

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

(CIN:L24232GJ1996PLC029894)



Date: 24 August 2024 Ref. No.: TCPCL/SEC/2024-25/00036

To,

The General Manager, Corporate relationship department, BSE Limited

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street, Fort,
Mumbai-400 001

Scrip Code: 543321 Mumba Scrip S

The Manager, Listing department, National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block-G, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra(E),

Mumbai-400 051 Scrip Symbol: TATVA

Subject: Submission of the Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year

2023-24 under Regulation 34(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations")

Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, please find enclosed herewith the Annual Report of the Company along with the Notice of the 28th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and other Statutory Reports for the Financial Year 2023-24. The same is also being sent through electronic mode to those members whose email addresses are registered with the Company / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent / Depository Participants.

Further, the 28th AGM of the Company will be held on Friday, 20 September 2024 at 04:00 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM").

The Annual Report of the Company is also available on the website of the Company at www.tatvachintan.com.

Kindly take the above information on record.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

Ishwar Nayi Company Secretary and Compliance Officer M. No.: A37444

Encl.: As Above





Embracing
Vision to Counter
Volatility

ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24

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Forward-Looking Statements

This Report contains some forward-looking statements to enable investors to comprehend our prospects and take wise investment decisions, which may be identified by their use of words like 'plans', 'expects', 'will', 'anticipates', 'believes', 'intends', 'projects', 'estimates' or other words of similar meaning. All statements that address expectations or projections about the future, including but not limited to statements about the Company's strategy for growth, product development, market position, expenditures and financial results, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events. The Company's actual results, performance or achievements could thus differ materially from those projected in any such forward-looking statements. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward-looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events. The Company has sourced the industry information from the publicly available resources and has not verified that information independently and shall not be liable for any variance from the forward-looking statements.



To view this report online or download, please log on to www.tatvachintan.com

Our Strengths



Robust Manufacturing capabilities



Advanced R&D Lab recognized by DSIR



Broad global presence



Focus on Customer Delight



Open Culture



Employee Empowerment / Ownership



Ample capacity to participate in future growth



Extensive range of product offerings



Emphasis on sustainable practices



Deleveraged and strong balance sheet



Marquee Customers



High Industry Entry Barriers for Company's main product segment (SDA / ESS)

Embracing Vision to Counter Volatility

In today's rapidly evolving and changing landscape, the ability to navigate uncertainty and adapt to changing circumstances is of paramount importance. At Tatva Chintan, we embody this principle through our unwavering commitment to our core values and strategic objectives. Our theme, 'Embracing Vision to **Counter Volatility',** captures the essence of our journey and our resilience in the face of adversity.

Over the year(s), Tatva Chintan has faced numerous challenges, each one a test of our resilience and adaptability. Yet, with each hurdle, we have not only sustained our operations but have also thrived by staying true to our vision. We have proactively adjusted our approach, identified new opportunities, and optimized our operations to excel in dynamic environments.

This theme reflects our continuous efforts to adapt and innovate. By showcasing our resilience and strategic recalibrations, we reaffirm our commitment to sustainable growth and long-term success. Despite external challenges, Tatva Chintan stands strong, demonstrating that with a clear vision and adaptive strategies, we can, not only counter volatility but also emerge stronger and more resolute.



ABOUT TATVA CHINTAN PHARMA CHEM LIMITED

Your Integrated Specialty Chemical Partner

With over 27 years of unparalleled expertise, we proudly stand as the pre-eminent integrated specialty chemicals manufacturer, boasting a global presence in more than 30 countries. At Tatva Chintan, we present a rich and diversified product portfolio, supported by our manufacturing facilities and a robust R&D center.

Incorporated in 1996 by first-generation technocrats, Tatva Chintan has successfully established an integrated model featuring world-class manufacturing infrastructure at Dahej and Ankleshwar, Gujarat. Additionally, we operate a state-of-the-art research and development center in Vadodara, Gujarat, recognized by the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR).



Vision

To be a competitive leader in the specialty chemical sector globally by constantly innovating, developing and upgrading our products, while remaining true to our core values.



Mission

To provide highest quality products and services through innovative intelligence with a continued commitment to meet the market needs & standards, while promoting best business practices and sustainable processes that respects our shareholders, our employees, our customers, our suppliers, our environment and adhere to all regulations.





Values

- Integrity
- Teamwork
- Quality focus
- Innovation
- Safety
- Sustainability
- Customer-oriented and reliable

What Defines Us

Business Highlights

27 214

Years of Products as on experience 31 March 2024

689 475+ Number of

employees as on 31 March 2024

Customers served in FY24

Financial Highlights

₹ 4,010.13

Million

Total Income

₹ 13.26

EPS

₹ 681.96

Million EBITDA (Excl. Other Income) 17.33%

EBITDA Margin

₹ 303.54

Million

PAT

CRISIL A-/Stable and A2+

(Reaffirmed for Long-Term and Short-Term respectively) CRISIL credit rating



500 KL Reactors &

39 Assembly lines

Our Manufacturing Capacity

69.76%

Reactors Capacity Utilization

30+ Countries

Export presence in FY24

36.53%

Assembly Lines Capacity Utilization

Our Key Clientele

We proudly serve a prestigious and diverse clientele, built on a foundation of trust and mutual respect. Our valued customers exemplify our unwavering commitment to quality, innovation, and customer-centric solutions. Our long-standing relationships underscore our consistent delivery of high-performance chemical products and services, solidifying our reputation as a reliable and preferred supplier in the global marketplace.



























Our Certificates

We are dedicated to maintain highest standards of quality, environmental management, and occupational health and safety. Our commitment is evidenced by our certifications.



ISO 9001:2015



ISO 14001:2015



ISO 45001:2018



ISO 22716:2007



EcoVadis



Reach Compliant



Three Star Export House



Together for Sustainability



OUR PRESENCE

Pioneering Chemical Excellence Across Continents

With a customer base extending across 30+ countries, including the USA, Singapore, UK, China, Germany, Japan and South Africa, our company derives ~70% of its revenue from exports. Our overseas subsidiaries in the USA and the Netherlands provide offshore support, highlighting our strong presence in both domestic and global markets.



- Headquarters
 Vadodara, Gujarat,
 India
- Major markets
 India, USA, Singapore,
 China, Germany, Japan,
 South Africa, UK etc.
- R&D facility (DSIR Approved)
 Vadodara, Gujarat, India
- Manufacturing facilities
 Dahej SEZ, Gujarat, India
 Ankleshwar, Gujarat, India
- Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries (WOS)
 Tatva Chintan USA Inc., United States of America (USA),
 Tatva Chintan Europe B.V., The Netherlands
- Warehousing facilities
 Amsterdam, The Netherlands
 Savanna, USA

Revenue Break-up





Map not to scale. For illustrative purposes only.

OUR JOURNEY

A Legacy of Innovation and Excellence

1996

2004

2007

2011

2013

0

Our Company was incorporated

Obtained a license from the Food and Drugs Control Administration, Gujarat, to manufacture and distribute certain drugs at our Ankleshwar Manufacturing Facility Increased manufacturing capacity at our

Ankleshwar plant

Commenced manufacturing of SDA

Turnover crosses the mark of ₹ 500 million

2019



Tatva Chintan Europe BV was incorporated, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited 2018



Set up our R&D facility in Vadodara

2017

2015

0

- Added a new manufacturing unit at Dahej SEZ
- Incorporated Tatva Chintan USA Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company

Achieved turnover of ₹ 1 billion

 Set up a warehouse facility in the Netherlands

2020



- Completion of 'Together for Sustainability' audit
- Conversion of Ankleshwar facility to a 'zero liquid effluent discharge facility'
- Achieved the total revenue mark of ₹ 2 billion
- Expanded manufacturing capacity at the Dahej SEZ facility, boosting the company's total capacity from 160 KL and 10 assembly lines to 280 KL and 13 assembly lines

2021



- Listed on the BSE and NSE
- Surpassed the ₹ 3 billion revenue milestone
- Acquired industrial land at Dahej III GIDC Estate, Bharuch

2023



- Commencement of commercial production at the expanded facility, Dahej SEZ
- In August 2023, raised ₹ 200 crore through Qualified Institutional Placement



OUR OFFERINGS

Crafting Chemical Excellence

We offer a diverse range of product portfolios which include Phase Transfer Catalysts (PTC), Structure Directing Agents (SDA), Electrolyte Salts and Solutions (ESS), Pharmaceutical & Agrochemical Intermediates and other Specialty Chemicals (PASC). These products cater to diverse industries such as pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, automotive, electronics, resins and polymers, flavours and fragrances, personal care and disinfectants, oil field and energy storage, reflecting our commitment to innovation, quality, and sustainability.

Phase Transfer Catalyst (PTC)

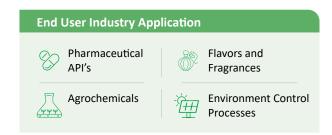
PTC are essential in heterogeneous multiphase systems, facilitating reactant migration. They act as detergents, enabling salt solubilization into the organic phase. PTC have evolved into valuable catalysts, offering diverse advantages in chemical reactions.

Benefits

- 1. Accelerates reaction rate and save process time
- 2. Increases conversion or yields
- 3. Reduces the formation of by-products
- 4. Lowers energy requirements, eliminating the need for costly or hazardous solvents
- 5. Minimizes waste production

Key Demand Drives

- Increasing need for environmentally friendly catalysts with advanced technology
- Growing emphasis on greener chemistry in organic synthesis
- PTC have emerged as highly beneficial catalysts with diverse advantages. They are non-regenerative, leading to recurring demands
- Focus on cost optimization and profit maximization, resulting in higher demand for PTC



What Sets Us Apart

As a leading producer, we offer the wider range of Phase Transfer Catalysts (PTC) in India, distinguishing ourselves as a key global player in this sector. Our commitment to excellence ensures that we deliver high-quality PTC, meeting diverse industry needs and establishing our presence on the global stage.

Structure Directing Agents (SDA)

SDA, are vital for forming channels in zeolites. These salts are crucial for synthesizing important zeolites, which find various industrial uses as catalysts and adsorbents. The purity and consistency of SDAs significantly impact the quality of synthesized zeolites, underscoring their importance in synthesis.

Benefits

SDAs are crucial raw materials for producing high-precision zeolites, which serve several key purposes:

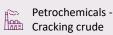
- 1. An important component in emission control systems for removing NOx / SOx
- 2. Playing an important role in continuous flow chemistry processes

Key Demand Drives

- Tatva Chintan's deep understanding of the SDA for Zeolites market is bolstering its market position amidst advancements in emission control applications
- The versatile applications and non-regenerative nature of SDAs are creating a recurring demand for Tatva Chintan's products
- Increasingly stringent emission norms are fueling the demand for SDA products
- Limited competition further enhances Tatva Chintan's market standing
- Implementation of tougher emission norms (Euro 7), providing exponential growth for SDA manufacturer

End User Industry Application of Zeolites







Catalyst -Continuous flow chemistry

What Sets Us Apart

2nd

largest manufacturer of SDA for Zeolites globally

Largest

commercial supplier of SDA for Zeolites in India

Revenue Break-up







CORPORATE OVERVIEW





Electrolyte Salts and Solutions (ESS)

Electrolyte salts play a crucial role in manufacturing supercapacitor batteries, which find applications in automobiles, electronics, and energy storage devices. Supercapacitors, also known as ultracapacitors, store electrical energy through electrochemical and electrostatic processes. They possess an exceptionally high energy density compared to conventional capacitors. We manufacture Glymes, which are used as solvents in batteries and Energy Storage Devices.

Benefits

- 1. Super capacitors supplement traditional batteries in various applications, owing to their fast charging ability, superior performance at low temperatures, long service and cycle life, and reliability
- 2. The use of super capacitors significantly enhances traditional battery runtime and operational life

Key Demand Drives

- In solar and wind energy storage, they absorb high voltage currents during peak energy generation
- ES are integrated into smart grids to manage high voltages
- Electric vehicles use Supercapacitors for sudden bursts of energy required during ignition and acceleration
- ES are also applied in other electronic devices where high bursts of energy need to be discharged or stored bursts of energy need to be discharged or stored

End User Industry Application Automotive Transport & Infrastructure Renewable Consumer Energy Electronics **Electric Vehicles Grid Balancing**

What Sets Us Apart

Largest

producer of electrolyte salts and solution for supercapacitor batteries in India

Pharmaceuticals and Agrochemicals Intermediates and other Specialty Chemicals (PASC)

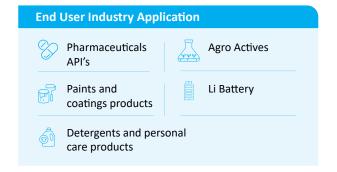
PASC finds applications as intermediates, catalysts, solvents etc. in various industries such as pharmaceuticals and agrochemicals and disinfectants. Our company specializes in manufacturing Glyme, which are solvents used in the production of APIs.

Benefits

- 1. PASCs are essential for manufacturing chemicals across a wide range of industries
- 2. Environmentally friendly solution

Key Demand Drives

- · Growing population demands increased needs of Medicines to counter diseases, Agrochemicals for crop protection and disinfectants for hygiene
- The "China plus one" strategy is being implemented by several large MNCs, opening up greater opportunities for
- India's relatively low production costs, combined with its ability to deliver consistent quality products and ensure timely delivery, have been driving demand in the country



What Sets Us Apart

Leading

producer of Glymes in India



MANAGEMENT MESSAGE

Message from the Chairman and Managing Director Desk

Transforming Challenges into Opportunities



Our Company had a resilient performance during these turbulent times. Agile teamwork coupled with efficient operations and flexibility in the supply chain ensured seamless supplies to the end customers.



Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present the 28th Annual Report for FY 2023-24. During this period, despite the global chemical industry passing through a turbulent phase, Tatva Chintan has demonstrated resilient performance and marginally increasing its EBIDTA earnings. We have expanded our product portfolio across various categories and have incorporated various innovative ideas to optimize performance. These achievements underscore our commitment to excellence and our ability to adapt and grow in a challenging market landscape.

Market Context

The fiscal year 2023-24 presented numerous challenges for the global chemical and specialty chemical industry. The economic environment was fraught with undercurrents that tested the resilience of businesses across the sector. Geopolitical tensions and a general slowdown in consumption created a ripple effect, impacting operations and market dynamics. Despite these challenges, our determination has not wavered. On the contrary, we have navigated these complexities with a balanced approach, prioritizing our business objectives alongside maintaining the trust and goodwill of our customers. We maintained emphasis on development of greener technologies and innovative processes to align with our long-term vision.

Amid these global challenges, the Indian economy demonstrated robust growth, buoyed by high investment activity and strong private consumption. With a growth rate of 8.2%, India has emerged as the fastest-growing economy, becoming a global hub for foreign investments and reinforcing its status as an emerging power. This rapid growth trajectory is propelled by a conducive business environment and robust government support through initiatives like 'Make in India' and the PLI scheme, which have significantly attracted investments across various industries.

Operational Highlights

Our Company had a resilient performance during these turbulent times. Agile teamwork coupled with efficient operations and flexibility in the supply chain ensured seamless supplies to the end customers. I am quite happy and proud, to inform you that during the year of reporting, we have successfully commenced commercial

production from the newly expanded facility at Dahej SEZ. With this, the installed reactor capacity increased to 500 KL from 294 KL and assembly lines increased from 27 to 39.

In FY 2023-24, SDA has become the highest contributor to our revenue, contributing 42% to our revenue from 30% in the previous financial year. The segment remains resilient to raw material prices and weak demand in Chinese heavy duty vehicle market. We continue to onboard new customers resulting in growth of ~30% in our revenue as our revenue has grown from ₹ 1,277 million to ₹ 1,655 million in FY 2023-24.

On the other hand, demand for other segments remained sluggish as the PTC segment revenue contracted by ~25% reaching ₹ 1,067 million. This decline was attributed to aggressive pricing competition and a substantial drop in raw material prices leading towards a lower price realization.

Also, the Electrolyte Salts and Pharma and Agro Intermediates and Specialty Chemicals segment remained muted. The Electrolyte Salts segment saw revenue amount to ₹ 50 million, reflecting a 70% yearover-year decline due to poor offtake in the Chinese market and delayed procurement by a major customer. Similarly, the Pharma and Agro Intermediates and Specialty Chemicals segment posted an annual revenue of ₹ 1,132 million, a 15% decline from the previous year. Despite these challenges, the company made significant strides in developing and commercializing new products involving continuous flow chemistry and in the area of metal extraction.

Financial Highlights

Our financial results are a testament to our business resilience. Despite a 7.1% contraction in operative revenue, which stands at ₹ 3,935 million, our EBITDA remains strong, showcasing a growth of 12.54% to ₹ 682 million from ₹ 606 million. This has resulted in an improvement in our EBITDA margins by 3.03%, now standing at 17.3%. However, our Profit After Tax (PAT) experienced a contraction of 33.18%, reducing to ₹ 304 million from ₹ 455 million in the previous financial year. This decline was primarily due to higher depreciation expenses, as we significantly increased our fixed assets from ₹ 1,958 million to ₹ 4,265.35 million and employee benefit expense, due to operationalization of expanded capacity.

On a positive note, we have made substantial progress in repaying our loans, reducing our current liabilities from ₹ 2,387 million in 2022-23 to ₹ 797 million in 2023-24. This has also resulted in lower interest costs, further strengthening our financial position. These results underscore our commitment to maintaining a resilient and efficient business model, even in challenging times.

Way Forward

As we move forward, our focus remains on leveraging the strengths of our diversified product portfolio to navigate the current market challenges. We are optimistic about the growth potential in the coming quarters, driven by the successful commercialization of new products and the strategic expansion of our customer base. The commencement of commercial production at our expanded Dahej SEZ facility will play a pivotal role in enhancing our operational efficiency and in meeting the potential increasing demand.

Looking ahead, we are committed to capitalizing on the opportunities in our key segments, particularly in the SDA and PASC markets, where we expect substantial volume growth. The successful validation and onboarding of new customers, along with the anticipated stabilization of raw material prices, will support this growth trajectory. Additionally, our ongoing investments in capacity expansion and advanced manufacturing technologies will ensure we remain competitive and can meet the evolving needs of our customers.

In summary, while the macroeconomic environment presents its challenges, we are confident in our strategic direction and our ability to achieve sustained growth and value creation for our stakeholders. Our focus will be on operational excellence, innovation, and expanding our market presence, positioning Tatva Chintan for a successful future.

Vote of Thanks

I would like to extend my heartfelt gratitude to all our stakeholders for their unwavering support and trust in Tatva Chintan. Our employees deserve special recognition for their relentless dedication and hard work, which have been instrumental in navigating through challenging times and achieving our goals.

I also want to thank our customers and partners for their continued faith in our capabilities and products. Your collaboration and feedback have been vital to our innovation and growth. Additionally, I extend my appreciation to our shareholders for their confidence in our vision and strategic direction.

Lastly, I am grateful to our board of directors for their guidance and valuable insights, which have been crucial in steering the company forward. Together, we will continue to strive for excellence and drive sustainable growth, ensuring long-term value for all our stakeholders.

Warm regards,

Chintan Nitinkumar Shah

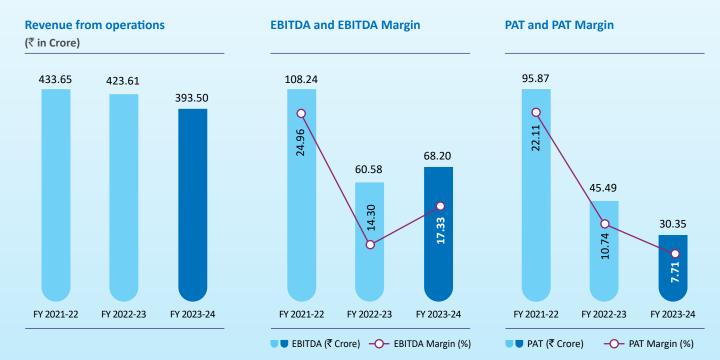
Chairman and Managing Director



KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Demonstrating Resilience in Performance

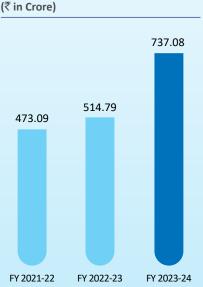
Profit and Loss





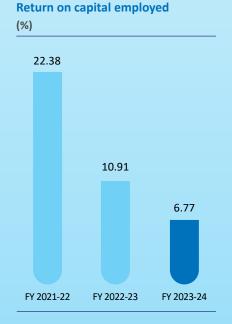
Balance sheet indicators

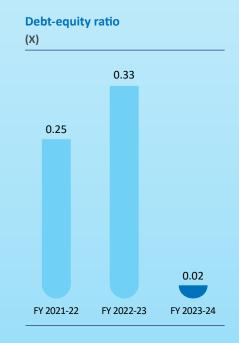






Key Ratios







INDUSTRIAL OVERVIEW

Burgeoning Market Opportunity

The Indian chemical industry is flourishing, propelled by a confluence of favorable factors. Initiatives like the PLI Scheme and the Make in India campaign are nurturing its growth. Additionally, the strategic shift in global manufacturing (China plus one policy) is presenting India, opportunities for various chemical players.



Government Initiatives Driving the Growth

India's chemical industry is witnessing a significant upsurge, driven by forward-thinking government initiatives such as Make in India and the Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyaan. This progress is bolstered by the allocation of ₹ 192.21 crore under the Interim Union Budget 2024-25 to the Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals highlighting the government's steadfast dedication to fostering the sector's growth. Furthermore, the government is working on a PLI scheme for the chemical sector, with a likely focus on agrochemical intermediates, pharmaceutical intermediates, dyes, and multiple-use chemicals, to increase the cost competitiveness of manufacturers. Additionally, the sector has attracted substantial foreign investment, facilitated by 100% equity participation through the automatic route. With sustained policy support and increasing foreign investment, India's chemical industry is poised for continued expansion, positioning itself as a key player in the global market.

₹ **192.21** Crore

100% FDI

Allocated under the Interim Union Budget 2024-25 to the Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals

Allowed through the automatic route

Sustainable Product Development

With increasing awareness of the adverse effects of certain chemicals on human health and the environment, the chemicals industry is witnessing a significant shift towards "green" chemicals, also referred to as sustainable chemistry. According to a report by KPMG, the global market for green chemicals and materials has surpassed US\$ 100 billion and is projected to grow at nearly 10%, reaching US\$ 229 billion by 2030. As industry leaders increasingly invest in research and development of eco-friendly alternatives, this sector is poised for substantial expansion and innovation.

US\$ 100 Billion

10%

Global Market size of green chemicals and materials

Growth rate of the Global green chemicals and materials market between 2023 till 2030

Opportunity for Indian Manufacturers

As global companies seek to diversify their supply chains beyond China, India emerges as a strategic alternative due to its robust manufacturing capabilities, skilled workforce, large domestic market and favorable regulatory environment. This policy shift is expected to drive increased investment in the Indian chemical sector, fostering innovation and capacity expansion. Indian chemical companies stand to benefit from enhanced export opportunities, technological advancements, and the potential to forge new international partnerships.

Strong Domestic Demand

The rising population, increasing urbanization, and improving living standards, ever increasing aspirations are driving the demand for chemicals in various sectors such as agriculture, pharmaceuticals, textiles, and consumer goods. These factors collectively contribute to the robust growth prospects of the Indian chemical industry, which is expected to reach US\$ 383 billion by 2040 from US\$ 220 billion in 2023 with a CAGR of 8.1% between 2021 and 2030.

US\$ 383 Billion by 2023

Growth Projection for the Indian **Chemical Industry**

8.1%

CAGR between 2021 and 2030





OUR INVESTMENT CASE

Harnessing Potential, Amplifying Value

Our profound industry experience has helped us enrich every aspect of our Company. Over the years, we have dedicated ourselves to fortifying our market position, leading us to achieve a prominent role in our business verticals. This continuous pursuit of excellence drives us to consistently enhance our strategies and expand our capabilities.



Track record of Developing a Wide Basket of **Products**

Our track record of developing a wide range of products reflects our unwavering commitment to innovation and customer satisfaction. With a strong focus on expanding across categories and geographies, we have demonstrated our technical expertise by creating products with low impurities, thereby ensuring market leadership in niche industry segments. This diverse product range not only differentiates us in the market but also minimizes the risk of dependence on a single industry. We are dedicated to upholding this track record, continuously striving to meet the evolving needs of our customers across industries.

25

New products added during 2023-24

Expanding Our Manufacturing Capacity

During the reporting year, we successfully commenced operations with enhanced capacity at our Dahej SEZ Unit. The unit's capacity increased from 204 KL (Reactors) and 24 Nos. Assembly to 410 KL (Reactors) and 36 Nos. Assembly. This expansion has elevated our total manufacturing capacity to 500 KL (Reactors) and 39 Nos. Assembly. This enhancement not only enables us to scale our existing product lines but also allows us to diversify our business and explore new product lines thereby contributing to higher revenue with strong future prospects.

and **12** Nos. (Assembly Lines)

Increased in capacity

206 KL (Reactors) 70% (Reactors) and 44% (Assembly Lines)

Addition in total manufacturing capacity

Continuous Focus on R&D

Innovation is a core principle that drives our business segments, powered by a team of 64 expert scientific professionals, including 34 highly qualified senior scientists. These teams operate from our state-of-the-art R&D center in Vadodara, which is recognized by the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR), Government of India. They consistently foster R&D excellence, delivering customer value by creating differentiated and relevant products.

Our R&D facility spans approximately 36,000 sq. ft. and is equipped with advanced infrastructure, including glass assemblies, continuous flow reactors, and high-pressure autoclaves. These facilities enable us to conduct reactions at temperatures ranging from -10°C to +300°C and at pressures up to 100 bar. During the financial year of FY 2023-24, we spent ₹ 101.61 million in running, improving and expanding our research, production, and analysis facilities.

₹ 101.61 million

Investment towards R&D

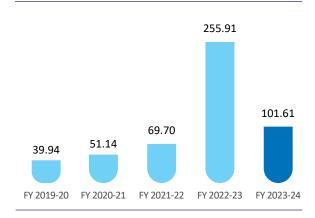
64

Team of expert scientific professionals



R&D Total Expenditure (Capex and Revenue)

(₹ in Million)



High Industry Entry Barriers

Our presence in the niche specialty chemicals space is characterized by limited competition in this segment. The industry is marked by high entry barriers, as new entrants face a lengthy approval process, ranging from 1 to 6 years for different products. This extensive approval period underscores the complexity and stringent regulatory requirements of the specialty chemicals sector, reinforcing our strong market position and competitive advantage.



ENVIRONMENT

Pioneering Sustainable Solutions with Green Chemistry

At Tatva Chintan, our commitment towards 'green' chemistry is rooted in clean and sustainable practices. Our approach minimizes the need for auxiliary substances and reduces waste and by-products, embodying an environmentally responsible ethos. With a focus on safe chemistry, we pledge to protect both our environment and the communities we serve, leading the way towards a greener, more sustainable future.

Water Stewardship

Water is vital to our business, and we prioritize sustainability through water conservation and wastewater treatment. We employ water-efficient technologies and management systems and promote employee awareness. Our Ankleshwar unit has been a Zero Liquid Discharge Unit since January 2020, recovering and reusing all wastewater with an effluent treatment plant, singleeffect evaporators, and reverse osmosis. We also undertake water conservation projects, including recycling, condensate recovery, and steam recovery.

36%

Zero Liquid Discharge

Water recycled

Our Ankleshwar Unit

9.03%

Reduction in fresh water use

Energy conservation

As part of our sustainability goals, we are optimizing energy consumption by implementing efficiency measures across operations and investing in renewable energy projects. During the year, the following initiatives were taken to reduce energy consumption:

Low-Carbon Energy Consumption Projects:

- · Replacing conventional lights with LED lamps
- Exhaust Fan Auto mode
- Installed Pressure Powered Pumping Packaged Unit (PPPPU) to reduce power consumption
- Improving the recovery of steam condensate water for reuse in boilers

Energy Efficiency in Production Processes

- Internally consuming byproducts
- Eliminating steam in the last stage of the new dryer
- Recovering waste heat

14%

Energy consumed from waste heat source

Waste Management

The increasing waste generation significantly threatens our ecosystem and communities. Recognizing the need for a sustainable ecosystem, we prioritize minimizing waste through reuse and recycling, reducing landfill disposal, and processing waste in ecofriendly ways. We manage all generated waste in accordance with the waste authorization for each site.

Our company has received Gujarat Pollution Control Board (GPCB) consent to operate safely, ensuring all waste is collected, stored, reused, and disposed of per GPCB guidelines. Hazardous waste is properly handled and sent to BEIL/RSPL, GPCB-approved vendors, for safe disposal, promoting environmental protection and biodiversity. We also use less hazardous chemicals and send high calorific value waste to cement kilns for use as co-fuel.

77.27%

Quantity of hazardous waste recycled or reused

2,252.51 MT

Waste recycled

1,849.04 MT

Waste reused

1,268.39 MT Hazardous waste disposed



SOCIAL-EMPLOYEE

Empowering People

People are the backbone of any organization, and this is true for Tatva Chintan as well. Our team plays a key role in transforming our vision into reality. We take various initiatives to create an empowering work environment that encourages continuous learning and promotes employee growth while fostering a culture of innovation and inclusivity.

We are guided by a long-term vision to deliver sustainable organizational performance. In that endeavor, we place great significance in developing an engaging workforce of high potential employees; encouraging greater employee ownership; and delivering unmatched quality chemical products. We are continuously focusing on maintaining an organizational culture that provides free & fair environment to employees for expressing their views openly. For listening voice of our employees, we have various formal & informal platform such as canteen committee, safety committee, POSH programs, plant rounds, star employee of the month. To name a few, we do celebrate events & festivals such as Diwali, New Year, Ganesh Chaturthi, etc. which has developed trust and empowerment among them.

Identifying and Hiring Best Talent

At Tatva Chintan, we successfully identify, attract and hire right talent. Our recruitment strategy ranges from basic methods, like posting on job boards, extensively using social media platform, top recruiting agency & walk in interviews. We do it by treating our candidates like customers, creating compelling job descriptions, making use of sponsored jobs to stand out, job post on our Company's career page, attending industry-related meetups & employee engagement post on social media with competency-based interviewing supported by personality testing. Last year, we were able to attract senior leaders from reputed and renowned industries to our R&D, ADL, Tech Transfer and Production function.

81

New talents (Net) onboarded during FY24

Health and Safety

At our company, we are dedicated to workplace health and safety. We mandate PPE, use a Permit-to-work system, and follow LOTO protocols for non-routine hazards and SOPs to guide routine tasks. We have an ambulance and a firefighting system to meet any contingency. Scheduled / unplanned mock drills ensure emergency preparedness. All new employees, workers, and visitors undergo a comprehensive safety induction and job-related training.

10,571

Hours of training conducted on health and safety

Training and Development

We have put in considerable efforts in talent management, and employee skill development. The extent of business transformation that we seek, requires deeply committed and driven employees who can challenge the status quo, set high benchmarks and exceed them as we have stabilized Dahej plant manufacturing expansion projects. Therefore, we have launched "5 S - A Japanese Art of maintaining work place" which had instilled the right mindset within our employees to maximize productivity through their sense of deep belonging for which we made significant investments in training our people by external expert trainer. We believe that learning and development is a continuous process. Also through our employee education assistance programs, we provide opportunities to deepen their expertize for pursuing higher

3,800

Employees trained

Hours of training conducted

education courses like ITI to Diploma, Executive MBA. Our OJT (On the Job Training) delivered by internal experienced Managers strengthen skills & competencies of junior employee which is fully assessed under IMS certification of renowned BVQI consulting firm.



Nurturing Diversity

We work every day to foster a culture of excellence for our people by investing in the growth and well-being of our colleagues, as well as embracing diversity, equity & inclusion (DEI) in all we do. At Tatva Chintan, DEI is foundational to our culture and the growth of our business. Our Talent and DEI strategy is built on the principles of career development, consistency and equity in employee experience, transparency, data-driven decision-making and outcome orientation. This strategy underpins our ability to build a company where the best talent wants to work and where people of every race, gender, sexual orientation, ability, religion, age, gender identity and ethnicity can reach their full potential. As our Talent and DEI strategy continues to evolve, we have crystallized our company-wide approach around the following pillars:

- Foster an inclusive culture by developing inclusive leaders and empowering allies
- · Empowering leaders for new roles

4.77%

Female Employees



SOCIAL-COMMUNITY

Fostering Inclusive Growth

Building a stronger community is the vision that underpins our operations at Tatva Chintan. We believe in actively contributing to the well-being and development of the communities and environment wherein we operate. Through various social initiatives and partnerships, we strive to make a positive and lasting impact on the lives of individuals and the broader community.

Focus Areas

Education and Skill Development

We have enhanced the infrastructure of several primary schools in the Bharuch district of Gujarat to foster a better learning and safe environment. The details of these projects are as follows:

Vav Village: Renovation of existing classrooms, establishment of a library, and a science lab.

B. Jolva Village:

- i. Construction of store room for the Aanganwadi.
- ii. Renovation of toilet in the Aanganwadi.
- iii. Rainwater gutter work for the multi-purpose shed in Jolva Primary School.
- Lakhigam Village: Renovation of toilet and soak well in the Aanganwadi Center in the Navi Nagari area.
- D. Vadadala Village: Renovation of primary school.



Further, this year, we have also contributed 300 benches to Faculty of Arts, The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda.

In collaboration with the Mahavir Foundation, we continue to support two Asha Deep centers, offering free education to underprivileged children. We also provide scholarships to deserving students, helping them overcome financial barriers and continue their education. Our objective is to foster a brighter future by investing in education and creating a positive impact.

Food Packet Distribution in Flood-Affected Areas

In response to the devastating floods that impacted the Bharuch district, our company launched a food packet distribution initiative as part of our CSR activities for the year 2023-24. This emergency response aimed to provide immediate relief and support to affected communities. We mobilized resources swiftly to address the urgent needs of flood-affected families. Our teams coordinated with local authorities and relief organizations to identify the most severely impacted areas and prioritize distribution. Each food packet contained essential items such as rice, pulses, flour, cooking oil, and nutritious staples to meet the basic dietary needs of the affected families. We ensured that the food items were nonperishable and suitable for immediate consumption. Food packets were distributed directly to affected households through organized distribution centers and mobile units. This approach ensured that aid reached the most vulnerable populations efficiently, timely and equitably. Our employees and volunteers actively participated in the distribution process, working alongside local community members and relief workers. This engagement helped strengthen community bonds and fostered a collaborative spirit in times of crisis. Our food packet distribution initiative underscores our commitment to providing timely and effective aid during emergencies. By addressing immediate needs and supporting recovery efforts, we aim to help flood-affected families rebuild their lives and foster resilience in the face of adversity.

₹ 13.93 Million

Total CSR spent

~60K

Beneficiaries

Environmental Sustainability and Rural Development

As part of our Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives, we have undertaken a Green Belt Development project in Dahej area during the year 2023-24. This initiative aims to enhance the environmental sustainability of the areas surrounding our operations. Alongside greening efforts, we also focused on educating employees and community members about the importance of environmental conservation and sustainable living practices. This Green Belt Development project reflects our commitment to environmental stewardship and aligns with our broader goals of fostering a sustainable and green future. Through these efforts, we aim to contribute to a healthier environment, improve air quality, and enhance the overall well-being of the communities we serve.

As part of our rural development initiative in Jageshwar Village, we facilitated the construction of a new community sanitation and bathroom unit for women and renovated the existing community sanitation and bathroom unit for men at the Mithi Talav Ashram.



~5K

Trees Planted

Healthcare

We are dedicated to enhancing healthcare in the communities where we operate. To achieve this, we organize regular medical camps that offer free check-ups and treatments to individual slacking access to health care. Our team of professionals works together to provide a wide range of comprehensive and the comprehensive of the comprehensive and the comprehensivemedical services, ensuring that those in need receive the care they deserve.





ROBUST GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Empowered by a Visionary Leadership

We prioritize good governance as the fundamental principle guiding our business operations, firmly committed to upholding the principles of sound corporate governance throughout our organization. Our unwavering objective is to uphold the utmost standards of ethical behavior and responsible practices.

50%

Independent Director

100%

Average Board Meeting Attendance during FY 2023-24

Average Attendance of Committee meetings during FY 2023-24

Code of Conduct

We have implemented a comprehensive Code of Conduct policy to define the expected behavior and ethical standards for all employees and stakeholders associated with the Company.

Guideline on Prevention of Corruption and Bribery

Our strong governance processes and internal controls promote ethical corporate behavior, supported by an anti-corruption and anti-bribery strategy.

Whistleblower Policy

We have implemented a Whistleblower Policy to encourage employees and others to report any unethical or fraudulent activities within our company, providing a safe and confidential reporting mechanism.

Compliance

At Tatva Chintan, we are committed to robust compliance management. Our approach includes stringent policies, checks, and an integrated compliance tool to ensure good governance and adherence to laws and regulations. This tool provides timely reminders and alerts, with identified users monitoring and reporting all applicable compliances in real-time across locations. Additionally, the Board conducts quarterly reviews of the compliance status and effectiveness of the framework, complementing monthly functional level reviews. We also ensure timely and transparent disclosures in all reports and documents filed to comply with relevant legal provisions.

Risk Management Framework

We have established a comprehensive framework and procedures for Enterprise Risk Management (ERM), overseen by the top management, encompassing production, operations, procurement, marketing, and other key support functions. This includes risk identification, analysis, response, tracking, and management discussion and mitigation etc.

Respective functions and project teams maintain risk register, which are regularly reviewed and monitored by the Risk Management Committee. Effective ERM is ensured through a strong governance mechanism that includes all senior management personnel collaborating closely with the top management including Board.



Our Leadership Team



Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah Chairman and Managing Director



Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah has completed his Bachelor of Engineering (Computer Science) from Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda and brings 28 years of diverse experience in business development, R&D, export, marketing, and IT. He has served as the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company since 1996.



Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel Whole Time Director



Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel, a dedicated chemical engineer from Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, brings over 29 years of experience to our Company. He oversees Project Engineering & Development and the implementation of new technology with exceptional expertise and passion.



Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani Whole Time Director





Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani holds a Bachelor's degree in Pharmacy from Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda. With over 28 years of experience, he oversees Business Development (Domestic), Quality, and Supply Chain Management in our Company.





Dr. Manher Chimanlal Desai Independent Director







Mr. Manher Chimanlal Desai holds a postgraduate degree in organic chemistry and a doctorate in science from the University of Mumbai. With extensive experience in the Specialty Chemicals Industry, he has previously been associated with esteemed companies such as Indian Dyestuff Industries Limited, Metrochem Industries Limited, Alaknanda Organics Limited, and Heubach Colour Private Limited.



CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel Independent Director









CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel, a commerce graduate from Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, is a distinguished Chartered Accountant and a Fellow Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and has an experience of over 31 years. He serves as the managing partner at M/s S. A. Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants.



Dr. Avani Rajesh **Independent Director**







Dr. Avani Rajesh holds a master's degree in Applied Chemistry from the Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda and a doctorate in Chemistry from Sardar Patel University. With over 22 years of experience in academics, research, and administration, she serves as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company. Additionally, she is associated with TeamLease Skills University as a Professor and Provost (i/c).

- **Audit Committee**
- Nomination Remuneration Committee
- Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

- Stakeholders Relationship Committee
- Risk Management Committee
- M Member
- C Chairperson

Corporate Information

Name

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

Corporate Identity Number

L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Registered Office

Plot No. 502 / 17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat - 393 002, India Telephone: +91 75748 48533/34

Fax: +91 265 263 8533

Corporate Office and R&D Center

Plot No. 353, Makarpura GIDC, Vadodara, Gujarat - 390 010, India Website: www.tatvachintan.com

Dahej SEZ Unit

Plot No. Z/103/F/1&2, SEZ Area, Part-2, Dahej - 392 130, Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat, India

Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah

Whole-Time Directors

Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani

Independent Directors

Dr. Avani Rajesh Umatt Dr. Manher Chimanlal Desai CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Ashok Bothra

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Mr. Ishwar Nayi

E-mail: cs@tatvachintan.com

Statutory Auditor

NDJ & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Surat, Gujarat

Bankers (In alphabetical order)

CITI Bank NA **DBS Bank Limited ICICI Bank Limited** State Bank of India

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

Link Intime India Private Limited C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West) Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400 083, India E-mail: vadodara@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

Investor Grievance

E-mail: cs@tatvachintan.com / rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in



Notice

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE TWENTY EIGHTH (28TH) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ("AGM") OF THE MEMBERS OF TATVA CHINTAN PHARMA CHEM LIMITED ("THE COMPANY") WILL BE HELD ON FRIDAY, 20 SEPTEMBER 2024 AT 04:00 P.M. (IST) THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING ("VC") / OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS ("OAVM") TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESSES:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2024, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2024, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.
- To declare dividend on equity shares for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.
- To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah (DIN: 00183618) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

To consider and approve managerial remuneration payable to Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah (DIN: 00183618) being Managing Director of the Company for his remaining tenure.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment made thereof for the time being in force) and applicable clauses of the Articles of Association of the Company, and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for payment of remuneration to Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah (DIN: 00183618) as Managing Director of the Company (who was appointed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 27 January 2021 for a period of 5 years w.e.f 01 February 2021) for the remaining period

of his present tenure i.e. from 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026, on the terms and conditions including remuneration as mentioned below;

The Company shall pay to Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah the fixed gross remuneration (other than the PF, Superannuation and Gratuity) of ₹ 1,65,03,252/- per annum ("p.a.") with such increments as may be approved by the Board of Directors (which includes any Committee thereof) from time to time. The gross remuneration (w.e.f. 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026) shall be categorized as follows;

- **Basic Salary:** ₹ 50,80,032/- p.a.
- Allowances: ₹ 1,14,23,220/- p.a.

3) Perquisites:

- Leave: Working hours / days and leaves (including leave encashment) would be as per Company's
- b) Company Contribution to Provident Fund: ₹ 6,48,601/- p.a.
- Medical Expenses: Premium on medical and / or health insurance policy (whether in India and / or abroad), for self and family.
- Other Perquisites: Other facilities like telephone and company's car, will be provided for business purposes.

Minimum Remuneration:

In the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during his tenure, Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah shall be entitled to receive a total remuneration including perquisites, etc., set out above as approved by the Board of Directors and the Members of the Company, as the minimum remuneration.

- No sitting fees shall be paid for attending the meeting of the Board of Director or Committee thereof.
- Income-Tax in respect of the above remuneration shall be deducted as per the applicable Income Tax Laws / Rules.
- Managing Director shall be entitled to be paid / reimbursed by the Company all costs, charges and expenses including entertainment expenses as may be incurred by him for business purpose or on behalf of the Company subject to such ceiling as may be decided by the Board (including Committees).

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT if Managing Director draws or receives, directly or indirectly, by way of remuneration any sums in excess of prescribed limit without requisite consent of Members of the Company or the above limit which has not been approved by the Members as required, he shall refund such sums to the Company within two years or such lesser period as may be allowed by the Board and until such sum is refunded, hold it in trust for the Company. The Board shall not waive the recovery of any sum required to be refunded and hold it in trust unless approved by the Members of the Company by way of Special Resolution within two years from the date the sum becomes refundable and in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Act;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors (which will include its committee thereof) be and is hereby authorised to accept such modification(s) in the terms and conditions, if so required, and as may be acceptable to the Company and Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT any of the Directors or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby jointly and / or severally authorized to submit the necessary applications, if required and the other required documents, forms and papers etc. to the Registrar of Companies and to do all acts and to take all such steps as may be necessary, proper and expedient to give effect to this resolution including altering, deleting, inserting any of the clause and solve difficulties that may arise while giving effect to this resolution without seeking any further approval of the Members of the Company."

To consider and approve managerial remuneration payable to Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel (DIN: 00183745) being Wholetime Director of the Company for his remaining tenure.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment made thereof for the time being in force) and applicable clauses of the Articles of Association of the Company, and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for payment of remuneration to Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel (Din: 00183745) as Wholetime Director of the Company (who was appointed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 27 January 2021 for a period of 5 years w.e.f 01 February 2021) for the remaining period

of his present tenure i.e. from 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026, on the terms and conditions including remuneration as mentioned below;

The Company shall pay to Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel the fixed gross remuneration (other than the PF, Superannuation and Gratuity) of ₹ 1,65,03,252/- per annum ("p.a.") with such increments as may be approved by the Board of Directors (which includes any Committee thereof) from time to time. The gross remuneration (w.e.f. 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026) shall be categorized as follows;

1) **Basic Salary:** ₹ 50,80,032/- p.a.

2) **Allowances:** ₹ 1,14,23,220/- p.a.

3) Perquisites:

- Leave: Working hours / days and leaves (including leave encashment) would be as per Company's
- Company Contribution to Provident Fund: ₹ 6,48,601/- p.a.
- Medical Expenses: Premium on medical and / or health insurance policy (whether in India and / or abroad), for self and family.
- Other Perquisites: Other facilities like telephone and company's car, will be provided for business purposes.

Minimum Remuneration: 4)

In the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during his tenure, Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel shall be entitled to receive a total remuneration including perquisites, etc., set out above as approved by the Board of Directors and the Members of the Company, as the minimum remuneration.

- No sitting fees shall be paid for attending the meeting of the Board of Director or Committee thereof.
- Income-Tax in respect of the above remuneration shall be deducted as per the applicable Income Tax Laws / Rules.
- Wholetime Director shall be entitled to be paid / reimbursed by the Company all costs, charges and expenses including entertainment expenses as may be incurred by him for business purpose or on behalf of the Company subject to such ceiling as may be decided by the Board (including Committees).

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT if Wholetime Director draws or receives, directly or indirectly, by way of remuneration any sums in excess of prescribed limit without requisite consent of Members of the Company or the above limit which has not been approved by the Members as required, he shall refund such sums to the Company within two years or such lesser



period as may be allowed by the Board and until such sum is refunded, hold it in trust for the Company. The Board shall not waive the recovery of any sum required to be refunded and hold it in trust unless approved by the Members of the Company by way of Special Resolution within two years from the date the sum becomes refundable and in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Act;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors (which will include its committee thereof) be and is hereby authorised to accept such modification(s) in the terms and conditions, if so required, and as may be acceptable to the Company and Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT any of the Directors or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby jointly and / or severally authorized to submit the necessary applications, if required and the other required documents, forms and papers etc. to the Registrar of Companies and to do all acts and to take all such steps as may be necessary, proper and expedient to give effect to this resolution including altering, deleting, inserting any of the clause and solve difficulties that may arise while giving effect to this resolution without seeking any further approval of the Members of the Company."

To consider and approve managerial remuneration payable to Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani (DIN: 00183665) being Wholetime Director of the Company for his remaining tenure.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment made thereof for the time being in force) and applicable clauses of the Articles of Association of the Company, and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for payment of remuneration to Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani (DIN: 00183665) as Wholetime Director of the Company (who was appointed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 27 January 2021 for a period of 5 years w.e.f 01 February 2021) for the remaining period of his present tenure i.e. from 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026, on the terms and conditions including remuneration as mentioned below;

The Company shall pay to Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani the fixed gross remuneration (other than the PF, Superannuation and Gratuity) of ₹ 1,65,03,252/- per annum ("p.a.") with such increments as may be approved by the Board of Directors (which includes any Committee thereof) from time to time. The gross remuneration (w.e.f. 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026) shall be categorized as follows;

1) **Basic Salary:** ₹ 50,80,032/- p.a.

2) **Allowances:** ₹ 1,14,23,220/- p.a.

3) Perquisites:

- Leave: Working hours / days and leaves (including leave encashment) would be as per Company's rules.
- Company Contribution to Provident Fund: ₹ 6,48,601/- p.a.
- Medical Expenses: Premium on medical and / or health insurance policy (whether in India and / or abroad), for self and family.
- Other Perquisites: Other facilities like telephone and company's car, will be provided for business purposes.

Minimum Remuneration: 4)

In the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during his tenure, Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani shall be entitled to receive a total remuneration including perquisites, etc., set out above as approved by the Board of Directors and the Members of the Company, as the minimum remuneration.

- No sitting fees shall be paid for attending the meeting of the Board of Director or Committee thereof.
- Income-Tax in respect of the above remuneration shall be deducted as per the applicable Income Tax Laws /
- Wholetime Director shall be entitled to be paid / reimbursed by the Company all costs, charges and expenses including entertainment expenses as may be incurred by him for business purpose or on behalf of the Company subject to such ceiling as may be decided by the Board (including Committees).

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT if Wholetime Director draws or receives, directly or indirectly, by way of remuneration any sums in excess of prescribed limit without requisite consent of Members of the Company or the above limit which has not been approved by the Members as required, he shall refund such sums to the Company within two years or such lesser period as may be allowed by the Board and until such sum is refunded, hold it in trust for the Company. The Board shall not waive the recovery of any sum required to be refunded and hold it in trust unless approved by the Members of the Company by way of Special Resolution within two years from

the date the sum becomes refundable and in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Act;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors (which will include its committee thereof) be and is hereby authorised to accept such modification(s) in the terms and conditions, if so required, and as may be acceptable to the Company and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani;

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT any of the Directors or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby jointly and / or severally authorized to submit the necessary applications, if required and the other required documents, forms and papers etc. to the Registrar of Companies and to do all acts and to take all such steps as may be necessary, proper and expedient to give effect to this resolution including altering, deleting, inserting any of the clause and solve difficulties that may arise while giving effect to this resolution without seeking any further approval of the Members of the Company."

Ratification of remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the Financial Year 2024-25

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), the Company hereby ratifies the

remuneration of ₹ 65,000/- (Rupees Sixty Five Thousand Only) plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses at actuals, if any, payable to M/s. Zarna Thakar & Associates, Cost Accountants (FRN: 005956) who have been appointed by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, as Cost Auditors of the Company to conduct the Audit of the Cost Records maintained by the Company as prescribed under the Companies (Cost Record and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended, for the Financial Year ended on 31 March 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to above resolution."

By Order of the Board of Directors

Ishwar Nayi

Date: 24 July 2024 **Company Secretary and Compliance Officer** Membership No. A37444 Place: Vadodara

Registered Office:

Plot No. 502/17 GIDC Estate,

Ankleshwar,

Dist. Bharuch-393002, Gujarat, India CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894 Phone: +91 75748 48533/34

Fax: +91 265 263 8533

Website: www.tatvachintan.com Email: cs@tatvachintan.com



Notes:

- The explanatory statement as required under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") relating to the Ordinary / Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") is annexed hereto and forms part of this notice.
- The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its General Circular No. 14/2020, dated 8 April 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13 April 2020, General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5 May 2020, General Circular No. 22/2020 dated 15 June 2020, General Circular No. 33/2020 dated 28 September 2020, General Circular No. 39/2020 dated 31 December 2020, General Circular no. 02/2021 dated 13 January 2021, General Circular no. 21/2021 dated 14 December 2021, General Circular no. 02/2022 dated 05 May 2022, General Circular no. 10/2022 dated 28 December 2022 and General Circular no. 09/2023 dated 25 September 2023 (collectively "MCA Circulars") and Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/ CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12 May 2020, circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 15 January 2021, circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/ CIR/P/2022/62 dated 13 May 2022, circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/ PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated 05 January 2023 and circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated 07 October 2023 (collectively referred to as "SEBI Circulars"), have permitted companies to conduct AGM through VC / OAVM, without the physical presence of the Member at a common venue, subject to compliance of various conditions mentioned therein. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars and the applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ("SEBI Listing Regulations") the 28th AGM of the Company is being convened and conducted through VC. The proceedings of the AGM will be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company which shall be the deemed venue of the AGM.
- In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report will also be available on the Company's website www. tatvachintan.com, website of Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.nseindia.com, and on the website of Registrar and Transfer Agent, Link Intime India Private Limited ("LIIPL") at URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in. The Company shall send a physical copy of the Annual Report 2023-24 to those Members who request the same at cs@tatvachintan.com mentioning their Folio No. / DP ID and Client ID.
- The details required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2") issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Director seeking appointment / re-appointment

- and/or fixation of remuneration at this AGM forms part as Annexure-A of the Notice.
- PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE AGM IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND **VOTE ON HIS / HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A** MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. SINCE THE 28TH AGM IS BEING HELD THROUGH VC AS PER THE MCA CIRCULARS, PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS HAS BEEN DISPENSED WITH. ACCORDINGLY, THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL NOT BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR THE 28TH AGM AND HENCE THE PROXY FORM, ATTENDANCE SLIP AND ROUTE MAP OF AGM ARE NOT ANNEXED TO THIS NOTICE.
- Participation of members through VC / OAVM will be reckoned for the purpose of quorum for the AGM as per Section 103 of the Act.
- Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC / OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Risk Management Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- Members of the Company under the category of Institutional Investors are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM through VC / OAVM. Institutional / Corporate members (i.e., other than individuals / HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF / JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution / Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM on its behalf and to vote electronically either during the remote e-voting period or during the AGM. The said Resolution / Authorization should be sent electronically through their registered email address to the Scrutinizer at csneerajtrivedi@gmail.com with a copy marked to the Company at cs@tatvachintan.com. Further instructions has been set out at Note No. 25.
- The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Act, and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM, based on the request being received on cs@tatvachintan.com.

- CORPORATE OVERVIEW
- 10. All documents referred to in the Notice and Explanatory Statement will also be available for electronic inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this Notice upto the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to cs@tatvachintan.com.
- 11. Members holding shares in demat form are hereby informed that bank particulars registered with their respective Depository Participants, with whom they maintain their demat accounts. The Company or its Registrar cannot act on any request received directly from the Members holding shares in demat form for any change of bank particulars. Such changes are to be intimated only to the Depository Participant(s) of the Members. Members holding shares in demat form are requested to intimate any change in their address and / or bank mandate immediately to their Depository Participants.
- 12. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to intimate any change of address and / or bank mandate to Link Intime India Private Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company immediately by writing at Geetakunj, 1, Bhakti Nagar Society, Behind ABS Tower, Old Padra Road, Vadodara -390015, Gujarat. Phone: 0265 3566768 or by sending a request on email at vadodara@linkintime.co.in.
- 13. Process for registration of Email Id for obtaining Annual Report, User ID and password for e-voting:
 - In case shares are held in physical mode, members who have not registered their email address and as a consequence may not receive the Notice may get their email address registered with the Link Intime India Private Limited by writing at Geetakuni, 1, Bhakti Nagar Society, Behind ABS Tower, Old Padra Road, Vadodara -390015, Gujarat. Phone: 0265 3566768 or by sending a request on email at vadodara@linkintime.co.in.
 - In case shares are held in demat mode, members are requested to update Email Id and bank account details with their respective Depository Participants ("DPs").
- 14. Members holding the shares in physical mode are requested to notify immediately for change of their address and bank particulars to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company.
 - In case the shares are held in dematerialized form, then information should be furnished directly to their respective Depository Participant ("DP") only.
- 15. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Saturday, 07 September 2024 to Friday, 20 September 2024 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of AGM. Friday, 13 September 2024 ("cut-off date"), would be the cut-off date for the purpose of reckoning the members / beneficial owners entitled to e-vote and attend the AGM through VC. The voting rights of the members shall

be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the said cut-off date.

16. Dividend Related Information:

Subject to approval of the Members at the said AGM, the dividend will be paid on or after Friday, 27 September 2024 but before the expiry of statutory period of 30 days from the date of AGM, to the Members whose names appear on the Company's Register of Members as on the Record Date i.e. closure of business hours on Friday, 06 September 2024 (Record date for dividend payment) and in respect of the shares held in dematerialised mode, to the Members whose names are furnished by National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited as beneficial owners as on that date.

The dividend of ₹ 2/- per fully paid-up equity share of ₹ 10/each (i.e. 20%), if approved by the Members at the AGM, will be paid subject to the deduction of income-tax at source ("TDS"). Payment of dividend shall be made through electronic mode to the Members who have updated their bank account details. Dividend warrants / demand drafts will be dispatched to the registered address of the Members who have not updated their bank account details.

Members are requested to register / update their complete bank details:

- with their Depository Participant(s) with which they maintain their demat accounts, if shares are held in dematerialized mode, by submitting forms and documents as may be required by the Depository Participant(s); and
- with the Company / Link Intime India Private Limited by writing at Geetakunj, 1, Bhakti Nagar Society, Behind ABS Tower, Old Padra Road, Vadodara -390015, Gujarat. Phone: 0265 3566768 or by emailing at cs@tatvachintan. com or vadodara@linkintime.co.in, if shares are held in physical mode, by submitting:
 - Scanned copy of the signed request letter which shall contain Member's name, folio number, bank details (Bank account number, Bank and Branch Name and address, IFSC, MICR details),
 - Self-attested copy of the PAN card, and
 - (iii) Cancelled cheque leaf.

Tax Deductible at Source / Withholding tax:

Pursuant to the requirement of Income Tax Act, 1961, the Company will be required to withhold taxes at the prescribed rates on the dividend paid to its shareholders. The withholding tax rate may vary depending on the residential status of the shareholder and documents submitted by shareholder with the Company / Link Intime India Private Limited / Depository Participant.



- 17. Members are requested to note that dividends, if not encashed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF"). Further, the shares in respect of such unclaimed dividends are also liable to be transferred to the Demat account of the IEPF Authority. In view of this, members / claimants are requested to claim their dividends from the Company within the stipulated timeline.
- 18. As the AGM of the Company is held through VC / OAVM, we therefore request the Members to register themselves as speaker by sending their question / express their views from their registered E-mail address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID / folio number, PAN, mobile number at E-mail Id - cs@tatvachintan.com on or before Tuesday, 17 September 2024. The Members who have registered themselves as speaker will only be allowed to ask queries / express their views during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to limit the number of Members asking questions depending on the availability of time at the AGM.
- 19. In case of joint holders attending the meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to
- 20. In case of any queries regarding the Annual Report, the Members may write to cs@tatvachintan.com to receive response on email. Members desiring any information as regards to financial statements are requested to send an email to cs@tatvachintan.com, 7 days in advance before the date of the meeting to enable the management to keep full information ready on the date of AGM.
- 21. The Annual Report alongwith the Notice of AGM will be available on Company's website on https://www.tatvachintan. com.
- 22. As per the MCA and SEBI Circulars, the Annual Report will be sent through electronic mode to only those Members whose E-mail ids are registered with the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company / Depository Participant. Members of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialised form as on Benpos date i.e. Friday, 16 August 2024 will receive Annual Report for the financial year 2023-2024 through electronic mode.
- 23. Investor Grievance Redressal:- The Company has designated Mr. Ishwar Nayi, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Plot No. 353, GIDC, Makarpura, Vadodara-390010 Gujarat, India having Phone +91 75748 48533 / 34 and E-mail: cs@ tatvachintan.com / rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in to enable investors to register their complaints, if any.
- 24. Other information relating to Remote E-Voting are as under:
 - In compliance with Section 108 of the Act, read with the corresponding rules, and Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing

- Regulations, the Company has provided a facility to its members to exercise their votes electronically through the electronic voting ("e-voting") facility provided by Link Intime India Private Limited. Shareholders who have cast their votes by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may participate in the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their votes again. The manner of voting remotely by shareholders holding shares in dematerialized mode, physical mode and for members who have not registered their email addresses is provided in the instructions for e-voting section which forms part of this Notice.
- The e-voting period begins on Tuesday, 17 September 2024 at 9:00 a.m. (IST) and ends on Thursday, 19 September 2024 at 5:00 p.m. (IST). During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cutoff date of Friday, 13 September 2024 ("cut-off date for e-voting"), may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by Link Intime India Private Limited ("LIIPL") for voting thereafter.
- The facility for voting during the AGM will also be made available. Members present in the AGM through VC and who have not cast their vote on the resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through the e-voting system during the AGM.
- iv. Any person who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a shareholders of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date of e-voting, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at instameet@linkintime.co.in and vadodara@linkintime.co.in. However, if he / she is already registered with LIIPL for remote e-voting, then he / she can use his / her existing user ID and password for casting the vote.
- The Board of Directors has appointed M/s. TNT & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Vadodara as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- vi. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of voting at the Meeting, will first count the votes cast at the Meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two (2) witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall provide, not later than two (2) working days of the conclusion of the Meeting, a consolidated Scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, Who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.

- vii. The results shall be declared forthwith by the Chairman or a person so authorised by him in writing on receipt of consolidated report from the Scrutinizer. The Results declared along with Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed to the stock exchanges, LIIPL and will also be displayed on the Company's website. Members may contact at E-mail Id vadodara@linkintime.co.in or rnt.helpdesk@ <u>linkintime.co.in</u> for any grievances connected with voting by electronic means.
- viii. Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") has mandated that securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialised form w.e.f. 01 April 2019. Accordingly, the Company / LIIPL has stopped accepting any fresh lodgement of transfer of shares in physical form. Members holding shares in physical form are advised to avail of the facility of dematerialisation.
- Members holding shares in physical mode are: a) required to submit their Permanent Account Number (PAN) and bank account details to the Company / LIIPL, if not registered with the Company / LIIPL, as mandated by SEBI by writing to the Company at cs@tatvachintan.com or to LIIPL at vadodara@linkintime.co.in alongwith the details of folio no., self-attested copy of PAN card, bank details (Bank account number, Bank and Branch Name and address, IFSC, MICR details) and cancelled cheque leaf.
- Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, Members holding shares in physical form may file their nomination in the prescribed Form SH-13 with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent i.e. LIIPL. In respect of shares held in electric / demat form, the nomination form may be filed with the respective Depository Participant.
- Non-Resident Indian members are requested to inform LIIPL / respective DPs, immediately of: a) Change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement b) Particulars of their bank account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the bank with pin code number, if not furnished earlier.

Members are requested to send all their documents and communications pertaining to shares to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company - Link Intime India Private Limited, at their address at Geetakunj, 1, Bhakti Nagar Society, Behind ABS Tower, Old Padra Road, Vadodara -390015, Gujarat, Phone: 0265 3566768, for both physical and demat segments of Equity Shares.

Please quote on all such correspondence - "Unit - Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited" For Shareholders gueries -Telephone No. 0265 3566768, Email ID: vadodara@linkintime. co.in Website www.linkintime.co.in.

25. The Instructions of Remote E-Voting for Shareholders are as under:

As per the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09 December 2020, individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode can register directly with the depository or will have the option of accessing various ESP portals directly from their demat accounts.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL:

METHOD 1 - If registered with NSDL IDeAS facility

Users who have registered for NSDL IDeAS facility:

- Visit URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com and click on "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login".
- Enter user id and password. Post successful b) authentication, click on "Access to e-voting".
- Click on "LINKINTIME" or "evoting link displayed alongside Company's Name" and you will be redirected to Link Intime InstaVote website for casting the vote during the remote e-voting period.

OR

User who have not registered for NSDL IDeAS facility:

- To register, visit URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com and select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click on https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg. isp "
- b) Proceed with updating the required fields.
- c) Post registration, user will be provided with Login ID and password.
- After successful login, click on "Access to e-voting". d)
- Click on "LINKINTIME" or "evoting link displayed alongside Company's Name" and you will be redirected to Link Intime InstaVote website for casting the vote during the remote e-voting period.

METHOD 2 - By directly visiting the e-voting website of NSDL:

- Visit URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/
- Click on the "Login" tab available under 'Shareholder/ b) Member' section.
- Enter User ID (i.e., your sixteen-digit demat account c) number held with NSDL), Password / OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
- Post successful authentication, you will be re-directed to NSDL depository website wherein you can see "Access to e-voting".



Click on "LINKINTIME" or "evoting link displayed alongside Company's Name" and you will be redirected to Link Intime InstaVote website for casting the vote during the remote e-voting period.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL:

METHOD 1 – If registered with CDSL Easi/Easiest facility

Users who have registered for CDSL Easi/Easiest facility.

- URL: https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/ home/login or www.cdslindia.com.
- Click on New System Myeasi b)
- Login with user id and password c)
- d) After successful login, user will be able to see e-voting menu. The menu will have links of e-voting service providers i.e., LINKINTIME, for voting during the remote e-voting period.
- Click on "LINKINTIME" or "evoting link displayed alongside Company's Name" and you will be redirected to Link Intime InstaVote website for casting the vote during the remote e-voting period.

OR

Users who have not registered for CDSL Easi/Easiest facility.

- To register, visit URL: https://web.cdslindia.com/ myeasitoken/Registration/EasiRegistration
- Proceed with updating the required fields.
- Post registration, user will be provided Login ID and password.
- After successful login, user able to see e-voting menu. d)
- Click on "LINKINTIME" or "evoting link displayed alongside Company's Name" and you will be redirected to Link Intime InstaVote website for casting the vote during the remote e-voting period.

METHOD 2 - By directly visiting the e-voting website of CDSL.

- Visit URL: https://www.cdslindia.com/
- b) Go to e-voting tab.
- Enter Demat Account Number (BO ID) and PAN No. and c) click on "Submit".
- System will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile and Email as recorded in Demat Account
- After successful authentication, click on "LINKINTIME" or "evoting link displayed alongside Company's Name" and you will be redirected to Link Intime InstaVote website for casting the vote during the remote e-voting period.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with Depository Participant:

Individual shareholders can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your depository participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-voting facility.

- Login to DP website
- b) After Successful login, members shall navigate through "e-voting" tab under Stocks option.
- Click on e-voting option, members will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-voting menu.
- After successful authentication, click on "LINKINTIME" or "evoting link displayed alongside Company's Name" and you will be redirected to Link Intime InstaVote website for casting the vote during the remote e-voting period.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in physical form/ Non-Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Individual Shareholders of the company, holding shares in physical form / Non-Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode as on the cut-off date for e-voting may register for e-Voting facility of Link Intime as under:

- Visit URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in
- Click on "Sign Up" under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and register with your following details: -

User ID:

Shareholders holding shares in physical form shall provide Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company. Shareholders holding shares in NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID; Shareholders holding shares in CDSL demat account shall provide 16 Digit Beneficiary ID.

- PAN: Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
- DOB/DOI: Enter the Date of Birth (DOB) / Date of Incorporation (DOI) (As recorded with your DP / Company - in DD/MM/YYYY format)
- Bank Account Number: Enter your Bank Account Number (last four digits), as recorded with your DP/ Company.
 - * Shareholders holding shares in physical form but have not recorded 'C' and 'D', shall provide their Folio number in 'D' above
 - * Shareholders holding shares in NSDL form, shall provide 'D' above

- Set the password of your choice (The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special Character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter).
- Click "confirm" (Your password is now generated).
- Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab. 3.
- Enter your User ID, Password, and Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and click on 'Submit'.

Cast your vote electronically:

- After successful login, you will be able to see the notification for e-voting. Select 'View' icon.
- E-voting page will appear.
- Refer the Resolution description and cast your vote by selecting your desired option 'Favour / Against' (If you wish to view the entire Resolution details, click on the 'View Resolution' file link).
- After selecting the desired option i.e. Favour / Against, click on 'Submit'. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on 'Yes', else to change your vote, click on 'No' and accordingly modify your vote.

Guidelines for Institutional shareholders ("Corporate Body/ Custodian/Mutual Fund"):

STEP 1 – Registration

- Visit URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in
- Click on Sign up under "Corporate Body/ Custodian/ Mutual Fund"
- Fill up your entity details and submit the form.
- A declaration form and organization ID is generated and sent to the Primary contact person email ID (which is filled at the time of sign up at Sr.No. 2 above). The said form is to be signed by the Authorised Signatory, Director, Company Secretary of the entity & stamped and sent to insta.vote@linkintime.co.in.
- Thereafter, Login credentials (User ID; Organisation ID; Password) will be sent to Primary contact person's email ID.
- While first login, entity will be directed to change the password and login process is completed.

STEP 2 -Investor Mapping

- Visit URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in and login with credentials as received in Step 1 above.
- Click on "Investor Mapping" tab under the Menu Section b)
- Map the Investor with the following details: c)

- 'Investor ID' -
 - Members holding shares in NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID i.e., IN00000012345678
 - Members holding shares in CDSL demat account shall provide 16 Digit Beneficiary ID.
- b. 'Investor's Name - Enter full name of the entity.
- 'Investor PAN' Enter your 10-digit PAN issued by c. Income Tax Department.
- 'Power of Attorney' Attach Board resolution or Power of Attorney. File Name for the Board resolution/Power of Attorney shall be – DP ID and Client ID. Further, Custodians and Mutual Funds shall also upload specimen signature card.
- d) Click on Submit button and investor will be mapped now.
- The same can be viewed under the "Report Section".

STEP 3 – Voting through remote e-voting.

The corporate shareholder can vote by two methods, once remote e-voting is activated:

METHOD 1 - VOTES ENTRY

- Visit URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in and login with credentials as received in Step 1 above.
- Click on 'Votes Entry' tab under the Menu section. b)
- Enter Event No. for which you want to cast vote. Event No. will be available on the home page of Instavote before the start of remote evoting.
- Enter '16-digit Demat Account No.' for which you want to d) cast vote.
- Refer the Resolution description and cast your vote by selecting your desired option 'Favour / Against' (If you wish to view the entire Resolution details, click on the 'View Resolution' file link).
- After selecting the desired option i.e., Favour / Against, click on 'Submit'.
- A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on 'Yes', else to change your vote, click on 'No' and accordingly modify your vote. (Once you cast your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change it subsequently).

OR

VOTES UPLOAD:

- Visit URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in and login with credentials as received in Step 1 above.
- You will be able to see the notification for e-voting in inbox.



- Select 'View' icon for 'Company's Name / Event number'. E-voting page will appear.
- Download sample vote file from 'Download Sample Vote File' option.
- Cast your vote by selecting your desired option 'Favour / Against' in excel and upload the same under 'Upload Vote File' option.
- Click on 'Submit'. 'Data uploaded successfully' message will be displayed. (Once you cast your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change it subsequently).

Helpdesk:

Helpdesk for Individual shareholders holding securities in physical form/ Non-Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

Shareholders facing any technical issue in login may contact Link Intime INSTAVOTE helpdesk by sending a request at enotices@linkintime.co.in or contact on: - Tel: 022 - 4918

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode may contact the respective helpdesk for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e., NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual	Members facing any technical issue
Shareholders holding	in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by
securities in demat	sending a request at evoting@nsdl.
mode with NSDL	co.in or call at : 022 - 4886 7000 and
	022 - 2499 7000
Individual	Members facing any technical issue
Shareholders holding	in login can contact CDSL helpdesk
securities in demat	by sending a request at helpdesk.
mode with CDSL	evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at
	toll free no. 1800 22 55 33

Forgot Password:

Individual shareholders holding securities in physical form has forgotten the password:

If an Individual shareholder holding securities in physical form has forgotten the USER ID [Login ID] or Password or both then the shareholder can use the "Forgot Password" option available on the e-Voting website of Link Intime: https:// instavote.linkintime.co.in

- Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and further Click 'forgot password?'
- Enter User ID, select Mode and Enter Image Verification code (CAPTCHA). Click on "SUBMIT".

In case shareholders is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address. Shareholders can set the password of his/her choice by providing the information about the particulars of the Security Question and Answer, PAN, DOB/DOI, Bank Account Number (last four digits) etc. as mentioned above. The password should contain a minimum of 8 characters, at least one special character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter.

User ID for Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form (i.e. Share Certificate): Your User ID is Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company

User ID for Shareholders holding shares in NSDL demat account is 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID

User ID for Shareholders holding shares in CDSL demat account is 16 Digit Beneficiary ID.

Institutional shareholders ("Corporate Body/ Custodian/Mutual Fund") has forgotten the password:

If a Non-Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode has forgotten the USER ID [Login ID] or Password or both then the shareholder can use the "Forgot Password" option available on the e-Voting website of Link Intime: https:// instavote.linkintime.co.in

- Click on 'Login' under 'Corporate Body/ Custodian/ Mutual Fund' tab and further Click 'forgot password?'
- Enter User ID, Organization ID and Enter Image Verification code (CAPTCHA). Click on "SUBMIT".

In case shareholders is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address. Shareholders can set the password of his/her choice by providing the information about the particulars of the Security Question and Answer, PAN, DOB/DOI, Bank Account Number (last four digits) etc. as mentioned above. The password should contain a minimum of 8 characters, at least one special character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL/ CDSL has forgotten the password:

Shareholders who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned depository/ depository participants website.

- It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

During the voting period, shareholders/ members can login any number of time till they have voted on the resolution(s) for a particular "Event".

Process and Manner for Attending the Annual General Meeting Through InstaMeet:

- Open the internet browser and launch the URL: https:// instameet.linkintime.co.in & Click on "Login".
 - Select the "Company" and 'Event Date' and register with your following details: -
 - Demat Account No. or Folio No: Enter your 16 digit Demat Account No. or Folio No
 - Shareholders / members holding shares in CDSL demat account shall provide 16 Digit Beneficiary ID
 - Shareholders / members holding shares in NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID
 - Shareholders / members holding shares in physical form shall provide Folio Number registered with the Company
 - **PAN:** Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
 - **Mobile No.:** Enter your mobile number.
 - Email ID: Enter your email id, as recorded with your DP/ Company.
 - Click "Go to Meeting" (You are now registered for InstaMeet and your attendance is marked for the meeting).

Please refer the instructions (annexure) for the software requirements and kindly ensure to install the same on the device which would be used to attend the meeting. Please read the instructions carefully and participate in the meeting. You may also call upon the InstaMeet Support Desk for any support on the dedicated number provided to you in the instruction / InstaMEET website.

Instructions for Shareholders / Members to Speak during the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:

Shareholders who would like to speak during the meeting must register their request on or before Tuesday, 17 September 2024 with the company on the cs@tatvachintan.com.

- Shareholders will get confirmation on first cum first basis depending upon the provision made by the client.
- Shareholders will receive "speaking serial number" once they mark attendance for the meeting.
- Other shareholder may ask questions to the panellist, via active chat-board during the meeting.
- Please remember speaking serial number and start your conversation with panellist by switching on video mode and audio of your device.

Shareholders are requested to speak only when moderator of the meeting / management will announce the name and serial number for speaking.

Instructions for Shareholders / Members to Vote during the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:

Once the electronic voting is activated by the scrutinizer during the meeting, shareholders / members who have not exercised their vote through the remote e-voting can cast the vote as under:

- On the Shareholders VC page, click on the link for e-Voting "Cast your vote"
- Enter your 16 digit Demat Account No. / Folio No. and OTP (received on the registered mobile number/ registered email Id) received during registration for InstaMEET and click on 'Submit'.
- After successful login, you will see "Resolution Description" and against the same the option "Favour/ Against" for voting.
- Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option i.e. "Favour/Against" as desired. Enter the number of shares (which represents no. of votes) as on the cut-off date under 'Favour/Against'.
- After selecting the appropriate option i.e. Favour/ Against as desired and you have decided to vote, click on "Save". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "Confirm", else to change your vote, click on "Back" and accordingly modify your vote.
- Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change your vote subsequently.

Note: Shareholders / Members, who will be present in the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting facility during the meeting. Shareholders / Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting prior to the Annual General Meeting will be eligible



to attend/ participate in the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet. However, they will not be eligible to vote again during the meeting.

Shareholders / Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Tablets / Laptops connected through broadband for better experience.

Shareholders / Members are required to use Internet with a good speed (preferably 2 MBPS download stream) to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

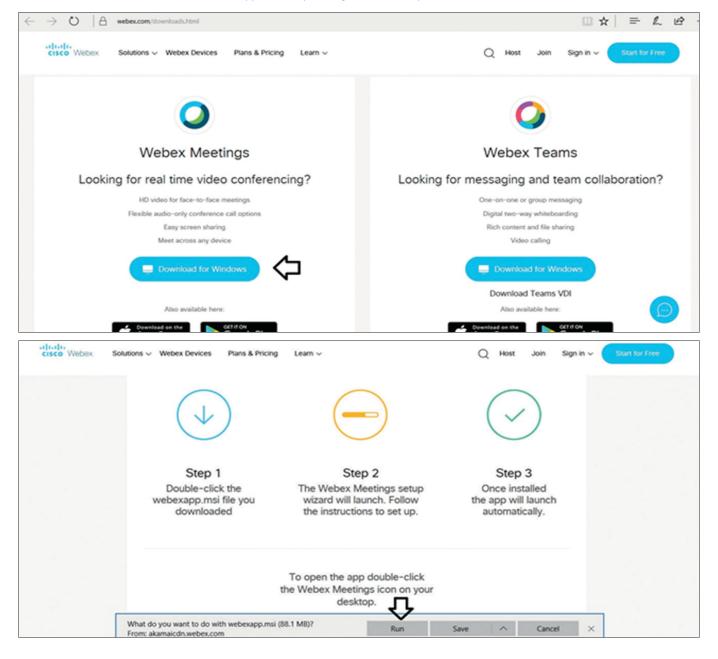
Please note that Shareholders/ Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Visual loss due to fluctuation in their network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-FI or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

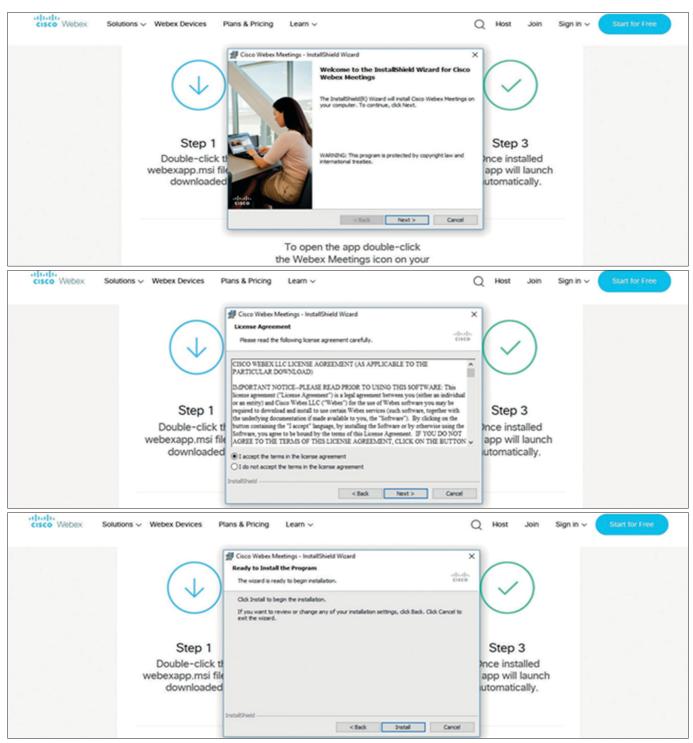
In case shareholders/ members have any queries regarding login/ e-voting, they may send an email to instameet@ linkintime.co.in or contact on: - Tel: 022 49186175.

Guidelines to attend the AGM proceedings of Link **Intime India Private Limited: InstaMEET**

For a smooth experience of viewing the AGM proceedings of Link Intime India Private Limited InstaMEET, shareholders/ members who are registered as speakers for the event are requested to download and install the Webex application in advance by following the instructions as under:

Please download and install the Webex application by clicking on the link https://www.webex.com/downloads.html/





If you do not want to download and install the Webex application, you may join the meeting by following the process mentioned as under:

Step 1	Enter your First Name, Last Name and Email ID and click on Join Now.		
1 (A) If you have already installed the Webex application on your device, join the meeting by clicking on Join Now			
1 (B)	If Webex application is not installed, a new page will appear giving you an option to either Add Webex to chrome or Run a temporary application. Click on Run a temporary application, an exe file will be downloaded. Click on this exe file to run the application and join the meeting by clicking on Join Now		





Explanatory Statement Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

ITEM NO. 5, 6 and 7

Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah (DIN: 00183618) Managing Director, Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel (DIN: 00183745) Wholetime Director and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani (DIN: 00183665) Wholetime Director of the Company, were appointed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 27 January 2021 for a period of 5 years w.e.f 01 February 2021.

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and such other approvals as may be necessary, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 03 May 2024, passed a resolution for approval of managerial remuneration payable to Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah (DIN: 00183618), Managing Director, Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel (DIN: 00183745), Wholetime Director and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani (DIN: 00183665), Wholetime Director of the Company for the remaining period of their present tenure i.e. from 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026, on the terms and conditions including remuneration as mentioned below;

The Company shall pay to Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah, Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani the fixed gross remuneration (other than the PF, Superannuation and Gratuity) of ₹ 1,65,03,252/- per annum ("p.a.") to each Director with such increments as may be approved by the Board of Directors (which includes any Committee thereof) from time to time. The gross remuneration payable to each Director (w.e.f. 01 April 2024 to 31 January 2026) shall be categorized as follows;

- **1)** Basic Salary: ₹ 50,80,032/- p.a.
- **2)** Allowances: ₹ 1,14,23,220/- p.a.
- 3) Perquisites:
 - a) Leave: Working hours / days and leaves (including leave encashment) would be as per Company's rules.
 - b) Company Contribution to Provident Fund: ₹ 6,48,601/p.a.
 - c) Medical Expenses: Premium on medical and / or health insurance policy (whether in India and / or abroad), for self and family.
 - d) Other Perquisites: Other facilities like telephone and company's car, will be provided for business purposes.

4) Minimum Remuneration:

In the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during their tenure, Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah, Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani shall be entitled to receive a total remuneration including perquisites, etc., set out above as approved by the Board of Directors and the Members of the Company, as the minimum remuneration.

- No sitting fees shall be paid for attending the meeting of the Board of Director or Committee thereof.
- 6) Income-Tax in respect of the above remuneration shall be deducted as per the applicable Income Tax Laws / Rules.
- 7) Managing Director and Wholetime Director(s) shall be entitled to be paid / reimbursed by the Company all costs, charges and expenses including entertainment expenses as may be

incurred by them for business purpose or on behalf of the Company subject to such ceiling as may be decided by the Board (including Committees).

Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah, Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel, and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani, satisfy all the conditions mentioned in Part I of Schedule V to the Act and also satisfy conditions mentioned under section 196(3) of the Companies Act, 2013. They are not disqualified from being appointed as Director under section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Managing Director and Wholetime Director(s)

shall act in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and shall abide by the provisions of Section 166 of the Companies Act, 2013 with regard to duties of Directors.

Except for the aforesaid managerial remuneration, all other terms and conditions of their appointment as Managing Director and Wholetime Director(s) of the Company, respectively as approved by the members of the Company shall remain unchanged.

The information required under Part I and Section II, Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 in case of Special Resolutions are as follows:

Ger	neral information:		
(1)	Nature of industry	Specialty Chemicals	
(2)	Date or expected date of commencement of commercial production	The Company is in operation since the year 1996	
(3)	In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus	Not Applicable	
(4)	Financial performance based on given indicators	As per the Audited Financial Results for the year ended	31.03.2024
	Particulars Revenue from operations		Amount In ₹ million) 2023-24
			3786.77
		Other income	75.08
		EBITDA (Including other income)	743.73
		EBITDA (Excluding other income)	668.65
		Interest and financial charges	65.07
		Depreciation and amortisation expense	256.01
		Profit/(Loss) before exceptional item and taxes	422.65
		Exceptional item	-
		Tax expense	129.17
		Profit / (Loss) for the year	293.48
		Other comprehensive income	(1.67)
		Total comprehensive income	291.81
(5)	Foreign investments or collaborations, if any.	The Company has two Wholly Owned Subsidiaries as debelow;	etailed
		• •	Investments Amount in ₹ Million)
		Tatva Chintan USA Inc. United States of (Wholly Owned Subsidiary) America	6.66
		Tatva Chintan Europe B.V. Amsterdam, The (Wholly Owned Subsidiary) Netherlands	0.01



Information about the appointee:				
	ame and Designation the Director	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah (DIN: 00183618), Managing Director	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel (DIN: 00183745), Wholetime Director	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani (DIN: 00183665), Wholetime Director
(1)) Background details	He, aged 51, is a Bachelor of Engineering (Computer Science). He is one of the founding members and promoters of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited. He joined the Company in the year 1996. He has over 28 years of experience in the manufacturing / specialty chemical industry.	He, aged 52, is a Bachelor of Engineering (Chemical). He is one of the founding members and promoters of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited. He joined the Company in the year 1996. He has over 29 years of experience in the manufacturing / specialty chemical industry.	degree in pharmacy. He is one
(2)	Past remuneration	₹ 1,65,03,252/ However, an amount of ₹ 1,33,90,870/- was paid as	The approved remuneration was ₹ 1,65,03,252/ However, an amount of ₹ 1,33,90,870/- was paid as remuneration during the year ended 31 March 2024.	₹ 1,65,03,252/ However, an amount of
(3)	Recognition or awards	The Company has received various awards and recognition during his tenure as a Managing Director of the Company.	The Company has received various awards and recognition during his tenure as a Wholetime Director of the Company.	The Company has received various awards and recognition during his tenure as a Wholetime Director of the Company.
(4)) Job profile and his suitability	He is highly experienced and is responsible for, among others, business development, R&D, export marketing, IT and overall supervision and Control of affairs of the business. He shall perform and discharge all such duties and responsibilities as may from time to time be assigned and entrusted to him by the Board. He is also member of Audit Committee.	and development and implementation of new technology in the Company. He shall perform and discharge all such duties and responsibilities as may from time to time be assigned and entrusted to him by	is responsible for, among others, business development (Domestic), quality, and supply chain management in the Company. He shall perform and discharge all such duties and responsibilities as may from time to time be assigned and entrusted to him by the Board. He is also chairman of Risk
(5)	Remuneration proposed	Basic Salary ₹ 50,80,032/-, Allowances: ₹ 1,14,23,220/-, Total ₹ 1,65,03,252/- per annum more particularly described in the explanatory statement above.	Basic Salary ₹ 50,80,032/-, Allowances: ₹ 1,14,23,220/-, Total ₹ 1,65,03,252/- per annum more particularly described in the explanatory statement above.	more particularly described

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Infor	rmation about the appo	intee: (Cont.)				
	(6) Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the company, profile of the position and person (in case of expatriates the relevant details would be with respect to the country of his origin)	Looking to the size of the Company, the profile of the appointee, the responsibilities shouldered by him, the above said remuneration is commensurate with the remuneration package paid to similar senior level appointees in other Companies. The current remuneration being paid to the Managing Director (looking at the profile of the position and person) is equal or lower than the remuneration being paid by the companies' having comparable size in the industry in which the Company operates.	appointee, the responsibilities shouldered by him, the above said remuneration is commensurate with the remuneration package paid to similar senior level appointees in other Companies. The current remuneration being paid to the Wholetime Director (looking at the profile of the position and person) is equal or lower than the remuneration being paid by the companies'	Company, the profile of the appointee, the responsibilities shouldered by him, the above said remuneration is commensurate with the remuneration package paid to similar senior level appointees in other Companies. The current remuneration being paid to the Wholetime Director (looking at the profile of the position and person) is equal or lower than the remuneration being paid by the companies' having comparable size in the		
	(7) Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel [or other director], if any.	Besides the remuneration proposed, he also holds 48,97,219 equity shares of the Company. Other than this the Managing Director does not have any other pecuniary relationship with the Company.	Besides the remuneration proposed, he also holds 40,00,000 equity shares of the Company. Other than this	Besides the remuneration proposed, he also holds 53,96,861 equity shares of the Company. Other than this the Wholetime Director does		
III.	Other information:					
	Reasons of loss or inadequate profits The Company does not envisage any loss or inadequate profits. However, global economic flucture supply chain disruptions, global banks failure, inflation, geopolitical scenario, unforeseen reshifts, hike in the interest rate, rising operating cost and challenging business environment may the profitability of the Company in future. All the three Directors are putting their best efforts of growth of the Company and therefore the proposed remuneration will justify their contribution performance and growth of the Company. Hence, the Company proposes to obtain approval of Me as an abundant caution in case the standalone profits are insufficient to pay the managerial remuneration as above.					
	Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement	The Company is always looking forward to take all such steps and measures including expansion, diversification, cost reduction which are in the best interest of the company. Though, the prices of raw materials and products are influenced by external factors, the Company is making all possible efforts to improve the margins.				
	Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms	the company is very conscious about improvement in productivity and undertakes constant measures to improve it. However, it is extremely difficult in the present scenario to estimate profits in measurable terms.				
IV.	Disclosures:					
		equired, is provided under Corporatorate Governance in the Annual Rep				

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 5, 6 and 7 of the accompanying Notice for approval of the Members of the Company.

well as to all other Directors. There is no severance fee or stock option in the case of the aforesaid managerial personnel.



None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives other than Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah, Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani and their relatives, has any concern or interest, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set forth at Item No. 5, 6 and 7 of this Notice.

ITEM NO. 8

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors had appointed M/s. Zarna Thakar & Associates, Cost Accountants (FRN: 005956), who are in whole time Practice, as Cost Auditors of the Company to carry out the audit of the cost records maintained by the Company for the financial year 2024-25 and also fixed their remuneration for the said purpose. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors is required to be ratified and confirmed by the members of the Company.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item No. 8 for approval of the Members by way of an Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and relatives thereof has any concern or interest, financial or otherwise in the resolution at Item No. 8 of this Notice.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer Membership No. A37444

Date: 24 July 2024 Place: Vadodara

Registered Office:

Plot No. 502/17 GIDC Estate,

Ankleshwar,

Dist. Bharuch-393002, Gujarat, India CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894 Phone: +91 75748 48533/34

Fax: +91 265 263 8533

Website: www.tatvachintan.com Email: cs@tatvachintan.com

Annexure - A to the Notice

PURSUANT TO REGULATION 36 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015, AS AMENDED (INCLUDING ANY STATUTORY MODIFICATION(S) OR RE-ENACTMENT(S) THEREOF, FOR THE TIME BEING IN FORCE) AND SECRETARIAL STANDARD-2 ISSUED BY THE INSTITUTE OF COMPANY SECRETARIES OF INDIA, INFORMATION ABOUT THE DIRECTOR PROPOSED TO BE RE-APPOINTED AND / OR FIXATION OF **REMUNERATION IS FURNISHED BELOW:**

Profile of the Director being re-appointed and / or fixation of remuneration at the ensuing AGM

Name of Director	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani
Directors Identification Number ("DIN")	00183618	00183745	00183665
Date of Birth	29 April 1973	27 February 1972	11 January 1974
Age	51 years	52 years	50 years
Nationality	Indian	Indian	Indian
Education & Qualification	Bachelor of Engineering (Computer Science)	Bachelor of Engineering (Chemical)	Bachelor's degree in pharmacy
Brief Resume & Nature of Expertise in specific Functional areas	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah has over 28 years of experience in the manufacturing / specialty chemical industry.	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel has over 29 years of experience in the manufacturing / specialty chemical industry	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani has over 28 years of experience in the manufacturing / specialty chemical industry.
Date of Appointment	12 June 1996	12 June 1996	12 June 1996
Relationship with other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah does not have any relationship with other Director(s), Manager and Other Key Managerial Personnel which may create conflict of interest.	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel does not have any relationship with other Director(s), Manager and Other Key Managerial Personnel which may create conflict of interest.	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani does not have any relationship with other Director(s), Manager and Other Key Managerial Personnel which may create conflict of interest.
Other Listed Companies in which Directorship held as on 31 March 2024	None as on 31 March 2024	None as on 31 March 2024	None as on 31 March 2024
Chairman / Membership of the Committees of the Board of the Company	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited Audit Committee - Member	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited Corporate Social Responsibility Committee: Member	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited Risk Management Committee: Chairman Stakeholders Relationship Committee: Member
Chairman / Membership of Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees in other Listed Companies as on 31 March 2024 None as on 31 March 2024 None as on 31 March 2024		None as on 31 March 2024	None as on 31 March 2024
Names of Listed Entities from which Director has resigned in the past three years	None	None	None
No. of Shares held in the Company	48,97,219 shares as at 31 March 2024	40,00,000 shares as at 31 March 2024	53,96,861 shares as at 31 March 2024



Name of Director	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	
Terms and conditions for Period of Appointment - Five years		Period of Appointment - Five years	Period of Appointment - Five years	
Re-reappointment - commencing from 01 February c		commencing from 01 February	commencing from 01 February	
	2021, the date of appointment	2021, the date of appointment	2021, the date of appointment	
	upto 31 January 2026.	upto 31 January 2026.	upto 31 January 2026.	
	Remuneration: ₹ 1,65,03,252/-	Remuneration: ₹ 1,65,03,252/-	Remuneration: ₹ 1,65,03,252/-	
(Rupees One Crore Sixty Five Lakhs) ((Rupees One Crore Sixty Five Lakhs	(Rupees One Crore Sixty Five Lakhs	
Three Thousand Two Hundred and		Three Thousand Two Hundred and	Three Thousand Two Hundred and	
Fifty Two only) per annum		Fifty Two only) per annum	Fifty Two only) per annum	
Remuneration last drawn	The approved remuneration was ₹	The approved remuneration was	The approved remuneration was	
	1,65,03,252/	₹ 1,65,03,252/	₹ 1,65,03,252/	
	However, an amount of	However, an amount of	However, an amount of	
	₹ 1,33,90,870/- was paid as	₹ 1,33,90,870/- was paid as	₹ 1,33,90,870/- was paid as	
	remuneration for the year ended	remuneration for the year ended	remuneration for the year ended	
31 March 2024.		31 March 2024.	31 March 2024.	
Number of Meetings of the 05 in Financial Year 2023-24.		05 in Financial Year 2023-24.	05 in Financial Year 2023-24.	
Board attended during the				
year				

Board's Report

To.

The Members,

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

Your Directors take immense pleasure in presenting the Twenty Eighth (28th) Annual Report covering the highlights of the finances, business, and operations of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("the Company") together with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company (standalone and consolidated) prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), for the financial year ("FY") ended 31 March 2024.

Financial Highlights of the Company

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Stand	alone	Conso	idated
	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23
Revenue from operations	3786.77	4030.44	3935.04	4236.12
Other income	75.08	56.78	75.09	57.44
EBITDA (Including other income)	743.73	603.56	757.05	663.25
EBITDA (Excluding other income)	668.65	546.78	681.96	605.81
Interest and financial charges	65.07	83.84	65.32	84.04
Depreciation and amortisation expense	256.01	95.54	256.05	95.55
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional item and taxes	422.65	424.18	435.68	483.66
Exceptional item	-	35.87	-	35.87
Tax expense	129.17	(16.34)	132.14	(7.08)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	293.48	404.65	303.54	454.87
Other comprehensive income	(1.67)	(1.29)	0.21	6.48
Total comprehensive income	291.81	403.36	303.75	461.35

Performance Review and State of Company's

Consolidated

The Consolidated revenue from operations decreased by 7.11% from ₹ 4236.12 million for FY 2022-23 to ₹ 3935.04 million for FY 2023-24, EBITDA (Including other income) increased by 14.14% from ₹ 663.25 million in FY 2022-23 to ₹ 757.05 million in FY 2023-24, Profit after tax decreased by 33.27% from ₹ 454.87 million in FY 2022-23 to ₹ 303.54 million in FY 2023-24. The earnings per shares (Basic / Diluted) decreased by 35.38% from ₹ 20.52 to ₹ 13.26 as compared to previous financial year.

Standalone

The Standalone revenue from operations decreased by 6.05% from ₹ 4030.44 million for FY 2022-23 to ₹ 3786.77 million for FY 2023-24, EBITDA (Including other income) increased by 23.22% from ₹ 603.56 million in FY 2022-23 to ₹ 743.73 million in FY 2023-24, Profit after tax decreased by 27.47% from ₹ 404.65 million in FY 2022-23 to ₹ 293.48 million in FY 2023-24. The earnings per share (Basic / Diluted) have decreased by 29.79% from ₹ 18.26 in FY 2022-23 to ₹ 12.82 in FY 2023-24 as compared to previous financial year. The key elements for

profits during the year is cost optimization, prudent internal management, new customer acquisition, new product launch and market growth.

The Export share in "revenue from operations" is ~70% during FY 2023-24. The business continued to experience headwinds in demand generation from both global and domestic majors.

Moreover, the efforts on creating a diversified portfolio of innovative products, winning new customers and penetration into new markets are ongoing.

Responding to Unprecedented Challenges with Resilience

In the financial year 2023-24, our Company experienced continued complexity and dynamic challenges. Despite the persistent uncertainties stemming from global economic uncertainty, geopolitical conflicts, supply chain disruptions, and unforeseen market shifts, we are poised to tackle these challenges with unwavering determination and adaptability. Our steadfast commitment to innovation and strategic planning will enable us to swiftly respond to emerging situations, ensuring the continuity of our operations and the



delivery of value to our stakeholders. By fostering a culture of collaboration and agility, we will harness the collective strength of our workforce to navigate through uncertainties and achieve commendable results. This resilience will not only help us withstand the storms but also unlock new opportunities for growth and innovation. As we look ahead, we are confident that the lessons learned from past challenges will fortify our Company, paving the way for a more resilient and sustainable future.

Dividend

Your Company's policy on Dividend Distribution is available at https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/ CorporateGovernance/PDF/dividend-distribution-policy.pdf

In accordance with the said policy, the Board of Directors has recommend a final dividend of ₹ 2/- per equity share for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 (previous financial year - ₹ 2/- per equity shares). If the above recommendation is approved by the Members of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, the total outflow on this account will be ₹ 46.78 million (previous financial year – ₹ 46.78 million).

Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act, 2020, the said final dividend will be liable for deduction of income tax at source.

Transfer to Reserves

During the year under review, the Board of Directors has decided to retain the entire amount of profits for FY 2023-24 in the retained earnings and not to transfer any amount to General Reserve.

Material Changes and Commitments

The Company has not made any material changes or commitments which affect the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of signing of this report.

Share Capital and Change Therein

Authorised Share Capital of the Company is ₹ 40,00,00,000/-(Rupees Forty Crore Only) divided in to 4,00,00,000 (Four Crore) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each.

Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up share capital of the Company is ₹ 23,39,20,550/- (Rupees Twenty Three Crore Thirty Nine Lakhs Twenty Thousands Five Hundred and Fifty only) divided into 2,33,92,055 (Two Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Ninety Two Thousand and Fifty Five) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each.

Qualified Institutions Placement (QIP)

During the year under review, pursuant to the approval of the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 11 July 2023 and the approval of the Members of the Company by postal ballot process on 13 August 2023, the Company had issued and allotted 12,26,993 Equity Shares of face value ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten) each at a price of ₹ 1,630/- per equity share, (including a premium of ₹ 1,620/- to the face value of ₹ 10 per Equity Share) which is at a discount of 4.38% (i.e., ₹ 74.74 per Equity Share), to the Floor Price of ₹ 1704.74 per Equity Share, aggregating to ₹ 1,99,99,98,590/- (One Hundred and Ninety-Nine Crore Ninety-Nine Lakh Ninety-Eight Thousand Five hundred and Ninety Only) to Qualified Institutional Buyers (QIBs) on 29 August 2023. Pursuant to QIP, the paid up share capital of the Company has been increased from ₹ 22,16,50,620/- to ₹ 23,39,20,550/- during the Financial year 2023-24.

Buy Back of Securities

Your Company has not bought back any of its securities during the year under review.

Sweat Equity

Your Company has not issued any Sweat Equity Shares during the year under review.

Bonus Shares

Your Company has not issued any Bonus Shares during the year under review.

Employee Stock Option Plan

Your Company has not provided any Stock Option Scheme to the employees.

Utilisation of IPO Proceeds 8.

Your Company has fully utilised IPO proceeds as per the objects stated in the Prospectus of the Company and pursuant to Regulation 32 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("SEBI Listing Regulations") during the period under review, there was no deviation / variation in utilisation of funds raised in respect of the initial public offering of the Company. The Company has appointed ICICI Bank Limited as Monitoring Agency in terms of Regulation 41 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time, to monitor the utilisation of IPO proceeds and the Company has obtained monitoring reports from the Monitoring Agency from time to time. The Company has, after placing before the Audit Committee and the Board submitted the Statement(s) and report as required under Regulation 32 of the SEBI Listing Regulations to both the exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed, namely, BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on timely basis. There is no variation in the utilisation of issue proceed of IPO money.

Utilisation of Qualified Institutional Placement (QIP) Proceeds

Your Company has fully utilised QIP proceeds as per the objects stated in the Placement Document of the Company and pursuant to Regulation 32 of the Securities and Exchange Board

of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("SEBI Listing Regulations") during the period under review, there was no deviation / variation in utilisation of funds raised in respect of the QIP of the company. The Company has appointed CRISIL Rating Limited as Monitoring Agency in terms of Regulation 173A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time, to monitor the utilisation of QIP proceeds and the Company has obtained monitoring reports from the Monitoring Agency from time to time. The Company has, after placing before the Audit Committee and the Board submitted the Statement(s) and report as required under Regulation 32 of the SEBI Listing Regulations to both the exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed, namely, BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on timely basis. There is no variation in the utilisation of issue proceed of QIP money.

10. Finance

During the year under review, your Company availed various financial facilities from the existing Bankers as per the business requirements. Your Company has been regular in paying interest and repayment of the principal amount of the lender(s).

11. Change in Nature of Business, if any

During the year under review, there has been no material change(s) in the business of the Company or in the nature of business carried by the Company.

12. Deposits

During the year under review, your Company has not accepted any deposits from public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. The Company has no unclaimed / unpaid matured deposit or interest due thereon.

13. Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and **Associate Companies**

As on 31 March 2024, your company has Two (2) Wholly Owned Subsidiaries ("WOS") as detailed below;

Sr.	Name of the	Type of	Location
No.	Company	Company	
1.	Tatva Chintan	Wholly Owned	United States of
	USA Inc.	Subsidiary	America
2.	Tatva Chintan	Wholly Owned	Amsterdam,
	Europe B.V.	Subsidiary	The Netherlands

Statement containing salient features of the Financial statement of subsidiaries Company as per the Companies Act, 2013 is provided in form AOC-1 at Annexure-A to this Report.

Your Company's policy on material subsidiary is also available on the website of the Company at https://www.tatvachintan. com/corporate-governance.aspx.

Details of New Subsidiary / Joint Ventures / Associate **Companies:**

There is no new Subsidiary / Joint Ventures / Associate Companies of the Company during the year under review.

Details of the Company who ceased to be its Subsidiary / Joint Ventures / Associate Companies:

No Company ceased to be Subsidiary / Joint Venture / Associate Company of the Company during the year under review.

14. Particulars of Related Party Transactions

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time, the Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions ("RPT Policy") for identifying, reviewing, approving and monitoring of Related Party Transactions. The RPT Policy is available on the Company's website at https:// www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx.

All related party transactions entered into during FY 2023-24 were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and were reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee. With a view to ensure continuity of day-to-day operations, an omnibus approval is also obtained for related party transactions which are of repetitive in nature and entered in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. There was no materially significant Related Party Transaction made by the Company during the year that would have required Shareholder's approval under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. A statement giving details of all related party transactions entered pursuant to the omnibus approval so granted is placed before the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis for its review.

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the details of Related party transaction which were transacted during the year under review on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business are set out as in form AOC-2 at Annexure-B to this Report.

In terms of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, your Company submits details of related party transactions on a consolidated basis as per the format specified in the relevant accounting standards to the stock exchanges on a half-yearly basis.

The details of the transactions with related parties are provided in the accompanying Financial Statements.

15. Risk Management

Risk Management at Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited forms an integral part of Management focus.

The Risk Management Policy of the Company, which is reviewed by the Risk Management Committee of the Board ("RMC") and approved by the Board of Directors, provides the framework



of Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") by describing mechanisms for the proactive identification and prioritisation of risks based on the scanning of the external environment and continuous monitoring of internal risk factors. The ERM framework identifies, evaluates, manages and reports risks arising from the Company's operations and exogenous factors.

The Company has deployed holistic approaches to drive organization wide Risk Management. The holistic process includes identification and regular assessment of risks by the respective departments and implementation of mitigation strategies.

The RMC oversees the risk management process in the Company. The RMC is chaired by a Whole time Director and the Chairperson of the Audit Committee is also a Member of the RMC.

Further, the Chairman of the RMC briefs the Board in Board Meetings about the significant discussions at each of the RMC Meetings. This robust governance structure has also helped in the integration of the ERM with the Company's Strategic Planning Process where emerging risks are used as inputs in such process. The RMC meets periodically to review all the key risks, mitigation measures and also assess the status of mitigation measures.

The Risk Management Policy is available on Company's website at https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx.

Some of the risks identified are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis which forms part of this Annual Report.

Risk Management Committee

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 21 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 17 January 2022 has constituted a Risk Management Committee which is responsible for management of risk, avoid / reduce exposure to significant financial loss and achieve risk management objectives as specified under Risk Management Policy. The Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this report, contains the details of Risk Management Committee of the Company.

16. Directors and Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") and changes therein

Directors

As on 31 March 2024, the Board of Directors of your Company comprised of six Directors, viz., three executive Directors and three Independent Directors including one women Independent Director. Details of the same are as below:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation
1	Mr. Chintan N. Shah	Chairman and Managing Director	12/06/1996	-
2	Mr. Shekhar R. Somani	Whole time Director	12/06/1996	-
3	Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	Whole time Director	12/06/1996	-
4	CA Subhash A. Patel	Independent Director	27/02/2021	-
5	Dr. Avani R. Umatt	Independent Director	27/02/2021	-
6	Dr. Manher C. Desai	Independent Director	27/02/2021	-

Re-appointment

In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah (DIN: 00183618) is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and being eligible, offer himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends the appointment of Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah as Director of the Company retiring by rotation. Details of the proposal for the appointment / re-appointment of Directors along with their shareholding in the Company, as stipulated under Secretarial Standard 2 of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, is mentioned in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting.

Cessation

There were no cessations of the Directors during the Financial Year 2023-24.

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not disqualified from being appointed as Directors in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Independent Directors

Your Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act read with sub rule (1) and sub rule (2) of Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and they are independent of the management and they have complied with the code for Independent prescribed in Schedule IV of the Act.

In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, they have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any

STATUTORY REPORTS

external influence. The Board of Directors of the Company has taken on record the declaration and confirmation submitted by the Independent Directors after undertaking due assessment of the veracity of the same. They are not liable to retire by rotation in terms of Section 149(13) of the Act.

The Board is of the opinion that the all Directors including the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience and expertise in their relative fields like science and technology, strategy, finance, governance, human resources, safety, sustainability, etc. and that they hold highest standards of integrity.

The Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed that they have enrolled themselves in the Independent Directors' Databank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs ("IICA") in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")

As on 31 March 2024, the following persons have been designated as Key Managerial Personnel of the Company pursuant to Section 2(51) read with Section 203 of the Act, read with the Rules framed thereunder.

Sr. No.	Name of Director / KMP	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation
1	Mr. Chintan N. Shah	Chairman and Managing Director	12/06/1996	-
2	Mr. Shekhar R. Somani	Whole time Director	12/06/1996	-
3	Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	Whole time Director	12/06/1996	-
4	Mr. Ashok Bothra	Chief Financial Officer	03/12/2021	-
5	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	17/01/2022	-

Changes in KMP

During the year under review, there were no changes in the KMP.

Your Company has also received declaration from all the Directors and senior management personnel on compliance of Code of Conduct for Directors and senior management personnel, formulated by the Company.

17. Board and Committee Meetings

Details of Board Meetings

During the year under review, five (5) Meetings of the Board of Directors were held in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made there under and the applicable secretarial standards. The details of the Board Meetings with regard to their dates and attendance of each of the Directors thereat have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of the Annual Report of the Company.

Details of Committee Meetings

The Company has duly constituted the following mandatory Committees in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time viz.

- Audit Committee; a.
- b. Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- c. Stakeholders Relationship Committee;
- d. Risk Management Committee; and
- Corporate Social Responsibility Committee;

The Composition of all such Committees, number of meetings held during the year under review, attendance of each of the Directors at such meetings, brief terms of reference and other details have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Annual Report. All the recommendations made by the Committees were accepted by the Board.

18. Separate Meeting of Independent Directors

During the year under review, one (1) Separate meeting of Independent Directors was held on 20 January 2024. The details of the Independent Directors Meeting and the attendance of the Directors are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Report.

19. Familiarisation Programme

In compliance with the requirements of Regulation 25(7) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has put in place a Familiarisation Programme for the Independent Directors to familiarise them with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model etc. The details of the Familiarisation Programme imparted to Independent Directors are available on the Company's official website at https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx.

20. Evaluation of the Performance of the Board of Directors, its Committees and of Individual **Directors**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of its



committees and Chairperson of the Company. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out has been explained in the Corporate Governance Report.

21. Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, in relation to financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024, the Board of Directors to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that:

- In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and that there are no material departures;
- The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year 31 March 2024 and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- The Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- The Directors laid down the internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

22. Internal Financial Controls Systems and their Adequacy

Internal Financial Controls are an integrated part of the risk management process. Your Company has adequate internal financial controls in place to address financial and financial reporting risks. The internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements are commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The Audit committee defines the scope and authority of the Internal Auditor. The Audit Committee, comprises of professionally qualified Directors, who interact with the statutory auditors, internal auditors and management in dealing with matters within its terms of reference. Your Company has a proper and adequate system of internal controls. Adequate internal financial controls ensure transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly and assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition.

23. Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

As per provisions of Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 22(1) of SEBI Listing Regulations, your Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy, to provide a formal vigil mechanism to the Directors and employees to report their grievances / concerns about instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of Company's Code of Conduct. The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimisation of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in certain cases. It is affirmed that no personnel of your Company have been denied access to the Audit Committee. The functioning of the vigil mechanism is reviewed by the Audit Committee from time to time.

The details of the policy as well as its weblink are contained in the Corporate Governance Report and website of the Company at https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx.

24. Significant and Material Orders Passed by the Regulators

During the year under review, no significant and material orders were passed by the regulators or courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and future operation of the Company.

25. Corporate Social Responsibility

In compliance with the requirements of Section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors have constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee. The details of membership of the Committee and the meetings held are detailed in the Corporate Governance Report, forming part of this Report.

CSR Policy is in line with the requirements of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Amendment Rules, 2021. The CSR Policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company and can be accessed through the website of the Company at https://www.tatvachintan.com/ corporate-governance.aspx.

The annual report on CSR activities containing details of expenditure incurred by the Company and brief details on the CSR activities are provided in Annexure-C to this Report.

26. Board Diversity

The Company recognizes and embraces the importance of a diverse Board in its success. Your Company believes that a truly diverse Board will leverage differences in thought, perspective, knowledge, skill, regional and industry experience, cultural and geographical background, age, ethnicity, race and gender, which will help the Company to retain its competitive advantage. The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to diversity of the Board of Directors. The policy is available on our website at https:// www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/ PDF/board-diversity-policy.pdf.

27. Appointment and Remuneration Policy

Your Company has been following a policy with respect to appointment and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel ("SMP"). The appointment of Directors on the Board is subject to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"). Based on the recommendation of the NRC, the remuneration of Executive Director is fixed in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 which comprises of Basic Salary and Perquisites / Allowances. The Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors comprises of sitting fees in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013. The Company had adopted a Remuneration Policy for the Directors, Key Managerial Persons and other employees, pursuant to the provisions of the Act. Managing Director of the Company does not receives any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries. The Remuneration Policy is stated in the Corporate Governance report and weblink for the same is https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/ CorporateGovernance/PDF/nomination-and-remunerationpolicy.pdf.

28. Particulars of Employees

Details of remuneration of Directors, KMPs and employees as per Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, forms part of Report as Annexure-D. However, as per the provisions of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Report is being sent to the Members and others entitled thereto, excluding the information on employees' remuneration particulars as required under Rule 5 (2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. The disclosure is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of your Company during business hours on all working days of the Company up to the date of the ensuing AGM. Any Member interested in obtaining such information may send their email to cs@tatvachintan. com.

29. Auditors and Their Report

Statutory Auditors

At the 27th AGM held on 22 September 2023, M/s. NDJ & Co., Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. 136345W) ("NDJ & Co.") were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a second term of five (5) consecutive years and shall hold office till the conclusion of 32nd Annual General Meeting.

The auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, observation, disclaimer, reservation or adverse remark.

Cost Auditors and Maintenance of Cost Records

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, Your Company is required to prepare, maintain as well as have the audit of its cost records conducted by a Cost Accountant in whole time practice and accordingly, it has made and maintained such cost accounts and records.

The Board, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has appointed M/s. Zarna Thakar & Associates, Cost Accountants (FRN: 005956), Vadodara to carry out Cost Audit and issue Cost Audit Report for the Financial Year 2024-25 at a professional fee of ₹ 65,000/-(Rupees Sixty Five Thousand Only) plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses at actuals, if any

The remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors is required to be placed before the Members in a General Meeting for their ratification. Accordingly, a resolution seeking Members' ratification for the remuneration payable to M/s. Zarna Thakar & Associates, forms part of the Notice of the 28th AGM forming part of this Annual Report.

The Cost Audit Report for the year under review issued by M/s. Zarna Thakar & Associates, Cost Accountants, does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer.

iii. Secretarial Auditors

In terms of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, M/s. TNT & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Vadodara, have been appointed as Secretarial Auditors of the Company to carry out the secretarial audit for FY 2024-25. The report of the Secretarial Auditors for FY 2023-24 is enclosed as **Annexure-E** forming part of this Report.

The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer.

In accordance with the SEBI Circular dated 08 February 2019 read with Regulation 24A of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has obtained an Annual Secretarial Compliance Report from M/s. TNT & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Vadodara, confirming compliances with all applicable SEBI Regulations, Circulars and Guidelines for the financial year 2023-24. The Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for abovesaid financial year has been submitted to the stock exchanges within 60 days of the end of the said financial year.

M/s. TNT & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Vadodara, has issued a certificate confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") / Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") or any such statutory authority. The said Certificate is annexed to this Report on Corporate Governance.



30. Credit Ratings

During the financial year under review, the long term and short term credit ratings of your Company has been reaffirmed to "A-/Stable" and "A2+" respectively.

31. Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for FY 2023-24 are prepared in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and as stipulated under Regulation 33 of the SEBI Listing Regulations as well as in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements together with the Auditor's Report thereon forms part of this Annual Report.

32. Information Regarding Conservation of Energy, **Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings** and Outgo

The information relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo as stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is set out herewith as Annexure-F forming part of this report.

33. Corporate Governance Report

Your Company believes in conducting its affairs in a fair, transparent, and professional manner along with good ethical standards, transparency and accountability in its dealings with all its constituents. Your Company has Complied with all the Mandatory Requirements of Corporate Governance norms as required under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

The Separate report on Corporate Governance as well as the Secretarial Auditor's certificate on the compliance of Corporate Governance thereon forms part of this report as Annexure-G.

34. Failure to Implement any Corporate Action

During the year under review, no such instance where the Company has failed to complete or implement any corporate action within specified time limit.

35. Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report ("BRSR") of your Company for FY 2023-24 is forming part of this Annual Report as Annexure-H describing the initiatives taken by the Company from an environmental, social and governance perspective.

36. Management's Discussion and Analysis Report

Management Discussion and Analysis as required under Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations is forming part of this Annual Report as Annexure-I.

37. Particulars of Loans Given, Guarantees Given, Security Provided or Investments made under Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes forming part of the Financial Statements and forms a part of this Annual Report.

38. Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

Your Company is fully committed to uphold and maintain the dignity of every woman working with the Company. Your Company has Zero tolerance towards any action on the part of any one which may fall under the ambit of 'Sexual Harassment at workplace'.

Pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ("POSH Act") and Rules made thereunder, the Company has formed an Internal Complaint Committee ("ICC") for its workplaces to address complaints pertaining to sexual harassment in accordance with the POSH Act. The Company has a detailed policy for prevention of sexual harassment at workplace which ensures a free and fair enquiry process with clear timelines for resolution.

The Policy is uploaded on the website of the Company at https:// www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/ PDF/policy-on-prevention-and-resolution-of-sexualharassment-at-workplace.pdf.

No complaints were pending at the beginning of the financial year. During the year under review, there was no complaint pertaining to sexual harassment. Further details have been provided in Corporate Governance Report forming part of this report.

39. Annual Return

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act read with the Rules made thereunder, the Annual Return in form MGT-7 as on 31 March 2024 is available on the Company's website at https://www.tatvachintan.com/ financial-information-and-other-disclosures.aspx.

40. Insurance

The Company takes a very cautious approach towards insurance. Adequate cover has been taken for all stock and fixed assets for various types of risks. The Company has Directors and Officers Liability Insurance Policy to provide coverage against the liabilities arising on them.

41. Secretarial Standard

During the year under review, your Company has complied with all the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI").

42. Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF")

During the year under review, no amount is required to transferred to Investors Education Protection Fund.

Your Company has appointed Mr. Ishwar Nayi, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company as Nodal Officer of the Company. Details of the same is available on the websites of the Company at https://www.tatvachintan.com/.

43. Proceedings Pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code ("IBC")

There is no such proceeding or appeal pending under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year and at the end of the financial year, even upto the date of this report.

44. The details of difference between Amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the Valuation done while taking loan from the **Banks or Financial Institutions**

No such instance of One-time settlement or valuation was done while taking or discharging loan from the Banks / Financial institutions occurred during the year.

45. Reporting of Fraud During the year under review

The Auditors have not reported any instances of frauds committed in your Company by its officers or employees, to the Audit Committee under Section 143(12) of the Act details of which needs to be mentioned in this Report.

46. Revision in Financial Statement or Boards Report

During the year under review, no revision in Financial Statement or Boards Report has been made.

47. Events Subsequent to the date of Financial **Statements**

As on the date of this Report, your Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this Report or in the financial statements of your Company, which would render any amount stated in the Accounts of the Company misleading. In the opinion of the Directors, no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report, which would affect substantially the results, or the operations of your Company for the financial year in respect of which this report is made.

48. Industrial Relations / Personnel

Your Company is committed to uphold its excellent reputation in the field of Industrial relations. Through continuous efforts, the Company invests and improvises development programmes for its employees.

49. Cautionary Statement

Statements in the Annual Report, including those which relate to Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations, may constitute 'forward looking' statements within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Although the expectations are based on reasonable assumptions, the actual results might differ.

50. Acknowledgement

Date: 24 July 2024

Place: Vadodara

The Board of Directors places on record their grateful appreciation for the assistance and continued support received from various Central and State Government Departments, Organizations and Agencies involved therein. Your Directors also gratefully acknowledge all stakeholders of the Company viz. Customers, Members, Dealers, Vendors, Banks and other business partners for the excellent support received from them during the year under review. The Directors place on record their sincere appreciation to all employees of the Company for their unstinted commitment and continued contribution to achieve goals of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618



Annexure - A to the Board's Report

Form No. AOC-1

(Pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)
Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures

Part A:- Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in ₹ million)

1	Name of the Subsidiary Company	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.
2	Date of acquisition / incorporation	16 March 2015	01 March 2019
3	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding	01 April 2023 to	01 April 2023 to
	company's reporting period	31 March 2024	31 March 2024
4	Reporting currency and exchange rate# as on the last date of the relevant	USD	EUR
	financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries		
	Financial details as on 31 March 2024	Amount in ₹ million	Amount in ₹ million
5	Share capital	6.66	0.01
6	Reserves and surplus	102.80	33.34
7	Total assets	175.82	233.17
8	Total liabilities	66.37	199.82
9	Investments	Not applicable	Not applicable
10	Turnover	611.59	433.11
11	Profit before taxation	3.22	5.87
12	Provision for taxation	2.31	0.67
13	Profit after taxation	0.91	5.21
14	Proposed dividend	-	-
15	Extent of shareholding (in percentage)	100%	100%

Notes:

(i) # The Indian rupee equivalents have been calculated at average rate for profit and loss items and at closing rate for assets and liabilities and at historical rate for equity.

Particulars	Year ended 31 Mai	Year ended 31 March 2024			
	1 USD	1 EUR			
Opening rate as at 01 April 2023	82.22	89.61			
Average rate	82.79	89.81			
Closing rate as at 31 March 2024	83.37	90.22			

- (ii) Names of subsidiaries which are incorporated during the year and yet to commence operations: Not applicable
- (iii) Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Not applicable
- (iv) Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures- Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures: Not applicable
- (v) Names of associates or joint ventures which are incorporated during the year and yet to commence operations: Not applicable
- (vi) Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Not applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Ashok Bothra

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444

Annexure - B to the Board's Report

Form No. AOC-2

Date: 24 July 2024

Place: Vadodara

Particulars of Contracts / arrangement made with related parties (Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under fourth proviso thereto.

- 1) Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: NIL
- 2) Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Tatva Chintan USA Inc. Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V. Wholly owned Subsidiary Company
(b)	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transaction	Sale of products	Sale of products
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions	On going	On going
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any (₹ In Million):	As per Sale made from 01 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 on mutually agreed terms and Conditions. Value: ₹ 488.23	As per Sale made from 01 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 on mutually agreed terms and Conditions. Value: ₹ 407.14
(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board / shareholders, if any:	Approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors at their meeting held on 24 January 2023 for Financial Year 2023-24 in compliance with provisions of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 23 of SEBI Listing Regulations.	Approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors at their meeting held on 24 January 2023 for Financial Year 2023-24 in compliance with provisions of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 23 of SEBI Listing Regulations.
(f)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	Nil	Nil

All the related party transactions during the year under review, were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618



Annexure - C to the Board's Report

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Activities for the Financial Year 2023-24

[Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Rules made thereunder]

Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited as a Company contributes to various charitable causes and seek to participate in ways that touch people's lives in the communities. The Company aims to create educated, healthy, sustainable and culturally vibrant communities. Further, the Company intends to be a significant contributor to CSR initiatives by devising and implementing social improvement projects for the benefit of underprivileged communities, towns and villages.

Composition of the CSR Committee as on 31 March 2024:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year		
1	Dr. Avani R. Umatt (Chairperson)	Non-Executive - Independent Director	02	02		
2	CA Subhash A. Patel (Member)	Non-Executive - Independent Director	02	02		
3	Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel (Member)	Promoter, Executive Director	02	02		

Provide the web-link(s) where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company:

https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/csr-policy.pdf

Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 8, if applicable:

Not Applicable

- 5. (a) Average net profit of the Company as per sub-Section (5) of section 135: ₹ 67,43,86,691/-
 - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per sub-Section (5) of section 135: ₹ 1,34,87,734/-
 - Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Not Applicable
 - Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any: ₹ 4,56,135/-
 - Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)): ₹ 1,30,31,599/-
- (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project):

Ongoing Project: Nil

Other than ongoing projects: ₹ 1,39,25,309/-

- (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: Nil
- Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable.: Not Applicable
- Total Amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)].: ₹ 1,39,25,309/-
- CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in ₹)		Amount Unspent (in ₹)							
		Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per subsection (6) of section 135.			cified under Schedule ection (5) of section				
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.				
1,39,25,309	Nil	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Nil	Not Applicable				

Excess amount for set-off, if any:

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in ₹)
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	(a) Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	1,34,87,734
	(b) Amount available for set-off for FY 2023-24	4,56,135
	CSR Obligation for the FY 2023-24 (a-b)	1,30,31,599
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	1,39,25,309
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	8,93,710
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial	NIL
	Years, if any	
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	8,93,710

Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years: 7.

1	2	3	4	5		5	7	8
SI.	Preceding	Amount	Balance	Amount	Amount transferred to a		Amount	Deficiency, if
No.	Financial	transferred to	Amount in	Spent in	Fund as specified under		remaining to	any
	Year(s)	Year(s) Unspent CSR Unspent the Schedule VII as per		the Schedule VII as per be				
		Account	CSR Financial second proviso to		roviso to	spent in		
		under	Account	Year (in	subsection		succeeding	
		subsection	under	₹)	(5) of sec	tion 135,	Financial Years	
		(6) of	subsection		if a	nny	(in ₹)	
		section 135	(6) of		Amount	Date of	_	
		(in ₹)	section 135		(in ₹)	Transfer		
			(in ₹)					

Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the 8. Financial Year: No

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created / acquired: Not applicable

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

SI. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pincode of the property or asset(s)	Date of Creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity / authority / beneficiary of the registered owner		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
	, ,	. (-7	. ,	(-)	CSR Registration Number, if applicable	Name	Registered Address
			Not App	licable	•		

(All the fields should be captured as appearing in the revenue record, flat no, house no, Municipal Office / Municipal Corporation / Gram Panchayat are to be specified and also the area of the immovable property as well as boundaries)

Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per subsection (5) of section 135:

Not Applicable

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Date: 24 July 2024 Place: Vadodara

Avani R. Umatt

Chairperson - CSR Committee

DIN: 09046170



Annexure - D to the Board's Report

Pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the FY 2023-24 as well as the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Company Secretary (CS) during the Financial Year 2023-24 are as under:

Name of Director / Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)	Designation	Ratio of remuneration of each Director / to median remuneration of employees	% increase / decrease in Remuneration in the Financial Year 2023-24		
Mr. Chintan N. Shah	Chairman and Managing Director	43.05:1	(18.86)		
Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	Whole time Director	43.05:1	(18.86)		
Mr. Shekhar R. Somani	Whole time Director	43.05:1	(18.86)		
CA Subhash A. Patel*	Independent Director	NA	-		
Dr. Avani R. Umatt*	Independent Director	NA	-		
Dr. Manher C. Desai*	Independent Director	NA	-		
Mr. Ashok Bothra	Chief Financial Officer	-	26.60		
Mr. Ishwar Nayi	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	-	27.55		

^{*}Independent Directors are paid only sitting fees.

- 2. The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2023-24: 3.63%.
- 3. Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on 31 March 2024: 689
- Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the Managerial Personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the Managerial Remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the Managerial Remuneration.

Particulars	% change in remuneration
Average increase in salary of employees (other than managerial personnel)	22.93
Average increase / (decrease) in remuneration of managerial personnel	(13.92)

There has been no exceptional remuneration increase for managerial personnel. The salary/ies increase are decided based on the Company's performance, individual performance, inflation, prevailing industry trends, various parameters including benchmarks etc.

Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company:

It is affirmed that the remuneration paid to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Date: 24 July 2024 Place: Vadodara

Annexure - E to the Board's Report

Form No. MR - 3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31 MARCH 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

TATVA CHINTAN PHARMA CHEM LIMITED

CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Plot No. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Bharuch-393002, Gujarat, India.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited (CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894) (hereinafter called Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on 31 March 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Boardprocesses and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31 March 2024 according to the provisions of;

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made thereunder;
- The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign

Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

- The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force):
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; - Not applicable to the Company during the period under review;
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;-Not applicable to the Company during the period under review;
 - VI. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - VII. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; - Not applicable to the Company during the period under review and
 - VIII. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;- Not applicable to the Company during the period under review.
- (vi) Other applicable laws: Based on the information provided and the representation made by the Company and its officers and also on the review of the compliance reports taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company, in our opinion, adequate systems and processes exist in the Company to monitor and ensure compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations as applicable to the Company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company (i) Secretaries of India.



SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors (including Woman Independent Director). There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions at the Board Meetings were taken unanimously.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines, etc.

We further report that during the audit period there were no event occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

For, TNT & Associates

Practicing Company Secretaries P.R. NO.: 3209/2023

Niraj Trivedi

Partner

FCS NO.: 3844 C.P. NO.: 3123

UDIN No.: F003844F000815149

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as "Annexure A" and forms an integral part of this report.

Place: Vadodara

Date: 24 July 2024

Annexure A to Secretarial Audit Report

To, The Members, TATVA CHINTAN PHARMA CHEM LIMITED CIN: - L24232GJ1996PLC029894 Plot No. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Bharuch-393002, Gujarat, India.

Place: Vadodara

Date: 24 July 2024

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company. 3.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with 6. which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For, TNT & Associates

Practicing Company Secretaries

P.R. NO.: 3209/2023

Niraj Trivedi

Partner FCS NO.: 3844

C.P. NO.: 3123

UDIN No.: F003844F000815149

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Annexure - F to the Board's Report

Particulars of Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo required under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

A. Conservation of energy

Energy conservation continues to be an active focus area of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("Tatva Chintan" or "the Company"). In light of the global warming, which eventually may lead to scarcity of energy resources, Your Company has been focusing on efficient energy conservation practices as one of the key components of its responsible energy strategy. Your Company has also taken several initiatives in order to conserve energy which is in line with our policy of conservation of natural resources.

- i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:
 - Installed APFC panel (3860 KVAR) for power factor improvement
 - Installed VFD in Brine plants and ATFD machines to reduce power consumption
 - New efficient Ventury scrubber system
 - Installed Air Conditioners with high EER
 - Installed LED lights to reduce power consumption
 - Installed Pressure Powered Pumping Packaged Unit (Ppppu) to reduce power consumption
 - Improvement in recovery of steam condensate water to reuse the same in boiler
 - Replacement of pumps with energy efficient pumps
 - Installation of energy efficient motors
 - Re-designing of cooling tower pump by installing energy efficient pump for reduced energy consumption
 - Re-designing of brine secondary pump by trimming impeller for reduced energy consumption
 - Centralized compressed air system to reduce energy losses and also save electrical energy
 - Replacement of old motors with IE3 energy efficient motors in phased manner
 - Replacement of Sodium vapor / CFL bulbs with energy efficient LED lights

- The steps taken by the Company for utilising alternate sources of energy: Nil
- iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipments: ₹ 10.97 Million

B. Technology absorption

The efforts made towards technology absorption:

We, at Tatva Chintan continues its endeavour for the development of environmentally benign, sustainable and safe technologies. We have maintained our focus to develop, adapt and make available best of technologies ingenuously and in collaboration with Government approved reputed Research laboratories for various novel and proprietary catalysts, Structure directing agents, Phase transfer catalysts, chemicals and pharmaceutical and agro intermediates, to improve profitability and accelerate growth.

In pursuit of achieving Tatva Chintan goals of developing novel and proprietary products, processes and technologies, we are persistently committed for strengthening our in-house Research & Development Department ("R&D") in a multi-directional approach like expanding our existing scientific pool, acquiring advanced process as well as analytical instruments, upgrading employees' skill sets etc., creating a knowledge based environment enabling innovation based continual growth.

R&D has evolved, matured and entered into the next level of innovation by foraying into complex chemistries with a sustained success rate. The developed breakthrough chemistries and techniques have significantly helped in simplifying the existing processes, helped in reduction of wastes, made the equipment usage much more efficient and not the least helped towards the usage of environmentally benign reagents and solvents.

With the expertise of high scientific and analytical skills, R&D has also forayed and focused on specialty chemicals, agrochemicals and the pharma intermediates, taking part of 'make in India' campaign, the initiative by Govt. of India which has been mutually beneficial.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Various challenges and vulnerabilities were overcome through versatile expertise of cross functional team.

Tatva Chintan through its technology development strategies for various products technologies is also simultaneously focused on Safety, health and environmental issues.

ii. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

The core strengthening and adoption of advanced technologies, Tatva Chintan through its cohesive and continuous R&D efforts has been able to deliver products via environmentally benign, cost competitive, safe and effective processes for new product pipelines for various customers who have appreciated our outcomes time and again with respect to our no compromise strategy in term's of product quality standards.

Safe mode grignard reactions, metal based C-C coupling, Regio-selective halogenation, separation of regioisomer's by novel technology and application of green reagents such as aqueous hydrogen peroxide as green oxidant etc have successfully transcribed from lab scale to pilot scale and further to the commercial scale. Photo chlorination was included into Tatva Chintan's expertise with all safety requirements and has also transcribed from lab to pilot scale and is in the process of safe commercialization. Prototype process for the recovery of bromine from bromination reaction product waste was also developed thus pushing and achieving Tatva Chintan's target of zero process waste generation. Commercial Scale hydrogenation now has been established as a regular activity, wherein Tatva Chintan has expanded capacities without any safety concerns. Solvent recovery and solid distillation from lab scale to pilot level and further to commercial level was also performed successfully.

The continuous flow chemistry technology was successfully adapted, developed and demonstrated, showing minimum floor space requirements, lesser operational expenditures and most importantly it being environmentally sustainable. Zeolite based absorptive separation of used solvent mixture in continuous mode was another accomplishment that resulted high purity of reusable grade solvent. Research work in the area

of switching from Batch mode to flow mode have been taken up wherein few products have been lined up for commercialization.

Tatva Chintan's continual knowledge and skill development in the area of sophisticated analytical techniques e.g. for detection of trace level impurities up to ppb level, that meet customer satisfaction and confidence is also indicative of our intent and thrust.

Tatva Chintan by adherence to the technology absorption strategy through its efforts has also been successful in upgrading the existing commercial products in terms of improving output quality and yield while reducing effluent load by adopting / substituting to latest / current available technology and processes.

iii. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):

No imported technology acquired and practiced during the last three years.

iv. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development (Standalone):

(₹ in million)

Sr. No	Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
a)	Capital expenditure	22.19	195.52
b)	Revenue expenditure	79.42	60.39
	Total (a+b)	101.61	255.91

C. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo (Standalone)

The foreign exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the foreign exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Foreign exchange earned	2,875.92	3,228.93
Outgo of foreign exchange	(721.97)	(2,409.30)

Date: 24 July 2024

Place: Vadodara

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00183618



Annexure - G to the Board's Report

Report on Corporate Governance

Company's Philosophy on Code of Corporate Governance

Corporate Governance encompasses a set of systems and practices to ensure that the Company's affairs are being managed in a manner which ensures transparency, responsibility and accountability. Your Company believes in upholding highest standards of ethics, integrity, transparency and accountability in conducting the affairs of the Company so as to disseminate the information to the stakeholders in transparent manner. We have, therefore, designed our systems and action plans to enhance performance and stakeholders' value in the long run.

To create a culture of good governance, your Company has adopted practices that comprise of performance accountability, effective management control, constitution of Board Committees as a part of the internal control system, fair representation of professionally qualified, non-executive and Independent Directors on the Board, timely statutory compliance, disclosure of information on performance, ownership and governance of the Company.

Above all, we believe that Corporate Governance must align individual interest with corporate goals and operate within accepted norms of propriety, equity, fair play and sense of responsibility and justice. This depends upon how accountable and transparent the Company is. Accountability improves decision making. Transparency helps to explain the rationale behind decisions and thereby creating long term value for our shareholders, our people and our business partners. The above principles have been the guiding force for whatever we do and shall continue to be so in the years to come.

Your Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance oversees business strategies and ensures fiscal accountability, ethical corporate behaviour and fairness to all the stakeholders

comprising regulators, employees, customers, vendors, investors and the society at large.

Your Company has adhered to the requirements stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 read with Para C and D of Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of Regulation 46(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") as applicable with regard to Corporate Governance.

2. **Board of Directors**

Composition of the Board

Your Company has an active, experienced, highly qualified, diverse and a well-informed Board. The Board along with its Committee(s) undertakes its fiduciary duties keeping in mind the interests of all its stakeholders and the Company's Corporate Governance philosophy. Your Company has an optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors which is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with Sections 149 and 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The Board periodically evaluates the need for change in its composition and size.

In terms of Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, at least 50% of the Board should comprise Non-Executive Independent Directors with at least one Woman Director. Out of total 6 Directors as on 31 March 2024, the Non-Executive Independent Directors in the Company consist 50% of the Board. Your Company has one Woman Director on the Board as on the said date who is holding the office as a Non-Executive Independent Director.

Detailed profile of all the Directors of your Company are available on the Company's website at https://www. tatvachintan.com/promoters-board-of-directors.aspx.

The names and categories, inter personal relationship of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at Board meetings during the year and at the last Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), the number of Directorships in other Companies and Committee membership / chairpersonship held by them are given below:

Name and Category of Director	Attendance at the Board meetings and last AGM of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited held during the FY 2023-24		Directorship in Listed Companies			Number of other Board of Directors or Statutory Committees and Category of Membership					
	Board	Last AGM held on	Name of Listed	С	Category	BOD	AC	NRC	CSR	SRC	RMC
	(Out of 05)	of 05) 22 September 2023	Companies	P/PG	ED/NED/ID						
Mr. Chintan N. Shah (DIN: 00183618) Promoter, Executive Director	05	Yes	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	Р	ED	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel (DIN: 00183745) Promoter, Executive Director	05	Yes	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	Р	ED	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Shekhar R. Somani (DIN: 00183665) Promoter, Executive Director	05	Yes	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	Р	ED	-	-	-	-	-	-
CA Subhash A. Patel (DIN: 00535221) Non-Executive - Independent Director	05	Yes	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	-	ID	1-NED	-	-	-	-	-
Dr. Avani R. Umatt (DIN: 09046170) Non-Executive - Independent Director	05	Yes	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	-	ID	1-ID	-	1-M	1-C	1-C	1-M
Dr. Manher C. Desai (DIN: 09042598) Non-Executive -Independent Director	05	Yes	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	-	ID	-	-	-	-	-	-

P- Promoter; PG - Promoter Group; ED - Executive Director; NED - Non-Executive Director; ID - Independent Director; BOD - Board of Director; AC - Audit Committee; NRC - Nomination and Remuneration Committee; CSR - Corporate Social Responsibility Committee; SRC - Stakeholders Relationship Committee; RMC - Risk Management Committee; M - Membership; C - Chairpersonship

The Twenty Seventh (27th) Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company for FY 2022-23 was held on Friday, 22 September 2023 through video conferencing / other audio-visual means ("VC / OAVM") in accordance with the relevant circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA') and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI").

None of the Directors on the Board is a Member of more than ten (10) Committees and Chairperson of more than five (5) Committees (Committees being Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee as per Regulation 26(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations) across all the public companies in which he / she is a Director. All the Directors have made the requisite disclosures regarding committee positions held by them in other companies.

None of the Directors hold office in more than ten (10) public limited companies as prescribed under Section 165(1) of the Act. No Director holds Directorships in more than seven (7) listed companies. None of the Non-Executive Director is an Independent Director in more than seven (7) listed companies as required under the SEBI Listing Regulations. Further, the Managing Director and the Executive Director do not serve as Independent Directors in any listed company.



Number of Board Meetings held and the dates of the Board Meetings

The Board of Directors met five (5) times on following date during the financial year under review.

Sr. No.	Date of Board Meeting	No. of Directors Present		
1.	05 May 2023	6		
2.	11 July 2023	6		
3.	04 August 2023	6		
4.	02 November 2023	6		
5.	20 January 2024	6		

The maximum gap between any two meetings was less than one hundred and twenty days and the Meetings were conducted in compliance with all applicable laws. The necessary quorum was present at all the Board Meetings.

- d) Disclosure of relationships between Directors inter-se - None of the Directors are related to each other.
- e) Number of shares held by Non-executive Directors

No Shares has been held by Non-Executive Directors. The details of Shares held by Directors as on 31 March 2024 are given below:

Name	Category	Number of equity shares
Mr. Chintan N. Shah	Promoter, Executive Director	48,97,219
Mr. Shekhar R. Somani	Promoter, Executive Director	53,96,861
Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	Promoter, Executive Director	40,00,000
CA Subhash A. Patel	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
Dr. Manher C. Desai	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
Dr. Avani R. Umatt	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-

- f) The Company has not issued any convertible instruments.
- g) Web link where details of familiarization programmes imparted to independent Directors - https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/ $\underline{Corporate Governance/PDF/details-of-familiarization-programme-for-independent-directors.pdf.}$
- As required under the provisions of Schedule V(C)(2)(h) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors has identified the core skills / expertise / competencies as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively those actually available with the Board and the details of the name of Director(s) who possess specific skills / expertise / competencies are as follows:

Name of the Director	Leadership, Management & Governance	Information Technology business & Industry knowledge	Legal, regulatory and financial knowhow	Strategic and analytical mindset	Safety and Sustainability	Interpersonal skills and personal qualities / values
Mr. Chintan N. Shah	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Shekhar R. Somani	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CA Subhash A. Patel	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Dr. Avani R. Umatt	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Dr. Manher C. Desai	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

The eligibility of a person to be appointed as a Director of the Company is dependent on whether the person possesses the requisite skill sets identified by the Board as above and whether the person having knowledge about a business that is relevant to the Company's business or is a proven academician in the field relevant to the Company. The Directors so appointed are drawn from diverse backgrounds and who possess special skills with regard to the industries / fields from where they come.

- The Board of Directors of the Company is of opinion that all the Independent Directors of the Company fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI Listing Regulations and are independent of the management during the period under review.
- j) None of the Independent Directors of the Company has resigned before the expiry of their tenure during the period under review.

k) Annual Evaluation of the Board's and Individual Directors:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out the annual evaluation of its own performance, as well as the working of its Audit, Nomination and Remuneration Committee. A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration, inputs received from the Directors, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

The performance evaluation made by Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Independent Directors at their respective meetings was noted by the Board. The performance evaluation of Executive Directors, Independent Directors, Board committees and Board as a whole was carried out by the Board of Directors excluding the Director being evaluated, at their meeting on the basis of criteria laid down by the Board.

I) Compliance with Code of Conduct:

The Company has adopted the Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel. The Company's Code of Conduct is available on the website of the Company at https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/code-of-conduct-for-the-board-of-directors-and-the-senior-management-personnel.pdf.

The members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct during the year under review.

A declaration to this effect duly signed by the Chairman and Managing Director forms part of this Report.

m) Prevention of Insider Trading Code:

The Company has adopted a "Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading" and the "Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information" as per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended, with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Designated Persons and their Immediate Relatives.

The Board of Directors, designated employees and connected persons have affirmed compliance with the Code.

Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading and the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information is available on Company's website at https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx.

The Compliance Officer of the Company is responsible for adherence to Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information.

3. Audit Committee

- The Audit Committee ("AC") of the Company is constituted in alignment with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.
- II. The terms of reference of the Committee are in accordance with Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and major terms of reference, inter alia, includes the following:
 - Oversight of financial reporting process and the disclosure of financial information relating to Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited (the "Company") to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
 - Recommendation for appointment, reappointment, replacement, remuneration and terms of appointment of Auditors of the Company and the fixation of the audit fee:
 - Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
 - Formulation of a policy on related party transactions, which shall include materiality of related party transactions;
 - Reviewing, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of related party transactions entered into by the Company pursuant to each of the omnibus approvals given;
 - 6. Examining and reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - Matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
 - g. Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
 - Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly, halfyearly and annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;



- Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the Offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board of directors of the Company (the "Board" or "Board of Directors") to take up steps in this matter;
- Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 10. Approval of any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties and omnibus approval for related party transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company, subject to the conditions as may be prescribed;

Explanation: The term "related party transactions" shall have the same meaning as provided in Clause 2(zc) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and / or the applicable Accounting Standards and / or the Companies Act, 2013.

- 11. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 12. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- 13. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 14. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- 15. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 16. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- 17. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board:
- 18. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 19. Recommending to the Board of Directors the appointment and removal of the external auditor, fixation of audit fees and approval for payment for any other services;

- 20. Looking into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 21. Reviewing the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- 22. Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters;
- 23. Overseeing the vigil mechanism established by the Company, with the chairman of the Audit Committee directly hearing grievances of victimization of employees and directors, who used vigil mechanism to report genuine concerns in appropriate and exceptional cases;
- 24. Approval of appointment of chief financial officer (i.e., the whole-time finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- 25. Reviewing the utilization of loans and / or advances from / investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding ₹ 1,000,000,000 or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision; and
- 25A. Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholders.
- 26. Carrying out any other functions required to be carried out by the Audit Committee as contained in the SEBI Listing Regulations or any other applicable law, as and when amended from time to time.
- The composition of the Audit Committee meets with the requirement of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

All the members of the Audit Committee are qualified and have insight to interpret and understand financial statements.

Five (5) Audit Committee meetings were held during the Financial Year 2023-24 which were held on 05 May 2023, 11 July 2023, 04 August 2023, 02 November 2023 and 20 January 2024. The maximum gap between any two meetings was less than one hundred and twenty days. The necessary quorum was present for all the Meetings of the Committee.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

The details of members, their category and number of meetings attended by them during the Financial Year 2023-24 are given below:

Name of Committee Member	Designation in Committee	Category in the Board	No of Meeting held	No of Meeting attended
CA Subhash A. Patel	Chairperson	Non-Executive - Independent Director	05	05
Dr. Manher C. Desai	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	05	05
Mr. Chintan N. Shah	Member	Promoter, Executive Director	05	05
Dr. Avani R. Umatt	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	05	05

CA Subhash A. Patel, Chairperson of the Audit Committee, was present during the 27th AGM held on 22 September 2023 through Video Conferencing.

4. **Nomination and Remuneration Committee**

- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") of the Company is constituted in alignment with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and terms of reference, including role and powers of the Committee, has been modified accordingly.
- Terms of reference of the Committee, inter alia, includes the following:
 - Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board of Directors a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees ("Remuneration Policy").

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, while formulating the above policy, should ensure that:

- the level and composition of remuneration be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully;
- relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short- and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- (1A). For every appointment of an independent director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:

- use the services of an external agencies, if required;
- consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
- consider the time commitments of the candidates.
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of independent directors and the Board;
- Devising a policy on Board diversity; 3.
- Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors 4. and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and carrying out evaluation of every director's performance (including independent director);
- Analyzing, monitoring and reviewing various human resource and compensation matters;
- Deciding whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;
- Determining the Company's policy on specific 7. remuneration packages for executive directors including pension rights and any compensation payment, and determining remuneration packages of such directors;
- Recommending to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management and other staff, as deemed necessary;
- Carrying out any other functions required to be carried out by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as contained in the SEBI Listing Regulations or any other applicable law, as and when amended from time to time;
- 10. Reviewing and approving the Company's compensation strategy from time to time in the context of the then current Indian market in accordance with applicable laws;



- 11. Perform such functions as are required to be performed by the compensation committee under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014, if applicable;
- 12. Frame suitable policies, procedures and systems to ensure that there is no violation of securities laws, as amended from time to time, including:
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; and
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003, by the trust, the Company and its employees, as applicable.
- 13. Perform such other activities as may be delegated by the Board or specified / provided under the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent notified and effective, as amended or by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended or by any other applicable law or regulatory authority.
- The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meets with the requirement of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Three (3) Nomination and Remuneration Committee meetings were held during the Financial Year 2023-24 which were held on 05 May 2023, 04 August 2023 and 20 January 2024. The necessary quorum was present at all the Meetings of the

The details of members, their category and number of meetings attended by them during the Financial Year 2023-24 are given below:

Name of Committee Member	Designation in Committee	Category in the Board	No of Meeting held	No of Meeting attended
Dr. Manher C. Desai	Chairperson	Non-Executive - Independent Director	03	03
CA Subhash A. Patel	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	03	03
Dr. Avani R. Umatt	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	03	03

Dr. Manher C. Desai, Chairperson of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, was present during the 27th AGM held on 22 September 2023 through Video Conferencing.

The below criteria are considered for performance evaluation of Board, that of its Committees and Individual Directors:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has laid down the criteria for performance evaluation of Executive and Non-Executive Directors of the Company as per Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended from time to time. The criteria was set based on various attributes, inter alia, profile, experience, contribution, dedication, knowledge, sharing of information with the Board, regularity of attendance, aptitude and effectiveness, preparedness and participation, team work, decision making process, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, monitoring and managing potential conflict of interest of management, providing fair and constructive feedback and strategic guidance and contribution of each Director to the growth of the Company.

5. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee ("SRC") of the Company is constituted in alignment with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and terms of reference, including role and powers of the Committee, has been modified accordingly.

- Terms of reference of the Committee, inter alia, includes the following:
 - Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer / transmission of shares or debentures, including nonreceipt of share or debenture certificates and review of cases for refusal of transfer / transmission of shares and debentures, non-receipt of annual report or non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new / duplicate certificates, general meetings etc. and assisting with quarterly reporting of such complaints;
 - review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
 - Investigating complaints relating to allotment of shares, approval of transfer or transmission of shares, debentures or any other securities;
 - Giving effect to all transfer / transmission of shares and debentures, dematerialisation of shares and rematerialisation of shares, split and issue of duplicate / consolidated share certificates, compliance with all the requirements related to shares, debentures and other securities from time to time;
 - review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being

- rendered by the registrar and share transfer agent of the Company and to recommend measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services;
- review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants / annual reports / statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company; and
- Carrying out such other functions as may be specified by the Board from time to time or specified / provided under the Companies Act or SEBI Listing Regulations, or by any other regulatory authority.

To expedite the process and for effective resolution of grievances / complaints, the Committee has delegated powers to the Link Intime India Private Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agent and its officials to redress all various aspects of interest of the Members / Investors. Mr. Ishwar Nayi, the Company Secretary of the Company acts as a Compliance Officer of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee and under his supervision, the Committee redresses the grievances / complaints of Members / Investors.

Two (2) Stakeholders Relationship Committee meetings were held during the Financial Year 2023-24 which were held on 05 May 2023 and 20 January 2024. The necessary quorum was present at all the Meetings of the Committee.

The details of members, their category and number of meetings attended by them during the Financial Year 2023-24 are given below:

Name of Committee Member	Designation in Committee	Category in the Board	No of Meeting held	No of Meeting attended
CA Subhash A. Patel	Chairperson	Non-Executive - Independent Director	02	02
Dr. Manher C. Desai	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	02	02
Mr. Shekhar R. Somani	Member	Promoter, Executive Director	02	02

CA Subhash A. Patel, Chairperson of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee, was present during the 27th AGM held on 22 September 2023 through Video Conferencing.

Status of Investor Complaints

The status of investor complaints as on 31 March 2024 as reported under Regulation 13(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations is as under:

No of shareholders complaints as on 01 April 2023	00
No of shareholders complaints received during the year	02
No of shareholders complaint resolved during the year	02
No of shareholders complaint not resolved during the year	00
No of complaint pending as on 31 March 2024	00

The complaints have been resolved to the satisfaction of the shareholders. The correspondence identified as investor complaints are letters received through statutory / regulatory bodies.

No grievances / complaints are outstanding and no requests for share transfers and / or requests for dematerialization were pending for approval as on 31 March 2024.

Name, designation and address of the Compliance Officer

Mr. Ishwar Nayi Company Secretary and Compliance officer Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited Plot No. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat - 393 002, India Telephone: +91 75748 48533/34

Fax: +91 265 263 8533 Email: cs@tatvachintan.com

Risk Management Committee

- Ι. The Risk Management Committee ("RMC") of the Company is constituted in alignment with the provisions of Regulation 21 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The primary role of the RMC is that of assisting the Board of Directors in overseeing the Company's risk management processes and controls. The RMC, through the Enterprise Risk Management in the Company, seeks to minimise adverse impact on the business objectives and enhance stakeholder value. The Board has adopted a charter for the functioning of the RMC covering the composition, meetings, quorum, responsibilities, etc.
- Terms of reference of the Committee, inter alia, includes the following:
 - To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity,



- in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
- Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
- Business continuity plan. c.
- To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;

- To keep the Board of Directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken:
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee.

The Risk Management Committee shall coordinate its activities with other committees, in instances where there is any overlap with activities of such committees, as per the framework laid down by the Board of Directors.

Four (4) Risk Management Committee were held during the Financial Year 2023-24 which were held on 05 May 2023, 04 August 2023, 02 November 2023 and 20 January 2024. The necessary quorum was present at all the Meetings of the Committee.

The details of members, their category and number of meetings attended by them during the Financial Year 2023-24 are given below:

Name of Committee Member	Designation in Committee	Category in the Board / Company	No of Meeting held	No of Meeting attended
Mr. Shekhar R. Somani	Chairperson	Promoter, Executive Director	04	04
CA Subhash A. Patel	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	04	04
Dr. Manher C. Desai	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	04	04
Mr. Harish L. Patel	Member	Head - Operation	04	04
Mr. Rakeshkumar P. Poonia	Member	Assistant General Manager - Commercial	04	03

Mr. Shekhar R Somani, Chairperson of the Risk Management Committee, was present during the 27th AGM held on 22 September 2023 through Video Conferencing.

Senior Management

Particulars of Senior Management Personnel as defined under SEBI Listing Regulations as on 31 March 2024 including the changes therein since the close of the previous financial year are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of SMP	Designation
1.	Mr. Ashok Bothra	Chief Financial Officer
2.	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
3.	Mr. Harish Patel	Head - Operation
4.	Mr. Ajay Rawat	Assistant Vice President – Research and Development

There is no change in Senior Management during the financial year.

8. **Corporate Social Responsibility Committee**

- I. The Corporate Social Responsibility ('CSR') Committee of the Board is constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The CSR Committee has been entrusted with the specific responsibility of reviewing corporate social responsibility programmes. The scope of the CSR Committee also includes approving the budget of CSR activities, reviewing the CSR programmes, formulation of annual action plan and monitoring the CSR spends.
- Terms of reference of the Committee, inter alia, includes the following:
 - formulate and recommend to the Board, a "Corporate Social Responsibility Policy" which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, as amended, monitor the implementation of the same from time to time, and make any revisions therein as and when decided by the Board;

- identify corporate social responsibility policy partners and corporate social responsibility policy programmes;
- review and recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred to in clause (a) and the distribution of the same to various corporate social responsibility programs undertaken by the Company;
- delegate responsibilities to the corporate social responsibility team and supervise proper execution of all delegated responsibilities;
- review and monitor the implementation of corporate social responsibility programmes and issuing necessary directions as required for proper implementation and timely completion of corporate social responsibility programmes;
- any other matter as the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee may deem appropriate after approval of the

- Board or as may be directed by the Board, from time to time; and
- exercise such other powers as may be conferred upon the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee in terms of the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company is available on Company's website at https://www.tatvachintan. <u>com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/csr-policy.pdf</u>.

A CSR Report giving details of the CSR activities undertaken by the Company during the year under review, along with the amount spent forms part of the Board's Report.

Two (2) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee meetings were held during the Financial Year 2023-24 on 05 May 2023 and 20 January 2024. The necessary quorum was present for all the Meetings of the Committee.

The details of members, their category and number of meetings attended by them during the Financial Year 2023-24 are given below:

Name of Committee Member	Designation in Committee	Category in the Board	No of Meeting held	No of Meeting attended
Dr. Avani R. Umatt	Chairperson	Non-Executive - Independent Director	02	02
CA Subhash A. Patel	Member	Non-Executive - Independent Director	02	02
Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	Member	Promoter, Executive Director	02	02

Dr. Avani R. Umatt, Chairperson of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, was present during the 27th AGM held on 22 September 2023 through Video Conferencing.

9. **Remuneration of Directors**

a. Remuneration policy, terms and criteria of appointment of Directors:

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy lays down criteria for determining appointment and qualification, positive attributes and independence of Director. The policy reflects the interests of the shareholders and the Company taking into consideration any specific matters, including the assignments, the responsibilities undertaken and also be competitive with the external market. Your Company recognizes the benefit of a Board that possesses the right balance of skills, knowledge, experience, expertise and diversity of perspective. The remuneration policy is directed towards rewarding performance, based on review of achievements on a periodical basis and is in consonance with the existing Industry practices.

Remuneration paid to Executive Directors:

The break-up of remuneration paid on yearly basis to the Executive Directors for the Financial Year 2023-24 are as under:

(Amount in ₹)

Name of Directors	Mr. Chintan N. Shah	Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	Mr. Shekhar R. Somani
Designation	Chairman and Managing Director	Whole time Director	Whole time Director
Salary (₹)	33,53,360	33,53,360	33,53,360
Bonus	-	-	-
Pension	-	-	-
Commission (₹)	-	-	-
Perquisites / Allowances (₹)	1,00,37,510	1,00,37,510	1,00,37,510
Total (₹)*	1,33,90,870	1,33,90,870	1,33,90,870
Stock Option Granted (Nos.)	-	-	-
Fixed components and performance linked incentives	-	-	-





			(Alloune III 1)
Name of Directors	Mr. Chintan N. Shah	Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel	Mr. Shekhar R. Somani
Service Contract, Notice Period,	The employment of Mr. Chintan	The employment of Mr.	The employment of Mr.
Severance Fees	N. Shah is Contractual. Period of	Ajaykumar M. Patel is	Shekhar R. Somani is
	Contract	Contractual. Period of	Contractual. Period of
	- 5 years from 01 February	Contract	Contract
	2021 to 31 January 2026.	- 5 years from 01 February	- 5 years from 01 February
	Notice Period – Six (6) months.	2021 to 31 January 2026.	2021 to 31 January 2026.
	There is no separate provision	Notice Period – Six (6)	Notice Period – Six (6)
	for payment of severance fees.	months.	months.
		There is no separate provision	There is no separate provision
		for payment of severance	for payment of severance
		fees.	fees.

^{*} The approved remuneration was ₹ 1,65,03,252/-.

However, an amount of ₹ 1,33,90,870/- was paid as remuneration during the year ended 31 March 2024.

Remuneration paid to Non-Executive Directors:

During FY 2023-24, your Company paid sitting fees of ₹ 25,000 per Board Meeting to the Non-executive Directors who are also an Independent Directors for attending each Meeting of the Board and ₹ 10,000 per Meeting for attending each Meeting of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Risk Management Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. Your Company also reimburses out-of-pocket expenses, if any incurred by the Directors for attending the Meetings.

Criteria of making payments to Non-executive Directors who are also an Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company at https://www.tatvachintan.com// webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/terms-and-conditionsfor-appointment-of-independent-directors.pdf.

The terms and conditions for appointment of Non-Executive - Independent Directors are disclosed on the website of the Company at https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/ <u>CorporateGovernance/PDF/terms-and-conditions-for-</u> appointment-of-independent-directors.pdf.

Details of remuneration paid to Non-Executive - Independent Directors for attending the meetings of Board of Directors and Committees for the financial year 2023-24 are as given below:

	(Amount in ₹)
Name of Directors	Sitting Fees
CA Subhash A. Patel	2,85,000
Dr. Manher C. Desai	2,65,000
Dr. Avani R. Umatt	2,25,000

Pecuniary Relationship of Non-Executive - Independent **Directors with the Company:**

Other than sitting fees paid to Non-Executive - Independent Directors, there were no pecuniary relationships or transactions by the Company with any of the Non-Executive - Independent Directors of the Company. The Company has not granted stock options to Non-Executive - Independent Directors.

10. Independent Directors' Meeting

During the year, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on 20 January 2024, without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and members of the management, inter alia. to:

- Review the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- Review the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors;
- Assessment of the quality, content and timelines for the flow of information between the Management and the Board, which is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties;

All Independent Directors attended the said meeting.

11. Subsidiary Companies

Regulation 16 of the SEBI Listing Regulations defines a 'material subsidiary' to mean a subsidiary, whose income or net worth exceeds 10% of the consolidated income or net worth respectively, of the listed entity and its subsidiaries in the immediately preceding accounting year.

In addition to the above, Regulation 24 of the SEBI Listing Regulations requires that at least one Independent Director on the Board of Directors of the listed entity shall be a Director on the Board of Directors of an unlisted material subsidiary, whether incorporated in India or not. For the purpose of this provision, material subsidiary means a subsidiary, whose income or net worth exceeds 20% of the consolidated income or net worth respectively, of the listed entity and its subsidiaries in the immediately preceding accounting year.

Accordingly, Independent Directors have been appointed on the Board of unlisted material subsidiaries. For more effective governance, the Independent Directors appointed in such subsidiaries brief the Board of Directors of the Company at each Board Meeting on any significant issues of these unlisted material subsidiaries.

The subsidiaries of the Company function independently with an adequately empowered Board of Directors and adequate resources. The minutes of Board Meetings of subsidiaries are placed before the Board of the Company for its review and a statement of all significant transactions and arrangements entered into by the unlisted subsidiary companies are also placed before the Board.

Pursuant to the explanation under Regulation 16(1)(c) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated a Policy for determining material subsidiaries which is disclosed on the Company's website at https://www.tatvachintan.com// webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/policy-for-determiningmaterial-subsidiaries.pdf.

The other requirements of Regulation 24 of the SEBI Listing Regulations with regard to Corporate Governance requirements for subsidiary companies have been complied with.

12. General Body Meetings

Details of location, time and date of last three Annual General Meetings are given below:

Date	Time	Venue
22 September 2023	4:00 p.m. (IST)	Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") Deemed Venue - Plot No 502/17, G.I.D.C, Ankleshwar, District: Bharuch - 393002, Gujarat, India
22 September 2022	4:00 p.m. (IST)	Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") Deemed Venue - Plot No 502/17, G.I.D.C, Ankleshwar, District: Bharuch - 393002, Gujarat, India
29 September 2021	4:00 p.m. (IST)	Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") Deemed Venue - Plot No 502/17, G.I.D.C, Ankleshwar, District: Bharuch - 393002, Gujarat, India

Details of special resolutions passed in the previous three annual general meetings:

Na	ture of Transaction in respect of which Special Resolution Passed	Date and time of Meeting
1.	To Borrow money in excess of paid-up share capital and free reserves of the Company	29 September 2021
2.	Authority to create mortgages, charges and hypothecations on properties of the Company	at 4:00 p.m. (IST)
3.	Authorization to invests, give guarantee or providing securities or investment made	

Details of special resolution passed through postal ballot during the financial year 2023-24, person who conducted the postal ballot, details of the voting pattern and procedure of postal ballot:

The Company had sought approval of the members by way of a Special Resolution for Raising of the Funds through issuance of securities of the Company by way of Qualified Institutional Placement (QIP) and other Permissible Modes for an amount not exceeding ₹ 2,000 million through postal ballot vide notice dated 11 July 2023. The same was approved by the members with requisite majority and the voting results were announced on 14 August 2023. M/s. TNT & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, was appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the postal ballot process in a fair and transparent manner. The details of voting pattern are as under:

Voting Description	No. of	No. of valid votes	% of total number
	Members	cast by them	of valid votes cast
Voted in Favour	271	2,02,30,644	99.9982
Voted Against	11	356	0.0018
Total	282	2,02,31,000	100
Invalid/Abstained Votes	02	16	-

Procedure for postal ballot: The postal ballot was conducted through electronic means ("remote e-voting") as per the provisions of Sections 108 and 110 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act"), read together with Rules 20 and 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) ("Rules"), Regulation 44 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "SEBI Listing Regulations"), General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated 08 April 2020, 17/2020 dated 13 April 2020, 22/2020 dated 15 June 2020, 33/2020 dated 28 September 2020, 39/2020 dated 31 December 2020, 10/2021 dated 23 June 2021, 20/2021 dated 08 December 2021, 3/2022 dated 05 May 2022 and 11/2022 dated 28 December 2022, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, in the backdrop of the Covid 19 pandemic ("MCA Circulars"), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2") issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and any other applicable law, rules and regulations.



Whether any resolutions are proposed to be conducted through postal ballot:

There is no immediate proposal for passing any resolution through postal ballot. None of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuing AGM require passing of a resolution through postal ballot.

13. Means of Communication

Stock Exchange Intimations

All submissions to the Stock Exchanges are made through the respective electronic filing systems. All unpublished price sensitive information, material events or information as detailed in Regulation 30 of the SEBI Listing Regulations are disseminated to the Stock Exchanges.

The disclosures are also available on the Company's website at https://www.tatvachintan.com.

Quarterly Results

Pursuant to provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the quarterly / half-yearly / annual financial results of the Company are submitted to the Stock Exchanges and are generally published in English Language in National Daily Newspaper "Financial Express" circulating in substantially the whole of India and in Gujarati Language in "Vadodara Samachar".

The quarterly / half-yearly / annual financial results of the Company are displayed on the Company's website under "Investor Relations" section at https://www.tatvachintan. com. The website also displays official press releases, investor presentations and other statutory and business information.

Newspaper wherein results generally published

After getting the shares listed on BSE and NSE, the Company generally publishes its results in English Language in National Daily Newspaper "Financial Express" circulating in substantially the whole of India and in Gujarati Language in "Vadodara Samachar".

d. Website

https://www.tatvachintan.com

Official news release

The Company regularly publish information, update its financial results and official news releases on the Company's website https://www.tatvachintan.com/.

f. Presentation made to institutional investor or to the analyst

The Chairman and Managing Director / Whole Time Director / Chief Financial Officer, Senior Management Personnel etc. hold quarterly briefs with analysts, shareholders and major stakeholders where the Company's performance is discussed. The official press releases, presentation made to the institutional investors and analysts, audio / video recording and the transcripts of the call with analysts for quarterly / half-yearly / annual results are available on the Company's website at https://www.tatvachintan.com and uploaded on the website of NSE and BSE.

14. General Shareholders' Information

Day, Date, time and venue of Annual general meeting (AGM)	: Friday, 20 September 2024 Time: 04:00 P.M. (IST) Venue: In accordance with the General Circular issued by the MCA on 25
	September 2023 and other relevant MCA Circulars, the AGM will be held through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") only
Financial year;	: 01 April to 31 March
Book Closure Date;	: Saturday, 07 September 2024 to Friday, 20 September 2024 (both days inclusive)
Dividend payment date;	: On or after Friday, 27 September 2024 but before the expiry of statutory period of 30 days from the date of AGM, if approved by the Members at the AGM
The name and address of each stock exchange(s) at which the listed entity's securities are listed	: The Equity Shares of the Company are listed at BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE").
and a confirmation about payment of annual	The name and address of Stock Exchange are as follows;
listing fee to each of such stock exchange(s);	BSE Limited (BSE)
	25th Floor, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
	Dalal Street, Fort,
	Mumbai – 400 001.

		National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) "Exchange Plaza", C-1, Block G, Bandra- Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051. The Company has paid the listing fees to these Stock 2023-24 and Financial Year 2024-25	ck Exchanges for Financial Year
Stock code/symbol;	:	Name of the Exchange	Code/Symbol
		BSE Limited (BSE)	543321
		National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE)	TATVA
International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) in NSDL and CDSL;	:	INE0GK401011	
Market price data - high, low during each month in last financial year;	:	Please find the details at ANNEXURE – I	
Performance in comparison to broad-based indices such as BSE sensex, CRISIL Index etc;	:	Please find the details at ANNEXURE – II	
In case the securities are suspended from trading, the Directors report shall explain the reason thereof;	:	Not Applicable for the year under review	
Registrar to an issue and share transfer agents;	:	Link Intime India Private Limited C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West) Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400 083, India SEBI registration number: INR000004058 Email: vadodara@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in Telephone: +91 (22) 4918 6260	
		Shareholders are requested to correspond directions transfer Agent for transfer / transmission of share pertaining to their shares, dividend etc.	-
Share Transfer System;	:	Pursuant to Regulation 40 (1) of SEBI Listing Report 2019, transfer of shares in physical modular accordingly the Company has not processed transfercept in case of request received for transmissing from the time the said Regulation was applicable would be carried out only in dematerialized form Participants of the shareholders.	de has been discontinued and fer of shares in physical mode on or transposition of shares) and all the transfer of shares
		Accordingly, shareholders holding shares in phy their shares dematerialized at the earliest so th dematerialized form and participate in various cor	nat they can transfer them in
Distribution of shareholding as on 31 March 2024	:	Please find the details at Annexure - III	
Dematerialization of shares and liquidity;	:	100% of Company's shares are held in the demat	form as on 31 March 2024.
Outstanding global depository receipts or american depository receipts or warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity;	:	The Company has not issued any GDRs or ADRs of instruments during the year under review.	or warrants or any convertible



Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities;	Commodity price risk and hedging activities — The Company procures Raw Materials (mainly Chemicals) etc. The Company manages the associated price risks through commercial negotiation with customers and suppliers. Foreign Exchange risk and hedging activities — The Company has exposure to foreign exchange risks in relation with its imports, borrowings and primarily in relation with its exports denominated in foreign exchange. The Company has a robust internal control system to manage foreign exchange risks. The hedging activity is regularly carried out to mitigate the risks.
Plant locations;	Ankleshwar Plant: Plot no. 502/17&18&8, G.I.D.C Estate, Ankleshwar-393002, District: Bharuch, Gujarat, India Dahej Plant: Plot no. Z/103/F/1&2, SEZ Area, Part-2, Dahej – 392130, District: Bharuch, Gujarat, India
Address for correspondence.	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited Plot. No. 353, Makarpura GIDC, Vadodara - 390010, Gujarat, India Tel. No. +91 7574848533/34 Email: cs@tatvachintan.com Website: https://www.tatvachintan.com
List of all credit ratings obtained by the entity along with any revisions thereto during the relevant financial year, for all debt instruments of such entity or any fixed deposit (FD) programme or any scheme or proposal of the listed entity involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad	During the financial year under review, the Long Term and Short Term rating of your Company has been reaffirmed to "A-/Stable and A2+" respectively by CRISIL.

15. Other Disclosure

Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large;

All related party transactions that were entered into during FY 2023-24 were on arm's length basis and, in the ordinary course of business and were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. There were no material significant related party transactions entered into by the Company with Promoters, Directors, KMPs or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. The Company has revised the related party transaction policy in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended and the same is uploaded on Company's website at https://www. tatvachintan.com.

Details of non-compliance by the listed entity, penalties, strictures imposed on the listed entity by stock exchange(s) or the Board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years;

Your Company has timely complied with all the requirements of the Stock Exchanges, SEBI and other Statutory Authority on all matters related to capital markets. From the date of listing, no penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by these authorities. None of the Company's listed securities is suspended from trading.

Details of establishment of vigil mechanism, whistle blower policy and affirmation that no personnel have been denied access to the audit committee;

The Company has adopted a Whistle blower policy and Vigil Mechanism to provide a formal mechanism to the Directors, employees and other external stakeholders to report their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimisation of employees who avail of the mechanism. No personnel / employee of the Company has been denied access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee.

The Whistle blower Policy as adopted by the Company is available on the Company's website at https://www. tatvachintan.com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/vigilmechanism-and-whistle-blower-policy.pdf.

- Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non-mandatory requirements;
 - **Compliance with the mandatory requirements**

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations relating to Corporate Governance.

Extent of compliance with the non-mandatory / discretionary requirements

The status of compliance with the non-mandatory / discretionary requirements as stated under Part E of Schedule II to the SEBI Listing Regulations are as under:

- The Board: The requirement relating to maintenance of office and reimbursement of expenses of Non-Executive Chairman is not applicable to the Company, since the Chairman of the Company is an Executive Director.
- Shareholder Rights: The quarterly / half-yearly / financial statements / performance of the Company are published in newspapers and uploaded on NSE / BSE apart from Company's website (https://www. tatvachintan.com/financial-information-and-otherdisclosures.aspx).
- Separate posts of Chairperson and the Managing Director or the Chief Executive Officer: The Company has not adopted the said discretionary requirement.
- Modified opinion(s) in Audit Report: During the year under review, there was no audit qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer in the Company's Financial Statements. The Company continues to adopt best practices to ensure a regime of unmodified audit opinion.
- Reporting of Internal Auditor: The Internal Auditor reports to the Audit Committee.
- Web link where policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries is disclosed;

The policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries is available on the website of the Company under the heading "Policies" in the Corporate Governance tab which can be accessed from https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/ CorporateGovernance/PDF/policy-for-determining-materialsubsidiaries.pdf.

Web link where policy on dealing with related party transactions is disclosed;

The policy on dealing with related party transactions is available on the website of the Company under the heading "Policies" in the Corporate Governance tab which can be accessed from https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/ CorporateGovernance/PDF/policy-on-related-partytransactions.pdf.

Disclosure of commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities.

The Company procures Raw Materials (mainly Chemicals) etc. The Company manages the associated price risks through commercial negotiation with customers and suppliers.

Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A).

During the year 2023-24, the Company had raised funds through issue of equity shares via Qualified Institutional Placement (QIP) to Qualified Institutional Buyers for an

aggregate amount of ₹ 2,000 million. The use / application of proceeds / funds raised from the QIP are reviewed by Audit Committee as part of quarterly review of financial results and the details are also filed with the Stock Exchanges on a quarterly basis, pursuant to Regulation 32 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. During the year under review, the Company has utilized the entire amount raised through QIP.

A certificate from a company secretary in practice that none of the Directors on the Board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Board / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

The Company has received certificate from M/s. TNT & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries. The copy of Certificate is enclosed at Annexure-IV.

Where the Board had not accepted any recommendation of any Committee of the Board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year, the same to be disclosed along with reasons thereof;

During the year under review, there were no instances where the Board has not accepted any recommendation(s) made by any of the Committee of the Board.

- Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm / network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part; ₹ 42,40,000/-
- Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of I. Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The details of complaints filed, disposed and pending are given

Number of complaints filed during the financial year 2023-24 -

Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year 2023-24 - Nil

Number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year 2023-24 - Nil

The Company has in place a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace ("POSH") and the same is uploaded on the website of the Company at https://www. tatvachintan.com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/ policy-on-prevention-and-resolution-of-sexual-harassmentat-workplace.pdf.

Disclosure by listed entity and its subsidiaries of 'Loans and advances in the nature of loans and Advances in the nature of loans to firms / companies in which Directors are interested by name and amount;

The Company has not given any loans or advances to any firm / company in which its Directors are interested.



Details of material subsidiaries including the date and place of incorporation and the name and date of appointment of the statutory auditors of such subsidiaries:

Name of material subsidiaries	Date of incorporation / acquisition	Place of incorporation	Name of the Statutory Auditors	Date of appointment of the Statutory Auditors
Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	16 March 2015	Michigan, USA	NA	NA
Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	01 March 2019	Amsterdam, The Netherlands	NA	NA

16. Compliance Requirements with Corporate Governance

The Company has complied with all Corporate Governance Requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 to the extent applicable and clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI Listing Regulations to the extent applicable.

17. Non-Compliance of Requirement of Corporate **Governance Report of above sub paras**

Not Applicable

18. Declaration Regarding Compliance by the members of Board of Directors and Senior **Management Personnel of the Code of Conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management.**

The above declaration given by Mr. Chintan N. Shah, Chairman and Managing Director is annexed at Annexure V of this Corporate Governance Report.

19. Compliance Certificate Regarding Compliance of **Conditions of Corporate Governance**

The certificate as issued by M/s. TNT & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries is annexed at Annexure VI.

20. Details Regarding Demat Suspense Account / **Unclaimed Suspense Account**

Not Applicable for the financial year under review.

21. Disclosure of certain types of agreements binding listed entities

Not Applicable for the financial year under review.

Annexure - I to the Corporate Governance Report

Market price data

Market price data - monthly high / low on BSE / NSE during each month in last financial year is given hereunder:

Month	BS	NSE		
	High In (₹)	Low In (₹)	High In (₹)	Low In (₹)
April 2023	1,752.70	1,615.00	1,751.10	1,610.10
May 2023	1,850.60	1,587.25	1,851.35	1,600.55
June 2023	1,888.05	1,581.60	1,887.95	1,641.95
July 2023	1,872.20	1,619.00	1,875.10	1,609.40
August 2023	1,771.00	1,645.00	1,772.40	1,647.05
September 2023	1,756.00	1,570.95	1,752.95	1,571.00
October 2023	1,654.95	1,440.00	1,614.85	1,437.50
November 2023	1,534.95	1,404.00	1,530.00	1,399.90
December 2023	1,647.95	1,503.05	1,650.85	1,516.05
January 2024	1,634.65	1,310.00	1,634.95	1,308.40
February 2024	1,366.10	1,212.10	1,357.00	1,211.55
March 2024	1,247.00	1,063.35	1,248.95	1,061.35

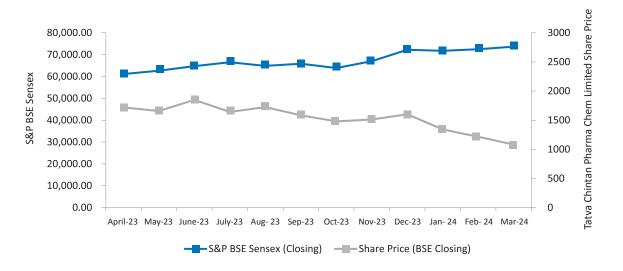
[Source: This information is compiled from the data available on the websites of BSE and NSE]

Annexure - II to the Corporate Governance Report

Performance of Company's Share Price in comparison to S&P BSE Sensex in Financial Year 2023-24:

Month	April-23	May-23	June-23	July-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Share Price (BSE Closing)	1720.25	1657.50	1847.75	1641.55	1723.40	1583.05	1479.80	1511.35	1602.35	1340.15	1214.30	1079.55
S&P BSE Sensex (Closing)	61112.44	62622.24	64718.56	66527.67	64831.41	65828.41	63874.93	66988.44	72240.26	71752.11	72500.30	73651.35

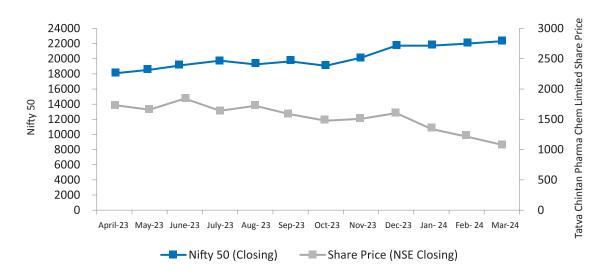
Performance of Company's Share Price in comparison to S&P BSE Sensex



Performance of Company's Share Price in comparison to Nifty 50 in Financial Year 2023-24:

Month	April-23	May-23	June-23	July-23	Aug- 23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan- 24	Feb- 24	Mar-24
Share Price (NSE Closing)	1734.60	1657.95	1843.25	1642.05	1723.10	1582.90	1478.60	1507.75	1601.80	1339.60	1214.75	1078.60
Nifty 50 (Closing)	18065.00	18534.40	19189.05	19753.80	19253.80	19638.30	19079.60	20133.15	21731.40	21725.70	21982.80	22326.90

Performance of Company's Share Price in comparison to Nifty 50





Annexure - III to the Corporate Governance Report

Distribution of Shareholding as on 31 March 2024

No. of Sh	ares Range	No. of		No. of Shares	% to Total Issued	
From	То	Shareholders	Shareholders		Capital	
1	500	74419	99.36	1703559	7.28	
501	1000	262	0.35	191926	0.82	
1001	2000	114	0.15	163524	0.70	
2001	3000	25	0.03	61798	0.26	
3001	4000	18	0.03	63506	0.27	
4001	5000	8	0.01	36866	0.16	
5001	10000	9	0.01	64314	0.28	
10001	Above	43	0.06	21106562	90.23	
Total		74898	100	23392055	100	

Category of Shareholding as on 31 March 2024

Category	Number of Shares	Percentage (%)
Promoter and Promoter Group	16846958	72.02
Mutual Funds	3002583	12.84
Foreign Portfolio Investors	853691	3.65
Public	2454540	10.49
Hindu Undivided Family	89845	0.38
Non-Resident Indian	75427	0.32
Body Corporate	67539	0.29
Body Corporate - Ltd Liability Partnership	1468	0.01
Clearing Members	4	0.00
Total	23392055	100

Annexure - IV to the Corporate Governance Report

Certificate of Non – Disqualification of Directors

(Pursuant to Regulation 34 (3) and Schedule V Para C Clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To. The Members of TATVA CHINTAN PHARMA CHEM LIMITED (CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894) Plot No. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar. Bharuch - 393 002, Gujarat, India

Dear Sir / Madam,

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited, CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894 and having Registered Office, situated at Plot No. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Bharuch – 393002, Gujarat, India (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V Para C Sub Clause 10 (i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (Including Directors Identification Number ("DIN") status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company and its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31 March 2024, have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as the Directors of the Companies, by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") or any such other Statutory Authority:-

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors	DIN	Date of Appointment in the Company *
1	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	00183618	12/06/1996
2	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	00183665	12/06/1996
3	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	00183745	12/06/1996
4	CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel	00535221	27/02/2021
5	Dr. Manher Chimanlal Desai	09042598	27/02/2021
6	Dr. Avani Rajesh Umatt	09046170	27/02/2021

^{*} The date of appointment is as per the MCA Portal.

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the basis of our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For, TNT & Associates

Practicing Company Secretaries

P. R. No.: 3209/2023

Niraj Trivedi

Partner FCS No.: 3844 CP No.: 3123

UDIN: F003844F000815193

Date: 24 July 2024 Place: Vadodara



Annexure - V to the Corporate Governance Report

Declaration - Compliance with the Code of Conduct

To,

The Members,

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

I, Chintan N. Shah, Chairman and Managing Director of the Company, hereby declare that all the Members of the Board of Directors and the Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct, applicable to them as laid down by the Board of Directors in terms of Regulation 26(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time for the year ended 31 March 2024.

For Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

Mr. Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Date: 24 July 2024 Place: Vadodara

Annexure - VI to the Corporate Governance Report

Certificate on Corporate Governance

(Pursuant to Regulation 34 (3) and Schedule V Para E of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,

The Members of

TATVA CHINTAN PHARMA CHEM LIMITED (CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894)

Plot No. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Bharuch – 393 002, Gujarat, India

Dear Sir / Madam,

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by **Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited**, CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894, having Registered Office situated at Plot No. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Bharuch – 393002, Gujarat, India (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), for the Financial Year ended on 31 March 2024, as stipulated in Regulation 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) and (t) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, (collectively referred to as "SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015").

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Company's Management. Our examination was limited to the review procedures and implementation thereof, as adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance

It is neither an audit nor an expression of an opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and representation made by the management, we certify that the Company, to the extent applicable, has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the abovementioned SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 for the year ended on 31 March 2024.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For, TNT & Associates
Practicing Company Secretaries

Niraj Trivedi

Partner FCS No.: 3844 CP No.: 3123

P. R. No.: 3209/2023 UDIN: F003844F000815468

Date:- 24 July 2024 Place:- Vadodara



Annexure - H to the Board's Report

Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report

Section A: General Disclosures

Details of the listed entity:

	•	
1.	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Listed Entity	L24232GJ1996PLC029894
2.	Name of the Listed Entity	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited
3.	Year of Incorporation	1996
4.	Registered Office Address	Plot No. 502/17 GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat - 393002, India
5.	Corporate Address	Plot No. 353, Makarpura GIDC, Vadodara, Gujarat – 390010, India
6.	E-mail	cs@tatvachintan.com
7.	Telephone	+91-7574848533/34
8.	Website	www.tatvachintan.com
9.	Financial year for which reporting is being done	01 April 2023 to 31 March 2024
10.	Name of the Stock Exchange(s) where shares are listed	BSE Limited (BSE); and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE)
11.	Paid-up Capital	₹ 233.92 million
12.	Name and contact details (telephone, email address) of the person who may be contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report	
13.	Reporting boundary - Are the disclosures under this report made on a standalone basis (i.e. only for the entity) or on a consolidated basis (i.e. for the entity and all the entities which form a part of its consolidated financial statements, taken together).	
14.	Name of assurance provider:	Not Applicable
15.	Type of assurance obtained:	Not Applicable

II. **Products / Services:**

16. Details of business activities (accounting for 90% of the turnover):

Description of main activity	Description of business activity	% of turnover of the entity				
Specialty Chemicals	Manufacturing of specialty chemical with diverse portfolio of Structure	99.21%				
	Directing Agents, Phase Transfer Catalysts, Electrolyte Salts and Solutions and					
	Pharmaceutical and Agrochemical Intermediates and Other Specialty Chemicals					

17. Products / Services sold by the entity (accounting for 90% of the entity's Turnover):

Sr. No.	Product / Service	NIC Code	% of total turnover contributed
1	Structure Directing Agents (SDA)	20119	42.90%
2	Phase Transfer Catalysts (PTC)	20119	25.89%
3	Pharmaceutical and Agrochemical Intermediates and Other Specialty Chemicals (PASC)	20119	29.24%
4	Electrolyte Salts and Solution (ESS)	20119	1.18%

III. Operations:

18. Number of locations where plants and / or operations / offices of the entity are situated:

Locations	Number of plants	Number of offices	Total
National	2	2	4
International	0	0	0

19. Markets served by the entity:

Number of locations:

Locations	Number
National (no. of states)	17
International (no. of countries)	32

What is the contribution of exports as a percentage of the total turnover of the entity? b. 69.20%

A brief on types of customers: c.

We have a wide customer base spread across major geography and across diverse sectors including:

- Agro chemicals
- Active pharmaceuticals ingredients
- Zeolites manufactures
- Chemicals / Specialty chemicals
- Personal care and hygiene
- Super capacitors and energy storage devices
- Resins
- Mining and metals industry

The Company serves customers directly as well as through agents.

IV. **Employees**

20. Details as at the end of Financial Year:

Employees and workers (including differently abled):

Sr.	Particulars	Total (A)	Ma	le	Female	
No.			No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)
EMF	PLOYEES					
1.	Permanent (D)	377	359	95.23%	18	4.77%
2.	Other than Permanent (E)	0	0	0%	0	0%
3.	Total employees (D + E)	377	359	95.23%	18	4.77%
wo	RKERS					
4.	Permanent (F)	312	312	100%	0	0%
5.	Other than Permanent (G)	236	234	99.15%	2	0.85%
6.	Total workers (F + G)	548	546	99.64%	2	0.36%

Differently abled Employees and workers:

Sr.	Particulars	Total (A)	Ma	Male		Female	
No.		_	No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)	
DIFF	ERENTLY ABLED EMPLOYEES						
1.	Permanent (D)	1	1	100%	0	0%	
2.	Other than Permanent (E)	0	0	0%	0	0%	
3.	Total employees (D + E)	1	1	100%	0	0%	
DIFF	ERENTLY ABLED WORKERS						
4.	Permanent (F)	0	0	0%	0	0%	
5.	Other than Permanent (G)	0	0	0%	0	0%	
6.	Total workers (F + G)	0	0	0%	0	0%	



21. Participation / Inclusion / Representation of women:

	Total	No. and percentage of Females		
	(A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)	
Board of Directors (BOD)*	6	1	16.67%	
Key Management Personnel (KMP)*	5	0	0%	

^{*}Mr. Chintan N. Shah, Chairman and Managing Director, Mr. Ajaykumar M. Patel, Whole time Director and Mr. Shekhar R. Somani, Whole time Director, are part of both BOD and KMP.

22. Turnover rate for permanent employees and workers:

	FY 2023-24 (Turnover rate in %)		FY 2022-23 (Turnover rate in %)			FY 2021-22 (Turnover rate in %)			
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Permanent Employees	24.08%	21.28%	23.96%	26.85%	46.15%	27.60%	29.39%	46.15%	30.23%
Permanent Workers	15.68%	0%	15.68%	10.70%	100%	11.07%	16.51%	0%	16.43%

Holding, Subsidiary and Associate Companies (Including Joint Ventures)

23. (a) Names of holding / subsidiary / associate companies / joint ventures:

Sr. No.	Name of the holding / subsidiary / associate companies / joint ventures (A)	Indicate whether holding / subsidiary / associate / joint venture	% of shares held by listed entity	Does the entity indicated at column A, participate in the business responsibility initiatives of the listed entity? (Yes/No)
1	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company	100%	No
2	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company	100%	No

VI. CSR Details

24. i. Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013: Yes

Turnover (in ₹): 3786.77 million (FY 2023-24)

Net worth (in ₹): 7258.80 million (FY 2023-24)

VII. Transparency and Disclosures Compliances

25. Complaints / Grievances on any of the principles (Principles 1 to 9) under the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct:

Stakeholder group from whom	Grievance redressal mechanism in place		FY 2023-24				
complaint is received	If Yes, then provide web-link for grievance redress policy	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks
Communities	Yes. Please refer Note A1 below	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Investors (other than shareholders)	Yes. Please refer Note A2 below	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Shareholders	Yes. Please refer Note A3 below	2	0	NA	2	0	NA
Employees and workers	Yes. Please refer Note A4 below	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Customers	Yes. Please refer Note A5 below	2	0	NA	9	0	NA

Stakeholder group from whom	Grievance redressal mechanism in place				FY 2022-23				
complaint is received	If Yes, then provide web-link for grievance redress policy	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks		
Value Chain Partners	Yes. Please refer Note A6 below	0	0	NA	0	0	NA		
Other (please specify)	Not Applicable								

Notes:

A1: At all our manufacturing locations, we ensure that there is regular engagement on a pro-active basis with the local communities and their representatives. As such no complaint has been received during the year and there is no long standing grievances at any of our locations.

A2: The link to Investor Grievance redressal is as follow:

https://www.tatvachintan.com/investors-contacts.aspx

A3: Yes. Shareholder can register their grievances at https://scores.gov.in/scores/Welcome.html or https://scores.sebi.gov.in/ and also web links of BSE (https://tiny.cc/m1l2vz) and NSE (https://tiny.cc/m1l2vz) and NSE (https://tiny.cc/m1l2vz) and NSE (https://tiny.cc/m1l2vz) and NSE (https://tiny.cc/m1l2vz) and NSE (https://tiny.cc/s1l2vz) for Arbitration.

In addition, they can also raise grievances online through smart ODR platform: https://smartodr.in/login.

A4. The link to Grievance Redressal Policy for Employees is as follows:

https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx

A5: Customer complaints and feedback are received by the marketing department, and addressed / attended to by them and the team of respective manufacturing facility. Complaints are tracked till its closure.

In the detailed monthly review meeting, the details of all the complaints and the resolution status is shared, and corrective actions are discussed to eliminate such issues in future.

A6: The link to Grievance Redressal Policy for Supply Chain Partner is as follows: https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx

26. Overview of the entity's material responsible business conduct issue:

Please indicate material responsible business conduct and sustainability issues pertaining to environmental and social matters that present a risk or an opportunity to your business, rationale for identifying the same, approach to adapt or mitigate the risk along-with its financial implications, as per the following format:

Sr. No.	Material issue identified	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk / opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)	
1.	Health and Safety		Negative			
			operations.	Policies (internal) and rigorous trainings for employees and workers against health and safety hazards. In addition, safety campaigns, Mock Drills, Safety Week, Safety Committee Meeting are being conducted / celebrated and communication of all significant hazards across sites, factories and offices etc.		
					The Company minimize safety and health risks by encouraging employees or workers to report unsafe conditions or near miss events and redressal thereafter.	



Sr. No.	Material issue identified	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk / opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
2.	Business Ethics	Risk		We adhere to the highest standards when it comes to personal and collective integrity, reflected by compliance with the standards stipulated by the government and other regulatory agencies. Over the years, we have further strengthened our commitment to gender respect, zero tolerance for sexual harassment, zero tolerance on ethical transgressions, commitment to recruit without prejudice and appraise without partialness, respect for the dignity of people and environment integrity and respect for the laws of the lands of our presence.	Negative
				The Company has also formulated and implemented a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for all its Board members and senior management personnel, in compliance with corporate governance requirements as per the SEBI Listing Regulations. Apart from this, Tatva Code of Conduct is also applicable to all employees which serves as a guide to each employee on the standards of values, ethics, and business principles.	
3.	Employee Development	Opportunity	This may have the ability to attract, develop, and retain a skilled workforce, thereby boosting innovation, productivity, and competitiveness. It enhances employee competence, skills, and knowledge, which are crucial for organizational growth. Effective employee management also improves engagement, morale, and job satisfaction, resulting in lower attrition rates and increased employee loyalty.	NA	Positive
4.	Community relations and engagement	Opportunity	Community development activities help the Company to create a positive impact on society by undertaking meaningful interventions to bring significant benefits to large sections of society. The CSR efforts also help foster a more productive		Positive

Sr. No.	Material issue identified	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk / opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
5.	Corporate governance	Opportunity	Good corporate governance creates transparent rules and controls, guides leadership, and aligns the interests of various stakeholders	NA	Positive
6.	Waste Management	Risk	become a global issue impacting the environment and health of the people.		Negative
7.	Water Stewardship	Opportunity		Focus on minimising consumptions & effluent generation and reuse of treated effluent. Our Ankleshwar manufacturing unit is Zero Liquid Discharge Units since January 2020. Working on water reduction projects. We have taken up multiple water conservation projects like recycling, condensate recovery and steam recovery.	Positive
8.	Reducing GHG emissions	Opportunity	Undertake GHG emissions reduction initiatives through refraining from high polluting fuel, increased use of electricity from renewable sources and implement energy efficient measures.	NA	Positive
9.	Air emissions	Risk	limits set by the State	Ensure monitoring of all sources of air pollutants in Company's manufacturing locations. Undertake measures to reduce SOx, NOx and PM emissions	Negative



Sr. No.	Material issue identified	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk / opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
10.	Stakeholder Engagement	Opportunity	As we move towards growing into a more sustainable business, inclusion of various stakeholders in our growth journey is very important. We take their inputs to plan our business strategy.	NA	Positive
			We are continuously engaging with the employees, investors, suppliers, Service providers, customers etc. through employee engagement initiatives, Investor meet, Vendor Meet, etc. on periodical basis.		
11.	Key material procurement and management	Risk		Increase awareness among raw material suppliers to implement ESG practices.	Positive

Section B: Management and Process Disclosures

This section is aimed at helping businesses demonstrate the structures, policies and processes put in place towards adopting the NGRBC Principles and Core Elements.

The National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct (NGRBC) released by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has updated and adopted nine areas of Business Responsibility. These are briefly as under:

P1	Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with integrity and in a manner that is ethical, transparent and accountable
P2	Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe
Р3	Businesses should respect and promote the well-being of all employees, including those in their value chains
P4	Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive to all its stakeholders
P5	Businesses should respect and promote human rights
Р6	Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment
P7	Businesses, when engaging in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a manner that is responsible and transparent
Р8	Businesses should promote inclusive growth and equitable development
Р9	Businesses should engage with and provide value to their consumers in a responsible manner

Disclosure questions			P2	Р3	P4	P5	P6	P7	Р8	Р9
Policy	and management processes									
1 (a)	Whether your entity's policy / policies cover each principle and its core elements of the NGRBCs. (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(b)	Has the policy been approved by the Board? (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(c)	Web Link of the Policies, if available	Policies are available on: https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporateggovernance.aspx			rporate-					



Disc	Disclosure questions			Р3	P4	P5	Р6	P7	Р8	P9
2	Whether the entity has translated the policy into procedures. (Yes/No)	Yes								
3	Do the enlisted policies extend to your value chain partners? (Yes/No)	Yes								
				۲.,						

- adopted by your entity and mapped to each principle (TfS) and our all sites are accredited with EcoVadis.
- Specific commitments, goals and targets set by the Environment entity with defined timelines, if any.

Name of the national and international codes We have state-of-the-art facilities situated at Dahej and Ankleshwar that / certifications / labels / standards (e.g. Forest comply with ISO 9001 (Quality), ISO 14001 (Environment) and ISO 45001 Stewardship Council, Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance, (Health & Safety Management) standards. Dahej Plant is accredited with ISO Trustee) standards (e.g. SA 8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) 22716 (Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) and Together for Sustainability

20% reduction in intensity in terms of physical output (per tonne of production) based carbon emissions (GHG) by 2030, base year FY 2023-2024, including through use of renewable energy.

Engagement with 30% of top 10 raw material suppliers (value wise) and top 10 customers (value wise) by 2030.

Social

Directly / Collaborate with NGOs to promote education, rural development projects, promote environmental sustainability, and facilitate access to healthcare in the community.

Average 16 EHS training hours per employee per year.

Governance

Zero tolerance of corruption and bribery.

6 Performance of the entity against the specific The performance against the goals and targets will be assessed in the commitments, goals and targets along-with reasons subsequent financial years. in case the same are not met:

Governance, Leadership and Oversight

Statement by director responsible for the business responsibility report, highlighting ESG related challenges, targets and achievements (listed entity has flexibility regarding the placement of this disclosure).

The Company is committed towards Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") principles into its businesses which is central to improving the overall environment and quality of life of the communities it serves. It adheres to the principles of product stewardship by enhancing health, safety and environmental impacts of products and services across their lifecycle. The environmental impacts cover Climate, Natural Resources, Waste Management and Nature and Biodiversity. The Company has established policies for Climate Change, Environment, Air Pollution and Water. The Company is committed to conducting beneficial and fair business practices to the labour, human capital and to the community. It provides employees and business associates with working conditions that are clean, safe, healthy and fair. It strives to be the neighbour of choice in the communities in which it operates and contributes to their equitable and inclusive development. To deliver these commitments, the Company has separate CSR Policy and Human Rights Policy. The Company is firmly committed to pursuing ethical practices across its business segments. Our governance framework comprises of systems, policies, processes and practices that enable to build an environment of trust along with ethical practices.

Our governance philosophy is strengthened through Tatva Code of Conduct, Prevention of Insider Trading and Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices and various other policies.

Details of the highest authority responsible for implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policy(ies).

Mr. Chintan N. Shah, Chairman and Managing Director (DIN: 00183618) under the guidance of the Board of Directors and its Committees is responsible for the implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policies.

Does the entity have a specified committee of the Board / Director responsible for decision making on sustainability related issues? (Yes/No). If Yes, provide details.

Yes, the Company has a Committee for Corporate Social Responsibility and Risk Management. For other policies, the Company has put in place an internal framework / Committees to monitor their implementation from time to time.



11

Details of Review of NGRBCs by the Company. 10

Subject for review		or / Com	er review w nmittee of t er Committ	he Board /		Frequency (Annually / Half yearly / Quarterly / Any other - please specify)					
	P1 / P2	/ P3 / P	4 / P5 / P6	/ P7 / P8 /	Р9	P1 / P2 / P3	P1 / P2 / P3 / P4 / P5 / P6 / P7 / P8 / P9				
a Performance against above policies and follow up action		Yes			Annually						
b Compliance with statutory requirements of relevance to the principles, and rectification of any non-compliances			Yes			Annually					
	P1	P2	Р3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9		
Has the entity carried out independent assessment / evaluation of the working of its policies by an external agency? (Yes/No). If Yes, provide name of the agency.	are periodic functions li Chintan is c	cally rev ke ISO A certified by extern	viewed by the suditors, Interest for ISO 900 nal agency.	ne Board an ernal Audit 1, ISO 1400 They asse	nd its (fors and 01, ISO ss the	ependent au Committees a d Secretarial A 22716 and IS policies and	s well as A Auditors, et 60 45001 o	uditors of tc., In addi f which as	respective tion, Tatva sessments		

If answer to question (1) above is "No" i.e. not all Principles are covered by a policy, reasons to be stated:

	Questions	P1	P2	Р3	Р4	Р5	P6	P7	Р8	Р9
а	The entity does not consider the Principles material to its business (Yes/No)					NA				
b	The entity is not at a stage where it is in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles (Yes/No)					NA				
С	The entity does not have the financial or / human and technical resources available for the task (Yes/No)					NA				
d	It is planned to be done in the next financial year (Yes/No)					NA				
е	Any other reason (please specigy)					NA				

Section C: Principle Wise Performance Disclosure

This section is aimed at helping entities demonstrate their performance in integrating the Principles and Core Elements with key processes and decisions. The information sought is categorized as "Essential" and "Leadership". While the essential indicators are expected to be disclosed by every entity that is mandated to file this report, the leadership indicators may be voluntarily disclosed by entities which aspire to progress to a higher level in their quest to be socially, environmentally and ethically responsible. As the leadership indicators are not mandatory, the Company has not provided data / details related to leadership indicators under this report.

PRINCIPLE 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with integrity, and in a manner that is Ethical, Transparent and Accountable.

Essential Indicators:

Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the principles during the financial year:

Segment		Total number of training and a wareness	Topics / principles covered Under the training and its impact	% age of respective covered	•	ns in egory the
		programmes held		awareness	prograi	mme
Board o	f	5	During the year, the Board of Directors of the Company (including	100%		
Directors (BoD)		its Committees) has invested time on various matters relating to an			
			array of issues pertaining to the business, regulations, economy and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$			
			environmental, social, governance parameters.			

Segment	Total number of training and a wareness programmes held	Topics / principles covered Under the training and its impact	% age of respective covered awareness	persons in category by the programme
Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs)	5	In addition to above referred topics / principles, familiarization of business environment and related risks, Changes in regulatory framework, ESG and sustainability practices, code of conduct, Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace (POSH) etc.	100%	
Employees other than BoD and KMPs	30	Business ethics, code of conduct, occupational health and safety, environment management, lobour and human rights, anti-corruption, trade control, competition law, protection of human rights, information confidentiality and protection. Compliance Programs including POSH awareness, whistle-blower etc.	100%	
Workers	20	We regularly provide training, education and development opportunities to Company and contractor employees / worker on topic of code of conduct, occupational health and safety, environment management, lobour and human rights, anti-corruption, protection of human rights, information confidentiality and protection. Compliance Programs including POSH awareness, whistle-blower, Technical, behavioural safety, MSDS, 5S housekeeping, area ownership etc.		

Details of fines / penalties / punishment / award / compounding fees / settlement amount paid in proceedings (by the entity or by directors / KMPs) with regulators / law enforcement agencies / judicial institutions, in the financial year, in the following format

(Note: the entity shall make disclosures on the basis of materiality as specified in Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Obligations) Regulations, 2015 and as disclosed on the entity's website):

		Monetary			
	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory / enforcement agencies / judicial institutions	Amount (In ₹)	Brief of the case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)
Penalty / Fine	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Settlement	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Compounding Fee	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Non - Monetary			
	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory / enforcement agencies / judicial institutions	Brief of the case	Has an appeal (Yes/No)	been preferred?
Imprisonment	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Punishment	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Of the instances disclosed in Question 2 above, details of the Appeal / Revision preferred in cases where monetary or non-monetary action has been appealed.

Case Details	Name of the regulatory / enforcement agencies / judicial institutions
Not Applicable	

Does the entity have an anti-corruption or anti-bribery policy? If yes, provide details in brief and if available, provide a web-link to

Yes. It is a part of our Code of Conduct. We ensure all our systems are operated ethically. It shows the commitment and zero tolerance of the Company and its management for maintaining the highest ethical standards while undertaking open and fair business practices and culture, and implementing and enforcing effective systems to detect, counter and prevent bribery and other corrupt business practices.

Web-link to the policy:

https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx.



Number of Directors / KMPs / employees / workers against whom disciplinary action was taken by any law enforcement agency for the charges of bribery / corruption.

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Directors	0	0
KMPs	0	0
Employees	0	0
Workers	0	0

Details of complaints with regard to conflict of interest:

	FY 2023	FY 2022-23		
	Number	Remarks	Number	Remarks
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the Directors.	0	NA	0	NA
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the KMPs.	0	NA	0	NA

Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway on issues related to fines / penalties / action taken by regulators / law enforcement agencies / judicial institutions, on cases of corruption and conflicts of interest.

Not applicable

Number of days of accounts payables [(Accounts payable *365)/Cost of goods/service procured] in the following format:

Designation	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Number of days of accounts payables	96	52

Openness of business - Provide details of concentration of purchases and sales with trading houses, dealers, and related parties along-with loans and advances & investments, with related parties, in the following format:

Parameter	Me	etrics	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Concentration of	a.	Purchase from trading houses as % of total purchases	23.08%	25.36%
Purchases	b.	Number of trading houses where purchases are made from	56	49
Concentration of Purchases Concentration of Gales Share of RPTs (as	c.	Purchases from top 10 trading houses as % of total purchases from trading houses	61.00%	72.87%
Concentration of	a.	Sales to dealers / distributors as % of total sales	2.08%	2.61%
Purchases Concentration of Sales	b.	Number of dealers / distributors to whom sales are made	18	12
	c.	Sales to top 10 dealers / distributors as % of total sales to dealers / distributors	98.72%	99.93%
Share of RPTs (as	a.	Purchases (purchases with related parties / Total Purchases)	-	-
respective %) in	b.	Sales (Sales to related parties / Total Sales)	23.64%	32.87%
	c.	Loans and advances (Loans and advances given to related parties / Total loans and advances)	-	-
	d.	Investments (Investments in related parties / Total Investments made)	-	-

PRINCIPLE 2: Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe.

Essential Indicators:

Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (capex) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively.

	Current Financial	Previous Financial	Details of improvements in environmental and social impacts
	Year (%)	Year (%)	
R & D	-	-	While the Company makes significant investments in development of new sustainable and green technologies, however, we have not measured the impact specifically.
Capex	1.41%	5.36%	Employee health and safety, energy saving and effluent treatment plant.

2. a. Does the entity have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing? (Yes/No)

Yes, the Company has formulated a standard operating procedure to encourage such vendors. The quality assurance team of the Company conducts periodic audits of the vendors, especially those who supply large value / volume materials. The core element of an audit is to assess whether the vendor's products and services for operation are ethical, sustainable, and socially conscious, and also to encourage them to achieve and improve sustainability standards.

b. If yes, what percentage of inputs were sourced sustainably?

The Company has sourced approximately 58.02% of its raw materials sustainably.

3. Describe the processes in place to safely reclaim your products for reusing, recycling and disposing at the end of life, for (a) Plastics (including packaging) (b) E-waste (c) Hazardous waste and (d) other waste.

(a) Plastics (including packaging)

All our finished goods (FG) are raw materials for our customer, hence we don't require them to reclaim.

Though if any of our products are rejected at the customer's end or in transit we have a procedure in place to reclaim them and reprocess or dispose of it in a safe manner with pollution control Board's authorised recycler.

Damaged material is brought back to the plant, and reprocessed as per SOP or through contracting process or disposed of. For exported material, customers are required to safely dispose of the product as per local regulations.

(b) E-waste

The e-waste is handed over to certified vendors for safe disposal through the pollution control Board's authorised recycler.

(c) Hazardous waste

Hazardous waste is categorised as per the Rules and is sent for proper disposal at the Pollution Control Board's authorised recycler.

(d) Other waste

Not Applicable

4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same.

EPR applicable (Yes/No)	Yes
Describe	Yes, the Company is in compliance with the requirements of Extended Producer Responsibility
	(EPR) under the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 (as amended).

PRINCIPLE 3: Businesses should respect and promote the well-being of all employees, including those in their value chains. <u>Essential Indicators:</u>

1. a. Details of measures for the well-being of employees:

Category					% of em	ployees co	vered by				
	Total (A)	Health in	surance	Accident	insurance	Maternit	y benefits	Paternity	Benefits	Day Care	facilities
		Number	% (B /	Number	% (C / A)	Number	% (D / A)	Number	% (E /	Number	% (F / A)
		(B)	A)	(C)		(D)		(E)	A)	(F)	
	'			Pe	rmanent e	mployees					
Male	359	359	100%	359	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Female	18	18	100%	18	100%	18	100%	0	0%	0	0%
Total	377	377	100%	377	100%	18	4.77%	0	0%	0	0%
				Other th	an Perman	ent emplo	yees				
Male	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Female	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Total	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%



Details of measures for the well-being of workers:

Category					% of wo	orkers cove	red by				
	Total (A)	Health in	surance	Accident	insurance	Maternit	y benefits	Paternity	Benefits	Day Care	acilities
		Number	% (B /	Number	% (C / A)	Number	% (D / A)	Number	% (E /	Number	% (F /
		(B)	A)	(C)		(D)		(E)	A)	(F)	A)
				Р	ermanent v	workers					
Male	312	312	100%	312	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Female	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Total	312	312	100%	312	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
				Other t	han Perma	nent work	ers				
Male	234	234	100%	234	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Female	2	2	100%	2	100%	2	100%	0	0%	0	0%
Total	236	236	100%	236	100%	2	0.85%	0	0%	0	0%

C. Spending on measures towards well-being of employees and workers (including permanent and other than permanent) in the following format -

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Cost incurred on well-being measures as a % of total revenue from operations of	1.70%	1.16%
the company		

Details of retirement benefits, for the current and previous financial year.

Benefits		FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23					
	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)			
PF*	100%	100%	Υ	100%	100%	Υ			
Gratuity*	100%	100%	Υ	100%	100%	Υ			
ESI*	100%	100%	Υ	11.51%	11.51%	Υ			
Others please specify									

^{*} Wherever and / or as applicable.

Accessibility of workplaces

Are the premises / offices of the entity accessible to differently abled employees and workers as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If not, whether any steps are being taken by the entity in this regard.

Yes, our office and manufacturing unit are accessible to differently abled employees and workers.

Does the entity have an equal opportunity policy as per the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If so, provide a web-link to the policy.

Equal opportunity is covered as part of our Code of Conduct.

https://www.tatvachintan.com/corporate-governance.aspx

The Company provides equal opportunities to all its employees and to all eligible applicants for employment in the Company. It does not unfairly discriminate on any ground including race, caste, religion, colour, ancestry, marital status, gender, sexual orientation, age, nationality, ethnic origin, disability or any other category protected by applicable law.

5. Return to work and Retention rates of permanent employees and workers that took parental leave.

Gender	Permanent em	oloyees	Permanent workers			
	Return to work rate	Retention rate	Return to work rate	Retention rate		
Male	0	0	0	0		
Female	0	0	0	0		
Total	0	0	0	0		

6. Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and workers? If yes, give details of the mechanism in brief.

Yes/No (If Yes, then give details of the mechanism in brief)

Permanent Workers
Other than Permanent Workers
Permanent Employees

Other than Permanent Employees

Yes, the Company has a structured Grievance Redressal Mechanism procedure, Whistle blower Policy, Suggestion Box Scheme and Vigil Mechanism to provide a formal platform to employees and workers to report their concerns about resource requirement, unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against the victimisation of employees or workers who avail of these mechanisms. The Company is committed to create a healthy working environment and encourage employees and workers to share their concerns with their department head, HR or other member of the senior management. The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment and believes that all employees and workers of the Company have the right to be treated with dignity. The Company has formed Internal Complaint Committees for each location that are accessible to all employees and workers. All the polices are the part of the induction programme and the Company on regular basis sensitises its employees and workers on the same through training, workshop and awareness programmes.

7. Membership of employees and workers in association(s) or Unions recognized by listed entity:

Category		FY 2023-24		FY 2022-23			
	/ workers in	No. of employees / workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (B)	% (B / A)	Total employees / workers in respective category (C)	workers in respective	% (D / C)	
Total Permanent Employees	377	0	0%	337	0	0%	
Male	359	0	0%	324	0	0%	
Female	18	0	0%	13	0	0%	
Total Permanent Workers	312	0	0%	271	0	0%	
Male	312	0	0%	271	0	0%	
Female	0	0	0%	0	0	0%	

8. Details of training given to employees and workers:

Category		F	Y 2023-24			FY 2022-23				
	Total (A)			On Skill upgradation		Total (D)	On Health and safety / wellness measures		On Skill upgradation	
	-	No.(B)	%(B/A)	No.(C)	%(C/A)	_	No.(E)	% (E/D)	No.(F)	%(F/D)
				Emplo	yees					
Male	359	359	100%	359	100%	324	324	100%	324	100%
Female	18	18	100%	18	100%	13	13	100%	13	100%
Total	377	377	100%	377	100%	337	337	100%	337	100%
				Worl	kers					
Male	312	312	100%	312	100%	271	271	100%	271	100%
Female	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%
Total	312	312	100%	312	100%	271	271	100%	271	100%



Details of performance and career development reviews of employees and workers:

Category	F	Y 2023-24		FY 2022-23			
	Total (A) No. (B) % (B/A)			Total (C)	No. (D)	% (D/C)	
		Employees					
Male	359	359	100%	324	324	100%	
Female	18	18	100%	13	13	100%	
Total	377	377	100%	337	337	100%	
		Workers					
Male	312	312	100%	271	271	100%	
Female	0	0	0%	0	0	0%	
Total	312	312	100%	271	271	100%	

10. Health and safety management system:

- Whether an occupational health and safety management system has been implemented by the entity? (Yes/No). If yes, the coverage such system?
 - Yes, occupational health and safety management system has been implemented as per ISO 45001:2018 and certified.
- What are the processes used to identify work-related hazards and assess risks on a routine and non-routine basis by the entity? To identify routine and non-routine work related hazards, a job specific Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment ("HIRA") is prepared. The Material Safety Data Sheet ("MSDS") is followed for storage and handling of chemical.
 - A HAZOP study is carried out for all the products and Pre-start up safety review ("PSSR") is carried out before operation. Third party safety audit is conducted to identify any kind of hazard at site and internal audit is also done after every six months. Organisation is having system to report all the unsafe acts, unsafe conditions, near-miss and incident at site, which are linked with a reward and recognition system.
- Whether you have processes for workers to report the work related hazards and to remove themselves from such risks. (Y/N) Yes, we encourage our employees to report near-miss incidents identified through various platforms which is analysed by senior manager in consultation with safety department officials. All sites have specific procedure for reporting of work-related hazard, injuries, unsafe condition and unsafe act. Remedial Action is taken for accidents and near miss so that the same is not occurred in the future.
- Do the employees / workers of the entity have access to non-occupational medical and healthcare services? (Yes/No) Yes, the Company is organising half yearly medical check-up for all the employees and workers. Health Awareness camps are being organised in the plants on regular basis. All employees and workers are covered under health insurance scheme / ESI scheme.

11. Details of safety related incidents:

Safety Incident / Number	Category	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) (per one million-person hours	Employees	0	0
worked)	Workers	0	0
Total recordable work-related injuries	Employees	0	0
	Workers	0	0
No. of fatalities	Employees	0	0
	Workers	0	0
High consequence work-related injury or ill-health (excluding	Employees	0	0
fatalities)	Workers	0	0

12. Describe the measures taken by the entity to ensure a safe and healthy work place.

The Company has a thorough system in place to ensure workplace health and safety. PPEs (personal protective equipment) is ensured before undertaking any job. Permit to work system along with LOTO (lock out & tag out) is followed to identify and eliminate any nonroutine work hazard at site. For all the routine activities SOPs are prepared and followed. To manage any emergency, we have ambulance and a well-equipped firefighting system with the firefighting team getting training from a third party on a regular basis. Mock drill is conducted as per schedule to check for response during any emergency for safe evacuation, rescue and firefighting. All the new joining employees, workers and visitors must go through safety induction programme and job related to functional area is arranged for all the workers & employees.

To ensure this Tatva Chintan has implemented robust safety measures across all its workplaces and facilities over the years to lay the foundation to a culture of conducive safe working environment wherein proper safety protocols are adhered to, an accident reporting system, safety equipment is given the due importance and orderly work locations are maintained. The Company's strive to achieve the same is validated by the ISO 14001:2015 certification bestowed upon the Company for its health, safety, and environment management systems. The Company also regularly conducts mock drills, safety trainings and on-the-job training sessions to create awareness of health and safety for its personnel.

13. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

		FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23	
	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks
Working conditions	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Health and Safety	0	0	NA	0	0	NA

14. Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)
Health and safety practices	100%
Working Conditions	100%

15. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway to address safety-related incidents (if any) and on significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health and safety practices and working conditions.

All safety-related accidents are being investigated and learnings from investigation reports are shared across organisation for deployment of corrective actions to stop recurrence of such incidents. Effectiveness of Corrective actions deployment being checked during safety Audits. Significant risks / concerns arising from assessment of Health and Safety Practices are addressed through hierarchy of risk controls.

PRINCIPLE 4: Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive to all its stakeholders.

Essential Indicators:

Describe the processes for identifying key stakeholder groups of the entity.

The Company has identified its internal and external group of stakeholders and below listed stakeholder groups have an immediate impact on the operations and working of the Company. This includes Employees, Shareholders, Customers, Communities, Suppliers, Service Provider, Business Partners and Vendors.

List stakeholder groups identified as key for your entity and the frequency of engagement with each stakeholder group.

Stakeholder Group	identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized	(Email, SMS, Newspaper, Pamphlets, Advertisement,	engagement (Annually/Half yearly/Quarterly	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement
Employees and Workers	No	Meetings, Email, Posters, Slogans, Notice Board.	Ongoing	General Feedback, Grievances, to share relevant and useful information to employees, Employee Success, Legal Compliance, Motivation, Operational efficiencies, improvement areas, long-term strategy plans, training and awareness, health, safety and engagement initiatives



Stakeholder Group	identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized	Pamphlets, Advertisement, Community Meetings,	engagement	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement
Shareholders and Investors	No	Email, SMS, Newspaper advertisement, website	Quarterly / Half yearly / Annually / Periodically and as and when required	Dividends, Annual Financial statements and other related information, Corporate Governance Practice
Customers	No	Email, meetings, website	Ongoing	Informing them about products of the Company, feedback, etc.
Suppliers	No	Emails, meetings	Ongoing	Supply of materials / services.
Community	No	Directly or through CSR implementation partner	Ongoing	Education, sustainability, empowerment, health, infrastructure, conservation, etc.
Central, State and Local Government, Various Statutory and Regulatory Bodies	No	Email, Direct engagement	Ongoing	For Compliance and Communication
Banks and Financial Institutions	No	E-mail, letters, meetings	Ongoing	Financial requirements, Compliance and transactions

PRINCIPLE 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights.

Essential Indicators:

Employees and workers who have been provided training on human rights issues and policy(ies) of the entity, in the following format:

Category		FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23			
	Total (A) No. of employees / % (B/A) workers covered (B)			Total (C)	% (D/C)	
		Employees				
Permanent	377	377	100%	337	337	100%
Other than permanent	0	0	0 %	0	0	0%
Total Employees	377	377	100%	337	337	100%
		Workers				
Permanent	312	312	100%	271	271	100%
Other than permanent	236	236	100%	279	279	100%
Total Workers	548	548	100%	550	550	100%

Details of minimum wages paid to employees and workers, in the following format:

Category	FY 2023-24						FY	2022-23		
	Total (A)	Equal Minimum		More t		Total (D)	Equal Minimum		More t Minimum	
		No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. (F)	% (F/D)
				Employees	;					
Permanent										
Male	359	0	0%	359	100%	324	0	0%	324	100%
Female	18	0	0%	18	100%	13	0	0%	13	100%
Other than permanent										
Male	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%
Female	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%

Category		FY	/ 2023-24			FY 2022-23				
	Total (A)	Equal to Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage		Total (D)	Equal to Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage	
	_	No.	%	No.	%	-	No.	%	No.	%
		(B)	(B/A)	(C)	(C/A)		(E)	(E/D)	(F)	(F/D)
				Workers						
Permanent										
Male	312	0	0%	312	100%	271	0	0%	271	100%
Female	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%
Other than permanent										
Male	234	0	0%	234	100%	277	0	0%	277	100%
Female	2	0	0%	2	100%	2	0	0%	2	100%

Details of remuneration / salary / wages, in the following format:

Median remuneration / wages:

		Male		Female
	Number	Median remuneration / salary / wages of respective category	Number	Median remuneration / salary / wages of respective category
Board of Directors (BoD)	5#	1,33,90,870	1^	2,25,000
Key Managerial Personnel	5*	1,33,90,870	0	0
Employees other than BoD and KMP	354	3,53,626	18	2,06,002
Workers	312	2,85,880	0	0

[#] Out of 5 Directors, 3 are executive directors who are paid remuneration, rest are independent directors who only receive sitting fee.

Gross wages paid to females as % of total wages paid by the entity, in the following format:

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Gross wages paid to females as % of total wages	1.54%	2.00%

Do you have a focal point (Individual / Committee) responsible for addressing human rights impacts or issues caused or contributed to by the business? (Yes/No)

Yes, the focal point is the Team-HR which takes care of human rights issues.

Describe the internal mechanisms in place to redress grievances related to human rights issues.

The Company has established a human rights policy that is communicated to every employee. Employees are encouraged to provide their feedback and there are anonymous reporting mechanisms set up for sharing their concerns and grievances. We have developed a Human Rights checklist to improve human rights reporting across our units. It was found that, none of the manufacturing units considered were found to have any risk for incidents of child labor, forced labor and young workers exposed to hazardous work. All hiring is done with supporting documentation and proof of age required.

Number of complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

		FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23	
	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of the year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of the year	Remarks
Sexual Harassment	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Discrimination at workplace	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Child Labour	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Forced Labour / Involuntary Labour	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Wages	0	0	NA	0	0	NA
Other human rights related issues	0	0	NA	0	0	NA

[^] We have only one female independent director, who is paid sitting fee. Please refer corporate governance report for details

^{*} includes MD and WTDs.



Complaints filed under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, in the following format:

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Total Complaints reported under the Sexual Harassment on of Women at Workplace (Prevention, prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (POSH)	0	0
Complaints on POSH as a % of female employees / workers	0	0
Complaints on POSH upheld	0	0

Mechanisms to prevent adverse consequences to the complainant in discrimination and harassment cases.

All major labour laws and other policies about workplace ethics are well communicated to employees through display boards, handbooks, internet and other forms of communication. These include policies such as the whistle blower policy, the sexual harassment policy and strict legal compliance observed as laid down by local and national acts and regulations. There is no discrimination in recruitment, development, promotion based on gender, age, religion or disability.

Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts? (Yes / No)

Yes. The business agreements and contracts do include Company's expectations to promote sustainability, fair competition and respect for human rights.

10. Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)	
Child Labour		
Forced / Involuntary Labour	100%. Our Team HR takes a survey by randomly selecting employees and	
Sexual Harassment	contractors for evaluation. An external auditor verifies and assesses the processe followed by our HR team. Regulatory inspectors also verify the processes being	
Discrimination at Workplace		
Wages	followed in our manufacturing plants.	
Others – please specify		

11. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 10 above.

Not Applicable

PRINCIPLE 6: Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment.

Essential Indicators:

Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
From renewable sources (in Gigajoules)		
Total electricity consumption (A)	0	0
Total fuel consumption (B)	0	0
Energy consumption through other sources (C)	0	0
Total energy consumed from renewable sources (A+B+C) (in Gigajoules)	0	0
From non-renewable sources (in Gigajoules)		
Total electricity consumption (D)	75072.25	45613.00
Total fuel consumption (E)	101576.85	62563.61
Energy consumption through other sources (F)*	2548.42	893.22
Total energy consumed from non-renewable sources (D+E+F) (in Gigajoules)	179197.52	109069.83
Total energy consumed (A+B+C+D+E+F) (in Gigajoules)	179197.52	109069.83
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (Total energy consumed (in Gigajoules) / Revenue from operations)	0.0000473	0.0000271

Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total energy consumed (in Gigajoules) / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)**	0.0010827	0.0006192
Energy intensity in terms of physical output (Total energy consumed (in Gigajoules) / per tonne of production)	25.11	16.14
Energy intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-

^{*} Other sources include petrol and fuel consumption for Company owned vehicles and DG set used during power cutoff or maintenance.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation /assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No, the company did not carry out independent assessment by an external agency.

Does the entity have any sites / facilities identified as designated consumers (DCs) under the Performance, Achieve and Trade (PAT) Scheme of the Government of India? (Y/N) If yes, disclose whether targets set under the PAT scheme have been achieved. In case targets have not been achieved, provide the remedial action taken, if any.

Not applicable

Provide details of the following disclosures related to water, in the following format: 3.

Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Water withdrawal by source (in kiloliters)		
(i) Surface water	0	0
(ii) Groundwater	0	0
(iii) Third party water	85717	69708
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water	0	0
(v) Others	0	0
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kiloliters) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)	85717	69708
Total volume of water consumption (in kiloliters)	81196	64861
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Total water consumption / Revenue from operations)	0.0000214	0.0000161
Water intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total water consumption / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)*	0.0004906	0.0003682
Water intensity in terms of physical output	11.38	9.60
(Total water consumption (in kiloliters) / per tonne of production)		
Water intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-

^{*}The revenue from operations has been adjusted for PPP based on the latest PPP conversion factor published for the year 2022 by OECD data for India which is 22.88.

Note: FY23 figure(s) have been restated in line with BRSR Guidance Note.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No, the company did not carry out independent assessment by an external agency.

^{**}The revenue from operations has been adjusted for PPP based on the latest PPP conversion factor published for the year 2022 by OECD data for India which is 22.88.



Provide the following details related to water discharged:

Par	rameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23	
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kiloliters)				
(i)	To Surface water	0	0	
	- No treatment	0	0	
	- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0	
(ii)	To Groundwater	0	0	
	- No treatment	0	0	
	- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0	
(iii)	To Seawater	0	0	
	- No treatment	0	0	
	- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0	
(iv)	Sent to third-parties	0	0	
	- No treatment	0	0	
	- With treatment – Tertiary treatment	4521	4847	
(v)	Others	0	0	
	- No treatment	0	0	
	- With treatment – please specify level of treatment	0	0	
Tot	al water discharged (in kiloliters)	4521	4847	

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation /assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No, the company did not carry out independent assessment by an external agency.

Has the entity implemented a mechanism for Zero Liquid Discharge? If yes, provide details of its coverage and implementation.

The Company's Ankleshwar unit is a zero liquid effluent discharge facility. It recovers and reuses all the wastewater generated through the use of effluent treatment plant (ETP), single-effect evaporators and reverse osmosis. The Company focuses on water conservation through optimal use, wastewater treatment and reuse.

Please provide details of air emissions (other than GHG emissions) by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	Please specify unit	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
NOx	Kg/Year	676	200
SOx	Kg/Year	1829	700
Particulate matter (PM)	Kg/Year	31	4
Persistent organic pollutants (POP)	Kg/Year	0	0
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	Kg/Year	0	0
Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)	Kg/Year	0	0
Others– please specify	Kg/Year	0	0

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No, the company did not carry out independent assessment by an external agency.

Provide details of greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions) & its intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Total Scope 1 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	t CO2 eq.	1782.18	1055.57
Total Scope 2 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	t CO2 eq.	16891.26	10262.92
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity per rupee of turnover (Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions / Revenue from operations)	t CO2 eq./₹	0.00000493	0.00000281
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)*	t CO2 eq./₹	0.00011283	0.00006425
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity in terms of physical output	t CO2 eq. per tonne of production	2.62	1.67
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		-	-

^{*}The revenue from operations has been adjusted for PPP based on the latest PPP conversion factor published for the year 2022 by OECD data for India which is 22.88.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No, the company did not carry out independent assessment by an external agency.

Does the entity have any project related to reducing Green House Gas emission? If yes, then provide details.

Yes, adoption of low emissions fuels is critical in our carbon reduction plan. The Company has partially replaced LDO with Natural Gas. The Company plans to use renewable energy sources, such as solar.

In addition to above, the Company has implemented energy efficiency measures across our operations to reduce our energy consumption and lower our carbon emissions. In FY 2023-2024, the Company has identified several areas where the Company could improve energy efficiency, including upgrading our equipment, optimising our manufacturing processes, and improving insulation.

Energy conservation themes and GHG reduction projects have resulted in improved energy efficiency. Project description: (a) For lowcarbon energy consumption project initiative includes LED lamps replacing conventional lights, Installed Pressure Powered Pumping Packaged Unit (Ppppu) to reduce power consumption, Replacement of pumps for energy savings, Installed VFD in brine plants machines to reduce power consumption and (b) For energy efficiency in production processes project initiative includes Internal consumption of byproducts, steam elimination in the last stage of the new dryer and waste heat recovery.

Provide details related to waste management by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 2022-23	
Total Waste generated (in metric tons)		
Plastic waste (A)	37.33	48.99
E-waste (B)	4.73	0.23
Bio-medical waste (C)	0.0007	0.0005
Construction and demolition waste (D)	0	0
Battery waste (E)	0	0
Radioactive waste (F)	0	0
Other Hazardous waste. Please specify, if any. (G)	5307.75	4136.22
Other Non-hazardous waste generated (H). Please specify, if any.	0	0
(Break-up by composition i.e. by materials relevant to the sector)		
Total (A+B + C + D + E + F + G + H)	5349.81	4185.44



Parameter	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover	0.0000014	0.0000010
(Total waste generated / Revenue from operations)		
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)	0.0000323	0.0000238
(Total waste generated / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)*		
Waste intensity in terms of physical output	0.75	0.62
(Total waste generated (in metric tons) / per tonne of production)		
Waste intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	NA	NA
For each category of waste generated, total waste recovered through recycling, re-using	or other recovery operation	ons (in metric tons)
Category of waste		
(i) Recycled	2252.51	1986.68
(ii) Re-used	1849.04	1035.00
(iii) Other recovery operations	0	0
Total	4101.55	3021.68
For each category of waste generated, total waste disposed by nature of dis	sposal method (in metric t	tonnes)
Category of waste		
(i) Incineration	47.44	313.04
(ii) Landfilling	1220.95	850.72
(iii) Other disposal operations	0	0
Total	1268.39	1163.76

^{*}The revenue from operations has been adjusted for PPP based on the latest PPP conversion factor published for the year 2022 by OECD data for India which is 22.88.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment / evaluation / assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No, the company did not carry out independent assessment by an external agency.

10. Briefly describe the waste management practices adopted in your establishments. Describe the strategy adopted by your company to reduce usage of hazardous and toxic chemicals in your products and processes and the practices adopted to manage such wastes.

All the waste is handled as required by Consent to Operate / Hazardous Waste authorization of the individual sites. The Company has obtained Gujarat Pollution Control Board ("GPCB") consent to operate the plant in safe manner and all the wastes are collected, stored, reused and disposed of in a safe manner as per consent (CC & A) by GPCB.

The Company adopts the strategy of Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, Recovery and Disposal methodology by optimizing and modifying the process from time to time. Continuous improvements in manufacturing process and technology is the key to reduce the generation of hazardous waste at our site.

Plastic waste generated (during packaging and production) and E-Waste is sent to GPCB approved vendor for recycling and safe disposal.

Hazardous waste is collected, stored and sent to BEIL / RSPL (GPCB approved vendor) to dispose of safely. The Company has agreement with all these agencies for hazardous waste disposal. Substitution with less hazardous chemicals also contribute positively. High calorific value waste is sent to cement kilns for use as co-fuel.

11. If the entity has operations / offices in / around ecologically sensitive areas (such as national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones etc.) where environmental approvals / clearances are required, please specify details in the following format:

Sr.	Location of	Type of	Whether the conditions of environmental approval / clearance are being complied
No.	operations / offices	operations	with? (Y/N) If no, the reasons thereof and corrective action taken, if any.
	NA	NA	NA

12. Details of environmental impact assessments of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year:

Name and brief details of project	EIA Notification No.	Date	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes/No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/ No)	Relevant Web link
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

13. Is the entity compliant with the applicable environmental law / regulations / guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Environment protection act and rules thereunder (Y/N). If not, provide details of all such non-compliances, in the following format:

Sr. No.	Specify the law / regulation / guidelines which was not complied with	Provide details of the non- compliance	Any fines / penalties / action taken by regulatory agencies such as Pollution Control Board or by courts	Corrective action taken, if any
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

PRINCIPLE 7: Businesses, when engaging in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a manner that is responsible and transparent.

Essential Indicators:

1. Number of affiliations with trade and industry chambers / associations. 6 (Six)

List the top 10 trade and industry chambers / associations (determined based on the total members of such body) the entity is a member of / affiliated to.

Sr. No.	Name of the trade and industry chambers / associations	Reach of trade and industry chambers / Associations (State/National)
1	Ankleshwar Industries Association	State
2	Bharuch District Management Association	State
3	Vadodara Chamber of Commerce and Industry	State
4	Dahej Industries Association	State
5	Export Promotion Council for EOUS & SEZ Units	National
6	Basic Chemicals Cosmetics & Dyes Export Promotion Council (CHEMEXCIL)	National

Provide details of corrective action taken or underway on any issues related to anti-competitive conduct by the entity, based on adverse orders from regulatory authorities.

Nil

Name of authority	Brief of the case	Corrective action taken
	Not Applicable	

PRINCIPLE 8: Businesses should promote inclusive growth and equitable development.

Essential Indicators:

Details of Social Impact Assessments (SIA) of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year.

Name and brief details of project	SIA Notification No.	Date of notification	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes/No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/No)	Relevant Web link	
Not Applicable						

Provide information on project(s) for which ongoing Rehabilitation and Resettlement (R&R) is being undertaken by your entity, in the following format:

S.	Name of Project for	State	District	No. of Project Affected	% of PAFs covered	Amounts paid to PAFs in
No.	which R&R is ongoing			Families (PAFs)	by R&R	the FY (In ₹)
				Not Applicable		



Describe the mechanisms to receive and redress grievances of the community.

The Company works closely with the community in the identified areas for carrying out the Corporate Social Responsibility initiatives. Within the area of work, the employees of the Company work with the communities to understand the impact of the projects on the intended beneficiaries. These interactions provide the people with ample opportunities to gauge and address community concerns. Based on these interactions, we have not received any specific grievances from the community at present.

Percentage of input material (inputs to total inputs by value) sourced from suppliers.

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Directly sourced from MSMEs/ small producers	26.90%	35.95%
Directly from within India	59.06%	74.65%

Job creation in smaller towns – Disclose wages paid to persons employed (including employees or workers employed on a permanent or non-permanent / on contract basis) in the following locations, as % of total wage cost

Location	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Rural	24.59%	25.87%
Semi-urban	4.57%	4.31%
Urban	40.48%	40.83%
Metropolitan	30.37%	28.99%

(Place to be categorised as per RBI Classification System - rural/semi-urban/urban/Metropolitan)

PRINCIPLE 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their consumers in a responsible manner.

Essential Indicators:

Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback.

The Company has a well-established consumer complaint redressal system for its customers. Complaints are resolved within the timebound period, depending on the nature of the complaint, and escalated to next level in case the same remains unresolved within the stipulated time frame.

To ensure customer complaints are redressed promptly and effectively, the Company has put in place a customer complaint SOP and has a Quality Assurance ("QA") team that is responsible for handling customer complaints. Complaint records are maintained by HOD-QA. The Complete record contains complaint details, an investigation report, a response to the complainant, and the closure of complaint handling process. Appropriate Corrective and Preventive actions are being taken. The procedure after receipt of complain is as below:

Schematic flow chart of handling market complaints

Marketing Department forward the complaints to Quality Assurance Department



QA Manager categorizes the complaint Critical / Major / Minor & assign complaint number



QA Manager in coordination with the concerned department arrange investigation



Record the details of Investigation in the Investigation Report, Draft the reply is prepared and forwarded to QA for approval.



QA Manager shall forward the approval reply to Head Marketing with a copy to Director within 30 working days



Marketing Department shall reply to the customer with a copy to QA & Director

Grievance Redressal Mechanism: Key Highlights

Easy upload and creation of complaints

On receipt of communication, written or verbal, directly from any customers, regarding the Quality, defect in the purity, efficacy, safety, labeling defects, physical appearance, shortages, complaint related to adverse reaction or any other such complaints are considered as Market Complaints. All such complaints should be addressed and forwarded to the QA department through marketing department. Upon receipt of the market complaint, designee QA shall make entry of complaint details in Customer complaint register (Format no. SOP/QA/004/F1) and assign customer complaint number.

Verification of customer credentials, customer information security

Customer communicates complaint/s to Marketing Department and response to customer complaints are communicated to customer by Marketing Department.

iii. Complaint ID acknowledgement mail and advisory to customers

The Marketing department acknowledges the customer within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. Upon receipt of the market complaint, the designated QA shall enter the complaint details in the Customer complaint register and assign a customer complaint number. A brief investigation report shall be prepared, along with corrective and preventive action. Such an investigation report shall be forwarded to customer within 30 working days, and an appropriate CAPA shall be implemented.

iv. Assignment of Complaints

In-charge QA shall review the nature of complaint and shall define type of complaint i.e. Major or Minor. As per the customer complaint SOP, the Company has to ensure that complaints are resolved effectively and promptly. A category of complaint is assigned and responded to by the quality assurance department.

Monitoring and Analysing Complaints

The quality assurance department carries out root cause analysis on a regular basis by applying problem-solving techniques. A brief investigation report shall be prepared, along with corrective and preventive action. It should be signed by concerned departmental personnel and approved by Manager QA. Such an investigation report shall be forwarded to customer within 30 working days, and appropriate CAPA shall be implemented. If response regarding the complaint from the customer is satisfactory. Designee QA shall make entry for complaint closing in Market complaint register. This visibility ensures that complaints are resolved.

Turnover of products and / services as a percentage of turnover from all products / service that carry information about: 2.

	As a percentage to total turnover
Environmental and social parameters relevant to the product	100%
Safe and responsible usage	100%
Recycling and / or safe disposal	100%

Number of consumer complaints in respect of the following:

Nature of Complaint		FY 2023-24			FY 2022-23		
	Received during the year	Pending resolution at end of year	Remarks	Received during the year	Pending resolution at end of year	Remarks	
Data privacy	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Advertising	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Cyber-security	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Delivery of essential services	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Restrictive Trade Practices	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Unfair Trade Practices	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Other	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	



Details of instances of product recalls on account of safety issues: 4.

	Number	Reasons for recall
Voluntary recalls	0	Not applicable
Forced recalls	0	Not applicable

Does the entity have a framework / policy on cyber security and risks related to data privacy? (Yes/No) If available, provide a web-link of the policy.

Policy available (Yes/No)	Yes
Web Link	https://www.tatvachintan.com//webfiles/CorporateGovernance/PDF/tatva-chintan-data-privacy-
	cyber-security-policy.pdf

Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway on issues relating to advertising, and delivery of essential services; cyber security and data privacy of customers; re-occurrence of instances of product recalls; penalty / action taken by regulatory authorities on safety of products / services.

Not Applicable, as there were no issues or concerns related to advertising, delivery of essential services, cyber security, penalties or actions initiated by regulatory authorities for safety of Company's products.

- Provide the following information relating to data breaches:
 - Number of instances of data breaches Nil
 - Percentage of data breaches involving personally identifiable information of customers Not applicable
 - Impact, if any, of data breaches Not applicable

Annexure - I to the Board's Report

Management Discussion and Analysis

Economic Overview

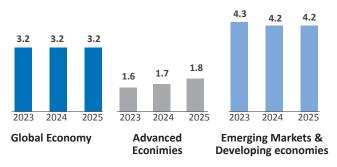
Global Economy

In 2023, the global economy faced significant challenges, including geopolitical tensions, global banks failure, supply chain disruptions, rising inflation, and higher interest rates, all of which impeded overall growth. The slow economic recovery in China and other large emerging market economies further impacted global trade. The Euro area in particular saw a sluggish growth rate of 0.4%. According to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the global economy achieved an estimated growth of 3.2% in 2023. Advanced economies expanded by 1.6%, with the U.S. and Spain being the major contributors, each growing at 2.5%. Emerging markets and developing economies grew by 4.3%, with India and China leading the way with growth rates of 7.8% and 5.2%, respectively.

On a positive note, global headline inflation has receded faster than anticipated, dropping from 8.7% in 2022 to 6.8% in 2023. This trend is expected to continue, with forecasts indicating a further decline to 5.9% in 2024 and 4.5% in 2025. The global economy has been supported by significant recoveries in the United States and other large emerging and middle-income economies, with growth projections for 2024 revised upwards by 0.6% to 2.7%. This economic recovery is underpinned by stronger-than-expected private consumption, despite tight but easing labour markets. In advanced economies, households have increased their spending by utilising savings accumulated during the pandemic. Furthermore, government spending exceeding expectations has additionally strengthened aggregate demand across most regions.

Global Growth Projections (%)

Growth Projections



The IMF projects that the global economy will maintain a steady growth rate of 3.2% in both 2024 and 2025. Growth forecasts for 2024 stand at 1.7% for advanced economies and 4.2% for emerging markets, with the advanced economy projection revised upward by 0.2% from the January 2024 outlook. However, the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict and escalating geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, including persistent attacks on the Red Sea route, pose substantial risks to economic prospects. Despite these challenges,

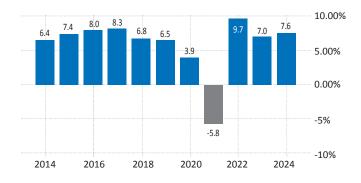
inflation is expected to continue its downward trend toward target levels. Consequently, central banks in major economies are generally anticipated to begin reducing policy rates in the latter half of 2024.

Indian Economy

The Indian economy emerged as the fastest growing economy in the world in FY 2023-24 despite uncertainties in the global economic landscape. As the world's fifth-largest economy, India achieved a robust expansion of 7.6%, surpassing the 7% growth recorded in the previous financial year. This impressive performance was driven by strong domestic demand, robust investment, a pickup in the rural market, and sustained manufacturing momentum. The construction and manufacturing sector showcased expansion of 8.5% and 10.7%, contributing to the overall economic growth.

Despite strong economic growth, the Indian economy grappled with sustained inflationary pressures from the previous financial year. To address this, the Reserve Bank of India has adopted stringent measures, recalibrated its monetary policies, and maintained the repo rate at 6.50% for the seventh consecutive time. These actions have effectively mitigated CPI inflationary pressures, resulting in an average CPI inflation rate of 5.36%, which remains within the RBI's tolerance band. Furthermore, India's merchandise exports have been affected by the global economic slowdown and continuous attacks on the Red Sea. Total exports in FY 2023-24 amounted to USD 437.06 billion, reflecting a contraction of 3.09% compared to the previous fiscal year. Additionally, India's imports also decreased by 5.41% to USD 677.24 billion, thereby sustaining the overall trade balance.

India Economic Growth (%)



The Indian economy is poised for a promising outlook in the upcoming financial year, with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) projecting a growth rate of 7% for FY 2024-25. This growth is expected to be supported by several factors, including a decline in inflation, increased consumer spending, a growing middle class, and substantial government support. Furthermore, the government's focus on infrastructure and capital expansion is anticipated to contribute extensively to sustained growth in the foreseeable



future. The Union Budget 2024-25 reflects this focus, emphasizing infrastructure development, support for new businesses, and initiatives to enhance self-reliance and entrepreneurship in India.

Industry Overview

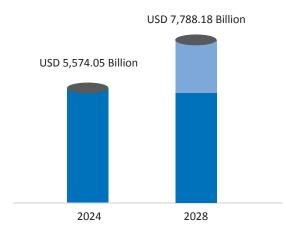
Global Chemical Industry

In 2023, the global chemical industry exhibited remarkable resilience amidst various global headwinds, including a recession in Europe, US inflation, an energy crisis, and a slower-than-expected recovery in Chinese demand. Further, geopolitical tension between Russia & Ukraine and the continuous attack on the Red Sea have increased the cost and disrupted global trade, thereby impacting the industry. These challenges led to sluggish demand and high inventory levels. In response, chemical companies shifted their focus to cost reduction and efficiency improvement, showcasing their adaptability to changing market dynamics. This strategic shift resulted in a strong growth of approximately 10%, with the market size expanding from USD 4,654.14 billion in 2022 to USD 5,115.19 billion in 2023.

China, the largest chemical market, experienced a growth of 7.5% in 2023. In contrast, chemical production in other emerging markets in Asia, excluding India, showed a negative growth of 2.4%. Additionally, the European chemical industry faced various challenges due to its high-cost structure relative to international standards and a weak global industrial economy, resulting in a decline of 7.6%, while the U.S. has witnessed a degrowth of 1% led by weak industrial growth. For 2024, it is estimated that the Asian, European, and U.S. markets will recover from their recent declines, with growth rates of 3%, 0.8%, and 1.1%, respectively. However, growth in China is expected to slow down to 4%. This recovery will be driven primarily by stimulus measures benefiting the consumer goods and electronics industries, a decrease in gas prices, and a gradual increase in demand for goods due to improved purchasing power.

The industry is experiencing widespread changes, particularly in the areas of sustainability, supply chain localisation, and digitalisation. Sustainability is reshaping chemical production and usage, with the sector facing increased pressure to minimise environmental impact and promote sustainable practices. This includes providing sustainable products and services. Additionally, supply chain disruptions are driving a shift towards localization for raw material procurement to boost production rates. Furthermore, digitalization is transforming the chemical industry by enhancing safety, efficiency, and productivity. Smart factories, leveraging Industry 4.0 technologies such as automation, AI, and IIoT, are at the forefront of these significant advancements.

The global chemical industry is projected to experience a 9% growth, increasing from USD 5,115.19 billion in 2023 to USD 5,574.05 billion in 2024, on the back of recovery in global trade, lower energy and commodity prices, increasing demand, favourable regulations, and the industry's focus on sustainability and innovation, among others. These factors are collectively creating a robust foundation for future growth and success. Further, the global chemical market is projected to grow at a 4-year CAGR of 8.7% between 2025 and 2028 to reach USD 7,787.18 billion.



Indian Chemical Industry

The Indian chemical industry is a key component of the country's expanding manufacturing sector and economic development, contributing 7% to India's GDP. It currently ranks as the 6th largest producer of chemicals globally and 3rd in Asia, while also being a significant exporter, with products reaching over 175 countries and ranking 14th in terms of exports. The industry is estimated to be valued at approximately USD 278.1 billion in FY 2023-24. In the past decade, India has experienced a strong growth in the chemical industry, driven by government initiatives like Make in India and the Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyaan. Additionally, the government has allocated ₹ 18,100 crore under the PLI scheme to further support this growth.

₹ **18,100** crore

Allocation under the PLI scheme

The Indian chemical industry is on a growth trajectory, benefiting from the China Plus One Policy, supported by increasing per capita income and strong demand. Projections indicate that the industry could reach USD 300 billion by 2025 and USD 1 trillion by 2040.

Foreign investors have been drawn to the sector, with 100% allowance through the automatic route, resulting in an inflow of USD 22.07 billion between April 2000 and December 2023. Additionally, robust demand for various chemicals is anticipated from sectors such as pharmaceuticals, infrastructure, housing, and agrochemicals. This growth potential suggests that India's share in the global chemicals sector could see a substantial rise in the coming years.

Growth drivers

Growing population

In 2024, India, with a population of 1.44 billion, holds the title of the world's most populous country, according to the United Nations Population Fund's (UNFPA) Report. The country's median age is 28.6 years. This rapid population growth and youthful demographic are driving demand for chemicals across various sectors with diverse downstream uses. Furthermore, India's young population is stimulating demand for chemicals in sectors such as automotive, textiles, and cosmetics.

Rising disposable incomes

In the fiscal year 2023-24, the per capita net national income experienced a growth of 8.11% compared to the previous year, reaching a figure of 1,83,236. This rise in per capita income has spurred demand for a wide range of products and services, consequently driving the demand for chemicals across industries including food security, apparel, construction, defense, lifestyle amenities, and beyond.

Urbanization

India's urban population is experiencing rapid growth, with projections indicating that approximately 600 million people, or 40% of the population, will be residing in urban areas. This marks a significant increase from the 31% recorded in 2011. This expansion in the urban population is expected to drive demand across various end-user industries such as textiles, paints, plastics, and personal care. Additionally, it will boost demand in the construction and automobile sectors, further increasing the need for chemicals.

Increasing demand in construction

In FY 2023-24, the Indian economy faced higher interest rates and increased construction costs. Despite this, the real estate sector saw strong housing demand, with sales reaching 4,92,900 units, a 30% increase from the previous year. The construction sector's need for chemicals like concrete admixtures, waterproofing agents, and adhesives is driving demand, benefiting chemical manufacturers, and fostering further growth in the industry.

Expanding demand for the automobile industry

In FY 2023-24, the total production of Passenger Vehicles, Commercial Vehicles, Three-wheelers, Two Wheelers, and Quadricycles reached 2,84,34,742 units, compared to 2,59,31,867 units in FY 2022-23. This growth in automobile production was reflected in sales, which increased by 7.35% to 2,28,84,860 units. The automotive industry's growth is expected to drive demand in the chemical sector, particularly in segments such as automotive coatings, plastics and polymers, adhesives and sealants, lubricants and fuels, and specialty chemicals.

Broadening pharmaceutical market

The Indian pharmaceutical market is expected to reach USD 130 billion by 2030 from USD 65 billion in 2024. This growth is driven by increasing demand, cost-effective manufacturing, government support, technological advancements, and increasing investment in R&D. Furthermore, India is the largest manufacturer and exporter of generic medicine by volume. The growing demand for pharmaceutical products necessitates an increased supply of specialty chemicals, including solvents, reagents, and intermediates, essential for drug manufacturing. Further, expanding pharmaceutical market will drive the demand for chemicals that find downstream utilization in the pharmaceutical sector.

Advancing agrochemical industry

Agriculture continues to be the cornerstone of the Indian economy. The sector is projected to grow at a CAGR of 4.9% from 2024 to 2029, reaching USD 473.72 billion by 2029. This growth is expected to drive a parallel surge in the domestic agrochemicals market, which is estimated to reach USD 13.08 billion by 2029, reflecting a CAGR of 4%over the period 2024-2029. Consequently, the demand for various agrochemical products in the country will rise in tandem with the agricultural sector's expansion.

Government measures through Interim **Budget 2024-25**

Roads

The Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) received a substantial increase in allocation in the interim Budget 2024-25. The budget raised the allocation by 2.8% to about ₹2.78 lakh crore for FY 2024-25, up from ₹2.70 lakh crore in the previous year, providing a significant boost to the ministry.

From the total budget allocation of ₹ 2.78 lakh crore, the National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) has been allocated approximately ₹ 1.68 lakh crore as part of MoRTH's capital expenditure plan for FY 2024-25. This allocation marks a growth of 3.9% from ₹ 1.62 lakh crore in FY 2023-24.

By 2025, the government aims to develop a national highway network spanning 2 lakh kilometers, showcasing its ambitious targets for the transport sector²⁰.

Housing

In the interim budget of FY 2023-24, the allocation for the central government's flagship PM Awas Yojana (PMAY) was increased to ₹80,670.75 crore, bringing the total investment in the scheme to ₹8.11 lakh crore. Additionally, the central government plans to broaden the scope of PMAY to encompass shopkeepers, traders, and self-employed individuals, aiming to expand its coverage and scale.

Infrastructure

The government has adopted a forward-looking approach by introducing the National Infrastructure Pipeline (NIP), aiming to deliver high-quality infrastructure nationwide. The NIP anticipates an infrastructure investment of approximately ₹111 lakh crore between FY 2020-2025. Presently, the NIP includes 10,284 projects at various stages of implementation, with a total investment exceeding ₹145.59 lakh crore.

By 2030, the government aims to make 23 waterways operational and develop 35 Multi-Modal Logistics Parks (MMLPs). Furthermore, there are plans to increase the number of airports to 220.

Capital investment

For FY 2024-25, the capital expenditure outlay reached ₹11.11 lakh crore, marking an 11.11% year-on-year increase from ₹ 10 lakh crore in FY 2022-23. The total capital outlay for infrastructure in FY 2023-24 represents 3.4% of the country's GDP.

Category Review

Phase Transfer Catalysts (PTC) market

A Phase Transfer Catalyst (PTC) is a type of catalyst that enhances the transfer of reactants between two immiscible phases, typically a solid and a liquid. PTCs are widely utilized in organic synthesis to



accelerate reaction rates and improve yields by facilitating reactions that would otherwise be challenging without a catalyst. Additionally, PTCs eliminate the need for expensive and hazardous solvents capable of dissolving all reactants in a single phase, as well as costly additional raw materials, thus reducing waste.

The global PTC market stood at US\$ 1.22 billion in 2023, and is projected to grow at a CAGR of 5.52% between 2024 and 2031 to reach US\$ 1.85 billion in 2031. In India, the PTC market is projected to grow at a CAGR of approximately 6% until 2028, driven by the rising demand for and adoption of green chemistry in organic synthesis.

Benefits

- Enables faster reactions, resulting in higher productivity Minimal by-product generation
- Ensures lesser energy consumption
- On few occasions, eliminates the need for expensive or hazardous solvents
- Minimizes waste generation and saves time

Demand drivers

- Demand for technologically advanced and eco-friendly catalysts has been increasing
- Gradual demand for greener chemistry in organic synthesis
- The non-regenerative nature of this catalyst generates recurring demand

Downstream application

- Pharmaceuticals APIs
- Agrochemicals
- Flavours and fragrances
- Environmental control processes
- Chemicals and Cosmetics

Performance

As a leading manufacturer of phase transfer catalysts (PTCs), the Company boasts of the largest and most diversified portfolio in the industry. The PTCs produced by Tatva Chintan are used as catalysts in the manufacturing of pharmaceutical APIs, personal care products, disinfectants, agrochemicals, and more. These catalysts, crucial in various organic reactions within the pharmaceutical industry, enhance reaction rates and yields, resulting in reduced production costs, energy usage, and waste. In 2023-24, PTCs contributed to 27% of the Company's revenues, maintaining its market leadership. The PTC segment showcased a de-growth of approximately 25.5%, reaching a revenue of ₹ 1,067 million.

Tatva Chintan's Market Position and Key Strengths

Tatva Chintan is one of the leading global producers of Phase Transfer Catalysts (PTCs) in India and a key player worldwide. With the growth in the pharmaceuticals and allied sectors, the demand for PTCs is expected to rise significantly. Tatva Chintan's key products, such as tetra butyl ammonium bromide, widely used in chemical research and various organic transformations, are environmentally friendly, operationally easy, and non-corrosive, making them valuable in the pharmaceutical and agrochemical industries. The Company's focus on high-demand products positions it to gain a larger market share and support market expansion driven by stringent government regulations encouraging environmentally safe chemical usage.

Outlook

India's key industries are poised for significant growth driven by a combination of strong domestic demand, government initiatives, technological advancements, and global market dynamics. This growth is expected to position India as a leading player in pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, healthcare, personal care, and the chemical industry, contributing to the country's economic expansion and global competitiveness.

Key industries highlight driving the demand for PTC:

Pharmaceuticals and APIs

- Increasing global demand for generic drugs
- Strong position as the largest provider of generic drugs
- Economic growth and government initiatives are boosting the sector
- Enhanced R&D, mergers and acquisitions driving innovation and expansion

Agrochemicals, Pesticides, and Fertilizers

- A high proportion of agricultural land and diverse agro-climatic conditions
- Rising investments in crop production
- Increasing global demand for organic products and agricultural commodities
- Technological advancements and improved rural incomes due to government schemes
- The necessity to improve agricultural yields to meet food sufficiency targets

Healthcare Industry

- Strengthening coverage and services with rising public and private expenditure
- Competitive advantage due to a large pool of well-trained medical professionals
- Cost competitiveness compared to peers in Asia and Western countries
- The government plans to increase healthcare spending and make India a global healthcare hub
- Enhanced R&D, new drug and vaccine introductions, and improved public health surveillance

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Personal Care and Disinfectants

- Rising disposable incomes and demand for enhanced beauty
- Increased adoption of herbal cosmetics and organic products
- Surge in demand for sanitization and disinfectants postpandemic
- WHO guidelines on disinfecting food materials boosting
- Improved health and hygiene awareness among consumers

Structure Directing Agents (SDA) market

Structure Directing Agents (SDAs) play a crucial role in synthesizing zeolites and other materials with precise structures by guiding the formation of specific molecular arrangements. This ensures the desired crystalline structure, making zeolites valuable in various industries, including petrochemicals, detergents, and catalysis. In the automotive sector, zeolites are used in emission control. When promoted with transition metals like copper and iron, they facilitate selective catalytic reduction, making them a preferred technology for reducing emissions. The increasing investment in R&D is leading to more diverse and innovative applications of zeolites, which is driving the growth of the SDA market.

The global industry size of SDA market stood at US\$ 600 million in 2023. Driven by incremental demand in automotive sector and rise in sustainability awareness, the SDA market is projected to reach US\$ 1.6 billion by 2036, growing at a CAGR of 8% between 2024 and 2036.

Benefits

- Serves as an essential component in emission control systems for NOx reduction
- Facilitates cracking crude to acquire various desired outputs
- Important part of the continuous flow chemistry process

Downstream application

- Automotive (Catalytic Converter Emission Control)
- Petrochemicals (Cracking crude)
- Catalyst (Continuous flow chemistry)
- Catalyst (Conventional Chemistry)

Demand drivers

- With the increasing global awareness of sustainability and emission control, the Company's extensive expertise in the SDA for zeolites market has been instrumental in continually strengthening its market position
- The versatile applications and non-regenerative nature of SDAs help create recurring demand for these agents
- Stricter emission norms and the growing shift towards a green environment have been driving demand

Being a niche sector, the Company faces limited global competition

Performance

As the second-largest manufacturer of SDAs for zeolites globally and the largest commercial supplier in India, the Company produces SDAs essential for manufacturing high-precision zeolites. These zeolites have downstream applications in automotive emission control, auto chemicals, continuous flow chemistries, and more. In the fiscal year 2023-24, the SDA segment contributed 42% to the Company's revenue. During the year under review, the Company experienced a year-on-year surge of approximately 30% in its revenue, resulting in SDA revenues of ₹ 1,655 million.

Tatva Chintan's market position and key strengths

Post-COVID-19, the growth in detergents and disinfectants boosted the QAC market. Tatva Chintan is the largest and only commercial manufacturer of SDA for Zeolites in India and the second-largest globally. Its advanced chemistries and technical expertise create high entry barriers for new competitors. Key products like Tetramethyl Ammonium Hydroxide and Tetrapropyl ammonium Bromide are critical in global markets, with significant growth opportunities.

Tatva Chintan leverages strong distribution networks and strategic collaborations to expand its footprint, despite challenges like raw material price fluctuations. The company's comprehensive value chain management and expertise in niche chemistries ensure customer satisfaction and repeat business. Increasing demand for green technologies and innovative applications is driving growth, solidifying Tatva Chintan's market position.

Outlook

India's key industries are poised for robust growth driven by several factors. Economic expansion, industrialization, and urbanization are fueling demand across sectors. Government policies are bolstering healthcare, agriculture, and rural development. Technological advancements and a growing preference for eco-friendly products further support this positive outlook. Together, these elements create a strong foundation for sustained growth in the coming years.

Key industries highlight driving the demand for SDA:

Automotive

- Growth in automotive applications, including regenerative braking, start-and-stop systems, and powering on-board electronic features, is set to drive the Indian market forward
- Leading companies like Tata Motors are already exploring super-capacitors as an alternative energy storage option for electric vehicles (EVs)
- The National Electric Mobility Mission Plan (NEMMP) 2020 in India has projected a high growth of over 40% for EVs, presenting a significant opportunity for the utilization of supercapacitors in this sector
- As the fourth largest automotive manufacturer, India's electric vehicle market is estimated to grow from the current 1.3



million units (2022) to 10 million units by 2030, indicating a strong double-digit growth in the demand for super-capacitors

Electrolyte salts and Solution market

Electrolyte Salts and Solution are integral to the manufacture of super capacitor batteries, which are utilized in the automotive, electronics, and energy storage sectors. Supercapacitors, also known as ultra-capacitors, are advanced energy storage devices that harness electrical energy through electrochemical and electrostatic processes, featuring an exceptionally high energy density compared to standard capacitors.

The global lithium-ion battery electrolyte sales market stood at US\$ 2.4 billion in 2023 and is projected to grow at a CAGR of 16.07% between 2024 and 2030, to reach US\$ 5.9 billion by 2030.

Benefits

- Because of their fast-charging ability, superior performance at low temperatures, long service and cycle life, and reliability, supercapacitors have the potential to replace or complement traditional batteries in various applications
- The use of supercapacitors greatly enhances battery runtime and operational life

Downstream application

- Automotive
- Transport and infrastructure
- Renewable energy
- Consumer electronics
- Grid balancing
- Electric vehicles

Demand drivers

- Electrolyte salts are utilized in conjunction with lithium batteries in EV applications
- Solar energy storage systems are employed to absorb highvoltage currents during peak energy generation periods
- Electric vehicles utilize super capacitors to meet the sudden burst of energy required during start-up and acceleration
- Super capacitors find applications in various electronic devices where the discharge or storage of high bursts of energy is required

Performance

The Company produces electrolyte salts used in super capacitor batteries, which are employed in automobiles, electric vehicles (EVs), electronics, and hybrid energy storage devices. Total revenue from this category de-grew by 70% and stands at ₹ 50 million in 2023-24.

The Company has expanded its manufacturing to include electrolyte salts for sodium-ion batteries and zinc-ion batteries. These batteries are increasingly utilized in renewable energy storage systems.

Tatva Chintan's market position and key strengths

Tatva Chintan is a leading player in the battery electrolyte segment, leveraging its expertise in organic battery electrolytes to achieve impressive growth. The company saw a remarkable 190% increase in sales in FY 23 compared to FY 22, highlighting its strong market presence. Tatva Chintan's technical know-how and expertise in producing electrolyte salts for super capacitor batteries have established it as the largest producer in India. This technical proficiency, developed through innovative processes and complex chemistries, creates a significant entry barrier for new competitors.

In response to growing environmental concerns, Tatva Chintan has collaborated with Ecovadis, an independent agency auditing sustainability on behalf of Together for Sustainability (TFS). The company's focus on sustainable supply chain solutions and superior sustainability performance, as audited by Ecovadis, places it above industry averages. Additionally, Tatva Chintan's partnership with TFS underscores its commitment to maintaining sustainable supply chains, further solidifying its market position and reputation for sustainability.

Outlook

The India Super-Capacitor Market is set for robust growth, driven by advancements in automotive technology, expanding infrastructure projects, and a strong push for renewable energy. Key drivers include the rise of electric vehicles, modernization of Indian Railways, and ambitious renewable energy targets. While consumer electronics integration faces challenges, opportunities in power banks and smart grid applications are promising. With a focus on innovation and sustainability, the market is poised for significant expansion across industrial and consumer sectors.

Key industries highlight driving the demand for SDA:

Automotive

- Many automobile manufacturers like Tata Motors are exploring super-capacitors as alternative energy storage options for EVs
- National Electric Mobility Mission Plan (NEMMP) 2020 projects over 40% growth for EVs, with super-capacitors having strong potential in this sector
- India is the fourth-largest automotive manufacturer, with the EV market expected to reach 10 million units by 2030, up from 1.3 million units in 2022

Transport and Infrastructure

- Indian Railways is one of the world's largest rail networks, with rapid metro expansion in urban areas
- Major focus on safety, efficiency, energy conservation, power quality, and freight wagon tracking

Renewable Energy

- India is 4th globally in renewable energy installed capacity, wind power capacity, and solar power capacity
- The country aims for 500 GW of non-fossil fuel-based energy by 2030 (COP26 target)

Consumer Electronics

- Potential for super-capacitors in fast-charging power banks and high-power-density applications
- Optimistic prediction of 20% penetration in the next 2-3 years, translating to over 37 million units of super-capacitors

Grid Balancing

- Essential for smart cities, enabling real-time response to market dynamics
- High demand expected with the Indian government's smart cities initiative

Pharma & Agro and other specialty Chemical intermediates (PASC)

PASC encompasses a range of pharmaceutical and agrochemical intermediates, disinfectants, catalysts, and solvents, all classified under the broader umbrella of speciality chemicals.

Benefits

- Increased agricultural commodity output
- Eliminates waste and protects crops

Downstream industry application

- Pharmaceutical APIs
- Agro actives
- Painting and coating products
- Li battery
- Detergents and personal care products

Demand drivers

- India, with the world's largest population, has a significant demand for food and pharmaceutical products
- The "China plus one" strategy is being implemented by several large MNCs, opening up greater opportunities for India
- The increasing per capita income and improving standards of living have been fuelling the demand for pharmaceutical and food products
- India's relatively low production costs, combined with its ability to deliver consistent quality products and ensure timely delivery, have been driving demand in the country
- The expansive cultivated area in India provides growing opportunities

Performance

In India, Tatva Chintan is the top producer of Glymes and ranks as the third largest globally. The PASC category contributed 29% to the Company's total revenues during the year, amounting to ₹ 1,132 million in 2023-24, reflecting a year-on-year decline of 15%.

The Company is dedicated to developing pharmaceutical and agrochemical intermediates through green chemistry practices. Tatva Chintan is actively engaged in creating various products using continuous flow chemistry, electrochemistry, and PTC (Phase-Transfer Catalysis) technology. With the "China plus one" policy driving diversification and our ability to provide sustainable solutions, Tatva Chintan has witnessed a surge in new opportunities to collaborate on potential products for numerous customers.

Tatva Chintan's market position and key strengths

Tatva Chintan is a leading player in the speciality chemicals segment. It is India's largest producer of electrolyte salts for super capacitor batteries. The company's technical expertise and innovative processes create strong entry barriers for competitors.

Tatva Chintan's commitment to sustainability is demonstrated through collaborations with Ecovadis and Together for Sustainability. Its production of glymes and other speciality intermediates, along with ISO-certified sites and expanded reach, positions it to benefit from government incentives in the agrochemicals and pharmaceutical industries. This strategic focus solidifies its market leadership and growth potential.

Outlook

The specialty chemicals and intermediates sector in India is set for growth, driven by diverse industry needs and advancements. With a focus on innovation, brand building, and environmental friendliness, the industry is becoming more customer-oriented. India's strengths in organic chemical synthesis, process engineering, and robust intellectual property protection will be key drivers in this evolution.

Key industries highlight driving the demand for SDA:

Agrochemicals

- Focus on new feedstock and chemical compositions using biobased materials
- Investment in developing nanochemicals to meet industryspecific requirements
- Innovation aimed at reducing reaction steps and total production costs

Personal Care Ingredients

- Shift towards environment-friendly and green products
- Natural active ingredients market share is expected to double to 50-55% by 2030



- Collaboration with manufacturers for product development, research, and market tracking
- Growth in surfactants and cleaning products like soaps

Paints & Coatings:

An increase in the usage of nanotechnology, novel ingredients, speciality solvents, high-performance additives, and polymers is driving the growth of the paint and coating industry

Pharmaceuticals:

- The emergence of speciality segments like biologics to enhance efficacy at lower dosages
- Fierce competition driving exploration of biosimilars and other speciality segments

Brominated Flame Retardants

Flame retardants are chemicals added to materials like plastics, textiles, and coatings to inhibit or delay fire (UNEP). They refer to a function, not a specific chemical family, and often involve combined chemistries for effectiveness. Increasing industrialization has heightened the need for stringent safety measures, making flame retardants essential in the construction, electronics, and automotive industries. They minimize fire risks and material losses, driving significant growth in the flame retardants market over recent decades.

Benefits

Brominated Flame Retardants in Electronics are essential for producing circuit boards, connectors, and electrical cables, helping to regulate and reduce heat dissipation

Widely used in plastics, textiles, and electronics industries to enhance safety by effectively managing heat dissipation and reducing fire risks

Downstream industry application

- Plastic
- Textile
- **Electronics industries**
- **Building and construction**
- Transportation

Tatva Chintan's market position and key strengths

Paints and Coatings

- Increased per capita paint consumption in India
- Expansion in the construction and automotive industries
- Rising infrastructure activities

Building and Construction

Significant role in India's economy, contributing nearly 9% of **GDP**

- Population growth in developing countries and infrastructure improvements in developed countries
- Trends towards increased residential development and investments in renewables and telecommunications

Automotive

- Rising middle-class income and a young population boosting sales of two-wheelers and affordable cars
- Shift towards electric vehicles (EVs) to reduce emissions, supported by reduced GST on EVs from 12% to 5%

Fast-Moving Consumer Goods (FMCG)

- FMCG is India's fourth-largest sector, with household and personal care accounting for 50% of sales
- Increasing awareness, easier access, changing lifestyles, and brand consciousness
- Government's Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme encouraging exports
- Initiatives to increase disposable income, especially in rural areas

Company Overview

Incorporated in 1996, Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited (referred to as 'the Company' or 'Tatva Chintan') has established itself as a leading player in the integrated speciality chemicals manufacturing sector, offering a diversified and extensive product suite. The Company's diversified product portfolio includes structure directing agents (SDAs), phase transfer catalysts (PTCs), electrolyte salts for super capacitor batteries, pharmaceutical and agrochemical intermediates, and other specialty chemicals (PASC). These products have downstream applications across various sectors, including automotive, refinery, pharmaceutical, agrochemicals, paints and coatings, dyes and pigments, personal care, and flavours and fragrances.

Tatva Chintan has established a strong global presence in over 30 countries, including the United States, China, Germany, Japan, South Africa, and the UK. This success is driven by its customercentric approach, superior product quality, cost leadership, and timely delivery. Additionally, the Company operates two whollyowned subsidiaries in the US and the Netherlands to better serve its international clients.

Manufacturing Facilities

Tatva Chintan boasts of two state-of-the-art manufacturing facilities located in Dahej and Ankleshwar, Gujarat, with a combined installed capacity of 500 KL across 39 assembly lines. As a leading manufacturer of integrated speciality chemicals, the Company leverages superior R&D capabilities and operational efficiencies to drive growth. Tatva Chintan has consistently expanded its production capacities while simultaneously improving capacity utilization.

Manufacturing	Capacity	2023-24 2022-23		022-23	2021-22		
		Reactors	Assembly Lines	Reactors	Assembly Lines	Reactors	Assembly Lines
Ankleshwar	Installed	90 KL	3	90 KL	3	90 KL	3
	Utilized	71.05%	66.90%	76.58%	65.10%	91.60%	74.13%
Dahej	Installed	410 KL	36	204 KL	24	204 KL	24
	Utilized	69.48%	34%	78.06%	24.80%	89.90%	62.90%
Total	Installed	500 KL	39	294 KL	27	294 KL	27
	Utilized	69.76%	36.53%	77.61%	29.28%	90.40%	64.14%

Strengths

- Leading manufacturer of SDA and PTC
- Significant global presence with a vast customer base
- Diverse and comprehensive product portfolio
- Integrated and fungible manufacturing facility
- Proven track record of promoters
- Inhouse R&D capabilities

Financial Review (Consolidated)

Revenue

In the fiscal year 2023-24, total revenue amounted to ₹ 4,010.13 million, compared to ₹ 4,293.56 million in the previous financial year, reflecting a decline of 6.60%.

Revenue from operations

In 2023-24, Tatva Chintan's revenue from operations amounted to ₹ 3,935.04 million, reflecting a 7.11% year-on-year decline from ₹ 4,236.12 million in 2022-23. Export revenues were ₹ 2768.62 million in 2023-24, down from ₹ 3042.32 million in the previous year. Conversely, domestic sales decreased from ₹ 1166.58 million in 2022-23 to ₹ 1136.33 million in 2022-23. Exports accounted for approximately 70.36% of revenue in 2023-24 and about 71.82% in 2022-23.

Sales of SDAs were ₹1,655 million in 2023-24, compared to ₹1,277 million in 2022-23, while sales of PASCs were ₹ 1,132 million in 2023-24, compared to ₹1,335 million in 2022-23. The SDA segment contributed 30% of revenue in 2022-23 and 42% in 2023-24, whereas the PASC segment contributed 32% in 2022-23 and 29% in 2023-24.

PTC sales reached ₹ 1,067 million in 2023-24, while in 2022-23 the sale amounted to $\stackrel{?}{\scriptstyle{\sim}}$ 1,432 million, contributing 27% and 34% to sales, respectively. Sales of electrolyte salts for supercapacitor batteries were ₹ 50 million in 2022-23 and showcased a decline from ₹ 165 million in 2022-23, accounting for 1% and 4% of total revenue from operations, respectively.

Other income

In the fiscal year 2023-24, the Company generated ₹ 75.09 million in other income, representing a growth of 30.73% compared to ₹57.44 million in the previous financial year.

Expenses

The Company's total expenses were ₹3,574.45 million in 2023-24, compared to ₹3,809.9 million in 2022-23, marking a year-on-year decline of 6.18%. This reduction was primarily due to decreases in the cost of materials consumed and finance costs and partly offset by depreciation and employee benefit expense.

Cost of materials consumed

The Company's cost of materials consumed was ₹1,787.61 million in 2023-24, compared to ₹2,158.17 million in 2022-23.

Purchases of stock-in-trade

Purchases of stock-in-trade declined during the year and stood at ₹ 36.03 million in 2023-24 compared to ₹ 45.76 million in 2022-23.

Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods

Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods stood at ₹ (81.82)million in 2023-24 compared to ₹ 57.08 million in 2022-23.

Employee benefits expense

The Company's employee benefits expense increased to ₹ 547.61 million in 2023-24, up from ₹ 412.09 million in 2022-23. This rise was primarily attributed to annual increment and deployment of additional manpower, post capacity addition at Dahej Plant..

Finance costs

Tatva Chintan's finance costs stood at ₹ 65.32 million in 2023-24 compared to ₹84.04 million in 2022-23, due to non/less utilisation of Financial facility post infusion of funds by way of QIP.

Depreciation and amortization expense

The Company's depreciation and amortization expense increased to ₹ 256.05 million in 2023-24 compared to ₹ 95.55 million in 2022-23. The net addition in fixed assets during the year is ₹ 1283.60 million.

Other expenses

The other expenses of the Company stood at ₹ 963.65 million in 2023-24 compared to ₹ 957.21 million in 2022-23.

Tax expenses

During 2023-24, the Company's total tax expenses amounted to ₹ 132.14 million, down from ₹ (7.08) million in 2022-23.



Profit before tax

Tatva Chintan has reported ₹ 435.68 million of profit before tax (before exceptional item) while in the previous financial year, the profit before tax stood at ₹ 483.66 million.

Profit after tax

The Company's profit after tax stood at ₹ 303.54 million in 2023-24 compared to ₹ 454.87 million in 2022-23.

Total comprehensive income

During the year of reporting Tatva Chintan recorded a total comprehensive income of ₹ 303.75 million in 2023-24 while in 2022-23 the total comprehensive income was ₹ 461.35 million.

Key Significant Ratios

Key Ratios	2023-24	2022-23	Explanations	
Debtors Turnover Ratio	5.59	4.99	Debtors turnover ratio has improved as compared to previous year, primarily due to higher sale in second half previous year, resulting in higher Debtors at year end.	
Inventory Turnover Ratio	1.30	1.58	Inventory turnover ratio has decreased due to lower sale and low RMC in current year, however the average inventory was almost at the previous year level.	
Interest Coverage Ratio	10.44	7.21	Interest Coverage ratio has improved due to decrease in finance cost and increase in EBITDA.	
Current Ratio	3.74	1.31	Current ratio has increased primarily due to decrease in current liabilities (Bank Borrowings), due to infusion of funds through QIP during the year.	
Debt Equity Ratio	0.02	0.33	Debt equity ratio has improved primarily due to increase in net worth and reduction in utilisation of working capital facilities. The above were due to infusion of funds through QIP during the year.	
Operating Margin Ratio (%)	10.91%	12.12%	Operating Margin Ratio has decreased due to decrease in profitability pursuan prevailing geopolitical conditions, slow-downs and high inflationary situation acceptance.	
Net Profit/(Loss) Margin (%)	7.77%	10.81%	Net profit Margin has decreased due to decrease in profitability pursuant to prevailing geo-political conditions, slow-downs and high inflationary situation across economies.	
Return on Net Worth (%)	4.12%	8.84%	Return on net worth has decreased due to decrease in profitability pursuant to prevailing geopolitical conditions, slow-downs and high inflationary situation across economies. The ratio was also deteriorated due to infusion of funds through QIP during the year.	

Research and Development

Operating in the chemical sector, Tatva Chintan relies on research and development to solidify its position as a leading integrated specialty chemical manufacturer both in India and across the globe. The Company's dedicated R&D centre in Vadodara is equipped with the latest technology and modern equipment and is led by a highly skilled team. Over the years, the Company has consistently enhanced its R&D capabilities through proactive investments and by continually developing the team's expertise. This strong focus on R&D has enabled the Company to improve both its process and cost efficiencies, as well as develop superior products.

Our Competitive Strengths

Leading Manufacturer: The company is the largest and only commercial manufacturer of SDAs for zeolites in India and holds the second-largest position globally.

Specialized Product Portfolio: Offers a diverse range of products, including SDAs, phase transfer catalysts (PTCs), and electrolyte salts for supercapacitor batteries, catering to various industries such as automotive, petroleum, pharmaceuticals, and agrochemicals.

Global Presence: Exports products to over 25 countries and has established subsidiaries in the USA and Europe to facilitate overseas operations, reflecting a robust international footprint.

Advanced Manufacturing: Operates modern manufacturing facilities with advanced technologies and a focus on 'green' chemistry processes, ensuring high-quality and environmentally sustainable production.

Strong R&D Capabilities: A dedicated DSIR-approved R&D facility supports continuous innovation and product development, enabling the company to meet evolving customer needs and maintain a competitive edge.

Experienced Management: Led by promoters and a senior management team with extensive experience in the speciality chemicals industry, fostering strong business relationships and

High Entry Barriers: The industry's complex chemistries and stringent product approval systems create high entry barriers, ensuring sustainable competitive advantages and customer loyalty.

Robust Financials: Demonstrates strong financial performance with significant revenue from operations and profits, supported by continuous investment in infrastructure and technology and strong balance sheet will help raising "Growth Capital" with ease.

Quality Control and Services

strategic growth.

Tatva Chintan places a strong emphasis on quality control, supported by a world-class QC laboratory equipped with modern technology to meet the most stringent standards. Understanding that failure to comply with these standards could harm its brand reputation for superior quality, the Company has built a robust quality team. This team consists of 109 members, with 34 dedicated to quality assurance and 75 focused on quality control. They ensure meticulous pre-manufacturing checks and implement strict quality control mechanisms throughout every stage of the manufacturing process, from raw material testing to final product packaging. The Company's commitment to maintaining high-quality standards is underscored by its ISO 9001:2015 certification.

Information and Technology

In recent years, particularly following the challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic, IT has become increasingly critical for the Company. Recognising the need for a robust IT infrastructure, Tatva Chintan has implemented a wide range of IT solutions and enterprise resource planning (ERP) software across its operations. Technology is seamlessly integrated into all stages of the manufacturing process, including customer order management, dispatches, production planning, reporting, financial accounting, and raw material purchasing. Committed to leveraging IT for enhanced operational efficiency, customer service, and informed decision-making, the Company continues to make proactive investments in technology.

Health, Safety and Environment

STATUTORY REPORTS

Operating within the chemical sector, the Company places significant emphasis on adhering to stringent environmental standards. To this end, it implements various measures aimed at reducing emissions, optimizing energy consumption, minimizing waste generation, and fostering sustainability throughout its operations. The Ankleshwar plant's zero liquid discharge (ZLD) status is a testament to the Company's commitment to environmental stewardship. Moreover, the ISO 14001:2015 certification further attests to its adherence to rigorous environmental norms. The Company's participation in the Ecovadis and Together for Sustainability (TfS) initiative highlights its dedication to promoting sustainability practices among employees and supply chain partners.

As a specialty chemical manufacturer, the Company also prioritizes the health and safety of its employees. It achieves this by providing regular safety training sessions, conducting mock drills, installing safety systems and equipment and offering on-the-job training to ensure a safe working environment.

Human Resources

Tatva Chintan regards its employees as its most valuable assets and maintains a proficient human resources team with employee-centric policies that support both the holistic development of the Company and the growth of its workforce. Committed to inclusive employee growth, the Company implements policies focused on attracting top talent, providing comprehensive training, fostering continuous engagement, and ensuring strong retention rates. These efforts lay the foundation for robust human capital. To further enhance talent management, capability development, and employee performance, the Company regularly conducts various programs and initiatives. As of 31 March 2024, the Company had a dedicated team comprising 689 permanent employees / workers and 236 other than permanent employees / workers.

Risk Management

Risk	Impact	Mitigation
Regulatory risk	different prevailing rules and regulations. Non-compliance	The Company's commitment to stringent compliance and regulations is validated by its ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, and ISO 45001:2018 certifications. These certifications highlight the Company's dedication to quality management, environmental management, and employee health and safety. Furthermore, a proficient team is responsible for keeping a check on adherence to all applicable laws and statutes.
Supply chain risk	Fluctuations in raw material prices and inadequate supply can impact the Company's business operations and profitability.	Tatva Chintan ensures a steady supply of raw materials and finished products by leveraging its longstanding relationships with suppliers and maintaining diverse sourcing across geographies. Additionally, the Company has implemented a robust inventory management process to ensure raw material availability whenever required.



Risk	Impact	Mitigation
Forex risk	'	The Company mitigates forex risk through continuous and efficient monitoring of forex exposure and currency movements. It further de-risks by entering into forward contracts.
Product risk	regulatory approvals can hinder the Company's operations	To cater to evolving customer preferences and needs, Tatva Chintan has consistently invested in its R&D to strengthen its product pipeline. During the fiscal year, the Company allocated ₹ 22.19 million towards CAPEX and ₹ 79.42 million towards OPEX to ensure sustained progress.
Economic Slowdown	An economic slowdown can plummet revenues for the Company, which may lead to decreased profitability.	Tatva Chintan sells its products to various sectors of the economy which includes pharma, Agrochemicals, Dyes, Paints, and many others. Furthermore, the Company has a wide geographical presence, which minimizes the risk.

Outlook

As we move forward, our focus remains on leveraging the strengths of our diversified product portfolio to navigate the current market challenges. We are optimistic about the growth potential in the coming quarters, driven by the successful commercialisation of new products and the strategic expansion of our customer base. The commencement of commercial production at our expanded Dahej SEZ facility will play a pivotal role in enhancing our operational efficiency and in meeting the potential increasing demand.

Looking ahead, we are committed to capitalizing on the opportunities in our key segments, particularly in the SDA and PASC markets, where we expect substantial volume growth. The successful validation and onboarding of new customers, along with the anticipated stabilization of raw material prices, will support this growth trajectory. Additionally, our ongoing investments in capacity expansion and advanced manufacturing technologies will ensure we remain competitive and can meet the evolving needs of our customers.

In summary, while the macroeconomic environment presents its challenges, we are confident in our strategic direction and our ability to achieve sustained growth and value creation for our stakeholders. Our focus will be on operational excellence, innovation, and expanding our market presence, positioning Tatva Chintan for a successful future.

Internal Control Systems

Tatva Chintan maintains a robust internal control system to ensure the reliability of financial information through the timely and accurate recording of all financial, commercial, and operational transactions. This system also safeguards assets from unauthorised use or disposition and ensures strict adherence to applicable regulations. Moreover, the Company's Audit Committee conducts periodic reviews to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of these internal controls, reporting key findings to the Board for necessary corrective actions.

Cautionary Statement

Statements in this report describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may constitute 'forwardlooking statements' within the meaning of applicable laws and

regulations that involve risks and uncertainties. Such statements represent the intention of the management and the efforts being put in place by them to achieve certain goals. Actual results might differ materially from those either expressed or implied in the statement depending on the circumstances. Therefore, the investors are requested to make their own independent assessments and judgments by considering all relevant factors before making any investment decision.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Managing Director (MD) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) Certification

To,

The Board of Directors, Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

In pursuance to Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, We, Chintan N. Shah, Managing Director (MD) and Ashok Bothra, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) to the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:

- We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2024 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be
 - these statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- To the best of our knowledge and belief, there were no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which were fraudulent, illegal or which violated the Company's Code of Conduct.
- We are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have:
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting;
 - b. not found any deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls.
- We have indicated to the Company's Auditors and the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors that:
 - there is no significant changes that have occurred in the internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - there have been no significant changes in accounting polices during the year; b.
 - there have been no instances of significant fraud nor there was any involvement of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting; and
 - there were no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, which could adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data nor there were any material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting nor any corrective actions with regards to deficiencies, as there were none.
- We declare that all Board members and Senior Managerial Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the current year.

Chintan N. Shah

Ashok Bothra Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024 Place: Vadodara

Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00183618



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of **Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited**

Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("the Company") which comprises the standalone balance sheet as at 31 March 2024 and the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the standalone financial statements, including summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information. (hereinafter referred as "standalone financial statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the standalone state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024 and standalone total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and

other comprehensive income), its standalone cash flows and the standalone changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Kev Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

S. **Key Audit Matters**

No.

Cut off risk in Revenue Recognition

Due to the sales being under various contractual terms and across geographies, delivery to customers in different regions might take different time periods and may result in undelivered goods at the period end. We consider there to be a risk of misstatement of the financial statements related to transactions occurring close to the year end, as transactions could be recorded in the wrong financial period.

Accordingly, cut-off risk in revenue recognition is a key audit matter.

Audit procedures

- We have assessed the revenue recognition policies of the Company including accounting for sales returns and discounts for compliance with Ind AS.
- The Company has manual and automated (information technology - IT) controls on recording revenue and accruals for sales returns and discounts. We tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of these controls. In respect of cut-off, we focused on controls around the timely and accurate recording of year-end sales transactions.
- We have performed substantive testing on sample check basis on revenue transactions recorded during the year end.
- We verified contractual terms of the invoice and tested the transit time to deliver the goods.

S. **Key Audit Matters**

No.

2. Capital Expenditure in respect of property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress

The Company has incurred significant expenditure on capital projects, as reflected by the total value of additions in property plant and equipment and capital work in progress in notes 3 and 5 of the standalone financial statements. The Company is mainly in the process of executing project for expansion of its existing Dahej Manufacturing facility and Upgradation of R&D facility and Corporate office in Vadodara. These projects take a substantial period of time to get ready for intended use.

We considered Capital expenditure as a Key audit matter due to:

- Significance of amount incurred on such items during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- Judgement and estimate required by management in assessing assets meeting the capitalization criteria set out in Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment.
- Judgement involved in determining the eligibility of costs including borrowing cost and other directly attributable costs for capitalization as per the criteria set out in Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment.

Audit procedures

- We have obtained an understanding of the Company's capitalization policy and assessed for compliance with the relevant accounting standards.
- We have obtained understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls related to capital expenditure and capitalization of assets.
- We have performed substantive testing on a sample check basis for each element of capitalized costs including inventory issued to contractors for the purpose of these projects and physical verification performed by management along with reconciliation and directly attributable cost, including verification of underlying supporting evidence and understanding nature of the costs capitalized.
- We have obtained understanding on management assessment relating to progress of projects and their intention to bring the asset to its intended use.

Valuation, Accuracy, Completeness and disclosures pertaining to Inventories with reference to Ind AS 2

Inventories constitutes material component of standalone financial statement. Correctness, Completeness and Valuation are critical for reflecting true and fair financial results of operations. Further due to continuous nature of plan operations and the raw materials which are basically chemicals, management has to exercise judgement in assessing stage of the product and its valuation.

Also refer note 13 to the standalone financial statement.

Our audit approach consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows:

- We have assessed the Company's process regarding maintenance of records, Valuation and accounting of transactions relating to Inventory as per the Indian Accounting Standard 2.
- We have evaluated the design of Internal Controls relating to recording and valuation of Inventory.
- We have carried out substantive audit procedures to verify the allocation of overheads to Inventory.
- We have attended the physical verification of Inventories performed by the Management and also performed stock count on sample check basis. We have also checked reconciliation of inventories as per physical inventory verification and book records on a sample check basis.
- For sample selected, we have also obtained confirmation of Inventories held with third parties.
- We have verified the consistency in respect of valuation process and methodology followed by the Company.

Other Information

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Management Discussion and Analysis, Report on Corporate Governance, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial **Statements**

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the standalone financial position, standalone financial performance including other comprehensive income, standalone changes in equity and standalone cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Standalone **Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic

decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors (i) in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure - A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of change in equity, the standalone statement of cash flows and notes to the standalone financial statements dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial $controls \, with \, reference \, to \, standal one \, financial \, statements \,$ of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- The Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending i. litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 46 to the standalone financial statements.
 - The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to Investor Education and protection fund by the Company.
 - iv. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
 - iv. (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or



indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- (d) The dividend declared and paid, if any, during the year by the Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account

using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

For NDJ & Co.,

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak Partner

Membership No.: 434585

Date: 3 May 2024 Place: Vadodara UDIN No: 24434585BKBWFV6811

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report to the Members of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited of even date)

- The Company is maintaining proper records showing (a) (i) full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the management in a phased programme designed to cover all items over a period of three financial years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical verification have been noticed.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 4 on Right-of-use assets to the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The Company has chosen cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets does not arise.
 - (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its standalone financial statements does not arise.
- (a) The physical verification of inventory excluding stocks with third parties and stock in transit has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have

- substantially been confirmed by them. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
- During the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of \square 5 Crore, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has filed quarterly returns or statements with such banks, which are in agreement with the unaudited books of account. (Also refer Note 51 to the standalone financial statements)
- According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has made investment in mutual fund schemes during the year and not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, in respect of which:
 - The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a), 3(iii)(c), 3(iii)(d), 3(iii)(e) and 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
 - In our opinion, the investments made during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted and investments made, as applicable. The Company has not provided any guarantee or securities that are covered under the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act,
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company during the year.
- Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.



- 7. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, custom duty, cess and other material statutory dues as applicable to the appropriate authorities during the year. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding as on the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of provident fund, employees' state insurance and cess, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. The particulars of other statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at 31 March 2024 which have not been deposited or adjusted on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the Statute	Nature of dues	Amount (₹ in Millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Integrated Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	Goods and Service Tax	0.56	2017-18	Additional Commissioner GST and Central Excise (Appeals)
Integrated Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	Goods and Service Tax	11.38	2017-18 and 2018-19	Deputy Director General of GST Intelligence (DGGI)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	1.00	2019-20	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)

- According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Willful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained. (Also refer Note 18 to the standalone financial statements).
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on shortterm basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that

- the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary companies.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary companies.
- 10. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has made private placement of shares during the year. For such allotment of shares, the Company has complied with the requirements of Section 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the funds raised have been, prima facie, applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which the funds were raised. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of (fully or partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year.
- 11. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or

reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.

- (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us and as represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- 12. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- 14. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- 15. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 16. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination, the Company does

not belong to any group which consist Core Investment Company as part of the Group.

- 17. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- 19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, (Also refer Note 51 to the standalone financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- 20. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not have any unspent amount which is require to transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company does not have any ongoing projects under provisions of the section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- 21. The reporting under Clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

Date: 3 May 2024

Place: Vadodara

For NDJ & Co.,

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Membership No.: 434585 UDIN No: 24434585BKBWFV6811



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under the "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report to the Members of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial **Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the

auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to further periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW STATUTORY REPORTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For NDJ & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership No.: 434585 UDIN No: 24434585BKBWFV6811

Date: 3 May 2024 Place: Vadodara



Standalone Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Notes	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	3,965.18	1,648.06
Right-of-use assets	4	299.99	309.42
Capital work-in-progress	5	729.27	2,307.44
Other intangible assets	6	3.51	4.76
Intangible assets under development	7	36.10	-
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	8	6.67	6.67
(ii) Other financial assets	9	42.60	26.62
Deferred tax assets (net)	23A	122.97	164.03
Other non-current assets	14	8.32	5.51
Total non-current assets		5,214.61	4,472.51
Current assets	10		
Inventories	13	1,441.09	1,514.48
Financial assets		100.51	
(i) Investments	8	100.51	
(ii) Trade receivables	15	679.46	900.44
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	339.86	211.86
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	11	29.88	173.96
(v) Loans	12 9	2.41 7.02	1.72 34.32
(vi) Other financial assets	23B	9.29	34.32 14.95
Current tax assets (net) Other current assets	23B 14	326.53	224.32
Total current assets	14	2,936.05	3,076.05
Total assets		8,150.66	7,548.56
Equity and liabilities		0,130.00	7,346.30
Equity			
Equity share capital	16	233.92	221.65
Other equity	17	7,024.88	4,826.16
Total equity	1/	7,258.80	5,047.81
Liabilities		7,230.00	3,047101
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	6.39	42.30
Provisions	20	13.34	11.45
Total non-current liabilities		19.73	53.75
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	136.32	1,660.27
(ii) Trade payables	22		,
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises; and		66.73	164.26
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than (ii)(a) above		375.83	151.87
(iii) Other financial liabilities	19	82.44	297.09
Other current liabilities	21	207.19	170.19
Provisions	20	3.62	3.32
Total current liabilities		872.13	2,447.00
Total equity and liabilities		8,150.66	7,548.56
Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements	1- 56		

As per our report of even date attached For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618 **Ashok Bothra**

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	24	3,786.77	4,030.44
Other income	25	75.08	56.78
Total Income		3,861.85	4,087.22
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	26	1,787.61	2,158.17
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	27	(107.21)	65.07
Employee benefits expense	28	547.61	412.09
Finance costs	29	65.07	83.84
Depreciation and amortization expenses	30	256.01	95.54
Other expenses	31	890.11	848.33
Total expenses		3,439.20	3,663.04
Profit before exceptional items and tax		422.65	424.18
Exceptional items	31A	-	35.87
Profit before tax		422.65	388.31
Tax expense/(benefits)	32		
Current tax		73.43	19.59
Deferred tax		55.74	(35.93)
Total tax expense/(benefits)		129.17	(16.34)
Profit for the year		293.48	404.65
Other comprehensive income/(expense)	33		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(2.36)	(1.82)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.69	0.53
Total other comprehensive (expense)		(1.67)	(1.29)
Total comprehensive income		291.81	403.36
Earnings per equity share	34		
(Face value of ₹ 10/- each)			
Basic		12.82	18.26
Diluted		12.82	18.26
Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements	1- 56		

As per our report of even date attached For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

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Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444



Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

A Equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	
Authorised capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)			
As at 01 April 2022	40,000,000	400.00	
Changes during the year	-	-	
As at 31 March 2023	40,000,000	400.00	
Changes during the year	-	-	
As at 31 March 2024	40,000,000	400.00	
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)			
As at 01 April 2022	22,165,062	221.65	
Changes during the year	-	-	
As at 31 March 2023	22,165,062	221.65	
Changes during the year:			
Addition pursuant to fresh issue of shares in qualified institutional placement	1,226,993	12.27	
As at 31 March 2024	23,392,055	233.92	

Other equity

Particulars	Re	Total		
_	Securities	Retained	Remeasurement of	
	premium	earnings	defined benefit plans	
As at 01 April 2022	2,090.26	2,378.80	(1.92)	4,467.14
Changes due to round off	-	(0.01)	-	(0.01)
Restated balance as at 01 April 2022	2,090.26	2,378.79	(1.92)	4,467.13
Profit for the year	-	404.65	-	404.65
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1.29)	(1.29)
Total comprehensive income	2,090.26	2,783.44	(3.21)	4,870.49
Other changes:				
Dividend	-	(44.33)	-	(44.33)
Total other changes	-	(44.33)	-	(44.33)
As at 31 March 2023	2,090.26	2,739.11	(3.21)	4,826.16
Changes due to round off	-	0.01	-	0.01
Restated balance as at 31 March 2023	2,090.26	2,739.12	(3.21)	4,826.17
Profit for the year	-	293.48	-	293.48
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1.67)	(1.67)
Total comprehensive income	2,090.26	3,032.60	(4.88)	5,117.98
Other changes:				
Securities premium on fresh issue of shares	1,987.73	-	-	1,987.73
Share issue expenses (net of tax)	(34.05)	-	-	(34.05)
Dividend	-	(46.78)	-	(46.78)
Total other changes	1,953.68	(46.78)	-	1,906.90
As at 31 March 2024	4,043.94	2,985.82	(4.88)	7,024.88

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

Notes:

Nature and purpose of other equity:

Securities premium:

Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. It is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has utilised the balance of securities premium to the extent of share issue expenses in relation to fresh issue of equity share capital in qualified institutional placement.

Retained earnings:

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till the end of reporting date, reduced by any transfers to general reserve or dividends or other distributions paid to the shareholders.

Remeasurement of defined benefit liability/(asset) comprises actuarial gains and losses and return on plan assets (excluding interest income) and it will not be reclassified to profit or loss subsequently.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

1-56

As per our report of even date attached

For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618 **Ashok Bothra**

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444



Standalone Statement of Cash flows

for the year ended 31 March 2024

			(Cu	rrency: ₹ in Million)
Par	rticulars		As at	As at
_			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Α.	Cash flows from operating activities:	(:)	422.65	200.24
	Profit before tax	(i)	422.65	388.31
	Adjustments to reconcile profit:			
	Finance costs		65.07	83.84
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses		256.01	95.54
	Unrealised foreign exchange (gains) (net)		(5.91)	(4.90)
	Interest income		(32.74)	(53.25)
	Net gain on sale of current investments		(0.38)	-
	Fair value (gains)		(1.51)	-
	Other non-cash items	(11)	1.18	37.00
	Total adjustments to reconcile profit	(ii)	281.72	158.23
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	704.37	546.54
	Changes in working capital:			
	Decrease in inventories		73.39	92.37
	Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables		225.58	(285.35)
	(Increase) in other non-current financial assets		(15.98)	(5.74)
	Decrease in other current financial assets		21.53	3.26
	(Increase) in other non-current assets		(2.81)	(0.37)
	(Increase)/decrease in other current assets		(38.58)	335.99
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		112.05	(126.35)
	(Decrease) in other current financial liabilities		(2.80)	(88.83)
	Increase in other non-current liabilities		0.09	-
	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities		31.17	(163.28)
	Increase in non-current provisions		1.89	4.94
	Increase in current provisions		0.30	1.53
	Total changes in working capital	(iv)	405.83	(231.83)
	Cash generated from operating activities	(v) = (iii) + (iv)	1,110.20	314.71
	Less: Taxes paid	(vi)	(82.44)	(77.43)
	Net cash generated from operating activities	(A) = (v) + (vi)	1,027.76	237.28
В.	Cash flows from investing activities:			
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,285.15)	(2,030.87)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1.55	0.68
	Decrease in deposits with banks		144.08	965.73
	(Increase) in current investment		(99.00)	-
	Proceeds from sale of current investments		0.38	-
	Interest income		32.74	53.25
	Cash (used in) investing activities	(B)	(1,205.40)	(1,011.21)
C.	Cash flows from financing activities:			
	Proceeds from issue of equity share capital		12.27	-
	Proceeds from securities premium (net off issue expenses)		1,953.69	-
	Dividend paid		(46.78)	(44.33)
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings		-	8.29
	Repayment of long-term borrowings		(85.89)	(139.26)
	Net repayment of/proceeds from short-term borrowings		(1,462.09)	637.40
	(Increase) in loans to employees		(0.69)	(0.11)
	Finance costs		(65.07)	(83.84)
	Cash generated from financing activities	(C)	305.44	378.15
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	D=(A+B+C)	127.80	(395.78)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(E)	211.86	607.75
	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(F)	0.20	(0.11)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(D+E+F)	339.86	211.86

Standalone Statement of Cash flows (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

Notes:

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

(i)) Cash and		

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cash on hand	0.82	0.82
Balances with banks:		
- in current accounts	2.38	73.21
- in cash credit accounts (surplus)	0.80	12.02
- in EEFC current accounts	187.88	110.80
- in deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	147.98	15.01
Balance as per statement of cash flows	339.86	211.86

- The above "standalone statement of cash flows" has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of cash flows".
- Purchase of property, plant and equipment includes movements in right of use assets, capital work-in-progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development.
- Reconciliation of movements in cash flows from borrowings (financing) activities:

Particulars	Non-current	Current	Total
	borrowings	borrowings	
As at 01 April 2022	274.69	924.69	1,199.38
Proceeds from non-current borrowings	8.29	-	8.29
Repayment of non-current borrowings	(142.50)	-	(142.50)
Net proceeds from short-term borrowings	-	637.40	637.40
Liability related other changes:			
Finance costs	(13.72)	(65.76)	(79.48)
Other borrowing costs*	-	(4.07)	(4.07)
Other interest cost#	-	(0.28)	(0.28)
Interest subvention income	-	14.87	14.87
Foreign exchange movement	3.24	-	3.24
Total cash flows from financing activities	(144.69)	582.16	437.47
Liability related other changes	10.48	55.24	65.72
As at 31 March 2023	140.48	1,562.09	1,702.57
Repayment of non-current borrowings	(97.77)	-	(97.77)
Net proceeds from short-term borrowings	-	(1,462.09)	(1,462.09)
Liability related other changes:			
Finance costs	(6.05)	(55.09)	(61.14)
Other borrowing costs*	-	(3.81)	(3.81)
Other interest cost#	-	(0.12)	(0.12)
Interest subvention income	-	8.79	8.79
Foreign exchange movement	11.89	-	11.89
Total cash flows from financing activities	(91.93)	(1,512.32)	(1,604.25)
Liability related other changes	(5.84)	50.23	44.39
As at 31 March 2024	42.71	100.00	142.71

^{*} includes other borrowing costs paid for non-fund based credit facilities.

includes other interest costs paid on statutory dues and others.

Disclosure of undrawn borrowing facilities (excluding non-fund based facilities):

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Undrawn borrowing facilities	2,100.00	637.91



Standalone Statement of Cash flows (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Notes:

- Cash credit accounts which are having debit balances have been shown under cash and cash equivalent as per requirement of Ind AS 7, (vi) hence proceeds from borrowings under financing activity is excluding the movement in bank overdraft.
- (vii) Short-term deposits are made for a period up to three months, depending on the cash requirements of the Company and to earn interest at the prevailing rates.
- (viii) Cash flows denominated in foreign currency are reported in the manner consistent with Ind AS 21.
- During the years ended, the Company have not entered into any non-cash investing and non-cash financing activities.
- (x) Refer note 36 for government grants recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.
- The Company do not have any lease liability (refer note 38).

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

1-56

As per our report of even date attached For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Ashok Bothra

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

1 **Corporate information**

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("the Company") is public limited company domiciled in India, and incorporated under the Companies Act, 2013 (erstwhile Companies Act, 1956) in year 1996, having its registered office at Plot no. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Bharuch, Gujarat, India - 393002.

The equity shares of the Company are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE") and BSE Limited ("BSE") in India.

The Company is primarily engaged in manufacturing, distribution and selling of specialty chemicals i.e., phase transfer catalysts (PTC), structure directing agents (SDA), electrolyte salts and solutions (ESS), pharmaceutical and agrochemical intermediates and other specialty chemicals (PASC).

These standalone financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorised for issue on 03 May 2024.

Material accounting policies

a) Statement of compliance, basis of preparation and presentation

Statement of compliance:

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Basis of preparation and presentation:

These standalone financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values.

The classification of assets and liabilities of the Company have been done into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of the business of the Company.

The Company has ascertained its operating cycle of the business as twelve months and therefore all current and non-current classifications are done based on the status of reliability and expected settlement of the respective asset and liability within a period of twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR'), which is Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest "million" and up to two decimals, except otherwise indicated.

Foreign currency transactions and translation:

Foreign currency transactions are translated in to functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of such transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical costs in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of initial transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Translation differences on non-monetary items measured at fair value is to be reported in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in the fair value of the item (i.e., FVTOCI or FVTPL). Any profit or loss arising on cancellation, maturity or renewal of forward exchange contracts is recognized as income or expenses in the statement of profit and loss and included in exchange difference.

The Company has elected to continue the policy adopted for accounting for exchange differences arising from translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items as described in Para D13AA of Ind AS 101 "First-Time Adoption of Ind AS". Accordingly, exchange loss/ (gain) arising on all long-term monetary items financed or re-financed relating to acquisition of property, plant and equipment are added to/adjusted from the cost of such assets/ capital work-in-progress and will be depreciated over the balance useful life of such assets.

Use of significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions.

These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of standalone financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future period, if the revision affects current and future periods.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Recoverability of deferred tax and other income tax

The Company has unabsorbed depreciation and MAT credit that are available for offset against future taxable profit. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

This involves an assessment of when those assets are likely to reverse, and a judgement as to whether or not there will be sufficient taxable profits available to offset the assets.

This requires assumptions regarding future profitability, which is inherently uncertain. To the extent assumptions regarding future profitability change, there can be an increase or decrease in the amounts recognised in respect of deferred tax assets and consequential impact in the statement of profit and loss.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This re-assessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits)

The obligation arising from defined benefit plans is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions.

All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. Any change in these assumptions would have a significant impact on the Company's balance sheet and the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

For property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable or previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased.

If such indication exists, then Company estimates recoverable amount of the assets or cash generating unit (CGU). A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

Impairment of investment

The Company assesses impairment of investments in subsidiaries which are recorded at cost. At the time when there are any indications that such investments have suffered a loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The recoverable amount requires estimates of operating margin, discount rate, future growth rate, terminal values, etc. based on management's best estimate. Any subsequent changes to the cash flows due to changes in the above-mentioned factors could impact the carrying value of investments.

Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as result of a past event and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in notes but not recognised in the financial statements.

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

Contingent assets are not recognised, but disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefit is probable. The actual outflow or inflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in provisions and contingencies.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's management determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available.

Where level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. Any change in the fair value of each asset and liability is also compared with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes all expenses and financing costs related to acquisition and construction of the concerned assets and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to the condition of its intended use.

The Company has elected to continue the policy adopted for accounting for exchange differences arising from translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items as described in Para D13AA of Ind AS 101 "First-Time Adoption of Ind AS". Accordingly, exchange loss/ (gain) arising on all long-term monetary items financed or re-financed relating to acquisition of property, plant and equipment are added to/adjusted from the cost of such assets/ capital work-in-progress and will be depreciated over the balance useful life of such assets.

Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment are capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Repair and maintenance cost are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related



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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognized as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Capital work-in-progress: Capital work-in-progress comprises of property, plant and equipment under development that are not ready for their intended use at the end of reporting period and are carried at cost comprising direct costs, related incidental expenses, other directly attributable costs and borrowing costs, less impairment losses if any.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on tangible property, plant and equipment has been provided on the basis of useful life as stated in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 using the straight-line method. Lease hold land is amortized over the period of lease. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The following are the estimated useful lives:

Class of assets	Useful lives (years)
Right-of-use assets	95-99 years
Buildings	Factory building and Building (other than RCC frame structure) – 30 years;
	Building (RCC frame structure) – 60 years;
	Building (temporary structure) – 3 years
Roads	Carpeted roads-RCC – 10 years Carpeted roads-other than RCC – 5 years Non-carpeted roads – 3 years
Plant and equipment	Special plant and machinery – 20 years; Plant and machinery other than continuous process plant – 15 years; Continuous process plant – 8 years
Computers and Data processing units	3/6 years
Motor Vehicles	8/10 years
Office equipment	5 years
Electrical installations	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortization and cumulative impairment.

Administrative and other general overhead expenses that are specifically attributable to acquisition of intangible assets are allocated and capitalized as a part of the cost of the intangible assets.

Computer software that is expected to provide future enduring economic benefits is capitalized. The capitalized cost includes license fees and cost of implementation/system integration services. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognized as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.

The intangible assets with a finite useful life are amortised using straight line method over their estimated useful lives. The management's estimates of the useful lives for various class of intangibles are as given below:

Class of assets	Useful lives estimated by the		
	management (years)		
Computer software	3 years		
Technical know-how	10 years		
Development cost	5 years		

Intangible assets under development: Research is original and planned investigation undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding. Expenditure pertaining to research activities is charged to the statement of profit and loss, when incurred.

Development is the application of research findings or other knowledge activities to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved material, devices, products, processes systems or services before the start of commercial production or use.

Development expenditure is capitalised as part of the cost of the resulting intangible asset only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Company intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise,

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

it is recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of tangible assets and intangible assets g) other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the assets is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognized in statement of profit and loss. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the assets recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in statement of profit and loss unless the assets is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through statement of profit and loss); and
- those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Initial measurement

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent measurement – debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of the debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

The Company classifies its debt instruments in the following three categories:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost.

A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not a part of the hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets where the assets cash flows represent solely payments of principal



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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

and interest are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI).

Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

When financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains/losses. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVTOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not a part of hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Subsequent measurement – equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity instruments at fair value. When the management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to statement of profit and loss.

Dividends from such investments are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Impairment of financial assets

Expected credit losses are recognised for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category.

Expected credit losses is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses as per Ind AS 109 for all originated or acquired financial assets, if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses, if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is de-recognized when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

When the Company has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized.

When the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset.

vii) Investment in subsidiaries

The Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiaries at cost less impairment loss, if any. Cost includes the purchase price and other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of investments.

Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Further, under Ind AS 101, while transitioning to Ind AS from previous GAAP, the Company had elected to measure its existing investments in subsidiaries on the date of transition at cost.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. Interest-bearing bank loans, overdrafts and issued debt are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognized over the term of the borrowings in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for borrowing costs.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models.

The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), correlation and volatility.

Derivative financial instrument

The Company holds derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts (not designated as cash flow hedges) to mitigate the risk of changes in exchange rates on foreign currency exposures. The counterparty for these contracts is generally a bank.

Financial assets or financial liabilities, at fair value through profit or loss

This category has derivative financial assets or liabilities which are not designated as hedges. Although the Company believes that these derivatives constitute hedges from an economic perspective, they may not qualify for hedge accounting under Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments.

Any derivative that is either not designated as hedge, or is so designated but is ineffective as per Ind AS 109, is categorized as a financial asset or financial liability, at fair value through profit or loss. Derivatives not designated as hedges are recognized initially at fair value and attributable transaction costs are recognized in net profit in the statement of profit and loss when incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss and the resulting exchange gains or losses are included in other income. Assets/ liabilities in this category are presented as current assets/ current liabilities if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.



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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank, cash on hand and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, that is readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. The basis of determining costs for each class of inventories are as follows:

- Raw materials, packing materials, consumables, stores and spares: Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are determined on first in, first out basis. However, these items are considered to be realisable at cost if the finished products, in which they will be used, are expected to be sold at or above cost.
- Finished goods and work-in-progress: Cost includes cost of direct materials, direct labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs. Cost is determined on first in, first out basis.
- Stock-in-trade: Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are determined on first in, first out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

I) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contracts with customers" provides a control-based revenue recognition model and provides a five-step application approach to be followed for revenue recognition i.e.:

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer;
- Identify the performance obligations;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations;
- Recognize revenue when or as an entity satisfies performance obligation.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price as specified in the contract with the customer, after the deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates, sales return on transfer of control in respect of ownership to the buyer which is generally on dispatch of goods and any other taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government which are levied on sales such as Goods and Services Tax (GST), where applicable. Discounts given include rebates, price reductions and other incentives given to customers.

As per the terms of the contract with customers, the Company expects, at the contract inception, that the period between transfers of a promised goods or services to customer and related payments for the goods or services will be less than one year or less. Accordingly, the Company has availed the practical expedient available as per paragraph 63 of Ind AS 115 and has not adjusted the promised amount of consideration for the effects of significant financing component, if any.

Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods or services has been transferred to the customers and Revenue from sale of services is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation towards rendering of such services. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract. The majority of the Company's revenue arrangements generally consist of a single performance obligation to transfer promised goods or services.

Revenue is recognised in an amount that reflects the consideration, which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. None of the Company's contracts contain variable consideration and contract modifications are generally minimal.

Contract balances

Contract assets: A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

Trade receivable: A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract liabilities: A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

Other incomes

- Claims and rebates receivables are accounted as and when settled.
- Interest income from a financial asset is recognized using the effective interest rate method when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.
- Dividends are recognized in statement of profit and loss when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- Incomes in respect of duty drawback or other export promotion schemes in respect of exports made during the year are accounted on accrual basis

m) **Employee benefits**

Employee benefits of the Company includes all forms of consideration (directly or indirectly) given by the Company in exchange for services rendered by employees or termination of employment. Where employees include their dependents and their beneficiaries and includes all categories i.e., full time, part time, casual, temporary and permanent etc.

Employee benefits includes four types of benefits:

- Short-term employee benefits,
- B. Post-employment benefits,
- C. Other long-term employee benefits, and
- Termination benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period. e.g.: salary and wages, social security contributions, paid leaves, maternity leave, bonus and other non-monetary benefits such as medical checkup, group insurance and subsidised services.

The Company measures short-term employee benefits on an undiscounted basis and they do not involve any actuarial valuation.

The Company recognises short-term employee benefits expected to be paid:

- as employee benefits expense in the statement of profit and loss, if it does not form part of the cost of an asset as per any other Ind AS (Ind AS 2 "Inventories" or Ind AS 16 "Property, plant and equipment"), and
- as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid.

Post-employment benefits

Employee benefits (other than short-term employee benefits and termination benefits) that are payable after the completion of employment. e.g.: gratuity.

These benefits are of two types:

- Defined contribution plans, and
- Defined benefits plans.

Defined contribution plans: Contribution to retirement benefit plans in the form of provident fund, employee state insurance scheme, pension scheme and superannuation schemes as per regulations are charged as an expense on an accrual basis when employees have rendered the service. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

Defined benefit plans: Defined benefit plan in the form of gratuity, are recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each balance sheet date using the projected unit credit method or in compliance with the requirements of the domestic laws. Gratuity is included in employee's benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss. The gratuity plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company.

The Company recognizes the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its balance sheet as an asset or liability.



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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

Gains and losses through remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. The actual return of the portfolio of plan assets, in excess of the yields computed by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation is recognized in other comprehensive income. The effects of any plan amendments are recognized on net basis in the statement of profit and loss.

Other long-term employee benefits

Employee benefits (other than short-term employee benefits, post-employment benefits and termination benefits) that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period. e.g.: long-term paid absences (compensated absences). They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in profit or loss. The said obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet, if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

Termination benefits

Employee benefits that are provided in exchange for termination of an employee's employment as a result of either:

- the Company's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date; or
- an employee's decision to accept an offer of benefits in exchange for the termination of the employment. E.g.: Retrenchment compensation etc.

The Company recognises termination benefits expected to be paid:

- as employee benefits expense in the statement of profit and loss, and
- as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid.

Leases

As a lessee:

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using the incremental borrowing rate.

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less, leases of low-value assets and cancellable leases.

The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in statement of profit and loss.

As a lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases.

The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

The Company did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

Borrowing costs o)

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets.

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or where out of general borrowings, funds may have been used, the borrowing cost is calculated by applying weighted average cost of borrowing applicable to such general borrowing which is outstanding during the year, are capitalized up to the date by which qualifying assets are ready for its intended use and included in the carrying amount of such assets.

All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit and loss.

Borrowing costs includes exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the finance cost.

Income tax p)

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current tax: The tax currently payable is based on estimated taxable income for the year in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations for which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and revises the provisions, if so required where consider necessary.

The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax: Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profit and quantified using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets relating to unabsorbed depreciation/ business losses/losses under the head capital gains if any are recognized and carried forward to the extent of available taxable temporary differences or where there is convincing other evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Transaction or event which is recognized outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or in equity, is recorded along with the tax as applicable.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT): Deferred tax assets include minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realized.

Current and deferred tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is made when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined based on the present value of the management's best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Significant accounting policies (Continued)

assessment of time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements.

Operating segments

"Operating segments" are components of the Company whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the "chief operating decision maker" (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. "Specialty chemical business" is identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by adjusting the figures used in the determination of basic EPS to take into account:

- after tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares,
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Cash flows statement

Statement of cash flows is prepared segregating the cash flows into operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, working capital changes, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows.

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at banks, other short-term deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible into cash.

Cost recognition

Costs and expenses are recognised in statement of profit and loss when incurred and are classified according to their nature.

Government grants

The Company recognizes government grants only when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with and the grants will be received.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income in statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods, to match with the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate.

When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as deferred government grant in the balance sheet and then subsequently transferred to statement of profit or loss on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

Exceptional items

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense, including tax items, within the statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Company.

Events after the reporting period

Adjusting events (that provides evidence of condition that existed at the balance sheet date) occurring after the balance sheet date are recognized in the financial statements. Material non-adjusting events (that are inductive of conditions that arose subsequent to the balance sheet date) occurring after the balance sheet date that represents material change and commitment affecting the financial position are disclosed in the Directors' report.

Dividend: The Company recognises a liability to make distributions of dividend to equity holders, when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. After approval, a corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

3 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Plant	Electrical	Office	Furniture	Vehicles	Computers and	Total
	and	and	insta-	equipment	and		Data processing	
	Roads	equipment	llations		fixtures		units	
At cost:								
As at 01 April 2022	376.53	922.80	115.90	20.29	24.50	55.05	14.36	1,529.43
Additions	164.31	203.96	58.69	6.41	52.06	-	13.53	498.96
Disposals	(36.04)	(1.61)	(5.58)	(0.03)	(2.73)	-	-	(45.99)
As at 31 March 2023	504.80	1,125.15	169.01	26.67	73.83	55.05	27.89	1,982.40
Additions	1,040.59	1,165.26	293.68	15.95	43.80	1.80	10.55	2,571.63
Disposals	(1.40)	(3.06)	(0.61)	-	-	-	-	(5.07)
As at 31 March 2024	1,543.99	2,287.35	462.08	42.62	117.63	56.85	38.44	4,548.96
Accumulated depreciation:								
As at 01 April 2022	43.31	132.25	31.43	8.48	9.28	17.58	8.04	250.37
Additions	12.89	50.37	11.56	3.75	2.81	6.94	3.28	91.60
Disposals	(4.40)	-	(1.96)	-	(1.27)	-	(0.00)	(7.63)
As at 31 March 2023	51.80	182.62	41.03	12.23	10.82	24.52	11.32	334.34
Additions	55.04	124.37	42.83	6.75	10.72	5.33	6.43	251.47
Disposals	(0.43)	(1.16)	(0.44)	-	-	-	-	(2.03)
As at 31 March 2024	106.41	305.83	83.42	18.98	21.54	29.85	17.75	583.78
Carrying amounts (net):								
As at 01 April 2022	333.22	790.55	84.47	11.81	15.22	37.47	6.32	1,279.06
As at 31 March 2023	453.00	942.53	127.98	14.45	63.01	30.53	16.57	1,648.06
As at 31 March 2024	1,437.58	1,981.52	378.66	23.64	96.09	27.00	20.69	3,965.18

Notes:

- (i) Security: Refer note 18 for the property, plant and equipment which has been given as security.
- Commitments: Refer note 46 for capital commitments made by the Company.
- (iii) Impairment: The Company has reviewed the recoverability of the assets and has concluded that no indication of impairment exists and hence, no impairment of asset is required.
- (iv) The Company has capitalised following directly attributable expenses to property, plant and equipment:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Employee benefits expense	24.43	7.55
Other expenses	1.94	-
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)	-	0.00
Total	26.37	7.55

- During the years ended, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment.
- (vi) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company has demolished its building and other fixtures for the purpose of construction of new and upgraded facility at its Vadodara unit and the carrying value of the demolished building and other fixtures has been derecognised. The difference between the carrying amount of the assets and the net disposal proceeds of the asset has been recognized as "exceptional items" in the standalone statement of profit and loss.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Right-of-use assets

Particulars	Leasehold land
At cost:	
As at 01 April 2022	325.54
Additions	-
Disposals	
As at 31 March 2023	325.54
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Other adjustments	(5.01)
As at 31 March 2024	320.53
Accumulated depreciation:	
As at 01 April 2022	11.64
Additions	4.48
Disposals	-
As at 31 March 2023	16.12
Additions	4.42
Disposals	-
As at 31 March 2024	20.54
Carrying amounts (net):	
As at 01 April 2022	313.90
As at 31 March 2023	309.42
As at 31 March 2024	299.99

Notes:

- Security: Refer note 18 for the right-of-use assets (leasehold land) which have been given as security.
- Commitments: Refer note 46 for capital commitments made by the Company.
- (iii) The Company has acquired all the land under lease, where the Company is the "lessee" and all the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the Company.
- (iv) The Company does not have any investment property.
- (v) During the years ended, the Company has not revalued its right-of-use assets.
- (vi) The Company does not have any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

5 **Capital work-in-progress**

Particulars	Capital work-in-progress
As at 01 April 2022	514.91
Additions	2,461.75
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	(669.22)
As at 31 March 2023	2,307.44
Additions	994.36
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	(2,572.53)
As at 31 March 2024	729.27

Notes:

(i) Commitments: Refer note 46 for capital commitments made by the Company.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

5 **Capital work-in-progress** (Continued)

Capital-work-in progress (CWIP) ageing schedule:

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2024					
Projects in progress	698.95	27.14	3.18	-	729.27
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	-	-
Total	698.95	27.14	3.18	-	729.27
As at 31 March 2023					
Projects in progress	1,845.87	450.67	10.90	-	2,307.44
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,845.87	450.67	10.90	-	2,307.44

^{*} The Company does not have any project which has been temporarily suspended.

- (iii) The Company does not have any capital-work-in progress (CWIP), whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost, compared to its original plan.
- (iv) The Company has transferred following directly attributable expenses to capital work-in-progress:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Employee benefits expense	5.85	24.43
Other expenses	-	1.94
Total	5.85	26.37

Other intangible assets 6

Particulars	Computer software	Technical knowhow	Total
At cost:			
As at 01 April 2022	6.35	0.07	6.42
Additions	3.14	-	3.14
Disposals	<u> </u>	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	9.49	0.07	9.56
Additions	0.90	-	0.90
Disposals		-	-
As at 31 March 2024	10.39	0.07	10.46
Accumulated amortisation:			
As at 01 April 2022	3.18	0.07	3.25
Additions	1.55	-	1.55
Disposals	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	4.73	0.07	4.80
Additions	2.15	-	2.15
Disposals		-	-
As at 31 March 2024	6.88	0.07	6.95
Carrying amounts (net):			
As at 01 April 2022	3.17	-	3.17
As at 31 March 2023	4.76	-	4.76
As at 31 March 2024	3.51	-	3.51

- Impairment: The Company has reviewed the recoverability of the assets and has concluded that no indication of impairment exists and hence, no impairment of asset is required.
- During the years ended, the Company has not revalued its intangible assets.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

7 Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Products under development
As at 01 April 2022	-
Additions	-
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	-
As at 31 March 2023	-
Additions	36.10
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	-
As at 31 March 2024	36.10

Notes:

Intangible assets under development (IAUD) ageing schedule:

Particulars	Amount in IAUD for a period of			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years More than 3 ye	Total
As at 31 March 2024				
Projects in progress	36.10	-	-	- 36.10
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	
Total	36.10	-	-	- 36.10
As at 31 March 2023				
Projects in progress	-	-	-	
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	

^{*} The Company does not have any project which has been temporarily suspended.

- (ii) The Company does not have any Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.
- (iii) The Company has recognised internally generated "Intangible assets under development" that includes directly attributable product development expenditure or cost necessary to design, construct, test, operation of pilot plant that is not of a scale economically feasable for commercial production and are incurred after completion of research stages and before the start of commercial production or use. The cost includes following expenses:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cost of materials consumed	7.09	-
Employee benefits expense	13.75	-
Other expenses	15.26	-
Total	36.10	-

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

8 **Investments**

Particulars	As at 31 March	2024	As at 31 March 2023	
_	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Unquoted:			'	
Equity investments measured at cost:				
- in subsidiaries:				
Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	6.66	-	6.66	-
(100,000 (31 March 2023:100,000) fully paid equity shares having face value of USD 1 each)				
Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	0.01	-	0.01	-
(120 (31 March 2023: 120) fully paid equity shares having face value of EUR 1 each)				
Quoted:				
Investments measured at FVTPL:				
- in mutual funds:				
ICICI prudential-overnight growth	-	100.51	-	-
(78,255 (31 March 2023: Nil) having NAV of ₹1,284.44 each)				
Total	6.67	100.51	6.67	-
Aggregate cost of quoted investments	-	99.00	-	-
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	-	100.51	-	-
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	6.67	-	6.67	-
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-	-	-

Notes:

- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- Disclosure of interest in the subsidiaries is as follows:

Name of entity, Place of incorporation and Principal activity		Proportion of ownership interest and voting power hel			
		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023		
1.	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	100%	100%		
	Michigan, USA				
	Wholesale trade and distribution of specialty chemicals				
2.	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	100%	100%		
	Amsterdam, The Netherlands				
	Wholesale trade and distribution of specialty chemicals				

- (iii) The Company has carried its investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries at cost less provision for impairment, if any. The Company does not have any investment in equity instruments designated at FVTOCI.
- (iv) During the years ended, no such event has occurred, that has a detrimental impact on estimated future cash flows of above investments and the Company does not have any investment which have significant increase in credit risk.
- (v) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (vi) The Company does not have any fellow subsidiaries, step down subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

8. **Investments** (continued)

- (vii) During the years ended, the Company does not have any subsidiaries which have been incorporated or liquidated or dissolved or merged or demerged.
- (viii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.

Other financial assets

(Carried at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March	2024	As at 31 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)				
Security deposits	42.60	3.62	26.62	28.54
Forward exchange contracts (refer sub note (iv))	-	-	-	5.16
Interest accrued on deposits	-	3.40	-	0.62
Total	42.60	7.02	26.62	34.32

Notes:

- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- The Company does not have any financial assets which have significant increase in credit risk.
- (iii) Security deposits are primarily in relation to public utility services and includes other services.
- (iv) The Company has entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate foreign exchange risk of expected transactions or realisation, these contracts are not designated as hedging instruments. (refer note 44)

Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cash on hand	0.82	0.82
Balances with banks:		
- in current accounts	2.38	73.21
- in cash credit accounts (surplus)	0.80	12.02
- in EEFC current accounts	187.88	110.80
- in deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	147.98	15.01
Total	339.86	211.86

Notes:

- Refer note 18 for security details of loans repayable on demand.
- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.

11 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Deposits with original maturity over 3 months but less than 12 months	3.13	138.50
Unclaimed dividend accounts	0.02	0.01
Margin money deposits for:		
-bank guarantee	21.20	31.83
-letter of credit	5.28	2.62
-other liens	0.25	1.00
Total	29.88	173.96

Notes:

Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments - fair values and risk measurement respectively.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

12 Loans

(Carried at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 As at 31 March	
	Current	Current
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Loans to employees	2.41	1.72
Total	2.41	1.72

Notes:

- The Company does not have any loan receivables from directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons and from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- (iii) The Company has not granted any loans or advances (in the nature of loans) to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are: (a) repayable on demand; or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (iv) The Company has not advanced or given loan or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (v) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.

13 Inventories

(At lower of cost or net realisable value)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Raw materials	253.81	299.45
Work-in-progress	718.49	589.67
Finished goods	204.38	229.83
Finished goods-in-transit	98.78	94.94
Packing materials	11.14	10.96
Consumables, stores and spares	154.49	289.63
Total	1,441.09	1,514.48

Notes:

- Refer note 18 for the inventories which has been given as security.
- Refer note 2 (k) for the mode of valuation for each class of inventories.
- (iii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

14 Other assets

Particulars	As at 31 March	2024	As at 31 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)				
Prepaid expenses	8.32	54.62	5.51	36.71
Capital advances	-	84.05	-	34.16
Advance to creditors	-	20.21	-	5.07
Balance with Revenue Authorities	-	47.69	-	38.53
Export incentives receivable	-	1.00	-	1.81
Unbilled trade receivables	-	111.20	-	101.40
Gratuity fund (net) (refer note 40)	-	6.98	-	5.86
Other receivables (refer note 47)	-	0.78	-	0.78
Total	8.32	326.53	5.51	224.32

Notes:

- Balance with revenue authorities primarily relate to input credit entitlements in respect of Goods and Service Tax from regulatory authorities. It includes ₹ 0.06 million of duty paid under protest for appeal referred in note 46 for "Recovery of excess refund on zero rated supplies under Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017".
- (ii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.

15 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Considered good - unsecured:			
- from related parties	245.14	295.53	
- from others	434.32	604.91	
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	
	679.46	900.44	
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	
Total	679.46	900.44	

Notes:

- The Company does not have any trade receivables from:
 - any directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons.
 - any firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member except wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company.
- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- (iii) Refer note 18 for security details.
- (iv) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on credit terms of 30 to 180 days.
- Refer note 42 for receivables from related parties.
- (vi) Refer note 41 for segment reporting.
- (vii) Refer note 35 for contract assets and contract liabilities.
- (viii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.
- (ix) In determining the allowances for credit losses of trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss (ECL) allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and the rates used in the provision matrix.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

15 Trade receivables (Continued)

Since the Company calculates impairment under the "Simplified approach" for trade receivables containing significant financing component and for trade receivables that do not contain significant financing component, then it is not required to separately track changes in credit risk of trade receivables, as the impairment amount represents "lifetime" expected credit loss.

Accordingly, based on a harmonious reading of Ind AS 109 and the break-up requirements under Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013, all such trade receivables are disclosed below, irrespective of whether they contain a significant financing component or not.

Summary of movement in loss allowance for credit losses of trade receivables:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	0.19
Add: Loss allowance for the year	-	-
Less: Excess provision written back	-	(0.19)
Balance at the end of the year	-	-

Trade receivables ageing schedule is as follows:

Particulars	Outstanding for following period from due date of payment					Total	
	Not due	Less than	6 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	
		6 months	- 1 year			3 years	
As at 31 March 2024							
Undisputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	639.83	35.15	4.48	-	-	-	679.46
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross total	639.83	35.15	4.48	-	-	-	679.46
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net trade receivables	639.83	35.15	4.48	-	-	-	679.46
As at 31 March 2023							
Undisputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	845.16	55.10	0.18	-	-	-	900.44
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross total	845.16	55.10	0.18	-	-	-	900.44
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net trade receivables	845.16	55.10	0.18	-	_	-	900.44



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

Equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)		
As at 01 April 2022	40,000,000	400.00
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	40,000,000	400.00
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	40,000,000	400.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)		
As at 01 April 2022	22,165,062	221.65
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	22,165,062	221.65
Changes during the year:		
Addition pursuant to fresh issue of shares in qualified institutional placement	1,226,993	12.27
As at 31 March 2024	23,392,055	233.92

Notes:

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividend and share in the Company's residual assets on winding up. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared and approved from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to his/its share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company.

Fresh issue of equity shares in qualified institutional placement (QIP):

Pursuant to the provisions of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 (SCRR), the Company is required to achieve at least 25.00% public shareholding within three years from the date of listing of its equity shares on the stock exchanges in the manner as specified under the SCRR and other applicable laws.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has completed fresh issue of equity shares vide qualified institutional placement (QIP), towards meeting the compliance in accordance with SCRR. The offer comprises of 1,226,993 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,630/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,620 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 2,000.00 million. The equity shares of the Company were allotted on 29 August 2023 vide board resolution dated 29 August 2023. These equity shares of the Company were listed on 30 August 2023 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

(iii) Dividend

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Board of Directors has recommended final dividend of 20% (₹ 2/- per equity share of face value ₹ 10 each) vide board resolution dated 05 May 2023 (refer note 48), which has been passed as ordinary resolution by the shareholders in AGM held on 22 September 2023.

- (iv) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to any contract(s) without payment being received in cash or by way of bonus share or shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:
 - The Company has not allotted any fully paid-up equity shares pursuant to any contract without payment being received in cash.
 - (b) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company has allotted 12,052,500 numbers of equity shares of the face value of ₹10 each by way of bonus share in the ratio of 1.5:1 vide Board resolution dated 31 December 2020, which has been passed as special resolution by the shareholders in EOGM held on 27 January 2021.
 - (c) The Company has not bought back any fully paid-up equity shares.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

16 Equity share capital (Continued)

Details of shareholding of promoters and promoter group including all other shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares is as below:

Name of shareholders	Shareholder	Number of equity	% of total equity	% change during
	category	shares held	shares	the year
As at 31 March 2024				
Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter	5,396,861	23.07%	-4.15%
Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter	4,897,219	20.94%	0.00%
Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Promoter	4,000,000	17.10%	-0.18%
M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF	Promoter group	715,345	3.06%	-22.39%
Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	Promoter group	900,000	3.85%	-2.20%
M/s Chintan N Shah HUF	Promoter group	447,500	1.91%	0.00%
Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter group	39,628	0.17%	-85.51%
Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	Promoter group	231,000	0.99%	0.00%
Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	Promoter group	218,080	0.93%	0.00%
Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	843	0.00%	0.00%
Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	482	0.00%	0.00%
Total		16,846,958	72.02%	-4.00%
As at 31 March 2023				
Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter	5,630,628	25.40%	0.00%
Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter	4,897,219	22.09%	0.00%
Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Promoter	4,007,190	18.08%	0.00%
M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF	Promoter group	921,711	4.16%	0.00%
Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	Promoter group	920,211	4.15%	0.00%
M/s Chintan N Shah HUF	Promoter group	447,500	2.02%	0.00%
Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter group	273,394	1.23%	0.00%
Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	Promoter group	231,000	1.04%	0.00%
Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	Promoter group	218,080	0.98%	0.00%
Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	843	0.00%	0.00%
Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	482	0.00%	0.00%
Total		17,548,258	79.17%	0.00%

- (vi) During the years ended, the promoters and promoter group does not have any number of shares pledged or otherwise encumbered.
- (vii) All the equity shares of the Company have been held in dematerialised form.
- $(\mbox{\sc viii})$ Statement of shareholding pattern of the equity shares of the Company is as below:

Sha	reholder category	As a	t 31 March 202	24	As at 31 March 2023		
		Numbers	Number of equity shares held	% of total	Numbers	Number of equity shares held	% of total
	Promoter and promoter group (refer sub note (v) above)	11	16,846,958	72.02%	11	17,548,258	79.17%
В	Public:						
	1 Institutions:						
	a Mutual funds	5	3,002,583	12.84%	6	2,433,683	10.98%
	b Alternate investment funds	-	-	-	4	43,561	0.20%
	c Foreign portfolio investors	30	853,691	3.65%	20	784,274	3.54%
	d Insurance companies	-	-	-	1	117,720	0.53%
	Subtotal (B)(1)	35	3,856,274	16.49%	31	3,379,238	15.25%



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

(34.05)

2,090.26

4,043.94

16 Equity share capital (Continued)

Sh	are	holo	ler category	As a	t 31 March 20	24	As at	31 March 2023	}
				Numbers	Number of	% of total	Numbers	Number of	% of total
					equity shares			equity shares	
					held			held	
2	No	on-ir	nstitutions:						
	а	Ind	dividuals holding:						
		i.	up to ₹ 0.20 million	71,145	2,103,240	8.99%	67,650	1,128,090	5.09%
		ii.	more than ₹ 0.20 million	5	351,300	1.50%	-	-	-
			Subtotal (B)(2)(a)	71,150	2,454,540	10.49%	67,650	1,128,090	5.09%
	b	Ot	hers:						
		i	Trusts	-	-	-	3	189	0.00%
		ii	Hindu undivided families	1,579	89,845	0.38%	1,453	43,124	0.19%
		iii	Non-resident Indians	807	75,427	0.32%	765	33,734	0.15%
		iv	Bodies corporate	139	67,539	0.29%	100	27,757	0.13%
		٧	Body corporate-Limited liability partnerships	8	1,468	0.01%	8	3,700	0.02%
		vi	Clearing members	1	4	0.00%	16	972	0.00%
			Subtotal (B)(2)(b)	2,534	234,283	1.00%	2,345	109,476	0.49%
			Subtotal (B)(2)	73,684	2,688,823	11.49%	69,995	1,237,566	5.58%
			Total B	73,719	6,545,097	27.98%	70,026	4,616,804	20.83%
To	tal	(A +	В)	73,730	23,392,055	100.00%	70,037	22,165,062	100.00%

⁽ix) The Company does not have any employee stock option plan (ESOP).

17 Other equity

Part	ticulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Seci	urities premium (refer sub-note (i))	4,043.94	2,090.26
Reta	ained earnings (refer sub-note (ii))	2,980.94	2,735.90
Tota	al Company	7,024.88	4,826.16
Note	S:		
	is:	As at	As at
		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Part	ticulars		
Part	Securities premium:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Part	Securities premium: Balance at the beginning of the year	31 March 2024 2,090.26	31 March 2023

Balance at the end of the year

Less: Share issue expenses (net of tax)

⁽x) Except three "promoters cum executive directors" referred above in sub note (v), none of the other directors and key managerial personnel of the Company hold any equity shares in the Company.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

17 Other equity (Continued)

Part	iculars	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(ii)	Retained earnings:		
	a. Retained earnings:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	2,739.11	2,378.80
	Changes due to round off	0.01	(0.01)
	Restated balance at the beginning of the year	2,739.12	2,378.79
	Add: Profit for the year	293.48	404.65
	Less: Dividend (refer note 16 and 48)	(46.78)	(44.33)
	Balance at the end of the year (a)	2,985.82	2,739.11
	b. Remeasurement of defined benefit plan, net of tax:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(3.21)	(1.92)
	Add: Other comprehensive (expense) for the year	(1.67)	(1.29)
	Balance at the end of the year (b)	(4.88)	(3.21)
	Balance at the end of the year (a) + (b)	2,980.94	2,735.90

18 Borrowings

(Secured unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March	2024	As at 31 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Term loans from:			'	
- banks in foreign currency	-	-	28.76	-
Vehicle loans from:				
- banks	6.39	-	13.54	-
Loans repayable on demand from:				
- banks in foreign currency	-	-	-	1,562.09
- banks in Indian rupees	-	100.00	-	-
Current maturities of long-term debt:				
Term loans (in foreign currency)	-	29.16	-	91.54
Vehicle loans	-	7.16	-	6.64
Total	6.39	136.32	42.30	1,660.27

Notes:

- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- The Company has not defaulted on repayment of principal and interest of any loan availed from any banks or financial institutions. The tenure of repayment of any loan availed by the Company from banks or financial institutions has not been rescheduled. The Company has not breached any covenants, terms and conditions of any loan agreement or any facility agreement.
- (iii) The Company has utilised the borrowings from banks for the specific purpose for which it was taken.
- (iv) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond statutory period.
- (v) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.
- (vi) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the personal guarantees of promoters cum directors of the Company i.e. Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel, Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani have been released. Earlier these personal guarantees were issued towards contractual obligations in respect of loans availed by the Company.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

18 Borrowings (Continued)

(vii) Terms of repayments are as follows:

Non-current borrowings including current maturities: Foreign currency term loans (FCTL) from ICICI Bank Limited:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
oreign currency term loans (FCFL) from feler bank climited.		
FCTL-II of USD 0.67 million i.e. ₹ 43.17 million is repayable in 72 equal		1.27
monthly installments of USD 0.01 million starting from 31 May 2017 to 30		
April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M LIBOR/SOFR +1.45% p.a.		
FCTL-III of USD 1.11 million i.e. ₹ 71.16 million is repayable in 72 equal	-	0.76
monthly installments of USD 0.02 million starting from 31 May 2017 to 30		
April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M LIBOR/SOFR +1.45% p.a.		
FCTL-X of USD 0.10 million i.e. ₹ 8.29 million is repayable in 8 equal monthly	-	1.08
	-	3.00
	_	41.34
		11.5
interest rate of 6.40% p.a.		
FCTL-VIII of USD 0.84 million i.e. ₹ 60.00 million is repayable in 16 equal	8.74	25.85
quarterly installments of USD 0.05 million starting from 05 December 2020		
to 05 September 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It		
carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a.		
	20.43	47.00
•		
	12 5/	20.18
	13.54	20.10
- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total non-current borrowings including current maturities	42.71	140.48
Current borrowings:		
Loans repayable on demand from CITI Bank N.A.:	100.00	638.65
Facilities includes fund-based facility of ₹ 850.00 million (31 March 2023:		
₹ 850.00 million) and non-fund-based facility of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: Nil). It		
carries interest rates ranging from 8.40% p.a. to 11.75% p.a.		
Loans repayable on demand from ICICI Bank Limited:	-	379.22
Facilities includes fund-based facility of $\stackrel{?}{ ext{ text{ ext{ $		
	April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M LIBOR/SOFR +1.45% p.a. CTL-X of USD 0.10 million i.e. ₹ 8.29 million is repayable in 8 equal monthly installments of USD 0.01 million starting from 30 September 2022 to 30 April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M SOFR +3.75% p.a. CTL-X of USD 0.10 million starting from 30 September 2022 to 30 April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M SOFR +3.75% p.a. CTL-VI of USD 0.29 million i.e. ₹ 20.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.02 million starting from 13 October 2019 to 13 July 2023 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.20% p.a. CTL-VII of USD 2.01 million i.e. ₹ 143.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.13 million starting from 28 April 2020 to 28 January 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.40% p.a. CTL-VIII of USD 0.84 million i.e. ₹ 60.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.05 million starting from 05 December 2020 to 05 September 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a. CTL-VII of USD 1.31 million i.e. ₹ 93.50 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.08 million starting from 28 February 2021 to 28 November 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a. CTL-VIII of USD 1.31 million i.e. ₹ 93.50 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.08 million starting from 28 February 2021 to 28 November 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a. CTL-VII of USD 1.31 million starting from 01 February 2021 to 01 January 2026. It carries interest rate of 7.46% p.a. Cotal non-current borrowings including current maturities Current borrowings: Loans repayable on demand from CITI Bank N.A.: Eacilities includes fund-based facility of ₹ 850.00 million (31 March 2023: № 1). It carries interest rates ranging from 8.40% p.a. to 11	monthly installments of USD 0.02 million starting from 31 May 2017 to 30 April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M LIBOR/SOFR +1.45% p.a. CTCL-X of USD 0.10 million i.e. ₹ 8.29 million is repayable in 8 equal monthly installments of USD 0.01 million starting from 30 September 2022 to 30 April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M SOFR +3.75% p.a. Coreign currency term loans (FCTL) from CITI Bank N.A.: CTCL-VI of USD 0.29 million i.e. ₹ 20.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.02 million starting from 13 October 2019 to 13 July 2023 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.20% p.a. CTCL-VII of USD 2.01 million i.e. ₹ 143.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.13 million starting from 28 April 2020 to 28 January 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.40% p.a. CTCL-VIII of USD 0.84 million i.e. ₹ 60.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.05 million starting from 05 December 2020 to 05 September 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a. CTCL-IX of USD 1.31 million i.e. ₹ 93.50 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.08 million starting from 28 February 2021 to 28 November 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a. CTCL-IX of USD 1.31 million i.e. ₹ 93.50 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of ₹ 0.22 million starting from 28 February 2021 to 28 November 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a. CTCL-IX of USD 1.31 million starting from 01 February 2021 to 01 January 2026. It carries interest rate of 7.46% p.a. Cotal non-current borrowings including current maturities Current borrowings: Cotal non-current borrowings including current maturities Current borrowings for the demand from CITI Bank N.A.: Cotal non-current borrowing mature of ₹ 850.00 million (31 March

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Borrowings (Continued)

Par	ticulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
3)	Loans repayable on demand from State Bank of India:	-	367.88
	Facilities includes fund-based facility of ₹ 400.00 million (31 March 2023:		
	₹ 400.00) and non-fund-based facility of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: Nil). It carries		
	interest rates ranging from 9.10% p.a to 9.45% p.a.		
4)	Loans repayable on demand from DBS Bank Limited:	-	176.35
	Facilities includes fund-based facility of ₹ 350.00 million (31 March 2023:		
	₹ 350.00) and non-fund-based facility of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: Nil). It carries		
	interest rates ranging from 8.65% p.a. to 9.25% p.a.		
	Total current borrowings	100.00	1,562.09

(viii) Nature of securities are as follows:

Foreign currency term loans - II, III, X and working capital facilities from ICICI Bank Limited have been secured by way of first pari-passu charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar unit of the Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets (except Vadodara unit) of the Company. Further secured by way of lien on fixed deposit of ₹ 5.15 million till 31 March 2023.

Foreign currency term loans - VI, VII, VIII, IX and working capital facilities from CITI Bank N.A. have been secured by way of first paripassu charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar unit and exclusive charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Vadodara unit of the Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets of the Company.

Working capital facilities from State Bank of India have been secured by way of first pari-passu charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar unit of the Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets (except Vadodara unit) of the Company.

Working capital facilities from DBS Bank Limited have been secured by way of first pari-passu charge on immovable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of the Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets (except Vadodara unit) of the Company.

Three vehicle loans from Axis Bank Limited have been secured by way of hypothecation of respective vehicles and personal guarantees of promoters cum directors of the Company.

19 Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Current	Current
Payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment	82.19	294.04
Interest accrued on borrowings	0.23	3.04
Dividend payable	0.02	0.01
Total	82.44	297.09

Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments - fair values and risk measurement respectively.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

20 Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March	2023
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current		
Employee benefits:						
Compensated absences (refer note 40)	13.34	3.62	11.45	3.32		
Total	13.34	3.62	11.45	3.32		

21 Other liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	Current	Current
Advances received from customers	13.76	8.00
Employee benefits payable*	43.11	32.63
Expenses payable	30.17	12.66
Statutory dues payable	8.33	13.38
Unearned revenue	111.20	101.40
Forward contract payable	0.62	-
Deferred government grant (refer note 36)	-	0.09
Unearned Income	-	2.03
Total	207.19	170.19

^{*}Refer note 42 for employee benefits payable to related parties

22 Trade payables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Dues of micro and small enterprises	66.73	164.26
Dues of other than micro and small enterprises	375.83	151.87
Total	442.56	316.13

Notes:

- The Company does not have any trade payables to:
 - any directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons.
 - any firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- (ii) Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments - fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- (iii) Trade payables are generally non-interest bearing and are on credit terms of 30 to 180 days.
- (iv) The Company does not have any trade payables to related parties.
- Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

22 Trade payables (Continued)

(vi) The amount due to micro and small enterprises (MSME) as defined in the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" (hereinafter referred to as "MSMED Act") has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The disclosures relating to micro enterprises and small enterprises is as below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Dues of micro and small enterprises less than 45 days	65.71	164.26
Dues of micro and small enterprises more than 45 days:		
- Principal amount outstanding	1.01	-
- Interest due on principal amount outstanding as above	-	-
- Interest paid under section 16 of MSMED Act	-	-
- Interest due and payable for the period of delay	0.01	-
- Interest due and unpaid	-	-
 Further interest due and payable in succeeding years, until the date of actual payment for disallowance under section 23 of MSMED Act. 	-	-
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	66.73	164.26

(vii) Trade payables ageing schedule:

Particulars	Outstand	ding for followir	ng period from o	due date of pay	ment	Total
	Not due	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	
		1 year			3 years	
As at 31 March 2024						
Undisputed:						
MSME	62.85	3.88	-	-	-	66.73
Others	368.85	6.98	-	-	-	375.83
Disputed:						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	431.70	10.86	-	-	-	442.56
As at 31 March 2023						
Undisputed:						
MSME	150.71	13.55	-	-	-	164.26
Others	146.13	5.74	-	-	-	151.87
Disputed:						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	296.84	19.29	-	-	-	316.13



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

23 Tax (assets)/ liabilities (net)

Deferred tax (assets)/ liabilities (net):

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Tax effect of items resulting in taxable temporary differences:			
Accelerated depreciation		271.41	126.61
	(i)	271.41	126.61
Tax effect of items resulting in deductible temporary differences:			
MAT credit entitlement		(316.46)	(243.11)
Disallowances under income tax (net)		(10.04)	(7.06)
Share issue expenses		(46.36)	(40.47)
Unabsorbed losses		(21.52)	-
	(ii)	(394.38)	(290.64)
Total (i+ii)		(122.97)	(164.03)

Current tax (assets)/ liabilities (net):

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Advance income tax	(82.72)	(33.77)
Provision for income tax	73.43	18.82
Total	(9.29)	(14.95)

Notes:

- Section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961 provides an option to the Company for paying income tax at reduced rates as per the provisions or conditions defined in the said section. The Company has opted to provide and consider the payment of income tax under old tax regime and deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the rates at which such deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be realised or settled.
- (ii) The Company is required to compute tax payable, higher of:
 - (a) Tax computed as per normal provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 or
 - (b) Tax payable as per MAT provisions computed u/s 115JB of Income Tax Act, 1961.

When the amount of minimum alternate tax (MAT) is greater than its normal tax liability, the difference between MAT and normal tax liability is recognised as assets "MAT credit entitlement".

- (iii) The Company has accrued significant amounts of deferred tax. The majority of the deferred tax (assets)/liability represents:
 - Taxable temporary differences:
 - Accelerated tax relief for the depreciation on property, plant and equipment
 - Deductible temporary differences:
 - Unused minimum alternate tax (MAT) credit carried forward,
 - (b) Net disallowances under income tax includes:
 - (i) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences),
 - (ii) Forward exchange contracts (not designated as hedge), and
 - Defined benefit obligation-gratuity fund
 - (c) Unabsorbed business losses,
 - (d) Share issue expenses

STATUTORY REPORTS

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

23 Deferred tax (assets)/ liabilities (net) (Continued)

(iv) Movements in deferred tax (assets)/liabilities (net):

Particulars	As at	Ch	As at		
	31 March 2024	- to balance sheet	- to profit and loss	- to other comprehensive income	31 March 2023
Accelerated depreciation	271.41	-	144.80	-	126.61
MAT credit entitlement	(316.46)	-	(73.35)	-	(243.11)
Disallowances under income tax (net)	(10.04)	-	(2.98)	-	(7.06)
Share issue expenses	(46.36)	(13.98)	8.10	-	(40.47)
Unabsorbed losses	(21.52)	-	(21.52)	-	-
Remeasurement of defined benefits	-	-	0.69	(0.69)	-
Net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities	(122.97)	(13.98)	55.74	(0.69)	(164.03)

Particulars	As at	Charged/(credited)			As at
	31 March 2023	- to balance	- to profit and loss	- to other	31 March 2022
		sheet		comprehensive	
				income	
Accelerated depreciation	126.61	-	17.17	-	109.44
MAT credit entitlement	(243.11)	-	(47.59)	-	(195.52)
Disallowances under income tax (net)	(7.06)	-	(6.09)	-	(0.97)
Share issue expenses	(40.47)	(40.47)	-	-	-
Provision for expected credit loss	-	-	0.05	-	(0.05)
Remeasurement of defined benefits	-	-	0.53	(0.53)	-
Net deferred tax liabilities	(164.03)	(40.47)	(35.93)	(0.53)	(87.10)

(v) MAT credit entitlement:

The MAT credit can be utilised by the Company in the subsequent years immediately succeeding the assessment year (A.Y.) in which such credit was generated. The credit can be adjusted in the year in which the liability of the Company as per the normal provisions is more than the MAT liability. MAT credit can be carried forward only for a period of 15 years, after which it will lapse. The details of MAT credit recognised in respective A.Y., along with their expiry details are set out below:

Recognised for assessment year	Expiry assessment year	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
A.Y. 2020-21	A.Y. 2035-36	10.38	10.38
A.Y. 2021-22	A.Y. 2036-37	57.52	57.52
A.Y. 2022-23	A.Y. 2037-38	127.62	127.62
A.Y. 2023-24	A.Y. 2038-39	47.59	47.59
A.Y. 2024-25	A.Y. 2039-40	73.35	-
Balance at the end of the year		316.46	243.11

- (vi) Recognition of deferred tax assets on MAT credit entitlement is based on the Company's present estimates and business plans as per which the same is expected to be utilized within the stipulated fifteen-year period from the date of origination.
- (vii) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has credited ₹ 13.98 million (31 March 2023: Nil) deferred tax related to share issue expense directly to other equity (securities premium).



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue from contract with customers:	51 (((a) 6) (2) (2)	51 Maion 2023
Sale of products	3,756.68	4,003.23
Other operating revenue:		
Export incentives (refer note 36)	6.14	6.36
Sale of scrap	23.95	20.85
Total	3,786.77	4,030.44

Notes:

- Refer note 35 for revenue from contract with customers as per Ind AS 115.
- Refer note 41 for information about operating segment as per Ind AS 108.
- (iii) Refer note 42 for related party transactions as per Ind AS 24.

25 Other income

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income on:		
- deposits with banks	21.74	36.48
- deposits with others	1.78	0.67
- income tax refund	0.32	-
- others	0.12	1.23
Income from government grants or assistance (refer note 36):		
- interest subsidy under interest equalisation scheme	8.79	14.87
- assistance under market development assistance scheme	0.50	-
- stipend subsidy under national apprenticeship promotion scheme	0.16	-
- interest subsidy on technology upgradation fund scheme - Ind AS	0.09	0.09
- provident fund subsidy under aatmanirbhar bharat rojgar yojana	0.05	0.23
Income tax refund (refer note 32)	-	1.52
Refund of reach charges	-	1.10
Net gain on foreign currency transaction and translation (refer note 37)	37.88	-
Provisions for doubtful debts written back (net) (refer note 15)	-	0.19
Liabilities no longer required written back	1.61	0.40
Net gain on sale of current investments	0.38	-
Fair valuation gains on current investments	1.51	-
Miscellaneous income	0.15	0.00
Total	75.08	56.78

26 Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventories of raw materials at the beginning of the year	299.45	463.79
Add: Purchases of imported raw materials	736.47	546.93
Add: Purchases of indigenous raw materials	1,005.50	1,446.90
Less: Inventories of raw materials at the end of the year	253.81	299.45
Total	1,787.61	2,158.17

Notes:

Refer note 7 for directly attributable 'cost of material consumed' transferred to intangible assets under development.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress

Particulars		Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Inventories at the beginning of the year			
- Work-in-progress		589.67	439.55
- Finished goods		229.83	321.84
- Finished goods-in-transit		94.94	218.12
	Subtotal (i)	914.44	979.51
Inventories at the end of the year			
- Work-in-progress		718.49	589.67
- Finished goods		204.38	229.83
- Finished goods-in-transit		98.78	94.94
	Subtotal (ii)	1,021.65	914.44
Total (i) - (ii)		(107.21)	65.07

28 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries and wages (refer note 42)	461.70	348.23
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 40)	18.18	14.53
Contribution to gratuity fund (refer note 40)	3.17	2.46
Staff welfare expenses	64.56	46.87
Total	547.61	412.09

Notes:

29 Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest expenses on:		
- term loans	4.81	12.01
- working capital loans	55.09	65.76
- car loans	1.24	1.72
- late payment of statutory dues	0.09	0.22
- others	0.03	0.06
Other borrowing costs	3.81	4.07
Total	65.07	83.84

30 Depreciation and amortization expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	251.47	91.60
Amortization on right-of-use asset (refer note 4)	2.39	2.39
Amortization on other intangible assets (refer note 6)	2.15	1.55
Total	256.01	95.54

⁽i) Refer note 3, 5 and 7 for directly attributable 'employee benefits expense' capitalised as property plant and equipment or transferred to capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

31 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Consumables, stores and spares	92.89	84.90
Electricity, power and fuel	347.77	236.12
Rent (refer note 38)	13.56	16.10
Repairs and maintenance of:		
- Buildings	3.96	2.72
- Plant and equipment	50.55	41.31
- Others	33.68	21.58
Packing expenses	84.04	83.34
Effluent treatment expenses	42.44	43.58
Labour and service charges	1.02	16.35
Laboratory expenses	13.82	13.44
Insurance	20.16	18.27
Security expenses	11.74	8.57
Safety expenses	6.62	7.57
Sitting fees (refer note 42)	0.78	0.66
Printing and stationery expenses	5.74	5.04
Legal and professional fees	30.68	23.77
Audit fees (refer note (ii) below)	3.44	3.09
Rates and taxes	2.11	3.10
Membership fees and subscription expenses	2.92	2.48
Communication expenses	1.73	1.81
Bank commission and other charges	1.49	1.38
Travelling and conveyance expenses	10.47	12.81
Selling and business promotion expenses	7.57	4.52
Freight clearing and forwarding expenses	78.60	146.38
Commission and brokerage	5.59	5.22
Bad debts	-	0.03
CSR expenditure (refer note (iii) below)	13.49	13.41
Net loss on foreign currency transaction and translation (refer note 37)	-	27.71
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	1.48	0.01
Sundry balances written-off	1.40	1.77
Miscellaneous expenses	0.36	1.29
Total	890.11	848.33

(i) Refer note 3, 5 and 7 for directly attributable 'other expenses' capitalised as property plant and equipment or transferred to capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

31 Other expenses (Continued)

(ii) Payment to auditors:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss:		
Payment to auditors (exclusive of goods and service tax):		
As auditor	2.40	1.65
For other services	1.04	1.44
Total	3.44	3.09
Recognised in standalone balance sheet:		
- Qualified institutional placement (QIP) related expenses	0.80	-
Total	0.80	-

(iii) Corporate social responsibility (CSR) expenditure:

As per provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company shall incur at least 2% of average net profits of the preceding three financial years towards corporate social responsibility ("CSR"). The Company has formed a CSR committee for carrying out CSR activities as per the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. Summary of CSR expenditure is as under:

Par	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
a)	Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	13.49	13.41
b)	Amount available for set-off from preceeding financial years	(0.46)	(0.98)
c)	Net CSR obligation for FY 2022-23 [a) + b)]	13.03	12.43
d)	Amount of expenditure incurred:		
	(i) For construction or acquisition of any assets	-	-
	(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	13.93	12.89
e)	Shortfall at the end of the year	Not applicable	Not applicable
f)	Total of previous year's shortfall	Not applicable	Not applicable
g)	Reason for shortfall	Not applicable	Not applicable
h)	Nature of CSR activities*	Refer below	Refer below
i)	Details of related party transactions#	Refer below	Refer below
j)	Provision movement^	Refer below	Refer below
k)	Excess amount spent, available for set-off in succeeding financial years	0.89	0.46

^{*} Nature of CSR activities includes skill development, eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, educational promotion, healthcare, safety, hygiene, environmental sustainability, rural development and wellness for communities.

#The Company does not have any related party transactions in relation to corporate social responsibility.

31A Exceptional items

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Loss on demolition of property, plant and equipment (refer note 3):		
Loss on demolition of building	-	30.80
Loss on demolition of furniture and fixtures	-	1.45
Loss on demolition of electrical installation	-	3.62
Total	-	35.87

[^]The Company does not carry any provisions for corporate social responsibility expenses for current year and previous year.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Tax expense/(benefits)

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current tax:			
- on profit for the year		73.43	18.82
- on short provision of tax relating to earlier years		-	0.77
	Subtotal (i)	73.43	19.59
Deferred tax:			
- on decrease in deferred tax assets (net)		128.40	11.13
- on MAT credit entitlement		(73.35)	(47.59)
- on remeasurement of defined benefit liability/(assets)		0.69	0.53
	Subtotal (ii)	55.74	(35.93)
Total (i) + (ii)		129.17	(16.34)

Notes:

Reconciliation of effective tax rate:

The reconciliation between estimated income tax expense at statutory income tax rate and tax expense reported in the standalone statement of profit and loss is given below:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Profit before tax (a)	422.65	388.31
Tax using the statutory tax rate @ 34.94% (31 March 2023: 29.12%)	147.69	113.07
Effect of:		
Non-allowable expenses	87.68	48.18
Allowable expenses	(229.02)	(56.94)
Tax holidays	(5.12)	(105.66)
Other deductions	(1.15)	(27.42)
Deferred tax	129.09	11.66
Tax in respect of earlier years	-	0.77
Net tax expense (b)	129.17	(16.34)
Effective tax rate (b)/(a)	30.56%	-

- (ii) The Company continues to pay income tax under older tax regime and has not opted for lower tax rate as per provisions of section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The Company is computing current tax on the basis of tax laws that have been enacted.
- (iii) Refer note 23 for deferred tax and current tax (assets)/liabilities (net).
- (iv) The Company is eligible for specified tax incentives which is included in the table above as tax holidays or exemptions. These are briefly described as under:
 - Location based exemption Special economic zone (SEZ) operations:

The Dahej unit of the Company located in Dahej SEZ, Bharuch, Gujarat, India enjoy certain benefits under section 10AA of the Income Tax Act, 1961, which allows 100% of the taxable profit (derived from the export turnover from a SEZ unit) to be exempted till 31 March 2022, provided certain conditions are met.

Subsequent to this date, 50% of the taxable profit will be allowed to be exempted till 31 March 2027.

Subsequent to 31 March 2027, 50% of the taxable profits will be allowed to be exempted for further five years, provided the amount allowable in respect of deduction is credited to Special Economic Zone Re-Investment Reserve account and the amount credited should be utilised for acquiring new plant and machinery and provided certain other conditions are met. There can be no assurance that the Company will continue to enjoy the tax benefits under section 10AA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 in future.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

32 Tax expense/(benefits) (Continued)

Other exemption - Research and development (R&D) operations:

The R&D unit of the Company located at Vadodara, Gujarat, India enjoys certain benefits under section 35(2AB) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, which allows 150% deduction of any expenditure on scientific research (not being expenditure in the nature of cost of any land or building) on in-house research and development facility as approved by the prescribed authority, provided certain conditions stipulated by Department of Scientific and Industrial Research ("DSIR") are met, up to 31 March

Subsequent to this date, 100% of any expenditure as specified above will be allowed as deduction.

Approval of DSIR to the in-house R&D unit was valid till 31 March 2024 and application for extention till 31 March 2027 is under approval. However, for subsequent period, deduction will be subject to approval of DSIR for the recognition of inhouse R&D for respective period.

- The Company has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by transfer pricing legislation for its international transactions as well as specified domestic transactions. Management believes that all the above transactions are at arm's length price and the aforesaid legislations will not have any impact on the standalone financial statement, particularly on the amount of tax expense and provision for taxation.
- (vi) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

33 Other comprehensive income/(expense)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Remeasurement (loss) of defined benefit plan obligations*	(2.36)	(1.82)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	0.69	0.53
Total	(1.67)	(1.29)

^{*}Refer note 40 for remeasurement (loss) of defined benefit plan obligations.

34 Earnings per equity share (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Face value per equity share (in ₹)	10	10
(a) Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (numerator)	293.48	404.65
(b) Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	22,165,062	22,165,062
(c) Equity shares issued or allotted during the year	1,226,993	-
(d) Number of equity shares at the end of the year	23,392,055	22,165,062
(e) Allotment date of equity shares issued or allotted during the year	29 August 2023	Not applicable
(f) Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating basic earnings per equity share (denominator)	22,889,189	22,165,062
(g) Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating diluted earnings per equity share (denominator)	22,889,189	22,165,062
(h) Earnings per equity share (in ₹):		
- Basic	12.82	18.26
- Diluted	12.82	18.26

Notes:

During the years ended, the Company has presented earnings per equity share for continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity shareholders of the Company. The Company does not have any discontinued operations.

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to their right to share profit for the year.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

Earnings per equity share (EPS) (Continued)

The Company does not have any instruments (including contingently issuable shares) that could potentially dilute earnings per

- The earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.
- (iii) Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued or allotted during the year, multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the year.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has completed fresh issue of equity shares vide qualified institutional placement (QIP). The offer comprises of 1,226,993 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,630/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,620 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 2,000.00 million. The equity shares of the Company were allotted on 29 August 2023 vide board resolution dated 29 August 2023. The equity shares of the Company were listed on 30 August 2023 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

35 Revenue from contract with customers

Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods has been transferred to the customers. Revenue from sale of services is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation towards rendering of such services. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract.

"Specialty chemical business" has been identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

Although to meet the disclosure objective with respect to disaggregation of revenue under "Ind AS 115 Revenue from contract with Customers" the Company believes that disaggregation on the basis of "product categories" best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of its revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

Par	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
Α	Revenue from contract with customers (based on geographical location)	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
^	recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss:		
	Sale of products:		
	Outside India	2,620.35	2,836.65
	In India	1,136.33	1,166.58
	Total	3,756.68	4,003.23
В	Provision/(reversal) of expected credit loss on trade receivables recognised in		
	the standalone statement of profit and loss:		
	Other expenses/(income):		
	Provisions for doubtful debts/ (written back) (net)	-	(0.19)
	Provision/(reversal)	-	(0.19)
С	Disaggregation of revenue:		
(i)	Revenue based on type or nature of goods or services:		
	Phase transfer catalysts (PTC)	980.30	1,333.86
	Structure directing agents (SDA)	1,624.55	1,264.05
	Electrolyte salts and solutions (ESS)	44.76	146.25
	Pharmaceutical and agrochemical intermediates and others (PASC)	1,107.07	1,259.07
	Total	3,756.68	4,003.23

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Revenue from contract with customers (Continued)

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(ii)	Revenue based on its timing of recognition:		
	Goods or services transferred over a point of time	3,756.68	4,003.23
	Goods or services transferred over a period of time	-	-
	Total	3,756.68	4,003.23
(iii)	Revenue based on contract duration:		
	Short-term contracts	3,756.68	4,003.23
	Long-term contracts	-	-
	Total	3,756.68	4,003.23
(iv)	Revenue based on relationship with the customers:		
	Non-related parties	2,861.31	2,678.45
	Related parties (refer note 42)	895.37	1,324.78
	Total	3,756.68	4,003.23
D	Reconciliation of the amount of revenue recognised in the standalone		
	statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:		
	Revenue as per contracted price:	3,776.83	3,856.94
	Less: Sales returns or credits or reversals	(10.35)	(10.65)
	Less: Deferment of revenue during the year	(111.20)	(101.40)
	Add: Recognised as revenue during the year	101.40	258.34
	Revenue from contract with customers	3,756.68	4,003.23

Contract assets and liabilities:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current contract assets:		
Trade receivables (refer note 15)	679.46	900.44
Unbilled trade receivables (refer note 14)	111.20	101.40
Contract assets	790.66	1,001.84
Current contract liabilities:		
Advances received from customers (refer note 21)	13.76	8.00
Unearned revenue (refer note 21)	111.20	101.40
Contract liabilities	124.96	109.40

Notes:

- Amounts received in advance from customers i.e. before the related performance obligation is satisfied, are included in the balance sheet as "Advances received from customers" (Contract liability) in "Other current liabilities". Amounts invoiced or billed for performance obligation satisfied but not yet paid by the customers are included in the balance sheet as "Trade receivables" (Contract assets).
- There were no significant changes in the composition of the contract liabilities and contract assets during the years reported, other than on account of routine invoicing, revenue recognition and customer advances.
- (iii) Amounts previously recorded as contract liabilities have been increased due to further advances received from customers during the years and decreased due to revenue recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation during the years.
- (iv) Amounts previously recorded as trade receivables have been increased due to revenue recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation during the years and decreased on account of amount received from customers during the years.
- (v) As per the terms of the contract with customers, either all performance obligations are to be completed within one year from the date of such contracts or the Company has a right to receive consideration from its customers for all completed performance



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

35 Revenue from contract with customers (Continued)

obligations. Accordingly, the Company has availed the practical expedient available as per paragraph 121 of Ind AS 115 and dispensed with the additional disclosures with respect to performance obligations that remained unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) at the balance sheet date. Further, since the terms of the contracts directly identify the transaction price for each of the completed performance obligations, in all material respects, all the elements of transaction price have been included in the revenue recognised in the standalone financial statements. Further, there is no material difference between the contract price and the revenue from contract with customers.

(vi) As per the terms of the contract with customers, the Company expects, at the contract inception, that the period between transfer of a promised goods or services to customer and related payments for the goods or services will be less than one year or less. Accordingly, the Company has availed the practical expedient available as per paragraph 63 of Ind AS 115 and has not adjusted the promised amount of consideration for the effects of significant financing component, if any.

36 Government grants

Government grants recognised as deferred government grant in the standalone balance sheet:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Other liabilities (current):		
Deferred government grant (refer note 21):		
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.09	0.17
Less: Credited to standalone statement of profit and loss	(0.09)	(0.09)
Balance at the end of the year	-	0.09

В Government grants or assistance recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Grants related to income:		
Revenue from operations:		
Other operating revenue (refer note 24):		
Export incentives:		
Duty drawback	3.73	5.53
Remission of duties or taxes on export products scheme (RODTEP)	2.41	0.83
	6.14	6.36
Other income:		
Income on government grants or assistance (refer note 25):		
Grant related to assets:		
- Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS) of State Government	0.09	0.09
Grants related to expenses:		
- Interest Equalisation Scheme of Central Government	8.79	14.87
- Market Development Assistance Scheme of State Government	0.50	-
- National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme of Central Government	0.16	-
- Aatmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana of Central Government	0.05	0.23
	9.59	15.19
Total	15.73	21.55

Notes:

The Company has not recognised any government grants whose conditions are not fulfilled and to which other contingencies are attached.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

37 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Foreign exchange (gain)/loss recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Realised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(31.97)	32.61	
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)	(5.91)	(4.90)	
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(37.88)	27.71	

- (ii) Refer note 3 to 7 for foreign exchange loss/(gain) capitalised in accordance with the option exercised under para D13AA of Ind AS 101 First-Time Adoption of Ind AS.
- (iii) Foreign exchange used or earned in terms of actual inflows and outflows is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Foreign exchange taken or earned (actual inflow)	2,875.92	3,228.93
Foreign exchange used or expenditures (actual outflow)	(721.97)	(2,409.30)
Net inflow	2,153.95	819.63

(iv) During the years ended, the Company has received, all due trade receivable from both the overseas wholly owned subsidiaries and from other overseas non-related parties within 60 days of its falling due or as prescribed by Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

38 Leases

Company as lessee:

Short-term leases: The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less (short-term lease), leases of low-value assets and cancellable leases. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

The Company has taken "leasehold land" on long-term lease, these leases are entirely prepaid by the Company and does not have any future lease liability towards the same. (refer note 4)

Amounts recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended 31 March 2023
	31 March 2024	
Other expenses:		
Rent:		
Short-term or cancellable leases	13.56	16.10
Total	13.56	16.10

39 Research and development expenditure

The Company has obtained a registration from the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR) for its research and development unit, which is approved under section 35(2AB) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 by the prescribed authority. The summary of research and development expenditure (capital and revenue) admissible under section 35(2AB) is as under:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024		Year ended 31 March 2023	
	Gross amount	Admissible	Gross amount	Admissible
Capital expenditure	22.19	17.57	195.52	109.98
Revenue expenditure	79.42	69.08	60.39	48.88
Total	101.61	86.65	255.91	158.86



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits

Employee benefits of the Company includes all forms of consideration (directly or indirectly) given by the Company in exchange for services rendered by its employees or on termination of employment.

Short-term employee benefits:

Measurement and recognition:

The Company measures short-term employee benefits on an undiscounted basis and it does not involve any actuarial valuation on the

The Company has recognised short-term employee benefits expected to be paid:

- as employee benefits expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss, if it does not form part of the cost of an asset as per any other Ind AS (Ind AS 2 "Inventories" or Ind AS 16 "Property, plant and equipment") (refer note 28), and
- as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the standalone balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid. (refer note 20)

Post-employment benefits: B

Defined contribution plans:

Description of plan:

The Company makes defined contribution to the recognised employee provident fund (EPF) as per provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and to employee state insurance corporation (ESIC) as per provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 for qualifying employees, which are recognised as employee benefits expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss, on accrual basis when an employee renders the related service. The Company does not have any further contractual or constructive obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

Measurement and recognition:

Under these contributions, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the provisions and rules of the related laws.

The Company has recognised defined contribution plans as follows:

Part	iculars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023	
(i)	Amount recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss:			
	Employee benefits expense:			
	Contribution to statutory funds:			
	Employers' contribution to EPF	17.59	13.99	
	Employers' contribution to ESIC	0.59	0.54	
	Total	18.18	14.53	
(ii)	Amount recognised in standalone balance sheet:			
	Other current liabilities:			
	Statutory dues payable:			
	Employers' provident fund payable	1.30	1.26	
	Employers' state insurance corporation payable	0.05	0.05	
	Total	1.35	1.31	

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Defined benefit plans:

- Gratuity (funded):
- Description of plan:

The Company makes annual contributions to defined benefit gratuity plan (funded) to finance the plan liability for qualifying employees. The gratuity fund is separately managed and administered by a trust (approved under the Income tax Act, 1961) and is legally separate from the Company. The plan is funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) in the form of qualified insurance policy. The contribution towards the trust fund is done as per rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962. The provisions of plan in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 are as follows:

The eligible employees are entitled to post-retirement benefit at the rate of 15 days last drawn salary (monthly salary is calculated for 26 days) for each completed year of service until the retirement age of 58 years, subject to ceiling of `2 million:

- On termination of employment due to superannuation or early retirement or resignation: with vesting period of 5 years of service.
- On death or permanent disablement in service: without any vesting period.

Where employees leave the Company prior to full vesting of the contributions, the contribution payable by the Company is reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

Governance of plan:

The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of trustees. The Board of trustees are responsible for the administration, for overall governance of the plan assets, for the definition of the investment strategy and to act in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed and rules in the best interests of the plan participants. They do periodic reviews of the solvency of the fund and play a role in the long-term investment, risk management and funding strategy.

Investment strategy:

The investment strategy in respect of its funded plans is implemented within the framework of the applicable statutory requirements. The plan exposes the Company to various actuarial risks such as:

- Interest rate risk: A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
- (ii) Salary inflation risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
- (iii) Investment risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bond yields; if the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, the plan has a relatively balanced investment in government securities and other debt instruments.
- (iv) Asset liability matching (ALM) risk: The plan faces the ALM risk, as to the matching cash flows. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.
- (v) Longevity (mortality) risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
- (vi) Concentration risk: The plan is having a concentration risk, as all the assets are invested with the insurance company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very low as insurance companies have to follow stringent regulatory guidelines which mitigate risk.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Measurement and recognition:

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost and past service cost is determined based on actuarial valuation as at the reporting date and is measured using the "projected unit credit method", which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional units of employees benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build-up the final obligation.

The obligations are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows by applying various valuation assumptions (referred below). The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation is based on the market yields on Government bonds as at the date of actuarial valuation.

For the purpose of calculation, past service is rounded to the nearest integer. Suitable application of the ₹ 2 million ceiling has been considered while conducting the valuation and during the years ended, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 31 March 2024 and this valuation has been done in conformity with the Actuarial Practice Standard 27 (APS 27) and the relevant guidance notes issued by Institute of Actuaries of India.

The Company has recognised actuarial gains or losses (net of tax) immediately in the other comprehensive income (OCI).

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of actuarial valuation of defined benefit plans were as follows:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Demographic assumptions:		
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality
	2012-14 (Urban)	2012-14 (Urban)
Retirement age	58 years	58 years
Attrition rate	For service 4 years and below	For service 4 years and below
	25.00% p.a.	25.00% p.a.
	For service 5 years and above	For service 5 years and above
	5.00% p.a.	5.00% p.a.
Financial assumptions:		
Salary escalation rate	8%	8%
Discount rate and expected return on plan assets	7.21% p.a. (Indicative G.Sec	7.41% p.a. (Indicative G.Sec
	referenced as on 31 March	referenced as on 31 March
	2024) for the tenure of 8 years	2023) for the tenure of 8 years
Average expected future service	8 years	8 years

The Company has recognised defined benefits plans as follows:

Parti	articulars Year en 31 March 2		Year ended 31 March 2023
(i)	Amount recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss:		
	Employee benefits expense:		
	Current service cost	3.60	2.75
	Past service cost and (gain)/loss on settlements	-	-
	Net interest cost	(0.43)	(0.29)
	Total	3.17	2.46

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Partic	ulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
(ii)	Amount of actuarial gains or losses recognised in other	32 (((a) (a) 202)	51 March 2025
	comprehensive income (OCI):		
	Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability:		
	Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net	0.26	0.20
	interest cost)		
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial	0.56	(1.16)
	assumptions		
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	1.54	2.78
/:::\	Total	2.36	1.82
(iii)	Amount recognised in standalone balance sheet: Present value of funded defined benefit obligation	(27.79)	(20.92)
	(increased by 32.82%)	(27.79)	(20.92)
	Fair value of plan assets	34.77	26.78
	Net asset arising from defined benefit obligation	6.98	5.86
	Non-current	-	-
	Current	6.98	5.86
	Total	6.98	5.86
(iv)	Reconciliation of net (asset)/liability recognised in standalone	0.50	3.00
(,	balance sheet:		
	Net (asset)/liability at the beginning	(5.86)	(4.21)
	Expenses recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss	3.17	2.46
	Expenses recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)	2.36	1.82
	Benefits paid directly by employer	-	
	Employers' contribution	(6.65)	(5.93)
	Net (asset) at the end	(6.98)	(5.86)
(v)	Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligation:	(0.00)	(5.55)
(*)	Defined benefit obligation at the beginning	20.92	15.82
	Current service cost	3.60	2.75
	Interest cost	1.55	1.09
	Remeasurement (gains)/losses:	1.55	1.03
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial	0.56	(1.16)
	assumptions	0.30	(1.10)
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	1.54	2.78
	Past service cost		
	Benefits paid from the fund	(0.38)	(0.36)
	Defined benefit obligation at the end	27.79	20.92
(vi)	Movement in the fair value of the plan assets:	27.73	20.52
(• 1)	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning	26.78	20.03
	Interest income	1.98	1.38
	Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest	(0.26)	(0.20)
	income)	(0.26)	(0.20)
	Contributions from the employer	6.65	5.93
	Benefits paid from the fund	(0.38)	(0.36)
	Fair value of plan assets at the end	34.77	26.78



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Partic	ulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023	
(vii)	Composition of the plan assets:	31 Watch 2024	31 Walch 2023	
	Qualified insurance policy	100%	100%	
	Total	100%	100%	
(viii)	Net interest (income)/expenses:			
	Present value of the defined benefit obligation at the beginning	20.92	15.82	
	Fair value of the plan assets at the beginning	(26.78)	(20.03)	
	Net (asset)/liability at the beginning	(5.86)	(4.21)	
	Interest cost	1.55	1.09	
	Interest income	(1.98)	(1.38)	
	Net interest (income)	(0.43)	(0.29)	

Sensitivity analysis:

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	Year ended 31 N	/Jarch 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(2.63)	3.13	(2.00)	2.37
Employee turnover (1% movement)	(0.32)	0.35	(0.21)	0.23
Future salary growth (1% movement)	2.98	(2.64)	2.27	(2.00)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation, as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognised in the standalone balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Each year an asset liability matching study is performed in which the consequences of the strategic investment policies are analysed in terms of risk and return profiles. Investment and contribution policies are integrated within this study.

Past service analysis:

The distribution of liability on defined benefit plans over different ranges of past service intervals is as follows:

Particulars Year ended		Year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Less than 4 years	16.80%	18.40%	
5 years and above	83.20%	81.60%	
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Analysis of discontinuance liability:

The liability on discontinuance basis is the amount the Company has to pay if the Company discontinues its business on the valuation date. The discontinuance liability (undiscounted accrued benefits) ignoring vesting criterion, if any on the valuation date and the distribution of the discontinuance liability for vested and non-vested employees is as follows:

Particulars Year ended		Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discontinuance liability (increased by 29.13%)	29.70	23.00
Vested employees	72.36%	70.25%
Non-vested employees	27.64%	29.75%

f) Maturity analysis:

The expected effect of defined benefit payments on the Company's future cash flows will be as follows:

Particulars	Year ended Year ended 31 March 2024 31 March 2	
Less than 1 year	1.41	0.86
Between 1-2 years	7.50	6.15
Over 5 years	63.30	49.51

C Other long-term employee benefits:

Compensated absences (non-funded): i)

Description of plan:

The plan is non-funded and non-contributory defined benefits and cover the Company's liability for privilege leave. Under the compensated absences plan, leave encashment is payable to eligible employees on separation from the Company due to death, retirement, superannuation or resignation, at the rate of daily last drawn salary (monthly salary is calculated for 26 days), as per current accumulation of leave days. Other provisions of the plan are:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Encashment on separation	Yes	Yes
Encashment while in service	Yes	Yes
Availment while in service	Yes	Yes
Maximum accumulations (in days)	30	30
Maximum encashment (in days)	30	30
Excess over maximum accumulations	Lapse	Lapse
Vesting criteria	No	No

Accumulating paid absences may be either vesting (in other words, employees are entitled to a cash payment for unused entitlement on superannuation or resignation or retirement) or non-vesting (when employees are not entitled to a cash payment for unused entitlement on superannuation or resignation or retirement). An obligation arises, when employees render service that increases their entitlement to future paid absences. The obligation exists and is recognised, even if the paid absences are nonvesting, although the possibility that employees may leave before they use an accumulated non-vesting entitlement affects the measurement of that obligation.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Measurement and recognition:

The present value of the other long-term employee benefit and the related current service cost and past service cost is determined based on actuarial valuation as at the reporting date and is measured using the "projected unit credit method", which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional units of employees benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build-up the final obligation.

The obligations are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows by applying various valuation assumptions (referred below). The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation is based on the market yields on Government bonds as at the date of actuarial valuation.

Based on the Company's past experience, the leave balances are split up into three proportions; leaves for while in service availment, leaves for while in service encashment and leaves for encashment on exit. This proportion is considered to follow the last in first out (LIFO) approach as guided in the Ind AS 19. During the years ended, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the other long-term employee benefits were carried out at 31 March 2024 and this valuation has been done in conformity with the Actuarial Practice Standard 27 (APS 27) and the relevant guidance notes issued by Institute of Actuaries of India.

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of actuarial valuation of other long-term employee benefits are same assumptions that are used in actuarial valuation of defined benefit plan (gratuity) (referred above), except two additional demographic assumptions which were as follows:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Demographic assumptions:		
While in service availment rate	3% of the total leave	3% of the total leave
(for compensated absences)	(for all future years)	(for all future years)
While in service encashment rate	5.00% of the leave balance	5.00% of the leave balance
(for compensated absences)	(for the next year)	(for the next year)

The Company has recognised actuarial gains or losses on other long-term employee benefits as follows:

Part	ciculars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
(i)	Amount recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss:		
	Employee benefits expense:		
	Salaries and wages:		
	Compensated absences	6.81	10.82
	Total	6.81	10.82
(ii)	Amount recognised in standalone balance sheet:		
	Present value of unfunded other long-term employee benefits (increased by 14.83%)	16.96	14.77
	Total liability arising from other long-term employee benefits	16.96	14.77
	Non-current	13.34	11.45
	Current	3.62	3.32
	Total	16.96	14.77

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis:

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the other long-term benefits obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	Year ended 31 Ma	arch 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(0.98)	1.13	(0.83)	0.97
Employee turnover rate (1% movement)	(0.10)	0.11	(0.07)	0.08
Future salary growth rate (1% movement)	1.11	(0.98)	0.95	(0.84)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the other long-term employee benefits obligation, as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another, as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the other long-term benefits obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognised in the standalone balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Past service analysis:

The distribution of liability on compensated absences over different ranges of past service intervals is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Less than 9 years	84.04%	87.84%
Between 10-19 years	14.46%	10.77%
Between 20-29 years	1.50%	1.39%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Analysis of discontinuance liability:

The liability on discontinuance basis is the amount the Company has to pay if the Company discontinues its business on the valuation date. The discontinuance (undiscounted accrued benefits) liability ignoring vesting criterion, if any on the valuation date is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Discontinuance liability (increased by 13.47%)	15.71	13.85

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the discontinuance liability and other long-term employee benefits includes the due but not paid liability amount of ₹ 0.13 million (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil)

D Termination benefits:

Measurement and recognition:

The Company measures termination benefits on initial recognition and will further measure and recognise subsequent changes, in accordance with the nature of employee benefits, provided that:

if the termination benefits are an enhancement of post-employment benefits, then the Company will apply all the requirements of post-employment benefits,



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

- if the termination benefits are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period, then the Company will apply all the requirements of short-term employee benefits, and
- if the termination benefits are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period, then the Company will apply all the requirements of long-term employee benefits.

The Company has recognised termination benefits expected to be paid:

- as employee benefits expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss, and
- as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the standalone balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid.

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Amount recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss:		
Employee benefits expense:		
Salaries and wages:		
Retrenchment compensation	-	0.28
Total	_	0.28

During the years ended, the Company does not have any current liabilities and current assets related to termination benefits.

41 Segment reporting

"Operating segments" are components of the Company whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the "Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM)" to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

"Specialty chemical business" has been identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

Information about geographical areas:

Revenue from contract with customers*:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Outside India	2,620.35	2,836.65
India	1,136.33	1,166.58
Total	3,756.68	4,003.23

^{*}Revenue from contract with customers has been allocated on the basis of the location of customers.

Non-current assets*:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
India	5,207.94	4,465.84
Outside India:		
USA	6.66	6.66
The Netherlands	0.01	0.01
Total	5,214.61	4,472.51

^{*}Non-current assets have been allocated on the basis of the geographic location of the respective assets.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

41 Segment reporting (Continued)

Information about major customers:

Customers contributing more than 10% of the total revenue from contract with customers:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Customer 1	37%	26%
Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	13%	19%
Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	11%	14%
Customer 2	11%	-

Customers contributing more than 10% of the outstanding trade receivables:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	27%	15%
Customer 1	19%	35%
Customer 2	19%	-
Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	9%	18%
Customer 3	-	12%

42 Related party disclosures

Related parties:

(b)

The Company does not have any holding company, fellow subsidiaries, step down subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. As per the Ind AS 24 on "Related Party Disclosures", list of related parties identified in the Company are as follows:

Subsidiary Companies:

Tatva Chintan USA Inc.

Executive directors

Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.

Key managerial personnel (KMP) and relatives of key managerial personnel:

(a) Key managerial personnel (KMP):

Mr. Aryan Shekhar Somani Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani

Executive an ectors	Designation.
Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Chairman and Managing Director
Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Whole Time Director
Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	Whole Time Director
Non-executive directors	
Dr. Manher Chimanlal Desai	Independent Director
CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel	Independent Director
Dr. Avani Rajesh Umatt	Independent Director
Other key managerial personnel	
Mr. Ashok Bothra	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Ishwar Nayi	Company Secretary and Compliance officer
Relatives of key managerial personnel:	
Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	
Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	
Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	
Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	
Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	Management Trainee- Marketing (w.e.f. 01 October 2022)

Designation

Management Trainee- Business Development (w.e.f. 22 June 2023)



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

42 Related party disclosures (Continued)

Enterprises over which key managerial personnel and their relatives are able to exercise significant influence or control:

M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF Shital R Somani HUF Arete Virtue Jewels Shree Sai Baba Petroleum

Bakia Laboratories Star Enterprise M/s Chintan N Shah HUF Sardar Medical

Kirit H. Shah HUF Unigroup Resources LLP Marvel Indenting Private Limited Universal Distributors **Premier Solution Private Limited** Universal House

Samir Rasiklal HUF Somani Voltajar Technology Private Limited

Shekhar Rasiklal Somani Ancestral D. J. Shah Investment Finance Private Limited

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Private Limited Employees Group Gratuity Scheme

Transactions with related parties:

The Company's related parties primarily consist of its wholly owned subsidiaries and all the contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and were in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act and Listing Regulations and are approved by Audit committee.

The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their relatives were not favourable than those transaction available or those transaction which might reasonably be expected to be available, in respect of similar transactions with non-key management personnel and their relatives on an arm's length basis.

The aggregate value of the Company's transactions with related parties are as follows:

Par	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1	Subsidiaries:		
(i)	Revenue from contract with customers:		
	Sale of products:		
	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	488.23	760.59
	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	407.14	564.19
	Total subsidiaries	895.37	1,324.78
2	Key managerial personnel (KMP) and relatives of key managerial personnel:		
(i)	Employee benefits expense:		
	Managerial remuneration:		
	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	13.39	16.50
	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	13.39	16.50
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	13.39	16.50
	Other key managerial personnel:		
	Mr. Ashok Bothra	6.54	5.16
	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	1.09	0.86
	Relatives of key managerial personnel:		
	Mr. Aryan Shekhar Somani	0.25	-
	Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	0.33	0.15
	Subtotal	48.38	55.67
(ii)	Other expenses:		
	Sitting fees:		
	CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel	0.29	0.25
	Dr. Manher Chimanlal Desai	0.27	0.23
	Dr. Avani Rajesh Umatt	0.22	0.18
	Subtotal	0.78	0.66

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

42 Related party disclosures (Continued)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Reimbursement of expenses:		
Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	0.02	0.14
Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	0.04	0.23
Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	0.47	0.38
Mr. Ashok Bothra	0.00	0.01
Mr. Ishwar Nayi	0.01	-
Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	0.00	-
Subtota	0.54	0.76
(iii) Other equity:		
Dividend paid (refer note 16 and 48):		
Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	10.79	11.26
Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	9.79	9.79
Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	8.00	8.01
M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF	1.43	1.84
Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	1.80	1.84
M/s Chintan N Shah HUF	0.90	0.90
Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	0.08	0.55
Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	0.44	0.44
Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	0.46	0.46
Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani	0.00	0.00
Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani	0.00	0.00
Subtota	33.69	35.09
Total KMP and relatives of KMP	83.39	92.18

С **Balances with related parties:**

The aggregate value of the Company's outstanding balances with related parties are as follows:

Part	ticulars	Maximum	As at	As at
		outstanding	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1	Subsidiaries:			
(i)	Non-current financial assets:			
	Investments (refer note 8):			
	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	6.66	6.66	6.66
	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	0.01	0.01	0.01
		Subtotal	6.67	6.67
(ii)	Current financial assets:			
	Trade receivables (refer note 15):			
	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	172.78	59.44	159.46
	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	199.49	185.71	136.07
		Subtotal	245.15	295.53
	Total subsidiaries		251.82	302.19



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(Currency: ₹ in Million)

42 Related party disclosures (Continued)

Par	iculars	Maximum	As at	As at
		outstanding	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
2	Key managerial personnel (KMP) and relatives of key managerial p	ersonnel:		
(i)	Other current liabilities:			
(a)	Employee benefits payable:			
	Managerial remuneration:			
	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	0.76	-	0.76
	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	0.76	-	0.76
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	0.77	-	0.77
	Other key managerial personnel:			
	Mr. Ashok Bothra	0.99	0.23	0.40
	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	0.10	0.09	0.06
	Relatives of key managerial personnel:			
	Mr. Aryan Shekhar Somani	0.02	0.02	-
	Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	0.03	0.02	0.02
	Subto	tal	0.36	2.77
(b)	Expenses payable:			
	Reimbursement of expenses:			
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	0.11	0.02	0.03
	Subto	tal	0.02	0.03
	Total KMP and relatives of KMP		0.38	2.80

Note:

- None of the Company's director is related to each other or to any other key managerial personnel.
- The Company has not entered into any service contracts with its directors or key managerial personnel which include termination or retirement benefits. Except statutory benefits upon termination of their employment in the Company or superannuation or otherwise, none of the key managerial personnel is entitled to any benefits upon termination of employment or superannuation.
- (iii) The Company does not have any contingent or deferred compensation payable to its directors or key managerial personnel which does not form part of their remuneration.
- (iv) The Company does not have any profit-sharing plan in which its directors or key managerial personnel have participated.
- (v) All the key managerial personnel (other than executive directors) are interested in the Company only to the extent of the remuneration or benefits to which they are entitled to as per their terms of appointment and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them during the ordinary course of their service.
- (vi) All the key managerial personnel except its executive directors, are permanent employees of the Company.
- (vii) The directors of the Company have not been paid any kind of remuneration from any of its subsidiaries.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

43 Financial instruments

Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities can be categorised as follows:

- The Company has carried its investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries at deemed cost less provision for impairment, if any as per paragraph D15 of Ind AS 101 "First-time adoption of Indian accounting standards". The Company does not have any investment in equity instruments "designated" at FVTOCI.
- (ii) All financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company are measured at "amortised cost" except current investments, which have been designated to be measured at "FVTPL".
- (iii) The Company does not have any financial assets measured at FVTOCI.
- (iv) During the years ended, the Company has not reclassified any financial assets and financial liabilities.
- During the years ended, the Company has not off-settled any financial assets and financial liabilities.
- (vi) Refer note 15 for movement in loss allowance for credit losses of trade receivables.
- (vii) The Company does not have any type of compound financial instruments.
- (viii) Refer note 18 for security details of financial assets and for no default and breach related to borrowings.
- (ix) The Company has disclosed carried amount, net gains or losses if any, interests' income and interest expenses of all the categories of financial assets and liabilities in respective notes forming part of standalone financial statements.

R **Hedge accounting:**

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments: The Company uses foreign currency denominated borrowings and foreign exchange forward contract to manage its transaction exposures. The foreign exchange forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges and are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions, generally from 4 to 6 months.

The Company does not use cash flow hedges, fair value hedges, hedging of net investment in foreign operations and embedded derivatives.

Fair values:

The Company's management have assessed that the "carrying amounts" of financial assets and liabilities other than those valued at Level 1 and Level 2 are considered to be reasonable approximation of their "fair values" due to their current and short-term nature. Accordingly, the Company has not separately disclosed fair values as per paragraph 29 of Ind AS 107 " Financial instruments: disclosures".

Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value of financial instruments has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

Level 1 quoted prices in an active market: This level of hierarchy includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This category consists of investment in quoted equity shares and mutual funds. It has been valued using the closing price as at the reporting period on the stock exchanges.

Level 2 valuation techniques with observable inputs: This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). The fair value of these instruments is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3 valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs: This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair value is determined in whole or in part, using a



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

43 Financial instruments (Continued)

valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor based on available market data.

Measurement of fair values:

The Company's management have used its best judgement in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

However, there are inherent limitations in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates presented above are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could have realised or paid in transactions as of respective dates. As such, fair value of financial instruments subsequent to the reporting dates may be different from the amounts reported at each reporting date.

Recognition and classification of financial assets (non-current and current):

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised	Total	Fair	value hierar	chy
			cost	_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31 March 2024							
Investments	100.51	-	6.67	107.18	100.51	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	679.46	679.46	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	339.86	339.86	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	29.88	29.88	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	2.41	2.41	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	49.62	49.62	-	-	-
Total	100.51	-	1,107.90	1,208.41	100.51	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	142.71	142.71	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	442.56	442.56	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	82.44	82.44	-	-	-
Total	-	-	667.71	667.71	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023							
Investments	-	-	6.67	6.67	-	-	
Trade receivables	-	-	900.44	900.44	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	211.86	211.86	-	-	
Other bank balances	-	-	173.96	173.96	-	-	
Loans	-	-	1.72	1.72	-	-	
Other financial assets	5.16	-	55.78	60.94	-	5.16	-
Total	5.16	-	1,350.43	1,355.59	-	5.16	-
Borrowings	-	-	1,702.57	1,702.57	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	316.13	316.13	-	-	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	297.09	297.09	-	-	
Total	-	_	2,315.79	2,315.79	-	-	

STATUTORY REPORTS

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

44 Financial instruments-risk management

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for establishing and governing the Company's risk management framework. The Company has constituted a risk management committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and reflect the changes in the policy accordingly. The key risks and mitigating actions have also been placed before the Audit Committee of the Company. This note explains the nature, extent and sources of risks arising from financial instruments to which the Company is exposed at the end of the reporting years and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the standalone financial statements.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprise mainly of investments, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, trade receivables and other receivables. The Company's business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks namely:

- Credit risk,
- В. Liquidity risk and
- C. Market risk

Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual and performance obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk encompasses both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration risks.

Company's credit risks principally arise from trade receivables and other receivables, from investments, from cash and cash equivalents, from forward exchange contracts and from security deposits or other deposits. The maximum credit exposure associated with financial assets is equal to the carrying amount. Details of the credit risk specific to the Company along with relevant mitigation procedures adopted have been enumerated below:

Trade and other receivables:

Customer credit risk has been managed by the Company and is subject to established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management by establishing credit limits, credit approvals and monitoring the credit worthiness of the customers to which the Company extends the credit in the normal course of the business. The Company uses publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Company's exposure and the credit ratings (if available) of its counterparties are continuously monitored. The outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and appropriate action has been taken for collection of overdue receivables.

Refer note 15, 35 and 41 for other disclosures related to trade receivables.

Other financial assets:

Other financial assets include investments, security deposits, forward exchange contracts, cash and cash equivalents, loans, other bank balance and other receivables.

- Investments in mutual funds are made only in large fund houses of good repute and credit worthiness.
- Security deposits have been given to various government authorities including other counterparties. Being government authorities, the Company believe that it does not has any exposure to credit risk. Security deposits to others are subject to established policy, procedures and controls relating to counterparty credit risk management by monitoring their credit worthiness, etc.
- Foreign exchange forward contracts (not designated as hedging instruments) have been taken with the intention of reducing foreign exchange risk of expected transactions. The Company attempts to limit the credit risk by only dealing with reputable banks having high credit-ratings assigned by credit-rating agencies.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Financial instruments-risk management (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents and fixed deposits are placed with banks having good reputation and having high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Refer note 8 to 12 for other disclosures related to other financial assets.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will face in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's approach in managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses. In doing this, management considers both normal and stressed conditions.

The Company has maintained a cautious liquidity strategy, with a positive cash balance throughout the years ended. Cash flow from operating activities provides the funds to service the financial liabilities on a day-to-day basis.

The Company regularly monitors the rolling forecasts to ensure it has sufficient cash on an on-going basis to meet operational needs. Any short-term surplus cash generated, over and above the amount required for working capital management and other operational requirements, is retained as cash and cash equivalents (to the extent required) and any excess is invested in interest bearing term deposits with appropriate maturities to optimise the cash returns on investments while ensuring sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities.

The Company also manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Exposure to liquidity risk:

The following table shows the maturity analysis of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractually agreed undiscounted cash flows, along with its carrying value as at the balance sheet date. It includes principal, estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

Particulars	Carrying	Contractua	l maturities	Total
	amount	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
As at 31 March 2024				
Borrowings	142.71	136.32	6.39	142.71
Trade payables	442.56	442.56	-	442.56
Other financial liabilities	82.44	82.44	-	82.44
Total	667.71	661.32	6.39	667.71
As at 31 March 2023				
Borrowings	1,702.57	1,660.27	42.30	1,702.57
Trade payables	316.13	316.13	-	316.13
Other financial liabilities	297.09	297.09	-	297.09
Total	2,315.79	2,273.50	42.30	2,315.79

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Financial instruments-risk management (Continued)

C Market risk:

Market risk is the risk, that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices. The Company is exposed in the ordinary course of its business to risks related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

Currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's functional currency is Indian Rupees (INR). The Company has exposure to foreign currency mainly by way of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and trade payables (primarily USD and EUR) and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk. Volatility in exchange rates affects the Company's revenue from exports markets and the costs of imports, primarily in relation to exports with respect to the US-dollar. Adverse movements in the exchange rate between the Rupee and the relevant foreign currency results in increase in the Company's overall debt position in Rupee terms without the Company having incurred additional debt.

In order to minimize adverse effects on the financial performance, the Company has entered into foreign exchange forward contracts (not designated as hedging instruments) to hedge foreign currency exchange risk. All hedging activities are carried out in accordance with the Company's internal risk management policy, as approved by the Board, and in accordance with the applicable regulations where the Company operates. Such decisions are taken after considering many factors such as upside potential, cost of structure and the downside risks etc. Weekly reports are submitted to management on the covered and open positions and mark to market (MTM valuation).

Exposure to currency risk:

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (Unhedged foreign currency exposure) at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 3	1 March 2024		As at 31	March 2023	
	USD	EUR	Total	USD	EUR	Total
Financial assets:		,			·	
Investments	6.66	0.01	6.67	6.66	0.01	6.67
Trade receivables	418.59	-	418.59	669.65	-	669.65
Cash and cash equivalents	187.88	-	187.88	110.80	-	110.80
Total Financial assets	613.13	0.01	613.14	787.11	0.01	787.12
Financial liabilities:						
Borrowings	29.16	-	29.16	120.30	-	120.30
Trade payables	196.68	7.92	204.60	57.62	0.01	57.63
Other financial liabilities	0.05	-	0.05	0.17	-	0.17
Total Financial liabilities	225.89	7.92	233.81	178.09	0.01	178.10

At the end of the reporting period the total notional amount of outstanding foreign currency contracts that the Company has committed to are as below:

Particulars	As at 31 Mar	ch 2024	As at 31 March 2023		
	in USD	in INR	in USD	in INR	
Foreign currency forwards-sell	7.66	638.91	9.42	774.81	

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the years:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	1 USD	1 EUR	1 USD	1 EUR
Opening rate as at 01 April	82.22	89.61	75.81	84.66
Average rate	82.79	89.81	80.33	83.67
Closing rate as at 31 March	83.37	90.22	82.22	89.61



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

44 Financial instruments-risk management (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis:

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of "profit before tax" to a reasonably possible change of 2% in USD and EUR rates to the functional currency of the Company, with all other variables held constant:

Particulars	As at 31 March	2024	As at 31 March 2	2023	
	Impact on profit before tax if exchange rates				
	increase	decrease	increase	decrease	
	by 2%	by 2%	by 2%	by 2%	
USD	7.74	(7.74)	12.18	(12.18)	
EUR	(0.16)	0.16	0.00	-	

(ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because funds are borrowed at both fixed and floating interest rates. The Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. Therefore, they are not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is measured by using the cash flow sensitivity for changes in variable interest rate.

The Company has exposure to variable interest rate risk, arising principally on changes in repo rate, MCLR, LIBOR and SOFR rates. The Company uses a mix of interest rate sensitive financial instruments to manage the liquidity and fund requirements for its day-to-day operations like short-term loans. The Company manages this risk by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings. Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite, ensuring the most cost-effective hedging strategies are applied. The Company also has financial assets i.e. fixed deposits with fix rate of interest, therefore, they are not subject to interest rate risk.

Exposure to interest rate risk:

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instrument is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 Marc	h 2024	As at 31 Mar	ch 2023
	Fix rate	Variable rate	Fix rate	Variable rate
Financial assets	177.84	-	188.96	-
Financial liabilities	42.71	100.00	137.37	1,565.20

Interest rate sensitivity analysis:

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of "profit before tax" to a reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in variable interest rates for borrowings of the Company, assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting year was outstanding for the whole year with all other variables held constant:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Impact on profit before tax if interest rates:		
- increase by 100 basis points	(1.00)	(15.65)
- decrease by 100 basis points	1.00	15.65

45 Capital management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence, to sustain future development of the business and to be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes paid-up equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business plan coupled with long-term and short-term strategic investment and expansion plans. The funding needs are met through equity, cash generated from operations, longterm and short-term bank borrowings. The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

45 Capital management (Continued)

The table below summaries the capital, net debt and net debt to equity ratio of the Company:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Equity:		
Equity share capital	233.92	221.65
Other equity:		
Securities premium	4,043.94	2,090.26
Retained earnings	2,980.94	2,735.90
Total equity (a)	7,258.80	5,047.81
Liabilities:		
Non-current borrowings	6.39	42.30
Current borrowings	136.32	1,660.27
Gross debt	142.71	1,702.57
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(339.86)	(211.86)
Less: Other bank balances (including deposit with banks with original maturity of	(29.88)	(173.96)
more than 12 month)		
Adjusted net debt (b)	(227.04)	1,316.75
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio (b)/(a)	-	0.26

Notes:

- During the years ended, no changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital. (i)
- Net debt includes interest bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances.

46 Contingent liabilities and commitments

(to the extent not provided for)

Par	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Α	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts for:		
	- Indirect tax matters (refer note (iii) below)	12.15	13.56
	- Direct tax (refer note (iv) below)	1.00	1.00
В	Capital and other commitments:		
	- Estimated amount of contracts (capital) remaining to be executed	273.03	177.33
	- Export obligation under advance license scheme on duty free import of specific raw materials	13.28	2.78
	Total	299.46	194.67

Notes:

- The Company does not have any classes of liabilities which have been identified as provisions as per Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent liabilities and contingent assets" except provisions covered under Ind AS 109, Ind AS 19 and Ind AS 12.
- Pending resolution of the respective proceedings, it is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above, as it is determinable only on receipt of judgments or decisions pending with various forums or authorities. The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its standalone financial statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial position.

(iii) Indirect tax matters:

The Company has received show cause cum demand notice dated 29 March 2022 from Deputy Director General of GST Intelligence (DGGI), for recovery of erroneous refund on zero rated supplies under Integrated Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 (IGST) amounting to ₹ 11.38 million pertaining to financial year 2017-18 and 2018-19, apart from interest and penalty under section 74 (1) of The Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 (CGST) r.w. regulation 20 of IGST Act, 2017. The Company has filed application against the same. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial position.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

46 Contingent liabilities and commitments (Continued)

(b) The Company has received order dated 3 March 2021 from Superintendent, CGST for recovery of erroneous refund on zero rated supplies under IGST Act, 2017 amounting to ₹ 0.56 million pertaining to financial year 2017-18, apart from interest and penalty. The Company has filed appeal against the same. The Company expects the outcome of this proceeding in its favour.

(iv) Direct tax matters:

The Company has received show cause notice dated 22 September 2022 from Income tax assessment unit under section 274 read with section 270A of the Income Tax Act, 1961 amounting to ₹ 1.00 million pertaining to assessment year 2020-21 (financial year 2019-20). The Company has filed appeal against the same. The Company expects the outcome of this proceeding in its favour.

47 Other disputed matters

The Company has filed two criminal complaints against M/s Kaveri Engineering Works ("Accused"), before the Chief Judicial Magistrate under the provisions of sections 138 and 141 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, wherein it is alleged that two cheques amounting ₹ 0.78 million was issued by the Accused to the Company (in respect of certain advance payments made to the Accused, that was to be reimbursed to the Company, in light of the failure of the Accused to deliver certain goods to the Company) was subsequently dishonoured. The matter is currently pending and the Company expects the outcome of this proceeding in its favour.

48 Subsequent events

In preparing these standalone financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions that occur during the period subsequent to 31 March 2024 for potential recognition or disclosure in the standalone financial statements. These subsequent events have been considered through 03 May 2024, which is the date, the standalone financial statements were available to be issued. Except proposed dividend, no significant items were identified, which may require an adjustment to the standalone financial statements.

The Board of Directors has recommended a final dividend of 20% (₹ 2/- per equity share of face value ₹ 10 each) for the financial year ended 31 March 2024, which is subject to the approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. If approved, the dividend would result in a cash outflow of approximately ₹ 46.78 million for financial year ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: ₹ 44.33 million).

49 Statement of utilization of initial public offer (IPO) proceeds

- During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company has completed initial public offer (IPO) of 4,616,804 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,083/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,073 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 5,000.00 million. The offer comprises of a fresh issue of 2,077,562 equity shares aggregating to ₹ 2,250.00 million and an offer for sale of 2,539,242 equity shares aggregating to ₹ 2,750.00 million. The equity shares of the Company were allotted on 27 July 2021 vide board resolution dated 27 July 2021. The equity shares of the Company were listed on 29 July 2021 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).
- Pursuant to regulation 32(1) and 32(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, statement of utilization of IPO proceeds as at 31 March 2024 is as follows:

Objects of the offer	Amount as per "Offer document" 30 July 2021	Unutilised amount as at 31 March 2023	Utilised during the year ended 31 March 2024	Unutilised amount as at 31 March 2024
Expansion of manufacturing facility in Dahej	1,471.00	4.32	4.32	-
Upgradation at R&D facility in Vadodara	239.71	115.12	115.12	-
General corporate purposes	362.10	-	-	-
Total	2,072.81	119.44	119.44	-

Notes:

The Company has appointed ICICI Bank Limited as the "Monitoring agency" in terms of regulation 41(2) of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended, to monitor the utilization of IPO proceeds.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

Statement of utilization of initial public offer (IPO) proceeds (Continued)

- (ii) The Company has obtained a monitoring agency report on quarterly basis from the "Monitoring agency" and filed the same with both BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) where equity shares of the Company are listed and uploaded the same on Company's website.
- (iii) The above statement of utilization of IPO proceeds has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of directors at their meeting held on 03 May 2024.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has utilised full amount of IPO proceeds as per "objects of the offer".
- (v) In accordance with section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has not used the net proceeds for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in shares of any other listed company.
- (vi) The Company has not entered in any proposal whereby any portion of the net proceeds will be paid to the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel, or senior management personnel, except in the ordinary course of business. Further, there are no existing or anticipated transactions in relation to the utilisation of the net proceeds entered into or to be entered into by the Company with the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel and/or senior management personnel.

50 Statement of utilization of qualified institutional placement (QIP) proceeds

- During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has completed fresh issue of equity shares vide qualified institutional placement (QIP). The offer comprises of 1,226,993 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,630/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,620 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 2,000.00 million. The equity shares of the Company were allotted on 29 August 2023 vide board resolution dated 29 August 2023. The equity shares of the Company were listed on 30 August 2023 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).
- Pursuant to regulation 32(1) and 32(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, statement of utilization of QIP proceeds as at 31 March 2024 is as follows:

Objects of the offer	Amount as per	Utilised amount	Unutilised amount	
	"Offer document"	during year ended	as at	
	29 August 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2024	
Repayment / pre-payment, in full or in part, of certain outstanding borrowings availed by the Company	1,550.00	1,550.00	-	
General corporate purposes	393.45	393.45	-	
Net proceeds	1,943.45	1,943.45	-	

Notes:

- The Company has appointed Crisil Ratings Limited as the "Monitoring agency" in terms of regulation 41(2) of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended, to monitor the utilization of QIP proceeds.
- The Company has obtained a monitoring agency report on quarterly basis from the "Monitoring agency" and filed the same with both BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) where equity shares of the Company are listed and uploaded the same on Company's website.
- (iii) The above statement of utilization of QIP proceeds has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of directors at their respective meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has utilised full amount of QIP proceeds as per "objects of the offer".
- (v) In accordance with section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has not used the net proceeds for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in shares of any other listed company.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

50 Offer expenses (IPO) (Continued)

- (vi) The Company has not entered in any proposal whereby any portion of the net proceeds will be paid to the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel, or senior management personnel, except in the ordinary course of business. Further, there are no existing or anticipated transactions in relation to the utilisation of the net proceeds entered into or to be entered into by the Company with the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel and/or senior management personnel.
- (vii) Net proceeds have been revised from ₹ 1,942.50 million to ₹ 1,943.45 million. The actual cost incurred by the Company towards offer related expenses was less than the estimated cost disclosed in the offer document. Accordingly, the amount of ₹ 0.95 million, has been included to "general corporate purposes".
- (viii) The Company has deployed net proceeds towards general corporate purposes, in accordance with Regulation 7(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to drive business growth, including, amongst other things, meeting any expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business, including salaries and wages, rent, administration expenses, insurance related expenses, and the payment of taxes and duties, servicing of borrowings including payment of interest and any other purpose as permitted by applicable laws and as approved by the Board.

51 Additional regulatory information

- (a) The Company does not have any transaction and/or balance that need to be disclosed under clause 34(3) read with Part A of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended and section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 i.e. the Company has not directly or indirectly given any loan to any person or other body corporate, given any guarantee or provided security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person and have not acquired by way of subscription, purchased or otherwise, the securities of any other body corporate, exceeding sixty percent of its paid-up share capital, free reserves and securities premium account or one hundred per cent of its free reserves and securities premium account, whichever is more.
- (b) The Company has not entered into any subsisting material agreement, including with strategic partners, joint venture partners or financial partners, other than in the ordinary course of business.
- During the years ended, the Company has not been party to any merger or amalgamation and there have been no material acquisitions or divestments of business or undertakings by the Company.
- Neither the promoters, nor any of the key managerial personnel, senior management personnel, directors or employees of the Company has entered into an agreement, either by themselves or on behalf of any other person, with any shareholder or any other third party with regard to compensation or profit sharing in connection with the dealings of the securities of the Company.
- None of the director is or was a director of any listed company, whose shares are or were suspended from being traded on any stock exchanges, during the term of their directorship in such company. Further, none of the directors is, or was, a director of any listed company, which has been or was delisted from any stock exchange during the term of their directorship in such company.
- None of the director has been nominated, appointed or selected pursuant to any arrangement or understanding with major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others of the Company.
- The Company, its promoters, its directors, persons in control of the Company and the members of the promoter group have not been prohibited from accessing the capital markets and have not been debarred from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any securities market regulator in any jurisdiction or any other authority or court.
- (h) The Company does not have any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- Borrowings secured against current and non-current assets:
 - The Company has been availing borrowings facilities from ICICI Bank Limited, CITI Bank N.A, State Bank of India and DBS Bank Limited on the basis of security of current and fixed assets. The Company has filed monthly statements or returns including quarterly statements of current assets with all the banks referred above, which are in agreement with the books of accounts except inclusion of Goods and service tax on the basic value of indigenously procured inventories in quarterly statements while the same is not included in books of accounts.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

51 Additional regulatory information (Continued)

- The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- The Company has disclosed other additional regulatory information in respective notes forming part of standalone financial statements.
- Ratio analysis and reasons of variance:

Name of ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at	As at	Variance
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Current ratio (times)	Current assets	Current liabilities	3.37	1.26	168%
Debt-equity ratio (times)	Non-current and current borrowing	Total equity	0.02	0.34	-94%
Debt service coverage ratio (times)	Earnings before interest, depreciation and taxes (excluding other income) (EBIDTA)	Interest expense on total borrowings plus principal repayments of non-current borrowings	4.84	2.51	93%
Return on equity ratio (%)	Net profit after tax	Average shareholder's equity	4.77%	8.31%	-43%
Inventory turnover ratio (times)	Cost of goods sold	Average inventory	1.35	1.67	-19%
Trade receivables turnover ratio (times)	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	4.79	5.32	-10%
Trade payables turnover ratio (times)	Purchases	Average trade payables	4.59	5.27	-13%
Net capital turnover ratio (times)	Revenue from operations	Working capital (current assets minus current liabilities)	1.83	6.41	-71%
Net profit ratio (%)	Net profit after tax	Revenue from operations	7.75%	10.04%	-23%
Return on capital employed (%)	Earnings before interest and taxes (excluding other income) (EBIT)	Capital employed (total equity + total debt + deferred tax liability)	5.58%	6.68%	-17%
Return on equity investments in wholly owned subsidiaries (WOS) (%)	Net profit after tax of WOS	Average shareholder's equity of WOS	4.41%	25.71%	-83%

Explanation for variance in ratios by more than 25%:

- Current ratio has been increased primarily due to repayment of working capital facilities.
- Debt equity ratio has improved primarily due to repayment of working capital facilities. ii.
- iii. Debt service coverage ratio has improved due to reduction in long-term borrowings, decrease in finance cost and also due to improved EBIDTA for the year.
- Return on equity ratio has been decreased due to decrease in profitability and due increase in average shareholder's fund pursuant to securities premium received from QIP proceeds.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

51 Additional regulatory information (Continued)

- v. Net capital turnover ratio has been decreased primarily due to decrease in revenue from operation and due to decrease in current borrowings.
- vi. Return on equity investments in wholly owned subsidiaries (WOS) has been decreased due to decrease in profitability pursuant to prevailing geo-political conditions and slow-downs in several industrial verticals.

52 Indirect taxes

The Company has properly complied with the provisions of Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, The Customs Acts, 1962 and any other indirect taxes, to the extent applicable to the Company. Difference, if any, between the figures as per books of account and the respective returns, have been reconciled and would be corrected in next periodic returns and in annual returns. The said differences, if any, do not have any material impact on the standalone financial statements.

53 Social security

The Code of Social Security 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified and the final rules or interpretation have not yet been issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period in which the Code becomes effective.

54 Cost audit records

The Company has maintained adequate cost records as per the provisions of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended.

55 Approval of financial statements

In terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, these standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meeting held on 03 May 2024.

56 General

- (a) All the amounts disclosed in the standalone financial statements and notes forming part of standalone financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest million and up to two decimals.
- (b) All the amounts less than ₹ 4,999 have been disclosed as ₹ 0.00 million in the standalone financial statements and notes forming part of standalone financial statements.
- (c) Figures for the previous years have been re-classified/re-arranged/re-grouped to conform to classification of current period, wherever necessary.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached

For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership Number: 434585

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00183618

Ashok Bothra

Chief Financial Officer

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444

DIN: 00183665

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Date: 03 May 2024 Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

Report on the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("TCPCL" or "the Company" or "the Holding Company" or "the Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") which comprises the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2024 and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of change in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information. (hereinafter referred as "consolidated financial statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2024, and consolidated total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), its consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

S. **Key Audit Matters** No.

Cut off risk in Revenue Recognition

Due to the sales being under various contractual terms and across geographies, delivery to customers in different regions might take different time periods and may result in undelivered goods at the period end. We consider there to be a risk of misstatement of the financial statements related to transactions occurring close to the year end, as transactions could be recorded in the wrong financial period.

Accordingly, cut-off risk in revenue recognition is a key audit matter.

Audit procedures

- We have assessed the revenue recognition policies of the Group including accounting for sales returns and discounts for compliance with Ind AS.
- The Group has manual and automated (information technology - IT) controls on recording revenue and accruals for sales returns and discounts. We tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of these controls. In respect of cut-off, we focused on controls around the timely and accurate recording of year-end sales transactions.
- We have performed substantive testing on sample check basis on revenue transactions recorded during the year end.
- We verified contractual terms of the invoice and tested the transit time to deliver the goods.



S. **Key Audit Matters** No.

2. Capital Expenditure in respect of property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress

The Group has incurred significant expenditure on capital projects, as reflected by the total value of additions in property plant and equipment and capital work in progress in notes 3 and 5 of the consolidated financial statements. The Holding Company is mainly in the process of executing project for expansion of its existing Dahej Manufacturing facility and upgradation of R&D facility and Corporate office in Vadodara. These projects take a substantial period of time to get ready for intended use.

We considered Capital expenditure as a Key audit matter due to:

- Significance of amount incurred on such items during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- Judgement and estimate required by management in assessing assets meeting the capitalization criteria set out in Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment.
- Judgement involved in determining the eligibility of costs including borrowing cost and other directly attributable costs for capitalization as per the criteria set out in Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment.

Audit procedures

- We have obtained an understanding of the Group's capitalization policy and assessed for compliance with the relevant accounting standards.
- We have obtained understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls related to capital expenditure and capitalization of assets.
- We have performed substantive testing on a sample check basis for each element of capitalized costs including inventory issued to contractors for the purpose of these projects and physical verification performed by management along with reconciliation and directly attributable cost, including verification of underlying supporting evidence and understanding nature of the costs capitalized.
- We have obtained understanding on management assessment relating to progress of projects and their intention to bring the asset to its intended use.

Valuation, Accuracy, Completeness and disclosures pertaining to Inventories with reference to Ind AS 2

Inventories constitutes material component of consolidated financial statement. Correctness, Completeness and Valuation are critical for reflecting true and fair financial results of operations. Further due to continuous nature of plan operations and the raw materials which are basically chemicals, management has to exercise judgement in assessing stage of the product and its valuation.

Also refer note 13 to the consolidated financial statement.

Our audit approach consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows:

- We have assessed the Group's process regarding maintenance of records, Valuation and accounting of transactions relating to Inventory as per the Indian Accounting Standard 2.
- We have evaluated the design of Internal Controls relating to recording and valuation of Inventory.
- We have carried out substantive audit procedures to verify the allocation of overheads to Inventory.
- We have attended the physical verification of Inventories performed by the Management and also performed stock count on sample check basis. We have also checked reconciliation of inventories as per physical inventory verification and book records on a sample check basis.
- For sample selected, we have also obtained confirmation of Inventories held with third parties.
- We have verified the consistency in respect of valuation process and methodology followed by the Group.

Other Information

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Management Discussion and Analysis, Report on Corporate Governance, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial **Statements**

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Consolidated **Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities



within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors (i) in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by paragraph 3(xxi) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO 2020"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks included by the respective auditors in their CARO 2020 reports issued in respect of the standalone financial statements of the companies which are included in these Consolidated Financial Statements.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, Based on our audit and consideration of the reports, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Group so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of change in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- The Group has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its consolidated financial statements - Refer Note 46 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - The Group does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to Investor Education and protection fund by the Group.
 - The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds)

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

by the Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or

invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- iv. (c) Based on audit procedures, that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- The dividend declared and paid, during the year by the Holding Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.

For NDJ & Co.,

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership No.: 434585 UDIN No: 24434585BKBWFX4158

Date: 3 May 2024 Place: Vadodara



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under the "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report to the Members of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("the Holding Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date. Reporting on internal financial controls over financial reporting is not applicable to the subsidiaries as per the standalone financial statements of the said subsidiaries.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial **Controls**

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding company and its subsidiaries, which are incorporated in India, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal financial controls over financial reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective entity's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgements, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial control system with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls overfinancial reporting including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to further periods are subject to the risk that the internal

CORPORATE OVERVIEW STATUTORY REPORTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For NDJ & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Date: 3 May 2024 Membership No.: 434585 Place: Vadodara UDIN No: 24434585BKBWFX4158



Consolidated Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2024

Non-current assets

Right-of-use assets

Capital work-in-progress

Property, plant and equipment

Particulars

Assets

3,965.36	1,648.29
299.99	309.42
729.27	2,307.44
3.51	4.76
36.10	_
42.60	26.62
122.97	164.03
8.32	5.51
5,208.12	4,466.07
1,527.66	1,624.98
100.51	_
698.52	844.03
353.04	273.65
29.88	173.96
2.41	1.72
7.02	2422

As at

31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

31 March 2023

Capital work-in-progress	5	729.27	2,307.44
Other intangible assets	6	3.51	4.76
Intangible assets under development	7	36.10	-
Financial assets			
(i) Other financial assets	9	42.60	26.62
Deferred tax assets (net)	23A	122.97	164.03
Other non-current assets	14	8.32	5.51
Total non-current assets	14	5,208.12	4,466.07
Current assets		5,206.12	4,400.07
	12	1 527 66	1 (24 00
Inventories	13	1,527.66	1,624.98
Financial assets		100 = 1	
(i) Investments	8	100.51	-
(ii) Trade receivables	15	698.52	844.03
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	353.04	273.65
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	11	29.88	173.96
(v) Loans	12	2.41	1.72
(vi) Other financial assets	9	7.02	34.32
Current tax assets (net)	23B	21.10	14.95
Other current assets	14	238.92	154.89
Total current assets	<u> </u>	2,979.06	3,122.50
Total assets		8,187.18	7,588.57
Equity and liabilities		0,107.10	7,500.57
Equity			
Equity share capital	16	233.92	221.65
Other equity			
	17	7,136.90	4,926.26
Equity attributable to owners		7,370.82	5,147.91
Non-controlling interests			
Total equity		7,370.82	5,147.91
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	6.39	42.30
Provisions	20	13.34	11.45
Total non-current liabilities		19.73	53.75
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	136.32	1,660.27
(ii) Trade payables	22	200.02	2,000.27
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	22	66.73	164.26
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than (ii)(a) above		383.58	157.62
	10		
(iii) Other financial liabilities	19	82.44	297.09
Other current liabilities	21	123.18	102.22
Provisions	20	3.62	3.32
Current tax liabilities (net)	23C	0.76	2.13
Total current liabilities		796.63	2,386.91
Total equity and liabilities		8,187.18	7,588.57
Notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements	1- 56		

Notes

3

4

5

As per our report of even date attached For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

DIN: 00183618

Chairman and Managing Director

Ashok Bothra

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	Notes	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	24	3,935.04	4,236.12
Other income	25	75.09	57.44
Total Income		4,010.13	4,293.56
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	26	1,787.61	2,158.17
Purchases of stock-in-trade	27	36.03	45.76
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	28	(81.82)	57.08
Employee benefits expense	29	547.61	412.09
Finance costs	30	65.32	84.04
Depreciation and amortization expenses	31	256.05	95.55
Other expenses	32	963.65	957.21
Total expenses		3,574.45	3,809.90
Profit before exceptional items and tax		435.68	483.66
Exceptional items	32A	-	35.87
Profit before tax		435.68	447.79
Tax expense/(benefits)	33		
Current tax		76.41	28.85
Deferred tax		55.73	(35.93)
Total tax expense/(benefits)		132.14	(7.08)
Profit for the year		303.54	454.87
Other comprehensive income/(expense)	34		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(2.36)	(1.82)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.69	0.53
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		1.88	7.77
Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Total other comprehensive income		0.21	6.48
Total comprehensive income		303.75	461.35
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		303.54	454.87
Non-controlling interests		-	-
		303.54	454.87
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		0.21	6.48
Non-controlling interests		=	-
		0.21	6.48
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		303.75	461.35
Non-controlling interests		-	-
		303.75	461.35
Earnings per equity share	35		
(Face value of ₹ 10/- each)			
Basic		13.26	20.52
Diluted		13.26	20.52

As per our report of even date attached

Notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024 Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618 **Ashok Bothra**

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024 Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

A Equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)		
As at 01 April 2022	40,000,000	400
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	40,000,000	400
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	40,000,000	400
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)		
As at 01 April 2022	22,165,062	221.65
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	22,165,062	221.65
Changes during the year:		
Addition pursuant to fresh issue of shares in qualified institutional placement	1,226,993	12.27
As at 31 March 2024	23,392,055	233.92

Other equity

Particulars		Attributat	Total	Total		
	F	Reserves an	d surplus	Items of other	attributable to	
				comprehensive	owners of the	
				income (OCI)	parent	
	Securities	Retained	Remeasurement	Foreign currency		
	premium	earnings	of defined benefit	translation		
			plans	reserve		
As at 01 April 2022	2,090.26	2,414.71	(1.92)	6.19	4,509.23	4,509.23
Profit for the year	-	454.87	-	-	454.87	454.87
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1.29)	7.77	6.48	6.48
Total comprehensive income	2,090.26	2,869.58	(3.21)	13.96	4,970.59	4,970.59
Other changes:						
Dividend	-	(44.33)	-	-	(44.33)	(44.33)
Total other changes	-	(44.33)	-	-	(44.33)	(44.33)
As at 31 March 2023	2,090.26	2,825.25	(3.21)	13.96	4,926.26	4,926.26
Profit for the year	-	303.54	-	-	303.54	303.54
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1.67)	1.88	0.21	0.21
Total comprehensive income	2,090.26	3,128.79	(4.88)	15.84	5,230.01	5,230.01
Other changes:						
Securities premium on fresh issue of shares	1,987.73	-	-	-	1,987.73	1,987.73
Share issue expenses (net of tax)	(34.05)	-	-	-	(34.05)	(34.05)
Dividend	-	(46.78)	-	-	(46.78)	(46.78)
Changes due to round off	-	(0.01)	-	-	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total other changes	1,953.68	(46.79)	-	-	1,906.89	1,906.89
As at 31 March 2024	4,043.94	3,081.99	(4.88)	15.84	7,136.90	7,136.90

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

Notes:

Nature and purpose of other equity:

Securities premium:

Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. It is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Holding Company has utilised the balance of securities premium to the extent of share issue expenses in relation to fresh issue of equity share capital in qualified institutional placement.

(ii) Retained earnings:

> Retained earnings are the profits that the Group has earned till the end of reporting date, reduced by any transfers to general reserve or dividends or other distributions paid to the shareholders.

> Remeasurement of defined benefit liability/(asset) comprises actuarial gains and losses and return on plan assets (excluding interest income) and it will not be reclassified to profit or loss subsequently.

(iii) Foreign currency translation reserve:

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. The income and expenses of such foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at the average exchange rates during the year. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income/(expense) (OCI) and presented within equity as part of foreign currency translation reserve (FCTR). When a foreign operation is disposed of, in part or in full, the relevant amount in the FCTR is reclassified to consolidated statement of profit or loss as a part of gain or loss on disposal.

Notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

1-56

As per our report of even date attached

For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Ashok Bothra

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444



Consolidated Statement of Cash flows

for the year ended 31 March 2024

Par	rticulars		As at	As at
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Α.	Cash flows from operating activities:			
	Profit before tax	(i)	435.68	447.79
	Adjustments to reconcile profit:			
	Finance costs		65.32	84.04
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses		256.05	95.55
	Unrealised foreign exchange (gains) (net)		(3.76)	(4.14)
	Interest income		(32.74)	(53.25)
	Net gain on sale of current investments		(0.38)	-
	Fair value (gains)		(1.51)	-
	Other non-cash items		3.05	44.73
	Total adjustments to reconcile profit	(ii)	286.03	166.93
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	721.71	614.72
	Changes in working capital:			
	Decrease in inventories		97.32	74.59
	Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables		153.85	(280.75)
	(Increase) in other non-current financial assets		(15.98)	(5.74)
	Decrease in other current financial assets		21.53	3.26
	(Increase) in other non-current assets		(2.81)	(0.37)
	(Increase)/decrease in other current assets		(20.74)	165.91
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		112.48	(123.73)
	(Decrease) in other current financial liabilities		(2.80)	(88.83)
	Increase in other non-current liabilities		0.09	-
	Increase in other current liabilities		12.20	5.20
	Increase in non-current provisions		1.89	4.94
	Increase in current provisions		0.30	1.53
	Total changes in working capital	(iv)	357.33	(243.99)
	Cash generated from operating activities	(v) = (iii) + (iv)	1,079.04	370.73
	Less: Taxes paid	(vi)	(98.60)	(92.90)
	Net cash generated from operating activities	(A) = (v) + (vi)	980.44	277.83
В.	Cash flows from investing activities:			
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,285.15)	(2,031.10)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1.55	0.68
	Decrease in deposits with banks		144.08	965.73
	(Increase) in current investment		(99.00)	-
	Proceeds from sale of current investments		0.38	-
	Interest income		32.74	53.25
	Cash (used in) investing activities	(B)	(1,205.40)	(1,011.44)
C.	Cash flows from financing activities:			
	Proceeds from issue of equity share capital		12.27	-
	Proceeds from securities premium (net off issue expenses)		1,953.69	-
	Dividend paid		(46.78)	(44.33)
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings		-	8.29
	Repayment of long-term borrowings		(85.89)	(139.26)
	Net repayment of/proceeds from short-term borrowings		(1,462.09)	637.40
	(Increase) in loans to employees		(0.69)	(0.11)
	Finance costs		(65.32)	(84.04)
	Cash generated from financing activities	(C)	305.19	377.95
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	D=(A+B+C)	80.23	(355.66)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(E)	273.65	630.17
	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(F)	(0.84)	(0.86)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(D+E+F)	353.04	273.65

Consolidated Statement of Cash flows (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million) Notes:

Components of cash and cash equivalents: (i)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cash on hand	0.82	0.82
Balances with banks:		
- in current accounts	2.38	73.21
- in current accounts (foreign currency)	13.18	61.79
- in cash credit accounts (surplus)	0.80	12.02
- in EEFC current accounts	187.88	110.80
- in deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	147.98	15.01
Balance as per statement of cash flows	353.04	273.65

- (ii) The above "consolidated statement of cash flows" has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of cash flows".
- (iii) Purchase of property, plant and equipment includes movements in right of use assets, capital work-in-progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development.
- Reconciliation of movements in cash flows from borrowings (financing) activities:

Particulars	Non-current	Current	Total
	borrowings	borrowings	
As at 01 April 2022	274.69	924.69	1,199.38
Proceeds from non-current borrowings	8.29	-	8.29
Repayment of non-current borrowings	(142.50)	-	(142.50)
Net proceeds from short-term borrowings	-	637.40	637.40
Liability related other changes:			
Finance costs	(13.72)	(65.76)	(79.48)
Other borrowing costs*	-	(4.07)	(4.07)
Other interest cost#	-	(0.48)	(0.48)
Interest subvention income	-	14.87	14.87
Foreign exchange movement	3.24	-	3.24
Total cash flows from financing activities	(144.69)	581.96	437.27
Liability related other changes	10.48	55.44	65.92
As at 31 March 2023	140.48	1,562.09	1,702.57
Repayment of non-current borrowings	(97.77)	-	(97.77)
Net proceeds from short-term borrowings	-	(1,462.09)	(1,462.09)
Liability related other changes:			
Finance costs	(6.05)	(55.09)	(61.14)
Other borrowing costs*	-	(3.81)	(3.81)
Other interest cost#	-	(0.36)	(0.36)
Interest subvention income	-	8.79	8.79
Foreign exchange movement	11.89	-	11.89
Total cash flows from financing activities	(91.93)	(1,512.56)	(1,604.49)
Liability related other changes	(5.84)	50.47	44.63
As at 31 March 2024	42.71	100.00	142.71

^{*} includes other borrowing costs paid for non-fund based credit limits.

includes other interest costs paid on statutory dues and others.



Consolidated Statement of Cash flows (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Disclosure of undrawn borrowing facilities (excluding non-fund based facilities):

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Undrawn borrowing facilities	2,100.00	637.91

- (vi) Cash credit accounts which are having debit balances have been shown under cash and cash equivalent as per requirement of Ind AS 7, hence proceeds from borrowings under financing activity is excluding the movement in bank overdraft.
- (vii) Short-term deposits are made for a period up to three months, depending on the cash requirements of the Group and to earn interest at the prevailing rates.
- (viii) Cash flows denominated in foreign currency are reported in the manner consistent with Ind AS 21.
- During the years ended, the Group have not entered into any non-cash investing and non-cash financing activities.
- Refer note 37 for government grants recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.
- The Group do not have any lease liability (refer note 39).

Notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

1-56

As per our report of even date attached For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Partner

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Ashok Bothra

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

1 **Corporate information**

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited ("the Company" or "the Holding Company" or "the Parent") and its subsidiaries (the Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The Holding Company is a public limited company domiciled in India, and incorporated under the Companies Act, 2013 (erstwhile Companies Act, 1956) in year 1996, having its registered office at Plot no. 502/17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar, Bharuch, Gujarat, India - 393002.

The equity shares of the Holding Company are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE") and BSE Limited ("BSE") in India.

The Group is primarily engaged in manufacturing, distribution and selling of specialty chemicals i.e., phase transfer catalysts (PTC), structure directing agents (SDA), electrolyte salts and solutions (ESS), pharmaceutical and agrochemical intermediates and other specialty chemicals (PASC). Information on the Group's structure has been provided in note 8 forming part of the consolidated financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and authorised for issue on 03 May 2024.

Material accounting policies

Statement of compliance, basis of preparation and presentation

Statement of compliance:

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Basis of preparation and presentation:

These consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values.

The classification of assets and liabilities of the Group have been done into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of the business of the Group. The Group has ascertained its operating cycle of the business as twelve months and therefore all current and non-current classifications are done based on the status of reliability and expected settlement of the respective asset and liability within a period of twelve months from the reporting date as required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR'), which is Group's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest "million" and up to two decimals, except otherwise indicated.

Principles of consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Group. Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above. When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- voting rights and potential voting rights held by the
- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other voting right holders;
- Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Significant accounting policies (Continued)

from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all the entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Parent Company, i.e., year ended on 31 March 2024. When the end of reporting period of Parent is different from that of subsidiary, the subsidiary prepares, for consolidation purposes, additional information as of the same date as the financial statements of the Parent to enable the parent to consolidate the financial information of the subsidiary, unless it is impracticable to do so.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Group has used the following key consolidation procedures:

- Combination of like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of assets and liabilities recognised in consolidated financial statements at acquisition date.
- Elimination of the carrying amount of the Parent's investment in each subsidiary and the Parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary.
- Elimination of intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income and expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group.
- Elimination of unrealised gain or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and fixes assets.
- The excess of the aggregate cost of the Parent's investment in the group entities over its portion of equity in the group entities is recognized in the financial statements as 'goodwill'. The excess of Parent's portion of equity in group entities over the aggregate cost of the Parent's investment in the group entities is recognized in the financial statements as 'capital reserve'.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

Foreign currency transactions and translation:

The Group's consolidated financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupee (INR), which is also Parent Company's functional currency. For each entity the Group determines the functional currency and the items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The Group uses the direct method of consolidation and on disposal of a foreign operation the gain or loss that is reclassified to profit or loss reflects the amount that arise from using this

Transactions and balances: Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group entities at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date of transaction first qualifies for recognition. However, for practical reasons, the Group uses an average rate of the functional currency spot rates prevailing during the reporting periods.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical costs in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of initial transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Translation differences on non-monetary items measured at fair value is to be reported in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in the fair value of the item (i.e., FVTOCI or FVTPL). Any profit or loss arising on cancellation, maturity or renewal of forward exchange contracts is recognized as income or expenses in the statement of profit and loss and included in exchange difference.

In determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related assets, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of non-monetary asset or nonmonetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

of the transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary assets or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

The Group has elected to continue the policy adopted for accounting for exchange differences arising from translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items as described in Para D13AA of Ind AS 101 "First-Time Adoption of Ind AS". Accordingly, exchange loss/ (gain) arising on all long-term monetary items financed or re-financed relating to acquisition of property, plant and equipment are added to/adjusted from the cost of such assets/ capital work-in-progress and will be depreciated over the balance useful life of such assets.

Group companies: On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into INR at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their statement of profit and loss are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing during the reporting periods. The exchange difference arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI). On disposal of a foreign operation, the same is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Use of significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future period, if the revision affects current and future periods.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Recoverability of deferred tax and other income tax

The Group has unabsorbed depreciation and MAT credit that are available for offset against future taxable profit. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

This involves an assessment of when those assets are likely to reverse, and a judgement as to whether or not there will be sufficient taxable profits available to offset the assets.

This requires assumptions regarding future profitability, which is inherently uncertain. To the extent assumptions regarding future profitability change, there can be an increase or decrease in the amounts recognised in respect of deferred tax assets and consequential impact in the statement of profit and loss.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits)

The obligation arising from defined benefit plans is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. Any change in these assumptions would have a significant impact on the balance sheet and the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

For property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable or previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, then Group estimates recoverable amount of the assets or cash generating unit (CGU). A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.



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Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation as result of a past event and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in notes but not recognised in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised, but disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefit is probable. The actual outflow or inflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in provisions and contingencies.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Group's management determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available.

Where level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. Any change in the fair value of each asset and liability is also compared with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes all expenses and

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2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

financing costs related to acquisition and construction of the concerned assets and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to the condition of its intended use.

The Group has elected to continue the policy adopted for accounting for exchange differences arising from translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items as described in Para D13AA of Ind AS 101 "First-Time Adoption of Ind AS". Accordingly, exchange loss/ (gain) arising on all long-term monetary items financed or re-financed relating to acquisition of property, plant and equipment are added to/adjusted from the cost of such assets/ capital work-in-progress and will be depreciated over the balance useful life of such assets.

Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment are capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Repair and maintenance cost are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognized as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Capital work-in-progress: Capital work-in-progress comprises of property, plant and equipment under development that are not ready for their intended use at the end of reporting period and are carried at cost comprising direct costs, related incidental expenses, other directly attributable costs and borrowing costs, less impairment losses if any.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on tangible property, plant and equipment has been provided on the basis of useful life as stated in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 using the straight-line method. Lease hold land is amortized over the period of lease. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The following are the estimated useful lives:

Class of assets	Useful lives (years)
Right-of-use assets	95-99 years
Buildings	Factory building and Building (other than RCC frame structure) – 30 years; Building (RCC frame structure) – 60 years; Building (temporary structure) – 3 years
Roads	Carpeted roads-RCC – 10 years Carpeted roads-other than RCC – 5 years Non-carpeted roads – 3 years
Plant and equipment	Special plant and machinery – 20 years; Plant and machinery other than continuous process plant – 15 years; Continuous process plant – 8 years
Computers and Data processing units	3/6 years
Motor Vehicles	8/10 years
Office equipment	5 years
Electrical installations	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortization and cumulative impairment.

Administrative and other general overhead expenses that are specifically attributable to acquisition of intangible assets are allocated and capitalized as a part of the cost of the intangible assets.

Computer software that is expected to provide future enduring economic benefits is capitalized. The capitalized cost includes license fees and cost of implementation/system integration services. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognized as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.



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Significant accounting policies (Continued)

The intangible assets with a finite useful life are amortised using straight line method over their estimated useful lives. The management's estimates of the useful lives for various class of intangibles are as given below:

Class of assets	Useful lives estimated by the
	management (years)
Computer software	3 years
Technical know-how	10 years
Development cost	5 years

Intangible assets under development: Research is original and planned investigation undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding. Expenditure pertaining to research activities is charged to the statement of profit and loss, when incurred.

Development is the application of research findings or other knowledge activities to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved material, devices, products, processes systems or services before the start of commercial production or use.

Development expenditure is capitalised as part of the cost of the resulting intangible asset only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise, it is recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of tangible assets and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the assets is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognized in statement of profit and loss. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the assets recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in statement of profit and loss unless the assets is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

h) Investments and other financial assets:

Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through statement of profit and loss); and
- those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Initial measurement

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

Subsequent measurement – debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of the debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

The Group classifies its debt instruments in the following three categories:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not a part of the hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets where the assets cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

When financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains / losses. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss (FTVPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVTOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not a part of hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

iv) Subsequent measurement – equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity instruments at fair value. When the management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to statement of profit and loss.

Dividends from such investments are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Impairment of financial assets

Expected credit losses are recognised for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category.

Expected credit losses is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

In respect of trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, the Group recognises 12 month expected credit losses as per Ind AS 109 for all originated or acquired financial assets, if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses, if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition.



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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

vi) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is de-recognized when the Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

When the Group has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized.

When the Group has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments i)

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. Interest-bearing bank loans, overdrafts and issued debt are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognized over the term of the borrowings in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models.

The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), correlation and volatility.

Derivative financial instrument

The Group holds derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts (not designated as cash flow hedges) to mitigate the risk of changes in exchange rates on foreign currency exposures. The counterparty for these contracts is generally a bank.

Financial assets or financial liabilities, at fair value through profit or loss

This category has derivative financial assets or liabilities which are not designated as hedges. Although the Group believes that these derivatives constitute hedges from an economic perspective, they may not qualify for hedge accounting under Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments.

Any derivative that is either not designated as hedge, or is so designated but is ineffective as per Ind AS 109, is categorized as a financial asset or financial liability, at fair value through profit or loss. Derivatives not designated as hedges are recognized initially at fair value and attributable transaction costs are recognized in net profit in the statement of profit and loss when incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss and the resulting exchange gains or losses are included in other income. Assets/ liabilities in this category are presented as current assets/ current liabilities if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date.

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank, cash on hand and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, that is readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. The basis of determining costs for each class of inventories are

- Raw materials, packing materials, consumables, stores and spares: Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are determined on first in, first out basis. However, these items are considered to be realisable at cost if the finished products, in which they will be used, are expected to be sold at or above cost.
- Finished goods and work-in-progress: Cost includes cost of direct materials, direct labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs. Cost is determined on first in, first out basis.
- Stock-in-trade: Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are determined on first in, first out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contracts with customers" provides a control-based revenue recognition model and provides a five-step application approach to be followed for revenue recognition i.e.:

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer;
- Identify the performance obligations; b)
- Determine the transaction price;

- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations;
- Recognize revenue when or as an entity satisfies performance obligation.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price as specified in the contract with the customer, after the deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates, sales return on transfer of control in respect of ownership to the buyer which is generally on dispatch of goods and any other taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government which are levied on sales such as Goods and Services Tax (GST), where applicable. Discounts given include rebates, price reductions and other incentives given to customers.

As per the terms of the contract with customers, the Group expects, at the contract inception, that the period between transfers of a promised goods or services to customer and related payments for the goods or services will be less than one year or less. Accordingly, the Group has availed the practical expedient available as per paragraph 63 of Ind AS 115 and has not adjusted the promised amount of consideration for the effects of significant financing component, if any.

Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods or services has been transferred to the customers and Revenue from sale of services is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation towards rendering of such services. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract. The majority of the Group's revenue arrangements generally consist of a single performance obligation to transfer promised goods or services.

Revenue is recognised in an amount that reflects the consideration, which the Group expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. None of the Group's contracts contain variable consideration and contract modifications are generally minimal.

Contract balances

Contract assets: A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.



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Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Trade receivable: A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract liabilities: A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

Other incomes

- Claims and rebates receivables are accounted as and when settled.
- Interest income from a financial asset is recognized using the effective interest rate method when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.
- Dividends are recognized in statement of profit and loss when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- Incomes in respect of duty drawback or other export promotion schemes in respect of exports made during the year are accounted on accrual basis

Employee benefits

Employee benefits of the Group includes all forms of consideration (directly or indirectly) given by the Group in exchange for services rendered by employees or termination of employment. Where employees include their dependents and their beneficiaries and includes all categories i.e., full time, part time, casual, temporary and permanent etc.

Employee benefits includes four types of benefits:

- Short-term employee benefits,
- В. Post-employment benefits,
- C. Other long-term employee benefits, and
- D. Termination benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period. e.g.: salary and wages, social security contributions, paid leaves, maternity leave, bonus and other non-monetary benefits such as medical checkup, group insurance and subsidised services.

The Group measures short-term employee benefits on an undiscounted basis and they do not involve any actuarial valuation.

The Group recognises short-term employee benefits expected to be paid:

- as employee benefits expense in the statement of profit and loss, if it does not form part of the cost of an asset as per any other Ind AS (Ind AS 2 "Inventories" or Ind AS 16 "Property, plant and equipment"), and
- as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid.

Post-employment benefits

Employee benefits (other than short-term employee benefits and termination benefits) that are payable after the completion of employment. e.g.: gratuity.

These benefits are of two types:

- Defined contribution plans, and
- Defined benefits plans.

Defined contribution plans: Contribution to retirement benefit plans in the form of provident fund, employee state insurance scheme, pension scheme and superannuation schemes as per regulations are charged as an expense on an accrual basis when employees have rendered the service. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

Defined benefit plans: Defined benefit plan in the form of gratuity, are recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each balance sheet date using the projected unit credit method or in compliance with the requirements of the domestic laws. Gratuity is included in employees' benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss. The gratuity plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement,

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Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Group.

The Group recognizes the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its balance sheet as an asset or liability. Gains and losses through remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. The actual return of the portfolio of plan assets, in excess of the yields computed by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation is recognized in other comprehensive income. The effects of any plan amendments are recognized on net basis in the statement of profit and loss.

Other long-term employee benefits

Employee benefits (other than short-term employee benefits, post-employment benefits and termination benefits) that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period. e.g.: long-term paid absences (compensated absences). They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in profit or loss. The said obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet, if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

Termination benefits

Employee benefits that are provided in exchange for termination of an employee's employment as a result of either:

- the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date; or
- an employee's decision to accept an offer of benefits in exchange for the termination of the employment. E.g.: Retrenchment compensation etc.

The Group recognises termination benefits expected to be paid:

- as employee benefits expense in the statement of a) profit and loss, and
- as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid.

n) Leases

As a lessee:

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using the incremental borrowing rate.

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less, leases of low-value assets and cancellable leases.

The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in statement of profit and loss.

As a lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Significant accounting policies (Continued) 2

The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets.

A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or where out of general borrowings, funds may have been used, the borrowing cost is calculated by applying weighted average cost of borrowing applicable to such general borrowing which is outstanding during the year, are capitalized up to the date by which qualifying assets are ready for its intended use and included in the carrying amount of such assets.

All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit and loss.

Borrowing costs includes exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the finance cost.

Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current tax: The tax currently payable is based on estimated taxable income for the year in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations for which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and revises the provisions, if so required where consider necessary.

The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset where the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax: Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profit and quantified using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets relating to unabsorbed depreciation/ business losses/losses under the head capital gains if any are recognized and carried forward to the extent of available taxable temporary differences or where there is convincing other evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Transaction or event which is recognized outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or in equity, is recorded along with the tax as applicable.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT): Deferred tax assets include minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realized.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Current and deferred tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is made when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined based on the present value of the management's best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent assets are not recognized but disclosed in the financial statements.

Operating segments

"Operating segments" are components of the Group whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the "chief operating decision maker" (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. "Specialty chemical business" is identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

Earnings per share s)

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by adjusting the figures used in the determination of basic EPS to take into account:

- after tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares,
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

t) **Cash flows statement**

Statement of cash flows is prepared segregating the cash flows into operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, working capital changes, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows.

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at banks, other short-term deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible into cash.

Cost recognition

Costs and expenses are recognised in statement of profit and loss when incurred and are classified according to their nature.

v) **Government grants**

The Group recognizes government grants only when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with and the grants will be received.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income in statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the periods, to match with the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate.

When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as deferred government grant in the balance sheet and then subsequently transferred to statement of profit or loss on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

w) Exceptional items

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense, including tax items, within the statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Group.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Events after the reporting period

Adjusting events (that provides evidence of condition that existed at the balance sheet date) occurring after the balance sheet date are recognized in the financial statements. Material non-adjusting events (that are inductive of conditions that arose subsequent to the balance sheet date) occurring after the balance sheet date that represents material change and commitment affecting the financial position are disclosed in the Directors' report.

Dividend: The Group recognises a liability to make distributions of dividend to equity holders, when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. After approval, a corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

Recent accounting pronouncements y)

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Group.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

3 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Plant	Electrical	Office	Furniture	Vehicles	Computers and	Total
	and	and	insta-	equipment	and		Data processing	
	Roads	equipment	llations		fixtures		units	
At cost:								
As at 01 April 2022	376.53	922.80	115.90	20.29	24.50	55.05	14.41	1,529.48
Additions	164.31	203.96	58.69	6.48	52.06	-	13.69	499.19
Disposals	(36.04)	(1.61)	(5.58)	(0.03)	(2.73)	-	-	(45.99)
Translation differences	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.01	0.01
As at 31 March 2023	504.80	1,125.15	169.01	26.74	73.83	55.05	28.11	1,982.69
Additions	1,040.59	1,165.26	293.68	15.95	43.80	1.80	10.55	2,571.63
Disposals	(1.40)	(3.06)	(0.61)	-	-	-	-	(5.07)
Translation differences	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	(0.00)	(0.00)
As at 31 March 2024	1,543.99	2,287.35	462.08	42.69	117.63	56.85	38.66	4,549.25
Accumulated depreciation:								
As at 01 April 2022	43.31	132.25	31.43	8.48	9.28	17.58	8.09	250.42
Additions	12.89	50.37	11.56	3.75	2.81	6.94	3.29	91.61
Disposals	(4.40)	-	(1.96)	-	(1.27)	-	0.00	(7.63)
Translation differences	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
As at 31 March 2023	51.80	182.62	41.03	12.23	10.82	24.52	11.38	334.40
Additions	55.04	124.37	42.83	6.76	10.72	5.33	6.46	251.51
Disposals	(0.43)	(1.16)	(0.44)	-	-	-	-	(2.03)
Translation differences	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	0.00	0.01
As at 31 March 2024	106.41	305.83	83.42	19.00	21.54	29.85	17.84	583.89
Carrying amounts (net):								
As at 01 April 2022	333.22	790.55	84.47	11.81	15.22	37.47	6.32	1,279.06
As at 31 March 2023	453.00	942.53	127.98	14.51	63.01	30.53	16.73	1,648.29
As at 31 March 2024	1,437.58	1,981.52	378.66	23.69	96.09	27.00	20.82	3,965.36

Notes:

- Security: Refer note 18 for the property, plant and equipment which has been given as security. (i)
- Commitments: Refer note 46 for capital commitments made by the Group.
- (iii) Impairment: The Group has reviewed the recoverability of the assets and has concluded that no indication of impairment exists and hence, no impairment of asset is required.
- (iv) The Group has capitalised following directly attributable expenses to property, plant and equipment:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Employee benefits expense	24.43	7.55
Other expenses	1.94	-
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)	-	0.00
Total	26.37	7.55

- (v) During the years ended, the Group has not revalued its property, plant and equipment.
- (vi) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Hodling Company has demolished its building and other fixtures for the purpose of construction of new and upgraded facility at its Vadodara unit and the carrying value of the demolished building and other fixtures has been derecognised. The difference between the carrying amount of the assets and the net disposal proceeds of the asset has been recognized as "exceptional items" in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Right-of-use assets

Particulars	Leasehold land
At cost:	
As at 01 April 2022	325.54
Additions	-
Disposals	-
As at 31 March 2023	325.54
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Other adjustments	(5.01)
As at 31 March 2024	320.53
Accumulated depreciation:	
As at 01 April 2022	11.64
Additions	4.48
Disposals	-
As at 31 March 2023	16.12
Additions	4.42
Disposals	-
As at 31 March 2024	20.54
Carrying amounts (net):	
As at 01 April 2022	313.90
As at 31 March 2023	309.42
As at 31 March 2024	299.99

Notes:

- Security: Refer note 18 for the right-of-use assets (leasehold land) which has been given as security.
- Commitments: Refer note 46 for capital commitments made by the Group.
- (iii) The Holding Company has acquired all the land under lease, where the Holding Company is the "lessee" and all the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the Holding Company.
- (iv) The Group does not have any investment property.
- During the years ended, the Group has not revalued its right-of-use assets.
- (vi) The Holding Company does not have any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

5 **Capital work-in-progress**

Particulars	Capital work-in-progress
As at 01 April 2022	514.91
Additions	2,461.75
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	(669.22)
As at 31 March 2023	2,307.44
Additions	994.36
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	(2,572.53)
As at 31 March 2024	729.27

Notes:

Commitments: Refer note 46 for capital commitments made by the Group.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

5 Capital work-in-progress (Continued)

Capital-work-in progress (CWIP) ageing schedule:

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of			Total	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2024					
Projects in progress	698.95	27.14	3.18	-	729.27
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	-	-
Total	698.95	27.14	3.18	-	729.27
As at 31 March 2023					
Projects in progress	1,845.87	450.67	10.90	-	2,307.44
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,845.87	450.67	10.90	-	2,307.44

^{*} The Group does not have any project which has been temporarily suspended.

(iv) The Group has transferred following directly attributable expenses to capital work-in-progress:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Employee benefits expense	5.85	24.43
Other expenses	-	1.94
Total	5.85	26.37

Other intangible assets

Particulars	Computer software	Technical knowhow	Total
At cost:			
As at 01 April 2022	6.35	0.07	6.42
Additions	3.14	-	3.14
Disposals	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	9.49	0.07	9.56
Additions	0.90	-	0.90
Disposals	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	10.39	0.07	10.46
Accumulated amortisation:			
As at 01 April 2022	3.18	0.07	3.25
Additions	1.55	-	1.55
Disposals	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	4.73	0.07	4.80
Additions	2.15	-	2.15
Disposals	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	6.88	0.07	6.95
Carrying amounts (net):			
As at 01 April 2022	3.17	-	3.17
As at 31 March 2023	4.76	-	4.76
As at 31 March 2024	3.51	-	3.51

Notes:

⁽iii) The Group does not have any capital-work-in progress (CWIP), whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost, compared to its original plan.

Impairment: The Group has reviewed the recoverability of the assets and has concluded that no indication of impairment exists and hence, no impairment of asset is required.

During the years ended, the Group has not revalued its intangible assets.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

7 Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Products under development
As at 01 April 2022	-
Additions	-
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	-
As at 31 March 2023	-
Additions	36.10
Transfer to assets or other adjustments	-
As at 31 March 2024	36.10

Notes:

Intangible assets under development (IAUD) ageing schedule:

Particulars	Amount in IAUD for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2024					
Projects in progress	36.10	-	-	-	36.10
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	-	-
Total	36.10	-	-	-	36.10
As at 31 March 2023					
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended*	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	_

^{*} The Group does not have any project which has been temporarily suspended.

- (ii) The Group does not have any Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.
- (iii) The Group has recognised internally generated "Intangible assets under development" that includes directly attributable product development expenditure or cost necessary to design, construct, test, operation of pilot plant that is not of a scale economically feasable for commercial production and are incurred after completion of research stages and before the start of commercial production or use. The cost includes following expenses:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cost of materials consumed	7.09	-
Employee benefits expense	13.75	-
Other expenses	15.26	-
Total	36.10	-

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

8 **Investments**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
	Current	Current	
Quoted:			
Investments measured at FVTPL:			
- in mutual funds:			
ICICI prudential-overnight growth	100.51	-	
(78,255 (31 March 2023: Nil) having NAV of ₹1,284.44 each)			
Total	100.51	-	
Aggregate cost of quoted investments	99.00	-	
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	100.51	-	
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-	

Notes:

- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- Description of Parent or Holding Company and all the subsidiaries covered under consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Name of entity, Place of incorporation and	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held		
Principal activity	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
Parent or Holding Company:			
Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited			
Gujarat, India			
Manufacturing, trade and distribution of specialty chemicals			
Subsidiary Companies:			
1. Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	100%	100%	
Michigan, USA			
Wholesale trade and distribution of specialty chemicals			
2. Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	100%	100%	
Amsterdam, The Netherlands			
Wholesale trade and distribution of specialty chemicals			

- (iii) The Holding Company has carried its investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries at cost less provision for impairment, if any. The Group does not have any investment in equity instruments designated at FVTOCI.
- (iv) During the years ended, no such event has occurred, that have a detrimental impact on estimated future cash flows of above investments and the Group does not have any investments which have significant increase in credit risk.
- (v) The Holding Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (vi) The Group does not have any fellow subsidiaries, step down subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (vii) During the years ended, the Group does not have any subsidiaries which have been incorporated or liquidated or dissolved or merged or demerged.
- (viii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.
- (ix) All the subsidiaries of the Group have been consolidated in the consolidated financial statements.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Other financial assets 9

(Carried at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)				
Security deposits	42.60	3.62	26.62	28.54
Forward exchange contracts (refer sub note (iv))	-	-	-	5.16
Interest accrued on deposits	-	3.40	-	0.62
Total	42.60	7.02	26.62	34.32

Notes:

- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- The Group does not have any financial assets which have significant increase in credit risk.
- (iii) Security deposits are primarily in relation to public utility services and includes other services.
- (iv) The Group has entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate foreign exchange risk of expected transactions or realisation, these contracts are not designated as hedging instruments. (refer note 44)

10 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Cash on hand	0.82	0.82
Balances with banks:		
- in current accounts	2.38	73.21
- in current accounts (foreign currency)	13.18	61.79
- in cash credit accounts (surplus)	0.80	12.02
- in EEFC current accounts	187.88	110.80
- in deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	147.98	15.01
Total	353.04	273.65

Notes:

- Refer note 18 for security details of loans repayable on demand.
- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.

11 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Deposits with original maturity over 3 months but less than 12 months	3.13	138.50
Unclaimed dividend accounts	0.02	0.01
Margin money deposits for:		
-bank guarantee	21.20	26.61
-letter of credit	5.28	8.84
-other liens	0.25	-
Total	29.88	173.96

(i) Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments - fair values and risk measurement respectively.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

12 Loans

(Carried at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	Current	Current
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Loans to employees	2.41	1.72
Total	2.41	1.72

Notes:

- The Group does not have loan receivables from directors or other officers of the Group Companies or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons and from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- (iii) The Group has not granted any loans or advances (in the nature of loans) to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are: (a) repayable on demand; or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (iv) The Group has not advanced or given loan or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group Companies (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (vi) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.

13 Inventories

(At lower of cost or net realisable value)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Raw materials	253.81	299.45
Work-in-progress	718.49	589.67
Finished goods	204.38	229.83
Finished goods-in-transit	98.78	94.94
Traded goods	81.07	105.46
Traded goods-in-transit	5.50	5.04
Packing materials	11.14	10.96
Consumables, stores and spares	154.49	289.63
Total	1,527.66	1,624.98

Notes:

- Refer note 18 for the inventories which has been given as security.
- Refer note 2 (k) for the mode of valuation for each class of inventories.
- (iii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

14 Other assets

Particulars	As at 31 March	2024	As at 31 March 2023		
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)					
Prepaid expenses	8.32	55.84	5.51	37.10	
Capital advances	-	84.05	-	34.16	
Advance to creditors	-	20.24	-	5.43	
Balance with Revenue Authorities	-	48.31	-	38.75	
Export incentives receivable	-	1.00	-	1.81	
Unbilled trade receivables	-	21.72	-	31.00	
Gratuity fund (net) (refer note 40)	-	6.98	-	5.86	
Other receivables (refer note 47)	-	0.78	-	0.78	
Total	8.32	238.92	5.51	154.89	

Notes:

- Balance with revenue authorities primarily relate to input credit entitlements in respect of Goods and Service Tax from regulatory authorities. It includes ₹ 0.06 million of duty paid under protest for appeal referred in note 46 for "Recovery of excess refund on zero rated supplies under Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017".
- (ii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.

15 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Considered good - unsecured	698.52	844.03
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-
	698.52	844.03
Less: Loss allowance	-	-
Total	698.52	844.03

Notes:

- The Group does not have any trade receivables from:
 - any directors or other officers of the Group Companies or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons.
 - any firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- (iii) Refer note 18 for security details.
- (iv) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on credit terms of 30 to 180 days.
- Refer note 41 for segment reporting.
- (vi) Refer note 36 for contract assets and contract liabilities.
- (vii) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.
- (viii) In determining the allowances for credit losses of trade receivables, the Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss (ECL) allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and the rates used in the provision matrix.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

15 Trade receivables (Continued)

Since the Group calculates impairment under the "Simplified approach" for trade receivables containing significant financing component and for trade receivables that do not contain significant financing component, then it is not required to separately track changes in credit risk of trade receivables, as the impairment amount represents "lifetime" expected credit loss.

Accordingly, based on a harmonious reading of Ind AS 109 and the break-up requirements under Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013, all such trade receivables are disclosed below, irrespective of whether they contain a significant financing component or not.

Summary of movement in loss allowance for credit losses of trade receivables:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	0.19
Add: Loss allowance for the year	-	-
Less: Excess provision written back	-	(0.19)
Balance at the end of the year	-	-

(ix) Trade receivables ageing schedule is as follows:

Particulars	Outstanding for following period from due date of payment						Total
	Not due	Less than	6 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	
		6 months	- 1 year			3 years	
As at 31 March 2024							
Undisputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	579.68	114.36	4.48	-	-	-	698.52
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross total	579.68	114.36	4.48	-	-	-	698.52
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net trade receivables	579.68	114.36	4.48	-	-	-	698.52
As at 31 March 2023							
Undisputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	748.98	79.28	15.77	-	-	-	844.03
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
Disputed:							
Considered good - unsecured	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross total	748.98	79.28	15.77	-	-	-	844.03
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Net trade receivables	748.98	79.28	15.77	-	-	-	844.03



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

16 Equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)		
As at 01 April 2022	40,000,000	400.00
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	40,000,000	400.00
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	40,000,000	400.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital (Equity shares of ₹ 10 each)		
As at 01 April 2022	22,165,062	221.65
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	22,165,062	221.65
Changes during the year:		
Addition pursuant to fresh issue of shares in qualified institutional placement	1,226,993	12.27
As at 31 March 2024	23,392,055	233.92

Notes:

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividend and share in the Holding Company's residual assets on winding up. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared and approved from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to his/its share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Holding Company.

(ii) Fresh issue of equity shares in qualified institutional placement (QIP):

Pursuant to the provisions of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 (SCRR), the Holding Company is required to achieve at least 25.00% public shareholding within three years from the date of listing of its equity shares on the stock exchanges in the manner as specified under the SCRR and other applicable laws.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Holding Company has completed fresh issue of equity shares vide qualified institutional placement (QIP), towards meeting the compliance in accordance with SCRR. The offer comprises of 1,226,993 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,630/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,620 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 2,000.00 million. The equity shares of the Holding Company were allotted on 29 August 2023 vide board resolution dated 29 August 2023. These equity shares of the Holding Company were listed on 30 August 2023 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

(iii) Dividend:

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company has recommended final dividend of 20% (₹ 2/- per equity share of face value ₹ 10 each) vide board resolution dated 05 May 2023. (refer note 48), which has been passed as ordinary resolution by the shareholders in AGM held on 22 September 2023.

- (iv) Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to any contract(s) without payment being received in cash or by way of bonus share or shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:
 - The Holding Company has not allotted any fully paid-up equity shares pursuant to any contract without payment being received in cash.
 - (b) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Holding Company has allotted 12,052,500 numbers of equity shares of the face value of ₹10 each by way of bonus share in the ratio of 1.5:1 vide Board resolution dated 31 December 2020, which has been passed as special resolution by the shareholders in EOGM held on 27 January 2021.
 - (c) The Holding Company has not bought back any fully paid-up equity shares.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

16 Equity share capital (Continued)

Details of shareholding of promoters and promoter group including shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares is as

Name of shareholders	Shareholder	Number of equity	% of total equity	% change during
	category	shares held	shares	the year
As at 31 March 2024				
Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter	5,396,861	23.07%	-4.15%
Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter	4,897,219	20.94%	0.00%
Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Promoter	4,000,000	17.10%	-0.18%
M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF	Promoter group	715,345	3.06%	-22.39%
Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	Promoter group	900,000	3.85%	-2.20%
M/s Chintan N Shah HUF	Promoter group	447,500	1.91%	0.00%
Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter group	39,628	0.17%	-85.51%
Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	Promoter group	231,000	0.99%	0.00%
Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	Promoter group	218,080	0.93%	0.00%
Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	843	0.00%	0.00%
Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	482	0.00%	0.00%
Total		16,846,958	72.02%	-4.00%
As at 31 March 2023				
Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter	5,630,628	25.40%	0.00%
Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter	4,897,219	22.09%	0.00%
Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Promoter	4,007,190	18.08%	0.00%
M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF	Promoter group	921,711	4.16%	0.00%
Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	Promoter group	920,211	4.15%	0.00%
M/s Chintan N Shah HUF	Promoter group	447,500	2.02%	0.00%
Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	Promoter group	273,394	1.23%	0.00%
Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	Promoter group	231,000	1.04%	0.00%
Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	Promoter group	218,080	0.98%	0.00%
Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	843	0.00%	0.00%
Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani	Promoter group	482	0.00%	0.00%
Total		17,548,258	79.17%	0.00%

- $(vi) \quad \text{During the years ended, the promoters and promoter group does not have any number of shares pledged or otherwise encumbered.}$
- (vii) All the equity shares of the Holding Company have been held in dematerialised form.
- (viii) Details of shareholding pattern of equity shares is as below:

Shareholder category	As a	t 31 March 202	24	As at	As at 31 March 2023		
	Numbers	Number of equity shares	% of total	Numbers	Number of equity shares	% of total	
		held			held		
A Promoter and promoter group (refer	11	16,846,958	72.02%	11	17,548,258	79.17%	
sub note (v) above):							
B Public:							
1 Institutions:							
a Mutual funds	5	3,002,583	12.84%	6	2,433,683	10.98%	
b Alternate investment funds	-	-	-	4	43,561	0.20%	
c Foreign portfolio investors	30	853,691	3.65%	20	784,274	3.54%	
d Insurance companies	-	-	-	1	117,720	0.53%	
Subtotal (B)(1)	35	3,856,274	16.49%	31	3,379,238	15.25%	



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

16 Other equity (Continued)

Sł	are	holo	der category	As a	t 31 March 20	24	As at	31 March 2023	3
				Numbers	Number of equity shares	% of total	Numbers	Number of equity shares	% of total
					held			held	
2	No	on-ir	nstitutions:						
	а	Inc	dividuals holding:						
		i.	up to ₹ 0.20 million	71,145	2,103,240	8.99%	67,650	1,128,090	5.09%
		ii.	more than ₹ 0.20 million	5	351,300	1.50%	-	-	-
			Subtotal (B)(2)(a)	71,150	2,454,540	10.49%	67,650	1,128,090	5.09%
	b	Ot	hers:						
		i	Trusts	-	-	-	3	189	0.00%
		ii	Hindu undivided families	1,579	89,845	0.38%	1,453	43,124	0.19%
		iii	Non-resident Indians	807	75,427	0.32%	765	33,734	0.15%
		iv	Bodies corporate	139	67,539	0.29%	100	27,757	0.13%
		٧	Body corporate-Limited liability partnerships	8	1,468	0.01%	8	3,700	0.02%
		vi	Clearing members	1	4	0.00%	16	972	0.00%
			Subtotal (B)(2)(b)	2,534	234,283	1.00%	2,345	109,476	0.49%
			Subtotal (B)(2)	73,684	2,688,823	11.49%	69,995	1,237,566	5.58%
			Total B	73,719	6,545,097	27.98%	70,026	4,616,804	20.83%
To	tal	(A +	В)	73,730	23,392,055	100.00%	70,037	22,165,062	100.00%

⁽ix) The Group does not have any employee stock option plan (ESOP).

17 Other equity

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Securities premium (refer note (i))	4,043.94	2,090.26
Retained earnings (refer note (ii))	3,077.12	2,822.04
Foreign currency translation reserve (refer note (iii))	15.84	13.96
Total	7,136.90	4,926.26

Notes:

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(i)	Securities premium:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	2,090.26	2,090.26
	Add: Securities premium on fresh issue of shares 1,226,993 equity shares at	1,987.73	-
	₹ 1,620 per share (31 March 2023: Nil)		
	Less: Share issue expenses (net of tax)	(34.05)	-
	Balance at the end of the year	4,043.94	2,090.26

⁽x) Except three "promoters cum executive directors" referred above in sub note (v), none of the other directors and key managerial personnel of the Group Companies hold any equity shares in the Holding Company.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

17 Other equity (Continued)

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(ii)	Retained earnings:		
	a. Retained earnings:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	2,825.25	2,414.71
	Add : Profit for the year	303.54	454.87
	Less: Changes due to round off	(0.01)	-
	Less: Dividend (refer note 16 and 48)	(46.78)	(44.33)
	Balance at the end of the year (a)	3,082.00	2,825.25
	b. Remeasurement of defined benefit plan, net of tax:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(3.21)	(1.92)
	Add : Other comprehensive (expense) for the year	(1.67)	(1.29)
	Balance at the end of the year (b)	(4.88)	(3.21)
	Balance at the end of the year (a) + (b)	3,077.12	2,822.04
(iii)	Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of foreign		
	operations:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	13.96	6.19
	Add: Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of foreign	1.88	7.77
	operations		
	Balance at the end of the year	15.84	13.96

18 Borrowings

(Secured unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Term loans from:				
- banks in foreign currency	-	-	28.76	-
Vehicle loans from:				
- banks	6.39	-	13.54	-
Loans repayable on demand from:				
- banks in foreign currency	-	-	-	1,562.09
- banks in Indian rupees	-	100.00	-	-
Current maturities of long-term debt:				
Term loans (in foreign currency)	-	29.16	-	91.54
Vehicle loans	-	7.16	-	6.64
Total	6.39	136.32	42.30	1,660.27

Notes:

- Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- The Group has not defaulted on repayment of principal and interest of any loan availed from any banks or financial institutions. The tenure of repayment of any loan availed by the Group from banks or financial institutions has not been rescheduled. The Group has not breached any covenants, terms and conditions of any loan agreement or any facility agreement.
- (iii) The Group has utilised the borrowings from banks for the specific purpose for which it was taken.
- (iv) The Holding Company does not have any charge or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond statutory period.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

18 Borrowings (Continued)

- (v) Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.
- (vi) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the personal guarantees of promoters cum directors of the Holding Company i.e. Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel, Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah and Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani have been released. Earlier these personal guarantees were issued towards contractual obligations in respect of loans availed by the Holding Company.
- (vii) Terms of repayments are as follows:

Par	ticulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Α	Non-current borrowings including current maturities:		
1)	Foreign currency term loans (FCTL) from ICICI Bank Limited:		
a)	FCTL-II of USD 0.67 million i.e. ₹ 43.17 million is repayable in 72 equal monthly installments of USD 0.01 million starting from 31 May 2017 to 30 April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M LIBOR/SOFR +1.45% p.a.	-	1.27
b)	FCTL-III of USD 1.11 million i.e. ₹ 71.16 million is repayable in 72 equal monthly installments of USD 0.02 million starting from 31 May 2017 to 30 April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M LIBOR/SOFR +1.45% p.a.	-	0.76
c)	FCTL-X of USD 0.10 million i.e. $\stackrel{?}{\scriptstyle <}$ 8.29 million is repayable in 8 equal monthly installments of USD 0.01 million starting from 30 September 2022 to 30 April 2023. It carries interest rate of 3M SOFR +3.75% p.a.	-	1.08
2)	Foreign currency term loans (FCTL) from CITI Bank N.A.:		
a)	FCTL-VI of USD 0.29 million i.e. $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 20.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.02 million starting from 13 October 2019 to 13 July 2023 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.20% p.a.	-	3.00
b)	FCTL-VII of USD 2.01 million i.e. ₹ 143.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.13 million starting from 28 April 2020 to 28 January 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.40% p.a.	-	41.34
c)	FCTL-VIII of USD 0.84 million i.e. ₹ 60.00 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.05 million starting from 05 December 2020 to 05 September 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a.	8.74	25.85
d)	FCTL-IX of USD 1.31 million i.e. ₹ 93.50 million is repayable in 16 equal quarterly installments of USD 0.08 million starting from 28 February 2021 to 28 November 2024 commenced after moratorium period of 1 year. It carries interest rate of 6.25% p.a.	20.43	47.00
3)	Vehicle loans from Axis Bank Limited:		
	Three vehicle loans of $\ref{thmostate}$ 11.10 million each is repayable in 60 equal monthly installments of $\ref{thmostate}$ 0.22 million starting from 01 February 2021 to 01 January 2026. It carries interest rate of 7.46% p.a.	13.54	20.18
	Total non-current borrowings including current maturities	42.71	140.48
В	Current borrowings:		
1)	Loans repayable on demand from CITI Bank N.A.:	100.00	638.65
	Facilities includes fund based facility of ₹ 850.00 million (31 March 2023: ₹ 850.00 million) and non-fund based facility of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: Nil). It carries interest rates ranging from 8.40% p.a. to 11.75% p.a.		

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Borrowings (Continued)

Par	ticulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
2)	Loans repayable on demand from ICICI Bank Limited:	-	379.22
	Facilities includes fund based facility of ₹ 600.00 million (31 March 2023:		
	₹ 600.00 million) and non-fund based facility of ₹ 55.00 million (31 March		
	2023: ₹ 55 million). It carries interest rates ranging from Repo+1.75% p.a. to		
	3.00% p.a.		
3)	Loans repayable on demand from State Bank of India:	-	367.88
	Facilities includes fund based facility of ₹ 400.00 million (31 March 2023: ₹		
	400.00 million) and non-fund based facility of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: Nil). It		
	carries interest rates ranging from 9.10% p.a to 9.45% p.a.		
4)	Loans repayable on demand from DBS Bank Limited:	-	176.35
	Facilities includes fund based facility of ₹ 350.00 million (31 March 2023: ₹		
	350.00 million) and non-fund based facility of ₹ Nil (31 March 2023: Nil). It		
	carries interest rates ranging from 8.65% p.a. to 9.25% p.a.		
	Total current borrowings	100.00	1,562.09

(viii) Nature of securities are as follows:

Foreign currency term loans - II, III, X and working capital facilities from ICICI Bank Limited have been secured by way of first paripassu charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar unit of the Holding Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets (except Vadodara unit) of the Holding Company. Further secured by way of lien on fixed deposit of ₹ 5.15 million till 31 March 2023.

Foreign currency term loans - VI, VII, VIII, IX and working capital facilities from CITI Bank N.A. have been secured by way of first paripassu charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar unit and exclusive charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Vadodara unit of the Holding Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets of the Holding Company.

Working capital facilities from State Bank of India have been secured by way of first pari-passu charge on immovable and movable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of Ankleshwar unit of the Holding Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets (except Vadodara unit) of the Holding Company.

Working capital facilities from DBS Bank Limited have been secured by way of first pari-passu charge on immovable fixed assets of Dahej SEZ unit and movable fixed assets of the Holding Company. Further, secured by pari-passu charge on current assets (except Vadodara unit) of the Holding Company.

Three vehicle loans from Axis Bank Limited have been secured by way of hypothecation of respective vehicles and personal guarantees of promoters cum directors of the Holding Company.

19 Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Current	Current
Payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment	82.19	294.04
Dividend payable	0.02	0.01
Interest accrued on borrowings	0.23	3.04
Total	82.44	297.09

Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments - fair values and risk measurement respectively.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

20 Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March	2024	As at 31 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Employee benefits:				
Compensated absences (refer note 40)	13.34	3.62	11.45	3.32
Total	13.34	3.62	11.45	3.32

21 Other liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
	Current	Current	
Advances received from customers	16.72	8.00	
Employee benefits payable*	43.11	32.63	
Expenses payable	32.68	15.09	
Statutory dues payable	8.33	13.38	
Unearned revenue	21.72	31.00	
Forward contract payable	0.62	-	
Deferred government grant (refer note 37)	-	0.09	
Unearned Income	-	2.03	
Total	123.18	102.22	

^{*}Refer note 42 for employee benefits payable to related parties

22 Trade payables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Dues of micro and small enterprises	66.73	164.26
Dues of other than micro and small enterprises	383.58	157.62
Total	450.31	321.88

Notes:

- The Group does not have any trade payables to:
 - any directors or other officers of the Group Companies or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons.
 - any firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- (ii) Refer note 43 and 44 for financial instruments - fair values and risk measurement respectively.
- (iii) Trade payables are generally non-interest bearing and are on credit terms of 30 to 180 days.
- (iv) The Group does not have any trade payables to related parties.
- Refer note 51 for the additional regulatory information.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

22 Trade payables (Continued)

(vi) Trade payables ageing schedule:

Particulars	Outstand	Outstanding for following period from due date of payment				
	Not due	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	
		1 year			3 years	
As at 31 March 2024						
Undisputed:						
MSME	62.85	3.88	-	-	-	66.73
Others	376.60	6.98	-	-	-	383.58
Disputed:						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	439.45	10.86	-	-	-	450.31
As at 31 March 2023						
Undisputed:						
MSME	150.71	13.55	-	-	-	164.26
Others	150.04	7.58	-	-	-	157.62
Disputed:						
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	300.75	21.13	-	-	-	321.88

23 Tax (assets)/ liabilities (net)

Deferred tax (assets)/ liabilities (net):

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Tax effect of items resulting in taxable temporary differences:			
Accelerated depreciation		271.41	126.61
	(i)	271.41	126.61
Tax effect of items resulting in deductible temporary differences:			
MAT credit entitlement		(316.47)	(243.11)
Disallowances under income tax (net)		(10.03)	(7.06)
Share issue expenses		(46.36)	(40.47)
Unabsorbed losses		(21.52)	-
	(ii)	(394.38)	(290.63)
Total (i+ii)		(122.97)	(164.03)

Current tax (assets)/ liabilities (net): В

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Advance income tax	(94.53)	(33.77)
Provision for income tax	73.43	18.82
Total	(21.10)	(14.95)



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Tax (assets)/ liabilities (net) (Continued)

C **Current tax liabilities (net):**

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for income tax	0.76	2.13
Total	0.76	2.13

Notes:

- (i) Section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961 provides an option to the Holding Company for paying income tax at reduced rates as per the provisions or conditions defined in the said section. The Holding Company has opted to provide and consider the payment of income tax under old tax regime and deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the rates at which such deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be realised or settled.
- (ii) The Holding Company is required to compute tax payable, higher of:
 - (a) Tax computed as per normal provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 or
 - (b) Tax payable as per MAT provisions computed u/s 115JB of Income Tax Act, 1961.

When the amount of minimum alternate tax (MAT) is greater than its normal tax liability, the difference between MAT and normal tax liability is recognised as assets "MAT credit entitlement".

- (iii) The Group has accrued significant amounts of deferred tax. The majority of the deferred tax (assets)/liability represents:
 - Taxable temporary differences:
 - (a) Accelerated tax relief for the depreciation on property, plant and equipment
 - Deductible temporary differences:
 - (a) Unused minimum alternate tax (MAT) credit carried forward,
 - (b) Net disallowances under income tax includes:
 - Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences),
 - (ii) Forward exchange contracts (not designated as hedge), and
 - Defined benefit obligation-gratuity fund
 - (c) Unabsorbed business losses,
 - (d) Share issue expenses

(iv) Movements in deferred tax (assets)/liabilities (net):

Particulars	As at	Ch	arged/(credited	d)	As at
	31 March 2024	- to balance sheet	- to profit and loss	- to other comprehensive income	31 March 2023
Accelerated depreciation	271.41		144.80	-	126.61
MAT credit entitlement	(316.46)		(73.35)	-	(243.11)
Disallowances under income tax (net)	(10.04)		(2.98)	-	(7.06)
Share issue expenses	(46.36)	(13.98)	8.10	-	(40.47)
Unabsorbed losses	(21.52)		(21.52)	-	-
Remeasurement of defined benefits	-		0.53	(0.53)	-
Net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities	(122.97)	(13.98)	55.58	(0.53)	(164.03)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

23 Tax (assets)/ liabilities (net) (Continued)

Particulars	As at	As at Charged/(credited)					
	31 March 2023	- to balance sheet	- to profit and loss	- to other comprehensive income	31 March 2022		
Accelerated depreciation	126.61		17.17	-	109.44		
MAT credit entitlement	(243.11)		(47.59)	-	(195.52)		
Disallowances under income tax (net)	(7.06)		(6.09)	-	(0.97)		
Share issue expenses	(40.47)	(40.47)	-				
Provision for expected credit loss	-		0.05	-	(0.05)		
Remeasurement of defined benefits	-		0.53	(0.53)	-		
Net deferred tax liabilities	(164.03)	(40.47)	(35.93)	(0.53)	(87.10)		

(v) MAT credit entitlement:

The MAT credit can be utilised by the Holding Company in the subsequent years immediately succeeding the assessment year (A.Y.) in which such credit was generated. The credit can be adjusted in the year in which the liability of the Holding Company as per the normal provisions is more than the MAT liability. MAT credit can be carried forward only for a period of 15 years, after which it will lapse. The details of MAT credit recognised in respective A.Y., along with their expiry details are set out below:

Recognised for assessment year	Expiry assessment year	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
A.Y. 2020-21	A.Y. 2035-36	10.38	10.38
A.Y. 2021-22	A.Y. 2036-37	57.52	57.52
A.Y. 2022-23	A.Y. 2037-38	127.62	127.62
A.Y. 2023-24	A.Y. 2038-39	47.59	47.59
A.Y. 2024-25	A.Y. 2039-40	73.35	-
Balance at the end of the year		316.46	243.11

- (vi) Recognition of deferred tax assets on MAT credit entitlement is based on the Holding Company's present estimates and business plans as per which the same is expected to be utilized within the stipulated fifteen-year period from the date of origination.
- (vii) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group has credited ₹ 13.98 million (31 March 2023: Nil) deferred tax related to share issue expense directly to other equity (securities premium).

24 Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue from contract with customers:	02 (110) 01 202 1	31 (((a) (1) (2) (2)
Sale of products	3,902.25	4,202.66
Sale of services	2.70	6.25
	3,904.95	4,208.91
Other operating revenue:		
Export incentives (refer note 37)	6.14	6.36
Sale of scrap	23.95	20.85
	30.09	27.21
Total	3,935.04	4,236.12



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

24 Revenue from operations (Continued)

Notes:

- Refer note 36 for revenue from contract with customers as per Ind AS 115.
- (ii) Refer note 41 for information about operating segment as per Ind AS 108.
- (iii) Refer note 42 for related party transactions as per Ind AS 24.

25 Other income

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income on:		
- deposits with banks	21.74	36.48
- deposits with others	1.78	0.67
- income tax refund	0.32	-
- others	0.12	1.23
Income from government grants or assistance (refer note 37):		
- interest subsidy under interest equalisation scheme	8.79	14.87
- assistance under market development assistance scheme	0.50	-
- stipend subsidy under national apprenticeship promotion scheme	0.16	-
- interest subsidy on technology upgradation fund scheme - Ind AS	0.09	0.09
- provident fund subsidy under aatmanirbhar bharat rojgar yojana	0.05	0.23
Income tax refund (refer note 33)	-	2.14
Refund of reach charges	-	1.10
Net gain on foreign currency transaction and translation (refer note 38)	37.88	-
Provisions for doubtful debts written back (net) (refer note 15)	-	0.19
Liabilities no longer required written back	1.62	0.44
Net gain on sale of current investments	0.38	-
Fair valuation gains on current investments	1.51	-
Miscellaneous income	0.15	0.00
Total	75.09	57.44

26 Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventories of raw materials at the beginning of the year	299.45	463.79
Add: Purchases of imported raw materials	736.47	546.93
Add: Purchases of indigenous raw materials	1,005.50	1,446.90
Less: Inventories of raw materials at the end of the year	253.81	299.45
Total	1,787.61	2,158.17

Notes:

Refer note 7 for directly attributable 'cost of material consumed' transferred to intangible assets under development.

27 Purchases of stock-in-trade

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Chemical purchases*	36.03	45.76
Total	36.03	45.76

^{*}Both the wholly owned foreign subsidiaries purchases traded goods from the Group Companies, the cost of purchase related to the same have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Thus, Chemical purchases referred above includes other costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventories at the beginning of the year			
- Work-in-progress		589.67	439.55
- Finished goods		229.83	321.84
- Finished goods-in-transit		94.94	218.12
- Traded goods		105.46	84.82
- Traded goods-in-transit		5.04	7.91
- Foreign currency fluctuation reserve		(10.42)	(0.64)
	Subtotal (i)	1,014.52	1,071.60
Inventories at the end of the year			
- Work-in-progress		718.49	589.67
- Finished goods		204.38	229.83
- Finished goods-in-transit		98.78	94.94
- Traded goods		81.07	105.46
- Traded goods-in-transit		5.50	5.04
- Foreign currency fluctuation reserve		(11.88)	(10.42)
	Subtotal (ii)	1,096.34	1,014.52
Total (i) - (ii)		(81.82)	57.08

29 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Salaries and wages (refer note 42)	461.70	348.23
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 40)	18.18	14.53
Contribution to gratuity fund (refer note 40)	3.17	2.46
Staff welfare expenses	64.56	46.87
Total	547.61	412.09

Notes:

30 Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest expenses on:		
- term loans	4.81	12.01
- working capital loans	55.09	65.76
- car loans	1.24	1.72
- late payment of statutory dues	0.34	0.42
- others	0.03	0.06
Other borrowing costs	3.81	4.07
Total	65.32	84.04

Refer note 3, 5 and 7 for directly attributable 'employee benefits expense' capitalised as property plant and equipment or transferred to capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

31 Depreciation and amortization expense

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	251.51	91.61
Amortization on right-of-use asset (refer note 4)	2.39	2.39
Amortization on other intangible assets (refer note 6)	2.15	1.55
Total	256.05	95.55

32 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Consumables, stores and spares	92.89	84.90
Electricity, power and fuel	347.77	236.12
Rent (refer note 39)	15.44	18.78
Repairs and maintenance of:		
- Buildings	3.96	2.72
- Plant and equipment	50.55	41.31
- Others	33.68	21.58
Packing expenses	84.04	83.34
Effluent treatment expenses	42.44	43.58
Labour and service charges	1.02	16.35
Laboratory expenses	13.82	13.44
Insurance	21.60	19.42
Security expenses	11.74	8.57
Safety expenses	6.62	7.57
Sitting fees (refer note 42)	0.78	0.66
Printing and stationery expenses	5.79	5.07
Legal and professional fees	31.75	26.01
Audit fees	3.44	3.09
Rates and taxes	2.38	3.48
Membership fees and subscription expenses	2.92	2.48
Communication expenses	2.11	2.15
Bank commission and other charges	1.98	1.96
Travelling and conveyance expenses	13.59	15.65
Selling and business promotion expenses	54.18	41.90
Freight clearing and forwarding expenses	86.91	162.42
Commission and brokerage	5.59	5.22
Bad debts	-	0.03
CSR expenditure	13.49	13.41
Net loss on foreign currency transaction and translation (refer note 38)	9.73	72.90
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	1.48	0.01
Sundry balances written-off	1.40	1.77
Miscellaneous expenses	0.56	1.32
Total	963.65	957.21

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

32 Other expenses (Continued)

Notes:

- Refer note 3, 5 and 7 for directly attributable 'other expenses' capitalised as property plant and equipment or transferred to capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development.
- Research and development expenditure: The Holding Company has obtained a registration from the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR) for its research and development unit which is approved under section 35(2AB) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 by the prescribed authority. The summary of gross research and development expenditure (capital and revenue) incurred and admissible under section 35(2AB) is as under:

Particulars	Year ended 31 M	ear ended 31 March 2024 Year ended 31 March 202		March 2023
	Gross amount	Admissible	Gross amount	Admissible
Capital expenditure	22.19	17.57	195.52	109.98
Revenue expenditure	79.42	69.08	60.39	48.88
Total	101.61	86.65	255.91	158.86

32A Exceptional items

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Loss on demolition of property, plant and equipment (refer note 3):		
Loss on demolition of building	-	30.80
Loss on demolition of furniture and fixture	-	1.45
Loss on demolition of electrical installation	-	3.62
Total	-	35.87

33 Tax expense/(benefits)

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current tax:			
-on profit for the year		75.62	28.71
-on short provision of tax relating to earlier years		0.79	0.14
	Subtotal (i)	76.41	28.85
Deferred tax:			
-on decrease in deferred tax assets (net)		128.40	11.13
-on MAT credit entitlement		(73.36)	(47.59)
-on remeasurement of defined benefit liability/(assets)		0.69	0.53
	Subtotal (ii)	55.73	(35.93)
Total (i) + (ii)		132.14	(7.08)

Notes:

Reconciliation of effective tax rate:

The reconciliation between estimated income tax expense at statutory income tax rate and tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss is given below:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Profit before tax (a)	435.68	447.79
Tax using the statutory tax rate @ 34.94% (31 March 2023: 29.12%)	152.26	130.39
Effect of:		
Non-allowable expenses	87.68	48.18
Allowable expenses	(229.02)	(62.57)



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

33 Tax expense/(benefits) (Continued)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Tax holidays	(5.12)	(105.66)
Other deductions	(1.15)	(27.42)
Deferred tax	129.09	11.66
Tax in respect of earlier years	0.79	0.14
Tax rates differences of subsidiaries	(2.39)	(1.80)
Net tax expense (b)	132.14	(7.08)
Effective tax rate (b)/(a)	30.33%	-

- (ii) The Holding Company continues to pay income tax under older tax regime and has not opted for lower tax rate as per provisions of section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The Wholly owned subsidiaries have been paying income tax under respective Acts or Laws prevailing in the countries where subsidiaries are located. The Group is computing current tax on the basis of tax laws that have been enacted.
- (iii) Refer note 23 for deferred tax and current tax (assets)/liabilities (net).
- (iv) The Holding Company in India is eligible for specified tax incentives which is included in the table above as tax holidays or exemptions. These are briefly described as under:
 - Location based exemption Special economic zone (SEZ) operations:

The Dahej unit of the Holding Company located in Dahej SEZ, Bharuch, Gujarat, India enjoy certain benefits under section 10AA of the Income Tax Act, 1961, which allows 100% of the taxable profit (derived from the export turnover from a SEZ unit) to be exempted till 31 March 2022, provided certain conditions are met.

Subsequent to this date, 50% of the taxable profit will be allowed to be exempted till 31 March 2027.

Subsequent to 31 March 2027, 50% of the taxable profits will be allowed to be exempted for further five years, provided the amount allowable in respect of deduction is credited to Special Economic Zone Re-Investment Reserve account and the amount credited should be utilised for acquiring new plant and machinery and provided certain other conditions are met. There can be no assurance that the Group will continue to enjoy the tax benefits under section 10AA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 in future.

Other exemption - Research and development (R&D) operations:

The R&D unit of the Holding Company located at Vadodara, Gujarat, India enjoys certain benefits under section 35(2AB) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, which allows 150% deduction of any expenditure on scientific research (not being expenditure in the nature of cost of any land or building) on in-house research and development facility as approved by the prescribed authority, provided certain conditions stipulated by Department of Scientific and Industrial Research ("DSIR") are met, up to 31 March 2020.

Subsequent to this date, 100% of any expenditure as specified above will be allowed as deduction.

Approval of DSIR to the in-house R&D unit of the Holding Company was valid till 31 March 2024 and application for extention till 31 March 2027 is under approval. However, for subsequent period, deduction will be subject to approval of DSIR for the recognition of in-house R&D for respective period.

The Group has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by transfer pricing legislation for its international transactions as well as specified domestic transactions. Management believes that all the above transactions are at arm's length price and the aforesaid legislations will not have any impact on the consolidated financial statement, particularly on the amount of tax expense and provision for taxation.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

33 Tax expense/(benefits) (Continued)

(vi) The Group Companies does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961) or any other Tax Acts or Laws prevailing in countries where subsidiaries are located.

34 Other comprehensive income/(expense)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Remeasurement (loss) of defined benefit plan obligations*	(2.36)	(1.82)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	0.69	0.53
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of foreign operations	1.88	7.77
Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Total	0.21	6.48

^{*}Refer note 40 for remeasurement (loss) of defined benefit plan obligations.

35 Earnings per share (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Face value per equity share (in ₹)	10	10	
(a) Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (numerator)	303.54	454.87	
(b) Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	22,165,062	22,165,062	
(c) Equity shares issued or allotted during the year	1,226,993	-	
(d) Number of equity shares at the end of the year	23,392,055	22,165,062	
(e) Allotment date of equity shares issued or allotted during the year	29 August 2023	Not applicable	
(f) Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating basic earnings per equity share (denominator)	22,889,189	22,165,062	
(g) Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating diluted earnings per equity share (denominator)	22,889,189	22,165,062	
(h) Earnings per equity share (in ₹):			
- Basic	13.26	20.52	
- Diluted	13.26	20.52	

Notes:

During the years ended, the Group has presented earnings per equity share for continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity shareholders of the Group. The Group does not have any discontinued operations.

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to their right to share profit for the year.

The Group does not have any instruments (including contingently issuable shares) that could potentially dilute earnings per equity share in the future.

The earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

35 Earnings per share (EPS) (Continued)

- (iii) Weighted average number of equity shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year adjusted by the number of equity shares issued or allotted during the year, multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the year.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Holding Company has completed fresh issue of equity shares vide qualified institutional placement (QIP). The offer comprises of 1,226,993 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,630/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,620 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 2,000.00 million. The equity shares of the Holding Company were allotted on 29 August 2023 vide board resolution dated 29 August 2023. The equity shares of the Holding Company were listed on 30 August 2023 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

36 Revenue from contract with customers

Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods has been transferred to the customers. Revenue from sale of services is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation towards rendering of such services. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract.

"Specialty chemical business" has been identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

Although to meet the disclosure objective with respect to disaggregation of revenue under "Ind AS 115 Revenue from contract with Customers" the Group believes that disaggregation on the basis of "product categories" best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of its revenues and cash flows are affected by industry, market and other economic factors.

Par	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Α	Revenue from contract with customers (based on geographical location)		
	recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
	Sale of products:		
	Outside India	2,765.92	3,036.08
	In India	1,136.33	1,166.58
	Sale of services:		
	Outside India	2.70	6.25
	Total	3,904.95	4,208.91
В	Provision/(reversal) of expected credit loss on trade receivables recognised in		
	the consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
	Other expenses/(income):		
	Provisions for doubtful debts/ (written back) (net)	-	(0.19)
	Provision/(reversal)	-	(0.19)
С	Disaggregation of revenue:		
(i)	Revenue based on type or nature of goods or services:		
	Phase transfer catalysts (PTC)	1,067.15	1,432.06
	Structure directing agents (SDA)	1,655.01	1,276.38
	Electrolyte salts and solutions (ESS)	50.35	165.33
	Pharmaceutical and agrochemical intermediates and others (PASC)	1,129.74	1,328.89
	Other services	2.70	6.25
	Total	3,904.95	4,208.91
(ii)	Revenue based on its timing of recognition:		
	Goods or services transferred over a point of time	3,904.95	4,208.91
	Goods or services transferred over a period of time	-	-
	Total	3,904.95	4,208.91

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

36 Revenue from contract with customers (Continued)

Part	iculars	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(iii)	Revenue based on contract duration:		
	Short-term contracts	3,904.95	4,208.91
	Long-term contracts	-	-
	Total	3,904.95	4,208.91
(iv)	Revenue based on relationship with the customers:		
	Non-related parties	3,904.95	4,208.91
	Related parties (refer note 42)	-	-
	Total	3,904.95	4,208.91
D	Reconciliation of the amount of revenue recognised in the consolidated		
	statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:		
	Revenue as per contracted price:	3,907.01	4,223.59
	Less: Sales returns or credits or reversals	(11.34)	(1.97)
	Less: Deferment of revenue during the year	(21.72)	(31.00)
	Add: Recognised as revenue during the year	31.00	18.29
	Revenue from contract with customers	3,904.95	4,208.91

Contract assets and liabilities:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current contract assets:		
Trade receivables (refer note 15)	698.52	844.03
Unbilled revenue (refer note 14)	21.72	31.00
Contract assets	720.24	875.03
Current contract liabilities:		
Advances received from customers (refer note 21)	16.72	8.00
Unearned revenue (refer note 21)	21.72	31.00
Contract liabilities	38.44	39.00

Notes:

- Amounts received in advance from customers i.e. before the related performance obligation is satisfied, are included in the balance sheet as "Advances received from customers" (Contract liability) in "Other current liabilities". Amounts invoiced or billed for performance obligation satisfied but not yet paid by the customers are included in the balance sheet as "Trade receivables" (Contract assets).
- There were no significant changes in the composition of the contract liabilities and contract assets during the years reported, other than on account of routine invoicing, revenue recognition and customer advances.
- (iii) Amounts previously recorded as contract liabilities have been increased due to further advances received from customers during the years and decreased due to revenue recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation during the years.
- (iv) Amounts previously recorded as trade receivables have been increased due to revenue recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation during the years and decreased on account of amount received from customers during the years.
- (v) As per the terms of the contract with customers, either all performance obligations are to be completed within one year from the date of such contracts or the Group has a right to receive consideration from its customers for all completed performance obligations. Accordingly, the Group has availed the practical expedient available as per paragraph 121 of Ind AS 115 and dispensed with the additional disclosures with respect to performance obligations that remained unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) at the balance sheet date. Further, since the terms of the contracts directly identify the transaction price for each of the completed performance obligations, in all material respects, all the elements of transaction price have been included



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

36 Revenue from contract with customers (Continued)

in the revenue recognised in the consolidated financial statements. Further, there is no material difference between the contract price and the revenue from contract with customers.

(vi) As per the terms of the contract with customers, the Group expects, at the contract inception, that the period between transfer of a promised goods or services to customer and related payments for the goods or services will be less than one year or less. Accordingly, the Group has availed the practical expedient available as per paragraph 63 of Ind AS 115 and has not adjusted the promised amount of consideration for the effects of significant financing component, if any.

37 Government grants

Government grants recognised as deferred government grant in the consolidated balance sheet:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Other liabilities (current):		
Deferred government grant (refer note 21):		
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.09	0.17
Less: Credited to consolidated statement of profit and loss	(0.09)	(0.09)
Balance at the end of the year	-	0.09

Government grants or assistance recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Grants related to income:	31 Water 2024	31 Waren 2023
Revenue from operations:		
Other operating revenue (refer note 24):		
Export incentives:		
Duty drawback	3.73	5.53
Remission of duties or taxes on export products scheme (RODTEP)	2.41	0.83
	6.14	6.36
Other income:		
Income on government grants or assistance (refer note 25):		
Grant related to assets:		
- Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS) of State Government	0.09	0.09
Grants related to expenses:		
- Interest Equalisation Scheme of Central Government	8.79	14.87
- Market Development Assistance Scheme of State Government	0.50	-
- National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme of Central Government	0.16	-
- Aatmanirbhar Bharat Rojgar Yojana of Central Government	0.05	0.23
	9.59	15.19
Total	15.73	21.55

Notes:

The Group has not recognised any government grants whose conditions are not fulfilled and to which other contingencies are attached.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

38 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Foreign exchange loss/(gain) recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Realised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(24.39)	36.88
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(3.76)	36.02
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(28.15)	72.90

- Refer note 3 to 7 for foreign exchange loss/(gain) capitalised in accordance with the option exercised under para D13AA of Ind AS 101 First-Time Adoption of Ind AS.
- (iii) During the years ended, the Holding Company has received, all due trade receivable from both the overseas wholly owned subsidiaries and from other overseas non-related parties within 60 days of its falling due or as prescribed by Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

39 Leases

Group as lessee:

Short-term leases: The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less (short-term lease), leases of low-value assets and cancellable leases. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

The Group has taken "leasehold land" on long-term lease, these leases are entirely prepaid by the Group and does not have any future lease liability towards the same. (refer note 4)

Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Other expenses:		
Rent:		
Short-term or cancellable leases	15.44	18.78
Total	15.44	18.78

40 Employee benefits

Employee benefits of the Group includes all forms of consideration (directly or indirectly) given by the Group in exchange for services rendered by its employees or on termination of employment.

Short-term employee benefits:

Measurement and recognition:

The Group measures short-term employee benefits on an undiscounted basis and it does not involve any actuarial valuation on the same.

The Group has recognised short-term employee benefits expected to be paid:

- as employee benefits expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, if it does not form part of the cost of an asset as per any other Ind AS (Ind AS 2 "Inventories" or Ind AS 16 "Property, plant and equipment") (refer note 29), and
- as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the consolidated balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid. (refer note 21)



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Post-employment benefits:

Defined contribution plans:

Description of plan:

The Group makes defined contribution to the recognised employee provident fund (EPF) as per provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and to employee state insurance corporation (ESIC) as per provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 for qualifying employees, which are recognised as employee benefits expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, on accrual basis when an employee renders the related service. The Group does not have any further contractual or constructive obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

Measurement and recognition:

Under these contributions, the Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The contributions payable to these plans by the Group are at rates specified in the provisions and rules of the related laws.

The Group has recognised defined contribution plans as follows:

Particulars		Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
(i)	Amount recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
	Employee benefits expense:		
	Contribution to statutory funds:		
	Employers' contribution to EPF	17.59	13.99
	Employers' contribution to ESIC	0.59	0.54
	Total	18.18	14.53
(ii)	Amount recognised in the consolidated balance sheet:		
	Other current liabilities:		
	Statutory dues payable:		
	Employers' provident fund payable	1.30	1.26
	Employers' state insurance corporation payable	0.05	0.05
	Total	1.35	1.31

Defined benefit plans:

Gratuity (funded):

Description of plan:

The Group makes annual contributions to defined benefit gratuity plan (funded) to finance the plan liability for qualifying employees. The gratuity fund is separately managed and administered by a trust (approved under the Income tax Act, 1961) and is legally separate from the Group. The plan is funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) in the form of qualified insurance policy. The contribution towards the trust fund is done as per rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962. The provisions of plan in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 are as follows:

The eligible employees are entitled to post-retirement benefit at the rate of 15 days last drawn salary (monthly salary is calculated for 26 days) for each completed year of service until the retirement age of 58 years, subject to ceiling of ₹ 2 million:

- On termination of employment due to superannuation or early retirement or resignation: with vesting period of 5 years of service.
- On death or permanent disablement in service: without any vesting period.

Where employees leave the Group prior to full vesting of the contributions, the contribution payable by the Group is reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Governance of plan:

The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of trustees. The Board of trustees are responsible for the administration, for overall governance of the plan assets, for the definition of the investment strategy and to act in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed and rules in the best interests of the plan participants. They do periodic reviews of the solvency of the fund and play a role in the long-term investment, risk management and funding strategy.

Investment strategy:

The investment strategy in respect of its funded plans is implemented within the framework of the applicable statutory requirements. The plan exposes the Group to various actuarial risks such as:

- Interest rate risk: A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
- (ii) Salary inflation risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
- (iii) Investment risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bond yields; if the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, the plan has a relatively balanced investment in government securities and
- (iv) Asset liability matching (ALM) risk: The plan faces the ALM risk, as to the matching cash flows. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.
- (v) Longevity (mortality) risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
- (vi) Concentration risk: The plan is having a concentration risk, as all the assets are invested with the insurance Group and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very low as insurance companies have to follow stringent regulatory guidelines which mitigate risk.

Measurement and recognition:

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost and past service cost is determined based on actuarial valuation as at the reporting date and is measured using the "projected unit credit method", which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional units of employees benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build-up the final obligation.

The obligations are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows by applying various valuation assumptions (referred below). The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation is based on the market yields on Government bonds as at the date of actuarial valuation.

For the purpose of calculation, past service is rounded to the nearest integer. Suitable application of the ₹ 2 million ceiling has been considered while conducting the valuation and during the years ended, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 31 March 2024 and this valuation has been done in conformity with the Actuarial Practice Standard 27 (APS 27) and the relevant guidance notes issued by Institute of Actuaries of India.

The Group has recognised actuarial gains or losses (net of tax) immediately in the other comprehensive income (OCI).



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of actuarial valuation of defined benefit plans were as follows:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Demographic assumptions:		
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality
	2012-14 (Urban)	2012-14 (Urban)
Retirement age	58 years	58 years
Attrition rate	For service 4 years and below	For service 4 years and below
	25.00% p.a.	25.00% p.a.
	For service 5 years and above	For service 5 years and above
	5.00% p.a.	5.00% p.a.
Financial assumptions:		
Salary escalation rate	8%	8%
Discount rate and expected return on plan assets	7.21% p.a.	7.41% p.a.
	(Indicative G.Sec	(Indicative G.Sec
	referenced as on 31 March	referenced as on 31 March
	2024)	2023)
	for the tenure of 8 years	for the tenure of 8 years
Average expected future service	8 years	8 years

The Group has recognised defined benefits plans as follows:

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(i)	Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
	Employee benefits expense:		
	Current service cost	3.60	2.75
	Past service cost and (gain)/loss on settlements	-	-
	Net interest cost	(0.43)	(0.29)
	Total	3.17	2.46
(ii)	Amount of actuarial gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI):		
	Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability:		
	Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost)	0.26	0.20
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	0.56	(1.16)
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	1.54	2.78
	Total	2.36	1.82
(iii)	Amount recognised in consolidated balance sheet:		
	Present value of funded defined benefit obligation (increased by 32.82%)	(27.79)	(20.92)
	Fair value of plan assets	34.77	26.78
	Net asset arising from defined benefit obligation	6.98	5.86
	Non-current	-	-
	Current	6.98	5.86
	Total	6.98	5.86

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Parti	culars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
(iv)	Reconciliation of net (asset)/liability recognised in consolidated balance sheet:		
	Net (asset)/liability at the beginning	(5.86)	(4.21)
	Expenses recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss	3.17	2.46
	Expenses recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)	2.36	1.82
	Benefits paid directly by employer	-	-
	Employers' contribution	(6.65)	(5.93)
	Net (asset) at the end	(6.98)	(5.86)
(v)	Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligation:		
	Defined benefit obligation at the beginning	20.92	15.82
	Current service cost	3.60	2.75
	Interest cost	1.55	1.09
	Remeasurement (gains)/losses:		
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	0.56	(1.16)
	Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from experience adjustments	1.54	2.78
	Past service cost	-	-
	Benefits paid from the fund	(0.38)	(0.36)
	Defined benefit obligation at the end	27.79	20.92
(vi)	Movement in the fair value of the plan assets:		
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning	26.78	20.03
	Interest income	1.98	1.38
	Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income)	(0.26)	(0.20)
	Contributions from the employer	6.65	5.93
	Benefits paid from the fund	(0.38)	(0.36)
	Fair value of plan assets at the end	34.77	26.78
(vii)	Composition of the plan assets:		
	Qualified insurance policy	100%	100%
	Total	100%	100%
(viii)	Net interest (income)/expenses:		
	Present value of the defined benefit obligation at the beginning	20.92	15.82
	Fair value of the plan assets at the beginning	(26.78)	(20.03)
	Net (asset)/liability at the beginning	(5.86)	(4.21)
	Interest cost	1.55	1.09
	Interest income	(1.98)	(1.38)
	Net interest (income)	(0.43)	(0.29)



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis:

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	Year ended 31 N	larch 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(2.63)	3.13	(2.00)	2.37
Employee turnover (1% movement)	(0.32)	0.35	(0.21)	0.23
Future salary growth (1% movement)	2.98	(2.64)	2.27	(2.00)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation, as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Each year an asset liability matching study is performed in which the consequences of the strategic investment policies are analysed in terms of risk and return profiles. Investment and contribution policies are integrated within this study.

Past service analysis:

The distribution of liability on defined benefit plans over different ranges of past service intervals is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Less than 4 years	16.80%	18.40%
5 years and above	83.20%	81.60%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Analysis of discontinuance liability:

The liability on discontinuance basis is the amount the Group has to pay if the Group discontinues its business on the valuation date. The discontinuance liability (undiscounted accrued benefits) ignoring vesting criterion, if any on the valuation date and the distribution of the discontinuance liability for vested and non-vested employees is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discontinuance liability (increased by 29.13%)	29.70	23.00
Vested employees	72.36%	70.25%
Non-vested employees	27.64%	29.75%

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Maturity analysis:

The expected effect of defined benefit payments on the Group's future cash flows will be as follows:

Particulars Year ended		Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Less than 1 year	1.41	0.86
Between 1-2 years	7.50	6.15
Over 5 years	63.30	49.51

C Other long-term employee benefits:

i) Compensated absences (non-funded):

Description of plan:

The plan is non-funded and non-contributory defined benefits and cover the Group's liability for privilege leave. Under the compensated absences plan, leave encashment is payable to eligible employees on separation from the Group due to death, retirement, superannuation or resignation, at the rate of daily last drawn salary (monthly salary is calculated for 26 days), as per current accumulation of leave days. Other provisions of the plan are:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Encashment on separation	Yes	Yes
Encashment while in service	Yes	Yes
Availment while in service	Yes	Yes
Maximum accumulations (in days)	30	30
Maximum encashment (in days)	30	30
Excess over maximum accumulations	Lapse	Lapse
Vesting criteria	No	No

Accumulating paid absences may be either vesting (in other words, employees are entitled to a cash payment for unused entitlement on superannuation or resignation or retirement) or non-vesting (when employees are not entitled to a cash payment for unused entitlement on superannuation or resignation or retirement). An obligation arises, when employees render service that increases their entitlement to future paid absences. The obligation exists and is recognised, even if the paid absences are nonvesting, although the possibility that employees may leave before they use an accumulated non-vesting entitlement affects the measurement of that obligation.

Measurement and recognition:

The present value of the other long-term employee benefit and the related current service cost and past service cost is determined based on actuarial valuation as at the reporting date and is measured using the "projected unit credit method", which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional units of employees benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build-up the final obligation.

The obligations are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows by applying various valuation assumptions (referred below). The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation is based on the market yields on Government bonds as at the date of actuarial valuation.

Based on the Group's past experience, the leave balances are split up into three proportions; leaves for while in service availment, leaves for while in service encashment and leaves for encashment on exit. This proportion is considered to follow the last in first out (LIFO) approach as guided in the Ind AS 19. During the years ended, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the other long-term employee benefits were carried out at 31 March 2024 and this valuation has been done in conformity with the Actuarial Practice Standard 27 (APS 27) and the relevant guidance notes issued by Institute of Actuaries of India.

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of actuarial valuation of other long-term employee benefits are same assumptions that are used in actuarial valuation of defined benefit plan (gratuity) (referred above), except two additional demographic assumptions which were as follows:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Demographic assumptions:		
While in service availment rate (for compensated absences)	3% of the total leave (for all future years)	3% of the total leave (for all future years)
While in service encashment rate (for compensated absences)	5.00% of the leave balance (for the next year)	5.00% of the leave balance (for the next year)

The Group has recognised actuarial gains or losses on other long-term employee benefits as follows:

Part	ticulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
(i)	Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
	Employee benefits expense:		
	Salaries and wages:		
	Compensated absences	6.81	10.82
	Total	6.81	10.82
(ii)	Amount recognised in consolidated balance sheet:		
	Present value of unfunded other long-term employee benefits (increased by 14.83%)	16.96	14.77
	Total liability arising from other long-term employee benefits	16.96	14.77
	Non-current	13.34	11.45
	Current	3.62	3.32
	Total	16.96	14.77

Sensitivity analysis:

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the other long-term benefits obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024		Year ended 31	Year ended 31 March 2023	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Discount rate (1% movement)	(0.98)	1.13	(0.83)	0.97	
Employee turnover rate (1% movement)	(0.10)	0.11	(0.07)	0.08	
Future salary growth rate (1% movement)	1.11	(0.98)	0.95	(0.84)	

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the other long-term employee benefits obligation, as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another, as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the other long-term benefits obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Past service analysis:

The distribution of liability on compensated absences over different ranges of past service intervals is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Less than 9 years	84.04%	87.84%
Between 10-19 years	14.46%	10.77%
Between 20-29 years	1.50%	1.39%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Analysis of discontinuance liability:

The liability on discontinuance basis is the amount the Group has to pay if the Group discontinues its business on the valuation date. The discontinuance (undiscounted accrued benefits) liability ignoring vesting criterion, if any on the valuation date is as

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Discontinuance liability (increased by 13.47%)	15.71	13.85

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the discontinuance liability and other long-term employee benefits includes the due but not paid liability amount of ₹ 0.13 million (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil)

Termination benefits:

Measurement and recognition:

The Group measures termination benefits on initial recognition and will further measure and recognise subsequent changes, in accordance with the nature of employee benefits, provided that:

- if the termination benefits are an enhancement of post-employment benefits, then the Group will apply all the requirements of post-employment benefits,
- if the termination benefits are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period, then the Group will apply all the requirements of short-term employee benefits, and
- if the termination benefits are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of reporting period, then the Group will apply all the requirements of long-term employee benefits.

The Group has recognised termination benefits expected to be paid:

as employee benefits expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, and



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

40 Employee benefits (Continued)

as a current liability (employee benefits payable) or as a current asset (accrued expense) in the consolidated balance sheet, after deducting any amount already paid.

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss:		
Employee benefits expense:		
Salaries and wages:		
Retrenchment compensation	-	0.28
Total	-	0.28

During the years ended, the Group does not have any current liabilities and current assets related to termination benefits.

41 Segment reporting

"Operating segments" are components of the Group whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the "Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM)" to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

"Specialty chemical business" has been identified as single operating segment for the purpose of making decision on allocation of resources and assessing its performance.

Information about geographical areas:

(i) Revenue from contract with customers*:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Outside India	2,768.62	3,042.33
India	1,136.33	1,166.58
Total	3,904.95	4,208.91

^{*}Revenue from contract with customers has been allocated based on the location of customers.

(ii) Non - current assets*:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
India	5,207.94	4,465.85
Outside India	0.18	0.22
Total	5,208.12	4,466.07

^{*}Non-current assets have been allocated based on the geographic location of the respective assets.

Information about major customers:

Customers contributing more than 10% of the total revenue from contract with customers:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Customer 1	36%	24%
Customer 2	17%	-
Customer 3	7%	-

(ii) Customers contributing more than 10% of the outstanding trade receivables:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Customer 2	32%	-
Customer 1	19%	27%
Customer 3	10%	-

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

42 Related party disclosures

Related parties:

The Group does not have any step down subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. As per the Ind AS 24 on "Related Party Disclosures", list of related parties identified in the Group are as follows:

Designation

Key managerial personnel (KMP) and relatives of key managerial personnel:

(a) Key managerial personnel (KMP):

Executive directors

Premier Solution Private Limited

	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	Chairman and Managing Director
	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	Whole Time Director
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	Whole Time Director
	Non-executive directors	
	Dr. Manher Chimanlal Desai	Independent Director
	CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel	Independent Director
	Dr. Avani Rajesh Umatt	Independent Director
	Other key managerial personnel	
	Mr. Ashok Bothra	Chief Financial Officer
	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	Company Secretary and Compliance officer
(b)	Relatives of key managerial personnel:	
	Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	
	Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	
	Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	
	Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	
	Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	Management Trainee- Marketing (w.e.f. 01 October 2022)
	Mr. Aryan Shekhar Somani	Management Trainee- Business Development (w.e.f. 22 June 2023)
	Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani	
	Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani	

Enterprises over which key managerial personnel and their relatives are able to exercise significant influence or control:

Universal House

M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF	Shital R Somani HUF
Arete Virtue Jewels	Shree Sai Baba Petroleum
Bakia Laboratories	Star Enterprise
M/s Chintan N Shah HUF	Sardar Medical
Kirit H. Shah HUF	Unigroup Resources LLP
Marvel Indenting Private Limited	Universal Distributors

Samir Rasiklal HUF Somani Voltajar Technology Private Limited

Shekhar Rasiklal Somani Ancestral D. J. Shah Investment Finance Private Limited

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Private Limited Employees Group Gratuity Scheme



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Related party disclosures (Continued) 42

В Transactions with related parties:

All the contracts or arrangements or transactions entered with the related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and were in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act and Listing Regulations and are approved by Audit committee.

The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their relatives were not favourable than those transaction available or those transaction which might reasonably be expected to be available, in respect of similar transactions with non-key management personnel and their relatives on an arm's length basis.

The aggregate value of the Group's transactions with related parties are as follows:

Particulars Year ended			Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1	Key managerial personnel (KMP) and relatives of key managerial personnel:		
(i)	Employee benefits expense:		
	Managerial remuneration:		
	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	13.39	16.50
	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	13.39	16.50
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	13.39	16.50
	Other key managerial personnel:		
	Mr. Ashok Bothra	6.54	5.16
	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	1.09	0.86
	Relatives of key managerial personnel:		
	Mr. Aryan Shekhar Somani	0.25	-
	Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	0.33	0.15
	Subtotal	48.38	55.67
(ii)	Other expenses:		
	Sitting fees:		
	CA Subhash Ambubhai Patel	0.29	0.25
	Dr. Manher Chimanlal Desai	0.27	0.23
	Dr. Avani Rajesh Umatt	0.22	0.18
	Subtotal	0.78	0.66
	Reimbursement of expenses:		
	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	0.02	0.14
	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	0.04	0.23
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	0.47	0.38
	Mr. Ashok Bothra	0.00	0.01
	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	0.01	-
	Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	0.00	-
	Subtotal	0.54	0.76
(iii)	Other equity:		
	Dividend paid (refer note 16 and 48):		
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	10.79	11.26
	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	9.79	9.79
	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	8.00	8.01
	M/s Ajay Mansukhlal Patel HUF	1.43	1.84
	Ms. Priti Ajay Patel	1.80	1.84
	M/s Chintan N Shah HUF	0.90	0.90

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

42 Related party disclosures (Continued)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Ms. Darshana Nitinkumar Shah	0.08	0.55
Ms. Kajal Shekhar Somani	0.44	0.44
Ms. Shital Chintan Shah	0.46	0.46
Mr. Samirkumar Rasiklal Somani	0.00	0.00
Mr. Shitalkumar Rasiklal Somani	0.00	0.00
Subtotal	33.69	35.09
Total KMP and relatives of KMP	83.39	92.18

C **Balances with related parties:**

The aggregate value of the Group's outstanding balances with related parties are as follows:

Part	iculars	Maximum	As at	As at
		outstanding	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1	Key managerial personnel (KMP) and relatives of key manageri	ial personnel:		
(i)	Other current liabilities:			
(a)	Employee benefits payable:			
	Managerial remuneration:			
	Mr. Chintan Nitinkumar Shah	0.76	-	0.76
	Mr. Ajaykumar Mansukhlal Patel	0.76	-	0.76
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	0.77	-	0.77
	Other key managerial personnel:			
	Mr. Ashok Bothra	0.99	0.23	0.40
	Mr. Ishwar Nayi	0.10	0.09	0.06
	Relatives of key managerial personnel:			
	Mr. Aryan Shekhar Somani	0.02	0.02	-
	Ms. Shimoni Chintan Shah	0.03	0.02	0.02
	Subtotal		0.36	2.77
(b)	Expenses payable:			
	Reimbursement of expenses:			
	Mr. Shekhar Rasiklal Somani	0.11	0.02	0.03
	Subtotal		0.02	0.03
	Total KMP and relatives of KMP		0.38	2.80

Note:

- None of the Group Companies director is related to each other or to any other key managerial personnel.
- The Group Companies has not entered into any service contracts with its directors or key managerial personnel which include termination or retirement benefits or otherwise. Except statutory benefits upon termination of their employment in the Group or superannuation, none of the key managerial personnel is entitled to any benefits upon termination of employment or superannuation.
- (iii) The Group Companies does not have any contingent or deferred compensation payable to its directors or key managerial personnel which does not form part of their remuneration.
- (iv) The Group Companies does not have any profit-sharing plan in which its directors or key managerial personnel have participated.
- All the key managerial personnel (other than executive directors) are interested in the Group Companies only to the extent of the remuneration or benefits to which they are entitled to as per their terms of appointment and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them during the ordinary course of their service.



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(Currency: ₹ in Million)

42 Related party disclosures (Continued)

- (vi) All the key managerial personnel except its executive directors, are permanent employees of the Holding Company.
- (vii) The directors of the Holding Company have not been paid any kind of remuneration from any of its subsidiaries.

43 Financial instruments

Α Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

The Group's financial assets and financial liabilities can be categorised as follows:

- The Holding Company has carried its investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries at deemed cost less provision for impairment, if any as per paragraph D15 of Ind AS 101 "First-time adoption of Indian accounting standards". The Group does not have any investment in equity instruments "designated" at FVTOCI.
- All financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group are measured at "amortised cost" except current investments, which have been designated to be measured at "FVTPL".
- (iii) The Group does not have any financial assets measured at FVTOCI.
- (iv) During the years ended, the Group has not reclassified any financial assets and financial liabilities.
- During the years ended, the Group has not off-settled any financial assets and financial liabilities.
- (vi) Refer note 15 for movement in loss allowance for credit losses of trade receivables.
- (vii) The Group does not have any type of compound financial instruments.
- (viii) Refer note 18 for security details of financial assets and for no default and breach related to borrowings.
- (ix) The Group has disclosed carried amount, net gains or losses if any, interests' income and interest expenses of all the categories of financial assets and liabilities in respective notes forming part of consolidated financial statements.

Hedge accounting:

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments: The Group uses foreign currency denominated borrowings and foreign exchange forward contract to manage its transaction exposures. The foreign exchange forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges and are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions, generally from 4 to 6 months.

The Group does not use cash flow hedges, fair value hedges, hedging of net investment in foreign operations and embedded derivatives.

C Fair values:

The Group's management have assessed that the "carrying amounts" of financial assets and liabilities other than those valued at Level 1 and Level 2 are considered to be reasonable approximation of their "fair values" due to their current and short-term nature. Accordingly, the Group has not separately disclosed fair values as per paragraph 29 of Ind AS 107 " Financial instruments: disclosures".

Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value of financial instruments has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

Level 1 quoted prices in an active market: This level of hierarchy includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This category consists of investment in quoted equity shares and mutual funds. It has been valued using the closing price as at the reporting period on the stock exchanges.

Level 2 valuation techniques with observable inputs: This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). The fair value of these instruments is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

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(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Level 3 valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs: This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair value is determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor based on available market data.

Measurement of fair values:

The Group's management have used its best judgement in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

However, there are inherent limitations in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates presented above are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Group could have realised or paid in transactions as of respective dates. As such, fair value of financial instruments subsequent to the reporting dates may be different from the amounts reported at each reporting date.

Recognition and classification of financial assets (non-current and current):

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised	Total	Fair	value hierar	chy
			cost		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31 March 2024							
Investments	100.51	-	-	100.51	100.51	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	698.52	698.52	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	353.04	353.04	-	-	-
Other bank balance	-	-	29.88	29.88	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	2.41	2.41	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	49.62	49.62	-	-	-
Total	100.51	-	1,133.47	1,233.98	100.51	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	142.71	142.71	-	-	-
Trade payable	-	-	450.31	450.31	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	82.44	82.44	-	-	-
Total	-	-	675.46	675.46	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2023							
Trade receivables	-	-	844.03	844.03	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	273.65	273.65	-	-	-
Other bank balance	-	-	173.96	173.96	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	1.72	1.72	-	-	-
Other financial assets	5.16	-	55.78	60.94	-	5.16	-
Total	5.16	-	1,349.14	1,354.30	-	5.16	-
Borrowings	-	-	1,702.57	1,702.57	-	-	-
Trade payable	-	-	321.88	321.88	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	297.09	297.09	-	-	-
Total	-	_	2,321.54	2,321.54	_	-	-



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

44 Financial instruments-risk management

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company has the overall responsibility for establishing and governing the Group's risk management framework. The Group has constituted a risk management committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and reflect the changes in the policy accordingly. The key risks and mitigating actions have also been placed before the Audit Committee. This note explains the nature, extent and sources of risks arising from financial instruments to which the Group is exposed at the end of the reporting years and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's financial liabilities comprise mainly of borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The Group's financial assets comprise mainly of investments, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, trade receivables and other receivables. The Group's business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks namely:

- Credit risk,
- Liquidity risk and
- Market risk

Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual and performance obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. Credit risk encompasses both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration risks.

 $Group's \ credit \ risks \ principally \ arise \ from \ trade \ receivables \ and \ other \ receivables, from \ investments, from \ cash \ and \ cash \ equivalents,$ from forward exchange contracts and from security deposits or other deposits. The maximum credit exposure associated with financial assets is equal to the carrying amount. Details of the credit risk specific to the Group along with relevant mitigation procedures adopted have been enumerated below:

Trade and other receivables:

Customer credit risk has been managed by the Group and is subject to established policy, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management by establishing credit limits, credit approvals and monitoring the credit worthiness of the customers to which the Group extends the credit in the normal course of the business. The Group uses publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings (if available) of its counterparties are continuously monitored. The outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and appropriate action is taken for collection of overdue receivables.

Refer note 15, 36 and 41 for other disclosures related to trade receivables.

Other financial assets:

Other financial assets include investments, security deposits, forward exchange contracts, cash and cash equivalents, loans, other bank balance and other receivables.

- Investments in mutual funds are made only in large fund houses of good repute and credit worthiness.
- Security deposits have been given to various government authorities including other counterparties. Being government authorities, the Group believe that it does not has any exposure to credit risk. Security deposits to others are subject to established policy, procedures and controls relating to counterparty credit risk management by monitoring their credit worthiness, etc.
- Foreign exchange forward contracts (not designated as hedging instruments) have been taken with the intention of reducing foreign exchange risk of expected transactions. The Group attempts to limit the credit risk by only dealing with reputable banks having high credit-ratings assigned by credit-rating agencies.
- Cash and cash equivalents and fixed deposits are placed with banks having good reputation and having high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Refer note 8 to 12 for other disclosures related to other financial assets.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

44 Financial instruments-risk management (Continued)

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will face in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Group's approach in managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses. In doing this, management considers both normal and stressed conditions.

The Group has maintained a cautious liquidity strategy, with a positive cash balance throughout the years ended. Cash flow from operating activities provides the funds to service the financial liabilities on a day-to-day basis. The Group regularly monitors the rolling forecasts to ensure it has sufficient cash on an on-going basis to meet operational needs. Any short-term surplus cash generated, over and above the amount required for working capital management and other operational requirements, is retained as cash and cash equivalents (to the extent required) and any excess is invested in interest bearing term deposits with appropriate maturities to optimise the cash returns on investments while ensuring sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities.

The Group also manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Exposure to liquidity risk:

The following table shows the maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractually agreed undiscounted cash flows, along with its carrying value as at the balance sheet date. It includes principal, estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Group may be required to pay.

Particulars	Carrying	Contractua	l maturities	Total
	amount	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
As at 31 March 2024				
Borrowings	142.71	136.32	6.39	142.71
Trade payables	450.31	450.31	-	450.31
Other financial liabilities	82.44	82.44	-	82.44
Total	675.46	669.07	6.39	675.46
As at 31 March 2023				
Borrowings	1,702.57	1,660.27	42.30	1,702.57
Trade payables	321.88	321.88	-	321.88
Other financial liabilities	297.09	297.09	-	297.09
Total	2,321.54	2,279.24	42.30	2,321.54

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk, that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices. The Group is exposed in the ordinary course of its business to risks related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

Currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's functional currency is Indian Rupees (INR). The Group has exposure to foreign currency mainly by way of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and trade payables (primarily USD and EUR) and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk. Volatility in exchange rates affects the Group's revenue from exports markets and the costs of imports, primarily in relation to exports with respect to the US-dollar. Adverse movements in the exchange rate between the Rupee and the relevant foreign currency results in increase in the Group's overall debt position in Rupee terms without the Group having incurred additional debt.

In order to minimize adverse effects on the financial performance, the Group has entered into foreign exchange forward contracts (not designated as hedging instruments) to hedge foreign currency exchange risk. All hedging activities are carried out in accordance with the Group's internal risk management policy, as approved by the Board, and in accordance with the



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

44 Financial instruments-risk management (Continued)

applicable regulations where the Group operates. Such decisions are taken after considering many factors such as upside potential, cost of structure and the downside risks etc. Weekly reports are submitted to management on the covered and open positions and mark to market (MTM valuation).

Exposure to currency risk:

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (Unhedged foreign currency exposure) at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 3	1 March 2024	4	As at 31	March 2023	
	USD	EUR	Total	USD	EUR	Total
Financial assets:						
Trade receivables	437.64	-	437.64	605.91	-	605.91
Cash and cash equivalents	198.56	2.50	201.06	171.50	1.10	172.60
Other financial assets	-	-	-	5.16	-	5.16
Total Financial assets	636.20	2.50	638.70	782.57	1.10	783.67
Financial liabilities:						
Borrowings	29.16	-	29.16	120.30	-	120.30
Trade payables	199.02	13.33	212.35	60.39	3.00	63.39
Other financial liabilities	0.05	-	0.05	0.17	-	0.17
Total Financial liabilities	228.23	13.33	241.56	180.86	3.00	183.86

At the end of the reporting period the total notional amount of outstanding foreign currency contracts that the Group has committed to are as below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024			As at 31 March 2023	
	in USD	in INR	in USD	in INR	
Foreign currency forwards-sell	7.66	638.91	9.42	774.81	

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the year:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 N	1arch 2023
	1 USD	1 EUR	1 USD	1 EUR		
Opening rate as at 01 April	82.22	89.61	75.81	84.66		
Average rate	82.79	89.81	80.33	83.67		
Closing rate as at 31 March	83.37	90.22	82.22	89.61		

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis:

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of "profit before tax" to a reasonably possible change of 2% in USD and EUR rates to the functional currency of the Group, with all other variables held constant:

Particulars	As at 31 March	As at 31 March 2024		2023			
	Impa	Impact on profit before tax if exchange rates					
	increase	decrease	increase	decrease			
	by 2%	by 2%	by 2%	by 2%			
USD	8.16	(8.16)	12.03	(12.03)			
EUR	(0.22)	0.22	(0.04)	0.04			

STATUTORY REPORTS

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Currency: ₹ in Million)

44 Financial instruments-risk management (Continued)

Interest rate risk:

"Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because funds are borrowed at both fixed and floating interest rates. The Group's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. Therefore, they are not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is measured by using the cash flow sensitivity for changes in variable interest rate.

The Group has exposure to variable interest rate risk, arising principally on changes in repo rate, MCLR, LIBOR and SOFR rates. The Group uses a mix of interest rate sensitive financial instruments to manage the liquidity and fund requirements for its day-to-day operations like short-term loans. The Group manages this risk by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings. Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite, ensuring the most cost-effective hedging strategies are applied. The Group also has financial assets i.e. fixed deposits with fix rate of interest, therefore, they are not subject to interest rate risk.

Exposure to interest rate risk:

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instrument is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 M	arch 2023
	Fix rate	Variable rate	Fix rate	Variable rate
Financial assets	177.84	-	188.96	-
Financial liabilities	42.71	100.00	137.37	1,565.20

Interest rate sensitivity analysis:

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of "profit before tax" to a reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in variable interest rates for borrowings of the Group, assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting year was outstanding for the whole year with all other variables held constant:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Impact on profit before tax if interest rates:		
- increase by 100 basis points	(1.00)	(15.65)
- decrease by 100 basis points	1.00	15.65

45 Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence, to sustain future development of the business and to be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes paid-up equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The Group determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business plan coupled with long-term and short-term strategic investment and expansion plans. The funding needs are met through equity, cash generated from operations, long-term and short-term bank borrowings. The Group monitors the capital structure on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Group.

The table below summarises the capital, net debt and net debt to equity ratio of the Group:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Equity:		
Equity share capital	233.92	221.65
Other equity:		
Securities premium	4,043.94	2,090.26
Retained earnings	3,092.96	2,836.00
Total equity (a)	7,370.82	5,147.91
Total equity (a)	7,370.82	5,1



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

45 Capital management (Continued)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Liabilities:		
Non-current borrowings	6.39	42.30
Current borrowings	136.32	1,660.27
Gross debt	142.71	1,702.57
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(353.04)	(273.66)
Less: Other bank balances	(29.88)	(173.95)
(including deposit with banks with original maturity of more than 12 month)		
Adjusted net debt (b)	(240.21)	1,254.96
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio (b)/(a)	-	0.24

Notes:

- During the years ended, no changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital.
- Net debt includes interest bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances.

46 Contingent liabilities and commitments

(to the extent not provided for)

Par	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Ą	Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts for:		
	- Indirect tax matters (refer note (iii) below)	12.15	13.56
	- Direct tax (refer note (iv) below)	1.00	1.00
В	Capital and other commitments:		
	- Estimated amount of contracts (capital) remaining to be executed	273.03	177.33
	- Export obligation under advance license scheme on duty free import of specific raw materials	13.28	2.78
	Total	299.46	194.67

Notes:

- The Group does not have any classes of liabilities which have been identified as provisions as per Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent liabilities and contingent assets" except provisions covered under Ind AS 109, Ind AS 19 and Ind AS 12.
- Pending resolution of the respective proceedings, it is not practicable for the Group to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above, as it is determinable only on receipt of judgments or decisions pending with various forums or authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its consolidated financial statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial position.

(iii) Indirect tax matters:

- (a) The Holding Company has received show cause cum demand notice dated 29 March 2022 from Deputy Director General of GST Intelligence (DGGI), for recovery of erroneous refund on zero rated supplies under Integrated Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 (IGST) amounting to ₹ 11.38 million pertaining to financial year 2017-18 and 2018-19, apart from interest and penalty under section 74 (1) of The Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 (CGST) r.w. regulation 20 of IGST Act, 2017. The Holding Company has filed application against the same. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial position.
- (b) The Holding Company has received order dated 3 March 2021 from Superintendent, CGST for recovery of erroneous refund on zero rated supplies under IGST Act, 2017 amounting to ₹ 0.56 million pertaining to financial year 2017-18 apart from interest and penalty. The Holding Company has filed appeal against the same. The Group expects the outcome of this proceeding in its favour.

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(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

46 Contingent liabilities and commitments (Continued)

(iv) Direct tax matters:

The Holding Company has received show cause notice dated 22 September 2022 from Income tax assessment unit under section 274 read with section 270A of the Income Tax Act, 1961 amounting to ₹ 1.00 million pertaining to assessment year 2020-21 (financial year 2019-20). The Holding Company has filed appeal against the same. The Group expects the outcome of this proceeding in its favour.

47 Other disputed matters

The Holding Company has filed two criminal complaints against M/s Kaveri Engineering Works ("Accused"), before the Chief Judicial Magistrate under the provisions of sections 138 and 141 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, wherein it is alleged that two cheques amounting ₹ 0.78 million was issued by the Accused to the Holding Company (in respect of certain advance payments made to the Accused, that was to be reimbursed to the Holding Company, in light of the failure of the Accused to deliver certain goods to the Holding Company) was subsequently dishonoured. The matter is currently pending and the Group expects the outcome of this proceeding in its favour.

48 Subsequent events

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the Group has evaluated events and transactions that occur during the period subsequent to 31 March 2024 for potential recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements. These subsequent events have been considered through 03 May 2024, which is the date, the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued. Except proposed dividend, no significant items were identified, which may require an adjustment to the consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company has recommended a final dividend of 20% (₹ 2/- per equity share of face value ₹ 10 each) for the financial year ended 31 March 2024, which is subject to the approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. If approved, the dividend would result in a cash outflow of approximately ₹ 46.78 million for financial year ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: ₹ 44.33 million).

Statement of utilization of initial public offer (IPO) proceeds

- During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Holding Company has completed Initial Public Offer (IPO) of 4,616,804 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,083/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,073 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 5,000.00 million. The offer comprises of a fresh issue of 2,077,562 equity shares aggregating to ₹ 2,250.00 million and an offer for sale of 2,539,242 equity shares aggregating to ₹ 2,750.00 million. The equity shares of the Holding Company were allotted on 27 July 2021 vide board resolution dated 27 July 2021. The equity shares of the Holding Company were listed on 29 July 2021 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).
- Pursuant to regulation 32(1) and 32(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, statement of utilization of IPO proceeds as at 31 March 2024 is as follows:

Objects of the offer	Amount as per "Offer document" 30 July 2021	Unutilised amount as at 31 March 2023	Utilised during the year ended 31 March 2024	Unutilised amount as at 31 March 2024
Expansion of our Dahej manufacturing facility	1,471.00	4.32	4.32	-
Upgradation at our R&D facility in Vadodara	239.71	115.12	115.12	-
General corporate purposes	362.10	-	-	-
Total	2,072.81	119.44	119.44	-



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million, except per share data)

49 Statement of utilization of initial public offer (IPO) proceeds (Continued)

Notes:

- The Holding Company has appointed ICICI Bank Limited as the "Monitoring agency" in terms of regulation 41(2) of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended, to monitor the utilization of IPO proceeds.
- The Holding Company has obtained a monitoring agency report on quarterly basis from the "Monitoring agency" and filed the same with both BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) where equity shares of the Holding Company are listed and uploaded the same on Holding Company's website.
- (iii) The above statement of utilization of IPO proceeds has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of directors of the Holding Company at their meeting held on 03 May 2024.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Holding Company has utilised full amount of IPO proceeds as per "objects of the offer".
- In accordance with section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Holding Company has not used the net proceeds for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in shares of any other listed company.
- (vi) The Holding Company has not entered in any proposal whereby any portion of the net proceeds will be paid to the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel, or senior management personnel, except in the ordinary course of business. Further, there are no existing or anticipated transactions in relation to the utilisation of the net proceeds entered into or to be entered into by the Holding Company with the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel and/or senior management personnel.

50 Statement of utilization of qualified institutional placement (QIP) proceeds

- During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Holding Company has completed fresh issue of equity shares vide qualified institutional placement (QIP). The offer comprises of 1,226,993 equity shares of the face value of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 1,630/- per equity share (including a premium of ₹ 1,620 per equity share) aggregating to ₹ 2,000.00 million. The equity shares of the Holding Company were allotted on 29 August 2023 vide board resolution dated 29 August 2023. The equity shares of the Holding Company were listed on 30 August 2023 on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).
- Pursuant to regulation 32(1) and 32(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, statement of utilization of QIP proceeds as at 31 March 2024 is as follows:

Objects of the offer	Amount as per "Offer document" 29 August 2023	Utilised amount during year ended 31 March 2024	Unutilised amount as at 31 March 2024
Repayment/pre-payment of borrowings (in full or in part)	1,550.00	1,550.00	-
General corporate purposes	393.45	393.45	-
Net proceeds	1,943.45	1,943.45	-

Notes:

- The Holding Company has appointed Crisil Ratings Limited as the "Monitoring agency" in terms of regulation 41(2) of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended, to monitor the utilization of QIP proceeds.
- The Holding Company has obtained a monitoring agency report on quarterly basis from the "Monitoring agency" and filed the same with both BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) where equity shares of the Holding Company are listed and uploaded the same on Holding Company's website.
- (iii) The above statement of utilization of QIP proceeds has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of directors of the Holding Company at their respective meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Holding Company has utilised full amount of QIP proceeds as per "objects of the offer".

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(Currency: ₹ in Million)

50 Statement of utilization of qualified institutional placement (QIP) proceeds (Continued)

- (v) In accordance with section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Holding Company has not used the net proceeds for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in shares of any other listed company.
- (vi) The Holding Company has not entered in any proposal whereby any portion of the net proceeds will be paid to the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel, or senior management personnel, except in the ordinary course of business. Further, there are no existing or anticipated transactions in relation to the utilisation of the net proceeds entered into or to be entered into by the Holding Company with the promoters, promoter group, directors, key managerial personnel and/or senior management personnel.
- (vii) Net proceeds have been revised from ₹ 1,942.50 million to ₹ 1,943.45 million. The actual cost incurred by the Holding Company towards offer related expenses was less than the estimated cost disclosed in the offer document. Accordingly, the amount of ₹ 0.95 million, has been included to "general corporate purposes".
- (viii) The Holding Company has deployed net proceeds towards general corporate purposes, in accordance with Regulation 7(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to drive business growth, including, amongst other things, meeting any expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business, including salaries and wages, rent, administration expenses, insurance related expenses, and the payment of taxes and duties, servicing of borrowings including payment of interest and any other purpose as permitted by applicable laws and as approved by the Board.

Additional regulatory information

Information required for the consolidated financial statements pursuant to Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013:

Sr. no.	Sr. no. Name of the entity		Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities			Share in profit or loss			
		31 M	31 March 2024 31 March 2023		31 March 2024		31 March 2023		
		%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount
1	Parent or Holding Company:								
	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	98	7,258.80	98	5,047.81	97	293.48	89	404.65
2	Foreign subsidiaries:								
	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	2	109.46	2	107.03	0	0.91	5	22.61
	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	0	33.35	1	27.92	2	5.21	2	7.15
3	Eliminations:								
	Elimination of intra group transactions	(0)	(30.79)	-1	(34.85)	1	3.94	4	20.46
	including consolidation adjustments								
Total		100	7,370.82	100	5,147.91	100	303.54	100	454.87

Sr. no.	Name of the entity	Share in other comprehensive income (OCI)			Share in total comprehensive income (TCI)				
		31 March 2024 31 March 2023		31 March 2024		31 March 2023			
		%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount
1	Parent or Holding Company:								
	Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited	-797	(1.67)	-20	(1.29)	96	291.81	87	403.36
2	Foreign subsidiaries:								
	Tatva Chintan USA Inc.	-	-	-	-	0	0.91	5	22.61
	Tatva Chintan Europe B.V.	-	-	-	-	2	5.21	2	7.15
3	Eliminations:								
	Elimination of intra group transactions including consolidation adjustments	897	1.88	120	7.77	2	5.82	6	28.23
Total		100	0.21	100	6.48	100	303.75	100	461.35



for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

51 Additional regulatory information (Continued)

Notes:

- Percentage have been calculated, based on the consolidated financial figures. (i)
- The Holding Company does not have any subsidiary in India.
- (b) The Holding Company does not have any transaction and/or balance that need to be disclosed under clause 34(3) read with Part A of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended and section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 i.e. the Holding Company has not directly or indirectly given any loan to any person or other body corporate, given any guarantee or provided security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person and have not acquired by way of subscription, purchased or otherwise, the securities of any other body corporate, exceeding sixty percent of its paid-up share capital, free reserves and securities premium account or one hundred per cent of its free reserves and securities premium account, whichever is more purchased or otherwise, the securities of any other body corporate, exceeding sixty percent of its paid-up share capital, free reserves and securities premium account or one hundred per cent of its free reserves and securities premium account, whichever is more.
- The Group Companies has not entered into any subsisting material agreement, including with strategic partners, joint venture partners or financial partners, other than in the ordinary course of business.
- During the years ended, the Group Companies has not been party to any merger or amalgamation and there have been no material acquisitions or divestments of business or undertakings by the Group.
- Neither the promoters, nor any of the key managerial personnel, senior management personnel, directors or employees of the Group Companies has entered into an agreement, either by themselves or on behalf of any other person, with any shareholder or any other third party with regard to compensation or profit sharing in connection with the dealings of the securities of the Holding Company.
- None of the Group Companies director is or was a director of any listed company, whose shares are or were suspended from being traded on any stock exchanges, during the term of their directorship in such company. Further, none of the directors is, or was, a director of any listed company, which has been or was delisted from any stock exchange during the term of their directorship in such company.
- None of the Group Companies director have been nominated, appointed or selected pursuant to any arrangement or understanding with major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others of the Group.
- (h) The Holding Company, its promoters, its directors, persons in control of the Group Companies and the members of the promoter group have not been prohibited from accessing the capital markets and have not been debarred from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any securities market regulator in any jurisdiction or any other authority / court.
- The Holding Company does not have any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (k) The Group has disclosed other additional regulatory information in respective notes forming part of consolidated financial statements.

52 Indirect taxes

The Group has properly complied with the provisions of Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, The Customs Acts, 1962 and any other indirect taxes, to the extent applicable to the Group. Difference, if any, between the figures as per books of account and the respective returns, have been reconciled and would be corrected in next periodic returns and in annual returns. The said differences, if any, do not have any material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

53 Social security

The Code of Social Security 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified and the final rules or interpretation have not yet been issued. The Group will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period in which the Code becomes effective.

Cost audit records

The Group has maintained adequate cost records as per the provisions of The Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended.

55 Approval of financial statements

In terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, these consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company at their respective meeting held on 03 May 2024.

56 General

- (a) All the amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest million and up to two decimals.
- (b) All the amounts less than ₹ 4,999 have been disclosed as ₹ 0.00 million in the consolidated financial statements and notes forming part of consolidated financial statements.
- (c) Figures for the previous years have been re-classified/re-arranged/re-grouped to conform to classification of current period,

Notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

1-56

As per our report of even date attached For NDJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 136345W

CA Basant Chandak

Membership Number: 434585

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618

Ashok Bothra

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Ishwar Nayi

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444



Form AOC-1

for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: ₹ in Million)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures (Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part "A": Subsidiaries

Particulars	Year ended 3:	1 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023		
Sr. no.	1	2	1	2	
Name of the subsidiary	Tatva Chintan	Tatva Chintan	Tatva Chintan	Tatva Chintan	
	USA Inc.	Europe B.V.	USA Inc.	Europe B.V.	
Country	USA	The Netherlands	USA	The Netherlands	
Date of incorporation	16 March 2015	01 March 2019	16 March 2015	01 March 2019	
Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different	01 April 2023 to	01 April 2023 to	01 April 2022 to	01 April 2022 to	
from the Holding Company's reporting period	31 March 2024	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2023	
Reporting currency#	USD	EUR	USD	EUR	
Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial	Refer subnote (ii) below		Defer subnete (ii) below		
year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Refer	subflote (II) below	Refer subnote (ii) below		
Share capital	6.66	0.01	6.66	0.01	
Other equity (reserves and surplus)	102.80	33.34	100.37	27.91	
Total assets	175.82	233.17	270.69	175.88	
Total liabilities	66.37	199.82	163.66	147.96	
Investments other than investments in subsidiaries	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Revenue from operation (turnover)	611.59	433.11	884.77	645.69	
Profit before taxation	3.22	5.87	30.89	8.13	
Provision for taxation	2.31	0.67	8.28	0.98	
Profit after taxation	0.91	5.21	22.61	7.15	
Proposed dividend	-	-	-		
% of shareholding	100%	100%	100%	100%	

Notes:

The Indian rupee equivalents have been calculated at average rate for profit and loss items and at closing rate for assets and liabilities and at historical rate for equity.

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 20	024	Year ended 31 March 2023			
	1 USD	1 EUR	1 USD	1 EUR		
Opening rate as at 01 April	82.22	89.61	75.81	84.66		
Average rate	82.79	89.81	80.33	83.67		
Closing rate as at 31 March	83.37	90.22	82.22	89.61		

- (ii) Names of subsidiaries which are incorporated during the year and yet to commence operations: Not applicable
- (iii) Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Not applicable
- Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures- Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures: Not applicable
- Names of associates or joint ventures which are incorporated during the year and yet to commence operations: Not applicable
- Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Not applicable

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited** CIN: L24232GJ1996PLC029894

Chintan N. Shah

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00183618 **Ashok Bothra** Chief Financial Officer

Date: 03 May 2024

Place: Vadodara, Gujarat, India

Shekhar R. Somani

Whole Time Director DIN: 00183665

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

M. No.: A37444



Tatva Chintan Pharma Chem Limited

Registered Office:

Plot No. 502 / 17, GIDC Estate, Ankleshwar Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat - 393 002, India CIN - L24232GJ1996PLC029894 Telephone: +91 75748 48533/34

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