

Coromandel International Limited

'Coromandel House', 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad - 500 003, Telangana, India. Tel: 91-40-6699 7300 / 6699 7500 Fax: 91-40-2784 4117 E-mail: mail@coromandel.murugappa.com CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892

Website: www.coromandel.biz

Ref. No.: 2021-22/061

September 29, 2021

National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400 051 Scrip Code: COROMANDEL

BSE Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400 001 Scrip Code: 506395

Through: NSE NEAPS

Through: BSE Listing

Dear Sirs,

Subject

: Notice of the NCLT Convened Meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the

Company and intimation of cut-off date for e-voting

Reference: In the matter of Scheme of Amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited with Coromandel International Limited and their respective shareholders and our letter with Ref. No.: 2021-22/059 dated September 24, 2021

This is to inform you that the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad (NCLT) vide its order dated September 17, 2021 ("Tribunal Order") has directed the Company to convene the Meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the Company for considering and approving the proposed Scheme of Amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited (Transferor Company 1) and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company 2) with Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company) and their respective shareholders under the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), on Saturday, October 30, 2021 at 11:00 a.m. (IST) through video conferencing / other audiovisual means

In accordance with Regulation 30 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations'), please find enclosed a copy of the Notice of the aforesaid meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the Company and Statement under Sections 230 and 232 read with Section 102 and other applicable provisions of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 ("Notice").

In terms of the Tribunal Order and as directed therein, the aforesaid Notice is being sent through electronic mode today, i.e., Wednesday, September 29, 2021, to all such members whose email address is registered with the Depository Participants/ Company's Registrars and Share Transfer Agent, KFin Technologies Private Limited.





Coromandel International Limited

'Coromandel House', 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad - 500 003, Telangana, India. Tel: 91-40-6699 7300 / 6699 7500 Fax: 91-40-2784 4117 E-mail: mail@coromandel.murugappa.com

CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892 Website: www.coromandel.biz

The Notice convening meeting of Equity Shareholders will be made available on the website of the Company viz., https://coromandel.biz/.

Further, in compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rules made thereunder and Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations, the remote e-voting period will commence from Wednesday, October 27, 2021 (9:00 a.m., IST) and end on Friday, October 29, 2021 (5:00 p.m., IST). The shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the **cut-off date i.e., Saturday, October 23, 2021**, may cast their vote either through remote e-voting or through e-voting during the meeting. The Company has engaged the services of KFin Technologies Private Limited (KFin) as the authorised agency to provide e-voting facilities.

This is for your information and records please.

Thanking you,

Yours sincerely,

For Coromandel International Limited

Rajesh Mukhija

Sr. Vice President - Legal

& Company Secretary

Enclosure: As above







COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892

Registered Office: "Coromandel House",1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad-500 003, Telangana, India Tel: +91-40-66997000/7300/7500 Fax: 91-40-27844117

E-mail:<u>investorsgrievance@coromandel.murugappa.com</u>; | Website: <u>www.coromandel.biz</u>

NOTICE CONVENING MEETING OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED PURSUANT TO ORDER DATED 17^{TH} SEPTEMBER, 2021 OF THE HON'BLE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL, HYDERABAD BENCH, AT HYDERABAD

MEETING	
Day	Saturday
Date	30 th October, 2021
Time	11.00 AM (IST)
Mode of Meeting	Through video conferencing / other audio-visual means
Mode of Voting	Remote e-voting and e-voting at the Meeting
Cut Off Date	Saturday, 23 rd October 2021
Remote e-voting start date and time	Wednesday, 27 th October 2021, at 9.00 AM (IST)
Remote e-voting end date and time	Friday, 29 th October 2021, at 5.00 PM (IST)

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THE NOTICE OF THE MEETING, EXPLANATORY STATEMENT UNDER SECTIONS 230 AND 232 READ WITH SECTION 102 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT AND RULE 6 OF THE CAA RULES (PAGE NOS. A-3 to A-39) AND ANNEXURE I TO ANNEXURE IV (PAGE NOS. B1 to B229) CONSTITUTE A SINGLE AND COMPLETE SET OF DOCUMENTS AND SHOULD BE READ TOGETHER AS THEY FORM AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS DOCUMENT.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL, HYDERABAD BENCH: AT HYDERABAD CA(CAA) NO.25/230/HDB/2021

IN THE MATTER OF SECTIONS 230 TO 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION OF LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED ("TRANSFEROR COMPANY-1") AND COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED ("TRANSFEROR COMPANY-2") WITH COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (TRANSFEREE COMPANY) AND THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS.

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892) a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office at "Coromandel House", 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad – 500003, Telangana, India

......Transferee Company /Company

NOTICE CONVENING MEETING OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

To

The Equity Shareholders of Coromandel International Limited ("Transferee Company" or "the Company")

- 1. NOTICE is hereby given that by an Order dated 17th September, 2021("Tribunal Order") in the above mentioned Company Application, the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad Bench at Hyderabad has directed a meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the Company, to be held for the purpose of their considering and if thought fit, approving the proposed scheme of Amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited ("Transferor Company-1") and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ("Transferor Company-2") into and with Coromandel International Limited ("Transferee Company"/"Company") and their respective Shareholders on a going concern basis, under the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Scheme"), on Saturday, 30th October 2021 at 11.00 AM (IST).
- 2. Pursuant to the said Tribunal Order and as directed therein, the meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the Company ("Meeting") will be held on Saturday, 30th October 2021 at 11:00 AM (IST) through video conferencing ("VC") / other audio visual means ("OAVM"), in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), read with General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated 8 April 2020, 17/2020 dated 13 April 2020, 22/2020 dated 15 June, 2020, 33/2020 dated 28 September, 2020, 39/2020 dated 31 December, 2020 and 02/21 dated 13 January 2021, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), Requirements) SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12 May, 2020 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 15 January, 2021 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution for approval of the

Scheme by requisite majority as prescribed under Section 230(1) and (6) read with Section 232(1) of the Act.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act,2013, the rules, circulars and notifications made thereunder [including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s)thereof, for the time being in force], the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read with the rules, circulars and notifications made thereunder [including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s)thereof, for the time being in force] and subject to the provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and subject to the approval of the Hon'ble jurisdictional National Company Law Tribunal ("Hon'ble Tribunal"/"NCLT") and subject to such other approvals, permissions and sanctions of regulatory and other authorities, as may be necessary and subject to such conditions and modifications as may be deemed appropriate by the Parties to the Scheme, at any time and for any reasons whatsoever, or which may otherwise be considered necessary, desirable or as may be prescribed or imposed by the NCLT or by any regulatory or other authorities, while granting such approvals, permissions and sanctions, which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Board", which term shall be deemed to mean and include one or more Committee(s) constituted/to be constituted by the Board or any other person authorised by it to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this Resolution), the arrangement embodied in the Scheme of Amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited ("Transferor Company-1") and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ("Transferor Company-2") into and with Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company) and their Respective Shareholders, be and is hereby approved.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as it may, in its absolute discretion deem requisite, desirable, appropriate or necessary, to give effect to the preceding Resolution and effectively implement the arrangement embodied in the Scheme and to accept such modifications, amendments, limitations and/or conditions, if any, at any time and for any reason whatsoever, which may be required and/or imposed by the Hon'ble Tribunal or its Appellate Authority(ies) while sanctioning the arrangement embodied in the Scheme or by any authorities under law, or as may be required for the purpose of resolving any questions or doubts or difficulties that may arise, while giving effect to the Scheme, as the Board may deem fit and proper and delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred to any Director(s) and/or officer(s) of the Company, to give effect to this Resolution, if required, as it may in its absolute discretion deem fit, necessary or desirable."

3. **TAKE FURTHER NOTICE** that in compliance with the provisions of Section 230(4), Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and amendments thereof, Rule 6(3)(xi) of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016, Regulation 44 and other applicable provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations, that the Equity shareholders shall have the facility and option of voting on the resolution for approval of the Scheme by casting their votes, electronically (a) through e-voting system available at the Meeting to be held virtually or (b) by remote electronic voting ("**remote e-voting**") during the period as stated below:

REMOTE E-VOTING PERIOD			
Commencement of Voting	Wednesday, 27 th October 2021, at 9.00 AM (IST)		
End of Voting	Friday, 29th October 2021, at 5.00 PM (IST)		

- 4. TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that a person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date, i.e., Saturday, 23rd October 2021 ("Cut-off Date") only shall be entitled to exercise his/her/its voting rights on the resolution proposed in the Notice and attend the Meeting. A person who is not an equity shareholder as on the Cut-off Date, should treat the Notice for information purpose only.
- 5. **TAKE FURTHER NOTICE** that a copy of the Scheme, Explanatory Statement under Sections 230 and 232 read with Section 102 and other applicable provisions of the Act and Rule 6 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 ("CAA Rules") along with all annexures to such statement are enclosed herewith. A copy of this Notice and the accompanying documents are also placed on the website of the Company, viz., www.coromandel.biz; the website of Kfin Technologies Private Limited viz., https://evoting.kfintech.com, being the agency appointed by the Company to provide the e-voting and other facilities for convening of the Meeting; and the website of the Stock Exchanges, i.e., BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.
- 6. The Hon'ble Tribunal has appointed Mr. Ch. Srinivasa Rao, Advocate, as Chairman of the Meeting including for any adjournments thereof. The Hon'ble Tribunal has also appointed Mr. Devaki Vasudeva Rao, Practicing Company Secretary, (Membership No. FCS 8888 and CP No. 12123) as Scrutinizer for the Meeting.
- 7. The abovementioned Scheme, if approved at the aforesaid Meeting, will be subject to the subsequent sanction of the jurisdictional tribunal and such other approvals, permissions and sanctions of regulatory or other authorities, as may be necessary.

Ch. Srinivasa Rao, Advocate Chairman appointed by Tribunal for the Meeting of Equity Shareholders

Hyderabad, September 28, 2021 Registered Office:

"Coromandel House" 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad, Telangana - 500 003

Tel: +91 40 66997000/ 7300 / 7500

Fax: +91 40 27844117

E-mail Id: investorsgrievance@coromandel.murugappa.com

Website: https://coromandel.biz
CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892

Notes:

- Pursuant to the directions of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad Bench at Hyderabad vide its Order dated 17th September, 2021 ("Tribunal") as attached hereto as Annexure IV, the Meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the Company is being conducted through Video Conferencing ("VC") / other audio visual means ("OAVM") facility to transact the business set out in the Notice convening this Meeting. As such, there shall be no physical attendance of equity shareholders at meeting in view of the present circumstances on account of the COVID-19 pandemic. The deemed venue for the Meeting shall be the Registered Office of the Company.
- The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Sections 230 and 232 read with Section 102 and other
 applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and Rule 6 of the Companies
 (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 in respect of the business set out
 in the Notice of the Meeting is annexed hereto.
- 3. A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the Cut-off Date (specified above in the Notice) only shall be entitled to exercise his / her / its voting rights on the resolution proposed in the Notice and attend the Meeting. A person who is not an equity shareholder as on the Cut-Off Date, should treat the Notice for information purpose only.
- 4. SINCE THIS MEETING IS BEING HELD THROUGH VC / OAVM, THERE WILL NOT BE ANY PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS. ACCORDINGLY, THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THE MEETING AND HENCE, THE PROXY FORM AND ATTENDANCE SLIP ARE NOT ANNEXED HERETO.
- 5. No route map of the venue of the Meeting is annexed hereto since this Meeting is being held through VC / OAVM.
- 6. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote at the Meeting.
- 7. Corporate shareholders/ Trusts / Societies, etc., intending to send their authorised representatives to attend and vote at the Meeting through VC / OAVM are requested to send a duly certified scanned copy of the Board/Managing Committee Resolution (PDF / JPG Format), together with the specimen signature(s) of the representative(s) authorised under the said Resolution to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to dvrao@dvraoassociates.com, with a copy marked to evoting@kfintech.com
- 8. The attendance of the equity shareholders attending the Meeting through VC / OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act as per the terms of the Order of the Hon'ble Tribunal.

- 9. The facility of participation at the Meeting through VC / OAVM will be made available to at least 1,000 equity shareholders on a first-come-first-serve basis as per the MCA Circulars. This will not include large shareholders (i.e., shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Auditors, etc., who shall be allowed to attend the Meeting without restriction on account of first-come-first-serve basis. The equity shareholders can join the Meeting through VC / OAVM, 30 minutes before and 30 minutes after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in this Notice. The equity shareholders will be able to view the proceedings and participate at the Meeting by logging into the e-Voting website at https://evoting.kfintech.com.
- 10. The Notice of the Meeting and the accompanying documents mentioned in the Index are being sent through electronic mode to the equity shareholders at their respective last known e-mail addresses, as per the records of the Company / Depositories.
- 11. The equity shareholders may note that the aforesaid documents are also available on the website of the Company i.e. www.coromandel.biz and on the website of the Stock Exchanges, i.e.,BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.bseindia.com and www.bseindia.com and www.bseindia.com are spectively.
- 12. In accordance with the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 of the Act, the Scheme shall be acted upon only if a majority in number representing three fourth in value of the shares held by equity shareholders of the Company, voting by electronic means, agree to the Scheme.
- 13. The Notice convening the Meeting, the date of dispatch of the Notice and the Explanatory Statement will be published through advertisement in the following newspapers, namely, (i) Hyderabad Edition of 'Business Standard', in English language; and (ii) translation thereof in Hyderabad Edition of 'Nava Telangana', in Telugu language.
- 14. Procedure for obtaining the Notice and other documents and e-Voting instructions by the Equity shareholders whose email addresses are not registered with the Depository Participants or with Registrars and Share Transfer Agent:

Those Equity shareholders who have not yet registered their email address are requested to get their email address registered by following the procedure given below:

- i. Equity shareholders holding shares in demat mode, who have not registered their email address, mobile number and bank account details, are requested to contact their respective DPs and register the same in the demat account, as per the process advised by your DP.
- ii. Equity shareholders holding shares in physical mode, who have not registered their email address and mobile number, are requested to furnish a scanned signed copy of the request letter providing the name of the shareholders, Folio No., email address, mobile number and self-attested copy of PAN to the Company's RTA, KFin Technologies Private Limited at the email address einward.ris@kfintech.com for updating the email address and to receive the Meeting documents in electronic mode

- iii. Equity shareholders may also visit the website of the Company www.coromandel.biz or the website of RTA https://evoting.kfintech.com/public/Downloads.aspx for downloading Notices, Explanatory statement and other documents.
- iv. Alternatively, Equity shareholders may send an e-mail request at the e-mail id: einward.ris@kfintech.com along with the scanned signed copy of the request letter providing the email id, mobile number, self-attested PAN copy and Client Master copy in case of electronic folio and copy of share certificate in case of physical folio for sending the Notices, Explanatory statement and other documents in electronic mode.

15. Voting through Electronics Means ("Remote e-voting"):

- i. Pursuant to Order of the Hon'ble Tribunal and in compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act and Rules made thereunder, Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), the Company is pleased to provide e-voting facility to the Equity shareholders to exercise their right to vote on resolution set forth in this Notice. The Company has engaged the services of KFin Technologies Private Limited (KFin) as the authorised agency to provide e-voting facilities. The instructions for remote e-voting are given in Serial No. 16.
- ii. The remote e-voting event number (EVEN) is 6325. The remote e-Voting will commence on Wednesday, October 27, 2021 (9.00 a.m. IST) and ends on Friday, October 29, 2021 (5.00 p.m. IST). During this period equity shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e., Saturday, October 23, 2021, may cast their vote electronically in the manner and process set out herein above. The e-Voting module shall be disabled for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the equity shareholder, the equity shareholder shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- iii. An equity shareholder can opt for only single mode of voting per EVEN, i.e., through remote e-voting or e-voting at the Meeting. If an equity shareholder casts vote(s) by both modes, then voting done through remote e-voting shall prevail and vote(s) cast at the Meeting shall be treated as "INVALID".
- iv. Those who become Equity shareholders of the Company after dispatch of the Notice of the Meeting but on or before September 24, 2021 may write to KFin at evoting@kfintech.com or to the Company at investorsgrievance@coromandel.murugappa.com requesting for user ID and password, the steps from Serial No. 16 II (i) to (vii) mentioned in (A) below should be followed for casting of vote.
- v. The Equity shareholders who have cast their vote by e-voting prior to the meeting may also attend the Meeting through VC/OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- vi. The facility for remote e-voting shall be made available during the Meeting and those Equity shareholders who will be present in the Meeting through VC / OAVM facility and have not

cast their vote on the resolution through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system during the Meeting. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the Meeting is same as the instructions given in Serial No.16 for Remote e-voting.

- vii. The voting rights of equity shareholders shall be in proportion to their shareholding of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e., Saturday, October 23, 2021. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date i.e. Saturday, October 23, 2021shall only be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting and during the meeting.
- viii. The Tribunal has appointed Mr. Devaki Vasudeva Rao (Membership No. FCS8888 and PCS No. 12123), Practicing Company Secretary, as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-Voting (prior to as well as during the meeting) process in a fair and transparent manner. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the Meeting, first count the votes cast at the meeting, thereafter, unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and submit, within a period not exceeding forty eight hours from the conclusion of the meeting, make a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or person authorized by the Chairman for counter signature.
- ix. The Results shall be declared either by the Chairman or by a person authorized in writing by the Chairman and the resolution will be deemed to have been passed on the date of the Meeting subject to receipt of the requisite number of votes in favour of the Resolution(s). Immediately after declaration of results, the same shall be placed along with the Scrutinizer's Report on the Company's website www.coromandel.biz and on the website of KFin at https://evoting.kfintech.com, and communicated to stock exchanges viz., BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed for placing the same in their website.

16. Guidelines for 'remote e-Voting':

In pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on "e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies", e-Voting process has been enabled to all the individual demat account holders, by way of single login credential, through their demat accounts / websites of Depositories / DPs in order to increase the efficiency of the voting process. The details of the process and manner for remote e-Voting is explained herein below:

- Individual shareholders holding shares of the Company in Demat mode: The procedure to login and access remote e-Voting as devised by Depositories / Depositary Participants are given below:
 - A. Individual Shareholders holding shares in Demat mode with National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL"):
 - 1. Users already registered for IDeAS e-Services facility of NSDL may follow the following procedure:

- i. Type in the browser / Click on the following e-Services link: https://eservices.nsdl.com
- ii. Click on the button "Beneficial Owner" available for login under 'IDeAS' section.
- iii. A new page will open. Enter your User ID and Password for accessing IDeAS.
- iv. On successful authentication, you will enter your IDeAS service login. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under Value Added Services on the panel available on the left hand side.
- v. Click on "Active E-voting Cycles" option under E-voting.
- vi. You will see Company Name: "Coromandel International Limited" on the next screen. Click on the e-Voting link available against Coromandel International Limited or select e-Voting service provider "KFin" and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting page of KFin to cast your vote without any further authentication.

2. Users not registered for IDeAS e-Services facility of NSDL may follow the following procedure:

- i. To register, type in the browser / Click on the following e-Services link: https://eservices.nsdl.com
- ii. Select option "Register Online for IDeAS" available on the left hand side of the page
- iii. Proceed to complete registration using your DP ID, Client ID, Mobile Number etc.
- iv. After successful registration, please follow steps given under Sr. No. 1 above to cast your vote.

3. Users may directly access the e-Voting module of NSDL as per the following procedure:

- i. Type in the browser / Click on the following link: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/
- ii. Click on the button "Login" available under "Shareholder/ Member" section.
- iii. On the login page, enter User ID (that is, 16-character demat account number held with NSDL, starting with IN), Login Type, that is, through typing Password (in case you are registered on NSDL's e-voting platform)/ through generation of OTP (in case your mobile/e-mail address is registered in your demat account) and Verification Code as shown on the screen.
- iv. On successful authentication, you will enter the e-Voting module of NSDL. Click on "Active E-voting Cycles / VC or OAVMs" option under e-Voting. You will see Company Name: "Coromandel International Limited" on the next screen. Click on the e-Voting link available against Coromandel International Limited or select e-Voting service provider "KFin" and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting page of KFin to cast your vote without any further authentication.

B. Individual Shareholders holding shares in Demat mode with Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL"):

1. Users already registered for Easi / Easiest facility of CDSL may follow the following procedure:

i. Type in the browser / Click on any of the following links: https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on

- New System Myeasi / Login to My Easi option under Quick Login (best operational in Internet Explorer 10 or above and Mozilla Firefox)
- ii. Enter your User ID and Password for accessing Easi / Easiest
- iii. You will see Company Name: "Coromandel International Limited" on the next screen. Click on the e-Voting link available against Coromandel International Limited or select e-Voting service provider "KFin" and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting page of KFin to cast your vote without any further authentication.

2. Users not registered for Easi/Easiest facility of CDSL may follow the following procedure:

- i. To register, type in the browser / Click on the following link: https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration
- ii. Proceed to complete registration using your DP ID Client ID (BO ID), etc.
- iii. After successful registration, please follow steps given under Sr. No. 1 above to cast your vote.

3. Users may directly access the e-Voting module of CDSL as per the following procedure:

- i. Type in the browser / Click on the following links: www.evotingindia.com / https://www.evotingindia.com
- ii. Provide Demat Account Number and PAN
- iii. System will authenticate user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & E-mail as recorded in the Demat Account.
- iv. On successful authentication, you will enter the e-voting module of CDSL. Click on the e-Voting link available against Coromandel International Limited or select e-Voting service provider "KFin" and you will be re-directed to the e-Voting page of KFin.

C. Individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode - Procedure to login through their demat accounts /Website of Depository Participant:

Individual shareholders holding shares of the Company in Demat mode can access e-Voting facility provided by the Company using login credentials of their demat accounts (online accounts) through their demat accounts / websites of Depository Participants registered with NSDL/CDSL. An option for "e-Voting" will be available once they have successfully logged-in through their respective logins. Click on the option "e-Voting" and they will be redirected to e-Voting modules of NSDL/ CDSL (as may be applicable). Click on the e-Voting link available against Coromandel International Limited or select e-Voting service provider "KFin" and you will be redirected to the e-Voting page of KFin to cast your vote without any further authentication.

Equity shareholders who are unable to retrieve User ID / Password are advised to use "Forgot User ID" / "Forgot Password" options available on the websites of Depositories /Depository Participants.

Contact details in case of any technical issue:

Securities held with NSDL	Equity shareholders facing any technical issue during login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free nos.: 1800 1020 990 / 1800 22 44 30		
Securities held with CDSL	Equity shareholders facing any technical issue during login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022- 23058542-43		

- II. Information and guidelines for remote e-Voting by shareholders other than individuals holding shares of the Company in demat mode and all shareholders holding shares in physical mode:
 - A. In case an equity shareholder receives an e-mail from the Company/ KFin [for equty shareholders whose e-mail address is registered with the Company / Depository Participant(s)]:
 - i. Launch internet browser by typing the URL: https://evoting.kfintech.com
 - ii. Enter the login credentials. The E-Voting Event Number 6325 followed by Folio No. or DP ID Client ID will be your User ID. If you are already registered with KFin for e-Voting, you can use the existing password for logging-in. If required, please visit https://evoting.kfintech.com or contact toll-free number 1800-3094-001 (from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on all working days) for assistance on your existing password. Equtiy shareholder who forgotten the Password are advised to use "Forgot Password" options available on the website.
 - iii. After entering these details appropriately, click on "LOGIN".
 - iv. You will now reach Password Change Menu wherein you are required to mandatorily change your password upon logging-in for the first time. The new password shall comprise minimum 8 characters with at least one upper case (A-Z), one lower case (a-z), one numeric (0-9) and a special character (@,#,\$,etc.,). The system will prompt you to change your password and update your contact details like mobile number, e-mail address, etc. on first login. You may also enter a secret question and answer of your choice to retrieve your password in case you forget it. It is strongly recommended that you do not share your password with any other person and that you take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
 - v. You need to login again with the new credentials.
 - vi. On successful login, the system will prompt you to select the E-Voting Event Number (EVEN): 6325 for Coromandel International Limited.
 - vii. On the voting page, enter the number of shares as on the Cut-off Date under either "FOR" or "AGAINST" or alternatively, you may partially enter any number under "FOR" / "AGAINST", but the total number under "FOR" / "AGAINST" taken together should not exceed your total shareholding as on the Cut-off Date. You may also choose to "ABSTAIN" and vote will not be counted under either head.

- viii. Equity shareholders shares under multiple folios / demat accounts shall choose the voting process separately for each of the folios / demat accounts.
- ix. Voting has to be done for each item of the Notice separately. In case you do not desire to cast your vote on any specific item, it will be treated as "ABSTAINED".
- x. You may then cast your vote by selecting an appropriate option and click on "SUBMIT".
- xi. A confirmation box will be displayed. Click "OK" to confirm, else "CANCEL" to modify.
- xii. Once you confirm, you will not be allowed to modify your vote
- xiii. Corporate / Institutional shareholders (i.e., other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.,) are required to send scanned certified true copy (PDF Format) of the Board Resolution/ Authority Letter etc., together with attested specimen signature(s) of the duly authorized representative(s), to the Scrutinizer through email ID: dvrao@dvraoassociates.com, with a copy marked to evoting@kfintech.com. The scanned image of the above-mentioned documents should be in the naming format "Coromandel NCLT Convened Meeting Equity Shareholders".

B. In case of equity shareholders, whose email address is not registered with the Company / Depository Participants, kindly follow the instruction in Serial No. 14

In case of any query on e-voting, equity shareholders may refer to the "Help" and "FAQs" sections / E-voting user manual available through a dropdown menu in the "Downloads" section of KFin's website for e-voting: https://evoting.kfintech.com or contact KFin as per the details given below:

Equity shareholders are requested to note the following contact details for addressing e-voting related grievances:

Mr. Vasant Rao Chowdhary,
Manager - Corporate Registry,
KFin Technologies Private Limited,
"Selenium Tower-B", Plot No. 31 & 32,
Financial District, Nanakramguda,
Serilingampally, Hyderabad - 500032, Telangana.

Toll-free No.: 1800 3094 001 Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com

17. Voting at the Meeting:

- i. Equity shareholders who could not vote through remote e-Voting may avail the e-Voting system provided at the Meeting ("Insta Poll") by KFin.
- ii. Only those Equity shareholders who will be present in the Meeting through Video Conferencing facility and who have not cast their vote through remote e-Voting are eligible to vote through Insta Poll.
- iii. Equity shareholders who have voted through remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the Meeting, however, will not be eligible to vote at the Meeting.
- iv. **Insta Poll Instructions:** The e-Voting "Thumb sign" on the left hand corner of the video screen shall be activated upon instructions of the Chairman during the Meeting proceedings. Equity shareholders shall click on the same to take them to the "Insta Poll" page.

- v. Equity shareholders to click on the "Insta Poll" icon to reach the resolution page and follow the instructions to vote on the resolutions.
- vi. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the Meeting shall be the same person mentioned for remote e-voting.

18. Guidelines for attending the Meeting through VC/ OAVM are as under:

For the purpose of convening the Meeting through VC / OAVM, your Company has appointed KFin Technologies Private Limited, Registrars and Share Transfer Agent, to provide VC / OAVM facility for the Meeting. The detailed procedure and manner for participating in the Meeting through VC / OAVM is explained as under:

i. Attending the Meeting through Video conferencing:

Equity shareholders will be able to attend the Meeting through VC / OAVM provided by KFin. Equity shareholders are requested to follow the procedure given below:

- a. Launch internet browser (latest version of Chrome/Firefox/Safari/ Internet Explorer 11 or MS Edge) by typing the URL: https://emeetings.kfintech.com
- b. On the login page, enter the login credentials (i.e., User ID (In case of Demat Account enter -DP ID and Client ID / In case of physical mode enter Folio No.) and Existing Password
- c. After logging in, click on "Video Conference" option.
- d. Then click on camera icon appearing against Meeting event of Coromandel International Limited to attend the Meeting.
- ii. Equity shareholders who have forgotten the Password are advised to use "Forgot Password" options available on the website.

iii. Other useful information

- a. Equity shareholders are encouraged to participate in the Meeting through laptops or desktops with Google Chrome for better experience.
- b. Equity shareholders are required to allow camera, if any, and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- c. Please note that participants connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuations in their respective networks. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate aforesaid glitches.
- d. Questions prior to Meeting: Equity shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may log into https://emeetings.kfintech.com/ and click on "Post your Questions" and may post their queries/views/questions in the window provided by mentioning the name, demat account number/ folio number, email address, mobile number. The posting of the questions by the equity

- shareholders/members shall commence from Tuesday, October 26, 2021 at 9.00 a.m. IST and shall close on Wednesday, October 27, 2021 at 5.00 p.m.
- e. Speaker Registration during Meeting: Equity Shareholder may log into https://emeetings.kfintech.com/ and click on "Speaker Registration" by mentioning the demat account number / folio number, city, email address, mobile number and submit. The speaker registration shall commence from Tuesday, October 26, 2021 at 9.00 a.m. IST and shall close on Wednesday, October 27, 2021 at 5.00 p.m. Those equity shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the Meeting. Equity shareholders are requested to restrict their questions/views ONLY on the Scheme.
- f. In case of any query relating to the procedure for attending Meting through VC/OAVM or for any technical assistance, the equity shareholders may call on toll free no.: 1800 3094 001 or send an e-mail at einward.ris@kfintech.com

19. **Procedure for inspection of documents:**

- i. Documents for inspection as referred to in the Notice will be available electronically for inspection without any fee by the equity shareholders from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of Meeting. Equity shareholders seeking to inspect such documents can visit the website of the Company at www.coromandel.biz
- ii. Equity shareholders are requested to carefully read all the Notes set out herein and in particular, instructions for joining the Meeting, manner of casting vote through remote evoting or e-voting at the Meeting.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL HYDERABAD BENCH: AT HYDERABAD CA(CAA) NO.25/230/HDB/2021

IN THE MATTER OF SECTIONS 230 TO 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION OF LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED ("TRANSFEROR COMPANY-1") AND COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED ("TRANSFEROR COMPANY-2") WITH COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (TRANSFEREE COMPANY) AND THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892) a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office at "Coromandel House", 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad – 500003, Telangana, India

......Transferee Company /Company

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT UNDER SECTIONS 230 TO 232 READ WITH SECTION 102 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("ACT") AND RULE 6 OF THE COMPANIES (COMPROMISES, ARRANGEMENTS AND AMALGAMATIONS) RULES, 2016 ("CAA RULES") TO THE NOTICE OF THE MEETING OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED CONVENED PURSUANT TO ORDER OF THE HON'BLE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL, HYDERABAD BENCH AT HYDERABAD ("TRIBUNAL") DATED 17TH SEPTEMBER 2021 ("TRIBUNAL ORDER")

I. Meeting for the Scheme

This is a statement accompanying the Notice convening the meeting of equity shareholders of Coromandel International Limited ("Transferee Company" or "Company"), for the purpose of their considering and if thought fit, approving, the proposed scheme of Amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited ("Transferor Company-1") and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ("Transferor Company-2") into and with Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company) and their respective shareholders on a going concern basis ("the Scheme of Amalgamation" or "this Scheme" or "the Scheme") which involves, inter alia, (a) the amalgamation of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 with the Transferee Company and dissolution of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 without winding up and (b) Various other matters incidental, consequential or otherwise integrally connected therewith pursuant to Sections 230 to 232 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013('Act') in the manner provided for in the Scheme. The proposed Scheme is envisaged to be effective from the Appointed Date. The Appointed Date is April 1, 2021 or any other such date as may be sanctioned by the Tribunal. A copy of the Scheme is enclosed herewith as Annexure I.

Capital terms not defined herein and used in the Notice and this Statement shall have the same meaning as ascribed to them in the Scheme.

II. Rationale and benefits of the Scheme:-

The Board of Directors of the Transferor Company-1, Transferor Company-2 and Transferee Company envisages the following benefits pursuant to the Amalgamation of the Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company:

- i. Transferor Company-1 presently has no business operations, other than holding leasehold rights of the factory land in Udaipur, Rajasthan. It does not have any business plans going forward. It is, accordingly, desired to merge with Transferee Company.
- ii. Transferor Company-2 is engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of watersoluble fertilizers and has a manufacturing unit in Kakinada, Andhra Pradesh. As it is expected to result in synergies in business activity, and more effective and efficient management of business affairs.
 - Apart from the above, it would also have the following benefits:
- iii. Reduction in the cost of overheads and improvement in professional management
- iv. Reduction in multiplicity of legal and regulatory compliances and simplification of group structure.
- v. Enhance the scale of operations thereby providing significant impetus to the growth of the Companies, since they are engaged in line of business that could draw upon synergies between the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company.
- vi. Consolidation of Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company by way of amalgamation would lead to a more efficient utilization of capital and improved financial structure.
- vii. The benefit of consolidation of financial resources, managerial and technical expertise of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company shall be available to the amalgamated entity leading to the overall optimization of operational and administration costs.
- viii. The amalgamation will rationalize and optimize the group legal entity structure to ensure greater alignment of the businesses by reducing number of legal entities and also statutory compliances.
- ix. To achieve synergies in business activity, consolidation, focused attention, centralized administration, economy of operation, integrated business approach and greater efficiency.

"Companies" shall collectively mean the Transferor Company 1, Transferor Company 2 and the Transferee Company.

III. Background of the Companies

i. Details of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited (Transferor Company-1)

- a. Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited, a Public Limited Company, bearing CIN: U24124TG1978PLC148984 was originally incorporated on 24thAugust, 1978 under the name and style of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Private Limited in the State of Rajasthan. Later on, the Company had converted itself into a Public Limited Company after passing necessary resolutions and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Rajasthan, Jaipur on 7th May, 1992. Later on, the Company had changed its registered office from the State of Rajasthan to State of Telangana by virtue of passing a special resolution on 22nd October, 2020 and after obtaining necessary approval from the Regional Director, North Western Region, Ahmedabad dated 13th January, 2021.The Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad, issued a fresh certificate of incorporation on 24thFebruary, 2021 under the CIN: U24124TG1978-PLC148984. The Permanent Account Number of the Transferor Company-1 is AAACL8461F. The equity shares of the Transferor Company-1 are not listed on any stock exchange.
- b. The present registered office of the Transferor Company-1 is situated at "Coromandel House", 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad 500003, Telangana, India. The Email address of the Transferor Company-1 is investorsgrievance@coromandel.murugappa.com. During the last five years, there is no change in the name of the Transferor Company-1. The registered office of the Transferor Company-1 is shifted from the state of Rajasthan to the state of Telangana during the financial year 2020-21.
- The Transferor Company-1 is engaged in the business of manufacturing, producing, processing, importing, exporting and dealing in minerals, pesticides, insecticides and Fertilizers and their ancillaries etc.,
- d. The main objects of the Transferor Company-1 have been summarized as below for the perusal of the shareholders:
 - i. To take over the Pesticides & Fertilizers manufacturing Industry at F-225, A Mewar Industrial Area, Udaipur (Raj.) of M/s. Liberty Pesticides Industries 35 Subhash Nagar, Udaipur (Raj.) for converting into private limited.
 - To establish and carry on the business of manufacturing, producing, processing, importing, exporting and dealing in minerals, pesticides, insecticides and fertilizers and their ancillaries.

During the last 5 years, there has been no change in the objects clause of the Transferor Company.

e. The share capital structure of the Transferor Company-1 as on 31st December 2020 is as under:

Particulars	Amount In INR
Authorised Share Capital	
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each	10,00,00,000
Total	10,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares	
7,50,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each	75,00,000
Total	75,00,000

As on the date of this Notice, the share capital structure of the Transferor Company-1 remains the same as stated hereinabove. The latest annual Financial Statements of the Transferor Company-1 have been audited for the financial year ended on 31st March 2021. The Audited Standalone Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March 2021, of the Transferor Company-1 is attached hereto as **Annexure II.A**

f. The details of promoters of Transferor Company-1 as on date of the notice are as follows:

Name of the	e Promoter/	Category	Address	
Promoter Gro	up*			
Coromandel	International	Promoter	"Coromandel House", 1-2-10, Sardar Patel	
Limited			Road, Secunderabad – 500003, Telangana	

^{*}Transferor Company-1 does not have Promoter Group

g. The details of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") of the Transferor Company-1 as on date of the notice are as follows:

SI.	Name of the	DIN/PAN	Designation	Address
No.	Director/ KMP			
1.	Mr.	01592772	Director	Flat No 104, GK
	Sankarasubramanian			Legrand, Plot No
				323,324,325
				Defence Colony, Opp:
				Andhra Bank, Sainikpuri,
				Secunderabad,
				Telangana-500094
2.	Mr. Vellayan	07774406	Director	5/9, Ambadi Road,
	Narayanan			Kotturpuram,
				Chennai, Tamil Nadu-
				600085
3.	Mr. Rajesh Mukhija	00003512	Director	Door No. 1-8-373 to
				378, 380, Chiran Fort
				Lane, Begumpet,
				Hyderabad – 500003

ii. Details of Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company-2)

- a. Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited, a Private Limited Company, bearing CIN:U24100TG2009PTC065404 was incorporated on 9th October, 2009 under the name and style of Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited in the then State of Andhra Pradesh. The Permanent Account Number of the Transferor Company-2 is AADCC7669K. The equity shares of the Transferor Company-2 are not listed on any stock exchange.
- b. The present registered office of the Transferor Company-2 is situated at "Coromandel House", 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, 500003, Telangana, India. The Email address of the Transferor Company-2 is investorsgrievance@coromandel.murugappa.com. During the last five years, there is no change in the name and registered office of the Transferor Company-2.
- c. The Transferor Company-2 is engaged in the business of manufacturing, producing, refining, mixing, preparing, trading in Fertilizers, Bio Organic Chemicals, Agro Chemicals etc.,
- d. Main objects of the Transferor Company-2 have been summarized as below for the perusal of the shareholders:
 - i. To carry on the business of blending and/or formulation or manufacturing or producing, refining, mixing, preparing, trading, buying, selling and dealing in India or elsewhere in any class of fertilizers whether solid, liquid, powder, amorphous, granular, crystalline, form of manures, their mixtures and or formulations and any or all classes and kinds of chemicals, source materials, ingredients, mixtures, derivatives and compounds thereof, and any and all kinds of similar products.
 - ii. To carry on the business of manufacture, formulate, process, mine, import, export, purchase, market, sell, carry on the business and otherwise deal in all kinds of micronutrients, synthetic and bio-organic chemicals, agro-chemicals, medicines, foliar applications, sprays and remedies of all kinds of agricultural, fruit growing, gardening or other purposes and whether produced from vegetables, minerals, gases, animal or any other matter or by any process, whether chemicals, electrical, mechanical or otherwise.
 - iii. To establish and operate plant and carryon business, in India for producing, manufacturing, processing, developing, marketing, dealing in importing, exporting and selling of fertilisers, including water soluble fertilisers and micronutrients, for agriculture applications.
 - iv. To carry on the business of manufacturing, producing, marketing, dealing, distributing, buying, selling, importing, exporting, leasing, trading, hiring and dealing whether as Principals and/or agents in and with any and all classes of fertilizers and its production, and all other products and also to set up model demonstration farms for the use of special fertilizers and for training farmers in using the special fertilizers and to carry on

the business of fertilization by manufacturing or producing, formulating, refining, processing, importing, purchasing, acquiring, leasing, selling, trading, hiring or dealing in whether as Principals and/or agents in all kinds of fertilization systems whether liquid or solid, manure, mixtures and formulations to be used for agricultural and floriculture production.

During the last 5 years, there has been no change in the objects clause of the Transferor Company 2.

e. The share capital structure of the Transferor Company-2 as on 31st December 2020 is as under:

Particulars	Amount In INR
Authorised Share Capital	
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each	10,00,00,000
Total	10,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares	
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each	10,00,00,000
Total	10,00,00,000

As on the date of this Notice, the share capital structure of the Transferor Company-2 remains the same as stated hereinabove. The latest annual Financial Statements of the Transferor Company-2 have been audited for the financial year ended on 31st March 2021. The Audited Standalone Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March 2021, of the Transferor Company-2 is attached hereto as **Annexure II.B**

f. The details of promoters of Transferor Company-2 as on the date of the notice are as follows:

Name of th	e Promoter/	Category	Address
Promoter Group*			
Coromandel	International	Promoter	"Coromandel House", 1-2-10, Sardar Patel
Limited			Road, Secunderabad – 500003, Telangana

^{*}Transferor Company-2 does not have Promoter Group

g. The details of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") of the Transferor Company-2 as on date of notice are as follows:

SI.	Name of the	DIN/PAN	Designation	Address
No.	Director/ KMP			
1.	Mr. Sameer Goel	07298938	Director	H No. 8-2-317/1, Flat No C4,
				Road No 14, Crosswinds
				Residential, Banjara Hills,
				Hyderabad-500034

2.	Mr. Vellayan	07774406	Director	5/9, Ambadi Road,
	Narayanan			Kotturpuram, Chennai, Tamil
				Nadu-600085
3.	Mr. Rajesh	00003512	Director	Door No. 1-8-373 to 378,
	Mukhija			380, Chiran Fort Lane,
				Begumpet, Hyderabad-
				500003
4.	Ms. Jyotika Aasat	CVQPA5722E	Company	H.No. 3-4-276/25/25A, Flat
			Secretary	No. 201, Sahasra Heights,
				New Shastry Nagar,
				Erragada-500018

iii. Details of Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company/Company)

- a. Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company/Company) a Public Limited Company, bearing CIN:L24120TG1961PLC000892 was originally incorporated on 16th October, 1961 under the name and style of Coromandel Fertilizers Private Limited in the then State of Andhra Pradesh. Later on, the Company had converted itself into a Public Limited Company after passing necessary resolutions and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh on 16th April, 1964. Later on, name of the company was changed to its present name i.e. Coromandel International Limited and a fresh certificate of incorporation consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh on 23rd September, 2009. The Permanent Account Number of the Transferee Company is AAACC7852K. The equity shares of the Company are listed on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). As on the date of the notice, the Company and its nominees hold 100% of the equity share capital of the Transferor Company 1 and Transferor Company 2.
- b. The present registered office of the Transferee Company is situated at "Coromandel House", 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad 500003, Telangana, India. The Email address of the Transferee Company is investorsgrievance@coromandel.murugappa.com. During the last five years, there is no change in the name and registered office of the Transferee Company.
- c. The Transferee Company is engaged in the business of all classes and kinds of fertilizers, chemicals and industrial and other preparations arising from or required in the manufacture of any kind of fertilizers.
- d. Main objects of the Transferee Company have been summarized as below for the perusal of the shareholders:
 - To manufacture, refine and prepare all classes and kinds of fertilizers and all classes and kinds of chemicals and industrial and other preparations arising from or required in the manufacture of any kind of fertilizers.

- ii. To buy, sell, distribute and deal in India and elsewhere all classes and kinds of fertilizers and in all classes and kinds of chemicals and industrial and other preparations arising from or required in the manufacture of any kind of fertilizers.
- iii. To manufacture, refine, prepare, process, sell, export and generally deal in all types and varieties of cement (including coloured, white, fire, portland and alumina cement) and cement products.

During the last 5 years, there has been no change in the objects clause of the Transferee Company.

e. The share capital structure of the Transferee Company as on 31st December 2020 is as under:

Particulars	Amount In INR
Authorised Share Capital	
35,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 1/- each	35,00,00,000
50,00,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of INR 10/- each	5,00,00,000
Total	40,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares	
29,32,43,349 Equity Share of INR 1/- each	29,32,43,349
Total	29,32,43,349

As on the date of this Notice, the share capital structure of the Transferee Company is as follows:

Particulars	Amount In INR
Authorised Share Capital	
35,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 1/- each	35,00,00,000
50,00,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of INR 10/- each	5,00,00,000
Total	40,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares	
29,34,34,169 Equity Share of INR 1/- each	29,34,34,169
Total	29,34,34,169

The latest annual Financial Statements of the Transferee Company have been audited for the financial year ended on 31st March 2021. The Audited Standalone Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March 2021, of the Transferee Company is attached hereto as **Annexure II.C**

f. The details of the promoter (including promoter group) of the Company as on 30th June 2021 are as follows:

SI. No.	Name of Promoter/Promoter Group	Category
1.	A Vellayan	Promoter
2.	A Venkatachalam	Promoter
3.	Arun Alagappan	Promoter
4.	Arun Venkatachalam	Promoter
5.	M A Alagappan	Promoter
6.	M A M Arunachalam	Promoter
7.	M M Muthiah	Promoter
8.	M M Veerappan	Promoter
9.	M M Venkatachalam	Promoter
10.	M V Muthiah	Promoter
11.	M V Subbiah	Promoter
12.	M V Subramanian	Promoter
13.	Murugappa and Sons	Promoter
14.	S Vellayan	Promoter
15.	V Arunachalam	Promoter
16.	V Narayanan	Promoter
17.	A M M Arunachalam HUF, M A Alagappan Karta	Promoter
18.	A Vellayan Karta of HUF	Promoter
19.	A Venkatachalam Karta of HUF	Promoter
20.	M A Alagappan in the capacity of Karta	Promoter
21.	M A Murugappan HUF, M A M Arunachalam as	Promoter
	a legal representative	
22.	M M Murugappan	Promoter
23.	M M Murugappan HUF, M M Murugappan Karta	Promoter
24.	M M Muthiah HUF, M M Murugappan, legal representative	Promoter
25.	M V Murugappan HUF, Valli Arunachalam Karta	Promoter
26.	M V Subbiah as a Karta of HUF	Promoter
27.	Ambadi Enterprises Limited	Promoter
28.	Ambadi Investments Limited	Promoter
29.	Carborundum Universal Limited	Promoter
30.	Cholamandalam Financial Holdings Limited	Promoter
31.	E.I.D.Parry India Ltd	Promoter
32.	New Ambadi Estates Private Limited	Promoter
33.	Tube Investments of India Ltd	Promoter
34.	A A Alagammai	Promoter Group
35.	A Keertika Unnamalai	Promoter Group
36.	A M Meyyammai	Promoter Group
37.	Ahana Lalitha Narayanan	Promoter Group
38.	Anannya Lalitha Arunachalam Promoter Group	
39.	B Rishika Reddy Promoter Group	
40.	Dhruv M Arunachalam Promoter Group	
41.	Kabir Subbiah Promoter Group	
42.	Kanika Subbiah Promoter Group	
43.	Karthik Subbiah Promoter Group	
44.	Krishna Murugappan Muthiah Promoter Group	
45.	Lakshmi Chocka Lingam	Promoter Group
46.	Lakshmi Ramaswamy Promoter Group	

SI. No.	Name of Promoter/Promoter Group	Category
47.	Lakshmi Venkatachalam	Promoter Group
48.	Lalitha Vellayan	Promoter Group
49.	M M Seethalakshmi	Promoter Group
50.	M V AR Meenakshi	Promoter Group
51.	M V Seetha Subbiah	Promoter Group
52.	M V Valli Murugappan	Promoter Group
53.	M Vellachi	Promoter Group
54.	Meenakshi Murugappan	Promoter Group
55.	Meyyammai Venkatachalam	Promoter Group
56.	Nagalakshmi Arunachalam	Promoter Group
57.	Niranthara Alamelu Jawahar	Promoter Group
58.	Pranav Alagappan	Promoter Group
59.	Sigapi Arunachalam	Promoter Group
60.	Sivagami Natesan	Promoter Group
61.	Solachi Ramanathan	Promoter Group
62.	Uma Ramanathan	Promoter Group
63.	Umayal R	Promoter Group
64.	V Vasantha	Promoter Group
65.	Valli Alagappan	Promoter Group
66.	Valli Annamalai	Promoter Group
67.	Valli Arunachalam	Promoter Group
68.	Valli Muthiah	Promoter Group
69.	Valli Subbiah	Promoter Group
70.	Valliammai Murugappan	Promoter Group
71.	Vedhika Meyyammai Arunachalam	'
71.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Promoter Group
12.	Arun Murugappan Children Trust, M A M Promoter Group Arunachalam & Sigapi Arunachalam Trustee	
73.	MA. Alagappan Grandchildren Trust, Arun Promoter Group Alagappan Trustee	
74.	Kadamane Estates Company (Represented By Mr M A Alagappan)	Promoter Group
75.	M A Murugappan Holdings Llp	Promoter Group
76.	Yelnoorkhan Group Estates	Promoter Group
77.	AMM Foundation	Promoter Group
78.	K S Shambhavi Trust, M V Subbiah & S Vellayan, Trustee	Promoter Group
79.	Lakshmi Ramaswamy Family Trust, A A	Promoter Group
80.	Alagammai Trustee Lakshmi Venkatachalam Family Trust, M M Promoter Group Venkatachalam Trustee	
81.	M M Murugappan Family Trust, M M	Promoter Group
82.	Murugappan Trustee M M Muthiah Family Trust, M M Murugappan Promoter Group	
83.	Trustee M M Veerappan Family Trust, M M Murugappan Promoter Group Trustee	
84.	M M Venkatachalam Family Trust, M M Venkatachalam Trustee	Promoter Group

SI. No.	Name of Promoter/Promoter Group	Category
85.	M V Muthiah Family Trust, M M Venkatachalam	Promoter Group
	Trustee	'
86.	M V Seetha Subbiah Benefit Trust, S Vellayan Promoter Group	
	Trustee	
87.	M V Subramanian Family Trust, M M	Promoter Group
	Venkatachalam Trustee	
88.	Meenakshi Murugappan Family Trust , M M	Promoter Group
	Murugappan Trustee	
89.	Murugappan Arunachalam Children Trust,	Promoter Group
	Sigapi Arunachalam Trustee	
90.	S Vellayan Valli Subbiah Benefit Trust, S Vellayan	Promoter Group
0.1	Trustee	
91.	Saraswathi Trust, M V Subbiah Trustee	Promoter Group
92.	Shambho Trust, M V Subbiah Trustee	Promoter Group
93.	V S Bhairavi Trust, M V Subbiah & Kanika	Promoter Group
0.4	Subbiah, Trustee A M M VELLAYAN SONS P LTD	Duamatan Cuasa
94. 95.	Algavista Greentech Private Limited	Promoter Group
96.	Alimtec S.A.	Promoter Group Promoter Group
97.	AR LAKSHMI ACHI TRUST	Promoter Group
98.	CFL Mauritius Limited	Promoter Group
99.	CG Power and Industrial Solutions Limited	Promoter Group
100.	CherryTin Online Private Limited	Promoter Group
101.	Chola Business Services Ltd	Promoter Group
101.	Chola Insurance Distribution Services Pvt Ltd	Promoter Group
103.	Chola People and Marketing Services Private	Promoter Group
105.	Limited	Tromoter Group
104.	Cholamandalam Health Insurance Ltd	Promoter Group
105.	Cholamandalam Home Finance Limited	Promoter Group
106.	Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Promoter Group	
	Limited	'
107.	Cholamandalam MS General Insurance Promoter Group	
	Company Ltd	·
108.	Cholamandalam MS Risk Services Ltd	Promoter Group
109.	Cholamandalam Securities Ltd	Promoter Group
110.	CIRIA India Ltd.	Promoter Group
111.	Coromandel Agronegocios De Mexico SA DE CV	Promoter Group
112.	Coromandel Brasil Ltda	Promoter Group
113.	Coromandel Engineering Company Limited	Promoter Group
114.	Coromandel International (Nigeria) Limited	Promoter Group
115.	Coromandel Mali SASU Promoter Group	
116.	Coromandel SQM (India) Private Ltd Promoter Group	
117.	Creative Cycles (Private) Limited Promoter Group	
118.	CUMI (Australia) Pty Ltd Promoter Group	
119.	CUMI Abrasives and Ceramics Company Ltd,	Promoter Group
	China	_
120.	CUMI America Inc	Promoter Group
121.	CUMI Europe s.r.o	Promoter Group

SI. No.	Name of Promoter/Promoter Group	Category
122.	CUMI International Ltd	Promoter Group
123.	CUMI Middle East FZE	Promoter Group
124.	Dare Ventures Limited	Promoter Group
125.	E.I.D. Parry Europe B.V	Promoter Group
126.	Financiere C 10	Promoter Group
127.	Foskor (Pty) Limited, South Africa	Promoter Group
128.	Foskor Zirconia Pty Limited, South Africa	Promoter Group
129.	Genfour Properties Pvt Ltd	Promoter Group
130.	Great Cycles (Private) Limited	Promoter Group
131.	Kartik Investments Trust Limited	Promoter Group
132.	La Bella Botanics LLC	Promoter Group
133.	Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited	Promoter Group
134.	M A Alagappan Holdings Private Limited	Promoter Group
135.	M.M.MUTHIAH SONS PRIVATE LTD	Promoter Group
136.	MM Muthiah Research Foundation	Promoter Group
137.	Murugappa Educational and Medical Foundation	Promoter Group
138.	Murugappa Management Services Limited	Promoter Group
139.	Murugappa Morgan Thermal Ceramics Ltd	Promoter Group
140.	Net Access (India) limited	Promoter Group
141.	Parry Agro Industries Limited	Promoter Group
142.	Parry Agrochem Exports Ltd	Promoter Group
143.	Parry America Inc	Promoter Group
144.	Parry Chemicals Limited	Promoter Group
145.	Parry Enterprises India Limited	Promoter Group
146.	Parry Infrastructure Company Private Limited	Promoter Group
147.	Parry International DMCC	Promoter Group
148.	Parry Murray and Company Ltd UK	Promoter Group
149.	Parry Sugars Refinery India Private Limited	Promoter Group
150.	Parrys Investments Limited	Promoter Group
151.	Parrys Sugar Limited	Promoter Group
152.	Sabero Argentina SA	Promoter Group
153.	Sabero Australia Pty Ltd	Promoter Group
154.	Sabero Europe BV	Promoter Group
155.	Sabero Organics America SA	Promoter Group
156.	Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc	Promoter Group
157.	Sedis Company Ltd	Promoter Group
158.	Sedis GmbH	Promoter Group
159.	Sedis, SAS	Promoter Group
160.	Shanthi Gears Limited	Promoter Group
161.	Southern Energy Development Corporation Ltd	Promoter Group
162.	Sterling Abrasives Ltd	Promoter Group
163.	TI Absolute Concepts Private Ltd	Promoter Group
164.	TI Tsubamex Private Limited	Promoter Group
165.	Tunisian Indian Fertilizer SATunisia	Promoter Group
166.	US Nutraceuticals LLC	Promoter Group
167.	Volszhsky Abrasives Works	Promoter Group
168.	Wendt (India) Limited	Promoter Group

SI. No.	Name of Promoter/Promoter Group	Category
169.	Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Pvt Ltd	Promoter Group

g. The details of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") of the Transferee Company as on the date of notice are as follows:

SI. No.	Name of the Director/ KMP	DIN/PAN	Designation	Address
1.	Mr. A. Vellayan	00148891	Chairman	Old No.5, New No. 9,
	,			Ambadi Road, Kotturpuram
				Chennai, Tamil Nadu-600085
2.	Mr. Arun	00291361	Executive Vice	No. 10, Chittaranjan Road,
	Alagappan		Chairman	Teynampet, Chennai - 600018
3.	Ms. Aruna B.	00029256	Independent	C/7, 7th Floor, Rashmi CHS II
	Advani		Director	Byramji Gamadia Dahanukar Marg,
				Cumballa Hill, Mumbai-400026
4.	Mr. Ramesh	05275821	Director	B1 212 1st Floor Plot 65/SB, Sobha
	K.B. Menon			Onyx Apts, Begur Hobli Sarjapur
				Road, Bangalore - 560102
5.	Mr. Prasad	00200379	Independent	Flat No.302, 3rd Floor, Skyline
	Chandran		Director	Eternity Apartments, 4 Andree
				Road, Off Langford Road,
				Shantinagar, Banglore-560027
6.	Dr. R	02705175	Independent	No.29, 1st Street, Karpagam
	Nagarajan		Director	Avenue, R A Puram, Chennai -
				600028
7.	Mr. Sumit Bose	03340616	Independent	CK-257, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700091
			Director	
8.	Mr. M M	00152619	Director	10, Valliammai Achi Road,
	Venkatachalam			Kotturpuram, Chennai-600085
9.	Mr. K V	08244973	Independent	Villa 197, Adarsh Palm Retreat,
	Parameshwar		Director	Devera Beesana Halli, Bellandur,
				Bangalore – 560103
10.	Mr. Sameer	07298938	Managing	H No. 8-2-317/1, Flat No C4, Road
	Goel		Director	No 14, Crosswinds Residential,
				Banjara Hills, Hyderabad-500034
11.	Mrs. Jayashree	AAVPS4145B	Chief Financial	Flat No 202, 10-2-274/1/202,
	Satagopan		Officer	Mahalaxmi Fortune, Kondareddy
				Street, West Marredpally,
			_	Secunderabad
12.	Mr. Rajesh	AGQPM4034Q	Company	Door No. 1-8-373 to 378, 380,
	Mukhija		Secretary	Chiran Fort Lane, Begumpet,
				Hyderabad – 500003.

iv. The Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 are Wholly Owned Subsidiaries of the Transferee Company. The entire Share Capital of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 are held by the Transferee Company and its nominee shareholders.

IV. Salient features of the Scheme of Amalgamation

- a. Amalgamation of the Transferor Company-1 and the Transferor Company-2 into and with the Transferee Company under the Scheme.
- b. Pursuant to the sanction of the Scheme by the Hon'ble Tribunal, the Scheme shall become effective from the Appointed Date but shall be operative from the Effective Date (as defined in the Scheme). The Appointed Date for the Scheme is April 1, 2021 or any such other date as may be sanctioned by the Hon'ble Tribunal.
- c. All assets and liabilities including Income Tax and all other statutory liabilities, if any, of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 will be transferred to and vest in the Transferee Company.
- d. The entire undertaking of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 shall stand transferred to and vested in and/or be deemed to have been and stand transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company to become the undertaking of the Transferee Company.
- e. All the permanent employees of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 in service on the Effective Date, if any, shall become the employees of the Transferee Company on and from such date without any break or interruption in service and upon terms and conditions not less favorable than those subsisting in the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 on the said date.
- f. Since the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Transferee Company, no new share will be issued by the Transferee Company pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation.

Note: The above are the salient features of the Scheme. The shareholders are requested to read the entire text of the Scheme annexed hereto to get fully acquainted with the provisions thereof.

V. Relationship subsisting between Parties to the Scheme

- i. Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Transferee Company.
- ii. Mr. Vellayan Narayanan and Mr. Rajesh Mukhija are serving on the Board of Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2. Further, Mr. Rajesh Mukhija is the Company Secretary of Transferee Company.
- iii. Mr. Sameer Goel is serving on the Board of Transferor Company-2 and Transferee Company.

Apart from the above, there is no other relationship between the Transferor Company-1, Transferor Company-2 and the Transferee Company.

VI. Board Approvals

i. The Board of Directors of the Transferor Company-1, at its meeting held on 25th January 2021, unanimously approved the Scheme as detailed below:

SI. No.	Name of the Director	Voted in favour / against / did not
		participate or vote
1.	Mr. Sankarasubramanian	In favour
2.	Mr. Vellayan Narayanan	In favour
3.	Mr. Rajesh Mukhija	In favour

ii. The Board of Directors of the Transferor Company-2, at its meeting held on 29th January 2021, unanimously approved the Scheme as detailed below:

SI. No.	Name of the Director	Voted in favour / against / did not
		participate or vote
1.	Mr. Sameer Goel	In favour
2.	Mr. Vellayan Narayanan	In favour
3.	Mr. Rajesh Mukhija	In favour

iii. The Board of Directors of the Transferee Company, at its meeting held on 1st February 2021, unanimously approved the Scheme as detailed below:

SI. No.	Name of the Director	Voted in favour / against / did not
		participate or vote
1.	Mr. A. Vellayan	In favour
2.	Mr. Arun Alagappan	In favour
3.	Ms. Aruna B. Advani	In favour
4.	Mr. Ramesh K.B. Menon	In favour
5.	Mr. Prasad Chandran	In favour
6.	Dr. R Nagarajan	In favour
7.	Mr. Sumit Bose	In favour
8.	Mr. M M Venkatachalam	In favour
9.	Mr. K V Parameshwar	In favour
10.	Mr. Sameer Goel	In favour

VII. Effect of Scheme on stakeholders

i. The Report of the Board of Directors of the Transferor Company-1, pursuant to Section 232(2)(c) of the Act is attached hereto as **Annexure III. A.** The effect of the Scheme on various stakeholders is summarized below:

Category of Stakeholders	Effect of the Scheme on the Stakeholder
Equity Shareholders: Promoters and Non-Promoters of the Transferor Company-1	a. The Transferor Company-1 is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Transferee Company. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Transferor Company-1 is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. No shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Transferor Company-1 in lieu of the said amalgamation.
	b. Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the shares held by the Transferee Company in the Transferor Company-1 shall, on and from the end of the Transition Period, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed for cancellation thereof by the Transferee Company, and shall cease to be in existence accordingly.
	c. There are no non-promoter shareholders in the Transferor Company-1.
Board of Directors of the Transferor Company-1	Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the Transferor Company-1 will stand dissolved without winding up and accordingly the Board shall cease to exist.
Key Managerial Personnel	There are no Key Managerial Personnel in Transferor Company-1.
Employees	a. Under Clause 16 of the Scheme on and from the Effective Date (as defined in the Scheme), the Transferee Company shall engage all permanent employees of the Transferor Company-1, on the same terms and conditions on which they are engaged by the Transferor Company-1 without any interruption of service and in the manner provided under the Scheme. In the circumstances, the rights of the employees of the Transferor Company-1 would in no way be affected by the Scheme. The services of the permanent employees of the Transferor Company-1 will not be retrenched due to amalgamation
	b. The contributions made by Transferor Company-1 in respect of its employees under applicable law, to the

Category of Stakeholders	Effect of the Scheme on the Stakeholder
	provident fund, gratuity fund, leave encashment fund
	and any other special scheme or benefits created, for
	the period after the Appointed Date (as defined in the
	Scheme) shall be deemed to be contributions made by
	Transferee Company.
Creditors	a. Under the Scheme no arrangement is sought to be
	entered into between the Transferor Company-1 and
	its secured and unsecured creditors.
	b. As per Clause 8 of the Scheme, all liabilities of the
	Transferor Company-1 shall stand transferred to the
	Transferee Company
	c. The interest of the creditors of the Transferor Company
	shall not be impacted in any manner.
Debenture Holders and	As on date, the Transferor Company has no outstanding
Debenture Trustee	debentures and therefore, the effect of the Scheme on any
	such debenture holders and debenture trustee does not
	arise
Depositors and Deposit Trustee	As on date, the Transferor Company has no outstanding
	public deposits and therefore, the effect of the Scheme on
	any such public deposit holders or deposit trustee does not
	arise

ii. The Report of the Board of Directors of the Transferor Company-2, pursuant to Section 232(2)(c) of the Act is attached hereto as **Annexure III. B.** The effect of the Scheme on various stakeholders is summarized below:

Category of Stakeholders	Effect of the Scheme on the Stakeholder
Equity Shareholders: Promoters and Non-Promoters of the Transferor Company-2	a. The Transferor Company-2 is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Transferee Company. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Transferor Company-2 is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. No shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Transferor Company-2 in lieu of the said amalgamation.
	b. Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the shares held by the Transferee Company in the Transferor Company-2 shall, on and from the end of the Transition Period, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed for cancellation thereof by the Transferee Company and shall cease to be in existence accordingly.

Category of Stakeholders	Effect of the Scheme on the Stakeholder
Board of Directors of the Transferor Company-2	c. There are no non-promoter shareholders in the Transferor Company-2. Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the Transferor Company-2 will stand dissolved without winding up and accordingly the Board shall cease to exist.
Key Managerial Personnel	a. Under Clause 16 of the Scheme on and from the Effective Date (as defined in the Scheme), the Transferee Company shall engage all the key managerial personnel, who are also employees of the Transferor Company-2, on the same terms and conditions on which they are engaged by the Transferor Company-2 without any interruption of service and in the manner provided under the Scheme.
	b. Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the Transferor Company-2 will stand dissolved without winding up. In the circumstances, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Transferor Company-2 will cease to be the Key Managerial Personnel of the Transferor Company-2.
	c. Thus, there will no adverse effect of the Scheme on the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.
Employees	a. Under Clause 16 of the Scheme on and from the Effective Date (as defined in the Scheme), the Transferee Company shall engage all employees, including key managerial personnel of the Transferor Company-2 on the same terms and conditions on which they are engaged by the Transferor Company without any interruption of service and in the manner provided under the Scheme. In the circumstances, the rights of the employees of the Transferor Company would in no way be affected by the Scheme. The employees of the Transferor Company-2 shall continue to remain employees in the Transferee Company on the same terms and conditions. The services of the employees of the Transferor Company-2 will not be retrenched due to amalgamation
	b. The contributions made by Transferor Company-2 in respect of its employees under applicable law, to the provident fund, gratuity fund, leave encashment fund and any other special scheme or benefits created, for

Category of Stakeholders	Effect of the Scheme on the Stakeholder
	the period after the Appointed Date (as defined in the Scheme) shall be deemed to be contributions made by Transferee Company.
Creditors	 a. Under the Scheme no arrangement is sought to be entered into between the Transferor Company-2 and its secured and unsecured creditors. b. As per Clause 8 of the Scheme, all liabilities of the Transferor Company-2 shall stand transferred to the Transferee Company. c. The interest of the creditors of the Transferor Company shall not be impacted in any manner.
Debenture Holders and Debenture Trustee	As on date, the Transferor Company has no outstanding debentures and therefore, the effect of the Scheme on any such debenture holders and debenture trustee does not arise
Depositors and Deposit Trustee	As on date, the Transferor Company has no outstanding public deposits and therefore, the effect of the Scheme on any such public deposit holders or deposit trustee does not arise

iii. The Report of the Board of Directors of the Transferee Company, pursuant to Section 232(2)(c) of the Act is attached hereto as **Annexure III. C.** The effect of the Scheme on various stakeholders is summarized below:

Category of Stakeholders	Effect of the Scheme on the Stakeholder
Equity Shareholders: Promoters and Non-Promoters of the Transferee Company	As far as the equity shareholders of the Transferee Company are concerned (promoter shareholders as well as non-promoter shareholders), the amalgamation of Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 with the Transferee Company will not result in dilution of holding of promoters/ promoter group in Transferee Company. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. Accordingly, the shares held by the Transferee Company in the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 shall, on and from the date of effective date, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed, and accordingly, no shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2.

Category of Stakeholders	Effect of the Scheme on the Stakeholder
Board of Directors of the Transferee Company	Under the Scheme there is no effect on the Directors of the Transferee Company except to the extent that Mr. Sameer Goel, Managing Director, currently holding directorship in Transferor Company-2, shall cease to be its Directors.
Key Managerial Personnel	 a. The Key Managerial Personnel of the Transferee Company shall continue as the Key Managerial Personnel of the Transferee Company after effectiveness of the Scheme on the same terms and conditions. b. Under the Scheme, no rights of the Key Managerial Personnel of the Transferee Company are being affected. c. Mr. Rajesh Mukhija, Company Secretary of the Transferee Company, currently holding directorships in Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2, shall cease to be its Director.
Employees	Under the Scheme, no rights of the staff and employees of the Transferee Company are being affected. The services of the staff and employees of the Transferee Company shall continue on the same terms and conditions prior to the proposed Scheme.
Creditors	a. Under the Scheme no arrangement is sought to be entered into between the Transferee Company and its secured and unsecured creditors.b. The interest of the creditors of the Transferee Company shall not be impacted in any manner
Debenture Holders and Debenture Trustee	As on date, the Company has no outstanding debentures and therefore, the effect of the Scheme on any such debenture holders and debenture trustee does not arise.
Depositors and Deposit Trustee	As on date, the Company has no outstanding public deposits and therefore, the effect of the Scheme on any such public deposit holders or deposit trustee does not arise.

VIII. Amounts due to Secured Creditors and Unsecured Creditors.

- a. As on 31st December, 2020, there are no secured creditors and unsecured creditors in the Transferor Company-1
- b. As on 31st December 2020, there are no secured creditors and there are 37 unsecured creditors amounting to Rs. 10,49,37,147.56 in the Transferor Company-2.
- c. As on 31st December 2020, there are 6 secured creditors (i.e balances pertaining to cash credit facilities taken from banks amounting to Rs. 8,82,44,431.80/- and 12,800 unsecured creditors amounting to Rs. 3221, 60,89,041.75/-. In the Transferee Company.

IX. Details of capital/debt restructuring: There shall be no debt restructuring envisaged in the Scheme. Other than as mentioned in Part III of the Scheme, the Scheme does not involve any capital restructuring. No shares are proposed to be issued by the Transferee Company, pursuant to the Scheme. There will be no change in post shareholding pattern of the Transferee Company. Hence, the pre-scheme shareholding pattern of the Transferor Company-1, Transferor Company-2 and Transferee Company are given below:

i. Pre-scheme shareholding pattern of the Transferor Company-1 as on 30th June 2021:

Category of the shareholder	No. of equity shares of Rs. 10/-
Coromandel International Limited*	7,50,000

^{*} Includes 6 nominee shareholders holding 100 equity share each on behalf of Coromandel International Limited

ii. Pre-scheme shareholding pattern of the Transferor Company-2 as on 30th June 2021:

Category of the shareholder	No. of equity shares of Rs. 10/-
Coromandel International Limited*	1,00,00,000

^{*} Include 1 nominee shareholder holding 10 equity share each on behalf of Coromandel International Limited

iii. Pre-scheme shareholding pattern of the Transferee Company as on 30th June 2021:

SI No	Category of Shareholder(s)	Fully Paid Up Shares and Voting Rights	
		No of Shares	% Holding
Α	Promoter and Promoter Group		
1	Indian	16,88,55,172	57.55
2	Foreign	1,832	0.00
	Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group (A)	16,88,57,004	57.55
В	Public		
1	Institutions	8,50,68,824	29.00
3	Non-Institutions	3,94,52,851	13.45
	Total Public Shareholding (B)	12,45,21,675	42.45
С	Shares held by Custodians and against which Depository Receipts have been issued (C)	-	-
	Grand Total= A + B + C	29,33,78,679	100.00

X. AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE ON CONFORMITY OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT IN THE SCHEME WITH ACCOUNTING STANDARD

The then Statutory Auditors of the Transferee Company vide their certificate dated 3rd March 2021 have confirmed that the accounting treatment specified in the Scheme is in conformity with the accounting standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.

XI. APPOINTED DATE, EFFECTIVE DATE, SHARE EXCHANGE RATIO AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- a. **Appointed Date:** means 1st April 2021 or such other date as may be approved by the Hon'ble Tribunal.
- b. Effective Date: means the date on which certified copies of the orders of the Hon'ble Tribunal are filed with RoC, Hyderabad, after the last of the approvals or events specified under Clause 26 of Part III of this Scheme are satisfied or fulfilled or obtained or have occurred or the requirement of which has been waived (in writing) in accordance with this Scheme.
- c. Share Exchange Ratio: As both Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Transferee Company, no new shares will be issued by the Transferee Company pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation. Accordingly, Report on Valuation of Shares and Share Exchange Ratio is not required/ applicable.
- d. **Record Date:** Not applicable.
- e. **Other Scheme details**: The equity shares held by the Transferee Company in the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 shall stand cancelled.
- f. No investigation proceedings have been instituted and/or are pending against the Transferor Company-1, Transferor Company-2 and the Transferee Company under the Act.
- g. No cash or other consideration is proposed under the Scheme.

XII. NON-APPLICABILITY OF VALUATION REPORT AND FAIRNESS OPINION

As both Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Transferee Company, no new share will be issued by the Transferee Company pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation. Therefore, there will be no change in the shareholding patterns of the Company and the Transferee Company pursuant to the Scheme. Accordingly, Report on Valuation of shares and fairness opinion is not required/applicable.

XIII. APPROVALS AND ACTIONS TAKEN IN RELATION TO THE SCHEME

a. The Scheme was placed before the Audit Committee of the Transferee Company at its meeting held on 1st February, 2021. The Audit Committee, inter alia, recommended the Scheme to the Board of Directors of the Company for its favourable consideration.

- b. The Scheme was placed before the Board of Directors of the Transferee Company, at its meeting held on 1st February 2021. Based on the report submitted by the Audit Committee recommending the draft Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the Scheme.
- c. The Transferee Company is listed on two Stock Exchanges viz. BSE and NSE. It may, however, be noted that since the Scheme solely provides for amalgamation of the Wholly Owned Subsidiaries with its Holding Company, no formal approval, NOC or vetting is required from the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI for the Scheme, in terms of the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2017, SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10, 2017 and SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2020/249 dated December 22, 2020 and other applicable provisions, if any.
- d. The Transferee Company has already filed copy of the Scheme of Amalgamation and other requisite documents, if any, with BSE and NSE.
- e. The present Scheme of Amalgamation, if approved in the aforesaid meetings, will be subject to the subsequent approval of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad Bench, Hyderabad. No specific approval is required to be obtained from any other government authority to the present Scheme of Amalgamation.
- f. A copy of the Scheme has been filed with the Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad.

XIV. Inspection of Documents

In addition to the documents annexed hereto, the electronic copy of the following documents will be available for inspection in investors relations section of the website of the Company i.e. www.coromandel.biz.

- a. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Transferor Company-1, Transferor Company-2 and the Transferee Company.
- b. Audited Financial Statements of the Transferor Company-1, Transfer Company-2 for the financial years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021
- Audited standalone and consolidated Financial Statements of the Transferee Company for the financial years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021.
- d. Copy of the Scheme.
- e. Copy of order dated 17th September, 2021 passed in the Company Scheme Application No. CA(A) Merger and Amalgamation NO.25/230/HDB/2021 by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad Bench at Hyderabad directing, inter-alia, the calling, convening and conducting of the meeting of the equity shareholders, secured and unsecured creditors of the Company.

f. Certificates issued by then Statutory Auditors of the Transferee Company stating that the accounting treatment proposed in the Scheme is in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.

A copy of the Scheme, this notice, Explanatory Statement, may be downloaded from the website of the Company at www.coromandel.biz

Based on the above and considering the rationale and benefits, in the opinion of the Board, the Scheme will be of advantage to, beneficial and in the interest of the Company, its shareholders, creditors and other stakeholders and the terms thereof are fair and reasonable. The Board of Directors of the Company recommend the Scheme for approval of the shareholders. The Directors and KMPs, as applicable, of the Transferor Company-1, Transferor Company-2 and of the Transferee Company, and their relatives do not have any concern or interest, financially or otherwise, in the Scheme except as shareholders in general.

Ch. Srinivasa Rao, Advocate Chairman appointed by the Hon'ble NCLT for the Meeting of Equity Shareholders

Hyderabad, September 28, 2021

SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION

OF

LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED (TRANSFEROR COMPANY1)

AND

COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED (TRANSFEROR COMPANY2)

WITH

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (TRANSFEREE COMPANY)

AND

THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS

UNDER SECTIONS 232 READ WITH 230 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

1. PREAMBLE

This Scheme of Amalgamation (hereinafter referred to as "Scheme") is presented under Sections 232read with Section 230and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder [including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, if any] for the amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited ("Transferor Company 1") and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ("Transferor Company2") (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Transferor Companies") with Coromandel International Limited [hereinafter referred to as the "Transferee Company"].

The Transferor Companies are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Transferee Company since the Transferee Company along with its nominees holds the entire share capital of each of the Transferor Companies.

2. RATIONALE FOR THE SCHEME

The Board of Directors of the TransferorCompanies and Transferee Company envisagesthe following benefits pursuant to the Amalgamation of the Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company:

- 2.1 Currently, Transferor Company 1 has no business operations, other than holding leasehold rights of the factory land in Udaipur, Rajasthan. It does not have any business plans going forward. It is, accordingly, desired to merge with Transferee Company.
- 2.2 Transferor Company 2 is engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of water-soluble fertilizers and has a manufacturing unit in Kakinada, Andhra Pradesh. As it is expected to result in synergies in business activity, and more effective and efficient management of business affairs.

Apart from the above, it would also have the following benefits:

- 2.3 Reduction in the cost of overheads and improvement in professional management
- 2.4 Reduction in multiplicity of legal and regulatory compliances and simplification of group structure.
- 2.5 Enhance the scale of operations thereby providing significant impetus to the growth of the Companies, since they are engaged in line of business that could draw upon synergies between the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company.
- 2.6 Consolidation of Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company by way of amalgamation would lead to a more efficient utilization of capital and improved financial structure.
- 2.7 The benefit of consolidation of financial resources, managerial and technical expertise of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company shall be available to the amalgamated entity leading to the overall optimization of operational and administration costs.
- 2.8 The amalgamation will rationalize and optimize the group legal entity structure to ensure greater alignment of the businesses by reducing number of legal entities and also statutory compliances.
- 2.9 To achieve synergies in business activity, consolidation, focused attention, centralized administration, economy of operation, integrated business approach and greater efficiency.

In order to achieve the above objectives, the Board of Directors of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company at their respective meetings have approved the proposed Scheme of Amalgamation and have decided to make the requisite applications to the National Company Law Tribunal('NCLT') under Section 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, for the sanction of this Scheme of Amalgamation of the Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company. This Scheme also makes provision for various other matters consequential or related thereto and otherwise integrally connected therewith.

There are no proceedings/investigation pending against the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company under Section 210 of the Companies Act, 2013.

PARTS OF THE SCHEME

This Scheme of Amalgamation is divided into the following parts:

- a) PART I Deals with definitions, interpretation, date of the Scheme coming into effect, incorporation, share capital and main objects of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company.
- **b) PART II -** Deals with amalgamation of business of the Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company, legal proceedings, conduct of business till the Effective Date, Consideration, Accounting Treatment in the books of the Transferee Company and other matters consequential and incidental thereto.
- c) PART III Deals with dissolution of the Transferor Companies, application to the NCLT, general terms and conditions applicable to this Scheme of Amalgamation and other matters consequential and incidental thereto.

<u>PART -</u> I

3. **DEFINITIONS**

In this Scheme (as defined hereafter), unless repugnant to the meaning or context thereof, the following expressions shall have the meanings as mentioned herein below:

- "Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 [as amended including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) or amendment(s) thereof] and Rules made thereunder, for the time being in force, and which may relate or are applicable to the amalgamation;
- "Applicable Laws" means any statute, law, regulation, ordinance, rule, judgment, rule of law, order, decree, ruling, bye-law, listing agreement, approval of any competent authority, directive, notification, guideline, policy, clearance, requirement or other governmental restriction or any similar form of decision of or determination by, or any interpretation or administration having the force of law of any of the foregoing by any competent authority having jurisdiction over the matter in question, whether in effect as of the date of this Scheme or at any time thereafter;
- 3.3 "Appropriate Authority" means and includes any Governmental, Statutory, Departmental or Public Body or Authority, including Registrar of Companies, Regional Director, Securities Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchanges and National Company Law Tribunal or such other sectoral regulators or authorities as may be applicable;
- 3.4 "Appointed Date" for the purpose of this Scheme and the Income Tax Act,1961 (hereinafter referred to as "IT Act") means 1stApril, 2021 or such other date as the NCLT may direct or approve under the relevant provisions of the Act;
- "Board of Directors" or "Board" shall mean Board of Directors of the Transferor Companies or Transferee Company, as the case may be or any committee thereof duly constituted or any other person duly authorised by the Board for the purpose of this Scheme;
- 3.6 "Effective Date" means the date on which certified copies of the orders of the NCLT are filed with RoC, Hyderabad, after the last of the approvals or events specified under Clause 26 of Part III of this Scheme are satisfied or fulfilled or obtained or have occurred or the requirement of which has been waived (in writing) in accordance with this Scheme.References in this Scheme to "Upon this Scheme becoming effective" or "Coming into Effect of this Scheme" or "Upon this Scheme Coming into effect" or other like expressions shall mean Effective Date;
- 3.7 "Encumbrance" and its co-related words "Encumbered" means (a) any mortgage, pledge, lien, charge (whether fixed or floating), hypothecation, assignment, deed of trust, title retention, right of set-off or counterclaim, security interest, security letter conferring any priority of payment in respect of, any obligation of any Person; (b) purchase or option agreement or arrangement, right of first refusal, right of first offer, restriction on voting; (c) subordination agreement or arrangement; (d) agreements to

- create or effect any of the foregoing; (e) interest, option, or transfer restriction in favour of any Person; (f) any adverse claim as to title, possession or use and (g) any encroachment on immovable properties;
- 3.8 **"Financial Statements"** means the annual accounts (including balance sheet, cash flow statement and profit and loss account) of the Transferor Companies and/or Transferee Company;
- 3.9 "GST Regulations" means applicable provisions of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and/or the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and/or respective State Goods and Services Tax Act and/or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 along with the applicable rules made thereunder;
- 3.10 "INR" means Indian Rupees;
- 3.11 **"IT Act"** means the Income-Tax Act, 1961 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof;
- 3.12 "Listing Regulations" means Securities and Exchange Board of India (ListingObligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and shall includeany statutory modifications, reenactment or amendment thereof and to the extent in force;
- 3.13 **"NCLT"** means the National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad Bench at Hyderabad;
- 3.14 **"Proceedings"** shall have the meaning ascribed under the scheme;
- 3.15 "Regional Director" or "RD" means South East Region, at Hyderabad, having jurisdiction over the States of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh.
- 3.16 "RoC" means the Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad, having jurisdiction over the State of Telangana, India;
- 3.17 "Scheme" or "this Scheme" or "Scheme of Amalgamation" means this Scheme of Amalgamation in its present form approved by the Board of each of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company as submitted to the NCLT and with any modification(s) made under Clause 24 of this Scheme or with such other modifications or amendments as the NCLT may direct, as may be approved for sanction by the NCLT;
- 3.18 "Stock Exchanges" means BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limitedcollectively;
- 3.19 "Transferee Company" or "Coromandel International Limited" and has the meaning ascribed to it under Clause 6.3 of this Scheme;
- 3.20 "Transferor Company 1 and 2 or Transferor Companies" means Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited (Transferor Company1) and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company2) (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Transferor Companies") and has the meaning ascribed to it under Clause 6.1 and 6.2 of this Scheme;

- 3.21 "Transition Period" means period starting from the date immediately after the Appointed Date till the last of the date on which all the conditions stipulated in Clause 26 of this Scheme are fulfilled;
- 3.22 "Undertaking of Transferor Companies" shall mean all the undertaking(s) and entire business(s) of the Transferor Companiesas a going concern, including, without limitation:
 - (a) all the assets and properties, both movable and immovable, and amounts receivable or belonging to the Transferor Companies as on the Appointed Date;
 - (b) all the present employees engaged by the Transferor Companies, as on the Effective Date;
 - all debts (secured and unsecured), liabilities (including contingent liabilities, present and /or future), duties and (c) obligations of the Transferor Companies as on the Appointed Date; and includes all reserves, movable and immovable properties (real and personal, tangible or intangible, freehold or leasehold, corporeal and in-corporeal, in possession, or in reversion, present and contingent of whatsoever nature, wherever situated) and assets without being limited to all its lands, roads, buildings, plant and machinery, office equipment, accessories, vehicles, electrical installations, cash in hand, amounts held with the lenders/banks to the credit of the Transferor Companies and all other assets of the Transferor Companies, including all investments whether in securities, shares, stocks, scrips, debentures or otherwise, deposits, earnest monies/ security deposits or entitlements in connection with or relating to this business undertaking, as per records of the Transferor Companies, claims, powers, authorities, allotments, all statutory licenses, approvals (including the approvals granted by any regulatory authority under any of the Laws, consents, registration, contracts, engagements, arrangements, rights, titles, interests, benefits, advantages, leasehold rights, tenancy rights, other intangibles, industrial and other licenses, permits, authorizations, quota rights, trademarks, patents and other industrial and intellectual property rights, all other rights (including but not limited to right to use and avail electricity connections, water connections, environmental clearances, telephone connections, facsimile connections, telexes, email, internet, leased line connections and installations, lease rights, easements, powers and facilities), import quotas, sundry debtors, inventories, bills of exchange, deposits, loans and advances, agencies of the Transferor Companies, rights and benefits of and under all agreements, contracts and arrangement, memoranda of understanding, expressions of interest whether under agreement or otherwise and all other interests in connection with or relating to the Transferor Companies and all other interests, rights and powers of every kind, nature and description whatsoever, privileges, liberties, easements, advantages, benefits and approval of whatsoever nature including but not limited to benefits of all tax reliefs, deductions, exemptions, including, under the IT Act or any other applicable taxation law, including credit for advance tax (including foreign tax credit, TDS credit, minimum alternative tax credit), taxes deducted and deposited at source, including carried forward losses of

all types under the IT Actincluding unabsorbed depreciation as per books/MAT computation, CENVAT Credit/VAT/sales tax credits/credit under the GST regulations, service tax credits, deductions for contribution towards provident fund, gratuity fund, superannuation fund and any other special employee related funds, bonus and other incentives paid to employees, sales tax set off, deduction for any tax, duty, cess or fee paid, whether or not allowable as a deduction under section 43B or 40(a) of the IT Act, all necessary records, files, papers, engineering and process information, programmes, manuals, data, computer catalogues, quotations, sales and advertising materials, list of present and former customers and suppliers, customer credit information, customer pricing information and other records in connection with or relating to the Transferor Companies, whether in physical or electronic form.

- (d) All agreements, rights, contracts, entitlements, licenses, permits, permissions, incentives, approvals registrations, tax deferrals and benefits, subsidies, concessions, grants, rights, claims, leases, tenancy rights, liberties, special status and other benefits or privileges and claims as to any patents, trademarks, designs, quota rights, engagements, arrangements, authorities, allotments, security arrangements (to the extent provided herein), benefits of any guarantees, reversions, powers and all other approvals of every kind, nature and description whatsoever relating to the Transferor Companies' business activities and operations.
- (e) All intellectual property rights, records, files, papers, computer programmes, manuals, data, catalogues, sales material, lists of customers and suppliers, other customer information and all other records and documents relating to the Transferor Companies' business activities and operations.
- (f) Amounts claimed by the Transferor Companies whether or not so recorded in the books of account of the Transferor Companies from any Government Authority, under any law, act or rule in force, as refund of any tax, duty, cess or of any excess payment.
- (g) Right to any claim not preferred or made by the Transferor Companies in respect of any refund of tax. duty, cess or other charge, including any erroneous or excess payment thereof made by the Transferor Companies and any interest thereon, with regard to any law, act or rule or Scheme made by the Governmental Authority, and in respect of deferred revenue expenditure, deduction, exemption, rebate, allowance, amortization benefit, etc. under the Income-tax Act, 1961, or other taxation laws, or any other or like benefits under the said acts or under and in accordance with any law or act, whether in India or anywhere outside India.

4. INTERPRETATION OF THE SCHEME

In this Scheme, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 4.1 References to persons shall include individuals, bodies corporate (wherever incorporated), and unincorporated associations and partnerships.
- 4.2 The headings, sub-headings, titles, sub-titles to clauses, sub-clauses and paragraphs are inserted for ease of reference only and shall not

form part of the operative provisions of this Scheme and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of this Scheme

- 4.3 Words in the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.
- 4.4 The provisions of this Scheme have been drawn up to comply with the conditions relating to amalgamation. If any terms or provisions of this Scheme are found or interpreted to be inconsistent with the provisions of the amalgamation in terms of Section 2(1B) of the IT Act at a later date or defeats the objects of the amalgamation contemplated herein, including resulting from an amendment of Applicable Laws or for any other reason whatsoever, the provisions of the amalgamation under the IT Act and Companies Act, 2013 shall prevail and this Scheme shall stand modified to the extent determined necessary to comply with the provisions of the amalgamation under the IT Act and Companies Act, 2013 and the objects sought to be achieved by this Scheme. Such modifications will however, not affect the other parts of this Scheme.
- 4.5 All terms and words not defined in this Scheme shall, unless repugnant or contrary to the context or meaning thereof, have the same meaning ascribed to them under the Act and other Applicable Laws.

5. DATE OF TAKING EFFECT AND OPERATIVE DATE

The Scheme as set out herein in its present form or with any modification(s) approved or imposed or directed by the NCLT shall be effective and operative from the Appointed Date.

6. DESCRIPTION OF COMPANIES

6.1 Transferor Company 1 or Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited:

6.1.1 Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited a Public Limited Company, bearing CIN: U24124TG1978PLC148984 was originally incorporated on 24th August, 1978 under the name and style of M/s Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Private Limited in the State of Rajasthan. Later on, the Company had converted itself into a Public Limited Company after passing necessary resolutions and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Rajasthan, Jaipur on 7thMay, 1992. Later on the Company had changed its registered office from the State of Rajasthan to State of Telangana by virtue of passing a special resolution on 22nd October, 2020 and after obtaining necessary approval from the Regional Director, North Western Region, Ahmedabad dated 13th January, 2021. The Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad, issued a fresh certificate of incorporation on 24th February, 2021 under the CIN: U24124TG1978PLC148984. The 'Transferor Company 1' has its registered office presently at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad - 500003, Telangana, India. The 'Transferor Company 1'is engaged in the business of manufacturing, producing, processing, importing, exporting and dealing in minerals, pesticides, insecticides and Fertilizers and their ancillaries etc.,

6.1.2 The details of the share capital of the 'Transferor Company 1' is given below:

Share Capital as on 31st December, 2020

Particulars	Amount In
	INR
Authorised Share Capital	
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/-	10,00,00,000
each	
Total	10,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up	
shares	75,00,000
7,50,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each	
Total	75,00,000

Subsequent to 31stDecember, 2020 and till the date of filing of this Scheme as approved by the Board of Directors of M/s Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited, there is no change in the authorized, issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of M/s Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limitedand the entire paid up capital is held by Transferee Company and its nominees.

- 6.1.3 The Main Objects of the 'Transferor Company 1'as provided in the Clause III of its Memorandum of Association is given below:
 - a. To take over the Pesticides & Fertilizers manufacturing Industry at F-225, A Mewar Industrial Area, Udaipur (Raj.) of M/s. Liberty Pesticides Industries 35 Subhash Nagar, Udaipur (Raj.) for converting into private limited.
 - b. To establish and carry on the business of manufacturing, producing, processing, importing, exporting and dealing in minerals, pesticides, insecticides and fertilizers and their ancillaries.
- 6.2 Transferor Company 2 or Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited:
 - 6.2.1 Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited a Private Limited Company, bearing CIN:U24100TG2009PTC065404was incorporated on 9th October, 2009under the name and style of M/s Coromandel SQM (India)Private Limited in the then State of Andhra Pradesh.The 'Transferor Company 2'has its registered office presently at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad 500003, Telangana, India. The 'TransferorCompany2' is engaged in the business of manufacturing or producing, refining, mixing, preparing, trading in Fertilizers, Bio Organic Chemicals, Agro Chemicals etc.,

6.2.2 The details of the share capital of the 'Transferor Company 2' is given below:

Share Capital as on 31st December, 2020

Particulars	Amount In
	INR
Authorised Share Capital	
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each	10,00,00,000
Total	10,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up	
shares	10,00,00,000
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/- each	
Total	10,00,00,000

Subsequent to 31st December, 2020 and till the date of filing of this Scheme as approved by the Board of Directors of M/s Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited, there is no change in the authorized, issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of M/s Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited and the entire paid up capital is held by Transferee Company and its nominees.

- 6.2.3 The Main Objects of the 'Transferor Company 2' as provided in the Clause III of its Memorandum of Association are given below:
 - (a) To carry on the business of blending and/or formulation or manufacturing or producing, refining, mixing, preparing, trading, buying, selling and dealing in India or elsewhere in any class of fertilizers whether solid, liquid, powder, amorphous, granular, crystalline, form of manures, their mixtures and or formulations and any or all classes and kinds of chemicals, source materials, ingredients, mixtures, derivatives and compounds thereof, and any and all kinds of similar products.
 - (b) To carry on the business of manufacture, formulate, process, mine, import, export, purchase, market, sell, carry on the business and otherwise deal in all kinds of micro-nutrients, synthetic and bio-organic chemicals, agrochemicals, medicines, foliar applications, sprays and remedies of all kinds of agricultural, fruit growing, gardening or other purposes and whether produced from vegetables, minerals, gases, animal or any other matter or by any process, whether chemicals, electrical, mechanical or otherwise.
 - (c) To establish and operate plant and carry on business, in India for producing, manufacturing, processing, developing, marketing, dealing in importing, exporting and selling of fertilisers, including water soluble fertilisers and micronutrients, for agriculture applications.

(d) To carry on the business of manufacturing, producing, marketing, dealing, distributing, buying, selling, importing, exporting, leasing, trading, hiring and dealing whether as Principals and/or agents in and with any and all classes of fertilizers and its production, and all other products and also to set up model demonstration farms for the use of special fertilizers and for training farmers in using the special fertilizers and to carry on the business of fertilization by manufacturing or producing, formulating, refining, processing, importing, purchasing, acquiring, leasing, selling, trading, hiring or dealing in whether as Principals and/or agents in all kinds of fertilization systems whether liquid or solid, manure, mixtures and formulations to be used for agricultural and floriculture production.

6.3 Transferee Company

- 6.3.1 Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Public Limited Company, bearing Company) а CIN:L24120TG1961PLC000892 was originally incorporated on 16thOctober,1961 under the name and style of M/s Coromandel Fertilizers Private Limited in the then State of Andhra Pradesh. Later on, the Company had converted itself into a Public Limited Company after passing necessary resolutions and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh on 16thApril, 1964. Later on, name of the company was changed to its present name i.e. M/s Coromandel International Limited and a fresh certificate of incorporation consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh on 23rd September, 2009. The 'Transferee Company'has its registered office presently at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad - 500003, Telangana, India. The 'Transferee Company'is engaged in the business of all classes and kinds of fertilisers, chemicals and industrial and other preparations arising from or required in the manufacture of any kind of fertilisers.
- 6.3.2 The details of the share capital of the 'Transferee Company'is given below:

Share Capital as on 31st December, 2020

Particulars	Amount In INR
Authorised Share Capital 35,00,00,000 Equity Shares of INR 1/-each	35,00,00,000
50,00,000 Cumulative RedeemablePreference Shares of INR 10/- each	5,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid	10/00/00/000
up shares 29,32,43,349Equity Share of INR 10/- each	29,32,43,349
Total	29,32,43,349

- 6.3.3 TheMain Objects of the 'Transferee Company'as provided in the Clause 5 of its Memorandum of Association, are:
 - (a) To manufacture, refine and prepare all classes and kinds of fertilisers and all classes and kinds of chemicals and industrial and other preparations arising from or required in the manufacture of any kind of fertilisers.
 - (b) To buy, sell, distribute and deal in India and elsewhere all classes and kinds of fertilisers and in all classes and kinds of chemicals and industrial and other preparations arising from or required in the manufacture of any kind of fertilisers.
 - (c) To manufacture, refine, prepare, process, sell, export and generally deal in all types and varieties of cement (including coloured, white, fire, portland and alumina cement) and cement products.

PART – II

AMALGAMATION OF TRANSFEROR COMPANIES WITH THE TRANSFEREE COMPANY

7. TRANSFER OF UNDERTAKING(S) OF THE TRANSFEROR COMPANIES

7.1 General

Upon this Scheme coming into effect and with effect from the Appointed Date defined in Clause 3.4 in Part I of the Scheme, the undertaking(s) of the Transferor Companies shall, pursuant to the sanction of this Scheme by the NCLT and in accordance with section 2(1B) of the IT Act and Section 232 read with Section 230 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under, be and stand transferred to and vested in or be deemed to have been transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company, as a going concerns without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing so as to become, as and from the Appointed Date, the undertaking of the Transferee Company by virtue of and in the manner provided in the Scheme.

7.2 Transfer of Assets

- 7.2.1 Without prejudice to the generality of Clause 7.1 above, upon coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date:
 - (a) All assets and properties comprised in the Undertaking(s) of the Transferor Companies, of whatsoever nature and wheresoever situated, shall, under the provisions of Section 232 read with Section 230 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act or deed be and stand transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company or be deemed to be transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company as a going concern so as to become, as and from the Appointed Date, the assets and properties of the Transferee Company provided that Board of Directors of the Transferee Company shall be entitled, at its discretion and as may be advised or considered fit, expedient or necessary, to determine the classification/ reclassification and treatment of any or all of the assets transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company pursuant to this Scheme.
 - (b) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-clause (a) above in respect of such of the assets and properties of the Transferor Companies, as are movable in nature or incorporeal property or are otherwise capable of transfer by manual delivery or by endorsement and/or delivery, the same shall be so transferred by the Transferor Companies and shall, upon such transfer, become the assets and properties of the Transferee Company as an integral part of its Undertakings without requiring any deed or instrument or conveyance for the same.
 - (c) In respect of the movables other than those dealt with in sub-clause (b) above including sundry debtors, receivables, bills, credits, loans and advances, if any, whether recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be recovered,

bank balances, investments, subsidy receivable, earnest money and deposits with any Government, quasi-government, local or other authority or body or with any company or other person, the same shall on and from the Appointed Date stand transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company without any notice or other intimation to the debtors (although the Transferee Company may if it so deems appropriate, give notice in such form as it may deem fit and proper, to each person, debtors or depositors, as the case may be, that the said debt, loan, advance, balance or deposit stand transferred and vested in the Transferee Company).

- (d) All the licenses, permits, quotas, approvals, permissions, registrations, incentives, sales tax deferrals and benefits, subsidies, concessions, grants, rights, claims, leases, tenancy rights, customer registrations, customer approvals, liberties, special status and other benefits or privileges enjoyed or conferred upon or held or availed of by the Transferor Companies and all rights and benefits that have accrued or which may accrue to any of the Transferor Companies, whether before or after the Appointed Date, shall under the provisions of Section 232 read with Section 230 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument or deed, cost or charge be and stand transferred to and vest in or deemed to be transferred to and vested in or be available to the Transferee Company so as to become as and from the Appointed Date, licenses, permits, quotas, approvals, permissions, registrations, incentives, sales tax deferrals and benefits, subsidies, concessions, grants, rights, claims, leases, tenancy rights, customer registrations, customer approvals, liberties, special status and other benefits or privileges of the Transferee Company and shall remain valid, effective and enforceable on the same terms and conditions.
- (e) All assets and properties of the Transferor Companies as on the Appointed Date, whether or not included in the books of the Transferor Companies, and all assets and properties, which are acquired by the Transferor Companies on or after the Appointed Date but prior to the Effective Date, shall be deemed to be the properties of the Transferee Company and shall under the provisions of Section 232 read with Section 230 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument or deed, be vested in and be deemed to have been vested in the Transferee Company upon the coming into effect of this Scheme.
- 7.2.2 Where the Transferor Companies are entitled to any benefits under incentive schemes and policies and pursuant to this Scheme, it is declared that the benefits under all of such schemes and policies shall be transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company and all benefits, entitlements and incentives of any nature whatsoever, including sales tax concessions and incentives, shall be claimed by the Transferee Company and these shall relate back to the Appointed Date as if the Transferee Company was originally entitled to all benefits under such incentive scheme and/or policies, subject to continued compliance by the Transferee Company of all the terms and conditions subject to which the benefits under the

incentive schemes were made available to the Transferor Companies.

8. TRANSFER OF LIABILITIES

- 8.1 Upon the Scheme coming into effect and with effect from the Appointed Date, all liabilities relating to and comprised in the Undertaking(s) of the Transferor Companies including all debts, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), duties and obligations and undertakings of the Transferor Companies of every kind, nature and description whatsoever and however arising, raised or incurred or utilized for business activities and operations along with any charge, encumbrances, lien or security thereon (hereinafter referred to as "Liabilities") shall, pursuant to coming into effect of the Scheme and under the provisions of Section 232read with Section 230 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing, be transferred to and vested in or be deemed to have been transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company. Such liabilities shall be assumed by the Transferee Company to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date so as to become as from the Appointed Date, the Liabilities of the Transferee Company, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the Transferor Companies. The Transferee Company shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same and further it shall not be necessary to obtain the consent of any third party or other person who is party to any contract or arrangement by virtue of which such Liabilities have arisen in order to give effect to the provisions of this clause.
- 8.2 All debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of the Transferor Companies shall, as on the Appointed Date, whether or not provided in the books of the Transferor Companies, and all debts and loans raised and used, and duties, liabilities and obligations incurred or which arise or accrue to the Transferor Companies on or after the Appointed Date till the Effective Date shall be deemed to be and shall become the debts, loans raised and used, duties, liabilities and obligations incurred by the Transferee Company by virtue of this Scheme.
- 8.3 Where any such debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of the Transferor Companies as on the Appointed Date have been discharged after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date by any of the Transferor Companies, such discharge shall be deemed to be for and on account of the Transferee Company.
- 8.4 All loans raised and utilized and all liabilities, duties and obligations incurred or undertaken by the Transferor Companies after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date shall be deemed to have been raised, used, incurred or undertaken for and on behalf of the Transferee Company and to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date, shall, upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and under the provisions of Section 232 read with Section 230 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument or deed be and stand transferred to or vested in or deemed to have been transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company and shall become the loans and liabilities, duties and obligations of the Transferee Company which shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same.

- 8.5 Loans, advances and other obligations (including any guarantees, letters of credit, letters of comfort or any other instrument or arrangement which may give rise to acontingent liability in whatever form), if any, due or which may at any time in future become due between the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company shall, ipso facto, stand discharged and come to an end and there shall be no liability in that behalf on any party and appropriate effect shall be given in thebooks of accounts and records of the Transferee Company. It is hereby clarified that there will be no accrual of interest or other charges in respect of any such inter-company loans, advances and other obligations with effect from the Appointed Date.
- 8.6 The Scheme shall not operate to enlarge the security for any loan, deposit or facility created by or available to the Transferor Companies which shall vest in the Transferee Company by virtue of the amalgamation and the Transferee Company shall not be obliged to create any further, or additional security therefore after the amalgamation has become effective or otherwise.
- 8.7 The Transferor Companies shall ensure to comply with all the applicable lawsand the officers in default of the Transferor Companies shall not be absolved of their statutory liability prior to the amalgamation.

9. ENCUMBRANCES

- 9.1 The transfer and vesting of the assets comprised in the Undertaking(s) of the Transferor Companies respectively to and in the Transferee Company under Clause 7.1 and Clause 8.1 of this Scheme shall be subject to the mortgage and charges, if any, affecting the same as hereinafter provided.
- $9.2 \, \text{All}$ the existing securities, charges, encumbrances or liens (hereinafter referred to as "Encumbrances"), if any, created by the Transferor Companies after the Appointed Date, in terms of the Scheme, over the assets comprised in their respective Undertakings or any part thereof transferred to the Transferee Company by virtue of this Scheme and in so far as such Encumbrances secure or relate to Liabilities of the Transferor Companies, the same shall, after the Effective Date, continue to relate and attach to such assets or any part thereof to which they are related or attached prior to the Effective Date and as are transferred to the Transferee Company and such Encumbrances shall not relate or attach to any of the other assets of the Transferee Company. Provided however that while all existing charges on the assets against loans obtained, if any, by the Transferor Companies would be transferred pursuant to this Scheme, the Scheme shall not operate to enlarge the security for any loan, deposit or facility created by or available to the Transferor Companies which shall vest in the Transferee Company by virtue of the amalgamation and the Transferee Company shall not be obliged or required to create any further or additional security therefore after the amalgamation has become effective or otherwise.
- 9.3The existing Encumbrances over the assets and properties of the Transferee Company or any part thereof which relate to the liabilities and obligations of the Transferee Company prior to the Effective Date shall continue to relate to such assets and properties and shall not extend or attach to any of the assets and properties of the Transferor Companies transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company by virtue of this Scheme.

- 9.4Any reference in any security documents or arrangements (to which Transferor Companies are party) to the Transferor Companies and in assets and properties, shall be construed as a reference to the Transferee Company and the assets and properties of the Transferor Companies transferred to the Transferee Company by virtue of this Scheme. Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions, the Transferor Companies as the case maybe and the Transferee Company may execute any instruments or documents or do all acts and deeds as may be considered appropriate, including the filing of necessary particulars and/or modification(s) of charge, with the Registrar of Companies to give formal effect to the above provisions, if required.
- 9.5 Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme, the Transferee Company alone shall be liable to perform all obligations in respect of the liabilities, which have been transferred to it in terms of the Scheme.
- 9.6It is expressly provided that, save as herein provided, no other term or condition of the liabilities transferred to the Transferee Company is modified by virtue of this Scheme except to the extent that such amendment is required statutorily or by necessary implication.
- 9.7The provisions of the Clause 7.2 shall operate in accordance with the terms of the Scheme, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any instrument, deed or writing or the terms of sanction or issue or any security documents, all of which instruments, deeds or writing shall stand modified and/or superseded by the foregoing provisions.
- 9.8 The Transferee Company may, at any time after the coming into effect of this Scheme in accordance with the provisions hereof, if so required, under any law or otherwise, execute Deeds of Confirmation in favour of the creditors of the Transferor Companies or in favor of any other party to any contract or arrangement to which the Transferor Companies is a party or any writings as may be necessary to be executed in order to give formal effect to the above provisions. The Transferee Company shall, under the provisions of the Scheme, be deemed to be authorized to execute any such writings on behalf of the Transferor Companies and to implement or carry out all such formalities or compliance referred to above on the part of the Transferor Companies, required to be carried out or performed.

10. TAXES

- 10.1 On and from the Appointed Date, if any certificate for Tax Deducted at Source or any other tax credit certificate relating to any Transferor Companies is received in the name of any Transferor Companies it shall be deemed to have been received by the Transferee Company, which alone shall be entitled to claim credit for such tax deducted or paid.
- 10.2 All taxes (including, without limitation, income tax, excise duty, customs duty, service tax, taxes paid under Goods and Service Tax regulations or under any other law which may come into force) paid or payable by any Transferor Companies from the Appointed Date, shall be on account of the Transferee Company and, in so far as it relates to the tax payment (including, without limitation, income tax, sales tax, excise duty, customs duty, service tax, VAT, taxes paid under GST regulations or under any other law which may come into

force), whether by way of deduction at source, advance tax or otherwise howsoever, by the Transferor Companies after the Appointed Date, the same shall be deemed to be the corresponding item paid by the Transferee Company and shall in all proceedings be dealt accordingly. This is notwithstanding that challans or tax payment certificates are in the name of the Transferor Companies and not in the name of the Transferee Company.

- 10.3 Any tax liabilities under the IT Act, Customs Act, 1962, Central Excise Act, 1944,GST regulations or other applicable laws/regulations dealing with taxes/duties/levies allocable or related to the business of the Transferor Companies, to the extent not provided for or covered by tax provision in the accounts made as on the date immediately preceding the Appointed Date, shall be transferred to the Transferee Company.
- 10.4 It is further provided that upon the Scheme coming into effect, all taxes payable by the Transferor Companies and all or any refunds and claims, from the Appointed Date shall, for all purposes, be treated as the tax liabilities or refunds and claims, as the case may be of the Transferee Company. Accordingly, upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company are also expressly permitted to revise their Financial Statements, respective Income Tax Returns, TDS Returns, other tax/ statutory returns and to claim refunds, subsidy receivable, advance tax and withholding tax credits, benefits of credit for minimum alternative tax and carry forward of accumulated depreciation and losses as per books, if any, etc. pursuant to the provisions of this Scheme. In other words, all existing and future incentives, unavailed credits and exemptions, carried forward losses of all types under the IT Act including unabsorbed depreciation for the purpose of minimum alternative tax computation and other statutory benefits and credit for minimum alternative tax under the IT Act, excise (including Modvat / Cenvat), customs, taxes under GST regulation etc. to which the Transferor Companies are entitled to shall be available to and vest in the Transferee Company.
- 10.5 In accordance with the Cenvat Rules framed under the Central Excise Act, 1944, GST regulations as per prevalent on the Effective Date and any other indirect tax as may be prevalent on the effective date, the unutilized credits relating to the VAT, GST paid on inputs/work-in-progress/capital goods lying in the accounts of the Transferor Companies, service tax credits, GST credits and any other indirect tax credits shall be permitted to be transferred to the credit of the Transferee Company as if all such unutilized credits were lying to the account of the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company shall accordingly be entitled to set off all such unutilized credits against the excise duty,amount payable under GST regulation or any other tax liability as may be permissible under the respective laws.
- 10.6 Upon the Scheme coming into effect, the Transferee Company is expressly permitted to revise its financial statements and returns along with prescribed forms, filings and annexures under the IT Act (including for minimum alternate tax purposes and tax benefits), service tax law, GST regulations and other tax laws, and to claim refunds and/or credits for taxes paid (including minimum alternate tax), and to claim tax benefits under the IT Act which includes but not limited to the amount disallowed in the hands of the Transferor Companies under Section 43B or 40(a) of the IT Act for the financial

years prior to the Appointed Date shall be eligible to be claimed by the Transferee Companyon fulfillment of the conditions as laid down in Section 43B or 40(a) of the IT Act etc. and other tax laws and for matters incidental thereto, if required to give effect to the provisions of this Scheme.

10.7 Without prejudice to the generality of the above, all benefits including under Income Tax, Sales Tax, Excise Duty, Customs Duty, service tax, VAT,GST etc., to which the Transferor companies is entitled to in terms of the applicable tax laws of the Union and State Governments, shall be available to and vest in the Transferee company.

11. EFFECT OF SCHEME

The Scheme shall not have any adverse effect on any key managerial personnel, directors, promoters, non-promoter members, creditors or any employee, if any, of the Transferor Companies or the Transferee Company. The Scheme shall also not have any effect on material interests of any of directors and key managerial personnel of Transferor Companies or the Transferee Company. As stated above, any outstanding amounts payable by the Transferor Companies shall stand transferred onto the Transferee Company and shall be payable by the Transferee Company. Further, the services of all transferred employees, if any, and managerial personnel of the Transferor Companies to the Transferee Company will be treated as having been continuous for the purpose of the aforesaid employee benefits and / or liabilities.

12. INTER-SE TRANSACTIONS

Without prejudice to the provisions of Clause 7 above, with effect from the Appointed Date, all inter-party transactions/arrangements between the Transferor Companies as the case maybe and the Transferee Company shall be considered as intra-party transactions/arrangements for all purposes. For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that upon the Scheme coming into effect and with effect from the Appointed Date, to the extent there are inter-corporate loans, deposits, investments, obligation, balances or other outstanding as between the Transferor Companies inter-se and/or the Transferee Company, the obligations in respect thereof or any other arrangements shall come to an end. Any tax payment whether by way of deduction at source, advance tax or otherwise howsoever, on such intercompany transaction(s)/payment(s) post the Appointed Date by either of the Transferor Companies shall be deemed to be advance tax paid by the Transferee Company. There shall be no liability in that behalf and corresponding effect shall be given in the books of account and records of the Transferee Company for the reduction of such assets or liabilities as the case may be.

13. CONTRACTS, DEEDS, LICENSES ETC.

13.1 Upon the Scheme coming into effect and subject to the provisions hereof, all contracts, deeds, bonds, agreements, schemes, arrangements, assurances and other instruments of whatsoever nature to which the Transferor Companies as the case maybe are a party or to the benefit of which the Transferor Companies may be eligible and which are subsisting or have effect immediately before the Appointed Date, shall continue in full force and effect on or against or in favour of, as the case may be, and be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of the Transferor Companies, the Transferee Company had been party or beneficiary or oblige thereto or thereunder.

- 13.2 Without prejudice to the other provisions of this Scheme and notwithstanding the fact that vesting of the Undertaking occurs by virtue of this Scheme itself, the Transferee Company may, at any time after the coming into effect of this Scheme in accordance with the provisions hereof, if so required under any law or otherwise, take such actions and execute such deeds (deeds of adherence), confirmations or other writings or arrangements with any party to any contract or arrangements to which the Transferor Companies are party or any writings as may be necessary in order to give formal effect to the provisions of this Scheme. The Transferee Company shall, under the provisions of this Scheme, be deemed to be authorized to execute any such writings on behalf of the Transferor Companies and to carry out or perform all such formalities or compliances referred to above on the part of the Transferor Companies to be carried out or performed.
- 13.3 For the avoidance of doubt and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, it is clarified that upon the coming into effect of this Scheme, all consents, permissions, rights, statutory licenses, certificates, clearances, authorities, powers of attorney given by, issued to or executed in favour of any of the Transferor Companies shall stand transferred to the Transferee Company, as if the same were originally given by, issued to or executed in favour of the Transferee Company, and the Transferee Company shall be bound by the terms thereof, the obligations and duties thereunder and the rights and benefits under the same shall be available to the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company shall receive relevant approvals from the concerned Government Authorities as may be necessary in this behalf.
- 13.4 Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, any statutory licenses, leasehold rights, permissions or approvals or consents held by the Transferor Companies and required to carry on operations or any business of the Transferor Companies shall stand vested in or transferred to the Transferee Company, without any further act or deed, and shall be appropriately mutated by the statutory authorities concerned therewith in favour of the Transferee Company. Statutory and regulatory permissions, licenses, registrations, leasehold rights, environmental approvals and consents including statutory licenses, permissions or approvals or consents required to carry on the operations of the Transferor Companies shall vest in and become available to the Transferee Company pursuant to the Scheme. Any no-objection certificates, licenses, permissions, consents, approvals, authorizations, registrations or statutory rights as are held by the Transferor Companies shall, as far as practicable and permitted, be deemed to constitute licenses, permissions, no-objection certificates, consents, approvals, authorities, registrations or statutory rights of the Transferee Company, and the relevant or concerned statutory authorities and licensors shall endorse and/or mutate or record the merger, so as to facilitate the continuation of operations of the Transferor Companies in the Transferee Company without any hindrance or let from the Appointed Date. The Transferee Company shall, under the provisions of this Scheme, be deemed to be authorized to execute any such documents or perform such actions to obtain aforesaid approvals or permissions.

14. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On and from the Appointed Date, all suits, actions and legal proceedings (hereinafter referred to as 'Proceedings') by or against any of the Transferor Companies arising on or before the Effective Date shall be continued and/or enforced as desired by the Transferee Company and on and from the Effective Date, shall be continued and/or enforced by or against the Transferee Company as effectually and in the same manner and to the same extent as if the same had been instituted and/or pending and/or arising by or against the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company undertakes to continue to abide by any agreement/settlement, if any, entered into by the Transferor Companies with any union/employee of the any Transferor Companies.

15. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS TILL EFFECTIVE DATE

- 15.1 With effect from the Appointed Date and up to and including the Effective Date:
 - (a) The Transferor Companies shall carry on and shall be deemed to have carried on all its business and activities as hitherto and shall hold and stand possessed of their respective Undertaking(s) on account of, and for the benefit of and in trust for, the Transferee Company.
 - (b) All profits or incomes accruing or arising to the Transferor Companies, and all expenditure or losses arising or incurred (including all taxes, if any, paid or accruing in respect of any profit and income) by the Transferor Companies shall, for all purposes, be treated and be deemed to be and accrued as the profits or incomes or as the case may be, expenditure or losses (including taxes) of the Transferee Company.
 - (c) All assets howsoever acquired by the Transferor Companies for carrying on its business, operations or activities and the liabilities relating thereto shall be deemed to have been acquired and are also contracted for and on behalf of the Transferee Company.
 - (d) All taxes (including income tax, excise duty, customs duty, GST etc.) paid or payable by the Transferor Companies in respect of the operations and/or the profits of their respective businesses before the Appointed Date, shall be deemed to be on account of the Transferee Company and, in so far as it relates to tax payment (including, without limitation, excise duty, custom duty, income tax, GST, etc.), whether by way of deduction at source, advance tax or otherwise howsoever, by the Transferor Companies in respect of the profits or activities or operation of their respective businesses after the Appointed Date, the same shall be deemed to be the corresponding amount paid by the Transferee Company and shall, in all proceedings be dealt accordingly.
 - (e) Any of the rights, powers, authorities and privileges attached or related or pertaining to and exercised by or available to the Transferor Companies shall be deemed to have been exercised by the Transferor Companies, for and on behalf of and as agent for the Transferee Company. Similarly, any of the obligations, duties and commitments attached, related or pertaining to their Undertaking that has been undertaken or discharged by the Transferor Companies shall be deemed to have been undertaken

or discharged for and on behalf of and as agent of the Transferee Company.

- 15.2 With effect from the date of filing of this Scheme with the NCLT and up to and including the Effective Date:
 - (a) The Transferor Companies shall preserve and carry on its business and activities with reasonable diligence and business prudence and shall not undertake any financial commitments of any nature whatsoever, borrow any amounts nor incur any liabilities or expenditure, issue any additional guarantees, indemnities, letters of comfort or commitments either for itself or on behalf of its group companies or any third party or sell, transfer, alienate, charge, mortgage or encumber or deal with their respective Undertakings or any part thereof save and except in each case in the following circumstances:
 - (i) if the same is in its ordinary course of business as carried on by it as on date of filing of this Scheme with the NCLT; or
 - (ii) if the same is permitted by this Scheme; or
 - (iii) if the same is with respect to any contracts/ agreement/ arrangements / obligation subsisting as on the date of filing of this Scheme with the NCLT; or
 - (iv) if consent of the Transferee Company has been obtained.
 - (b) Without the prior consent of the Transferee Company, the Transferor Companies shall not take, enter into, perform or undertake, as applicable (i) any material decision in relation to its business and affairs and operations (ii) any agreement or transaction (other than an agreement or transaction in ordinary course of the Transferor Companies's business); and (iii) such other matters as the Transferee Company may notify from time to time.
- 15.3 Without prejudice to the above, the Transferor Companies from the date of filing this Scheme with the NCLT shall not make any change in its capital structure, whether by way of increase (by issue of equity shares on a rights basis, bonus shares or otherwise), decrease, reduction, reclassification, subdivision or consolidation, reorganization, or in any other manner which may, in any way, affect the Share Exchange Ratio except under any of the following circumstances:
 - a) By mutual consent of the respective Board of Directors of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company; or
 - b) By way of any obligation already subsisting as on the date of filing this Scheme with the NCLT.
- 15.4 The Transferee Company shall also be entitled, pending sanction of the Scheme, to apply to the NCLT, State Government, and all other agencies, departments and statutory authorities concerned, wherever necessary, for such consents, approvals and sanctions which the Transferee Company may require including the registration, approvals, exemptions, reliefs, etc., as may be required / granted under any law for the time being in force for carrying on business of the Transferor Companies.

16. EMPLOYEES

- 16.1 Upon coming into effect of this Scheme:
 - (a) The permanent employees, if any, of the Transferor Companies who are in employment as on the Effective Date shall become the employees of the Transferee Company with effect from the Effective Date, i.e. from the appointed date, without any break or interruption in service and on terms and conditions as to employment and remuneration not less favorable than those on which they are engaged or employed by the Transferor Companies. The Transferee Company undertakes to continue to abide by any agreement/settlement, if any, entered into by any Transferor Companies with any union/employee of the Transferor Companies.
 - (b) The existing provident fund, gratuity fund, pension and/or superannuation fund or trusts or retirement funds or benefits created by the Transferor Companies or any other special funds created or existing for the benefit of the concerned employees of the Transferor Companies (collectively referred to as "Funds"), if any, and the investment made out of such Funds shall, at an appropriate stage, be transferred to the Transferee Company to be held for the benefit of the concerned employees of the Transferor Companies. The Funds shall, subject to the necessary approvals and permission and at the discretion of the Transferee Company, either be continued as separate funds of the Transferee Company for the benefit of the employees of the Transferor Companies or be transferred to and merged with other similar funds of the Transferee Company. In the event that the Transferee Company does not have its own fund with respect to any such Funds, the Transferee Company may, subject to necessary approvals and permissions, continue to maintain the existing Funds separately and contribute therein, until such time as the Transferee Company creates its own funds into which the Funds and the investments and contributions pertaining to the employees of the Transferor Companies shall be transferred to such funds of the Transferee Company.
- 16.2 With effect from the date of filing of this Scheme with the NCLT and up to and including the Effective Date the Transferor Companies shall not vary or modify the terms and conditions of employment of any of its employees, except with the written consent of the Transferee Company.
- 16.3 It is clarified that the services of all transferred staff, workmen and employees of the Transferor Companies to the Transferee Company will be treated as having been continuous for the purpose of the aforesaid employee benefits and/or liabilities. For the purpose of payment of any retrenchment compensation, gratuity, and/or other terminal benefits, and/or any other liability pertaining to staff, workmen and employees, the past services of such staff, workmen and employees with the Transferor Companies shall also be taken into account by the Transferee Company, who shall pay the same as and when payable.

17. SAVING OF CONCLUDED TRANSACTIONS

Subject to the terms of this Scheme, the transfer and the vesting of the Undertaking(s) of the Transferor Companies under Clause 7 of this Scheme shall not affect any transactions or proceedings already concluded by the Transferor Companies on or before the Appointed Date or after the Appointed Date till the Effective Date, to the end and intent that the Transferee Company accepts and adopts all acts, deeds and things made, done and executed by the Transferor Companies as acts, deeds and things made, done and executed by or on behalf of the Transferee Company.

18. OTHERS

- 18.1 On and from the Effective Date, and thereafter, the Transferee Company shall be entitled to operate all bank accounts of the Transferor Companies and realize all monies and enforce all pending contracts and transactions and to issue credit notes in respect of the Transferor Companies in the name of the Transferee Company in so far as may be necessary until the transfer of rights and obligations of the Transferor Companies to the Transferee Company under this Scheme have been formally given effect to under such contracts and transactions.
- 18.2 All cheques and other negotiable instruments, payment orders received in the name of Transferor Companies after the Effective Date shall be accepted by the Bankers of the Transferee Company and credited to the account of the Transferee Company, if presented by the Transferee Company as pertaining to the Transferor Companies;
- 18.3 Since each of the permissions, approvals, consents, sanctions, remissions, special reservations, holidays, incentives, concessions and other authorisations in relation to the Transferor Companies, shall stand transferred by the order of the NCLT to the Transferee Company, the Transferee Company shall file the relevant intimations, for the record of the statutory authorities who shall take them on file, pursuant to the vesting orders of the NCLT.
- 18.4 The Transferee Company will have the right to use all intellectual property rights including trademarks and Brands, domain names, service marks, colour schemes, logo, records, files, papers, engineering and process information, computer programmes, manuals, data, catalogues, quotations, sales and advertising materials, lists of present and former customers patents, copy rights, technical know-how, designs, design registrations, etc. relating to the Business of the Transferor Companies.

19. CONSIDERATION

19.1 The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Transferor Companies is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. Accordingly, the shares held by the Transferee Company in the Transferor Companies shall, on and from the end of the Transition Period, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed, and accordingly, no shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Transferor Companies in lieu of the said amalgamation.

19.2 The shares of the Transferor Companies, in relation to the shares held by its members, shall without any further application, act, instrument or deed be deemed to have been automatically cancelled and be of no effect on and from the end of the Transition Period.

20. ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

20.1 Accounting Treatment in the books of Transferee Company

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, upon this Scheme becoming effective, the Transferee Company shall account the transaction in accordance with the applicable accounting standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, or any other relevant or related requirement under the Act, as applicable on the Effective Date

Upon coming into effect of this scheme, the Transferee Company shall account for the amalgamation in its books of accounts in accordance with 'pooling of interests method' of accounting as laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 103 – Business Combinations and relevant clarifications issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

20.2 Accounting Treatment in the books of Transferor Companies

As the Transferor Companies shall stand dissolved without being wound up upon the Scheme becoming effective, hence there is no accounting treatment prescribed under this Scheme in the books of the Transferor Companies.

21. VALIDITY OF EXISTING RESOLUTIONS, ETC.,

Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme, resolutions, if any, of the Transferor Companies, which are valid and subsisting on the Effective Date, shall continue to be valid and subsisting and be considered as resolutions of the Transferee Company and if any such resolutions have any monetary limits approved under the provisions of the Act, or any other applicable statutory provisions, then the said limits shall be added to the limits, if any, under like resolutions passed by the Transferee Company and shall constitute the aggregate of the said limits in the Transferee Company.

22. CONSOLIDATION OF AUTHORISED CAPITAL

- 22.1 Upon this Scheme becoming effective, the authorized share capital of the Transferee Company shall automatically stand increased without any further act, instrument or deed, by the Authorised share capital of the Transferor Companies, amounting in aggregate to Rs. 60,00,00,000/-(Rupees Sixty Crores only) divided into 55,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- eachamounting to Rs. 55,00,00,000/-(Rupees Fifty-Five Crores Only) and 50,00,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each amounting to Rs.5,00,00,000/- (Rupees Five Crores only).
- 22.2 The memorandum and articles of association of the Transferee Company (relating to authorised share capital) shall without any further act, instrument or deed, be and stand altered, modified and

amended, and the consent of the shareholders to the Scheme shall be deemed to be sufficient for the purpose of effecting this amendment, and no further resolution(s) under any other applicable provisions of the Act would be required to be separately passed, as the case may be and for this purpose the stamp duty and fees paid on the authorised capital of the Transferor Companies shall be utilised and applied to the increased authorised share capital of the Transferee Company and there would be no requirement for any other further payment of stamp duty and / or fee by the Transferee Company for increase in the authorised share capital to that extent. Pursuant to the Scheme becoming effective and consequent upon the amalgamation of the Transferor Companies into the Transferee Company, the authorised share capital of the Transferee Company will be as under:

Authorised Share Capital	(Amount in INR)
55,00,00,000Equity shares of INR 1/- each	55,00,00,000
50,00,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of INR 10/- each	5,00,00,000
Total	60,00,00,000

- 22.3 It is clarified that the approval of the members of the Transferee Company to the Scheme shall be deemed to be their consent / approval also to the alteration of the Memorandum of Association of the Transferee Company as may be required under the Act.
- 22.4 Clause 5 of the Memorandum of Association of the Transferee Company shall, without any further act, instrument or deed, be and stand altered, modified and amended pursuant to applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 as the case may be and be replaced by the following clause:
 - "(a)The Authorized Share Capital of the Company 60,00,00,000/- (Rupees Sixty Crores only) divided into 55,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each amounting to Rs. 55,00,00,000/-(Rupees Fifty-Five Crores Only) and 50,00,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each amounting to Rs.5,00,00,000/- (Rupees Five Crores only) with such rights, privileges and conditions respectively attached thereto as may be from time totime conferred by the regulations of the Company; with power to increase and reduce the capital of the Company and to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company and to vary, modify, or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions, in such manner as may for the time being be provided by the regulations of the Company."

PART – III

GENERAL TERMS AND CLAUSES

23. DISSOLUTION WITHOUT WINDING UP

Upon this Scheme becoming effective, the Transferor Companiesshall, without any further, act, or deed, stand dissolved without going through the process of winding up upon such terms as the NCLT may direct or determine.

On and with effect from the effective date, the name of the Transferor Companies shall be struck off from the records of the relevant Registrar of Companies.

The Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company shall with all reasonable dispatch, make all applications/ petitions under Section 230 to Section 232 and other applicable provisions of the Act to the NCLT for sanctioning of this scheme and for the dissolution of the Transferor Companies without winding up under the provisions of law, and obtain all approvals as may be required thereunder.

24. APPLICATIONS TO THE NCLT

- 24.1 The Transferor Companiesand the Transferee Company shall make all necessary joint applications/petitions to the NCLT under Sections 232 read with Section 230 and other applicable provisions of the Act, for seeking its approval of this Scheme and all matters ancillary or incidental thereto, as may be necessary to give effect to the terms of this Scheme.
- 24.2 On this Scheme being agreed by the requisite majority of members and creditors of the respective Transferor Companiesand the Transferee Company, the Transferor Companiesand the Transferee Company shall apply to the NCLT for sanction of this Scheme under Section 232 read with Section 230 of the Act and other applicable provisions of the Act, and for such other order, or orders, as the NCLT may deem fit for carrying this Scheme into effect.
- 24.3 Upon this Scheme becoming, effective, the respective shareholders of the Transferor Companiesand the Transferee Company shall be deemed to have also accorded their approval under all relevant provisions of the Act for giving effect to the provisions contained in this Scheme.
- 24.4 It is hereby clarified that filing of the Scheme to the NCLT and to any authorities for their respective approvals is without prejudice to all rights, interest, titles and defenses that the companies have or may have under or pursuant to all applicable laws.
- 24.5 The Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company shall also take such other steps as may be necessary or expedient to give full and formal effect to the provisions of this Scheme, including making the required RoC filings.
- 24.6 The Transferee Company and the Transferor Companiesshall be entitled, pending the sanction of the Scheme, to apply to any Appropriate Authority, if required, under any law for such consents and approvals which the Transferee Company may require to own the Undertaking and to carry on the business of the Transferor

Companies and provide such intimations to the Appropriate Authority wherever required.

25. MODIFICATIONS OR AMENDMENTS TO THIS SCHEME

- 25.1 The Transferor Companiesand the Transferee Company, by their respective Boards, may make and consent to any modification(s) or amendment(s) to this Scheme or to any conditions or limitations that the NCLT or any other authority may deem fit to direct or impose or which may otherwise be considered necessary, desirable or appropriate by them, provided that any such modification(s) or amendment(s) to this Scheme after the approval of this Scheme by the NCLT shall be subject to the prior approval of the NCLT. The Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company by their respective Boards, shall be authorised to take all such steps as may be necessary, desirable or proper to resolve any doubts, difficulties or questions whether by reason of any directive or orders of any other authorities or otherwise howsoever arising out of or under or by virtue of this Scheme or any matter concerned or connected therewith.
- 25.2 For the purpose of giving effect to this Scheme or to any modification(s) or amendment(s) thereof or additions thereto, the directors of the Transferee Company may give and is hereby authorised to determine and give all such directions as are necessary, including directions for settling or removing any question of doubt or difficulty that may arise and such determination or directions, as the case may be, shall be binding on all parties, in the same manner as if the same were specifically incorporated in this Scheme.

26. SCHEME CONDITIONAL ON APPROVALS AND SANCTIONS

This Scheme is conditional upon and subject to:

- (a) Approval by requisite majority of the members and/ or creditors of the Transferor Companiesand the Transferee Company as the Act provides from time to time or as may be directed by the NCLT;
- (b) Approval of this Scheme by the NCLT, whether with any modification or amendment as the NCLT may deem appropriate or otherwise; and
- (c) The certified copies of the NCLT's orders sanctioning this Scheme being filed with the Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad by the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company.

27. EFFECT OF NON-RECEIPT OF APPROVALS

- 27.1 In the event that this Scheme is not sanctioned by the NCLT or in the event any of the consents, approvals, permissions, resolutions, agreements, sanctions or conditions specified in this Scheme are not obtained or complied with or this Scheme cannot be implemented for any other reason, this Scheme shall stand revoked and cancelled and shall have no effect, and each of the Transferor Companiesand the Transferee Company shall bear its own costs, charges and expenses in connection with this Scheme, unless otherwise mutually agreed.
- 27.2 In the event of non-receipt of approval of any lender or creditor for the transfer of any liability, then at the option of the Board of the Transferee Company, it may issue a security or recognize a liability in favour of the lender or the creditor, as the case may be, on the same terms.

27.3 The transfer of such asset or liability shall become effective from the Appointed Date as and when the requisite approvals are received or the liability or security abovementioned be recognized or issued and the provisions of this Scheme shall apply appropriately to the said transfer, recognition and issue.

28. COSTS

All costs, charges and expenses including stamp duty and registration fee of any deed, document, instrument or NCLT's order including this Scheme or in relation to or in connection with negotiations leading up to this Scheme and of carrying out and implementing the terms and provisions of this Scheme and incidental to the completion of scheme of Amalgamation in pursuance of this Scheme shall be borne and paid by the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company shall be eligible for deduction of expenditure incurred as per section 35DD of the IT Act.

29. MISCELLANEOUS

- 29.1 After the transfer, the combined assets shall be sufficient to meet the combined liabilities of the Transferee Company and the said Scheme will not adversely affect the rights of any of the creditors of any of the Companies in any manner whatsoever and the assets of the amalgamated company (i.e. the Transferee Company) shall be sufficient for payment of all liabilities as and when the same fall due in usual course.
- 29.2 In the event of non-fulfillment of any or all obligations under the Scheme by any company towards the other company, inter-se or to third parties and non-performance of which will put the other company under any obligation, then such company will indemnify the other company in respect of all costs/interests, etc.
- 29.3 On the approval of the Scheme by the members of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company pursuant to Section 232 read with Section 230 of the Act, it shall be deemed that the said members have also accorded all relevant consents under other provisions of the Act to the extent the same may be considered applicable for the purpose of this Scheme.
- 29.4 It is the intention of the parties that any Part of the Scheme, as may be mutually decided by the Board of each of Parties, shall be severable from the remainder of the Scheme, and the Scheme shall not be affected by such alteration.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To,
The Members,
Liberty Pesticides & Fertilizers Limited,

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Liberty Pesticides & Fertilizers Limited (the Company), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on above date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies(Accounts)Rules,2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for detecting and preventing frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are responsible and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021;
- (b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we report that in absence of any transaction during the year statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order is not applicable.
- As required by the Companies Act, 2013 in terms of Clause (1) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act, we report that in absence of any transaction during the year our Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting is not applicable.
- As required by Indian Accounting Standards 101, as followed by the company, the financial Statements and related notes comply with Indian Accounting Standards.
- 4. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act we report that:
 - a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement comply with Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021, from being appointed as a director in terms of sub-section (2) of section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Place: Udaipur Date: 18.06.2021 UDAIPUR *

For L. S. NALWAYA& Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN 115645W)

> L. S. NALWAYA PARTNER M. No.012114

LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

(Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	2570.0110.000 (AT 000)	Note	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
-	Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
M	ASSETS			
0	Non-current assets			
	(a) Property, plant and equipment		5	
	(b) Capital work-in-progress	Δ ¹		
	(c) Other intangible assets		2	3
	(d) Intangible assets under development		ž.	8
	(c) Financial assets			
	i) Investments			
	ii) Loans		14	
	iii) Other financial assets	1	3.38	5.20
	(f) Other non-current assets		- N	
			3.38	5.20
	Current assets			
	(a) Inventories		1.5	5
	(b) Financial assets		2	2
	i) Investments		w'	+
	ii) Trade receivables		*	
	iii) Government subsidies receivable			
	iv) Cash and cash equivalents	2	33.77	27.02
	v) Bank balances other than cash and cash	_	19	-
	equivalents			
	vi) Loans	3	248.00	248.13
	vii) Other financial assets		E-10,00	270.1
	UNIX MOVE \$1	4	0.51	0.3
	(c) Other current assets	ं	282.28	275.52
			1,000,000,000	
	Total assets		285.66	280.72
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Equity			
	(a) Equity share capital	5	75.00	75.00
	(b) Other equity	6	207.75	201.35
	11/8/2015 (Pro-1977) 11/8/2015 (Pro-1977) 1 / Billion (Pro-1977) 1 /		202.75	276.25
	Total equity		282.75	276.35
	Non-current liabilities			
	(a) Financial liabilities			
	i) Borrowings		₽.	1 5
	ii) Other financial liabilities		15	
	(b) Provisions		2	i i
	7.000-0744 AFD-0700-000-0707-0700		9	
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities		3	
	(e) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		-	
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities			
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities		<u>*</u>	<u>*</u>
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities		<u>3</u>	<u>*</u>
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (b) Borrowings			- 3
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables			2
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables (iii) Other financial liabilities			
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Provisions			
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (b) Borrowings (c) Current financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Current tax liabilities (net)	7	2.32	
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Provisions	7 8	0.59	0.5
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (b) Borrowings (c) Current financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Current tax liabilities (net)			0.5
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (b) Borrowings (c) Current financial liabilities (b) Provisions (c) Current tax liabilities (net)		0.59 2.91	4.3
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (b) Borrowings (c) Other financial liabilities (d) Provisions (e) Current tax liabilities (net) (d) Other current liabilities		0.59	3.79 0.50 4.3° 4.3°

In terms of our report attached

For L.S.NALWAYA & CO.

Chartered Accountants I/RN 115645W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

L.S.Nalwaya

Partner MRN 012114

Place: Secunderahad Date: 18.06.2021

S. Sankarasubramanian

Director

Rajesh Mukhija Director

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LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 31 March 2021 (Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Note	For the ende 31 March	d	For the Year ended 31 March 2020
1	Income				
	Revenue from operations			ŝ	Ď
	Other income	9		9.71	15.35
	Total income			9.71	15.35
II	Expenses	*			
	Cost of materials consumed				
	Purchases of stock-in-trade			-	
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-process and stock-in-trade				
	(4) 11 12 13 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			2	
	Excise duty			*	1,5
	Employee benefits expense			3	Ti I
	Finance costs		2	5	*
	Depreciation and amortisation expense			58 cm	E
	Other expenses	10		0.78	0.82
	Total expenses			0.78	0.82
III	Profit before exceptional items and tax (I - II)			8.94	14.53
IV	Exceptional items (net)			0.00	0.00
V	Profit before tax (III + IV)			8.94	14.53
VI	Tax expense:				
	(1) Current tax			2.32	3.78
	(2) Deferred tax			+	÷.
	(3) Earlier Year Income tax			0.21	0.77
	M		-	2.54	4.54
VII	Profit for the year (V - VI)			6.40	9.99
	See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statemen	ts 11			

In terms of our report attached

For L.S.NALWAYA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

FRN 115645W

L.S.Nalwaya Partner MRN 012114

Place: Secunderabad

Date: 18.06.2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. Sankarasubramanian

Director

Rajesh Mukhija Director

2817 * (1)

LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 31 March 2021 (Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

a. Equity share capital

an addity amount and	Number of shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2020	7,50,000	7
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	7,50,000	7
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options		
Balance as at 31 March 2021	7,50,000	7
*less than a lakh	-	

b. Other equity

n. Other equity	Reserves and Surplus					
Particulars	General reserve	Capital investment Subisdy	Capital reserve	Investment Allowance Reserve	Profit and Loass A/c	Total
Balance at April 1, 2020 (as previously reported)	55.24	18.42	1.23	9.04	117.42	201.35
Changes in accounting policy	ves le	100	720		0.000	CANTO SES
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period	55.24	18.42	1.23	9.04	117.42	201.35
Balance at April 1, 2020	55.24	18.42	1,23	9.04	117.42	201.35
Balance at April 1, 2020	55.24	18.42	1.23	9.04	117.42	201.35
Profit for the year				-	6.40	6.40
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>	1100 p. 100 p. 1	unings.
Total comprehensive income for the period	55.24	18.42	1.23	9.04	123.82	207.75
Recognition of share-based payments	<u> </u>	27	9		2	- 2
Amount received on exercise of employee stock options	£	(4)		i i i	· ·	3
Payment of dividends					(*)	3
Amounts transferred within the reserves	1	E	- 2	72	2	3
Balance at March 31, 2021	55.24	18.42	1.23	9.04	117.42	207.75
Profit for the period	* 5		3	į.	6.40	6.40
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	-	-		- 11000
Total comprehensive income for the period			-		6.40	6.40
Payment of dividends	2	2		12	72	2
Amount received on exercise of employee stock options						9
Transfer to retained earnings						
Amounts transferred within the reserves						<u> </u>
Balance at March 31, 2021	55.24	18.42	1.23	9.04	123.82	207.75

In terms of our report attached

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

For L.S.NALWAYA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

L.S.Nalwaya Partner

Place: Secunderabad Date: 18.06.2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. Sankarasubramanian

Director

Rajesh Mukhija

Director

LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED Notes forming part of the financial statements (' in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

1. Non Current Assets

1. Ivon Guitent Assets	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Other Financial Assets		
Security Deposit & Advances TDS/Advance Income Tax (F Y 19-20)	1.21	1.2
TDS/Advance Income Tax (F Y 20-21)	2.17	-
	3.38	5.20
2. Cash and cash equivalents	*	
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Cash on hand	8	
Balances with Banks:		
On Current accounts On Deposit accounts	33.77	27.02
	33.77	27.02
3. Current Financial assets: Loans		
And the second s	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial assets carried at amortised cost Inter-corporate deposits Coromandel International Ltd.		
Loan to Coromandel International Ltd. (Holding Co.)	248.00	248.13
	248.00	248.13
4. Other Current Assets		
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
RJ SGST Receivable Services	0.18	0.13
RJ CGS'I' Receivable Services	. 0.18	0.13
RJ IGST Receivable Services	0.16	0.11
5. Equity	0.51	0.37
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
3.1 Equity share capital Authorised Share capital: 10000000 fully paid equity shares of `10 each (previous year 10000000 equity shares of `10 each)	1,000.00	1,000.00
ssued and subscribed capital comprises:	. 11 ₱ 2012 VIII 602/41V	10 mm (00 m)
50000 (31 March 2016 : 7500000) fully paid equity shares of Rs.10 each	75.00	75.00
20000 (3) March 2010. (200000) runy paid equity shares of Rs.10 each		

3.2 Reconciliation of number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the

	Numbers of Shares	Amount
Balance as at 31 March 2020	7,50,000	75.00
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	2 A ₂	19,70
Add: Equity shares allotted on amalgamation of subsidiary		
Balance as at 1 April 2020	7,50,000	75.00
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	A TOURNEY OF THE PARTY OF THE P	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	7,50,000	75.00
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	West residents	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	7,50,000	75.00



6.	Other	equi	ty
----	-------	------	----

o. Other equity	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
General reserve	55.24	55.24
Capital investment Subisdy	18.42	18.43
Capital reserve	1.23	1.23
Investment Allowance Reserve	9.04	9.04
Securities Premium Account	(*)	*
Profit and Loass A/c	123,82	117.42
ESOP reserve		- E
Equity Instruments through OCI		
armoni Borro (1900) e controlo arcano e a area de arcano e arcano e anterior de arcano e a control de arcano e	207.75	201.36

7. Current Tax Liabilities

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Income tax payable FY 19-20		3.78
Income tax payable FY 20-21	2.32	
meme an payment and	2.32	3.78

8 Other Current Liabilities

8. Other Current Liabilities	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Advances from customers	-	*
Income received in advance	ē	9
Other liabilities (including statutory remittances)		<u> </u>
Audit fee Provision 2019-20	£	0.55
Audit fee Provision 2020-21	0.55	. 5
B.V.P.A.Gopinath	-	0.00
TDS on Consultancy	0.04	
Adv. Sandcep Mahta	-	0.04
CONTROL OF CONTROL OF THE STATE	0.59	0.59

9. Other income

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2021	For the Year ended 31 March 2020
Interest on Loan	9.71	15.35
	9.71	15.35

10. Other expenses

For the Year ended 31 March 2021	For the Year ended 31 March 2020
0.00	0.00
0.55	0.55
0.27	0.27
(0.04)	
0.78	0.82
	ended 31 March 2021 0.00 0.55 0.27 (0.04)



LIBERTY PESTICIDES & FERTILIZERS LIMITED

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 2020-2021

(Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
NET PROFIT/ (LOSS) AFTER TAX	6.40	9.99
ADJUSTMENTS FOR:		
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	0.00	0.00
FINANCIAL CHARGES	0.00	0.00
4 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6.40	9.99
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING		
CAPITAL CHANGES		
DECREASE IN DEBTORS	0.00	0.00
DECREASE IN ADVANCES	1.81	7.09
DECREASE IN INVENTORIES	0.00	0.00
DECREASE IN TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES	-1.46	-9.72
DECREASE IN NON CURRENT LIABILITY	0.00	0.00
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	6,75	7.36
Variable Character and a loss of the control of the		
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	6.75	7.36
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	0.00	0.00
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	0.00	0.00
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
FINANCIAL CHARGES	0.00	0.00
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	0.00	0.00
D. NET INCREASE/(DECREASE)IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	6.75	7.36
E CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS - OPENING BALANCE	27.03	19.67
F CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS - CLOSING BALANCE	33.77	27.03
E. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS - OPENING BALANCE F. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS - CLOSING BALANCE	7777	

This is cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date

For L.S.NALWAYA & CO.

Chartered Accountants FRN 115645W

L.S.Nalwaya Partner MRN 012114

Place: Secunderabad Date::18.06.2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.Sankarasubramanian Director Rajesh Mukhija

Director

LIBERTY PESTICIDES & FERTILIZERS LIMITED

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Statements have been prepared under historic cost convention on accrual basis in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles.

The significant accounting policies are as follows-

INVESTMENTS:

Investments are stated at cost. However, there are no investments.

CURRENT ASSETS:

Inventories

a) Finished Goods are stated at cost. Cost is arrived at on first in first out basis and where appropriate includes proportionate direct production over-heads. However, there is no inventory at the end of the year.

INCOME:

Interest on Loan to Holding Company is accounted for on accrual basis.

NET PROFIT:

The net profit/loss is arrived at after providing for Income Tax in accordance with statutory requirements.

BENEFITS TO WORKMEN:

There is no liability in respect of retirement benefits under the Employees. Provident fund (And Miscellaneous Provisions) Act,1952.

TREATMENT OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Contingent liabilities on account of:

The contingent liabilities not acknowledged as debt are not provided since the ultimate outcome thereof cannot be determined on the date of the Balance Sheet.

OTHERS:

The company has followed the same accounting policies as in the previous years subject to regulatory changes, if any.



LIBERTY PESTICIDES & FERTILIZERS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

NOTE NO. 11

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st March- 2021 AND PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON THAT DATE

1. Contingent liabilities not provided for:

The Co. has sold its fixed Assets to Holding company M/s Liberty Phosphate Ltd. merged with Coromandel International Ltd. on 08.05.2014. Registration of transfer is pending. The amount of Stamp duty etc. if any Payable, will be Rs. 26.85 lacs plus interest etc. (Previous Year 26.85 lacs). As per agreement the Liability of stamp duty and charges, when payable shall now be borne by holding company Coromandel International Ltd.

2. There were no employees who were in receipt of remuneration in excess of the limit specified under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and

Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 as amended to date.

3. Advances and Other Liabilities are subject to confirmation.

 Provision for taxation has been made for the year under review and provisions for earlier years adjusted to Profit & Loss Account as Earlier Year Income Tax.

5. Previous year figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary, to confirm classification of this year.

For L.S. Nalwaya & Co.

Chartered Accountants FRN 115645W

> L. S. Nalwaya Partner MRN 012114

Place: Secunderabad Date: 18.06.2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. Sankarasubramanian

Director

Rajesh Mukhija Director

COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED
ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH 2021
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"GUHALAYA", Flat B-7,

No. 262 (Old 179) Royapettah High Road,

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To TheMembers of Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

Wehave audited the standalone financial statements of Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2021, and the statement of Profit and Loss, (statement of changes in equity) and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and profit/loss, for the yearended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conduct our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information [or another title if appropriate, such as "Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon"]

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the board's report, annexures to Annual return included in the Annual reportbut does not include the Financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that are operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in Appendix A of this auditor's report forms part of our auditor's report

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in AnnexureB a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief are necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (g) The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration and hence reporting on the compliance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act does not arise.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there are any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

Place: Chennai Date: 19-04-2021 CHENNAL*

For Shanker Giri & Prabhakar Chartered Accountants

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FRN: 003761S

K. Rangakrishnan

Partner

Membership No: 029172

UDIN: 21029172AAAABT8412

Chartered Accountants

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ANNEXURE 'A'

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind ASFinancial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercised professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. Wealso:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind ASfinancial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, weare also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind ASfinancial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For Shanker Giri & Prabhakar

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003761S

K. Rangakrishnan

Partner

Membership No.: 029172 UDIN:21029172AAAABT8412

Place: Chennai Date:19-04-2021



Chartered Accountants

"GUHALAYA", Flat B-7,

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ANNEXURE 'B'

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 of Our Report of even date to the members of COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED on the accounts of the company for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

i. Fixed Assets

- (a) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of its fixed assets
- (b) As explained to us, fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) The Company does not have any immovable properties.

ii. Inventory

As explained to us, inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals. Discrepancies noticed were not material and the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account.

- iii. The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act.
- iv. The Company has not given any loans, guarantees or security or acquired any investments and hence the applicability of provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 does not arise.
- v. The company has not accepted any deposits during the year. Hence Clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. Maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. According to the information and explanations given to us by the company, such accounts and records as required by the provisions of the Act have been so made and maintained
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, and records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, GST and any other statutory dues as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. There are no arrears of undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at 31st March 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income tax or sales tax or wealth tax or service tax or duty of



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customs or duty of excise or value added tax or cess and GST which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- viii. The Company has availed Working Capital Demand Loan from a Bank and there has been no default in repayment of the same. The Company has not taken any other loans from financial institutions and Government and has not issued any debentures.
- ix. The Company has not raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans.
- x. During the course of our examination of the Books and Records of the Company carried out in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company noticed or reported during the year nor have we been informed of such case by the Management.
- xi. The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year.
- xii. The provisions of clause (xii) are not applicable to the company as it is not a Nidhi Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with section 177 and 188 of the Act wherever applicable and has disclosed the transactions with related parties as required by the applicable accounting standards
- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under Section 42 of the Act.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any noncash transactions with directors or persons connected with them.
- xvi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45- IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

Place: Chennai

Date: 19-04-2021

CHENNA

For Shanker Giri & Prabhakar Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003761S

K. Rangakrishnan

Partner

Membership No.: 029172 UDIN:21029172AAAABT8412 Chartered Accountants

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ANNEXURE 'C'

ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of thestandalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financialcontrols based on the internal control over financial reporting criteriaestablished by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence tocompany's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds anderrors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls overfinancial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance withthe Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribedunder section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, bothissued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the GuidanceNote require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit toobtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy ofthe internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining anunderstanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that amaterial weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide basis for my / our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system overfinancial reporting.



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Fax: 91-44-2499 7317

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to providereasonable assuranceregarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation offinancial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:-

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance withouthorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonableassurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, ordisposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes inconditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In my / our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financialcontrols system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financialreporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on theinternal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering theessential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of InternalFinancial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants ofIndia.

For Shanker Giri & Prabhakar Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No:003761S

K. Rangakrishnan

Partner

Membership No: 029172

UDIN: 21029172AAAABT8412

Place: Chennai Date:19-04-2021



COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2021

			Note	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
			No	Rs.(Lacs)	Rs.(Lacs)
I ASS	ETS:				
1	Non-	Current Assets			
	(a)	Property, Plant and Equipment	1	397.54	416.26
	(b)	Capital work-in-Progress	1	0.40	17.34
	(c)	Financial Assets			
		(i) Others	2	2.57	2.34
	(d)	Deferred tax assets (Net)	16	4.17	1.41
				404.68	437.35
2	Curr	ent Assets			
	(a)	Inventories	3	685.41	869.35
	(b)	Financial Assets			
		(i) Current investments	4	-	
		(ii) Trade Receivables	5	943.41	747.14
		(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	1,377.46	1,302.47
		(iv) Other Current Assets	7	258.40	129.91
	(c)	Current Tax Assets (Net)	8	16.49	9.79
				3,281.17	3,058.66
		Total Assets [(1) + (2)]	3,685.85	3,496.01
II <u>EQ</u>	UITY A	AND LIABILITIES:			
1	Equi	ty			
	(a)	Equity Share Capital	9	1,000.00	1,000.00
	(b)	Other Equity	10	1,743.08	1,561.87
	300	Section (Co. Account)		2,743.08	2,561.87
2	Non-	Current Liabilities			
	(a)	Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	16	-	
				•	-
3	Curr	ent Liabilities			
	(a)	Financial Liabilities			
		(i) Borrowings	11	75.78	-
		(ii) Trade Payables	12	772.11	824.14
		(iii) Other financial liabilities	13	-	
	(b)	Other Current Liabilities	14	89.46	103.53
		Provisions	15	5.42	6.47
	(c)				
	(c) (d)	Current Tax Liabilities	16	042.77	- 02414
				942.77	934.14

On behalf of the Board of Directors

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of event date
For SHANKER GIRI & PRABHAKAR
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Sd/-SAMEER GOEL Chairman Sd/-NARAYANAN VELLAYAN Director Sd/-K.RANGAKRISHNAN Partner

Place: Secunderabad Date: 19-04-2021 Sd/-JYOTIKA AASAT Company Secretary

COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH 2021

		Note No.	For the Period Ended 31st Mar 2021	For the Period Ended 31st Mar 2020
			Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)
I	Revenue from Operations	17		180
	Sales		5,112.22	5,803.45
	Other Operating Revenue		*	19.80
	regionagia por logi. Agraecolast ras Procedura información		5,112.22	5,823.25
П	Other Income	18	118.33	57.87
m	Total Revenue (I+II)		5,230.55	5,881.12
IV	Expenses			
	Cost of Materials Consumed	19	4,253.56	3,073.84
	Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	20	112.99	1,597.57
	Changes in Inventories	21	295.57	492.27
	Employee Benefit Expense	22	122.02	175.71
	Finance Cost	23	1.87	2.14
	Depreciation and amortization Expense	24	54.43	210.15
	Other Expenses	25	153.93	284.84
	Total Expenses (IV)		4,994.37	5,836.52
V	Profit / Loss before tax (III - IV)		236.18	44.60
VI	Tax expense:			
	1 Current Tax		59.22	53.31
	2 Deferred Tax		-2.77	-34.01
	3 Short Provision of Tax relating to earlier years		¥	-
VII	Profit/(Loss) for the period (V - VI)		179,73	25.30
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			
	(i) Re-measurement gains/losses on defined benefit plans		1.48	-0.33
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (VII $+$ VIII)		181.21	24.97
X	Earnings Per Equity Share (On Continuing Operations)			
	Basic - Rs.		1.81	0.25
	Diluted - Rs.		1.81	0.25

On behalf of the Board of Directors

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of event date For SHANKER GIRI & PRABHAKAR CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Sd/-SAMEER GOEL Chairman Sd/-NARAYANAN VELLAYAN Director Sd/-K.RANGAKRISHNAN Partner

Place: Secunderabad Date: 19-04-2021 Sd/-JYOTIKA AASAT Company Secretary

COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2021

2020	-21	2019	-20
Rs. (Lakhs)	Rs. (Lakhs)	Rs. (Lakhs)	Rs. (Lakhs)
	236.18		44.60
-60.13		-38.64	
-			
54.43		210.15	
-		1.59	
-		· ·	
		-8.52	
0.81	-4.89	0.74	165.32
	231.29		209.92
185.77		681.97	
-196.27		-11.57	
-129.08		74.54	
-		7 -	
-67.32	-206.89	99.90	844.84
	24.40		1,054.76
-65.76	-65.76	-48.85	-48.85
	-41.36		1,005.91
		9.52	
-48.75		2500 -1000	
30.00	-18.75	49.85	-23.82
		-	
75.78		-	
-			
60.13		38.64	
		-	
-0.81	135.10	-0.74	37.90
	74.99		1,019.99
	1 302 47		282.48
	1,502.47		202.40
	1,377.46		1,302.47
	-60.13 -60.13 -54.43 - 0.81 185.77 -196.27 -129.08 -67.32 -65.76 -48.75 30.00 75.78 - 60.130.81	-60.13 -54.43 -0.81 -4.89 231.29 185.77 -196.27 -129.08 -67.32 -206.89 24.40 -65.76 -41.36 -48.75 30.00 -18.75 75.78 -60.13 -0.81 135.10 74.99 1,302.47	Rs. (Lakhs) -60.13 -60.13 -54.43 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.59 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57 -1.57

On behalf of the Board of Directors

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of event date For SHANKER GIRI & PRABHAKAR **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

Sd/-SAMEER GOEL Chairman

Sd/-NARAYANAN VELLAYAN Director

Sd/-

Sd/-K.RANGAKRISHNAN **Partner**

Place: Secunderabad JYOTIKA AASAT Date: 19-04-2021 **Company Secretary**

COROMANDEL SQM INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31/03/2021

A. Equity Share Capital

	Number of Shares	Amount (Rs)
Balance as at April 1, 2018	1,00,00,000.00	10,00,00,000.00
Changes in equity share capital during F.Y 18-19	_	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	1,00,00,000.00	10,00,00,000.00
Changes in equity share capital during F.Y 19-20	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,00,00,000.00	10,00,00,000.00
Changes in equity share capital during F.Y 20-21	-	<u> </u>
Balance as at Mar 31, 2021	1,00,00,000.00	10,00,00,000.00

B.Other Equity - Reserves & Surplus

Rupees in Lakhs

	Acturial Gain/loss	Retained Earnings	Total Other Equity
Balance at March 31, 2019	-0.36	1,537.26	1,536.90
Profit for F.Y 19-20	-	25.30	25.30
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-0.33	¥	-0.33
Dividends	-	8	
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	16
Any other change (to be specified)		-	72
Balance at March 31, 2020	-0.69	1,562.56	1,561.87
Profit for F.Y 20-21		179.73	179.73
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	1.48		1.48
Dividends		-	Ne.
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	
Any other change (to be specified)	-	-	l -
Balance at the end of the reporting period	0.79	1,742.29	1,743.08

On behalf of the Board of Directors

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of event date For SHANKER GIRI & PRABHAKAR CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Sd/-SAMEER GOEL Chairman Sd/-NARAYANAN VELLAYAN Director Sd/-K.RANGAKRISHNAN Partner

Place: Secunderabad Date: 19-04-2021 Sd/-JYOTIKA AASAT Company Secretary

Note:1

PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT:

		Cost	ıst			Depreciation	iation		W	Written Down Value	ue
Particulars	As at 01-Apr-20	Additions	Deletions	As at 31-Mar-21	As at 01-Apr-20	Additions	Deletions	As at 31-Mar-21	As at 31-Mar-21	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19
	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)
Factory Buildings *	393.98			393.98	187.60	27.18		214.78	179.20	206.38	302.42
Office Buildings **	61.46			61.46	31.32	4.51	u	35.83	25.63	30.14	54.53
Plant & Machinery	481.89	13.14	•	495.03	329.09	12.33	•	341.42	153.61	152.80	170.03
Electrical Installations	50.50		,	50.50	37.72	6.04	•	43.76	6.74	12.78	17.35
Office Equipments	7.45	21.78		29.23	4.79	0.99	ı	5.78	23.45	2.66	2.06
Factory Equipments	20.53	1	×	20.53	20.04	90'0		20.10	0.43	0.49	17.61
Furniture & Fixtures	9.55	-0.00	٠	9.55	3.11	1.02		4.13	5.42	6.44	6.97
Computers	18.92	0.79)	19.71	14.35	2.30		16.65	3.06	4.57	4.81
Motor Cars	٠		•			•			٠	•	10.95
TOTAL - (A)	1,044.28	35.71	•	1,079.99	628.02	54.43		682.45	397.54	416.26	588.89
Capital Work-In-Progress -(B)	17.34	13.05	29.99	0.40	4			300	0.40	17.34	24.15
Grand Total (A+B)	1,061.62	48.76	29.99	1,080.39	628.02	54.43		682.45	397.94	433.60	613.04
Previous Vear Mar 2020	1.031.75	82.20	57 33	1.061.62	418.74	210 15	0.88	20.869	433.60	613.04	

	As at 31st Mar 2021	As at 31st Mar 2020
-	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)
Note 2		
Other financial assets		
Financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Deposits	2.57	2.34
-	2.57	2.34
Note 3		
<u>Inventories:</u>		
Raw Materials at Cost		
Physical Stock	244.09	270.15
Goods-in-tranist	362.09	242.59
Packing Materials at Cost Work in Progress at Cost	39.56 0.49	21.37 5.30
Finished Goods at Cost at the lower of Cost and net		
realisable value	39.18	129.20
Traded Stocks at Cost at the lower of Cost and net realisable value	~	200.74
_	685.41	869.35
Note 4		
Current investments		
Investment in Mutual Funds	•	+7
=		
<u>Note 5</u>		
Trade Receivables:		
Unsecured - Considered Good		
Considered Good	943.41	747.14
Considered Doubtful		-
Loss Brazisian for Daulate I Dalas	943.41	747.14
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	943.41	747.14
≔	710.11	777.14

The credit period on sales of goods ranges from Advance to 90 days. No interest is recovered on trade receivables for payments received after the due date.

The above receivables includes an amount of Rs.897.29 Lakhs (as on 31.03.2020 - Rs. 520.27 Lakhs) due from Coromandel International Limited which is related party,

Before accepting any new customer, the Company has a credit evaluation system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and define credit limits for the customer. Credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed on an periodical basis.

As at	As at	
31st Mar 2021	31st Mar 2020	
Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	

The Company maintains an allowance for impairment of doubtful accounts based on financial condition of the customer, agering of the customer accounts receivable, available collateral and historical experience of collections from customers.

The company maintains an expected credit loss (%) as '0', from the above outsanding due. By considering the past years there is no major impact on company due to bad debts.

Trade receivables disclosed above include amounts that are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Company has not recognised an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

	As at 31st Mar 2021	As at 31st Mar 2020
	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)
Balance at beginning of the year	E	
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	-	-
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	<u> </u>	
Amounts recovered during the year	B	-
Impairment losses reversed		
Balance at end of the year	-	

The concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables is low, as the major products are marketed by means of an exclusive matkering arrangement with Coromandel Interantional Ltd through their delaers.

Note 6

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash on hand		-
Bank Balances - Current Account	30.31	209.79
	30.31	209.79
Bank Balances - Fixed Deposit Account	#12	. .
Having Maturity period of less than 12 months	1,347.15	1,092.68
=	1,377.46	1,302.47
Note 7		
Other Current Assets		
Unsecured - Considered Good		
Advances to Suppliers	14.94	7.91
Prepaid expenses	12.66	
Advance payment to Gratuity Fund	17.62	13.31
Receivable - Others*	17.07	13.84
Balance GST Credits	196.11	94.85
-	258.40	129.91
Note 8		
Current Tax Asset:		
Advance Payment of Tax (Net of Provision for	16.49	9.79
Tax Rs. 599.22 (31.03.2020 Rs.549.79)		
	16.49	9.79

As at	As at
31st Mar 2021	31st Mar 2020
Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)

Note 9

0 1	CI	~		
4 1	Share	6 31	nital	
/	DIRECT C	~ 64	7 X C C C	

orised

10000000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/=. each	1,000.00	1,000.00
Issued Subscribed and Paid up		
10000000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/= each	1,000.00	1,000.00
	1,000.00	1,000.00

9.2 Reconciliation of number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	Numbers of Shares	Amount (Rs. Lakhs)	
Balance as at 1 April 2019	10,00,000.00	1,000.00	
Add: Issued during the period	= 1	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2019	10,00,000.00	1,000.00	
Add: Issued during the period	-		
Balance as at 31 March 2020	10,00,000.00	1,000.00	
Add: Issued during the period	- 1		
Balance as at 31 Mar 2021 *	10,00,000.00	1,000.00	

9.3 Rights, preferences and restriction relating to each class of share capital:

Equity shares: The Company has one class of equity shares having a face value of 'Rs.10/-

9.4 Share Holding more than 5% of the shares:

As at 31 Mar 2021 Coromandel Internationl Limited holds 1,00,00,000 (31/03/2020:5,000,000) equity shares of `Rs.10/each fully paid-up representing 100% of the paid up capital and Souquimich European Holdings B V held 0 (31/03/2020:5,000,000) equity shares of `Rs.0/- each fully paid-up representing 0% of the paid up capital.

*: Note during the Year Coromondel International acquired 50,00,000 Shares held by Soquimich European Holdings B V on 31/08/2020.

Note 10

Other Equity:

Retained Earnings

Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	8	
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,562.56	1,537.26
Add: Net Profit after tax for the year	179.73	25.30
	1,742.29	1,562.56
Retained earnings represents the Company's undistributed earn Reameasurement of the net defined benefit plans	•	
Balance at the beginning of the year	-0.69	-0.36
	1.48	
Add: Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised	1.48	0 22
	0.79	-0.33 -0.69

	As at 31st Mar 2021	As at 31st Mar 2020 Rs (Lakhs)
Note 11	Rs (Lakhs)	RS (Lakiis)
Short Term Borrowings: Secured Loans		
From Bank		
Working Capital Demand Loan	75.78	_
Working Capital Domaila Dom	75.78	-
Security	First Charge on the Current As	sets of the Company.
Terms of repayment	Payable on Demand	
Interest	As mutually agreed between time to time	Company and Bank from
Breach of Loan Agreement	There is no breach of loan a	greement.
Note 12		
Trade Payables:		
Sundry Creditors		
(a) Related Parties		
Coromandel International Limited	328.75	78.30
SQM Europe-NV		435.05
A) D + M C C II IM E E :	328.75	513.35
(b) Due to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises	443.36	210.70
(c) Others	772.11	310.79 824.14
* There are no interest outstanding to Micro Small and Medium E	Enterprises as on 31/03/2021. (31.03.2	020 Rs.NIL).
Note 13		
Other Financial Liabilities:		
Financial liabilities mandatorily measured at fair va	lue	
through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Financial Liabilities - Derivatives	=	(
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Interest Accrued and Due	2	<u> </u>
Note 14		
Other Current Liabilities:		
Advance from Customers	0.39	0.24
Other Payables (including statutory remittances)	89.07	0.34 103.19
Cate I apacies (morating statutory remittances)	89.46	103.53
		1114 54

	As at 31st Mar 2021	As at 31st Mar 2020
	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)
lote 15		
Provisions:		
Provision for Gratuity	-	
Provision for Leave Salary	5.42	6.47
a a	5.42	6.47
Note :16		
16.1 Current Tax Liabilities:		
Provision for Taxation (Net of Advance Tax)	-	-
Rs. 615.72 Lacs (31.03.2020 Rs.549.79)		
	-	
16.2 Deferred tax Liabilities / (Assets) (net)		
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to:		
Property, plant and equipment	-2.81	0.22
Provision for doubtful debts	-	-
Employees separation and retirement costs	-1.36	-1.63
Others	_	
Officis		
	-4.17	-1.41
16.3 Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020
16.3 Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is Accounting profit before tax	For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60
16.3 Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17%	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020
16.3 Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%)	For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60
16.3 Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments:	For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax	For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining	For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 - - - 56.93
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 - - 56.93
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 - - 56.93
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 - - 56.93
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 - - 56.93
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss Note 17	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 56.9314.85 53.31
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss Note 17 Revenue from Operations	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45 13.69 -13.92 59.22	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 56.9314.85 53.31
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss Note 17 Revenue from Operations Sales (Gross)	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45 13.69 -13.92 59.22	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 56.9314.85 53.31
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss Note 17 Revenue from Operations Sales (Gross) Other Operating Revenue	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45 13.69	For the Period Ended 31st March 2020 44.60 11.23 56.9314.85 53.31
Accounting profit before tax Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (31/03/2020 25.17%) Adjustments: Effect of income that is exempt from tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of change in tax rate Others Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss Note 17 Revenue from Operations Sales (Gross) Other Operating Revenue	s as follows: For the Period Ended 31st March 2021 236.18 59.45 13.69	31st March 2020 44.60 11.23

	As at 31st Mar 2021	As at 31st Mar 2020	
	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)	
Note 18			
Other Income:			
Interest received	60.13	38.64	
Dividend Income	-		
Profit On Sale Of Fixed Assets	=		
Profit On Sale Of Investment	¥ .	8.52	
Exchange Gain	36.57	#/	
Miscellaneous Income	21.63	10.71	
Creditors Written Back		-	
	118.33	57.87	
<u>Note 19</u>			
Cost of Materials Consumed:			
Raw Materials, Packing Materials etc.,			
Opening stock	534.11	723.81	
Add: Purchases	4,365.20	2,884.14	
rate state of the	4,899.31	3,607.95	
Less :Closing stock	-645.75	-534.11	
	4,253.56	3,073.84	
Note 20			
Purchase of Stock in Trade	112.99	1,597.57	
	112.99	1,597.57	
Note 21			
Changes in Inventories:			
Inventories at the beginning of the year:			
Finished Goods	129.20	366.04	
Work in Progress	5.30	27.93	
Traded Goods	200.74	433.54	
	335.24	827.51	
Inventories as at 31/03/2021			
Finished Goods	39.18	129.20	
Work in Progress	0.49	5.30	
Traded Goods	20.67	200.74	
	39.67	335.24	
	295.57	492.27	

	As at 31st Mar 2021	As at 31st Mar 2020
	Rs (Lakhs)	Rs (Lakhs)
Note 22		
Employee Benefit Expenses:		
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	110.89	155.07
Contribution to Funds	5.14	9.13
Staff Welfare	5.99	11.51
	122.02	175.71
Note 23		
Finance Charges:		
Interest On Loans	0.81	0.74
Other Interest	-	122
Bank Charges	1.06	1.40
4	1.87	2.14
Note 24		
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	54.43	210.15
	54.43	210.15
Note 25		
Other Expenses:		
Power & Fuel	14.74	14.62
Rent	11.74	15.84
Rates & Taxes	2.18	12.56
Insurance	1.77	22.81
Printing & Stationery	0.80	0.72
Postage, Telephone & Internet	2.42	1.98
Travelling & Conveyance	2.24	41.87
Repairs & Maintenance	62.45	52.52
Advertisement & Sales Promotion	0.98	1.67
Professional & Consultancy Audit Fees	43.36	44.75
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	6.10	5.90
Difference in Exchange	<u></u>	1.59
Miscellaneous Expenses	5.15	43.60 24.41
	152.02	20101
	153.93	284.84

COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTE:27

Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st March 2021:

1 General information

Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ("the Company") is a private limited company incorporated under the Companies Act in India. It is a subsidiary of Coromandel International Limited, holding 100% of the Paid up Share Capital of the Company.

The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the annual report.

The Company has one manufacturing facilities located in Kakinada, Andhra Pradesh for Manufacture of Water SoluableFertilisers.

2 Significant Accounting Policies:

2.1 Statement of compliance

The standalone financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

2.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

2.3.1 Sale of goods

Sale of goods is recognized net of returns and trade discounts, when the control over the
goods is transferred to the customers. Revenue is also recognized on sale of goods in
case where the delivery is kept pending at the instance of the customer, the control is
transferred and customer takes title and accepts billing as per usual payment terms.

2.3.2 Rendering of services

 Income from services rendered is recognized based on the agreements/arrangements with the concerned parties and when services are rendered.

2.3.3 Dividend and interest income

 Dividend income from investments is recognized in the year in which the right to receive the payment is established. Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic
benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest
income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective
interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts
through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial
recognition.

2.3.4 Insurance Claims

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted/ expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

2.4 Leasing

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases.

2.5 Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks.

2.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.7 Employee benefits

2.7.1 Defined contribution plans

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Gratuity for certain employees is covered under a Scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) and contributions in respect of such scheme are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The liability as at the Balance Sheet date is provided for based on the actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of the year.

Contributions paid/payable to defined contribution plans comprising of Superannuation (under a scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India) for certain employees covered under the respective Schemes are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss each year.

2.7.2 Defined benefit plans

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorized as follows:

- Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- Net interest expense or income; and
- Remeasurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form reductions in future contributions to the plans.

2.7.3 Short-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

2.7.4 Other long-term employee benefits

Other Long term employee benefit comprise of Leave encashment which is provided for based on the actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of the year. Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

2.8 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.9 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax represents tax currently payable based on taxable profit for the year determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

· Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

· Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

2.10 Property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery, Land and buildings and other items of plant and equipment's held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes purchase price, attributable expenditure incurred in bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.except in respect of following Categories of assets in whose case the life of certain assets has been assessed based on technical advice taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, maintenance etc.

Asset	Useful lives (in years)	
Factory Buildings	15	
Office Buildings	15	

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets costing INR 5,000 and below are depreciated over a period of one year.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Packing materials are valued at or below cost. Raw materials and other inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. The method of determination of cost of various categories of inventories is as follows:

- Raw materials &Packing materials First-in-First-out basis. Cost includes purchase cost and other attributable expenses.
- Finished goods and Work-in-process Weighted average cost of production which comprises of direct material costs, direct wages and applicable overheads.
- 3. Stock-in-trade First-in-First-out basis

2.12 Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the

present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that may arise because of a gain that is contingent on future events that are not under an entity's control. Existence of the contingent asset is required to be disclosed when the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.13 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.14 Derivative financial instruments

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts, option contracts and interest rate swaps.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged item.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income net of applicable deferred income taxes. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of income. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income remains there until the forecast transaction occurs. When the hedged item is a non-financial asset, the amount recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred to the carrying amount of the asset when it is recognized. In other cases the amount recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss in the same period that the hedged item affects profit or loss. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognized in the other comprehensive income is transferred to statement of income.

2.15 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 27, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Capital Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for Rs. 0.39Lacs(2019-20-Rs.4.80 Lacs)

4 Contingent Liabilities

Other monies for which the company is contingently liable:

- (a) Bank Guarantees-Rs.3.75Lacs (2019-20Rs.3.75 Lacs)
- (b) Letter of Credit Rs. NIL (2019-20Rs.NIL)

5 Particulars of Purchases, Sales and Inventory

		Purchases	Sales	Closing Stock	Opening Stock
		Rs. (Lakhs)	Rs. (Lakhs)	Rs. (Lakhs)	Rs. (Lakhs)
(a)	Manufactured Goods			*	
	NPK - Water Soluble Fertilisers				
	2020-2021	× .	4753.65	39.18	129.20
	2019-2020	= = 1	3805.44	129.20	366.04
(b)	Traded Goods				
	Potassium Nitrate				
	2020-2021	99.67	343.69	2	200.74
-	2019-2020	1570.50	1963.23	200.74	433.54
	Micronutrients & Others				
	2020-2021	13.32	14.88	-	
	2019-2020	26.67	34.78	필	72

6 Particulars of Consumption of Materials

Name of the Product	f the Product For the Period ended 31 March 2021	
MONO AMMONIUM PHOSPATE	1040.11	805.16
POTTASIUM NITRATE	1899.09	1531.21
SULPHATE OF POTASH	278.33	233.79
UREA	282.49	240.07
MKP	43.61	9.84
Others (including packing material)	709.93	253.77
	4253.56	3073.84

7 Value of Imports calculated on C.I.F Basis

Expenditure	For the Period ended 31 March 2021	For the Period ended
		31 March 2020

Raw materials	2,843.69	1963.86
Stock-in-trade	280.19	1591.01

8 Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Expenditure	For the Period ended 31 March 2021	For the Period ended 31 March 2020
Foreign Travel	-	

9 Consumption of Raw Materials

Particulars	% of total consumption	For the Period ended 31 March 2021	% of total consumption	For the Period ended 31 March 2020
Raw Materials				
Imported	76.79%	3.261.13	74.55%	2291.56
Indigenous	23.21%	985.79	25.45%	782.28
TOTAL		4.246.92	100.00%	3,073.84

10 Earnings in Foreign Exchange

Expenditure	For the Period ended 31 March 2021	For the Period ended 31 March 2020
Commission Income	-	26.41
Discount Received	11.25	-
Reimbursement of Expenses	+	-

11 Contribution to Provident Fund

Expenditure	For the Period ended 31 March 2021	For the Period ended 31 March 2020
Employer Contribution	2.89	2.48
Employee Contribution	5.07	5.74

12 Rent Payments

Expenditure	For the Period ended 31 March 2021	For the Period ended 31 March 2020
Rent for Land taken on Lease	11.74	12.17

13 Related Party Disclosures

Information relating to Related Party Transactions as per Ind AS24 notified under Section 133 of the Act.

a. Names of the Related Parties and their Relationship:

	Name of the Related Party	Nature of relationship
1	Coromandel International Ltd. (Coromandel)	Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020, Holding Company from 01.09.2020 onwards
2	Soquimich European Holdings B.V (SQM)	Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020
3	SQM –Europe N.V	Associate of Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020.
4	SQM –Industrial –S.A.	Associate of Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020.
5	SQM (Beijing) Commercial Co Ltd	Associate of Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020.
6	Charlee SQM (Thailand) Co. Ltd.	Associate of Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020.
7	SQM Thailand Ltd.	Associate of Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020.
8	SQM VITAS FZCO	Associate of Joint Venture Partner till 31.08.2020.
9	SAMEER GOEL	CHAIRMAN
10	NARAYNAN VELLAYAN	DIRECTOR
11	PATRICK CHARLES PHILOMENA VANBENEDEN	DIRECTOR
12	DE MAREZ EMMANUEL DOMINIQUE	DIRECTOR
13	COROMANDEL PF TRUST	PF TURST
14	COROMANDEL GRATUITY FUND	GRATUITY TRUST

b. Transactions During the Year:

	Particulars	For the Period ended 31 Mar 2021	For the Period ended 31 Mar 2020
i) Sa	ale of finished goods/raw materials/services	De 1	
a)	Joint Venture – Coromandel	4,903.88	4,161,62
b)	Joint Venture - Associates of SQM	-	
ii) R	ent paid		
a)	Joint Venture – Coromandel	41.48	4.02
b)	Joint Venture - Associates of SQM	-	
iii) F	Reimbursement of Expenses		
a)	Joint Venture – Coromandel	51.21	9.75
b)	Joint Venture - Associates of SQM	12	-
iv) I	Reimbursements Received		

a)	Joint Venture – Coromandel	-	-
b)	Joint Venture - Associates of SQM	-	-
v) P	urchase of finished goods/raw materials/services		
a)	Joint Venture – Coromandel	746.00	239.43
b)	Joint Venture - Associates of SQM	455.19	2,604.16
vi) (Commission on sales		
vi) (Commission on sales		
vi) (Commission on sales Joint Venture – Coromandel		
		-	
a)	Joint Venture – Coromandel	-	26.41
a) b)	Joint Venture – Coromandel	-	26.41
a) b)	Joint Venture – Coromandel Joint Venture - Associates of SQM	-	- 26.41
a) b) vii)	Joint Venture – Coromandel Joint Venture - Associates of SQM Contribution made to Trust	12.79	26.41 13.98

c. Outstanding Balances as at 31st March 2021:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
a) Trade receivables/Loans and advances		
COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	897.29	520.58
b) Trade payables/ Other liabilities		
SQM EUROPE –NV	-	435.05
SQM (THAILAND)LIMITED	-	
COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	328.75	78.30

14 Deferred Tax:

Net Deferred TaxLiability as shown below has been considered in these accounts.

	Particulars	.2020-21 Rs(Lakhs)	2019-20 Rs(Lakhs)
a)	Deferred Tax Asset		
	Employee Separation & Retirement Cost.	-1.36	1.63
	Other Timing Differences -Preliminary Expenses	-	-
	Provision for Doubtful Debts	-	
	Total	-1.36	1.63
b)	Deferred Tax Liability		
	Depreciation	-2.81	-0.22
c)	Net Deferred Tax Asset / (Liability)	-4.17	1.41

15 Employee Benefits:

The Company has adopted Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits". The following table sets forth the status of the Gratuity Plan of the Company and the amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account.

	Actuarial Calculations as per Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 19	Projected Unit Credit Method	Projected Unit Credit Method
	Method: Projected Unit Credit Method	2020-21	2019-20
	Period Covered	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
A.	Change in defined benefit obligation	5.09	10.94
1.	Defined benefit obligation at beginning of period		
2.	Service cost	1.20	1.88
	a. Current service cost	3	
	b. Past service cost	2.1	-
	c. (Gain) / loss on settlements	0.35	0.53
3.	Interest expenses		
4.	Cash flows		-8.37
	a. Benefit payments from plan	-	-
	b. Benefit payments from employer	-	-
	c. Settlement payments from plan	-	-
	d.Settlement payments from employer		
5.	Remeasurements		
	a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	•	
	b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	0.03	0.43
	c. Effect of experience adjustments	-1.86	-0.32
6.	Transfer In /Out		
	a. Transfer In	-	
	b. Transfer out	-	3.
7.	Defined benefit obligation at end of period	4.81	5.09

B.	Change in fair value of plan assets	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
1.	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	18.64	22.39
2.	Interest income	1.41	1.61
3.	Cash flows		
	a. Total employer contributions		
	(i) Employer contributions	2.40	3.23
	(ii) Employer direct benefit payments	-	
	(iii) Employer direct settlement payments	-	-
	b. Participant contributions		-
	c. Benefit payments from plan assets	-	-8.37
	d. Benefit payments from employer		·-
	e. Settlement payments from plan assets		
fi	f. Settlement payments from employer	-	
4.	Remeasurements		
	a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	-0.02	-0.22
5.	Transfer In /Out		
	a. Transfer In	-	
	b. Transfer out		
6.	Fair value of plan assets at end of period	22.43	18.64

C.	Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet	31-03-2021	31-03-2020

1.	Defined benefit obligation	4.81	5.09
2.	Fair value of plan assets	-22.43	-18.64
3.	Funded status	-17.62	-13.55
4.	Effect of asset ceiling	14	-
5.	Net defined benefit liability (asset)	17.62	- 13.55

D.	Components of defined benefit cost	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
1.	Service cost		
	Service cost a. Current service cost b. Past service cost c. (Gain) / loss on settlements d. Total service cost Net interest cost a. Interest expense on DBO b. Interest (income) on plan assets c. Interest expense on effect of (asset ceiling) d. Total net interest cost Remeasurements (recognized in OCI) a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions c. Effect of experience adjustments d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income) e. Changes in asset ceiling (excluding interest	1.20	1.88
	b. Past service cost	-	-
	c. (Gain) / loss on settlements	÷	
	d. Total service cost	1.20	1.88
2.	Net interest cost	erest cost est expense on DBO 0.35	19
	a. Interest expense on DBO		0.53
	b. Interest (income) on plan assets	1.41	1.61
	c. Interest expense on effect of (asset ceiling)	-	-
	d. Total net interest cost	-1.06	-1.08
3.	Remeasurements (recognized in OCI)		
	a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	-	
	b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	0.03	0.43
	c. Effect of experience adjustments	-1.86	-0.32
	The state of the contract of t	-0.02	-0.22
	e. Changes in asset ceiling (excluding interest income)	-	į.
	f. Total remeasurements included in OCI	-1.81	0.33
4.	Total defined benefit cost recognized in P&L and OCI	-1.67	1.14

E.	Re-measurement	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
	a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO	-1.83	0.11
	b. Returns above Interest Income	-0.02	-0.22
	c. Change in Asset ceiling		-
	Total Re-measurements (OCI)	-1.81	0.33

F.	Employer Expense (P&L)	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
	a. Current Service Cost	1.20	1.88
	b. Interest Cost on net DBO	-1.06	-1.08
	c. Past Service Cost	-	-
	d. Total P&L Expenses	0.14	0.80

G.	Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
1.	Net defined benefit liability (asset)	-13.55	-11.45
2.	Defined benefit cost included in P&L	0.14	0.80
3.	Total remeasurements included in OCI	-1.81	0.33
4.	a. Employer contributions	-2.40	-3.23
	b. Employer direct benefit payments	2-6	

	c. Employer direct settlement payments	-	=
5.	Net transfer	*	9.4
6.	Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period	-17.62	-13.55

H.	Reconciliation of OCI (Re-measurement)	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
1.	Recognised in OCI at the beginning of period	0.33	-
2.	Recognised in OCI during the period	-1.81	0.33
3.	Recognised in OCI at the end of the period	-1.48	0.33

1.	Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
1.	Discount rate +100 basis points	4.25	4.45
2.	Discount rate -100 basis points	5.49	5.87
3.	Salary Increase Rate +1%	5.45	5.82
4.	Salary Increase Rate -1%	4.27	4.47
5.	Attrition Rate +1%	4.72	4.95
6.	Attrition Rate -1%	4.92	5.25

J.	Significant actuarial assumptions	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
1.	Discount rate Current Year	6.8%	6.9%
2.	Discount rate Previous Year	6.9%	7.8%
3.	Salary increase rate	8.0%	8.0%
4.	Attrition Rate	5.0%	5.0%
5.	Retirement Age	58	58
6.	Pre-retirement mortality	IALM(2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
7.	Disability	Nil	Nil

16 Segment Reporting

b) Business Segment:

The Companyis engaged in the manufacture and saleof NPK grade Water Soluble Fertilisers and, trading in other Fertiliser Specialties which in the context of Ind AS 108 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India is considered as the only Operating Segment.

(b) Geographical Segment:

The Company Sells its products mainly within India where the conditions prevailing are uniform and hence no separate Geographical Segment disclosure is considered necessary.

17 Earnings Per Share

	For the Period ended	For the Period ended
_	31 March 2021	31 March 2020

Profit after tax as per P&L Statement	179.73	25.30	
Earnings per Share – Basic	1.80	0.25	
Earnings per Share – Diluted	1.80	0.25	

18 Other Matters

Based on the information available with the Company under theMicro,Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the relevant particulars as at reporting date are furnished below.

S.No.	Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
(i)	Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, as at the end of the year		-
(ii)	Interest accrued and due to Suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount at the end of the year	-	
(iii)	Payment made to Suppliers (Other than Interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year		-
(iv)	Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (Other than Section 16)		
(v)	Interest Paid to Suppliers under MSMED Act (Section 16)	Ğ	(*
(vi)	Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, for payments already made	E.	92
(vii)	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act (ii) + (vi)		

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

19 Previous figures have been regrouped wherever necessary in order to confirm to the classification adopted in these accounts.

SIGNATURES TO NOTE Nos. -: 1 to 27

For SHANKER GIRI & PRABHAKAR **Chartered Accountants**

on Behalf of the Board

Sd/-

K RANGAKRISHNAN

Partner

Sd/-

SAMEER GOEL Chairman

Sd/-NARAYANAN VELLAYAN

Director

Sd/-

Place: Secunderabad

Date: 19.04.2021

JYOTIKA AASAT **Company Secretary**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Coromandel International Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Coromandel International Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified

under Section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sl.No. Key Audit Matter

Revenue Recognition - Sale of goods

Refer to note 2.3 'Revenue recognition', note 2.25.1 'Critical judgements in applying accounting policies' and note 2.25.2 'Key sources of estimation uncertainty' to the standalone financial statements.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the control of goods is transferred to the customers. In accordance with the accounting policy, control is transferred either when the product is delivered to the customer's site or when the product is shipped, depending on the applicable terms. The Management has exercised judgement in applying the revenue accounting policy while recognising revenue.

Auditor's Response

We have performed the following principal audit procedures in relation to revenue recognised.

- Understood the revenue recognition process, evaluated the design and implementation, and operating effectiveness of internal controls relating to revenue recognised.
- Selected samples and tested the operating effectiveness of internal controls, relating to transfer of control. We carried out a combination of procedures involving enquiry, observation and inspection of evidence in respect of operation of these controls.
- Tested the relevant information technology general controls, automated controls, and the related information used in recording and disclosing revenue.
- In respect of the selected sample of transactions:
 - Tested whether the revenue is recognised upon transfer of control to customer.
 - o We have evaluated the delivery and shipping terms of the contracts for revenue recognised during the period.

Sl.No. Key Audit Matter

Auditor's Response

- We have also tested the location stock reports from Company warehouses, where applicable, for confirmation on sales quantity made during the year.
- We have tested on a sample basis (including for sales near to the period end) the acknowledgments of customers. In respect of sales of fertiliser products we have also agreed the quantities sold as per the Company books with the customer acknowledgements as per the iFMS portal of the Department of Fertilisers.

Accuracy, recognition, valuation, presentation and disclosures of relation to subsidy income recognition. Subsidy income/Government subsidies and related receivables

Refer to note 2.3 'Revenue recognition' and note 2.25.2 'Key sources of estimation uncertainty' to the standalone financial statements.

Subsidy income pertaining to the Nutrient and other allied business is recognised on the basis of the rates notified from time to time by the Department of Fertilisers, Government of India ('GOI') in accordance with the Nutrient . Based Subsidy ('NBS') policy on the quantity of fertilisers sold by the Company for the period for which notification has been issued and ' for the remaining period, based on estimates, when there is a reasonable assurance that . the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy including Direct Benefit Transfer ('DBT') System which was introduced by Government of India.

For the year ended March 31, 2021, subsidy income of ₹ 332,468 lakhs is recognised. Recognition and realisability of subsidy income is dependent on GOI Policy and its various Valuation of subsidy receivables: initiatives/schemes.

measurement, The following principal audit procedures have been performed by us in

- We have read the relevant circulars and notifications issued by GOI from time to time with regard to the subsidy policies.
- We enquired with the relevant personnel in the Company with regard to the updates of GOI Policy and their interpretations of the relevant circulars and notifications.
- Tested the relevant information technology general controls, automated controls, and the related information used in recording and disclosing subsidy income.
- We have tested the NBS rates considered by the Company for the product subsidy with the applicable circulars and notifications.
- We have correlated the sales quantity considered for subsidy income with the actual sales made by the Company.
- We have also agreed the quantities sold as per the Company books with the customer acknowledgements as per the iFMS portal of the Department of Fertilisers and tested the DBT claims made by the Company.
- We have enquired from the Management and discussed with Those Charged With Governance, the appropriateness of the subsidy rates applied to recognise subsidy income.

Following are the principal audit procedures performed by us for testing valuation of subsidy receivables:

- We have analysed and discussed the status of outstanding subsidy receivables and its realisability with the Management.
- We have tested the sanction notes received from the GOI for receipts.
- We have tested the credits in the bank statements for the receipts during the year and also the subsequent receipts.
- We have tested whether the deductions made by the GOI have been adjusted in the books of accounts.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and **Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report and Management Discussion and Analysis, but does not include

the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

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In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone **Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such

- controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/payable by the Company to the Managing director during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act and the remuneration paid/payable in respect of the whole-time director is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing general meeting of the Company.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 008072S)

Sumit Trivedi

(Partner) (Membership No. 209354) UDIN: 21209354AAAAF09734

Place: Secunderabad Date: 29 April 2021

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Coromandel International Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over **Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 008072S)

Sumit Trivedi

(Partner) (Membership No. 209354) UDIN: 21209354AAAAAF09734 **B78**

Place: Secunderabad Date: 29 April 2021

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation (i) (a) of fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the Management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date, except the following:

Particulars	Carrying Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Remarks
Freehold land	,	446.92 acres of land located at Pattamadai is pending registration
		in the name of the Company.

In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company, where the Company is the lessee in the agreement as at the balance sheet date, except the following:

Particulars	Carrying Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Remarks
Leasehold Land	17	Lease deed in respect of land admeasuring 3.52 acres at Madri, Udaipur taken on lease is pending to be transferred in the name of
	_	the Company.
Leasehold Land	22,615	Lease deed in respect of land admeasuring 321.22 acres at
		Vishakhapatnam is pending to be executed.

- (ii) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of which:
 - (a) The terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
 - (b) The loans granted by the Company are repayable on demand.
 - (c) There is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit falling within the purview of the provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013. There are no unclaimed deposits.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for Fertilisers and Insecticides. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended prescribed by the Central Government under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) Details of dues of Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax and Cess which have not been deposited as on 31 March 2021 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where Dispute is pending	Period to which the Amount relates	Amount involved (₹ in Lakhs)	Amount unpaid (₹ in Lakhs)
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	Income tax appellate tribunal	2016-17	46	46
West Bengal Sales Tax Act,	Sales tax	Assistant Commissioner (Appeals)	2002-2003	4	4
1994		Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	2008-2009, 2012- 2013	1,058	958
		Special Joint Commissioner	2012-13	2	2
		Assistant Commissioner	2002-03	*	*
Andhra Pradesh General Sales	Sales tax	Additional Commissioner Legal	1995-1996 to 1997- 1998	27	27
Tax Act, 1957		Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	2013-14	14	14
Uttar Pradesh	Sales tax	Deputy Commissioner	2008-2009	125	111
Value Added Tax Act, 2008		Deputy Commissioner Appeal	2012-2013	1	1
		Appellate Deputy Commissioner	2012-2013	40	40
		Assistant Commissioner (Appeals)	2013-2014	2	1
Gujarat Value Added Tax Act,	Sales tax	Appellate Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)	2012-2013	3	3
2003		Joint Commissioner (Appeals)	2010-2011	5	5
		Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	2008-2009 to 2010- 2011	91	91
Rajasthan Value Added Tax Act, 2003	Sales tax	Appellate Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)	2010-2011 to 2012- 2013	27	27
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act 2002	Sales tax	Appellate Joint Commissioner	2014-2015	14	14
Electricity Supply Act, 1948	,	High Court for the State of Telangana	2003-2004 to 2013- 2014	293	293
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty	High Court for the State of Telangana	2003 to 2007	368	368
		High Court of Madras	2001-2003	7	7
		Assistant Commissioner	2009-2010	15	14
		Commissioner (Appeals)	2008-2009 to 2016- 2017	146	145
		Commissioner	2004-2005 & 2009- 2010	3	3
					B80

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where Dispute is pending	Period to which the Amount relates	Amount involved (₹ in Lakhs)	Amount unpaid (₹ in Lakhs)
The Customs Act, 1962	Customs	CESTAT	2005-2006 to 2011- 2012 & 2016-2017, 2018-2019	55	50
		Commissioner of Customs (Appeals)	2005-2006 to 2010- 2011	344	321
		High Court for the State of Telangana	2018-2019	461	461
Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	GST	Additional Commissioner (Appeals)	2017-2018	32	32
The Finance Act, 1994	Service tax	Commissioner (Appeals)	2014-2015 to 2017- 2018	21	21
		CESTAT	2009-2010 to 2016- 2017	269	248

^{*} less than a lakh

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to financial institutions, banks and government. The Company has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration payable/paid by the Company to the Managing director during the year is in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 and the remuneration paid/payable to the whole-time director is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing general meeting of the Company.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv)During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of its holding, subsidiary, or associate Company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xvi)The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 008072S)

Sumit Trivedi

(Partner) (Membership No. 209354) UDIN: 21209354AAAAF09734

Place: Secunderabad Date: 29 April 2021

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
I ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	1,61,111	1,61,324
(b) Right-of-use assets	4	38,300	40,472
(c) Capital work-in-progress	3	7,570	4,919
(d) Other intangible assets	5	790	495
(e) Intangible assets under development	5	1,347	1,556
(f) Financial assets			
i) Investments	6	35,247	33,464
ii) Other financial assets	7	-	5
(g) Other non-current assets	8	5,430	4,546
		2,49,795	2,46,781
2 Current assets			
(a) Inventories	9	2,58,722	2,69,193
(b) Financial assets			
i) Investments	10	*	*
ii) Trade receivables	11	56,231	1,72,435
iii) Government subsidies receivable		58,966	2,31,622
iv) Cash and cash equivalents	12	63,982	3,236
v) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	13	2,999	2,776
vi) Loans	14	1,50,012	42,011
vii) Other financial assets	7	3,632	10,051
(c) Other current assets	15	49.862	43.671
(o) Other ourrent addeto	10	6,44,406	7.74.995
Total assets		8,94,201	10,21,776
II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		0,54,201	10,21,110
1 Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	16	2.934	2.930
(b) Other equity	17	5.17.097	4.35.974
Total equity	17	5,20,031	4,38,904
2 Non-current liabilities		3,20,031	4,30,304
(a) Financial liabilities			
i) Lease liabilities	4	36,191	37,542
ii) Other financial liabilities	19	176	
(b) Provisions	20	1,372	2,108
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	21.1	5.616	5.629
(d) Other non-current liabilities	22	827	5,029 876
(d) Other non-current habilities		44.182	46,301
3 Current liabilities		44,182	40,301
(a) Financial liabilities i) Borrowings	10	293	160.760
	<u>18</u> 4	2.143	162,760
ii) Lease liabilities	23	2,143	1,855
iii) Trade payables	23	000	0.40
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		936	943
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,91,721	3,33,774
iv) Other financial liabilities	19	22,094	23,779
(b) Provisions	20	2,155	1,460
(c) Current tax liabilities (net)	21.4	3,602	4,286
(d) Other current liabilities	22	7,044	7,714
		3,29,988	5,36,571
Total liabilities		3,74,170	5,82,872
Total equity and liabilities		8,94,201	10,21,776

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sameer Goel Managing Director A Vellayan Chairman

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354

Place: Secunderabad/Chennai Date: 29 April 2021 **Jayashree Satagopan** Chief Financial Officer Rajesh Mukhija Company Secretary

Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	For the Year ended 31 March 2021	For the Year ended 31 March 2020
I Income			
Revenue from operations	24	14,16,295	13,11,719
Other income	25	4,242	3,769
Total income		14,20,537	13,15,488
II Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed		6,99,475	7,50,174
Purchases of stock-in-trade		2,12,526	1,34,306
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-process and stock-in-trade	26	53,851	20,174
Employee benefits expense	27	53,428	45,722
Finance costs	28	10,570	23,529
Depreciation and amortisation expense	29	17,209	15,727
Other expenses	30	1,96,923	1,88,720
Total expenses		12,43,982	11,78,352
III Profit before tax (I - II)		1,76,555	1,37,136
IV Tax expense:			
(1) Current tax		45,621	36,756
(2) Deferred tax		(284)	(5,537)
		45,337	31,219
V Profit for the year (III-IV)		1,31,218	1,05,917
VI Other comprehensive income			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	34(a)	(996)	86
(b) Net fair value (loss)/gain on investments in equity shares at FVTOCI		478	1,271
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	21.3	140	(406)
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a) Effective portion of gain/(loss) on designated portionof hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge	g	1,633	(1,197)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	21.3	(411)	299
Total other comprehensive income (A+B)		844	53
VII Total comprehensive income for the year (V + VI)		1,32,062	1,05,970
VIII Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹1 each):	35		
Basic₹		44.76	36.20
Diluted ₹		44.64	36.11
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements			

In terms of our report attached

Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354 Place: Secunderabad/Chennai Date: 29 April 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Goel

Managing Director

Jayashree Satagopan Chief Financial Officer A Vellayan Chairman

Rajesh Mukhija

Company Secretary

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Cash flow from operating activities	1,76,555	1,37,136
Profit before tax		
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	17,209	15,727
Loss on sale/ scrap of property, plant and equipment (net)	468	477
(Profit)/loss on sale of investment	17	(34)
Exchange differences (net)	(8,189)	15,597
Loss/ (gain) on measuring investments at FVTPL (net)	(162)	104
Provision for doubtful trade receivables and other liabilities no longer required, written back	(3,153)	(45)
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans and advances (net)	2,169	845
Trade and other receivables written off	35	_
Provision for employee benefits	(1,037)	664
Share-based payments	399	518
Finance costs	10,570	23,529
Interest income	(4,075)	(3,703)
Dividend income	(5)	(32)
Others	(27)	(27)
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,90,774	1,90,756
Changes in working capital:		
Trade payables	(26,973)	(63,135)
Other liabilities	(3,113)	7,314
Trade receivables	1,14,046	9,669
Government subsidies receivable	1,72,656	7,726
Inventories	10,471	54,230
Other assets	911	16,410
Cash generated from operations	4,58,772	2,22,970
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(46,305)	(36,302)
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	4,12,467	1,86,668
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, including capital work-in-progress and capital advances	(18,799)	(25,316)
Purchase of leasehold land	(682)	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	252	21
Investment in subsidiary / Joint venture	(1,200)	(307)
Purchase of non-current investments	-	(16)
Proceeds from sale of non-current investments	40	118
Inter-corporate deposits/ loans given	(1,80,001)	(42,000)
Inter-corporate deposits matured/ loans received	72,000	42,000 B8

Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	(1 1 1)	o otherwise statea)
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Purchase of current investments	-	(27,000)
Proceeds from sale of current investments	-	27,000
Interest received	3,100	3,544
Dividend received from current and non-current investments	5	32
Balances in margin money/ deposit accounts	(1)	
Net cash (used in) investing activities (B)	(1,25,286)	(21,924)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares on exercise of employee stock options	1,438	1,366
Decrease in short-term borrowings	(1,62,467)	(1,35,739)
Dividend paid	(52,772)	(12,343)
Interest and other borrowing costs paid	(10,742)	(24,277)
Repayment of Lease liability	(1,892)	(1,608)
Net cash (used in) financing activities (C)	(2,26,435)	(1,72,601)
Net (decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	60,746	(7,857)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	3,236	11,093
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (as per Note 12)	63,982	3,236
Notes:		

1. Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect method as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 7 on Cash Flow Statements. Cash and cash equivalents in the Cash Flow Statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits and cash equivalents which are short-term and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

2. Reconciliation of Short-term borrowings:		
Opening balance	162,760	295,694
Proceeds/(repayments) of short-term borrowings (net)	(1,62,467)	(1,35,739)
Foreign exchange adjustment	-	2,805
Closing balance	293	162,760
3. Reconciliation of lease liabilities (Current and Non-current):		
Opening balance	39,397	-
Impact of Ind AS 116*	-	41,005
Lease liabilities addition during the year	829	-
Repayment	(1,892)	(1,608)
Closing balance	38,334	39,397
*Includes lease liabilities recognised during the year ended 31 March 2020 amoun	ting to ₹2,734 lakhs.	

In terms of our report attached

Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354 Place: Secunderabad/Chennai Date: 29 April 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Goel

Managing Director

Jayashree Satagopan Chief Financial Officer

A Vellayan Chairman

Rajesh Mukhija

Company Secretary

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2021

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

a). Equity share capital

	Number of shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2019	29,25,27,329	2,925
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,26,420	5
Balance as at 31 March 2020	29,29,53,749	2,930
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,24,930	4
Balance as at 31 March 2021	29,33,78,679	2,934

b). Other equity

				ves and S efer note				Items of other co (Refe	mprehensiv r note 17)	e income
	Capital reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Securities premium	Central subsidy	General reserve	Share options outstanding account	Retained earnings	Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	Total
Balance at 1 April 2019	20	986	13,201	11	2,33,328	1,466	98,899	(7,425)	(18)	3,40,468
Profit for the year	-	-		_		-	105,917			1,05,917
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24)	975	(898)	53
Total comprehensive income for the year						-	1,05,893	975	(898)	1,05,970
Recognition of share-based payments	-	-		_		518		-		518
Dividend on equity shares including dividend distribution tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,343)	-	-	(12,343)
Amount received on exercise of employee stock options	-	-	1,361	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,361
Amounts transferred within the reserves	-	-	479	-	30,264	(743)	(30,000)	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	20	986	15,041	11	2,63,592	1,241	1,62,449	(6,450)	(916)	4,35,974
Balance at 1 April 2020	20	986	15,041	11	2,63,592	1,241	1,62,449	(6,450)	(916)	4,35,974
Profit for the year	-	-		_		-	1,31,218	-	_	1,31,218
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(745)	367	1,222	844
Total comprehensive income for the year	-						1,30,473	367	1,222	1,32,062
Recognition of share-based payments	-	-		_		399		-		399
Dividend on equity shares including dividend distribution tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(52,772)	-	-	(52,772)
Amount received on exercise of employee stock options	-	-	1,434	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,434
Amounts transferred within the reserves		-	538	_		(538)		-	_	-
Balance at 31 March 2021	20	986	17,013	11	2,63,592	1,102	2,40,150	(6,083)	306	5,17,097
	C-1 C									

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354 Place: Secunderabad/Chennai Date: 29 April 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Goel Managing Director A Vellayan Chairman

Jayashree Satagopan Chief Financial Officer

Rajesh Mukhija Company Secretary

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

1. General information

Coromandel International Limited ("the Company") is a limited company incorporated in India, equity shares of which are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange in India. Its parent Company is E.I.D. Parry (India) Limited.

The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the annual report. The Company is engaged in the business of farm inputs comprising fertiliser, crop protection, specialty nutrients and organic compost.

Our Executive Leadership Team comprises the following officers at the date of release of these financial statements

- Sameer Goel Managing Director
- Sankarasubramanian-President Head (Fertilisers)
- Amit Rastogi Executive Vice President -Technology
- Amir Alvi Executive Vice President & Head Manufacturing (Fertilisers)
- Arun Leslie George Executive Vice President & Head (Retail)
- B Prasannatha Rao Executive Vice President & Head - HR
- Jayashree Satagopan- Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
- Kalidas Pramanik Executive Vice President -Marketing (Fertilisers & Organic)
- Rajavelu NK- Executive Vice President and Business Head (CPC)
- Arun Vellayan- Head of Strategy
- Narayanan Vellayan Head of Commercial (Fertilisers and SSP)
- Rajesh Mukhija Senior Vice President Legal and Company Secretary
- T S Venkateswaran Vice President Internal Audit & Risk Management

The executive leadership team reviews the results of our operations and our financial position on consolidated, operating segment and business unit levels. Our operating segments are defined by the organisation

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

and reporting structure through which we operate our business. We categorise our operating segments into Nutrient and other allied business, and Crop Protection.

The Company has 17 manufacturing facilities located across India. The Company also operates a network of retail outlets across Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Karnataka and Maharashtra. The Company's products are marketed all over the Country through an extensive network of dealers and its own retail centers. The crop protection products are exported to various countries.

Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements which comprise the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement, and the Statement of Changes in Equity ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, along with relevant amendment rules issued thereafter and other relevant provisions of the Act, as applicable. The Company has consistently applied accounting policies to all periods.

2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, and on accrual basis

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for sharebased payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Based on the nature of activities of the Company and the average time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

2.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

- a) Sale of goods is recognised net of returns and trade discounts, when the control over the goods is transferred to the customers. The performance obligation in case of sale of goods is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the goods are shipped to the customers or on delivery to the customer, as per applicable terms.
- b) The Company recognizes subsidy income as per Ind AS 20 'Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance' on the basis of the rates notified from time to time by the Government of India in accordance with the Nutrient Based Subsidy (NBS) policy on the quantity of fertilisers sold by the Company for the period for which notification has been issued and for the remaining period, based on estimates, when there is a reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy.
- c) Income from services rendered is recognised based on the agreements/arrangements with the concerned parties and when services are rendered by measuring progress towards satisfaction of performance obligation for such services.

d) Export benefits and other excise benefits are accounted for on accrual basis.

2.4 Other Income

- a) Dividend income from investments is recognised in the year in which the right to receive the payment is established.
- b) Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2.5 Leasing

The Company, at the inception of a contract, assesses whether the contract is a lease or not lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a time in exchange for a consideration. This policy has been applied to contracts existing and entered into on or after 1 April 2019.

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently amortised using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense over the lease term

2.6 Insurance claims

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted/ expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

2.7 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (i.e., the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (₹), the national currency of India, which is the functional currency of the Company and rounded to the nearest Lakhs.

2.8 Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of transactions. The date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (part of it) is the date on which the entity initially recognises the nonmonetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from payment or receipt of advance consideration. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are restated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on settlement and restatement of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not translated.

2.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

210. Employee benefits

2.10.1 Defined contribution plans

Contributions paid/payable to defined contribution plans comprising of Superannuation (under a scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India) and Provident Funds for certain employees covered under the respective Schemes are recognised in the profit or loss each year when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

The Company makes contributions to two Provident Fund Trusts for certain employees, at a specified percentage of the employees' salary. The Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of trust and the notified interest rates. Liability on account of such shortfall. if any, is provided for based on the actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of the year.

2.10.2 Defined benefit plans

The Company's Gratuity scheme for its employees is a defined benefit retirement plan. Obligation under the gratuity scheme is covered under a Scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) and contributions in respect of such scheme are recognized in the profit or loss. The liability as at the Balance Sheet date is provided for using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out as at the end of the year.

Defined benefit costs are categorized as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Rerpegarement

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

2.10.3 Short-term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits including accumulated compensated absences as at the Balance Sheet date are recognised as an expense as per Company's schemes based on expected obligation on an undiscounted basis.

2.10.4 Other long-term employee benefits

Other Long term employee benefit comprise of leave encashment which is provided for based on the actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of the year.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

2.11 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

2.12 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.13 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Current tax

Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.14 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the Balance Sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes purchase price, attributable expenditure incurred in bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and cost of borrowing till the date of

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

capitalization in the case of assets involving material investment and substantial lead time.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the 2013 Act except in respect of following categories of assets in whose case the life of certain assets has been assessed based on technical advice taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, maintenance support etc.

Asset	Useful lives (in years)
Plant and equipment	5 - 25
Vehicles	5 – 7
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures	3 – 5

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. Assets individually costing ₹ 5,000 and below are depreciated over a period of one year. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

2.15 Biological assets

The Company recognises neem plantation as Biological assets and are carried at historical cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure on biological assets are added to its book value only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Cost incurred for new plantations are capitalised and depreciated over their estimated useful life which has been ascribed to be 20 years.

2.16 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost, net of accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Cost of an intangible asset comprises of purchase price and attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use.

Intangible assets are amortized on the straight-line method. Technical know-how is amortized over their estimated useful lives ranging from 5-10 years and product registration is amortized over the period of the registration subject to a maximum of 10 years.

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

2.17 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset/cash generating unit may be impaired. If any indication exists the Company estimates the recoverable amount of such assets and if carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, impairment is recognized. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that previously recognized impairment loss no longer exists or may have decreased such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss.

2.18 Inventories

Stores and spares, packing materials are valued at or below cost. Raw materials and other inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price (including subsidy income, where applicable) of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

The method of determination of cost of various categories of inventories is as follows:

- 1. Stores and spares and packing materials Weighted average cost.
- 2. Raw material First-in-First-out basis. Cost includes purchase cost and other attributable expenses.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- Finished goods and Work-in-process Weighted average cost of production which comprises of direct material costs, direct wages and applicable overheads.
- 4. Stock-in-trade Weighted average cost

2.19 Exceptional item

Significant gains/losses or expenses incurred arising from external events that is not expected to recur are disclosed as 'Exceptional item'.

2.20 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and when a reasonable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent liabilities are disclosed for (i) possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

2.21 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

2.22 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortized cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

2.22.1 Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Interest income is recognized in profit or loss for FVTOCI debt instruments. For the purposes of recognizing foreign exchange gains and losses, FVTOCI debt instruments are treated as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Thus, the exchange differences on the amortized cost are recognized in profit or loss and other changes in the fair value of FVTOCI financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of 'Reserve for debt instruments

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through other comprehensive income'. When the investment is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in this reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

2.22.2 Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

2.22.3 Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

On initial recognition, these investments are recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequently, they are measured at cost.

2.22.4 Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the investments.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably. Dividends recognized in profit or loss are included in the 'Other income' line item.

2.22.5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for investments in equity instruments which are not held for trading.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset that meets the amortized cost criteria or debt instruments that meet the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains and losses on them on different bases. The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPI

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other income' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognized when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

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2.22.6 Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognizing impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost, debt instruments at FVTOCI. lease receivables, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets). The Company estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit losses are portion of the life-time expected credit losses and represent the lifetime cash shortfalls that will result if default occurs within the 12 months after the reporting date and thus, are not cash shortfalls that are predicted over the next 12 months

If the Company measured loss allowance for a financial instrument at lifetime expected credit loss model in the previous period, but determines at the end of a reporting period that the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition due to improvement in credit quality as compared to the previous period, the Company again measures the loss allowance based on 12-month expected credit losses.

When making the assessment of whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses. To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the (₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Company always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forwardlooking information.

The impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance are equally applied to debt instruments at FVTOCI except that the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and is not reduced from the carrying amount in the balance sheet.

2.22.7 Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Company allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognize under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. **B94**

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The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

2.22.8 Foreign exchange gains and losses

The fair value of financial assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period.

- For foreign currency denominated financial assets measured at amortized cost and FVTPL, the exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss except for those which are designated as hedging instruments in a hedging relationship.
- Changes in the carrying amount of investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI relating to changes in foreign currency rates are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- For the purposes of recognizing foreign exchange gains and losses, FVTOCI debt instruments are treated as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Thus, the exchange differences on the amortized cost are recognized in profit or loss and other changes in the fair value of FVTOCI financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.23. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

2.23.1 Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2.23.2 Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

2.23.3 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company, and commitments issued by the Company to provide a loan at below-market interest rate are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies or is held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading or contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies, may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise:
- the financial liability forms part of group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or

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 It forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and Ind AS 109 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at EVTPL in accordance with Ind AS 109.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

However, for non-held-for-trading financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case these effects of changes in credit risk are recognised in profit or loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is always recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are reflected immediately in retained earnings and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Gains or losses on financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments issued by the Company that are designated by the Company as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

<u>Financial liabilities subsequently measured at</u> amortized cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortized cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Financial quarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind AS 109;
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 115.

Foreign exchange gains and losses

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortized cost of the instruments and are recognised in 'Other income'.

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. For financial liabilities that are measured as at FVTPL, the foreign exchange component forms part of the fair value gains or losses and is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of

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financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

2.24 Derivative financial instruments

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts, option contracts and interest rate swaps.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged item.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income net of applicable deferred income taxes. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of income. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income remains there until the forecast transaction occurs. When the hedged item is a non-financial asset, the amount recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred to the carrying amount of the asset when it is recognized. In other cases the amount recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss in the same period that the hedged item affects profit or loss. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognized in the other comprehensive income is transferred to statement of income.

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2.25 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2.25.1 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

In making their judgment, the management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue from the sale of goods set out in Ind AS 115 and, in particular, whether the Company had transferred control over the goods to the buyer.

2.25.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Items requiring significant estimate	Assumption and estimation uncertainty
Useful lives of property, plant and equipment	The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. During the current year, there has been no change in life considered for the assets.
Fair value measurements and valuation processes	Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The valuation committee which is headed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.
	In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market- observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. Finance team works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The Chief Financial Officer reports the valuation committee's findings to the board of directors of the Company annually to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets and liabilities.
Revenue recognition	The Company provides customer incentives, such as rebates, based on quantity purchased, timing of collections etc. Various estimates are made to recognise the impact of rebates and other incentives on revenue. These estimates are made based on historical and forecasted data, contractual terms and current conditions.
Subsidy income and related receivables	Subsidy income has been recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy including those under the Direct Benefit Transfer system which was introduced by the Government of India.
Provision for doubtful receivables	The Company makes provision for doubtful receivables based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for current estimates.
Estimation of net realisable value of inventories	Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In estimating the net realisable value of inventories the Company makes an estimate of future selling prices, Subsidy and costs necessary to make the sale.
Provision for employee benefits	The Company uses actuarial assumptions to determine the obligations for employee benefits at each reporting period. These assumptions include the discount rate, expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, rate of increase in compensation levels and mortality rates.
Provision for taxes	Significant judgments are required in determining the provision for income taxes, including the amount expected to be paid/ recovered for uncertain tax positions.
Leases	Ind AS 116 defines a lease term as the non-cancellable period for which the lessee has the right to use the underlying asset including optional periods, when an entity is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend (or not to terminate) a lease. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the lessee to exercise the option when determining the lease term. The option to extend the lease term are included in the lease term, if it is reasonably certain that the lessee will exercise the option. The Company reassess the option when significant events or changes in circumstances occur that are within the control of the lessee.

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Standalone Notes

 $(\overline{\epsilon} \text{ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated})$

Property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress

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Standalone Notes

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

forming pa	art of the	financial	statements	(Contd.)
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	As at 31 March 2021	As at
Carrying amounts of:		
Land	27,284	27,261
Buildings	23,838	22,608
Road	953	1,045
Railway sidings	1,466	
Plant and equipment	1,02,940	
Biological assets	51	42
Office equipment	2,303	1,942
Furniture and fixtures	914	808
Vehicles	1,362	
	1,61,111	
Capital work-in-progress	7,570	4,919

Details of Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Road	Railway	Plant and	Biological	Office	Furniture and	Vehicles	Total
Cost or deemed cost				sidings	equipment	assets	equipment	fixtures		
Balance as at 1 April 2019	27,261	28,411	2,449	3,126	1,78,261	45	6,158	3,471	2,572	2,51,75
Additions	' 	3,674	456	61	37,536	'	902	207	882	43,72
Disposals/ adjustments		35	'	70	2,957	'	193	9	166	3,4
Balance at 31 March 2020	27,261	32,050	2,905	3,117	2,12,840	45	6,870	3,672	3,288	2,92,048
Additions	23	2,265	06	79	9,711	12	1,169	205	346	13,900
Disposals/ adjustments		30			2,774	1	216	96	536	3,652
Balance at 31 March 2021	27.284	34.285	2,995	3,196	2,19,777	57	7.823	3,781	3.098	3.02.29

Refer Note 18.1 for details of assets pledged.

Interest capitalised during the year - Nil (2020: ₹433 lakhs).

Land admeasuring 446.92 acres (₹75 lakhs) is pending registration in the name of the Company. ⊢ ∠ ⊗

es		1,696 1,21,696	141 2,929	300 11,957		1,855 1,30,724	470 2,932	351 13,393	1,736 1,41,185
ld Vehicles			9	89			9	0	
Furniture and fixtures		2,780		00		2,863	96	100	2,867
Office F equipment		4,394	181	715		4,928	190	782	5,520
Biological assets			1	2		3		3	9
Plant and equipment		1,01,174	2,531	9,584		1,08,227	2,162	10,772	1,16,837
Railway sidings		1,412	54	188		1,546		184	1,730
Road		1,720		140		1,860		182	2,042
Buildings		8,519	16	636		9,442	14	1,019	10,447
Land	nd impairment	1				•		1	1
	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Balance as at 1 April 2019	Disposals/ adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance at	31 March 2020	Disposals/ adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance at 31 March 2021

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

4. Right-of-use assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Carrying amounts of:		
Land	26,335	26,673
Buildings	10,953	12,534
Plant and equipment	1,012	1,265
	38,300	40,472

Details of Right-of-use assets:

	Land (Refer notes below)	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Total
Gross carrying value				
As at 1 April 2019	27,698	12,125	1,518	41,341
Additions		2,733	-	2,733
Disposals/adjustments	-			
Balance at 31 March 2020	27,698	14,858	1,518	44,074
Additions	682	829	-	1,511
Disposals/adjustments	-	-		
Balance at 31 March 2021	28,380	15,687	1,518	45,585
Accumulated amortisation				
Amortisation	1,025	2,324	253	3,602
Disposals/adjustments	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	1,025	2,324	253	3,602
Amortisation	1,020	2,410	253	3,683
Disposals/adjustments				
Balance at 31 March 2021	2,045	4,734	506	7,285

Notes:

- 1) Includes net carrying value of the Land reclassified on adoption of Ind AS 116 "Leases".
- 2) Land admeasuring 324.74 acres (₹22,632 lakhs) is pending execution of lease in the name of the Company.

Lease liabilities:

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Current	2,143	1,855
Non-current	36,191	37,542
	38,334	39,397

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

5. Other intangible assets and intangible assets under development

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Carrying amounts of:		
Product registrations	744	449
Technical know-how	46	46
	790	495
Intangible assets under development	1,347	1,556

Details of Intangible assets

	Product Registrations	Technical know-how	Total
Cost or deemed cost			
Balance as at 1 April 2019	1,394	997	2,391
Additions	63	-	63
Disposals/ adjustments	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,457	997	2,454
Additions	428	-	428
Disposals/ adjustments			
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,885	997	2,882
Accumulated amortisation and impairment			
Balance as at 1 April 2019	885	906	1,791
Amortisation expense	123	45	168
Disposals/ adjustments	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,008	951	1,959
Amortisation expense	133	-	133
Disposals/ adjustments			
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,141	951	2,092

Non-current investments

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Quoted equity instruments		
(a) Investments in quoted equity instruments at FVTPL		
Rama Phosphate Limited	18	3
13,719 (2020: 13,719) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Total aggregate quoted investments (A)	18	3
Unquoted equity instruments		
(b) Investment in subsidiaries at cost		
Liberty Pesticides and Fertilisers Limited	113	113
7,50,000 (2020: 7,50,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Parry America, Inc	24	B101 24

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at	As at
776 (2020) 776) shares of LICD 100 each fully maid up	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
776 (2020: 776) shares of USD 100 each, fully paid-up	1,000	1,000
Parry Chemicals Limited 1,00,00,000 (2020: 1,00,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-	1,000	1,000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
CFL Mauritius Limited	10,281	10,281
2,20,25,000 (2020: 2,20,25,000) Ordinary shares of USD 1 each, fully	10,201	10,201
paid-up		
Sabero Australia Pty Ltd.	41	41
5,578 (2020: 5,578) Equity shares of Australian Dollar 14 each	11	
fully paid-up		
Sabero Europe B.V.	8	8
61 (2020: 61) Equity shares of Dutch Guilder 453.78 each fully paid-up		
Sabero Argentina S.A.	17	17
1,61,500 (2020: 1,61,500) Equity Shares of Argentina Peso 1		
each fully paid-up		
Sabero Organics America S.A.	927	793
39,90,310 (2020: 33,88,057) Equity Shares of Brazilian Real 1 each fully		
paid-up		
Coromandel Agronegocios de Mexico, S.A de C.V	29	29
4,99,477 (2020: 4,99,477) Equity shares of Mexican Peso 1 each fully		
paid-up		
Coromandel International (Nigeria) Limited	21	21
99,99,000 (2020: 99,99,000) Ordinary shares of Nigerian Naira 1 each		
fully paid-up		
Dare Investments Limited	500	500
50,00,000 (2020: 50,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Coromandel Brasil Limitada, Limited Liability Partnership**	466	466
18,315 (2020: 18,315) Quotas of Brazilian Real 100 each, fully paid-up		
Coromandel Mali SASU	7	7
500 (2020: 500) Equity shares of CF Francs 10,000 each, fully paid-up		
Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited****	1,700	
1,00,00,000 Ordinary shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Total aggregate investments in subsidiaries (B)	15,134	13,300
(c) Investment in joint ventures at cost		
Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited	1,600	1,600
1,60,00,000 (2020: 1,60,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Less: Impairment allowance	(832)	(832)
	768	768
Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ****	-	500
(2020: 50,00,000) Ordinary shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Total aggregate investments in joint ventures (C)	768	1,268
(d) Investment in associate at cost		
Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate	*	*
320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHP\$100 each fully paid-up		
Total aggregate investments in associate (D)	*	*

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at	As at
		31 March 2021	31 March 2020
(e)	Other equity instruments at FVTOCI		
	Tunisian Indian Fertilisers S.A.#	-	
	41,79,848 (2020: 41,79,848) Ordinary shares of Tunisian Dinars (TND)		
	10 each, fully paid-up		
	Nandesari Environment Control Limited	21	18_
	3,600 (2020: 2,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
	Ranar Agrochem Limited (formerly Prathyusha Chemicals and	2	2
	Fertilisers Limited)		
	10,01,000 (2020: 10,01,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
	Indian Potash Limited	2,576	2,392
	180,000 (2020: 1,80,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
	Foskor (Pty) Limited		
	i) 1,99,590 (2020: 1,99,590) Ordinary shares of South African Rand 1	-	-
	each, fully paid-up		
	ii) 46 (2020: 46) Class D shares of South African Rand 7,05,088 each,	1,901	1,901
	fully paid-up		
	Murugappa Management Services Limited	73	73_
	16,139 (2020: 16,139) Equity shares of ₹100 each, fully paid-up		
	Bharuch Enviro Infrastructure Limited	444	247_
	16,100 (2020: 16,100) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
	Narmada Clean Tech	39	20_
	2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
	A.P. Gas Power Corporation Limited	12,391	12,316
	53,92,160 (2020: 53,92,160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Tota	al aggregate Equity investments at FVTOCI (E)	17,447	16,969
_(f)	Other investments at FVTPL		
	Faering Capital India Evolving Fund	266	174_
	19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up		
Tota	al aggregate other investments (F)	266	174_
	- Aut		
(g)	Others	_	
	Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E))	5	141
	Loans at FVTOCI***	1,609	1,609
Tota	al aggregate others (G)	1,614	1,750
Tota	al investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F)+ (G)	35,247	33,464
	s than a lakh		
	regate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	18	3
Agg	regate amount of unquoted investments	35,229	33,461
Agg	regate amount of impairment in value of investments	832	832

Notes:

- The Ordinary shares of Tunisian Indian Fertilisers S.A., Tunisia (TIFERT) held by the Company have been pledged to secure the obligations of TIFERT to their lenders, except 8,04,848 shares.
- the Company holds 100% of the quotas and is the only partner in the Limited Liability Partnership.
- *** represents loan amounting ₹ 1,609 Lakhs (2020: ₹1,609 Lakhs) to TIFERT which was compulsorily convertible to equity shares at the end of three years from June 2017. During the current year, the period has been extended for further 2 years.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

***** Pursuant to Share Purchase Agreement dated 10 July 2020, the Company has acquired 50,00,000 equity shares held by M/s Soquimich European Holdings B.V. for a consideration of ₹1,200 lakhs. Consequent to this acquisition Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (CSQM) has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company with effect from 24 August 2020.

7. Other financial assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Derivatives that are not designated in hedge accounting relationships		
Foreign currency forward contracts	965	7,015
Derivatives that are designated in hedge accounting relationships	412	5
	1,377	7,020
Financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Advances with related parties (Refer Note 40(E))	422	14
Interest accrued but not due on deposits, loans, others*	1,260	283
Insurance claims receivable	573	2,739
	2,255	3,036
Current	3,632	10,051
Non-current	-	5
	3,632	10,056

Includes ₹3 lakhs (2020: ₹3 lakhs) interest receivable from related party. Refer Note 40(E)

8. Other non-current assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Capital advances	2,243	1,610
Deposits	3,038	2,765
Others	149	171
	5,430	4,546

9. Inventories

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Raw materials	68,977	56,120
Raw materials in-transit	53,471	22,988
Work-in-process	3,898	3,847
Finished goods	1,05,597	1,41,110
Stock-in-trade	18,547	36,936
Stores and spares	5,609	6,047
Packing materials	2,623	2,145
	2,58,722	2,69,193

Note: Refer Note 2.18 for basis of valuation and for details of inventories pledged refer Note 18.1

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

10. Current investments

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Quoted instruments at FVTPL		
Unquoted other investments at FVTPL		
UTI Master Shares	*	*
1,000 (2020: 1,000) shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Total unquoted investments	*	*
Total current investments	*	*
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	*	*
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-

^{*} less than a lakh

11. Trade receivables

As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
5,673	10,450
50,558	1,61,985
15,638	13,540
71,869	1,85,975
15,638	13,540
56,231	1,72,435
	31 March 2021 5,673 50,558 15,638 71,869 15,638

^{*} Includes `3,324 lakhs (2020: ₹1,167 lakhs) receivable from related party. Also Refer Note 40(E)

The credit period on sales of goods varies with seasons and business segments/ markets and generally ranges between 30 to 180 days. No interest is recovered on trade receivables for payments received after the due date.

Before accepting any new customer, the Company has a credit evaluation system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and to define credit limits for the customer. Credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed on an annual basis.

The Company maintains an allowance for impairment of doubtful accounts based on financial condition of the customer, ageing of the customer receivable and overdues, available collaterals and historical experience of collections from customers. Accordingly, the Company creates provision for past due receivables beyond 180 days ranging between 25%-100% after reckoning the underlying collaterals. Besides, based on the expected credit loss model the Company also provides upto 0.50% for receivables less than 180 days.

Movement in the allowance for doubtful receivables

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Balance at beginning of the year	13,540	12,775
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	2,123	765
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	(25)	-
Balance at end of the year	15,638	13,540
		R105

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables is reasonably low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions representing large number of minor receivables operating in independent markets. No single customer constitutes more than 5% balance of the total trade receivables as of the Balance Sheet date.

12. Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Cash on hand	29	12
Balances with Banks:		
in Current accounts	6,122	3,224
in Deposit accounts	57,831	-
	63,982	3,236

13. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Restricted		
Dividend accounts	2,211	1,923
Bonus debenture redemption and interest	778	844
Margin money/ deposit	10	9
	2,999	2,776

Unclaimed dividend accounts

If the dividend has not been claimed within 30 days from the date of its declaration, the Company is required to transfer the total amount of the dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed, to a special account to be opened by the Company in a scheduled bank to be called "Unpaid Dividend Account". The unclaimed dividend lying in such account is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), administered by the Central Government after a period of seven years from the date of declaration.

Bonus debenture redemption and interest

If the proceeds on maturity of debentures and interest thereon has not been claimed within 30 days from the date of its declaration, the Company is required to transfer the total amount of the dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed, to a special account to be opened by the Company in a scheduled bank to be called "Unpaid debenture account". The unclaimed amounts lying in such account is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), administered by the Central Government after a period of seven years from the date of declaration.

Margin money / deposit

Amounts in margin money/deposit accounts represents amounts deposited with certain government agencies.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

14. Loans

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
At amortised cost		
Unsecured, considered good		
- Loans and advances to related parties (Refer Note 40 (E))	12	11
- Inter-corporate deposits	1,50,000	42,000
	1,50,012	42,011
Current	1,50,012	42,011
Non-current	-	-
	1,50,012	42,011

15. Other current assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Advances recoverable in kind or for value to be received		
Considered good #	31,276	24,666
Considered doubtful	442	483
	31,718	25,149
Less: Impairment allowance	442	483
	31,276	24,666
Others (including Goods and Services Tax balances)	18,586	19,005
6.20% Fertilizer companies' Government of India special bonds 2022	*	*
10,000 (2020: 10,000) bonds of ₹100/- each		
6.65% Fertilizer companies' Government of India special bonds 2023	*	*
5,000 (2020: 5,000) bonds of ₹100/- each		
	49,862	43,671

[#] Includes receivables from Related parties ₹3 lakhs (2020: ₹23 lakhs). Refer Note 40(E).

Refer Note 18.1 for details of pledge on current assets.

16. Equity

16.1 Equity share capital

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Authorised Share capital:		
35,00,00,000 (2020: 35,00,00,000) equity shares of ₹1 each	3,500	3,500
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up:		
29,33,78,679 (2020: 29,29,53,749) fully paid equity shares of ₹1 each	2,934	2,930
	2,934	2,930

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^{*} less than a lakh

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

16.2 Reconciliation of number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

	Numbers of Shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2019	29,25,27,329	2,925
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,26,420	5
Balance as at 31 March 2020	29,29,53,749	2,930
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,24,930	4
Balance as at 31 March 2021	29,33,78,679	2,934

16.3 Rights, preferences and restriction relating to each class of share capital:

Equity shares: The Company has one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹1 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the case of interim dividend.

16.4 As at 31 March 2021, E.I.D.-Parry (India) Limited (Parent Company) held 16,54,55,580 (2020: 17,71,55,580) equity shares of ₹1 each fully paid-up representing 56.40% (2020: 60.47%) of the paid up capital. There are no other shareholders holding more than 5 % of the issued capital.

16.5 Share options granted under the Company's employee share option plan

As at 31 March 2021-, shares reserved for issue under the 'ESOP 2007' scheme is 81,32,966 (2020: 81,35,116) equity shares of `1 each and under the 'ESOP 2016' scheme is 1,35,32,630 (2020: 1,39,55,410) equity shares of `1 each.

Share options granted under the Company's employee share option plan carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights. Further details of the employee share option plan are provided in Note 33.

16.6 There are no bonus shares issued and no shares were issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

16.7 Cumulative redeemable preference shares

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Authorised capital		
50,00,000 (2020: 50,00,000) cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹10 each	500	500

Cumulative redeemable preference shares: The Company has a class of cumulative redeemable preference shares having face value of ₹10 each with such rights, privileges and conditions respectively attached thereto as may be from time to time confirmed by the regulations of the company. Pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation, the cumulative redeemable preference shares carry cumulative dividend of 8% per annum in relation to capital paid upon them and are on original terms and conditions in which they were issued by erstwhile Liberty Phosphate Limited, the amalgamating company.

No such cumulative redeemable preference shares are issued and outstanding as of 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

17. Other equity

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
General reserve	2,63,592	2,63,592
Retained earnings	2,40,150	1,62,449
Capital reserve	20	20
Capital redemption reserve	986	986
Securities Premium	17,013	15,041
Central subsidy	11	11
ESOP reserve	1,102	1,241
Equity Instruments through OCI	(6,083)	(6,450)
Cash flow hedge reserve	306	(916)
	5,17,097	4,35,974

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(i)	General reserve		
	Balance at beginning of year	2,63,592	2,33,328
	Amount transferred on cancellation of stock options	-	264
	Amount transferred from retained earnings	-	30,000
		2,63,592	2,63,592

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

(ii)	Retained earnings		
	Balance at beginning of year	1,62,449	98,899
	Profit for the year	1,31,218	1,05,917
	Remeasurment of net defined benefit plans	(745)	(24)
	Dividend on equity shares	(52,772)	(12,343)
	Amount transferred to general reserve	-	(30,000)
		2,40,150	1,62,449

Retained earnings represents the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2021, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 29 April 2021 have recommended a final dividend of ₹6 per share (600% on face value of ₹1 per share). The Board at its meeting held on 01 February 2021 had approved payment of interim dividend ₹6 per equity share (600% on face value of ₹1 per share). The total dividend is ₹12 per share (1200% on face value of ₹1 per share) for the year ended 31 March 2021. The proposed final dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements. The total amount paid with respect to interim dividend is ₹17,595 Lakhs. The total estimated amount to be paid with respect to final dividend is ₹17,603 Lakhs.

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2020, the directors proposed that a final dividend of ₹12 per share be paid on fully paid equity shares, which was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The total amount paid with respect to dividend is ₹35,177 Lakhs.

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2019, the directors approved payment of interim dividend of ₹3 per share and proposed that a final dividend of ₹3.50 per share be paid on fully paid equity shares which was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The total amount paid with respect to interim dividend is ₹10,577 Lakhs including dividend distribution tax of ₹1,803 Lakhs and with respect to final dividend is ₹12,343 Lakhs including dividend distribution tax of ₹2,105 Lakhs.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(iii)	Capital Reserve	20	20
(iv)	Capital Redemption reserve	986	986
	Capital redemption reserve has been created pursuant to the requirement required to transfer certain amounts on buyback of Company's own sha shares. The Company has bought back its own shares and also redeeme earlier years. The capital redemption reserve can be utilised for issue of both	res and on redemptic d the underlying prefe	n of the preference
(v)	Securities premium		
	Balance at beginning of year	15,041	13,201
	Amount transferred on exercise of employee stock option	538	479
	Amount received on exercise of employee stock option	1,434	1,361
		17,013	15,041
	Securities premium represents the amount received in excess of the face of the securities premium is governed by the Section 52 of the Act.	value of the equity sh	ares. The utilisation
(vi)	Central subsidy	11	11
(vii)	Share options outstanding account		
	Balance at beginning of year	1,241	1,466
	Amount transferred to on exercise/ cancellation of employee stock option	(538)	(743)
	Recognition of share based payment expense	399	518
		1,102	1,241
	Share options outstanding account relates to share options granted by employee share option plans. These will be transferred to securities preroptions.		
(viii)	Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(6,450)	(7,425)
	Net fair value gain/ (loss) on investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI (net of tax)	367	975
		(6,083)	(6,450)
	This reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revat fair value through other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclaassets have been disposed of.		
(ix)	Cash flow hedge reserve		
	Balance at beginning of year	(916)	(18)
	Effective portion of cash flow hedges (net of tax)	1,222	(898)

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

18. Borrowings

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Secured- at amortised cost		
Loan repayable on demand from banks	45	5,674
Short term loans from banks	-	61,695
Unsecured- at amortised cost		
Short term loans from		
Banks	-	65,143
Others		30,000
Loans from related parties (Refer Note 40 (E))	248	248
	293	162,760
Long term borrowings	-	-
Short term borrowings	293	162,760
	293	162,760

18.1 Summary of borrowing arrangements

- i) There are no outstanding long-term borrowings as of 31 March 2021 and as on 31 March 2020.
- ii) Secured loans repayabale on demand comprises cash credit balances secured by a pari-passu charge on current assets of the Company. Further, some of these are also secured by second charge on moveable fixed assets of the Company.
- iii) Secured short-term loans from banks comprises of working capital demand loans secured by a pari-passu charge on current assets of Company. Further, certain borrowings are secured by specific subsidy receivables and letter of comfort from Government of India under Special Banking Arrangement.
- iv) Unsecured short term loans comprises of commercial paper and short term loans from banks.
- v) Unsecured loans from related parties comprise of loan from a subsidiary, Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited.

18.2 Breach of loan agreement

There is no breach of loan agreement.

19. Other financial liabilities

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial liabilities mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Derivatives not designated in hedge accounting relationships		
Foreign currency forward contracts	249	921
Derivatives designated in hedge accounting relationships(includes non-current portion of ₹Nil (2020: ₹2 lakhs)	4	1,229
	253	2,150
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Security and trade deposits received (includes non-current portion of ₹176 lakhs (2020: ₹144 lakhs)	16,124	15,036
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	1	R111 ²⁸⁴

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Interest accrued but not due on others	1,253	1,142
Unclaimed dividends	2,211	1,923
Unclaimed debentures	778	844
Payables on purchase of fixed assets	1,150	2,546
Others	500	-
	22,017	21,775
	22,270	23,925
Current	22,094	23,779
Non-current	176	146
	22,270	23,925

20. Provisions

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Employee benefits*	3,527	3,568
	3,527	3,568
Current	2,155	1,460
Non-current Non-current	1,372	2,108
	3,527	3,568

^{*}The provision for employee benefits represents leave entitlements and gratuity. Refer Note 34(a) for details of gratuity obligation.

21. Income tax

21.1 Deferred tax liabilities (net)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities	13,776	14,114
Deferred tax assets	(8,160)	(8,485)
	5,616	5,629

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2020-2021	Opening balance 1 April 2020	Recognised in Profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance 31 March 2021
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to:				
Property, plant and equipment	14,114	(338)	-	13,776
Investments at FVTOCI	(1,907)	-	111	(1,796)
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	(3,529)	(518)	-	(4,047)
Statutory dues allowable on payment basis	(315)	(19)	-	(334)
Employees separation and retirement costs	(826)	161	(251)	(916)
Others	(1,908)	430	411	(1,067)
Total	5,629	(284)	271	5,616
2019-2020	Opening balance 1 April 2019	Recognised in Profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance 31 March 2020
2019-2020 Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to:			in other comprehensive	
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in			in other comprehensive	
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to:	1 April 2019	Profit or loss	in other comprehensive income	31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to: Property, plant and equipment	1 April 2019 19,523	Profit or loss	in other comprehensive income	31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to: Property, plant and equipment Investments at FVTOCI Provision for doubtful debts and	1 April 2019 19,523 (2,203)	Profit or loss (5,409)	in other comprehensive income	31 March 2020 14,114 (1,907)
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to: Property, plant and equipment Investments at FVTOCI Provision for doubtful debts and advances Statutory dues allowable on	1 April 2019 19,523 (2,203) (4,519)	(5,409) - 990	in other comprehensive income	31 March 2020 14,114 (1,907) (3,529)
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to: Property, plant and equipment Investments at FVTOCI Provision for doubtful debts and advances Statutory dues allowable on payment basis Employees separation and	1 April 2019 19,523 (2,203) (4,519) (410)	(5,409) - 990	in other comprehensive income	31 March 2020 14,114 (1,907) (3,529) (315)

21.2 Unrecognised deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits

Deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised are attributable to the following:

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
- long-term capital loss	44	44
	44	44

Long-term capital loss of ₹35 lakhs is available for set-off till 31 March 2025 and ₹9 lakhs till 31 March 2027 and ₹0.3 lakhs till 31 March 2029 (2020: ₹35 lakhs till 31 March 2025 and ₹9 lakhs till 31 March 2027).

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

21.3 Income tax credit/(expense) recognised directly in equity

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Tax effect on changes in fair value of other investments	(111)	(296)
Tax effect on actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit obligations	251	(110)
Tax effect on Effective portion of gains and loss on designated portion of hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge	(411)	299
	(271)	(107)

21.4 Current tax liabilities (net)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Income tax payable (net of advance tax)	3,602	4,286
	3,602	4,286

21.5 Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is as follows:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Accounting profit before tax	1,76,555	1,37,136
Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (2020: 25.17%)	44,439	34,517
Adjustments:		
Effect of income that is exempt from tax	-	(17)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	885	371
Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances)	(21)	(17)
Effect of change in tax rate	-	(3,818)
Others	34	183
Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	45,337	31,219

22. Other liabilities

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Advances from customers	5,904	6,588
Income received in advance	827	876
Other liabilities (including statutory remittances)	1,140	1,126
	7,871	8,590
Current	7,044	7,714
Non-current Non-current	827	876
	7,871	8,590

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

23. Trade payables

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Acceptances	1,13,353	63,073
Other than Acceptances	1,79,304	2,71,644
	2,92,657	3,34,717
of the above:		
i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises*	936	943
ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises**	2,91,721	3,33,774
	2,92,657	3,34,717

Dues to MSME have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors. Refer note 45.

24. Revenue from operations

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
The following is an analysis of the Company's revenue:		
Sales	10,76,909	9,82,084
Government subsidies	3,32,468	3,25,119
Other operating revenue	6,918	4,516
Total Revenue from operations	14,16,295	13,11,719
Other operating revenues comprise:		
Service income	421	409
DEPB income/ excise benefits	1,696	2,263
Provision for liabilities no longer required, written back	3,153	45
Insurance claim	274	22
Others	1,374	1,777
	6,918	4,516

25. Other income

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Interest income	4,075	3,703
Dividend income from investments carried at FVTPL	-	13
Dividend income from investments carried at FVTOCI	5	19
Profit on sale of investment	-	34
Gain on measuring investments at FVTPL (net)	162	-
	4,242	3,769

Includes amount payable to related party ₹1,208 Lakhs (2020:₹1,230 lakhs). Also refer note 40(E).

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

26. Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-process and stock-in-trade

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
As at 1 April		
Work-in-process	3,847	2,369
Finished goods	1,41,110	1,65,549
Stock-in-trade	36,936	34,149
	1,81,893	2,02,067
Less: As at 31 March		
Work-in-process	3,898	3,847
Finished goods	1,05,597	1,41,110
Stock-in-trade	18,547	36,936
	1,28,042	1,81,893
	53,851	20,174

27. Employee benefits expense

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Salaries, wages and bonus	45,177	37,903
Share based payments (Refer note 33.3)	399	518
Contribution to provident and other funds	3,974	3,330
Staff welfare expenses	3,878	3,971
	53,428	45,722

28. Finance cost

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Interest expense (Refer notes below)	6,264	19,283
Other borrowing costs and charges	727	675
Lease interest cost	3,579	3,571
	10,570	23,529

Notes:

- 1) Net of ₹ Nil capitalised (2020: ₹ 433 lakhs capitalised at the average interest rate of 5.01%)
- 2) Includes ₹ 10 lakhs (2020: ₹15 lakhs) towards loan taken from a related party (Refer note 40(B))

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

29. Depreciation and amortisation expense

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer note 3)	13,393	11,957
Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer note 5)	133	168
Amortisation on Right-of-use assets (Refer note 4)	3,683	3,602
	17,209	15,727

30. Other expenses

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Stores and spares consumed	11,343	8,594
Power, fuel and water	31,471	28,044
Rent	1,093	882
Repairs to:		
Buildings	569	623
Machinery	4,328	3,606
Others	2,900	2,160
Insurance charges	2,754	2,091
Rates and taxes	1,402	1,082
Freight and distribution	89,236	88,440
Exchange differences (net)	4,845	12,218
Loss on sale/scrap of property, plant and equipments (net)	468	477
Impairment allowance recognised for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans and advances (net)	2,169	845
Trade and other receivables written off	35	-
Loss on measuring investments at FVTPL (net)	-	104
Loss on sale of investments	17	-
Miscellaneous expenses	44,293	39,554
	1,96,923	1,88,720

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

31. Segment information

31.1 Products and services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

The information reported to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is based on types of goods and services. Accordingly, the Company's reportable segments under Ind AS 108 are as follows:

- 1. Nutrient and other allied business
- 2. Crop protection

The following is an analysis of the Company's revenue and results from operations by reportable segment:

	Segmen	Segment revenue		Segment Profit	
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020	
Nutrient and other allied business	12,20,694	11,55,003	1,68,485	1,50,725	
Crop protection	2,05,824	1,66,590	33,328	21,601	
	14,26,518	13,21,593	2,01,813	1,72,326	
Less: Inter - segment	(10,223)	(9,874)	328	(648)	
Total	14,16,295	13,11,719	2,02,141	1,71,678	
Other income			4,242	3,769	
Unallocable expense			(19,258)	(14,782)	
Finance costs			(10,570)	(23,529)	
Profit before tax			1,76,555	1,37,136	

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are same as the Company's accounting policies. Segment profit represents the profit before interest and tax earned by each segment without allocation of central administrative costs and other income. This is the measure reported to the CODM.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

31.2 Segment assets and liabilities

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Segment assets		
Nutrient and other allied business	4,95,091	7,83,798
Crop protection	1,43,833	1,49,208
Unallocable assets	2,55,277	88,770
Total assets	8,94,201	10,21,776
Segment liabilities		
Nutrient and other allied business	2,91,473	3,55,229
Crop protection	65,163	45,057
Unallocable liabilities	17,534	1,82,586
Total liabilities	3,74,170	5,82,872

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- 1. All assets are allocated to reportable segments other than inter-corporate deposits, investments, cash and cash equivalents and derivative contracts.
- 2. All liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than borrowings, defined benefit obligation and long-term employee benefits, derivative contracts, current and deferred tax liabilities.

31.3 Other segment information

	Depreciation and amortisation		Additions to nor	- current assets
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31March 2020*
Nutrient and other allied business	12,990	12,090	12,246	62,405
Crop protection	4,219	3,637	6,919	6,241

^{*} Includes Right-of-use recognised on transition date, 1 April 2019

31.4 Revenue from major products

The following is an analysis of the Company's revenue from operations from its major products:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Phosphatic Fertilisers	6,66,878	6,37,951
Urea	33,321	25,957
Muriate of Potash	32,065	28,172
Single Super Phosphate	43,873	37,278
Others	1,12,089	1,00,526
	8,88,226	8,29,884
Government subsidies	3,32,468	3,25,119
Nutrient and other allied business	12,20,694	11,55,003
Crop protection	2,05,824	1,66,590
Total	14,26,518	13,21,593
Less: Inter - segment	(10,223)	(9,874)
Revenue from operations	14,16,295	13,11,719

32. Financial instruments

32.1 Capital management

The Company's capital management objective is to maximise the total shareholder return by optimising cost of capital through flexible capital structure that supports growth. Further, the Company ensures optimal credit risk profile to maintain/enhance credit rating.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plan and long-term strategic plans. The funding requirements are met through internal accruals and long-term/short-term borrowings. The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of Net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company.

For the purpose of capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other reserves. Net debt includes all long and short-term borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents and inter-corporate deposits with financial institutions.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The following table summarises the capital of the Company:

As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
5,20,031	4,38,904
293	1,62,760
(1,50,000)	(42,000)
(63,982)	(3,236)
(2,13,689)	1,17,524
3,06,342	5,56,428
*	0.21
19.33	7.50
	31 March 2021 5,20,031 293 (1,50,000) (63,982) (2,13,689) 3,06,342

^{*} As at 31 March 2021, Short term borrowings are lower than the balances of Inter corporate deposits with financial institutions and Cash and cash equivalents.

32.2 Categories of financial instruments

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial assets		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)*		
(a) Mandatorily measured:		
(i) Derivative instruments not designated in hedge accounting relationship	965	7,015
(ii) Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship	412	5
(iii) Equity investments	18	3
(iv) Other investments	266	174
Measured at amortised cost		
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	63,982	3,236
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	2,999	2,776
(c) Other financial assets at amortised cost	2,67,464	4,49,104
Measured at FVTOCI*		
(a) Investments in equity instruments designated upon initial recognition	17,447	16,969
(b) Investments in other instruments designated upon initial recognition	1,609	1,609
Measured at cost		
(a) Investments in equity instruments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate	15,907	14,709
Financial liabilities		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)*		
(a) Derivative instruments not designated in hedge accounting relationship	249	921
(b) Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship	4	1,229
Measured at amortised cost	3,53,301	5,58,649

^{*} Refer Note 32.9 for fair valuation methods and assumptions

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

32.3 Financial risk management objectives

The Company has adequate internal processes to assess, monitor and manage financial risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company seeks to minimise the effects of these risks by using financial instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts, option contracts, interest and currency swaps to hedge risk exposures and appropriate risk management policies as detailed below. The use of these financial instruments is governed by the Company's policies, which outlines principles on foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and deployment of surplus funds.

Item	Primarily affected by	Risk management policies	Refer
Market risk - currency risk	USD balances and exposure towards trade payables, buyer's credit, exports, short-term and long-term borrowings Mitigating foreign currency risk us foreign currency forward contracts option contracts and currency swap		Note 32.4.1
Market risk - interest rate risk	Change in market interest rates	Maintaining a combination of fixed and floating rate debt; interest rate swaps for long-term borrowings; cash management policies	Note 32.4.2
Market risk - other price risk	Decline in value of equity instruments	Monitoring forecasts of cash flows; diversification of portfolio	Note 32.4.3
Credit risk	Ability of customers or counterparties to financial instruments to meet contractual obligations	Credit approval and monitoring practices; counterparty credit policies and limits; arrangements with financial institutions	Note 32.5
Liquidity risk	Fluctuations in cash flows	Preparing and monitoring forecasts of cash flows; cash management policies; multiple-year credit and banking facilities	Note 32.6

32.4 Market risk

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to market rate changes. The Company is exposed to the following significant market risks:

- Foreign currency risk
- Interest rate risk
- Other price risk

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

32.4.1 Foreign currency risk management

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk on account of following:

- 1. Nutrient and other allied business has foreign exchange exposure for its imports of raw materials, intermediates and traded goods.
- 2. Crop Protection segment has foreign exchange exposure on both exports of finished goods and imports of raw materials, intermediates and traded goods.
- 3. Foreign currency borrowings in the form of buyers credit, packing credit etc. are availed for meeting its funding requirements.

The Company has a forex policy in place whose objective is to mitigate foreign exchange risk by deploying the appropriate hedging strategies through combination of various hedging instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts,

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options contracts and has a dedicated forex desk to monitor the currency movement and respond swiftly to market situations. The Company follows netting principle for managing the foreign exchange exposure for each operating segment.

There are no long-term borrowings outstanding as on 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

a. The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities based on gross exposure at the end of the reporting period is as under.

Curency	Liabilities		Assets	
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
USD (millions)	256.81	335.46	37.30	40.25
INR (₹ in lakhs)	1,87,764	2,53,826	27,266	30,455
EURO (millions)	0.04	0.05	1.52	2.18
INR (₹ in lakhs)	36	45	1,305	1,805

b. Foreign currency forward and option contracts outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date:

Curency	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	Buy	Sell	Buy	Sell
Forward contracts				
USD (millions)*	191.29	65.92	293.96	73.33
INR (₹ in lakhs)	1,39,865	48,190	2,22,425	55,479
Number of contracts	63	59	96	47

The forward contracts have been entered into to hedge the purchase of raw materials and stock-in-trade and the related buyer's credit and in certain cases the foreign currency trade receivables.

* Includes 65.92 USD (millions) (31 March 2020 : 70.11 USD (millions)) Sell contracts outstanding under past performance facility/anticipated exposure as per Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Master Direction on Risk Management and Inter-Bank Dealings.

c. Net open exposures outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date:

Curency	Liabilities		Assets	
	As at March 2021	As at March 2020	As at March 2021	As at March 2020
USD (millions)	65.51	41.50	-	-
INR (₹ in lakhs)	47,899	31,401	-	-
EURO (millions)	0.04	0.05	1.52	2.18
INR (₹ in lakhs)	36	45	1,305	1,805

d. Summary of hedging instruments outstanding at the end of the year designated as cash flow hedges:

	As at	No. of contracts	USD (millions)	Amount in ₹ lakhs	Average exchange rate
Sell Currency -		43	46.83	34,757	74.22
USD with tenor less than a year	31 March 2020	25	50.82	38,450	75.66

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Foreign currency forward contracts designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of forecast sales in USD are measured at fair value through OCI. While the Company enters into other foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce the foreign exchange risk, these other contracts are not designated in hedge relationships and are measured at FVTPL.

The terms of the hedging instruments match the terms of the forecast transactions. As a result, no hedge ineffectiveness arise requiring recognition through profit or loss.

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Company is mainly exposed to fluctuations in US Dollar. The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a ₹1 increase and decrease against the US Dollar. ₹1 is the sensitivity used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only net outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a ₹1 change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit or equity where the Rupee strengthens by ₹1 against the US Dollar. For a ₹1 weakening against the US Dollar, there would be a comparable impact on the profit or equity.

Amount in ₹ lakhs

Currency USD impact on:	2020-21	2019-20
Impact of ₹1 strengthening against US Dollar on profit or loss for the year	490	311
Impact of ₹1 weakening against US Dollar on profit or loss for the year	(490)	(311)
Impact of ₹1 strengthening against US Dollar on Equity as at the end of the reporting period	490	311
Impact of ₹1 weakening against US Dollar on Equity as at the end of the reporting period	(490)	(311)

32.4.2 Interest rate risk management

The Company issues commercial papers, draws working capital demand loans, avails cash credit, foreign currency borrowings including buyers credit, Packing Credit etc. for meeting its funding requirements.

Interest rates on these borrowings are exposed to change in respective benchmark rates. The Company manages the interest rate risk by maintaining appropriate mix/portfolio of the borrowings.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined for borrowings assuming the amount of borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 10 basis points increase or decrease in case of foreign currency borrowings and 50 basis points increase or decrease in case of rupee borrowings is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rate had been 10 basis points higher/lower in case of foreign currency borrowings and 50 basis points higher/ lower in case of rupee borrowings and all other variables were held constant, the Company's profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 would decrease/increase by ₹1.09 lakhs (31 March 2020: ₹ 609 lakhs)

32.4.3 Other price risks

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. Certain of the Company's equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Company also holds certain other equity investments for trading purposes.

a. Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

If equity prices had been 5% higher/lower other comprehensive income/ equity for the year ended 31 March 2021 would increase/ decrease by ₹ 653 Lakhs (31 March 2020: ₹651 lakhs) as a result of the changes in fair value of equity investments measured at FVTOCI. The impact of change in equity price on profit or loss is not significant.

32.5 Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to the customer credit risk management. The Company uses financial information and past experience to evaluate credit quality of majority of its customers and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding receivables and the credit worthiness of its counterparties are periodically monitored and taken up on case to case basis. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions representing large number of minor receivables operating in independent markets.

The credit risk on cash and bank balances, derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

32.6Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Note 32.8 sets out details of additional undrawn facilities that the Company has at its disposal to reduce liquidity risk.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at 31 March 2021:

	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	2,92,657	2,92,776			2,92,776
Borrowings and interest thereon#	294	294	-	-	294
Other financial liabilities**	22,016	21,821	-	1,500	23,321
Lease Liability	38,334	2,143	3,817	32,374	38,334
Foreign currency forward contracts	253	253		-	253
Total	3,53,554	3,17,287	3,817	33,874	3,54,978

The table below provides details of financial assets as at 31 March 2021:

	Carrying amount
Investments	*
Trade receivables	56,231
Government subsidies receivable	58,966
Cash and cash equivalents including other bank balances	66,981
Loans	1,50,012
Other financial assets	2,255
Foreign currency forward contracts	1,377
Total	3,35,822

^{*} Less than a lakh

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at 31 March 2020:

	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	3,34,717	3,36,296	-	_	3,36,296
Borrowings and interest thereon#	1,63,044	1,63,576	-	-	1,63,576
Other financial liabilities**	21,491	21,318	-	1,500	22,818
Lease Liability	39,397	1,855	5,643	31,899	39,397
Foreign currency forward contracts	2,150	2,148	2	-	2,150
Total	5,60,799	5,25,193	5,645	33,399	5,64,237

The table below provides details of financial assets as at 31 March 2020:

	Carrying amount
Investments	*
Trade receivables	1,72,435
Government subsidies receivable	2,31,622
Cash and cash equivalents including other bank balances	6,012
Loans	42,011
Other financial assets	3,036
Foreign currency forward contracts	7,015
Total	4,62,131

- Less than a lakh
- Included in Borrowing and interest theron are certain borrowings which are subject to variable interest rates. Amount included in the above maturity analysis assumes interest outflows based on the year end benchmark interest rates, the actual interest rates may differ based on the changes in the benchmark interest rates.
- Other financial liabilities include deposits received from customers amounting to ₹15,948 Lakhs (31 March 2020: ₹14,892 Lakhs). These deposits do not have a contractual re-payment term but are repayable on demand. Since, the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer the payment, these deposits have been classified as current balances. For including these amounts in the above mentioned maturity analysis, the Company has assumed that these deposits, including interest thereon, will be repayable at the end of the reporting period. The actual maturity period for the deposit amount and the interest thereon can differ based on the date on which these deposits are settled to the customers.

32.7 Financial guarantee contract

The Company has provided a sponsor guarantee for USD 41.1 million (proportionate to the shareholding of 15%) towards the borrowings of Tunisian Indian Fertilisers S.A. (TIFERT), a company based in Tunisia, manufacturing phosphoric acid. In March 2017, TIFERT has requested reschedulement of instalment due to the lenders and delayed the payment. The same was not agreed to by the Lenders and the acceleration notice was served on TIFERT by lenders on 28 March 2017. The loan instalment was immediately paid on 30 March 2017 by TIFERT. However, on 4 April 2017 the lenders followed up with call notice on shareholders towards guaranteed amount (Coromandel's share USD 35.25 million outstanding as on 31 March 2017). The Company alongwith other shareholders of TIFERT are in discussion with the Lenders to resolve the matter with regard to liquidity situation and operational improvements of TIFERT and also to find a solution for meeting the future debt obligations of TIFERT.

Considering the discussions held with Lenders and operational improvement achieved by TIFERT during the year, the Company reasonably considers that TIFERT would be in a position to meet the debt obligations and it B 125 that

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such an event of payment under guarantee amount will arise. TIFERT has paid the subsequent half-yearly instalments that were due as per the payment schedule. The sponsor guarantee was valid upto 31 March 2018. The Company's obligation under this corporate guarantee if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee is subject to a maximum of ₹10,299 Lakhs (31 March 2020: ₹13,707 Lakhs).

32.8 Financing facilities

The Company has access to financing facilities of which ₹3,49,821 Lakhs (as at 31 March 2020: ₹3,10,699 Lakhs) were unused at the end of the reporting period. The Company expects to meet its other obligations from operating cash flows and proceeds of maturing financial assets.

32.9 Fair value measurements

Some of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used):

Financial assets/financial liabilities	Fair Valu			Valuation techniques
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	hierarchy	& key inputs used
1) Foreign currency forward contracts	1,124	4,870	Level 2	Refer Note 3(a) below
2) Investments in quoted equity instruments at FVTPL	18	3	Level 1	Refer Note 2 below
3) Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	266	174	Level 3	Refer Note 4(a) below
4) Investments in unquoted equity	14,292	14,217	Level 3	Refer Note 4(b) below
instruments at FVTOCI	3,155	2,752	Level 3	Refer Note 4(c) below

positive value denotes financial asset (net) and negative value denotes financial liability (net)

Notes:

- 1. There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the period.
- 2. The Level 1 financial instruments are measured using quotes in active market.
- 3. The following table shows the valuation technique and key input used for Level 2:

Financial Instrument	Valuation Technique	Key Inputs used
(a) Foreign currency forward contracts	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward exchange rates, contract forward and interest rates, observable yield curves.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

4. The following table shows the valuation technique and key input used for Level 3:

Fin	ancial Instrument	Valuation Technique	Key Inputs used	Sensitivity
(a)	Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	Net Asset Value (NAV) method	The Company uses net asset value (NAV) as reported by the venture capital fund for its valuation purpose.	A 10% increase/ decrease in the value of unquoted investments of the fund would increase/ decrease the carrying amount of investment by ₹15 lakhs (2020: ₹13 lakhs).
(b)	Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	Discounted Cash Flow Method	Long-term growth rates, taking into account management's experience and knowledge of market conditions of the specific industries, ranging from 0 to 3% (2020: 0 to 2%)	If the long-term growth rates used were 100 basis points higher/lower while all the other variables were held constant, the carrying amount would increase/decrease by ₹1,203 lakhs (2020: ₹1,766 lakhs)
			Weighted average cost of capital (WACC) as determined ranging from 13% to 17% (2020: 12% to 16%)	A 100 basis points increase/decrease in the WACC or discount rate used while holding all other variables constant would decrease/increase the carrying amount by ₹1,335 lakhs (2020: ₹1,427 lakhs)
(c)	Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	Market Multiple Approach	Discount for lack of marketability, determined by reference to the share price of listed entities in similar industries, ranging from 30% to 50% (2020: 30% to 50%)	A 10% increase/ decrease in the discount for lack of marketability used in isolation would decrease/ increase the carrying amount by ₹291 lakhs (2020: ₹206 lakhs)

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

	Fair value hierarchy	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
		Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets					
Financial assets at amortised cost:					
- Trade receivables	Level 2	56,231	56,231	1,72,435	1,72,435
- Government subsidies receivable	Level 2	58,966	58,966	2,31,622	2,31,622
- Cash and cash equivalents	Level 2	63,982	63,982	3,236	3,236
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	Level 2	2,999	2,999	2,776	2,776
- Loans	Level 2	1,50,012	1,50,012	42,011	42,011
- Other financial assets	Level 2	2,255	2,255	3,036	3,036

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Fair value hierarchy	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
		Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:					
- Borrowings	Level 2	293	293	1,62,760	1,62,760
- Trade payables	Level 2	2,92,657	2,92,657	3,34,717	3,34,717
- Other financial liabilities	Level 2	22,017	22,049	21,775	21,921
- Lease liabilities	Level 2	38,334	38,334	39,397	39,397

- 1. In case of trade receivables, government subsidies receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, borrowings and other financial assets and liabilities it is assessed that the fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- 2. The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements for the year ended 31 March 2021:

	Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	Total
Opening balance	174	16,969	17,143
Total gains or losses:			
- in profit or loss	148	-	148
- in other comprehensive income (net)	-	478	478
Purchases	-	-	-
Sold	(56)	-	(56)
Closing balance	266	17,447	17,713

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements for the year ended 31 March 2020:

	Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	Total
Opening balance	324	15,698	16,022
Total gains or losses:			
- in profit or loss	(96)	-	(96)
- in other comprehensive income (net)	-	1,271	1,271
Purchases	16	-	16
Sold	(70)	-	(70)
Closing balance	174	16,969	17,143

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

33 Share based payments

Particulars	Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007 ('ESOP 2007 Scheme')	Employee Stock Option Scheme 2016 ('ESOP 2016 Scheme'):		
Approval of shareholders	24th July 2007	11th January 2017		
Administration	Remuneration and Nomination Commit	tee of the Board of Directors		
Eligibility	The committee determines which eligible employees will receive options			
Number of equity shares reserved under the scheme	1,27,85,976	1,45,81,000		
Number of equity shares per option	1	1		
Vesting period	1-5 years	1-4 years		
Exercise period	Within 6* years from date of vesting	Within 5 years from date of vesting		
Exercise Price Determination	Latest available closing market price of the shares on the stock exchange where there is highest trading volume prior to the date of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee approving the grant.			

In partial modification of the special resolution passed for establishing ESOP 2007, the shareholders in their meeting held on 23 July 2012 decided to approve the extension of the exercise period of options granted under the ESOP 2007 from three years to six years.

33.1 Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007 ('ESOP 2007 Scheme'):

a) Pursuant to the ESOP 2007 Scheme, the Company granted options which vest over a period of four years commencing from the respective dates of grant. Following are the number of options outstanding during the year:

For the year ended 31 March 2021 No. of Options Weighted average exercise price (₹)		d 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 202	
		average exercise	No. of Options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
At the beginning of the year	2,150	287.50	28,400	287.50
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	2,150	287.50	26,250	287.50
Cancelled	-	-		
Lapsed	-	-		_
At the end of the year	-	-	2,150	287.50

- b) The above outstanding options have been granted in various tranches and have a weighted average remaining life of nil years (2020: 0.01 years). The exercise price of the outstanding options is Nil (2020: ₹287.50). The weighted average share price during the year is ₹740 (2020 : ₹468).
- c) Number of options exercisable at the end of the year Nil (2020: 2,150).
- d) The fair values of the option with modified terms were determined using a Black Scholes' model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on management's best estimate for the effects of nontransferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioral considerations. Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility over the past 3-4 years.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of grants:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Dividend yield (%)	-	700
Expected volatility (%)	-	0.39-0.47
Risk free interest rate (%)	-	8
Expected term (in years)	-	4-6

33.2 Employee Stock Option Scheme 2016 ('ESOP 2016 Scheme'):

a) Pursuant to the ESOP 2016 Scheme, the Company granted options which vest over a period of four years commencing from the respective dates of grant. Following are the number of options outstanding during the year:

	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 March 2021		For the year ended 31 March 2020	
	No. of Options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)	No. of Options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)	
At the beginning of the year	17,55,990	357.49	21,54,120	347.68	
Granted*	2,13,400	734.21	1,26,840	375.90	
Exercised	4,22,780	338.84	4,00,170	322.30	
Cancelled	1,47,870	354.92	1,24,800	319.65	
Lapsed	-	-			
At the end of the year	13,98,740	420.87	17,55,990	357.49	

^{*} the weighted average fair value of options granted during the year is ₹265.68 (2020: ₹127.91)

- b) The above outstanding options have been granted in various tranches and have a weighted average remaining life of 1.93 years (2020: 2.39 years). The exercise price of the outstanding options range from ₹319.65 to ₹799.35 (2020: ₹319.65 to ₹529.40). The weighted average share price during the year is ₹740 (2020: ₹468).
- c) Number of options exercisable at the end of the year are 9,68,110 (2020: 8,21,850).
- d) The fair values of the option were determined using a Black Scholes' model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioral considerations. Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility over the past 5-6 years.

Following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of grants:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Dividend yield (%)	650	650
Expected volatility (%)	0.32-0.33	0.32-0.33
Risk free interest rate (%)	4.77-5.86	6.14-6.43
Expected term (in years)	3.50-6.51	3.51-6.51

33.3 Share based payments

The Company recorded employee share based payments of ₹399 Lakhs (2020: ₹518 Lakhs) under 'Employee benefits expense'.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

34 Employee benefits plan

a) Defined benefit plans

	Gratuity	/ plan
	2020-2021	2019-2020
Change in Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) during the year		
Present value of DBO at the beginning of the year	5,854	5,405
Current service cost	637	578
Interest cost	371	379
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions	(9)	244
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments	504	(9)
Benefits paid	(846)	(743)
Present value of DBO at the end of the year	6,511	5,854
Change in fair value of plan assets during the year		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	5,624	5,622
Interest income	400	424
Employer contributions	1,400	-
Benefits paid	(846)	(743)
Remeasurements – return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	(501)	321
Fair value of assets at the end of the year	6,077	5,624
Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Present value of DBO at the end of the year	6,511	5,854
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	(6,077)	(5,624)
Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability	434	230
(Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	434	230
Components of employer expense		
Current service cost	637	578
Interest income on net defined benefit obligation	(29)	(44)
Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	608	534
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation		
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	501	(321)
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions	(9)	244
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments	504	(9)
Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income	996	(86)
Total defined benefit cost recognized	1,604	448

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets#	2020-21	2019-20
State and Central Securities	-	
Bonds	-	
Special Deposits	-	
Insurer managed finds	100%	100%

[#] includes details of trusts other than those covered under a Scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit depending on the employee's length of service and salary at retirement or relieving age. The fund has the form of trust and it is governed by the Board of Trustees which consists of employer and employee representatives. The Board of Trustees is responsible for the administration of plan assets.

The Board of Trustees reviews the level of funding and asset-liability matching strategy in the gratuity plan to keep the scheme adequately funded for settlement of obligations under the plan.

Gratuity for employees is covered under a scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) which is basically a year-on-year cash accumulation plan. As part of the scheme the interest rate is declared on yearly basis and is guaranteed for a period of one year. The insurance company, as part of the policy rules, makes payment of all gratuity settlements during the year subject to sufficiency of funds under the policy.

Assumption	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Discount rate	6.86%	6.84%
Estimated rate of return on plan assets	7.12%	7.54%
Expected rate of salary increase	5-7%	5-7%
Attrition rate	5%	5%

Sensitivity analysis - DBO at the end of the year

	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Discount rate + 100 basis points	6,081	5,498
Discount rate - 100 basis points	7,003	6,259
Salary increase rate +1%	6,942	6,209
Salary increase rate -1%	6,125	5,534
Attrition rate +1%	6,484	5,844
Attrition rate -1%	6,542	5,865

	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Weighted average duration of DBO	11 years	11 years
Expected cash flows (₹ in Lakhs)		
Expected employer contribution in the next year	636	709
2. Expected benefit payments		
Year 1	889	807
Year 2	805	717
Year 3	621	655
Year 4	482	498
Year 5	485	392
Beyond 5 years	1,920	1,608
		D40

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

b) Defined contribution plans

In respect of the defined contribution plans, an amount of ₹3,363 Lakhs (2020: ₹2,793 Lakhs) has been recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year.

35 Earnings per share

			For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
i)	Profit after tax (₹in Lakhs)	[a]	1,31,218	1,05,917
Bas	sic			
ii)	Weighted average number of equity shares of ₹1/- each outstanding during the year	[b]	29,31,65,645	29,26,25,865
Dil	ution			
iii)	Effect of potential equity shares on employees stock options outstanding		7,94,319	7,14,322
iv)	Weighted average number of equity shares of ₹1/- each outstanding during the year	[c]	29,39,59,964	29,33,40,187
Ear	rnings Per Share (face value of ₹1/- each)			
v)	Basic - [a]/[b] - (₹)		44.76	36.20
vi)	Diluted - [a]/[c] - (₹)		44.64	36.11

36 Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt:

₹ in Lakhs

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
In respect of matters under dispute:		
Excise duty	344	390
Customs duty	820	848
Sales tax	1,267	1,549
Income tax	406	2,096
Service tax	264	248
Goods and Services Tax	37	5
Others	5,630	5,630

The amounts disclosed above represent our best estimate and the uncertainties are dependent on the outcome of the legal processes initiated by the Company or the claimant as the case may be.

37 Commitments

a) Capital commitments

₹ in Lakhs

Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets#	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Capital expenditure commitments	5,961	5,983
Commitment towards investments	-	1,200

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

38 Corporate social responsibility

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act), a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The focus areas of Company's CSR activities are Education and Health care & while also pursuing CSR activities for the benefit of community around its local areas of operations. The CSR activities of the Company are in line with the Schedule VII of the Act. A CSR committee has been formed by the Company as per the Act. The CSR Committee shall recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Act, as amended from time to time.

- a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year is ₹2,322 lakhs.
- b) Amount spent during the year on:

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)
(i) Construction / acquisition of any asset	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	2,178

c) Details of amount unspent

Opening balance	Amount deposited in Specified Fund of Sch. VII within 6 months	Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year (Refer Note below)	Closing balance
152	-	2,322	2,178	296

Note:

Includes amount of ₹102 Lakhs pertaining to amounts unspent on CSR projects due to COVID-19 pandemic and ₹194 Lakhs contributed to and remaining unspent by implementation partner AMM foundation for ongoing CSR activities.

The Company has transferred these unspent amounts to a separate bank account on April 30, 2021 in compliance with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Amendment Rules, 2021 vide MCA notification dated January 22, 2021.

39 Research and development expenses incurred on the following heads have been accounted under the natural heads:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets#	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Salaries, wages and bonus	945	880
Contribution to provident and other funds	91	77
Consumption of stores and spare parts	134	228
Power and fuel	58	61
Repairs to machinery	47	120
Miscellaneous expenses	178	497
	1,453	1,863

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

40 Related party disclosures

- (A) Names of the related parties and their relationship:
- (i) Details of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates:

Names	Nature of	Country of	Percentage of holding as at	
	relationship	incorporation	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Liberty Pesticides and Fertilisers Limited (LPFL)	Subsidiary	India	100	100
Sabero Organics America S.A. (SOAL)	Subsidiary	Brazil	99.98	99.98
Sabero Australia Pty Ltd, Australia (Sabero Australia)	Subsidiary	Australia	100	100
Sabero Europe B.V. (Sabero Europe)	Subsidiary	Netherlands	100	100
Sabero Argentina S.A. (Sabero Argentina)	Subsidiary	_Argentina	95	95
Coromandel Agronegocios de Mexico, S.A de C.V.	Subsidiary	Mexico	100	100
_(Coromandel Mexico)				
Parry Chemicals Limited (PCL)	Subsidiary	India	100	100
Dare Investments Limited (DIL)	Subsidiary	_India	100	100
CFL Mauritius Limited (CML)	Subsidiary	Mauritius	100	100
Coromandel Brasil Limitada (CBL)	Subsidiary	Brazil	100	100
Parry America, Inc. (PAI)	Subsidiary	USA	100	100
Coromandel International (Nigeria) Limited (CINL)	Subsidiary	Nigeria	99.99	99.99
Coromandel Mali SASU (w.e.f 4 February 2020) (CMS)	Subsidiary	Mali	100	100
Coromandel SQM (India) Pvt Limited (CSQM) (Joint Venture till 23 August 2020)	Subsidiary	India	100	50
Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc.	Associate	Philippines	40	40
Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited (YCAS)	Joint venture	India	40	40

(ii) Details of other related parties:

Names	Nature of relationship
E.I.DParry (India) Limited	Parent company
Parry Infrastructure Company Private Limited (PICPL)	Fellow subsidiary
Parry Enterprises (India) Limited (PEIL)	Associate of parent company
Coromandel Provident Fund (PF Trust)	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Provident Fund No. 1 (PF Trust)	Employee benefit plan
CFL Gratuity Fund	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Gratuity Fund — I	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Gratuity Fund – II	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Management Staff Pension Fund	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Superannuation Fund	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Benevolent Fund	Employee benefit plan
Mr. A. Vellayan	Key management personnel (appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. 11 November 2020 and as Chairman w.e.f. 12 November 2020)
Mr. Arun Alagappan	Key management personnel (appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. 11 November 2020 and as Executive Vice Chairman w.e.f. 15 February 2021)
Mr. Arun Vellayan	Relative of Key management personnel –son of Chairman.
Mr. Narayanan Vellayan	Relative of Key management personnel -son of Chairman.
Mr. Sameer Goel	Key management personnel (Managing director)
Mr. S Suresh	Key management personnel of Parent com B 135

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(B) Transactions during the year.

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
i) Sale of finished goods/raw materials/services	7.47	
a) Subsidiary-CSQM	747	298
b) Subsidiary- PAI	7,178	4,060
ii) Rent received		
a) Fellow subsidiary – PICPL	95	95
b) Subsidiary – CSQM	17	4
c) Associate – PEIL	-	8
iii) Expenses reimbursed by		
a) Subsidiary – CSQM	54	54
b) Associate - PEIL	-	3
c) Subsidiary - PAI	6	7
d) Subsidiary – PCL	26	24_
iv) Purchase of finished goods and services		
a) Parent company	842	320
b) Joint venture – CSQM	5,136	4,195
c) Associate – PEIL	157	1,230
v) Commission on sales		
a) Subsidiary – PCL	31	28
b) Subsidiary – CBL	263	309
c) Subsidiary – Coromandel Mexico	161	228
d) Subsidiary – SOAL	91	224
e) Subsidiary – Sabero Australia	20	64
f) Subsidiary - CINL	43	22
g) Associate – Sabero Philippines	46	22
vi) Expenses reimbursed to		
a) Parent company	195	693
b) Subsidiary - LPFL	1	5
c) Subsidiary – PAI	-	29
vii) Interest received on Inter corporate deposit/Loan		
a) Subsidiary - DIL	1	1
viii) Investment made in Equity shares of		
a) Joint Venture – Yanmar	-	300
b) Subsidiary- CMS	-	7
ix) Purchase of assets and spares		
a) Joint venture – YCAS	34	36
x) Dividend paid (including interim dividend payable)		
a) Parent company	30,484	6,200
xi) Rent paid		
a) Parent company	65	49
b) Subsidiary – PCL	3	3
c) Joint venture – YCAS	-	1
xii) Interest paid on loans		

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	-	For the year ended 31 March 2020
a) Subsidiary – LPFL	10	15_
xiii) Loan given		
a) Subsidiary – DIL	1	

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No expense has been recognised in the current or prior years for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

(C) Transactions with key management personnel

- a) Dividends paid to directors during the year ended 31 March 2021 ₹32 Lakhs (2020: ₹6 Lakhs).
- b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Company:

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	•
Short-term employee benefits	1,062	496
Others*	332	319
Total compensation	1,394	815

^{*} excludes Goods and Services Tax

- c) During the year, the Company has not granted any employee stock options to its key managerial personnel.
- d) During the year, the company has sold car and laptop to its key managerial personnel for ₹7 lakhs.
- (D) Refer Note 34 for transactions with Employee benefit funds.

(E) Outstanding balances as at the year end

	For the year anded	For the year ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
a) Trade receivables/Loans and advances		01 111011 2020
- Parent company	725	254
- Subsidiary - PCL	-	3
- Subsidiary - DIL	15	14
- Subsidiary - PAI	2,215	745
- Subsidiary - CINL	-	2
- Subsidiary - CSQM	373	140
- Associate - PEIL	5	37
- Associate - Sabero Philippines	6	6
- Subsidiary – SOAL	-	135
- Fellow subsidiary - PICPL	3	22
- PF Trust	422	-
b) Trade payables/ Other liabilities		
- Parent company	295	645
- Subsidiary - CSQM	894	514
- Fellow subsidiary - PICPL	1,019	1,049
- Subsidiary - LPFL	248	248
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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
- Joint venture – YCAS	11	19
- Associate - PEIL	8	28
- Subsidiary – Coromandel Mexico	-	24

41 Disclosure as per Regulation 34(3) and 53(f) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

Loans and advances in the nature of loans to subsidiaries:

	Relationship	As at 31 March 2021	Maximum balance outstanding during the year
Dare Investments Limited (DIL) (Refer note b)	Subsidiary	12	12
		(11)	(11)

Notes:

- a. Figures in bracket relate to previous year.
- b. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest. Section 186 of the 2013 Act is not applicable as DIL is wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

42 Payments to Auditors

₹ in Lakhs

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Audit fees	75	75
Tax audit fees	15	15
Limited reviews	36	36
Certifications	70	70
Other services	-	10
Reimbursement of expenses	2	2
Total	198	208

Note: Amounts given above excludes Goods and Services Tax/ service tax

- 43 During the year, the Company has made political donation of ₹ Nil (2020: ₹ 413 Lakhs) to Triumph Electoral Trust.
- 44 During the previous year ended 31 March 2020, pursuant to the requirements of SEBI circular no SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS/ CIR/P/2019/115 dated 22 October 2019, the Company has listed commercial papers on a recognised stock exchange. There are no Commercial papers outstanding as on 31 March 2021
- 45 Based on and to the extent of information available with the Company under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the relevant particulars as at reporting date are furnished below:

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

₹ in Lakhs

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(i)	Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, as at the end of the year	936	943
(ii)	Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount as at the end of the year	-	-
(iii)	Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year	-	-
(iv)	Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (other than Section 16)	-	-
(v)	Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (Section 16)	-	-
(vi)	Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, for payments already made	-	-
(vii)	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act (ii) + (vi)	-	-

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

- 46 The Board of Directors have approved the proposed Scheme of Amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited (LPFL) and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (CSQM) with the Company subject to approval of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad (NCLT) under Section 230 and 232 of the Companies Act 2013. Upon approval of the Scheme by NCLT, the undertakings of LPFL and CSQM shall get transferred to and vested in the Company with the Appointed Date of 01 April 2021 or such other date as the NCLT may approve.
- 47 The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.

48 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 April 2021.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Goel Managing Director A Vellayan Chairman

Jayashree Satagopan Chief Financial Officer

Rajesh Mukhija Company Secretary

Place: Secunderabad/ Chennai

Date: 29 April 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Coromandel International Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Coromandel International Limited ("the Parent") and its subsidiaries, (the Parent and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") which includes Group's share of profit in its associate and joint ventures, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements / financial information of the subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures referred to in the Other Matters section below, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS'), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2021, and their consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and their consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associate and joint ventures in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the sub-paragraphs (a) of the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sl.No. Key Audit Matter

Revenue Recognition - Sale of goods

Refer to note 2.6 'Revenue recognition', note 2.31.1 'Critical judgements in applying accounting policies' and note 2.31.2 'Key sources of estimation uncertainty' to the consolidated financial statements.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the control of goods is transferred to the customers. In accordance with the accounting policy, control is transferred either when the product is delivered to the customer's site or when the product is shipped, depending on the applicable terms. The Management has exercised judgement in applying the revenue accounting policy while recognising revenue.

Auditor's Response

We have performed the following principal audit procedures in relation to revenue recognised by the Parent.

- Understood the revenue recognition process, evaluated the design and implementation, and operating effectiveness of internal controls relating to revenue recognised.
- Selected samples and tested the operating effectiveness of internal controls, relating to transfer of control. We carried out a combination of procedures involving enquiry, observation and inspection of evidence in respect of operation of these controls.
- Tested the relevant information technology general controls, automated controls, and the related information used in recording and disclosing revenue.
- In respect of the selected sample of transactions:
 - Tested whether the revenue is recognised upon transfer of control to customer.

Sl.No. Key Audit Matter

Auditor's Response

- We have evaluated the delivery and shipping terms of the contracts for revenue recognised during the period.
- We have also tested the location stock reports from Company warehouses, where applicable, for confirmation on sales quantity made during the year.
- o We have tested on a sample basis (including for sales near to the period end) the acknowledgments of customers. In respect of sales of fertiliser products we have also agreed the quantities sold as per the Company books with the customer acknowledgements as per the iFMS portal of the Department of Fertilisers.

2 Accuracy, recognition, measurement, valuation, presentation and disclosures of Subsidy income/Government subsidies and related receivables

Refer to note 2.6 'Revenue recognition' and note 2.31.2 'Key sources of estimation uncertainty' to the consolidated financial statements.

Subsidy income pertaining to the Nutrient and other allied business is recognised on the basis of the rates notified from time to time by the Department of Fertilisers, Government of India ('GOI') in accordance with the Nutrient Based Subsidy ('NBS') policy on the quantity of fertilisers sold by the Company for the period for which notification has been issued and for the remaining period, based on estimates, when there is a reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy including Direct Benefit Transfer ('DBT') System which was introduced by Government of India.

For the year ended March 31, 2021, subsidy income of ₹ 332,468 lakhs is recognised. Recognition and realisability of subsidy income is dependent on GOI Policy and its various initiatives/schemes.

The following principal audit procedures have been performed by us in relation to subsidy income recognition.

- We have read the relevant circulars and notifications issued by GOI from time to time with regard to the subsidy policies.
- We enquired with the relevant personnel in the Company with regard to the updates of GOI Policy and their interpretations of the relevant circulars and notifications.
- Tested the relevant information technology general controls, automated controls, and the related information used in recording and disclosing subsidy income.
- We have tested the NBS rates considered by the Company for the product subsidy with the applicable circulars and notifications.
- We have correlated the sales quantity considered for subsidy income with the actual sales made by the Company.
- We have also agreed the quantities sold as per the Company books with the customer acknowledgements as per the iFMS portal of the Department of Fertilisers and tested the DBT claims made by the Company.
- We have enquired from the Management and discussed with Those Charged With Governance, the appropriateness of the subsidy rates applied to recognise subsidy income.

Valuation of subsidy receivables:

Following are the principal audit procedures performed by us for testing valuation of subsidy receivables:

- We have analysed and discussed the status of outstanding subsidy receivables and its realisability with the Management.
- We have tested the sanction notes received from the GOI for receipts.
- We have tested the credits in the bank statements for the receipts during the year and also the subsequent receipts.
- We have tested whether the deductions made by the GOI have been adjusted in the books of accounts.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Parent's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report and Management Discussion and Analysis, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, compare with the financial statements of the subsidiaries, joint ventures and an associate audited by the other auditors, to the extent it relates to these entities and, in doing so, place reliance on the work of the other auditors and consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Other information so far as it relates to the subsidiaries, joint ventures and an associate, is traced from their financial statements audited by the other auditors.

If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Parent's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity of the Group including its associate and joint ventures in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and joint ventures are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and its associate and its joint ventures and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Parent, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and joint ventures are responsible for assessing the ability of the respective entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate their respective entities or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and joint ventures are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associate and joint ventures.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Parent has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate and joint ventures to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate and joint ventures to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associate and joint ventures to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such branches or entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Parent and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of nine subsidiaries, whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 13,522 lakhs as at March 31, 2021, total revenues of ₹ 13,048 lakhs and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 2,216 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit of ₹ 10 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of one associate and an joint venture, whose financial statements / financial information have not been audited by us. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, joint ventures and an associate, and our report in terms of subsection (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, joint venture and an associate is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Five of these subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Parent's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries located outside India

- from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Parent's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiaries located outside India is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Parent and audited by us.
- We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of five subsidiaries, whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 328 lakhs as at March 31, 2021, total revenues of ₹ 263 lakhs and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 45 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit of ₹ 531 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of a joint venture, whose financial statements / financial information have not been audited by us. These financial statements / financial information are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and a joint venture is based solely on such unaudited financial statements / financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements / financial information are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements above and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements / financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on the separate financial statements/ financial information of the subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures referred to in the Other Matters section above, we report, to the extent applicable that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements

- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Parent as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and joint ventures incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies and joint venture companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditors' reports of the Parent, subsidiary companies, and joint venture companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls over financial reporting of those companies, for the reasons stated therein.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/payable by the Parent Company to its Managing director during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act and the remuneration paid/payable in respect of its whole-time director is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing general meeting of the Parent Company.

- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, its associate and joint ventures;
 - ii) The Group, its associate and joint ventures did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.

iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Parent and its subsidiary companies and joint venture companies incorporated in India.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 008072S)

Sumit Trivedi

(Partner) (Membership No. 209354) UDIN: 21209354AAAAFN1426

Place: Secunderabad Date: 29 April 2021

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Coromandel International Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Parent") and its subsidiary companies and joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Parent, its subsidiary companies and joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Parent, its subsidiary companies and its joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors of the subsidiary companies and joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India, in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Parent, its subsidiary companies and its joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future

periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the Parent and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to four subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based solely on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

The Parent has consolidated financial information of a joint venture which is a company incorporated in India on the basis of unaudited financial statements/ financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, such joint venture is not material to the Group.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 008072S)

Sumit Trivedi

(Partner) (Membership No. 209354) UDIN: 21209354AAAAFN1426

Place: Secunderabad Date: 29 April 2021

Consolidated Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

1,61,633 39,013 7,570 32 866 1,408 1,359 20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966 69,210	1,61,377 41,201 4,921 32 618 1,622 2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713 * 1,73,411
39,013 7,570 32 866 1,408 1,359 20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	41,201 4,921 32 618 1,622 2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498
39,013 7,570 32 866 1,408 1,359 20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	41,201 4,921 32 618 1,622 2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498
7,570 32 866 1,408 1,359 20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	4,921 32 618 1,622 2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498
32 866 1,408 1,359 20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	32 618 1,622 2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
866 1,408 1,359 20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498
1,408 1,359 20,020 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
1,359 20,020	2,079 19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
20,020 - 100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	19,054 5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
100 5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	5 43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	43 4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
5,434 2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	4,546 2,35,498 2,69,713
2,37,435 2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	2,35,498 2,69,713 *
2,60,088 * 55,442 58,966	2,69,713
* 55,442 58,966	*
* 55,442 58,966	*
55,442 58,966	
55,442 58,966	
58,966	1./3.411
69,210	2,31,622
0.000	5,054
2,999	2,776
1,51,368 3,658	42,857 10,089
50,400	43,857
6,52,131	7,79,379
8,89,566	
8,89,500	1,014,877
	-
2.934	2.930
5,12,125	4,28,840
5,15,059	4,31,770
3,13,039	4,31,770
36 191	37,542
	146
	2,108
	5,783
	877
	46,456
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161	1,62,512
	1,855
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936	943
	3,33,868
22,594	23,783
2,172	1,460
	4,305
7,273	7,925
	5,36,651
	5,83,107
3,30,185 3,74,507	10,14,877
	1,372 1 5,756 827 44,322 161 2,143 936 2,91,280 22,594 2,172 4 3,626 7,273 3,30,185 3,74,507

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sameer Goel

Managing Director

A Vellayan

Chairman

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354 Place: Secunderabad/ Chennai

Date: 29 April 2021

Jayashree SatagopanChief Financial Officer

Rajesh Mukhija Company Secretary

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Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		Note	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
ı	Income			
	Revenue from operations	24	14,21,348	1,313,669
	Other income	25	4,353	4,004
	Total income		14,25,701	1,317,673
Ш	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed		6,97,920	750,157
	Purchases of stock-in-trade		2,16,926	135,034
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-process and stock-in-trade	26	53,946	20,370
	Employee benefits expense	27	53,857	46,108
	Finance costs	28	10,567	23,528
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	29	17,308	15,801
	Other expenses	30	1,97,122	188,902
	Total expenses		12,47,646	1,179,900
Ш	Profit before tax (I-II)		1,78,055	137,773
IV	Share of profit of joint ventures and associate	42	540	78
V	Profit for the year (III+IV)		1,78,595	137,851
VI	Tax expense:			
	(1) Current tax		45,989	36,855
	(2) Deferred tax		(309)	(5,508)
			45,680	31,347
VII	Profit for the year (V-VI)		1,32,915	106,504
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			
Α	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(
	(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	34(a)	(995)	86
	(b) Share of other comprehensive income as reported by Joint ventures and associate		-	(1)
	(c) Net fair value (loss)/gain on investments in equity shares at FVTOCI		858	851
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	21.3	121	(362)
	(iii) Gain on Bargain Purchase	41	266	
В	(i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(a) Effective portion of gain/(loss) on designated portion of		1,633	(1,197)
	hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge			
	(b) Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(163)	210
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	21.3	(411)	299
	Total other comprehensive income (A+B)		1,309	(114)
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VII+VIII)		1,34,224	106,390
Χ	Earnings per equity share of (Face value of ₹1 each):	35		
	Basic₹		45.34	36.40
	Diluted ₹		45.22	36.31

In terms of our report attached

Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354 Place: Secunderabad/ Chennai Date: 29 April 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Goel

Managing Director

Jayashree Satagopan Chief Financial Officer

A Vellayan

Chairman

Rajesh Mukhija

Company Secretary

Consolidated Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	` '	
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Cash flow from operating activities	1 70 505	1.07.051
Profit before tax	1,78,595	1,37,851
Adjustments for:	17,000	15.001
Depreciation and amortisation expense	17,308	15,801
Loss on sale/ scrap of property, plant and equipment (net)	468	471
(Profit)/loss on sale of investment	17	(34)
Exchange differences (net)	(8,189)	15,597
Share of profit of joint ventures accounted using equity method	(540)	(78)
Loss/ (gain) on measuring investments at FVTPL (net)	(162)	104
Provision for doubtful trade receivables and other liabilities no longer required, written back	(3,153)	(45)
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans and advances (net)	2,169	845
Trade and other receivables written off	35	-
Provision for employee benefits	(1,044)	664
Share-based payments	399	518
Finance costs	10,567	23,528
Interest income	(4,164)	(3,771)
Dividend income	(5)	(32)
Others	(27)	(31)
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,92,274	1,91,388
Changes in working capital:	.,52,2	.,,,,,,,,,
Trade payables	(28,956)	(62,923)
Other liabilities	(2,720)	7,219
Trade receivables	1,16,975	8,265
Government subsidies receivable	1,72,656	7,726
Inventories	10,825	54,426
Other assets	702	16,478
Cash generated from operations	4,61,756	2,22,579
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(46,741)	(36,382)
· · ·		
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	4,15,015	1,86,197
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, including capital work-in-progress and	(18,822)	(25,609)
<u>capital advances</u>		
Purchase of leasehold land	(682)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	248	24
Investment in Subsidiary / Joint venture	(1,200)	(300)
Purchase of non-current investments	-	(16)
Proceeds from sale of non-current investments	40	118
Inter-corporate deposits/ loans given	(1,81,368)	(42,857)
Inter-corporate deposits matured/ loans received	72,857	42,805
Purchase of current investments	-	(27,000)
Proceeds from sale of current investments	-	27,000
Interest received	3,200	3,610
Dividend received from current and non-current investments	5	32
Balances in margin money/ deposit accounts	(1)	-
Net cash (used in) investing activities (B)	(1,25,723)	(22,193)

Consolidated Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares on exercise of employee stock options	1,438	1,366
Decrease in short-term borrowings	(1,62,351)	(1,35,740)
_Dividend paid	(52,772)	(12,343)
Interest and other borrowing costs paid	(10,739)	(23,985)
Repayment of Lease liabilty	(1,892)	(1,608)
Net cash (used in) financing activities (C)	(2,26,316)	(1,72,310)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	62,976	(8,306)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	5,054	13,213
Cash and cash equivalents acquired on acquisition	1,239	
Exchange (loss)/ gain on cash and cash equivalents	(59)	147
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (as per Note 12)	69,210	5,054
*Includes lease liabilities recognised during the year ended 31 March 2020 amount	ting to ₹2,734 lakhs.	
Notes:		

Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect method as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 7 on Cash Flow Statements. Cash and cash equivalents in the Cash Flow Statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits and cash equivalents which are short-term and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

2.	Reconciliation of Short-term borrowings:		
	Opening balance	1,62,512	2,95,447
	Proceeds/(repayments) of short-term borrowings (net)	(1,62,351)	(1,35,740)
	Foreign exchange adjustment	-	2,805
	Closing balance	161	1,62,512
3.	Reconciliation of lease liabilities (Current and Non-current):		
	Opening balance	39,397	
	Impact of Ind AS 116*	-	41,005
	Lease liabilities addition during the year	829	
	Repayment	(1,892)	(1,608)
	Closing balance	38,334	39,397
*Inc	ludes lease liabilities recognised during the year ended 31 March 2020 amounti	ng to ₹ 2,734 lakhs.	

See accompanying notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

In terms of our report attached

Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354

Place: Secunderabad/ Chennai

Date: 29 April 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Goel

Managing Director

Jayashree Satagopan Chief Financial Officer

A Vellayan Chairman

Rajesh Mukhija Company Secretary

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

as at 31 March 2021

(₹ in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Equity share capital

	Number of shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2019	29,25,27,329	2,925
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,26,420	5
Balance as at 31 March 2020	29,29,53,749	2,930
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,24,930	4
Balance as at 31 March 2021	29,33,78,679	2,934

Other equity

		Re	serves and	Surplus (I	Refer note	17)		Items of ot	ther comprehens (Refer note 17)	ive income	
	Capital reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Securities premium			Share options outstanding account	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation reserve	Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	Total
Balance at 1 April 2019	352	986	13,201	11	2,33,328	1,466	1,00,912	5,517	(22,841)	(18)	3,32,914
Profit for the year							1,06,504				1,06,504
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25)	210	599	(898)	(114)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	-	-	_	-	1,06,479	210	599	(898)	1,06,390
Recognition of share-based payments				_		518	-				518
Amount received on exercise of employee stock options	-	-	1,361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,361
Dividend on equity shares including dividend distribution tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,343)	-	-	-	(12,343)
Amounts transferred within the reserves	-	-	479	-	30,264	(743)	(30,000)	-		_	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	352	986	15,041	11	2,63,592	1,241	1,65,048	5,727	(22,242)	(916)	4,28,840
Balance at 1 April 2020	352	986	15,041	11	2,63,592	1,241	1,65,048	5,727	(22,242)	(916)	4,28,840
Profit for the year							1,32,915				1,32,915
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	266	-	-	-	-	-	(744)	(163)	728	1,222	1,309
Total comprehensive income for the year	266			_		-	1,32,171	(163)	728	1,222	1,34,224
Recognition of share-based payments	_			_	_	399	-		_		399
Dividend on equity shares including dividend distribution tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(52,772)	-	-	-	(52,772)
Amount received on exercise of employee stock options	-	-	1,434	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,434
Amounts transferred within the reserves	_	-	538	-	_	(538)	-	-	-		
Balance at 31 March 2021	618	986	17,013	11	2,63,592	1,102	2,44,447	5,564	(21,514)	306	5,12,125

See accompanying notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 008072S

Sameer Goel Managing Director A Vellayan Chairman

Sumit Trivedi

Partner

Membership Number: 209354 Place: Secunderabad/ Chennai

Date: 29 April 2021

Jayashree Satagopan Chief Financial Officer

Rajesh Mukhija

Company Secretary

forming part of the financial statements

General information

Coromandel International Limited ("the Company") is a limited Company incorporated in India, equity shares of which are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange in India. Its parent Company is E.I.D.-Parry (India) Limited.

The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the annual report. The Company is engaged in the business of farm inputs comprising fertiliser, crop protection, specialty nutrients and organic compost.

Our Executive Leadership Team comprises the following officers at the date of release of these financial statements:

- · Sameer Goel Managing Director
- S Sankarasubramanian- President & Head (Fertilisers)
- Amit Rastogi Executive Vice President Technology
- · Amir Alvi Executive Vice President & Head Manufacturing (Fertilisers)
- · Arun Leslie George Executive Vice President & Head (Retail)
- B Prasannatha Rao Executive Vice President & Head - HR
- · Jayashree Satagopan- Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
- · Kalidas Pramanik Executive Vice President -Marketing (Fertilisers & Organic)
- Rajavelu NK- Executive Vice President and Business Head (CPC)
- Arun Vellayan- Head of Strategy
- Narayanan Vellayan Head of Commercial (Fertilisers and SSP)
- · Rajesh Mukhija Senior Vice President Legal and Company Secretary
- TS Venkateswaran Vice President Internal Audit & Risk Management

The executive leadership team reviews the results of our operations and our financial position on consolidated, operating segment and business unit levels. Our operating segments are defined by the organisation and reporting structure through which we operate our business. We categorise our operating segments into Nutrient and other allied business and Crop Protection.

Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of compliance

The Consolidated financial statements which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity ("consolidated financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, along with relevant amendment rules issued thereafter and other relevant provisions of the Act, as applicable. The Group has consistently applied accounting policies to all periods.

Basis of preparation and presentation

The consolidated financial statements include accounts of Coromandel International Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries Liberty Pesticides and Fertilisers Limited, Sabero Organics America S.A., Sabero Australia Pty Ltd, Sabero Europe B.V., Sabero Argentina S.A., Coromandel Agronegocios de Mexico S.A de C.V (formerly Sabero Organics Mexico S.A de C.V), Parry Chemicals Limited, Dare Investments Limited, CFL Mauritius Limited, Coromandel Brasil Limitada, (a Limited Liability Partnership), Parry America Inc, Coromandel International (Nigeria) Coromandel Mali SASU, Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Subsidiary with effect from 24 August 2020); all together referred to as 'the Group', its joint venture companies Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Joint venture till 23 August 2020), and Associate Company Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, and on accrual

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Based on the nature of activities of the Group and the average time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Group has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- · has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholder's meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses, and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

2.3.1 <u>Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries</u>

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable Ind AS). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under Ind AS 109, or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

2.4 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

2.5 Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve in the period in which the investment is acquired.

After application of the equity method of accounting, the Group determines whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the net investment in an associate or a joint venture and that event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the net investment that can be reliably estimated. If there exists such an objective evidence of impairment, then it is necessary to recognise impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss

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is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment is classified as held for sale.

2.6 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

- a) Sale of goods is recognised net of returns and trade discounts, when the control over the goods is transferred to the customers. The performance obligation in case of sale of goods is satisfied at a point in time i.e. when the goods are shipped to the customers or on delivery to the customer, as per applicable terms.
- b) The Company recognizes subsidy income as per Ind AS 20 'Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance' on the basis of the rates notified from time to time by the Government of India in accordance with the Nutrient Based Subsidy (NBS) policy on the quantity of fertilisers sold by the Company for the period for which notification has been issued and for the remaining period, based on estimates, when there is a reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy.
- c) Income from services rendered is recognised based on the agreements/arrangements with the concerned parties and when services are rendered by measuring progress towards satisfaction of performance obligation for such services.
- d) Export benefits and other excise benefits are accounted for on accrual basis.

2.7 Other income

a) Dividend income from investments is recognised in the year in which the right to receive the payment is established. b) Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2.8 Leasing

The Group, at the inception of a contract, assesses whether the contract is a lease or not lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a time in exchange for a consideration. This policy has been applied to contracts existing and entered into on or after 1 April 2019.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing rate. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises the lease

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payments associated with these leases as an expense over the lease term.

2.9 Insurance claims

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted/ expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

2.10 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which these entities operate (i.e., the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (₹), the national currency of India, which is the functional currency of the Group and rounded to the nearest lakhs.

2.11 Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of transactions. The date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (part of it) is the date on which the entity initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from payment or receipt of advance consideration. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are restated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on settlement and restatement of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not translated.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements assets and liabilities of Group's foreign operations with functional currency different from the Company are translated into Company's functional currency i.e. INR using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used.

Exchange differences arising, if any are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

On the disposal of foreign operation, all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to the statement of profit and loss.

2.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.13 Employee benefits

2.13.1 Defined contribution plans

Contributions paid/payable to defined contribution plans comprising of Superannuation (under a scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India) and Provident Funds for certain employees covered under the respective Schemes are recognised in the profit or loss each year when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

The Company makes contributions to two Provident Fund Trusts for certain employees, at a specified percentage of the employees' salary. The Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of trust and the notified interest rates. Liability on account of such shortfall, if any, is provided for based on the actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of the year.

2.13.2 <u>Defined benefit plans</u>

The Company's Gratuity scheme for its employees is a defined benefit retirement plan. Obligation under the gratuity scheme is covered under a Scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) and contributions in respect of such scheme are recognized in the profit or loss. The liability as at the Balance Sheet date is provided for using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out as at the end of the year.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

Defined benefit costs are categorized as follows:

- · service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- · net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

2.13.3 Short-term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits including accumulated compensated absences as at the Balance Sheet date are recognised as an expense as per Company's schemes based on expected obligation on an undiscounted basis.

2.13.4 Other long-term employee benefits

Other Long term employee benefit comprise of leave encashment which is provided for based on the actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of the year.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

2.14 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on

the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate. with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

2.15 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.16 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income-tax Act. 1961.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered

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Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

· Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.17 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the Balance Sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes purchase price, attributable expenditure incurred in bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and cost of borrowing till the date of capitalisation in the case of assets involving material investment and substantial lead time

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the 2013 Act except in respect of following categories of assets in whose case the life of certain assets has been assessed based on technical advice taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, maintenance support etc.

Asset	Useful lives (in years)
Plant and equipment	5 – 25
Buildings	15 -60
Vehicles	5 – 7
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures	3 – 5

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. Assets individually costing ₹ 5,000 and below are depreciated over a period of one year. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

2.18 Biological assets

The Company recognises neem plantation as Biological assets and are carried at historical cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure on biological assets are added to its book value only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Cost incurred for new plantations are capitalised and depreciated over their estimated useful life which has been ascribed to be 20 years.

2.19 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Cost of an intangible asset comprises of purchase price and attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use.

Intangible assets are amortised on the straight-line method. Technical know-how is amortised over their estimated useful lives ranging from 5-10 years and product registration is amortised over the period of the registration subject to a maximum of 10 years.

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

2.20 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset/cash generating unit may be impaired. If any indication exists the Group estimates the recoverable amount of such assets and if carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, impairment is recognised. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using an

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appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that previously recognised impairment loss no longer exists or may have decreased such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

2.21 Inventories

Stores and spares, packing materials are valued at or below cost. Raw materials and other inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price (including subsidy income, where applicable) of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

The method of determination of cost of various categories of inventories is as follows:

- 1. Stores and spares and packing materials Weighted average cost.
- 2. Raw material First-in-First-out basis. Cost includes purchase cost and other attributable expenses.
- 3. Finished goods and Work-in-process Weighted average cost of production which comprises of direct material costs, direct wages and applicable overheads.
- 4. Stock-in-trade Weighted average cost.

2.22 Exceptional item

Significant gains/losses or expenses incurred arising from external events that is not expected to recur are disclosed as 'Exceptional item'.

2.23 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and when a reasonable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent liabilities are disclosed for (i) possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or (ii) present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

2.24 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.25 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortized cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

2.25.1 Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- · the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- · the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

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- · the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- · the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss for FVTOCI debt instruments. For the purposes of recognizing foreign exchange gains and losses, FVTOCI debt instruments are treated as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Thus, the exchange differences on the amortized cost are recognised in profit or loss and other changes in the fair value of FVTOCI financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of 'Reserve for debt instruments through other comprehensive income'. When the investment is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in this reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

2.25.2 Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

2.25.3 <u>Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates</u>

On initial recognition, these investments are recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequently, they are measured at cost.

2.25.4 <u>Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI</u>

On initial recognition, the Group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if

the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the investments.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- · it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- · it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably. Dividends recognised in profit or loss are included in the 'Other income' line item.

2.25.5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Group irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for investments in equity instruments which are not held for trading.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset that meets the amortised cost criteria or debt instruments that meet the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases. The Group has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL. B161

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Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other income' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognised when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

2.25.6 Impairment of financial assets

The Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, debt instruments at FVTOCI, lease receivables, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets). The Group estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit losses are portion of the life-time expected credit losses and represent the lifetime cash shortfalls that will result if default occurs within the 12 months after the reporting date and thus, are not cash shortfalls that are predicted over the next 12 months.

If the Group measured loss allowance for a financial instrument at lifetime expected credit loss model in the

previous period, but determines at the end of a reporting period that the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition due to improvement in credit quality as compared to the previous period, the Group again measures the loss allowance based on 12-month expected credit losses.

When making the assessment of whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses. To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Group always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Group has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

The impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance are equally applied to debt instruments at FVTOCI except that the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and is not reduced from the carrying amount in the balance sheet.

2.25.7 Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred

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financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognize under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

2.25.8 Foreign exchange gains and losses

The fair value of financial assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period.

- For foreign currency denominated financial assets measured at amortized cost and FVTPL, the exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss except for those which are designated as hedging instruments in a hedging relationship.
- Changes in the carrying amount of investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI relating to changes in foreign currency rates are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- For the purposes of recognizing foreign exchange gains and losses, FVTOCI debt instruments are treated as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Thus, the exchange differences on the amortized cost are recognized in profit or loss and other changes in the fair value of FVTOCI financial

assets are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

2.26 Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2.27 Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

2.28 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group, and commitments issued by the Group to provide a loan at below-market interest rate are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Group as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies or is held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or

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 It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading or contingent consideration recognised by the Group as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies, may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise;
- the financial liability forms part of group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- It forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and Ind AS 109 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL in accordance with Ind AS 109.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

However, for non-held-for-trading financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case these effects of changes in credit risk are recognised in profit or loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is always recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are reflected immediately in retained earnings and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Gains or losses on financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments issued by the Group that are designated by the Group as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss. <u>Financial liabilities subsequently measured at</u> amortized cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortized cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2.29 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by a group entity are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind AS 109;
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 115.

Foreign exchange gains and losses

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortized cost of the instruments and are recognised in 'Other income'.

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency

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and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. For financial liabilities that are measured as at FVTPL, the foreign exchange component forms part of the fair value gains or losses and is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

2.30 Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts, option contracts and interest rate swaps.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged item.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income net of applicable deferred income taxes. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of income. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income remains there until the forecast transaction occurs. When the hedged item is a non-financial asset, the amount recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred to the carrying amount of the asset when it is recognized.

In other cases the amount recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss in the same period that the hedged item affects profit or loss. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognized in the other comprehensive income is transferred to statement of income.

2.31 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2.31.1 Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

In making their judgment, the management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue from the sale of goods set out in Ind AS 115 and, in particular, whether the Group had transferred control over the goods to the buyer.

2.31.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

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Items requiring significant estimate	Assumption and estimation uncertainty
Useful lives of property, plant and equipment	The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. During the current year, there has been no change in life considered for the assets.
Fair value measurements and valuation processes	Some of the Group's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The valuation committee which is headed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.
	In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. Finance team works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The Chief Financial Officer reports the valuation committee's findings to the board of directors of the Company annually to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets and liabilities.
Revenue recognition	The Group provides customer incentives, such as rebates, based on quantity purchased, timing of collections etc. Various estimates are made to recognise the impact of rebates and other incentives on revenue. These estimates are made based on historical and forecasted data, contractual terms and current conditions.
Subsidy income and related receivables	Subsidy income has been recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy including those under the Direct Benefit Transfer system which was introduced by the Government of India.
Provision for doubtful receivables	The Group makes provision for doubtful receivables based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for current estimates.
Estimation of net realisable value of inventories	Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In estimating the net realisable value of inventories the Group makes an estimate of future selling prices, subsidy and costs necessary to make the sale.
Provision for employee benefits	The Group uses actuarial assumptions to determine the obligations for employee benefits at each reporting period. These assumptions include the discount rate, expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, rate of increase in compensation levels and mortality rates.
Provision for taxes	Significant judgments are required in determining the provision for income taxes, including the amount expected to be paid/ recovered for uncertain tax positions.
Leases	Ind AS 116 defines a lease term as the non-cancellable period for which the lessee has the right to use the underlying asset including optional periods, when an entity is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend (or not to terminate) a lease. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the lessee to exercise the option when determining the lease term. The option to extend the lease term are included in the lease term, if it is reasonably certain that the lessee will exercise the option. The Group reassess the option when significant events or changes in circumstances occur that are within the control of the lessee

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Property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress რ

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Carrying amounts of:		
Land	27,269	27,277
Buildings	24,131	22,608
Road	6223	
Railway sidings	1,466	
Plant and equipment	1,03,104	
Biological assets	51	42
Office equipment	2,349	1,947
Furniture and fixtures	920	808
Vehicles	1,390	1,460
	1,61,633	1,61,377
Capital work-in-progress	7,570	4,921

Details of Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Road	Railway sidings	Plant and equipment	Biological assets	Office equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
Cost or deemed cost				•						
Balance as at 1 April 2019	27,277	28,411	2,449	3,126	1,78,261	45	6,176	3,471	2,647	2,51,863
Additions		3,674	456	61	37,536	•	905	207	885	43,724
Disposals/ adjustments		35		70	2.957		193	9	166	3,427
Effect of translations			1		1	'			2	2
Balance at 31 March 2020	27,277	32,050	2,905	3,117	2,12,840	45	6,888	3,672	3,368	2,92,162
On account of acqusition (Refer note 41)		274			158	1	32			470
Additions	23	2,265	06	79	9,724	12	1,188	209	358	13,948
Disposals/ adjustments	31		1		2,775	•	216	96	536	3,654
<u>Effect of translations</u>	1	1	1	1			1	(2)	(7)	(6)
Balance at 31 March 2021	27,269	34,589	2,995	3,196	2,19,947	57	7,892	3,789	3,183	3,02,917
Notes:										
	-									

Refer Note 18.1 for details of assets pledged. Interest capitalized during the year - Nil (2020: ₹433 lakhs).

Land admeasuring 446.92 acres (₹75 lakhs) is pending registration in the name of the Company.

	Land	Buildings	Road	Railway	Plant and	Biological	Office	Furniture	Vehicles	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment				Ships	challing	22252	chalbinging	alld livings		
Balance as at 1 April 2019		8,519	1,720	1,412	1,01,170	-	4,403	2,781	1,738	1,21,744
Disposals/ adjustments		16		54	2,533	'	181	9	142	2,932
Depreciation expense	'	939	140	188	9,584	2	719	88	308	11,969
Effect of translations	•	,	1	ı		•	1	•	4	4
Balance at 31 March 2020	•	9,442	1,860	1,546	1,08,221	3	4,941	2,864	1,908	1,30,785
Disposals/ adjustments	1	19			2,165	•	188	96	470	2,938
Depreciation expense	'	1,035	182	184	10,787	ന	790	101	357	13,439
Effect of translations	,		1	1	1	'	'	1	(2)	(2)
Balance at 31 March 2021	•	10,458	2,042	1,730	1,16,843	9	5,543	2,869	1,793	1,41,284

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Right-of-use assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Carrying amounts of:		
Land	27,047	27,401
Buildings	10,954	12,535
Plant and equipment	1,012	1,265
	39,013	41,201

Details of Right-of-use assets:

	Land	Buildings	Plant and	Total
	(Refer notes below)		equipment	
Gross carrying value				
As at 1 April 2019	28,442	12,125	1,518	42,085
Additions	<u> </u>	2,734	-	2,734
Disposals		=	=	=
Balance at 31 March 2020	28,442	14,859	1,518	44,819
Additions	682	829	-]	1511
Disposals		-	-	
Balance at 31 March 2021	29,124	15,688	1,518	46,330
Accumulated amortisation		-		
Amortisation	1,041	2,324	253	3,618
Disposal	<u> </u>	-	-	
Balance at 31 March 2020	1,041	2,324	253	3,618
Amortisation	1,036	2,410	253	3,699
Disposal		-		-
Balance at 31 March 2021	2,077	4,734	506	7,317

Notes:

- Includes net carrying value of the Land reclassified on adoption of Ind AS 116 "Leases". 1)
- Land admeasuring 324.74 acres (₹22,632 lakhs) is pending execution of lease in the name of the Company. 2)

Lease liabilities:	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Current	2,143	1,855_
Non-current	36,191	37,542
	38,334	39,397

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Other intangible assets and intangible assets under development

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Carrying amounts of:			
Product registrations		820	572
Technical know-how		46	46
		866	618
Intangible assets under development		1,408	1,622
Details of Intangible assets			
	Product	Technical	Total
	registrations	know-how	
Cost or deemed cost			
Balance as at 1 April 2019	1,912	997	2,909
Additions	63	-	63
Disposals/ adjustments	-	-	-
Effect of translation	(90)	-	(90)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,885	997	2,882
Additions	428	-	428
Disposals/ adjustments		-	
Effect of translation	(42)	-	(42)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	2,271	997	3,268
Accumulated amortisation and impairment			
Balance as at 1 April 2019	1,206	906	2,112
Amortisation expense	169	45	214
Disposals/ adjustments	<u> </u>	-	-
Effect of translation	(62)	-	(62)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,313	951	2,264
Amortisation expense	170	-	170
Disposals/ adjustments		-	
Effect of translation	(32)	-	(32)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,451	951	2,402

Non-current investments

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Quot	ed equity instruments		
(a)	Investments in quoted equity instruments at FVTPL		
	Rama Phosphate Limited	18	3
	13,719 (2020: 13,719) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
	Total aggregate quoted equity investments at FVTPL (A)	18	3
(b)	Investments in quoted equity instruments at FVTOCI		
	Coromandel Engineering Company Limited	675	295
	25,00,100 (2020: 25,00,100) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
	Total aggregate quoted equity investments at FVTOCI (B)	675	295
Unq	uoted equity instruments		
(c)	Investments in unquoted equity investments at FVTOCI		
	Tunisian Indian Fertilisers S.A.#	_	-
	41,79,848 (2020: 41,79,848) Ordinary shares of Tunisian Dinars (TND) 10		
	each, fully paid-up		
	Nandesari Environment Control Limited	21	18
	3,600 (2020: 3,600) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		

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forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Ranar Agrochem Limited (formerly Prathyusha Chemicals and Fertilisers Limited) 1,0,1,0,00 (2020: 1,0,1,0,00) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Indian Potash Limited 1,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0				
Fertilisers Limited 10,01,000 (2020: 10,01,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 10,01,000 (2020: 1,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,80,000 (2020: 1,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,80,000 (2020: 1,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 10,000 (2020: 1,00,000) 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,0			As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
1,01,000 (2020: 1,001),000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		Ranar Agrochem Limited (formerly Prathyusha Chemicals and	2	2
Indian Potash Limited 2,576 2,392		Fertilisers Limited)		
180,000 (2020: 1.80,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		10,01,000 (2020: 10,01,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Foskor (Pty) Limited 1		Indian Potash Limited	2,576	2,392
1,282,070 (2020: 12,82,070) Ordinary shares of South African Rand 1 each, fully paid-up 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1,901 1				
Rand 1 each, fully paid-up 1,901				
ii) 46 (2020: 46) Class D shares of South African Rand 7,05,088 each, fully paid-up Murugappa Management Services Limited 16,139 (2020: 16,139) Equity shares of ₹100 each, fully paid-up Bharuch Enviro Infrastructure Limited 16,100 (2020: 16,100) Equity shares of ₹100 each, fully paid-up Narmada Clean Tech 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up A.P. Gas Power Corporation Limited 53,92,160 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate Equity investments at FVTOCI (C) 17,447 16,969 (d) Investment in joint ventures Vannar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited 1,353 824 1,50,00,000 (2020: 1,50,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Refer note 41) Nii (2020: 50,00,000) Ordinary shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate investments in joint ventures (D) 1,353 2,077 (e) Investment in associate Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate 320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHPS100 each fully paid-up Total aggregate investment in associate (E) 6 2 (f) Other investments at FVTPL Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) 5 4 Loans at FVTOCI* (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* 1,609 1,609 1,609 1,609 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 6 93 2,935			-	-
Murugappa Management Services Limited 73 73 73 16,139 (2020: 16,139) Equity shares of ₹100 each, fully paid-up 8haruch Enviro Infrastructure Limited 444 247 16,100 (2020: 16,100) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 39 20 2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 39 20 2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,391 12,316 339, 2,160 (2020: 53,92,160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,391 12,316 14,477 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447				
Murugappa Management Services Limited 73 16,139 (2020: 16,139) Equity shares of ₹100 each, fully paid-up 2444 247 16,100 (2020: 16,100) Equity shares of ₹100 each, fully paid-up 39 20 2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 39 20 2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,391 12,316 539,2160 (2020: 539,2160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,391 12,316 539,2160 (2020: 539,2160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447			1,901	1,901
16,139 (2020: 16,139) Equity shares of ₹100 each, fully paid-up 444				
Bharuch Enviro Infrastructure Limited 16,100 (2020: 16,100) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 39 20 2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,391 12,316 53,92,160 (2020: 53,92,160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447			73	73_
16,100 (2020: 16,100) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 39 20 2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 12,391 12,316 53,92,160 (2020: 53,92,160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 16,969 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 17,447 1				
Narmada Clean Tech 39 20			444	247_
2,75,000 (2020: 2,75,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up A.P. Gas Power Corporation Limited 12,391 12,316 53,92,160 (2020: 53,92,160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate Equity investments at FVTOCI (C) 17,447 16,969 (d) Investment in joint ventures Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited 1,60,00,000 (2020: 1,60,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Refer note 41)				
A.P. Gas Power Corporation Limited 53.92,160 (2020: 53,92,160) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate Equity investments at FVTOCI (C) (d) Investment in joint ventures Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited 1,60,00,000 (2020: 1,60,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Refer note 41)			39	20_
Total aggregate Equity investments at FVTOCI (C) 17,447 16,969				
Total aggregate Equity investments at FVTOCI (C) 17,447 16,969			12,391	12,316_
(d) Investment in joint ventures				
Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited 1,353 824 1,60,00,000 (2020: 1,60,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		Total aggregate Equity investments at FVTOCI (C)	17,447	16,969
Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited 1,353 824 1,60,00,000 (2020: 1,60,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up	<u> </u>			
1,60,00,000 (2020: 1,60,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Refer note 41) Nil (2020: 50,00,000) Ordinary shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate investments in joint ventures (D) 1,353 2,077 (e) Investment in associate Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate Philippines Philippines Philippines Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate Philippines Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate Philippines Sabero Organic	(d)		1.050	
Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Refer note 41) Nil (2020: 50,00,000) Ordinary shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate investments in joint ventures (D) 1,353 2,077			1,353	824
Nil (2020: 50,00,000) Ordinary shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate investments in joint ventures (D) 1,353 2,077 (e) Investment in associate Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate 320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHP\$100 each fully paid-up Total aggregate investment in associate (E) 6 2 (f) Other investments at FVTPL Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) 266 174 (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) 5 4 Loans at FVTOCI* 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) 21,379 of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 693 298 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835				1.050
Total aggregate investments in joint ventures (D) (e) Investment in associate Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate 320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHP\$100 each fully paid-up Total aggregate investment in associate (E) (f) Other investments at FVTPL Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) 266 174 (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) 21,379 of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 2,077			-	1,253
(e) Investment in associate Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate 320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHP\$100 each fully paid-up Total aggregate investment in associate (E) (f) Other investments at FVTPL Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) 2,079 Other Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 693 298 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835			1.050	0.077
Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate 320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHP\$100 each fully paid-up Total aggregate investment in associate (E) (f) Other investments at FVTPL Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) 266 174 (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) 21,379 21,133 of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 693 298 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		Total aggregate investments in joint ventures (D)	1,353	2,077
320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHP\$100 each fully paid-up Total aggregate investment in associate (E) (f) Other investments at FVTPL	(e)	Investment in associate		
Total aggregate investment in associate (E) (f) Other investments at FVTPL Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) 21,379 of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 1,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 693 298 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835		Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc Associate	6	2
(f) Other investments at FVTPL Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 693 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686		320 (2020: 320) Equity shares of PHP\$100 each fully paid-up		
Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) 266 174 (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835		Total aggregate investment in associate (E)	6	2
Faering Capital India Evolving Fund 19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) 266 174 (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835	(6)			
19,442 (2020: 25,044) units of ₹1,000 each, fully paid-up Total aggregate other investments (F) (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,609 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835	<u>(†)</u>		200	174
Total aggregate other investments (F) (g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) Of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686			200	1/4
(g) Others Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,609 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686			266	174
Share application money pending allotment - at cost (Refer Note 40(E)) Loans at FVTOCI* Total aggregate others (G) 1,609 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686		Total aggregate other investments (i)	200	
Loans at FVTOCI* 1,609 1,609 Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) 21,379 21,133 of the above 1,359 2,079 Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 693 298 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835	(g)	Others		
Total aggregate others (G) 1,614 1,613 Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835			5	4
Total investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F) + (G) of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 21,379 21,133 21,133 2,079 2,079 20,020 19,054		Loans at FVTOCI*	1,609	1,609
of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835		Total aggregate others (G)	1,614	1,613
of the above Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E) 1,359 2,079 Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G) 20,020 19,054 Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835	Tota	dispression (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (E) + (C)	01 070	01 100
Investments in Joint Ventures and Associate (D) + (E)1,3592,079Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G)20,02019,054Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof693298Aggregate amount of unquoted investments20,68620,835			21,379	21,133
Other Investments (A) + (B) + (C) + (F) + (G)20,02019,054Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof693298Aggregate amount of unquoted investments20,68620,835			1 359	2 079
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 693 298 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835				
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835			,	
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 20,686 20,835	Aggı	regate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	693	298
			20,686	
	Aggı	regate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	

Notes:

#The Ordinary shares of Tunisian Indian Fertilisers S.A., Tunisia (TIFERT) held by the Group have been pledged to secure the obligations of TIFERT to their lenders, except 8,04,848 shares.

*represents loan amounting ₹1,609 Lakhs (2020: ₹1,609 Lakhs) to TIFERT which is compulsorily convertible to equity shares at the end of three years from June 2017. During the current year, the period has been extended for further 2 B170 years.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

7. Other financial assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Derivatives that are not designated in hedge accounting relationships		
Foreign currency forward contracts	965	7,015
Derivatives that are designated in hedge accounting relationships	412	5
	1,377	7,020
Financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Advances with related parties (Refer Note 40(E))	422	14_
Interest accrued but not due on deposits, loans, others	1,286	321
Insurance claims receivable	573	2,739
	2,281	3,074
	3,658	10,094
Current	3,658	10,089
Non-current Non-current	-	5
	3,658	10,094

8. Other non-current assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Capital advances	2,243	1,610
Deposits	3,042	2,765
Others	149	171
	5,434	4,546

9. Inventories

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Raw materials	69,221	56,120
Raw materials in-transit	53,833	22,988
Work-in-process	3,898	3,847
Finished goods	1,06,394	1,41,630
Stock-in-trade	18,470	36,936
Stores and spares	5,609	6,047
Packing materials	2,663	2,145
	2,60,088	2,69,713

Note: Refer Note 2.21 for basis of valuation and for details of inventories pledged refer Note 18.1

10. Current investments

		L
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Unquoted other investments at FVTPL		
UTI Master Shares	*	*
1,000 (2020: 1,000) shares of ₹10 each, fully paid-up		
Total unquoted investments	*	*
Total current investments	*	*
*less than a lakh		
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	*	*
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-

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forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

11. Trade receivables

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(a) Secured, considered good	5,673	10,450_
(b) Unsecured, considered good*	49,769	1,62,961
(c) Credit impaired	15,638	13,540
	71,080	1,86,951
Allowance for doubtful receivables	15,638	13,540
	55,442	1,73,411

^{*} Includes ₹734 lakhs (2020: ₹ 422 lakhs) receivable from related parties. Also Refer Note 40(E)

The credit period on sales of goods varies with seasons and business segments/ markets and generally ranges between 30 to 180 days. No interest is recovered on trade receivables for payments received after the due date.

Before accepting any new customer, the Group has a credit evaluation system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and to define credit limits for the customer. Credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed on an annual basis.

The Group maintains an allowance for impairment of doubtful accounts based on financial condition of the customer, ageing of the customer receivable and overdues, available collaterals and historical experience of collections from customers. Accordingly, the Group creates provision for past due receivables beyond 180 days ranging between 25%-100% after reckoning the underlying collaterals. Besides, based on the expected credit loss model the Group also provides up to 0.50% for receivables less than 180 days.

Movement in the allowance for doubtful receivables		
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Balance at beginning of the year	13,540	12,775
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	2,123	765_
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	(25)	
Balance at end of the year	15,638	13,540

The concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables is reasonably low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions representing large number of minor receivables operating in independent markets. No single customer constitutes more than 5% balance of the total trade receivables as of the Balance Sheet date.

12. Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Cash on hand	36	20_
Balances with Banks:		
in Current accounts	9,978	5,018
in Deposit accounts	59,196	16
	69,210	5,054

13. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Restricted		
Dividend accounts	2,211	1,923
Bonus debenture redemption and interest	778	844_
Margin money/ deposit	10_	9_
	2,999	2,776

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Unclaimed dividend accounts

If the dividend has not been claimed within 30 days from the date of its declaration, the Group is required to transfer the total amount of the dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed, to a special account to be opened by the Group in a scheduled bank to be called "Unpaid Dividend Account". The unclaimed dividend lying in such account is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), administered by the Central Government after a period of seven years from the date of declaration.

Bonus debenture redemption and interest

If the proceeds on maturity of debentures and interest thereon has not been claimed within 30 days from the date of its declaration, the Company is required to transfer the total amount of the dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed, to a special account to be opened by the Company in a scheduled bank to be called "Unpaid debenture account". The unclaimed amounts lying in such account is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), administered by the Central Government after a period of seven years from the date of declaration.

Margin money / deposit

Amounts in margin money/deposit accounts represents amounts deposited with certain government agencies.

14. Loans

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
At amortised cost		
Unsecured, considered good		
-Inter-corporate deposits	1,51,368	42,857
	1,51,368	42,857
Current	1,51,368	42,857
Non-current	-	
	1,51,368	42,857

15. Other current assets

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Advances recoverable in kind or for value to be received		
Considered good #	31,418	24,671
Considered doubtful	442	483
	31,860	25,154
Less: Impairment allowance	442	483
	31,418	24,671
Gratuity fund (net) [Refer Note 34(a)]	18	-
Others (including Goods and Services Tax balances)	18,964	19,186
6.20% Fertilizer companies' Government of India special bonds 2022	*	*
10,000 (2020: 10,000) bonds of ₹100/- each		
6.65% Fertilizer companies' Government of India special bonds 2023	*	*
5,000 (2020: 5,000) bonds of ₹100/- each		
	50,400	43,857

#Includes receivables from Related parties ₹3 lakhs (2020: ₹19 lakhs). Refer Note 40(E)

^{*}less than a lakh

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

16. Equity

16.1 Equity share capital

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Authorised Share capital :		
35,00,00,000 (2020: 35,00,00,000) equity shares of ₹1 each	3,500	3,500
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up:		
29,33,78,679 (2020: 29,29,53,749) fully paid equity shares of ₹1 each	2,934	2,930
	2,934	2,930

16.2 Reconciliation of number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

	Numbers of Shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2019	29,25,27,329	2,925
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,26,420	5_
Balance as at 31 March 2020	29,29,53,749	2,930
Add: Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of stock options	4,24,930	4
Balance as at 31 March 2021	29,33,78,679	2,934

16.3 Rights, preferences and restriction relating to each class of share capital:

Equity shares: The Group has one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹1 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the case of interim dividend.

16.4 As at 31 March 2021, E.I.D.-Parry (India) Limited (Parent Company) held 16,54,55,580 (2020: 17,71,55,580) equity shares of ₹1 each fully paid-up representing 56.40% (2020: 60.47%) of the paid up capital. There are no other shareholders holding more than 5 % of the issued capital.

16.5 Share options granted under the Group's employee share option plan

As at 31 March 2021-, shares reserved for issue under the 'ESOP 2007' scheme is 81,32,966 (2020: 81,35,116) equity shares of ₹1 each and under the 'ESOP 2016' scheme is 1,35,32,630 (2020: 1,39,55,410) equity shares of ₹1 each.

Share options granted under the Company's employee share option plan carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights. Further details of the employee share option plan are provided in Note 33.

16.6 There are no bonus shares issued and no shares were issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

16.7 Cumulative redeemable preference shares

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Authorised capital		
50,00,000 (2020: 50,00,000) cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹10	500	500
each		

Cumulative redeemable preference shares: The Company has a class of cumulative redeemable preference shares having face value of ₹10 each with such rights, privileges and conditions respectively attached thereto as may be from time to time confirmed by the regulations of the company. The cumulative redeemable preference shares were issued by erstwhile Liberty Phosphate Limited, amalgamated into the Company pursuant to the approved Scheme of Amalgamation.

No such cumulative redeemable preference shares are issued and outstanding as of 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

17. Other equity

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
General reserve	2,63,592	2,63,592
Retained earnings	2,44,447	1,65,048
Capital reserve	618	352_
Capital redemption reserve	986	986
Securities Premium	17,013	15,041
Central subsidy	11	11
ESOP reserve	1,102	1,241
Foreign currency translation reserve	5,564	5,727
Equity Instruments through OCI	(21,514)	(22,242)
Cash flow hedge reserve	306	(916)
	5.12.125	4.28.840

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
_(i)	General reserve		
	Balance at beginning of year	2,63,592	2,33,328
	Amount transferred on cancellation of stock options	-	264
	Amount transferred from retained earnings	-	30,000
		2,63,592	2,63,592

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

(ii)	Retained earnings		
	Balance at beginning of year	1,,65,048	1,00,912
	Profit for the year	1,32,915	1,06,504
	Remeasurment of net defined benefit plans	(744)	(25)
	Dividend on equity shares	2,44,447	(12,343)
	Amount transferred to general reserve	-	(30,000)
		2,40,150	1,62,449

Retained earnings represents the Group's undistributed earnings after taxes.

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2021, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 29 April 2021 have recommended a final dividend of ₹ 6 per share (600% on face value of ₹1 per share). The Board at its meeting held on 01 February 2021 had approved payment of interim dividend ₹6 per equity share (600% on face value of ₹1 per share). The total dividend is ₹ 12 per share (1200% on face value of ₹1 per share) for the year ended 31 March 2021. The proposed final dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and has not been included as a liability in these financial statements. The total amount paid with respect to interim dividend is ₹17,595 Lakhs. The total estimated amount to be paid with respect to final dividend is ₹17,603 Lakhs.

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2020, the directors proposed that a final dividend of ₹12 per share be paid on fully paid equity shares. which was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The total amount paid with respect to dividend is ₹35,177 Lakhs.

In respect of the year ended 31 March 2019, the directors approved payment of interim dividend of ₹3 per share and proposed that a final dividend of ₹3.50 per share be paid on fully paid equity shares which was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The total amount paid with respect to interim dividend is ₹10,577 Lakhs including dividend distribution tax of ₹1,803 Lakhs and with respect to final dividend is ₹12,343 Lakhs including dividend distribution tax of ₹2,105 Lakhs.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(iii)	Capital Reserve	618	352
(iv)	Capital Redemption reserve	986	986
	Capital redemption reserve has been created pursuant to the requirement required to transfer certain amounts on buyback of Company's own shares. The Company has bought back its own shares and also redeemed earlier years. The capital redemption reserve can be utilised for issue of	ares and on redempti ed the underlying pref	on of the preference
(v)	Securities premium		
	Balance at beginning of year	15,041	13,201
	Amount transferred on exercise of employee stock option	538	479
	Amount received on exercise of employee stock option	1,434	1,361
		17,013	15,041
	Securities premium represents the amount received in excess of the face of the securities premium is governed by the Section 52 of the Act.	e value of the equity s	hares. The utilisation
(vi)	Central subsidy	11	11_
(vii)	Share options outstanding account		
	Balance at beginning of year	1,241	1,466
	Amount transferred to on exercise/ cancellation of employee stock option	(538)	(743)
	Recognition of share based payment expense	399	518
		1,102	1,241
(viii)	employee share option plans. These will be transferred to securities preoptions. Foreign currency translation reserve	mium after the exerc	ise of the underlying
<u>(****)</u>	Balance at beginning of year	5,727	5,517
	Movement during the year	(163)	210
		5,564	5,727
	Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency i.e and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. These balt the disposal of the foreign operations.	e. Indian Rupee (₹) are	e recognised directly
(ix)	Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(22,242)	(22,841)
	Net fair value gain/ (loss) on investments in equity instruments at $\underline{\sf FVTOCI}$ (net of tax)	728	599
		(21,514)	(22,242)
	This reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the reat fair value through other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassets have been disposed of.		
(x)	Cash flow hedge reserve		
	Balance at beginning of year	(916)	(18)
	Effective portion of cash flow hedges (net of tax)	1,222	(898)
		306	(916)
	Cash flow hedge reserve represents effective portion of cash flow hedge	es taken to Other com	prehensive income

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

18. Borrowings

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Secured- at amortised cost		
Loan repayable on demand from banks	121	5,674
Short term loans from banks	-	61,695
Unsecured- at amortised cost		
Short term loans from		
Banks	-	65,143
Others	40	30,000
	161	1,62,512
Long term borrowings	-	-
Short term borrowings	161	1,62,512
	161	1,62,512

18.1 Summary of borrowing arrangements

- i) There are no outstanding long-term borrowings as of 31 March 2021 and as on 31 March 2020.
- Secured loans repayabale on demand comprises cash credit balances secured by a pari-passu charge on current assets of the Company. Further, some of these are also secured by second charge on moveable fixed assets of the Company.
- Secured short-term loans from banks comprises of working capital demand loans secured by a pari-passu charge on current assets of Company. Further, certain borrowings are secured by specific subsidy receivables and letter of comfort from Government of India under Special Banking Arrangement.
- Unsecured short term loans comprises of commercial paper, short term loans from banks and loan taken by a subsidiary company.

18.2 Breach of loan agreement

There is no breach of loan agreement

19. Other financial liabilities

There is no breach of loan agreement

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial liabilities mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Derivatives not designated in hedge accounting relationships		
Foreign currency forward contracts	249	921
Derivatives designated in hedge accounting relationships(includes non-	4	1,229
current portion of ₹ Nil (2020: ₹2 lakhs)		
	253	2,150
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Security and trade deposits received (includes non-current portion of ₹176	16,124	15,036
lakhs (2020: ₹144 lakhs)		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	1	284
Interest accrued but not due on others	1,253	1,142
Unclaimed dividends	2,211	1,923
Unclaimed debentures	778	844
Payables on purchase of fixed assets	1,150	2,546
Others	1,000	4
	22,517	21,779
	22,770	23,929
Current	22,594	23,783
Non-current Non-current	176	146
	22,770	23,929

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

20. Provisions

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Employee benefits*	3,544	3,568
	3,544	3,568
Current	2,172	1,460
Non-current	1,372	2,108
	3,544	3,568

^{*}The provision for employee benefits represents leave entitlements and gratuity. Refer Note 34(a) for details of gratuity obligation.

21. Income tax

21.1 Deferred tax liabilities (net)	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities	13,902	14,269
Deferred tax assets	(8,147)	(8,486)
	5.756	5.783

2020-2021	Opening balance 1 April 2020	On account of acquisition (Refer note 41)	Recognised in Profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance 31 March 2021
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to:					
Property, plant and equipment	14,269	(4)	(363)		13,902
Investments at FVTOCI	(1,907)			130	(1,777)
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	(3,529)	-	(518)	-	(4,047)
Statutory dues allowable on payment basis	(315)	-	(19)	-	(334)
Employees separation and retirement costs	(826)	(2)	161	(251)	(918)
Others	(1,909)	(3)	430	411	(1,071)
Total	5,783	(9)	(309)	290	5,756

2019-2020	Opening balance 1 April 2019	Recognised in Profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance 31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) in relation to:				
Property, plant and equipment	19,649	(5,380)		14,269
Investments at FVTOCI	(2,159)		252	(1,907)
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	(4,519)	990	-	(3,529)
Statutory dues allowable on payment basis	(410)	95	-	(315)
Employees separation and retirement costs	(1,015)	79	110	(826)
Others	(317)	(1,292)	(299)	(1,909)
Total	11,229	(5,508)	63	5,783

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
21.2 Unrecognised deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses		
and unused tax credits		
Deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax		
credits for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised are		
attributable to the following:		
-long-term capital loss	44	44
-unused tax losses	265	268
	309	312

Long-term capital loss of ₹35 lakhs is available for set-off till 31 March 2025 and ₹9 lakhs till 31 March 2027 (2020: ₹35 lakhs till 31 March 2025 and ₹9 lakhs till 31 March 2027), unused tax losses amounting ₹262 lakhs (2020: ₹226 lakhs) do not have any expiry and balance unused tax losses have an expiry ranging from 2021 till 2029.

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
21.3 Income tax credit/(expense) recognised directly in equity		
Tax effect on changes in fair value of other investments	(130)	(252)
Tax effect on actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit obligations	251	(110)
Tax effect on Effective portion of gains and loss on designated portion of hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge	(411)	299
	(290)	(63)
21.4 Current tax liabilities (net)		
Income tax payable (net of advance tax)	3,626	4,305
	3,626	4,305
21.5 Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is as follows:		
Accounting profit before tax	178,595	137,851
Tax expense at statutory tax rate of 25.17% (2020: 25.17%)	44,952	34,697
Adjustments:		
Effect of income that is exempt from tax	14	(17)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	889	371
Effect of concessions (research and development and other allowances)	(21)	(17)
Effect of change in tax rate	-	(3,818)
Others	(154)	131
Tax expense reported in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	45,680	31,347

22. Other liabilities

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Advances from customers	5,904	6,588
Income received in advance	827	877
Other liabilities (including statutory remittances)	1,369	1,337
	8,100	8,802
Current	7,273	7,925
Non-current	827	877
	8,100	8,802

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

23. Trade payables

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Acceptances	1,13,353	63,073
Other than Acceptances	1,78,863	2,71,738
	2,92,216	3,34,811
of the above:		
i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises*	936	943
ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises**	2,91,280	333,868
	2,92,216	3,34,811

^{*}Dues to MSME have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors. Refer Note 47

24. Revenue from operations

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue:		
Sales	10,81,991	9,83,977
Government subsidies	3,32,468	3,25,119
Other operating revenue	6,889	4,573
Total Revenue from operations	14,21,348	13,13,669
Other operating revenues comprise:		
Service income	414	389
DEPB income/ excise benefits	1,696	2,263
Provision for liabilities no longer required, written back	3,153	45
Insurance claim	274	22
Others	1,352	1,854
	6,889	4,573

25. Other income

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Interest income	4,164	3,771
Dividend income from investments carried at FVTPL	-	13
Dividend income from investments carried at FVTOCI	5	19
Profit on sale of investment	-	34
Gain on measuring investments at FVTPL (net)	162	-
Others	22	167
	4,353	4,004

^{**}Includes amount payable to related party ₹314 Lakhs (2020: ₹1,206 lakhs). Also Refer Note 40(E)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

26. Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-process and stock-in-trade

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
As at 1 April		
Work-in-process	3,847	2,369
Finished goods	1,41,630	1,66,265
Stock-in-trade	36,936	34,149
	1,82,413	2,02,783
Add: On account of acqusition	295	-
Less: As at 31 March		
Work-in-process	3,898	3,847
Finished goods	1,06,394	1,41,630
Stock-in-trade	18,470	36,936
	1,28,762	1,82,413
	53,946	20,370

27. Employee benefits expense

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Salaries, wages and bonus	45,572	38,266
Share based payments (Refer note 33.3)	399	518
Contribution to provident and other funds	4,006	3,350
Staff welfare expenses	3,880	3,974
	53,857	46,108

28. Finance cost

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Interest expense*	6,256	19,279
Other borrowing costs and charges	732	678
Lease interest cost	3,579	3,571
	10,567	23,528

^{*} Net of- ₹ Nil capitalised (2020: ₹433 lakhs capitalised at the average interest rate of 5.01%)

29. Depreciation and amortisation expense

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer note 3)	13,439	11,969
Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer note 5)	170	214
Amortisation on Right-of-use assets (Refer note 4)	3,699	3,618
	17,308	15,801

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

30. Other expenses

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Stores and spares consumed	11,343	8,594
Power, fuel and water	31,483	28,046
Rent	1,122	921
Repairs to:		
Buildings	569	623
Machinery	4,359	3,606
Others	2,939	2,160
Insurance charges	2,789	2,128
Rates and taxes	1,556	1,203
Freight and distribution	89,236	88,440
Exchange differences (net)	4,895	12,218
Loss on sale/scrap of property, plant and equipments (net)	468	471
Impairment allowance recognised for doubtful trade and other receivables,	2,169	845
loans and advances (net)		
Trade and other receivables written off	35	
Loss on sale of investments	17	
Loss on measuring investments at FVTPL (net)	-	104
Miscellaneous expenses	44,142	39,543
	1,97,122	1,88,902

31. Segment information

31.1 Products and services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

The information reported to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is based on types of goods and services. Accordingly, the Group's reportable segments under IndAS 108 are as follows:

- 1. Nutrient and other allied business
- 2. Crop protection

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from operations by reportable segment:

	Segment revenue		Segment profit	
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Nutrient and other allied business	12,23,184	11,55,003	1,68,518	1,50,698
Crop protection	208,387	1,68,540	34,681	22,029
	14,31,571	13,23,543	2,03,199	1,72,727
Less: Inter - segment	(10,223)	(9,874)	328	(648)
Total	14,21,348	13,13,669	2,03,527	172,079
Other income			4,353	4,004
Unallocable expense			(19,258)	(14,782)
Finance costs			(10,567)	(23,528)
Share in profit/(loss) of joint venture			540	78
and associate				
Profit before tax			1,78,595	1,37,851

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are same as the Group's accounting policies. Segment profit represents the profit before interest and tax earned by each segment without allocation of central administrative costs and other income. This is the measure reported to the CODM.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

31.2 Segment assets and liabilities

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Segment assets		
Nutrient and other allied business	4,96,022	7,83,820
Crop protection	1,45,513	1,51,905
Unallocable assets	2,48,031	79,152
Total assets	8,89,566	10,14,877
Segment liabilities		
Nutrient and other allied business	2,91,033	3,15,828
Crop protection	65,891	45,371
Unallocable liabilities	17,583	2,21,908
Total liabilities	3,74,507	5,83,107

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- 1. All assets are allocated to reportable segments other than inter-corporate deposits, investments, cash and cash equivalents and derivative contracts.
- 2. All liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than borrowings, defined benefit obligation and long-term employee benefits, derivative contracts, current and deferred tax liabilities.

31.3 Other segment information

	Depreciation amortisation		Additions to non	- current assets
	For the year ended 31 March 2021 For the year ended 31 March 2020		For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020*
Nutrient and other allied business	12,971	12,090	12,291	63,103
Crop protection	4,337	3,711	6,919	5,551

^{*}Includes Right-of-use recognised on transition date, 1 April 2019.

31.4 Revenue from major products

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from operations from its major products:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Phosphatic Fertilisers	6,66,878	6,37,951
Urea	33,321	25,957
Muriate of Potash	32,065	28,172
Single Super Phosphate	43,873	37,278
Others	1,14,579	1,00,526
	8,90,716	8,29,884
Government subsidies	3,32,468	3,25,119
Nutrient and other allied business	12,23,184	11,55,003
Crop protection	208,387	1,68,540
Total	14,31,571	13,23,543
Less: Inter - segment	(10,223)	(9,874)
Revenue from operations	14,21,348	13,13,669

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

32. Financial instruments

32.1 Capital management

The Group's capital management objective is to maximise the total shareholder return by optimising cost of capital through flexible capital structure that supports growth. Further, the Group ensures optimal credit risk profile to maintain/enhance credit rating.

The Group determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plan and long-term strategic plans. The funding requirements are met through internal accruals and long-term/short-term borrowings. The Group monitors the capital structure on the basis of Net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Group.

For the purpose of capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other reserves. Net debt includes all long and short-term borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents and inter-corporate deposits with financial institutions.

The following table summarises the capital of the Group:

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Equity	5,15,059	4,31,770
Short-term borrowings	161	1,62,512
Inter-corporate deposits with financial institutions	(1,51,368)	(42,857)
Cash and cash equivalents	(69,210)	(5,054)
Net debt	(2,20,417)	1,14,601
Total capital (equity + net debt)	2,94,642	5,46,371
Net debt to capital ratio	*	0.21
Interest coverage ratio	19.54	7.53

^{*} As at 31 March 2021, Short term borrowings are lower than the balances of Inter corporate deposits with financial institutions and Cash and cash equivalents.

32.2 Categories of financial instruments

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial assets		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)*		
(a) Mandatorily measured:		
(i) Derivative instruments not designated in hedge accounting relationship	965	7,015
(ii) Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship	412	5
(iii) Equity investments	18	3
(iv) Other investments	266	174
Measured at amortised cost		
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	69,210	5,054
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	2,999	2,776
(c) Other financial assets at amortised cost	2,68,057	4,50,964
Measured at FVTOCI*		
(a) Investments in equity instruments designated upon initial recognition	18,122	17,264
(b) Investments in other instruments designated upon initial recognition	1,609	1,609

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Measured at cost		
(a) Investments in equity instruments in joint ventures and associate	1,364	2,083
Financial liabilities		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)*		
(a) Derivative instruments not designated in hedge accounting relationship	249	921
(b) Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship	4	1,229
Measured at amortised cost	3,53,228	5,58,499

^{*} Refer note 32.9 for fair valuation methods and assumptions

32.3 Financial risk management objectives

The Group has adequate internal processes to assess, monitor and manage financial risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group seeks to minimise the effects of these risks by using financial instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts, option contracts, interest and currency swaps to hedge risk exposures and appropriate risk management policies as detailed below. The use of these financial instruments is governed by the Group's policies, which outlines principles on foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and deployment of surplus funds

Primarily affected by	Risk management policies	Refer
USD balances and exposure towards	Mitigating foreign currency risk using	Note 32.4.1
trade payables, buyer's credit, exports,	foreign currency forward contracts, option	
short-term and long-term borrowings	contracts and currency swaps	
Change in market interest rates	Maintaining a combination of fixed and	Note 32.4.2
	floating rate debt; interest rate swaps for	
	long-term borrowings; cash management	
	policies	
Decline in value of equity instruments	Monitoring forecasts of cash flows;	Note 32.4.3
	diversification of portfolio	
Ability of customers or counterparties	Credit approval and monitoring practices;	Note 32.5
to financial instruments to meet	counterparty credit policies and limits;	
contractual obligations	arrangements with financial institutions	
Fluctuations in cash flows	Preparing and monitoring forecasts of	Note 32.6
	cash flows; cash management policies;	
	multiple-year credit and banking facilities	
	USD balances and exposure towards trade payables, buyer's credit, exports, short-term and long-term borrowings Change in market interest rates Decline in value of equity instruments Ability of customers or counterparties to financial instruments to meet contractual obligations	USD balances and exposure towards Mitigating foreign currency risk using trade payables, buyer's credit, exports, foreign currency forward contracts, option short-term and long-term borrowings contracts and currency swaps Change in market interest rates Maintaining a combination of fixed and floating rate debt; interest rate swaps for long-term borrowings; cash management policies Decline in value of equity instruments Monitoring forecasts of cash flows; diversification of portfolio Credit approval and monitoring practices; to financial instruments to meet counterparty credit policies and limits; contractual obligations Fluctuations in cash flows Preparing and monitoring forecasts of cash flows; cash management policies;

32.4 Market risk

The Group's financial instruments are exposed to market rate changes. The Group is exposed to the following significant market risks:

- Foreign currency risk
- Interest rate risk
- · Other price risk

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

32.4.1 Foreign currency risk management

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk on account of following:

- 1. Nutrient and other allied business has foreign exchange exposure for its imports of raw materials, intermediates and traded goods.
- 2. Crop Protection segment has foreign exchange exposure on both exports of finished goods and imports of raw materials, intermediates and traded goods.
- 3. Foreign currency borrowings in the form of buyers credit, packing credit etc. are availed for meeting its funding requirements.

The Group has a forex policy in place whose objective is to mitigate foreign exchange risk by deploying the appropriate hedging strategies through combination of various hedging instruments such as foreign currency forward contracts, options contracts and has a dedicated forex desk to monitor the currency movement and respond swiftly to market situations. The Group follows netting principle for managing the foreign exchange exposure for each operating segment.

There are no long-term borrowings outstanding as on 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

a. The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities based on gross exposure at the end of the reporting period is as under:

Currency	Liabil	ities	Assets		
	As at As at 31 March 2021 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	
USD (millions)	256.81	335.46	37.30	40.25	
INR (₹ in lakhs)	1,87,764	2,53,826	27,266	30,455	
EURO (millions)	0.04	0.05	1.52	2.18	
INR (₹ in lakhs)	36	45	1,305	1,805	

The foreign currency risk on above exposure is mitigated by derivative contracts. The outstanding contracts as at the Balance Sheet date are as follows:

b. Foreign currency forward and option contracts outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date:

Currency	As at 31 March 2021 Buy	As at 31 March 2020 Sell	31 March 2020 31 March 2021	
Forward contracts				
USD (millions)*	191.29	65.92	293.96	73.33
INR (₹ in lakhs)	1,39,865	48,190	2,22,425	55,479
Number of contracts	63	59	96	47

The forward contracts have been entered into to hedge the foreign currency risk on purchase of raw materials, stock-in-trade and the related buyer's credit and in certain cases the foreign currency term loan and trade receivables.

- * Includes 65.92 USD (millions) (31 March 2020 : 70.11 USD (millions)) Sell contracts outstanding under past performance facility/anticipated exposure as per Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Master Direction on Risk Management and Inter-Bank Dealings.
- c. Net open exposures outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date:

Currency	Liabil	ities	Assets			
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020		
USD (millions)	65.51	41.50	-	<u> </u>		
INR (₹ in lakhs)	47,899	31,401	-	-		
EURO (millions)	0.04	0.05	1.52	2.18		
INR (₹ in lakhs)	36	45	1,305	B ₹186		

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

d. Summary of hedging instruments outstanding at the end of the year designated as cash flow hedges:

ltem	As at	No. of contracts	USD (millions)		Average exchange rate
Sell Currency - USD with tenor less than a year	31 March 2021	43	46.83	34,757	74.22
	31 March 2020	25	50.82	38,450	75.66

Foreign currency forward contracts designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of forecast sales in USD are measured at fair value through OCI. While the Company enters into other foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce the foreign exchange risk, these other contracts are not designated in hedge relationships and are measured at FVTPL.

The terms of the hedging instruments match the terms of the forecast transactions. As a result, no hedge ineffectiveness arise requiring recognition through profit or loss.

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to fluctuations in US Dollar. The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a ₹1 increase and decrease against the US Dollar. ₹1 is the sensitivity used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only net outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a ₹1 change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit or equity where the Rupee strengthens by ₹1 against the US Dollar. For a ₹1 weakening against the US Dollar, there would be a comparable impact on the profit or equity.

Amount in ₹ lakhs

Currency USD impact on:	2020-21	2019-20
Impact of ₹1 strengthening against US Dollar on profit or loss for the year	490	311
Impact of ₹1 weakening against US Dollar on profit or loss for the year	(490)	(311)
Impact of ₹1 strengthening against US Dollar on Equity as at the end of the	490	311
reporting period		
Impact of ₹1 weakening against US Dollar on Equity as at the end of the	(490)	(311)
reporting period		

32.4.2 Interest rate risk management

The Group issues commercial papers, draws working capital demand loans, avails cash credit, foreign currency borrowings including buyers credit, Packing Credit etc. for meeting its funding requirements.

Interest rates on these borrowings are exposed to change in respective benchmark rates. The Group manages the interest rate risk by maintaining appropriate mix/portfolio of the borrowings.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined for borrowings assuming the amount of borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 10 basis points increase or decrease in case of foreign currency borrowings and 50 basis points increase or decrease in case of rupee borrowings is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rate had been 10 basis points higher/lower in case of foreign currency borrowings and 50 basis points higher/ lower in case of rupee borrowings and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 would decrease/ increase by ₹ 1.09 lakhs (31 March 2020: ₹ 609 lakhs).

32.4.3 Other price risks

The Group is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. Certain of the Group's equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Group also holds certain other equity investments for trading purposes.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

a. Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 5% higher/lower other comprehensive income/ equity for the year ended 31 March 2021 would increase/ decrease by ₹ 695 Lakhs (2020: ₹ 662 Lakhs) as a result of the changes in fair value of equity investments measured at FVTOCI. The impact of change in equity price on profit or loss is not significant.

32.5 Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to the customer credit risk management. The Group uses financial information and past experience to evaluate credit quality of majority of its customers and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding receivables and the credit worthiness of its counterparties are periodically monitored and taken up on case to case basis. The Group evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions representing large number of minor receivables operating in independent markets.

The credit risk on cash and bank balances, derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

32.6 Liquidity risk management

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Note 32.8 sets out details of additional undrawn facilities that the Company has at its disposal to reduce liquidity risk.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at 31 March 2021:

	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	2,92,,216	2,92,335			2,92,335
Borrowings and interest thereon#	162	162			162
Other financial liabilities**	22,516	22,321	_	1,500	23,821
Lease liabiities	38,334	2,143	3,817	32,374	38,334
Foreign currency forward contracts	253	253			253
Total	3,53,481	3,17,214	3,817	33,874	3,54,905

The table below provides details of financial assets as at 31 March 2021:

	Carrying amount
Investments	*
Trade receivables	55,442
Government subsidies receivable	58,966
Cash and cash equivalents including bank balances	72,209
Loans	1,51,368
Other financial assets	2,281
Foreign currency forward contracts	1,377
Total	3,41,643

* less than a lakh B188

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at 31 March 2020:

	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	3,34,811	3,36,390			3,36,390
Borrowings and interest thereon#	1,62,796	1,63,325			1,63,325
Other financial liabilities**	21,495	21,323		1,500	22,823
Lease liabilities	39,397	1,855	5,643	31,899	39,397
Foreign currency forward and option contracts	2,150	2,148	2		2,150
Total	5,60,649	5,25,041	5,645	33,399	5,64,085

The table below provides details of financial assets as at 31 March 2020:

	Carrying amount
Investments	*
Trade receivables	173,411
Government subsidies receivable	231,622
Cash and cash equivalents including bank balances	7,830
Loans	42,857
Other financial assets	3,074
Foreign currency forward contracts	7,020
Total	465,814

^{*}less than a lakh

Included in Borrowing and interest theron are certain borrowings which are subject to variable interest rates. Amount included in the above maturity analysis assumes interest outflows based on the year end benchmark interest rates, the actual interest rates may differ based on the changes in the benchmark interest rates.

**Other financial liabilities include deposits received from customers amounting to ₹15,948 Lakhs (31 March 2020: ₹14,892 Lakhs). These deposits do not have a contractual re-payment term but are repayable on demand. Since, the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer the payment, these deposits have been classified as current balances. For including these amounts in the above mentioned maturity analysis, the Company has assumed that these deposits, including interest thereon, will be repayable at the end of the reporting period. The actual maturity period for the deposit amount and the interest thereon can differ based on the date on which these deposits are settled to the customers.

32.7 Financial guarantee contract

The Company has provided a sponsor guarantee for USD 41.1 million (proportionate to the shareholding of 15%) towards the borrowings of Tunisian Indian Fertilisers S.A. (TIFERT), a company based in Tunisia, manufacturing phosphoric acid. In March 2017, TIFERT has requested reschedulement of installment due to the lenders and delayed the payment. The same was not agreed to by the Lenders and the acceleration notice was served on TIFERT by lenders on 28 March 2017. The loan instalment was immediately paid on 30 March 2017 by TIFERT. However, on 4 April 2017 the lenders followed up with call notice on shareholders towards guaranteed amount (Coromandel's share USD 35.25 million outstanding as on 31 March 2017). The Company alongwith other shareholders of TIFERT are in discussion with the Lenders to resolve the matter with regard to liquidity situation and operational improvements of TIFERT and also to find a solution for meeting the future debt obligations of TIFERT.

Considering the discussions held with Lenders and operational improvement achieved by TIFERT during the year, the Company reasonably considers that TIFERT would be in a position to meet the debt obligations and it is unlikely that such an event of payment under guarantee amount will arise. TIFERT has paid the subsequent half-yearly instalments that were due as per the payment schedule. The sponsor guarantee was valid upto 31 March 2018. The Company's obligation under this corporate guarantee if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee is subject to a maximum of ₹ 10,299 Lakhs (31 March 2020: ₹ 13,707 Lakhs).

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32.8 Financing facilities

The Company has access to financing facilities of which ₹3,49,821 Lakhs (2020: ₹ 3,10,699 Lakhs) were unused at the end of the reporting period. The Group expects to meet its other obligations from operating cash flows and proceeds of maturing financial assets.

32.9 Fair value measurements

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used):

Financial Assets/ financial liabilities		Fair Value	e as at*	Fair value	Valuation techniques	
		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	hierarchy	& key inputs used	
1)	Foreign currency forward contracts	1,124	4,870	Level 2	Refer Note 3(a) below	
2)	Investments in quoted equity instruments at FVTPL	18	3	Level 1	Refer Note 2 below	
3)	Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	266	174	Level 3	Refer Note 4(a) below	
4)	Investments in quoted equity investments at FVTOCI	675	295	Level 1	Refer Note 2 below	
5)	Investments in unquoted equity	14,292	14,217	Level 3	Refer Note 4(b) below	
	instruments at FVTOCI	3,155	2,752	Level 3	Refer Note 4(c) below	

^{*}Positive value denotes financial asset (net) and negative value denotes financial liability (net)

Notes:

- 1. There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the period.
- 2. The Level 1 financial instruments are measured using quotes in active market.
- 3. The following table shows the valuation technique and key input used for Level 2:

Financial Instrument		nancial Instrument	Valuation Technique	Key Inputs used
(8	a)	Foreign currency forward	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward exchange rates, contract forward and interest rates,
_		contracts		observable yield curves.

4. The following table shows the valuation technique and key input used for Level 3:

		Valuation Technique	Key Inputs used	Sensitivity
(a)	Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	Net Asset Value (NAV) method	value (NAV) as reported by the venture capital fund for its	A 10% increase/ decrease in the value of unquoted investments of the fund would increase/ decrease the carrying amount of investment by ₹ 15 lakhs (2020: ₹ 13 lakhs).
(b)	Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	Flow Method	into account management's experience and knowledge	If the long-term growth rates used were 100 basis points higher/lower while all the other variables were held constant, the carrying amount would increase/decrease by ₹1,203 lakhs (2020: ₹1,766 lakhs)
			capital (WACC) as determined	A 100 basis points increase/decrease in the WACC or discount rate used while holding all other variables constant would decrease/increase the carrying amount by ₹ 1,335 lakhs (2020: ₹ 1,427 lakhs)

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(c) Investments in Market Multiple unquoted equity Approach instruments at FVTOCI Discount for lack of marketability, A 10% increase/ decrease in the discount for determined by reference to the lack of marketability used in isolation would share price of listed entities in decrease/increase the carrying amount by similar industries, ranging from ₹291 lakhs (2020: ₹ 206 lakhs) 30% to 50% (2020: 30% to 50%)

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

	Fair value	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	merarchy	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial Assets/ financial liabilities					
Financial assets at amortised cost:					
- Trade receivables	Level 2	55,442	55,442	1,73,411	173,411
- Government subsidies receivable	Level 2	58,966	58,966	2,31,622	231,622
- Cash and cash equivalents	Level 2	69,210	69,210	5,054	5,054
-Bank balances other than cash and	Level 2	2,999	2,999	2,776	2,776
_cash equivalents					
- Loans	Level 2	1,51,368	1,51,368	42,857	42,857
- Other financial assets	Level 2	2,281	2,281	3,074	3,074

	Fair value	As at 31 March 2021 Carrying Fair value amount		As at 31 March 2020	
	illeratoriy			Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:					
- Borrowings	Level 2	161	161	1,62,512	1,62,512
- Trade payables	Level 2	2,92,216	2,92,216	3,34,811	3,34,811
- Other financial liabilities	Level 2	22,517	22,549	21,779	21,925
- Lease liabilities	Level 2	38,334	38,334	39,397	39,397

- 1. In case of trade receivables, government subsidies receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, borrowings and other financial assets and liabilities it is assessed that the fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- 2. The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements for the year ended 31 March 2021:

	Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	Total
Opening balance	174	16,969	17,143
Total gains or losses:			
- in profit or loss	148	<u> </u>	148
- in other comprehensive income (net)		478	478
Exchange differences	_		-
Purchases	-	-	-
Sold	(56)	<u> </u>	(56)
Closing balance	266	17,447	17,713

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements for the year ended 31 March 2020:

	Investments in unquoted venture capital fund at FVTPL	Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	Total
Opening balance	324	15,698	16,022
Total gains or losses:			
- in profit or loss	(96)	-	(96)
- in other comprehensive income	-	1,271	1,271
Exchange differences	-	_	-
Purchases			16
Sold	(70)		(70)
Closing balance	174	16,969	17,143

33. Share based payments

Particulars	Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007 ('ESOP 2007 Scheme')	Employee Stock Option Scheme 2016 ('ESOP 2016 Scheme')		
Approval of shareholders	24th July 2007	11th January 2017		
Administration	Remuneration and Nomination Comm	ittee of the Board of Directors.		
Eligibility	The committee determines which eligible employees will receive options.			
Number of equity shares reserved	1,27,85,976	1,45,81,000		
under the scheme				
Number of equity shares per option	1	1		
Vesting period	1-5 years	1-4 years		
Exercise period	Within 6* years from date of vesting	Within 5 years from date of vesting		
Exercise Price Determination		of the shares on the stock exchange where the date of the Remuneration and Nomination		

^{*} In partial modification of the special resolution passed for establishing ESOP 2007, the shareholders in their meeting held on 23 July 2012 decided to approve the extension of the exercise period of options granted under the ESOP 2007 from three years to six years.

33.1 Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007 ('ESOP 2007 Scheme'):

a) Pursuant to the ESOP 2007 Scheme, the Company granted options which vest over a period of four years commencing from the respective dates of grant. Following are the number of options outstanding during the year:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021		For the year ended 31 March 2020	
	No. of Weighted average Options exercise price (₹)		No. of Options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
At the beginning of the year	2,150	287.50	28,400	287.50
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	2,150	287.50	26,250	287.50
Cancelled	-	-		
Lapsed	-	-		
At the end of the year	-	-	2,150	287.50

b) The above outstanding options have been granted in various tranches and have a weighted average remaining life of nil years (2020: 0.01 years). The exercise price of the outstanding options is Nil (2020: `287.50). The weighted average share price during the year is `740 (2020: `468).

c) Number of options exercisable at the end of the year Nil (2020: 2,150).

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

d) The fair values of the option with modified terms were determined using a Black Scholes' model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioral considerations. Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility over the past 3-4 years.

Following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of grants:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Dividend yield (%)	-	700
Expected volatility (%)	-	0.39-0.47
Risk free interest rate (%)	-	8
Expected term (in years)	-	4-6

33.2 Employee Stock Option Scheme 2016 ('ESOP 2016 Scheme'):

a) Pursuant to the ESOP 2016 Scheme, the Company granted options which vest over a period of four years commencing from the respective dates of grant. Following are the number of options outstanding during the year:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021		For the year ended 31 March 2020	
	No. of Weighted average Options exercise price (₹)		No. of Options	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
At the beginning of the year	17,55,990	357.49	21,54,120	347.68
Granted*	2,13,400	734.21	1,26,840	375.90
Exercised	4,22,780	338.84	4,00,170	322.30
Cancelled	1,47,870	354.92	1,24,800	319.65
Lapsed	-	-		
At the end of the year	13,98,740	420.87	17,55,990	357.49

^{*}the weighted average fair value of options granted during the year is ₹ 265.68 (2020: ₹ 127.91)

- a) The outstanding options have been granted in various tranches and have a weighted average remaining life of 1.93 years (2020: 2.39 years). The exercise price of the outstanding options range from ₹ 319.65 to ₹ 799.35 (2020: ₹ 319.65 to ₹ 529.40). The weighted average share price during the year is ₹ 740 (2020: ₹ 468).
- b) Number of options exercisable at the end of the year 9,68,110 (2020: 8,21,850).
- c) The fair values of the option were determined using a Black Scholes' model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioral considerations. Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility over the past 5-6 years.

Following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of grants:

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Dividend yield (%)	650	650
Expected volatility (%)	0.32-0.33	0.32-0.33
Risk free interest rate (%)	4.77-5.86%	6.14-6.43
Expected term (in years)	3.50-6.51	3.51-6.51

33.3 Share based payments

The Group recorded employee share based payments of ₹ 399 Lakhs (2020: ₹ 518 Lakhs) under 'Employee benefits expense'.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

34 Employee benefits plan

a) Defined benefit plans

(₹ in Lakhs)

Interest income 400 424 Employer contributions 1,400 - Benefits paid (846) (743) Remeasurements – return on plan assets (excluding interest income) (500) 321 Fair value of assets at the end of the year 6,078 5,624 Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet Present value of DBO at the end of the year (6,078) (5,624) Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year (6,078) (5,624) Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet 537 578 Interest income on net defined benefit obligation (29) (44) Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss 608 534 Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation (9) 244 Actuarial loss/(qain) arising from changes in financial assumptions (9) 244 Actuarial loss/(qain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized 1,603 448 Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits		Crotuity	nlon
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Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Interest income interes	Change in fair value of plan assets during the year		
Interest income 400 424 Employer contributions 1,400 - Benefits paid (846) (743) Remeasurements – return on plan assets (excluding interest income) (500) 321 Fair value of assets at the end of the year 6,078 5,624 Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet Present value of DBO at the end of the year (6,078) (5,624) Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year (6,078) (5,624) Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet 537 578 Interest income on net defined benefit obligation (29) (44) Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss 608 534 Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation (9) 244 Actuarial loss/(qain) arising from changes in financial assumptions (9) 244 Actuarial loss/(qain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized 1,603 448 Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits		5,624	5,622
Benefits paid Remeasurements — return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements — return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements — return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Reir value of assets at the end of the year Resent value of DBO at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Remeasurement on the Balance Sheet Remeasurement on the defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Return on plan assets (excluding interest incom			424
Benefits paid Remeasurements — return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements — return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements — return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Reir value of assets at the end of the year Resent value of DBO at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Reir value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Resent value of plan assets at the end of the year Remeasurement on the Balance Sheet Remeasurement on the defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Return on plan assets (excluding interest incom	Employer contributions	1.400	
Remeasurements – return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Fair value of assets at the end of the year Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet Present value of DBO at the end of the year 6,511 5,854 Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year 6,678 (5,624) Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet Current service cost 637 578 Interest income on net defined benefit obligation Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions 9 244 Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities			(743)
Fair value of assets at the end of the year Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet Present value of DBO at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet Current service cost 637 578 Interest income on net defined benefit obligation Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions (9) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities	<u>'</u>		
Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet Present value of DBO at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet Further service cost Further serv			
Present value of DBO at the end of the year 6,511 5,854 Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year (6,078) (5,624) Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability 433 230 (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet 537 578 Interest income on net defined benefit obligation (29) (44) Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss 608 534 Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation 500 (321) Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) 500 (321) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions (9) 244 Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized 1,603 448 Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities		0,0.0	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent service cost (Barrent		6.511	5.854
Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability (Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet Current service cost Interest income on net defined benefit obligation (29) Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments Femeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities Special deposits	,		
Current service cost Interest income on net defined benefit obligation Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits	Funded status of the plans – (asset)/ liability		230
Current service cost Interest income on net defined benefit obligation Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits			
Interest income on net defined benefit obligation (29) (44) Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) 500 (321) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions (9) 244 Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized 1,603 448 Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets# State and Central Securities	(Asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	433	230
Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit obligation Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits	Current service cost	637	578
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities	Interest income on net defined benefit obligation	(29)	(44)
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities	Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	608	534
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income) Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 704 705 706 707 807 808 809 809 809 809 809	-		
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments 504 (9) Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income 995 (86) Total defined benefit cost recognized 1,603 448 Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets# State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits Special deposits		500	(321)
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from changes in experience adjustments From the properties of the plan assets State and Central Securities Special deposits Special deposits 504 (9) (9) (86) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9		(9)	244
Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income Total defined benefit cost recognized Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets* State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits - (86) 1,603 448			
Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets# State and Central Securities Bonds Special deposits			
State and Central Securities Bonds	Total defined benefit cost recognized		448
State and Central Securities Bonds			
Bonds Special deposits	Nature and extent of investment details of the plan assets#		
Special deposits	State and Central Securities	-	
	Bonds	-	
1000	Special deposits	-	
Insurer managed funds 100% 100%	Insurer managed funds	100%	100%

[#] includes details of trusts other than those covered under a Scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit depending on the employee's length of service and salary at retirement or relieving age. The fund has the form of trust and it is governed by the Board of Trustees which consists of employer and employee representatives. The Board of Trustees is responsible for the administration of plan assets.

The Board of Trustees reviews the level of funding and asset-liability matching strategy in the gratuity plan to keep the scheme adequately funded for settlement of obligations under the plan.

forming part of the financial statements

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Gratuity for employees is covered under a scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) which is basically a yearon-year cash accumulation plan. As part of the scheme the interest rate is declared on yearly basis and is quaranteed for a period of one year. The insurance company, as part of the policy rules, makes payment of all gratuity settlements during the year subject to sufficiency of funds under the policy.

Assumptions	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Discount rate	6.86%	6.84%
Estimated rate of return on plan assets	7.54%	7.54%
Expected rate of salary increase	5-7%	5-7%_
Attrition rate	5%	5%

Sensitivity analysis - DBO at the end of the year (₹ in lakhs)	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Discount rate + 100 basis points	6,081	5,498
Discount rate - 100 basis points	7,003	6,259
Salary increase rate +1%	6,942	6,209
Salary increase rate -1%	6,125	5,534
Attrition rate +1%	6,484	5,844
Attrition rate -1%	6,542	5,865

(₹ in Lakhs)

2020-21	2019-20
11 years	11 years
636	709
889	807
805	717
621	655
482	498
485	392
1,920	1,608
	11 years 636 889 805 621 482 485

b) **Defined contribution plans**

In respect of the defined contribution plans, an amount of ₹ 3,366 Lakhs (2020: ₹2,793 lakhs) has been recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year.

35 Earnings per share

		For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
i) Profit after tax (₹ in lakhs)	[a]	1,32,915	1,06,504
Basic			
ii) Weighted average number of equity shares of ₹1/- each	[b]	29,31,65,645	29,26,25,865
outstanding during the year			
Dilution			
iii) Effect of potential equity shares on employees stock options		7,94,319	7,14,322
outstanding			
iv) Weighted average number of equity shares of ₹1/- each	[c]	29,39,59,964	29,33,40,187
outstanding during the year			
Earnings Per Share (face value of ₹1/- each)			
v) Basic - [a]/[b] - (₹)		45.34	36.40
vi) Diluted - [a]/[c] - (₹)		45.22	36.31

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(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

36 Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt

(₹ in Lakhs)

In respect of matters under dispute:	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Excise duty	344	390
Customs duty	820	848
Sales tax	1,267	1,549
Income tax	406	2,096
Service tax	264	248
Goods and Services Tax	37	5
Others	5,657	5,657

The amounts disclosed above represent our best estimate and the uncertainties are dependent on the outcome of the legal processes initiated by the Group or the claimant as the case may be.

37 Commitments

a) Capital commitments

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Capital expenditure commitments	5,961	5,983
Commitment towards investments	-	1,200

38 Corporate social responsibility

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act), a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities The focus areas of Company's CSR activities are Education and Health care & while also pursuing CSR activities for the benefit of community around its local areas of operations. The CSR activities of the Company are in line with the Schedule VII of the Act. A CSR committee has been formed by the Company as per the Act. The CSR Committee shall recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Act, as amended from time to time.

- a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year is ₹ 2,322 lakhs.
- b) Amount spent during the year on:

	Particulars				(₹ in Lakhs)
	(i) Construc	ction / acquisition of any asset			-
	(ii) On purp	oses other than (i) above			2,178
c)	Details of a	amount unspent:			(₹ in Lakhs)
	Opening balance	Amount deposited in Specified Fund of Sch. VII within 6 months	-	Amount spent during the year (Refer Note below)	Closing balance
	152	-	2,322	2,178	296

Note:

Includes amount of ₹102 Lakhs pertaining to amounts unspent on CSR projects due to COVID-19 pandemic and ₹194 Lakhs contributed to and remaining unspent by implementation partner AMM foundation for ongoing CSR activities.

The Company has transferred these unspent amounts to a separate bank account on April 30, 2021 in compliance with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Amendment Rules, 2021 vide MCA notification dated January 22, 2021.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Research and development expenses incurred on the following heads have been accounted under the natural heads:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Salaries, wages and bonus	945	880
Contribution to provident and other funds	91	77
Consumption of stores and spare parts	134	228
Power and fuel	58	61
Repairs to machinery	47	120
Miscellaneous expenses	178	497
	1,453	1,863

Related party disclosures

(A) Names of the related parties and their relationship:

Names	Nature of relationship
E.I.DParry (India) Limited	Parent company
Parry Infrastructure Company Private Limited (PICPL)	Fellow subsidiary
Parry Enterprises (India) Limited (PEIL)	Associate of parent company
Coromandel SQM (India) Pvt Limited (CSQM)	Joint Venture till 23 August 2020 (Refer note 41)
Coromandel Provident Fund (PF Trust)	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Provident Fund No. 1(PF Trust)	Employee benefit plan
CFL Gratuity Fund	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Gratuity Fund – I	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Gratuity Fund – II	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Management Staff Pension Fund	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Superannuation Fund	Employee benefit plan
Coromandel Benevolent Fund	Employee benefit plan
Mr. A. Vellayan	Key management personnel (appointed as Additional
	Director w.e.f. 11 November 2020 and as Chairman w.e.f.
	12 November 2020)
Mr. Arun Alagappan	Key management personnel (appointed as Additional
	Director w.e.f. 11 November 2020 and as Executive Vice
	Chairman w.e.f. 15 February 2021)
Mr. Arun Vellayan	Relative of Key management personnel -son of Chairman.
Mr. Narayanan Vellayan	Relative of Key management personnel -son of Chairman.
Mr. Sameer Goel	Key management personnel
Mr. S Suresh	Key management personnel of Parent company

Transactions during the year.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
i) Sale of finished goods/raw materials/services		
a) Joint Venture- CSQM*	268	298
ii) Rent received		
a) Fellow subsidiary – PICPL	95	95
b) Joint Venture- CSQM*	2	4
c) Associate - PEIL	-	8

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

iii) Expenses reimbursed by		
a) Joint Venture- CSQM*	-	54
b) Joint venture – YCAS	-	-
c) Associate – PEIL	-	3
iv) Purchase of finished goods and ser	vices	
a) Parent company	842	320
b) Joint Venture- CSQM*	2,400	4,195
c) Associate – PEIL	157	1,230
v) Commission on sales		
a) Associate – Sabero Philippines	46	22
vi) Expenses reimbursed to		
a) Parent company	195	693
vii) Purchase of assets and spares		
a) Joint venture – YCAS	34	36
viii) Dividend paid (including interim divi	dend payable)	
a) Parent company	30,484	6,200
ix) Rent paid		
a) Parent company	65	49
b) Joint venture – YCAS	-	1
x) Investment made in Equity shares:		
a) Joint venture-YCAS	-	300

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No expense has been recognised in the current or prior years for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

*With effect from 24 August 2020, CSQM has become subsidiary of the Company on acquisition of balance 50% shares. Accordingly, transactions with CSQM till the date of conversion to Subsidiary are being considered in the disclosure. (Refer note 41)

(C) Transactions with key management personnel

- a) Dividends paid to directors during the year ended 31 March 2021 ₹ 32 Lakhs (2020: ₹6 Lakhs)
- b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Company:

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Short-term employee benefits	1,062	496
Others*	332	319
Total compensation	1,394	815

^{*}excludes Goods and Services Tax/ service tax

- c) During the year, the Company has not granted any employee stock options to its key managerial personnel.
- d) During the year, the company has sold car and laptop to its key managerial personnel for ₹ 7 lakhs
- (D) Refer Note 34 for transactions with Employee benefit funds.

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(E) Outstanding balances as at the year end

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Trade receivables/Loans and advances		
- Parent company	725	254
- Fellow subsidiary - PICPL	3	22
- Associate – Sabero Philippines	6	6
- Associate - PEIL	5	37
-CSQM	-	140
- PF Trust	422	-
Trade payables/ Other liabilities		
- Parent company	295	645
- CSQM	-	514
- Fellow subsidiary - PICPL	1,019	1,049
-Joint venture – YCAS	11	19
-Associate - PEIL	8	28
	- Parent company - Fellow subsidiary – PICPL - Associate – Sabero Philippines - Associate – PEIL -CSQM - PF Trust Trade payables/ Other liabilities - Parent company - CSQM - Fellow subsidiary – PICPL - Joint venture – YCAS	31 March 2021 Trade receivables/Loans and advances - Parent company 725 - Fellow subsidiary – PICPL 3 - Associate – Sabero Philippines 6 - Associate – PEIL 5 - CSQM - - PF Trust 422 Trade payables/ Other liabilities - Parent company 295 - CSQM - - Fellow subsidiary – PICPL 1,019 - Joint venture – YCAS 11

41 Acquisition of share in Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (CSQM)

Pursuant to Share Purchase Agreement dated 10 July 2020, the Company has acquired 50,00,000 equity shares held by M/s Soquimich European Holdings B.V. for a consideration of ₹ 1,200 Lakhs. Consequent to this acquisition Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (CSQM) has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company with effect from 24 August 2020. The transaction was accounted in accordance with Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations ("Ind AS 103") and the initial accounting was provisionally determined during September 2020.

During March 2021, the necessary fair value calculations has been finalised and retrospectively adjusted the provisional amounts recognised as at acquisition date with fair values as per the Ind AS 103. The excess of identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed over the consideration paid has been recognised as gain on bargain purchase in capital reserve through other comprehensive income in Consolidated Financial Statements. Consolidation of CSQM as a subsidiary was done w.e.f. 31 August 2020 as there were no material transactions between 24 August 2020 to 31 August 2020.

The amounts recognised in respect of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

Particulars	Fair Value (₹ in Lakhs)
Assets	
Property, plant and equipment	470
Capital work-in-progress	17
Financial assets	2
Deferred tax	9
Inventories	1,200
Trade receivables	1,163
Cash and cash equivalents	1,239
Other current assets	120
Total assets (A)	4,220

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Fair Value (₹ in Lakhs)
Liabilities	
Trade payables	1,353
Other current liabilities	118
Provisions	7
Current tax liabilities	16
Total liabilities (B)	1,494
Total identifiable net assets acquired (C) = (A-B)	2,726
Cash consideration	1,200
Fair valuation of previously held equity interest	1,260
Total consideration (D)	2,460
Gain on Bargain purchase - Capital reserve (C-D)	266

Financial information in respect of joint ventures and associates that are not individually material:

a. Joint ventures

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Group's share of profit/ (loss)	536	76
Group's share of other comprehensive income	-	(1)
Group's share of total comprehensive income	536	75_
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
$\underline{\text{Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these joint ventures}}$	1,353	2,077

b. Associate

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Group's share of profit/ (loss)	4	2
Group's share of other comprehensive income	-	
Group's share of total comprehensive income	4	2
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these associates	6	2

forming part of the financial statements (Contd.)

(₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Payments to Auditors of the Company 43

(a) Payment to Auditors of the Company 43

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Audit fees	75	75
Tax audit fees	15	15
Limited reviews	36	36
Certifications	70	70
Other services	-	10
Reimbursement of expenses	2	2
Total	198	208

Payment to auditors of components 43

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Audit fees	16	15
Tax audit fees	2	1
Other services	5	
Total	23	16

Note: Amounts given above excludes GST/ service tax.

- During the year, the Company has made political donation of Nil (2020: ₹413 Lakhs) to Triumph Electoral Trust.
- During the previous year ended 31 March 2020, pursuant to the requirements of SEBI circular no SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS/ CIR/P/2019/115 dated 22 October 2019, the Company has listed commercial papers on a recognised stock exchange. There are no Commercial papers outstanding as on 31 March 2021.

forming part of the financial statements

- Additional disclosures related to consolidated financial statements: 46.
- List of subsidiaries and joint ventures considered for consolidation:

Name of the Company	Relationship	Country of incorporation	Percentage of voting power as at	Net assets	ets	Share in profit/(loss)	fit/(loss)	Share in other comprehensive income	rehensive	Share in total comprehensive income	rehensive
			31 March 2021	31 March 2021	2021	31 March 2021	2021	31 March 202	21	31 March 2021	21
				% of consolidated net assets	Amount in lakhs	% of consolidated profit/(loss)	Amount in lakhs	% of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount in lakhs	% of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount in lakhs
Coromandel International Limited	Parent	India	'	%86	5,03,893	%66	1,31,218	85%	1,110	%66	1,32,328
Liberty Pesticides and Fertilisers Limited (LPFL)	Subsidiary	India	100	*	282	*	9			*	9
Sabero Organics America S.A. (SOAL)	Subsidiary	Brazil	100	*	127	*	(29)	*	(62)	*	(16)
Sabero Australia Pty Ltd, Australia (Sabero Australia)	Subsidiary	Australia	100	*	က	*	(3)		-	*	(2)
Sabero Europe B.V. (Sabero Europe)	Subsidiary	Netherlands	100	*	1	*	'			*	1
Sabero Argentina S.A. (Sabero Argentina)	Subsidiary	Argentina	95	*	(2)	*	(6)	*		*	(10)
Coromandel Agronegocios de Mexico, S.A de C.V (Coromandel Mexico)	Subsidiary	Mexico	100	*	148	*	(99)	*	21	*	(32)
Coromandel International (Nigeria) Limited (CNL)	Subsidiary	Nigeria	66.66	*	2	*	2	*	(1)	*	_
Parry America, Inc (PAI)	Subsidiary	USA	100	1%	3,969	1%	1,167	(6)	(112)	1%	1,055
Parry Chemicals Limited (PCL)	Subsidiary	India	100	*	1,685	*	30			*	30
Dare Investments Limited (DIL)	Subsidiary	India	100	*	641	*	(1)	28%	361	*	360
CFL Mauritius Limited (CML)	Subsidiary	Mauritius	100	*	156	*	(31)		(9)	*	(37)
Coromandel Brasil Limitada (CBL), Limited Liability Partnership	Subsidiary	Brazil	100	*	46	*	51	*	(3)	*	48
Coromandel Mali SASU (CMS)	Subsidiary	Mali	100	*	7	*	(1)			*	(1)
Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (CSQM) w.e.f 24/08/2020	Subsidiary	India	100	*	2,743	*	30	'		**	31
Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (CSQM)(Up to 23/08/2020)	Joint venture	India	90	*	1	*	7	*		*	7
Yanmar Coromandel Agrisolutions Private Limited (YCAS)	Joint venture	India	40	*	1,353	*	529	*	'	*	529
Sabero Organics Philippines Asia Inc (SOPA)	Associate	Philippines	40	*	9	*	4	*		*	4
Total					5,15,059		1,32,915		1,309		1,34,224

^{*}less than 1%

- a. In respect of SOAL, Coromandel Mexico, CNL and SOPA the financial year is from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 and accordingly audited financial statements are available upto 31 December 2020. The consolidated financial statements have been adjusted by the management for significant transactions between 1 January to 31 March to align for consolidation purpose.
- In respect of Sabero Argentina, CML, CBL and CMS the financial year is from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020, however the unaudited financial statements for the period from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 has been considered for the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements. <u>.</u>
- In respect of Sabero Europe the financial year is from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021 and in respect of YCAS the financial year is from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021, however un-audited financial statements for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 has been considered for the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements. Ċ

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47. Based on and to the extent of information available with the Group under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the relevant particulars as at reporting date are furnished below:

(₹ in Lakhs)

SI.No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(i)	Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, as at the end of the year	936	943
(ii)	Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount as at the end of the year	-	
(iii)	Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year	-	-
(iv)	Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (other than Section 16)	-	-
(v)	Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (Section 16)	-	-
(vi)	Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, for payments already made	-	-
(vii)	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act (ii) + (vi)	-	-

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

- 48. The Board of Directors have approved the proposed Scheme of Amalgamation of Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited (LPFL) and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (CSQM) with the Company subject to approval of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad (NCLT) under Section 230 and 232 of the Companies Act 2013. Upon approval of the Scheme by NCLT, the undertakings of LPFL and CSQM shall get transferred to and vested in the Company with the Appointed Date of 01 April 2021 or such other date as the NCLT may approve.
- 49. The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Group will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.
- 50. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 April 2021.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sameer Goel Managing Director

Jayashree Satagopan Rajesh Mukhija Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Place: Secunderabad/ Chennai Date: 29 April 2021

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A Vellayan

Chairman

Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited Regd. Off.: 'Coromandel House', 1-2-10, Sardar Patel

Road, Secunderabad - 500003 Telangana, India.

Tel: 91-40-6699 7300/6699 7500

Fax: 91-40-2784 4117

E-mail: Investorsgrievance@coromandel.murugappa.com

CIN: U24124TG1978PLC148984

REPORT ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED AT THEIR METING HELD ON JANUARY 25, 2021 EXPLAINING THE EFFECT OF THE SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION OF LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED (TRANSFEROR COMPANY 1 OR COMPANY) AND COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED(TRANSFEROR COMPANY -2) WITH COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (TRANSFEREE COMPANY) AND THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS, UNDER SECTIONS 230 TO 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2013, ON EACH CLASS OF SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON PROMOTER **SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY**

Background

- 1. The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited ('Transferor Company-1' or 'Company') at its meeting held on January 25, 2021, unanimously approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of the Company and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company -2) with Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company) and their respective shareholders ("Scheme"), under Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies act 2013 ('Act').
- 2. The Scheme, inter alia, provides for (a) the amalgamation of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 with the Transferee Company and dissolution of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 without winding up and (b) Various other matters incidental, consequential or otherwise integrally connected therewith pursuant to Sections 230 to 232 and other relevant provisions of the Act.
- 3. The salient features including the rationale of the Scheme were noted by the Board.
- 4. This report of the Board is accordingly being made in pursuance to the requirements of Section 232(2)(c) of the Act.

Valuation of the Company

- 1. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Transferee Company. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Company is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. No shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Company in lieu of the said amalgamation.
- 2. In view of the above, valuation report and fairness opinion are not applicable.



Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited Regd. Off.: 'Coromandel House', 1-2-10, Sardar Patel

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CIN: U24124TG1978PLC148984

Effect of the Scheme on the Equity shareholders, Key Managerial Personnel, Promoters and **Non-Promoter shareholders**

1. Equity shareholders (including Promoter and Non-Promoter):

- i. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Transferee Company. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Company is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. No shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Company in lieu of the said amalgamation.
- ii. Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the shares held by the Transferee Company in the Company shall, on and from the end of the Transition Period, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed for cancellation thereof by the Transferee Company and shall cease to be in existence accordingly.
- iii. There are no non-promoter shareholders in the Company.

2. Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs):

The Company does not have any KMPs and as such the scheme does not have impact on KMPs.

On behalf of the Board

Sd/-S. Sankarasubramanian Chairman

Hyderabad January 25, 2021



Coromandel Hause: 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabd 500 003. Telangana, India T+91 40 27842034, F+91 40 27844117 E info@coromandelsqm.murugappa.com CIN:U24100TG2009PTC065404

REPORT ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED AT THEIR METING HELD ON JANUARY 29, 2021 EXPLAINING THE EFFECT OF THE SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION OF LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED (TRANSFEROR COMPANY 1) AND COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED (TRANSFEROR COMPANY -2 OR COMPANY) WITH COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (TRANSFEREE COMPANY) AND THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS, UNDER SECTIONS 230 TO 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2013, ON EACH CLASS OF SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

Background

- The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ('Transferor Company-2' or 'Company') at its meeting held on January 29, 2021 unanimously approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of the Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited (Transferor Company-1) and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company -2 or Company) with Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company) and their respective shareholders ("Scheme"), under Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013 ('Act').
- 2. The Scheme, *inter alia*, provides for (a) the amalgamation of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 with the Transferee Company and dissolution of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 without winding up and (b) Various other matters incidental, consequential or otherwise integrally connected therewith pursuant to Sections 230 to 232 and other relevant provisions of the Act.
- 3. The salient features including the rationale of the Scheme were noted by the Board.
- 4. This report of the Board is accordingly being made in pursuance to the requirements of Section 232(2)(c) of the Act.

Valuation of the Company

- The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Transferee Company. The entire issued and paidup equity share capital of the Company is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. No shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Company in lieu of the said amalgamation.
- 2. In view of the above, valuation report and fairness opinion are not applicable.



Coromandel House: 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabd 500 003. Telangana, India T+91 40 27842034, F+91 40 27844117 E info@coromandelsqm.murugappa.com CIN:U24100TG2009PTC065404

Effect of the Scheme on the Equity shareholders, Key Managerial Personnel, Promoters and Non-Promoter shareholders

1. Equity shareholders (including Promoter and Non-Promoter:

- i. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Transferee Company. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Company is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. No shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Company in lieu of the said amalgamation.
- ii. Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the shares held by the Transferee Company in the Company shall, on and from the end of the Transition Period, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed for cancellation thereof by the Transferee Company and shall cease to be in existence accordingly.
- iii. There are no non-promoter shareholders in the Company.

2. Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs):

- i. Under Clause 16 of the Scheme on and from the Effective Date (as defined in the Scheme), the Transferee Company shall engage all the key managerial personnel of the Company, on the same terms and conditions on which they are engaged by the Company without any interruption of service and in the manner provided under the Scheme.
- ii. Under the Scheme on and from the Effective Date, the Company will stand dissolved without winding up. In the circumstances, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company will cease to be the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.
- iii. Thus, there will be no adverse effect of the Scheme on the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Sd/-Sameer Goel Chairman

Hyderabad January 29, 2021



Coromandel International Limited

'Coromandel House', 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad - 500 003, Telangana, India. Tel: 91-40-2784 2034 / 2784 7212 Fax: 91-40-2784 4117

E-mail: mail@coromandel.murugappa.com

CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892 Website: www.coromandel.biz

REPORT ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED AT THEIR METING HELD ON FEBRUARY 1, 2021 EXPLAINING THE EFFECT OF THE SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION OF LIBERTY PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS LIMITED (TRANSFEROR COMPANY 1) AND COROMANDEL SQM (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED(TRANSFEROR COMPANY -2) WITH COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (TRANSFEREE COMPANY OR COMPANY) AND THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS, UNDER SECTIONS 230 TO 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2013, ON EACH CLASS OF SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

Background

- Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors ("Board") of the Coromandel International Limited ('Transferee Company' or 'Company') at its meeting held on February 1, 2021 unanimously approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of the Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited (Transferor Company-1) and Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company -2) with Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company or Company) and their respective shareholders ("Scheme"), under Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies act 2013('Act').
- 2. The Scheme, *inter alia*, provides for (a) the amalgamation of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 with the Transferee Company and dissolution of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 without winding up and (b) Various other matters incidental, consequential or otherwise integrally connected therewith pursuant to Sections 230 to 232 and other relevant provisions of the Act.
- 3. The salient features including the rationale of the Scheme were noted by the Board.
- 4. This report of the Board is accordingly being made in pursuance to the requirements of Section 232(2)(c) of the Act.

Valuation of the Company

- 1. The Transfer Company 1 and Transferor Company 2 are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Transferee Company. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Transfer Company 1 and Transferor Company 2 are held by the Company and its nominees. No shares of the Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Company in lieu of the said amalgamation.
- 2. In view of the above, valuation report and fairness opinion are not applicable.

<u>Effect of the Scheme on the Equity shareholders, Key Managerial Personnel, Promoters and Non-Promoter shareholders</u>

- 1. Equity shareholders (including Promoter and Non-Promoter:
 - i. As far as the equity shareholders of the Transferee Company are concerned (promoter shareholders as well as non-promoter shareholders), the amalgamation of Transferor Company 1 and Transferor Company 2 with the Transferee Company will not result in dilution of holding of promoters/ promoter group in Transferee Company.



Coromandel International Limited

'Coromandel House', 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad - 500 003, Telangana, India. Tel: 91-40-2784 2034 / 2784 7212 Fax: 91-40-2784 4117

E-mail: mail@coromandel.murugappa.com CIN: L24120TG1961PLC000892

Website: www.coromandel.biz

ii. The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 is held by the Company and its nominees. Accordingly, the shares held by the Company in the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2 shall, on and from the date of effective date, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed, and accordingly, no shares of the Transferor Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Transferor Company-1 and Transferor Company-2.

2. Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs):

- i. The Key Managerial Personnel of the Company shall continue as the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company after effectiveness of the Scheme on the same terms and conditions.
- ii. Under the Scheme, no rights of the Key Managerial Personnel of the Transferee Company are being affected.

On behalf of the Board

Sd/-A Vellayan Chairman

Chennai February 1, 2021



Sl. No. 145

NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL HYDERABAD

SPECIAL BENCH - COURT 1 (HEARINGS THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCE)

PRESENT: HON'BLE SHRIMADAN BHALCHANDRA GOSAVI- MEMBER JUDICIAL HON'BLE SHRI VEERA BRAHMA RAO AREKAPUDI - MEMBER TECHNICAL

ATTENDANCE-CUM-ORDER SHEET OF THE HEARING HELD ON 17.09.2021 AT 12:30 PM

TRANSFER PETITION NO.	
COMPANY PETITION/APPLICATION NO.	CA (A) Merger & Amalgamation/25/2021
NAME OF THE COMPANY	Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Ltd (Transferor Co.) & Coramandal SQM (India) Pvt Ltd (Transferor Co.2) & Coramandal International Ltd (Transferor Co.)
NAME OF THE PETITIONER(S)	
NAME OF THE RESPONDENT(S)	
UNDER SECTION	230

Counsel for Petitioner(s):

Name of the Counsel(s)	Designation	E-mail & Telephone No.	Signature

Counsel for Respondent(s):

Designation	E-mail & Telephone No.	Signature
	Designation	Designation E-mail & Telephone No.

ORDER

Orders passed in CA (A) Merger & Amalgamation/25/2021 vide separate orders.

Member (Technical)

Member (Judicial)

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IN THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL BENCH AT HYDERABAD-1

CA (CAA) No. 25/230/HDB/2021 U/s 230 to 232 of Companies Act, 2013

IN THE MATTER OF

SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION OF

M/s. Liberty Pesticides And Fertilizers Limited ("Transferor Company-1")

And

M/s.Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company-2)

And

M/s. Coromandel International Limited ("Transferee Company)

And

Their respective Shareholders

M/s. Liberty Pesticides And Fertilizers Limited

Registered office at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad – 500003, Telangana, India. Rep. by its Director Sri Rajesh Mukhija.

> ...1st Applicant/ Transferor Company-1

And

M/s Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited Registered office at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad – 500003,

SO/-

SD/-B211

CA (CAA) No. 25/230/HDB/2021

Date of Order: 17.09.2021

Telangana, India.

Rep. by its Company Secretary Ms. JyotikaAasat.

...2nd Applicant/ Transferor Company-2

And

M/s. Coromandel International Limited

Registered office at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road,

Secunderabad, Hyderabad – 500003, Telangana, India.

Rep. by its Company Secretary Sri Rajesh Mukhija

... 3rd Applicant / Transferee Company

Date of order: 17.09.2021

Coram:

Hon'ble Shri Madan BhalchandraGosavi, Member (Judicial)

Hon'ble Shri Veera Brahma Rao Arekapudi, Member (Technical)

Appearances:

For the Applicant:

Shri V.B.Raju, Counsel.

Heard on: 02.09.2021

[PER BENCH]

This is a joint Application filed by the Applicant Companies under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013, Read with Rule 3 of the Companies Rules, 2016 praying for dispensation of the meetings of the Equity Shareholders, Unsecured Creditors and secured Creditors for approval of the Scheme in terms of Scheme of Amalgamation shown as per Annexure – 10 to the Application.

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AVERMENTS

2. The averments germane to the facts of the Application are:-

TRANSFEROR COMPANY NO.1

- Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers a. M/s Limited(Transferor Company No.1/ 1stApplicant Company) is a Public Limited Company, bearing originally CIN:U24124TG1978PLC148984 was incorporated on 24th August, 1978 under the name and style of M/s Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Private Limited in the State of Rajasthan. Later on, the Company had converted itself into a Public Limited Company after passing necessary resolutions and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Rajasthan, Jaipur on 7thMay, 1992. Later on, the Company had changed its registered office from the State of Rajasthan to State of Telangana by virtue of passing a special resolution on 22ndOctober, 2020 and after obtaining necessary approval from the Regional Director, North Western Region, Ahmedabad dated 13th January, 2021. The Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad, issued a fresh certificate of incorporation CIN: 24thFebruary, 2021 under the dated U24124TG1978PLC148984. The Transferor Company 1' has its registered office at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad - 500003, Telangana, India.
- b. The Transferor Company-1'is engaged in the business of manufacturing, producing, processing, importing, exporting and dealing in minerals, pesticides, insecticides and Fertilizers and their ancillaries etc., The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Transferor Company-1 is annexed as Annexure-1 to the Application.

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c. The Authorized, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up capital of the Transferor Company-1 as on 31st December, 2020 is as follows:

Amount In INR
10,00,00,000
10,00,00,000
75,00,000
75,00,000

Subsequent to 31st December, 2020 and till the date of filing of this Scheme as approved by the Board of Directors of M/s Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited, there is no change in the authorized, issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of M/s Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited and the entire paid up capital is held by Transferee Company and its nominees. A copy of the Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020 and unaudited balance sheet as on 31st December, 2020 of the Transferor Company-1 is annexed as Annexure-2 to the Application.

TRANSFEROR COMPANY NO.2

a. M/s Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited (Transferor Company No.2/2nd Applicant Company) a Private Limited Company, bearing CIN:U24100TG2009PTC065404 was incorporated on 9th October, 2009 under the name and style of M/s Coromandel SQM (India)Private Limited in the

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then State of Andhra Pradesh. The 'Transferor Company 2' has its registered office at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad – 500003, Telangana, India.

- b. The 'TransferorCompany2' is engaged in the business of manufacturing, producing, refining, mixing, preparing, trading in Fertilizers, Bio Organic Chemicals, Agro Chemicals etc., The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Transferor Company-2 is annexed as Annexure-3 to the Application.
- c. The Authorized, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up share capital of 2nd Applicant/Transferor Company-2 as on 31stDecember, 2020 is as follows:

Particulars	Amount In INR
Authorised Share Capital	
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/-	10,00,00,000
each	
Total	10,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up	
shares	10,00,00,000
1,00,00,000 Equity Share of INR 10/-	
each	
Total	10,00,00,000

Subsequent to 31stDecember, 2020 and till the date of filing of this Scheme as approved by the Board of Directors of M/s Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited, there is no change in the authorized, issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of M/s Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited and the entire paid up capital is held by Transferee Company and its nominees. A copy of the audited Balance Sheet as at 31stMarch, 2020 and unaudited balance sheet as on 31st December, 2020of the 2nd Applicant/ Transferor Company-2 is annexed as Annexure-4 to the Application.

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TRANSFEREE COMPANY

- a. 'M/s Coromandel International Limited (Transferee Company/ 3rd Applicant Company)a Public Limited Company, bearing CIN:L24120TG1961PLC000892 was originally incorporated on 16th October, 1961 under the name and style of M/s Coromandel Fertilizers Private Limited in the then State of Andhra Pradesh. Later on, the Company had converted itself into a Public Limited Company after passing necessary resolutions and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh on 16th April, 1964. Later on, the name of the said company was changed to its present name i.e. M/s Coromandel International Limited and a fresh certificate of incorporation consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh on 23rd September, 2009. The Transferee Company' has its registered office at 1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad, Hyderabad - 500003, Telangana, India.
- b. The 3rdApplicant/ Transferee Company is engaged in the business of all classes and kinds of fertilisers, chemicals and industrial and other preparations arising from or required in the manufacture of any kind of fertilizers. The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the 3rdApplicant/Transferee Company annexed as Annexure-5 to the Application.
- c. The Authorized, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up share capital of 3rd Applicant/Transferee Company as on 31stDecember, 2020 is as follows:

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Particulars	Amount In INR
Authorised Share Capital	
35,00,00,000 Equity Shares of INR 1/-	35,00,00,000
each	
50,00,000 Cumulative Redeemable	
Preference Shares of INR 10/- each	5,00,00,000
Total	40,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up	
shares	29,32,43,349
29,32,43,349 Equity Share of INR 1/-	
each	
Total	29,32,43,349

A copy of the audited Balance Sheet as at 31stMarch, 2020 and unaudited balance sheet as on 31st December, 2020of the 3rdApplicant/ Transferee Company is annexed as Annexure-6 to the Application.

3. RATIONALE AND PURPOSE OF THE SCHEME OF AMALGAMATION

The Board of Directors of the Transferor Companies and Transferee Company envisages the following benefits pursuant to the Amalgamation of the Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company:

- (i). Transferor Company 1 presently has no business operations, other than holding leasehold rights of the factory land in Udaipur, Rajasthan. It does not have any business plans going forward. It is, accordingly, desired to merge with Transferee Company.
- (ii). Transferor Company 2 is engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of water-soluble fertilizers and has a manufacturing unit in Kakinada, Andhra Pradesh. As it is

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CA (CAA) No. 25/230/HDB/2021

Date of Order: 17.09.2021

expected to result in synergies in business activity, and more effective and efficient management of business affairs. Apart from the above, it would also have the following benefits:

- (iii) Reduction in the cost of overheads and improvement in professional management
- (iv). Reduction in multiplicity of legal and regulatory compliances and simplification of group structure.
- (v). Enhance the scale of operations thereby providing significant impetus to the growth of the Companies, since they are engaged in line of business that could draw upon synergies between the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company.
- (vi). Consolidation of Transferor Companies with the Transferee Company by way of amalgamation would lead to a more efficient utilization of capital and improved financial structure.
- (vii). The benefit of consolidation of financial resources, managerial and technical expertise of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company shall be available to the amalgamated entity leading to the overall optimization of operational and administration costs.
- (viii) The amalgamation will rationalize and optimize the group legal entity structure to ensure greater alignment of the businesses by reducing number of legal entities and also statutory compliances.
- (ix). To achieve synergies in business activity, consolidation, focused attention, centralized administration, economy of operation, integrated business approach and greater efficiency.

4. BOARD RESOLUTION

The Board of Directors of the 1stApplicant and 2nd Applicant and 3rd Applicant vide its resolution dated 25th January, 2021 and 29th January, 2021and 01st February, 2021 respectively approved the Scheme of amalgamation of M/s Liberty Pesticides and Fertilizers Limited, ("Transferor Company-1") and M/s Coromandel SQM (India) Private Limited ("Transferor Company-

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2"0 and M/s Coromandel International Limited ("Transferee Company") and their respective shareholders. The Copies of Board Resolution of the Applicant Companies approving the Scheme of Amalgamation are annexed as Annexure- 7, 8 and 9 respectively to the Application.

5. DETAILS OF SHAREHOLDERS IN APPLICANT COMPANIES

- a. It is submitted that there are 7 shareholders in the 1stApplicant / Transferor Company-1 and they have given their no objection to the proposed Scheme by means of consent affidavits. A copy of the List of Shareholders and no objection affidavits received from them duly certified by Chartered Accountant is annexed as Annexure-11 to the Application.
- b. It is submitted that there are 2 shareholders in the 2nd Applicant / Transferor Company-2 and they have given their no objection to the proposed Scheme by means of consent affidavits. A copy of the List of Shareholders and no objection affidavits received from them duly certified by Chartered Accountant is annexed hereto as Annexure-12.
- c. It is submitted that there are 1,06,827 shareholders in the 3rd Applicant / Transferee Company. A copy of the List of Shareholders duly certified by practicing company secretary is annexed hereto as Annexure-13.

6. SECURED AND UNSECURED CREDITORS

Secured Creditors

It is submitted that as on the date of filing of the Application, there are no Secured Creditors in 1st Applicant/Transferor Company-1 and 2nd Applicant/Transferor Company-2. The certificates issued by the Chartered Accountant stating that there are no secured creditors in the 1st Applicant Company and 2nd

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Applicant Company is annexed as **Annexure-14&15** respectively to the Application.

It is submitted that as on the date of filing of the Application, there are 6 Secured Creditors in 3rd Applicant/Transferee Company and copy of the list of Secured Creditors duly certified by Chartered Accountant is annexed as **Annexure-16** to the Application.

Unsecured Creditors:

It is submitted that as on the date of filing of the Application, there are no Unsecured Creditors in 1st Applicant/Transferor Company-1. The certificate issued by the Chartered Accountant stating that there are no Unsecured creditors in the 1st Applicant Company is annexed as **Annexure-17** to the Application.

It is submitted that as on 31stDecember, 2020, there are 37 unsecured creditors in 2nd Applicant / Transferor Company No.2 and the total amount due is Rs.10,49,37,147.56. However, the 2nd Applicant / Transferor Company No.2 paid off the dues to the extent of Rs. Rs.7,84,31,134.38 to thirty (30) unsecured creditors constituting 74.75% of the total outstanding amount as on 19.03.2021 and out of the balance amount of 2,65,06,013.18, one (1) unsecured creditor constituting 91.17% of the balance unsecured amount has given no objection affidavit. A copy of the list of Unsecured Creditors duly certified by Chartered Accountant together with no objection affidavit is annexed as Annexure-18 to the Application.

As on the date of filing of the Application, there are 12,800 Unsecured Creditors in 3rd Applicant/Transferee Company and copy of the list of Unsecured Creditors duly certified by Chartered Accountant is annexed as **Annexure-19** to the Application.

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7. CONSIDERATION

The entire issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Transferor Companies is held by the Transferee Company and its nominees. Accordingly, the shares held by the Transferee Company in the Transferor Companies shall, on and from the end of the Transition Period, be cancelled or shall be deemed to have been cancelled without any further act or deed, and accordingly, no shares of the Transferee Company shall be issued to the shareholders of the Transferor Companies in lieu of the said amalgamation.

The shares of the Transferor Companies, in relation to the shares held by its members, shall without any further application, act, instrument or deed be deemed to have been automatically cancelled and be of no effect on and from the end of the Transition Period.

8. ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

Accounting Treatment in the books of Transferee Company

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, upon this Scheme becoming effective, the Transferee Company shall account the transaction in accordance with the applicable accounting standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, or any other relevant or related requirement under the Act, as applicable on the Effective Date.

It is submitted that upon coming into effect of this scheme, the Transferee Company shall account for the amalgamation in its books of accounts in accordance with 'pooling of interests method' of accounting as laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 103 – Business Combinations and relevant clarifications issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

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Accounting Treatment in the books of Transferor Companies

It is submitted that Transferor Companies shall stand dissolved without being wound up upon the Scheme becoming effective, hence there is no accounting treatment prescribed under this Scheme in the books of the Transferor Companies.

- 9. Counsel for the Applicant Companies has relied on the case laws to justify the present case for dispensation of conducting meetings of equity shareholders and creditors of the Transferee Company. In this connection the case laws submitted by the Counsel are mentioned below:
 - a. Orders passed by Hon'ble NCLAT in the matter of Ambuja Cements Limited in Company Appeal(AT) No.19 of 2021 vide orders dated 06.04,2021.
 - b. Orders passed by Hon'ble NCLAT in the matter of DLF Phase-IV, Commercial Developers Limited and Ors in Company Appeal(AT) No.180 of 2019 vide orders dated 19.08.2019.
 - c. Orders passed by Hon'ble NCLT, Mumbai Bench vide orders dated 05.09.2019 in the matter of Ness Software Services Pvt Ltd Vs. Ness Technologies(India) Pvt.Ltd. in CA(CAA) No.2629/MB/2019.
 - d. Orders passed by Hon'ble NCLT, Hyderabad Bench vide orders dated 06.05.2020 in the matter of Orient Software Development and Training Company Private Limited Vs. Orient Blackswan Private Limited in CA(CAA) No.57/HDB/2020.
 - e. Orders passed by Hon'ble NCLT, Hyderabad Bench vide orders dated 15.12.2020 in the matter of Vaidehi Avenues Limited and Aster Rail Private Limited and NCC Limited in CA(CAA) No.223/HDB/2020.



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10. DECLARATION BY THE APPLICANT COMPANIES:

- a. Counsel for Applicant Companies further submitted that since the wholly owned subsidiary companies are merging with the holding company so the requirement of the meetings of the shareholders and creditors are not necessary. As the entire share capital of the Transferor Companies are held by the holding company and there is no necessity to issue or allot the shares as the consideration for the amalgamation. Further the amalgamation shall not dilute the shareholding of the holding company and their rights will not be effected. Further the scheme does not affect the rights and necessity of the members of the creditors of the company pursuant to the scheme. Further submitted that the assets of the Transferee Company are more than sufficient to discharge its liabilities. Therefore there is no necessity to convene the meeting of its shareholders and creditors for obtaining their consent for the sanction of the scheme. Further submitted that the various High Courts in the matter of amalgamation under Section 391 to 394 erstwhile Companies Act 1956 which established common law that in case of wholly owned subsidiary amalgamating with the holding company, the holding company (Transferee Company) need not file a separate application for seeking the sanction of the scheme of amalgamation.
- b. Counsel for applicant Companies submitted that no investigation proceedings in relation to the Transferor Company No.1, Transferor Company No.2 or the Transferee Company under Sections 235 to 251 of the Companies Act, 1956 or the corresponding Sections 210 to 227 of the Companies Act, 2013 are pending against the respective Applicant Companies.

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- c. Further submitted that Transferor Company No.1 and the Transferor company No.2 being unlisted companies, no approval is necessary from any stock exchange. It is submitted that the proposed Scheme being a Scheme of arrangement involving amalgamation of two wholly owned subsidiaries with their holding company, by virtue of Regulation 37(6) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [the "SEBI (LODR)"], the Transferee Company is not required to obtain an Observation/No Objection letter from Stock Exchanges.
- d. In view of the above facts and circumstances, it is respectfully submitted that since the Scheme does not envisage any arrangement or compromise with the shareholders or creditors of the Transferee Company, the Transferee Company is not required to convene meetings of its shareholders and creditors for obtaining their consents for the Scheme.
- 11. In the light of above facts, the Applicant Companies urged this Tribunal to order the following:

 To dispense with the requirement of convening the meeting of the Equity Shareholders, Secured and Unsecured Creditors of the Applicant Companies.

 and pass such other order or orders as this Hon'ble Tribunal may deem fit and proper in the circumstances of the case in

OBSERVATION:

12. We have heard the counsel for Applicant Companies and perused the documents filed. This is the first stage joint Application seeking dispensation of convening meetings of equity Shareholders, Secured Creditors and Unsecured

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the interest of justice and equity.

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Creditors. We direct the petitioner to hold the meetings of the shareholders, secured creditors and unsecured creditors of the transferee Company as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

ORDER

After hearing the Counsel and after perusing the documents filed, We pass the following order:-

- (i). We hereby order dispensation for conducting meetings of the Equity Shareholders, secured creditors and unsecured creditors of the Transferor Company.1 and Transferor Company.2.
- We hereby ordered convening meetings of shareholders, secured creditors and unsecured creditors of transferee Company.
- (iii). Appointed Mr.Srinivasa Rao Cherukuri, Advocate (Mobile Number +91-9885611466) as Chairman and Mr.Devaki Vasudeva Rao, PCS, (Mobile Number +91-9989345999), as Scrutinizer for convening the meetings of shareholders, Secured creditors and unsecured creditors of the Transferee Company. Fee fixed for Chairperson is Rs. 1,20,000/- and Rs.80,000/- for scrutinizer for all the meetings.
- (iv). Meetings of the equity shareholders of the Transferee Company will be held on 30th day of October, 2021 at 11:00 AM, Meeting of the secured creditors of the Transferee Company will be held on 30th day of October, 2021 at 01:30 PM and meetings of Unsecured Creditors of the transferee Company will be held on 30th day of October, 2021 at 3.00 PM through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM) for the purpose of considering the Scheme.

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The Voting shall be through E-Voting by person or by authorized representative.

(v). The Quorum fixed for the meetings of transferor Company are as under:-

For shareholders meeting: 50(persons).

For secured creditors meeting: 2 (persons).

For unsecured creditors meeting: 25 (persons).

- (x) The notice of the Meetings of equity shareholders, secured creditors and unsecured creditors of Transferee Company shall be published in "Business Standard", English Daily, Hyderabad Edition and one in Telugu Edition of "Nava Telangana", Hyderabad Edition.
- (xi) The Transferee Company or their respective authorized Signatory are directed to issue notices (s) to the equity shareholders, secured creditors and unsecured creditors of the Transferee Company by Registered Post/ Courier/Ordinary Post/ Registered email or by hand delivery to their last known address 30 days before the said meetings as per Form No. CAA2 (Rule 6) of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 ensuring convening the said meeting of the Transferee Company. Further directed to intimate day, date and time, a copy of Explanatory Statement, pursuant to be sent under Section 230 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) The Transferee Company to serve notices upon the Regional Director, South-East Region, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Hyderabad pursuant to Section 230 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamation) Rules, 2016 if no response is received by the Tribunal from Regional Director within 30 days of the

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date of receipt of the notice, it will be presumed that Regional Director and/or Central Government has no objection to the proposed Scheme as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromise, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016.

- (xiii) The Transferee Company to serve the notice upon the Registrar of Companies Hyderabad pursuant to Section 230 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromises Arrangement and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 and if no response is received by the Tribunal from Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad within 30 days of the date of receipt of the notice, it will be presumed that Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad has no objection to the proposed Scheme as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromise Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016.
- (xiv) The Transferee Company to serve notice upon the Income
 Tax Authority, within whose jurisdiction that Applicant
 Companies Assessment are made, pursuant to Section
 230 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 as per Rule 8 of the
 Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and
 Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 if no response is received
 by the Tribunal from Income Tax Authority within 30
 days of the date of receipt of the notice, it will be
 presumed that Income Tax Authority has no objection to
 the proposed Scheme as per Rule 8 of the Companies
 (Compromise, Arrangement and Amalgamation) Rules,
 2016.
- (xv) The Transferee Company to serve notice upon the Official Liquidator pursuant to Section 230 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromises Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 if no response is received by the Tribunal from Official Liquidator within 30 days of the date of receipt of the

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notice it will be presumed that Official Liquidator has no objection to the proposed Scheme as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromise, Arrangement and Amalgamation) Rules, 2016.

- (xvi) The Transferee Company to serve notice upon the SEBI, BSE & NSE pursuant to Section 230 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromises Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 if no response is received by the Tribunal from the SEBI, BSE & NSE within 30 days of the date of receipt of the notice it will be presumed that SEBI, BSE&NSE has no objection to the proposed Scheme as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Compromise, Arrangement and Amalgamation) Rules, 2016.
- (xvii) The Chairmen shall have all powers under the Companies (Compromises, Arrangement and Amalgamation) Rules, 2016 in relation to the conduct of the meetings (s) including for deciding procedural questions that may arise before or at any adjournment thereof or any other matter including an amendment to the Scheme or resolution, if any, proposed at the meeting by any person (s).
- (xviii) The voting shall be in person or by proxy or e-voting or authorized representative in case be permitted, provided that the proxy in the Form No. MGT-11 authorization duly signed by the person entitled to attend and vote at the meeting, is to be filed with the Applicant Company at its Registered office, not later than, forty eight hours before the aforesaid meeting in accordance with Rule 10 of the Companies (Compromise, Arrangement and Amalgamation) Rules, 2016.
- (xix) The Chairmen to file affidavit within 7 days before the date of the said meetings to this Tribunal that the direction regarding convening and issuance of notice (s) to all the

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CA (CAA) No. 25/230/HDB/2021

Date of Order: 17.09.2021

necessary parties have been duly complied with in conformity with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 R/w Companies (Compromise, Arrangement and Amalgamation) Rules, 2016. The Chairman shall report the conclusion of the aforesaid meetings within 10 days from the date of such meetings as per Rule 14 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016.

(xx)Accordingly, the application CA(CAA) Merger & Amalgamation/25/2021 is allowed and disposed.

Veera Branma Kao Arekapudi Madan BhalchandraGosavi

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Member (Technical)

Member (Judicial)

Pavani