

**Arihant Foundations  
& Housing Limited**

New #3 Old #25  
Ganapathy Colony, 3rd Street  
Off Cenotaph Road, Teynampet  
Chennai 600 018

07.09.2023

To,

Bombay Stock Exchange Limited,  
General Manager- DCS 022-22723121

Dear Sir,

Sub: Intimation under Regulation 34 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 - Annual Report for the Financial Year 2022-23.

This is to inform you that the 30<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of the Company will be held on Friday, September 29, 2023, at 09:00 A.M. (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC") /Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"), in accordance with the relevant circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

Pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2022-23, including the Notice of 30<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting, being sent to the Members through electronic mode, is enclosed herewith and also available on the Company's website at <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/>.

Kindly acknowledge the receipt of the same and oblige.

Thanking you.

Yours Sincerely,

**For ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

**KAMAL LUNAWATH**  
**Managing Director**  
**DIN: 00087324**

Encl: As above



## **ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

**30<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL REPORT 2022-2023**

**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**  
(Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956)  
CIN: L70101TN1992PLC022299

<b>CORPORATE STRUCTURE</b>		
<b>BOARD OF DIRECTORS</b>		<b>BOARD COMMITTEES</b>
Mr. Kamal Lunawath	Chairman and Managing Director	<b>Audit Committee</b> Mr. Karan Bhasin – Chairman
Mr. Vimal Lunawath	CFO and Whole-time Director	Mr. Kamal Lunawath- Member Mr. Prateek Khicha – Member
Mr. Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain	Whole-time Director	<b>Stakeholder Relationship Committee</b>
Mr. Karan Basin	Independent Director	Mr. Karan Bhasin – Chairman Mr. Kamal Lunawath – Member Mr. Prateek Khicha – Member
Mrs. Ann Gonsalvez	Independent Director	<b>Nomination &amp; Remuneration Committee</b>
Mr. Prateek Khicha	Independent Director	Mr. Karan Bhasin– Chairman Mrs. Ann Gonsalvez – Member Mr. Prateek Khicha – Member
<b>Company Secretary</b>		<b>Auditors</b>
Ms. Jose Alpha (upto 30.08.2023)		M/s. B P Jain & Co, Chartered Accountants No.2, Gee Gee Minar, No.23, College Road, Chennai 600 006.
<b>Bankers</b>		<b>Legal Advisor</b>
Punjab National Bank ICICI Bank Ltd Kotak Mahindra Bank		Indus Law Firm No.11, Venkatraman Street, T. Nagar, Chennai- 600017.
<b>Registered Office &amp; Administrative Office</b>		
No.3 (Old No.25), Ganapathy Colony, 3rd lane, Off. Cenotaph Road, Teynampet Chennai - 600018		
<b>Registrar and Share Transfer Agents</b>		
M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited V Floor, Subramanian Building, No.1, Club House Road, Anna Salai, Chennai- 600 002		
<b>Internal Auditors</b>		
M/s. N S Shastri & Co., Chartered Accountants		
<b>Secretarial Auditors</b>		
M/s. V Suresh & Associates, Company Secretary (Upto FY 22-23) Mr. Abbavaram Kumar Reddy, Company Secretary (From FY 23-24)		

**CONTENTS**

<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page No.</b>
AGM Notice	03
Directors' Report, Management Discussion & Analysis	15
Corporate Governance Report	27
Auditors' Report on Corporate Governance	43
Secretarial Auditors' Report	44
Secretarial Auditors' Report of Material Subsidiaries	47
Auditors' Report (Standalone)	56
Balance Sheet (Standalone)	67
Profit and Loss Statement (Standalone)	68
Cash Flow Statement (Standalone)	69
Notes to Financial Statements (Standalone)	71
Auditors' Report (Consolidated)	110
Balance Sheet (Consolidated)	117
Profit and Loss Statement (Consolidated)	119
Cash Flow Statement (Consolidated)	120
Notes to Financial Statements (Consolidated)	122

**NOTICE OF 30<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

Notice is hereby given that the 30<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited will be held on Friday the **29<sup>th</sup> day of September 2023** through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") at **09.00 A.M.** IST to transact, the following business:

**ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31.03.2023 together with the Directors' Report and the Auditors' Report and the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31.03.2023 together with the Auditors' Report thereon.
2. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain (DIN: 00083236) retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.

**SPECIAL BUSINESS****3. Re-appointment of Mr. Kamal Lunawath (DIN: 00087324) as Managing Director of the Company**

**To consider, and if thought fit, pass with or without modification, the following resolution as a Special Resolution:**

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 196,197,198 & 203 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies act 2013 (including any statutory modification from time to time or any re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) (the "Act") read with Schedule V to the said Act, relevant provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and pursuant to the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or any other approval as may be required if any, the consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for re-appointment of Mr. Kamal Lunawath (DIN: 00087324) as Managing Director for a period of 5 years on a payment of remuneration of Rs.4,00,000/- (Rupees Four Lakh Only) per month even in the case of loss or inadequate profits of the company during his tenure, on the existing terms and conditions approved by the Shareholders at the 25<sup>th</sup> AGM held on 28.09.2018.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all the Directors and the Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to obtain necessary consents, permissions or approvals as may be required for the remuneration payable to his on such appointment or at any point of time during his tenure, and to do all such acts and deeds, as may be necessary in order to give effect to the aforesaid resolutions."

**4. Re-appointment of Mr. Vimal Lunawath (DIN: 00586269) as Wholetime Director of the Company**

**To consider, and if thought fit, pass with or without modification, the following resolution as a Special Resolution:**

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 196,197,198 & 203 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies act 2013 (including any statutory modification from time to time or any re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) (the "Act") read with Schedule V to the said Act, relevant provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and pursuant to the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or any other approval as may be required if any, the consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for re-appointment of Mr. Vimal Lunawath (DIN: 00586269) as Whole time Director for a period of 5 years on a payment of remuneration of Rs.4,00,000/- (Rupees Four Lakh Only) per month even in the case of loss or inadequate profits of the company during his tenure, on the existing terms and conditions approved by the Shareholders at the 25<sup>th</sup> AGM held on 28.09.2018.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all the Directors and the Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to obtain necessary consents, permissions or approvals as may be required for the remuneration payable to his on such appointment or at any point of time during his tenure, and to do all such acts and deeds, as may be necessary in order to give effect to the aforesaid resolutions."

**5. Re-appointment of Mr. Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain (DIN: 00083236) as Wholetime Director of the Company**

**To consider, and if thought fit, pass with or without modification, the following resolution as a Special Resolution:**

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 196,197,198 & 203 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies act 2013 (including any statutory modification from time to time or any re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) (the "Act") read with Schedule V to the said Act, relevant provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and pursuant to the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or any other approval as may be required if any, the consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for re-appointment of Mr. Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain (DIN: 00083236) as Whole time Director for a period of 5 years on a payment of remuneration of Rs.1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) per month even in the case of loss or inadequate profits of the company during his tenure, on the existing terms and conditions approved by the Shareholders at the 28th AGM held on 30.09.2021.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all the Directors and the Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to obtain necessary consents, permissions or approvals as may be required for the remuneration payable to his on such appointment or at any point of time during his tenure, and to do all such acts and deeds, as may be necessary in order to give effect to the aforesaid resolutions."

#### **6. Approval of Related Party Transactions:**

**To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:**

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23(4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 (Listing Regulations) and other applicable provisions, if any of the Listing Regulations, Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, including statutory modification(s) or re- enactment thereof for the time being in force and as may be notified from time to time, consent of the members of the company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the company to enter into contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) with parties as detailed in the table forming part of the Explanatory Statement annexed to this notice with respect to Sale, purchase or supply of goods or materials, leasing of property of any kind, availing or rendering of any services, appointment of agent for purchase or sale of goods, materials, services or property or appointment of such parties to any office or place of profit in the company or any other transactions of whatever nature, at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business, notwithstanding that such transactions may exceed thousand crore or 10% of the Annual Consolidated Turnover of the Company in any financial year or such other threshold limits as may be specified by the Listing Regulations from time to time, up to such extent and on such terms and conditions approved by Audit Committee from 30<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 31<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting as specified in the Explanatory Statement annexed to this notice."

**FURTHER RESOLVED THAT** the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorize any one of the directors of the Company to do all acts and take such steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

#### **7. Endorsement for sale of shares of North Town Estates Private Limited, a subsidiary of the Company:**

**To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:**

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 180(1)(a) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder (including any statutory amendment(s) or modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and, the consent of the members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as Board) to endorse the sale or transfer or otherwise dispose-off its whole or part of investments/shareholding in North Town Estates Private Limited which is a subsidiary of the Company, to the purchaser/third party investor, for a consideration as determined by independent valuer or such higher value, to be discharged in form of cash and/or kind, on such terms and conditions and with such modifications as the Board may deem fit and appropriate in the interest of the Company."

**"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred to any Committee of the Board or any Director(s) or Officer(s) of the Company and to generally do and perform all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit, necessary, proper or desirable, including finalizing, varying and settling the terms and conditions of such sale and to finalize, execute, deliver and perform the agreement, contracts, deeds, undertakings, and other documents in respect thereof and seek the requisite approvals, consents and permissions as may be applicable."

By Order of the Board

**For Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited**

**Place:** Chennai  
**Date:** 04-09-2023

Sd/-  
**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director

**Notes:**

1. An Explanatory Statement setting out the material facts pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and applicable Secretarial Standards, relating to special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), is annexed to the Notice. The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on 04th September 2023 considered that the special business under Item Nos. 3,4,5 & 7 are unavoidable and should be transacted at the 30<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company.
2. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020. The forthcoming AGM/EGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM.
3. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
4. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
5. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
6. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
7. In line with the MCA Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 (In continuation with the Circulars issued earlier in this regard) and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/ 2023/4 dated January 5, 2023, this Notice along with the Integrated Annual Report for FY 2022-23 is being sent by electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories/ Depository Participants. Members may note that the Notice and Integrated Annual Report 2022-23 will also be available on the Company's website [www.arihantspaces.com](http://www.arihantspaces.com), websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com) and the AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM i.e. [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com)).
8. The AGM/EGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.
9. In continuation of this Ministry's General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 05th May, 2020 and after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year 2020, or become due in the year 2021, to conduct their AGMs on or before 31.12.2021, in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 as per MCA circular no. 02/2021 dated January,13,2021.

10. The Company will also be publishing an advertisement in newspapers containing the details about the AGM i.e., date and time of AGM, venue of the AGM, availability of notice of AGM at the Company's website, manner of registering the email IDs of those shareholders who have not registered their email addresses, manner of providing mandate for dividends, and other matters as may be required.

**THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:**

**Step 1:** Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode.

**Step 2:** Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in Demat mode.

- The voting period begins on 26<sup>th</sup> September 2023 at 9.00 AM (IST) and ends on 28<sup>th</sup> September 2023 at 5.00 PM (IST). During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2023, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. **SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020**, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to **all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants**. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

**Step 1:** Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode.

- In terms of **SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020** on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email ID in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings **for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL** is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL Depository</b>	<p>1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</a> or visit <a href="http://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.</p> <p>2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.</p> <p>1) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website <a href="http://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> and click on login &amp; New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.</p>



	<p>2) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <a href="http://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page or click on <a href="https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin">https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin</a> The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.</p>
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with <b>NSDL Depository</b>	<p>1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</p> <p>2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a>. Select “Register Online for IDeAS “Portal or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a></p> <p>3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</p>
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	<p>You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</p>

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

**Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL**

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>NSDL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

**Step 2:** Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual

shareholders in Demat mode.

• Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for **Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.**

- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com).
- 2) Click on “Shareholders” module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
  - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
  - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
  - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com) and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user, follow the steps given below:

	<b>For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.</b>
PAN	Enter your 10-digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company / RTA.</li> </ul>
Dividend Bank Details <b>OR</b> Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.</li> </ul>

- After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- Click on the EVSN for the relevant ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED on which you choose to vote.
- On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password, then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for

verification.

- **Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.**
- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e., other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com) and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com).
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; [investors@arihants.co.in](mailto:investors@arihants.co.in), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE E-AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:**

1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the e-AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful logins per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the e-AGM.
4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least **5 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at ([investors@arihants.co.in](mailto:investors@arihants.co.in)). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the e-AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **5 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at ([investors@arihants.co.in](mailto:investors@arihants.co.in)). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the e-AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the e-AGM.
10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the e-AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

**PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/ DEPOSITORIES.**

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share

certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to [investors@arihants.co.in](mailto:investors@arihants.co.in).

2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
3. For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) or call toll free no. 1800 22 55 33. Annual Report 2022-23

## GENERAL

1. Pursuant to section 72 of the Act, members holding shares in physical form are advised to file nomination in the prescribed Form SH-13 (a copy of which is available on the Company's website <https://www.arihantspaces.com> or with Cameo). In respect of shares held in electronic/demat form, the members may please contact their respective depository participant.
2. Since the meeting will be conducted through VC/OAVM facility, the route map is not annexed to this Notice.
3. Details under Reg. 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, in respect of the Director seeking appointment/re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting, forms integral part of the notice. Mr. Kamal Lunawath (DIN: 00087324) have furnished the requisite declarations for their appointment/ re-appointment.
4. Pursuant to the provisions of sections 107 and 108, read with Companies (Management and Administration) Rules 2014, and in accordance with the requirements of SEBI Listing Regulations the company is pleased to offer e –voting facility to all the members of the company. The company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository services Limited (CDSL) for facilitating e – voting and e-voting at AGM. The Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Abbavaram Kumar Reddy , Practising Company Secretary, Chennai, as the Scrutinizer for conducting the e-voting process for the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting in a fair and transparent manner.
5. The facility for voting either through electronic voting system shall be made available at the meeting and members attending the meeting who have not already cast their vote by remote e- voting shall be able to exercise their right at the meeting. Members who have cast their vote by remote e-Voting prior to the meeting may also attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.

By Order of the Board

**For Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited**

**Place:** Chennai  
**Date:** 04-09-2023

Sd/-  
**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director

**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

The explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, which sets out the details relating to Special Business at the meeting is annexed hereto and shall be taken as forming part of this Notice.

**ITEM No.3**

Mr. Kamal Lunawath was appointed as Managing Director of the company for a period of 5 years with effect from 01<sup>st</sup> November 2023 on a remuneration of Rs. 4,00,000 per month. The Shareholders also accorded their consent at the said meeting to pay the aforesaid remuneration to Mr. Kamal Lunawath, Managing Director, even in the case of loss or inadequate profit in any financial year during his tenure of appointment.

As per the provisions of Companies act 2013, read with Schedule V, the approval for paying remuneration to the Managing Director in the event of inadequate profit or loss is valid for 5 years. The proposal to pay the aforesaid remuneration even in case of loss or inadequate profit to Managing Director for remainder tenure i.e. up to 31<sup>st</sup> October 2028, is placed before the Shareholders for approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel and / or their relatives has any concern or interest, financial or otherwise, in this item of business, except Mr. Kamal Lunawath & Mr. Vimal Lunawath.

In terms of Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and under Secretarial Standards-2 on General Meetings, Details of Directors seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting are given:

Name	KAMAL LUNAWATH
Director Identification Number (DIN)	00087324
Date of Birth	13.02.1973
Nationality	Indian
Date of appointment on the Board	04.11.2005
Date of Last Reappointment as Director	Nil
Relationship with other Directors	Mr. Kamal Lunawath Brother of Mr.Vimal Lunawath.
Qualification	Undergraduate
Expertise in specific functional areas	Mr. Kamal Lunawath has in-depth knowledge and experience in the execution of IT parks, townships, multi-storied complexes and, high-end flats. Aside from this, he also oversees corporate strategy planning, financial planning, and foreign investments for the company.
Directorships held in other Companies as on March 31,2023 (excluding foreign companies)	9 Companies.
Membership of Committee of other Companies	Mr. Kamal Lunawath does not hold any committee membership in any other listed Company.
Number of Shares held in the Company	13,71,300 Shares
Number of Board meetings attended during FY 2022-23	8

The Board of Directors recommends the special resolution as set out at item no. 3 of the Notice for approval by the members.

**ITEM No.4:**

Mr. Vimal Lunawath was appointed as Whole-time Director for a period of 5 years with effect from 01<sup>st</sup> November 2023 on a remuneration of Rs.4,00,000 per month. The Shareholders also accorded their consent at the said meeting to pay the aforesaid remuneration to Mr. Vimal Lunawath, Whole-time Director, even in the case of loss or inadequate profit in any financial year during his tenure of appointment.

As per the provisions of Companies act 2013, read with Schedule V, the approval for paying remuneration to Whole-time Director in the event of inadequate profit or loss is valid for 5 years. The proposal to pay the aforesaid remuneration even in case of loss or inadequate profit to Whole-time Director for remainder tenure i.e., up to 31<sup>st</sup> October 2028, is placed before the Shareholders for approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel and / or their relatives has any concern or interest, financial or otherwise, in this item of business, except Mr. Vimal Lunawath & Mr. Kamal Lunawath.

In terms of Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and under Secretarial Standards-2 on General Meetings, Details of Directors seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting are given:

Name	Vimal Lunawath
Director Identification Number (DIN)	00586269
Date of Birth	29.03.1974
Nationality	Indian
Date of appointment on the Board	04.11.2005
Date of Last Reappointment as Director	Nil
Relationship with other Directors	Mr.Vimal Lunawath Brother of Mr. Kamal Lunawath.
Qualification	Undergraduate
Expertise in specific functional areas	Mr. Vimal Lunawath has over 24 years of experience in the real estate sector. Specialises in designing, execution, and completion of large residential complexes.
Directorships held in other Companies as on March 31,2023 (excluding foreign companies)	5 Companies.
Membership of Committee of other Companies	Mr. Vimal Lunawath does not hold any Directorship or committee membership in any other listed Company.
Number of Shares held in the Company	13,27,200 Shares
Number of Board meetings attended during FY 2022-23	8

The Board of Directors recommends the special resolution as set out in item no. 4 of the Notice for approval by the members.

**ITEM No.5:**

Mr. Bhartkumar Mangilal Jain was appointed as Whole-time Director for a period of 5 years with effect from 17<sup>th</sup> February 2023 on a remuneration of Rs.1,50,000 per month. The Shareholders also accorded their consent at the said meeting to pay the aforesaid remuneration to Mr. Bhartkumar Mangilal Jain, Whole-time Director, even in the case of loss or inadequate profit in any financial year during his tenure of appointment.

As per the provisions of Companies act 2013, read with Schedule V, the approval for paying remuneration to Whole-time Director in the event of inadequate profit or loss is valid for 5 years. The proposal to pay the aforesaid remuneration even in case of loss or inadequate profit to Whole-time Director for remainder tenure i.e., up to February 17, 2028, is placed before the Shareholders for approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel and / or their relatives has any concern or interest, financial or otherwise, in this item of business.

The Board of Directors recommends the special resolution as set out at item no. 5 of the Notice for approval by the

In terms of Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and under Secretarial Standards-2 on General Meetings, Details of Directors seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting are given:

Name	Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain
Director Identification Number (DIN)	00083236
Date of Birth	11.07.1976
Nationality	Indian
Date of appointment on the Board	30.12.2005
Date of Last Reappointment as Director	Nil
Relationship with other Directors	Mr. Bharat Kumar Mangilal Jain is not related to any of the Directors.
Qualification	Undergraduate
Expertise in specific functional areas	Mr Bharat Kumar Mangilal Jain specializes in Project execution. He possesses 16 years of experience in execution of Township Project, large residential complex and industrial
Directorships held in other Companies as on March 31, 2023 (excluding foreign companies)	12 Companies.
Membership of Committee of other Companies	Mr. Bharat Kumar Mangilal Jain does not hold any Directorship or committee membership in any other listed Company.
Number of Shares held in the Company	11,600
Number of Board meetings attended during FY 2022-23	8

#### ITEM No.6:

##### Approval of Related Party Transactions:

The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), vide its notification dated November 9, 2021, has notified the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Sixth Amendment) Regulations, 2021 ("Amendments") introducing amendments to the provisions pertaining to the related party transactions under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"). The aforesaid amendments inter-alia included replacing of current threshold i.e. 10% (ten percent) of the listed entity's consolidated turnover, for determination of material related party transactions requiring prior shareholders' approval with the threshold of lower of Rs. 1,000 crore (rupees one thousand crore) or 10% (ten percent) of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity. Accordingly, the threshold for determination of material related party transactions under regulation 23(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations has been reduced with effect from April 1, 2022.

No related party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not. Further, SEBI vide its circular bearing reference no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2022/47 dated April 8, 2022 has clarified and specified that the shareholders' approval of omnibus RPTs approved in an annual general meeting ("AGM") shall be valid upto the date of the next AGM for a period not exceeding fifteen months.

Your company Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited is engaged in the business of construction of residential, commercial complexes and IT parks. In order to facilitate such funding and to manage the business affairs of the company smoothly, the company needs to make some transactions with its related parties w.r.t. borrowing / granting of loans and advances etc. as more particularly mentioned in the proposed resolution.

The particulars of the transaction(s) pursuant to the provisions of section 188 of the Act read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated November 22, 2021, are as under:

Sl.no	Particulars	Details of proposed Related Party Transactions
1	Name of Related Party	Kamal Lunawath
2	Nature of Relationship	Key Management Personnel
3	Nature and Material Terms of Contract	Loan Taken by the company
4	Whether in ordinary Course of Business	Yes
5	Whether at Arm's Length Basis	Yes
6	Tenure	30 <sup>th</sup> AGM to 31 <sup>st</sup> AGM
7	Value of Approval being sought (in Lakhs)	200
8	Justification as to how these RPTs is in the interest of the Company	Transactions are commercially beneficial
9	The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover for the FY'23, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	24.89%
10	If the transaction relates to loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:	NA

**ITEM No.7:**
**Endorsement for sale of shares of North Town Estates Private Limited, a subsidiary of the Company:**

The company proposes to disinvest its investment in North Twon Estates Private Limited which is an subsidiary Company of the Company to the purchaser/Third Party Investor, The Board keeping in view the hardship incurred as the subsidiary company has not received the expected growth, it feels that's its prudent to withdraw whole/part of the investment from the Subsidiary and considers the proposed disinvestment in the best interest of the Company. Such disinvestment will amount to sale of substantial interest in undertaking by the Company, your Directors propose resolution under section 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the approval of the shareholders.

The Company at the same time is in the process of scoping other viable projects and business opportunities. Members of the Company are further requested to note that Section 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 mandates that the Board of Directors of the company shall exercise the power to sell, lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of any undertaking(s) of the company, only with the approval of the members of the Company by way of a special resolution.

The Board commends the Resolutions at Item No.7 of the accompanying Notice for approval by the Members of the Company.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are concerned or interested in the passing of the Resolution at Item No 7 of the accompanying Notice except to the extent of their shareholding in the company.

**By Order of the Board  
For Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited**

**Place:** Chennai  
**Date:** 04-09-2023

Sd/-  
**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director



## DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors are pleased to present the Directors' Report of your Company together with the Audited Financial Statements and the Auditors' Report for the period ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023. The summarized financial results for the Financial Year are as under:

### WORKING RESULTS:

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS:

##### **Standalone Financial Results**

During the year under review, the company has Revenue from operations of Rs. 3923 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs. 4835.40 Lakhs) and Other Income of Rs. 1935 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs. 1060.27 Lakhs), and the Gross Profit of the Company amounted to Rs. 162 Lakhs (Previous Year: Profit of Rs. 153.53 Lakhs). After providing for Interest & Finance charges, and Depreciation, the Company has performed well during the year under review despite poor market conditions during the year with a Profit after Tax of Rs. 116 Lakhs as compared to the previous year profit of Rs. 105.61 Lakhs).

##### **Consolidated Financial Results:**

During the year under review, the company has Revenue from operations of Rs. 6427 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs. 8279.57 Lakhs) and Other Income of Rs. 2032 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs. 1173.42 Lakhs), and the Gross Profit/(Loss) of the Company amounted to Rs. 1283 Lakhs (Previous Year: Loss of Rs. (300.69)). After providing for Interest & Finance charges, and Depreciation, the Company has performed well during the year under review despite poor market conditions during the year with a Profit after Tax of Rs. 997 Lakhs as compared to the previous year loss of Rs. (474.17) Lakhs).

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	Standalone Financial Statement		Consolidated Financial Statement	
		Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
I	<b>Total Revenue</b>	5857.86	5895.68	8458.66	9452.99
II	<b>Total Expenses</b>	5695.68	5742.15	7175.21	9760.49
III	<b>Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (I-II)</b>	162.18	153.53	1283.45	(300.69)
IV	Exceptional items	-	-	-	-
V	<b>Profit before extraordinary items and tax (III -IV)</b>	162.18	153.53	1283.45	(300.69)
VI	Tax expense:				
	(1) Current tax	(45.12)	(42.71)	(290.60)	208.13
	(2) Deferred tax	(1.44)	(5.20)	4.35	(34.65)
VII	<b>Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations</b>	115.62	105.61	997.20	(474.17)
VIII	Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-
IX	<b>Profit (Loss) for the period (VII- VIII)</b>	115.62	105.61	997.20	(474.17)

#### **DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors of your company, after considering holistically the relevant circumstances and keeping in view the tremendous growth opportunities that your company is currently engaged with, has decided that it would be prudent not to recommend any Dividend for the year under review.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

During the year under review, the Company has not altered/modified its authorised share capital and has not issued any shares including equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise. The Company has not issued any sweat equity shares to its directors or employees.

The Paid-up Share Capital of the Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 is Rs. 8,60,00,000 divided into 86,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up.

#### **RESERVES & SURPLUS**

The Company has not transferred any amount to the Reserves for the financial year ended 31st March 2023

**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT:**

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(e) of the Listing Regulations, Management Discussion and Analysis Report is given in Annexure-3.

**PUBLIC DEPOSITS**

The Company has not accepted any deposits falling within the meaning of Section 73 or 74 of the Act read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 during the financial year and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on 31st March 2023.

**REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Your Company ensures good corporate governance by implementing and complying with the policies, standards set out by Securities and Exchange Board of India and other regulatory authorities. The requisite certificate issued by Mr. V Suresh, Practicing Company Secretary, confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Regulation 34(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is attached to this Report as **Annexure 5**.

**MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:**

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 to which the Financial Statements relates and the date of signing of this report.

**SUBSIDIARIES & JOINT VENTURES/ASSOCIATES**

There are Six Wholly owned subsidiaries, one subsidiary and one joint venture of your Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023. M/s Arihant Griha Limited, M/s. Vaikunt Housing Limited, M/s. Varenya Constructions Limited, M/s. Transparent Heights Real Estate Limited, M/s Escapade Real Estates Private Limited and M/s. Verge Realty Private Limited are the Wholly owned subsidiaries of your Company. M/s. North Town Estates Private Limited is a subsidiary and M/s. Kairav Developers Limited is the Joint Venture entity of your Company.

Details of financial statements of subsidiaries and joint venture are given in AoC-1 as **Annexure 1**.

**PERFORMANCE, PLANS AND PROSPECTS OF YOUR COMPANY**

Project name	Location	Area (Sq.ft)
Arihant Vanya Vilas	Hunters Road, Vepery, Chennai	83,490
Arihant Vihaana	Kilpauk Garden Road, Kilpauk, Chennai.	56,580
Arihant Vista	GN Chetty Road, T.Nagar, Chennai	22,812
Arihant Vilaya	Koramangala, Bengaluru.	17,340
Arihant Vipassana	Sri Nagar Colony, Saidapet	15,472
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>1,95,694</b>

**PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS**

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments made during the year are given in the note: 4, 6 & 11 to the Financial Statements.

**DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (31 OF 2016) DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR:**

No application was made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the financial year 2022-23.

**DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR:**

Not applicable during the financial year.

**CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS:**

During the year under review, there has been no change in the Company's nature of business.

**DIRECTORS:**

During the period the Composition of Directors the Company was in compliance with Section 149 of the Companies Act and Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015.

**A) DIRECTORS RETIRING BY ROTATION**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Act and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain (DIN: 00083236) is liable to retire by rotation and, being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends the appointment of Mr. Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain (DIN: 00083236) as Director of the Company, retiring by rotation.

**B) KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

Pursuant to Section 2(51) and 203 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the following are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company:

Sl. No.	Name of the Directors	Designation
1.	Mr. Kamal Lunawath	Chairman & Managing Director
2.	Mr. Vimal Lunawath	Whole-time Director & Chief Financial Officer
3.	Mr. Bharat M Jain	Whole-time Director
4.	Mr. Asim Kumar Charchi	Company Secretary*
5.	Ms. Jose Alpha	Company Secretary#

\*Resigned on 18.05.2022

# Appointed on 30.05.2022

# Resigned on 30.08.2023

The remuneration and other details of these Key Managerial Personnel for Financial Year 2022-23 are provided in the Annual Return which is available on the website of the Company.

**C) COMMITTEES:**

**(I) AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee had a number of meetings, both formal and internal interactions, with the management team in reviewing Accounts, Finances, Compliances and Risks, and in ensuring improved internal reporting, analyses and financial performances.

Given the increasing complexities presented by the new Companies Act and other Laws, the Audit Committee has also focused on Compliance and Governance to meet the needs of the present and the future. When necessary, external consultants have been brought in to support the Committee and the Management team.

We are happy to report to you that governance of your Company is of a high order as a result. Further improvements are being implemented.

The Audit Committee composition under provisions of section 177 of the Act and as required under Reg. 18 of the SEBI(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is depicted below:

Mr. Karan Bhasin, Chairman of the Committee –I & NE \*\*

Mr. Prateek Khicha, Member of the Committee – I & NE#

Mr. Kamal Lunawath, Managing Director, Member of the Committee – NI &E

Ms. Jose Alpha, Secretary of the Committee.

Note: I- Independent, NE- Non-Executive, E- Executive

**(II) NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has been active in its role as stipulated in Section 178 of the Companies Act 2013. The policy of remuneration for the Directors, KMPs and employees are stated elsewhere in the report.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee consists of Mr. Karan Bhasin, Chairman of the committee, Mrs. Ann Gonsalvez, Independent Director and Mr. Prateek Khicha, Independent Director. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The Committee is formed in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has coined a Remuneration Policy as under Reg. 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the purpose of determining the Remuneration to the Directors.

**(III) STAKEHOLDER GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE/ STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:**

The Stakeholder Grievance committee comprises of, Mr. Karan Bhasin – Chairman of the committee, Mr. Kamal Lunawath, Managing Director and Mr. Prateek Khicha, Independent Director as the members of the committee. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The Committee is formed in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 to consider and resolve the grievances of security holders of the company.

**D) CHANGES IN DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

During the period under review, the following are the changes in directors and Key Managerial Personnel

SI No	Name	Designation	Appointment / Cessation	Date
1	Mr. Asim Kumar Charchi	Company Secretary	Cessation	18.05.2022
2	Ms. Jose Alpha	Company Secretary	Appointment	30.05.2022

After the closure of financial year-

SI No	Name	Designation	Appointment / Cessation	Date
1	Ms. Jose Alpha	Company Secretary	Cessation	30.08.2023

**E) MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND COMMITTEES:**

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Board of Directors met Eight (8) times and the details of the meetings of the Board and its Committees are given in the Corporate Governance Report (**Annexure 2**). The gap intervening between two meetings was within the time prescribed under the Act and Listing Regulations.

Details of attendance of meetings of the Board, its Committees and the Annual General Meeting are included in the Report on Corporate Governance, which forms part of this Annual Report.

**F) DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

A declaration by the Independent Directors that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 was taken on record by the Board in their meeting held on May 30, 2023. The terms and conditions of appointment of the Independent Directors are placed on the website of the Company <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

The Company has also disclosed the Directors' familiarization program on its website <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>.

The independent directors have met on 30.05.2023 and reviewed the performance of non-executive directors, chairman and executive directors and analyzed the flow of information to the Board. All the Independent directors were present at the meeting.

The Board also evaluated its own performance and that of its committees & Independent Directors.

**NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION AND DISCLOSURES**

None of the Independent / Non-Executive Directors have any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company which in the Judgment of the Board may affect the independence of the Directors.

**FINANCE**

All taxes and statutory dues have been paid. Payment of interest and instalments to the Financial Institutions and Banks are being made as per schedule. Your Company had not collected any Fixed Deposits during the Financial Year.

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND-AS) on consolidated financial statements read with Accounting Standard IND-AS-28 on investment in associates and on financial reporting of interest in Joint Venture, Auditors Report on the consolidated financial statements, audited consolidated Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss account and Cash flow statements are provided in the Annual Report.

**CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN –EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO.**

The company has taken necessary steps for conservation of energy, technology absorption.

There are no foreign –exchange earnings and outgo.

**PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:**

Details of employees covered under Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are provided in **Annexure 3** to this annual report. Employees at all levels have performed well.

**DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013**

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up by your Company to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

During the year the Company has not received any complaint under Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

**RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:**

All transactions entered into with Related Parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on an Arm's length pricing basis, and do not attract the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and within the ambit of Reg. 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Suitable disclosure as required by the Accounting Standards (AS18) has been made in the notes to the Financial Statements.

The Board has approved a policy for related party transactions which has been uploaded on the Company's website. <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>. Details of transactions with related parties are given in Form AOC - 2 which is attached to this report as **Annexure 4**.

**REMUNERATION POLICY OF THE COMPANY:**

The objective of the remuneration policy of the Company is to ensure that the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the company successfully; relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.

**DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS:**

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company.

## **SECRETARIAL STANDARDS**

The Company is in compliance with the Secretarial Standards on Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

## **PROHIBITION OF INSIDER TRADING**

In terms of the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended (PIT Regulations), the Company has adopted the revised "Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Insiders" ("the Code"). The Code is applicable to all Directors, Designated persons and connected Persons and their immediate relatives, who have access to unpublished price sensitive information relating to the Company. The Company has also formulated a 'Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSII)' in compliance with the PIT Regulations.

The aforesaid Codes are posted on the Company's website and can be accessed by using web link at: <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct>

## **STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR**

In the opinion of Board of Directors of the Company, Independent Directors on the Board of Company hold highest standards of integrity and are highly qualified, recognized and respected individuals in their respective fields. It's an optimum mix of expertise (including financial expertise), leadership and professionalism.

## **DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- i. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- ii. the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.
- iii. the directors have taken proper and sufficient care to maintain adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- iv. the directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- v. that proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively.
- vi. that systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and were adequate and operating effectively.

## **CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION**

Appropriate certification as required under Reg. 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Mr. Kamal Lunawath, Managing Director and Mr. Vimal Lunawath, Chief Financial Officer have certified to the Board regarding Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023 which is attached as **Annexure 2** to CG.

## **DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT**

The Code of Conduct of the Company aims at ensuring consistent standards of conduct and ethical business practices across the Company. This Code is reviewed on an annual basis and the latest Code is available on the website of the Company at web link <https://www.arihantspaces.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/06/Code-of-Conduct-for-Directors-and-SM.pdf>. Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, confirmation from the Managing Director regarding compliance with the Code by all the Directors and senior management of the Company is given in **Annexure 1** to the Corporate Governance.

### **VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER MECHANISM**

The Company has a vigil mechanism to deal with instance of fraud and mismanagement, if any. The details of the Policy are explained in the Corporate Governance Report and also posted on the website of the Company.

### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

The obligation to incur expenses under Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable to your Company for the current year. A CSR committee of the Board, however, has been constituted and a policy on Corporate Social Responsibility Policy has been uploaded on the Company's website <https://www.arihantspaces.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/CSR-POLICY.pdf>

### **STATEMENT PURSUANT TO LISTING REGULATIONS:**

Your Company's shares are listed with the BSE Ltd. We have paid the respective annual listing fees and there are no arrears.

### **REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

A Report on Corporate governance is annexed herewith as **Annexure 2**.

### **STATUTORY AUDITORS**

The Company has appointed **M/s. B.P Jain & Co**, Chennai (Firm Regn. No. 007735S) in the 29th Annual General Meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2022 for a period of 5 years from the 29th annual general meeting until the conclusion of the 34th annual general meeting of the Company on such remuneration as may be fixed by the Board of Directors. In view of the amendment to the Companies Act, 2013 notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated 7th May 2018, no longer their appointment needs to be ratified by the Members of the company.

### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks mentioned in the Auditors' report. The notes to accounts, forming part of financial statements, are self-explanatory and needs no further clarification.

### **SECRETARIAL AUDITORS**

The Board appointed Mr. V Suresh, Practising Company Secretary, Chennai to conduct Secretarial Audit for the Financial Year 2022-23. The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023, is attached to this Report as **Annexure 6**.

The Board appointed Mr. Abbavaram Kumar Reddy, Practising Company Secretary, Chennai to conduct Secretarial Audit for the Financial Year 2023-24 at the Board Meeting held on August 14, 2023

### **ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL AUDIT AND INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL**

The Company has in place adequate Internal Audit and Internal Financial Controls with reference to the financial statements, which is evaluated by the Audit Committee as per Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

Apart from Statutory Audit, your Company, in compliance with Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013, had engaged M/s N. S. Shastri & Co, (Firm Registration No 015093S) Chartered Accountants, Bangalore as the Internal Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2022-23. Findings and observations of the Internal Auditors are discussed, and suitable corrective actions are taken as per the directions of the Audit Committee on an on-going basis to improve efficiency in operations.

The Company's internal control systems are well established and commensurate with the nature of its business and the size and complexities of operations and adequate with reference to the financial statements as envisaged under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations and as per Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI on 5th January 2017, the Board has carried out annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually as well as evaluation of the working of its Committees at its meeting held on 14th November, 2022. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has defined the evaluation criteria for the performance evaluation of individual Directors, the Board and its Committees. The performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors was evaluated by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board after seeking inputs from all the respective Committee member and Directors.

**RISK MANAGEMENT**

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(n) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 21 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, The Company has a risk policy defining risk management governance model, risk assessment and prioritization process. The Risk Management Committee adopted a follow-up risk management framework to review and monitor the key risks and their mitigation measures periodically and provide an update to the Board on Company's risks. The Audit Committee has additional oversight on financial risks and controls.

**ANNUAL RETURN**

The annual return of the Company has been uploaded in the web site and the same can be accessed through web site link <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors>.

**PARTICULARS PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) AND THE RELEVANT RULES OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:**

- a) The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median employee's remuneration for the financial year and such other details as prescribed is as given below:

S. No.	Name of the Director	Ratio
1.	Mr. Kamal Lunawath	1.4286
2.	Mr. Vimal Lunawath	1.4286
3.	Mr. Bharat Jain	1.6905

- b) The median remuneration for the period from April 2022 to March 2023 **Rs.8,40,000/-**  
c) The percentage increase in remuneration of the Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, Manager if any, in the financial year:

Mr. Kamal Lunawath – (Managing Director) : **N.A.**

Mr. Vimal Lunawath – (Chief Financial Officer) : **N.A.**

Mr. Asim Kumar Charchi – (Company Secretary) : **N.A.**

- d) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 0.94% or 1%  
e) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company: **79**  
f) Average percentiles increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:  
The increase in remuneration is based on remuneration policy of the Company.  
g) If remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company: **Yes**

**REPORTING OF FRAUD**

The Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud as specified under Section 143 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

**PERSONNEL**

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation of all employees of the Company, for their wholehearted efforts and contribution to the performance and growth of the Company.

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT**

The Annual Report including those which relate to the Directors' Report, Management Discussion and Analysis Report may contain certain statements on the Company's intent expectations or forecasts that appear to be forward-looking within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations while actual outcomes may differ materially from what is expressed herein. The Company bears no obligations to update any such forward looking statement. Some of the factors that could affect the Company's performance could be the demand and supply for Company's product and services, changes in Government regulations, tax laws, forex volatility etc.



**ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Your directors place on records their gratitude for the support and co- operation received from CMDA, Corporation of Chennai, Banks and Financial Institutions, Customers, Suppliers and Shareholders and for their continued support. The Board also wish to place its sincere appreciation to the dedicated and committed team of employees.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

Place: Chennai  
Date: 04.09.2023

**(KAMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 00087324

**(VIMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Whole-time Director  
DIN: 00586269

**Annexure to Directors' Report**

Board of Directors' explanation for the observations made in the Secretarial Audit report.

Refer observations in the Secretarial Auditors Report regarding each of these points are listed below:

- a) The Company inadvertently missed uploading the financials of one of the subsidiary Company, newspaper advertisements and Board Meetings in the website of the Company. However, upon knowledge of the same, they were subsequently uploaded in the website of the Company after the end of the Financial year.
- b) The Company inadvertently missed uploading newspaper advertisements and Board Meetings in the website of the Company. However, upon knowledge of the same, they were subsequently uploaded in the website of the Company after the end of the Financial year.
- c) The company will take the necessary steps to ensure these errors don't occur in the future.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

Place: Chennai  
Date: 04.09.2023

**(KAMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 00087324

**(VIMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Whole-time Director  
DIN: 00586269

**Form AOC-1- ANNEXURE -1**

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

**Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures**

**Part "A": Subsidiaries**

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in INR)

Subsidiaries									Joint Controlled Entity
SI No	Particulars	Details							
	Name of the Subsidiary	Arihant Griha Ltd	Varenya Constructions Ltd	Vaikunt HousingLtd	Transperent Heights Real Estate Ltd	Verge Realty Private Ltd	Escapade Real Estate Private Ltd	North Town Estates Private Limited	Kairav Developers Ltd.
1	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023
2	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
3	Share capital	5,00,000	5,00,000	5,00,000	5,00,000	1,00,000	1,65,00,000	5,00,000	2,50,000
4	Reserves & surplus	4,60,980	(17,93,45,470)	(10,84,974)	(18,50,437)	(7,21,581)	24,47,68,690	(1,03,80,97,998)	3,52,75,033
5	Total assets	8,18,82,724	28,12,34,604	1,58,23,273	1,13,64,218	33,24,88,677	84,64,49,413	2,34,14,31,399	12,78,37,993
6	Total Liabilities	8,09,21,744	46,00,80,074	1,64,08,247	1,27,14,655	33,31,10,258	58,51,80,723	3,37,95,29,397	9,23,12,959
7	Investments	1,90,000	13,20,00,000	NIL	NIL	NIL	23,80,00,000	NIL	NIL
8	Turnover	71,03,864	7,96,81,222	8,51,372	16,67,584	0	17,07,75,569	5,90,33,185	0
9	Profit before taxation	(1,51,683)	(1,27,13,691)	5,88,608	11,37,705	-5,99,024	8,58,32,814	(6,45,76,881)	-1,59,370
10	Provision for taxation		0	(1,64,699)	(1,78,350)		-2,36,64,446	0	37918
11	Profit after taxation		(1,27,13,691)	4,23,909	9,59,355		6,21,68,368	(6,45,76,881)	-1,21,452
12	Proposed Dividend	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
13	% of shareholding	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	AFHL 65% & Unitech 35%	AFHL 50% & Ashiana Housing Ltd 50%

**Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures**

**Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures**

Name of associates/Joint Ventures	-
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	-
2. Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	-
No. of shares	-
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	-
Extend of Holding%	-
3. Description of how there is significant influence	-
4. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	-
5. Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	-
6. Profit/Loss for the year	-
i. Considered in Consolidation	-
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	-

Note:

- Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations. NIL
- Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year. NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

Place: Chennai  
Date: 04.09.2023

**(KAMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 00087324

**(VIMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Whole-time Director  
DIN: 00586269

**ANNEXURE 2**
**REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

(As required under Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

**1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE**

Your Company has always focused on the highest levels of fairness, transparency, accountability, ethics and values in all facets of its operations and always adhered to the law in force in the Country. Your Company ensures timely and accurate disclosure on all material matters including the financial situation, performance and regulatory requirements. At Arihant, we constantly promote and enhance the customers' satisfaction and to stakeholders' legitimate interests.

At Arihant, we believe that delivering on promises through a foundation of honesty, built on transparency, finished with integrity is essential for achieving long-term corporate goals of the Company and for meeting the needs and aspirations of its stakeholders, including shareholder.

**2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS**
**(I) COMPOSITION OF BOARD**

The Board of Directors of Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited constituted three Executive Directors and three non-Executive Directors as on 31.03.2023.

The breakup of the total composition of the Board as on 31.03.2023 is as follows:

Sl. No.	Name of the Directors	Designation	Executive/ Non-executive/ Independent
1.	Mr. Kamal Lunawath*	Chairman & Managing Director	Executive
2.	Mr. Vimal Lunawath*	Whole time Director & Chief Financial Officer	Executive
3.	Mr. Bharat M Jain	Whole time Director	Executive
4.	Mr. Prateek Khicha	Director	Non-Executive & Independent
5.	Mr. Karan Bhasin	Director	Non-Executive & Independent
6.	Mrs. Ann Amelia Gonsalvez	Director	Non-Executive & Independent

\* Represents Promoter Group

Disclosure of relationship between directors inter-se:

- Mr. Kamal Lunawath and Mr. Vimal Lunawath are related to each other. No other directors are related.

**(II) ATTENDANCE OF EACH DIRECTOR AT THE BOARD MEETINGS AND THE LAST AGM AND DETAILS OF OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS AS ON 31.03.2023.**

Sl. No.	Name of the Directors	Attendance at		Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Whether Attended last A.G.M	No. of Directorships held in other Public Limited Companies	Board Sub-Committees including in ARIHANT (Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee)	
		No. of Board Meetings Attended	Audit Committee				Membership	Chairmanship
1.	Kamal Lunawath	8	4	-	Yes	5	2	--
2.	Vimal Lunawath	8	-	-	Yes	4	--	--
3.	Bharat Jain	8	-	-	Yes	2	--	--
4.	Ann Gonsalvez	7	-	1	Yes	--	--	--

5.	Prateek Khicha	8	4	1	Yes	2	2	-
6.	Karan Bhasin	8	4	1	Yes	--	--	2

**(III) NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD, DATES ON WHICH HELD**

During the Financial Year 2022 to 2023 (from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023), 8 (Eight) Board meetings were held on 06.05.2022, 30.05.2022, 14.08.2022, 05.09.2022, 14.11.2022, 06.01.2023, 14.02.2023, 28.03.2023.

**(IV) REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS**

The remuneration paid to the Managing Director/ Whole-time Directors is within the ceiling as per the resolution approved by the shareholders/prescribed under the Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 and their terms of appointment are displayed at the company's website <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

Details of remuneration paid to the Managing Director/ Whole-time Directors during the year ended 31/03/2023 are:

Name	Position	Salary Rs. (Annual)	Commission Rs.	Contribution to P.F. and other Fund Rs.	Perquisites Rs.	Incentives & Bonus In Rs.
Kamal Lunawath	Managing Director	12,00,000	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Vimal Lunawath	Whole Time Director	12,00,000	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Bharat Jain	Whole Time Director	18,00,000	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Sitting fees is payable to the Non-Executive Directors for attending Board / eligible Committee meetings. The sitting fees paid to the Non-Executive Directors are as under:

Name of the Director	Sitting Fees Paid (Rs.)
Ann Gonsalvez	14000
Karan Bhasin	24000
Prateek Khicha	20000

**(V) Details of Shares held by Non-Executive Directors:**

Name of the Director	Number of Shares held
Ann Gonsalvez	Nil
Karan Bhasin	Nil
Prateek Khicha	Nil

No remuneration was paid to Non – executive and Independent Directors except sitting fees. Notes: (i)

There are no stock options and severance fees.

No Notice period is specified for Directors' resignation/termination.

**3. AUDIT COMMITTEE**
**(I) Composition:**

The Audit Committee composition under provisions of section 177 of the Act and as required under Reg. 18 of the SEBI(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is depicted below:

Mr. Karan Bhasin, Chairman of the Committee – I & NE

Mr. Prateek Khicha, Member of the Committee – I & NE

Mr. Kamal Lunawath, Managing Director, Member of the Committee – NI & E

Ms. Jose Alpha, Secretary of the Committee.

*Note: I- Independent, NE- Non-Executive, E- Executive*

**(II) No. of meetings and attendance:**

There were four (4) meetings held during the year 2022-23 (from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023) on 30.05.2022, 14.08.2022, 14.11.2022, 14.02.2023.

**(III) Brief description of terms of reference:**

The Audit committee acts in accordance with the duties specified under section 177(4) of the Act and as required under Reg. 18 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

**4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee consists of Mr. Karan Bhasin, Chairman of the committee, Mrs. Ann Gonsalvez, Independent Director and Mr. Prateek Khicha, Independent Director. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The Committee is formed in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has coined a Remuneration Policy as under Reg. 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the purpose of determining the Remuneration to the Directors.

During the financial year 2022-23 (from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023), 1 (One) meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held on 14.11.2022. The said meeting was attended by all the members.

**5. STAKEHOLDER GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE/ STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:**

The Stakeholder Grievance committee comprises of, Mr. Karan Bhasin – Chairman of the committee, Mr. Kamal Lunawath, Managing Director and Mr. Prateek Khicha, Independent Director as the members of the committee. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The Committee is formed in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 to consider and resolve the grievances of security holders of the company.

During the financial year 2022-23 (from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023), 1 (One) meeting of Share transfer and Shareholders/ Investors Grievance Committee were held on 14.11.2022. The said meeting was attended by all the members.

- |    |   |     |
|----|---|-----|
| a) | Mr. Jose Alpha, Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer.                        |     |
| b) | No. of shareholders' complaints received during the period 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023 | Nil |
| c) | No. of complaints not solved to the satisfaction of the Shareholders                | Nil |
| d) | No. of pending complaints as on 31.03.2023  | Nil |

**6. FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMS FOR DIRECTORS**

A familiarization program is made available to Directors through various reports, codes and internal policies with a view to update them on the company's policies and procedures on a regular basis. The details of the familiarization program carried out for the financial year 2022-23 have been hosted in the website <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

**7. POLICY ON MATERIAL SUBSIDIARY**

The details of the policy have been disclosed on the company's website <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

**8. POLICY ON RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS & POLICY ON DETERMINATION OF MATERIALITY OF AN EVENT**

The policies have been disclosed on the company's website <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

**9. POLICY FOR SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR REMUNERATION**

The Nomination and Remuneration (N&R) Committee has adopted a Charter which, inter alia, deals with the manner of selection of Board of Directors and CEO & Managing Director and their remuneration. This Policy is accordingly derived from the said Charter. <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

**10. VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER MECHANISM**

Employees are asked to report any practices or actions believed to be inappropriate and against the interests of the Company or its code of conduct adopted or any other illegal acts to their immediate Manager. Report of violation may also be made directly to the Chief Executive Officer. Where appropriate, complaints may be made on a confidential basis to the Chairman of the Audit Committee / Board. The contact details are made available on the Company's website / Notice Board. All complaints received will

be properly investigated by the recipients and report the outcome to the Audit Committee in sealed cover for appropriate action. The Company prohibits retaliation against any employee for such complaints made in good faith, while it also protects the rights of the incriminated person. No complaint has been registered during 2022-23. No personnel have been denied access to the Committee/Mechanism. The policy of the Company can be found at the weblink <https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/>

## 11. KEY BOARD QUALIFICATIONS, EXPERTISE AND ATTRIBUTES

In accordance with Clause C (h)(i) and (ii) of Schedule V read with Regulations 34(3) and 53 (f) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015, the Board of Directors have identified the following Core Skills/Expertise/Competencies, required for Board Members in the context of Company's business and sectors, to function effectively.

The Board of the Company comprises qualified members who bring in the required skills, expertise and competence that allows them to make effective contribution to the Board and its Committees. The members of the Board are committed to ensure that the Board is in compliance with the highest standards of corporate governance.

The below table summarizes the key qualifications, skills, expertise and attributes considered while nominating a candidate to serve on the Board:

Board Qualification Indicators	
<b>Real Estate</b>	Being a director in a Real Estate based Company, proficiency in complex Real Estate laws, negotiation, Customer development etc., are key to develop a team.
<b>Business Operations</b>	Vast experience in driving business success across the country with an understanding of diverse business environments, economic conditions, cultures, and regulatory frameworks and have a broad perspective on market opportunities.
<b>Leadership</b>	Leadership experience in a significant enterprise with a practical understanding of organizations, processes, strategic planning and risk management. Demonstrated strengths in developing talent, succession planning and driving change and long-term growth.
<b>Technology</b>	A significant background in technology resulting in knowledge of how to anticipate technological trends, generate disruptive innovation and extend or create new business models.
<b>Board Governance</b>	Service on the Board of the public Company to develop insights about maintaining board and management accountability, protecting shareholder interests, and observing appropriate governance practices.
<b>Sales and Marketing</b>	Experience in developing strategies to grow sales and market share, build brand awareness and equity and enhance Company reputation.
<b>Finance</b>	Being a Director in Real Estate Company, proficiency in complex financial management, capital allocation and financial reporting processes are must.

The list of core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the board of directors as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the board.

	<b>Kamal Lunawath</b>	<b>Vimal Lunawath</b>	<b>Bharatkumar Magilal Jain</b>	<b>Prateek Khicha</b>	<b>Karan Bhasin</b>	<b>Ann Gonsalvez</b>
Designation	Promotor, Executive Director and Managing Director	Promotor, executive Director	Executive Director	Non-executive Independent Director	Non-executive Independent Director	Non-executive Independent Director
Industry Experience	5	5	5	4	3	3
General Management skills	5	5	5	5	5	5
Leadership Skills	5	5	5	4	4	3
Problem Solving / Decision Making	5	5	5	4	4	4
Relationship Building	5	5	5	4	4	4



Communication Skills	5	5	5	5	5	5
Planning & Strategy Development	5	5	5	4	3	3

Proficiency level 0 – No capacity 1 – Basic proficiency 2 – Some Experience 3 – Average Expertise 4 – Advanced 5 – Expert

## 12. PREVENTION OF TRADING CODE:

The Company has adopted the revised Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading, in accordance with SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, w.e.f. 01.04.2019 and the same has been uploaded in the website of the Company.

All the Promoters, Directors, designated employees, connected persons who could have access to the unpublished price sensitive information of the Company are governed by this code. The trading window shall be closed from the end of every quarter till 48 hours after the declaration of financial results & in case of any other events, if required, it shall be closed inter-alia for twelve (12) days prior to Board Meeting.

## 13. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

a) Location and time where last three Annual General Meeting (AGMs) were held:

A.G.M	Date	Time	Venue
27 <sup>th</sup> AGM	23.12.2020	9.30 AM	Through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM").
28 <sup>th</sup> AGM	30.09.2021	10:00 AM	Through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM").
29 <sup>th</sup> AGM	30.09.2022	11.00 AM	Through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM").

- b) Whether any special resolutions passed in the previous 3 AGMs : Yes  
c) Whether any special resolutions passed last year through postal ballot : No  
d) No resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot : Yes

## 14. DISCLOSURES

- a) The Company's internal Audit is done by a firm of Chartered Accountants. The reports submitted by the Internal Auditor on the operations and financial transactions and the Action Taken Report on the same are placed before the Audit Committee, apart from the Statutory Auditors and the Senior Management of the Company. The Board has the policy of reviewing the non-compliance reported, if any.
- b) During the year, the material significant transactions with the Directors or their relatives or the other related parties did not have any potential conflict with the interests of the Company. All details relating to financial and commercial transactions where Directors may have a potential interest are provided to the Board, and the interested Directors neither participate in the discussion, nor do they vote on such matters.
- c) There were no instances of material non-compliance and no penalties or structures on the Company imposed by Stock Exchanges, SEBI or statutory authorities on any matter related to Capital Market during last three years / period.
- d) The Company has devised Whistle Blower mechanism and the same is available in the Company's website. It is hereby affirmed that, that no personnel has been denied access to the audit committee.

## 15. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The Company has promptly reported all material information including quarterly results and press releases to the Stock Exchanges where the Company's securities are listed. The quarterly results were communicated to the shareholders by way of advertisement in an English National Newspaper, normally in The Business Standard and in a vernacular language newspaper, normally in the Maalaisudar or Makkal Kural, Tamil edition. The results and other updates are displayed on the company's website <https://www.arihantspaces.com>.

## 16. CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Company has laid down the Code of Conduct for all Board members and senior management of the Company, which is available on the Company's [Website https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/](https://www.arihantspaces.com/investors/code-of-conduct/)

All Board members and Senior Management of the Company have affirmed compliance with their Code of Conduct for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. The Managing Director has also confirmed and certified the same. The certification is annexed as

**Annexure 1- CG** at the end of this Report.

**17. RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The Company has well laid down procedures to inform Board members about the risk assessment and adopted suitable forexpolicy including hedging to contain foreign exchange risk.

**18. CEO /CFO CERTIFICATION:**

Appropriate certification as required under Reg. 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Mr. Kamal Lunawath, Managing Director and Mr. Vimal Lunawath, Chief Financial Officer have certified to the Board regarding Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 which is attached as **Annexure 2 to CG**.

**19. Details of Transfer of unpaid dividend to Investor Education and Protection Fund**

Financial Year	Date of declaration of dividend	Unpaid dividend Amount as on 31.03.2018	Due date for transferto IEPF
2010-11	30-03-2012	65,606.00	28-04-2019

**20. AFFIRMATION:**

The provisions of Reg. 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Reg. 46 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, wherever applicable to the company, are fully complied with. All the mandatory requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are disclosed in this report.

Further the company adopted the following discretionary requirements under Reg. 27(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

**A. The Board**

No separate office is maintained by the present Chairman - cum - Managing Director.

**B. Shareholder Rights**

The company has not circulated a half-yearly declaration of financial performance/summary of significant events in the last six months.

**C. Modified opinion(s) in audit report**

There is no Modified opinions in the consolidated audit report is annexed along with the financial statements.

**D. Separate Posts of Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer**

Separate persons occupied the position of Chairperson and Managing Director during the financial year.

**E. Reporting of internal auditor**

The Internal Auditors directly report to the Audit Committee

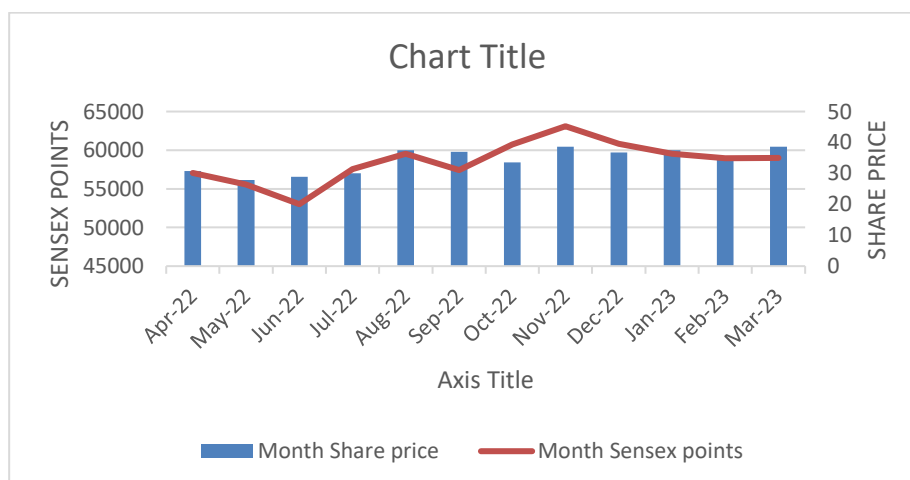
**21. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION**

- i. Number of Annual General Meeting : 30<sup>th</sup> e-Annual General Meeting Date & Time : 29<sup>th</sup> September 2023, 09.00 a.m.  
Venue : No.3. Ganapathy Colony, 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Off Cenotaph Road, Teynampet, Chennai 600 018
- ii. Financial Calendar : April 2022 to March 2023
- iii. Book Closure date : 25.09.2023 to 29.09.2023 (both the days inclusive)
- iv. Listing on Stock Exchanges : Bombay Stock Exchange Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street, Mumbai-400001. Website:-[www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com)
- v. Listing Fees : Paid as per the Listing agreement.
- vi. Stock code/ Symbol : 531381  
BSE Limited : Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited  
ISIN for dematerialised shares : INE413D01011
- vii. Registrar & Share Transfer Agent : Cameo Corporate Services Ltd  
"Subramanian Building", No. 1 Club House Road Chennai- 600 002

- viii. Compliance Officer : Ms. Jose Alpha\*, Company Secretary (Resigned on 30.08.2023)  
Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited  
No. 3 Ganapathy Colony, 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Teynampet Chennai- 600 018
- ix. Share Transfer System : The Company's shares are traded in the Stock Exchanges which are compulsorily in demat mode.  
  
Shares sent for physical transfer are registered promptly within 15 days from the date of receipt of completed and validly executed documents.
- x. Dematerialisation of Shares and liquidity : The dematerialization facility exists with both the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for the convenience of shareholders. As on 31.03.2023, 72,32,120 shares have been dematerialised, representing 84.09 % of the Subscribed capital. The Company's shares are actively traded shares on BSE
- xi. Plant Location : Since the nature of business of the Company is construction. The Company has site and projects at various places in urban and sub-urban areas
- xii. Stock market price data for the year 2022-23

The details of month wise high/low price of the company's share in the Stock Exchanges, where it is listed, along with the comparable indices of the Stock Exchanges for the financial year are tabled below:

Month	Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd			
	High Price	Low Price	Share price	Sensex points
Mar-23	40.00	33.00	38.60	58991.52
Feb-23	41.65	34.00	35.00	58962.12
Jan-23	41.50	35.00	37.45	59549.90
Dec-22	42.00	33.25	36.80	60840.74
Nov-22	40.20	31.20	38.65	63099.65
Oct-22	40.90	33.15	33.55	60746.59
Sep-22	46.80	35.50	37.00	57426.92
Aug-22	41.50	30.60	37.50	59537.07
Jul-22	34.50	26.10	30.05	57570.25
Jun-22	31.10	25.20	28.95	53018.94
May-22	32.65	26.70	27.90	55566.41
Apr-22	36.40	29.00	30.80	57060.87



**xiii. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31.03.2023**

Share or Debenture holding			Share holders		Share Holders amount	
Rs.		Rs.	Number	% of total	Rs.	% of total
10	-	5000	2844	87.0523	2248120	2.6140
5001	-	10000	133	4.0710	1051120	1.2222
10001	-	20000	81	2.4793	1210120	1.4071
20001	-	30000	52	1.5916	1319590	1.5344
30001	-	40000	22	0.6734	788640	0.9170
40001	-	50000	22	0.6734	1061620	1.2344
50001	-	100000	46	1.4080	3601560	4.1878
100001	and	Above	67	2.0508	74719230	86.8828
Total			3267	100	86000000	100

**xiv. Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report**

As stipulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, a qualified Practising Company Secretary carries out the share capital audit to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed capital. This audit is carried out every quarter and the report thereon is submitted to the Stock Exchanges and is also placed before the Board of Directors. The audit, *inter alia*, confirms that the total listed and paid-up capital of the Company is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares in dematerialized form held with NSDL, CDSL and total number of shares in physical form.

**xv. Outstanding GDR s / ADR s/ warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact onequity.**

Nil

**22. REMUNERATION PAID TO STATUTORY AUDITORS**

Total fees for all services paid by the Company on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part.

The details of total fees paid to M/s. B.P Jain & Co, Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors during the financial year 2022-23 for all services rendered by them is given below:

Particulars	Amount ( in lakhs)
Audit fees	6.00
Taxation matters	NIL
Other services	NIL
<b>Total</b>	

**23. CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

The certificate from M/s. V Suresh Associates, Practising Company Secretaries has been obtained by the Company stating that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by Securities and Exchange Board of India / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

**xvi. Address for correspondence**

For matters relating to Company's shares:

Cameo Corporate Services Limited. Subramanian Building,

No.1, Club House Road, Anna Salai, Chennai-2.

Ph: 28460390.

For other matters:

Registered & Corporate Office: New No.3 (Old No.25), Ganapathy Colony, 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Off. Cenotaph Road, Teynampet, Chennai- 600018

Email: [investors@arihants.co.in](mailto:investors@arihants.co.in)

**ANNEXURE 1 to CG**

**DECLARATION BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR/ CEO UNDER REGULATION 34(3) OF THE SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015 REGARDING ADHERENCE TO THE CODE OF CONDUCT**

In accordance with Reg. 34(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I hereby confirm that all the Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance to the Code of Conduct for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023

**For Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited**

Place: Chennai  
Date: 04.09.2023

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 00087324

**ANNEXURE 2 to CG**

**DECLARATION BY THE CEO UNDER REGULATION 17(8) OF THE SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015 BY MD/CFO REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS.**

**CERTIFICATION BY MD AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER TO THE BOARD**

We, Managing Director (Kamal Lunawath) and Chief Financial Officer (Vimal Lunawath) of Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited, certify that:

- A. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the period ended 31.03.2023 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
- (1) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - (2) these statements present a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the results of operations and cash flows. The financial statements have been prepared in conformity, in all material respects, with the existing Generally Accepted Accounting Principles including Accounting Standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- C. We accept overall responsibility for establishing and monitoring the Company's internal control system for financial reporting and evaluating its effectiveness. Internal Audit function monitors the internal control system for financial reporting, which encompasses the examination and evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness. Internal Audit works with all levels of management and Statutory Auditors and reports significant issues to the Audit Committee of the Board. The Statutory Auditors and Audit Committee are apprised of any corrective action taken or proposed to be taken with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.
- D. We have indicated to the Auditors, the Audit Committee and to the Practising Company Secretary:
- (1) that there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
  - (2) that there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year;
  - (3) that there are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware of and which involve management or other employees who have significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

Place: Chennai  
Date: 04.09.2023

**(KAMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 00087324

**(VIMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Whole-time Director  
DIN: 00586269

## ANNEXURE 3 to CG

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

#### MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW:

Financial Year 2023 witnessed a mix of economic trends and conditions across different regions globally. The major advanced economies experienced varying degrees of performance. The United States witnessed moderate 2.1% growth in 2022, despite raising their interest rates from 0.25% in March-2022 to 5.25% in May2023 to combat inflationary pressures. Sudden rapid increase in repo rates has led to building up of some stress in their financial system, even witnessed a few banks collapse since beginning of 2023. The repercussions of such rapid monetary tightening may not be completely done away with. The Eurozone, on the other hand, faced with challenges due to supply chain disruptions caused by geopolitical situation and lingering effects of the pandemic, managed to grow at 3.5%. Japan struggled with a slow recovery and deflationary pressures and grew by 1.1%. China remained a key player, with a focus on rebalancing its economy and implementing structural reforms, was also reeling under late effects of Covid and registered meagre growth of 3.0% in 2022. Overall, the world economy clocked a moderate growth of 3.4% in FY 2023.

In contrast, India, as world's fifth largest economy, has been a bright spot in FY 2023, registering growth of 7.2%, underscoring the country's economic resilience amid geopolitical conflicts and global headwinds. Though very significantly influenced by global economic trends, supply chains and commodity prices, FY 2023 had both positive and negative impacts on the economy. India has fully come out of pandemic induced slowdown with K-shaped recovery, where some sectors have grown better than others, Real Estate being one of the sectors which recovered fast and strong. The Indian economy benefited from increased public investment, a revival in consumer demand and significant progress in structural reforms. Inflation remained persistent in the first half of the fiscal, leading to increase in repo rates by RBI to the tune of 2.5% during the year. Economic activity has remained strong and resilient, reflected in record GST collections. Most businesses have done very well and have strengthened their balance sheets, to recover losses from previous Capex investments. They are now ready to embark on fresh capacity building to fuel their next growth cycle. Government focus on rapidly building physical and digital infrastructure, aided by increased budget allocations will lead to higher wealth generation and financial inclusion, going forward. The government's focus on attracting foreign capital through initiatives such as "Make in India", "China Plus One strategy" and "ease of doing business" reforms continued to be relevant. FY 2023 witnessed a mixed FDI flow into India. While some sectors attracted significant investments, others faced challenges. Global financial market trends also influenced India's domestic markets during FY 2023. Volatility in international stock markets, changes in interest rates by major central banks and shifts in investor sentiment had spillover effects on Indian equities and capital flows, which remained volatile through the year. With increase in interest rates real estate stocks became out of favor with investors during second and third quarter of FY 2023, recovering moderately towards the end of the year India's GDP touched USD 3.75 trillion in FY 2023 and according to the OECD, India is set to be the fastest growing economy in the G-20 over next few years, despite decelerating global demand and the tightening of monetary policy to manage inflationary pressures.

#### GLOBAL ECONOMY

The global economy remained uncertain with continued disruption in the supply chain, increased commodity prices due to the geopolitical uncertainties and ebbing of the Pandemic. Supply disruptions, commodity price rises, and pent-up demand have led to a high inflationary environment forcing Central Banks across the globe to adopt aggressive tightening monetary policy, resulting in a steep rise in the interest rates. Focused actions on returning inflation to targeted levels have started to exhibit some green shoots, however, Central Banks and the Policymakers continue to keep a close watch on these aspects.

For emerging market and developing economies, growth is projected to rise modestly, from 3.9% in CY2022 to 4.0% in 2023. Growth in emerging and developing Asia is expected to rise in CY2023 to 5.3% after the deeper-than-expected slowdown in CY2022 to 4.3% attributable to China's economy. Growth in China is projected to rise reflecting rapidly improving mobility and full reopening. India's economy on the other hand, will slow down from 6.8% in CY2022 to 5.9% in CY2023 as per world economic outlook, impacted by rising global inflation and the resultant interest rate hikes.

There are numerous downside risks to weigh on outlook like stalling recovery in China, escalation of war in Ukraine, sudden repricing in financial markets, and geopolitical fragmentation. Also, high post-pandemic debt burden will pose to be an ongoing challenge for many countries over the next few years.

The upside though can come through pent-up demand boost fueled by excess private savings from pandemic fiscal support and in many cases, still-tight labor markets and solid wage growth; Or through faster disinflation as easing in labor market pressures in some advanced economies due to falling vacancies could cool wage inflation.

#### INDIAN ECONOMY

The Indian economy continues to remain fairly resilient in the last year despite the global headwinds. However, it will see a moderation in growth in FY24 to 5.9-6.3% as per various estimates as against 6.9% in FY23. Rising borrowing costs and slower income growth will weigh on private consumption growth, and government consumption is projected to grow at a slower pace due to the withdrawal of pandemic-related fiscal support measures. Despite this, India will remain one of the fastest growing economies

in a challenging global environment.

India's GDP grew by 6.9% in FY23 due to steadfast domestic demand, government's unwavering focus on infrastructure spending and low base effect. Volatile commodity prices have impacted profitability, particularly of MSMEs, while export-oriented sectors face headwinds from a slowdown in their major markets. The headwinds of higher input cost and challenging global environment will continue in FY24 also.

The Economic Survey 2022-23 projects a baseline GDP expansion of 6.5% for FY24, which is similar to assessments by the Asian Development Bank, and the Reserve Bank of India. Controlled inflation and increased private sector investments are among the key factors supporting India's GDP growth. The Emergency Credit Linked Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS) has aided the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector, which has witnessed substantial credit expansion. Apart from boosting infrastructure, the central government's capital expenditure has also helped improve rural living conditions, boosting overall demand. Employment generation and food security measures have been aided by better implantation of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), PM-Kisan, and PM Garib Kalyan Yojana. Despite some global economic headwinds, the Indian economy, now the fifth largest, will persist in its trajectory and regain its pre-pandemic growth rate.

## INDUSTRY REVIEW

The Government of India has projected very large investment requirements for providing infrastructure to specified norms and also supporting the growth process. They have also identified the need for introducing modern technologies to increase the speed and efficiency of developing this infrastructure. Therefore, the Government of India is actively striving towards stimulating construction activities in the country.

The Indian Infrastructure and Construction Sectors have moved out of their nascent stages. For the past few decades, both government as well as private developers were targeting the "Low Hanging Fruits", i.e., projects which were easy to execute and provided the maximum economic benefit. However, now there is substantial opportunity to undertake complex and complicated projects wherein the competing factor for construction majors shall not only be cost efficiency but also technological competence and efficiency.

The residential real estate market in India had astounding progress in 2022, setting new sales records of 68% year on year, further demonstrating the industry's prominence as one of India's fastest growing industries. After 2 years of being affected by COVID, Tier 2 and Tier 3 cities have arisen as fresh major real estate trends in 2022, and the real estate market has set unprecedented benchmarks which continued its growth momentum from 2021 amid the global slowdown.

## REAL ESTATE SECTOR

The post-pandemic picture for real estate sector is a paradigm shift from before. The pandemic has reinstated the importance of home ownership and the attitude of customers towards residential properties has seen a substantial shift. Preference for larger sized apartments, inclination towards reputed developers and a rising demand for townships projects are just some of the emerging trends.

Fiscal 2023 was a milestone year for the Indian Real estate sector with all-time high sales. The sector showed healthy growth on the back of a high base achieved in fiscal 2022. The demand pick-up seen in the second half of fiscal 2021 has continued into fiscal 2023 and is expected to continue in fiscal 2024. The number of launches are also increasing and touched a decadal high last year, inventory is continuing to show a decline or stability across Tier-1 cities, indicating a healthy demand momentum.

While the residential segment witnessed strong performance, commercial office sector continues to remain sluggish with demand not yet reaching the pre-pandemic levels. The challenges to office space demand has been the work from home trend and slowdown in global economic growth. The global slowdown directly impacts sectors like IT/ITeS which is the major occupier of office space in India.

Retail real estate sector though, is back to full swing with consumption recovering beyond pre-pandemic levels and should continue the momentum.

## OUTLOOK

The Indian construction and real estate sector continues to be a favored destination for global investors. Several large global investors, including a number of sovereign funds, have taken the first move by partnering with successful local investors and developers for investing in the Indian real estate market. Under such circumstances, business gives right signals of growth & improvement and to avail of all such growth opportunities. The Board, therefore, considers that the Company should be managed in controlled manner.

## OPPORTUNITIES

As India awaits policy reforms to pick up speed, your Company firmly believes that the demand for Real Estate in a country like India should remain strong in the medium to long term. Your Company's well accepted brand, contemporary architecture, well designed projects in strategic locations, strong balance sheet and stable financial performance even in testing times make it a



preferred choice for customers and shareholders. Your Company is ideally placed to further strengthen its development potential by acquiring new land parcels.

## **SECTOR CONSOLIDATION**

The highly fragmented Indian real estate sector has been in a prolonged consolidation phase from the past few years and the pandemic has been one important factor pushing weaker players out of business. The disruptions in the real estate sector have ensured that no new player has an easy entry into the sector. As the sector moves towards fewer big players in each region, consolidation presents a lucrative opportunity for the existing real estate developers to cater to the rising housing demand.

## **AFFORDABLE HOUSING**

Affordable housing continues to remain a significant opportunity for developers and key focus area of the government. While the tax benefit for first-time homebuyers and tax holiday for developers in affordable housing segment was rolled back in Budget 2022, we believe it will not deter homebuyer's decision of purchasing homes and demand will continue to be strong in affordable housing segment. Interestingly, the share of launches in the affordable segment across the top 7 cities of India, has dropped from 26% in CY2021 to 20% in CY2022, according to ANAROCK Research. The affordable housing segment could see a meaningful uptick in demand with an expected economic recovery and rising income levels.

## **RISK AND CONCERNS**

Factors like increased cement & steel cost, power cost; increase in labour cost and transportation cost due to petrol/diesel price increase etc. could contribute to inflation. The Company considers good corporate governance as a pre-requisite for meeting the needs and aspiration of its shareholders. The main risk to the Company which may arise is mainly due to Government policies and decisions, Fluctuations in prices of Raw materials, Exchange rate fluctuations, Industry demand etc.

## **GOVERNMENT SPENDING:**

In FY23, construction activity increased, driven by the central government's expanded capital budget and increased activity by its public sector enterprises. The country's economic output is expected to grow by at least four times the amount of capex, according to India's capex multiplier estimate. States are collectively progressing well with their investment plans, supported by a larger capital budget from the central government, grants-in-aid for capital works, and interest-free loans repayable over 50 years.

The Indian government's emphasis in the last two budgets was on a strategic package designed to stimulate private investment and address infrastructure gaps in the country. This strategy involved crowding in private investment by divesting non-strategic PSEs and idling public sector assets. Three factors support this strategy: the considerable increase in budgets in FY23, robust direct tax revenue and GST collections, and the resurgence of private sector investment since Q4 FY2022.

## **IMPACT OF CLIMATE CHANGE ON REAL ESTATE SECTOR**

Buildings are the fourth highest emitters globally after power, transport and industry. Global emissions from buildings increased from 2.91 Gt CO<sub>2</sub> in 2019 to 2.97 Gt CO<sub>2</sub> in 2022. 11% of these GHG emissions result from manufacturing of raw materials of hard-to-abate industries such as steel and cement. The remaining are from the on-site emissions through electricity consumption, mainly for lighting and air conditioning. Enormous emissions reduction potential remains untapped due to the continued use of fossil fuel-based assets, lack of effective energy-efficiency policies and insufficient investment in sustainable buildings.

## **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:**

The statements in this management discussion and analysis describing the outlook may be "forward looking statement" within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual result might differ substantially or materially from those expected due to the developments that could affect the company's operations. The factors like significant change in political and economic environment, tax laws, litigation, technology, fluctuations in material cost etc. may deviate the outlook and result.

**CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

*(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)*

To,

**The Members of**

Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited  
No. 3 (Old No. 25), Ganapathy Colony,  
3<sup>rd</sup> Lane, Off. Cenotaph Road, Teynampet,  
Chennai – 600018.

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited having registered office at No. 3 (Old No. 25), Ganapathy Colony, 3<sup>rd</sup> Lane, Off. Cenotaph Road, Teynampet, Chennai – 600 018 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal [www.mca.gov.in](http://www.mca.gov.in)) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers,

We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	Mr.Kamal Lunawath	00087324	04.11.2005
2	Mr.Vimal Lunawath	00586269	04.11.2005
3	Mr.Bharatkumar Mangilal Jain	00083236	30.12.2005
4	Mr.Karan Bhasin	02168581	01.02.2012
5	Ms.Ann Gonsalvez	07136630	25.03.2015
6	Mr.Prateek Khicha	01210581	30.09.2020

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For V Suresh Associates  
Practising Company Secretaries**

**UDAYA KUMAR K R**

**Partner**

FCS No. 11533

C.P.No. 21973

UDIN: F011533E000431117

Peer Review Cert. No. : 667/2020

Place: Chennai  
Date: 01.09.2023

**ANNEXURE 3**
**Statement showing the name of the top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn :**

Name of the Employee	Designation	Qualification	Experi- ence	Date of Joining	Age	Last Employ- ment & position held	Remune- ration Received
HARISH MARLECHA	Head- Marketing	B.Com	24	04.09.2007	47	--	24,00,000
BHARATH JAIN	Whole-Time Director	Indian Certificate Secondary Education	15	30.12.2005	43	--	18,00,000
JAMES BABU L	AGM Projects	B.E. Civil	34	15.11.2006	55	Golden Homes, Senior Engineer	14,39,184
KAMAL LUNAWATH	Whole-Time Director	B.Com	27	04.11.2005	48	--	12,00,000
VIMAL LUNAWATH	Managing Director	B.Com	24	04.11.2005	47	--	12,00,000
SWAROOP KRISHNA D	Manager- Finance	B.Com	19	30.04.2004	38	--	10,65,516
O P MADHAV	Head- Administration	DFT	25	01.04.1992	62	--	8,78,400
MARIAPPAN S	Project Manager	MBA	11	30.06.2011	48	--	9,18,060
P SAKTHIBATHI	Project Manager	Diploma in civil eng., and Construction management	20	10.03.2003	42	Manju Foundations (P) Ltd, Marketing Executive	8,10,744
PIYUSH JAGDISH BHATT	Sr Manager - Marketing	Diploma Civil	25	01.04.1992	48	--	7,62,804

**Annexure 4**  
**AOC 2**

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

**A. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis**

Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited (the Company) has not entered into any contact/ arrangement/transaction with its related parties which is not in ordinary course of business or at arm's length during financial year 2020-21. The Company has laid down policies and processes/procedures so as to ensure compliance to the subject section in the Companies Act 2013 (Act) and the corresponding Rules. In addition, the same is reviewed by the Audit Committee.

- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship: Not Applicable
- (b) Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions: Not Applicable
- (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions: Not Applicable
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any: Not Applicable
- (e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions: Not Applicable
- (f) Date(s) of approval by the Board: Not Applicable
- (g) Amount paid as advances, if any: Not Applicable
- (h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under the first proviso to Section 188: Not Applicable

**B. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis – NIL.**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

Place: Chennai  
Date: 04.09.2023

**(KAMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Managing Director  
DIN: 00087324

**(VIMAL LUNAWATH)**  
Whole-time Director  
DIN: 00586269

**CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE  
UNDER SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA  
(LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015**

To the Members of  
**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

We have examined the compliance of Corporate Governance by Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited, for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, as stipulated under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to us, and considering the relaxations granted by the Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic,

We certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 except the followings:

1. The Company has not uploaded the Audited Financials of its Subsidiary Company in its website as required under Regulation 46 (2) (s) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. However, subsequent to closure of financial year, the Company has uploaded the same in its website.
2. The Newspaper, board meetings and Subsidiary details are not disseminated in the Company's Website. However, subsequent to closure of financial year, the Company has uploaded the same in its Website.

We further state that no investor grievances are pending for a period exceeding one month against the Company as per the records maintained by it.

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For V Suresh Associates  
Practising Company Secretaries**

**UDAYA KUMAR K R  
Partner**

FCS No. 11533

C.P.No. 21973

UDIN: F011533E000430479

Peer Review Cert. No. : 667/2020

Place: Chennai  
Date: 01.09.2023

**Form No. MR-3**  
**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**  
**For the Financial Year 2022-23**

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,  
**M/s. ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/s. ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company)**. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of **M/s. ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **M/s. ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; **(Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)**
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; **(Not Applicable to the Company during the audit period)**
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; **(Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)**
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; **(Not Applicable to the Company during the audit period)**
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; **(Not Applicable to the Company during the audit period)**
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; **(Not Applicable to the Company during the audit period)**

Other Laws specifically applicable to this Company is as follows:

- (i) Transfer of Property Act, 1882.
- (ii) Building and Other Construction Workers' (Regulation of Employment and conditions of Services) Act, 1996.
- (iii) Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. – **The** Circulation of Minutes under 7.4 of SS-1 is not fully complied with.
- (ii) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015.

**Our observations/remarks are as under:**

1. The Company has not uploaded the Audited Financials of its Subsidiary Company in its website as required under Regulation 46 (2) (s) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. But, subsequently the Company has uploaded the same in its website.
2. The Newspaper, board meetings and Subsidiary details are not disseminated in the Company's Website. But, subsequently the Company has uploaded the same in its website.
3. The Company has yet to file the resolutions under Section 179(3) pertaining to the Board meeting held for Directors' report and Key Managerial Personnel appointment.

**We further report** that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Woman Director. There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent to at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

**We further report** that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

For V Suresh Associates  
Practising Company Secretaries

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20

**ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

To,  
The Members  
**ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS & HOUSING LIMITED**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For V Suresh Associates  
Practising Company Secretaries

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20



**Form No. MR-3**  
**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**  
**For the Financial Year 2022-23**

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,  
**M/s.VARENYA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED**

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/s.VARENYA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company)**. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of **M/s.VARENYA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **M/s.VARENYA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**

- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. – The Circulation of Minutes under 7.4 of SS-1 is not fully complied with.

(ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company. **(NOT APPLICABLE)**

***Our observations/remarks are as under:***

The Company has yet to file the resolutions under Section 179(3) pertaining to the Board meeting held for Directors' Report of the Companies Act, 2013.

**We further report** that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent to at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

**We further report** that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

**We further report** that during the audit period, the Company has no specific events/actions having a major bearing in the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. referred to the above.

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

**For V Suresh Associates**  
Practising Company Secretaries

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20

**ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

To,  
The Members

**M/s. VARENYA CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some Misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.
7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For V Suresh Associates**  
Practising Company Secretaries

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20

**Form No. MR-3**  
**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**  
**For the Financial Year 2022-23**

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,  
**M/s. ESCAPADE REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED**

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices **M/s. ESCAPADE REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company)**. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of **M/s. ESCAPADE REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **M/s. ESCAPADE REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. - The Circulation of Minutes under 7.4 of SS-1 is not fully complied with.

(ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company. **(NOT APPLICABLE)**

***Our observations/remarks are as under:***

The Company has yet to file the resolutions under Section 179(3) pertaining to the Board meeting held for Accounts Adoption of the Companies Act, 2013.

**We further report** that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent to at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

**We further report** that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

**We further report** that during the audit period, the Company has no specific events/actions having a major bearing in the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. referred to the above.

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

**For V Suresh Associates**  
Practising Company Secretaries

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20

**ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

To,  
The Members

**M/s. ESCAPADE REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some Misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.
7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For V Suresh Associates**  
Practising Company Secretaries

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20

**Form No. MR-3**  
**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**  
**For the Financial Year 2022-23**

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,  
**M/s. NORTH TOWN ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED**

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/s. NORTH TOWN ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company)**. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of **M/s. NORTH TOWN ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **M/s. NORTH TOWN ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; **(NOT APPLICABLE)**

- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;  
**(NOT APPLICABLE)**

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The Circulation of Minutes under 7.4 of SS-1 is not fully complied with.

(ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company. **(NOT APPLICABLE)**

**Our observations/remarks are as under:**

1. The Company has yet to file the resolutions under Section 179(3) pertaining to the Board meeting held for Accounts Adoption of the Companies Act, 2013.
2. The Company has yet to file the financials and Annual Returns for the Financial Years 2020, 2021 & 2022.

**We further report** that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent to at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

**We further report** that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

**We further report** that during the audit period, the Company has no specific events/actions except as stated below having a major bearing in the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. referred to the above.

During the period under review, the company had received sanction from the National Company Law Tribunal - Chennai Bench, approving the Scheme of Amalgamation of Arihant Unitech Realty Projects Limited with North Town Estates Private Limited vide order dated May 25, 2022. The company also filed the order copy as above with Registrar of Companies - Chennai in e-Form INC-28.

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

**For V Suresh Associates**  
Practising Company Secretaries

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20



**ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

To,  
The Members

**M/s. NORTH TOWN ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some Misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.
7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Chennai  
Date : 01.09.2023

**For V Suresh Associates**  
Practising Company Secretaries

Udaya Kumar K R  
Partner  
FCS No. 11533  
C.P.No. 21973  
UDIN: F011533E000431139  
Peer Review Cert. No: 667/20

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT  
TO THE MEMBERS OF ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS AND HOUSING LIMITED**

**Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

(Continued...)

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
	Recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of revenues and other related balances in view of adoption of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with customers"	<p><b><u>Key audit matter description</u></b></p> <p>The application of new revenue standard involves certain key judgements relating to identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised over a period.</p> <p>Refer Note No: 2(g) to Standalone financial statements.</p> <p><b><u>Principal Audit Procedures</u></b></p> <p>We assessed the Company's process to identify the impact of adoption of the new revenue accounting standard. Our audit approach is as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Testing of the design and implementation of controls involved for the determination of the estimates used as well as their operating effectiveness.</li> <li>• Testing the relevant information technology system's access and change management controls relating to contracts and related information used in recording and disclosing revenue in accordance with the new accounting standard.</li> <li>• Testing a sample of contracts for appropriate identification of performance obligations;</li> <li>• Engaging technical experts to review estimates of costs to complete for sample contracts and</li> <li>• Performed analytical procedures for reasonableness of revenues disclosed by type and service offerings.</li> </ul>
2	Evaluation of uncertain tax positions	<p><b><u>Key audit matter description</u></b></p> <p>The company has material uncertain tax positions including matters under dispute which involves significant judgement to determine the possible outcome of these disputes</p> <p>Refer Note no: 2(o) &amp; (p) to Standalone Financial Statements.</p> <p><b><u>Principal Audit Procedures</u></b></p> <p>Our procedures included the following :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtained understanding of key uncertain tax positions.</li> <li>• Obtained details of completed tax assessments and demands for the year ended March 31, 2023 from the management;</li> <li>• We along with our internal tax experts discussed with appropriated senior management and evaluated the Management's underlying key assumptions in estimating the tax provision.</li> </ul> <p>Additionally, we considered the effect of new information in respect to uncertain tax positions as at March 31, 2023 to evaluate whether any change was required to management's position on these uncertainties.</p>
3.	Balance Confirmations From Vendors and Customers	<p>The Company neither follows the practice of obtaining balance confirmation from Vendors and Customers on a period basis nor on Annual Basis. The absence of direct balance confirmation constitute departure from SA-505 External Confirmations. We have performed subsequent audit procedures on test check basis however we are unable to comment on the balances carried forward in the financial statements.</p>

### Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report,

Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the

Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

1. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
  2. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
  3. While there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company, the related shares could not be transferred due to technical issues. We were informed that the company is taking necessary steps in this regard.
  4. I) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;  
II) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;  
III) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.  
i) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For **M/S B.P.JAIN AND Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.050105S

**DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI**  
Partner  
Membership No: 208862  
UDIN: 23208862BGXFND7891

Place: Chennai  
Date : 30-05-2023

## **ANNEXURE “A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT**

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report to the Members of Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited of even date)

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS AND HOUSING LIMITED** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on “the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India”. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors’ Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- i. Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

- ii. Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- iii. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

**Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India”.

For M/S **B.P.JAIN AND Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.050105S

**DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI**  
Partner  
Membership No: 208862  
UDIN: 23208862BGXFND7891

Place: Chennai  
Date : 30-05-2023



**“ANNEXURE ‘B’ TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT**

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report to the Members of Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- i. In respect of the Company’s Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
  - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.  
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) In our opinion Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification during the year.
  - (c) Based on our examination of the property tax receipts and lease agreement for land on which building is constructed, registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title in respect of self constructed buildings and title deeds of all other immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
  - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) In our opinion, physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.  
(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, The Company has made investments in, companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and granted unsecured loans to other parties, during the year, in respect of which:
  - (a) The Company has provided loans during the year, and details of which are given below:

Particulars	Amount (INR in Lakhs)
Aggregate Amount granted during the year:	
Subsidiaries	841.80
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases:	
Subsidiaries	311.75

- (b) In our opinion, the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company’s interest.

- (c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, there is no stipulation of schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest and hence we are unable to make specific comment on the regularity of repayment of principal & payment of interest.
- (d) Since, there was no repayment schedules, we are unable to comment whether the amount was overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- (e) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.

The Company has not made investments in Firms and Limited Liability Partnerships during the year. Further the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.

- iv. The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
- (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
- There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	Appellate Authority upto Commissioner's level	A.Y. 2011-12	71,83,310
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	High Court of Madras	A.Y. 2004-05	13,71,638
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	High Court of Madras	A.Y. 2005-06	53,23,956
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	High Court of Madras	A.Y. 2005-06	95,58,275
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	High Court of Madras	A.Y. 2007-08	5,57,61,612

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender; hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans are obtained.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- ix. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (c) As auditor, we did not receive any whistle-blower complaint during the year.
- xi. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiii. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xiv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

- xvi. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xvii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xviii. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. . We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xix. There is not liability of the company under the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, relating to Corporate Social Responsibility. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.

For **M/S B.P.JAIN AND Co.**  
Chartered  
Accountants Firm's Registration  
No.050105S

**DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI**  
Partner  
Membership No: 208862  
UDIN: 23208862BGXFND7891

Place: Chennai  
Date : 30-05-2023

**Balance sheet as at 31 March 2023***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	Note	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	3	819.94	818.78
Intangible assets	3	0.22	0.86
<b>Financial assets</b>			
- Investments	4	4,091.66	3,998.57
- Trade receivables	5	2,774.01	2,832.30
- Loans	6	2,594.61	2,834.10
- Other financial assets	7	10,906.26	10,837.93
Deferred tax assets (net)	8	598.76	600.20
		<b>21,785.46</b>	<b>21,922.74</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	9	9,026.62	7,670.84
<b>Financial assets</b>			
- Investments	4	3.51	25.89
- Trade receivables	5	4,179.47	4,100.80
- Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,983.43	253.92
- Bank balances other than those mentioned in cash and cash equivalents	10	297.31	133.32
- Loans	11	2,638.25	1,615.10
- Other financial assets	7	86.50	241.10
Current tax asset (Net)	12	218.42	249.28
Other current assets	13	3,525.14	3,063.56
		<b>21,958.65</b>	<b>17,353.82</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>43,744.11</b>	<b>39,276.56</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity share capital	14	860.00	860.00
Other equity	15	15,955.68	15,838.99
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>16,815.68</b>	<b>16,698.99</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
- Borrowings	16	10,552.31	6,437.78
Provisions	17	42.86	25.08
		<b>10,595.17</b>	<b>6,462.86</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
- Trade payables	18	8,231.24	6,924.60
- Other financial liabilities	19	3,253.01	4,170.96
Other current liabilities	20	4,848.99	5,019.15
		<b>16,333.25</b>	<b>16,114.71</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>26,928.42</b>	<b>22,577.57</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>43,744.11</b>	<b>39,276.56</b>

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
Partner  
Membership No. 208862

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
Whole Time Director  
DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alphaia**  
Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Revenue from operations	21	3,922.70	4,835.00
Other income	22	1,935.16	1,060.00
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>5,857.86</b>	<b>5,895.00</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Construction and project expenses	23	4,276.91	3,094.00
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade	24	(1,355.78)	1,294.00
Employee benefits expense	25	381.03	238.00
Finance costs	26	1,835.74	682.00
Depreciation and amortization expense	27	13.06	14.00
Other expenses	28	544.71	419.00
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>5,695.68</b>	<b>5,741.00</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>162.18</b>	<b>154.00</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>			
Current tax		(45.12)	(42.71)
Deferred tax		(1.44)	(5.21)
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>115.62</b>	<b>106.08</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss</b>			
- Re-measurement (losses) on defined benefit plans		1.48	38.29
- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		0.41	7.08
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>1.07</b>	<b>31.20</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>116.69</b>	<b>138.28</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>			
	<b>29</b>		
Basic (in ₹)		1.34	1.23
Diluted (in ₹)		1.34	1.23

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
Partner  
Membership No. 208862

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
Whole Time Director  
DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	<b>Year ended 31 March 2023</b>	<b>Year ended 31 March 2022</b>
<b>A. Cash flow from operating activities</b>	162.18	153.53
<b>Profit before tax</b>		
<i>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities</i>		
Depreciation and amortization expense	13.06	14.38
(Gain)/loss on sale of investments	-	(10.00)
Interest expenses	1,835.74	682.40
( Gain ) /Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	(79.84)
Other non operating income	(38.94)	(8.18)
Interest and Dividend Income	(1,896.22)	(928.72)
Other Adjustments in Reserves	-	1,134.00
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>75.83</b>	<b>957.59</b>
<b>Changes in assets and liabilities</b>		
Adjustments for working capital changes		
(Increase) /Decrease in inventories	(1,355.78)	1,294.32
(Increase) in trade receivables	(20.37)	4,221.54
Decrease in Other financial assets	86.28	(3,476.27)
Decrease in Other current assets	(625.57)	(316.37)
(Decrease) / Increase in Trade Payables	1,306.64	2,215.50
Increase in Long Term Provisions	17.78	(80.79)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other financial liabilities	(917.94)	1,315.53
Increase / (Decrease) in Other current liabilities	(170.16)	(609.78)
<b>Cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>(1,603.31)</b>	<b>5,521.26</b>
Direct taxes paid, net	(13.18)	387.67
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>(1,616.49)</b>	<b>5,908.92</b>
<b>B. Cash flow from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of fixed assets	(13.59)	(257.59)
Sale of fixed assets	-	167.91
Interest/Dividend received	1,896.22	928.72
Other non - operating income	38.94	8.18
Purchase of investment	(70.71)	(3,071.86)
Proceeds from sale of investment	-	1,320.00
<b>Net cash generated from investing activities</b>	<b>1,850.86</b>	<b>(904.65)</b>

**Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

<b>C. Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
(Loans repaid) / Fresh loans taken	(783.66)	(2,691.08)
Loans received back / (given)	4,114.53	(1,563.69)
Interest & finance charges	(1,835.74)	(682.40)
<b>Net cash (used) in financing activities</b>	<b>1,495.13</b>	<b>(4,937.17)</b>
<b>D. Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>1,729.50</b>	<b>67.10</b>
E. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning	253.92	186.82
<b>F. Cash and cash equivalents at the end</b>	<b>1,983.43</b>	<b>253.92</b>
	<b>Year ended 31 March 2023</b>	<b>Year ended 31 March 2022</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents include</b>		
Cash on hand	33.54	26.45
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	1,949.88	227.48
<b>Cash and cash equivalents as per note 10</b>	<b>1,983.43</b>	<b>253.92</b>

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
Partner  
Membership No. 208862

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
Whole Time Director  
DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023



**Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***A. Equity share capital**

Particulars	Amount
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>860.00</b>
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>860.00</b>

**B. Other Equity**

Particulars	Reserves and surplus			Total	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Total
	General reserve	Securities premium	Retained earnings			
<b>Balances at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>883.09</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>	<b>9,218.49</b>	<b>15,808.08</b>	<b>30.91</b>	<b>15,838.99</b>
Transfer from statement of profit and loss	-	-	115.62	<b>115.62</b>	-	115.62
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	1.07	1.07
Other Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balances at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>883.09</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>	<b>9,334.11</b>	<b>15,923.70</b>	<b>31.98</b>	<b>15,955.68</b>

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
 Partner  
 Membership No. 208862

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Kamal Lunawath**  
 Managing Director  
 DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
 Whole Time Director  
 DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
 Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

## Notes to standalone financial statements

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 1. Background

Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited (“the company”) was incorporated on 6th March, 1992 as a limited company. The company engaged in the business of constructions of residential, commercial complexes and IT parks.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### a) Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

##### i) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees (₹).

##### ii) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated. These financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act. All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of less than twelve months or based on the criteria of realisation/settlement within twelve months period from the balance sheet date.

#### b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

### Significant management judgements

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

#### *Classification of leases*

The Company enters into leasing arrangements for various assets. The classification of the leasing arrangement as a finance lease or operating lease is based on an assessment of several factors, including, but not limited to, transfer of ownership of leased asset at end of lease term, lessee’s option to purchase and estimated certainty of exercise of such option, proportion of lease term to the asset’s economic life, proportion of present value of minimum lease payments to fair value of leased asset and extent of specialised nature of the leased asset.

#### *Recognition of deferred tax assets*

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry forward can be utilised. In addition, significant judgement is required in assessing the impact of any legal or economic limits or uncertainties in various tax jurisdictions

#### *Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets*

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets. In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)**Recoverability of advances / receivables*

At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

*Useful lives of depreciable / amortisable assets*

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable / amortisable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of certain items of property, plant and equipment.

*Defined benefit obligation (DBO)*

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

*Fair value measurements*

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management bases its assumptions on observable data as far as possible but this is not always available. In that case management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

**c) Current versus non-current classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period"

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has evaluated and considered its operating cycle as 12 months.

**d) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalised until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by management.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

*(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Assets to be disposed off are reported at the lower of the carrying value or the fair value less cost to sell.

Property, plant and equipment [other than freehold land and lease hold land (perpetual lease)] are depreciated under straight line method ("SLM method") over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Useful life adopted by the Company for various class of assets is as follows:

<b>Assets</b>	<b>Useful Lives</b>
Vehicles	
Motor cycle / Two Wheelers	8 Years
Motor cars	10 Years
On Furniture and fixtures	10 Years
On Office equipments	5 Years
On Computers & Accessories	3 years

The Company has evaluated the applicability of component accounting as prescribed under Ind AS 16 and Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the management has not identified any significant component having different useful lives.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically and updated at each financial year end.

**e) Intangible assets**

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its intangible assets as recognized in its Previous GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1 April 2016.

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Advances paid towards the acquisition of intangible assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-current assets and the cost of intangible assets not ready for their intended use before such date are disclosed as intangible assets under development.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of amortization of intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

**f) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets**

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, based on internal or external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash generating unit. If such recoverable amount of the asset or cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. If, at the reporting date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount. Impairment losses previously recognised are accordingly reversed in the statement of profit and loss.

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

**g) Revenue recognition**

**Revenue from projects**

"The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" effective April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 supersedes Ind AS 11 "Construction Contracts" and Ind AS 18 "Revenue". The Company has applied Ind AS 115 using the modified retrospective method and the cumulative impact of transition to Ind AS 115 has been adjusted against the Retained earnings

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

as at April 1, 2018. Accordingly, the figures of the previous year are not restated under Ind AS 115. The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring promised good or service to a customer. The revenue is recognised to the extent of transaction price allocated to the performance obligation satisfied. Performance obligation is satisfied over time when the transfer of control of asset (good or service) to a customer is done over time and in other cases, performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time. For performance obligation satisfied over time, the revenue recognition is done by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation. The progress is measured in terms of a proportion of actual cost incurred to-date, to the total estimated cost attributable to the performance obligation. Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring good or service to a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of a third party. Variable consideration is estimated using the expected value method or most likely amount as appropriate in a given circumstance. Payment terms agreed with a customer are as per business practice and there is no financing component involved in the transaction price. Costs to obtain a contract which are incurred regardless of whether the contract was obtained are charged-off in Profit & Loss immediately in the period in which such costs are incurred. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract, if any, and costs incurred to fulfil a contract are amortised over the period of execution of the contract in proportion to the progress measured in terms of a proportion of actual cost incurred to-date, to the total estimated cost attributable to the performance obligation.

**Significant judgments are used in:**

1. Determining the revenue to be recognised in case of performance obligation satisfied over a period of time; revenue recognition is done by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation. The progress is measured in terms of a proportion of actual cost incurred to-date, to the total estimated cost attributable to the performance obligation.
2. Determining the expected losses, which are recognised in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected total contract cost as at the reporting date.

**Revenue from construction/project related activity is recognised as follows:**

1. Cost plus contracts: Revenue from cost plus contracts is recognized over time and is determined with reference to the extent performance obligations have been satisfied. The amount of transaction price allocated to the performance obligations satisfied represents the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the margin as agreed with the customer.
2. Fixed price contracts: Contract revenue is recognised over time to the extent of performance obligation satisfied and control is transferred to the customer. Contract revenue is recognised at allocable transaction price which represents the cost of work performed on the contract plus proportionate margin, using the percentage of completion method. Percentage of completion is the proportion of cost of work performed to-date, to the total estimated contract costs."

**Rental income**

Income from rentals are recognized as an income in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where scheduled increase in rent compensates the Company with expected inflationary costs.

**Interest income**

Interest income is reported on an accrual basis using the effective interest method and is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss.

**Dividend income**

Income from dividends are recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

**h) Inventories****Raw materials**

Inventory includes raw materials used for the construction activity of the Company. Raw materials are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on a 'First In First Out' basis.

## Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Properties under development

Properties under development represents construction work in progress which are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. This comprises of cost of land, construction related overhead expenditure, borrowing costs and other net costs incurred during the period of development.

### Properties held for sale

“Completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of land, construction related overhead expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs incurred during the period of development. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### Properties held for development

Properties held for development represents land acquired for future development and construction, and is stated at cost including the cost of land, the related costs of acquisition and other costs incurred to get the properties ready for their intended use.

### i) Employee benefits

Expenses and liabilities in respect of employee benefits are recorded in accordance with Ind AS 19, Employee Benefits.

#### *Defined contribution plan*

The Company's contribution to provident fund is charged to the statement of profit and loss or inventorized as a part of project under development, as the case may be. The Company's contributions towards provident fund are deposited with a government administered fund, in accordance with Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

#### *Defined benefit plan*

##### (i) Gratuity

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets (if any). The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in ₹ is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

Service cost on the Company's defined benefit plan is included in employee benefits expense. Employee contributions, all of which are independent of the number of years of service, are treated as a reduction of service cost. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability is included in finance costs. Gains and losses through re-measurements of the defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income, which are not reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period.

Short-term employee benefits Short-term employee benefits comprise of employee costs such as salaries, bonus etc. is recognized on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee

### j) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement. For arrangements entered into prior to 1 April 2016 (date of transition to Ind AS), the Company has determined whether the arrangement contain lease on the basis of facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition.

#### *Finance Lease*

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Company is classified as a finance lease. Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

A leased asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset or the useful life, whichever is lower. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain the ownership by the end of the lease term, the capitalised asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease period.

**Operating Lease**

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Company as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

**k) Foreign currency transactions***Functional and presentation currency*

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian Rupee (₹). These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹)

*Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss.

- Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).
- Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

**l) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

**m) Investments in subsidiaries**

The Company's investment in equity instruments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost. Where the carrying amount of an investment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount and the difference is transferred to the statement of profit and loss. On disposal of investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

**n) Government Grants**

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is adjusted against the cost of the depreciable asset, to which the grant relates to, on receipt of such subsidy.

**o) Income taxes**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax. Current and deferred tax is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to setoff the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### p) Provisions and contingencies

#### *Provisions*

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense."

#### *Contingent liabilities*

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or it cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

#### *Contingent assets*

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed. However, when realisation of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognised.

### q) Financial instruments

#### **Financial assets**

##### **Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial assets (other than trade receivables) are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs, except for those carried at fair value through statement of profit and loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets is described below. Trade receivables are recognized at their transaction price as the same do not contain significant financing component.



**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***Subsequent measurement**

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified and measured based on the entity's business model for managing the financial asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset at:

- a. Amortized cost
- b. Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) or
- c. Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets are reviewed for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below.

**(i) Financial asset at amortised cost**

Includes assets that are held within a business model where the objective is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms gives rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The loss allowance at each reporting period is evaluated based on the expected credit losses for next 12 months and credit risk exposure. The Company shall also measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. “

**(ii) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)**

Includes assets that are held within a business model where the objective is both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets along with the contractual terms giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, the Company, based on its assessment, makes an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income the changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading. These elections are made on an instrument-by instrument (i.e. share-by-share) basis. If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, are recognized in other comprehensive income. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit or loss, even on sale of investment. The dividends from such instruments are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

The fair value of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

The loss allowance at each reporting period is evaluated based on the expected credit losses for next 12 months and credit risk exposure. The Company shall also measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. The loss allowance shall be recognized in other comprehensive income and shall not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet.

**(iii) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)**

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition and financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. All derivative financial instruments fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in statement of profit and loss. The fair value of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

The loss allowance at each reporting period is evaluated based on the expected credit losses for next 12 months and credit risk exposure. The Company shall also measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. The loss allowance shall be recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

**De-recognition of financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's standalone balance sheet) when:

## Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- a. The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- b. The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (i) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including, financial guarantee contracts.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

#### **Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss**

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments.

#### **Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.**

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

#### **Loans and borrowings**

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

**Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

**r) Impairment of financial assets**

In accordance with Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

The Company tracks credit risk and changes thereon for each customer. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial instrument over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity uses the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

The Company uses default rate for credit risk to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables.

*Trade receivables*

The Company applies approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.”

*Other financial assets*

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.”

**s) Fair value measurement**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

*(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

**t) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

**u) Segment reporting**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of real estate development and related activities including construction which constitutes its single reportable segment.

**v) Earnings/ (Loss) per Share (EPS)**

Basic EPS are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

**w) Cash flow statement**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future receipts or payments. In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, cheques on hand, balances with banks in current accounts and other short-term deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less, as applicable.

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**  
(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**3 Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets**

Particulars	Property, plant and equipment										Intangible assets
	Land	Freehold Buildings	Leasehold Buildings	Furnitures and Fixtures	Plant and Equipment	Office Equipment	Vehicles	Total			Computer software
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	156.80	697.87	57.95	247.11	107.09	90.89	86.47	1,444.19			44.14
Additions				6.64		6.95		13.59			-
Disposals								-			-
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	156.80	697.87	57.95	253.74	107.09	97.84	86.47	1,457.77			44.14
<b>Accumulated depreciation/ amortization</b>											
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	-	122.15	16.37	223.89	99.75	86.98	75.81	624.96			43.73
Depreciation/amortization charge during the year	-	-	0.93	3.65	2.62	3.31	2.37	12.88			0.18
Reversal on disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	-	122.15	17.30	227.54	102.37	90.29	78.17	637.83			43.92
<b>Net block</b>											
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	156.80	575.72	40.65	26.20	4.72	7.55	8.29	819.94			0.22
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	156.80	575.27	41.59	23.21	7.34	3.91	10.66	818.78			85.53

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
	₹	₹
<b>Financials assets</b>		
<b>4 Non - Current Investment</b>		
<b>Investment in equity instruments(fully paid-up)</b>		
<b>Unquoted</b>		
<b>i) Wholly Owned Subsidiaries</b>		
Arihant Griha Limited (50,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- Each fully paid)	5.00	5.00
Varenya Construction Limited (50,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- Each fully paid)	5.00	5.00
Transperent Heights Real Estate Limited (50,000 Equity shares of ₹10/- Each fully paid)	5.00	5.00
Vaikunt Housing Limited (5,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 1/- Each fully paid)	5.00	5.00
Verge Realty Pvt Ltd (1,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 1/- Each fully paid)	1.00	1.00
<b>ii) Joint Controlled Entity</b>		
Kairav Developers Ltd (25,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	2.50	2.50
	<b>23.50</b>	<b>23.50</b>
<b>Investment in Debentures</b>		
Mangalagiri Realty Projects Pvt Ltd (1,77,394 Optionally Redeemable Convertible Debentures of ₹ 100/- Each)	177.39	177.39
Kairav Developers Ltd 1170 (P.Y. Nil)10% Unsecured Non Convertible Debentures of ₹ 100000/- each redeemable in trenches or full at the option of the company any time after one year from the date of allotment but compulsorily redeemable in full within 8th December, 2031 - held by a related party	1,170.00	1,080.00
Varenya Constructions Ltd (19,78,609, 11.6% unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debentures of INR 100/- each (Previous Year: Nil) are convertible on or before 31st March, 2032.)	1,978.61	1,978.61

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	<b>As at 31-Mar-23</b>	<b>As at 31-Mar-22</b>
	₹	₹
<b>Investment in Partnership Firms</b>		
Arihant Heirloom	656.55	651.35
<b>Investment in LLP</b>		
KR Wind Energy LLP	0.03	0.03
	<b>4,006.08</b>	<b>3,910.89</b>
<b>Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>		
<b>Investments in other companies (fully paid-up)</b>		
<b>Quoted- Non Trade</b>		
Happy Homes Profin Ltd (44,800 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each Fully Paid Up)	0.00001	0.00001
Hindustan Construction Company Ltd (500 Shares of ₹ 45.53 Each Fully Paid Up)	0.23	0.23
IDBI Bank Ltd (500 Shares of ₹ 156.20 Each Fully Paid Up)	0.78	0.78
Indotech Transformers (691 Equity Shares of ₹ 130.19 Each Fully Paid up)	0.90	0.90
TVS Shriram Growth Fund 3	5.26	5.26
	<b>7.16</b>	<b>7.16</b>
National Savings Certificate	0.05	0.05
Mangalagiri Realty Projects Pvt Ltd (2,72,210 Equity shares of R.10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	27.22	27.22
North Town Estates Pvt Ltd (11,500 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	1.15	3.25
Arihant Unitech Realty Projects Ltd. (5,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	50.00	50.00
	<b>85.58</b>	<b>87.68</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
	₹	₹
<b>Grand Total (A+B)</b>	<b>4,091.66</b>	<b>3,998.57</b>
<b>Aggregate amount of:</b>		
-Quoted investments and market value thereof;	7.16	7.16
-Unquoted investments	4,033.35	3,991.41
-Provision for diminution in value of investments other than temporary	-	-
<b>4 Current Investment</b>		
<b>Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>		
<b>Investments in other companies (fully paid-up)</b>		
<b>Quoted- Non Trade</b>		
Aditya Birla Sun Life	3.51	25.89
	<b>3.51</b>	<b>25.89</b>
<b>5 Trade receivables</b>		
(Unsecured considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
<b>Non-current</b>		
Trade receivables	2,774.01	2,832.30
	<b>2,774.01</b>	<b>2,832.30</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Trade receivables		
-exceeding six months	2,158.84	1,476.82
-less than six months	1,727.95	1,375.14
Debts due by related parties	292.68	1,248.84
	<b>4,179.47</b>	<b>4,100.80</b>
The carrying amount of the current trade receivable is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value as is expected to be collected within twelve months, such that the effect of any difference between the effective interest rate applied and the estimated current market rate is not significant.		
Customer credit risk is managed based on the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management, pursuant to which outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by the management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by the management to ensure the risk of credit loss is minimal. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on historical information in relation to pattern of collections, defaults and credit worthiness of the customer.		



**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March,2023**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	1,727.95	2,158.84	1,533.34	1,073.34	460.00	<b>6,953.48</b>
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March,2022**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	1,375.14	1,476.82	2,040.57	1,428.40	612.17	<b>6,933.10</b>
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>6. Loan</b>			
<b>Non Current</b>			
(Unsecured, considered good)			
Loans to related parties (refer note 34)		2,353.49	2,245.07
Others		241.13	589.03
		<b>2,594.61</b>	<b>2,834.10</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>7</b>	<b>Other financial assets</b>		
	<b>Fair Value through Profit and Loss</b> (Unsecured, considered good)		
	<b>Non-current</b>		
	Security deposits	7,678.76	7,400.52
	Prepaid Finance Cost	3,227.50	3,437.41
		<b>10,906.26</b>	<b>10,837.93</b>
	<b>Current</b>		
	Other deposits	82.84	237.38
	Reimbursement Receivable	3.65	3.72
		<b>86.50</b>	<b>241.10</b>
	There are no other financial assets due from directors or other officers of the Company. The carrying amount of the other financial assets are considered as a reasonable approximation of fair value.		
<b>8</b>	<b>Deferred tax assets (net)</b>		
	The breakup of net deferred tax asset is as follows:		
	Opening Balance	600.20	835.40
	<b>Deferred tax asset arising on account of :</b>		
	-Adjustments on account of fair valuation of Security Deposits	-	-
	-Adjustments on account of recognition of premium in the gurantees given by the Company		
	-Others	(1.44)	(5.21)
	<b>Total deferred tax asset</b>	<b>A 598.76</b>	<b>830.20</b>
	<b>Less: Deferred tax liability arising on account of :</b>		
	-Adjustments on account of fair valuation of Security Deposits	-	(230.00)
	-Adjustments on account of fair valuation of Investments	-	-
	<b>Total deferred tax liability</b>	<b>B -</b>	<b>- 230.00</b>
	<b>Net deferred tax assets</b>	<b>(A-B) 598.76</b>	<b>600.20</b>
	In assessing the recoverability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.		
	All deferred tax assets have been recognized in the balance sheet.		

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		<b>As at 31-Mar-23</b>	<b>As at 31-Mar-22</b>
		₹	₹
<b>9 Inventories</b>			
	(valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)		
	Work in progress	9,026.62	7,670.84
		<b>9,026.62</b>	<b>7,670.84</b>
<b>10 Cash and bank balances</b>			
	<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		
	Cash on hand	33.54	26.45
	Balances with banks in current accounts	1,949.88	227.48
	<b>(A)</b>	<b>1,983.43</b>	<b>253.92</b>
	<b>Bank balances other than mentioned in cash and cash equivalents</b>		
	Deposit accounts	297.31	133.32
	<b>(B)</b>	<b>297.31</b>	<b>133.32</b>
	<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>2,280.74</b>	<b>387.24</b>
<b>11 Loan</b>			
	<b>Current</b>		
	Other loans	2,638.25	1,615.10
		<b>2,638.25</b>	<b>1,615.10</b>
<b>12 Current Tax Asset (Net)</b>			
	Income Tax Assets (Net)	218.42	249.28
		<b>218.42</b>	<b>249.28</b>
<b>13 Other current assets</b>			
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Advance for Land	329.66	329.66
	Balances with government authorities	165.21	68.62
	Advance given to suppliers and others	2,587.55	2,601.40
	Staff Advance	25.82	19.54
	Prepaid expenses	11.83	9.87
	TDS Recoverable (against loans)	44.75	34.48
	Interest Receivable but not due	360.33	-
		<b>3,525.14</b>	<b>3,063.56</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
<b>14 Equity share capital</b>				
<b>Authorized</b>				
1,00,00,000 equity shares of Rs.10/- each	1,00,00,000	1,000.00	1,00,00,000	1,000.00
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up</b>				
86,00,000 equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	86,00,000	860.00	86,00,000	860.00
	<b>86,00,000</b>	<b>860.00</b>	<b>86,00,000</b>	<b>860.00</b>

a) There is no change in issued and subscribed share capital during the year.

**b) Terms/right attached to equity shares**

The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend, which can be approved by the Board of Directors.

In the event of liquidation, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**c) Shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company**

	Nos.	% holding	Nos.	% holding
<u>Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each</u>				
Smt. Snehalatha Lunawath	14,07,000	16.36%	14,07,000	16.36%
Smt. S. Jayalakshmi	7,96,202	9.26%	7,96,202	9.26%
Mr. Kamal Lunawath	7,49,100	8.71%	7,49,100	8.71%
Mr. Vimal Lunawath	6,96,400	8.10%	6,96,400	8.10%
Taj Foundation Private Limited	6,90,000	8.02%	6,90,000	8.02%
Ocean Dial Asset Management Ltd A/c ICGQ Ltd	5,92,400	6.89%	5,92,400	6.89%

d) There were no shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus issues and buy back of shares during the last 5 years immediately preceding 31 March 2023.

**e) Capital management policies and procedures**

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders plus its borrowings and cash credit facility, if any, less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the balance sheet.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The amounts managed as capital by the Company for the reporting periods under review are summarized as follows:

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
	₹	₹
Borrowings	10,552.31	6,437.78
Cash and bank balances	2,280.74	387.24
<b>Net debt (A)</b>	<b>8,271.57</b>	<b>6,050.54</b>
<b>Total equity (B)</b>	<b>16,815.68</b>	<b>16,698.99</b>
<b>Overall financing (A+B)</b>	<b>25,087.26</b>	<b>22,749.53</b>
<b>Gearing ratio</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>27%</b>

**f) Shareholding of promoters**

Name	As on 31.03.2023		As on 31.03.2022		% of Change during the year
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
Snehlatha Lunawath	1406.96	16.36	1406.96	16.36	-
Kamal Lunawath	749.06	8.71	749.06	8.71	-
Vimal Lunawath	695.74	8.09	695.74	8.09	-
Madhu Lunawath	249.40	2.90	249.40	2.90	-
Mangi Lal Lunawath	249.40	2.90	249.40	2.90	-
Kavita Lunawath	86.00	1.00	86.00	1.00	-
Preethi Lunawath	61.06	0.71	61.06	0.71	-
Esha Lunawath	55.90	0.65	55.90	0.65	-
Meghna Lunawath	53.32	0.62	53.32	0.62	-
Paresh Jagdish Bhatt	30.96	0.36	30.96	0.36	-
Narendra Kumar Lunawath	19.78	0.23	19.78	0.23	-
Jagdish Bhat	24.94	0.29	24.94	0.29	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3682.52</b>	<b>42.82</b>	<b>3682.52</b>	<b>42.82</b>	

	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
	₹	₹
<b>15 Other Equity</b>		
<b>Securities premium account</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>
Securities premium account is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.		
<b>General reserve</b>	<b>883.09</b>	<b>883.09</b>
<b>Retained earnings</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,218.49	7,822.42
Add : Transfer from statement of profit and loss	115.62	106.08
Adjustments on accounts of Fair Value	-	1,289.99
Balance at the end of the year	<b>9,334.11</b>	<b>9,218.49</b>
<b>Accumulated other comprehensive income</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	30.91	144.08
Add : Movement during the year	1.07	(113.17)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>31.98</b>	<b>30.91</b>
<b>Total Other Equity</b>	<b>15,955.68</b>	<b>15,838.99</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>16</b>	<b>Borrowings</b>		
	<b>Non-current</b>		
	<b>Secured</b>		
	Term Loan		
	-from bank	2,250.71	1,255.13
	-from others	7,446.06	3,846.69
		<b>9,696.77</b>	<b>5,101.82</b>
	Less: Current maturities of long-term debt (Also, refer note 19)	(1,687.45)	(1,039.83)
		<b>(A) 8,009.32</b>	<b>4,061.99</b>
	<b>Unsecured</b>		
	<b>From others</b>		
	Loans from related parties	3,117.05	3,345.18
	Deposits	420.75	1,179.82
	Other Loan	321.55	242.12
	Deferred Income on Loans	249.21	739.79
		<b>4,108.55</b>	<b>5,506.92</b>
	Less: Current maturities of long-term debt (Also, refer note 19)	(1,565.56)	(3,131.13)
		<b>(B) 2,542.99</b>	<b>2,375.79</b>
	<b>TOTAL (A+B)</b>	<b>10,552.31</b>	<b>6,437.78</b>

**A. From Banks - Term Loans**

Particulars	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding	
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK: Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. The date of commencement of loan is 27-03-2017. Repayment - 36 instalments of Rs.12,93,976/- & 90 instalments of Rs.1343964 78 instalments are outstanding as on the balance sheet date	9.50%	-	687.01
ICICI BANK LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount Rs.21,00,00,000/- Fifteen monthly instalment of ₹ 1,40,00,000/-	12.30%	1,417.17	568.12

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothecation of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount RS.9,30,00,000/- One hundred and twenty monthly instalment of ₹ 16,87,145/-		833.54	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>(A)</b>	<b>2,250.71</b>	<b>1,255.13</b>
<b>B. Others - Term Loans from others</b>			
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Interest Rate</b>	<b>Amount Outstanding</b>	
		<b>31 March 2023</b>	<b>31 March 2022</b>
HDFC LTD: Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by Associate company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. The date of commencement of loan is 31-07-21		-	227.67
Bajaj Finance Ltd: 15.75 CR Loan Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. Repayment 149 instalments of varying EMI. EMI starting 02-08-2015. 77 instalments are outstanding as on the balance sheet date.	14.85%	44.14	50.29
Bajaj Finance Ltd 1.25 cr: Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. Repayment - one hundred and forty two instalments of ₹ 1,66,075/-. EMI starting 02-09-2015. 64 instalments are outstanding as on the balance sheet date	14.85%	67.98	77.98
TATA CAPITAL HOUSING FINANCE LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothecation of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company.	11.50%	-	754.98
TATA CAPITAL HOUSING FINANCE LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothecation of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount Rs.10,00,00,000/- Twenty four instalment of ₹ 41,66,667	13.20%	503.12	-

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

BAJAJ HOUSING FINANCE LTD (Dropline OD) Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.4,45,00,000/- repayable in one hundred and forty two instalment of Rs.5,30,417/- from 15 June 2019. EMI commences when the money completely withdrawn from overdraft	14.35%	0.00	171.00
BAJAJ HOUSING FINANCE LTD (Dropline OD) Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.1,65,00,000/- repayable in one hundred and eighty instalment of Rs.199091/- from 02 June 2019. EMI commences when the money completely withdrawn from overdraft	14.35%	0.00	140.00
Aditya Birla Finance Ltd - Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothecation of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.35,00,00,000/- repayable in Forty eight monthly instalments of Rs.72,91,651/-	11.75%	3,500.00	565.45
Bajaj Housing Finance Ltd - Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothecation of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.500,00,000/- repayable in Twenty four monthly instalment of Rs.2083333/- from November 2021.	14.75%	52.39	157.54
KOTAK MAHINDRA INVESTMENT LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothecation of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount Rs.28,00,00,000/- Eighteen monthly instalment of ₹ 1,55,55,556/-	12.25%	1,577.30	1,235.22
Kotak Mahindra Prime Ltd - Ertiga Car Secured by way mortgage on Car Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.750000/- repayable in Sixty instalment of Rs.15660/- from February 2019. Repayment - 35 instalments payable	9.20%	1.50	3.16
CHOLAMANDALAM INVESTMENT AND FINANCE CO LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothecation of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amountRS.2,57,00,000/- One hundred and eighty monthly instalment of ₹ ,276,174/-	10.00%	255.75	-



**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

SUNDARAM HOME FINANCE LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount RS.1,99,00,000/- One hundred and eighty monthly instalment of ₹ ,224,935/-	11.20%	197.36	-
HINDUJA LEYLAND FINANCE LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount RS.12,00,00,000/- One hundred and twenty monthly instalment of ₹ 16,87,145/-	11.50%	774.15	-
<b>Others:</b> Secured against the asset/ property for which the loan has been obtained	9% to 15%	472.37	463.41
<b>Total</b>	<b>(B)</b>	<b>7,446.06</b>	<b>3,846.69</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>9,696.77</b>	<b>5,101.82</b>

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>17</b>	<b>Provisions</b>		
	<b>Non-current</b>		
	Provisions for employee benefits		
	Gratuity	42.86	25.08
		<b>42.86</b>	<b>25.08</b>
<b>a)</b>	<b>Provision for employee benefits</b>		
	<b>i) Gratuity</b>		
	Gratuity is payable to all the members at the rate of 15 days salary for each year of service. In accordance with applicable Indian laws, the Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("the Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment that are based on last drawn salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date.		
	The following table sets out the funded status of the Gratuity Plan and the amounts recognized in the financial statement :		
	<b>Change in projected benefit obligation</b>		
	Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	25.08	105.86
	Interest cost	1.91	7.37
	Current service cost	17.35	3.55
	Past service cost		

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
	₹	₹
Acquisitions/Divestures/Transfer out	-	(133.25)
Actuarial (gain) / loss	(1.48)	41.54
Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	<b>42.86</b>	<b>25.08</b>
<b>Thereof</b>		
Unfunded	42.86	25.08
<b>Principal actuarial assumptions used:</b>		
a) Discount rate	7.53%	7.62%
b) Long-term rate of compensation increase	12%	12%
c) Attrition rate	1%	1%
d) Mortality table	Indian assured lives mortality (2012-14) ultimate	Indian assured lives mortality (2012-14) ultimate
<p>The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary. The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.</p> <p>The significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are the attrition rate, discount rate and the long-term rate of compensation increase. The calculation of the net defined benefit liability is sensitive to these assumptions. The following table summarises the effects of changes in these actuarial assumptions on the defined benefit liability at 31 March 2023..</p>		

	Attrition rate		Discount rate		Future salary increases	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
<b>31 March 2023</b>						
> Sensitivity Level	-7.71%	9.13%	-16.47%	20.66%	17.17%	-14.60%
> Impact on defined benefit obligation	-3.30	3.91	-7.06	8.86	7.36	-6.26
<b>31 March 2022</b>						
> Sensitivity Level	-4.94%	5.83%	-12.84%	15.77%	11.38%	-10.04%
> Impact on defined benefit obligation	-5.23	6.17	-13.59	16.70	12.05	-10.63

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>18 Trade payables</b>	<b>Current</b>		
	Dues to micro and small enterprises*	-	-
	Dues to others	8,231.24	6,924.60
		<b>8,231.24</b>	<b>6,924.60</b>
* There are no micro and small enterprises, as defined under the provisions of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, to whom the Company owes dues as at the reporting date. The micro and small enterprises have been identified by the management on the basis of information available with the Company and have been relied upon by the auditors.			

**Trade Payables ageing schedule: As at 31st March 2023**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	6,584.99	1,646.25			8,231.24
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

**Trade Payables ageing schedule: As at 31st March 2022**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	5,539.68	1,384.92			6,924.60
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>19</b>	<b>Other financial liabilities</b>		
	<b>Current</b>		
	Current maturities of long-term debt (Also, refer note 16)	3,253.01	4,170.96
		<b>3,253.01</b>	<b>4,170.96</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>Other current liabilities</b>		
	Statutory dues	124.49	60.69
	Advance from customers and for projects	2,696.59	3,040.55
	Revenue received in advance	1.01	35.01
	Other Payables	2,026.90	1,882.91
		<b>4,848.99</b>	<b>5,019.15</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>21</b>	<b>Revenue from operations</b>		
	Sales	3,485.53	4,488.82
	Marketing fees received	-	24.22
	Project management fees received	-	8.38
	<b>(A)</b>	<b>3,485.53</b>	<b>4,521.41</b>
	<b><u>Other Operating Revenues</u></b>		
	Lease rentals	106.68	19.49
	Maintenance charges received	330.49	294.50
	<b>(B)</b>	<b>437.17</b>	<b>313.99</b>
	<b>TOTAL (A+B)</b>	<b>3,922.70</b>	<b>4,835.41</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>Other income</b>		
	Interest received	1,896.22	928.72
	Commission Received	33.72	-
	Profit on Sale of Fixed Asset/ Investment	-	89.84
	Share of Profit firms	-	0.19
	Miscellaneous income	5.22	8.18
	Electricity Deposit Refund	-	33.35
		<b>1,935.16</b>	<b>1,060.28</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>Construction And Project Expenses</b>		
	Cost of land	22.94	81.10
	Materials	1,126.94	853.49
	Labour & sub-contract expenses	1,367.12	1,002.23
	Legal expenses	419.21	234.62
	Marketing Expenses	55.02	0.66
	Consultancy charges	88.31	12.83
	Interest charges and other finance costs related to projects	886.46	657.16
	Other Project Expenses	310.92	251.84
		<b>4,276.91</b>	<b>3,093.93</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>24</b>	<b>Changes In Inventories Of Materials, Work- In-Progress And Finished Goods</b>		
	a. Inventories at the beginning of the year		
	ii. Work-in-progress	7,670.84	8,965.15
		<b>7,670.84</b>	<b>8,965.15</b>
	b. Inventories at the end of the year		
	ii. Work-in-progress	9,026.62	7,670.84
		<b>9,026.62</b>	<b>7,670.84</b>
	<b>Net (increase) / decrease</b>	<b>(1,355.78)</b>	<b>1,294.32</b>
<b>25</b>	<b>Employees Benefit Expenses</b>		
	Salaries & Wages	328.54	223.11
	Contribution to provident and other funds	41.89	9.95
	Staff Welfare	10.61	5.08
		<b>381.03</b>	<b>238.14</b>
<b>26</b>	<b>Finance costs</b>		
	Interest expenses	1,829.68	682.32
	Bank Charges	0.44	0.08
	Processing Charges - Admin	5.63	-
		<b>1,835.74</b>	<b>682.40</b>
		<b>Year ended 31-Mar-23</b>	<b>Year ended 31-Mar-22</b>
<b>27</b>	<b>Depreciation And Amortization</b>	₹	₹
	Depreciation of assets (Also, refer note 3)	13.06	14.38
		<b>13.06</b>	<b>14.38</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31-Mar-23	Year ended 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>28</b>	<b>Other expenses</b>		
	Power & Fuel	16.64	8.72
	Rent	49.12	35.41
	Rates & Taxes	16.85	8.12
	Advertisement & Business Promotion	25.80	18.26
	Legal, Professional & Consultancy Charges	82.98	61.03
	Travelling & Conveyance	22.30	3.58
	Repairs and maintenance:		
	-Repairs & Office Maintenance	306.04	263.94
	-Vehicle Maintenance	1.01	1.93
	Telephone, Postage, Printing & Stationery	6.89	7.29
	Audit Fees		
	- For Statutory Audit (Also, refer note 32)	6.00	6.00
	Miscellaneous expense	11.02	4.69
	Share of Loss	0.07	-
		<b>544.71</b>	<b>418.98</b>
<b>29</b>	<b>Earnings per equity share (EPS)</b>		
	<b>For profit for the year</b>		
	Nominal value of equity shares	10	10
	Profit attributable to equity shareholders (A)	116	106
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (B)	86,00,000	86,00,000
	<b>Basic earnings per equity share (A/B) (in ₹)</b>	1.34	1.23
	<b>Diluted earnings per equity share (A/B) (in ₹)</b>	1.34	1.23
	<b>For total comprehensive income</b>		
	Nominal value of equity shares	10	10
	Total comprehensive income attributable to equity shareholders (A)	116.69	138.28
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (B)	86,00,000	86,00,000
	<b>Basic earnings per equity share (A/B) (in ₹)</b>	1.36	1.61
	<b>Diluted earnings per equity share (A/B) (in ₹)</b>	1.36	1.61

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***30 (a) Financial assets and liabilities****Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss</b>	<b>Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>	<b>Financial assets at amortised cost</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investments	-	211.78	680.13	891.90
Loans	5,232.86	-	-	5,232.86
Trade receivables	-	-	6,953.48	6,953.48
Cash and bank balances	-	-	1,983.43	1,983.43
Other bank balances	-	-	297.31	297.31
Other financial assets	10,906.26	-	86.50	10,992.76
	<b>16,139.12</b>	<b>211.78</b>	<b>10,000.84</b>	<b>26,351.74</b>
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>				
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Trade payables	-	-	8,231.24	8,231.24
Borrowings	3,537.80	-	7,014.52	10,552.31
Other financial liabilities	-	-	3,253.01	3,253.01
	<b>3,537.80</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>18,498.77</b>	<b>22,036.57</b>
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investments	-	211.78	674.93	886.71
Loans	4,449.20	-	-	4,449.20
Trade receivables	-	-	6,933.10	6,933.10
Cash and bank balances	-	-	253.92	253.92
Other bank balances	-	-	133.32	133.32
Other financial assets	10,837.93	-	241.10	11,079.03
	<b>15,287.13</b>	<b>211.78</b>	<b>8,236.38</b>	<b>23,735.29</b>

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>				
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Trade payables	-	-	6,924.60	6,924.60
Borrowings	4,525.00	-	1,912.78	6,437.78
Other financial liabilities	-	-	4,170.96	4,170.96
	<b>4,525.00</b>	-	<b>13,008.34</b>	<b>17,533.34</b>

**30(b) Ratios**

The ratios for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are as follows :

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.34	1.08
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Liabilities	Shareholder's Equity	1.60	1.35
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net Operating Income	Debt Service	1.07	1.05
Return on Equity Ratio	Profit for the period	Avg. Shareholders Equity	0.69%	0.66%
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of Goods sold	Average Inventory	0.35	0.53
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivables	0.56	0.70
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Total Purchases	Average Trade Payables	0.56	0.53
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales	Average Working Capital	0.70	3.90
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	Net Sales	2.95%	2.18%
Return on Capital employed	EBIT	Capital Employed	0.96%	0.92%
Return on Investment	Return/Profit/Earnings	Investment	-	-



**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		Year ended 31-Mar-23	Year ended 31-Mar-22
		₹	₹
<b>31</b>	<b>Leases</b>		
	<b>Operating lease commitments - as lessee</b>		
	Total lease payments charged off to the statement of profit and loss	49.12	35.41
	<b>Operating lease commitments - as lessor</b>		
	Total lease receipts charged off to the statement of profit and loss	106.68	19.49
<b>32</b>	<b>Remuneration to auditors</b>		
	<b>As auditor</b>		
	Statutory audit	6.00	6.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>6.00</b>

**33 Related parties****a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship:**

Nature of relationship	Name of related party
<b>Wholly owned subsidiaries</b>	Vaikunt Housing Limited Arihant Griha Limited Trasperent Heights Real Estate Limited Varenya Constructions Limited Verge Realty Private Limited Escapade Real Estates Private Limited
<b>Joint Controlled Entity</b>	Kairav Developers Limited
<b>Partnership Firms</b>	Arihant Foundations Arihant Foundations & Housing Arihant Heirloom
<b>Key Management Personnel</b>	Mr. Kamal Lunawath (Chairman and Managing Director) Mr. Vimal Lunawath (Whole time Director) Mr. Bharat Jain (Whole time Director)

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**33 Related parties (Continued)**

**b) Transactions with related parties**

Particulars	Related Party	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel	Kamal Lunawath	12.00	12.00
	Vimal Lunawath	12.00	12.00
	Bharat Jain	18.00	18.00
Interest expense on loan received	Kamal Lunawath	161.40	146.51
	Vimal Lunawath	52.57	69.33
	Escapade Real Estate P Ltd	90.13	95.08
Interest income on loan given	Varenya Constructions Ltd	152.40	275.96
Loan received	Kamal Lunawath	4,340.82	2,570.22
	Vimal Lunawath	213.55	1,333.48
	Varenya Constructions Ltd	556.03	3,550.19
	Escapade Real Estate P Ltd	1,493.32	2,181.56
Loan repaid	Kamal Lunawath	4,952.79	2,478.29
	Vimal Lunawath	407.13	1,576.74
	Varenya Constructions Ltd	200.10	2,112.86
	Escapade Real Estate P Ltd	533.69	674.56
Loan given	Arihant Griha Ltd	10.65	2.00
	Vaikunt Housing Limited	0.65	3.05
	Escapade Real Estate P Ltd	190.17	111.94
	Verge Realty Pvt Ltd	830.50	-
	Verge Realty Pvt Ltd	530.05	-
Advances made	Transperent Heights Real Estate Ltd	15.23	1.81

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***33 Related parties (Continued)****Balances with related parties**

Transaction	Related Party	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Borrowings	Escapade Real Estates Pvt Ltd	1,200.00	1,200.00
	Directors	1,604.37	2,225.05
	Arihant Foundations & Housing	93.87	93.87
	Arihant Foundations	218.80	218.79
Loans			-
	Vaikunt Housing Limited	137.98	137.33
	Varenya Constructions Ltd	1,263.78	1,467.31
	Verge Realty Pvt Ltd	300.64	0.19
	Arihant Griha Limited	651.08	640.44
Trade Receivables			-
	Arihant Griha Limited	180.10	180.10
	Transperent Heights Real Estate Ltd	112.58	97.35

**34 Fair value measurement****Fair value measurement hierarchy**

The Company records certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company determines fair values based on the price it would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and in the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability.

The Company holds certain fixed income investments and other financial assets such as loans, deposits etc. which must be measured using the fair value hierarchy and related valuation methodologies. The guidance specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to each measurement are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about current market conditions. The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the balance sheet are grouped into three Levels of fair value hierarchy. These levels are based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- > **Level 1:** Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- > **Level 2:** Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- > **Level 3:** Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following table shows the Levels within the hierarchy of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at 31 March 2023, 31 March 2022.:

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Fair value measurement using				
		Quoted prices in active markets	Significant observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs		
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
		Date of valuation	Total			
<b>i) Assets measured at fair value:</b>						
<b>Fair value through other comprehensive income</b>						
<b>Investments</b>						
2023	31 March 2023	211.78	7.16	204.62	-	
2022	31 March 2022	211.78	7.16	204.62	-	
Investment in mutual funds are valued based on the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the funds as at the year end. The NAV of the funds are provided by the fund management company at the end of each reporting year.						
<b>ii) Liabilities measured at fair value:</b>						
<b>Financial guarantees</b>						
2023	31 March 2023	-	-	-	-	
2022	31 March 2022	-	-	-	-	

The fair value of the financial guarantees are based on the credit risk associated with the guarantees extended and the maximum exposure that is expected to have on the event of default by the debtor.

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year.

**ii) Liabilities measured at amortised cost:**

**a) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings:**

Floating rate borrowings	Nil	Nil
Fixed rate borrowings	10,018.32	5,343.94

The fair values of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings and loans are determined under amortised cost method using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting period. These rates are considered to reflect the market rate of interest and hence the carrying value are considered to be at fair value.

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***35 Nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and respective financial risk management objectives and policies**

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, and financial guarantee contracts. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its and group companies operations.

The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management is supported by the Group treasury team that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by Group Treasury Team that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The Board of Directors review and agree on policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

**a) Market risk**

The Company is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk, interest rate risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

**b) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates are managed by borrowing at fixed interest rates. During the year Company did not have any floating rate borrowings.

**c) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Company. The Company is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments, for example trade receivables, placing deposits, investment in mutual funds etc. the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognized at 31 March 2018, as summarised below:

	<b>31 March 2023</b>	<b>31 March 2022</b>
<b>Classes of financial assets</b>		
Investments	4,091.66	3,998.57
Trade receivables	6,953.48	6,933.10
Loan	5,232.86	4,449.20
Cash and bank balances	2,280.74	387.24
Other financial assets	10,992.76	11,079.03

**Notes to standalone financial statements (Contd.)**

*(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. The Company's policy is to transact only with counterparties who are highly creditworthy which are assessed based on internal due diligence parameters.

In respect of trade receivables, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Based on historical information about customer default rates management consider the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits are considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

Other financial assets mainly comprises of security deposits which are given to land owners or other governmental agencies in relation to contracts executed and are assessed by the Company for credit risk on a continuous basis.

**d) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is that the Company might be unable to meet its obligations. The Company manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day-to-day business. The data used for analysing these cash flows is consistent with that used in the contractual maturity analysis below. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on a monthly, quarterly, and yearly basis depending on the business needs. Net cash requirements are compared to available borrowing facilities in order to determine headroom or any shortfalls. This analysis shows that available borrowing facilities are expected to be sufficient over the lookout period.

The Company's objective is to maintain cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for 30-day periods at a minimum. This objective was met for the reporting periods.

The Company considers expected cash flows from financial assets in assessing and managing liquidity risk, in particular its cash resources and trade receivables. The Company's existing cash resources and trade receivables significantly exceed the current cash outflow requirements. Cash flows from trade receivables are all contractually due within six months except for retention and long term trade receivables which are governed by the relevant contract conditions.

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts, and short-term borrowings. The Company assessed the concentration of risk with respect to refinancing its debt and concluded it to be low. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding and debt maturing within 12 months can be rolled over with existing lenders.

**36 Events after the reporting period**

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date (31 March 2023) and the date of authorization..

**37 Contingent liabilities, commitments and guarantees**

<u>Contingent liabilities</u>	<b>As at 31-Mar-23</b>	<b>As at 31-Mar-22</b>
i) The cases pending before the CIT Appeals of Income tax are as follows		
AY 2011-2012	71.83	71.83
ii) The cases pending before the High Court of Madras are as follows		
AY 2005-2006	53.24	53.24
AY 2007-2008	557.62	557.62
AY 2004-2005	13.72	13.72
AY 2005-2006	95.58	95.58
iii) In continuation to inspection made u/s. 209A of the Companies Act, 1956; the proceedings filed u/s. 58A, 299 and 295 are under process. The Company has applied for compounding application for the same on 19.01.2015		

**38 Segment reporting**

The company is primarily in the business of real estate development and related activities including construction. Major exposure is to residential and commercial construction and development of IT parks. Further majority of the business conducted is within the geographic boundaries of India.

In view of the above, in the opinion of the Management and based on the organizational and internal reporting structure, the company's business activities as described above are subject to similar risks and returns. Further, since the business activities undertaken by the company are within India, in the opinion of the Management, the environment in India is considered to have similar risks and returns. Consequently the company's business activities primarily represent a single business segment. Similarly, this business operations in India represent a single geographical segment.

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
 Partner  
 Membership No. 208862

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Kamal Lunawath**  
 Managing Director  
 DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
 Whole Time Director  
 DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alphaia**  
 Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT  
TO THE MEMBERS OF ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS AND HOUSING LIMITED**

**Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited** (“hereinafter referred to as the Holding Company”) and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as “the Group”), its associates and joint controlled entity, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as “the Consolidated Financial Statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2023, the consolidated profit and loss and consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, and of its joint controlled entity in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI’s Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor’s Response
1	<i>Recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of revenues and other related balances in view of adoption of Ind AS 115 “Revenue from Contracts with customers”</i>	<p><b><u>Key audit matter description</u></b></p> <p>The application of new revenue standard involves certain key judgements relating to identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised over a period.</p> <p>Refer Note No: 2(g) to Consolidated financial statements.</p> <p><b><u>Principal Audit Procedures</u></b></p> <p>We assessed the Group’s process to identify the impact of adoption of the new revenue accounting standard. Our audit approach is as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Evaluated the design of internal controls relating to implementation of the new revenue accounting standard.</li> <li>• Testing of the design and implementation of controls involved for the determination of the estimates used as well as their operating effectiveness.</li> <li>• Testing the relevant information technology system’s access and change management controls relating to contracts and related information used in recording and disclosing revenue in accordance with the new accounting standard.</li> </ul>



		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Testing a sample of contracts for appropriate identification of performance obligations;</li> <li>• Engaging technical experts to review estimates of costs to complete for sample contracts and</li> <li>• Performed analytical procedures for reasonableness of revenues disclosed by type and service offerings.</li> </ul>
2	<i>Evaluation of uncertain tax positions</i>	<p><b><u>Key audit matter description</u></b></p> <p>The Group has material uncertain tax positions including matters under dispute which involves significant judgement to determine the possible outcome of these disputes</p> <p>Refer Note no: 2(o) &amp; (n) to Consolidated Financial Statements.</p> <p><b><u>Principal Audit Procedures</u></b></p> <p>Our procedures included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtained understanding of key uncertain tax positions.</li> <li>• Obtained details of completed tax assessments and demands for the year ended March 31, 2023 from the management;</li> <li>• We along with our internal tax experts discussed with appropriated senior management and evaluated the Management's underlying key assumptions in estimating the tax provision.</li> <li>• Additionally, we considered the effect of new information in respect to uncertain tax positions as at March 31, 2023 to evaluate whether any change was required to management's position on these uncertainties.</li> </ul>
3.	Balance Confirmations From Vendors and Customers	The Company neither follows the practice of obtaining balance confirmation from Vendors and Customers on a period basis nor on Annual Basis. The absence of direct balance confirmation constitute departure from SA-505 External Confirmations. We have performed subsequent audit procedures on test check basis however we are unable to comment on the balances carried forward in the financial statements.

### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Other information so far as it relates to the subsidiaries, joint controlled entity, is traced from their financial statements approved by the management and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its joint controlled entity, in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally

accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, its joint controlled entity, are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group, and its joint controlled entity.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its subsidiary companies which are incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group, its joint controlled entity to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We

consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Other Matters

The Statement includes audited financial statement of 6 subsidiaries and one Joint Controlled Entity, whose financial statements reflect Group's share of total assets of Rs.16970.81 lakhs as at 31st March, 2023, Group's share of total revenues of Rs. 2600.79 lakhs and Group's share of total net profit including other comprehensive income of Rs.505.38 lakhs for year ended on that date, respectively as considered in the Statement, which have been audited by their respective independent auditors. We did not audit the financial statements of 6 subsidiaries and one Jointed Controlled Entity whose financial assets/ financial information and the independent auditor's report on financial statements of these entities have been furnished to us by the Management, and our opinion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the such auditors and the procedures performed by us as stated in section Basis of Opinion above.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial information certified by the Board of Directors.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Group as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Group and its joint controlled entity, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The consolidated financial statements has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of its Group and joint controlled entity.
  - ii. Provision has been made in consolidated financial statements, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
  - iii. While there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company, the related shares could not be transferred due to technical issues. We were informed that the company is taking necessary steps in this regard.

For M/S **B.P.JAIN AND Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.050105S

**DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI**  
Partner  
(Membership No: 208862)  
UDIN: 23208862BGXFNE7321

Place: Chennai  
Date : 30-05-2023

## **ANNEXURE “A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT**

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report to the Members of Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited of even date)

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **ARIHANT FOUNDATIONS AND HOUSING LIMITED** (“the Company”) and its subsidiary companies and joint controlled entity, as of that date.

#### **Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Board of Directors of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“ the ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### **Auditors’ Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- i. Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- ii. Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- iii. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India”.

For M/S **B.P.JAIN AND Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.050105S

**DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI**  
Partner  
(Membership No: 208862)  
UDIN: 23208862BGXFNE7321

Place: Chennai  
Date : 30-05-2023

**Consolidated Balance sheet as at 31 March 2023***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	Note	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	3	872.29	866.05
Intangible assets	3	0.22	0.86
Goodwill	3.1	1,155.00	1,155.00
<b>Financial assets</b>			
- Investments	4	3,299.55	3,293.21
- Trade receivables	5	3,667.49	3,659.67
- Loans	6	809.85	1,346.89
- Other financial assets	7	10,988.00	11,147.93
Deferred tax assets (net)	8	635.88	3,057.60
		<b>21,428.29</b>	<b>24,527.21</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	9	13,499.60	9,593.62
<b>Financial assets</b>			
- Investments	4	5.65	27.79
- Trade receivables	5	4,436.20	4,369.16
- Cash and cash equivalents	10	2,602.87	499.15
- Bank balances other than those mentioned in cash and cash equivalents	10	297.31	170.90
- Loans	11	2,639.10	5,192.86
- Other financial assets	7	86.82	534.69
Current tax asset (Net)	12	61.64	353.54
Other current assets	13	4,122.37	15,467.15
		<b>27,751.58</b>	<b>36,208.85</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>49,179.87</b>	<b>60,736.06</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity share capital	14	860.00	860.00
Other equity	15	16,930.71	10,870.38
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>17,790.71</b>	<b>11,730.38</b>
<b>Non - Controlling interests</b>		-	<b>(3,025.16)</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
- Borrowings	16	13,608.38	10,787.67
Provisions	17	139.02	114.30
-Other Non Current Liabilities	18	821.16	1,190.98
		<b>14,568.55</b>	<b>12,092.96</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
- Borrowings	16	500.00	18,497.23
- Trade payables	19	4,521.81	6,451.60
- Other financial liabilities	20	3,788.96	7,016.74
Other current liabilities	21	8,009.84	7,972.32
		<b>16,820.61</b>	<b>39,937.89</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>31,389.16</b>	<b>52,030.84</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>49,179.87</b>	<b>60,736.06</b>

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
Partner  
Membership No. 208862

**Place : CHENNAI**  
**Date : 30-05-2023**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
Whole Time Director  
DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
Company Secretary

**Place : CHENNAI**  
**Date : 30-05-2023**

**Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Revenue from operations	22	6,426.68	8,279.57
Other income	23	2,031.98	1,173.42
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>8,458.66</b>	<b>9,453.00</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Construction and project expenses	24	7,431.56	5,295.62
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade	25	(3,929.47)	859.70
Employee benefits expense	26	626.77	658.81
Finance costs	27	2,065.47	1,106.44
Depreciation and amortization expense	28	32.11	35.35
Other expenses	29	948.76	1,804.58
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>7,175.21</b>	<b>9,760.49</b>
<b>Share of profit / (loss) from equity accounted investments</b>		-	<b>6.80</b>
<b>Profit/(Loss) before tax</b>		<b>1,283.45</b>	<b>(300.69)</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>			
Current tax		(290.60)	(208.13)
Deferred tax		4.35	34.65
<b>Profit/(Loss) for the year</b>		<b>997.20</b>	<b>(474.18)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss</b>			
- Re-measurement (losses) on defined benefit plans		7.74	93.24
- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		(1.33)	15.92
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>6.41</b>	<b>109.15</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>1,003.61</b>	<b>(365.02)</b>



**Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
<b>Profit attributable to:</b>			
Owners of the Company		997.20	(99.91)
Non-controlling interest		-	(373.26)
		<b>997.20</b>	<b>(473.18)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income attributable to:</b>			
Owners of the Company		6.41	109.15
Non-controlling interest		-	-
		<b>6.41</b>	<b>109.15</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income attributable to:</b>			
Owners of the Company		1,003.61	9.24
Non-controlling interest		-	(373.26)
		<b>1,003.61</b>	<b>(364.02)</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>			
Basic (in ₹) (Face value of ₹ 10 each)	30	11.60	(5.51)
Diluted (in ₹) (Face value of ₹ 10 each)	30	11.60	(5.51)

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
Partner  
Membership No. 208862

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
Whole Time Director  
DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
<b>A. Cash flow from operating activities</b>		
<b>Profit before tax</b>	1,283.45	(300.69)
<i>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities</i>	-	-
Depreciation and amortization expense	32.11	35.35
(Gain)/loss on sale of investments	-	(10.00)
Interest expenses	2,065.04	1,106.44
Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	(79.84)
Other non operating income	(46.80)	(8.18)
Interest and dividend income	(1,985.18)	(1,165.25)
Other adjustments	8,094.00	1,145.00
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>9,442.63</b>	<b>722.83</b>
<b>Changes in assets and liabilities</b>		
Adjustments for working capital changes		
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(3,905.98)	(101.33)
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	(74.87)	(185.92)
Decrease / (Increase) in other financial assets	607.80	(4,565.09)
Decrease in other assets	11,218.36	(3,637.54)
(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables	(1,929.79)	2,291.69
(Decrease) / Increase in long term provisions	24.72	2.23
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	(2,727.78)	4,105.68
Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities	(332.66)	(1,900.78)
<b>Cash generated from/(used) in operating activities</b>	<b>12,322.43</b>	<b>(3,268.22)</b>
Direct taxes paid, net	2,422.02	(170.00)
<b>Net cash generated from/(used) in operating activities</b>	<b>14,744.45</b>	<b>(3,438.22)</b>
<b>B. Cash flow from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of fixed Assets	(37.73)	(261.01)
Sale of fixed Assets	-	167.91
Interest/Dividend received during the year	1,985.18	1,165.25
Other non - operating income	46.80	8.18
Purchase of investment	-	(1.90)
Proceeds from sale of investment	13.70	1,877.00
<b>Net cash generated from investing activities</b>	<b>2,007.95</b>	<b>2,955.43</b>
<b>C. Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Fresh loans taken	(15,676.53)	(1,371.22)
Loans received back / (given)	3,092.89	3,065.92
Interest & finance charges	(2,065.04)	(1,106.44)
<b>Net cash (used) in financing activities</b>	<b>(14,648.68)</b>	<b>588.26</b>
<b>D. Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>2,103.72</b>	<b>105.46</b>
E. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning	499.15	393.69
<b>F. Cash and cash equivalents at the end</b>	<b>2,602.87</b>	<b>499.15</b>

**Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
<b>Cash and cash equivalents include</b>		
Cash on hand	56.22	41.34
Balances with banks - in current accounts	2,546.65	457.81
<b>Cash and cash equivalents as per note 10</b>	<b>2,602.87</b>	<b>499.15</b>

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
Partner  
Membership No. 208862

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
Whole Time Director  
DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**Consolidated statements of changes in equity for the period ended 31 March 2023**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**A. Equity share capital**

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 31 March 2022	860.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	860.00

**B. Other equity**

Particulars	Reserves and surplus			Accumulated other comprehensive income	Total	Non - controlling interests
	General reserve	Securities premium	Retained earnings			
<b>Balances at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>883.09</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>	<b>4,045.62</b>	<b>235.17</b>	<b>10,870.38</b>	<b>(3,025.16)</b>
Transfer from statement of profit and loss	-	-	997.20	-	997.20	-
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	-	6.41	6.41	-
Appropriations made during the year	-	-	5,056.72	-	5,056.72	3,025.16
<b>Balances at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>883.09</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>	<b>10,099.54</b>	<b>241.58</b>	<b>16,930.71</b>	<b>-</b>

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
 Partner  
 Membership No. 208862

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Kamal Lunawath**  
 Managing Director  
 DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
 Whole Time Director  
 DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
 Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

## Notes to consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 1. Background

Arihant Foundations & Housing Limited ("the group") was incorporated on 6th March, 1992 as a limited company. The company engaged in the business of constructions of residential, commercial complexes and IT parks.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### a) Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

##### i) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees (₹).

##### ii) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated. These financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act. All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of less than twelve months or based on the criteria of realisation/settlement within twelve months period from the balance sheet date.

##### iii) Principles of consolidation

###### *Subsidiaries*

"Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the group"

"The group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances, and unrealised gain on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed wherever necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group. Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of equity and balance sheet respectively"

###### *Associates*

Associates are all entities over which the group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

### Joint arrangements

Under Ind As 111, Joint Arrangements, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investors, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement. Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited has only joint ventures.

Interest in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated balance sheet

###### *Equity Method*

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit and loss and the group's share of other

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

comprehensive income of the investee in the other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from the associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of investment.

When the group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investments equals or exceeds its interest in the equity, including any other unsecured long term receivables, the group does not recognise further losses unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other equity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

### b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The Group bases its estimates and assumptions on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

### Significant management judgements

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the group that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

#### *Classification of leases*

The group enters into leasing arrangements for various assets. The classification of the leasing arrangement as a finance lease or operating lease is based on an assessment of several factors, including, but not limited to, transfer of ownership of leased asset at end of lease term, lessee's option to purchase and estimated certainty of exercise of such option, proportion of lease term to the asset's economic life, proportion of present value of minimum lease payments to fair value of leased asset and extent of specialised nature of the leased asset.

#### *Recognition of deferred tax assets*

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry forward can be utilised. In addition, significant judgement is required in assessing the impact of any legal or economic limits or uncertainties in various tax jurisdictions

#### *Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets*

The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets. In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

#### *Recoverability of advances / receivables*

At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

#### *Useful lives of depreciable / amortisable assets*

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable / amortisable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of certain items of property, plant and equipment.

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)**Defined benefit obligation (DBO)*

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

## Fair value measurements

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management bases its assumptions on observable data as far as possible but this is not always available. In that case management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

**c) Current versus non-current classification**

The group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The group has evaluated and considered its operating cycle as 12 months.

**d) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalised until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by management.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Assets to be disposed off are reported at the lower of the carrying value or the fair value less cost to sell.

Property, plant and equipment [other than freehold land and lease hold land (perpetual lease)] are depreciated under straight line method ("SLM method") over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

*(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Useful life adopted by the Group for various class of assets is as follows:

<b>Assets</b>	<b>Useful Lives</b>
Vehicles	
Motor cycle / Two Wheelers	8 Years
Motor cars	10 Years
On Furniture and fixtures	10 Years
On Office equipments	5 Years
On Computers & Accessories	3 years

The Group has evaluated the applicability of component accounting as prescribed under Ind AS 16 and Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the management has not identified any significant component having different useful lives. Schedule II requires the Group to identify and depreciate significant components with different useful lives separately.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically and updated at each financial year end.

**e) Intangible assets**

The Group has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its intangible assets as recognized in its Previous GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1 April 2016.

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Advances paid towards the acquisition of intangible assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-current assets and the cost of intangible assets not ready for their intended use before such date are disclosed as intangible assets under development.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of amortization of intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

**f) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets**

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, based on internal or external factors. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash generating unit. If such recoverable amount of the asset or cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. If, at the reporting date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount. Impairment losses previously recognised are accordingly reversed in the statement of profit and loss.

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

**g) Revenue recognition**

**Revenue from projects**

Revenue from sale of properties is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and it can be reliably measured, which coincides with entering into a legally binding agreement. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received/receivable net of rebate and taxes.

Revenue from sale of undivided share of land (UDS) in qualifying projects where the risks and rewards on the sale of the UDS are separable from the risks and rewards on the construction contract is recognized upon the transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership of such real estate, as per the terms of the contracts entered into with the buyers, which coincides with the firming of the sales contracts/agreements and a minimum level of collection of dues from the customer.



**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Revenue from the sale of UDS on other projects where the risk and rewards on the sale of the UDS are not separable from the construction contracts and therefore do not qualify above are recognized on the percentage of completion method.

In accordance with the "Guidance Note on Accounting for Real Estate Transactions (for entities to whom Ind AS is applicable)" (guidance note) all projects where revenue is recognized for the first time, construction revenue on such projects have been recognized on percentage of completion method provided the following thresholds have been met:

- (a) all critical approvals necessary for the commencement have been obtained;
- (b) the expenditure incurred on construction and development costs is not less than 25 percent of the total estimated construction and development costs;
- (c) at least 25 percent of the saleable project area is secured by agreements with buyers; and
- (d) at least 10 percent of the agreements are realized at the reporting date in respect of such contracts."

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" effective April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 supersedes Ind AS 11 "Construction Contracts" and Ind AS 18 "Revenue". The Company has applied Ind AS 115 using the modified retrospective method and the cumulative impact of transition to Ind AS 115 has been adjusted against the Retained earnings as at April 1, 2018. Accordingly, the figures of the previous year are not restated under Ind AS 115.

The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring promised good or service to a customer. The revenue is recognised to the extent of transaction price allocated to the performance obligation satisfied. Performance obligation is satisfied over time when the transfer of control of asset (good or service) to a customer is done over time and in other cases, performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time. For performance obligation satisfied over time, the revenue recognition is done by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation.

The progress is measured in terms of a proportion of actual cost incurred to-date, to the total estimated cost attributable to the performance obligation. Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring good or service to a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of a third party. Variable consideration is estimated using the expected value method or most likely amount as appropriate in a given circumstance. Payment terms agreed with a customer are as per business practice and there is no financing component involved in the transaction price.

Costs to obtain a contract which are incurred regardless of whether the contract was obtained are charged-off in Profit & Loss immediately in the period in which such costs are incurred. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract, if any, and costs incurred to fulfil a contract are amortised over the period of execution of the contract in proportion to the progress measured in terms of a proportion of actual cost incurred to-date, to the total estimated cost attributable to the performance obligation.

Significant judgments are used in:

1. Determining the revenue to be recognised in case of performance obligation satisfied over a period of time; revenue recognition is done by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation. The progress is measured in terms of a proportion of actual cost incurred to-date, to the total estimated cost attributable to the performance obligation.
2. Determining the expected losses, which are recognised in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected total contract cost as at the reporting date.

Revenue from construction/project related activity is recognised as follows:

1. Cost plus contracts: Revenue from cost plus contracts is recognized over time and is determined with reference to the extent performance obligations have been satisfied. The amount of transaction price allocated to the performance obligations satisfied represents the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the margin as agreed with the customer.
2. Fixed price contracts: Contract revenue is recognised over time to the extent of performance obligation satisfied and control is transferred to the customer. Contract revenue is recognised at allocable transaction price which represents the cost of work

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

performed on the contract plus proportionate margin, using the percentage of completion method. Percentage of completion is the proportion of cost of work performed to-date, to the total estimated contract costs.”

### **Rental income**

Income from rentals are recognized as an income in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where scheduled increase in rent compensates the Group with expected inflationary costs.

### **Interest income**

Interest income is reported on an accrual basis using the effective interest method and is included under the head “other income” in the statement of profit and loss.

### **Dividend income**

Income from dividends are recognized when the Group's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

## h) Inventories

### **Raw materials**

Inventory includes raw materials used for the construction activity of the Group. Raw materials are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on a ‘First In First Out’ basis.

### **Properties under development**

Properties under development represents construction work in progress which are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. This comprises of cost of land, construction related overhead expenditure, borrowing costs and other net costs incurred during the period of development.

### **Properties held for sale**

Completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of land, construction related overhead expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs incurred during the period of development. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### **Properties held for development**

Properties held for development represents land acquired for future development and construction, and is stated at cost including the cost of land, the related costs of acquisition and other costs incurred to get the properties ready for their intended use.

## i) Employee benefits

Expenses and liabilities in respect of employee benefits are recorded in accordance with Ind AS 19, Employee Benefits.

### **Defined contribution plan**

The Group's contribution to provident fund is charged to the statement of profit and loss or inventorized as a part of project under development, as the case may be. The Group's contributions towards provident fund are deposited with a government administered fund, in accordance with Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

### **Defined benefit plan**

(i) **Gratuity** The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets (if any). The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.”

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in ₹ is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

Service cost on the Group's defined benefit plan is included in employee benefits expense. Employee contributions, all of which are independent of the number of years of service, are treated as a reduction of service cost. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability is included in finance costs. Gains and losses through re-measurements of the defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income, which are not reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period.

Short-term employee benefits Short-term employee benefits comprise of employee costs such as salaries, bonus etc. is recognized on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

**j) Leases**

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement. For arrangements entered into prior to 1 April 2016 (date of transition to Ind AS), the group has determined whether the arrangement contain lease on the basis of facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition.

**Finance Lease** A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Group is classified as a finance lease. Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

A leased asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset or the useful life, whichever is lower. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the group will obtain the ownership by the end of the lease term, the capitalised asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease period.

**Operating Lease** Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

**k) Foreign currency transactions***Functional and presentation currency*

The functional currency of the Group is the Indian Rupee (₹). These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹)

*Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in statement of profit or loss.

-Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

-Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

**l) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

### m) Government Grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is adjusted against the cost of the depreciable asset, to which the grant relates to, on receipt of such subsidy.

### n) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax. Current and deferred tax is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. The Group offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to setoff the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### o) Provisions and contingencies

#### *Provisions*

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

#### *Contingent liabilities*

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or it cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***Contingent assets**

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed. However, when realisation of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognised.

**p) Financial instruments****Financial assets****Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial assets (other than trade receivables) are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs, except for those carried at fair value through statement of profit and loss which are measured initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement of financial assets is described below. Trade receivables are recognized at their transaction price as the same do not contain significant financing component.

**Subsequent measurement**

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified and measured based on the entity's business model for managing the financial asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset at:

- a. Amortized cost
- b. Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) or
- c. Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets are reviewed for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below.

**(i) Financial asset at amortised cost**

Includes assets that are held within a business model where the objective is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms gives rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The loss allowance at each reporting period is evaluated based on the expected credit losses for next 12 months and credit risk exposure. The Group shall also measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

**(ii) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)**

Includes assets that are held within a business model where the objective is both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets along with the contractual terms giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

At initial recognition, the Group, based on its assessment, makes an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income the changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading. These elections are made on an instrument-by instrument (i.e., share-by-share) basis. If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, are recognized in other comprehensive income. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit or loss, even on sale of investment. The dividends from such instruments are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

The fair value of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

The loss allowance at each reporting period is evaluated based on the expected credit losses for next 12 months and credit risk exposure. The Group shall also measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. The loss

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

allowance shall be recognized in other comprehensive income and shall not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet.

### (iii) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets that are designated at FVTPL upon initial recognition and financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. All derivative financial instruments fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments, for which the hedge accounting requirements apply. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognized in statement of profit and loss. The fair value of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

The loss allowance at each reporting period is evaluated based on the expected credit losses for next 12 months and credit risk exposure. The Group shall also measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. The loss allowance shall be recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

### De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Group's standalone balance sheet) when:

- a. The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- b. The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either
  - (i) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - (ii) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset."

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including financial guarantee contracts.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

##### *Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments.

**Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.**

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

**Loans and borrowings**

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss."

**Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

**Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

**q) Impairment of financial assets**

In accordance with Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

The Group tracks credit risk and changes thereon for each customer. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial instrument over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity uses the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

The Group uses default rate for credit risk to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables

Trade receivables The Group applies approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables."

## Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### *Other financial assets*

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.”

### **r) Fair value measurement**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant’s ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

### **s) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Company’s cash management.”

### **t) Segment reporting**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group is primarily engaged in the business of real estate development and related activities including construction which constitutes its single reportable segment.

### **u) Earnings/ (Loss) per Share (EPS)**

Basic EPS are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.



**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

*(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

**v) Cash flow statement**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future receipts or payments. In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, balances with banks in current accounts and other short- term deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less, as applicable.

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**3 Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets**

Particulars	Property, plant and equipment										Intangible assets
	Land	Freehold Buildings	Leasehold Buildings	Furniture and Fixtures	Plant and Equipment	Office Equipment	Vehicles	Total	Computer software		
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	147.48	602.36	57.95	294.06	150.59	129.97	467.59	1,850.00	44.14		
Additions	-	4.52	-	26.04	-	14.75	-	45.31	-		
Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	147.48	606.88	57.95	320.10	150.59	144.72	467.59	1,895.32	44.14		
<b>Accumulated depreciation/amortization</b>											
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	-	163.35	16.37	235.92	111.57	99.63	357.12	983.96	43.28		
Depreciation/amortization charge during the year	-	0.16	0.93	6.13	2.62	8.35	13.74	31.93	0.18		
Reversal on disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.14	7.14	0.45		
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	-	163.51	17.30	242.05	114.19	107.98	378.00	1,023.02	43.92		
<b>Net block</b>											
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	147.48	439.01	41.58	58.15	39.02	30.34	110.46	866.05	0.86		
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	147.48	443.37	40.65	78.06	36.40	36.75	89.59	872.29	0.22		

**3.1 Goodwill**

The summary of changes in the carrying amount of goodwill is as follows :

Particulars	As on 31 March 2023	As on 31 March 2022
Goodwill on business transfer	1,155.00	1,155.00
Carrying Value at the end	<b>1,155.00</b>	<b>1,155.00</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>4</b>	<b>Financials assets</b>		
	<b>Non - Current Investment</b>		
	<b>Investment in equity &amp; preference instruments(fully paid-up)</b>		
	<b>Unquoted</b>		
	<b>i) Joint Controlled Entity</b>		
	Arihant Unitech Realty Projects Ltd. (5,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- Each fully paid) 23,800,000 0.05% compulsorily convertible preference shares of Arihant Unitech Realty Projects Limited of ₹ 10 each.) (23,800,000 0.05% compulsorily convertible preference shares of Arihant Unitech Realty Projects Limited of ₹ 10 each)	2,430.00	2,430.00
	Mangalagiri Realty Projects Pvt Ltd (2,72,210 Equity shares of R.10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	27.22	27.22
		<b>2,457.22</b>	<b>2,457.22</b>
	<b>Investment in Debentures</b>		
	Mangalagiri Realty Projects Pvt Ltd (1,77,394 Optionally Redeemable Convertible Debentures of ₹ 100/- Each)	177.39	177.39
	<b>Investment in Partnership Firms</b>		
	Arihant Heirloom	656.55	651.35
	<b>Investment in LLP</b>		
	KR Wind Energy LLP	0.03	0.03
		<b>3,291.19</b>	<b>3,286.00</b>
<b>Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>Investments in other companies (fully paid-up)</b>			
<b>Quoted- Non Trade</b>			
Happy Homes Profin Ltd (44,800 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each Fully Paid Up)	0.00	0.00	
Hindustan Construction Company Ltd (500 Shares of ₹ 45.53 Each Fully Paid Up:)	0.23	0.23	
IDBI Bank Ltd (500 Shares of ₹ 156.20 Each Fully Paid Up)	0.78	0.78	
Indotech Transformers (691 Equity Shares of ₹ 130.19 Each Fully Paid up)	0.90	0.90	
TVS Shriram Growth Fund 3	5.26	5.26	
	<b>7.16</b>	<b>7.16</b>	

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	₹	₹
<b>Unquoted- Non Trade</b>		
North Town Estates Pvt Ltd (11,500 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	1.15	-
National Savings Certificate	0.05	0.05
	<b>8.36</b>	<b>7.21</b>
<b>Grand Total (A+B)</b>	<b>4,454.55</b>	<b>4,448.21</b>
<b>Aggregate amount of:</b>		
-Quoted investments and market value thereof;	7.16	7.16
-Unquoted investments	4,447.39	4,441.05
-Provision for diminution in value of investments other than temporary	-	-
<b>4 Current Investment</b>		
<b>Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>		
<b>Investments in other companies (fully paid-up)</b>		
<b>Quoted- Non Trade</b>		
Aditya Birla Sun Life	3.51	25.89
CRS Properties Pvt.ltd.	2.14	1.90
	<b>5.65</b>	<b>27.79</b>
<b>5 Trade receivables</b>		
(Unsecured considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
<b>Non-current</b>		
Trade receivables	3,667.49	3,659.67
	<b>3,667.49</b>	<b>3,659.67</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Trade receivables		
-exceeding six months	2,500.11	1,800.32
-less than six months	1,727.95	1,475.54
Debts due by Related parties	208.14	1,093.30
	<b>4,436.20</b>	<b>4,369.16</b>
The carrying amount of the current trade receivable is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value as is expected to be collected within twelve months, such that the effect of any difference between the effective interest rate applied and the estimated current market rate is not significant.		
All of the Company's trade receivables have been reviewed for indicators of impairment by the management and no receivables were found to be impaired.		
Customer credit risk is managed based on the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management, pursuant to which outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by the management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by the management to ensure the risk of credit loss is minimal. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on historical information in relation to pattern of collections, defaults and credit worthiness of the customer.		

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March,2023**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	1,727.95	2,500.11	1,937.82	1,356.47	581.34	<b>8,103.69</b>
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March,2022**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	1,475.54	1,800.32	2,376.48	1,663.54	712.95	<b>8,028.83</b>
Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>6</b>	<b>Loan</b>		
	<b>Non Current</b>		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Other parties	809.85	1,346.89
		<b>809.85</b>	<b>1,346.89</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Other financial assets</b>		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	<b>Non-current</b>		
	Security deposits	7,760.50	7,710.52
	Prepaid Finance Cost	3,227.50	3,437.41
		<b>10,988.00</b>	<b>11,147.93</b>
	<b>Current</b>		
	Other deposits	83.17	237.38
	Reimbursement Receivable	3.65	3.72
	Other Advances	-	293.59
		<b>86.82</b>	<b>534.69</b>
	There are no other financial assets due from directors or other officers of the Company. The carrying amount of the other financial assets are considered as a reasonable approximation of fair value.		

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at	As at
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>8</b>	<b>Deferred tax assets (net)</b>		
	Net deferred tax assets	<b>635.88</b>	<b>3,057.60</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Inventories</b>		
	(valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)		
	Work in progress	13,263.01	9,291.33
	Project under development	236.60	302.29
		<b>13,499.60</b>	<b>9,593.62</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Cash and bank balances</b>		
	<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		
	Cash on hand	56.22	41.34
	Balances with banks in current accounts	2,546.65	457.81
		<b>(A) 2,602.87</b>	<b>499.15</b>
	<b>Bank balances other than mentioned in cash and cash equivalents</b>		
	Deposit accounts	297.31	170.90
		<b>(B) 297.31</b>	<b>170.90</b>
	<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>2,900.18</b>	<b>670.05</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	₹	₹
<b>11 Loan</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Other loans	2,639.10	5,192.86
Loans to Related Parties		-
	<b>2,639.10</b>	<b>5,192.86</b>
<b>12 Current tax asset (Net)</b>		
Income tax assets (Net)	61.64	353.54
	<b>61.64</b>	<b>353.54</b>
<b>13 Other current assets</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Advance for Immovable Property	567.16	567.16
Balances with government authorities	193.63	1,121.30
Advance given to suppliers and others	2,689.97	2,697.02
Project in Progress On which revenue is not recognised	-	1,281.87
Project in Progress On which revenue is recognised	-	8,923.16
Advance given to employees	28.73	32.05
Prepaid expenses	13.84	809.45
Other Receivables	629.04	35.15
	<b>4,122.37</b>	<b>15,467.15</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

14 Equity share capital	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
<b>Authorized</b>				
1,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	1,00,00,000	1,000.00	1,00,00,000	1,000.00
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up</b>				
86,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up	86,00,000	860.00	86,00,000	860.00
	<b>86,00,000</b>	<b>860.00</b>	<b>86,00,000</b>	<b>860.00</b>

a) There is no change in issued and subscribed share capital during the year.

**b) Terms/right attached to equity shares**

The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend, which can be approved by the Board of Directors.

In the event of liquidation, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**c) Shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company**

	Nos.	% holding	Nos.	% holding
<u>Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each</u>				
Smt. Snehalatha Lunawath	14.07	16.36%	14.07	16.36%
Smt. S. Jayalakshmi	7.96	9.26%	7.96	9.26%
Mr. Kamal Lunawath	7.49	8.71%	7.49	8.71%
Mr. Vimal Lunawath	6.96	8.10%	6.96	8.10%
Taj Foundation Private Limited	6.90	8.02%	6.90	8.02%
Ocean Dial Asset Management Ltd A/c ICGQ Ltd	5.92	6.89%	5.92	6.89%

d) There were no shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus issues and buy back of shares during the last 5 years immediately preceding 31 March 2023.

**e) Capital management policies and procedures**

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders plus its borrowings and cash credit facility, if any, less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the balance sheet.

The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The amounts managed as capital by the Company for the reporting periods under review are summarized as follows:



**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>
		₹	₹
	Borrowings	13,608.38	10,787.67
	Cash and bank balances	2,900.18	670.05
	<b>Net debt (A)</b>	<b>10,708.19</b>	<b>10,117.62</b>
	<b>Total equity (B)</b>	<b>17,790.71</b>	<b>11,730.38</b>
	<b>Overall financing (A+B)</b>	<b>17,790.71</b>	<b>11,730.38</b>
	<b>Gearing ratio</b>	<b>2849890%</b>	<b>2184800%</b>
		<b>38%</b>	<b>46%</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>Other equity</b>		
	<b>Securities premium account</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>	<b>5,706.50</b>
	Securities premium account is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.		
	<b>General reserve</b>	<b>883.09</b>	<b>883.09</b>
	<b>Retained earnings</b>		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	4,045.62	2,420.73
	Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss	997.20	(99.91)
	Add: Appropriations made during the year	5,056.72	1,724.80
	<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>10,099.54</b>	<b>4,045.62</b>
	<b>Accumulated other comprehensive income</b>		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	235.17	126.02
	Add : Movement during the year	6.41	109.15
	<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>241.58</b>	<b>235.17</b>
	<b>Total Other Equity</b>	<b>16,930.71</b>	<b>10,870.38</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

			As at	As at
			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
			₹	₹
<b>16 Borrowings</b>				
<b>Non-current</b>				
<b>Secured</b>				
Term Loan				
-from bank			2,488.96	1,495.58
-from others			8,764.81	11,165.74
Secured Debentures			2,671.68	-
			<b>13,925.45</b>	<b>12,661.32</b>
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt (Also, refer note 20)			(1,779.48)	(1,411.72)
		<b>(A)</b>	<b>12,145.97</b>	<b>11,249.60</b>
<b>Unsecured</b>				
<b>From others</b>				
Loans from related parties			1,923.80	140.11
Deposits			420.75	1,397.18
Other Loan			434.22	392.12
Deferred Income on Loans			249.21	739.79
			<b>3,027.97</b>	<b>2,669.20</b>
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt (Also, refer note 20)			(1,565.56)	(3,131.13)
		<b>(B)</b>	<b>1,462.41</b>	<b>(461.93)</b>
		<b>TOTAL (A+B)</b>	<b>13,608.38</b>	<b>10,787.67</b>
<b>Current</b>				
<b>Unsecured</b>				
<b>From others</b>				
Loans			500.00	18,497.23
			<b>500.00</b>	<b>18,497.23</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

<b>Long Term Borrowings</b>			
<b>(I) Secured</b>			
<b>A. From Banks - Term Loans</b>			
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Interest Rate</b>	<b>Amount Outstanding</b>	
		<b>31 March 2023</b>	<b>31 March 2022</b>
<b>KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK:</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. The date of commencement of loan is 27-03-2017. Repayment - 36 instalments of Rs.12,93,976/- & 90 instalments of Rs.1343964 78 instalments are outstanding as on the balance sheet date	9.50%	-	687.01
<b>ICICI BANK LTD</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount Rs.21,00,00,000/- Fifteen monthly instalment of ₹ 1,40,00,000/-	12.30%	1,417.17	568.12
<b>PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount RS.9,30,00,000/- One hundred and twenty monthly instalment of ₹ 16,87,145/-		833.54	-
<b>ICICI BANK</b> Secured against the Flat for which the loan has been taken. Repayment-'Two Hundred and Forty monthly variable installements of Rs.2,20,928/- starts on full withdrawal of Rs. 2,50,00,000/-(Rs.2,37,50,000/- withdrawn from loan as on balance sheet date)	8.75%	237.50	237.50
<b>AXIS BANK</b> Secured against the vehicle for which the loan has been taken. Repayment-'Thirty Six monthly installements of Rs.19,110/- starting from 02-01-2016 (Nine monthly installment payable as on balance sheet date)	9.35%	0.75	2.95
<b>Total</b>	<b>(A)</b>	<b>2,488.96</b>	<b>1,495.58</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

<b>B. Others - Term Loans from others</b>			
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Interest Rate</b>	<b>Amount Outstanding</b>	
		<b>31 March 2023</b>	<b>31 March 2022</b>
<b>Hinduja Leyland Finance Ltd</b> Secured against the land for which the loan has been taken. Repayment-' One hundred and twenty monthly installements of Rs.2108932/-	11.50%	347.74	530.32
<b>HDFC LTD:</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by Associate company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. The date of commencement of loan is 31-07-21		-	227.67
<b>Bajaj Finance Ltd: 15.75 CR Loan</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. Repayment 149 instalments of varing EMI. EMI starting 02-08-2015. 77 instalments are outstanding as on the balance sheet date.	14.85%	44.14	50.29
<b>16 Bajaj Finance Ltd 1.25 cr:</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the directors of the company. Repayment - one hundred and forty two instalments of ₹ 1,66,075/. EMI starting 02-09-2015. 64 instalments are outstanding as on the balance sheet date	14.85%	67.98	77.98
<b>TATA CAPITAL HOUSING FINANCE LTD</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the companyand and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company.	11.50%	-	754.98
<b>TATA CAPITAL HOUSING FINANCE LTD</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the companyand and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount Rs.10,00,00,000/- Twenty four instalment of ₹ 41,66,667	13.20%	503.12	-
<b>BAJAJ HOUSING FINANCE LTD (Dropline OD)</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.4,45,00,000/- repayable in one hundred and forty two instalment of Rs.5,30,417/- from 15 June 2019. EMI commences when the money completely withdrawn from overdraft	14.35%	0.00	171.00
<b>BAJAJ HOUSING FINANCE LTD (Dropline OD)</b> Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.1,65,00,000/- repayable in one hundred and eighty instalment of Rs.199091/- from 02 June 2019. EMI commences when the money completely withdrawn from overdraft	14.35%	0.00	140.00

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

Aditya Birla Finance Ltd - Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.35,00,00,000/- repayable in Forty eight monthly instalments of Rs.72,91,651/-	11.75%	3,500.00	565.45
Bajaj Housing Finance Ltd - Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.500,00,000/- repayable in Twenty four monthly instalment of Rs.2083333/- from November 2021.	14.75%	52.39	157.54
KOTAK MAHINDRA INVESTMENT LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount Rs.28,00,00,000/- Eighteen monthly instalment of ₹ 1,55,55,556/-	12.25%	1,577.30	1,235.22
Kotak Mahindra Prime Ltd - Ertiga Car Secured by way mortgage on Car Repayment - Sanctioned amount of Rs.750000/- repayable in Sixty instalment of Rs.15660/- from February 2019. Repayment - 35 instalments payable	9.20%	1.50	3.16
CHOLAMANDALAM INVESTMENT AND FINANCE CO LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount RS.2,57,00,000/- One hundred and eighty monthly instalment of ₹ ,276,174/-	10.00%	255.75	-
SUNDARAM HOME FINANCE LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount RS.1,99,00,000/- One hundred and eighty monthly instalment of ₹ ,224,935/-	11.20%	197.36	-
HINDUJA LEYLAND FINANCE LTD Secured by way of equitable mortgage on certain immovable properties, owned by the company and hypothication of certain project receivables. Further the loan has been guaranteed by way of personal guarantee of the Managing Director of the Company. Repayment - Sanctioned amount RS.12,00,00,000/- One hundred and twenty monthly instalment of ₹ 16,87,145/-	11.50%	774.15	-
<b>Others:</b> Secured against the asset/ property for which the loan has been obtained	9% to 15%	1,443.37	7,252.13
<b>Total</b>	<b>(B)</b>	<b>8,764.81</b>	<b>11,165.74</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>11,253.77</b>	<b>12,661.32</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>17</b>	<b>Provisions</b>		
	<b>Non-current</b>		
	Provisions for employee benefits		
	Gratuity	139.02	114.30
		<b>139.02</b>	<b>114.30</b>
<b>a)</b>	<b>Provision for employee benefits</b>		
	<b>i) Gratuity</b>		
	Gratuity is payable to all the members at the rate of 15 days salary for each year of service. In accordance with applicable Indian laws, the Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("the Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment that are based on last drawn salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date.		
	The following table sets out the funded status of the Gratuity Plan and the amounts recognized in the financial statement :		
	<b>Principal actuarial assumptions used:</b>		
	a) Discount rate	6.96%	6.85%
	b) Long-term rate of compensation increase	12%	12%
	c) Attrition rate	1%	1%
	The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary. The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.		
<b>18</b>	<b>Other Non Current Liabilities</b>		
	Security deposit	821.16	1,190.98
		<b>821.16</b>	<b>1,190.98</b>
	The Company had entered into a Joint Development Agreement (JDA 1) dated 3 December 2014 with Ashiana Housing Limited ('AHL') for construction and development of housing establishments for senior citizens and/or regular housing in accordance with applicable laws and approved building plans within a period of five year. In accordance with the above JDA 1, the Company has granted developmental rights to AHL and has accepted interest free, adjustable deposits amounting to ₹ 250,000,000 from AHL upon execution of the JDA 1 agreement. As per JDA 1, the Company will get a specified percentage of gross revenue receipts, earned by AHL as its revenue share. A portion of Company's revenue share will be adjusted against the security deposit.		

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>19</b>	<b>Trade payables</b>		
	<b>Current</b>		
	Dues to micro and small enterprises*	-	-
	Dues to others	4,521.81	6,451.60
		<b>4,521.81</b>	<b>6,451.60</b>
	* There are no micro and small enterprises, as defined under the provisions of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, to whom the Company owes dues as at the reporting date. The micro and small enterprises have been identified by the management on the basis of information available with the Company and have been relied upon by the auditors.		

**Trade Payables ageing schedule: As at 31st March 2023**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	3,617.45	904.36	-	-	4,521.81
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

**Trade Payables ageing schedule: As at 31st March 2022**

Particulars	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	5,161.28	1,290.32	-	-	6,451.60
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>20</b>	<b>Other financial liabilities</b>		
	<b>Current</b>		
	Interest Accrued but not due	300.55	29.34
	Current maturities of long-term debt	3,345.04	4,542.84
	Statutory Dues payable	49.79	274.53
	Employee dues payable	84.21	96.69
	Security deposits and financial guarantee	-	1,090.38
	Other payables	9.36	982.96
		<b>3,788.96</b>	<b>7,016.74</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>Other current liabilities</b>		
	Statutory dues	144.53	60.69
	Advance from customers and for projects	5,622.89	5,901.08
	Revenue received in advance	36.69	35.01
	Other Payables	2,205.73	1,975.54
		<b>8,009.84</b>	<b>7,972.32</b>

		Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>22</b>	<b>Revenue from operations</b>		
	Sales	5,837.63	7,886.06
	Other Operating Revenues	589.05	393.52
		<b>6,426.68</b>	<b>8,279.57</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>Other income</b>		
	Interest received	1,993.03	713.73
	Commission Received	33.72	-
	Profit on Sale of Fixed Asset/ Investment	-	89.84
	Miscellaneous income	5.22	369.86
		<b>2,031.98</b>	<b>1,173.42</b>



**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>24</b>	<b>Construction And Project Expenses</b>		
	Cost of land	1,921.01	1,208.20
	Cost of constructed properties	31.71	1,050.74
	Materials	1,170.81	853.49
	Labour & sub-contract expenses	1,387.57	1,002.23
	Legal expenses	480.36	234.62
	Marketing Expenses	55.02	0.66
	Consultancy charges	105.18	12.83
	Interest charges and other finance costs related to projects	1,233.23	657.16
	Cost of plots and plot development right	79.37	40.56
	Other Project Expenses	967.31	235.12
		<b>7,431.56</b>	<b>5,295.62</b>
<b>25</b>	<b>Changes In Inventories Of Materials, Work- In-Progress And Finished Goods</b>		
	a. Inventories at the beginning of the year		
	i. Raw Materials	-	-
	ii. Work-in-progress	9,333.54	8,965.15
	iii. Finished goods	-	-
		<b>9,333.54</b>	<b>8,965.15</b>
	b. Inventories at the end of the year		
	i. Raw Materials	-	-
	ii. Work-in-progress	13,263.01	8,105.46
	iii. Finished goods	-	-
		<b>13,263.01</b>	<b>8,105.46</b>
	<b>Net (increase) / decrease</b>	<b>(3,929.47)</b>	<b>859.70</b>
<b>26</b>	<b>Employees Benefit Expenses</b>		
	Salaries & Wages	555.58	631.42
	Contribution to provident and other funds	60.57	22.28
	Staff Welfare	10.63	5.10
		<b>626.77</b>	<b>658.81</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>27</b>	<b>Finance costs</b>		
	Interest expenses	2,065.47	1,106.44
	Processing Charges	-	-
		<b>2,065.47</b>	<b>1,106.44</b>
<b>28</b>	<b>Depreciation And Amortization</b>		
	Depreciation of assets (Also, refer note 3)	32.11	35.35
		<b>32.11</b>	<b>35.35</b>
<b>29</b>	<b>Other expenses</b>		
	Power & Fuel	16.84	8.92
	Rent	50.92	37.21
	Rates & Taxes	20.48	8.12
	Advertisement & Business Promotion	223.68	99.10
	Legal, Professional & Consultancy Charges	139.37	122.98
	Travelling & Conveyance	22.65	3.58
	Repairs and maintenance:		
	-Repairs & Office Maintenance	381.32	330.16
	-Vehicle Maintenance	1.01	1.93
	Telephone, Postage, Printing & Stationery	7.09	7.49
	Donation	-	1.01
	Audit Fees		-
	- For Statutory Audit (Also refer note 33)	13.77	15.19
	Share of Loss from Firms	0.07	-
	Miscellaneous expense	71.56	1,168.88
		<b>948.76</b>	<b>1,804.58</b>
<b>30</b>	<b>Earnings per equity share (EPS)</b>		
	<b>For profit for the year</b>	997.20	(474.18)
	Nominal value of equity shares	10.00	10.00
	Profit attributable to equity shareholders (A)	997.20	(474.18)
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (B)	86,00,000.00	86,00,000.00
	<b>Basic earnings per equity share (A/B) (in ₹)</b>	11.60	(5.51)
	<b>Diluted earnings per equity share (A/B) (in ₹)</b>	11.60	(5.51)

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

		Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
		₹	₹
<b>31</b>	<b>Remuneration to auditors</b>		
	<b>As auditor</b>		
	Statutory audit	13.77	15.19
	<b>Total</b>	<b>13.77</b>	<b>15.19</b>

**32 Financial assets and liabilities****Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities**

Particulars	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investments	-	184.56	3,113.82	3,298.37
Loans	3,448.95	-	-	3,448.95
Trade receivables	-	-	8,103.69	8,103.69
Cash and bank balances	-	-	2,602.87	2,602.87
Other bank balances	-	-	297.31	297.31
Other financial assets	10,988.00	-	86.82	11,074.82
	<b>14,436.95</b>	<b>184.56</b>	<b>14,204.51</b>	<b>28,826.02</b>

Particulars	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>				
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Trade payables	-	-	4,521.81	4,521.81
Borrowings	2,344.55	-	11,763.83	14,108.38
Other financial liabilities	84.21	-	3,704.75	3,788.96
	<b>2,428.75</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19,990.39</b>	<b>22,419.14</b>

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investments	-	184.56	3,108.63	3,293.18
Loans	1,346.89	-	5,192.86	6,539.74
Trade receivables	-	-	8,028.83	8,028.83
Cash and bank balances	-	-	499.15	499.15
Other bank balances	-	-	170.90	170.90
Other financial assets	11,147.93	-	534.69	11,682.62
	<b>12,494.82</b>	<b>184.56</b>	<b>17,535.05</b>	<b>30,214.42</b>

Particulars	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>				
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Trade payables	-	-	6,451.60	6,451.60
Borrowings	1,537.28	-	27,747.62	29,284.91
Other financial liabilities	1,187.06	-	5,829.67	7,016.74
	<b>2,724.35</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>40,028.89</b>	<b>42,753.24</b>

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	₹	₹
<b>33 Leases</b>		
<b>Operating lease commitments - as lessee</b>		
Total lease payments charged off to the statement of profit and loss	50.92	37.21

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***34 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of Enterprises consolidated as Subsidiaries/Associates/Joint Ventures.**

Name of the Enterprise	Net Assets, i.e Total Assets Minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit / Loss	
	As % of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount (in Lakh)	As % of Consolidated Profit or Loss before tax	Amount (in Lakh)
<u>Parent</u>				
Arihant Foundations and Housing Ltd	94.52%	16,816	12.64%	162
<u>Subsidiary (Indian)</u>				
Arihant Griha Ltd	0.05%	10	-0.12%	(2)
Vaikunt Housing Ltd	-0.03%	(6)	0.46%	6
Varenya Constructions Ltd	-10.05%	(1,788)	-9.91%	(127)
Transperent Heights Real Estate Ltd	-0.08%	(14)	0.89%	11
Verge Realty Private Limited	-0.03%	(6)	-0.47%	(6)
Escapade Realty Private Limited	14.69%	2,613	66.88%	858
<u>Joint Venture</u>				
Kairav Developers Pvt Ltd	2.00%	355	-0.12%	(2)
Inter Company and Consolidation Adjustments	-1.06%	(188)	29.76%	382
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>17,791</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,283.5</b>

**35 Related parties****a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship:**

Nature of relationship	Name of related party
<b>Partnership Firms</b>	Arihant Foundations Arihant Foundations & Housing Arihant Heirloom
<b>Key Management Personnel</b>	Mr. Kamal Lunawath (Chairman and Managing Director) Mr. Vimal Lunawath (Whole time Director) Mr. Bharat Jain (Whole time Director)

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**b) Transactions with related parties**

Transaction	Related Party	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel	Kamal Lunawath	12.00	12.00
	Vimal Lunawath	12.00	12.00
	Bharat Jain	18.00	18.00
Interest expense on loan received	Kamal Lunawath	161.40	146.51
	Vimal Lunawath	52.57	69.33
Loan received	Kamal Lunawath	4,340.82	2,570.22
	Vimal Lunawath	213.55	1,333.48
Loan repaid	Kamal Lunawath	4,952.79	2,478.29
	Vimal Lunawath	407.13	1,576.74

**c) Balances with related parties**

Transaction	Related Party	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Borrowings	Directors	1,922.55	2,225.05
Borrowings	Arihant Foundations	5.50	5.50
Receivables	Directors	208.14	208.14

**36 Fair value measurement**

**Fair value measurement hierarchy**

The Company records certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company determines fair values based on the price it would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and in the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability.

The Company holds certain fixed income investments and other financial assets such as deposits etc. which must be measured using the fair value hierarchy and related valuation methodologies. The guidance specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to each measurement are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about current market conditions. The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the balance sheet are grouped into three Levels of fair value hierarchy. These levels are based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- > **Level 1:** Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- > **Level 2:** Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- > **Level 3:** Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following table shows the Levels within the hierarchy of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at 31 March 2023, 31 March 2022

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)***(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

	Date of valuation	Total	Fair value measurement using		
			Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
<b>i) Assets measured at fair value:</b>					
<b>Fair value through other comprehensive income</b>					
<b>Investments</b>					
2023	31 March 2023	184.56	7.16	177.39	-
2022	31 March 2022	184.56	7.16	177.39	-

Investment in mutual funds are valued based on the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the funds as at the year end. The NAV of the funds are provided by the fund management company at the end of each reporting year.

**ii) Liabilities measured at fair value:****Financial guarantees**

2023	31 March 2023	84.21	-	-	84.21
2022	31 March 2022	1,187.06	-	-	1,187.06

The fair value of the financial guarantees are based on the credit risk associated with the guarantees extended and the maximum exposure that is expected to have on the event of default by the debtor.

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year.

**ii) Liabilities measured at amortised cost:****a) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings:**

Floating rate borrowings	Nil	Nil	Nil
Fixed rate borrowings	16,953.42	15,330.52	-

The fair values of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings and loans are determined under amortised cost method using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting period. These rates are considered to reflect the market rate of interest and hence the carrying value are considered to be at fair value.

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

*(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

**37 Nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and respective financial risk management objectives and policies**

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, and financial guarantee contracts. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its and group companies operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management is supported by the Group treasury team that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by Group Treasury Team that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken. The Board of Directors review and agree on policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

**a) Market risk**

The Company is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to currency risk, interest rate risk and certain other price risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities.

**b) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates are managed by borrowing at fixed interest rates. During the year Company did not have any floating rate borrowings.

**d) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Company. The Company is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments, for example trade receivables, placing deposits, investment in mutual funds etc. the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognized at 31 March 2020, as summarised below:

	<b>31 March 2023</b>	<b>31 March 2022</b>
<b>Classes of financial assets</b>		
Investments	3,299.55	3,293.21
Trade receivables	8,103.69	8,028.83
Loan	3,448.95	6,539.74
Cash and bank balances	2,900.18	670.05
Other financial assets	11,074.82	11,682.62



**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

*(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)*

The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. The Company's policy is to transact only with counterparties who are highly creditworthy which are assessed based on internal due diligence parameters.

In respect of trade receivables, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Based on historical information about customer default rates management consider the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits are considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

Other financial assets mainly comprises of security deposits which are given to land owners or other governmental agencies in relation to contracts executed and are assessed by the Company for credit risk on a continuous basis.

**c) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is that the Company might be unable to meet its obligations. The Company manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day-to-day business. The data used for analysing these cash flows is consistent with that used in the contractual maturity analysis below. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on a monthly, quarterly, and yearly basis depending on the business needs. Net cash requirements are compared to available borrowing facilities in order to determine headroom or any shortfalls. This analysis shows that available borrowing facilities are expected to be sufficient over the lookout period.

The Company's objective is to maintain cash to meet its liquidity requirements for 30-day periods at a minimum.

The Company considers expected cash flows from financial assets in assessing and managing liquidity risk, in particular its cash resources and trade receivables. The Company's existing cash resources and trade receivables significantly exceed the current cash outflow requirements. Cash flows from trade receivables are all contractually due within six months except for retention and long term trade receivables which are governed by the relevant contract conditions.

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts, and short-term borrowings. The Company assessed the concentration of risk with respect to refinancing its debt and concluded it to be low. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding and debt maturing within 12 months can be rolled over with existing lenders.

**38 Events after the reporting period**

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date (31 March 2023) and the date of authorization.

**Notes to consolidated financial statements (Contd.)**

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**39 Contingent liabilities, commitments and guarantees**

Contingent liabilities

	<b>As at</b>	<b>As at</b>
	<b>31-Mar-23</b>	<b>31-Mar-22</b>
i) The cases pending before the CIT Appeals of Income tax are as follows		
AY 2011-2012	71.83	71.83
AY 2017-18	49.26	49.26
AY 2013-14	811.12	811.12
ii) The cases pending before the respective High Court's are as follows		
AY 2005-2006	53.24	53.24
AY 2007-2008	557.62	557.62
AY 2004-2005	13.72	13.72
AY 2005-2006	95.58	95.58

iii) In continuation to inspection made u/s. 209A of the Companies Act, 1956; the proceedings filed u/s. 58A, 299 and 295 are under process. The Company has applied for compounding application for the same on 19.01.2015

**40 Segment reporting**

The company is primarily in the business of real estate development and related activities including construction. Major exposure is to residential and commercial construction and development of IT parks. Further majority of the business conducted is within the geographic boundaries of India.

In view of the above, in the opinion of the Management and based on the organizational and internal reporting structure, the company's business activities as described above are subject to similar risks and returns. Further, since the business activities undertaken by the company are within India, in the opinion of the Management, the environment in India is considered to have similar risks and returns. Consequently the company's business activities primarily represent a single business segment. Similarly, this business operations in India represent a single geographical segment.

In terms of our report attached  
**For B.P. JAIN & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No.: 050105S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited**

**Devendra Kumar Bhandari**  
Partner  
Membership No. 208862

**Kamal Lunawath**  
Managing Director  
DIN : 00087324

**Vimal Lunawath**  
Whole Time Director  
DIN : 00586269

**Jose Alpha**  
Company Secretary

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023

**Place :** CHENNAI  
**Date :** 30-05-2023