Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Act read with Rule 5 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures Part "A": Subsidiaries

(₹ in million)

				(< in million)
Sl. No.	Particulars			
1	Sl. No.	1	2	3
2	Name of the subsidiary	Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited
3	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	05/12/2016	10/10/2012	17/05/2014
4	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
5	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
6	Share capital	11.14	4.01	142.35
7	Reserves & surplus	1,144.33	1,937.22	668.01
8	Total assets	1,439.06	2,779.02	1,491.74
9	Total Liabilities	283.59	837.79	681.38
10	Investments	619.90	72.18	Nil
11	Turnover	1,137.63	2,132.69	1,268.65
12	Profit before taxation	265.82	329.42	114.09
13	Provision for taxation	78.27	51.63	22.63
14	Profit after taxation	187.55	277.78	91.46
15	Proposed Dividend	₹ 250/- per equity Share	₹ 750/- per equity share	0.01% dividend on preference shares
16	Extent of shareholding (in percentage)	100%	100%	The Company holds 43.17% shares (equity and Preference) directly and 56.83% share (equity and Preference) through its wholly owned subsidiaries i.e. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited & Chhaya Prakashani Limited
Sl. No.	Particulars			
1	Sl. No.	4	5	6
2	Name of the subsidiary	Indian Progressive Publishing Co Private Limited	Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	S. Chand Edutech Private Limited
3				
0	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	05/12/2016	31/08/2020	30/03/2011
4	The date since when subsidiary was acquired Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting	05/12/2016 N.A.	31/08/2020 N.A.	30/03/2011 N.A.
	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if			
4	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting  Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Cl N-	Parati and a un			
Sl. No.	Particulars	20.55	24.60	(2.02
8	Total assets	39.57	24.68	62.82
9	Total Liabilities	1.39	102.58	119.06
10	Investments	Nil	Nil	Nil
11	Turnover	12.30	21.94	34.15
12	Profit Before Taxation	10.23	(16.77)	(25.98)
13	Provision for taxation	2.63	(0.69)	-
14 15	Profit after taxation Proposed Dividend	7.60 Nil	(16.08) Nil	(25.98) Nil
16	Extent of Shareholding (in percentage)	Chhaya Prakashani Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) holds 100% shares.	The Company holds 54.86% shares through Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited (Subsidiary of the Company) & Chhaya Prakashani Limited (Wholly owned subsidiary of the Company)	The Company holds 69.64% shares (equity and Preference) directly and 30.36% share (equity and Preference) through Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited (Subsidiary of the Company) & Chhaya Prakashani Limited (Wholly owned subsidiary of the Company)
Sl. No.	Particulars			
1	Sl. No.	7	8	9
2	Name of the subsidiary	BPI (India) Private Limited	Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited
3	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	25/09/2012	01/07/2021	07/02/2011
4	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
5	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
6	Share capital	13.50	1.14	464.51
7	Reserves & surplus	(8.32)	156.75	(465.46)
8	Total assets	117.00	409.19	243.84
9	Total Liabilities	111.82	251.30	244.79
10	Investments	Nil	Nil	77.04
11	Turnover	29.97	180.09	34.99
12	Profit before taxation	(10.48)	(121.65)	(27.62)
13	Provision for taxation	(1.61)	(37.55)	(13.14)
14	Profit after taxation	(8.87)	(84.10)	(14.48)
15	Proposed Dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil
16	Extent of shareholding (in percentage)	The Company holds 51% shares directly.	The Company holds 91.49% shares (equity) directly and 8.51% share (equity) through its wholly owned subsidiary i.e. Chhaya Prakashani Limited	The Company holds 100% shares (Equity and Preference) directly and only 100 equity shares through its wholly owned subsidiary i.e. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited



#### Note:

- 1. Name of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: Nil
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Nirja Publishers and Printers Private Limited and Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited has been amalgamated with the Company and DS Digital Private Limited has been amalgamated with Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited, Subsidiary of the Company, with appointed dated April 01, 2017 vide Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Delhi Bench order dated July 24, 2023 which was effective from September 04, 2023.

#### Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures-

- 1. Name of associate or joint venture which are yet to commence operations: Nil
- 2. Names of associate or joint venture which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Nil

On behalf of the Board of Directors For S Chand And Company Limited

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2024 Sd/Himanshu Gupta
Managing Director
DIN: 00054015

Sd/Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala
Whole-Time Director
DIN: 00282988

Sd/- Sd/Saurabh Mittal Jagdeep Singh
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary
Membership No.: A15028

ANNEXURE-B

Annual Report 2023-24

# FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of The Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, S Chand And Company Limited, A-27, 2nd Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi-110044

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by S Chand And Company Limited (CIN No. L22219DL1970PLC005400) (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

**Statutory Reports** 

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company, the information provided by the Company and its officers, during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to me and the representations made by the Management, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 according to the provisions of:

- The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made thereunder;
- The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings. Neither there was any transaction of Direct Investment, External Commercial

Borrowings nor any transaction of Overseas Direct Investment which was required to be reported during the financial year.

- The following Regulations prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (not applicable during the year under review);
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (not applicable during the year under review);
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; - Not applicable as the Company is not registered as Registrar to an issue and Share Transfer Agent during the financial year under review.
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting g) of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (not applicable during the year under review);
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (not applicable during the year under review);
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI LODR Regulation");
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India j) (Depository and Participants) Regulations, 2018;
  - Laws specifically applicable to the industry to which the Company belongs, as identified by the management:



- The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867;
- The Copyright Act, 1957 read with The Copyrights Rules, 2013;
- The Trade Marks Act, 1999 read with Trade Marks Rules, 2017;
- The Information Technology Act, 2000;
- The Legal Metrology Act, 2009;
- The Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954; and
- The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation)
   Act, 1986

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company and, its officers during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 complied with the aforesaid laws.

Based on the information received and records made available I further report that;

- a) During the FY 2023-24, the Board of Directors have approved the following loans to subsidiaries:
- Optionally convertible loan upto an amount of ₹9.5 crore to S. Chand Edutech Private Limited;
- Optionally convertible loan upto an amount of ₹15.00 crores to Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited;
- Unsecured loan upto ₹ 1.60 Crores to Edutor Technologies India Private Limited.
- Renewal of Loan of ₹11.06 crore to Chhaya Prakashni Limited.
- b) During the FY 2023-24, the Company has given corporate guarantee in favour of the following bank to secure the loan granted by the bank to the Company's wholly owned subsidiary:

Name of the wholly owned subsidiary	Name of the bank	Amount of Guarantee
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Citi Bank N.A.	15.00 crores
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Tata Capital Financial Services Limited	10.00 crores
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	RBL Bank Limited	10.00 crores

- c) The Board of Directors allotted 58,000 equity shares against Employee Stock Option Plan 2018 and 3,000 equity shares Employee Stock Option Scheme 2012.
- d) Allotment of 43 equity shares pursuant to scheme of arrangement approved by Hon'ble NCLT, Delhi Bench-III on July 24, 2023.
- e) During the year, the Board of Directors granted 11,834 options under Employees Stock Option Plan 2012 and 29,462 options under Employees Stock Option Plan 2023.
- f) The shareholders of the Company at their 52<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting held on September 26, 2023:
  - Considered and approve regularization and reappointment of Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar (DIN:03634002) as an Independent Director of the Company;

- Considered and approve S Chand Employees Stock Option Plan 2023.
- Extension of S Chand Employees Stock Option Plan 2023 to the employees of Company's Associate Company(ies), Group Company(ies), Subsidiary Company(ies) and holding company [present or future]
- g) During the year 2020-21, The Company had filed the 2nd motion application before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") for approval of the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement ("Scheme") amongst S Chand And Company Limited ("S Chand"), DS Digital Private Limited ("DS Digital"), Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited ("Safari"), Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited ("Blackie") and Nirja Publishers & Printers Private Limited ("Nirja") and their respective creditors

Notice

and shareholders. The Scheme inter alia includes Amalgamation of Blackie and Nirja into S Chand, De-merger of Education Business of DS Digital and Safari into S Chand, Amalgamation of DS Digital [the residual business remained in the DS Digital after the de-merger of its Education Business] with Safari and other connected matters.

**Statutory Reports** 

The Hon'ble NCLT, New Delhi (Bench III) vide its order dated July 24, 2023 (modified) has approved the said scheme. The Company has filed a certified true copy of the said order with the Registrar of Companies, Delhi on September 04, 2023 and thereafter the said scheme was operative from the appointed date i.e. April 01, 2017.

Based on the information received and records made available I further report that;

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Director, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Woman Director. There was no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the financial year under review;
- Adequate notice(s) were given to all directors regarding holdings of Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance to all Directors and wherever short notice of the meeting was given, compliance of relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to attendance of independent directors in the meeting was adhered. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting;
- iii. All the decisions at the Board Meetings and Committee meetings were carried through with requisite majority as

recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees of the Board, as the case may be. The dissenting members' views, if any, were captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

- As per the records, the Company filed all the forms, returns, documents and resolutions as were required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies and other authorities and all the formalities relating to the same are in compliance with the Act.
- There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations & guidelines.

I have checked the compliance management system of the Company to obtain reasonable assurance about the adequacy of systems in place to ensure compliance of specifically applicable laws and this verification was done on test basis. I believe that the Audit evidence which I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion. Except elsewhere mentioned in this report, in my opinion and to the best of my information and according to explanations given to me, I believe that the compliance management system of the Company is adequate to ensure compliance of laws specifically applicable to the Company.

> Sd/-R.S. Bhatia **Practicing Company Secretary** CP No: 2514 UDIN: F002599F000936323

Place: New Delhi Date: August 09, 2024 Peer Review No. 1496/2021

Note: This report is to be read with letter of even date by the Secretarial Auditor, which is annexed to this report and forms an integral part of this report.





To,
The Members **S Chand And Company Limited**A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor,
Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,
New Delhi-110044

CIN No: L22219DL1970PLC005400

My Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on those records based on our audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices, and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on text basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the process and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. Where ever required, i have obtained the management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- 4. The compliance of the provisions of the SEBI laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on text basis.
- 5. As regards the books, papers, forms, reports and returns filed by the Company under these regulations, the adherence and compliance to the requirements of the said regulations is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to checking the execution and timeliness of the filing of various forms, reports, returns and documents that need to be filed by the company under the said regulations. I have verified the correctness and coverage of the contents of such forms.

Sd/-R.S. Bhatia Practicing Company Secretary CP No: 2514 UDIN: F002599F000936323 Peer Review No. 1496/2021

Place: New Delhi Date: August 09, 2024

ANNEXURE-C

# Statement of Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197(12) of The Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(1) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Notice

The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2023-24:

Name of the Director	Designation	Ratio to median remuneration of the employees
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director	46.56
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Whole-Time Director	34.59

The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year 2023-24:

Name of the Employee	Designation	% increase in remuneration
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director	-5%
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Whole-Time Director	-7%
Mr. Saurabh Mittal	Chief Financial Officer	13%
Mr. Jagdeep Singh	Company Secretary	14%

- The percentage increase in median remuneration of employees in financial year 2023-24: 24.68% 3.
- The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company: 681 at the end of the year 31st March 2024 (752 employed during the year)
- Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

The increase in salaries of employees other than managerial personnel is 14.47% and for the managerial persons is 1%.

It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees, adopted by the Company.

> On behalf of the Board of Directors For S Chand And Company Limited

Sd/-Sd/-

Place: New Delhi Himanshu Gupta Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala

Date: August 12, 2024 Managing Director Whole-time Director

DIN: 00054015 DIN: 00282988



Information as per Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

A) Top 10 employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the year

A)	top to employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the year	es in terms of i	emuneration u	Irawn uuring	tne year						
S. No.	Name of Employee	Designation	Remuneration drawn (per annum) (₹ in million)	Nature of employment (contractual or or otherwise)	Qualification	Experience (in Yrs)	Date of Commencement of employment (Company Date of Joining)	Age (In years) (as on 31.03.2024)	% of equity held by the employee (as on 31.03.2024)	Relative of any Director or Manager	Last employment
1.	Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director	22.75	Permanent	B.Com, DU	24	April 21, 2000	45	17.02	Son of Ms. Savita Gupta	NA
.2	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Whole-time Director	16.90	Permanent	Intermediate	19	December 11, 2004	63	10.92	Father of Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Hind Group, Hong Kong
3.	Mr. Saurabh Mittal	Chief Financial Officer	17.36	Permanent	B.Com (Hons), DU and CA	26	May 01, 2006	50	0.22	No	Milk food Limited
4.	Mr. Jitendra Kumar Agnihotri	Business Head- School Education	10.39	Permanent	M.A.	23	June 01, 2015	54	0.03	No	MBD Group
	Mr. Jagdeep Singh	President & General Counsel- Company Secretary	8.65	Permanent	B. Com, C.S. LL.B.(DU)	22	December 20, 2013	48	0.02	No	Irene Healthcare Private Limited
9	Ms. Meenu Aggarwal	Senior Vice President- Finance	8.52	Permanent	CA	22	April 07, 2014	47	0.01	No	Compass India Support Services Pvt. Ltd.
7.	Mr. Atul Soni	Head- Investor Relation	5.49	Permanent	MBA General Management & Finance, PGDCA- Computer Application	71	October 03, 2018	43	Nii	No	Inox Wind
ω.	Dr. Atul Nischal*	Executive VP-Academic & Professional Development	5.04	Permanent	Ph. D – Mathematics - 1997	26	July 02, 2018	22	Nil	No	Elipsis Consulting Pvt. Ltd.
9.	Mr. Sachin Sharma	National Sales Head-Higher Education	4.90	Permanent	РGDМ	14	October 03, 2016	38	Negligible	No	HSIL Limited
10.	Mr. Elancheran S M	Associate Vice President – Sales	4.74	Permanent	MBA	29	December 08, 2014	49	Negligible	No	Ratna Sagar Pvt Ltd

\* Dr. Atul Nischal has resigned with effect from July 31, 2024.

**Statutory Reports** 

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Last employment	NA	Hind Group, Hong Kong	Milk food Limited
Relative of any Director or Manager	Son of Ms. Savita Gupta	Father of Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	No
% of equity held by the employee (as on 31.03.2024)	17.02	10.92	0.22
Age (In years) (as on 31.03.2024)	45	63	20
Date of Commencement of employment (Company Date of Joining)	April 21, 2000	December 11, 2004	May 01, 2006
Experience (in Yrs)	24	19	26
Nature of Qualification Experience mployment (in Yrs)	B.Com, DU	Intermediate	B.Com (Hons), DU and CA
Nature of employment	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent
Remuneration drawn (per annum) (₹ in million)	22.75	16.90	17.36
Designation	Managing Director	Whole-time Director	Chief Financial Officer
Name of Employee	Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Mr. Saurabh Mittal
S. No.	1.	2.	3.

-NIL Employees drawing salary of ₹8.50 lakhs or above per month and posted in India (employed for part of the financial year)  $\mathbb{C}$ 

For S Chand And Company Limited On behalf of the Board of Directors Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-time Director DIN: 00282988 -/ps Managing Director Himanshu Gupta DIN: 00054015

> **Date:** August 12, 2024 Place: New Delhi

## **ANNEXURE-E**

# Details of Shares issued under Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOPs)

The position of the existing scheme is summarized as under-

S. No.	Particulars	Remarks
I.	Details of ESOS	
1.	Description of ESOP including the general terms and	- Employees Stock Option Scheme 2012
	conditions	- Employees Stock Option Plan 2018
		- Employees Stock Option Plan 2023
2.	Date of Shareholder's Approval	30th June, 2012 for the ESOP Scheme 2012
		25th September, 2018 for the ESOP Scheme 2018
		26th September, 2023 for the ESOP Scheme 2023
3.	Total number of options approved	367,928 equity shares of face value of ₹ 5 each under the ESOP Scheme 2012, 190,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 5 each under the ESOP Scheme 2018 and 300,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 5 each under the ESOP Scheme 2023.
4.	Vesting Requirements	Options vest over a maximum period of 7 years based on continued service and certain performance parameters under ESOP Scheme 2012 & 2018.
		Options vest over a maximum period of 5 years based on continued service and certain performance parameters under ESOP Scheme 2023.
5.	The Pricing formula	The price will be determined by the Board of Directors under ESOP Scheme 2012 & 2018.
		The price will be determined by Nomination $\&$ Remuneration Committee. Under ESOP scheme 2023
6.	Maximum term of Options granted (years)	5 years
7.	Source of shares (primary, secondary or combination)	Primary
8.	Variation in terms of options	None

## Method used to account for ESOP - Intrinsic or fair value

Fair Value as per Ind AS

between the employee compensation cost so computed impact of employee compensation cost. and the employee compensation cost that shall have been recognized if it had used the fair value of the options shall be disclosed. The impact of this difference on profits and on EPS of the Company shall also be disclosed

Where the Company opts for expensing of the options The Company has followed Fair Value Method Accounting and the Profits using the intrinsic value of the options, the difference and EPS disclosed in the Profit and Loss Statement have considered the

## Option Movement during the year ended March 2024

Sr. No	Particulars	No. of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
1	No. of Options Outstanding at the beginning of the year	85,000	82.12
2	Options Granted during the year	41,296	120.52
3	Options Forfeited / Surrendered during the year	4,000	80.19
4	Options lapsed / cancelled	-	-
5	Options Vested during the year	105,000	82.30
6	Options Exercised during the year	61,000	81.94
7	Total number of shares arising as a result of exercise of options	61,000	81.94
8	Money realized by exercise of options (INR)	49,98,610	-
9	Number of options Outstanding at the end of the year	61,926	108.30
10	Number of Options exercisable at the end of the year	20,000	83.05

# V. Weighted Average remaining contractual life:

**Statutory Reports** 

As on March 31, 2024

Range of Exercise Price	Weighted average contractual life (years)
80.19 - 127.17	1.79 years

Notice

## VI. Weighted average Fair Value of Options granted during the year ended March 2024 whose:

(a)	Exercise price equals market price	NA
(b)	Exercise price is greater than market price	NA
(c)	Exercise price is less than market price	120.52
VII.	The weighted average market price of options exercised during the year ended March 2023	81.94
VIII.	Weighted average exercise price of Options granted during the year ended March 2024 whose:	
(a)	Exercise price equals market price	NA
(b)	Exercise price is greater than market price	NA
(c)	Exercise price is less than market price	144.84

## IX. Employee-wise details of options granted during the financial year 2023-24 to:

## (i) Senior managerial personnel

Name of employee	Designation	No. of Options granted	Exercise Price*
Saurabh Mittal	Chief Financial Officer	4,822	120.52
Naveen Rajlani	CEO – Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	6,900	120.52
Prateek Dhanuka	CEO – Chhaya Prakashani Limited	3,105	120.52
Jagdeep Singh	President & General Counsel (Company Secretary)	2,624	120.52
Shammi Manik	CEO – New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	2,976	120.52
Jitendra Agnihotri	Business Head – School Education	2,826	120.52
Atul Soni	Head – Investor Relation and Strategy	1,640	120.52
Priya Malhotra	Vice President – Marketing and Communications	499	120.52

<sup>\*</sup> weighted Average Price

# (ii) Employees who were granted, during any one year, options amounting to 5% or more of the options granted during the year

Name of employee	Designation	No. of Options granted	Exercise Price*
Saurabh Mittal	Chief Financial Officer	4,822	120.52
Naveen Rajlani	CEO – Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	6,900	120.52
Prateek Dhanuka	CEO – Chhaya Prakashani Limited	3,105	120.52
Jagdeep Singh	President & General Counsel (Company Secretary)	2,624	120.52
Shammi Manik	CEO – New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	2,976	120.52
Jitendra Agnihotri	Business Head – School Education	2,826	120.52

<sup>\*</sup> Weighted Average Price

# (iii) Identified employees who were granted option, during any one year equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of the company at the time of grant.

Name of employee	Designation	No. of Options granted	<b>Exercise Price</b>
	NA		

# X Method and significant Assumptions used to estimate the fair value of options granted during the year ended March 2024:

The fair value has been calculated using the Black Scholes Option Pricing model



ΧI

The Assumptions used in the model are as follows:

Variables	Weighted Average
1. Risk Free Interest Rate	6.99% and 7.01%
2. Expected Life(in years)	2 years
3. Expected Volatility	46.38% and 47.44%
4. Expected Dividend	0.85%
5. Exercise Price	103.98 and 127.17
6. Price of the underlying share in market at the time of the option grant. ( $\overline{\xi}$ )	194.70 and 270.45
The method used and the assumptions made to incorporate the effects of expected early exercise	Total exercise period considered

XII How expected volatility was determined, including an explanation of the extent to which expected volatility was based on historical volatility; and

XIII Whether and how any other features of the options granted were incorporated into the measurement of fair value, such as a market condition.

None

On behalf of the Board of Directors For S Chand And Company Limited

Based on historical volatility

Sd/- Sd/- Place: New Delhi Himanshu Gupta Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Date: August 12, 2024 Managing Director Whole-time Director DIN: 00054015 DIN: 00282988

## ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

Notice

#### 1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy ("CSR Policy") of S Chand And Company Limited ("S Chand") is framed to enhance value creation in the society and in the community in which it operates, through its services, conduct and initiatives, so as to promote sustained growth for the society and community in fulfillment of its role as a Socially Responsible Corporate with environmental concern. The CSR Policy is available on the Company's website at www.schandgroup.com. The Company has identified the area of promoting education for CSR engagement.

## **Composition of CSR Committee:**

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
i	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	Chairman- Non-Executive, Independent Director	0	0
ii	Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Member-Managing Director	0	0
iii	Mr. Dinesh Kumar	Member-Whole-time Director	0	0
	Jhunjhnuwala			

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the www.schandgroup.com board are disclosed on the website of the company

4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in Not applicable

pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable. 5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 Negative

(b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 Negative

(c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years Nil

(d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any Nil

(e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)) Nil

6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project) Nil

(b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads Nil

(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable Not applicable

(d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]Nil

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

<b>Total Amount Spent</b>	Amount Unspent (in ₹)					
for the Financial Year (in ₹)	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per sub-section (6) of section 135		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135			
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of fund	Amount	Date of transfer	
Nil	Nil	NA	NA	Nil	NA	



## (f) Excess amount for set off, if any

(1)	(2)	(3)
SI.	Particular	Amount (In ₹)
No.		
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	Negative
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Nil
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil

## Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three financial years: Nil

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)
Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year(s)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) of section 135 (in ₹)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub- section (6) of section 135 (in ₹)		Amount transfer as specified under as per second pr section (5) of sect Amount (in ₹)	er Schedule VII roviso to sub-	be spent in	Deficiency, if any
1	2020-21							
2	2021-22							
3	2022-23							

8.	Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility	:	Yes 🗌	No 🗸
	amount spent in the Financial Year			
	If yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired	:		

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

Sl. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pin-code of the property or asset(s)	Date of Creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity / Authority / beneficiary of the registered owner		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	CSR Registration Number, if Applicable	(6) Name	Registered Address

Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section : Not Applicable 135(5)

> On behalf of the Board of Directors For S Chand And Company Limited

> > Sd/-

Sd/-Desh Raj Dogra Himanshu Gupta Chairman of CSR Committee Managing Director DIN: 00226775 DIN: 00054015

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2024

#### ANNEXURE-G

# **Corporate Governance Report**

Corporate Governance is all about maintaining a valuable relationship and trust with all stakeholders. We consider stakeholders as partners in our success and we remain committed to maximizing stakeholders' value, be it shareholders, employees, suppliers, customers, investors, communities or policy makers. This approach to value creation emanates from our belief that sound governance system, based on relationship and trust is integral to create enduring value for all.

# 1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance is creation and enhancing long-term sustainable value for all stakeholders of the Company through ethically driven business process. The Company always endeavours to carry its business operations in a fair, transparent and ethical manner and also holds itself accountable and responsible to the society it belongs. As a corporate citizen, our business fosters a culture of ethical behaviour and disclosures aimed at building trust of our stakeholders.

At S Chand, we strive to conduct our business and strengthen our relationships in a manner that is dignified, distinctive and responsible. We adhere to ethical standards to ensure integrity, transparency, independence and accountability in dealing with all stakeholders.

The Company considers it absolutely essential to abide by the laws and regulations of the land in true letter and spirit and is committed to the highest standards of corporate governance and be considered as a good corporate citizen of the country.

The Company has adopted the requirements of corporate governance as specified under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), as amended from time to time.

#### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Notice

The Board is the focal point and custodian of corporate governance for the Company. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and sees increasing diversity at Board level as an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage. The Board is entrusted with the ultimate responsibility of the management, directions and performance of the Company. As its primary role is fiduciary in nature, the Board provides leadership, strategic guidance, objective and independent view to the Company's management while discharging its responsibilities, thus ensuring that the management adheres to ethics, transparency and disclosure.

#### a) Composition:

As on March 31, 2024, the Board of Directors consists of 7 (Seven) Directors comprising of a Managing Director, a Whole-time Director and 5 (Five) Non-executive Directors, out of which 3 (Three) are Independent Directors. The Company has 2 (Two) women Directors. The composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of Listing Regulations and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

## b) Attendance of Directors:

The composition of the Board and category of Directors along with Attendance Status at the Board meetings and AGM are as under:

Name of the Director	Category	Relationship with other directors	No. of Board meetings held during the financial year 2023-24	No. of Board Meetings entitled to attend during the financial year 2023-24	No. of Board Meetings attended during the financial year 2023-24	Attendance of each director at last AGM	Shareholding of Directors as on March 31, 2024
Mr. Desh Raj Dogra (DIN:00226775)	Chairman-Non- Executive, Independent Director	NA	6	6	6	Yes	13,610 equity shares held by his relatives
Mr. Himanshu Gupta (DIN: 00054015)	Promoter & Managing Director	Son of Ms. Savita Gupta	6	6	6	Yes	5,994,038



Name of the Director	Category	Relationship with other directors	No. of Board meetings held during the financial year 2023-24	No. of Board Meetings entitled to attend during the financial year 2023-24	No. of Board Meetings attended during the financial year 2023-24	Attendance of each director at last AGM	Shareholding of Directors as on March 31, 2024
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988)	Promoter & Whole-time Director	Father of Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	6	6	5	No	3,846,854
Ms. Archana Capoor (DIN: 01204170)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	NA	6	6	6	Yes	Nil
Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar (DIN: 03634002)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	NA	6	6	6	Yes	Nil
Ms. Savita Gupta (DIN: 00053988)	Non-Executive, Non- Independent Director	Mother of Mr. Himanshu Gupta	6	6	1	No	1,218,617
Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 03518763)	Non-Executive, Non- Independent Director	Son of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	6	6	4	Yes	592,000

## c) Directorship / committee position held in other Companies as on March 31, 2024:

-	- 1	•	=			
S. No.	Name of the Director	Name of the other listed entities where the Director holds directorship	Category of directorship in listed entities	No. of other Directorships	No. of Committee positions held in other companies**	No. of Committees Chaired in other companies**
1.	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	<ul> <li>IFB Industries Ltd</li> <li>Capri Global Capital Limited</li> <li>Axiscades Technologies Limited</li> <li>G R Infraprojects Limited</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Non-Executive, Independent Director</li> <li>Non-Executive, Independent Director</li> <li>Non-Executive, Independent Director</li> <li>Non-Executive, Independent Director</li> </ul>	9	3	3
2.	Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Nil	N.A.	10	1	0
3.	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Nil	N.A.	8	0	0
4.	Ms. Archana Capoor	<ul> <li>Maral Overseas Limited</li> <li>RSWM Limited</li> <li>Birla Cable Limited</li> <li>Sandhar Technologies Limited</li> <li>Samhi Hotels Limited</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Non-Executive, Independent Director</li> </ul>	7	5	1
5.	Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	Nil	N.A.	3	0	0
6.	Ms. Savita Gupta	Nil	N.A.	4	0	0
7.	Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Nil	N.A.	4	0	0

<sup>\*\*</sup> Committee of Directors includes Audit Committee & Stakeholders Relationship Committee in all public limited companies (whether listed or unlisted) and excludes private limited companies, foreign companies and Section 8 companies.

In accordance with the Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulations, none of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than ten Committees and Chairman of more than five Committees across all companies in which they are Directors.

# Number of Board Meetings and date of Board

**Statutory Reports** 

During the financial year 2023-24, 6 (Six) board meetings were held on May 30, 2023, July 20, 2023, August 11, 2023, November 10, 2023, January 08, 2024 & February 06, 2024. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act and the Listing Regulations.

## e) Independent Directors:

In the opinion of the Board, all the Non-Executive, Independent Directors fulfil the conditions of independence as prescribed under section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations and also meet the requirements of Regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations and are independent of the management.

The Independent Directors meet once in a financial year without the presence of non-independent directors and presence of the management. The Independent Directors, inter alia, reviewed the performance of the other Directors and Board as a whole and also assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company's management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

#### **Board's Procedures:**

It has always been the Company's policy and practice that apart from matters requiring Board's approval by statute, all major decisions including quarterly results of the Company, financial restructuring, capital expenditure proposals, material investment proposals, sale and acquisition of material nature of assets, mortgages, guarantees, etc. are regularly placed before the Board. The matters regarding actual operations, major litigation feedback reports, information on senior level appointments below the Board level and minutes of the Board and Committee Meetings are also placed before the Board. In addition to the information required under Part A of Schedule II of Sub-Regulation 7 of Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations, the Board is also kept informed of major events/items and approvals have been taken wherever necessary.

#### **Board Evaluation:**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and Regulation 17(10) of the Listing Regulations, the Board, in accordance with evaluation framework laid down by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, performance of the Directors as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees.

The Board's functioning was evaluated on various aspects, including inter-alia degree of fulfilment of key responsibilities, Board structure and composition, establishment and delineation of responsibilities to various Committees, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning, long term strategic planning.

The Committee evaluation was done on the basis of degree of fulfilment of key responsibilities, adequacy of Committee composition and effectiveness of meetings.

Evaluation of Directors was done keeping in view the criteria laid down in the Board Performance Evaluation Framework of the Company.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board, excluding the Director being evaluated. The criteria for performance evaluation of Independent Directors covered the following as described in the evaluation framework of the Company:

- Professional qualification and experience, especially experience to relevant industry;
- Attendance and participation in the Board b) Meeting:
- Whether person is independent from the entity and the other directors and there is no conflict of interest and exercises his/her own judgement and voices opinion freely;
- Timely inputs on minutes of meeting of board and committees;
- Timely disclosure of interest and any change therein:
- Adherence of Code of Conduct of the Company;
- Contribution in the board and committee meetings such as raising valid concerns and providing his/her inputs for resolutions of such issues;
- Promoting the good corporate governance h) practices in the Company;



- Safeguarding interest of whistle-blowers under vigil mechanism and safeguard of confidential information provided by the Company and its representatives; and
- Fulfillment of the independence criteria as per the SEBI Listing Regulations and their independence from the management.

#### h) Maximum tenure of Independent Directors:

The maximum tenure of Independent Directors is in accordance with the Act and the Listing Regulations.

# i) Familiarisation Programmes for Independent Directors:

The Company has a familiarisation programme for Independent Directors with regard to their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of industry in which the Company operates, the business models of the Company etc., and the same is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/#board-committees">www.schandgroup.com/investors/#board-committees</a>.

# j) Skills/Expertise/Competencies of the Board of Directors:

The Board of Directors of the Company comprise of qualified members from diverse fields who bring in the required skills, competencies and expertise and add valuable contributions to the Board and its Committees. The members of the Board ensures that the Company complies with the applicable laws and maintains highest standards of corporate governance.

The following skills / expertise / competencies have been identified for the effective functioning of the Company, which are currently available with the Board.

Skills / expertise / competencies	Directors who possess such skills / expertise / competencies
Diversified Leadership	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra Ms. Archana Capoor Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar
Strategic Planning	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra Ms. Archana Capoor Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar Mr. Himanshu Gupta Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala
Industry experience	Mr. Himanshu Gupta Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Ms. Savita Gupta Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala
Finance and Accounts	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra Ms. Archana Capoor Mr. Himanshu Gupta Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala
Legal, Regulatory and Risk Management	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra Ms. Archana Capoor Mr. Himanshu Gupta Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala
Corporate Governance	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra Ms. Archana Capoor Mr. Himanshu Gupta Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala

Notice

### 3. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Committees constituted by the Board of Directors deal with specific areas and activities which concern the Company and makes recommendations to the Board on matters in their area or purview. The Committees take informed decisions within the framework designed by the Board. These Committees play an important role in overall management of day-to-day affairs and governance of the Company. To ensure good governance, all the decisions or recommendations by the Committee are placed before the Board for its information or approval, as required.

**Statutory Reports** 

#### a) Audit Committee

#### **Constitution and composition:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations,

the Audit Committee of the Company comprising of 3 (Three) Non-Executive, Independent Directors performs all such powers and functions as are required to be performed under the said provisions. All the members of the Committee have relevant experience in financial matters.

## **Meetings & Attendance:**

The Audit Committee met 6 (Six) times during the financial year 2023-24 on May 27, 2023, May 30, 2023, August 11, 2023, November 10, 2023, January 08, 2024 & February 06, 2024. The intervening period between two meetings was well within the maximum time gap as specified in the Listing regulations. The constitution of Audit Committee and attendance of each member during the financial year 2023-24 is as given below:

Name of the Member	Category	No. of meetings entitled to attend	No. of meetings attended
Ms. Archana Capoor (Chairperson of Audit Committee)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	6	6
Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	Non-Executive, Independent Director	6	6
Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	6	6

The Audit Committee invites such executives, as it considers appropriate, representatives of Statutory Auditors and representatives of Internal Auditors to attend the meetings. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Audit Committee. The statutory auditors and internal auditors of the Company discuss their audit findings and updates with the Committee and submit their views directly to the Committee. Separate discussions are held with the internal auditors to review the compliances, issues involved and to review the internal controls in the Company.

#### Terms of References:

#### A. Powers of Audit Committee

- To investigate any activity within its terms of reference.
- 2. To seek information from any employee.
- 3. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

## B. Role of Audit Committee

The Role of Audit Committee shall inter-alia include the following:

- To consider internal audit reports, reviews internal control and systems and provide guidance and direction to internal audit function. To review the corporate accounting and reporting practices and also consider changes in accounting policy, if any. Review, with the management, the quarterly/half yearly financial statements before submission to the Board of Directors for approval.
- To have an oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information so as to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- 3. To review with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board of Directors for approval, with particular reference to:
  - Matters to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement in the Board's Report;
  - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
  - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;



- d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
- e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
- f. Qualifications in the draft audit report, if any; and
- g. Disclosure of any Related Party Transactions.
- 4. To review, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, and adequacy of the internal control systems.
- 5. To review the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit. It can have discussion with internal auditors regarding any significant findings and follow up there on.
- 6. To review the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board of Directors.
- 7. To have discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- 8. The Committee may also look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders and shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends).
- 9. The Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:
  - a. Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations.
  - Management Letters / Letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
  - Internal Audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
  - d. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor shall be subject to the review by the audit committee; and

- e. Statement of deviations:
  - Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, shall be submitted to the relevant stock exchanges in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the Listing Regulations; and
  - An annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice, in terms of Regulation 32(7) of the Listing Regulations.
- 10. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- 11. Examination of the financial statement and the auditor's report thereon.
- 12. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- 13. Approval or any subsequent material modification of related party transactions entered into by any of subsidiaries of the Company on one hand and a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand.
- 14. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- 15. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary.
- 16. Evaluation of internal financial control and risk management systems.
- 17. Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters.
- 18. Overseeing of the vigil mechanism along with making provision for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases.
- 19. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- 20. Carry out additional functions as is contained in the listing agreement or other regulatory requirements applicable to the Company or in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

Notice

**Statutory Reports** 

- 22. Review, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for the purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board of Directors to take up steps in this matter.
- 23. Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer (i.e., the whole-time finance director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- 24. To review the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower

including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.

25. To consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholders.

# Nomination and Remuneration Committee **Constitution and composition:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations, the Company has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprising of 3 (Three) Non-Executive, Independent Directors to perform all such powers and functions as are required to be performed under the said provisions.

## Meetings & Attendance:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee met 2 (Two) time during the financial year 2023-24 on July 20, 2023 & February 06, 2024. The constitution of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and attendance of each member is as given below:

Name of the Member	Category	No. of meetings entitled to attend	No. of meetings attended
Ms. Archana Capoor (Chairperson of Nomination and Remuneration Committee)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2	2

# **Terms of References:**

The terms of references of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as under:

- To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend to the Board of Directors their appointment and/or removal.
- To specify the manner for effective evaluation of performance of Board, its Committees and Individual Directors to be carried out either by the Board, by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or by an independent external agency and review its implementation and compliance.
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence

of a director and recommend to the Board of Directors a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees such that its policies ensure that -

- the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the company successfully;
- relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.



- To formulate the criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors.
- To recommend to the Board of Directors whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.
- To devise a policy on the diversity of the Board of Directors.
- 7. To recommend/review remuneration of the Managing Director and Whole-time Director based on their performance and defined assessment criteria.
- 8. To carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board of Directors from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification, as may be applicable.
- To administration and superintendence the employee stock option scheme or employees benefit schemes as approved by Board of Directors of the Company.
- 10. To formulate the detailed terms and conditions of such schemes, frame suitable policies and procedures to ensure that there is no violation of applicable laws.
- 11. To recommend to the Board of Directors, all remuneration in whatever form, payable to senior management.
- 12. For every appointment of an independent director, to evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The

person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:

- use the services of an external agencies, if required;
- consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity;
   and
- c. consider the time commitments of the candidates.

## c) Stakeholders Relationship Committee

## Constitution and composition:

Pursuant to the Act and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations, the Company has a Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprising of 3 (Three) Directors. The Chairperson of the Committee is a Non-Executive Director. The Committee discharges duties of looking into the grievances and protecting the various aspects of interest of shareholders of the Company.

The Committee oversees performance of the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company and recommends measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services.

### **Meetings & Attendance:**

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee had 1 (One) meeting during the financial year 2023-24 on September 12, 2023. The constitution of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee and attendance of each member during the financial year 2023-24 is as given below:

Name of the Member	Category	No. of meetings attended
Ms. Savita Gupta (Chairperson of Stakeholders Relationship Committee)	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	1
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director	0
Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	1

### **Terms of References:**

- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/transmission
  of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general
  meetings etc.
- 2. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.

**Statutory Reports** 

- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.
- Ensure effective implementation and monitoring of framework devised to avoid insider trading and abusive self-dealing.
- All other matters incidental or related to shares, debentures and other securities of the Company.

## **Investor Grievances/Complaints:**

The details of investor complaints received and resolved during the financial year 2023-24 are as follows:

Complaints received		Complaints not solved to the satisfaction of shareholders	Complaints pending
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Mr. Jagdeep Singh, Company Secretary is designated as Compliance Officer of the Company. The Company has an email-id investors@schandgroup.com for the investors to send their grievances.

## d) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

## **Constitution and composition:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Act, the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("CSR Committee") comprising of 3 (Three) Directors performs all such powers and functions as are required to be performed under the said provisions.

## **Meetings & Attendance:**

No meeting of CSR Committee was held during the financial year 2023-24. The constitution of the CSR Committee is as given below:

Name of the Member	Category
Mr. Desh Raj Dogra (Chairman of CSR Committee)	Non-Executive, Independent Director
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Whole-time Director

### Terms of References:

Notice

The terms of references of the CSR Committee are as under:

- To formulate and recommend to the Board, a 1. Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Act.
- To formulate and recommend to the Board, an annual Action Plan which shall include the following:
  - the list of CSR projects or programmes that are approved to be undertaken in areas or subjects specified in Schedule VII of the Act;
  - the manner of execution of such projects or programmes;
  - the modalities of utilisation of funds and implementation schedules for the projects or programmes;
  - monitoring and reporting mechanism for the projects or programmes; and
  - details of need and impact assessment, if any, for the projects undertaken by the company:
- To recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities.
- To monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company from time to time.
- To undertake any other acts, deeds and things as may be delegated by the Board from time to time in relation to the Corporate Social Responsibility of the Company.

## **Risk Management Committee**

## **Constitution and composition:**

Pursuant to Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations, the Company has a Risk Management Committee consisting of 5 (Five) members out of which 3 (Three) are Board Members and 2 (Two) are senior executives of the Company.

## **Meetings & Attendance:**

The Risk Management Committee met 2 (Two) times during the financial year 2023-24 on September 11, 2023 & March 08, 2024. The constitution of the Risk Management Committee and attendance of each member during the financial year 2023-24 is as given below:



Sl. No.	Name of Member	Category	No. of meeting attended
1.	Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar (Chairman of Risk Management Committee)	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2
2.	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	Non-Executive, Independent Director	2
3.	Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director	0
4.	Mr. Saurabh Mittal	Chief Financial Officer	2
5.	Mr. Atul Soni	Head Investors Relations	2

#### **Terms of References:**

The terms of references of Risk Management Committee are as under:

- To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include
  - A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
  - Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
  - Business continuity plan.
- 2. To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- 5. To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- 6. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee

## **Other Functional Committees**

Apart from the above statutory Committees, the Board of Directors have constituted the following functional

committees to ensure better governance and to meet the specific business needs.

#### a) Administrative Committee

The Committee looks into routine administrative matters that arise in the normal course of business. The Committee comprises of 3 (Three) members of the Board. The Committee reports to the Board and the minutes of this Committee are placed before the Board for information.

#### 4. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

a) Pecuniary relationship or transactions of the Non-Executive Directors vis-a-vis the Company: During the financial year, there was no pecuniary relationship or transactions of the Company with Non-Executive Directors except payment of sitting fees to Independent Directors for attending Board / Committee Meetings.

## b) Criteria of making payments to Non-Executive Directors:

The role of Non-Executive Directors of the Company is not just restricted to Corporate Governance at the Board level of the Company but they also bring with them significant professional experience and expertise across the whole spectrum of the functional area such as publishing, marketing, sales, corporate strategy, legal, finance and other corporate functions. The Company seeks their expert advice on various matters relating to the business of the Company. The Independent Directors are paid sitting fees within the prescribed limits. The sitting fees is reasonable to attract, retain and motivate Directors aligned to the requirements of the Company. The Company also reimburses out-of-pocket expenses, if any, incurred by the Non-Executive Directors for attending meetings. The remuneration paid to the Non-Executive Directors is in line with the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company and the applicable provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations.

# c) The details of remuneration and sitting fees paid to each Director during the financial year 2023-24 are as under:

Notice

(Figures in Millions)

							(1	igui es iii	MIIIIOIIS)
S. No.	Name of the Director	Category	Salary	Performance Linked Incentive / Commission	Other Benefits	Bonuses	Stock Options	Sitting Fees	Total
1.	Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director	17.35	5.00	0.40	-	-	-	22.75
2.	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Whole-time Director	13.30	3.50	0.10		-	-	16.90
3.	Ms. Savita Gupta	Non-Executive, Non- Independent Director	-		-	-	-	-	-
4.	Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Non-Executive, Non- Independent Director	-		-	-	-	-	-
5.	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	Non-Executive, Independent Director	-		-	-	-	0.69	0.69
6.	Ms. Archana Capoor	Non-Executive, Independent Director	-		-	-	-	0.62	0.62
7.	Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	-		-	-	-	0.83	0.83

The Executive Directors of the Company have been appointed, in terms of the resolutions passed by the Board and shareholders. The Executive Directors are required to give 180 days notice to the Company for termination of service agreement. There is no separate provision for payment of severance fees. The Non-Executive Directors are not subject to any notice period and no severance fees is to be paid to them.

Criteria for payment of performance linked incentive / commission:

- Mr. Himanshu Gupta, Managing Director, is entitled for commission upto 0.45% of Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statement of the Company (subject to maximum upto ₹ 50 lakhs) in a particular year.
- Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Whole-time Director, is entitled for commission upto 0.30% of Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statement of the Company (subject to maximum upto ₹ 35 lakhs) in a particular year.

## 5. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT OF MATERIAL UNLISTED INDIAN SUBSIDIARIES

Pursuant to Regulation 24A of the Listing Regulations, Secretarial Audit Report of the material unlisted subsidiaries incorporated in India as given by Company Secretaries in Practice are attached herewith as **Annexure I**.

#### 6. GENERAL MEETINGS

a) The details of last three AGM's and the summary of Special Resolutions passed therein are as under:

Financial Year & Meeting No.	Day & Date	Time	Venue	Special Resolutions passed
52nd / 2022-23	Tuesday, September 26, 2023	11.30 A.M.	Pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 14, 2021, May 05, 2022 & December 28, 2022 and SEBI circular dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, May 13, 2022 & January 05, 2023 the meeting was held through video conferencing	Chandrashekhar (DIN: 03634002) as an Independent Director of the Company  • Approval of S Chand – Employees Stock Option Plan 2023



Financial Year & Meeting No.	Day & Date	Time	Venue	Special Resolutions passed
51st/ 2021-22	Wednesday, September 28, 2022	11.30 A.M.	Pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 14, 2021 & May 05, 2022 and SEBI circular dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021 & May 13, 2022 the meeting was held through video conferencing	Company under Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013
50th/2020-21	Tuesday, September 28, 2021	11.30 A.M.	Pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020 and January 13, 2021 and SEBI circular dated May 12, 2020 and January 15, 2021 the meeting was held through video conferencing	Gupta, Managing Director of the Company     Revision in the remuneration of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Ihunihnuwala, Whole-time Director of

# Resolution passed / proposed to be passed through postal ballot:

No resolution was passed through postal ballot during the financial year 2023-24 and there is no proposal for passing any special resolution through postal ballot.

## 7. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

# a) Financial Results:

Prior intimation of the Board Meeting to consider and approve the unaudited /audited financial results of the Company is given to the stock exchanges and also disseminated on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com">www.schandgroup.com</a>. The said financial results are intimated to the stock exchanges after the same are approved at the Board Meeting.

### b) Newspapers & Website:

The unaudited quarterly, half-yearly financial results and audited financial results for the financial year are published in leading newspapers i.e. 'The Financial Express' and 'Jansatta'. The said financial results, quarterly/half-yearly/annual compliances, other statutory filings made to the Stock Exchanges and other official news releases, if any, are also disclosed on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com">www.schandgroup.com</a>.

# c) Presentations to institutional investors/analysts:

The Company also hosts all presentations shared/made to analysts/ investors on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com">www.schandgroup.com</a>. The said presentations are also submitted to the stock exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed.

## 8. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

## a) 53rd AGM:

Day : Friday

Date : September 20, 2024

Time : 11:30 A.M.

Mode of convening the : through video conferencing

meeting

**b) Financial Year:** The Company follows the financial year from 1<sup>st</sup> April to 31<sup>st</sup> March.

# c) Dividend payment Date:

During the year under review, the Board of Directors has at its meeting held on May 30, 2023, recommended dividend of  $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$  3/- per shares to the equity shareholders of the Company for the financial year 2022-23 which was approved by the shareholders of the Company in its  $52^{\rm nd}$  AGM. The Dividend was paid from October 01, 2023.

Notice

### Financial Calendar for financial 2024-25:

- Quarterly results: within 45 days from the date of closure of the respective quarter or such extended time as may be applicable to the Company;
- ii) Annual Audited Results for the financial year ending March 31, 2025: within 60 days of close of the financial year or such extended time as may be applicable to the Company; and
- iii) AGM for the financial year ending March 31, 2025: within 6 months of close of financial year or such extended time as may be applicable to the Company.

## e) Listing of Shares and Stock Code:

S. No.	Name of the Stock Exchange	Address of Stock Exchange	Stock Code
1.	BSE Limited ("BSE")	25th Floor, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400001	540497
2.	National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE")	Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai, Maharashtra 400051	SCHAND

The Listing Fees for the financial year 2024-25 has been paid to NSE and BSE.

#### Volume of shares traded and Stock Price Movement on a month to month basis:

The monthly highest and lowest trade prices and volume of shares of the Company at BSE and NSE for the year ended March 31, 2024 are as under:

Month	BSE			NSE		
	High	Low	Volume	High	Low	Volume
Apr-23	233.20	211.40	2,67,379	233.80	210.20	25,16,253
May-23	225.85	187.00	4,52,236	226.00	186.35	35,10,746
Jun-23	211.75	185.85	4,90,156	211.85	185.05	33,84,021
Jul-23	212.65	188.80	2,38,749	212.65	187.85	22,10,380
Aug-23	296.75	187.70	5,40,027	296.90	187.05	89,83,752
Sep-23	297.95	240.00	3,83,155	299.00	232.90	34,45,250
Oct-23	289.45	235.55	2,64,905	289.85	238.05	15,18,662
Nov-23	284.15	242.00	88,781	284.95	242.00	10,42,966
Dec-23	274.75	237.00	1,20,028	275.00	236.05	10,42,608
Jan-24	335.00	262.20	2,15,387	335.00	260.10	31,75,490
Feb-24	290.15	248.60	1,70,284	292.00	247.55	22,65,487
Mar-24	281.00	225.00	1,28,590	281.95	222.30	13,73,316



#### **BSE Sensex vs S Chand Share Price**



## **NSE Nifty vs S Chand Share Price**



## g) Securities suspended from trading

The Company's securities has not been suspended from trading.

## h) Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:

All the processes relating to the shares is being handled by SEBI registered category I Registrar and Transfer Agent whose details are given below:

## **Link Intime India Private Limited**

Noble Heights, 1st Floor,

Plot NH 2, C-1 Block LSC,

Near Savitri Market,

Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058

Phone: +91 11 49411000

Fax: +91 11 4141 0591

E-mail: delhi@intime.co.in

Website: www.linkintime.co.in

#### i) **Share Transfer System:**

No request for transfer / transmission of shares were received during the financial year 2023-24. All the equity shares of the Company are held in Dematerialized mode. Transfer / transmission of securities held in physical mode has been discontinued.

Notice

As per the requirement of Regulation 40(9) of the Listing Regulations, the Company has obtained yearly certificates from a Company Secretary in Practice for due compliance of share transfer formalities.

### Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2024:

**Statutory Reports** 

S. No.	SHARES RANGE		NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS	% OF TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS	TOTAL SHARES FOR THE RANGE	% OF ISSUED CAPITAL	
1	1	То	500	38629	94.58	19,33,018	5.49
2	501	То	1000	1020	2.50	7,98,483	2.27
3	1001	То	2000	539	1.32	8,16,359	2.32
4	2001	То	3000	214	0.52	5,36,682	1.52
5	3001	То	4000	94	0.23	3,35,640	0.95
6	4001	То	5000	54	0.13	2,52,378	0.72
7	5001	То	10000	147	0.36	10,65,521	3.03
8	10001 and above			147	0.36	2,94,79,298	83.70
Tota	Total			40,844	100.00	3,52,17,379	100.00

## k) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity:

As on March 31, 2024, all the equity shares of the Company are in compulsory dematerialization segment and are available on trading system of both the depositories in India viz. National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL"). The status of dematerialization of shares as on 31st March, 2024 is as under:

Particulars	Number of shares	Number of shareholders	% to total number of shares
CDSL	1,18,45,784	22,661	33.64
NSDL	2,33,71,595	18,183	66.36
Total	3,52,17,379	40,844	100.00

## **Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants:**

The Company does not have any Global Depository Receipts or American Depository Receipts or warrants or any convertible instruments as on March 31, 2024.

### m) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities:

The Company does not have any commodity risk. Risk assessment and its minimization procedures have been laid down by the Company and the same have been informed to the Board Members. These procedures are periodically reviewed to ensure that the management controls risk through means of a properly defined framework.

## n) Plant locations:

20/4, Site IV, Industrial Area, Sahibabad, Ghaziabad (Uttar Pradesh) - 201010

### Credit Rating:

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, there were following revisions and assignment of new ratings.



## August 25, 2023

CARE Ratings Limited has revised existing ratings and assigned a new credit rating of the Company as under:

Facilities	Amount (₹ in crore)	Ratings	Rating Action
Long Term Bank	106.74	CARE A-; Stable	Revised from CARE BBB+;
Facilities	(Enhanced from 99.18)	(Single A Minus; Outlook: Stable)	Positive (Triple B Plus; Outlook: Positive)
Long Term / Short Term Bank Facilities	12.50 (Enhanced from 7.50)	CARE A-; Stable / CARE A2+ (Single A Minus; Outlook: Stable / A Two Plus)	Revised from CARE BBB+; Positive / CARE A2 (Triple B Plus; Outlook: Positive / A Two)
Short Term Bank Facilities	3.00	CARE A2+ (A Two Plus)	Revised from CARE A2 [A Two]
Total Facilities	122.24 (Rupees One Hundred Twenty- Two Crore and Twenty-Four Lakhs Only)		

## **September 04, 2023**

ICRA Limited has assigned a long-term rating of [ICRA]A- (Stable) [pronounced ICRA A minus] from [ICRA]BBB+ (Stable) [pronounced ICRA triple B plus] to the Fund Based-Overdraft Facility of ₹ 110.00 crore sanctioned by various banks and financial institutions to the Company.

## p) Address for correspondence:

#### **Registered Office:**

A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,

New Delhi-110044 Tel: +91 11 49731800 Fax: +91 11 49731801

Email: investors@schandgroup.com

## q) Compliance Officer:

Mr. Jagdeep Singh

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Email: <a href="mailto:jsingh.del@schandgroup.com">jsingh.del@schandgroup.com</a>

### 9. OTHER DISCLOSURES

## a) Disclosure on materially significant related party transactions:

Except some transactions, all transactions entered into with related party as defined under the Act & Listing Regulations during the financial year 2023-24 were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. There was no materially significant transaction which has potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. The suitable disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS 24) have been made in the notes forming part of the annual accounts.

- Disclosure relating to loan/ advances as required under Schedule V is as under:

(₹ in million)

Name of subsidiary / associate / firms/companies in which directors are interested	Amount granted during the financial year 2023-24	Amount outstanding as on March 31, 2024	Maximum amount of loans / advances outstanding during the financial year 2023-24
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited- Subsidiary of the Company	Nil	137.29	137.29
Edutor Technologies Initiatives Private Limited	Nil	15.90	15.90
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited - Subsidiary of the Company	15.5	67.05	67.05
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited - Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company	50.00	107.98	107.98
Total	65.50	328.22	328.22

Transactions of the listed entity with any person or entity belonging to the promoter/promoter group which hold(s) 10% or more shareholding in the listed entity:

Except the remuneration paid to Mr. Himanshu Gupta, Managing Director and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Whole Time Director, no other related party transaction was entered into with any promoter/promoter group entity which holds 10% or more shareholding in the Company.

Disclosure of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, and strictures imposed on the Company by the stock exchanges, SEBI or any other statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years:

FY 2021-22

# **Non-Compliances**

#### No.

1. provisions of Regulation 30 read with Schedule III of the time period of 30 minutes. Listing Regulations which provides that the outcome of meeting.

#### Response of the Management

Notice

The Board meeting held on June 22, 2021 to consider Due to Covid-19 pandemic, the meeting was held through video inter-alia Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial conferencing. Directors of the Company were sitting at different Results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2021 and places and Auditors were sitting at some other place due to which other matters was concluded at 12.40 P.M. The outcome there was a delay in receipt of Auditors Report. Further at the in relation to the same was submitted after 30 minutes last moment there were some technical networking issues while of closure of the meeting. There was a delay of approx. uploading the outcome on Stock Exchange portal. In view of the 30 minutes. The same was in non-compliance with the above, the Outcome could not be submitted within the prescribed

Board meeting with respect to financial results shall be An advisory letter dated January 10, 2023 was issued by National submitted within 30 minutes of the closure of the Board Stock Exchange and advised to place the said letter before the Board of Directors in the next board meeting and take a note of the same. As per National Stock Exchange instructions, the said advisory letter was placed before the Board at its meeting held on February 10, 2023 and the same was taken on record.

> No action till date of this report is taken by BSE Ltd. Management is of the opinion that the delay caused in submission of outcome was unintentional and not prejudicial to interest of investors.

The Company issued Notice dated August 31, 2021 for convening the 50th Annual General Meeting to be held on September 28, 2021, It contains an item for appointment of Statutory Auditors. But due to oversight disclosure as required under Regulation 36(5) of Listing Regulations was missed out. The same was in non-compliance with the provisions of Regulation 36(5) of Listing Regulations which provides that in the notice being sent to shareholders for an Annual General Meeting, where the statutory auditor is proposed to be appointed / re-appointed, the Company shall include the disclosures specified in the said regulation as a part of the explanatory statement to the notice.

To comply with the requirements of Regulation 36(5) of Listing Regulations, the Company issued addendum to the notice of the 50th Annual General Meeting on September 17, 2021.

FY 2022-23 - Nil

FY 2023-24 - Nil

## Whistle Blower Policy:

The Company has adopted a vigil mechanism for employees wherein any employee or Director can report grievances to the reporting officer as designated by the Company or to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee. As part of vigil mechanism, the Company has formed a Whistle Blower Policy for its employees and Directors to report genuine concerns or grievances. The said policy provides avenues to employees and Directors to bring attention of the management of any issue which is perceived to be in violation or in conflict with the Code of Conduct of the Company. The Whistle Blower Policy is hosted on the website of the Company at www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies. None of the employees of the Company have been denied access to the Audit Committee.



## d) The status of compliance with mandatory and non-mandatory requirements is as under:

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations. The Company also confirm the compliance with corporate governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) and (t) of Regulation 46 (2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations during the financial year ended March 31, 2024. In addition, the Company has also adopted the following non-mandatory requirements under the Listing Regulations during the financial year 2023-24:

S. No.	Particulars	Remarks
1.	Non-Executive Chairman's Office	The Company has a Non-Executive Chairman and he maintains his own separate office. The Company does not bear expense of maintaining his office. The Company pays him sitting fees and reimburse travel expenses for attending the Board and Committee meetings.
2.	Separate posts of Chairperson and the Managing Director or the Chief Executive Officer	The Chairperson of the Board is a Non-Executive Independent Director and not related to the Managing Director of the Company
3.	Reporting of Internal Auditor	The Internal Auditor submits its report to the Audit Committee on quarterly basis

## e) Policy for determining material subsidiaries:

The policy for determining material subsidiaries has been uploaded on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies">www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies</a>.

## f) Policy for related party transactions:

The policy for dealing with the related party transactions has been uploaded on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies">www.schandgroup.com/investors/#corporate-policies</a>.

## g) Commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities:

The Company does not have any commodity price risk exposure hedged through commodity derivatives.

### h) Details of utilization of funds raised:

No funds were raised by the Company through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement.

## i) Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary:

A certificate from a Company Secretary in practice stating that none of the directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority is annexed herewith.

#### i) Recommendations of Committees:

All the recommendations of the various committees were accepted by the Board.

## k) Payment to Statutory Auditors:

M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

(₹ in millions)

			(
Particulars	By the Company	By the subsidiaries	Total Amount*
Audit Fees	4.50	2.80	7.30
Limited review	1.70	1.95	3.65
Other services	3.10	-	3.10
Out of Pocket expenses	0.48	0.29	0.77
Total	9.78	5.04	14.82

<sup>\*</sup> the amounts are exclusive of applicable GST.

**Statutory Reports** 

# Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) 1)

In terms of the provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder, the number of complaints received during the financial year 2023-24 along with their status of redressal as on financial year ended March 31, 2024 are as under:

Notice

Number of complaints received during the financial year 2023-24	
Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year 2023-24	Nil
Number of complaints pending as on March 31, 2024	

## m) Details of non-compliance of any requirement of corporate governance report: Nil

## Disclosures with respect to demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account:

22 equity shares allotted to Ms. Jaladhiben B Shah in the Initial Public Offer of the Company has not been credited to her demat account as the same appears to be closed/inactive. In compliance to Regulation 39(4) and Schedule VI of the Listing Regulations, the said 22 unclaimed shares has been transferred to S Chand And Company Ltd - Unclaimed Suspense Account Opened by the Company.

a)	aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the beginning of the year	1 shareholder who was allotted 22 Equity Shares
b)	number of shareholders who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year	Nil
c)	number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year	Nil
d)	aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year	1 shareholder who was allotted 22 Equity Shares
e)	the voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares	22 Equity Shares

## Disclosure relating to agreement as specified in Regulation 30A of Listing Regulation:

No agreement as mentioned in Regulation 30A of Listing Regulations is subsisting as on March 31, 2024.

## p) Details of material subsidiaries of the listed entity:

SI. No.	Name of material subsidiary	Date of incorporation	Place of incorporation	Name of statutory auditor	Date of appointment of Statutory Auditor (In present term)
1	Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	27-08-1971	New Delhi	M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013)	17-09-2021
2	Chhaya Prakashani Limited	15-11-2006	Kolkata	M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013)	21-09-2022
3	New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	17-12-2013	New Delhi	M/s. J P Chawla & Co. LLP (Firm Registration No.: 001875N/N500025)	15-09-2021

# q) Details of senior management of the Company who have held office during financial year 2023-24:

Sl. No.	Name of senior management	Designation	Date of appointment	Date of cessation
1	Mr. Saurabh Mittal	Chief Financial Officer	01-05-2006	
2	Mr. Jagdeep Singh	President & General Counsel- Company Secretary	20-12-2013	-
3	Mr. Jitendra Agnihotri	Business Head - School Education	01-06-2015	-
4	Ms. Meenu Agarwal	Sr. Vice President Finance	07-04-2014	-



Place: New Delhi

Date: August 12, 2024

Sl. No.	Name of senior management	Designation	Date of appointment	Date of cessation
5	Mr. Sachin Sharma	National Sales Head - Higher Education	03-10-2016	-
6	Mr. Atul Soni	Head - Investor Relations & Strategy	03-10-2018	-
7	Dr. Atul Nischal*	Executive VP-Academic & Professional Development	02-07-2018	-
8	Ms. Priya Malhotra	Vice President - Marketing & Communications	12-04-2014	-
9	Ms. Priyamvada Agarwal	Head - Curriculum & Marketing	15-09-2021	-

<sup>\*</sup> Dr. Atul Nischal has resigned with effect from July 31, 2024.

## r) Code of Conduct Declaration:

In accordance with Regulation 34(3) of the Listing Regulations, we hereby confirm that all the members of the Board and senior management personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of Board of directors and senior management.

On behalf of the Board of Directors For S Chand And Company Limited

Sd/-**Himanshu Gupta** Managing Director DIN: 00054015 Sd/-**Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala** Whole-time Director DIN: 00282988

## DECLARATION ON COMPLIANCE OF THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

Notice

To

The Board of Directors,

S Chand And Company Limited

The Company has framed a specific Code of Conduct for the members of the Board of Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company pursuant to Regulation 17 and 26(3) and Para D of Schedule V of The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to further strengthen corporate governance practices in the Company.

All the members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed due observance of the said Code of Conduct so far as it is applicable to them and there is no non-compliance thereof during the year ended March 31, 2024.

> Sd/-Himanshu Gupta **Managing Director** DIN: 00054015

Address: A-27, 2nd Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi-110044

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2024

## COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE BY MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The Board of Directors S Chand And Company Limited

We, (Mr. Himanshu Gupta) Managing Director and (Mr. Saurabh Mittal) Chief Financial Officer of S Chand And Company Limited hereby certify that:

- (a) We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended on March 31, 2024 and based on our knowledge and belief, we state that:
  - These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain any statement that might be misleading;
  - (ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws, and regulations.
- (b) We further state that to the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no transactions entered into by the Company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal, or violate the Company's code of conduct.
- (c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (d) We have indicated, based on our most recent evaluation, wherever applicable, to the Auditors and Audit Committee:
  - (i) Significant changes, if any, in the internal control over financial reporting during the year;
  - (ii) Significant changes, if any, in the accounting policies made during the year and that the same has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - (iii) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Sd/-Himanshu Gupta Saurabh Mittal Managing Director Chief Financial Officer

Place: New Delhi Date: August 12, 2024 Sd/-



## **CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and sub clause (i) of clause 10 of Para C of Schedule V of The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members of **S Chand And Company Limited**A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor,
Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,
New Delhi-110044

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of S Chand And Company Limited having CIN L22219DL1970PLC005400 and having registered office at A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi-110044 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with sub-clause (i) of clause 10 of Para C of Schedule V of The Securities And Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal <a href="www.mca.gov.in">www.mca.gov.in</a>) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2024 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities And Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority:

S. No.	Name of the Director	Designation	DIN	Date of appointment in the Company
1.	Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	Chairman, Non-Executive, Independent Director	00226775	10.11.2016
2.	Mr. Himanshu Gupta	Managing Director	00054015	21.04.2000
3.	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Whole-time Director	00282988	11.12.2004
4.	Ms. Archana Capoor	Non-Executive, Independent Director	01204170	10.11.2016
5.	Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	Non-Executive, Independent Director	03634002	23.07.2018
6.	Ms. Savita Gupta	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	00053988	20.10.1989
7.	Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	03518763	11.04.2011

Ensuring the eligibility of, for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sd/-**R.S. Bhatia** Practicing Company Secretary

CP No: 2514

UDIN: F002599F000936301 Peer Review No.: 1496/2021

Place: New Delhi Date: August 9, 2024 **Statutory Reports** 

# CERTIFICATE FROM PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY REGARDING COMPLIANCE OF CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Notice

То

The Members of

## **S Chand And Company Limited**

A-27, 2nd Floor,

Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,

New Delhi-110044

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

I have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **S Chand And Company Limited ("the Company")** for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024, as stipulated in Regulations 17-27 and clause (b) to (i) and (t) of Regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 **('Listing Regulations')** pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the Company with Stock exchanges.

### Management's Responsibility

The compliance with the terms and conditions contained in the corporate governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in Listing Regulations.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

My examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the terms and conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the working of the Company. I have examined the Statutory Records and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.

## **Opinion**

In my opinion, and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to me, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Listing Regulations.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Sd/-**R.S. Bhatia** 

Practicing Company Secretary

CP No: 2514

UDIN: F002599F000936235 Peer Review No.: 1496/2021

Place: New Delhi Date: August 9, 2024



## ANNEXURE-I

#### Form No. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For The Financial Year Ended 31st March, 2024 [Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members

## **CHHAYA PRAKASHANI LIMITED**

CIN: U22122WB2006PLC111821 1, Bidhan Sarani, College Street, Kolkata, WB-700073

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **CHHAYA PRAKASHANI LIMITED** (herein after called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2024 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made there under:
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA") and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);

- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021(Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period); and
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (vi) Other Laws applicable specifically to the Company, identified and confirmed by the Company and relied upon by us are as under:

- (a) The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867;
- (b) The Copyright Act, 1957 read with The Copyrights Rules, 2013:

**Statutory Reports** 

- (c) The Trade Marks Act, 1999 read with The Trade Marks Rules, 2017:
- (d) The Information Technology Act. 2000:
- (e) The Legal Metrology Act, 2009;
- (f) Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954; and
- (g) The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act,

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the following Stock Exchange(s) (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test-check basis, the Company has complied with the other laws applicable on the Company.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice(s) were given to all directors regarding holdings of Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance to all Directors and wherever short notice of the meeting was given, compliance of relevant provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 read with secretarial standards on Board meeting as issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to attendance of Independent Directors in the meeting was adhered. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting;

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, the Company intimated to the Registrar of Companies that all the books of accounts and other relevant books and papers and financial statements as mentioned in Section 128(1) of the Act, are being kept at the new head office of the Company situated at Infinity Benchmark, Unit No. 1301, 13th Floor, Block GP, Electronic Complex, Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700091 w.e.f. May 25, 2023 and except the above there was no other specific event / action which would have a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, standards, guidelines, etc.

> For Suresh Gupta & Associates Company Secretaries

> > Sd/-Suresh Gupta (Proprietor) FCS No: 5660 CP No: 5204

Date: August 08, 2024 Peer Review Cert. No. 740/2020 Place: Noida UDIN: F005660F000892689

This report is to be read in conjunction with my letter of even date which is marked as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report.





To,

The Members

Chhaya Prakashani Limited

CIN: U22122WB2006PLC111821 1, Bidhan Sarani, College Street, Kolkata, WB-700073

Our report of event date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company and our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Suresh Gupta & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Suresh Gupta (Proprietor) FCS No: 5660

CP No: 5204

Peer Review Cert. No. 740/2020 UDIN: F005660F000892689

**Date:** August 08, 2024

Place: Noida

## FORM NO. MR-3

Notice

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024
[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule
No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel)
Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members

#### VIKAS PUBLISHING HOUSE PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74899DL1971PTC005766 A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi-110044

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **VIKAS PUBLISHING HOUSE PRIVATE LIMITED** (herein after called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

**Statutory Reports** 

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2024 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA") and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings. (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)

- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non- Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021(Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period); and
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (vi) Other Laws applicable specifically to the Company, identified and confirmed by the Company and relied upon by us are as under:



- (a) The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867;
- (b) The Copyright Act, 1957 read with The Copyrights Rules, 2013;
- (c) The Trade Marks Act, 1999 read with Trade Marks Rules, 2017;
- (d) The Information Technology Act, 2000;
- (e) The Legal Metrology Act, 2009;
- (f) The Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954; and
- (g) The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchange(s) (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test-check basis, the Company has complied with the other laws applicable on the Company.

**We further report that** the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Non-Executive Directors and Independent Director.

Adequate notice(s) were given to all directors regarding holdings of Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance to all Directors and wherever short notice of the meeting was given, compliance of relevant provisions of the Act read with secretarial standard on Board Meeting as issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to attendance of Independent Directors in the meeting was adhered. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting;

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that there was no specific event / action which would have a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, standards, guidelines, etc.

For Suresh Gupta & Associates
Company Secretaries

Sd/-Suresh Gupta (Proprietor)

FCS No: 5660 CP No: 5204

 Date: August 08, 2024
 Peer Review Cert. No. 740/2020

 Place: Noida
 UDIN: F005660F000892691

This report is to be read in conjunction with my letter of even date which is marked as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report.

Notice

ANNEXURE-A

To,

The Members

#### VIKAS PUBLISHING HOUSE PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74899DL1971PTC005766

A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,

New Delhi-110044

Date: August 08, 2024

Place: Noida

Our report of event date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company and our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Suresh Gupta & Associates

Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Suresh Gupta (Proprietor) FCS No: 5660

CP No: 5204

Peer Review Cert. No. 740/2020

UDIN: F005660F000892691



#### FORM NO. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members

## NEW SARASWATI HOUSE (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U22110DL2013PTC262320 A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor,

Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate,

New Delhi-110044

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **NEW SARASWATI HOUSE (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED** (herein after called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder:
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);

- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period); and
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (vi) Other Laws applicable specifically to the Company, identified and confirmed by the Company and relied upon by us are as under:
  - (a) The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867;

(b) The Copyright Act, 1957 read with The Copyrights Rules, 2013;

**Statutory Reports** 

- (c) The Trade Marks Act, 1999 read with The Trade Marks Rules, 2017;
- (d) The Information Technology Act, 2000;
- (e) The Legal Metrology Act, 2009;
- (f) The Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954; and
- (g) The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchange(s) (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test-check basis, the Company has complied with the other laws applicable on the Company.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Director, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Director. No change in the composition of the Board of Directors took place during the period under review.

Adequate notice(s) were given to all directors regarding holdings of Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance to all Directors and wherever short notice of the meeting was given, compliance of relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with secretarial standard on Board Meeting as issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to attendance of independent director in the meeting or ratification of minutes by Independent Director was adhered. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period the Company had following events which had bearing on the Company's affair₹s in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

- During the year under review, the members of the Company has approved the following, by way of passing Special Resolution:
  - Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar has been re-appointed as an Independent director of the Company for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from 07th August, 2023 to 06th August 2028
- The Board of Directors in their meeting held on March 8, 2024 has issued, allotted 14516 equity Shares of ₹10/- each at premium of ₹ 140/- per share on Right Issues basis in demat form to Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, an existing shareholder of the Company.
- Mr. Manish Kumar Goyal, who was appointed as a Company secretary on 09th August, 2023 had resigned from the position of Company secretary of the Company with effect from 08.02.2024 and Ms. Divya Rijwani has been appointed as a Company secretary with effect from 20th May, 2024 in order to fill the vacancy caused by such resignation.

For RKS & Associates **Company Secretaries** 

> Sd/-Nikita Shukla

Partner Membership No: A51403

COP No: 22855

Place: New Delhi Peer review Certificate No. 2997/2023 **Date:** Augut 07, 2024 UIDIN: A051403F000953782

This report is to be read in conjunction with our letter of even date which is marked as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report.



ANNEXURE-A

To,

The Members

New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited

CIN: U22110DL2013PTC262320

A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor,

Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate

New Delhi-110044

Our report of event date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company and our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For RKS & Associates
Company Secretaries

Sd/-**Nikita Shukla** 

Partner

Membership No: A51403

COP No: 22855

Peer review Certificate No. 2997/2023

UIDIN: A051403F000953782

76

Place: New Delhi

Date: Augut 07, 2024

## Annual Report 2023-24

# **Management Discussion and Analysis**

Financial Statements

#### **Indian Economic Overview**

The Indian economy maintained a steady growth trajectory, solidifying its position as the fifth-largest economy in the world. According to the provisional estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) growth released by the National Statistical Office (NSO), India's GDP growth rate has exceeded the second advance estimate and is estimated to reach 8.2% in FY 2023-24 compared to 7.0% in FY 2022-23. The overall economic growth was supported by strong domestic demand, increased investment, moderate inflation, and a stable interest rate environment. The growth observed in the IIP, manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI), per capita income, Goods & Services Tax (GST) collections, and increasing private capital expenditure signifies strong economic momentum. India's per capita GDP in current prices is estimated at ₹ 2.11 lakh in FY 2023-24, achieving healthy growth of 8.6%. Rising levels of disposable income have led to an upswing in household consumption, stimulating demand across sectors. Furthermore, headline inflation softened to 5.4% during FY 2023-24 from 6.7% in the previous year. India's economic outlook remains promising, with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) projecting a GDP growth rate of 7.0% in FY 2024-25 and 6.5% in FY 2025-26. The economy is poised to benefit from the demographic dividend, increased capital expenditure, proactive government policies, robust consumer demand, and improving rural consumption prospects.

(Source: Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, Reserve Bank of India, International Monetary Fund)

## **Education Sector in India**

The Indian School Education System is one of the largest in the world with 1.5 million schools, 9.5 million teachers and ~265 million students of pre-primary to higher secondary level from varied socio-economic backgrounds. There are

10.2 million government schools in India, 68.5% of the total schools in the country, which implies that most students have access to education through publicly-funded institutions. The remaining 31.5% of schools comprised private institutions.

The Indian education system strives to maintain standards and uniformity across the country. It has already made great strides in terms of improving access. The government has recognized the importance of education reforms and undertaken several initiatives in this direction, including National Education Policy, Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan, and Pradhan Mantri Schools for Rising India (PM-SHRI) Scheme, among others. In the recordhigh allocation for the Department of School Education and Literacy, the government has allocated over ₹ 73,000 crore for school education in the interim Budget for 2024-25. This marks an increase from the Revised Estimates of ₹ ~72,474 crore in the previous fiscal.

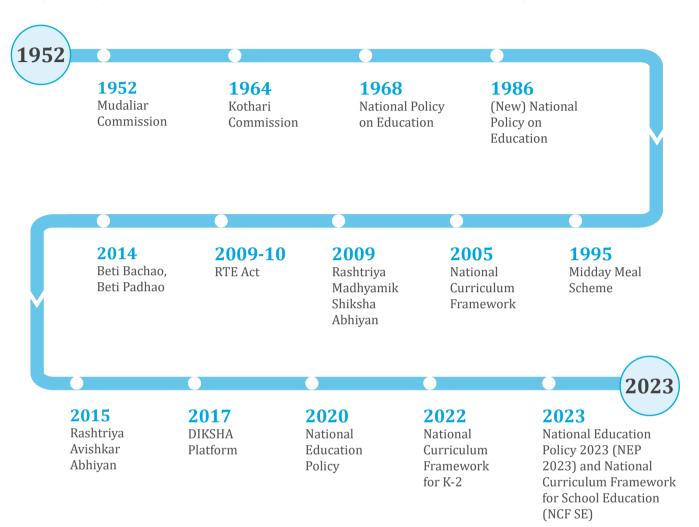
The growing middle class with increasing disposable income and improved standard of living will stimulate demand and growth in the Indian education sector. As the world's most populous nation, India has a demographic advantage with over 580 million people in the age group of 5 to 24 years, presenting a substantial opportunity in the education sector. Furthermore, Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) based EdTech companies are collaborating with Niti Aayog and the government to cultivate a STEM ecosystem through the establishment of Atal Tinkering Labs (ATLs), aimed at promoting STEM, STEAM (Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics), and Robotics among K-12 students. With advancements in AI, ML, IoT, and blockchain, India's education sector is poised to undergo a transformative evolution in the coming years.

(Sources: UDISE+, IBEF)



#### **Key Milestones in the School Education System**

India has reached notable milestones in the school education system, including the implementation of the National Education Policy 2023 (NEP 2023) and the introduction of the National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF SE) in CY 2023.



#### National Education Policy (NEP) 2020

The government launched the National Education Policy in 2020 (NEP 2020) to introduce transformative reforms in the country's school and higher education systems. The Policy aims to provide quality education to all students irrespective of their socio-economic background and promotes a holistic approach to education using technology as a key platform. The NEP 2020 sets an ambitious target of achieving 100% literacy among youth and adults and increasing the gross enrollment ratio (GER) in higher education including vocational education from 26.3% (2018) to 50% by 2035.

(Sources: Government of India)

#### National Education Policy (NEP 2023)

The New Education Policy of CY 2023 (NEP 2023) marks a pivotal milestone in India's educational journey. This updated national policy introduces several revisions aimed at elevating the quality of education in India to global standards, enabling the country to emerge as a leader in knowledge-based sectors. NEP 2023 emphasizes the importance of a comprehensive education framework focusing on digital literacy, skill development, and holistic learning. It brings flexibility to primary and secondary education by transitioning from the traditional 10+2 system to a more adaptable 5+3+3+4 structure. This new structure includes four stages, defined as foundational (5 years), preparatory (3 years), middle (3 years), and secondary stage (4 years). The new structure aims to provide a more flexible learning experience, address current challenges and shortcomings in the education sector, and deliver quality education at various stages of development, thereby improving educational outcomes for all students.

# National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF SE) 2023

**Statutory Reports** 

FY 2023-24 witnessed a significant milestone with the announcement of the National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) in August 2023. The NCF-SE is developed based on the vision of the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, and to enable its implementation. It aims to align education with the demands of the 21st century and the ethos of the Indian knowledge system. This integrated framework, tailored for children aged 3-18, represents a pioneering effort in India's educational landscape and is a direct outcome of the 5+3+3+4 curricular and pedagogical restructuring of school education outlined in NEP 2023. The NCF-SE introduces multidisciplinary education, emphasizes values, promotes creative teaching methods, and prepares students for practical problem-solving. Its overarching objective is to catalyze a positive transformation in India's school education system by enhancing the curriculum, pedagogy, and educational practices. This holistic approach is expected to significantly enhance overall learning experiences for students nationwide.

(Sources: Ministry of Education)

#### **Key Government Initiatives**

**Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan:** The Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan is an overarching program for the school education sector, extending from preschool to class 12. It aims to provide a holistic approach to school education without any segmentation and has been extended by the Government for an additional five years, spanning from FY 2021-22 to FY 2025-26. Its primary objective is to enhance the effectiveness of schools by ensuring equal opportunities for education and equitable learning outcomes.

**Pradhan Mantri Schools for Rising India (PM-SHRI) Scheme:** The PM-SHRI initiative aims to transform over 14,500 schools across the country into exemplary schools by providing high-quality, inclusive, and equitable education. These schools will serve as examples of the implementation of NEP 2020 and evolve as models of excellence over time, offering leadership to other schools in the region. The duration of the scheme is proposed to be from FY 2022-23 to FY 2026-27, benefiting more than 20 lakh students from diverse backgrounds.

Strengthening Teaching-Learning and Results for States (STARS): The STARS program is carved out of Samagra Shiksha. Its objective is to improve the quality and governance of school education in selected states. It aims to assist states in creating, executing, assessing, and enhancing interventions with direct connections to improve educational outcomes and school-towork transition strategies. This five-year program is effective up to FY 2024-25.

#### K-12 education in India

The K-12 education sector in India, encompassing education from kindergarten to Class 12, is a dynamic and rapidly-evolving sector. It features a diverse array of school types, affiliating boards, various models of ownership and management, and curricular frameworks, making it a multifaceted landscape. K-12 schools in India are broadly categorized into three types – Government schools, Private-aided schools, and Private-unaided schools.

Of the  $\sim\!265$  million students enrolled in K-12,  $\sim\!46.7\%$  of students are enrolled in private schools, while  $\sim\!53.3\%$  of students are enrolled in government schools. Government schools account for the majority of schools, enrollment, and teachers in India, reaffirming their crucial role in educating a large portion of the population. However, the percentage share of government schools in total schools, enrollment, and teachers decreased slightly due to the growth of private schools in India. At the levels of upper primary, secondary and higher secondary, school enrollment has increased, showing an improvement in the Indian education system's ability to retain more children in the school education system over time.

(Sources: UDISE+)

265 Mn

School enrollments

~1 Mn

Government schools

53.3%

Percentage share of government schools in total enrollment

(Source: UDISE+)

~9.5 Mn

Faculty members in Indian K12 system

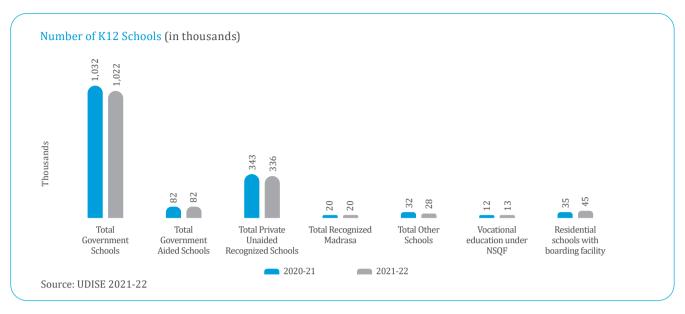
 $\sim 0.4$  Mn

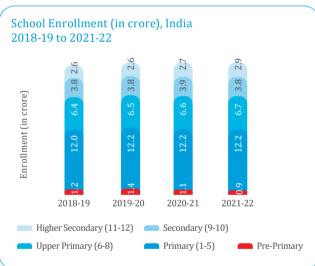
Private and Other schools

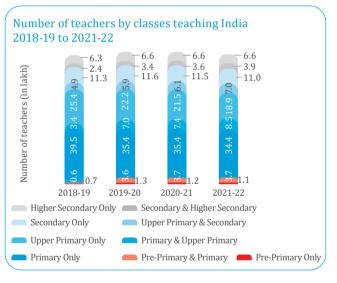
46.7%

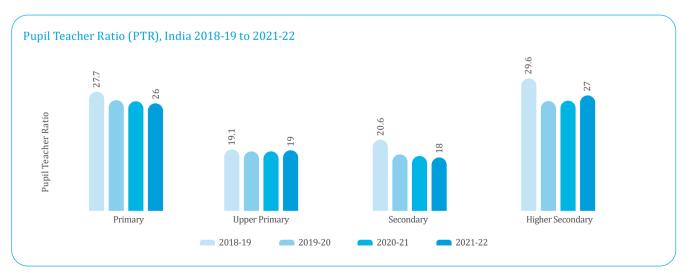
Percentage share of private schools in total enrollment







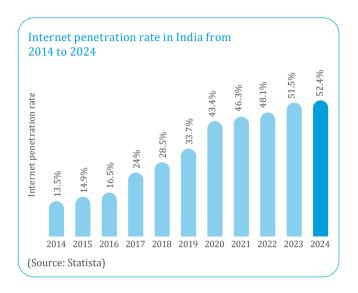




#### EdTech in India

The Indian EdTech market size is expected to reach US\$ 30 billion by CY 2031, from US\$ 700-800 million in CY 2021. Several factors, including increased smartphone adoption, digital literacy, access to high-speed internet, availability of affordable online education, and flexible learning modules, have significantly contributed to the rapid expansion of the EdTech sector in India. Additionally, ongoing technological advancements, such as artificial intelligence and interactive software are driving the growth of the EdTech market.

The rapid penetration of smartphones and the internet is expanding the reach of online education and facilitating accessibility to online education even in remote areas. The internet penetration rate in India grew by over 52% in CY 2024 from ~14% in CY 2014.



India's current EdTech landscape primarily encompasses Pre-K, K-12, higher education and corporate, test preparation, tutoring, upskilling, etc. The expansion of the K-12, higher education, and upskilling sectors is pivotal to driving market growth. According to Tracxn, there are over 70,700 EdTech companies in India. Despite a boom in EdTech funding during the pandemic, there has been a 50% drop in funding for EdTech companies till July 2024 compared to 2023.

The government's efforts to digitize education in the country are creating a favorable environment for providers of online education. Government initiatives and private participation have facilitated innovative approaches, leading to the rapid growth of Indian EdTech companies. The government's efforts to shift towards digital education with initiatives like PM e-Vidya, DIKSHA, SWAYAM, ePathshala to bolster K-12 e-learning have also provided additional momentum to EdTech enterprises. Digital techniques of teaching have become integral to school education in India recently. The rapid adoption of online learning as a viable alternative to traditional classrooms, recognized by both educational institutions and learners for its flexibility and accessibility, is contributing to market growth.

## **Company Overview**

S Chand And Company Limited ("S Chand" or "the Company") is one of the leading education content companies in India. With a rich heritage of over 8 decades, the Company has established itself as a trusted provider of high-quality education content.

It offers a comprehensive suite of products including content, solutions, and services across the education lifecycle through its operations in three business segments- Early Learning, K-12, Higher Education, Competitive examinations and digital platforms. The Company has a strong foothold in the CBSE/ ICSE affiliated schools, and WBSE affiliated schools, with an increasing presence in the state board affiliated schools across India.

The Company's strength lies in its ability to nurture enduring relationships with customers by delivering quality content and innovations. The Company boasts a portfolio of over 11,000 book titles encompassing competitive exams, reference books, technical and professional publications, school books, and higher academic books. It has intensified its focus on investing in and enhancing its digital product offerings across all business segments. The Company strives to establish itself as a leader in hybrid learning solutions to cater to the evolving needs of schools, higher educational institutions, professional colleges, and vocational training institutes.

The Company has a widespread presence and an extensive distribution network across India, with over 3,000 distributors and channel partners, ensuring deep market reach. Additionally, it exports print content to over 20 countries and digital content to 5 countries across SAARC, South Asia, the Middle East, Africa, and other parts of the world.



## **Key Performance Highlights**

The implementation of S Chand 3.0 starting from FY 2018-19 marked a significant breakthrough that has now fully manifested in FY 2023-24, delivering a robust turnaround. The S Chand 3.0 initiative was a stringent exercise in enhancing operational efficiencies. With a primary focus on improving cash flows, the Company launched a strategic initiative to streamline employee headcount, rationalize the number of offices and warehouses, evaluate and reduce dispensable internal expenditures, and optimize paper and freight costs.

The Company's focus on improving working capital metrics is evident in its FY 2023-24 results:

- 50% reduction in Receivable Days since FY 2019-20
- 51% reduction in Net Working Capital Days since FY 2019-20

The Company delivered a robust operational performance in FY 2023-24 across all parameters, achieving the best working capital metrics in its history.

- Trade Receivables: Reduced to ₹ 2,601 million during FY 2023-24 vs. ₹ 2,653 million during FY 2022-23. This is a ₹ 52 million decrease in receivables despite achieving incremental sales of ₹ 523 million over last year. Receivable days stood at 143 days (vs. 159 days in FY 2022-23), a reduction of 16 days during FY 2023-24. This is the lowest receivable days in Q4 in the Company's history.
- Inventory: Increased to ₹ 1,761 million (vs ₹ 1,562 million in FY 2022-23). This inventory increase is driven by a higher raw material paper inventory of ₹ 633 million (vs ₹ 436 million in FY 2022-23). The finished goods inventory was almost at the same level as the previous year. Inventory days stood at 284 days (vs. 258 days in FY 2022-23), an increase of 26 days during FY 2023-24. This is due to an increase in raw material inventory rather than finished goods inventory.
- Net Working Capital: Reduced to 157 days (vs. 188 days in FY 2022-23) which is a reduction of 31 days during FY 2023-24. This is the lowest Q4 net working capital days in the Company's history.
- Debt: The Company ends FY 2023-24 with net debt-free status on the back of strong collections. Net debt was ₹ 60 million in FY 2022-23.

#### **Transformation in Metrics**

The Company's strategic focus on cash flows yielded robust results in FY 2023-24, bolstering its liquidity position with record-high cash flows of ₹ 1,211 million, which is the highest in its history. This achievement has significantly enhanced its financial strength and facilitated a return to profitability. Given the seasonal nature of its business, the Company typically generates the highest revenue (70%-80% of annual revenues) in Q4 (January-March) due to the peak season for K-12 sales and deliveries to distributors and schools. The Company's consistent efforts in working capital management and improved efficiency translated into higher cash flows, leading to net debtfree status by the end of FY 2023-24.

- Highest gross margins of 66% since FY 2018-19, reflecting a 12% YoY growth
- Highest EBITDA and EBITDA margins since FY 2018-19
- Highest-ever operating cash flows in the company's history, up by 49% from the previous year
- Lower PAT due to the absence of ₹ 326 million one-off gains in FY 2022-23 compared to FY 2023-24 and higher operating expenses resulting from salary hikes and specific sales/marketing expenses aligned with NCF initiatives

## Revenues from Operations (₹ Million)



#### EBITDA (₹ Million)



Note - EBITDA excludes Other Income

## PAT (₹ Million)



**Statutory Reports** 

## Net Debt (₹ Million)



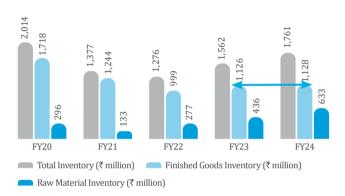
## Receivable Days



## Net Cash generated from operating activities (₹ Million)



## Inventory (₹ Million)



## Net Working Capital Days



## Operating Profit/(Loss) before working capital changes (₹ Million)





## **Opportunities from the NCF-SE 2023**

The release of the National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) in August 2023 marked a significant milestone after an 18-year gap, poised to reduce the second-hand book market substantially and drive increased volumes of new books. S Chand looks forward to being a part of this transformative journey by providing quality educational content to the next generation of learners.

The impact of the NCF-SE announcement on the Company's FY 2023-24 sales season was minimal, as NCERT did not introduce new syllabus books until April 2024. Consequently, there was lower adoption of new syllabus books, with most schools continuing to use the old syllabus books. Despite this, the Company's strategic partnerships and collaborations enabled it to expand its offerings and cater to evolving customer needs in FY 2023-24. S Chand launched new books aligned with the new curriculum in FY 2023-24 and expects to launch a plethora of books based on the updated syllabus in FY 2024-25.

The Company will continue to develop content for books across various classes and subjects based on the new NCF during CY 2024. This will enable it to enter the FY 2024-25 sales season with a significantly larger repository of new syllabus books for its target customers.

NCERT announced new syllabus books for Classes 3 and 6 in April 2024. The Company anticipates further announcements of new syllabus books for additional classes during the year. It projects that the promotion and sales season of FY 2024-25 will witness schools' greater adoption of new curriculum books compared to FY 2023-24. It expects schools to achieve 100% adoption of the new NCF over the next 2-3 years, providing a robust growth trajectory for the Company from FY 2024-25 to FY 2026-27.

## **Digital Business**

• **S Chand Academy (YouTube):** The Company launched the S Chand Academy channel on YouTube in FY22. The channel houses modules comprising over 1,800 videos focused on Test Preparation and Higher Education content, including topics in Science and Engineering. The channel has grown strongly, reaching ~250k subscribers and over 22 million views. This facilitates the promotion of S Chand's content and can spur demand in that segment. This channel empowers students to learn crucial subjects from top-notch educators, which may not be available in Tier 2 and Tier 3 colleges.

Furthermore, the Company embarked on a strategic initiative to collaborate with  $\sim\!40$  leading YouTube influencers with a large subscriber base, to develop products specifically targeting the competitive exams segment during FY 2023-24. S Chand aims to double its influencer partnerships in FY 2024-25.

- TestCoach: The Company has launched a revised and updated TestCoach app, which has already been downloaded over 1,70,000 times. The app offers mock tests for over 50 national and state-level exams in both English and Hindi. With the increasing number of test preparation exams and government job openings, the Company anticipates strong adoption of TestCoach during the year.
- S Chand Mylestone: It is a digitally-enabled School Curriculum Solution tailored for the K-8 segment. This comprehensive offering provides affordable private schools with a one-stop solution for curriculum, content, teacher training and assessments.
- Madhubun Educate360: It is a K-12 Blended learning solution for enabling schools to conduct online classes, student assessments, e-book support, etc. This product is NEP 2020 compliant, supporting the recommended pedagogies.
- SmartK: The Company's Early Years curriculum, SmartK, is tailored for children aged 2.5 to 6 years. It follows a 'preschool in a box' approach, offering a balanced mix of play and activity-based learning. SmartK creates a stimulating environment that supports children's language, socio-emotional, and physical development. Aligned with NCERT guidelines, SmartK lays a robust foundation for holistic child development during their early learning years. It ensures a seamless transition from home to preschool and prepares children for formal schooling.
- Solid Steps: It is the Company's newly launched K-5 curriculum program, offered in English and several Indian languages including Hindi, Kannada, Telugu, Malayalam, etc., aligning closely with the core concepts of the New Education Policy 2020. This K-5 program is meticulously designed to meet NCF 2023 guidelines, empowering young minds with essential skills critical thinking, creativity, and a passion for learning.

## **Investee Companies**



Smartivity (https://www.smartivity.in/) was founded in 2015 with a focus on S.T.E.M. Learning and DIY Kits. Smartivity has turned EBITDA positive in FY 2023-24 and is very close to being PAT positive. It has shown revenue growth of 17% YoY and strong gross margin expansion in FY 2023-24. S Chand currently holds  $\sim$ 16% stake in the company. S Chand's investment is valued at  $\sim$  ₹ 150 million.



ixamBee (https://www.ixambee.com/) was founded in December 2016 in Delhi NCR. The Company's objective is to help graduates and undergraduates prepare effectively for Government examinations like banks, insurance companies, railways, etc. S Chand has invested ₹ 30 million for a ~4.3% stake in the company in April 2023.

Apart from these two investee companies, S Chand had also invested in Testbook and iNeuron. It exited and sold its entire stake in Testbook in July 2022 and iNeuron in December 2022.

#### **Business Outlook**

Looking ahead to FY 2024-25, the Company aims for double-digit growth in operating revenues. Anticipating a single-digit price increase across the product portfolio, it strives to maintain stable gross margins, barring any unforeseen spikes in paper prices during the year.

**Statutory Reports** 

The Company upgraded the EBITDA margin band to a range of 17%-19% for FY 2024-25, compared to 16%-18% the previous year. It remains steadfast in its commitment to optimizing working capital metrics and enhancing cash flows. Furthermore, it targets achieving a net debt-free status for three quarters during the fiscal year, underscoring its strong financial discipline and strategic priorities for sustainable growth.

The Company anticipates that FY 2024-25 and FY 2025-26 will witness widespread adoption of the new syllabus books in the school segment, driving its growth trajectory. It expects the promotional and sales season of FY 2024-25 to show higher adoption of new curriculum books compared to FY 2023-24, leading to robust growth in volume, revenue, and profitability over the next 2-3 years. Focused on sustainable growth and long-term value creation for all stakeholders, the Company's unwavering commitment to operational excellence and delivering value to its customers will continue to drive its success in the coming years. It aims to sustain this positive momentum and strengthen its financial position in the long term.

#### **Human Resources**

As of March 2024, the Company at a group level has  $\sim$ 1,800 employees, including a nationwide product/services sales and marketing team of over 700 as well as a content development team of more than 200 employees, including subject matter experts, instructional designers, and graphic designers.

The Company values the pivotal role of human resources in its growth trajectory. It remains dedicated to cultivating a conducive work environment where employees can thrive and advance professionally. The Company fosters motivation and performance orientation among employees through its rewards and recognition program and robust growth opportunities. Furthermore, the Company provides an incentive program where executives and managers receive additional financial compensation if the Company achieves a defined percentage of their annual sales targets and budget.

S Chand places a strong emphasis on workplace safety standards. To ensure compliance with all statutory laws and regulations governing environment, health, and safety, the Company has implemented a comprehensive environmental, health, and safety program. Additionally, S Chand has established protocols for electrical safety, equipment and material handling, management of hazardous chemicals, fire safety, monitoring of workplace conditions (including air quality, ambient noise, and drinking water quality), provision of first aid, disposal of hazardous waste, and maintenance of housekeeping standards.

The Company has implemented a system of accident reporting and investigation, ensuring that all accidents, both fatal and non-fatal, are promptly reported to health and safety authorities. Employees are actively encouraged to report "near miss" accidents as well.

Since the Covid-19 pandemic, the Company has diligently followed all MHA guidelines for the safety of its employees. It has also facilitated work-from-home arrangements wherever feasible and necessary.



#### **Risks and Concerns**

Seasonality in the K-12 market: S Chand's business is closely linked to the central curriculum academic cycle of April to March in the K-12 market, which is inherently seasonal. This seasonality directly influences the Company's operating revenues, margins, and cash flows every quarter. Furthermore, the Company has diversified its revenue streams by emphasizing digital solutions catering to both educational institutions and students. The Company also operates in segments such as Higher Education, Test Preparation, Distance Learning, and Skill Education, each with distinct sales cycles.

Rapid growth in EdTech and digital technologies: The swift evolution of EdTech poses a potential threat to the Company's print division. However, S Chand believes that the National Education Policy 2023 (NEP 2023) and National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) will unlock numerous opportunities and significantly boost the Company's print business. Furthermore, the Company perceives the emergence of disruptive digital technologies and the rise of open-source content more as a business opportunity than a threat.

Regulatory and curriculum compliance risks: The Company may encounter other external challenges, such as directives from State Governments to reduce school bag weight, pressure to adopt NCERT books, and the reduction of certain non-core subjects in junior classes, etc. To mitigate these threats, the Company has developed monthly and semester books, digital products, and value-added services. Additionally, it has focused on conducting workshops and seminars with schools to enhance engagement.

**Dependency on key authors:** A substantial portion of the Company's revenue relies on the titles of a select few top authors. The Company prioritizes fair compensation for these authors to foster ongoing harmonious relationships. It emphasizes maintaining mutually beneficial partnerships and employs a robust feedback mechanism to safeguard the longevity and reputation of S Chand's diverse brands.

Intellectual property and copyright issues: Dependence on specific authors increases the risk of intellectual property disputes or copyright challenges. The Company consistently broadens and grows its content and author network. To safeguard its content ownership and distribution, S Chand Company implements rigorous copyright management practices and maintains a dedicated legal team that strictly manages its Intellectual Property Rights.

**Piracy:** Piracy, both physical and online, remains a significant threat to all publishing companies. S Chand faces ongoing challenges with key titles being pirated across different locations,

prompting continuous raids conducted in collaboration with government agencies. Additionally, the Company actively monitors online piracy, which includes unauthorized use of content by education aggregators, individuals on platforms like YouTube, and uploads on various sharing sites. Swift actions are taken to safeguard the company's and its authors' copyrights from infringement.

#### **Internal Risk Control**

The following list outlines S Chand's comprehensive Internal Control Framework:

- Key policies are formulated, circulated, approved, and reviewed annually, and are also published online.
- The Authorization Matrix is clearly defined with segregation of duties to ensure internal controls.
- Internal Control Testing is conducted by Internal Auditors, with minimal failures under the Risk Control Matrix process.
- Application authorizations are granted to employees based on their level and work profile.
- Regular Internal Audit is conducted for the Company and its subsidiaries throughout the year.
- External software is used to track statutory compliances.
- A robust corporate governance approach is followed, with Independent Directors serving in the Company and all material subsidiaries.
- Related Party Transactions are approved by the Audit Committee and Board where necessary.
- An arm's-length approach is maintained, even between subsidiaries/associates and the holding company.
- A Risk Management Committee is established to oversee risks and implement mitigation measures.

## **Cautionary Statement**

The Management Discussion and Analysis contains statements about expected future events, financial and operating results of S Chand, which may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations and are based on informed judgments, estimates and assumptions. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. Several factors could cause assumptions and actual future results and events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statement. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify, or revise any forward-looking statements based on any subsequent development, information or events.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

## To the Members of S Chand And Company Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements **Opinion**

- We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of S Chand And Company Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial

statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to note 60 to the accompanying standalone financial statements which describes that these standalone financial statements have been prepared after giving effect of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement (the 'Scheme'), entered into between the Company and Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited ("Blackie"), Nirja Publishers & Printers Private Limited ("Nirja"), DS Digital Private Limited ("DS Digital") and Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited ("Safari Digital"), subsidiaries of the Company, with effect from the appointed date of the Scheme, being 1 April 2017, as approved by the order of National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi on 24 July 2023 and which is effective from 04 September 2023. The impact of the aforesaid Scheme has been given effect to in the accompanying standalone financial statements as prescribed in the Scheme. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Kev Audit Matters**

- Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
- We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

## Key audit matter

subsidiaries:

Refer material accounting policy information in note 2.9 to the all standalone financial statements.

The Company carries its investments in subsidiaries, at cost at an aggregate amount of INR 6,066.73 million as at 31 March 2024.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- Assessment of the realisability of investments made in Our audit procedures included, but were not limited to, the following procedures:
  - Obtained an understanding from the management with respect to process and controls followed by the Company for identification of impairment indicators to determine recoverability of the investments in subsidiary companies.
  - Tested the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls of the Company in relation to the aforesaid process.

#### Key audit matter

The amount is significant to the standalone financial statements and c) involves determination whether impairment indicators exist during the reporting period, corresponding impairment charge required to be accounted as per the requirements in Ind AS 36, Impairment of Assets which inherently involves application of significant judgments by management in particular with respect to determination of recoverable/fair value amount of these investments. The recoverability of these investments is significantly dependent on operational performance of the respective subsidiaries and therefore there is a risk that the subsidiaries may not achieve the anticipated business growth e) which may lead to an impairment charge being recognised.

Management has assessed the realisability of the aforesaid amounts by carrying out a valuation of the subsidiary's business using the discounted cashflow method ("the Model"). The Model involves estimates pertaining to expected business and earnings forecasts and g) key assumptions including those related to discount and long-term growth rates. These estimates require high degree of management judgement and is inherently subjective.

Considering the significance of the above matter to the standalone financial statements, complexities and judgement involved, and the significant auditor attention required to test such management's judgement, we have identified this as a key audit matter for current year audit.

#### b) Estimation of sales returns and discounts:

Refer material accounting policy information in note 2.5 to the standalone financial statements.

The company is involved in publishing and distribution of educational books. Due to the nature of business, the Company offers an option to the customers to return unsold inventory. Significant amount of sales returns are received in the year subsequent to the year when books are sold. Discount comprises of turnover, cash and other discount. b) Turnover discount is offered to the customers in the period subsequent to the reporting date based on parameters for a specified period. Cash discount is offered based on the cash discount schemes applicable to certain months. Further, at the time of annual settlement, which may not coincide with the financial year, with respective debtors, other discounts are offered based on their negotiations agreed with respective customers. Provision for such sales returns and discounts are estimated, deducted from revenue and accounts receivables. During the current year, the Company has made provisions for sales returns and discounts amounting to INR 370.70 million and INR 421.60 million respectively.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- c) Obtained the valuation model from the management and reviewed their conclusions, including reading the report provided by an independent valuation expert for investments engaged by the management.
- d) Assessed the professional competence, objectivity and capabilities of the third party expert used by the management for performing the required valuations to estimate the recoverable value of the investments in the subsidiary;
- Reconciled the cash flows to the business plans approved by the respective Board of Directors of the subsidiaries;
- f) Tested the inputs used in the Model by examining the underlying data and validating the future projections by comparing past projections with actual results, including discussions with management relating to these projections.
- g) Assessed the reasonableness of the key assumptions used and appropriateness of the valuation methodology applied by engaging auditor's valuation experts. Tested the discount rate and terminal growth rates used in the forecast including comparison to economic and industry forecasts, where appropriate;
- h) Evaluated sensitivity analysis performed by the management and performed independent sensitivity analysis on these key assumptions to assess potential impact of downside in the underlying cash flow forecasts and assessed the possible mitigating actions identified by management.
- Evaluated the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures made in the standalone financial statements in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

Our audit procedures included, but were not limited to the following procedures:

- a) Obtained an understanding from the management with respect to process and controls followed by the Company to determine provision for sales return and discount including design and implementation of controls. We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of these controls
- Obtained management's calculations for provision for sales returns and discounts, recalculated the amounts for mathematical accuracy and evaluated the assumptions used by reference to internal sources (i.e. management budgets and schemes offered to customers).
- c) Considered the accuracy of management's estimates in previous years by comparing historical provisions to the actual amounts to assess the management ability to accurately estimate their sales returns and discounts.



#### Key audit matter

Estimates of sales returns and discounts are required to be made d) at the time of sale. When determining the appropriate allowance, management considers historical trends, present changes in policies for the academic season, as a basis for the estimate as well as all other known factors, which could significantly influence the level of future sales returns and discount claims. Significant judgement is required in assessing the appropriate level of the provision for sales return and discounts.

Measuring provisions for sales return and discounts is a key audit matter as it requires significant estimates made by Management. Such judgements include management's expectation of sales returns and discounts and historical estimates of sales returns and discounts vis a vis the sales returns and discounts received during the year.

#### c) Deferred tax assets:

Refer material accounting policy information in note 2.6 to the standalone financial statements.

As on 31 March 2024, the Company has recognized deferred tax assets (net) amounting to INR 414.86 million. The recognition of deferred tax liabilities includes all taxable temporary differences, while deferred tax assets are only recorded to the extent it is probable that sufficient deferred tax liabilities or taxable profit will be available in the future b) against which the deductible temporary differences can be used.

Management has recognized deferred tax asset on the MAT credit and unabsorbed losses basis the reasonable certainty that sufficient c) taxable profits, based on forecast of business operations, will be available with the Company in future.

Since, the recognition of deferred tax assets relies on the significant application of judgement by the management in respect of assessing the probability and sufficiency of future taxable profits and future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, it is considered as key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- d) Tested the actual sales return and discounts passed to customers after the balance sheet date and upto 10 days prior to approval of financials to determine whether the revenue has been recognized in the appropriate period.
- Assessed the disclosures in respect of sales returns and discounts included in the financial statements.

Our audit procedures included, but were not limited to the following procedures:

- a) Obtained an understanding from the management with respect to process and controls followed by the Company to compute and assess realisability of Deferred Tax Assets including design and implementation of controls. We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of these controls.
- Obtained the management's calculation for the computation of deferred taxes and performed re-computation to test arithmetical accuracy.
- ) Traced inputs used in the deferred tax calculation from source documents.
- d) Analyzed the future projections of the company, as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and assumptions used as to when it would be certain that company would earn future taxable income.
- e) Evaluated management's assessment of time period available for adjustment of such deferred tax assets as per provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and appropriateness of the accounting treatment with respect to the recognition of deferred tax assets as per requirements of Ind AS 12, Income Taxes.
- f) Assessed the sensitivity of the outcomes in the above scenario to reasonably possible changes in assumptions and evaluated the realisability of deferred tax asset as to when the company would earn future taxable profits.
- Assessed the disclosures in respect of deferred tax included in the financial statements.

# Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

7. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. **Financial Statements** 

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

## **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged** with Governance for the Standalone Financial **Statements**

- The accompanying standalone financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the **Standalone Financial Statements**

Annual Report 2023-24

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements



- or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Other Matter**

16. The Company, Blackie, Nirja, DS Digital and Safari Digital had prepared separate complete set of general purpose financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 before giving effect to the Scheme in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, on which for the Company, we had issued unmodified opinion vide separate auditor's report to the shareholders of the companies dated 30 May 2023 for the year ended 31 March 2023 and other auditors had issued unmodified opinion for Blackie, Nirja, DS Digital and Safari Digital vide separate auditor's reports to the shareholders of the companies dated 10 May 2023 for

- the year ended 31 March 2023, which has been furnished to us by the management and has been relied upon by us for the purpose of our audit of the standalone financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
- 17. The accompanying standalone financial statements includes the financial information of education business transferred from DS Digital and Safari Digital for the year ended 31 March 2023 which has been prepared by the management using the audited special purpose financial statements of aforesaid entities as referred to in paragraph 16 above and has been audited by other auditors who have issued unmodified audit opinion dated 04 November 2023 for the year ended 31 March 2023 on such carved out financial information. Such report has been furnished to us by the management and has been relied upon by us for the purpose of audit of the standalone financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 18. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 19. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 20. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in paragraph 20(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
  - The standalone financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;

Corporate Overview

**Financial Statements** 

- In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
- On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
- The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 20(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 20(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2024 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given
  - i. The Company, as detailed in note 53 to the standalone financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2024;
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024.;
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.;
  - iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 58(v) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been

- advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
- The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 58(vi) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- The final dividend paid by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend. As stated in note 47 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The



- dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- vi. As stated in note 59 to the standalone financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, the audit trail feature was not enabled at database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes. Further,

during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled.

#### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

## Tarun Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 507892 UDIN: 24507892BKEITC2172

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024

# Annexure A referred to in paragraph 19 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of S Chand And Company Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

Statutory Reports

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of 3 years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (including investment properties) held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in note 3 to the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company. For title deeds of immovable properties in the nature of land situated at Plot no. 40/2 A, site no. IV, UPSIDC industrial estate, Sahibabad with gross carrying values of ₹111.73 million as at 31 March 2024, which have been mortgaged as security for loans or borrowings taken by the Company, confirmations with respect to

- title of the Company have been directly obtained by us from the respective lenders.
- (d) The Company has adopted cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment including right-of-use assets and intangible assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Order') is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year, except for inventory lying with third parties. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed as compared to book records. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by the third parties.
  - (b) As disclosed in note 56 to the standalone financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned a working capital limit in excess of ₹ 50.00 million by banks based on the security of current assets. The quarterly returns/statements, in respect of the working capital limits have been filed by the Company with such banks and such returns/statements are in agreement with the books of account of the Company for the respective periods which were subject to audit/review, except for the following:

95



(Amount in millions)

Name of the Working capital Bank / financial limit sanctioned institution		Nature of current assets offered as security	Quarter	Information disclosed as per return	Information as per books of accounts	Difference
		Inventories		462.89	462.89	-
		Trade receivables	June 2023	941.44	941.44	-
		Trade payables		282.97	477.75	(194.78)
1. HDFC Bank		Inventories	September 2023	553.79	553.79	-
	1.200.00	Trade receivables		851.91	851.91	-
<ol><li>State Bank of India</li></ol>	2. 400.00	Trade payables		196.01	443.58	(247.57)
3. Indian Bank	3. 200.00	Inventories		846.51	846.51	-
4. RBL Bank		Trade receivables	December 2023	838.35	838.35	-
Limited		Trade payables		448.92	643.72	(194.80)
		Inventories		695.73	698.81	(3.08)
		Trade receivables	March 2024	1,218.29	1,276.34	(58.05)
		Trade payables		718.70	951.30	(232.60)

- (iii) The Company has not provided any security or granted advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships during the year. The Company has not made investments, provided any security or granted any loans in firms or limited liability partnerships during the year. Further, the Company has made investments in, provided guarantee and granted unsecured loans to companies during the year, in respect of which:
  - (a) The Company has provided loans and guarantee to subsidiaries during the year as per details given below:

(Amount in millions)

Particulars	Guarantees	Loans		
Aggregate amount provided/granted during the year (₹):				
- Subsidiaries	250.00	65.50*		
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases ₹):				
- Subsidiaries	131.66	175.03		

<sup>\*</sup>excluding loan extended during the year

#including interest accrued

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investment made and terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and guarantees provided are, prime facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. The Company has not given any security or granted any advances in the nature of loans during the year.
- (c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments/receipts of principal and interest are regular.
- (d) There is no overdue amount in respect of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to such companies, firms, LLPs or other parties.
- (e) The Company has granted loan which had fallen due during the year and such loans or was renewed/extended during the year. The details of the same has been given below:

				(Amount in millions)
Name of the party	Total loan	Aggregate amount of	Nature of extension	Percentage of the
	amount	overdues of existing	(i.e., renewed/	aggregate to the total
	granted	loans renewed or	extended/fresh loan	loans or advances in
	during the	extended or settled	provided)	the nature of loans
	year (A)	by fresh loans (B)		granted during the
				year (C=B/Total A)
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	-	137.29	Extension of loan	209.61%
			tenure	
S Chand Edutech Private Limited	15.50	-	NA	NA
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	50.00		INA	INA
Total	65.50	137.29		209.61%

- (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act in respect of loans and investments made and guarantees provided by it, as applicable. Further, the Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 of the Act and section 186 in respect of security provided.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services / business activities. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in a few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

(Amount in millions)

						()
Name of the statute	Nature of dues	<b>Gross Amount</b>	Amount paid	Period to which the	Forum where	Remarks, if any
			under Protest	amount relates	dispute is pending	
		0.72	-	AY 2015-16	CIT(A)	NA
		0.02	-	AY 2018-19		NA
I T A 1061	T	0.36	-	AY 2021-22	AO	NA
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	1.92	_	AY 2018-19		NA
		79.31	-	AY 2020-21	CIT(A)	NA
		73.18		AY 2018-19		NA

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.



- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
  - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have, prima facie, not been utilised for long term purposes.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
  - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under subsection 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistleblower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business as required under the provisions of section 138 of the Act.
  - (b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the

- provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year as well as the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the

company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

Annual Report 2023-24

- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has met the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, however, in the absence of average net profits in the immediately three preceding years, there is no requirement for the Company to spend any amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

#### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

## Tarun Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 507892 UDIN: 24507892BKEITC2172

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024



## Annexure B Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of S Chand And Company Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial **Statements**

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements

- and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. whether due to fraud or error.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with **Reference to Financial Statements**

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls** with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the

essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

#### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

#### Tarun Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 507892 UDIN: 24507892BKEITC2172

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024



## **Standalone Balance Sheet**

as at 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

	(₹ in millions)		
	Notes	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
			(Restated)
Assets			(refer note 60)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	163.37	184.65
Right-of-use assets	3 4 5 6	135.62	136.67 10.11
Capital work-in-progress Goodwill	6	-	30.57
Other intangible assets	6	281.01	263.36
Intangible assets under development	7	-	4.44
Financial assets - Investments	8	6 272 51	6 707 66
- Loans	8	6,272.51 328.22	6,787.66 122.62
- Other financial assets	10	14.84	6.01
Deferred tax assets (net)	11	414.86	516.03
Income tax assets (net)	12a	161.24	30.31
Other non-current assets Total non-current assets	12b	7,773.27	2.05 <b>8,094.48</b>
Current assets		7,773.27	0,074.40
Inventories	13	698.81	514.46
Financial assets		0.5 = 0	100.00
- Investments - Trade receivables	14 15	36.70 1,276.34	138.80 1.205.14
- Cash and cash equivalents	16	507.36	348.92
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	17	4.67	35.22
- Loans	9		210.36
- Other financial assets	10 12b	10.51 48.23	106.47 38.57
Other current assets Total current assets	120	2,582.62	2,597.94
Total assets		10,355.89	10,692.42
Equity and liabilities			,
<b>Equity</b> Equity share capital	18	176.09	175.78
Other equity	10	8,358.09	8.313.72
Total equity	17	8,534.18	8,489.50
Non-current liabilities			,
Financial liabilities	20	32.40	62.13
- Borrowings - Lease liabilities	20 21	32.40 15.66	13.93
Provisions	22a	55.20	39.72
Total non-current liabilities		103.26	115.78
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities - Borrowings	23	595.37	1.263.29
- Lease liabilities	21	20.87	20.63
- Trade payables	24		
total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		14.85	31.89
total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small		936.45	575.67
enterprises - Other financial liabilities	25	88.51	103.22
Other current liabilities	26	61.33	49.34
Provisions	22a	1.07	2.87
Current tax liabilities (net)	22b	1710 45	40.23
Total current liabilities Total equity and liabilities		1,718.45 10,355.89	2,087.14 10,692.42
Summary of material accounting policy information	2	10,000.07	10,072.72

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP **Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of S Chand And Company Limited

Sd/-Tarun Gupta Jagdeep Singh Himanshu Gupta Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Saurabh Mittal Managing Director DIN: 00054015 Whole-Time Director Company Secretary Partner Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00282988 Membership No.: 507892 Place: New Delhi Place: New Delhi Place : New Delhi Place: New Delhi Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

# **Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss**

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	·			(₹ in millions)
		Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023 Restated (refer note 60)
I	Income			
II	Revenue from operations	27	2,505.56	2,276.47
III	Other income	28	121.04	348.85
IV	Total Income		2,626.60	2,625.32
V	Expenses			
	Cost of published goods/material consumed	29	928.81	1,001.09
	Purchase of stock-in-trade	30	140.49	49.19
	Increase in inventories of finished goods and stock-in-trade	31	(90.09)	(78.85)
	Employee benefits expense	32	576.18	519.45
	Finance costs	33	127.95	157.77
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	34	117.31	126.95
	Other expenses	35	696.18	594.85
	Total expenses		2,496.83	2,370.45
VI	Profit before exceptional item and tax ( IV-V )		129.77	254.87
	Exceptional items	36	13.00	152.84
VII	Profit before tax		116.77	102.03
VIII	Tax expenses:			
	- Current tax	37	31.28	67.99
	- Tax relating to earlier years		-	0.13
	- Deferred tax		24.57	(8.54)
	Adjustments to taxes pursuant to merger			
	- Current tax for earlier years		(165.58)	-
	- Deferred tax		78.57	-
	Total tax expenses		(31.16)	59.58
IX	Profit for the year ( VII - VIII)		147.93	42.45
X	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or (loss)			
	Re-measurement gains or (loss) on defined benefit plans		(7.07)	(17.01)
	Income tax effect		1.97	4.95
XI	Total comprehensive income for the year ( IX+X )		142.83	30.39
XII	Earnings per equity share:	38		
	(1) Basic		4.20	1.21
	(2) Diluted		4.20	1.21
	Summary of material accounting policy information	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

Place: New Delhi

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Place: New Delhi

Date: 24 May 2024

**Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-Tarun Gupta Himanshu Gupta Partner Managing Director Membership No.: 507892 DIN: 00054015

Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-Time Director DIN: 00282988

Sd/-Saurabh Mittal Chief Financial Officer Sd/-Jagdeep Singh Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi Place: New Delhi Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

S Chand And Company Limited



# **Standalone Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

		(₹ in million		
		Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023 Restated (refer note 60)
A.	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit before tax		116.77	102.03
	Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows			
	Depreciation and amortisation expense (refer note 34)		117.31	126.95
	Unrealised foreign exchange gain (net)		(0.20)	(5.24)
	Net gain on sale of investments (refer note 28)		(11.02)	(33.05)
	Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net) (refer note 18)		5.31	4.13
	Provision for expected credit loss, advances and bad debts written-off (refer note 18)		40.51	17.09
	Finance costs (refer note 33)		127.95	157.77
	Interest income		(57.02)	(65.24)
	Fair value gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		-	(2.69)
	Fair value gain on investment at fair value through profit or loss		(38.41)	(127.34)
	Provision for diminution in value of investments (refer note 36)		13.00	152.84
	Interest (income) / expense on securities measured at amortised cost		0.40	(0.67)
	Unwinding financial guarantee obligation		(0.65)	(1.01)
	Reversal of financial guarantee given on loans for subsidiary		(3.65)	-
	Miscellaneous balances written back		(4.05)	(1.25)
	Assets written off (refer note 18)		30.57	23.83
	Employee stock option expense (refer note 32)		0.94	1.55
Ope	rating profit before working capital changes		337.76	349.70
	Adjustments for movement in:			
	Trade payables		343.76	(12.48)
	Other assets		78.31	2.33
	Other liabilities		4.25	22.26
	Provisions		6.61	4.36
	Inventories		(184.35)	(120.13)
	Trade receivables		(111.38)	4.39
	Loans and advances		-	15.15
	Cash generated from operations		474.96	265.58
	Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)		(36.86)	(21.42)
Net	cash generated from operating activities (A)	(A)	438.10	244.16
B.	Cash flows from investing activities			
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment including intangible assets and capital work-in-progress		(86.32)	(108.06)
	Purchase of non-current investments		(15.00)	-
	Proceeds from non-current investments		651.60	(57.08)
	Purchase of current investments		(161.25)	26.81
	Proceeds from sale of current investments		272.47	82.68
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		4.98	9.43
	Interest received		46.06	51.31
	Investment in bank deposits (net)		30.55	(2.89)
	Loans (given to)/ received from related parties (net)		(77.05)	71.73
Net	cash generated from investing activities (B)	(B)	666.04	73.93

# **Standalone Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023 Restated (refer note 60)
C. Cash flows from financing activities			,
Dividend paid on equity shares		(105.65)	-
Proceeds from issue of equity shares		5.00	7.13
Proceed from non-current borrowings		1.35	13.50
Repayment of non-current borrowings		(33.35)	(415.90)
(Repayment)/ proceeds of current borrowings (net)		(665.66)	350.47
Payment for principal portion of lease liabilities		(19.58)	(29.28)
Payment for interest portion of lease liabilities		(3.85)	(3.80)
Interest paid on borrowings		(123.96)	(154.11)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(C)	(945.70)	(231.99)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(A+B+C)	158.44	86.10
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		348.92	262.82
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		507.36	348.92
Components of cash and cash equivalents			
Balances with banks:			
- On current accounts		320.47	285.62
- Cheques in hand		11.28	12.64
- Deposits with original maturity of less than three months		175.24	50.00
Cash in hand		0.37	0.66
Total cash and cash equivalents (note 16)		507.36	348.92

Notice

### **Notes:**

# 1. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	As at	Cash	Non-cash	As at
	31 March 2023	flows	changes	31 March 2024
Non-current borrowings (refer note 20)	62.13	(32.00)	2.27	32.40
Current borrowings (refer note 23)	1,263.29	(665.66)	(2.26)	595.37
Lease liabilities (refer note 41)	34.56	(23.43)	25.40	36.53
	1.359.98	(721.09)	25.41	664.30

Particulars	As at	Cash	Non-cash	As at
	31 March 2022	flows	changes	31 March 2023
Non-current borrowings (refer note 20)	464.53	(402.40)	-	62.13
Current borrowings (refer note 23)	912.82	350.47	-	1,263.29
Lease liabilities (refer note 41)	35.73	(33.08)	31.91	34.56
	1,413.08	(85.01)	31.91	1,359.98

Summary of material accounting policy information

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/Tarun Gupta Himanshu Gupta
Partner Managing Director
Membership No.: 507892 DIN: 00054015

Place : New Delhi
Date : 24 May 2024

Place : New Delhi
Date : 24 May 2024

Sd/- Sd/- Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Saurabh Mittal

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-Time Director DIN: 00282988

Place : New Delhi

Date: 24 May 2024

S Chand And Company Limited

hunjhnuwala Saurabh Mittal
ector Chief Financial Officer

Place: New Delhi

Date: 24 May 2024

Sd/-**Jagdeep Singh** cer Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi Date : 24 May 2024



# **Standalone Changes in Equity**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# **Equity share capital:**

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up	No. of shares	₹ in millions
As at 31 March 2022	35,043,336	175.22
Issued during the year	113,000	0.56
As at 31 March 2023	35,156,336	175.78
Issued during the year	61,043	0.31
As at 31 March 2024	35,217,379	176.09

# Other equity

(₹ in millions)

	Reserves and surplus					Total
	Capital reserve	General Reserve	Security premium	Retained earnings	1 5	
As at 31 March 2022	235.71	75.80	6,611.46	1,328.76	22.38	8,274.11
Profit for the year	-	-	-	42.45	-	42.45
Other comprehensive income for the year (net)	-	-	-	(12.06)	-	(12.06)
Share based charge during the year	-	-	-	-	2.65	2.65
Issue of equity share capital (refer note 19)	-	-	6.57	-	-	6.57
As at 31 March 2023	235.71	75.80	6,618.03	1,359.15	25.03	8,313.72
Profit for the year	-	-	-	147.93	-	147.93
Other comprehensive income for the year (net)	-	-	-	(5.10)	-	(5.10)
Share based charge during the year	-	-	-	-	2.50	2.50
Issue of equity share capital (refer note 19)	-	-	4.69	-	-	4.69
Appropriation on dividend on equity shares	-	-	-	(105.65)	-	(105.65)
As at 31 March 2024	235.71	75.80	6,622.72	1,396.33	27.53	8,358.09

Summary of material accounting policy information

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements. As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of S Chand And Company Limited

Sd/-Sd/-Tarun Gupta Himanshu Gupta Managing Director Membership No.: 507892 DIN: 00054015

Place: New Delhi Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

Sd/-Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-Time Director DIN: 00282988

Place : New Delhi

Date: 24 May 2024

Sd/-Saurabh Mittal Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-Jagdeep Singh Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 1. Corporate information

S Chand and Company Limited ('the Company') is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 applicable in India. The Company had become a Public Limited Company w.e.f. 8 September 2016 and consequently the name of the Company had changed from S Chand And Company Private Limited to S Chand And Company Limited. Its shares are listed on NSE and BSE in India. The registered office of the Company is located at A-27, 2nd Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi - 110044. These are standalone financial statements and, accordingly, these Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) financial statements incorporate amounts and disclosures related to the Company only.

The Company is principally engaged in publishing of books with products ranging from school books, higher academic books, competition and reference books, technical and professional books and children books.

### Material accounting policy information

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements (standalone financial statement) of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time), presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III) and the guidelines issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India, as applicable to the financial statements.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention, except for the following assets and liabilities:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).
- Equity settled employee share-based payment plan measured at fair value.
- iii) Defined benefit liabilities are measured at present value of defined benefit obligation

iv) Certain financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis

The financial statements are presented in INR "(Indian Rupees)" or "₹". All values are rounded to the nearest million, and two decimals thereof, except when otherwise indicated.

#### 2.2 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

> The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

#### 2.3 Foreign currencies

#### Functional and presentational currency

The Group's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Group's functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates and is normally the currency in which the entity primarily generates and expends cash.

#### **Transactions and balances**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group at the functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

#### 2.4 Fair value measurement

The Company measures certain financial instruments and equity settled employee share based payment plan at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, i.
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities, such as valuation of unquoted investments and equity settled employee share based payment plan. Involvement of external valuers is decided upon annually by the Company's management. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

At each reporting date, the Company's management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company's management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Company's management, in conjunction with the Company's external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

- Disclosures for significant estimates and assumptions (refer note 2.20B)
- ii. Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy (refer note 46)
- iii. Investment in unquoted and quoted equity shares (refer note 8 and 14)
- iv. Equity settled employee share based payment plan (refer note 43)

#### 2.5 Revenue from contract with customer

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

To determine whether to recognize revenue, the Company follows a 5-step process:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied

### Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of books is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, i.e. upon delivery of the goods to the transporter or to the customer whichever is earlier.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price for the sale of books, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer (if any).

#### Job work

Revenue from job work services is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, i.e. at the time of handing over goods to the carrier for transportation or to the customer as per the terms of the contract.

#### Variable consideration

If the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the Company estimates the amount of



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

#### Rights of return

Certain contracts provide a customer with a right to return the goods within a specified period. The provision for anticipated returns is made primarily on the basis of historical return rates as this method best predicts the amount of variable consideration to which the Company will be entitled. The requirements in Ind AS 115 on constraining estimates of variable consideration are also applied in order to determine the amount of variable consideration that can be included in the transaction price.

#### **Turnover discounts**

The Company provides turnover discounts to certain customers once the value of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified in the contract. Discounts are offset against amounts payable by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future discounts, the Company applies the most likely amount method for contracts with a single-turnover threshold and the expected value method for contracts with more than one turnover threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of turnover thresholds contained in the contract. The Company then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future discounts.

#### **Cash discounts**

The Company provides cash discounts to certain customers if customers make the payment within the stipulated time given in the contract. The provision for cash discount is made on estimated basis based on historical

trends. The Company then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future discounts.

#### Other discounts

Further, at the time of annual settlement with customers, which may not coincide with the financial year, additional discounts are offered based on the negotiations agreed with respective customers. The provision for additional discount is made on estimated basis based on historical trends. The Company then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future discounts.

#### **Contract balances**

#### **Contract assets**

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

#### Other income

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and other interest-

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

bearing financial assets, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

### Cross charges for shared services

The Company provides various administrative and management services through shared resources to its subsidiary companies to facilitate day to day operations. The Company recognises revenue over time, because the subsidiaries receive and consume the service provided by the Company over that period.

### 2.6 Taxes

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity) are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

#### **Deferred** tax

Notice

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

> Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

> Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

> Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

### Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent that it is probable that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent that it is no longer probable that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

#### 2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipments are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing parts of the property, plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company recognises such parts as individual

assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Property, plant and equipments which are not ready for intended use as on the date of balance sheet are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment, other than leasehold improvements, have been provided on pro-rata basis, on the straight line method, using rates determined based on management's technical assessment of useful economic lives of the asset.

The Company, based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, depreciates certain items of buildings, plant and equipments, vehicles and computers over estimated useful lives which are different from useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act. 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Followings are the estimated useful lives of various category of assets used.

Category of assets	Useful life as adopted by management	Useful life as per Schedule II
Buildings	30 years	30 years
Plant and equipments	15 -25 years	15 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	10 years
Vehicles	10 years	8 years
Office	5 years	5 years
equipments		
Computers	6 years	3-6 years

Leasehold improvements are amortised over economic useful life or unexpired period of lease whichever is less.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

> The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### 2.8 Intangible assets

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and expenditure is recognised in the statement of profit and loss when it is incurred.

### Amortisation and useful lives

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### **Research and development costs**

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project are recognised as an intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate all the following:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale. Its intention to complete the asset
- Its ability to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits
- The availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the cost model is applied requiring the asset to be carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortisation of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortised over the period of expected future benefit.

A summary of the policies applied to the Company's intangible assets is as follows:



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Intangible assets	Useful lives	Amortization method used	Internally generated or acquired
Goodwill	Indefinite	No amortisation	Acquired
Trademarks	Finite (10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of useful lives	Acquired
Software	Finite (5 -10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of useful lives	Acquired
Copyrights	Finite (10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of copyright	Acquired
Content development	Finite (10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of content	Internally generated

#### 2.9 Investment in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of these investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 2.10 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets

#### **Right-of-use assets**

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e.,

Notice

for the year ended 31 March 2024

Corporate Overview

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 2.11 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition is accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on first in first out basis.
- Finished goods: cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs. Cost is determined on first in, first out hasis.
- Stock-in-trade: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on first in first out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale

### 2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless

the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Annual Report 2023-24

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Company extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

> Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

> Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU (or group of CGUs) to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

#### 2.13 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### **Financial assets**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Company has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under Ind AS 115. The general terms of the payment is between 180-270 days. Refer to the accounting policies in section Revenue from contracts with customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

### **Subsequent measurement**

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

# Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

A 'financial asset" is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

# Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI) (debt instruments)

A "financial asset" is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss. On de-recognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to the statement of profit and

loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Annual Report 2023-24

### **Equity instruments at FVTOCI**

Notice

All equity instruments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value in other comprehensive income. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

# Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

This category includes listed equity investments which the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through OCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment has been established.

### **De-recognition**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's standalone balance sheet) when:



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- Trade receivables under Ind-AS 115.
- Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

Trade receivables

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

> ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the statement of profit and loss.

> The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:-

- For financial assets measured as at amortised cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- Financial guarantee contracts: ECL is presented as a provision in the balance sheet, i.e. as a liability.
- Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: Since, financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

The Company does not have any purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, i.e., financial assets which are credit impaired on purchase/origination.

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

# Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/loss are not subsequently transferred to the statement of profit and loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

### Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind-AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

### **De-recognition**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Re-classification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt

instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the standalone balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 2.14 Employee benefits

Employee benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund, National Pension Scheme (NPS) and Employee's State Insurance Corporation (ESIC). The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund, NPS and ESIC scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Corporate Overview

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment,
- The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income.

### **Compensated absences**

Entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. Leave entitlements may be availed while in service or encashed at the time of retirement/termination of employment, subject to a restriction on the maximum number of accumulation. The Company determines the liability for such accumulated leave entitlements on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary at the year end.

#### Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g., under short-term cash bonus, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

### 2.15 Share based payments

Employees (including senior executives) of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share based payments, whereby employer render services as consideration for equity instruments (equitysettled transactions).

### **Equity settled transactions**

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

> No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vested irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/ or service conditions are satisfied.

> When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

> The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

# 2.16 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly with in the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Therefore, in order to determine the amount to be recognised as a liability or to be disclosed as a contingent liability, in each case, is inherently subjective, and needs careful evaluation and judgement to be applied by the management. In case of provision for litigations, the judgements involved are with respect to the potential exposure of each litigation and the likelihood and/or timing of cash outflows from the Company, and requires interpretation of laws and past legal rulings.

Possible inflows of economic benefits to the Company that do not yet meet the recognition criteria of an asset are considered contingent assets.

#### 2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

### 2.18 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the period attributable to

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share are computed and disclosed after adjusting the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any, except when the results will be anti-dilutive.

#### 2.19 Dividend

The Company recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders of the Company when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

# 2.20 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures (including contingent liabilities). The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

# A. Judgement

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

 Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options – Company as lessee

> The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is

reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

For the lease contracts that includes extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

# Leases - estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Company 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Company estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

### ii) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company applied the following judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers:



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> Determining method to estimate variable consideration and assessing the constraint

> Certain contracts for the sale of books include cash discounts and turnover discounts and a right to return the goods that give rise to variable consideration. In estimating the variable consideration, the Company is required to use either the expected value method or the most likely amount method based on which method better predicts the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled.

> Before including any amount of variable consideration in the transaction price, the Company considers whether the amount of variable consideration is constrained. The Company determined that the estimates of variable consideration are not constrained based on its historical experience, business forecast and the current economic conditions. In addition, the uncertainty on the variable consideration will be resolved within a short time frame.

#### **Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### Defined employee benefits plans

The cost of the defined employee benefits obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate. future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds with term that correspond with the expected term of the defined benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective countries.

Further details about defined employee benefit plans are given in note 40.

### iii) Provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables

The Company uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Company will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forwardlooking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

> The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. For details of allowance for expected credit loss, please refer note 15.

#### iv) Impairment of financial and non-financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cashgenerating unit ('CGU') is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets ('CGU').

Market related information and estimates are used to determine the recoverable amount. Key assumptions on which management has based its determination of recoverable amount include estimated long term growth rates, weighted average cost of capital and estimated operating margins. Cash flow projections take into account past experience and represent management's best estimate about future developments.

### Useful lives of depreciable/amortisable assets

Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangibles at the end of each reporting period. Factors such as changes in the expected level of usage could significantly impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets. Consequently, the future depreciation charge could be revised and may have an impact on the profit of the future years.

#### 2.21 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company's Managing Director assesses the financial performance and position of the Company, and makes strategic decision and has been identified as the chief operating decision maker. The Company's primary business segment is reflected based on principal business activities carried on by the Company. As per Indian Accounting Standard 108, Operating Segments, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Company operates in one reportable business segment i.e., publishing of books. The geographical information analyses the Company's revenue and trade receivables from such revenue in India and other countries. The Company primarily operates in India. Refer note 49 for segment reporting.

#### 2.22 Business combination

Business combination between entities under common control are accounted at historical cost. The difference between the consideration paid/received and the carrying amount of assets and liabilities transferred is recorded in the capital reserve, a component of other equity.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> Business combination arising from transfers of interest in entities that are under common control are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented or, if later, at the date that common control was established; for this purpose, comparatives are revised.

### 2.23 Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and interpretations effective during the year

### Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statement

Requirement to disclose 'material accounting policies' instead of 'significant accounting policies' and related guidance included to determine whether the policy is material or not.

# Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Change in **Accounting Estimates and Errors**

Definition of 'accounting estimates' now included in the standard enabling distinction between change in accounting estimates from change in accounting policies.

#### **Ind AS 12 Income Taxes**

Transactions that does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences at the time of initial transaction have now been included in the exemptions for recognition of deferred tax liability and deferred tax assets in case of taxable temporary differences.

The above mentioned amendments do not have a material impact on the financial statements.

# 2.24 Recent accounting pronouncements which are not yet effective

As on the date of these standalone financial statements, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') has not issued any standards/amendments to accounting standards which are effective from 1 April 2024.

#### Property, plant and equipment 3

							(₹	in millions)
	Plant & equipments	Office equipment	Furniture & fixtures	Vehicles	Leasehold improvement	Computers	Buildings	Total
Cost								
As at 31 March 2022	57.60	15.79	16.51	68.54	8.07	162.31	58.18	387.00
Additions	2.14	0.37	-	33.12	0.51	8.80	0.28	45.22
Disposals	(0.43)	(1.87)	(0.58)	(21.76)	(1.04)	(1.21)	-	(26.89)
As at 31 March 2023	59.31	14.29	15.93	79.90	7.54	169.90	58.46	405.33
Additions	-	0.57	-	5.74	-	19.25	-	25.56
Disposals	(7.72)	(4.24)	(5.70)	(9.61)	-	(135.44)	-	(162.71)
As at 31 March 2024	51.59	10.62	10.23	76.03	7.54	53.71	58.46	268.18
Accumulated depreciation								
As at 31 March 2022	18.27	12.15	10.87	28.20	6.52	123.29	4.81	204.11
Charge for the year	3.16	0.64	1.02	6.62	0.94	15.43	2.10	29.91
Disposals	(0.18)	(1.18)	(0.41)	(10.15)	(0.43)	(0.99)	-	(13.34)
As at 31 March 2023	21.25	11.61	11.48	24.67	7.03	137.73	6.91	220.68
Charge for the year	3.45	0.37	1.04	7.60	0.30	21.67	2.12	36.55
Disposals	(3.70)	(3.40)	(4.28)	(5.70)		(135.34)	-	(152.42)
As at 31 March 2024	21.00	8.58	8.24	26.57	7.33	24.06	9.03	104.81
Net block								
As at 31 March 2023	38.06	2.68	4.45	55.23	0.51	32.17	51.55	184.65
As at 31 March 2024	30.59	2.04	1.99	49.46	0.21	29.65	49.43	163.37

### Notes:

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment during the year.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# 4 Right-of-use assets (ROU)

(₹ in millions)

			( )
	Leasehold land	Buildings	Total
As at 31 March 2022	111.73	83.39	195.12
Additions	-	32.44	32.44
Disposals	-	(38.24)	(38.24)
As at 31 March 2023	111.73	77.59	189.32
Additions	-	22.04	22.04
Disposals	-	(0.89)	(0.89)
As at 31 March 2024	111.73	98.74	210.47
Accumulated depreciation			
As at 31 March 2022	5.71	49.39	55.10
Depreciation for the year	1.96	28.92	30.88
Disposals	-	(33.33)	(33.33)
As at 31 March 2023	7.67	44.98	52.65
Depreciation for the year	1.96	21.13	23.09
Disposals	-	(0.89)	(0.89)
As at 31 March 2024	9.63	65.22	74.85
Net block			
As at 31 March 2023	104.06	32.61	136.67
As at 31 March 2024	102.10	33.52	135.62

#### Notes

# 5 Capital work-in-progress

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	10.11	4.14
Additions during the year	-	10.11
Capitalised/adjusted during the year	(10.11)	(4.14)
Balance at the end of the year	-	10.11

# Notes:

- 1. Capital work-in-progress includes property, plant and equipment under construction/installation and which are not ready for use as at year end.
- 2. Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Am	Total			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2024	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	10.11	-	-	-	10.11

<sup>3.</sup> There are no such projects under capital-work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as of 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

<sup>1.</sup> The Company has not revalued its Right-of-use assets during the year.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### Goodwill and other intangible assets

(₹ in millions)

	Goodwill	Software	Copy-rights	Content development	Trade marks	Total
Cost						
As at 31 March 2022	54.40	42.41	29.30	476.45	0.12	602.68
Purchase	-	1.20	78.02	20.49	-	99.71
Disposals	(23.83)	(0.71)	-	<u> </u>	-	(24.54)
As at 31 March 2023	30.57	42.90	107.32	496.94	0.12	677.85
Additions	-	7.77	11.29	56.50	-	75.56
Disposals	(30.57)	(1.74)	-	-	-	(32.31)
As at 31 March 2024	-	48.93	118.61	553.44	0.12	721.10
Accumulated amortisation						
As at 31 March 2022	-	31.25	23.68	263.06	0.04	318.03
Amortization for the year	-	4.53	4.27	57.35	0.01	66.16
Disposals	-	(0.27)	-	-	-	(0.27)
As at 31 March 2023	-	35.51	27.95	320.41	0.05	383.92
Amortization for the year	-	5.46	13.61	38.59	0.01	57.67
Disposals	-	(1.50)	-	-	-	(1.50)
As at 31 March 2024	-	39.47	41.56	359.00	0.06	440.09
Net block						
As at 31 March 2023	30.57	7.39	79.37	176.53	0.07	293.93
As at 31 March 2024	-	9.46	77.05	194.44	0.06	281.01

#### Notes:

### Impairment testing of goodwill

The Company performs test for goodwill impairment at least annually on 31 March or if indicators of impairment arise, such as the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors or on occurrence of an event or change in circumstances that would more likely than not reduce the fair value below its carrying amount. When determining the fair value, we utilize various assumptions, including operating results, business plans and projections of future cash flows.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to a cash generating unit, representing the lowest level with the Company at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and which is not higher that the Company's operating segment. During the year, test for goodwill impairment was performed on 31 March 2024 and the same was written off considering the recoverable value determined by the Company was assessed to be lower than the carrying value of cash generating unit due to the effect of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors.

The Company has not revalued its intangible assets during the year.

#### Intangible assets under development 7

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	4.44	1.67
Additions during the year	-	4.44
Capitalised/adjusted during the year	(4.44)	(1.67)
Balance at the end of the year	-	4.44

#### Notes:

- 1. Intangible assets under development includes expenses incurred on content development not ready for use as at year end.
- Intangible assets under development ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Particulars Amount in capital work-in-progress for a period of					otal
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
As at 31 March 2024	-	-	-	-		-
As at 31 March 2023	4.44	-	-	-		4.44

There are no such project related intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as of 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

# **Non-current investments**

(₹ in millions)

			(₹ in millions)
		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
i)	Investment in unquoted equity shares, valued at cost		
	Investment in subsidiaries		
	111,437 (31 March 2023: 111,437) shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid up in M/s Chhaya	1,835.48	1,824.52
	Prakashani Limited (refer note b below)		
	40,140 (31 March 2023: 40,140) shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid up in M/s Vikas	1,565.70	1,564.73
	Publishing House Private Limited (refer note b below)		
	575,729 (31 March 2023: 575,729) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s New	1,509.02	1,508.62
	Saraswati House (India) Private Limited (refer note b below)		
	46,449,962 (31 March 2023: 4,64,49,962 ) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Safari	466.06	466.06
	Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited (refer note b below)		
	5,971,268 (31 March 2023: 4,758,215) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s S. Chand	98.02	67.04
	Edutech Private Limited (refer note c below)		
	6,88,357 (31st March 2023: 6,88,357) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s BPI (India)	55.30	55.30
	Private Limited		
	104,734 (31 March 2023: 100,000) shares ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Convergia	51.87	1.05
	Digital Education Private Limited (refer note d below)		
	Less: Impairment of investment (refer note e below)	(290.84)	(277.84)
	acos . Impaniment of investment (refer note e below)	5,290.61	5,209.48
ii)	Investment in unquoted equity shares, valued at fair value through profit and loss	0,2,0101	0,207.10
11)	16,655 (31 March 2023: Nil) share of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in ATOZLEARN Edutech	14.24	_
	Private Limited (IxamBee) (refer note a below)	17.27	
	50 (31 March 2023: 50) share of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Smartivity Labs Private	1.73	1.36
	Limited	1.75	1.30
	Limited	15.97	1.36
iii)	Investment in unquoted preference shares, valued at cost	13.97	1.30
111)	Investment in unquoteu preference shares, valueu at cost		
	5,570,007 (31 March 2023: 5,570,007) 0.01% Non Cumulative, Non-Participating,	55.70	55.70
		55.70	55.70
	Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s New		
	Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	10.00	40.00
	1,882,353 (31 March 2023: 1,882,353) shares of ₹ 7.12 each fully paid up in M/s Safari	18.82	18.82
	Digital Education Private Limited	<b>#</b> . #0	
		74.52	74.52
iv)	Investment in unquoted preference shares, valued at fair value through profit and		
	loss		



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

		(
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
889 (31 March 2023: Nil) Series A compulsarily convertible preference share of ₹ 10 each	0.76	-
fully paid up in ATOZLEARN Edutech Private Limited (IxamBee) (refer note a below)		
5,490 (31 March 2023: 5,490) 0.001% compulsorily convertible cumulative preference	189.05	149.10
shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Smartivity Labs Private Limited		
	189.81	149.10
v) Investments in unquoted debentures, valued at cost		
Investment in subsidiary		
Nil (31 March 2023: 6,916) 2% optionally convertible redeemable debentures of $\overline{\epsilon}$	-	651.60
100,000 each fully paid up in M/s Chhaya Prakashani Limited		
7,016 (31 March 2023: 7,016) 2% optionally convertible redeemable debentures of $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	701.60	701.60
100,000 each fully paid up in M/s Convergia Digital Education Private Limited		
	701.60	1,353.20
Total	6,272.51	6,787.66
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	6,272.51	6,787.66
Aggregate value of impairment in value of investments	290.84	277.84

#### Notes:

- During the current year, the Company has acquired 16,655 equity shares and 889, 0.0001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of M/s AtozLearn Edutech Private Limited at ₹855/- per share. Further, fair value gain of ₹0.5 millions has been recorded during the current year.
- Investment in equity shares in such subsidiaries include deemed investments of ₹ 46.65 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 48.82 millions) due to ESOP granted to employees of subsidiary companies and corporate guarantee given by Holding Company on behalf of subsidiary companies.
- During the current year, the loan recivable from M/S S Chand Edutech Private Limited has been converted into its equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each at a premium of ₹ 15.54/- per share.
- During the current year, the loan recivable from M/S Convergia Digital Education Private Limited has been converted into its equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each at a premium of ₹ 10,726.75/- per share.
- The Company has determined the recoverable amounts of its investments in subsidiaries under Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets" using the discounted cashflow method which involves estimates pertaining to expected business and earnings forecasts and key assumptions including those related to discount and long-term growth rates, which are considered reasonable by the Management. Significant inputs used in fair value measurements are as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Risk free rate of return (based on the yield of 10 year Government of India Zero Coupon Bond.)	7.05%-7.30%	7.30%
Beta	0.65-1.02	0.68-1.16
Company specific risk premium	3.00%-5.00%	4.00%-8.66%
Long-term growth rate	3.00%-5.00%	3.00%-5.00%

On a careful evaluation of the aforesaid factors, the Management has concluded that the recoverable value of the investments is higher than their carrying amounts as at 31st March, 2024\*.

#### Sensitivity

The management believes that any reasonable possible changes in the key assumptions would not cause the investment's carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

<sup>\*</sup> During the current year, the management has evaluated that the recoverable value in one subsidiary is less than the carrying value as on 31 March 2024. Refer note 54.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Loans

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current:		
Loans to related parties (refer note 42)	328.22	122.62
Current:		
Loans to related parties (refer note 42)	-	210.36
Total loans	328.22	332.98
Considered good, unsecured	328.22	332.98
Recoverable which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
	328.22	332.98

#### Notes:

Disclosure required under Sec 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013:

Included in loans and advance are certain loans the particulars of which are disclosed below as required by Sec 186(4) of Companies Act 2013:

Name of the entity*	Rate of Interest	Tenure 31 March 2024	Tenure 31 March 2023	Secured/ Unsecured	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited		3 years from the date of agreement effective 01 October 2023	1 year from the date of agreement effective 17 November 2022		137.29	119.79
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	14 0007	3 years from the date of agreement effective 10 April 2023	3 years from the date of agreement effective 19 September 2022		107.98	102.44
S Chand Edutech Private Limited	11.00% - 12.00% p.a. (March 2023:9.70% - 10.65% p.a.)	3 years from the date of agreement effective 01 October 2023	1 year from the date of agreement effective 17 November 2022	Unsecured	67.05	76.15
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	10.03 % p.a.j	3 years from the date of agreement effective 01 October 2023	1 year from the date of agreement effective 17 November 2022		15.90	14.42
Chhaya Prakashani Limited		N.A	3 years from the date of agreement effective 19 September 2022		-	20.18
Total					328.22	332.98

<sup>\*</sup>the loan have been given to the subsidiary companies for general business purpose.

- There are no loan or advances in the nature of loans, granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and related parties, either severally or jointly with any other person, that are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments/receipts of principal and interest are regular.
- There is no amount which is overdue for more than 90 days in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted to such companies.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 10 Other financial assets

(₹ in millions)

		( )
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current:		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	6.87	4.95
Deposits with maturity for more than 12 months from the reporting date	6.89	0.22
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits (on non-current deposits)	0.97	0.73
Margin money*	0.11	0.11
	14.84	6.01
Current:		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	4.86	8.28
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits (on current deposits)	0.50	0.54
Receivables from related parties (refer note 42)#	1.91	92.09
Other receivables	3.24	5.56
	10.51	106.47
Total	25.35	112.48
Non-current	14.84	6.01
Current	10.51	106.47

<sup>\*</sup> Margin money deposit with a carrying amount of ₹ 0.11 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 0.11) has been deposited with government authority. #Receivables from related parties pertains to receivables from group companies for services, reimbursments and other recoveries.

# 11 Deferred taxes

(₹ in millions)

		(
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Items leading to creation of deferred tax assets		
Impact of non deductible expenses	17.66	21.69
Provision for doubtful debt and advances	57.30	37.71
Impact of lease liabilities	10.59	10.06
Impact of provision for inventory	23.74	21.10
Impact of business loss to carry forward to next years	160.42	348.49
Total deferred tax assets	269.71	439.05
Items leading to creation of deferred tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment: impact of differences between tax depreciation and	12.59	29.05
depreciation/amortisation charged in the financial statements		
Impact of right of use assets	9.75	9.50
Impact of fair value gain on current investment	1.17	0.73
Total deferred tax liabilities	23.51	39.28
MAT credit entitlement	168.66	116.26
Net deferred tax assets	414.86	516.03

Annual Report 2023-24

# **Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Note:

# Movement of deferred tax assets tax assets/liabilities presented in balance sheet

	As at	Recognise	d in	As at
	31 March 2023	<b>Profit and loss</b>	OCI	31 March 2024
Items leading to creation of deferred tax assets				
Impact of non deductible expenses	21.69	(6.00)	1.97	17.66
Provision for doubtful debt and advances	37.71	19.59	-	57.30
Impact of lease liabilities	10.06	0.53	-	10.59
Impact of provision for inventory	21.10	2.64	-	23.74
Impact of business loss to carry forward to next years	348.49	(188.07)	-	160.42
MAT credit entitlement	116.26	52.40	-	168.66
Total deferred tax assets	555.31	(118.92)	1.97	438.37
Items leading to creation of deferred tax liabilities				
Property, plant and equipment: impact of differences	29.05	(16.46)	-	12.59
between tax depreciation and depreciation/				
amortisation charged in the financial statements				
Impact of right of use assets	9.50	0.26		9.75
Impact of fair value gain on current investment	0.73	0.44	-	1.17
Total deferred tax liabilities	39.28	(15.78)	-	23.51
Net deferred tax assets	516.03	(103.14)	1.97	414.86

# Movement of deferred tax assets tax assets/liabilities presented in balance sheet

	As at	Recognised	in	As at
	31 March 2022	Profit and loss	OCI	31 March 2023
Items leading to creation of deferred tax assets				
Impact of non deductible expenses	8.21	8.53	4.95	21.69
Provision for doubtful debt and advances	44.63	(6.92)	-	37.71
Impact of lease liabilities	10.40	(0.34)	-	10.06
Impact of provision for inventory	21.10	-	-	21.10
Impact of business loss to carry forward to next years	395.18	(46.70)	-	348.49
MAT credit entitlement	66.74	49.52	-	116.26
Total deferred tax assets	546.26	4.09	4.95	555.31
Items leading to creation of deferred tax liabilities				
Property, plant and equipment: impact of differences	32.83	(3.78)	-	29.05
between tax depreciation and depreciation/				
amortisation charged in the financial statements				
Impact of right of use assets	9.91	(0.41)	-	9.50
Impact of fair value gain on current investment	0.98	(0.25)	-	0.73
Total deferred tax liabilities	43.72	(4.44)	-	39.28
Net deferred tax assets	502.54	8.54	4.95	516.03

Note - Refer note 37 for effective tax reconciliation.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# 12a Income tax assets (net)

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
Tax receivable (net of provision)	31 March 2024 161.24	<b>31 March 2023</b> 30.31
Total	161.24	30.31

# 12b Other assets

(₹ in millions)

		( ( 111 11111110115)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Prepaid expenses	1.60	2.05
	1.60	2.05
Current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Advances to vendors	13.90	6.34
Advances to employee *	5.75	6.45
Prepaid expenses	19.18	16.28
Balance with government authorities	3.35	2.95
Others	6.05	6.55
	48.23	38.57
Total	49.83	40.62
Non-current	1.60	2.05
Current	48.23	38.57

<sup>\*</sup> Includes advances to KMP, refer note 42.

# 13 Inventories

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Raw materials (at cost)	229.40	135.14
Finished goods (at lower of cost and net realisable value)	442.42	365.99
Finished goods - stock-in-trade (at lower of cost and net realisable value)	26.99	13.33
Total	698.81	514.46

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### **14** Current Investment

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

		(₹ in millions)
	As at 31 March 2024	As at
Investment valued at fair value through profit and loss	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Investment in equity instruments (quoted)		
1,000 (31 March 2023: 1,000) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Freshtop Fruits	0.17	0.10
Limited	0.17	0.10
42,564 (31 March 2023: 42,564) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Mahaan Foods Limited	1.58	1.12
200 (31 March 2023: 200) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited	0.03	0.04
400 (31st March 2023: 400) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s EIH Associated Hotel Limited	0.30	0.17
500 (31 March 2023: 500) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in State Bank of India Limited	0.38	0.26
230 (31 March 2023: 230) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in Punjab National Bank Limited	0.03	0.01
	2.49	1.70
Investment valued at fair value through profit and loss		
Investment in mutual funds (quoted)		
119,677 (31 March 2023: 112,261) units in Principal Monthly Income Plan - Dividend Reinvestment	1.78	1.68
Nil (31 March 2023: 1,865,113) units in ICICI Prudential Short Term Fund - Growth	-	58.95
389 (31 March 2023: 5,826) units in Nippon India Money Market Fund - Growth Plan Growth Option	1.47	20.46
12,534 (31 March 2023: 228,606) units in Nippon India Short Term Fund - Growth Plan Growth Option	0.60	10.14
576,289 (31 March 2023: 934,035) units in HDFC Low Duration Fund - Regular Plan - Growth	30.33	45.84
	34.18	137.07
Investments in Government and Trust securities (Unquoted)		
National Savings Certificates	0.03	0.03
	0.03	0.03
Total	36.70	138.80
Aggregate book value of quoted investments	37.53	138.80
Aggregate market value of quoted investments *	36.67	138.77
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	0.03	0.03
Aggregate value of impairment in value of investments	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> fair value loss recognised ₹ 1.90 million in 31 March 2024 (fair value loss recognised 31 March 2023: ₹ 0.83 million).



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 15 Trade receivables

Trade receivables		
		(₹ in millions)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Trade receivables		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	1,276.34	1,195.24
Receivable which have significant increase in credit risk	205.97	186.54
Receivable credit impaired	-	-
	1,482.31	1,381.78
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	-	-
Receivable which have significant increase in credit risk	(205.97)	(176.65)
Receivable credit impaired		
	(205.97)	(176.65)
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured, considered good	1,276.34	1,195.24
Receivable which have significant increase in credit risk	-	9.90
Receivable credit impaired	-	
	1,276.34	1,205.14

# Trade receivables from related parties (refer note 42)

The movement in impairment of trade receivables as follow:

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening balance	176.65	198.42
Additions/ (write-back) (net)	29.32	(21.77)
Closing balance	205.97	176.65

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person.

Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

	-			1.	-
- (	₹	ın	mil	1101	ns

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024				(VIII IIIIIIIIIII)	
	Outsta	nding for follow	ing periods froi	n due date of pa	yment	Total
	Less than 6	6 months to 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	
	months	year			years	
Undisputed trade receivables						
considered good	1,112.94	151.96	11.44	-	-	1,276.34
which have significant increase in	-	0.78	60.20	13.04	131.95	205.97
credit risk						
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables						
considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
which have significant increase in	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit risk						
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total trade receivables	1,112.94	152.74	71.64	13.04	131.95	1,482.31
Less: Loss allowance	-	(0.78)	(60.20)	(13.04)	(131.95)	(205.97)
Total	1,112.94	151.96	11.44	-	-	1,276.34

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Corporate Overview

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6	6 months to 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	
	months	year			years	
Undisputed trade receivables						
considered good	1,106.96	51.97	-	11.50	24.81	1,195.24
which have significant increase in	-	24.73	17.77	14.60	129.44	186.54
credit risk						
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables						
considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
which have significant increase in	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit risk						
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total trade receivables	1,106.96	76.70	17.77	26.10	154.25	1,381.78
Less: Loss allowance	-	(14.85)	(17.77)	(14.60)	(129.44)	(176.65)
Total	1,106.96	61.85	-	11.50	24.81	1,205.14

There are no unbilled receivables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

# 16 Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Balances with banks:		
- On current accounts	320.47	285.62
- Cheques on hand	11.28	12.64
- Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	175.24	50.00
Cash on hand	0.37	0.66
Total	507.36	348.92

# 17 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months and less than 12 months	4.67	35.22
Total	4.67	35.22



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 18 Equity share capital

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Authorised*	201.50	201.50
40,300,000 (31 March 2023: 40,300,000) equity shares of ₹ 5/- each		
Issued, subscribed and fully paid equity capital		
35,217,379 (31 March 2023: 35,156,336) equity shares of ₹ 5/- each	176.09	175.78
Total	176.09	175.78

<sup>\*</sup>With effect from 04 September 2023, upon filing the Scheme with registrar of Companies and the Scheme being effective, the authorised share capital of the Company has been increased by ₹ 1.5 millions.

#### Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Authorised share capital	No. of shares	₹ in millions
As at 31 March 2022	40,300,000	201.50
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	40,300,000	201.50
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	40,300,000	201.50

Issued equity capital	No. of shares	₹ in millions
Equity share of $\stackrel{7}{\scriptstyle{\sim}}$ 5/- each issued, subscribed and fully paid (31 March 2023:		
Equity share of ₹ 5 each)		
As at 31 March 2022	35,043,336	175.22
Issued during the year	113,000	0.56
As at 31 March 2023	35,156,336	175.78
Issued during the year	61,043	0.31
As at 31 March 2024	35,217,379	176.09

### Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 5 per share (31 March 2023: ₹ 5 per share). Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash in the current year and preceding five years. There has not been any buy-back of shares in the current year and preceding five years. The Company has not issued any bonus shares during the year.

Annual Report 2023-24

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

**d.** Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023		
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding	
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	5,994,038	17.02%	5,994,038	17.05%	
Mrs. Neerja Jhunjhnuwala	4,008,345	11.38%	4,008,345	11.40%	
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	3,846,854	10.92%	3,846,854	10.94%	
The Miri Strategic Emerging Markets Fund LP	2,212,542	6.28%	-	-	
International Finance Corporation	2,073,784	5.89%	2,805,784	7.98%	

### e. Details of shares held by promoters in the Company

<i>y</i> 1					
	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023		
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding	% change in shareholding
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	5,994,038	17.02%	5,994,038	17.05%	(0.17%)
Mrs. Neerja Jhunjhnuwala	4,008,345	11.38%	4,008,345	11.40%	(0.17%)
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	3,846,854	10.92%	3,846,854	10.94%	(0.17%)
Ms. Savita Gupta	1,218,617	3.46%	1,218,617	3.47%	(0.17%)
Mrs. Ankita Gupta	914,078	2.60%	914,078	2.60%	(0.17%)
Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	592,000	1.68%	592,000	1.68%	(0.17%)
	16,573,932	47.06%	16,573,932	47.14%	(0.17%)

# f. Shares reserved for issue under options

For details of shares reserved for issue under the employee stock options (ESOPs) plan of the Company, please refer note 43.

# 19 Other equity

(₹ in millions)

			( m mmons)
		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
a.	Capital reserve		
	Balance as the beginning of reporting year	235.71	235.71
	Balance as the end of reporting year	235.71	235.71
b.	General resereve		
	Balance as the beginning of reporting year	75.80	75.80
	Balance as the end of reporting year	75.80	75.80
c.	Securities premium		
	Balance as the beginning of reporting year	6,618.03	6,611.46
	Add: increase on account of issue of equity share capital (refer note 43)	4.69	6.57
	Balance as the end of reporting year	6,622.72	6,618.03
d.	Retained earnings		
	Balance as the beginning of reporting year	1,359.15	1,328.76
	Add: Profit for the year	147.93	42.45
	Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net)	(5.10)	(12.06)
	Less: Dividend on Equity shares	(105.65)	-
	Balance as the end of reporting year	1,396.33	1,359.15



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
e.	Employee stock options outstanding		
	Balance as the beginning of reporting year	25.03	22.38
	Add: compensation option granted during the year - charge for the year	2.50	2.65
	(refer note 43)		
	Balance as the end of reporting year	27.53	25.03
	Total	8,358.09	8,313.72

#### Nature and purpose of reserves:

### Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents reserve created on cancellation of forfeited equity shares and on account of business combinations under common control.

#### General reserve

General Reserve represents amount apportioned out of retained earnings.

### **Securities premium**

Securities premium comprises of the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the specific provision of the Companies Act, 2013.

### Retained earnings

Retained earnings refer to the net profit/(loss) retained by the Company for its core business activities. Also includes remeasurement gains on defined benefit plans.

### Employee stock options outstanding

Employee stock options have been issued under Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2012 (Scheme 2012), Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2018 (Scheme 2018) and Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2023 (Scheme 2023) to the eligible employees and subsequent to that various grants were issued. The reserve has been created for the various ESOP grants issued by the Company thereafter.

# 20 Non-current borrowings

(₹ in millions)

		( m mmons)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Term loans		
Indian rupee loan from financial institutions (refer note a below)	48.80	73.12
MSME GoI guaranteed loan from others (secured) (refer note b below)	-	3.94
Vehicle loans		
Indian rupee loan from bank (refer note c below)	10.35	11.90
Indian rupee loan from financial institutions (refer note d below)	2.91	5.09
	62.06	94.05
Less: Current maturities of non-current borrowings (refer note 23)		
Term loans		
Indian rupee loan from financial institutions (refer note a and b below)	24.49	26.98

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

		( m mmons)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Vehicle loans		
Indian rupee loan from bank (refer note c below)	2.89	2.77
Indian rupee loan from financial institutions (refer note d below)	2.28	2.18
	29.66	31.92
Total	32.40	62.13
Secured	32.40	62.13
Unsecured	-	-

		(\ 111 1111110113)
Nat	ure of Security	Terms of repayment
a	Term loan	
	Term loan from TATA Capital Financial Services Limited had been obtained during	Repayable in 49 equal monthly installments of
	the year ended 31 March 2022. The facility had been secured against: (i) Pledge of 50% of unlisted shares of Chhaya Prakashani Limited. (ii) 2nd parri passu	₹ 2.04 millions beginning from March 2022.
	charge on both present and future current and fixed moveable assets of S Chand	Rate of interest at 10.75% p.a.
	And Company Limited; (iii) Personal Guarantee by Directors of the Company Mr.	(31 March 2023: 9.75% to 11.55% p.a)
	Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala.	(51 March 2025: 57/5 to 11.55/6 p.a.)
b	Pursuant to merger, WCTL of ₹ 6.49 million under ECLGS from Siemens Financial	Repayable in 36 monthly instalments.
	Services Private Limited availed in financial year 2021-22 in the name of D S Digital	Rate of interest at 12.00% (31 March 2022:
	Private Limited has been transferred to the Company pursuant to the Scheme of	12.00%)
	$\label{thm:mortion} \textit{Merger. Moratorium of 12 months exercised from date of first disbursement.}$	
	The loan is secured by way of second charge on certain equipment specified in	
	sanction letter. The same has been repaid during the current year.	
	Vehicle loans from bank/financial institutions	
c	Vehicle loan from banks	
	Vehicle loans have been obtained from ICICI Bank, Yes Bank and Axis Bank the same	Repayable in 36 to 60 equal monthly installment
	are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicles. Two of the vehicle loans from	of ₹ 0.01 to ₹ 0.15 millions.
	Yes Bank have been fully repaid during the year.	
		Rate of interest at 8.25% to 12.00%
		(31 March 2023: 8.25% to 12.00%)
d	Vehicle loans from financial institutions	
	Vehicle loans have been obtained from Daimler Financial Services India Private	The loan is repayable in 36 to 48 equal monthly
	Limited and Kotak Mahindra Prime limited is secured by hypothecation of	instalment of ₹ 0.20 million to ₹ 0.10 millions.
	respective vehicles. One of the vehicle loans from Daimler Financial Services India	
	Private Limited have been fully repaid during the year.	Rate of interest at 9.81% to $11.00\%$
		(31 March 2023: 9.81% to 11.00%)

- The Company is required to comply with certain debt covenants as mentioned in the loan agreement for term loans, failure of which makes the loan to be repaid on demand at the discretion of the bank. During the current financial year, there have been no default in repayment and no breaches in the financial covenants of any borrowings.
- The money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained. e.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 21 Lease liabilities

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Lease liability - non-current (refer note 41)	15.66	13.93
Lease liability - current (refer note 41)	20.87	20.63
Total	36.53	34.56

## **22a Provisions**

(₹ in millions)

		(
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current		
Provision for gratuity (refer note 40)	32.40	25.98
Provision for compensated absence	22.80	13.74
	55.20	39.72
Current		
Provision for compensated absence	1.07	2.87
	1.07	2.87
Total	56.27	42.59
Non current	55.20	39.72
Current	1.07	2.87

## 22b Current tax liability

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for income-tax (net of advance tax)	-	40.23
	-	40.23

# 23 Current borrowings

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Cash credit from banks (secured) (refer note a below)	268.75	446.47
Indian rupee working capital demand loan from banks (secured) (refer note b below)	251.96	100.00
Current maturities of non-current borrowings (refer note 20)	29.66	31.92
Loans from related parties	45.00	684.89
Total current borrowings	595.37	1,263.29
Secured	550.37	578.40
Unsecured	45.00	684.89

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Notes:

Cash credit from State Bank of India is secured by way of first pari passu charge (along with HDFC and Indian Bank) on the entire existing and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders), personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company. The loan carry interest rate of 10.10% to 11.15% p.a. (31 March 2023: 8.15% to 11.15% p.a.).

Company has further availed cash credit/dropline overdraft from RBL Bank, secured by way of subservient charge on the entire existing and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders), charge on immovable property of the Company situated at plot no. 40/2 A, site no. IV, UPSIDC industrial estate, Sahibabad and personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company. These loans carry interest rate of 9.75% p.a. (31 March 2023: 8.65% to 10.65% p.a).

Cash credit from Indian Bank, secured by way of first pari passu charge (along with HDFC and SBI) on the entire existing and future current assets and fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders), personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company. These loans carry interest rate of 8.70% to 10.65% p.a. (31 March 2023: 9.05% to 10.65% p.a)."

- Working capital demand loan/cash credit from HDFC Bank was availed during the previous year and from State Bank of India has been availed during the current year. These loan carries interest rate of 7.73% to 10.40% p.a (31 March 2023: 8% to 8.75% p.a). The loan is secured by way of first pari passu charge (along with SBI and Indian Bank) on the entire existing and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders) and personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company.
- The Company is required to comply with certain debt covenants as mentioned in the loan agreement for term loans, failure of which makes the loan to be repaid on demand at the discretion of the bank. During the current financial year, there has been no covenant breach.
- d. The funds raised by the Company on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes.
- Refer note 56 for summary of quarterly statements submitted to banks and its reconciliation with amounts as per books of accounts.

### 24 Trade payables

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Trade payables of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 50)	14.85	31.89
Trade payables of related entities (refer note 42)	230.82	149.91
Trade payables other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	705.63	425.76
	951.30	607.56

Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024				
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Less than 1 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3				
	year			years	
Undisputed trade payables					
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	14.85	-	-	-	14.85
others	908.20	27.83	0.12	0.30	936.45
Disputed trade payables					
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	923.05	27.83	0.12	0.30	951.30



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023				
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				ayment
	Less than 1 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3				
	year			years	
Undisputed trade payables					
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	31.89	-	-	-	31.89
others	554.40	19.41	1.46	0.40	575.67
Disputed trade payables					
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
others		_			
Total	586.29	19.41	1.46	0.40	607.56

There are no unbilled trade payables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

## 25 Other financial liabilities

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Interest accrued but not due	0.45	0.60
Employee related liabilities	73.73	80.30
Security deposits received	0.50	4.02
Financial guarantee obligation	13.66	17.96
Others	0.17	0.34
	88.51	103.22
Current	88.51	103.22
Non current	-	

## 26 Other current liabilities

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Advance from customers	24.02	14.11
Statutory dues payable	37.31	35.23
Total	61.33	49.34

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

## 27 Revenue from operations

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Sale of products		
Finished goods (net of returns)	2,794.39	2,879.40
Traded goods (net of returns)	158.74	68.23
Less: Discount	(565.92)	(716.95)
Sale of services		
Customized interactive education services	19.21	39.76
Content licensing	16.21	-
Other operating revenue		
Scrap sale	4.52	3.38
Paper sale	0.13	1.28
Lease rent	2.00	1.09
Management services	71.60	-
Others	4.67	0.28
Total	2,505.56	2,276.47
India	2,463.95	2,274.06
Outside India	41.61	2.41
Total	2,505.56	2,276.47
Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point in time	2,470.14	2,236.71
Services transferred at a point in time	35.42	39.76
Total	2,505.56	2,276.47

### **Contract balances**

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contract liabilities		
Advance from customers (refer note 26)	24.02	14.11
Opening balance of contract liabilities	14.11	21.40
Less: Amount of revenue recognised against opening contract liabilities	(14.11)	(21.40)
Add: Addition in balance of contract liabilities for current year (net of refunds)	24.02	14.11
Closing balance of contract liabilities	24.02	14.11



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### Right to return asset and refund liability

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Refund liabilities		
Arising from discounts		
Opening provision	363.30	203.60
Less: Utilisation during the year	(507.62)	(557.25)
Add: Created during the year	565.92	716.95
Closing provision	421.60	363.30
Arising from rights of return		
Opening provision	317.30	292.00
Less: Utilisation during the year	(493.58)	(402.65)
Add: Created during the year	546.98	427.95
Closing provision	370.70	317.30
Total	792.30	680.60

## Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

(₹ in millions)

		(< 111 1111110113)
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Revenue as per contracted price	3,618.46	3,421.37
Adjustments		
Sales return	(546.98)	(427.95)
Discount	(565.92)	(716.95)
	2,505.56	2,276.47

There are no unsatisfied performance obligations.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for time value of money.

### Performance obligation

Information about the Company's performance obligations are summarised below:

### Finished goods/ Traded goods

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the goods to the transporter or to the customer whichever is earlier.

The customer has a right to return material to an extent as may be agreed upon with each customer or within the limits as may be determined by the Company.

The customer is also eligible for discounts based on achievement of revenue targets as may be agreed.

#### Services

The performance obligation is satisfied as per terms of each contract with the customer.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 28 Other incomes

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Interest income on:		
- Bank deposits *	3.67	2.12
- Income tax refund *	-	1.34
- Loans to related parties *	53.35	61.78
Management cross charge (refer note 39)	-	62.92
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts	-	21.77
Net gains on fair value changes**	38.41	130.03
Gain on sale of current investments (net)	11.02	32.81
Others	14.59	36.08
	121.04	348.85

<sup>\*</sup> underlying assets on which income is recognised are carried at amortised cost.

## 29 Cost of published goods/material consumed

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	135.14	93.50
Add: Purchases	1,023.07	1,042.73
	1,158.21	1,136.23
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	229.40	135.14
Cost of published goods/material consumed	928.81	1,001.09

## 30 Purchase of stock-in-trade

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Purchase of stock-in-trade	140.49	49.19
Total	140.49	49.19

## 31 (Increase)/ decrease in inventories of finished goods and stock-in-trade

		(
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventory at the end of the year		
Finished goods	469.41	379.32
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	(379.32)	(300.47)
Changes in inventories	(90.09)	(78.85)

<sup>\*\*</sup> underlying assets on which income is recognised are carried at fair value through profit and loss.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

## 32 Employee benefits expense

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries, bonus and allowances	507.65	463.36
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 40)	43.87	36.33
Employee stock option expense	0.94	1.55
Staff welfare expenses	23.72	18.21
Total	576.18	519.45

## 33 Finance costs

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Interest expense		
- On borrowings	98.52	129.14
- On borrowings from related party	51.55	-
- On lease liability	3.85	3.80
- On other liabilities	21.19	16.74
Others	4.39	8.09
Total	127.95	157.77

# 34 Depreciation and amortisation expense

(₹ in millions)

		(
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	36.55	29.91
Amortisation on intangible assets (refer note 6)	57.67	66.16
Depreciation on right-of-use assets (refer note 4)	23.09	30.88
Total	117.31	126.95

## 35 Other expenses

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Publication expense		
Royalty	221.03	215.29
Other publication expenses	31.83	25.41
Total publication expenses (A)	252.86	240.70
Rent	9.17	2.73
Repairs and maintenance		
- Plant and equipments	0.93	0.23
- Buildings	-	0.21
- Others	25.97	20.67

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

		(< in millions)
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Insurance	6.27	6.89
Rates and taxes	1.60	3.27
Communication cost	4.53	5.09
Legal and professional fee	36.52	28.33
Donations	13.14	9.40
Payment to auditor (refer details below)	11.98	6.64
Water and electricity charges	5.55	5.23
Bad debt written off	11.19	41.39
Provision for doubtful receivables	29.32	-
Outsourced employee cost	9.37	8.03
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	5.31	4.13
Corporate social responsibility expenses (refer note 48)	-	0.71
Director sitting fees	2.24	2.09
Goodwill writen off	30.57	23.83
Advertisement, publicity and exhibition	78.95	37.88
Freight and cartage outward	49.75	53.67
Travelling and conveyance	83.66	60.40
Vehicle running and maintenance	7.78	7.48
Dispatch expenses	7.59	7.77
Miscellaneous expenses	11.93	18.08
Total other expenses (B)	443.32	354.15
Total other expenses (A+B)	696.18	594.85

## Payment to auditors:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
As auditor:		
- Audit fee	4.50	4.00
- Limited review	1.70	1.40
- Special purpose audit fee	3.00	-
- GST on invoices	1.66	1.00
- Out of pocket expenses	1.12	0.24
Total	11.98	6.64

# 36 Exceptional expenses

	Paritha man and al	F th d-d
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for diminution in value of investments (refer note 54)	13.00	152.84
Total	13.00	152.84



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 37 Income tax

Tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Current tax:		
Current income tax charge	31.28	67.99
Tax relating to earlier years	-	0.13
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	24.57	(8.54)
Adjustments to taxes pursuant to merger	(87.01)	
	(31.14)	59.58

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

((		(
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Accounting profit before tax	116.77	102.03
Tax at India's statutory income tax rate of 27.82% (31 March 2023: 29.12%)	32.48	29.71
Adjustments in respect of tax related to previous years	-	0.13
Impact of merger	(87.01)	31.02
Tax impact of non-deductible expenses	8.03	-
Impact of changes in tax rate	16.71	-
Impact of items charged at lower tax rate	(1.24)	-
Other adjustments	(0.11)	(1.28)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	(31.14)	59.58
At the effective income tax rate of (26.67%) (31 March 2023: 58.40%)	(31.14)	59.58

### 38 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	147.93	42.45
Weighted average number of equity shares used for computing Earning per Share (Basic)	35.21	35.04
Weighted average number of equity shares used for computing Earning per Share	35.21	35.04
(Diluted)		
Basic EPS	4.20	1.21
Diluted DPS	4.20	1.21

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

39 The National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) was released by the Hon'ble Union Minister of Education, Skill Development and Entrepreneurship in August, 2023. This is the first ever integrated Curriculum Framework for children between ages 3-18 years in India. It is a direct outcome of the 5+3+3+4 curricular and pedagogical structure that National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 has come out with for School Education. This is in follow-up to the NCF of the Foundational Stage (NCF-FS) which was released in October 2022. The management believes that since the New Curriculum has been announced after a gap of 18 years, it would substantially reduce the second-hand book market, and which would spur strong volume growth. Further, management believes that there is no material impact on the inventory of the Company.

### 40 Employee benefits

### a. Defined contribution plan

An amount of ₹ 31.85 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 26.97 million) for the year has been recognised as an expense in respect of the Company's contributions towards Provident Fund, an amount of ₹ 0.49 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 0.90 million) for the year has been recognised as an expense in respect of Company's contributions towards Employee State Insurance and an amount of ₹ 1.74 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 1.69 million) for the year has been recognised as an expense in respect of the Company's contributions towards National Pension Scheme, which are deposited with the government authorities/funds approved by the government authorities and have been included under employee benefit expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### b. Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the Gratuity Act, employees are entitled to specific benefit at the time of retirement or termination of the employment on completion of five years or death while in employement. The level of benefit provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at the time of retirement/termination age.

Under the Company's gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months subject to a maximum of ₹ 2.00 million. The scheme is funded with two insurance companies in the form of qualifying insurance policies.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognised in the profit and loss account and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for Gratuity Plan.

### Statement of profit & loss account

Net employee benefit expense recognised in employee cost:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current service cost	8.19	6.01
Interest cost on defined obligation	4.90	3.55
Expected return on plan assets	(3.29)	(2.79)
	9.79	6.77

### Amount recognised in Other comprehensive income:

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Actuarial gains on obligation	10.85	15.93
Actuarial gains on assets	3.78	(1.08)
	7.07	17.01



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### **Balance sheet**

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Opening defined benefit obligation	68.07	50.00
Current service cost	8.19	6.01
Interest cost	4.90	3.44
Benefits paid from plan assets	(4.97)	(7.31)
Acquisition / Divestiture	2.23	-
Benefits paid directly by employer	(0.11)	-
Actuarial gains on obligation	10.85	15.93
Closing defined benefit obligation	89.15	68.07
Non - current	89.15	68.07
Current	-	-

### Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening fair value of plan assets	42.09	38.29
Expected return	3.29	2.79
Contributions by employer	12.56	9.39
Benefits paid	(4.97)	(7.31)
Actuarial gain	3.78	(1.08)
Closing fair value of plan assets	56.75	42.09
Provision for gratuity (net of plan assets)		
Non-current	32.40	25.98
Current	-	<u>-</u>

The expected contribution to the defined benefit plan in future years ₹ 13.30 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 9.79 millions). The scheme is funded through an 'Trust'. The Trust has taken a Policy from the Kotak Life Insurance and LIC of India.

## The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

_		(
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Investments with insurer	100%	100%

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The economic and demographic assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Discount rate	7.21%	7.49%
Expected rate of salary increase	8.00%	8.00%
Retirement age (in years)	60 years	60 years
Employee turnover:-		
- For service upto 5 years	5.00%	5.00%
- For service more than 5 years	1.00%	1.00%
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
	Ultimate	Ultimate

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The impact of sensitivity analysis due to changes in the significant actuarial assumptions on the defined benefit obligations is given in below table:

	Change in	As at	As at
	assumptions	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discount rate	+ 1%	79.44	63.34
	-1%	100.72	78.61
Expected rate of salary increase	+ 1%	99.18	77.64
	- 1%	80.29	63.73

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The above defined benefit plan exposes the Company to following risks:

#### Investment risk:

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

### Market risk (interest risk):

Market risk is a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets. The discount rate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in defined benefit obligation of the plan benefits & vice versa. This assumption depends on the yields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

## Longevity risk:

The impact of longevity risk will depend on whether the benefits are paid before retirement age or after. Typically for the benefits paid on or before the retirement age, the longevity risk is not very material.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Actuarial risk:

### Salary increase assumption

Actual salary increase that are higher than the assumed salary escalation, will result in increase to the obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

### Attrition/withdrawal assumption

If actual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rates, the benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Similarly if the actual withdrawal rates are lower than assumed, the benefits will be paid later than expected. The impact of this will depend on the demography of the company and the financials assumptions.

### Regulatory risk:

Any changes to the current Regulations by the Government, will increase (in most cases) or decrease the obligation which is not anticapated. Sometimes, the increase is many fold which will impact the financials quite significantly.

The following are expected future cash flows to the defined benefit plan (undiscounted):

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Year 1	3.79	5.76
Year 2	3.67	3.78
Year 3	5.58	1.70
Year 4	3.97	5.24
Year 5	3.37	3.56
Year 6 to 10	30.57	25.54
Above 10 years	201.49	152.12
Weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation (years)	16.07	16.19

### Other long-term employee benefits

An amount of ₹ 8.72 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 6.99 millions) pertains to expense towards compensated absences and is included in "employee benefits expense".

### 41 Leases

Following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2024:

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of reporting year	136.67	140.02
Additions (note 4)	22.04	32.44
Deletions	-	(4.91)
Depreciation expense (note 34)	(23.09)	(30.88)
Balance at the end of reporting year	135.62	136.67

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

		(
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance as at the beginning of reporting year	34.56	35.73
Additions	22.04	32.44
Accretion of interest	3.85	3.80
Deletion during the year	(0.49)	(4.33)
Payments	(23.43)	(33.08)
Balance as at the end of reporting year	36.53	34.56
Non-current	15.66	13.93
Current	20.87	20.63

Notice

### Contractual maturities of lease liabilities (discounted)

(₹ in millions)

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
- Within one year	20.87	20.63
- 1-5 years	15.66	13.93
- More than 5 years	-	
	36.53	34.56

## The following are the amounts recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss:

(₹ in millions)

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	23.09	30.88
Interest expense on lease liabilities	3.85	3.80
Expense relating to other than non-current leases (included in other expenses) #	9.17	2.73
Total amount recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	36.11	37.41

<sup>#</sup> Lease payments not recognised as a liability

The Company has elected not to recognise a lease liability for current leases (leases with an expected term of 12 months or less) or for leases of low value assets. Payments made under such leases are expensed on a straight-line basis. The Company does not have any liability to make variable lease payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset recognised in the financials.

Total cash outflow for current leases and leases of low value for the year ended 31 March 2024 was ₹ 9.17 millions (31 March 2023 : ₹ 2.73 millions).



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> The table below describes the nature of the Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on balance sheet:

	No of right-of-use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term
Buildings			
- 31 March 2024	19	0-3 years	1.30
- 31 March 2023	19	0-4 years	1.30
Land			
- 31 March 2024	1	50 years	49.45
- 31 March 2023	1	51 years	50.45

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

The aggregate depreciation on Right-of-use assets has been included under depreciation and amortisation expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 42 Related party disclosure

# a. Names of related parties and related party relationship

Related parties where control exists	
Subsidiary company	: Chhaya Prakashani Limited
	: Vikas Publishing House Private Limited
	: New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited
	: Convergia Digital Education Private Limited
	: Safari Digital Education Initiative Private Limited (refer note 60)
	: BPI (India) Private Limited (Step down subsidiary)
	: S. Chand Edutech Private Limited
	: Indian Progressive Publishing Co. Private Limited (Step down subsidiary
	: Edutor Technologies India Private Limited (Step down subsidiary)
	: Nirja Publishers & Printers Private Limited (refer note 60)
	: DS Digital Private Limited (refer note 60)
	: Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited (refer note 60)

### Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:

Enterprises over which Key Management	:	Hotel Tourist (Partnership firm)
personnel or their relatives exercise	:	SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited
significant influence	:	S Chand Properties Private Limited
	:	Shyam Lal Charitable Trust
	:	RKG Hospitalities Private Limited
	:	S Chand Hotels Private Limited
Associate	:	Smartivity Labs Private Limited ( upto 21 June 2022)

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### Key Management Personnel (KMP) & their relatives

, ,		
Ms. Savita Gupta	:	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	:	Managing Director
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	:	Whole-time Director
Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	:	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	:	Non-Executive, Independent Director
Ms. Archana Capoor	:	Non-Executive, Independent Director
Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	:	Non-Executive, Independent Director
Mr. Saurabh Mittal	:	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Jagdeep Singh	:	Company Secretary
Relatives of KMP	:	Mr. Ravindra Kumar Gupta (father of Mr. Himanshu Gupta)
	:	Mrs. Neerja Jhunjhnuwala (wife of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala)

## **Details of related party transactions**

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars	Category	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Nature of transactions			
Revenue from operations			
Sale of products			
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	2.81	3.25
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	1.01
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.39
Sale of paper			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	1.28
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.13	-
Management services			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	27.19	-
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	14.90	-
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	25.48	-
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.55	-
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.22	-
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.11	-
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.13	-
Subtotal		70.51	5.93
Other income			
Management cross charge			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	20.32
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	20.39
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	1.80
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	4.50
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	9.86
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	3.77
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.41
Subtotal		-	61.06



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in mi			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Category	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income		0.05	10.61
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	9.07	13.61
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company		6.11
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	14.05	8.11
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	6.70	3.54
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.65	-
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	10.40	2.32
Interest income on debenture			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.70	0.70
Miscellaneous income			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.13
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.03
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.03
Commission income			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.33
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.15	0.39
Commission on Corporate Guarantee			
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.50	-
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.50	-
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.50	_
Lease Rent Income			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.66	-
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.34	-
Dividend Income			
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.01	-
Subtotal		48.23	157.43
Expenses			
Purchase of stock-in-trade			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited (books)	Subsidiary Company	24.91	33.09
BPI (India) Private Limited (books)	Subsidiary Company	0.53	11.24
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	112.91	3.27
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.13	0.28
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.15	0.10
Purchase of paper			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.03	0.05
Printing charges			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	297.25	280.68
Royalty expense			
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	2.09	4.05
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.48	0.17
BPI (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.16	1.40
()	Substantify Company	0.10	1.10

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

	(< in n			
Particulars	Category	Year ended	Year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Interest expenses on related party loan				
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	51.55	-	
Subtotal		490.17	335.44	
Rent paid (including lease liabilities payment)				
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	6.00	7.08	
S Chand Properties Private Limited	Enterprises	2.66	0.12	
	over which Key			
	Management			
	personnel or their			
	relatives exercise			
	significant influence			
Remuneration to KMP				
Short term employee benefits	Key Management	67.79	67.17	
D	Personnel (KMP)			
Post-employment benefits*		-	-	
Other long-term benefits*		-	-	
Other expenses				
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.23	0.30	
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.85	0.67	
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.51	3.62	
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	2.18	1.38	
S Chand Properties Private Limited	'Enterprises	0.13	0.49	
	over which Key			
	Management			
	personnel or their			
	relatives exercise			
	significant influence	0 = 1		
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	3.54	2.80	
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.22	0.21	
SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited	'Enterprises	0.21	0.03	
	over which Key			
	Management			
	personnel or their			
	relatives exercise			
C.Ch., J.H., J. D.C. at J. L. at J.	significant influence	0.15		
S Chand Hotels Private Limited	'Enterprises over which Key	0.15	-	
	Management			
	personnel or their			
	relatives exercise			
	significant influence			
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.07	_	
Ginaya i lanasilalii billilleu	Substituting Company	0.07	-	



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Category	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Electricity charges			
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.78	0.79
Other publication expense			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.77	2.55
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	9.35	-
Subtotal		97.43	87.20
Purchase of intangible assets (Slump sale)			
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited (Test Coach)	Subsidiary Company	-	45.17
BPI (India) Private Limited (Bright Kids)	Subsidiary Company	-	25.01
Subtotal		-	70.18
Sale of property, plant and equipments			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	0.03
Subtotal		-	0.03
Loans given			
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	15.50	19.80
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	50.00	100.00
Subtotal		65.50	119.80
Loans repayment received			
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	86.74
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited (including	Subsidiary Company	-	125.00
equity conversion)			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited (equity	Subsidiary Company	50.83	-
conversion)			
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited (equity conversion)	Subsidiary Company	30.98	-
Subtotal		81.81	211.74
Investment made during the period (by conversion of			
loans)			
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited (Preference	Subsidiary Company	-	80.00
shares)			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	50.83	0.15
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	30.98	-
Subtotal		81.81	80.15
Accrured interest on loan received			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	2.64	-
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.27	-
Subtotal		3.91	-
Financial guarantee given during the year			
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	150.00	100.00
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	100.00	
Subtotal		250.00	100.00

## Annual Report 2023-24

# **Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### b. Details of related party balances

Particulars	Category	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Balances outstanding			
Assets			
Investments			
Investment in unquoted equity shares, valued at cost			
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited (net)	Subsidiary Company	188.22	188.22
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,565.70	1,564.73
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,509.02	1,508.62
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	1,835.48	1,824.52
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	98.02	67.04
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	51.87	1.05
BPI (India) Private Limited (net)	Subsidiary Company	42.30	55.30
Subtotal		5,290.61	5,209.48
Investment in unquoted preference shares			
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	55.70	55.70
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	18.82	18.82
Subtotal		76.25	75.88
Investment in unquoted debentures			
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	651.60
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	701.60	701.60
Subtotal		701.60	1,353.20
Security deposit			
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	3.00	4.80
S Chand Properties Private Limited	Enterprises	1.69	-
	over which Key		
	Management		
	personnel or their		
	relatives exercise		
	significant influence		
Subtotal		4.69	4.80
Loans			
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	137.29	119.79
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	67.05	76.15
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	15.90	14.42
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	20.18
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	107.98	102.44
Subtotal		328.22	332.98
Receivables from related parties			
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	1.00
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	6.65
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	8.06
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.45	62.92



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Category	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
RKG Hospitalities Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key Management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence	0.29	0.29
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	10.86
Ravindra Kumar Gupta	Relatives of KMP	0.17	0.18
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	2.14
Subtotal		1.91	92.09
Advance to employees			
Mr. Saurabh Mittal	Key Management Personnel (KMP)	0.26	1.13
Subtotal		0.26	1.13
Trade receivables			
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	16.13
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.40	-
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	25.42	-
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	2.16
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	9.47	-
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	8.34	6.06
Subtotal		44.64	24.34
Liabilities			
Trade payables			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	191.31	146.91
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	0.27	0.63
BPI (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	1.50	2.37
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	37.74	-
Subtotal		230.82	149.91
Corporate guarantee (represents limits utilised by the subsidiary companies)			
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	164.60	409.17
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	51.66	71.66
BPI (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	29.76
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	80.00	83.10
Subtotal		296.26	593.69
Employee related liabilities			
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	Key Management Personnel (KMP)	0.60	0.49
Mr. Himanshu Gupta		0.49	0.99
Mr. Saurabh Mittal		0.69	0.76
Mr. Jagdeep Singh		0.40	0.43

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars	Category	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Subtotal		2.18	2.67
Borrwings			
Chhaya Prakashani Limited	Subsidiary Company	45.00	684.90
Subtotal		45.00	684.90

<sup>\*</sup> Does not include gratuity and compensated absences, since the provision is based upon actuarial for the Company as a whole.

#### Terms of conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made in the ordinary course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. The settlement of outstanding balances as at year end occurs in cash.

(Figures in brackets represents previous year figures.)

Refer notes 20 and 23 which describes borrowings that are secured against the personal guarantees from certain directors.

### 43 Employee stock option plans

The Company provides share-based payment schemes to its employees. During the year ended 31 March 2023, Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2012 (Scheme 2012) and Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2018 (Scheme 2018) were in existence. The Company has further instituted the ESOP Scheme 2023 (the "ESOP 2023") in the current year. The relevant details of the schemes and the grant are as below.

### Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2012 (Scheme 2012):

On 30 June 2012, the board of directors approved the Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2012 (Scheme 2012) for issue of stock options to the eligible employees. According to Scheme 2012, two types of options were granted by the Company to the eligible employees viz Growth and Thankyou option and were entitled to 2,194 and 292 options respectively. The options were subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions, viz., continuing employment with the Company. However in case of Growth options, in addition to this the board may also specify the certain corporate, individual or a combination performance parameters subject to which the option would vest.

### Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2018 (Scheme 2018):

Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2018 (Scheme 2018) was approved by shareholders on 25 September 2018, for issue of stock options to the eligible employees. According to Scheme 2018, eligible employees will be granted 190,000 options. The options were subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions, viz., continuing employment with the Company.

### Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2023 (Scheme 2023):

Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2023 (Scheme 2023) was approved by shareholders on 26 September 2023, for issue of stock options to the eligible employees. According to Scheme 2023, eligible employees will be granted 300,000 options. The options were subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions, viz., continuing employment with the Company.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> The other relevant terms of the grants in respect of both schemes outstanding as at 31 March 2024 (previous year 31 March 2023) are below:

	Grant IX	Grant X	Grant XI	Grant XII
Scheme	Scheme 2018	Scheme 2012	Scheme 2012	Scheme 2023
Date of grant	9 June 2021	22 June 2021	11 August 2023	21 November 2023
Date of Board approval	9 June 2021	22 June 2021	11 August 2023	21 November 2023
Date of Shareholder's approval	25 September 2018	22 June 2021	25 September 2018	26 September 2023
Number of options granted	190,000	12,000	11,834	29,462
Method of settlement (Cash/Equity)	Equity	Equity	Equity	Equity
Vesting Period	Year 1- 100%	Year 1- 100%	Year 1- 100%	Year 1- 100%
Exercise price	80.19	91.62	103.98	127.17
Fair value of shares at the time of grant	60.36	55.79	106.27	160.33
(in INR)*				

<sup>\*</sup>The fair value of options granted has been determined as per the Black Scholes valuation model

The details of activities under Grant IX are summarised below:

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	77,000	80.00	190,000	80.00
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited/ expired during the year	4,000	80.00	-	-
Exercised during the year	58,000	80.00	113,000	80.00
Outstanding at the end of the year	15,000	80.00	77,000	80.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	15,000	80.00	77,000	80.00

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant IX as at 31 March 2024 is 0.19 years.

The details of activities under Grant X are summarised below:

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	8,000	91.62	12,000	91.62
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited/ expired during the year	-	-	4,000	91.62
Exercised during the year	3,000	91.62	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	5,000	91.62	8,000	91.62
Exercisable at the end of the year	5,000	91.62	8,000	91.62

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant X as at 31 March 2024 is 0.23 years.

### Annual Report 2023-24

# **Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> The Company had granted 11,834 options during the year ended 31 March 2024. The details of activities under Grant XI are summarised below:

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	11,834	103.98	-	-
Forfeited/ expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	11,834	103.98	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the year	11,834	103.98	-	-

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant X as at 31 March 2024 is 2.36 years.

The Company had granted 29,462 options during the year ended 31 March 2024. The details of activities under Grant XII are summarised below:

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	29,462	127.17	-	-
Forfeited/ expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	29,462	127.17	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the year	29,462	127.17	-	-

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant X as at 31 March 2024 is 2.64 years.

The expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss arising from Scheme 2012 and Scheme 2023 amounting to ₹ 0.94 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 1.55 million)

The Black Scholes valuation model has been used for computing the weighted average fair value considering the following inputs:

	Grant IX	Grant X	Grant XI	Grant XII
	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	31 March 2024	31 March 2024
Dividend yield (%)	0.31%	0.31%	0.85%	0.85%
Expected volatility	71.54%	70.90%	46.38%	47.44%
Risk-free interest rate	4.51%	4.43%	6.99%	7.01%
Weighted average fair market price (₹)	115.55	116.15	144.84	144.84
Exercise price (₹)	80.19	91.62	103.98	127.17
Expected life of options granted in years	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Weighted average fair value of option at the	60.36	55.79	106.27	160.33
time of grant (₹)				

Each vest has been considered as a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum is a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum is a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum is a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum is a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum is a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum is a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum is a separate grant with weights as separate grant with the second of the slife of a stock option is the minimum period before which the options cannot be exercised and the maximum life is the period after which the options cannot be exercised. The expected life has been calculated as an average of minimum and maximum life. The volatility for periods corresponding to the respective expected lives of the different vests, prior to the grant date has been considered. The daily volatility of the Company's stock price on stock exchanges over these years has been considered.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 44 Financial Instruments:- Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprises of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include investments in equity shares, advances to related party, trade and other receivables, security deposits, cash and short-term deposits that are derived directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks and advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The board provides assurance to the shareholders that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

#### A. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The Company is exposed to following type of market risk:-

- interest rate risk,
- b) foreign currency risk and
- other price risk

Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings and investments.

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of floating to fixed interest rates of the debt and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant in place at 31 March 2024. The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of employee benefits provisions. The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks."

### Interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with variable interest rates.

### Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the company to the interest rate risk.

		(₹ in millions)
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Variable rate borrowings	614.51	1,308.43
Fixed rate borrowing	13.26	16.99
Total borrowings	627.77	1,325.42

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected, after the impact of hedge accounting. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	Increase/decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on total equity
As at 31 March 2024			
INR Borrowings	+0.50%	(3.07)	(2.23)
	-0.50%	3.07	2.23
As at 31 March 2023			
INR Borrowings	+0.50%	(6.54)	(4.64)
	-0.50%	6.54	4.64

### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Company does not hedge its foreign currency exposure, however the sensitivity analysis is given as below for the for the currencies, in which Company has foreign exposure:

(₹ in millions)

	Changes in foreign currency rates	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on total equity
For the year ended 31 March 2024			
USD	+5%	1.65	1.19
	-5%	(1.65)	(1.19)
For the year ended 31 March 2023			
USD	+5%	1.21	0.86
	-5%	(1.21)	(0.86)

Refer note 55 for unhedged foreign currency exposure.

### Other price risk

The Company's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities.

The price risk related to investment in mutual fund schemes is not significant considering the relatively short tenure of underlying portfolio of the mutual fund schemes in which the Company has invested.

The following table summarises the sensitivity to change in the price of investment in unlisted and listed equity securities (other than investment in subsidiaries and associate) held by the Company:



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

	Changes in prices	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on total equity
For the year ended 31 March 2024			
Unlisted equity instruments	+15%	30.87	22.28
	-15%	(30.87)	(22.28)
Listed equity instruments	+15%	0.37	0.27
	-15%	(0.37)	(0.27)
For the year ended 31 March 2023			
Unlisted equity instruments	+15%	22.34	15.84
	-15%	(22.34)	(15.84)
Listed equity instruments	+15%	0.25	0.18
	-15%	(0.25)	(0.18)

### Commodity risk

Commodity price risk arises due to fluctuation in prices of papers. The Group has risk management framework aimed at prudently managing the risk arising from volatility in the commodity prices. The Group's commodity risk is managed centrally through well established control processes. Further the selling price of finished goods fluctuates due to fluctuation in price of papers and the Group expects that the net impact of such fluctuation would not be material.

#### Credit risk R.

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables), including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

The carrying amount of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables (net) before adjustment of expected credit loss provision of ₹ 205.97 millions (31 March 2023 ₹ 176.65 million) as of the reporting date is as follows:

(₹ in millions)

Age bracket	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31 March 2024						
Trade receivables (gross)	1,112.94	152.74	71.64	13.04	131.95	1,482.31
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	-	(0.78)	(60.20)	(13.04)	(131.95)	(205.97)
Trade receivables (net)	1,112.94	151.96	11.44	-	-	1,276.34
Expected credit loss %	0.00%	0.51%	84.03%	100.00%	100.00%	13.90%
As at 31 March 2023						
Trade receivables (gross)	1,106.96	76.70	17.77	26.10	154.25	1,381.78
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	-	(14.85)	(17.77)	(14.60)	(129.44)	(176.67)
Trade receivables (net)	1,106.96	61.85	-	11.50	24.81	1,205.14
Expected credit loss %	0.00%	19.36%	100.00%	55.95%	83.92%	12.79%

The movement in the allowance for expected credit loss in respect of trade receivables is as follows:

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	176.65	198.42
Expected credit loss during the year (net of reversal)	29.32	(21.77)
Balance at the end of the year	205.97	176.65

### Expected credit loss for security deposits and other financial assets

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars	Category	Asset group	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probablility of default	Expected credit loss	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Loss allowance measured at 12	High quality assets,	Security deposit	11.73	0.00%	-	11.73
months ECL	negligible risk	Loans and advances	328.22	0.00%	-	328.22
		Others	6.73	0.00%		6.73

### Treasury related credit risk

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and other deposits with the banks is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by external credit rating agencies, accordinglt the Compny consideres that the related credit risk is low. Impairment on these items is measured on 12- month expected credit loss basis.

### Significant Increase in Credit Risk (SICR)

The Company considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when on any financial instrument if the payment is more than 30 days past due on its contractual payments.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts, and bank loans. The Company's approach to managing liquidity to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liability when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, borrowing liabilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, profile of financial assets and liabilities. It maintain adequate sources of financing including loans from banks at an optimised cost. The table below provides the details regarding contractual maturities of financial liabilities.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
On demand		
- Borrowings (excluding current maturities of non-current borrowings and	565.71	1,231.37
excluding interest)		
	565.71	1,231.37
Less than 1 year		
- Borrowings (current maturities of non-current borrowings excluding interest)	29.66	31.92
- Trade payables	951.30	607.56
- Lease liabilities (excluding interest)	20.87	20.63
- Other financial liabilities	88.51	103.22
	1,090.34	763.33
More than 1 year		
- Borrowings (excluding interest)	32.40	62.13
- Lease liabilities (excluding interest)	15.66	13.93
	48.06	76.06

Details of undrawn facilities of the Company from banks and financial institutions (fund based as well as non fund based):

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Working capital demand loans and cash credit	492.73	220.14
Non-fund based	25.57	15.57
	518.30	235.71

### 45 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep the gearing ratio less than 30%. The Company measures underlying net debt as total liabilities, comprising interest bearing loans and borrowings, excluding any dues to subsidiaries or group companies less cash and cash equivalents. For the purpose of capital management, total capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company, as applicable.

Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio as at 31 March 2024 is as follow:

Notice

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Gearing Ratio	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Borrowings (note 20 & 23) (including current maturities)	627.77	1,325.42
Less: cash and cash equivalents (note 16)	(507.36)	(348.92)
Adjusted net debt (A)	120.41	976.49
Equity	8,534.18	8,489.50
Total equity (B)	8,534.18	8,489.50
Total equity and net debt [C = (A+B)]	8,654.59	9,466.00
Gearing ratio (A/C)	1%	10%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

### **46 Fair Values**

The carrying values of financial instruments by categories is as under:

Particulars		31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Amortised	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised	FVTPL	FVTOCI	
	cost			cost			
Assets							
Non-current financial assets							
- Investments*	-	205.78	-	-	150.46	-	
- Loans	328.22	-	-	122.62	-	-	
- Other financial assets	14.84	-	-	6.01	-	-	
Current financial assets							
- Investments	-	36.70	-	-	138.80	-	
- Trade receivables	1,276.34	-	-	1,205.14	-	-	
<ul> <li>Cash and Cash equivalents</li> </ul>	507.36	-	-	348.92	-	-	
- Bank balances other than cash and	4.67	-	-	35.22	-	-	
cash equivalents							
- Loans	-	-	-	210.36	-	-	
<ul> <li>Other financial assets</li> </ul>	10.51	-	-	106.47	-	-	
Non-current financial liabilities							
- Borrowings	32.40	-	-	62.13	-	-	
- Lease liabilities	15.66	-	-	13.93	-	-	
Current financial liabilities							
- Borrowings	595.37	-	-	1,263.29	-	-	
- Lease liabilities	20.87	-	-	20.63	-	-	
- Trade payables	951.30	-	-	607.56	-	-	
- Other financial liabilities	88.51	-	-	103.22	-	-	

<sup>\*</sup>excludes investments in subsidiaries, valued at cost



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### The following assumptions/ methods were used to estimate the fair values:

- The fair values of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets, trade payable and other current financial liabilities are considered to be same as their carrying values due to their short term nature.
- Fair value of quoted financial instruments is based on quoted market price at the reporting date.
- The carrying amount of other items carried at amortized cost are reasonable approximation of their fair value.
- The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair values of the quoted notes and bonds are based on price quotations at the reporting date.

Fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2024:

(₹ in millions)

	Fair value measurement using			
	Quoted prices in active markets observable inputs unobservable (Level 1) (Level 2) inputs (Level			
Assets measured at fair value:				
vestments	36.70	-	205.78	

Fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

	Fair value measurement using		
	Quoted prices in Significant Significan		
	active markets observable inputs unobserv		unobservable
	(Level 2) inputs (Level		
Assets measured at fair value:			
Investments	138.80 - 150.46		

#### Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

Name of securities		Valuation techniques/	Unobservable input	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	methodology	
Investments in quoted financial instruments (Level 1)	36.70	138.80	The fair values are based on quoted market prices as at the reporting date.	Not applicable
Investments in unquoted equity instruments (Level 3)	205.78	150.46	Price of recent investment (PRI method).	This is the transaction price of investment made/ disposed off near to year end.

The Board of Directors of the Company have recommended a dividend of INR 3.00 (60%) per equity share of INR 5.00/- each for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 subject to the approval of shareholders. The Board of Directors of the Company had recommended a dividend of INR 3.00 (60%) per equity share of INR 5.00/- each for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 which was subsequently approved by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting held on 26 September 2023 and paid thereof.

Annual Report 2023-24

# **Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

## 48 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
a)	Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	-	-
b)	Amount spent during the year		
	(i) Construction/ acquisition of any asset	-	-
	(ii) On purposes other than (i) above *	-	0.71
(c)	Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(d)	Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(e)	Reason for shortfall	Not applicable	Not applicable
(f)	Details of related party transactions	Not applicable	Not applicable
(g)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a	Not applicable	Not applicable
	contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be		
	shown separately.		

<sup>\*</sup> Amount was spent for promoting education through implementing agencies.

### 49 Segment reporting

### **Basis of segmentation:**

The Company's primary business segment is reflected based on principal business activities carried on by the Company. The Managing Director has been identified as being the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') and evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on analysis of the various performance indicators of the Company as a single unit. As per Indian Accounting Standard 108, Operating Segments, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Company operates in one reportable business segment i.e., publishing of books.

### Geographical information:

The geographical information analyses the Company's revenue and trade receivables from such revenue in India and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, segment revenue and receivables has been based on the geographical location of the customer.

## Revenue:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Domestic	2,463.95	2,274.06
Overseas	41.61	2.41
	2,505.56	2,276.47

## Trade receivables:

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
Domestic	1,243.16	1,181.04
Overseas	33.17	24.10
	1,276.34	1,205.14



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### c) Non-current assets:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
Domestic#	7,197.17	7,548.15
Overseas	-	-
	7,197.17	7,548.15

#excluding deferred tax assets and income tax assets

### Information about major customers

Gross revenues from none of the customer (31 March 2023: Nil) exceed 10% or more of the Company's total gross revenue.

## 50 Dues to Micro, small and medium enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
The principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining		
unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year:		
- Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	14.85	31.89
- Interest due on above	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006	-	-
along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day		
during each accounting year.		
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which	-	-
have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the		
interest specified under the MSMED Act 2006.		
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years,	-	-
until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for		
the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED $\mbox{\it Act}$		
2006		
Note: The above information has been determined to the extent such parties have been		
$identified \ on \ the \ basis \ of \ information \ provided \ by \ the \ Company, \ which \ has \ been \ relied \ upon$		
by the auditors.		

**51** The standalone financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 24 May 2024.

### 52 Disclosure required under Sec 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013

Particulars of loans given, investments made and guarantees provided as required by clause (4) of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, have been given under following schedules -

- Loans schedule, refer note 9;
- Non current investments schedule, refer note 8; and
- Related party schedule, refer note 42

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

## 53 Contingent liabilities

(i) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Claims made by direct tax authorities:		
Income Tax demand (refer note 'a' and 'b' below)	155.50	155.14
Others:		
Stamp duty (refer note 'c' below)	27.01	95.01
Registration fee (refer note 'c' below)	0.03	9.15
	182.54	259.31

#### Notes:

- In respect of Assessment Year 2015-16, a disallowance under section 36(1)(va) read with section 2(24)(x) of the Income Tax Act, a demand has been raised on account of disallowance of payment made towards employee's contribution to Provident Fund after the due date of payment but before the due date of filling return and disallowance of unexplained expenditure u/s 69 C of the Income Tax Act. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 0.72 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 0.72 million).
- Pursuant to scheme of amalgamation (refer note 60), the understated claims pertaining to the merged Companies have been transferred to S Chand And Company Limited:
  - In respect of Assessment Year 2018-19, a demand order for the payment of additional tax liability due to application of lower tax rate (25% instead of 30%) had been received. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 1.92 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 1.92 million).
  - In respect of Assessment Year 2018-19, a disallowance under sections 40(a)(ia), provision for bad debts u/s 36(1)(vii), 69 & 69C on account of unexplained investment, & depreciation claimed thereon of the Income-tax Act respectively. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹73.18 million (31 March 2023: ₹73.18 million).
  - In respect of Assessment Year 2020-21, a disallowance under sections 36(1)(va) and 69 & 69C on account of unexplained investment, & depreciation claimed thereon of the Income-tax Act respectively. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 79.31 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 79.31 million).
  - In respect of Assessment Year 2021-22, a disallowance of leave encashment expenses claimed by the Company. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 0.36 million (31 March 2023: NIL)."
- During the year 2015-16, the Company received notice under Indian Stamp Act, 1899 for non-payment of stamp duty on transfer of property on amalgamation and demerger held in the financial year 2011-12. The district registrar contented that order of Hon'ble High Court for amalgamation and demerger does not grants exemption in respect of payment of stamp duty. During the year 2017-18, the Company has also received a demand notice from the Sub-Registrar under section 80A of the Registration Act, 1908 wherein the authority has directed the Company to pay additional registration fee of ₹ 0.03 million (31 March 2023: 9.15 million) and stamp duty of ₹ 27.01 million (31 March 2023: 95.01 million). Pursuant to the department's order, it is estimated that the Company shall be liable to pay stamp duty and registration fees of a maximum of ₹ 27.10 million and ₹ 0.03 million respectively based on the value of the immovable assets as may be calculated by the department. The determination of whether value is to be the value as specified in the order or market value remains uncertain. The company is awaiting adjudication of the stamp duty by the Registrar to ascertain liability net of the amount already paid. As per the legal opinion obtained, management is of the view that no liability would accrue on the Company on account of such case. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the books of account for the same.
- The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its standalone financial statements. The Company also believes that the above issues, when finally settled, are not likely to have any significant impact on the financial position of the Company. It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timing of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of respective proceedings. The Company does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

54 During the year, diminution in the carrying value of investment in respect of one of its subsidiary amounting to ₹ 13.00 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 152.84 million) (represented by investment in equity shares) has been made to recognise a decline in the value of its investments in resultant business, other than temporary, in the value of the investment.

### 55 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

The amount of foreign currency exposure that are not hedged by derivative instrument or otherwise as on 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 are as under:

(₹ in Million)

	Foreign currency	Amount in foreign currency		Amount in INR		
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024*	31 March 2023**	
Trade receivables	USD	0.38	0.29	31.84	24.10	
Trade receivables	DIRHAM	0.06	-	1.33	-	
Trade payables	USD	0.00	-	0.13	-	
Trade payables	GBP	0.00	-	0.02	-	

<sup>\*</sup>Exchange Rate for 31 March 2024, 1 USD = ₹83.37, 1 DIRHAM = ₹22.68, 1 GBP = ₹ 105.28

Refer note 44 for sensitivity analysis.

### 56 Summary of quarterly statements to banks

The Company is regular in submission of monthly statements of current assets with banks for the borrowings sanctioned against security of such assets.

Below table represents the summary of reconciliation of the quarterly statements filed by the Company with banks:

Quarter	Name of Banks	Working capital limit	Nature of current assets offered as security	Amount as reported as per statements (A)	Amount as per books of accounts (B)	Differences (A) - (B)	Reference
June 2023	HDFC Bank	200.00	Inventories	462.89	462.89	-	Not applicable
	State Bank of India	400.00	Trade receivables	941.44	941.44	-	Not applicable
	Indian Bank	200.00	Trade payables	282.97	477.75	(194.78)	Refer note c below
	RBL Bank Limited	200.00					
September 2023	HDFC Bank	200.00	Inventories	553.79	553.79	-	Not applicable
	State Bank of India	400.00	Trade receivables	851.91	851.91	-	Not applicable
	Indian Bank	200.00	Trade payables	196.01	443.58	(247.57)	Refer note c below
	RBL Bank Limited	200.00					
December 2023	HDFC Bank	200.00	Inventories	846.51	846.51	-	Not applicable
	State Bank of India	400.00	Trade receivables	838.35	838.35	-	Not applicable
	Indian Bank	200.00	Trade payables	448.92	643.72	(194.80)	Refer note c below
	RBL Bank Limited	200.00					
March 2024	HDFC Bank	200.00	Inventories	695.73	698.81	(3.08)	Refer note a below
	State Bank of India	400.00	Trade receivables	1,218.29	1,276.34	(58.05)	Refer note b below
	Indian Bank	200.00	Trade payables	718.70	951.30	(232.60)	Refer note c below
	RBL Bank Limited	200.00					

<sup>\*\*</sup>Exchange Rate for 31 March 2023, 1 USD = ₹82.18

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Corporate Overview

The particulars of securities provided and amounts reported in the quarterly statements are in accordance with terms of sanction for borrowings with respective banks.

The above information has been determined to the extent information available with the Company, which has been relied upon by the auditors.

Note: Following are the nature of reconciling items between amounts reported as per quarterly statements and amounts as per books of accounts

- a. Inventories adjustments on account of sales returns and provision for slow moving/ non-moving items
- b. Trade receivables on account of exclusion of related party balances, and adjustments related to provision for sales returns/ discounts; and
- c. Trade payables on account of exclusion of payables towards royalty and expenses accrual other than creditors for printing and purchase of books.

# 57 Analytical ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	(%) Variance	
Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	1.50	1.24	20.74%	
Debt-equity ratio	Total debt	Shareholder's equity	0.07	0.16	(52.88%)	Refer c.
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt sevice (Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortisation + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of property, plant and equipment etc.)	Debt service (Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments)	1.69	0.54	211.76%	Refer a and c.
Return on equity ratio	Profit after taxes	Average shareholder's equity	1.74%	0.52%	236.82%	Refer a.
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average inventory	1.61	2.14	(24.56%)	
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	2.02	1.91	5.67%	
Trade payables turnover ratio	Net purchases	Average trade payables	1.49	1.84	(18.71%)	
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Average working capital	3.64	2.55	43.16%	Refer b.
Net profit ratio	Profit after taxes	Revenue from operations	5.90%	1.86%	216.63%	Refer a.
Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital employed (Tangible net worth + Total debt)	2.89%	2.89%	0.14%	
Return on investment*	Change in fair value of quoted non-current investments	Opening value of quoted non-current investments	-	-	-	

### Reasons for variance

- a. Increased profitability due to tax benefit of merger recognised in the current year.
- b. Increase on account of improved working capital position.
- c. Decline in overall debt has improved the ratio.

Annual Report 2023-24



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

## 58 Other statutory information

- No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Company does not have transactions with companies struck-off from Register of Companies.
- (iii) There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Company has not received any funds from any person or entity, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries."
- (vii) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (viii) The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- 59 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such change were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled. During the current year, the audit trail (edit logs) feature for any direct changes made at the database level was not enabled for the accounting software used for maintenance of books of account. However, the audit trail (edit log) at the application level for the accounting software were operating for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

60 The Company had filed Draft Composite Scheme of Arrangement on 09 January 2018, amongst Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited ("Blackie"), Nirja Publishers & Printers Private Limited ("Nirja"), DS Digital Private Limited (""DS Digital""), Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited (""Safari Digital"") and S Chand And Company Limited (""S Chand"") and their respective shareholders and creditors (Composite Scheme) with BSE Limited ('BSE') and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE') under Regulation 37 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015 and Circular no. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated 10 March 2017 (""SEBI Circular""). The Scheme inter alia includes amalgamation of Blackie and Nirja with and into S Chand, demerger of the education business of DS Digital & Safari Digital with and into S Chand and amalgamation of residual business (after demerger) of DS Digital with and into Safari Digital. The Company had filed the Scheme with NCLT. NCLT vide its order dated 24 July 2023 had approved the Scheme. The Scheme was effective on 04 September 2023 upon filing of the Scheme with the Registrar of Companies. Accordingly, the impact of the aforesaid Scheme has been given effect to in the accompanying standalone financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Scheme.

The comparative period has been restated based on the audited financial statements of the Company and financial information of Blackie, Nirja, DS Digital and Safari Digital.

Below table represents the impact of the Scheme on the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023 and the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Amount before the impact of the Scheme as at 31 March 2023 (Published)	Impact of the Scheme	Amount after giving impact of the Scheme as at 31 March 2023 (Restated)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	140.46	44.19	184.65
Right-of-use assets	136.52	0.15	136.67
Capital work-in-progress	10.11	-	10.11
Goodwill	-	30.57	30.57
Other intangible assets	163.08	100.28	263.36
Intangible assets under development	4.44	-	4.44
Financial assets			
- Investments	6,166.73	620.93	6,787.66
- Loans	150.45	(27.83)	122.62
- Other financial assets	6.00	0.01	6.01
Deferred tax assets (net)	247.87	268.16	516.03
Income tax assets (net)	17.64	12.67	30.31
Other non-current assets	2.05		2.05
Total non-current assets (A)	7,045.35	1,049.13	8,094.48
Current assets			
Inventories	514.46	-	514.46
Financial assets			
- Investments	79.39	59.41	138.80
- Trade receivables	1,199.63	5.51	1,205.14



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	impact of the Scheme as at 31 March 2023	Impact of the Scheme	Amount after giving impact of the Scheme as at 31 March 2023
	(Published)	0.66	(Restated)
- Cash and cash equivalents	339.26	9.66	348.92
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	35.22	-	35.22
- Loans	216.63	(6.27)	210.36
- Other financial assets	139.68	(33.21)	106.47
Other current assets  Total guyrant assets (P)	36.49	2.08	38.57
Total correct (A+P)	2,560.76	37.18	2,597.94
Total assets (A+B)	9,606.11	1,086.31	10,692.42
Equity and liabilities Equity			
Equity share capital	175.78	_	175.78
Other equity	7,932.91	380.81	8,313.72
Total equity (C)	8,108.69	380.81	8,489.50
Non-current liabilities	0,100.07	300.01	0,107.50
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	60.68	1.45	62.13
- Lease liabilities	13.93		13.93
Provisions	36.90	2.82	39.72
Total non-current liabilities (D)	111.51	4.27	115.78
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	575.91	687.38	1,263.29
- Lease liabilities	20.46	0.17	20.63
- Trade payables			
- total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	31.89	-	31.89
<ul> <li>total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>	573.73	1.94	575.67
- Other financial liabilities	102.04	1.18	103.22
Other current liabilities	47.27	2.07	49.34
Provisions	2.35	0.52	2.87
Current tax liabilites (net)	32.26	7.97	40.23
Total current liabilities (E)	1,385.91	701.23	2,087.14
Total equity and liabilities (C+D+E)	9,606.11	1,086.31	10,692.42

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

				(3 in millions)
Part	iculars	Amount before the impact of the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Published)	Impact of the Scheme	Amount after giving impact of the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Restated)
I	Revenue from operations	2,235.23	41.24	2,276.47
II	Other income	343.99	4.86	348.85
III	Total income (I+II)	2,579.22	46.10	2,625.32
IV	Expenses			
	Cost of published goods/materials consumed	1,001.09	-	1,001.09
	Purchase of stock-in-trade	49.07	0.12	49.19
	Decrease/ (increase) in inventories of finished goods and stock-in-trade	(79.21)	0.36	(78.85)
	Employee benefits expenses	505.41	14.04	519.45
	Finance costs	89.74	68.03	157.77
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	86.77	40.18	126.95
	Other expenses	562.35	32.50	594.85
	Total expenses (IV)	2,215.22	155.23	2,370.45
$\mathbf{V}$	Profit before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)	364.00	(109.13)	254.87
VI	Exceptional items	152.84	-	152.84
VII	Profit before tax (V-VI)	211.16	(109.13)	102.03
VIII	Tax expenses:			
	- Current tax	60.03	7.96	67.99
	- Tax relating to earlier years	(1.00)	1.13	0.13
	- Deferred tax	6.96	(15.50)	(8.54)
IX	Profit for the year (VII-VIII)	145.17	(102.72)	42.45
X	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or (loss)			
	Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	(16.85)	(0.16)	(17.01)
	Income tax effect	4.91	0.04	4.95
ΧI	Total comprehensive income for the year ( $IX+X$ )	133.23	(102.84)	30.39



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Changes in cash flows:

Particulars	Amount before the impact of the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Published)	Impact of the Scheme	Amount after giving impact of the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Restated)
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	236.52	7.64	244.16
Net cash generated from investing activities (B)	34.51	39.42	73.93
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(184.95)	(47.04)	(231.99)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	86.08	0.02	86.10
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	253.18	9.64	262.82
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	339.26	9.66	348.92

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta Himanshu Gupta

Partner Membership No.: 507892

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

S Chand And Company Limited

Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-Time Director

DIN: 00282988

Managing Director

DIN: 00054015

Place: New Delhi

Date: 24 May 2024

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Saurabh Mittal

Chief Financial Officer

Jagdeep Singh Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of S Chand And Company Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of S Chand And Company Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), as listed in Annexure 1, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2024, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive

income), consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in paragraph 15 of the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

- 4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
- 5. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Key audit matter

#### a) Estimation of sales returns and discounts

Refer material accounting policy information in note 2.6 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group is involved in publishing and distribution of educational books. Due to the nature of business, the Group offers an option to the customers to return unsold inventory. Significant amount of sales returns are received in the year subsequent to the year when books are sold. Discount comprises of turnover, cash and other discount. Turnover discount is offered to the customers in the period subsequent to the reporting date based on parameters for a specified period.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included, but were not limited to, the following procedures:

- a) Obtained an understanding from the management with respect to process and controls followed by the Group to determine provision for sales return and discount including design and implementation of controls. We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of these controls
- Obtained management's calculations for provision for sales returns and discounts, recalculated the amounts for mathematical accuracy and evaluated the assumptions used by reference to internal sources (i.e. management budgets and schemes offered to customers).



#### Key audit matter

Cash discount is offered based on the cash discount schemes applicable to certain months. Further, at the time of annual settlement, which may not coincide with the financial year, with respective debtors, other discounts are offered based on their negotiations agreed with respective customers. Provision for such sales returns and discounts are estimated, deducted from revenue and accounts receivables. During the current year, the Group has made provisions for sales returns and discounts amounting to ₹ 1,100.38 million and ₹ 1,043.94 million respectively.

Estimates of sales returns and discounts are required to be made at the time of sale. When determining the appropriate allowance, management considers historical trends, present changes in policies for the academic season, as a basis for the estimate as well as all other known factors, which could significantly influence the level of future sales returns and discount claims. Significant judgement is required in assessing the appropriate level of the provision for sales return and discounts.

Measuring provisions for sales return and discounts is a key audit matter as it requires significant estimates made by Management. Such judgements include management's expectation of sales returns and discounts and historical estimates of sales returns and discounts vis a vis the sales returns and discounts received during the year.

#### b) Deferred tax assets

Refer material accounting policy information in note 2.7 to the consolidated financial statements

As on 31 March 2024, the Group has recognized deferred tax assets (net) amounting to ₹828.55 million. The recognition of deferred tax liabilities includes all taxable temporary differences, while deferred tax assets are only recorded to the extent it is probable that sufficient deferred tax liabilities or taxable profit will be available in the future b) against which the deductible temporary differences can be used.

Management has recognized deferred tax asset on the MAT credit and unabsorbed losses basis the reasonable certainty that sufficient c) taxable profits, based on forecast of business operations, will be available with the Group in future.

Since the recognition of deferred tax assets relies on the significant application of judgement by the management in respect of assessing the probability and sufficiency of future taxable profits and future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, it is considered as key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- Considered the accuracy of management's estimates in previous years by comparing historical provisions to the actual amounts to assess the management ability to accurately estimate their sales returns and discounts.
- Tested the actual sales return and discounts passed to customers after the balance sheet date and upto 10 days prior to approval of financials to determine whether the revenue has been recognized in the appropriate period
- Assessed the disclosures in respect of sales returns and discounts included in the financial statements.

Our audit procedures included, but were not limited to, the following procedures:

- Obtained an understanding from the management with respect to process and controls followed by the Group to compute and assess realisability of deferred tax assets including design and implementation of controls. We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of these controls.
- Obtained the management's calculation for the computation of deferred taxes and performed re-computation to test arithmetical accuracy.
- Traced inputs used in the deferred tax calculation from source documents.
- Analyzed the future projections of the Group, as approved by the Board of Directors of the Group and assumptions used as to when it would be certain that Group would earn future taxable income.
- Evaluated management's assessment of time period available for adjustment of such deferred tax assets as per provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and appropriateness of the accounting treatment with respect to the recognition of deferred tax assets as per requirements of Ind AS 12, Income Taxes.
- f) Assessed the sensitivity of the outcomes in the above scenario to reasonably possible changes in assumptions and evaluated the realisability of deferred tax asset as to when the Group would earn future taxable profits.
- Assessed the disclosures in respect of deferred tax included in the financial statements.

### Key audit matter

#### Impairment of goodwill

Refer material accounting policy information in note 2.20B to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's balance sheet includes ₹ 3,325.18 million of goodwill, representing significant composition of total Group assets. In accordance with Ind AS-36 "Impairment of assets", goodwill is allocated to Cash Generating Units (CGUs) which are tested annually for impairment using discounted cash-flow approach of each CGU's b) wherein recoverable value is compared to the carrying value of the assets. A deficit between the recoverable value and the CGU's net assets would result in impairment.

The impairment test includes sensitivity testing of key assumptions, c) including revenue growth, operating margin and discount rate. The management has concluded that the recoverable value of all CGUs are higher than their respective carrying amounts and accordingly, no impairment provision has been recognised as at 31 March 2024.

The annual impairment testing is considered a significant accounting judgement and estimate and a key audit matter because the assumptions on which the tests are based are highly judgmental and are affected by future market and economic conditions which are f) inherently uncertain.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

With respect to goodwill relating to material subsidiaries, our audit procedures included and were not limited to the following:

Annual Report 2023-24

- Obtained an understanding from the management with respect to process and controls followed by the Group to ascertain impairment of goodwill including design and implementation of controls. We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of these controls.
- Obtained the valuation model from the management and reviewed their conclusions, including reading the report provided by an independent valuation expert, engaged by the management, for respective CGUs.
  - Assessed the professional competence, objectivity and capabilities of the third party expert used by the management for performing the required valuations;
- Assessed the valuation methodology used by the Group and tested the mathematical accuracy of the impairment models.
- Assessed the Group's methodology applied in determining the CGUs to which goodwill is allocated.
- Tested the inputs used in the valuation model by examining the underlying data and validating the future projections by comparing past projections with actual results, including discussions with management relating to these projections.
- Assessed the reasonableness of the assumptions around the key drivers of the cash flow forecasts including discount rates, expected growth rates and terminal growth rates used, including engaging valuation specialists in certain cases.
- Performed sensitivity analysis of key assumptions, future revenue growth rates, costs and the discount rates used in the valuation models.
- Evaluating the adequacy of the disclosure made in the consolidated financial statements.

# Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

# **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged** with Governance for the Consolidated Financial **Statements**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position,



consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

- In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- Those respective Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the **Consolidated Financial Statements**

10. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

- 11. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern;
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
  - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information/ financial statements of the entities or business activities within

- 12. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 13. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 14. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Other Matter**

15. We did not audit the financial statements of 7 subsidiaries. whose financial statements reflects total assets of ₹ 2.388.79 millions as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of ₹ 1,582.08 millions and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 145.30 millions for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by

the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries. are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Annual Report 2023-24

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 16. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors, referred to in paragraph 15, on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, we report that the Holding Company and its 3 subsidiaries, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, we report that 6 subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable in respect of such subsidiaries.
- 17. As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued till date by us and by the respective other auditors as mentioned in paragraph 15 above, of companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 and covered under the Act we report that:
  - Following are the qualifications/adverse remarks reported by us and the other auditors in the Order reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 for which such Order reports have been issued till date and made available to us:



S No	Name	CIN	Holding Company / subsidiary	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or adverse
1.	S Chand And Company Limited	L22219DL1970PLC005400	<b>Holding Company</b>	iii(e)
2.	Chhaya Prakashani Limited	U22122WB2006PTC111821	Subsidiary Company	iii(e)
3.	Indian Progressive Publishing	U22219WB1961PTC025317	Subsidiary Company	iii (b), iii (c), iii(d), iii (e), iii (f)
	Company Private Limited			

- 18. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
  - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors, except for the matters stated in paragraph 18(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
  - The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
  - On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company, and its subsidiaries and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiaries, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Group companies, are disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.

- The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith with respect to the consolidated financial statements are as stated in paragraph 18 (b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 18 (h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiaries covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure II' wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act:
  - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, as detailed in note 47 to the consolidated financial statements;
  - The Holding Company and its subsidiaries did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024.;

There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiaries covered under the Act, during the year ended 31 March 2024.;

Statutory Reports

- iv. a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 55 (iv) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiaries to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or any such subsidiaries, ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 55 (v) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its subsidiaries from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities

('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or any such subsidiaries shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

Annual Report 2023-24

- Based on such audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend. As stated in note 42 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and two of the subsidiary companies have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. In respect of dividend declared and paid during the year ended 31 March 2024 by one of the subsidiary company, except for not transferring amount of dividend to separate bank account within the timeline specified in sub-section (4) of section 123 of the Act, declaration and payment of dividend is in accordance with section 123 of the Act.



As stated in note 56 to the consolidated financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India and audited under the Act, the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, have used accounting software for maintaining their books of account which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, in respect of the Holding Company and three subsidiaries, the audit trail feature was not enabled at database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled.

## For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

# **Tarun Gupta**

Partner

Membership No.: 507892 UDIN: 24507892BKEITC2172

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024

Notice

Annual Report 2023-24

# Annexure 1

## List of entities included in the Statement

S.No Name of Holding Company

1. S Chand And Company Limited

#### Name of subsidiaries

- 1. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited
- 2. Chhaya Prakashani Limited
- 3. New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited
- 4. Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited
- 5. BPI (India) Private Limited
- 6. Edutor Technologies India Private Limited
- 7. S. Chand Edutech Private Limited
- 8. Indian Progressive Publishing Co Private Limited
- 9. Convergia Digital Education Private Limited



# Annexure II Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of S Chand And Company Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial **Statements**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical

- requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. whether due to fraud or error.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies as aforesaid.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with **Reference to Financial Statements**

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls** with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the subsidiary companies, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies covered under the Act, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company and respective subsidiary companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

#### **Other Matter**

**Financial Statements** 

We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to 7 subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 2,388.79 million and net assets of ₹ 876.45 million as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of ₹ 1582.08 million and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 145.30 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to such subsidiary companies have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements for the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to such subsidiary companies is based solely on the reports of the auditors of such companies. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditors.

Annual Report 2023-24

### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

### Tarun Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 507892 UDIN: 24507892BKEITA6878

Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024



# **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

as at 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Assets   Non-current assets   Property, plant and equipment   3   797.81   809   818   818   819   818   818   819   818   8	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Current assets Inventories	3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	797.81 378.65 - 3,325.18 739.01 - 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	As at 31 March 2023  809.36 385.80 10.11 3,357.24 905.58 9.53  152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57 6,673.82
Assets   Non-current assets   Property, plant and equipment   3   797.81   809   Right-of-use assets   4   378.65   38	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Current assets Inventories	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	797.81 378.65 - 3,325.18 739.01 - 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	809.36 385.80 10.11 3,357.24 905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Non-current assets         7Property, plant and equipment         3         797.81         809           Right-of-use assets         4         378.65         385           Capital work-in-progress         5         -         10           Goodwill         6         3,325.18         3,357           Other intangible assets         6         739.01         905           Intangible assets under development         7         -         9           Financial assets         8         219.16         152           - Investments         8         219.16         152           - Uther financial assets         9         36.16         83           Deferred tax assets (net)         10         828.55         913           Income tax assets (net)         11         182.01         35           Other non-current assets         12         10.11         10           Total non-current assets         12         10.11         10           Total non-current assets         13         1,761.41         1,561           Financial assets         1         4         401.95         344           - Investments         14         401.95         344           - Trade receivabl	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Current assets Inventories	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	378.65 - 3,325.18 739.01 - 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	385.80 10.11 3,357.24 905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Property, plant and equipment       3       797.81       809         Right-of-use assets       4       378.65       385         Capital work-in-progress       5       -       10         Goodwill       6       3,325.18       3,357         Other intangible assets       6       739.01       905         Intangible assets under development       7       -       9         Financial assets       8       219.16       152         - Investments       8       219.16       152         - Other financial assets       9       36.16       83         Deferred tax assets (net)       10       828.55       913         Income tax assets (net)       11       182.01       35         Other non-current assets       12       10.11       10         Total non-current assets       12       10.11       10         Current assets       12       10.11       10         Total non-current assets       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       14       401.95       344         - Investments       14       401.95       344	Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Current assets Inventories	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	378.65 - 3,325.18 739.01 - 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	385.80 10.11 3,357.24 905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Right-of-use assets       4       378.65       385         Capital work-in-progress       5       -       10         Goodwill       6       3,325.18       3,325.18         Other intangible assets       6       739.01       905         Intangible assets under development       7       -       9         Financial assets       8       219.16       152         - Other financial assets       9       36.16       83         Deferred tax assets (net)       10       828.55       913         Income tax assets (net)       11       182.01       35         Other non-current assets       12       10.11       10         Current assets       12       10.11       10         Inventories       12       10.11       10         Financial assets       4       40.19       6.673         Current assets       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       14       401.95       344         - Investments       14       401.95       344         - Trade receivables       15       2,601.46       2,652         - Cash and cash equivalents       16       1,208.43       768	Right-of-use assets Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Current assets Inventories	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	378.65 - 3,325.18 739.01 - 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	385.80 10.11 3,357.24 905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Capital work-in-progress       5       -       10         Goodwill       6       3,325.18       3,357         Other intangible assets       6       739.01       905         Intangible assets under development       7       -       9         Financial assets       9       36.16       152         - Other financial assets       9       36.16       83         Deferred tax assets (net)       10       828.55       913         Income tax assets (net)       11       182.01       35         Other non-current assets       12       10.11       10         Current assets       12       10.11       10         Total non-current assets       6,516.64       6,673         Current assets       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       14       401.95       344         - Investments       14       401.95       344         - Trade receivables       15       2,601.46       2,652         - Cash and cash equivalents       16       1,208.43       768         - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       17       64.13 <td>Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories</td> <td>5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12</td> <td>3,325.18 739.01 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11</td> <td>10.11 3,357.24 905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57</td>	Capital work-in-progress Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	3,325.18 739.01 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	10.11 3,357.24 905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Goodwill	Goodwill Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	739.01 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	3,357.24 905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Other intangible assets       6       739.01       905         Intangible assets under development       7       -       9         Financial assets       8       219.16       152         - Other financial assets       9       36.16       83         Deferred tax assets (net)       10       828.55       913         Income tax assets (net)       11       182.01       35         Other non-current assets       12       10.11       10         Total non-current assets       12       10.11       10         Current assets       12       10.11       10         Investment assets       12       10.11       10         Investments       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       14       401.95       344         - Investments       15       2,601.46       2,652         - Cash and cash equivalents       15       2,601.46       2,652         - Cash and cash equivalents       16       1,208.43       768         - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       17       64.13       38         - Other financial assets       9       31.88       41         Income tax assets (net)	Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Current assets Current assets	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	739.01 219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	905.58 9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Intangible assets under development   7   9	Intangible assets under development Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	7 8 9 10 11 12	219.16 36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	9.53 152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets 9 36.16 152 - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets Income tax as	Financial assets - Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	8 9 10 11 12	36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	152.52 83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
- Investments 8 219.16 152 - Other financial assets 9 36.16 83 Deferred tax assets (net) 10 828.55 913 Income tax assets (net) 11 182.01 35 Other non-current assets 12 10.11 10 Total non-current assets 12 10.11 10 Total non-current assets 5 13 1,761.41 1,561 Financial assets 13 1,761.41 1,561 Financial assets 14 401.95 344 - Trade receivables 15 2,601.46 2,652 - Cash and cash equivalents 16 1,208.43 768 - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents 17 64.13 38 - Other financial assets 9 31.88 41 Income tax assets (net) 11 6.03 3 Other current assets	- Investments - Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	9 10 11 12	36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
- Other financial assets 9 36.16 83 Deferred tax assets (net) 10 828.55 913 Income tax assets (net) 11 182.01 35 Other non-current assets 12 10.11 10  Total non-current assets 6,516.64 6,673  Current assets Inventories 13 1,761.41 1,561  Financial assets 14 401.95 344 - Trade receivables 15 2,601.46 2,652 - Cash and cash equivalents 16 1,208.43 768 - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents 17 64.13 38 - Other financial assets 9 31.88 41 Income tax assets (net) 11 6.03 3 Other current assets 12 142.29 115	- Other financial assets Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	9 10 11 12	36.16 828.55 182.01 10.11	83.49 913.93 35.69 10.57
Deferred tax assets (net)	Deferred tax assets (net) Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	10 11 12	828.55 182.01 10.11	913.93 35.69 10.57
Income tax assets (net)	Income tax assets (net) Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	11 12	182.01 10.11	35.69 10.57
Other non-current assets       12       10.11       10         Total non-current assets       6,516.64       6,673         Current assets       - Inventories         Inventories       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       14       401.95       344         - Investments       15       2,601.46       2,652         - Cash and cash equivalents       16       1,208.43       768         - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       17       64.13       38         - Other financial assets       9       31.88       41         Income tax assets (net)       11       6.03       3         Other current assets       12       142.29       115	Other non-current assets Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories	12	10.11	10.57
Total non-current assets         6,516.64         6,673           Current assets         13         1,761.41         1,561           Inventories         13         1,761.41         1,561           Financial assets         4         401.95         344           - Investments         15         2,601.46         2,652           - Cash and cash equivalents         16         1,208.43         768           - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents         17         64.13         38           - Other financial assets         9         31.88         41           Income tax assets (net)         11         6.03         3           Other current assets         12         142.29         115	Total non-current assets Current assets Inventories			
Current assets         Inventories       13       1,761.41       1,561         Financial assets       -       14       401.95       344         - Investments       15       2,601.46       2,652         - Cash and cash equivalents       16       1,208.43       768         - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       17       64.13       38         - Other financial assets       9       31.88       41         Income tax assets (net)       11       6.03       3         Other current assets       12       142.29       115	Current assets Inventories	12	- J	
Financial assets - Investments		12		
Financial assets - Investments		13	1.761.41	1,561.99
- Trade receivables       15       2,601.46       2,652         - Cash and cash equivalents       16       1,208.43       768         - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       17       64.13       38         - Other financial assets       9       31.88       41         Income tax assets (net)       11       6.03       3         Other current assets       12       142.29       115	ויוומוונומו מסטבנט		, -	,
- Cash and cash equivalents       16       1,208.43       768         - Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       17       64.13       38         - Other financial assets       9       31.88       41         Income tax assets (net)       11       6.03       3         Other current assets       12       142.29       115	- Investments	14	401.95	344.53
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       17       64.13       38         - Other financial assets       9       31.88       41         Income tax assets (net)       11       6.03       3         Other current assets       12       142.29       115	- Trade receivables	15	2,601.46	2,652.85
- Other financial assets 9 31.88 41 Income tax assets (net) 11 6.03 3 Other current assets 12 142.29 115	- Cash and cash equivalents	16		768.53
- Other financial assets 9 31.88 41 Income tax assets (net) 11 6.03 3 Other current assets 12 142.29 115		17		38.45
Other current assets 12 142.29 115		9	31.88	41.77
	Income tax assets (net)	11	6.03	3.28
CO4E FO E FOE	Other current assets	12	142.29	115.79
10tal current assets 6,217.58 5,527	Total current assets		6,217.58	5,527.19
Total assets 12,734.22 12,201	Total assets		12,734.22	12,201.01
Equity and liabilities	Equity and liabilities			
Equity	Equity			
Equity share capital 18 176.09 175	Equity share capital	18	176.09	175.78
		19		8,780.38
				83.55
			9,439.15	9,039.71
Non-current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
				255.09
				167.08
		22		94.45
			497.04	516.62
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities		0.4	000	1 010 01
				1,012.94
			69.87	80.43
- Trade payables 25		25	125.01	212.01
				213.91
g ,			1,382.20	864.11
enterprises				
				185.19
				130.96
				38.69
		23		118.45
				2,644.68
Total equity and liabilities 12,734.22 12,201	Total equity and Habilities	2	12,734.22	12,201.01
Summary of material accounting policy information 2	C			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013 **For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of** S Chand And Company Limited

Sd/-**Tarun Gupta** Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Jagdeep Singh Himanshu Gupta Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Saurabh Mittal Company Secretary Partner Managing Director Whole-Time Director Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00054015 Membership No.: 507892 DIN: 00282988 Place: New Delhi Place : New Delhi Place : New Delhi Place: New Delhi Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

Annual Report 2023-24

# **Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss**

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

				(₹ in millions)
		Notes	For the year ended	For the year ended
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
I	Revenue from operations	28	6,625.79	6,103.24
II	Other income	29	98.72	329.11
III	Total income		6,724.51	6,432.35
V	Expenses			
	Cost of published goods/material consumed	30	2,183.76	2,331.53
	Purchase of stock-in-trade	31	76.16	13.28
	Decrease/(increase) in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and	32	1.62	(137.64)
	stock-in-trade			
	Employee benefits expense	33	1,502.90	1,364.44
	Finance costs	34	152.68	206.71
	Depreciation and amortization expense	35	461.97	463.60
	Other expenses	36	1,762.93	1,568.93
	Total expenses		6,142.02	5,810.85
V	Profit before exceptional item and share of loss of an associate	2.5	582.49	621.50
VI	Share of loss in associates	37	- F02.40	(1.11)
VII	Profit before exceptional items and tax	20	582.49	620.39
IX	Exceptional items Profit before tax	38	582.49	156.28 <b>776.67</b>
X	Tax expense:	39	302.49	770.07
Λ	'Current tax	37	195.43	293.73
	'Tax related to earlier years		(71.25)	(31.92)
	Deferred tax		11.67	(61.06)
	Adjustments to taxes pursuant to merger		11.07	(01.00)
	'Tax related to earlier years		(143.40)	_
	Deferred tax		78.57	_
	Total tax expenses		71.02	200.75
XI	Profit for the year		511.47	575.92
XII	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Re-measurement (losses)/gains on defined benefit plans		(18.74)	(29.24)
	Income tax effect		4.86	8.07
	Total comprehensive income for the year		497.59	554.75
XIV	Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
	- Equity holders of the parent		552.38	637.95
	- Non- controlling interests		(54.80)	(83.20)
XV	Out of total comprehensive income above, profit for the year			
	attributable to:			
	- Equity holders of the parent		566.34	660.36
	- Non- controlling interests		(54.87)	(84.44)
XVI	Out of total comprehensive income above, other comprehensive income			
	attributable to:			
	- Equity holders of the parent		(13.96)	(22.41)
	- Non- controlling interests		0.08	1.24
XVII	Earnings per equity share			
	Basic	40	14.53	16.42
0	Diluted	40	14.53	16.40
Sumr	nary of material accounting policy information	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

Date: 24 May 2024

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Chartered Accountants** S Chand And Company Limited

Date: 24 May 2024

Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-**Tarun Gupta** Sd/-Sd/-Himanshu Gupta Jagdeep Singh Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Saurabh Mittal Managing Director Whole-Time Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary Partner Membership No.: 507892 DIN: 00054015 DIN: 00282988 Place: New Delhi Place : New Delhi Place : New Delhi Place: New Delhi Place: New Delhi

Date: 24 May 2024

Date: 24 May 2024

Date: 24 May 2024



# **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

				(₹ in millions)
		Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
A.	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit before tax		582.49	776.67
	Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows			
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses		461.97	463.60
	Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)		4.69	9.33
	Finance costs		152.68	206.71
	Interest income		(11.83)	(7.70)
	Amounts written back		(2.92)	(29.16)
	Fair value loss on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		1.88	2.37
	Fair value gain on investment at fair value through profit or loss		(38.78)	(126.93)
	Rent concession and gain on de-recognition of lease liability		-	(10.35)
	Net gain on sale of current investments		(29.24)	(81.97)
	Gain on disposal of non-current investment		-	(156.28)
	Share of loss in associate		-	1.11
	Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/ loss (net)		(0.11)	(0.34)
	Employee stock option expense		2.50	2.70
	Provision for expected credit loss and advances		108.76	(11.20)
	Assets written off		30.57	23.83
	Bad debt written-off		18.46	42.89
Ope	rating profit before working capital changes		1,281.12	1,105.28
	Movement in working capital:			
	Inventories		(199.42)	(286.38)
	Trade receivable		(75.72)	236.94
	Other assets		31.37	0.83
	Provisions		(37.63)	(4.50)
	Trade payable		442.11	(107.96)
	Other liabilities		0.96	49.52
Casl	n generated from operations		1,442.79	993.73
	Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)		(231.93)	(183.01)
	cash generated from operating activities (A)		1,210.86	810.72
В.	Cash flows from investing activities		(1====0)	
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment including intangible assets and capital work-in-progress		(175.53)	(161.76)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		6.74	3.80
	Purchase of current investments		(761.25)	(582.93)
	Proceeds from sale of current investments		729.65	394.43
	Purchase of non-current investments		(26.62)	-
	Disposal of non-current investments		0.30	319.41
	Investment in deposits with banks		(150.00)	(163.31)
	Investment in deposits redeemed		124.32	137.79
	Interest received		11.66	8.45
Net	cash used in investing activities (B)		(240.73)	(44.12)
C.	Cash flows from financing activities			
	Proceed from issue of equity shares including securities premium		5.00	9.06
	Proceed from non-current borrowings		167.60	24.00
	Repayment of non-current borrowings		(243.44)	(430.94)

# **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Proceeds/(repayment) of current borrowings (net) Payment of lease liabilities for principal portion Payment of lease liabilities for interest portion Dividend paid	For the year ended 31 March 2024 (109.82) (91.75) (25.11) (105.65) (127.06)	For the year ended 31 March 2023 103.20 (106.15) (24.51)
Payment of lease liabilities for principal portion Payment of lease liabilities for interest portion	(109.82) (91.75) (25.11) (105.65)	103.20 (106.15) (24.51)
Payment of lease liabilities for principal portion Payment of lease liabilities for interest portion	(91.75) (25.11) (105.65)	(106.15) (24.51)
Payment of lease liabilities for interest portion	(25.11) (105.65)	(24.51)
	(105.65)	-
Dividend paid	,	(181.64)
	(127.06)	(181.64)
Interest paid on borrowings		(101.04)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(530.23)	(606.98)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	439.90	159.62
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	768.53	608.91
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,208.43	768.53
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	3.52	4.71
With banks - On current accounts	731.15	568.61
Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	425.81	151.36
Cheques on hand	47.95	43.85
Total cash and cash equivalents (note 16)	1,208.43	768.53

**Financial Statements** 

#### **Notes:**

#### Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities 1.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	Cash flows	Non-cash	As at 31 March2024
Non-current borrowings (including current maturities)	379.63	(75.84)	-	303.79
Current borrowings (excluding current maturities)	888.40	(109.82)	-	778.58
Lease liabilities (refer note 45)	247.51	(116.86)	116.59	247.24
	1,515.54	(302.52)	116.59	1,329.61

Particulars	As at	Cash	Non-cash	As at
	31 March 2022	flows	changes	31 March 2023
Non-current borrowings (including current maturities)	786.57	(406.94)	-	379.63
Current borrowings (excluding current maturities)	785.20	103.20	-	888.40
Lease liabilities (refer note 45)	249.36	(130.66)	128.81	247.51
	1,821.13	(434.40)	128.81	1,515.54

Summary of material accounting policy information

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

S Chand And Company Limited

**Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-Himanshu Gupta Tarun Gupta Partner Managing Director Membership No.: 507892 DIN: 00054015

Place : New Delhi

Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Jagdeep Singh Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Saurabh Mittal Whole-Time Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary DIN: 00282988

Place : New Delhi Place : New Delhi Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024



# **Consolidated Changes in Equity**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# **Equity share capital:**

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up	No. of shares	<b>₹ in millions</b>
As at 31 March 2022	35,043,336	175.22
Issued during the year	113,000	0.56
As at 31 March 2023	35,156,336	175.78
Issued during the year	61,043	0.31
As at 31 March 2024	35,217,379	176.09

# Other equity

								₹	in millions
			erves and s			<b>Employee</b>	Total	Non-	Total
	Capital	Security	General	Debenture	Retained	stock		controlling	other
	reserve	premium	reserve	redemption	earnings	options		interests	equity
				reserve		reserve			
As at 1 April 2022	(491.85)	6,611.46	404.19	22.96	1,572.16	20.28	8,139.20	158.64	8,297.84
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	660.36	-	660.36	(84.44)	575.92
Other comprehensive	-	-	-	-	(22.41)	-	(22.41)	1.24	(21.17)
income for the year (net)		0.50					0.50		0.50
Issue of equity share capital	-	8.50	-	-	-	-	8.50	-	8.50
(refer note 19)				(4.05)	4.05				
Transferred from debenture	-	-	-	(1.07)	1.07	-	-	-	-
redemption reserve to									
retained earnings									
Share based payments/	-	-	-	-	-	2.85	2.85	-	2.85
charge during the year									
Adjustment on acquisition of	-	-	-	-	(8.11)	-	(8.11)	8.11	-
non controlling interest	(101.05)		40440	24.00	2 2 2 2 2 2 4	22.12	0.500.00		0.060.00
As at 31 March 2023 Profit for the period	(491.85)	6,619.96	404.19	21.89	<b>2,203.06</b> 566.34	23.13	<b>8,780.38</b> 566.34	<b>83.55</b> (54.87)	<b>8,863.93</b> 511.47
Other comprehensive	-	-	-	-	(13.96)	-	(13.96)	0.08	(13.88)
income for the year (net)					(13.70)		(13.70)	0.00	(13.00)
Issue of equity share capital	_	4.69		_	_	_	4.69	_	4.69
(refer note 19)		1.07					1.07		1.00
Transferred from debenture	_	_	_	(21.89)	21.89	_	_	_	_
redemption reserve to				(=1.07)	21.07				
retained earnings									
Share based payments/	-	-	-	-	-	2.50	2.50	-	2.50
charge during the year									
Dividend paid during the	-	-	-	-	(105.65)	-	(105.65)	-	(105.65)
year									
As at 31 March 2024	(491.85)	6,624.65	404.19		2,671.68	25.63	9,234.30	28.76	9,263.06

Summary of material accounting policy information

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP **Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of S Chand And Company Limited

Sd/-Tarun Gupta Partner Membership No.: 507892

Himanshu Gupta Managing Director DIN: 00054015

Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-Time Director DIN: 00282988

Saurabh Mittal Chief Financial Officer

Jagdeep Singh Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Place: New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

Place: New Delhi Place : New Delhi Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024 Date: 24 May 2024

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# 1. Corporate information

S Chand and Company Limited ('the Company' or 'the holding Company') is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2014 applicable in India. The Company had become a Public Limited Company w.e.f. 8 September 2016 and consequently the name of the Company had changed from S Chand And Company Private Limited to S Chand And Company Limited. Its shares are listed on NSE and BSE in India. The registered office of the Company is located at A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi - 110044. S Chand and Company Limited, its subsidiary Companies are collectively referred to as the 'Group'. These are consolidated financial statements and, accordingly, these Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) financial statements incorporate amounts and disclosures related to the Group only.

The Group is principally engaged in publishing and sales of books.

# 2. Material accounting policy information

## 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements (consolidated financial statement) of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time), presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III) and the guidelines issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India, as applicable to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention, except for the following assets and liabilities:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).
- Equity settled employee share-based payment plan measured at fair value.
- iii) Defined benefit liabilities are measured at present value of defined benefit obligation

iv) Certain financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis

The financial statements are presented in INR "(Indian Rupees)" or "₹". All values are rounded to the nearest million, and two decimals thereof, except when otherwise indicated.

#### 2.2 Principles of consolidation

Notice

The consolidated financial statement relates to S Chand And Company Limited, its subsidiary companies collectively referred to as 'the Group' and associate companies. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- The financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries have been combined on a lineby-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses after eliminating intra-group balances/ transactions and resulting profits in full. Unrealized profit / losses resulting from intra-group transactions have also been eliminated except to the extent that recoverable value of related assets is lower than their cost to the Group.
- Investment in associates (entity over which the Group exercises significant influence, which is neither a subsidiary nor joint venture) are accounted for using the equity method as per Ind AS 28 (Investment in Associates and Joint ventures) in Consolidated Financial Statements. The Consolidated Financial Statement include the share of profit/ loss of associate companies, which are accounted under the 'Equity method' as per which the share of loss of the associate company has been adjusted to the carrying amount of investment till the date of cessation of significant influence. Further, for the purpose of consolidation, the proportionate share of loss of associates companies to the extent of investment in equity share has been considered till the date of cessation of significant influence.
- The Consolidated Financial Statements have iii. been prepared using uniform accounting policies



for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Group entities separate financial statements.

- The difference between the cost to the Group of investment in subsidiaries and the proportionate share in the equity of the investee company as at the date of acquisition of stake, if any, is recognized in the consolidated financial statements as Goodwill or Capital reserve, as the case
- may be. Goodwill arising on consolidation is tested for impairment at the Balance Sheet date.
- Non-controlling interest in net profits of consolidated subsidiaries for the period is identified and adjusted against the income in order to arrive at the net income attributable to the shareholders of the Group. Their share of net assets is identified and presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet separately.
- The financial statements of the entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Group i.e. year ended 31 March 2024.

S. No.	Name of the Company	Country of Incorporation	Relationship as at 31 March 2024	Percentage of effective ownership interest held (directly or indirectly)	
				31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1.	Chhaya Prakashani Limited	India	Subsidiary of S Chand And Company Limited	100.00%	100.00%
2.	Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	India	Subsidiary of S Chand And Company Limited	100.00%	100.00%
3.	New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	India	Subsidiary of S Chand And Company Limited	100.00%	100.00%
4.	Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	India	Subsidiary of S Chand And Company Limited	100.00%	100.00%
5.	S Chand Edutech Private Limited	India	Subsidiary of Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	100.00%	100.00%
6.	Indian Progressive Publishing Co. Private Limited	India	Wholly owned subsidiary of Chhaya Prakashani Limited	100.00%	100.00%
7.	Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	India	Subsidiary of S Chand And Company Limited	100.00%	100.00%
8.	Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	India	Subsidiary of S Chand And Company Limited	54.86%	54.86%
9.	BPI (India) Private Limited	India	Subsidiary of S Chand And Company Limited	51.00%	51.00%

#### vii. Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable. However, the following assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination are measured at the basis indicated below:

### **Financial Statements**

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

- Deferred tax assets or liabilities, and the assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Tax and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively.
- Liabilities or equity instruments related to share based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share - based payments arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with Ind AS 102 Share-based Payments at the acquisition date.
- Assets (or disposal Groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is re-measured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss or OCI, as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of Ind AS 109, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate Ind AS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured at subsequent reporting dates and subsequent its settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the entity recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without routing the same through OCI.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Those provisional amounts are adjusted through goodwill during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date. These adjustments are called as measurement period adjustments. The measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

#### 2.3 Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

### 2.4 Foreign currencies

#### Functional and presentational currency

The Group's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Group's functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates and is normally the currency in which the entity primarily generates and expends cash.

#### Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group at the functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

### 2.5 Fair value measurement

The Group measures certain financial instruments and equity settled employee share based payment plan at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and

best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities, such as valuation of unquoted investments and equity settled employee share based payment plan. Involvement of external valuers is decided upon annually by the Group's management. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

At each reporting date, the Group's management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Group's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Group's management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Group's management, in conjunction with the Group's external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

- i. Disclosures for significant estimates and assumptions (refer note 2.20 B)
- ii. Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy (refer note 51)
- iii. Investment in unquoted and quoted equity shares (refer note 8 and 14)
- iv. Equity settled employee share-based payment plan (refer note 44)

## 2.6 Revenue from contract with customer

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

To determine whether to recognize revenue, the Group follows a 5-step process:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of books is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, i.e. upon delivery of the goods to the transporter or to the customer whichever is earlier.

The Group considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price for the sale of books, the Group considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer (if any).

#### Variable consideration

If the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the Group estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

# Rights of return

Certain contracts provide a customer with a right to return the goods within a specified period. The provision for anticipated returns is made primarily on the basis of historical return rates as this method best predicts the amount of variable consideration to which the Group will be entitled. The requirements in Ind AS 115 on constraining estimates of variable consideration are also applied in order to determine the amount of variable consideration that can be included in the transaction price.

#### **Turnover discounts**

The Group provides turnover discounts to certain customers once the value of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified in the contract. Discounts are offset against amounts payable by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future discounts, the Group applies the most likely amount method for contracts with a single-turnover threshold and the expected value method for contracts with more than one turnover threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of turnover thresholds contained in the contract. The Group then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future discounts.

#### **Cash discounts**

The Group provides cash discounts to certain customers if customers make the payment within the stipulated time given in the contract. The provision for cash discount is made on estimated basis based on historical trends. The Group then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future discounts.

#### Other discounts

Further, at the time of annual settlement with customers, which may not coincide with the financial year, additional discounts are offered based on the negotiations agreed with respective customers. The provision for additional discount is made on estimated basis based on historical trends. The Group then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future discounts.

### **Contract balances**

### Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

#### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

#### Other income

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and other interest-bearing financial assets, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

### 2.7 Taxes

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity) are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. The Group offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Annual Report 2023-24

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered

> Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

> Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

> Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent that it is probable that the respective Group Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent that it is no longer probable that the respective Group Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

# 2.8 Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipments are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing parts of the property, plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Property, plant and equipments which are not ready for intended use as on the date of balance sheet are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment, other than leasehold improvements, have been provided on pro-rata basis, on the straight line method, using rates determined based on management's technical assessment of useful economic lives of the asset.

The Group, based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, depreciates certain items of buildings, plant and equipments, vehicles and computers over estimated useful lives which are different from useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Followings are the estimated useful lives of various category of assets used.

Category of assets	Useful life as adopted by management	Useful life as per Schedule II
Buildings	30 years	30 years
Plant and equipments	15 -25 years	15 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	10 years
Vehicles	10 years	8 years
Office equipments	5 years	5 years
Electrical installations	10 years	10 years
Computers	3-6 years	3-6 years

Leasehold improvements are amortised over economic useful life or unexpired period of lease whichever is less.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

### 2.9 Intangible assets

Corporate Overview

#### Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and expenditure is recognised in the statement of profit and loss when it is incurred.

#### Amortisation and useful lives

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the

asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Annual Report 2023-24

#### Research and development costs

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project are recognised as an intangible asset when the Group can demonstrate all the following:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale. Its intention to complete the asset
- Its ability to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits
- The availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the cost model is applied requiring the asset to be carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortisation of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortised over the period of expected future benefit.

A summary of the policies applied to the Group's intangible assets is as follows:

Intangible assets	Useful lives	Amortization method used	Internally generated or acquired
Software	Finite (3-10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of useful lives	Acquired
Trademarks	Finite (10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of useful lives	Acquired
Copyrights	Finite (5-10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of copyright	Acquired
Content development	Finite (10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of content	Acquired/ internally generated
Website	Finite (10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of content	Acquired



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Intangible assets	Useful lives	Amortization method used	Internally generated or acquired
Mobile application	Finite (3-10 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of content	Internally generated
License fees	Finite (5 years)	Amortised on straight line basis over the period of content	Acquired
Technical know how	Finite (3 - 6 years)	Amortized on straight line basis over the period of copyright	Acquired

### 2.10 Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets

#### Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain

to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on shortterm leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 2.11 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition is accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials/printing materials: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on first in first out hasis.
- Finished goods and work-in progress: cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the

Notice

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs. Cost is determined on first in, first out basis.

• **Stock-in-trade:** cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on first in first out basis

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Group extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or

declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

Annual Report 2023-24

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU (or group of CGUs) to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

#### 2.13 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

# Financial assets

# Initial recognition and measurement

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under Ind AS 115. The average terms of the payment is between 180-270 days. Refer to the accounting policies in section Revenue from contracts with customers.

> In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

> The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

> Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

# Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)

- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

## Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

A 'financial asset" is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

# Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI) (debt instruments)

A "financial asset" is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Group recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss. On de-recognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to the statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

#### Notice

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Equity instruments at FVTOCI

All equity instruments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value in other comprehensive income. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

## Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

This category includes listed equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through OCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment has been established.

### De-recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's consolidated balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has

transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

# Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- Trade receivables under Ind-AS 115.
- Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

#### Trade receivables

The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

> ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

As a practical expedient, the Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the statement of profit and loss.

The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:-

- For financial assets measured as at amortised cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Group does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- Financial guarantee contracts: ECL is presented as a provision in the balance sheet, i.e. as a liability.
- Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: Since, financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Group combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

The Group does not have any purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, i.e., financial assets which are credit impaired on purchase/ origination.

### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

# Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/loss are not subsequently transferred to the statement of profit and loss. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

### Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

#### Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Holding Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind-AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

### De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Re-classification of financial assets

The Group determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Group's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Group's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Group either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Group reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Group does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 2.14 Employee benefits

Employee benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Group has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund, National Pension Scheme (NPS) and Employee's State Insurance Corporation (ESIC). The Group recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund, NPS and ESIC scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

Each group Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, pastservice costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income.

#### Compensated absences

Entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. Leave entitlements may be availed while in service or encashed at the time of retirement/ termination of employment, subject to a restriction on the maximum number of accumulation. The Group determines the liability for such accumulated leave entitlements on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary at the year end.

#### Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid e.g., under short-term cash bonus, if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

# 2.15 Share based payments

Employees (including senior executives) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share based payments, whereby employer render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

#### Equity settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vested irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

# 2.16 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources

embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly with in the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Therefore, in order to determine the amount to be recognised as a liability or to be disclosed as a contingent liability, in each case, is inherently subjective, and needs careful evaluation and judgement to be applied by the management. In case of provision for litigations, the judgements involved are with respect to the potential exposure of each litigation and the likelihood and/or timing of cash outflows from the Group, and requires interpretation of laws and past legal rulings.

Possible inflows of economic benefits to the Group that do not yet meet the recognition criteria of an asset are considered contingent assets.

#### 2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### 2.18 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share are computed and disclosed after adjusting the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any, except when the results will be anti-dilutive.

#### 2.19 Dividend

The Group recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders of the Group when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

### 2.20 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Group's financial statements in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures (including contingent liabilities). The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### A. Judgement

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

# Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options – Group as

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

For the lease contracts that includes extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

#### estimating the incremental Leases borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group applied the following judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers:

### Determining method to estimate variable consideration and assessing the constraint

Certain contracts for the sale of books include cash discounts and turnover discounts and

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

a right to return the goods that give rise to variable consideration. In estimating the variable consideration, the Group is required to use either the expected value method or the most likely amount method based on which method better predicts the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled.

Before including any amount of variable consideration in the transaction price, the Group considers whether the amount of variable consideration is constrained. The Group determined that the estimates of variable consideration are not constrained based on its historical experience, business forecast and the current economic conditions. In addition, the uncertainty on the variable consideration will be resolved within a short time frame.

#### B. Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### i) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### ii) Defined employee benefits plans

The cost of the defined employee benefits obligations are determined using actuarial

valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds with term that correspond with the expected term of the defined benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective countries.

Further details about defined employee benefit plans are given in note 43.

# iii) Provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

> The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. For details of allowance for expected credit loss, please refer note 15.

### iv) Impairment of financial assets, non-financial assets and goodwill

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forwardlooking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

The carrying amounts of the Group's nonfinancial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication

that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cashgenerating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit ('CGU') is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets ('CGU').

Market related information and estimates are used to determine the recoverable amount. Key assumptions on which management has based its determination of recoverable amount include estimated long term growth rates, weighted average cost of capital and estimated operating margins. Cash flow projections take into account past experience and represent management's best estimate about future developments.

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### v) Useful lives of depreciable/amortisable assets

Statutory Reports

Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangibles at the end of each reporting period. Factors such as changes in the expected level of usage could significantly impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets. Consequently, the future depreciation charge could be revised and may have an impact on the profit of the future years.

#### 2.21 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's Managing Director assesses the financial performance and position of the Group, and makes strategic decision and has been identified as the chief operating decision maker. The Group's primary business segment is reflected based on principal business activities carried on by the Group. As per Indian Accounting Standard 108, Operating Segments, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Group operates in one reportable business segment i.e., publishing of books. The geographical information analyses the Group's revenue and trade receivables from such revenue in India and other countries. The Group primarily operates in India. Refer note 54 for segment reporting.

### 2.22 Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and interpretations effective during the year

#### Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statement

Requirement to disclose 'material accounting policies' instead of 'significant accounting policies' and related guidance included to determine whether the policy is material or not.

Annual Report 2023-24

### Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting **Estimates and Errors**

Definition of 'accounting estimates' now included in the standard enabling distinction between change in accounting estimates from change in accounting policies.

#### Ind AS 12 Income Taxes

Transactions that does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences at the time of initial transaction have now been included in the exemptions for recognition of deferred tax liability and deferred tax assets in case of taxable temporary differences.

The above mentioned amendments do not have any material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

# 2.23 Recent accounting pronouncements which are not yet

As on date of these consolidated financial statements, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has not issued any new standard or amendments to the existing standards which are effective from 1 April 2024.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# Property, plant and equipment

	mil	

								7)	in millions)
	Buildings	Plant and equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipments	Leasehold improvement		Computers	Total
Gross block									
As at 1 April 2022	275.26	561.83	70.46	100.53	68.01	20.60	15.20	192.35	1,304.24
Additions	0.28	15.03	7.54	62.59	3.62	3.36	1.97	19.14	113.52
Disposals		(12.83)	(1.88)	(26.99)	(4.43)	(1.04)		(7.36)	(54.52)
As at 31 March 2023	275.54	564.03	76.12	136.13	67.20	22.93	17.17	204.12	1,363.24
Additions	-	5.58	0.95	55.09	3.21	-	-	35.14	99.97
Disposals	-	(7.97)	(16.28)	(18.18)	(10.23)	-	-	(140.24)	(192.90)
As at 31 March 2024	275.54	561.64	60.79	173.04	60.18	22.93	17.17	99.02	1,270.31
Accumulated depreciation									
As at 1 April 2022	33.22	169.45	40.17	41.49	52.45	16.35	10.39	146.86	510.39
Charge for the year	5.63	25.78	7.18	10.95	3.94	2.34	1.39	19.75	76.97
Disposals	-	(6.49)	(1.40)	(14.69)	(3.67)	(0.43)	-	(6.79)	(33.48)
As at 31 March 2023	38.85	188.74	45.94	37.75	52.72	18.27	11.78	159.82	553.88
Charge for the year	5.66	34.43	7.68	14.99	3.30	1.89	1.55	28.85	98.35
Disposals	-	(3.88)	(14.39)	(12.14)	(9.08)			(140.24)	(179.73)
As at 31 March 2024	44.51	219.29	39.23	40.60	46.94	20.16	13.33	48.43	472.50
Net block									
As at 31 March 2023	236.69	375.29	30.18	98.38	14.48	4.66	5.39	44.30	809.36
As at 31 March 2024	231.03	342.35	21.56	132.44	13.24	2.77	3.84	50.59	797.81

# Right-of-use assets (ROU)

			(₹ in millions)
	Leasehold land	Buildings	Total
Gross block			
As at 1 April 2022	176.96	513.98	690.93
Additions	-	153.04	153.04
Disposals	<u>-</u>	(96.84)	(96.84)
As at 31 March 2023	176.96	570.18	747.13
Additions	-	93.46	93.46
Disposals	-	(64.85)	(64.85)
As at 31 March 2024	176.96	598.79	775.75
Accumulated amortization			
As at 1 April 2022	12.57	298.12	310.69
Depreciation for the year	3.10	105.99	109.09
Disposals/ adjustment		(58.45)	(58.45)
As at 31 March 2023	15.68	345.65	361.33
Depreciation for the year	3.10	95.52	98.62
Disposals/ adjustment	-	(62.85)	(62.85)
As at 31 March 2024	18.78	378.32	397.10
Net block			
As at 31 March 2023	161.28	224.52	385.80
As at 31 March 2024	158.18	220.47	378.65

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# Capital work-in-progress

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	10.11	4.13
Additions during the year	-	10.11
Capitalised/adjusted during the year	(10.11)	(4.13)
Total	-	10.11

#### Notes:

- Capital work-in-progress includes property, plant and equipment under construction/installation and which are not ready for use as at year end.
- Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	ticulars Amount in capital work-in-progress for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
As at 31 March 2024	-	-	-	-	-	
As at 31 March 2023	10.11	-			10.11	

There are no such projects under capital-work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as of 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

### Goodwill and other intangible assets

	Goodwill				Other	intangible a	ssets (B)				Total
	(A)	Software	Trademarks	Copyrights	Website	Technical knowhow	Content development	Mobile application	License fees	Total (B)	(A + B)
Gross block											
As at 1 April 2022	3,381.07	531.05	0.66	155.76	0.74	3.21	1,271.78	76.63	0.81	2,040.64	5,421.71
Addition	-	2.34	0.05	7.85	-	-	39.45	0.22	-	49.91	49.91
Disposals/(write offs)	(23.83)	(1.88)	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	(1.88)	(25.73)
As at 31 March 2023	3,357.24	531.51	0.71	163.61	0.74	3.21	1,311.23	76.85	0.81	2,088.67	5,445.89
Addition	-	7.85	-	11.29	0.01	-	83.67	-	-	102.82	102.82
Disposals/(write offs)	(30.57)	(3.06)	-	-	-	-	(59.97)	-	-	(63.03)	(93.60)
As at 31 March 2024	3,326.67	536.30	0.71	174.90	0.75	3.21	1,334.93	76.85	0.81	2,128.46	5,455.11
Accumulated amortisation											
As at 1 April 2022	-	156.92	0.40	123.17	0.27	3.19	601.08	21.03	0.81	906.87	906.87
Amortisation for the year	-	110.62	0.09	20.86	0.07	-	138.97	6.93	-	277.54	277.54
Disposals		(1.34)	-	-	-	-		-		(1.34)	(1.34)
As at 31 March 2023	-	266.20	0.49	144.03	0.34	3.19	740.05	27.96	0.81	1,183.07	1,183.07
Amortisation for the year	1.49	110.25	0.06	27.73	0.06	-	118.94	6.47	-	263.51	265.00
Disposals	-	(2.82)	-	-	-	-	(59.97)	-	-	(62.79)	(62.79)
Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.65	-	-	5.65	5.65
As at 31 March 2024	1.49	373.63	0.55	171.76	0.40	3.19	804.67	34.43	0.81	1,389.44	1,390.92
Net block											
As at 31 March 2023	3,357.24	265.31	0.22	19.58	0.40	0.02	571.18	48.89	-	905.58	4,262.82
As at 31 March 2024	3,325.18	162.67	0.16	3.14	0.35	0.02	530.26	42.42	-	739.01	4,064.19



for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Impairment testing of goodwill

The Group performs test for goodwill impairment at least annually on 31 March or if indicators of impairment arise, such as the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors or on occurrence of an event or change in circumstances that would more likely than not reduce the fair value below its carrying amount. When determining the fair value, we utilize various assumptions, including operating results, business plans and projections of future cash flows. Management has assessed the realisability of the aforesaid amounts by carrying out a valuation using the discounted cashflow method.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to a cash generating unit, representing the lowest level with the Group at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and which is not higher that the Company's operating segment. During the year, the management has reviewed the carrying value of its goodwill against the recoverable value of these cash generating units, using internal and external information available. The management believes that any reasonable possible change in the key assumptions would not cause the cash generating units' carrying amount ot exceed its recoverable amount.

#### Changes in the net carrying amount of goodwill is summarised as below:

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Opening balance	3,357.24	3,381.07
Additions	-	-
Write offs for the year*	(30.57)	(23.83)
Amortisation for the year	(1.49)	-
Impairment for the year	-	
Closing balance	3,325.18	3,357.24

<sup>\*</sup>In the Holding Company, the goodwill has been written off considering the recoverable value determined by the Holding Company was assessed to be lower than the carrying value of cash generating unit due to the effect of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to a cash generating unit, representing the lowest level with the Group at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and which is not higher than the Group's operating segment.

The carrying amount of goodwill was allocated to the cash generating units as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Chhaya Prakashini Limited	1,572.73	1,572.73
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	1,017.30	1,017.30
New Saraswati House Private Limited	653.92	653.92
Others	81.23	113.29
	3,325.18	3,357.24

# Annual Report 2023-24

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### **Impairment**

An impairment test was carried out as at the balance sheet date, details of the test are as outlined below:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Discount rate	8.14% to 22.78%	12.69% to 22.78%
Growth rate	4.00%-5.00%	4.00%-5.00%
Number of years for which cash flows were considered	4 to 5	4 to 5
Test result	No impairment	No impairment

#### **Growth rates**

The growth rates used are in line with the growth rate of the industry in which the entities operates and are consistent with internal / external sources of information.

#### **Discount rates**

The discount rates takes into consideration market risk and specific risk factors of the cash generating unit. The cash flow projections are based on the forecasts made by the management.

#### Sensitivity

The management believes that any reasonable possible changes in the key assumptions would not cause the cash generating unit's carrying amount of goodwill as on 31 March 2024 to exceed its recoverable amount.

### Intangible assets under development

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	9.53	8.71
Additions during the year	-	9.53
Capitalised/adjusted during the year	(9.53)	(8.71)
Balance at the end of the year	-	9.53

#### Notes:

- Intangible assets under development includes expenses incurred on content development and mobile application not ready for use as at
- 2. Intangible assets under development ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Am	Total			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2024	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	9.53		-		9.53

There are no such project related intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as of 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### **Non-current investments**

(₹ in millions)

			(< in millions)
		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
i)	Investment in unquoted equity shares, valued at fair value through profit and loss		
	50 (31 March 2023: 50) equity shares of $\stackrel{\scriptstyle \checkmark}{}$ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Smartivity Labs Private Limited	1.73	0.52
	16,655 (31 March 2023: Nil) equity shares of ₹10 each of M/s ATOZLEARN Edutech Private Limited (IxamBee) (refer note a below)	14.24	-
		15.97	0.52
ii)	Investment in unquoted preference shares, valued at fair value through profit and loss $$		
	14,046 (31 March 2023: Nil) compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹10 each of M/s ATOZLEARN Edutech Private Limited (IxamBee) (refer note a below)	12.38	-
	5,490 (31 March 2023: 5,490) 0.001% compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Smartivity Labs Private Limited	188.67	149.56
	353 (31 March 2023: 353) compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares of ₹ 10 each of M/s Next Door Learning Solutions Private Limited	4.87	4.87
	Less: Impairment in Next Door Learning Solutions Private Limited	(4.87)	(4.87)
		201.05	149.56
iii)	Investments in unquoted Government and trust securities, valued at fair value through profit and loss $% \left\{ \left( 1\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left( 1\right$		
	Investment in Tax Free Bonds of Power Finance Corporation	2.14	2.14
	National savings certificates	-	0.03
		2.14	2.17
iv)	Investments in quoted equity shares, valued at fair value through profit and loss		
	Nil (31 March 2023: 500) share of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in State Bank of India Limited	-	0.26
	Nil (31 March 2023: 200) shares of $\stackrel{?}{_{\sim}}$ 10 each fully paid up in Oriental Bank of Commerce Limited	-	0.01
		-	0.27
	Total	219.16	152.52
	Aggregate book value of quoted investment	-	0.27
	Aggregate market value of quoted investment	-	0.27
	Aggregate book value of unquoted investment	219.16	152.25
	Aggregate value of impairment in value of investments	4.87	4.87

### Notes:

During the current year, the Group has acquired 16,655 equity shares and 14,046, 0.0001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of M/s AtozLearn Edutech Private Limited at ₹ 855/- per share. Further, fair value loss of ₹3.25 millions has been recorded during the

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial assets measured at fair value and amortised cost.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 9 Other financial assets

Corporate Overview

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

		,
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Deposits with original maturity for more than 12 months	7.62	56.40
Security deposits	27.33	26.10
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits	1.10	0.88
Margin money (refer note a below)	0.11	0.11
	36.16	83.49
Current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits	1.10	1.49
Security deposits	27.05	32.37
Advance to employees	-	1.49
Other receivables	3.73	6.42
	31.88	41.77
Total	68.04	125.26
Non-current	36.16	83.49
Current	31.88	41.77

a. Margin money deposit with a carrying amount of  $\ref{0.11}$  million (31 March 2023:  $\ref{0.11}$ ) has been deposited with government authority.

### 10 Deferred taxes

		(\ 111 11111110115)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Items leading to creation of deferred tax assets		
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss account in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis in subsequent years	120.42	150.02
Impact on account of brought forward depreciation of income tax and brought forward and carried forward losses	470.88	621.27
Provision for doubtful debts	133.80	110.02
Impact of fair value gain on non-current/current investment	0.85	-
Impact of differences between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortisation charged in the financial statements	1.46	1.80
Others	43.59	58.09
Total deferred tax assets	771.00	941.20
Items leading to creation of deferred tax liabilities		
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss account in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis in subsequent years	(41.10)	(44.09)
Property, plant and equipment: impact of differences between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortization charged in the financial statements	(76.42)	(97.42)
Impact of fair value gain on current investment	(2.38)	(2.02)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(119.90)	(143.53)

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial assets measured at fair value and amortised cost.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

		( '
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Net deferred tax assets	651.10	797.67
Add: MAT credit entitlement	177.45	116.26
Total	828.55	913.93

Note:

# Movement of deferred tax assets tax assets/liabilities presented in balance sheet

	As at	Dogganiani	1 :	As at
	31 March 2023	Recognised Profit and loss	OCI	AS at 31 March 2024
Items leading to creation of deferred tax assets	31 March 2023	Profit and 1088	UCI	31 March 2021
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit	150.02	(34.46)	4.86	120.42
and loss account in the current year but allowed for tax	130.02	(34.40)	4.00	120.42
purposes on payment basis in subsequent years				
Impact on account of brought forward depreciation	621.27	(150.39)	_	470.88
of income tax and brought forward & carried forward	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(====)		
losses				
Provision for doubtful debts	110.02	23.78	-	133.80
Investment: impact of fair value gain on current	-	0.85	-	0.85
investment				
Impact of differences between tax depreciation and	1.80	(0.34)	-	1.46
depreciation/amortization charged in the financial				
statements				
Others	58.09	(14.50)	-	43.59
Total deferred tax assets	941.20	(175.06)	4.86	771.00
Items leading to creation of deferred tax liabilities				
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit	(44.09)	2.99	-	(41.10)
and loss account in the current year but allowed for tax				
purposes on payment basis in subsequent years				(= 4.40)
Property, plant and equipment: impact of differences	(97.42)	21.00	-	(76.42)
between tax depreciation and depreciation/				
amortization charged in the financial statements Impact of fair value gain on current investment	(2.02)	(0.36)		(2.38)
Total deferred tax liabilities	, ,	23.63	-	, ,
_	(143.53)		4.06	(119.90)
Net deferred tax assets	797.67	(151.43)	4.86	651.10
Add: MAT credit entitlement	116.26	61.19	-	177.45
Total	913.93	(90.24)	4.86	828.55

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

	As at	Recognised	in	As at
	31 March 2022	Profit and loss	OCI	31 March 2023
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss account in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis in subsequent years	117.73	24.22	8.07	150.02
Impact on account of brought forward depreciation of income tax and brought forward & carried forward losses	629.58	(8.31)	-	621.27
Provision for doubtful debts	108.03	1.99	-	110.02
Investment: impact of fair value gain on current investment	-	-	-	-
Impact of differences between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortization charged in the financial statements	2.08	(0.28)	-	1.80
Others	63.09	(5.00)	-	58.09
Total deferred tax assets	920.51	12.62	8.07	941.20
Items leading to creation of deferred tax liabilities				
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss account in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis in subsequent years	(46.07)	1.98	-	(44.09)
Property, plant and equipment: impact of differences between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortization charged in the financial statements	(95.49)	(1.93)	-	(97.42)
Impact of fair value gain on current investment	(0.89)	(1.13)		(2.02)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(142.45)	(1.13)	-	
				(143.53)
Net deferred tax assets	778.06	11.54	8.07	797.67
Add: MAT credit entitlement	66.74	49.52	-	116.26
Total	844.80	61.06	8.07	913.93

Note - Refer note 39 for effective tax reconciliation.

# 11 Income tax assets (net)

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

		( * 111 1111110110)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non - current		
Income tax assets (net of provision)	182.01	35.69
	182.01	35.69
Current		
Current tax assets (net of provision)	6.03	3.28
	6.03	3.28

### 12 Other assets

		(
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non - current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Prepaid expenses	7.70	8.10
Balance with statutory / government authorities	2.41	2.40
Other advances, unsecured, considered good	-	0.07
	10.11	10.57



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

		(\ III IIIIIIIIII)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Balance with statutory / government authorities	26.32	30.82
Prepaid expenses	37.00	29.00
Other advances, unsecured, considered good*	78.97	55.97
	142.29	115.79
Total	152.40	126.36
Non-current	10.11	10.57
Current	142.29	115.79

<sup>\*</sup> Includes advance to vendors and employees

#### 13 Inventories

(₹ in millions)

		(
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Raw materials (at cost)	633.33	433.72
Printing material (at cost)	13.70	12.27
Work in progress (at cost)	3.37	9.92
Finished goods (at lower of cost or net realisable value)		
- Manufactured goods	1,052.38	993.46
- Traded goods	58.63	112.62
Total	1,761.41	1,561.99

<sup>\*</sup>Inventories have been reduced by ₹ 196.15 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 149.12millions) as a result of write-down to net realisable value.

### 14 Current investments

		(
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Investments at fair value through profit and loss		
i) Investments in equity instruments (quoted)		
1,000 (31 March 2023: 1,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Freshtop Fruits Limited	0.17	0.10
400 (31 March 2023: 400) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s EIH Associated Hotel Limited	0.30	0.17
40 (31 March 2023: 40) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Reliance Industries Limited	0.12	0.09
21,600 (31 March 2023: 21,600) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Winsome Breweries Limited	0.51	0.24
1,000 (31 March 2023: 500) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in State Bank of India	0.75	0.26
42,564 (31 March 2023: 42,564) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Mahaan Foods Limited	1.58	1.12
200 (31 March 2023: 200) shares of $\stackrel{7}{\scriptstyle \sim} 10$ each fully paid up in M/s Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited	0.03	0.05
460 (31 March 2023: 230) shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in M/s Punjab National Bank	0.06	0.01
	3.52	2.03

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

			(\ 111 11111110115)
		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ii)	Investments in mutual fund (quoted)		
	28,346 (31 March 2023: 454) units in SBI Magnum Low Duration Fund Regular Growth	90.46	1.35
	Nil (31 March 2023: 1,728) units of Templeton India Corporate Bond Opportunities Growth Fund $$	-	0.04
	119,677 (31 March 2023: 112,261) units in Principal Monthly Income Plan - Dividend Reinvestment	1.78	1.68
	$12,\!534~(31~\mathrm{March}~2023;228,\!606)~\mathrm{units}~\mathrm{in}~\mathrm{Nippon}~\mathrm{India}~\mathrm{Short}~\mathrm{Term}~\mathrm{Fund}~\mathrm{-}~\mathrm{Growth}~\mathrm{Plan}$	0.60	10.14
	Nil (31 March 2023: 1,865,113) units in ICICI Prudential Short Term Fund - Growth	-	58.97
	Nil (31 March 2023: 1,134,319) units HDFC Floating Rate Debt Fund - Regular - Growth	-	47.36
	$389\ (31\ \text{March}\ 2023:\ 5,826)$ units in Nippon India Money Market Fund - Growth Plan Growth Option	1.47	20.46
	$7,\!674,\!903$ (31 March 2023: 3,713,288) units in HDFC Low Duration Fund - Regular Plan - Growth	304.09	182.25
	Nil (31 March 2023: 754,890) units in HDFC Short Term Debt Fund - Regular - Growth	-	20.25
		398.40	342.50
iii)	Investments in Government and Trust securities (Unquoted)		
	National Savings Certificates	0.03	-
		0.03	-
	Total	401.95	344.53
	Aggregate book value of quoted investments	403.46	347.31
	Aggregate market value of quoted investments *	401.95	344.53
	Aggregate value of impairment in value of investments	-	-

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial assets measured at fair value and amortised cost.

### 15 Trade receivables

		( III IIIIIIIIII)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Trade receivables		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	2,601.26	2,649.28
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	481.92	377.42
Receivable credit impaired	-	-
	3,083.18	3,026.70
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	-	-
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	481.72	373.85
Receivable credit impaired	-	
	481.72	373.85
Net trade receivables		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	2,601.26	2,649.28
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	0.20	3.57
Receivable credit impaired	-	-
	2,601.46	2,652.85

<sup>\*</sup> fair value loss recognised ₹ 1.51 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 2.78 million).



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

		(₹ in millions)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current	-	-
Current	2,601.46	2,652.85

Trade receivable from related parties (refer note 46)

The movement in impairment of trade receivables as follow:

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening balance	373.85	410.47
Additions/ (write back) (net)	108.76	(12.78)
Write off (net of recovery)	(0.89)	(23.84)
Closing balance	481.72	373.85

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the Group either severally or jointly with any other person.

Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6	6 months to 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	
	months	year			years	
Undisputed trade receivables						
considered good	2,287.81	206.77	83.82	22.86	-	2,601.26
which have significant increase	0.28	18.12	121.46	80.92	261.14	481.92
in credit risk						
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables						
considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
which have significant increase	-	-	-	-	-	-
in credit risk						
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total trade receivables	2,288.09	224.89	205.28	103.78	261.14	3,083.18
Less: Allowance for expected credit	(0.28)	(18.12)	(121.46)	(80.92)	(261.14)	(481.92)
loss						
Net trade receivables	2,287.81	206.77	83.82	22.86	-	2,601.26

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars			As at 31 Mar	ch 2023		
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables						
considered good	2,458.51	114.48	65.27	0.83	-	2,639.09
which have significant increase in credit risk	5.91	27.98	45.24	53.62	254.86	387.61
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables						
considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total trade receivables	2,464.42	142.46	110.51	54.45	254.86	3,026.70
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(0.21)	(28.57)	(42.94)	(51.65)	(250.47)	(373.85)
Net trade receivables	2,464.21	113.89	67.57	2.80	4.38	2,652.85

There are no unbilled receivables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial assets measured at fair value and amortised cost.

### 16 Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Balances with banks		
- In current accounts	731.15	568.61
- Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	425.81	151.36
Cheques on hand	47.95	43.85
Cash on hand	3.52	4.71
Total	1,208.43	768.53

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial assets measured at fair value and amortised cost.

### 17 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	
Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months and less than 12 months	64.13	38.45
Total	64.13	38.45

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial assets measured at fair value and amortised cost.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 18 Equity share capital

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Authorised		
40,300,000 (31 March 2023: 40,300,000) equity shares of ₹ 5 each*	201.50	201.50
Issued, subscribed and fully paid equity capital		
35,217,379 (31 March 2023: 35,156,336) equity shares of ₹ 5 each	176.09	175.78
Total	176.09	175.78

<sup>\*</sup>With effect from 04 September 2023, upon filing the Scheme with registrar of Companies and the Scheme being effective, the authorised share capital of the Company has been increased by ₹ 1.5 millions.

#### Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Authorised share capital	No. of shares	₹ in millions
As at 1 April 2022	40,300,000	201.50
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	40,300,000	201.50
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	40,300,000	201.50

Issued equity capital	No. of shares	₹ in millions
Equity share of ₹ 5 each issued, subscribed and fully paid (31 March 2023: Equity share of ₹ 5 each)		
As at 1 April 2022	35,043,336	175.22
Issued during the year	113,000	0.56
As at 31 March 2023	35,156,336	175.78
Issued during the year	61,043	0.31
As at 31 March 2024	35,217,379	176.09

#### Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 5 per share (31 March 2023: ₹ 5 per share). Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Holding Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

The Holding Company has not issued any share pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash in the current year and preceding five years. There has not been any buy-back of shares in the current year and preceding five years. The Holding Company has not issued any bonus shares during the year.

Annual Report 2023-24

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company

**Financial Statements** 

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements** 

g	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 Ma	arch 2023
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	5,994,038	17.02%	5,994,038	17.05%
Mrs. Neerja Jhunjhnuwala	4,008,345	11.38%	4,008,345	11.40%
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	3,846,854	10.92%	3,846,854	10.94%
International Finance Corporation	2,073,784	5.89%	2,805,784	7.98%
The Miri Strategic Emerging Markets Fund Lp	2,212,542	6.28%		-

### Details of shares held by promoters in the Holding Company

	As at 31 March 2024		As	23	
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding	% change in shareholding
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	5,994,038	17.02%	5,994,038	17.05%	(0.17%)
Mrs. Neerja Jhunjhnuwala	4,008,345	11.38%	4,008,345	11.40%	(0.17%)
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	3,846,854	10.92%	3,846,854	10.94%	(0.17%)
Ms. Savita Gupta	1,218,617	3.46%	1,218,617	3.47%	(0.17%)
Mrs. Ankita Gupta	914,078	2.60%	914,078	2.60%	(0.17%)
Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	592,000	1.68%	592,000	1.68%	(0.17%)
	16,573,932	47.06%	16,573,932	47.14%	(0.17%)

#### Shares reserved for issue under options

For details of shares reserved for issue under the employee stock options (ESOPs) plan of the Group, please refer note 44.

# 19 Other equity

		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
a.	Capital reserve		
	Balance as the beginning of the year	(491.85)	(491.85)
	Balance as the end of the year	(491.85)	(491.85)
b.	Securities premium		
	Balance as the beginning of the year	6,619.96	6,611.46
	Add: increase on account of issue of equity share capital (refer note 44)	4.69	8.50
	Balance as the end of the year	6,624.65	6,619.96
c.	General reserve		
	Balance as the beginning of the year	404.19	404.19
	Add: transfer from debenture redemption reserve	-	-
	Balance as the end of the year	404.19	404.19
d.	Debenture redemption reserve		
	Balance as the beginning of the year	21.89	22.96
	Less: Transfer to retained earnings	(21.89)	(1.07)
	Balance as the end of the year	-	21.89



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

			(
		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
e.	Retained earnings		
	Balance as the beginning of the year	2,203.06	1,572.16
	Add: Profit during the year	566.34	660.36
	Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net)	(13.96)	(22.41)
	Less: Dividend paid during the year	(105.65)	-
	Add: Transferred from non controlling interest	-	(8.11)
	Add: Transfer from debenture redemption reserve	21.89	1.07
	Balance as the end of the year	2,671.68	2,203.06
f.	Employee stock options reserve		
	Balance as the beginning of the year	23.13	20.28
	Add: Charge for the year (refer note 44)	2.50	2.85
	Balance as the end of the year	25.63	23.13
	Total	9,234.30	8,780.38

#### Nature and purpose of reserves

#### **Capital reserve**

Capital reserve represents reserve created on acquisition of non-controlling interest in a subsidiary company, on cancellation of forfeited equity shares and on acquisition of subsidiary company through step acquisition.

#### **Securities premium**

Securities premium comprises of the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the specific provision of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **General reserve**

General reserve represents amount appropriated out of retained earnings.

# Debenture redemption reserve

Debenture redemption reserve was created for compliance with the Companies Act, 2013. The Group had transferred balance from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings during the year ended 31 March 2024.

### **Retained earnings**

Retained earnings refer to the net profit/(loss) retained by the Group for its core business activities. Also includes remeasurement gains on defined benefit plans.

### **Employee stock options outstanding**

Employee stock option resrve represents reserve created for the various ESOP grants issued by the Holding Company.

### Annual Report 2023-24

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 20 Non-current borrowings

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Term Loans		
Indian rupee loan from banks (secured) (refer note a to b below)	149.25	36.16
Indian rupee loan from others (secured) (refer note c to e below)	108.63	269.98
MSME GoI guaranteed loan from bank (secured) (refer note f to g below)	15.39	39.87
MSME GoI guaranteed loan from others (secured) (refer note h below)	-	3.72
Vehicle loans		
Indian rupee loan from bank (secured) (refer note i to j below)	11.58	17.51
Indian rupee loan from others (secured) (refer note k to o below)	18.94	12.39
Total	303.79	379.63
Less: Current maturities of non-current borrowings (refer note 24)		
Term loans		
Indian rupee loan from banks (secured) (refer note a to b below)	24.88	25.20
Indian rupee loan from others (secured) (refer note c to e below)	44.49	63.17
MSME GoI guaranteed loan from bank (secured) (refer note f to g below)	15.39	24.49
MSME GoI guaranteed loan from others (secured)	-	2.26
Vehicle loans		
Indian rupee loan from bank (secured) (refer note h to i below)	4.61	5.97
Indian rupee loan from others (secured) (refer note j to m below)	5.33	3.45
	94.70	124.54
Total	209.09	255.09
Secured	209.09	255.09
Unsecured	-	-

#### Notes:

(₹ in millions)

# **Nature of Security**

#### Term loan

- In Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, the company has taken loan against property from Deutsche Bank in FY 2018-19 which is secured by equitable mortgage of property bearing no. E-28, Sector -8, Noida (U.P.). This loan has been completely prepaid by the Company during the financial year 2023-24.
- In Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, the company has taken mortgage loan from Deutsche Bank during the current financial year, which is secured by equitable mortgage on industrial property situated at 20/4, Sahibabad Industrial Area - Site -IV, Sahibabad (U.P.). The loan is also secured by personal guarantee of two directors, Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala.
- In the Holding Company, term loan from Tata Capital Limited had been obtained during the year ended 31 March 2022. The facility had been secured against: (i) Pledge of 50% of unlisted shares of Chhaya Prakashani Limited. (ii) 2nd parri passu charge on both present and future current and fixed moveable assets of S Chand And Company Limited; (iii) Personal Guarantee by Directors of the Company Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala.

# Terms of repayment

Repayable in 120 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.69 millions beginning from March 2019.

Rate of interest at 6.90% to 9.50% p.a. (31 March 2023: 9.05% to 9.50% p.a.)

Repayable in 60 equated monthly instalments of ₹ 3.15 millions beginning from April 2024.

Rate of interest at 9.50% p.a. (31 March 2023: Nil)

Repayable in 49 equal monthly installments of ₹ 2.04 millions beginning from March 2022.

Rate of interest at 10.75% p.a. (31 March 2023: 9.75% to 11.55% p.a)



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

#### **Nature of Security**

### In Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, the company has taken Indian rupee term loan from Tata Capital Limited in FY 2019-20 which is secured by equitable mortgage on industrial property situated at 20/4, Sahibabad Industrial Area, Site - IV, Sahibabad (U.P.), corporate guarantee of the Holding Company and personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala. This loan has been completely prepaid by the Company during the financial year 2023-24.

- In Chhaya Prakashani Limited, Term loan from Tata Capital Limited has been obtained in financial year 2021-22. The loan has been secured against: (i) First parri passu charge over the current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company, (ii) Irrevocable and unconditional corporate guarantee of the Holding Company, (iii) Irrevocable and unconditional personal guarantee by Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala.
- In New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited, the company has taken WCTL of ₹ 19.90 million under ECLGS from Kotak Mahindra Bank in financial year 2020-21 which carries fixed interest. Moratorium of 12 months exercised from date of first disbursement.
  - The loan is secured by way of (i) 100% Guaranteed by National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company Ltd (NCGTC) (ii) Second Pari-passu hypothecation charge on all existing and future current assets of the Borrower shared with RBL Bank (iii) Second Pari-passu hypothecation charge on all existing and future moveable fixed assets of the Borrower shared with RBL Bank.
- In New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited, the company has taken WCTL of ₹ 52.80 million under ECLGS from RBL Bank in financial year 2020-21. Moratorium of 12 months exercised from date of first disbursement.
  - The loan is secured by way of (i) 100% Guaranteed by National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company Ltd (NCGTC) (ii) Second pari passu charge by way of hypothecation on entire current assets inclusive of stock and book debts, both present and future, and (iii) Second pari passu charge by way of hypothecation on entire movable fixed assets both present and future (except those charged excl. to other banks/financial institutions) along with Kotak Mahindra Bank.
- Pursuant to merger, WCTL of ₹ 6.49 million under ECLGS from Siemens Financial Services Private Limited availed in financial year 2021-22 in the name of D S Digital Private Limited has been transferred to the Holding Company. Moratorium of 12 months exercised from date of first disbursement.

The loan is secured by way of second charge on certain equipment specified in sanction letter. The same has been repaid during the current year.

### Vehicle loans from bank/financial institutions

#### Vehicle loan from banks

- In the Holding Company, vehicle loans have been obtained from ICICI Bank, Yes Bank and Axis Bank the same are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicles. Two of the vehicle loans from Yes Bank have been fully repaid during the year.
- In Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, The Company had taken vehicle loan from Yes Bank Limited in financial year 2022-23 and the same are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicle.

#### Terms of repayment

Repayable in 78 equal monthly installments of ₹ 3.21 millions plus interest beginning from October 2019.

Rate of interest at 11.30% p.a. (31 March 2023: 10.00% to 11.00% p.a.) Repayable in 60 equal monthly installment beginning from 5 November 2021

Rate of interest 11.25% p.a. floating (31 March 2023: 10.05 % - 11.55% p.a. floating.)

Repayable in 36 monthly instalments starting from Oct-2021

Rate of interest at 8% p.a. (31 March 2023: 8% p.a.)

Repayable in 36 monthly instalments starting from Dec 2021

Floating Rate of Interest-RRLR (i.e. 9.10% p.a. + 0.15% spread)

(31 March 2023: Floating Rate of Interest- RRLR (i.e. 9.10% p.a. + 0.15% spread)

Repayable in 36 monthly instalments. Rate of interest at 12.00% (31 March 2022: 12.00%)

Repayable in 36 to 60 equal monthly installment of ₹ 0.01 to ₹ 0.15 millions.

Rate of interest at 8.25% to 12.00% (31 March 2023: 8.25% to 12.00%)

Repayable in 60 equal monthly installment of ₹ 0.06 millions.

Rate of interest at 8.80% (31 March 2023: Nil)

# Annual Report 2023-24

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Nat	ure of Security	Terms of repayment
	Vehicle loans from financial institution	
k.	In the Holding Company, vehicle loans have been obtained from Daimler Financial Services India Private Limited and Kotak Mahindra Prime limited is secured by hypothecation of respective vehicle. One of the vehicle loans from Daimler Financial	1 2
	Services India Private Limited have been fully repaid during the year.	Rate of interest at 9.81% to 11.00% (31 March 2023: 9.81% to 11.00%)
l.	In New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited, vehicle loan from M/s. Daimler Financial Services has been taken in the year 2019-20, secured by way of hypothecation of respective vehicle in favor of the Lendor. The same has been repaid during the year.	1 2
		Rate of interest at 10.75% p.a. (31 March 2023: 10.75% p.a.)
m.	In New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited, The Company had taken vehicle loan from Mercedez-Benz Financial Services India Private Limited during the current financial year and the same is secured by hypothecation of respective vehicle.	1 3
		Rate of interest at 8.74% p.a. (31 March 2023: Nil)
n.	In Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, The Company had taken vehicle loan from Mercedez-Benz Financial Services India Private Limited in financial year 2022-23 and the same are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicle.	1 3
		Rate of interest at 8.5% (31 March: 8.5%p.a)
0.	In Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, The Company had taken vehicle loan from Mercedez-Benz Financial Services India Private Limited in financial year 2023-24	
	and the same are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicle.	Rate of interest at 8.74% (31 March: Nil)

### Loan covenants

The Group is required to comply with certain debt covenants as mentioned in the loan agreement, failure of which makes the loan to be repaid on demand at the discretion of the bank. During the current financial year, there have been no default in repayment of any borrowings. Further there are no breaches in the financial covenants of any borrowings in the current year.

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial liabilities measured at fair value and amortised cost.

### 21 Lease liabilities

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Leased liability - non-current (refer note 45)	177.37	167.08
Leased liability - current (refer note 45)	69.87	80.43
Total	247.24	247.51

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial liabilities measured at fair value and amortised cost.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### 22 Provisions

(₹ in millions)

		(
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non - current		
Provision for gratuity (refer note 43)	66.98	65.26
Provision for compensated absence	43.60	29.19
	110.58	94.45
Current		
Provision for gratuity (refer note 43)	0.79	1.04
Provision for compensated absence	2.88	4.14
Provision for contingencies	-	33.51
	3.67	38.69
Total	114.25	133.14
Non current	110.58	94.45
Current	3.67	38.69

### 23 Current tax liabilities (net)

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)	16.37	118.45
	16.37	118.45

### 24 Current borrowings

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Cash credit from banks (secured) (refer note a to d below)	433.35	780.09
Indian rupee working capital demand loan from banks (secured) (refer note e to g below)	331.96	100.00
Loan from directors (unsecured) (refer note h below)	8.31	8.31
Bank overdraft	4.96	-
Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 20 on Non-current borrowings)	94.70	124.54
Total current borrowings	873.28	1,012.94
Secured	864.97	1,004.63
Unsecured	8.31	8.31

#### Notes:

In the holding Company, 'Cash credit from State Bank of India is secured by way of first pari passu charge (along with HDFC and Indian Bank) on the entire existing and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders), personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company. The loan carry interest rate of 10.10% to 11.15% p.a. (31 March 2023: 8.15% to 11.15% p.a.).

Company has further availed cash credit/dropline overdraft from RBL Bank, secured by way of subservient charge on the entire existing and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders), charge on immovable property of the Company situated at plot no. 40/2 A, site no. IV, UPSIDC industrial estate, Sahibabad and personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company. These loans carry interest rate of 9.75% p.a. (31 March 2023: 8.65% to 10.65% p.a).

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Cash credit from Indian Bank, secured by way of first pari passu charge (along with HDFC and State Bank of India) on the entire existing and future current assets and fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders), personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company. These loans carry interest rate of 8.70% to 10.65% p.a. (31 March 2023: 9.05% to 10.65% p.a).

- In New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited, cash credit from RBL Bank are secured by way of (i) first pari passu charge (along with State Bank of India and TATA Capital Limited) on entire existing and future current asset (ii) first pari passu charge on entire existing and future movable fixed assets of the company (iii) Corporate Guarantee by the Holding Company. (iv) Personal Guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala. These loans carry interest rate of 10.70% p.a (31 March 2023: 10.35% p.a).
  - Cash credit from State Bank of India, secured by way of (i) first pari passu charge (along with RBL Bank and TATA Capital Limited) on entire existing and future current asset (ii) first pari passu charge on entire existing and future movable fixed assets of the company except assets which are specifically charged to the other lenders (iii) Corporate Guarantee by the Holding Company. (iv) Personal Guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala. This loans carry interest rate of 10.10% p.a (31 March 2023: 11.15% p.a) (2% above EBLR).
- In Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, cash credit from State Bank of India and HDFC Bank are secured by way of first pari passu charge on the entire existing and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders), corporate guarantee of the Holding Company and personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company. These loans carry interest rate of 7.70% to 11.50% p.a. (31 March 2023: 7.90% to 10.70% p.a.).
- In BPI (India) Private Limited, cash credit facility carry interest rate of 12.05% per annum (31 March 2023: 12.05%) (banks 1 year MCLR) taken from IndusInd Bank. Cash credit facility are secured by exclusive charge on all current assets and movable fixed assets except vehicle specifically charged to other lender of the Company (both present and future), exclusive charge on immovable property of directors situated at DDA Flat No. D-7/7123, HIG First Floor, Vasant Kunj, New Delhi, and Property of Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. (Subsidiary of Holding Company) situated at 161718/1, Apartment No.4, 1st Floor, 4th Cross, Main Gandhi Nagar, Bangalore and corporate guarantee of the Holding Company and Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. and personal guarantee of Mr. Jai Saxena, Mrs Vidya Saxena, Mr Himanshu Gupta. The same has been repaid during the current financial year.
- In the Holding Company, working capital demand loan/cash credit from HDFC Bank was availed during the previous year and from State Bank of India has been availed during the current year. These loan carries interest rate of 7.73% to 10.40% p.a (31 March 2023: 8% to 8.75% p.a). The loan is secured by way of first pari passu charge on the entire existing and future current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company (excluding assets which are specifically charged to other lenders) and personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Directors of the Company.
- In Chhaya Prakashani Limited, the company has availed working capital demand loan/cash credit facility from Citi Bank during the current financial year. The loan has been secured against: (i) First pari-passu charge on all present and future inventory and debtors of the company. (to be shared with Tata Capital Limited) (ii) First pari-passu charge on all present and future movable fixed assets of the company. (to be shared with Tata Capital Limited) and (iii) Corporate guarantee of the Holding Company. At the end of year the company has no outstanding balance against the borrowing.
- In New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited, the company has availed working capital demand loan from Tata Capital Limited during the current financial year carrying an interest rate of 10.50% p.a., which is repayable within 90 days. The loan is secured by way of (i) first pari-passu charge (along with State Bank of India and RBL Bank) by way of hypothecation on entire current asset and movable fixed assets, both present and future. (ii) Irrevocable and unconditional corporate guarantee of the Holding Company. (iii) Irrevocable and unconditional personal guarantee of Mr. Himanshu Gupta and Mr. Dinesh Jhunjhnuwala.
- In BPI (India) Private Limited, interest free Indian rupee unsecured loan is taken from directors. It is repayable on demand and company does not have any contractual right to defer the repayment for more than 12 months.

#### Loan covenants:

The Group is required to comply with certain debt covenants as mentioned in the loan agreement, failure of which makes the loan to be repaid on demand at the discretion of the bank. No breaches of loan covenants has been noted during the year.

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial liabilities measured at fair value and amortised cost.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# 25 Trade payables

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade payables of micro enterprises and small enterprises	135.01	213.91
Trade payables of related entities (refer note 46)	-	-
Trade payables other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,382.20	864.11
Total	1,517.21	1,078.02
Non current	-	-
Current	1,517.21	1,078.02

Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 To					
	year			years		
Undisputed trade payables						
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small	146.82	-	-	-	146.82	
enterprises						
others	1,207.40	133.30	1.56	28.13	1,370.39	
Disputed trade payables						
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small	-	-	-	-	-	
enterprises						
others	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	1,354.22	133.30	1.56	28.13	1,517.21	

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			yment		
	Less than 1 1-2 years 2-3 years More than			More than 3	Total	
	year			years		
Undisputed trade payables						
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	187.84	0.90	1.12	24.05	213.91	
others	802.14	52.00	0.60	9.37	864.11	
Disputed trade payables						
outstanding due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	
others	<u>-</u> _	-	-	-		
Total	989.98	52.90	1.72	33.42	1,078.02	

There are no unbilled trade payables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial liabilities measured at fair value and amortised cost.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 26 Other financial liabilities

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest accrued but not due	1.98	2.49
Employee related liabilities	172.02	170.20
Security deposits received	0.50	4.30
Others	2.72	8.20
Total	177.22	185.19
Non current	-	-
Current	177.22	185.19

Refer note 51 for disclosure of fair values in respect of financial liabilities measured at fair value and amortised cost.

### 27 Other current liabilities

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	
Advance receieved from customers	39.69	35.02
Statutory dues payable	98.64	94.54
Others	2.08	1.40
Total	140.41	130.96

# 28 Revenue from operations

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Sale of products		
Finished goods (net of returns)	8,014.50	7,727.49
Less: Discount	(1,532.06)	(1,779.83)
Sale of services	101.74	89.75
Other operating revenue		
Scrap sale	36.93	64.27
Sale of paper	-	1.28
Export incentives	-	0.28
Others	4.68	-
Total	6,625.79	6,103.24

# Disaggregated revenue information

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	J
India	6,563.33	6,089.36
Outside India	62.46	13.88
	6,625.79	6,103.24



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### Timing of revenue recognition

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Goods transferred at a point in time	6,524.05	6,013.49
Services transferred at a point in time	101.74	89.75
	6,625.79	6,103.24

#### **Contract balances**

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Contract liabilities		
Advance receieved from customers (refer note 27)	39.69	35.02
Following table represents movement of contract liabilities:		
Opening balance of contract liabilities	35.02	31.90
Less: Amount of revenue recognised against opening contract liabilities	(35.02)	(31.90)
Add: Addition in balance of contract liabilities for current year (net of refunds)	39.69	35.02
Closing balance of contract liabilities	39.69	35.02

### Right to return asset and refund liability

(₹ in millions)

		(< III IIIIIIIIIII)
	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Refund liabilities		
Arising from discounts		
Opening provision	880.57	632.51
Less: utilisation during the year	(1,368.69)	(1,531.77)
Add: created during the year	1,532.06	1,779.83
Closing provision	1,043.94	880.57
Arising from rights of return		
Opening provision	1,008.27	952.75
Less: utilisation during the year	(1,263.57)	(1,231.97)
Add: created during the year	1,355.68	1,287.49
Closing provision	1,100.38	1,008.27
Total	2,144.32	1,888.84

### Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue as per contracted price	9,513.53	9,170.56
Adjustments		
Discount	1,532.06	1,779.83
Sales return	1,355.68	1,287.49
	6,625.79	6,103.24

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

There are no unsatisfied performance obligations.

**Statutory Reports** 

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for time value of money.

#### Performance obligation

Information about the Group's performance obligations are summarised below:

#### Finished goods

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the goods to the transporter designated by the customer or to the customer whichever is earlier.

The customer has a right to return material to an extent as may be agreed upon with each customer or within the limits as may be determined by the Group. The customer is also eligible for discounts based on achievement of revenue targets as may be agreed.

#### Services

The performance obligation is satisfied as per terms of each contract with the customer.

#### 29 Other incomes

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Interest income on:		
- Bank deposits *	11.36	4.43
- Income tax refund *	0.47	3.27
- Others *	0.94	0.58
Gain on sale of current investments (net)	29.24	81.97
Net gains on fair value changes**	38.78	126.93
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain (net)	0.11	0.34
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts	0.88	42.48
Liability written back	2.92	29.16
Management services	-	1.86
Others	14.02	38.09
Total	98.72	329.11

<sup>\*</sup> underlying assets on which income is recognised are carried at amortised cost.

<sup>\*\*</sup> underlying assets on which income is recognised are carried at fair value through profit and loss.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

# 30 Cost of published goods/material consumed

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	445.99	297.26
Add: Purchases	2,384.80	2,480.26
	2,830.79	2,777.52
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	(647.03)	(445.99)
Cost of published goods/material consumed	2,183.76	2,331.53

### 31 Purchase of stock-in-trade

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	· ·
Traded books	66.74	11.20
Paper	0.02	1.77
Others	9.40	0.31
Total	76.16	13.28

# 32 Decrease/ (increase) in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade

(₹ in millions)

		( m minions)
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventory at the end of the year		
Finished goods	1,111.01	1,106.08
Work in progress	3.37	9.92
	1,114.38	1,116.00
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	1,106.08	976.50
Work in progress	9.92	1.85
	1,116.00	978.35
Changes in inventories	1.62	(137.64)

# **Employee benefits expense**

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,354.58	1,232.19
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 43)	100.73	93.95
Employee stock option expense (refer note 44)	2.50	2.70
Staff welfare expenses	45.09	35.60
Total	1,502.90	1,364.44

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### 34 Finance costs

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Interest expense		
- On borrowings	92.85	136.10
- On lease liability	25.12	24.51
- On other liabilities	26.15	26.65
Loan processing fee	7.74	19.22
Other finance costs	0.82	0.23
Total	152.68	206.71

# 35 Depreciation and amortisation expense

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	98.35	76.97
Depriciation of right-of-use assets (refer note 4)	98.62	109.09
Amortisation of intangible assets (refer note 6)	265.00	277.54
Total	461.97	463.60

# 36 Other expenses

( in minimus)		
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Publication expenses		
Royalty expenses	370.93	353.57
Power and fuel	50.44	51.95
Other publishing expenses	103.78	123.35
Total publication expenses (A)	525.15	528.87
Rent	39.32	23.17
Repairs and maintenance:		
- Plant and equipments	3.95	1.77
- Buildings	5.09	4.90
- Others	69.43	48.90
Insurance	30.54	28.25
Rates and taxes	6.15	5.04
Communication cost	13.46	17.90
Legal and professional fee	104.69	84.87
Donations	37.80	27.36
Bad debt written off	14.77	42.89
Provision for doubtful receivables	109.64	29.70
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	4.69	7.56
Office expenses	37.33	29.50



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Corporate social responsibility expenses	9.72	5.07
Director sitting fees	2.47	2.27
Fair value loss on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	1.88	2.37
Advertisement, publicity and exhibition	236.60	148.74
Freight and cartage outward	143.75	155.39
Travelling and conveyance	205.67	180.40
Vehicle running and maintenance	11.93	10.52
Packing and dispatch expenses	29.11	31.68
Goodwill written off	30.57	23.83
Impairment of intangible assets	5.65	-
Miscellaneous expenses	83.57	127.98
Total other expenses (B)	1,237.78	1,040.06
Total other expenses (A+B)	1,762.93	1,568.93

### 37 Smartivity Labs Private Limited

The Group has a 15.90% (31 March 2023: 15.90%) interest in Smartivity Labs Private Limited (associate upto 21 June 2022), which is primarily engaged in the business of early learning through Augmented Reality (AR) and STEM DIY kits (Science, Technology and Maths). Smartivity Labs Private Limited is a private entity that is not listed on any public exchange.

The Group's interest in Smartivity Labs Private Limited includes the share of net loss after tax of ₹ 1.11 million, and total comprehensive loss of ₹ 1.11 million for the year ended 31 March 2023 is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements upto 21 June 2022 as the Holding Company lost significant influence on this date.

### 38 Exceptional expenses

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	9
Profit on sale of investment (refer note below)	-	156.28
Total	-	156.28

Note:

The Group has recorded the following as exceptional items:

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group had disposed off its investment in Testbook Edu Solutions Private Limited and has recognised a gain amounting to ₹ 156.28 million.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### 39 Income tax

Tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Current tax:		
Current income tax charge	195.43	293.73
Tax relating to earlier years	(71.25)	(31.92)
Adjustments to taxes pursuant to merger	(143.40)	-
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	11.67	(61.06)
Adjustments to taxes pursuant to merger	78.57	
	71.02	200.75

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Accounting profit before tax	582.49	776.67
Tax at India's statutory income tax rate of 27.82% (31 March 2023: 29.12%)	162.05	226.17
Adjustments:		
Adjustments in respect of tax related to previous years	(71.25)	(31.92)
Impact of merger	(64.83)	-
Tax impact of non-deductible expenses	30.59	10.42
Impact of items charged at lower tax rate	(1.51)	-
Impact of changes in tax rate	16.71	-
Taxable income/ items on which tax credit created eliminated in consolidated financial statements	-	(9.69)
Other adjustments	(0.73)	5.77
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	71.02	200.75
At the effective income tax rate of 12.19% (31 March 2023: 25.85%)	71.02	200.75

### 40 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations.

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Group	511.47	575.92
Weighted average number of equity shares used for computing earning per share (basic) (shares in millions)	35.21	35.08
Add: Adjustment for options related to ESOP *	0.00	0.05
Weighted average number of equity shares used for computing earning per share (diluted) (shares in millions)	35.21	35.13
Basic EPS	14.53	16.42
Diluted EPS	14.53	16.40

<sup>\*</sup>rounded off to zero.

- 41 The National Curriculum Framework for School Education (NCF-SE) was released by the Hon'ble Union Minister of Education, Skill Development and Entrepreneurship in August, 2023. This is the first ever integrated Curriculum Framework for children between ages 3-18 years in India. It is a direct outcome of the 5+3+3+4 curricular and pedagogical structure that National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 has come out with for School Education. This is in follow-up to the NCF of the Foundational Stage (NCF-FS) which was released in October 2022. The management believes that since the New Curriculum has been announced after a gap of 18 years, it would substantially reduce the second-hand book market, and which would spur strong volume growth. Further, management believes that there is no material impact on the inventory of the Group.
- The Board of Directors of the Holding Company and two of the subsidiary companies, Chhaya Prakashani Limited and Vikas Publishing House Limited have recommended a dividend of INR 3.00 (60%) per equity share of INR 5.00/- each, INR 250.00 (250%) per equity share of INR 100.00 each/- and INR 750.00 (750%) per equity share of INR 100.00 each/- respectively for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 subject to the approval of shareholders. The Board of Directors of the Holding Company had recommended a dividend of INR 3.00 (60%) per equity share of INR 5.00/- each for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 which was subsequently approved by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting held on 26 September 2023 and paid thereof. In respect of dividend declared and paid during the year ended 31 March 2024 by one subsidiary company, subsidiary company has complied with the provisions of section 123 of the Act, except for not transferring amount of dividend to separate bank account within the timeline specified in sub-section (4) of section 123 of the Act.

#### 43 Employee benefits

#### a. Defined contribution plan

An amount of ₹ 65.72 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 66.63 millions) for the year has been recognised as an expense in respect of the Group's contributions towards Provident Fund, an amount of ₹ 2.06 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 2.34 millions) for the year has been recognised as an expense in respect of Group's contributions towards Employee State Insurance, which are deposited with the government authorities/approved pension funds and an amount of ₹ 4.41 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 3.74 millions) for the year has been recognised as an expense in respect of the Group's contributions towards National Pension Scheme, which are deposited with the National Pension System Trust have been included under employee benefit expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Gratuity

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the Gratuity Act, employees are entitled to specific benefit at the time of retirement or termination of the employment on completion of five years or death while in employement. The level of benefit provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at the time of retirement/termination age.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months subject to a maximum of ₹2.00 million. The scheme is funded with insurance companies in the form of qualifying insurance policies.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognised in the profit and loss account and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for Gratuity Plan.

## Statement of profit & loss account

Net employee benefit expense recognised in employee cost:

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Current service cost	23.98	18.04
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost on defined obligation	11.25	8.46
Expected return on plan assets	(6.71)	(5.26)
	28.52	21.24

### Amount recognised in other comprehensive income:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Actuarial (losses)/gains on obligation	(31.71)	(26.49)
Actuarial losses/(gains) on assets	12.97	(2.75)
	(18.74)	(29.24)

### **Balance sheet**

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Opening defined benefit obligation	177.91	138.86
Current service cost	23.98	18.04
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost	11.25	8.46
Benefits paid from plan assets	(8.63)	(8.63)
Benefits paid directly by employer	(4.92)	(5.31)
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligation	31.71	26.49
Acquisition/ divestiture	2.23	
Closing defined benefit obligation	233.53	177.91



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

## Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Opening fair value of plan assets	111.61	90.32
Expected return	6.71	5.26
Contributions by employer	42.85	25.51
Benefits paid	(8.63)	(8.63)
Actuarial gain	12.97	(2.75)
Others	0.25	1.90
Closing fair value of plan assets	165.76	111.61
Provision for gratuity (net of plan assets)	67.77	66.30
Non-current	66.98	65.26
Current	0.79	1.04

The expected contribution to the defined benefit plan in future years ₹ 13.30 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 8.39 million).

The scheme is funded through an Trust.

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	,
Investments with insurer	100%	100%

The economic and demographic assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations for the company's plans are shown below:

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Discount rate	6.47% to 7.49%	5.87% to 7.31%
Expected rate of return on assets	7.22% to 7.70%	6.90% to 7.70%
Expected rate of salary increase	7% to 12%	6% to 10%
Retirement age (in years)	58- 60 years	58- 60 years
Employee turnover :-		
- For service upto 5 years	3% to 15%	3% to 15%
- For service more than 5 years	1% to 15%	1% to 15%
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The impact of sensitivity analysis due to changes in the significant actuarial assumptions on the defined benefit obligations is given in below table:

	Change in assumptions		
Discount rate	+ 1%	197.34	103.62
	- 1%	251.43	192.99
Expected rate of salary increase	+ 1%	247.36	185.68
	- 1%	199.46	100.62

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

#### The above defined benefit plan exposes the Company to following risks:

#### Investment risk:

For funded plans that rely on insurers for managing the assets, the value of assets certified by the insurer may not be the fair value of instruments backing the liability. In such cases, the present value of the assets is independent of the future discount rate. This can result in wide fluctuations in the net liability or the funded status if there are significant changes in the discount rate during the inter-valuation period.

#### Market risk (interest risk):

Market risk is a collective term for risks that are related to the changes and fluctuations of the financial markets. The discount rate reflects the time value of money. An increase in discount rate leads to decrease in defined benefit obligation of the plan benefits & vice versa. This assumption depends on the yields on the corporate/government bonds and hence the valuation of liability is exposed to fluctuations in the yields as at the valuation date.

#### Longevity risk:

The impact of longevity risk will depend on whether the benefits are paid before retirement age or after. Typically for the benefits paid on or before the retirement age, the longevity risk is not very material.

### Actuarial risk:

#### Salary increase assumption

Actual salary increase that are higher than the assumed salary escalation, will result in increase to the obligation at a rate that is higher than expected.

## Attrition/withdrawal assumption

If actual withdrawal rates are higher than assumed withdrawal rates, the benefits will be paid earlier than expected. Similarly if the actual withdrawal rates are lower than assumed, the benefits will be paid later than expected. The impact of this will depend on the demography of the company and the financials assumptions.

## Regulatory risk:

Any changes to the current Regulations by the Government, will increase (in most cases) or decrease the obligation which is not anticapated. Sometimes, the increase is many fold which will impact the financials quite significantly.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The following are expected future cash flows to the defined benefit plan (undiscounted):

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Year 1	7.28	8.39
Year 2	12.12	10.93
Year 3	11.63	11.59
Year 4	6.79	12.82
Year 5	10.59	8.35
Year 6 to 10	74.75	57.14
Above 10 years	509.55	369.30

### Other long-term employee benefits

An amount of ₹ 13.84 millions (31 March 2023 : ₹ 6.84 millions) pertains to expense towards compensated absences and included in "employee benefit expense".

#### 44 Employee stock option plans

The Holding Company provides share-based payment schemes to its employees. During the year ended 31 March 2023, Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2012 (Scheme 2012) and Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2018 (Scheme 2018) were in existence. The Holding Company has further instituted the ESOP Scheme 2023 (the "ESOP 2023") in the current year. The relevant details of the schemes and the grant are as below.

## Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2012 (Scheme 2012):

On 30 June 2012, the board of directors approved the Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2012 (Scheme 2012) for issue of stock options to the eligible employees. According to Scheme 2012, two types of options were granted by the Company to the eligible employees viz Growth and Thankyou option and were entitled to 2,194 and 292 options respectively. The options were subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions, viz., continuing employment with the Company. However in case of Growth options, in addition to this the board may also specify the certain corporate, individual or a combination performance parameters subject to which the option would vest.

#### **Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2018 (Scheme 2018):**

Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2018 (Scheme 2018) was approved by shareholders on 25 September 2018, for issue of stock options to the eligible employees. According to Scheme 2018, eligible employees will be granted 190,000 options. The options were subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions, viz., continuing employment with the Company.

### Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2023 (Scheme 2023):

Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2023 (Scheme 2023) was approved by shareholders on 26 September 2023, for issue of stock options to the eligible employees. According to Scheme 2023, eligible employees will be granted 300,000 options. The options were subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions, viz., continuing employment with the Company.

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The other relevant terms of the grants in respect of both schemes outstanding as at 31 March 2024 (previous year 31 March 2023) are below:

	Grant IX	Grant X	Grant XI	Grant XII
Scheme	Scheme 2018	Scheme 2012	Scheme 2012	Scheme 2023
Date of grant	9 June 2021	22 June 2021	11 August 2023	21 November 2023
Date of Board approval	9 June 2021	22 June 2021	11 August 2023	21 November 2023
Date of Shareholder's approval	25 September 2018	22 June 2021	25 September 2018	26 September 2023
Number of options granted	190,000	12,000	11,834	29,462
Method of settlement (Cash/Equity)	Equity	Equity	Equity	Equity
Vesting Period	Year 1- 100%	Year 1- 100%	Year 1- 100%	Year 1- 100%
Exercise price	80.19	91.62	103.98	127.17
Fair value of shares at the time of grant (in INR)*	60.36	55.79	106.27	160.33

Exercise Price

Fair value of share at the time of grant (in INR)\*

#### The details of activities under Grant IX are summarized below:

	31 March 2024		31 Marc	ch 2023
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	77,000	80.19	190,000	80.19
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited/ expired during the year	4,000	80.19	-	-
Exercised during the year	58,000	80.19	113,000	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	15,000	80.19	77,000	80.19
Exercisable at the end of the year	15,000	80.19	77,000	80.19

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant IX as at 31 March 2024 is 0.19 years.

#### The details of activities under Grant X are summarized below:

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	8,000	91.62	12,000	91.62
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited/ expired during the year	-	-	4,000	91.62
Exercised during the year	3,000	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	5,000	91.62	8,000	91.62
Exercisable at the end of the year	5,000	91.62	8,000	91.62

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant X as at 31 March 2024 is 0.23 years.

<sup>\*</sup>The fair value of options granted has been determined as per the Black Scholes valuation model



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> The Holding Company had granted 11,834 options during the year ended 31 March 2024. The details of activities under Grant XI are summarized below:

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	11,834	103.98	-	-
Forfeited/ expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	11,834	103.98	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the year	11,834	103.98		-

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant XI as at 31 March 2024 is 2.36 years.

The Holding Company had granted 11,834 options during the year ended 31 March 2024. The details of activities under Grant XII are summarized below:

	31 March 2024		31 Marc	31 March 2023	
	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	No. of options	WAEP (in ₹)	
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-	
Granted during the year	29,462	127.17	-	-	
Forfeited/ expired during the year	-	-	-	-	
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	29,462	127.17	-	-	
Exercisable at the end of the year	29,462	127.17			

The weighted average remaining contractual life for option outstanding under Grant XII as at 31 March 2024 is 2.64 years.

The expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss arising from Scheme 2012 and Scheme 2023 amounted to ₹ 2.50 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 2.70 million).

The Black Scholes valuation model has been used for computing the weighted average fair value considering the following inputs:

	Grant IX	Grant X	Grant XI	Grant XII
	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	31 March 2024	31 March 2024
Dividend yield (%)	0.31%	0.31%	0.85%	0.85%
Expected volatility	71.54%	70.90%	46.38%	47.44%
Risk-free interest rate	4.51%	4.43%	6.99%	7.01%
Weighted average fair market price (₹)	115.55	116.15	144.84	144.84
Exercise price (₹)	80.19	91.62	103.98	127.17
Expected life of options granted in years	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Weighted average fair value of option at the time of grant (₹)	60.36	55.79	106.27	160.33

Each vest has been considered as a separate grant with weights assigned to each vesting as per the vesting schedule. The minimum life of a stock option is the minimum period before which the options cannot be exercised and the maximum life is the period after which the options cannot be exercised. The expected life has been calculated as an average of minimum and maximum life.

The volatility for periods corresponding to the respective expected lives of the different vests, prior to the grant date has been considered. The daily volatility of the Holding Company's stock price on stock exchanges over these years has been considered.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

## 45 Leases

Following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2024:

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of reporting year	385.80	380.24
Additions (refer note 4)	93.46	153.04
Deletions/ adjustments	(1.99)	(38.39)
Amortisation expense (refer note 35)	(98.62)	(109.09)
Balance at the end of reporting year	378.65	385.80

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during the period:

(₹ in millions)

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Balance as at the beginning of reporting year	247.51	249.36
Additions	93.46	153.04
Accretion of interest	25.12	24.51
Deletion during the year	(1.99)	(38.39)
Gain on modification of lease	-	(10.35)
Payments	(116.86)	(130.66)
Balance as at the end of reporting year	247.24	247.51
Non-current	177.37	167.08
Current	69.87	80.43

## Contractual maturities of lease liabilities

(₹ in millions)

		Year ended 31 March 2024	
-	Within one year	69.87	80.43
-	1-5 years	116.41	91.40
-	More than 5 years	60.96	75.68
		247.24	247.51

## The following are the amounts recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss:

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	98.62	109.09
Interest expense on lease liabilities	25.12	24.51
Expense relating to other than non-current leases (included in other expenses) #	39.32	23.17
Gain on modification of lease	-	(10.35)
Total amount recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	163.06	146.42

<sup>#</sup> Lease payments not recognised as a liability



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

> The Group has elected not to recognise a lease liability for current leases (leases with an expected term of 12 months or less) or for leases of low value assets. Payments made under such leases are expensed on a straight-line basis. The Company does not have any liability to make variable lease payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset recognised in the financials.

> Total cash outflow for current leases and leases of low value for the year ended 31 March 2024 was ₹ 39.32 millions (31 March 2023 : ₹ 23.17 millions).

> The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on balance

		No of right-of-use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term		No of leases with termination options
Bui	ldings					
-	31 March 2024	49	0-9 years	2.49	9	None
-	31 March 2023	51	0-9 years	1.64	9	None
Lan	d					
-	31 March 2024	3	50-51 years	50.12	None	None
-	31 March 2023	3	51-52 years	51.04	None	None

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and align with the Group business needs. Management exercises significant judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

The aggregate depreciation on ROU assets has been included under depreciation and amortisation expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## 46 Related party disclosure

### Names of related parties and related party relationship

Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year: Enterprises over which Key Management : Hotel Tourist (Partnership firm) personnel or their relatives exercise SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited significant influence : S Chand Properties Private Limited : RKG Hospitalities Private Limited S Chand Hotels Private Limited Shyam Lal Charitable Trust Smartivity Labs Private Limited (upto 21 June 2022) Associates of Holding Company

#### Key Management Personnel (KMP) & their relatives

Mrs. Savita Gupta	: Non- Executive Director
Mr. Himanshu Gupta	: Managing Director
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala	: Whole-time Director
Mr. Gaurav Jhunjhnuwala	: Non- Executive Director
Mr. Desh Raj Dogra	: Non-Executive, Independent Director
Mrs. Archana Capoor	: Non-Executive, Independent Director
Mr. Rajagopalan Chandrashekar	: Non-Executive, Independent Director
Mr. Saurabh Mittal	: Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Jagdeep Singh	: Company Secretary
Relatives of KMP	: Mr. Ravindra Kumar Gupta (father of Mr. Himanshu Gupta)
	: Mrs. Neerja Jhunjhnuwala (wife of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala)

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

### b. Details of related party transactions

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars	Category	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Nature of transactions			
Expenses			
Purchase of goods and services			
SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key	0.36	0.04
S Chand Hotels Private Limited	Management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence	0.15	-
Other expenses			
S Chand Properties Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key Management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence	0.29	0.49
Rent paid			
S Chand Properties Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key	5.83	0.12
SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited	Management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence	11.64	11.09
Subtotal		18.27	11.74
Remuneration to KMP *			
Short term employee benefits	Key Management Personnel (KMP)	67.79	67.17
Post-employment benefits		-	-
Other long-term benefits		-	
Subtotal		67.79	67.17
Reimbursement of expenses			
SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key	-	0.04
Hotel Tourist	Management personnel or their	-	0.14
S Chand Properties Private Limited	relatives exercise significant influence	-	2.18
Subtotal		-	2.36

## b. Details of related party balances

Particulars	Category	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Loans			
RKG Hospitalities Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key	0.29	0.29
S Chand Properties Private Limited	Management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence	-	-
Subtotal		0.29	0.29
Security deposit			
SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key	4.20	4.60
S Chand Properties Private Limited	Management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence	3.70	-
Subtotal		7.90	4.60



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Category	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Loans and advances to KMP and their relatives			
Mr. Saurabh Mittal	Key Management Personnel (KMP) &	0.26	1.13
Ravindra Kumar Gupta	their relatives	0.17	0.18
Subtotal		0.43	1.31
Liabilities			
Employee related liabilities*	Key Management Personnel (KMP)		
Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala		0.60	0.49
Mr. Himanshu Gupta		0.49	0.99
Mr. Saurabh Mittal		0.69	0.76
Mr. Jagdeep Singh		0.40	0.43
Subtotal		2.18	2.67

<sup>\*</sup> Does not include gratuity and compensated absences, since the provision is based upon actuarial for the Group as a whole.

## Terms of conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made in the ordinary course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. The settlement of outstanding balances as at year end occurs in cash.

Refer notes 20 and 24 which describes borrowings that are secured against the personal guarantees from certain directors.

## **Contingent liabilities and commitments**

### Contingent liabilities

Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Claims made by direct tax authorities:		
Income tax demand (refer note 'a' to 'd' below)	189.92	256.32
Claims made by indirect tax authorities:		
Goods and service tax (refer note 'e' below)	5.21	-
VAT claim by U. P. VAT Act.	-	2.75
Others:		
Stamp duty (refer note 'f' below)	27.10	95.01
Registration fee (refer note 'f' below)	0.03	9.15

## Notes:

In the Holding Company, in respect of Assessment Year 2015-16, a disallowance under section 36(1)(va) read with section 2(24)(x) of the Income Tax Act, a demand has been raised on account of disallowance of payment made towards employee's contribution to Provident Fund after the due date of payment but before the due date of filling return and disallowance of unexplained expenditure u/s 69 C of the Income Tax Act. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 0.72 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 0.72 million).

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

- b. Persuant to scheme of amalgamation (refer note 53), the understated liabilities pertaining to the merged Companies have been transferred to Holding Company:
  - 1. In respect of Assessment Year 2018-19, a demand order for the payment of additional tax liability due to application of lower tax rate (25% instead of 30%) had been received. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 1.92 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 1.92 million).
  - 2. In respect of Assessment Year 2018-19, a disallowance under sections 40(a)(ia), provision for bad debts u/s 36(1)(vii), 69 & 69C on account of unexplained investment, & depreciation claimed thereon of the Income-tax Act respectively. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 73.18 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 73.18 million).
  - 3. In respect of Assessment Year 2020-21, a disallowance under sections 36(1)(va) and 69 & 69C on account of unexplained investment, & depreciation claimed thereon of the Income-tax Act respectively. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 79.31 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 79.31 million).
  - 4. In respect of Assessment Year 2021-22, a disallowance of leave encashment expenses claimed by the Company. The matter is pending with CIT (A). The amount involved is ₹ 0.36 million (31 March 2023: NIL)."
- c. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited has received an intimation under section 143(1) of Income Tax Act, with the demand of ₹ 9.71 million whereas the Company has claimed the refund of ₹ 1.52 million in Income Tax return for AY 2019-20. There is a difference of ₹ 11.23 million between self assessment in Income tax return and assessment as per Income tax CPC. The major reason for difference is due to the wrong tax rate charged by CPC. The Company has filed the appeal with CIT(A) for the rectification in CPC assessment and the Company believes that CIT (A) will allow the appeal and correct the deamand notice.
- d. In Chhaya Prakashani Limited, the Company has some ongoing disputes with Income Tax Authorities relating to ₹ 13.80 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 11.21 million) owing to certain disallowances of expenses. The Company has recognised a contingent liability in respect of tax demands which are being contested by the Company based on the management evaluation. The Company has paid tax under protest amounting ₹ 2.40 millions (31 March 2023: ₹ 2.40 million).
- e. In Edutor Technologies Private Limited, during the FY 2020-21, The company has received demand order dated 30 June 2020 from Additional Commissioner for a demand of ₹ 5.21 million related to FY 2016-17. Against this order, an appeal was filed before Principal Commissioner (Appeals-I). Principal Commissioner (Appeals-I) has dismissed the appeal and upheld the impugned order vide its order dated 09-07-2021. The Company has filed further appeal before higher authority on 17-11-2021 and for this pre-deposit amount of ₹ 0.51 million is deposited. Further, the company has also received demand order from Commissioner (Appeals) for a demand of ₹ 4.19 million related to FY 2014-15 and FY 2015-16. The company has appealed against such order in CESTAT and for this pre-deposit amount of ₹ 0.56 million is paid. During the FY 2022-23, all the proceedings has been dropped off in this matter."
- f. During the year 2015-16, the Holding Company received notice under Indian Stamp Act, 1899 for non-payment of stamp duty ontransfer of property on amalgamation and demerger held in the financial year 2011-12. The district registrar contented that order of Hon'ble High Court for amalgamation and demerger does not grants exemption in respect of payment of stamp duty. During the year 2017-18, the Company has also received a demand notice from the Sub-Registrar under section 80A of the Registration Act, 1908 wherein the authority has directed the Company to pay additional registration fee of ₹ 0.03 million (31 March 2023: 9.15 million) and stamp duty of ₹ 27.01 million (31 March 2023: 95.01 million). Pursuant to the department's order, it is estimated that the Company shall be liable to pay stamp duty and registration fees of a maximum of ₹ 27.10 million and ₹ 0.03 million respectively based on the value of the immovable assets as may be calculated by the department. The determination of whether value is to be the value as specified in the order or market value remains uncertain. The



for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

company is awaiting adjudication of the stamp duty by the Registrar to ascertain liability net of the amount already paid. As per the legal opinion obtained, management is of the view that no liability would accrue on the Company on account of such case. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the books of account for the same."

The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its consolidated financial statements. The Group also believes that the above issues, when finally settled, are not likely to have any significant impact on the financial position of the Group. It is not practicable for the Group to estimate the timing of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of respective proceedings. The Group does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.

#### Commitments

(₹ in millions)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Relating to export promotion capital goods commitment	-	20.48

## 48 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

The amount of foreign currency exposure that are not hedged by derivative instrument or otherwise as on 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 are as under:

(₹ in millions)

	Foreign currency	Amount in foreign currency		reign currency Amount in foreign currency	Amoun	Amount in INR	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
Trade receivable	USD	0.39	0.30	32.70	24.31		
	DIRHAM	0.06	-	1.33	-		
	QAR	-	0.23	-	5.08		
	AED	-	0.06	-	1.38		
Trade payable	GBP	0.00	0.01	0.03	1.14		
	USD	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.09		

Exchange Rate for 1 USD = ₹83.37 (previous year 1 USD = ₹82.18)

Exchange Rate for 1 GBP = ₹ 105.28 (previous year 1 GBP = ₹101.49)

Exchange Rate for 1 QAR = Nil (previous year 1 QAR= ₹ 22.58)

Exchange Rate for 1 AED = Nil (previous year 1AED= ₹ 22.38)

Exchange Rate for 1 DIRHAM = ₹ 22.68

Refer note 49 for sensitivity analysis.

### Financial Instruments:- Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities, comprise of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include investments in equity shares, advances to related party, trade and other receivables, security deposits, cash and short-term deposits that are derived directly from its operations.

**Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks and advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Group. The board provides assurance to the shareholders that the Group's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

The Group is exposed to following type of market risk:-

- interest rate risk, a)
- foreign currency risk and b)
- c) price risk

Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings and investments

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of floating to fixed interest rates of the debt and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant in place at 31 March 2024.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions. The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks.

#### Interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt obligations with fixed interest rates.

### Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Group to the interest rate risk.

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Variable rate borrowings	894.29	880.09
Fixed rate borrowings	188.08	387.94
Total borrowings	1,082.37	1,268.03



for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected, after the impact of hedge accounting. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

(₹ in millions)

	Increase/decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on total equity
As at 31 March 2024			
Borrowings	+0.50%	4.47	3.25
	(0.50%)	(4.47)	(3.25)
As at 31 March 2023			
Borrowings	+0.50%	(4.44)	(3.15)
	(0.50%)	4.44	3.15

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Group does not hedge its foreign currency exposure, however the sensitivity analysis is as given below for the currencies, in which Group has foreign exposure:

(₹ in millions)

	Changes in foreign currency rates	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on total equity
For the year ended 31 March 2024			
USD	+0.5%	0.16	0.12
	(0.50%)	(0.16)	(0.12)
DIRHAM	+0.5%	0.01	0.00
	(0.50%)	(0.01)	(0.00)
Other foreign currency exposure	+0.5%	(0.00)	(0.00)
	(0.50%)	0.00	0.00
For the year ended 31 March 2023			
USD	+0.5%	0.12	0.09
	(0.50%)	(0.12)	(0.09)
QAR	+0.5%	0.03	0.02
	(0.50%)	(0.03)	(0.02)
AED	+0.5%	0.01	0.00
	(0.50%)	(0.01)	(0.00)
Other foreign currency exposure	+0.5%	(0.01)	(0.00)
	(0.50%)	0.01	0.00

Refer note 48 for unhedged foreign currency exposure.

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### c. Price risk

#### Other price risk

The Group's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities.

The price risk related to investment in mutual fund schemes is not significant considering the relatively short tenure of underlying portfolio of the mutual fund schemes in which the Group has invested.

The price risk related to investment in quoted equity instruments is not significant since such investments are not material.

The following table summarises the sensitivity to change in the price of investment in unlisted equity securities held by the Group:

(₹ in millions)

Annual Report 2023-24

	Changes in prices	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on total equity
For the year ended 31 March 2024			
Unlisted equity instruments	+15%	30.70	22.16
	(15%)	(30.70)	(22.16)
Listed equity instruments	+15%	0.53	0.37
	(15%)	(0.53)	(0.37)
For the year ended 31 March 2023			
Unlisted equity instruments	+15%	22.51	16.37
	(15%)	(22.51)	(16.37)
Listed equity instruments	+15%	0.30	0.22
	(15%)	(0.30)	(0.22)

## Commodity risk

Commodity price risk arises due to fluctuation in prices of papers. The Group has risk management framework aimed at prudently managing the risk arising from volatility in the commodity prices. The Group's commodity risk is managed centrally through well established control processes. Further the selling price of finished goods fluctuates due to fluctuation in price of papers and the Group expects that the net impact of such fluctuation would not be material.

#### B. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk from its operating activities (except trade receivables), including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables (net) before adjustment of expected credit loss provision of ₹ 481.72 millions (31 March 2023 ₹ 373.85 million) as of the reporting date is as follows:



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

(₹ in millions)

Age bracket	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31 March 2024						
Trade receivables (gross)	2,288.09	224.89	205.28	103.78	261.14	3,083.18
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(0.28)	(18.12)	(121.46)	(80.92)	(261.14)	(481.93)
Trade receivables (net)	2,287.81	206.77	83.82	22.86	-	2,601.26
Expected credit loss %	0%	8%	59%	78%	100%	16%
As at 31 March 2023						
Trade receivables (gross)	2,464.42	142.46	110.51	54.45	254.86	3,026.70
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(0.21)	(28.57)	(42.94)	(51.65)	(250.47)	(373.85)
Trade receivables (net)	2,464.21	113.88	67.57	2.80	4.38	2,652.85
Expected credit loss %	0%	20%	39%	95%	98%	12%

The movement in the allowance for expected credit loss in respect of trade receivables is as follows:

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	373.85	410.47
Additions/ (write back) (net)	108.76	(12.78)
Write off (net of recovery)	(0.89)	(23.84)
Balance at the end of the year	481.72	373.85

#### Expected credit loss for security deposits and other financial assets

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Category	Asset group	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probablility of default	Expected credit loss	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Loss allowance measured at 12 months ECL	High quality assets, negligible risk	Security deposit Others	34.67 6.04	0.00%	-	34.67 6.04

### Treasury related credit risk

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and other deposits with the banks is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by external credit rating agencies, accordinglt the Compny consideres that the related credit risk is low. Impairment on these items is measured on 12- month expected credit loss basis.

#### Significant Increase in Credit Risk (SICR)

The Company considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when on any financial instrument if the payment is more than 30 days past due on its contractual payments.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts and bank loans. The Group's approach to managing liquidity to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liability when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

reputation. The Group closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, borrowing liabilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, profile of financial assets and liabilities. It maintain adequate sources of financing including loans from banks at an optimised cost. The table below provides the details regarding contractual maturities of financial liabilities.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
On demand		
- Borrowings (excluding interest)	778.58	888.40
	778.58	888.40
Less than 1 year		
- Borrowings (excluding interest)	94.70	124.54
- Lease liabilities	69.87	80.43
- Trade payables	1,517.21	1,078.02
- Other financial liabilities	177.22	185.19
	1,859.00	1,468.18
More than 1 year		
- Borrowings (excluding interest)	209.09	255.09
- Lease liabilities	177.37	167.08
	386.46	422.17

Details of undrawn facilities of the Group from banks and financial institutions (fund based as well as non fund based):

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Working capital demand loans and cash credit	1,114.69	569.61
Non-fund based	25.57	35.57
	1,140.26	605.18

## 50 Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Holding Company. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Group seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group's policy is to keep the gearing ratio less than 30%. The Group measures underlying net debt as total liabilities, comprising interest bearing loans and borrowings, excluding any dues to subsidiaries or group companies less cash and cash equivalents. For the purpose of capital management, total capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group, as applicable.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Group's adjusted net debt to equity ratio as at 31 March 2024 is as follows:

(₹ in millions)

		( m mmons)
Gearing Ratio	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Borrowings (note 20 and 24) (including current maturities)	1,082.37	1,268.03
Less: cash and cash equivalents (note 16)	(1,208.43)	(768.53)
Adjusted net debt (A)	(126.06)	499.50
Equity	9,439.15	9,039.71
Total equity (B)	9,439.15	9,039.71
Total equity and net debt [C = (A+B)]	9,313.09	9,539.21
Gearing ratio (A/C)	NA	5.24%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. During the year, there have been no breach of financial covenants.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

### 51 Fair Values

The Carrying values of financial instruments by categories is as under:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars		31 March 2024			31 March 2023	
	Amortised	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised	FVTPL	FVTOCI
	cost			cost		
Assets						
Non-current financial assets						
- Investments	-	219.16	-	-	152.52	-
<ul> <li>Other financial assets</li> </ul>	36.16	-	-	83.49	-	-
Current financial assets						
- Investments	-	401.95	-	-	344.53	
- Trade receivables	2,601.46	-	-	2,652.85	-	-
<ul> <li>Cash and Cash equivalents</li> </ul>	1,208.43	-	-	768.53	-	-
- Bank balances other than cash and	64.13	-	-	38.45	-	-
cash equivalents						
<ul> <li>Other financial assets</li> </ul>	31.88	-	-	41.77	-	-
Non-current financial liabilities						
- Borrowings	209.09	-	-	255.09	-	-
- Lease liabilities	177.37	-	-	167.08	-	-
Current financial liabilities						
- Borrowings	873.28	-	-	1,012.94	-	-
- Lease liabilities	69.87	-	-	80.43	-	-
- Trade payables	1,517.21	-	-	1,078.02	-	-
- Other financial liabilities	177.22	-	-	185.19	-	-

The following assumptions/ methods were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets, trade payable and other current financial liabilities are considered to be same as their carrying values due to their short term nature.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

- ii) Fair value of quoted financial instruments is based on quoted market price at the reporting date.
- iii) The carrying amount of other items carried at amortized cost are reasonable approximation of their fair value.
- iv) The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair values of the quoted notes and bonds are based on price quotations at the reporting date.

Fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2024:

**Statutory Reports** 

(₹ in millions)

		Fair value measurement using		
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Asse	ets measured at fair value:			
Inve	stment in:			
-	Equity and preference shares	3.52	-	219.16
-	Mutual funds	398.40	-	-
-	Others	-	-	0.03

Fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2023:

(₹ in millions)

			Fair value measurement using			
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)		
Assets measured at fair value:						
Investment in:						
- Equity and preference shares		2.03	-	152.52		
- Mutual funds		342.50	-	-		

### Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

N		•	** 1 . 1 . 1 . /	** 1 11 1 .	
Name of securities	Fair v	alues	Valuation techniques/	Unobservable input	
	As at	As at	methodology		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023			
Investments in quoted financial instruments (Level 1)	401.92	344.53	The fair values are based on quoted market prices as at the reporting date.	Not applicable	
Investments in unquoted equity instruments (Level 3)	219.19	152.52	Price of recent Investment (PRI method).	This is the transaction price of investment made near to year end.	



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

52 As per requirement of Companies Act, 2013, following additional disclosure needs to be given in the notes to accounts for the year ended 31 March 2024 along with comparative numbers for 31 March 2023:

Name of the entity	As at 31 March 2024								
	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share in <sub>l</sub>	Share in profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	Amount	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	
Parent									
S Chand And Company Limited	8,534.21	90.41%	147.94	28.92%	(5.10)	36.77%	142.84	28.71%	
Subsidiaries									
Indian									
Chhaya Prakashani Private Limited	1,155.42	12.24%	187.48	36.66%	(0.77)	5.52%	186.71	37.52%	
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	1,941.25	20.57%	141.09	27.59%	(11.67)	84.05%	129.42	26.01%	
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	810.43	8.59%	91.49	17.89%	2.33	-16.77%	93.82	18.85%	
BPI (India) Private Limited	2.64	0.03%	(4.52)	-0.88%	0.07	-0.48%	(4.46)	-0.90%	
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited	(0.97)	-0.01%	(14.48)	-2.83%	-	0.00%	(14.48)	-2.91%	
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	(56.25)	-0.60%	(25.98)	-5.08%	(0.13)	0.92%	(26.11)	-5.25%	
Indian Progressive Publishing Company Private Limited	38.18	0.40%	7.60	1.49%	-	0.00%	7.60	1.53%	
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	157.83	1.67%	(84.09)	-16.44%	1.30	-9.36%	(82.79)	-16.64%	
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	(42.77)	-0.45%	(8.83)	-1.73%	0.01	-0.10%	(8.81)	-1.77%	
Non-controlling interest in all subsidiaries	28.76	0.30%	(54.87)	-10.73%	0.08	-0.55%	(54.80)	-11.01%	
Inter-company eliminations/adjustments	(3,129.58)	-33.16%	128.64	25.15%	(0.00)	0.02%	128.64	25.85%	
	9,439.15	100.00%	511.47	100.00%	(13.88)	100.00%	497.59	100.00%	

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

Name of the entity				As at 31 Ma	arch 2023			(3 in millions)
	assets n	ts, i.e., total ninus total vilities	Share in J	profit or loss		in other ensive income		e in total ensive income
	Amount	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss
Parent								
S Chand And Company Limited	8,108.69	89.70%	145.17	25.21%	(11.94)	56.42%	133.23	24.02%
Subsidiaries								
Indian								
Chhaya Prakashani Private Limited	1,384.49	15.32%	268.53	46.63%	(0.32)	1.50%	268.22	48.35%
Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	1,674.15	18.52%	141.09	24.50%	(7.09)	33.49%	134.00	24.16%
New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	714.00	7.90%	96.80	16.81%	(5.24)	24.74%	91.56	16.50%
BPI (India) Private Limited	13.92	0.15%	7.20	1.25%	1.71	-8.09%	8.92	1.61%
Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited *	77.58	0.86%	14.21	2.47%	-	0.00%	14.21	2.56%
Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited*	71.72	0.79%	(0.04)	-0.01%	-	0.00%	(0.04)	-0.01%
Nirja Publishers & Printers Private Limited*	865.23	9.57%	33.02	5.73%	-	0.00%	33.02	5.95%
S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	(96.65)	-1.07%	(13.00)	-2.26%	(0.02)	0.08%	(13.01)	-2.35%
D S Digital Private Limited *	(152.77)	-1.69%	(64.06)	-11.12%	(0.12)	0.58%	(64.18)	-11.57%
Indian Progressive Publishing Company Private Limited	30.58	0.34%	10.48	1.82%	-	0.00%	10.48	1.89%
Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	85.31	0.94%	(135.66)	-23.56%	0.97	-4.57%	(134.69)	-24.28%
Edutor Technologies India Private Limited	(61.86)	-0.68%	(31.78)	-5.52%	0.88	-4.16%	(30.90)	-5.57%
Non-controlling interest in all subsidiaries	83.55	0.92%	(84.44)	-14.66%	(0.00)	0.02%	(84.45)	-15.22%
Associates (Indian)								
Investment as per equity method	-	0.00%	(1.11)	-0.19%	-	0.00%	(1.11)	-0.20%
Inter-company eliminations/ adjustments	(3,758.22)	-41.57%	189.52	32.91%	-	0.00%	189.52	34.16%
<del>-</del>	9,039.71	100.00%	575.92	100.00%	(21.17)	100.00%	554.75	100.00%

<sup>\*</sup>Refer note 53



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

53 The Holding Company had filed Draft Composite Scheme of Arrangement on 09 January 2018, amongst Blackie & Son (Calcutta) Private Limited ("Blackie"), Nirja Publishers & Printers Private Limited ("Nirja"), DS Digital Private Limited ("DS Digital"), Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited ("Safari Digital") and S Chand And Company Limited ("S Chand") and their respective shareholders and creditors (Composite Scheme) with BSE Limited ('BSE') and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE') under Regulation 37 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015 and Circular no. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated 10 March 2017 ("SEBI Circular"). The Scheme inter alia includes amalgamation of Blackie and Nirja with and into S Chand, demerger of the education business of DS Digital & Safari Digital with and into S Chand and amalgamation of residual business (after demerger) of DS Digital with and into Safari Digital. The Holding Company had filed the Scheme with NCLT. NCLT vide its order dated 24 July 2023 had approved the Scheme. The Scheme was effective on 04 September 2023 upon filing of the Scheme with the Registrar of Companies. Accordingly, the impact of the aforesaid Scheme has been given effect to in the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Scheme.

## 54 Segment reporting

### Basis of segmentation:

The Group's primary business segment is reflected based on principal business activities carried on by the Group. The Managing Director has been identified as being the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') and evaluates the Group's performance and allocates resources based on analysis of the various performance indicators of the Group as a single unit. As per Indian Accounting Standard 108, Operating Segments, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Group operates in one reportable business segment i.e., publishing of books.

### **Geographical information:**

The geographical information analyses the Group's revenue and trade receivables from such revenue in India and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, segment revenue and receivables has been based on the geographical location of the customer.

## Revenue:

(₹ in millione)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Domestic	6,563.33	6,089.36
Overseas	62.46	13.88
	6,625.79	6,103.24

#### Trade receivables:

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Domestic	2,567.43	2,622.08
Overseas	34.03	30.77
	2,601.46	2,652.85

Notice

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

#### Non-current assets:

(₹ in millions)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Domestic#	5,469.92	5,640.71
Overseas	-	-
	5,469.92	5,640.71

#excluding deferred tax assets, income tax assets and other financial assets

## 55 Other statutory information

- No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Group for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Group does not have transactions with companies struck-off from Register of Companies.
- (iii) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (iv) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- The Group has not received any funds from any person or entity, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
  - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Group does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act. 1961).
- (vii) The Group is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- 56 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall only use such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such change were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled. The new requirement is applicable with effect from the financial year beginning on 1 April 2023. The Group has used certain accounting software for maintaining its books of account. During the current year, the audit trail (edit logs) feature for any direct changes made at the database level was not enabled for the an accounting software SAP used for maintenance of books of account of the Holding Company and its three subsidiaries. However, the audit trail (edit log) at the application level for such the accounting software were operating for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, six subsidiaries of the Holding Company used another accounting software for maintenance as primary accounting system of to record all the accounting records. The audit trail is an inherent feature in such accounting software and the same was operating throughout the year.



for the year ended 31 March 2024 CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400

57 The consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 24 May 2024.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta Partner

Membership No.: 507892

Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024

Himanshu Gupta Managing Director DIN: 00054015

Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

S Chand And Company Limited

Sd/-

Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala Whole-Time Director DIN: 00282988

Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024 Sd/-Sd/-Jagdeep Singh

Saurabh Mittal Chief Financial Officer

Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024

Place : New Delhi Date: 24 May 2024

Company Secretary



## S Chand And Company Limited

(CIN: L22219DL1970PLC005400)

Registered Office: A-27, 2nd Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi-110044 Email: investors@schandgroup.com | Website: www.schandgroup.com

Tel: +91 11 49731800| Fax: +91 11 49731801

## NOTICE

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the 53<sup>rd</sup> Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Members of S Chand And Company Limited ("the Company") will be held on Friday, 20th September, 2024 at 11:30 A.M. (IST) through video conferencing to transact the following businesses:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESSES:**

- To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and the Reports of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- To receive, consider and adopt the Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and the Report of Auditors thereon.
- To declare a final dividend of ₹ 3/- per equity share for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.
- To appoint a director in place of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988), who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

## **SPECIAL BUSINESSES:**

Re-appointment of Mr. Himanshu Gupta (DIN No.: 00054015) as Managing Director of the **Company** 

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions of The Companies Act, 2013("the Act") read with The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 17 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 ("Listing Regulation") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), applicable clauses of the Articles

of Association of the Company and subject to such other approvals as may be required, approval of the members of the Company, be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Mr. Himanshu Gupta (DIN: 00054015) as Managing Director, for another term of 5 (five) years from the expiry of his present term of office, that is, with effect from May 22, 2024, on the terms and conditions including remuneration (effective from May 22, 2024) as mentioned below:

Annual Report 2023-24

#### Part I: Salary:

- Basic Salary- ₹ 15,30,650/- per month
- Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary

#### Part II: Perquisites:

Following perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary

- Water and Electricity; a)
- Club Membership Fees; and b)
- **Medical Expenses**

The above remuneration shall be for a period of 3 (Three) vears with effect from May 22, 2024.

#### **Other Terms and Conditions:**

No sitting fees will be paid to Mr. Himanshu Gupta for attending meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof.

In addition, of above basic salary and perquisites, Mr. Himanshu Gupta shall also be entitled to remuneration by way of commission upto 0.45% of the Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to a maximum limit of ₹ 55.00 lakhs) in a particular year.

The terms and conditions of appointment of Mr. Himanshu Gupta may be altered and varied from time to time by the Board in such manner as may be mutually agreed, subject to such approvals as may be required under the Act or listing regulation and such alterations/variations shall always be within the overall limits of remuneration provided in this resolution.



RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period, the above remuneration and perquisites of Mr. Himanshu Gupta will be within the overall ceiling laid down in Schedule V of The Companies Act, 2013."

Re-appointment of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN No.: 00282988) as Whole-Time Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions of The Companies Act, 2013("the Act") read with The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, and Regulation 17 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 ("Listing Regulation") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force, applicable clauses of the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to such other approvals as may be required, approval of the members of the Company, be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988) as Whole-time Director, for another term of 5 (five) years from the expiry of his present term of office, that is, with effect from March 28, 2024, liable to retire by rotation, on the terms and conditions including remuneration (effective from March 28, 2024) as mentioned below:

## Part I: Salary:

- Basic Salary- ₹ 11,31,350/- per month
- Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary

#### Part II: Perquisites:

Following perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary

- Water and Electricity;
- b) Club Membership Fees; and
- **Medical Expenses** c)

The above remuneration shall be for a period of 3 (Three) years with effect from March 28, 2024.

### **Other Terms and Conditions:**

No sitting fees will be paid to Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala for attending meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof.

In addition to the basic salary and perquisites, Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala shall also be entitled to remuneration by way of commission upto 0.30% of the Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to a maximum limit of ₹ 38.50 lakhs) in a particular year

The terms and conditions of appointment of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala may be altered and varied from time to time by the Board in such manner as may be mutually agreed, subject to such approvals as may be required under the Act or listing regulation and such alterations/ variations shall always be within the overall limits of remuneration provided in this resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during the aforesaid period, the above remuneration and perquisites of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Ihunihnuwala will be within the overall ceiling laid down in Schedule V of The Companies Act, 2013."

Continuation of Ms. Savita Gupta (DIN No.: 00053988) as a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director of the Company on completion of 75 years of age.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to regulation 17(1A) of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulation") or as amended (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, approval of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for continuation of Ms. Savita Gupta (DIN: 00053988) as a Non-Executive Non Independent Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation, who would attain the age of 75 years on October 27, 2024."

> By Order of the Board S Chand And Company Limited

> > Sd/-Jagdeep Singh **Company Secretary** Membership No. A15028

Date: August 12, 2024 Place: New Delhi

#### Notes:

- 1. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), which sets out details relating to Special Businesses to be transacted at the Meeting, is annexed hereto. The Board of Directors have decided that the special businesses as set out under Item No. 5, 6 & 7, being considered unavoidable, be transacted at the AGM.
- **Pursuant to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs General** Circulars No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, No. 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021, No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 and No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 and the latest being 09/2023 dated September 25, 2023 ("MCA Circulars"), the Company is convening this AGM through video conferencing without the physical presence of the Members. The proceedings of the AGM will be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company at A-27, 2nd Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi-110044.
- Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a member is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since the AGM is being held through video conferencing pursuant to the MCA Circulars, the physical attendance of members has been dispended with. Accordingly, the facility of appointing proxies by the members will not be available for the AGM.
- Institutional/Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals/HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPEG Format) of its board resolution or governing body resolution / authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend, vote during the meeting through video conferencing on its behalf or to vote through remote e-voting. The said resolution / authorization shall be sent to the Company at investors@schandgroup.com and / or to its RTA at <a href="mailto:instameet@linkintime.co.in">instameet@linkintime.co.in</a>.
- Members may avail the nomination facility as provided under Section 72 of the Act.
- Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings, the information about the Directors proposed to be reappointed is given in the **Annexure I** to this Notice.
- 7. The Company hereby requests members to promptly intimate any change in their name, postal address, e-mail

address, contact numbers, PAN, mandates, Bank details etc. to their respective Depository Participant(s).

Annual Report 2023-24

Members may note that the Board, at its meeting held on May 24, 2024, has recommended a final dividend of ₹ 3/- per equity share to the equity shareholders of the Company for the financial year 2023-24. The record date for the purpose of final dividend for financial year 2023-24 is September 13, 2024. The final dividend, once approved by the members in the ensuing AGM, will be paid from September 25, 2024, electronically through various online transfer modes to those members who have updated their bank account details. For members who have not updated their bank account details, dividend warrants / demand drafts / cheques will be sent to their registered addresses. To avoid delay in receiving dividend, members are requested to update their KYC with their depository participant(s) to receive the dividend directly into their bank account on the payout date.

Members may please note that their bank details & addresses as furnished by the respective Depository Participants to the Company will be considered for remittance of dividend as per the applicable regulations of the depository participant(s) and the Company will not be able to entertain any direct request from such Members for change / addition / deletion in such bank details. Accordingly, the Members are requested to update their Electronic Bank Mandate with their respective depository participant(s).

Members may note that the Income-tax Act, 1961, ("the IT Act") as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, mandates that dividend paid or distributed by a company on or after April 1, 2020 shall be taxable in the hands of members. The Company shall therefore be required to deduct tax at source (TDS) / withholding tax at the time of making the payment of final dividend. To enable us to determine the appropriate TDS rate as applicable, members are requested to submit relevant documents, as specified in the below paragraphs, in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act.

For resident shareholders, taxes shall be deducted at source under Section 194 of the IT Act as follows:

Members having valid Permanent	10%* or as notified by the
Account Number (PAN)	Government of India (GOI)
Members not having PAN / valid	20% or as notified by the
PAN	GOI

<sup>\*</sup> As per the Finance Act, 2021, Section 206AB has been inserted effective from July 1, 2021, wherein the higher rate of tax (twice the specified rate) would be applicable on payment made to a shareholder who is classified as 'Specified Person' as defined under section 206AB of the IT Act.



\* As per section 139AA of the IT Act, every person who has been allotted a PAN and who is eligible to obtain Aadhaar, shall be required to link the PAN with Aadhaar. In case of failure to comply with this, the PAN allotted shall be deemed to be invalid / inoperative and he shall be liable to all consequences under the IT Act and tax shall be deducted at the higher rates as prescribed under the IT Act.

However, no tax shall be deducted on the dividend payable to resident individual shareholders if the total dividend to be received by them during financial year 2024-25 does not exceed ₹ 5,000, and also in cases where members provide Form 15G / Form 15H (Form 15H is applicable to resident individual shareholders aged 60 years or more) subject to conditions specified in the IT Act. Resident shareholders may also submit any other document as prescribed under the IT Act to claim a lower / nil TDS / withholding of tax. PAN is mandatory for members providing Form 15G / 15H or any other document as mentioned above.

For non-resident shareholders, taxes are required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of Section 195 and other applicable sections of the IT Act, at the rates in force. The withholding tax shall be at the rate of 20%\*\* (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or as notified by the GOI on the amount of dividend payable. However, as per Section 90 of the IT Act, non-resident shareholders have the option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Tax Avoidance Agreement (DTAA), read with Multilateral Instrument (MLI) between India and the country of tax residence of the shareholders, if they are more beneficial to them. For this purpose, i.e. to avail the benefits under the DTAA read with MLI, non-resident shareholders will have to provide the following:

- Copy of the PAN card allotted by the Indian income tax authorities duly attested by the shareholders or details as prescribed under rule 37BC of the Incometax Rules, 1962.
- Copy of the Tax Residency Certificate for financial year 2024-25 obtained from the revenue or tax authorities of the country of tax residence, duly attested by shareholders.
- Electronic Form 10F as per notification no. 03/2022 dated July 16, 2022 issued by the Central Board of Direct Tax [Notification can be read under notification-no-3-2022-systems.pdf (incometaxindia. gov.in)]. Form 10F can be obtained electronically through the e-filing portal of the income tax website at <a href="https://www.incometax.gov.in/iec/foportal">https://www.incometax.gov.in/iec/foportal</a>.
- Self-declaration by the shareholders of having no permanent establishment in India in accordance with the applicable tax treaty.
- Self-declaration of beneficial ownership by the nonresident shareholder.

Any other documents as prescribed under the IT Act for lower withholding of taxes, if applicable, duly attested by the Shareholders.

In case of Foreign Institutional Investors (FII) / Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI), tax will be deducted under Section 196D of the IT Act at the rate of 20%\*\* (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or the rate provided in relevant DTAA, read with MLI, whichever is more beneficial, subject to the submission of the above documents, if applicable.

\*\* As per the Finance Act, 2021, Section 206AB has been inserted effective July 1, 2021, wherein the higher rate of tax (twice the specified rate) would be applicable on payment made to a shareholder who is classified as 'Specified Person' as defined under the provisions of the aforesaid Section. However, in case of a non-resident shareholder or a non-resident FPI / FII, the higher rate of tax as mentioned in section 206AB shall not apply if such non-resident does not have a permanent establishment in India.

The aforementioned documents are required to be uploaded on the Company's RTA portal at https://liiplweb. linkintime.co.in/formsreg/submission-of-form-15g-15h. html latest by Monday, September 16, 2024. Members are requested to visit <a href="https://liiplweb.linkintime.co.in/">https://liiplweb.linkintime.co.in/</a> formsreg/submission-of-form-15g-15h.html, select the name of the Company, enter DP / Client ID & PAN and then upload the required documents. No communication on the tax determination / deduction shall be entertained thereafter.

TDS certificates in respect of tax deducted, if any, can be subsequently viewed by the members in Form 26AS by logging in with their credentials (with valid PAN) at TRACES <a href="https://www.tdscpc.gov.in/app/login.xhtml">https://www.tdscpc.gov.in/app/login.xhtml</a> or the e-filing website of the Income Tax department of India https://www.incometax.gov.in/iec/foportal.

Members are requested to address all correspondence, including dividend-related matters, to Registrar and Transfer Agent, Link Intime India Private Limited, Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot NH 2, C-1 Block LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058 or email at delhi@ intime.co.in.

10. Members wishing to claim dividends that remain unclaimed are requested to correspond with the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent as mentioned above, or with the Company Secretary, at the Company's Registered Office. Pursuant to Rule 7(2A) of the Investor Education and

Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (as amended), Mr. Jagdeep Singh has been appointed as the Nodal Officer of the Company. The details of the Nodal Officer and the unpaid and unclaimed amounts are available on the website of the Company at www.schandgroup.com.

Statutory Reports

11. Members are requested to note that dividends that are not claimed within seven years from the date of transfer to the Company's Unpaid Dividend Account, will, as per Section 124 of the Act and the applicable rules, be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF"). Also, Shares on which dividend remains unclaimed for seven consecutive years will also be transferred to the IEPF.

The Company had declared a final dividend for the financial year 2016-17 in its AGM held on September 25, 2017, therefore, the Company will be transferring dividends to IEPF that are not claimed within seven years from the date of transfer to the Company's Unpaid Dividend Account and subsequently the Shares, in respect of which dividend remains unclaimed / unpaid for seven consecutive years or more, will also be transferred to IEPF authority, established by Central Government.

In view of this, Members/Claimants are requested to claim their unclaimed dividends from the Company, on or before September 30, 2024, falling which it will be transferred to IEPF authority. The Company has also uploaded details of such members whose shares are to be transferred to IEPF Account on its website at www.schandgroup.com.

12. Electronic copy of the notice of AGM and Annual Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 are being sent to all the members whose email IDs are registered with depository participant(s) as on August 16, 2024. Please note that pursuant to the aforesaid MCA Circulars and the Securities and Exchange Board of India circular dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, May 13, 2022, January 05, 2023 and October 07, 2023 there would not be any physical dispatch of notice of AGM and Annual Report through post / courier. The members may further note that the notice of AGM and Annual Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 will also be available on the Company's website at www.schandgroup.com, website of the stock exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com, National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.nseindia. com and the website of Link Intime India Private Limited at <a href="https://instavote.linkintime.co.in">https://instavote.linkintime.co.in</a>. Shareholders, those who desires to obtain hard copies of the AGM Notice and Annual Report may request the Company for the same through email or any other feasible mode.

13. The facility for joining the AGM through video conferencing will be opened 15 minutes before and will remain open upto 15 minutes after the scheduled start time of the AGM i.e. 11:15 A.M. (IST) to 11.45 A.M. (IST) and will be available for at least 1000 members on a first-come-first-served basis. This rule of first-come-first-served basis would not apply to participation by shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding, promoters, institutional investors, directors, key managerial personnels and auditors.

Annual Report 2023-24

- 14. The institutional investors, who are members of the Company are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM of the Company.
- 15. Voting through electronic means:
  - The Company, in compliance of provisions of I. Section 108 of the Act, Rule 20 of The Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations, as amended, is pleased to provide its members the facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the 53rd AGM by remote e-voting or through an electronic voting system during the meeting.
  - The facility of casting votes by members using an electronic voting system and remote e-voting will be provided by Link Intime India Private Limited ("Link Intime").
    - The remote e-voting period begins on Monday, September 16, 2024 at 9:00 A.M. (IST) and ends on Thursday, September 19, 2024 at 5:00 P.M. (IST). During this period members of the Company, holding shares, as on the cut-off date of **September 13, 2024**, may cast their vote electronically. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by Link Intime for voting thereafter.
    - (ii) The instructions for e-voting are given in the **Annexure II** to this Notice.
  - III. The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
  - IV. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast the vote again.
- 16. A person who is not a member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purpose only.



- 17. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as on the cut-off date i.e. September 13, 2024 may follow steps mentioned in the Notice under 'Instructions for e-voting.
- 18. The Register of directors and key managerial personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Act, and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM.
- 19. SEBI has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members are, therefore, requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participant(s) with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts.
- 20. Mr. R. S. Bhatia, Company Secretary in Practice, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote

- e-voting process as well as the electronic voting process during the AGM in a fair and transparent manner.
- 21. The Scrutinizer after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, will first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and make a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith not later than two working days of the conclusion of the meeting.
- 22. The results declared along with the scrutinizer's report shall be displayed at the Registered Office of the Company and uploaded on the Company's website at www. schandgroup.com as well as on the website of Link Intime after the same is declared by the Chairman/authorized person. The results shall also be simultaneously forwarded to the stock exchanges.

## EXPLANATORY STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

**Financial Statements** 

#### Item No. 5

Mr. Himanshu Gupta was appointed as the Managing Director of the Company on May 22, 2019 for a period of 5 (five) years and his present term has expired on May 21, 2024. The Board of Directors at its meeting held on February 06, 2024, subject to approval of members of the Company, has re-appointed Mr. Himanshu Gupta (DIN: 00054015) as Managing Director of the Company for another term of 5 (five) years with effect from May 22, 2024 and has also fixed the remuneration of Mr. Himanshu Gupta on the revised terms and conditions to be paid with effect from May 22, 2024 for a period of 3 (Three) years i.e. May 21, 2027. The said re-appointment and remuneration was approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee at its meeting held on February 06, 2024 and was recommended to Board for its approval.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions of The Act read with The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), applicable clauses of the Articles of Association of the Company, the above re-appointment and fixation of remuneration requires approval of members of the Company in a general meeting by way of a special resolution. Accordingly, the resolution set out at item no. 5 of the notice is placed before the members for their approval.

The particulars of re-appointment and remuneration of Mr. Himanshu Gupta are as under:

### Part I: Salary:

- a) Basic Salary- ₹ 15,30,650/- per month
- b) Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary

#### Part II: Perquisites:

Following perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary

- a) Water and Electricity:
- b) Club Membership Fees; and
- c) Medical Expenses

The above remuneration shall be for a period of 3 (Three) years with effect from May 22, 2024.

#### **Other Terms and Conditions:**

No sitting fees will be paid to Mr. Himanshu Gupta for attending meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof.

In addition of above basic salary and perquisites, Mr. Himanshu Gupta shall also be entitled to remuneration by way of commission upto 0.45% of the Operating Cash Flow Taxes as per the Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to a maximum limit of  $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 55.00$  lakhs) in a particular year.

The terms and conditions of appointment of Mr. Himanshu Gupta may be altered and varied from time to time by the Board in such manner as may be mutually agreed, subject to such approvals as may be required under The Companies Act, 2013 and such alterations/variations shall always be within the overall limits of remuneration provided in this resolution.

Mr. Himanshu Gupta is not disqualified from being re-appointed as Managing Director in terms of Section 164 of The Companies Act, 2013. He is not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order.

The details as per Schedule V of The Companies Act, 2013 are as under:

Gen	neral information	
(1)	Nature of Industry	Publishing
(2)	Date of commencement of commercial production	09/09/1970
(3)	Financial performance based on given indicators	Revenue from Operations was higher by 8.6% at ₹ 6,626 million, Gross Margins was ₹ 4,364 million at 65.9%, EBIDTA was ₹ 1,098 million at 16.6 % and PAT was ₹ 511 million at 7.7%.
(4)	Foreign investments or collaborations, if any	N.A.



II	Info	ormation about the appointee:	
	(1)	Background details	Mr. Himanshu Gupta holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from the University of Delhi. He has been associated with our Company since 2000 and accordingly, has over 24 years of experience in the knowledge products and services industry.
	(2)	Past remuneration	Basic Salary: ₹ 1,391,500/- per month plus Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary including perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary and commission upto 0.45% of Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to maximum of upto ₹ 50 lakhs) in a particular year.
	(3)	Recognition or awards	He was awarded the ET 40 under 40 award for leadership in 2018.
	(4)	Job profile and his suitability	Mr. Himanshu Gupta is involved with Strategic Planning, Investments, Sales and Marketing, Publishing, Operations, Printing and Procurement functions of the business. He has over 24 years of experience in the Industry
	(5)	Remuneration proposed	Basic Salary: ₹ 1,530,650/- per month plus Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary including perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary and commission upto 0.45% of Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to maximum of upto ₹ 55 lakhs) in a particular year.
	(6)	Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the company, profile of the position and person (in case of expatriates the relevant details would be with respect to the country of his origin)	The remuneration is at par with companies in the education industry both listed and unlisted and experience.
	(7)	Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel, or other Directors, if any.	Apart from receiving remuneration and the transactions disclosed in the related party note which form a part of the Audited Financial Statements, Mr. Himanshu Gupta does not have any pecuniary relationship with the Company. Ms. Savita Gupta is the mother of Mr. Himanshu Gupta.
III	Oth	er Information	
111	(1)	Reasons of loss or inadequate profits	The Company is in profit, however the remuneration calculated as per section 197 and schedule V is not in line with the remuneration prevailing in the market for such size of the Business and considering the experience of Himanshu Gupta, Managing Director of the Company. Therefore, approval of the shareholders is been taken by way special resolution.
	(2)	Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement	N.A
	(3)	Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms	The Company expects Revenues to grow by $10-15\%$ retain its Gross Margins at $64-66\%$ , EBIDTA Margins at $17-18\%$ and Net Margins by $7-9\%$ .

Your Board recommends the proposed special resolution set out at Item No. 5 for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and/ or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution at Item No. 5 of the accompanying notice except Mr. Himanshu Gupta himself and Ms. Savita Gupta who is a relative of Mr. Himanshu Gupta.

## Item No. 6

Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala was appointed as the Wholetime Director of the Company on March 28, 2019 for a period of 5 (five) years and his present term has expired on March 27, 2024. The Board of Directors at its meeting held on February 06, 2024, subject to approval of members of the Company, has re-appointed Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988) as Whole-time Director of the Company for another term of 5 (five) years with effect from March 28, 2024.

The Board at its meeting held on February 06, 2024, subject to the approval of the members, has fixed the remuneration of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala on the revised terms and conditions to be paid with effect from March 28, 2024 till the period of 3 (Three) years i.e. March 27, 2027. The said re-appointment and remuneration was approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("Committee") at its meeting held on February 06, 2024 and was recommended to Board for its approval.

The particulars of re-appointment and remuneration of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala are as under:

way of a special resolution. Accordingly, the resolution set out at

item no. 6 of the notice is placed before the members for their

#### Part I: Salary:

approval.

- a) Basic Salary- ₹ 11,31,350/- per month
- b) Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary

#### Part II: Perquisites:

Following perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary

- a) Water and Electricity;
- b) Club Membership Fees; and
- c) Medical Expenses

The above remuneration shall be for a period of 3 (Three) years with effect from March 28, 2024.

Annual Report 2023-24

#### Other Terms and Conditions:

Notice

No sitting fees will be paid to Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala for attending meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof.

In addition of above basic salary and perquisites, Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala shall also be entitled to remuneration by way of commission upto 0.30% of the Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to a maximum limit of ₹ 38.50 lakhs) in a particular year

The terms and conditions of appointment of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala may be altered and varied from time to time by the Board in such manner as may be mutually agreed, subject to such approvals as may be required under The Companies Act, 2013 and such alterations/variations shall always be within the overall limits of remuneration provided in this resolution.

Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala is not disqualified from being re-appointed as Whole-time Director in terms of Section 164 of The Companies Act, 2013. He is not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order.

The details as per Schedule V of The Companies Act, 2013 are as under:

I.	General information		
	(1)	Nature of Industry	Publishing
	(2)	Date of commencement of commercial production	09/09/1970
	(3)	Financial performance based on given indicators	Revenue from Operations was higher by 8.6% at ₹ 6,626 million, Gross Margins was ₹ 4,364 million at 65.9%, EBIDTA was ₹ 1,098 million at 16.6% and PAT was
			₹ 511 million at 7.7%.
	(4)	Foreign investments or collaborations, if any	N.A.
II	Information about the appointee:		
	(1)	Background details	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala has received basic education. He has been associated with our Company since 2004 and accordingly, has over 19 years of experience in the knowledge products and services industry.
	(2)	Past remuneration	Basic Salary: ₹ 1,028,500/- per month plus Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary including perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary and commission upto 0.30% of Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to maximum of upto ₹ 35 lakhs) in a particular year.
	(3)	Recognition or awards	N.A.
	(4)	Job profile and his suitability	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala is involved with Strategic Planning, Investments, Finance, Operations, Digital business functions of the business. He has over 19 years of experience in the Industry.
	(5)	Remuneration proposed	Basic Salary: ₹ 1,131,350/- per month plus Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary plus perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary and commission upto 0.30% of Operating Cash Flow after taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to maximum of upto ₹ 38.50 lakhs) in a particular year.



	(6)	Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the company, profile of the position and person (in case of expatriates the relevant details would be with respect to the country of his origin)	and unlisted and experience.	
	(7)	Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel, or Director, if any.	Apart from receiving remuneration, Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala and the other related party transactions as disclosed in the related party note in the Audited Financial Statements, he does not have any pecuniary relationship with the Company. Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Director of the Company is the son of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala.	
III	Othe	r Information		
	(1)	Reasons of loss or inadequate profits	The Company is in profit, however the remuneration calculated as per section 197 and schedule V is not in line with the remuneration prevailing in the market for such size of the Business and considering the experience of Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala, Whole-Time Director of the Company. Therefore, approval of the shareholders is been taken by way special resolution.	
	(2)	Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement	N.A.	
	(3)	Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms	The Company expects Revenues to grow by 10-15% retain its Gross Margins at 64-66%, EBIDTA Margins at 17-18% and Net Margins by 7-9%.	

Your Board recommends the proposed special resolution set out at Item No. 6 for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and/ or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution at Item No. 6 of the accompanying notice except Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala himself and Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala who is relative of Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala.

#### Item No. 7

Ms. Savita Gupta, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director, was appointed on the Board of the Company on October 20, 1989. Ms. Savita Gupta, being relative of Mr. Himanshu Gupta, belongs to promoter group of the Company.

Pursuant to the Regulation 17 (1A) of the Listing Regulations, every listed entity shall seek approval of shareholders by way of a Special Resolution for continuance of any Non-Executive Director who has attained the age of 75 years.

Ms. Savita Gupta shall attain the age of 75 years on October 27, 2024, hence in compliance of aforesaid provision of Listing Regulations, approval for her continuation as non-executive director of the Company is being sought from the members by way of passing Special Resolution. Apart from being a Director on the Board, Ms. Savita Gupta is also Chairman of Stakeholders Relationship Committee and has been effectively performing her duties and providing valuable guidance to the Company in key strategic matters from time to time. Ms. Savita Gupta holds eminent position in various Companies i.e. Directors on the Board of Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, Shaara IT Services Private Limited, S. Chand Hotels Private Limited and SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe Private Limited.

The Board is of the opinion that Ms. Savita Gupta's rich and diverse experience is a valuable asset to the Company which adds value and enriched point of view during Board discussions and decision making. She is also a person of integrity who possesses required expertise and her association as Non-Executive Non-Independent Director will be beneficial to the Company.

Your Board recommends the proposed special resolution set out at Item No. 7 for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives other than Ms. Savita Gupta herself and Mr. Himanshu Gupta, who is related to Ms. Savita Gupta, is in any way concerned or interested financially or otherwise, in the said resolution.

By Order of the Board

Sd/-**Jagdeep Singh Company Secretary** Membership No. A15028 Date: August 12, 2024

**Registered Office:** A-27, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi-110044 Tel:+91 11 49731800 Fax:+91 11 49731801

Website: www.schandgroup.com E-mail: investors@schandgroup.com

## Annual Report 2023-24

# **Annexure I to Notice**

Details of Director seeking re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS 2)

**Financial Statements** 

		P-ICCU.	B- (-	)			
Particulars	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988)		Mr. Himanshu Gupta (DIN: 00054015)		Ms. Savita Gupta (DIN: 00053988)		
Date of Birth	26/08/1960		27/0	27/09/1978		27/10/1949	
Age	64 Years		45 y	45 years		ears ears	
Date of first appointment on the Board	11/12/2004		21/04/2000		20/10/1989		
Qualifications	Basic Education		Bachelor's degree in commerce from the University of Delhi		Bachelor and Master Degree in English Literature		
Nature of expertise in specific functional areas	Over 19 years of experience in knowledge products and services industry		Over 24 years of experience in knowledge products and services industry			re than 34 years of experience ne publishing industry.	
Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala is the father of Mr. Gaurav Kumar Jhunjhnuwala		Mr. Himanshu Gupta is the son of Ms. Savita Gupta		Ms. Savita Gupta is mother of Mr. Himanshu Gupta, Managing Director		
No. of shares held in the Company	3,84	6,854 Equity Shares	5,994,038 Equity Shares		1,218,617 Equity Shares		
Directorships in other Companies	1.	New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	1.	New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited	1.	Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	
	2.	Chhaya Prakashani Limited	2.	Chhaya PrakashaniLimited	2.	SC Hotel Tourist Deluxe	
	3.	Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	3.	Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	3.	Private Limited Shaara IT Services Private	
	4.	S. Chand Edutech Private Limited	4.	S. Chand Edutech Private Limited		Limited	
	5.	S Chand Properties Private Limited	5.	Sky Warehousing Private Limited	4.	S. Chand Hotels Private Limited	
	6. 7.	Arch Papier-Mache Private	6.	Shaara IT Services Private Limited			
			7.	S. Chand Hotels Private Limited			
		HMR Sports Ventures Private Limited	8.	Convergia Digital Education Private Limited			
	8.	Convergia Digital Education Private Limited	9.	Safari Digital Education Initiatives Private Limited			
Listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years	Nil		Nil		Nil		
Memberships / Chairmanships of Committees of	S Ch	nd And Company Limited – Corporate Social Responsibility Committee-Member	S Ch -	<b>and And CompanyLimited</b> Stakeholders Relationship Committee – Member	S Ch	nand And Company Limited Stakeholders Relationship Committee – Chairman	
other Companies including S Chand	<ul> <li>Administrative Committee- Member</li> </ul>		-	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee – Member			
(excluding private Companies, Section 8 companies and foreign	Vikas Publishing House Private Limited		-	Administrative Committee – Member			
companies)	-	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee-Member Administrative Committee- Member	-	Risk Management Committee – Member			



Particulars	Mr. Dinesh Kumar Jhunjhnuwala (DIN: 00282988)	Mr. Himanshu Gupta (DIN: 00054015)	Ms. Savita Gupta (DIN: 00053988)
	Chhaya Prakashani Limited  - Administrative Committee - Member  New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited  - Corporate Social Responsibility Committee - Member	Vikas Publishing HousePrivate Limited  Corporate Social Responsibility Committee - Member  AdministrativeCommittee - Member  Chhaya Prakashani Limited  Administrative Committee- Member  Corporate Social Responsibility Committee - Member  New Saraswati House (India) Private Limited  Corporate Social Responsibility Committee - Member	(DIN. 00033700)
Terms and Condition of appointment / reappointment	Liable to retire by rotation	Not Liable to retire by rotation	Non-Executive Director liable to retire by rotation
Remuneration to be paid	Basic Salary: ₹ 11,31,350/- per month plus Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary plus perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary plus commission upto 0.30% of Operating Cash Flow after Taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to maximum of upto ₹ 38.50 lakhs)	Basic Salary: ₹ 15,30,650/- per month plus Employer Contribution to Employee Provident Fund at 12% of Basic Salary plus perquisites upto 10% of the basic salary plus commission upto 0.45% of Operating Cash Flow after Taxes as per Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company (subject to maximum of upto₹ 55 lakhs)	Nil
Remuneration last drawn	16.90 million	22.75 million	Nil
Number of Board meeting attended during the year	5 out of 6	6 out of 6	1 out of 6

## **Annexure II to Notice**

## Instructions for Shareholders/Members to attend the meeting through InstaMeet:

- Shareholders/Members are entitled to attend the meeting through video conferencing provided by Link Intime India Private Limited by following the below mentioned process. Facility for joining the meeting through video conferencing shall be open 15 (Fifteen) minutes before the time scheduled for the meeting and will be available to the Members on first come first serve basis.
- Shareholders/Members are requested to participate on first come first serve basis as participation through video conferencing is limited and will be closed on expiry of 15 (Fifteen) minutes from the scheduled time of the meeting. Shareholders/Members with >2% shareholding, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, KMPs, and Auditors etc. will be allowed to the meeting without restrictions of first-come-first serve basis. Members can log in and join 15 (Fifteen) minutes prior to the schedule time of the meeting and window for joining shall be kept open till the expiry of 15 (Fifteen) minutes after the schedule time. Participation will provided to at least 1000 members.
- Shareholders/ Members will be provided with InstaMeet facility wherein Shareholders/ Member shall register their details and attend the meeting as under:

Open the internet browser and launch the URL for InstaMeet << https://instameet.linkintime.co.in>> and click on 'Login'

- (i) Select the 'Company' and 'Event Date' and register with your following details:
  - DP ID / Client ID or Beneficiary ID or Folio No.: Enter your 16 digit DP ID / Client ID or Beneficiary ID or Folio Number registered with the Company
    - Shareholders/ members holding shares in CDSL demat account shall provide 16 **Digit Beneficiary ID**
    - Shareholders/ members holding shares in NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID

Shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form shall provide Folio Number registered with the Company

Annual Report 2023-24

- PAN: Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable).
- Mobile No.: Enter your mobile number.
- Email ID: Enter your email id, as recorded with your DP/Company.
- (ii) Click "Go to Meeting" (You are now registered for InstaMeet and your attendance is marked for the meeting).

#### Notes:

- Shareholders/ Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Tablets/ Laptops connected through broadband for better experience.
- Shareholders/ Members are required to use Internet with a good speed (preferably 2 MBPS download stream) to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- Please note that Shareholders/Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Visual loss due to fluctuation in their network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-FI or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- In case shareholders/members have any queries regarding login/ e-voting, they may send an email to instameet@ linkintime.co.in or contact on: - Tel: 022-49186175.

## **Instructions for Shareholders/Members to register** themselves as Speakers during Meeting:

- Shareholders/ Members who would like to express their views / ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number 3 days in advance at investors@schandgroup.com.
- The first 10 (Ten) Speakers on first come basis will only be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the meeting.



- Shareholders will receive "speaking serial number" once they mark attendance for the meeting.
- Please remember speaking serial number and start your conversation with panelist by switching on video mode and audio of your device.
- Other shareholders may ask questions to the panelist, via active chat-board during the meeting.
- Shareholders/ Members, who would like to ask questions, shall send their questions in advance mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at investors@schandgroup.com. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
- Shareholders are requested to speak only when moderator of the meeting / management will announce the name and serial number for speaking.

#### Note:

Those shareholders / members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the meeting. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the meeting.

## Instructions for Shareholders/Members to Vote during the meeting through InstaMeet:

Once the electronic voting is activated by the scrutinizer / moderator during the meeting, shareholders / members who have not exercised their vote through the remote e-voting can cast the vote as under:

- 1. On the Shareholders VC page, click on the link for e-Voting "Cast your vote".
- Enter 16 digit Demat Account No. / Folio No. and OTP (received on the registered mobile number/ registered email Id) received during registration for InstaMeet and click on 'Submit'.
- After successful login, you will see "Resolution Description" and against the same the option "Favour/ Against" for voting.
- Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option i.e. "Favour/Against" as desired. Enter the number of shares (which represents no. of votes) as on the cut-off date under 'Favour/Against'.

- 5. After selecting the appropriate option i.e. Favour / Against as desired and you have decided to vote, click on "Save". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "Confirm", else to change your vote, click on "Back" and accordingly modify your vote.
- Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change your vote subsequently.

Note: Shareholders/ Members, who will be present in the meeting through InstaMeet facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting facility during the meeting.

Shareholders/ Members who have voted through remote e-Voting prior to the meeting will be eligible to attend/ participate in the meeting through InstaMeet. However, they will not be eligible to vote again during the meeting.

Shareholders/ Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Tablets/ Laptops connected through broadband for better experience.

Shareholders/ Members are required to use Internet with a good speed (preferably 2 MBPS download stream) to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

Please note that Shareholders/ Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Visual loss due to fluctuation in their network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

In case shareholders/ members have any queries regarding login/ e-voting, they may send an email to instameet@ linkintime.co.in or contact on: - Tel: 022-49186175.

## Instructions for Shareholders/Members to Vote through remote e-voting:

Pursuant to SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode can vote directly with the depository or will have the option of accessing various ESP portals directly from their demat accounts.

Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method			
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	• If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password.			
	• After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on Company Name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. Link Intime and you will be re-directed to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.			
	• If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> . Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a>			
	• Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. Link Intime and you will be redirected to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.			
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	• Existing user who have opted for EASI / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi / Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website <a href="https://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> and click on login icon & My Easi New (Token) Tab or click at <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/home/login">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/home/login</a> and then use your existing my EASI username & password.			
	• After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by the company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider i.e. LINKINTIME for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. Additionally, there are also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.			
	• If the user is not registered for EASI / Easiest, option to register is available at <a href="www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> and click on login & My Easi New (Token) Tab and then click on registration option or visit URL: <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/Registration/EasiRegistration">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/Registration/EasiRegistration</a>			
	<ul> <li>Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN from a e-voting link available on <a href="https://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, the user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.</li> </ul>			
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat	• You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility.			
mode) & login through their depository participants	Once login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. Linkintime and you will be redirected to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.			

Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode / Non-Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode - evoting service Provider is LINKINTIME

 $1. \quad \text{Open the internet browser and launch the URL: } \underline{\text{https://instavote.linkintime.co.in}}$ 



- Click on "Sign Up" under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and register with your following details: -
- User ID: Shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form shall provide Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company.

Non-Individual Shareholders holding shares in NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID; Shareholders holding shares in CDSL demat account shall provide 16 Digit Beneficiary ID.

- PAN: Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
- C. DOB/DOI: Enter the Date of Birth (DOB) / Date of Incorporation (DOI) (As recorded with your DP / Company - in DD/MM/YYYY format)
- Bank Account Number: Enter your Bank Account Number (last four digits), as recorded with your DP/ Company.
  - Shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form but have not recorded 'C' and 'D', shall provide their Folio number in 'D' above
  - Shareholders holding shares in NSDL form, shall provide 'D' above
  - Set the password of your choice (The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special Character (@!#\$&\*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter).
  - Click "confirm" (Your password is now generated).
- Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab.
- Enter your User ID, Password and Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and click on 'Submit'.
- After successful login, you will be able to see the notification for e-voting. Select 'View' icon.
- 5. E-voting page will appear.
- 6. Refer the Resolution description and cast your vote by selecting your desired option 'Favour / Against' (If you

- wish to view the entire Resolution details, click on the 'View Resolution' file link).
- After selecting the desired option i.e. Favour / Against, click on 'Submit'. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on 'Yes', else to change your vote, click on 'No' and accordingly modify your vote.

#### Institutional shareholders:

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on the e-voting system of Link Intime India Private Limited at <a href="https://instavote.">https://instavote.</a> linkintime.co.in and register themselves as 'Custodian / Mutual Fund / Corporate Body'. They are also required to upload a scanned certified true copy of the board resolution / authority letter/power of attorney etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised representative(s) in PDF format in the 'Custodian / Mutual Fund / Corporate **Body'** login for the Scrutinizer to verify the same.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode & e-voting service Provider is LINKINTIME, have forgotten the password:

- Website of Link Intime: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in
- Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and further Click 'forgot password?'
- Enter User ID, select Mode and Enter Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and Click on 'Submit'.
- In case shareholders/ members is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address.
- Shareholders/ members can set the password of his/her choice by providing the information about the particulars of the Security Question and Answer, PAN, DOB/DOI, Bank Account Number (last four digits) etc. as mentioned above.
- The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special character (@!#\$&\*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter.

User ID for Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form (i.e. Share Certificate): Your User ID is Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL/ CDSL have forgotten the password:

Shareholders/ members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned depository/ depository participants website.

Annual Report 2023-24

- > It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- > During the voting period, shareholders/ members can login any number of time till they have voted on the resolution(s) for a particular "Event".

#### Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

In case shareholders/ members holding securities in demat mode have any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL/ CDSL, they may contact the respective helpdesk given below:

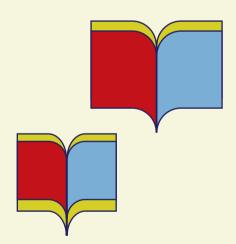
Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at $\underline{evoting@nsdl.co.in}$ or call at: 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33

# Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in physical mode/ Institutional shareholders & evoting service Provider is LINKINTIME.

In case shareholders/ members holding securities in physical mode/ Institutional shareholders have any queries regarding e-voting, they may contact Link Intime INSTAVOTE helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:enotices@linkintime.co.in">enotices@linkintime.co.in</a> or contact on: - Tel: 022 – 49186000.

## Information at a glance

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Time and date of Annual General Meeting	Friday, 20th September, 2024 at 11:30 A.M. (IST)
2.	Mode	Through Video Conferencing
3.	Record date for final dividend	September 13, 2024
3.	Cut-off date for e-voting	September 13, 2024
4.	E-voting start time and date	Monday, September 16, 2024 at 9:00 A.M. (IST)
5.	E-voting end time and date	Thursday, September 19, 2024 at 5:00 P.M. (IST)
6.	Link for attending the Annual General Meeting through Video Conferencing	https://instameet.linkintime.co.in
7.	Link for remote e-voting	https://instavote.linkintime.co.in
8.	Registrar and Share Transfer Agent	Link Intime India Private Limited, Noble Heights, 1st Floor, Plot NH 2, C-1 Block LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058 or email at delhi@intime.co.in.
9.	Helpline number for VC participation	Email to instameet@linkintime.co.in or contact on: - Tel: 022-49186175.





## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

S Chand And Company Limited A-27,  $2^{\rm nd}$  Floor, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Estate, New Delhi 110044

Tel: 91 11 4973 1800 | Fax: 91 11 4973 1801

www.schandgroup.com