

Corporate Office:

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Ref: BBY/CS/001/22/21

August 20, 2022

The BSE Limited

Department of Corporate Services, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001

Sub: Intimation on Tax Deduction at Source (TDS) / withholding tax on dividend for

FY 2021-22

Ref: Scrip Code: 515147

Dear Sir(s)/Madam(s),

In accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961, dividend paid on or after April 1, 2020, is taxable in the hands of shareholders and the Company is required to deduct tax at source ('TDS') from dividend paid to the shareholders at the applicable rates.

In this regard, please find enclosed the communication which is sent to the shareholders of the Company, regarding deduction of TDS on dividend payout for FY 2021-22. The communication is sent to those shareholders whose email IDs are registered with the Company or Depositories. The communication as well as all annexures are also available on the website of the Company at www.haldynglass.com

Shareholders of the Company are requested to email the necessary documents as mentioned in the communication with Company's RTA – Universal Capital Securities Private Limited at haldw.nieec.in within specified timelines.

You are requested to kindly take the same on your records.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully FOR HALDYN GLASS LIMITED

Dhruv Jignesh Mehta Digitally signed by Dhruv Jignesh Mehta Date: 2022.08.20 17:37:06 +05'30'

DHRUV MEHTA
COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER
ACS-46874

Encl: As above





Date: August 18, 2022

Dear Shareholder,

Subject: Deduction of tax at source on dividend under section 194/195 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (the Act)

We are pleased to inform you that the Board of Directors at its meeting held on May 24, 2022 has recommended a dividend of ₹ 0.60/- per Equity Share of face value of ₹1/- each for the financial year ended March 31, 2022.

The dividend, as recommended by the Board, if approved by the shareholders at the ensuing 31st Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), will be paid within 30 days from the date of AGM.

As you may be aware, as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by a company after April 1, 2020 shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders. Your Company shall therefore be required to deduct tax at source (TDS) at the time of making the payment of the said dividend, if approved, at the ensuing 31st AGM of the Company. The tax so deducted will be paid to the Central Government (**Note 1**).

The Tax Deducted at Source ('TDS') rate may vary depending on the residential status of the Shareholder and the documents submitted to the Company in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act. The TDS for various categories of Shareholders along with required documents are provided in Table 1 and 2 below:

Table 1: Resident Shareholders

Category of Shareholder	Tax Deduction Rate	Exemption applicability/ Documentation requirement
Any resident Shareholder (Note 4 and 5)	10%	Update valid PAN, if not already done, with depositories (in case of shares held in demat mode) and with the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent – Universal Capital Securities Pvt. Ltd. ("UCSPL") (in case of shares held in physical mode).

		No taxes will be deducted in the following cases - • If dividend income to a resident Individual Shareholder during FY 2022-23 does not exceed ₹ 5,000/- (Note 2) • If Shareholder is exempted from TDS provisions through any circular(s) or notification(s) and provides an attested copy of the PAN along with the documentary evidence in relation to the same (Note 3)
Submitting Form 15G/ Form 15H	NIL	Resident Individual Shareholder providing Form 15G / Form 15H (applicable to an Individual whose age is 60 years or more during FY 2022-23) - on fulfilment of prescribed conditions. Blank Form 15G and 15H can be downloaded from the link given at the end of this communication (Note 6)
Order under section 197 of the Act	Rate provided in the order	Lower/NIL withholding tax certificate obtained from Income Tax authorities.
Insurance Companies: Public & Other Insurance Companies	NIL	Documentary evidence that the provisions of section 194 of the Act are not applicable (Note 7)
Corporation established by or under a Central Act which is, under any law for the time being in force, exempt from income-tax on its income	NIL	Declaration that it is a corporation established by or under a Central Act whereby income-tax is exempt on the income and accordingly, is covered under section 196 of the Act, along with self-attested copy of registration certificate and relevant extract of the section whereby the income is exempt from tax. (format available on Company's website)
Mutual Funds specified under	NIL	Declaration that it is Mutual Fund specified under section 10(23D) of the Act and accordingly, is covered under section 196 of

clause (23D) of section 10 of the Act		the Act, along with self-attested copy of registration certificate or notification, as the case may be (format available on Company's website)
Alternative Investment Fund (AIF)	NIL	Declaration that AIF income is exempt under section 10(23FBA) of the Act as it has been granted a certificate of registration as a Category I or Category II AIF under the SEBI (AIF) Regulations, 2012 or under the International Financial Services Centre Authority Act, 2019 (format available on Company's website) Also, to provide copy of registration document (self-attested).
New Pension System (NPS) Trust	NIL	Declaration that NPS Trust income is exempt under section 10(44) of the Act. Self-attested copy of registration document for establishment of said trust under the Indian Trust Act, 1882 along with self-attested copy of PAN card.
Other resident Shareholder without PAN or having Invalid PAN (Note 8 and 9)	20%	-
Non-filers of incometax return - section 206AB (Note 10)	20%	Non-compliance cast an obligation on the Company to deduct at higher rate

Table 2: Non-resident Shareholders

	Tax Deduction Rate	Exemption applicability/ Documentation Requirement
Any non-resident Shareholder (Note 11)	applicable surcharge and cess) or Tax Treaty rate,	Non-resident Shareholders may opt for tax rate under Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("Tax Treaty"). The Tax Treaty rate shall be applied for tax deduction at source on submission of following documents to the Company: a. Copy of PAN Card, if any, allotted by the Indian authorities.

b. Self-attested copy of Tax Residency Certificate (TRC) valid as on the Record Date, obtained from the tax authorities of the Country of which the Shareholder is resident. c. Self-declaration in Form 10F (format available on Company's website). d. Self-declaration confirming Permanent not having a Establishment in India and eligibility to Tax Treaty benefit (format available on Company's website). e. Self-declaration regarding "Principle Purpose Test" (if any) as applicable to respective Treaty (format available on Company's website). Self-declaration as regards beneficial ownership (format available Company's on website). In case of Foreign Institutional Investors, Foreign Portfolio Investors (FII, FPI), Selfcertificate attested сору of registration accorded under the relevant regulations of the SEBI. TDS shall be deducted at 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess), if any, if the above-mentioned documents are not provided. Submitting Order Rate provided Lower/NIL withholding tax certificate under section 197 of in the Order obtained from Income Tax authorities. the Act

Kindly note that the documents as mentioned in the Table 1 and 2 above are required to be emailed to haldyntds@unisec.in and cosec@haldyn.com. No communication on the tax determination / deduction shall be considered after September 8, 2022 in order to enable the Company to determine and deduct appropriate TDS / withholding tax rate.

Notes:

- 1. In due compliance of the applicable provisions of the Act, the Company will be issuing certificate for tax deducted at source in Form 16A. The credit for tax deducted at source can also be verified by the Shareholder by verifying Form 26AS, after the statement of tax deducted at source is furnished by the Company and thereafter Annual Information Statement (Form 26AS) is updated.
- 2. In case of any further dividend which is paid in the FY 2022-23 and considering the amount of dividend payments made earlier, if the aggregate dividend payout exceeds ₹ 5,000/-, then, from the subsequent payment of dividend, the tax on the current as well as on earlier amount of dividend will be deducted and accordingly, the balance amount of dividend will be paid to the concerned Individual Shareholder.
- 3. Reference is drawn to Circular No. 18/2017 dated May 29, 2017 issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, Central Board of Direct Taxes as regards requirement of TDS in case of entities whose income is exempt under section 10 of the Act (copy available on Company's website).
- 4. In case dividend income under the provisions of the Act is chargeable to tax in hands of any other person other than the Registered Shareholder, then, a declaration to that effect is required to be submitted in terms of Section 199 of the Act read with Rule 37BA of the Income Tax Rules, 1962 (format available on Company's website). On such submission, the Company will deduct tax in the name of such person, which would be due compliance of law on the part of the Company.
- 5. The Shareholders holding shares under multiple accounts under different status / category and single PAN, may note that, higher of the tax as applicable to the status in which shares held under a PAN will be considered on their entire holding in different accounts.
- 6. The Company, in compliance with the provisions of the Act, will allot unique identification number and the declarations will be furnished along with the

statement of deduction of tax to the income tax authority (Form 15H/15G available on Company's website).

- 7. Insurance companies: The Life Insurance Corporation of India, The General Insurance Corporation of India, The National Insurance Company Limited, The New India Assurance Company Limited, The Oriental Insurance Company Limited, The United India Insurance Company Limited and any other insurer as per section 2(28BB) of the Act. In case of any other insurer self-attested copy of registration is to be furnished. If shares are not owned but have full beneficial interest, then, a declaration to that effect (format available on Company's website).
- 8. Needless to mention, PAN will be mandatorily required. In absence of PAN / Valid PAN, tax will be deducted at a higher rate of 20% as per Section 206AA of the Act.
- 9. In terms of section 139AA of the Act read with rule 114AAA, Aadhaar number is required to be linked with PAN by March 31, 2023. In case of failure of linking Aadhaar number with PAN within the prescribed timelines, PAN shall be considered inoperative and, in such scenario, tax shall be deducted at higher rate of 20%. Therefore, the shareholders are advised to link Aadhar number with PAN if not done.
- 10. TDS is to be deducted at higher rate in case of non-filers of Return of Income as per section 206AB of the Act which requires the Company to deduct tax at higher of the following rates in case of a 'specified person':
 - i. At twice the rate specified in the relevant provision of the Act; or
 - ii. At twice the rates or rates in force; or
 - iii. At the rate of 5%; or
 - iv. At the rate 20%, if section 206AA is applicable

The 'specified person' means a person who has:

- not filed return of income for the assessment year relevant to the previous year immediately prior to the previous year in which tax is required to be deducted, for which the time limit of filing return of income under sub-section (1) of section 139 has expired; and
- Subjected to tax deduction/collection at source in aggregate amounting to ₹ 50,000 or more in the said previous year.

A non-resident who does not have a permanent establishment is excluded from the scope of a specified person. Accordingly, non-resident shareholders are requested to provide declaration in **format-10 available on Company's** **website** if they do not have permanent establishment and hence should not be considered as specified person.

The Income Tax Department has through the reporting portal utility made available the list of 'specified person' for the purpose of section 206AB which shall be obtained at the time of deduction of TDS and accordingly, those shareholders who are classified as a specified person under section 206AB, TDS on the dividend amount will be deducted at higher rate of 20%.

- 11. The provisions of the tax treaty rate shall be applied even if tax is deductible under section 196D. Therefore, under both sections i.e. section 195/196D, the treaty provisions can be applied, subject to submissions of documents as mentioned above. However, the Company is not obligated to apply the Tax Treaty rates at the time of tax deduction/withholding on dividend amounts, if the completeness of documents submitted by the non-resident Shareholder is not to the satisfaction of the Company, including not in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The Company, in compliance of section 195 of the Act, will furnish information relating to the payment of dividend and deduction of tax at source thereon in Form 15CA by the Company and 15CB by a Chartered Accountant, as applicable.
- 12. In case tax on dividend is deducted at a higher rate in the absence of receipt of the aforementioned details / documents, the concerned Shareholder would still have the option of claiming refund of the excess tax deducted at the time of filing the income tax return. No claim shall lie against the Company for such taxes deducted.
- 13. The above is only to facilitate the Shareholder so that appropriate TDS is deducted on the dividend amount in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act.
- 14. Shareholders may have already noted the tax implications in case their PAN is not registered with the Company/RTA/Depository Participants including non-linking of Aadhaar and non-filing of Returns. Further, it may be noted that:
 - 1) In terms of section 139A of the Act, it is mandatory to quote PAN if tax is deductible on the dividend amount at source under section 194 of the Act. Such non-quoting shall attract penalty of ₹ 10,000/- under section 272B of the Act.
 - 2) SEBI has mandated the submission of PAN by every participant in the securities market.
- 15. Accordingly, Shareholders are once again requested to submit their PAN to the Depository Participants with whom they maintain their demat accounts, in case

of holding in electronic form. Shareholders holding shares in physical form should submit their PAN to the Company/RTA. In case of failure to do so, it shall be presumed that you don't have PAN under the Act.

We seek your co-operation in the matter. Thanking you,

Yours faithfully, For **Haldyn Glass Limited**

Sd/-

Dhruv Mehta Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Note : All formats/forms mentioned above are available on Company's website www.haldynglass.com

Disclaimer: The information set out herein above is included for general information purposes only and does not constitute legal or tax advice. Since the tax consequences are dependent on facts and circumstances of each case, the investors are advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to specific tax implications arising out of receipt of dividend.