



JCT LIMITED

Corporate Office: 601, Prabhat Kiran, 17 Rajendra Place, New Delhi-110008

Phone: 46290000; Fax: 25812222

Website: www.jct.co.in

E-mail: jctdelhi@jctltd.com/jctsecretarial@jctltd.com

August 06, 2021

BSE Limited
25th Floor, PJ Towers,
Dalal Street, Fort
Mumbai 400001

SCRIP CODE: 500223

Subject:

1. Regulation 34 - Electronic copy of the Notice of the 72nd Annual General Meeting & Annual Report for the year 2020-21.
2. Intimation of cut-off date of 24th August, 2021 to determine the eligibility of the members to cast their vote through remote e-Voting and e-Voting during 72nd Annual General Meeting.

Dear Sir/Madam,

This is further to our letter dated 11 June, 2021 regarding, inter-alia, convening of the 72nd Annual General Meeting of the Company ("72nd AGM") on Tuesday, 31st August, 2021 through Video Conferencing/Other Audio Visual Means (VC/OAVM) Facility. Please find enclosed electronic copy of the Notice of the 72nd AGM and the Annual Report for the year 2020-21 including the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 ("Annual Report"), being sent by email to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s). The requirements of sending physical copy of the Notice of the AGM and Annual Report to the Members have been dispensed vide MCA Circular/s and SEBI Circular. The Notice of the 72nd AGM and the Annual Report are also being uploaded on the website of the Company at www.jct.co.in and we request you to upload them on your website www.bseindia.com also. Members of the Company holding shares in physical form who have not registered their email addresses with the Company can obtain the Notice of the 72nd AGM, Annual Report and/or login details for joining the 72nd AGM through VC/OAVM facility including e-voting, by sending scanned copy of signed request letter mentioning name, folio number and complete address; self-attested scanned copy of the PAN Card and any document (such as AADHAR Card, Driving Licence, Election Identity Card, Passport) in support of the address of the Member as registered with the Company, to the email address of the Company at jctsecretarial@jctltd.com or Company's Registrar & Transfer Agent, M/s RCMC Share Registry Pvt Ltd at investor.services@rcmcdelhi.com. Members holding shares in demat form can update their email address with their Depository Participant. Further, in terms of Section 108 of the

Regd. Office: Village Chohal, Dist. Hoshiarpur (Punjab)
CIN No. L17117PB1946PLC004565





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Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended), the Company has fixed 24th August, 2021 as the cut-off date to determine the eligibility of the members to cast their vote by electronic means and e-Voting during the 72nd AGM scheduled to be held on Tuesday, 31st August, 2021 through VC/OAVM Facility. Please take the same on record.

This is for your information and record.

Thanking you,

For & on behalf of
JCT LIMITED



Kanwar Nitin Singh
Kanwar Nitin Singh
(Company Secretary)

Encl: AA

Regd. Office: Village Chohal, Dist. Hoshiarpur (Punjab)
CIN No. L17117PB1946PLC004565



JCT LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT

2020-21



Board of Directors

Mr. Samir Thapar

Ms. Priya Thapar

Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi

Mr. C.M. Bhanot *(Ceased to be a Director on 15.02.2021)*

Mr. Anand Agarwal *(Ceased to be a Director on 11.11.2020)*

Mr. Rakesh Agarwal *(Appointed on 11.11.2020)*

Mr. Ram Swaroop Samria

Mr. Surendra Mal Daga

Chairman and Managing Director

Director (Strategic Business Development)

Indian Bank Nominee

Indian Bank Nominee

Business Head

Mr Kamal Bhasin

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. V K Singhal

Company Secretary

Mr. Sandeep Sachdeva

Auditors:

Navdeep Singh & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Deep Complex (First Floor)

89, Manshaia Colony

Patiala-147001

Registered Office:

Village Chohal

Distt. Hoshiarpur

Punjab: 146024

Ph. No.: 01882-258780; **Fax:** 01882-258059

Email: jctsecretarial@jctltd.com

Website: www.jct.co.in

CIN: L17117PB1946PLC004565

Units:

Textiles : Phagwara (Punjab)

Nylon Filament Yarn : Hoshiarpur (Punjab)

Corporate Office:

601, Prabhat Kiran, 17th Rajendra Place,
New Delhi-110008

**Registrar & Share Transfer Agents
RCMC Share Registry Private Limited**

B-25/1, 1st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area

Phase II, New Delhi-110020

Tel: 011-26387320-321-323

Fax: 011-26387322

Email: investor.services@rcmcdelhi.com

Bankers:

Indian Bank

State Bank of India

Punjab National Bank

Bank of Baroda

Punjab & Sind Bank

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JCT LIMITED

[CIN – L17117PB1946PLC004565]

Registered Office: Village Chohal, District Hoshiarpur 146 024 (Punjab)

Tel: 01882-258780; FAX: 01882-258059

Website: www.jct.co.in; Email ID: jctsecretarial@jctltd.com

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 72nd Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held on Tuesday, the 31st day of August, 2021 at 11:30 AM through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means (“VC/OAVM”) Facility to transact following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt the financial statements of the Company including the Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021, the statement of Profit & Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the financial year ended on that date together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Priya Thapar (DIN: 06742680), who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

3. To Consider and if thought fit , to pass the following resolution with or without modification(s) as an ordinary resolution: “Resolved that Mr. Surendra Mal Daga be and is hereby appointed an Independent Director of the Company”

4. **Approval of Cost Auditor’s Remuneration**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), M/s Goyal, Goyal & Associates, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 000100), appointed as the Cost Auditors by the Board of Directors of the Company to conduct the audit of the cost accounting records of the Company’s Textile and Filament Units for the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2022, amounting to Rs. 1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lac fifty thousand Only) plus taxes as may be applicable and reimbursement of such other out of pocket expenses, as may be incurred by them during the course of Audit.”

5. **RE-Appointment of Mr. Samir Thapar (DIN: 00062287) as the Chairman & Managing Director of the Company**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and approval of Board and subject to the provisions of Sections 196, 197 and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any , of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof) read with schedule V of the Companies act, 2013 and applicable clauses of Article of Association of the Company, approval of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the re-appointment of Mr. Samir Thapar (DIN: 00062287), as the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company with effect from 01.10.2021 to 30.09.2024, and remuneration payable to Mr. Samir Thapar for the said period, in pursuance of this resolution, on the terms and conditions as set out in the Explanatory Statement to this Resolution and also contained in the draft agreement to be entered into between the Company and Mr. Samir Thapar, submitted to this meeting, which agreement be and is hereby specifically approved and sanctioned with liberty of Board of Directors to alter and vary the terms and conditions of the said re-appointment and/or remuneration and agreement, subject to the same not exceeding the limits specified in Schedule V of the said Act, in such form and manner with such modification as the Board may deem fit and as agreed to by Mr. Samir Thapar.”



“**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things and execute such documents, instruments and writings as may be required and to delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred any Committee of Director or Director(s) to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.”

6. **RE-Appointment of Ms. Priya Thapar (DIN: 06742680) as the Whole-time Director of the Company** To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as Special Resolution:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and approval of Board and subject to the provisions of Sections 196, 197 and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof) read with schedule V of the Companies act,2013 and applicable clauses of Article of Association of the Company, approval of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the re-appointment of Ms. Priya Thapar (DIN: 06742680), as Whole Time Director designated as Director (Strategic Business Development),of the Company for a period of three years i.e. from 01.12.2021 to 30.11.2024, and remuneration payable to Ms. Priya Thapar for the said period, in pursuance of this resolution, on the terms and conditions as set out in the Explanatory Statement to this Resolution and also contained in the draft agreement to be entered into between the Company and Ms. Priya Thapar, submitted to this meeting, which agreement be and is hereby specifically approved and sanctioned with liberty of Board of Directors to alter and vary the terms and conditions of the said re-appointment and/or remuneration and agreement, subject to the same not exceeding the limits specified in Schedule V of the said Act, in such form and manner with such modification as the Board may deem fit and as agreed to by Ms. Priya Thapar.”

“**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things and execute such documents, instruments and writings as may be required and to delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred any Committee of Director or Director(s) to give effect to the aforesaid resolution”.

Place : Hoshiarpur

Dated: 11.06.2021

By order of the Board
For JCT Limited

Sandeep Sachdeva
Company Secretary

NOTES FOR MEMBERS' ATTENTION:

1. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) setting out material facts concerning the business under Item Nos. 3 to 6 of the accompanying Notice, is annexed hereto. The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on Friday, 11th day of June,2021 considered that the special business under Item Nos. 3 to 6, being considered unavoidable, be transacted at the 72nd AGM of the Company.
2. **General instructions for accessing and participating in the 72nd AGM through VC/OAVM Facility and voting through electronic means including remote e-Voting.**
 - a. In view of the second wave of Covid-19 pandemic, social distancing norms and restrictions on movement of persons at several places in the country and pursuant to General Circular Nos.14/2020, 17/2020, 20/2020 and 02/2021 dated 8th April 2020, 13th April 2020 and 5th May 2020 and January, respectively, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA Circulars”) and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 12th May 2020 and January 15, 2021 respectively issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI Circular”) and in compliance with the provisions of the Act and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”), the 72nd AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC/OAVM Facility, which does not require physical presence of members at a common venue. The deemed venue for the 72nd AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.



- b. In terms of the MCA Circulars since the physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with, there is no requirement of appointment of proxies. Accordingly, the facility of appointment of proxies by Members under Section 105 of the Act will not be available for the 72nd AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Act, representatives of the Members may be appointed for the purpose of voting through remote e-Voting, for participation in the 72nd AGM through VC/OAVM Facility and e-Voting during the 72nd AGM.
- c. In line with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, the Notice of the 72nd AGM will be available on the website of the Company at www.jct.co.in and also on the website of BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com.
- d. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM Facility, the Route Map and Venue is not annexed in this Notice.
- e. National Securities Depositories Limited (“NSDL”) will be providing facility for voting through remote e-Voting, for participation in the 72nd AGM through VC/OAVM Facility and e-Voting during the 72nd AGM.
- f. Members may join the 72nd AGM through VC/OAVM Facility by following the procedure as mentioned below which shall be kept open for the Members from 11:00 a.m IST i.e. 30 minutes before the time scheduled to start the 72nd AGM and the Company may close the window for joining the VC/OAVM Facility 30 minutes after the scheduled time to start the 72nd AGM.
- g. Members may note that the VC/OAVM Facility, provided by NSDL, allows participation of at least 1,000 Members on a first-come-first-served basis. The large shareholders (i.e. shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), promoters, institutional investors, directors, key managerial personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, auditors, etc. can attend the 72nd AGM without any restriction on account of first-come first-served principle.
- h. Attendance of the Members participating in the 72nd AGM through VC/OAVM Facility shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- i. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (“ICSI”) and Regulation 44 of Listing Regulations read with MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, the Company is providing remote e-Voting facility to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the 72nd AGM and facility for those Members participating in the 72nd AGM to cast vote through e-Voting system during the 72nd AGM.

3. Instructions for Members for Remote e-Voting and joining General meeting are as under:-

The remote e-voting period begins on 28th August, 2021 at (9:00 A.M IST) and ends on 30th August, 2021 (5:00 P.M IST). The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. 24th August, 2021, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being 24th August, 2021.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of “Two Steps” which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:



Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="532 232 1293 584">1. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under “IDeAS” section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider - NSDL and you will be re-directed to NSDL e-Voting website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.<li data-bbox="532 593 1293 693">2. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS” Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp.<li data-bbox="532 702 1293 1053">3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/ Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider - NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="532 1066 1293 1193">1. Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.<li data-bbox="532 1203 1293 1284">2. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. <i>Click on NSDL</i> to cast your vote.<li data-bbox="532 1294 1293 1375">3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration<li data-bbox="532 1385 1293 1547">4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.



Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. Once login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider-NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022-23058542-43

B) Login Method for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.



- b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
- c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. pdf file. Open the pdf file. The password to open the pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered**
6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on "**Forgot User Details/Password?**"(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsd.com.
 - b) **Physical User Reset Password?**"(If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsd.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join General Meeting".
3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to seemakassociates154@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.



2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “[Forgot User Details/Password?](#)” or “[Physical User Reset Password?](#)” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to (Mr.Aman Goyal) at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to jctsecretarial@jctltd.com.
2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to jctsecretarial@jctltd.com. If you are an Individual shareholder holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A) i.e. [Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.](#)**
3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
4. [In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.](#)

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE EGM/AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the EGM/AGM.
3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM/AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the EGM/AGM.
4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Members will be provided with a facility to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for **Access to NSDL e-Voting system**. After successful login, you can see link of “VC/OAVM link” placed under “**Join General meeting**” menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.



4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (jctsecretarial@jctltd.com). The same will be replied by the company suitably.

4. Other Guidelines for Members

- a. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-Voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “Forgot User Details/Password?” or “Physical User Reset Password?” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
 - b. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their share in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut off date of 24th August, 2021.
 - c. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes Member of the Company after the Company sends the Notice of the 72nd AGM by email and holds shares as on the cut-off date i.e 24th August, 2021 may obtain the User ID and password by sending a request to the Company’s email address: jctsecretarial@jctltd.com. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-Voting then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using “Forgot User Details/Password?” or “Physical User Reset Password?” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - d. A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-Voting or casting vote through e-Voting system during the meeting.
 - e. Ms. Seema Khanna, Practicing Company Secretary and Proprietor of Seema K & Associates, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-Voting process and casting vote through the e-Voting system during the meeting in a fair and transparent manner.
 - f. During the 72nd AGM, the Chairman shall, after response to the questions raised by the Members in advance or as a speaker at the 72nd AGM, formally propose to the Members participating through VC/OAVM Facility to vote on the resolutions as set out in the Notice of the 72nd AGM and announce the start of the casting of vote through the e-Voting system. After the Members participating through VC/OAVM Facility, eligible and interested to cast votes, have cast the votes, the e-Voting will be closed with the formal announcement of closure of the 72nd AGM.
 - g. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of e-Voting at the 72nd AGM, first download the votes cast at the AGM and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and shall make a consolidated scrutinizer’s report of the total votes cast in favour or against, invalid votes, if any, and whether the resolution has been carried or not, and such Report shall then be sent to the Chairman or a person authorized by him, within 48 (forty eight) hours from the conclusion of the 72nd AGM, who shall then countersign and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
 - h. The declared Results, alongwith the Scrutinizer’s Report, will be available forthwith on the Company’s corporate website www.jct.co.in under the section ‘Investor Relations’ and on the website of NSDL; such Results will also be forwarded to BSE Limited, Mumbai.
 - i. Institutional Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to seemakassociates154@gmail.com
5. Pursuant to the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, in view of the prevailing situation, owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Notice of the 72nd AGM and the Annual Report for the year 2020-21 including therein the Audited Financial Statements for Financial Year 2020-21, are being sent only by email to the Members. Therefore, those Members, whose email address is not registered with the Company or with their respective Depository Participant/s, and who wish to receive the Notice of the 72nd AGM and the Annual Report for the year 2020-21 and all other communication sent by the Company, from time to time, can get their email address registered by following the steps as given below:-



- a. For Members holding shares in physical form, please send scan copy of a signed request letter mentioning your folio number, complete address, email address to be registered along with scanned self attested copy of the PAN and any document (such as Driving Licence, Passport, Bank Statement, AADHAR) supporting the registered address of the Member, by email to the Company's email address jctsecretarial@jctltd.com.
 - b. For the Members holding shares in demat form, please update your email address through your respective Depository Participant/s.
6. The Notice of the 72nd AGM and the Annual Report for the year 2020-21 including therein the Audited Financial Statements for the year 2020-21, will be available on the website of the Company at www.jct.co.in and the website of BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com.
 7. The Register of Members and the Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 25th August, 2021 to 30th August, 2021 both days inclusive, for annual closing.
 8. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company.
 9. In terms of the Listing Regulations, securities of listed companies can only be transferred in dematerialized form with effect from 1st April, 2019. In view of the above, Members are advised to dematerialize shares held by them in physical form.
 10. Electronic copy of all the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice of the 72nd AGM and the Explanatory Statement shall be available for inspection in the Investor Section of the website of the Company at www.jct.co.in.
 11. During the 72nd AGM, the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts and Arrangements in which Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act, and all other documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode. Members can inspect the same by sending an email to jctsecretarial@jctltd.com.
 12. Details as required in sub-regulation (3) of Regulation 36 of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meeting (SS-2) of ICSI, in respect of the Director seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the 72nd AGM, forms integral part of the Notice of the 72nd AGM. Requisite declaration has been received from the Director for seeking re-appointment.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF THE SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 (1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 3

The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 11th June, 2021 approved the appointment of Mr. Surendra Mal Daga (DIN 03575623) after having the approval/recommendations from the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of Directors, as an Additional Independent Director on the Board of the Company effective from 11th June, 2021.

The Company has received a declaration from Mr. Surendra Mal Daga confirming that he meets the criteria of independent director as prescribed under the Act and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"). Mr. Surendra Mal Daga is also not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and has given his consent to act as a Director of the Company. In the opinion of the Board, Mr. Surendra Mal Daga fulfils the conditions for his appointment as an Independent Director as specified in the Act and the Listing Regulations and he is independent of the management.

Mr. Surendra Mal Daga has 40 years of experience in Income Tax Law and is currently working as a Senior Managing partner in a practicing firm of Chartered Accountants.

A copy of the draft letter of appointment for Independent Directors, setting out the terms and conditions for appointment of Independent Directors is available for inspection by the Members at the registered office of the Company during business hours on any working day and is also available on the website of the Company www.jct.co.in. Mr. Surendra Mal Daga is not related to any other Director and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.



Item No. 4

The Board of Directors of the Company, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, approved the appointment and remuneration of M/s Goyal, Goyal & Associates, Cost Accountants, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for both Textile & Nylon Filament Units, for the financial year ending 31st March, 2022 at a remuneration of Rs. 1,50,000/- plus GST and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses incurred.

In terms of the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, (as amended or re-enacted from time to time) the remuneration as mentioned above, payable to the Cost Auditor is required to be ratified by the Members of the Company. Accordingly, the Members are requested to ratify the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending March 31, 2022, as set out in the Ordinary Resolution for the aforesaid services to be rendered by them.

None of the Directors and/or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the said resolution.

The Board of Directors recommends the Ordinary Resolution set out in Item No 6 of the Notice for approval by the members.

Item No. 5 & 6

- I. Mr. Samir Thapar has been the Managing Director of the Company since 02.06.1994. The Present proposal is to seek the Member's approval for the re-appointment and remuneration payable to Mr. Samir Thapar as the Chairman & Managing Director of the Company in terms of the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V thereto.

Mr. Samir Thapar has done graduation in Business Administration from California State University Bakersfield, USA with a total experience of 26 years

Pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee at its meeting held on 11th June, 2021 as approved by the Board at its meeting held on 11th June, 2021 the Board recommends the re-appointment of Mr. Samir Thapar on the following terms & conditions:

- a) **Salary** : Rs. 8,00,000 per month
- b) **Perquisites and Allowances**: Rs. 22,00,000 per month and shall include use of Company's car with driver and such other perquisites. The said perquisites shall be evaluated, wherever applicable, as per the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 or any rules made there under or any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof. In the absence of any rules perquisites and allowances shall be evaluated at actual cost.

However, the Company's contribution to provident fund and Superannuation or Annuity Fund are not Taxable under the Income-tax law, and gratuity payable and encashment of leave at the end of the tenure, as per the rules of the Company and to the extent not taxable under the Income-tax law, shall not be included for the purpose of computation of the overall ceiling of remuneration.

- c) **Reimbursement of Expenses**: Expenses incurred for travelling, boarding / lodging for self, entertainment or business promotion expenses etc. and telephone expenses at residence shall be paid/reimbursed and not considered as perquisites.

d) **General:**

- (i) The terms and conditions set out for re-appointment and payment of remuneration herein may be altered and varied by the Remuneration Committee and/or Board as it may, from time to time, deem fit.
- (ii) He shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

Mr. Samir Thapar satisfies all the conditions as set out in part I of Schedule V of Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, for being eligible for re- appointment

- II. Ms. Priya Thapar has been whole time Director of the Company since 1.12.2013. The Present proposal is to seek the Member's approval for the re-appointment and remuneration payable to Ms. Priya Thapar as the Whole Time Director of the Company in terms of the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V thereto.

Ms. Priya Thapar has done Bachelor of Business Administration with major in Marketing and B.A in Fashion Merchandising from American College in London (ACL). She has also done Bachelor of Business Administration



from London School of Economics and Bachelors in Interior Design from Parsons School of Design besides degree in History of Art from Sothebys London with consistent good academic record. She has vast experience in Human Resources, Marketing, Administration and Finance. She was associated with Organic World India in introducing the first ever concept of Organic Lifestyle Brand in India, a one stop shop for a complete eco- friendly holistic way of living which includes garments, food products, home furnishings, health products in India and overseas.

Pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee at its meeting held on 11th June, 2021 as approved by the Board at its meeting held on 11th June, 2021 the Board recommends the re-appointment of Ms. Priya Thapar on the following terms & conditions:

- a) **Salary** : Rs. 2,50,000 per month
- b) **Perquisites and Allowances**: Rs. 4,50,000 per month and shall include use of Company's car with driver and such other perquisites. The said perquisites shall be evaluated, wherever applicable, as per the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 or any rules made there under or any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof. In the absence of any rules perquisites and allowances shall be evaluated at actual cost.

However, the Company's contribution to provident fund and Superannuation or Annuity Fund are not Taxable under the Income-tax law, and gratuity payable and encashment of leave at the end of the tenure, as per the rules of the Company and to the extent not taxable under the Income-tax law, shall not be included for the purpose of computation of the overall ceiling of remuneration.

- c) **Reimbursement of Expenses**: Expenses incurred for travelling, boarding / lodging for self, entertainment or business promotion expenses etc. and telephone expenses at residence shall be paid/reimbursed and not considered as perquisites.
- d) **General**:
- (i) The terms and conditions set out for re-appointment and payment of remuneration herein may be altered and varied by the Remuneration Committee and/or Board as it may, from time to time, deem fit.
- (ii) She shall be liable to retire by rotation.

Ms. Priya Thapar satisfies all the conditions as set out in part I of Schedule V of Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, for being eligible for re- appointment

III. The information as required to be disclosed as per Clause (iv) of the Second Proviso to Section II of part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 is given hereunder

I. General Information

1.	Nature of industry	Manufacturing of Cotton Textiles, Synthetic Fabrics and Nylon Filament Yarn		
2.	Date of commencement of commercial production	19.12.1946		
3.	Financial performance based on given indicators	(Rs. in lacs)		
		2020-21*	2019-20*	2018-19*
	Gross Income from Operations	65729.83	69304.84	80032.50
	Other Income	805.72	1582.84	688.20
	Interest & Financing Cost(Net)	4600.73	4271.23	4013.55
	Comprehensive Income/ (Loss)	102.47	1562.39	(2185.48)
	Depreciation	1456.82	1502.51	2256.08
	Net Comprehensive Income /(Loss) Before Tax	1572.47	(2894.03)	(4523.26)
4.	Foreign Investment or Collaborations	Nil		

*Figures as per IND-AS mandatorily adopted w.e.f. 1.4.2017



II. Information about the appointee's

Name Of the Director	Mr. Samir Thapar	Ms. Priya Thapar
DIN	00062287	06742680
Date of Birth/Age	16.01.1965 / 56 Years	10.05.1968 / 53 Years
Qualifications	Graduate in Business Administration from California State University Bakersfield, USA with a total experience of 26 years	Bachelor of Business Administration with major in Marketing and B.A in Fashion Merchandising from American College in London (ACL). She has also done Bachelor of Business Administration from London School of Economics and Bachelors in Interior Design from Parsons School of Design besides degree in History of Art from Sothebys London with consistent good academic record
Experience	30 years of experience in the field of Industry, Business and Corporate Management.	Vast experience in HR, Marketing, Administration and Corporate Management.
No. of meetings of the Board attended during the year	4	4
Shareholding in the Company	271356	260000
Relationship with other Directors, Manager and other Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.	Brother of Ms. Priya Thapar – Whole Time Director	Sister of Mr. Samir Thapar – Chairman & Managing Director
Terms & Conditions of appointment/ re-appointment alongwith details of remuneration last approved	Terms & Conditions of re- appointment are as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company as displayed on the Company's website i.e. www.jct.co.in The details of remuneration sought to be paid is given in the explanatory statement annexed to this Notice. Remuneration last approved was Rs. 360 lacs in FY 2020-21	Terms & Conditions of re-appointment are as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company as displayed on the Company's website i.e. www.jct.co.in . The details of remuneration sought to be paid is given in the explanatory statement annexed to this Notice. Remuneration last approved was Rs. 84 lacs in FY 2020-21
Recognition or Awards	None	None
Job Profile and his/her suitability	Mr. Samir Thapar as Chairman & Managing Director has been looking after the overall affairs and operations of the Company guiding the supervision and control of the Board of Directors. He is involved in policy planning, vision and strategy and long term development activities of the company.	She has also been looking after the overall affairs and operations of the Company and involved in the policy planning, HR and Marketing policy of the Company.
Remuneration Proposed	Salary: Rs. 96.00 Lacs per annum Perquisites, Allowances & Reimbursement: Rs. 264.00 Lacs Per annum	Salary: Rs. 30.00 Lacs per annum Perquisites, Allowances & Reimbursement: Rs. 54.00 Lacs Per annum



Name Of the Director	Mr. Samir Thapar	Ms. Priya Thapar
Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the Company, profile of the position and person	The Proposed Salary is Commensurate with the remuneration packages paid to similar senior level and incumbents in other companies.	The Proposed Salary is Commensurate with the remuneration packages paid to similar senior level and incumbents in other companies.
Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the Company or relationship with the managerial personnel	Promoter Director. He holds 2,71,356 equity shares of the Company	Promoter Director. She holds 2,60,000 equity shares of the Company

III. Other Information

1	Reasons of Inadequate profits	The recent outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic globally including India is resulting in an economic slowdown all over. The Indian economy has been impacted by this pandemic with contraction in industrial and service industries which affected the profitability of the company. Due to liquidity crunch, company could not invest in upgrading/de-bottlenecking the production facilities.
2	Steps taken or proposed to be taken for Improvement	To address these challenges, the Company has initiated several measures towards achieving organizational and operating efficiencies, alongside working on improvements in process and controls. These cut across manufacturing, supply, chain, quality and other domains, address issues of cost control and value analysis. Company has also taken measures for the manpower rationalization.
3	Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms	The above measure undertaken is expected to yield positive results in the coming years. While it is difficult to give precise figures, the above initiatives are expected to improve the financial performance of the Company.

IV. Disclosures:

- Remuneration package fully described in the explanatory statement as stated above.
- Disclosures in the Board of Directors' Report under the heading 'Corporate Governance' included in Annual Report 2020-21.

The draft of the Agreement between the Company and Ms. Priya Thapar and between Company and Mr. Samir Thapar will be available for inspection through electronic mode. Members can inspect the same by sending an email to jctsecretarial@jctltd.com. The above may also be treated as an Abstract under Section 190 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Except Ms. Priya Thapar & Mr. Samir Thapar, no other Director is concerned or interested in the Resolution.

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated: 11.06.2021

By order of the Board
For JCT Limited
Sandeep Sachdeva
Company Secretary



Profile of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the 72nd Annual General Meeting pursuant to Secretarial Standards on General Meeting (SS - II) and Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

Particulars	Mr. Surendra Mal Daga		Mr. Samir Thapar		Ms. Priya Thapar	
DIN	03575623		00062287		06742680	
Date of Birth	29.06.1956		16.01.1965		10.05.1968	
Date of First Appointment	11.06.2021		02.06.1994		26.11.2013	
Expertise in specific General Functional area	Income Tax		Managerial and Administrative Experience		Managerial and Administrative Experience	
Qualification	B.Com, Chartered Accountant		Graduate in Business Administration from California State University Bakersfield, USA with a total experience of 26 years		Bachelor of Business Administration with major in Marketing and B.A in Fashion Merchandising from American College in London (ACL). She has also done Bachelor of Business Administration from London School of Economics and Bachelors in Interior Design from Parsons School of Design besides degree in History of Art from Sothebys London with consistent good academic record	
Shareholding in the Company	Nil		2,71,356		2,60,000	
Relationship with other KMPs	Not Applicable		Brother of Ms. Priya Thapar – Whole Time Director		Sister of Mr. Samir Thapar – Chairman & Managing Director	
No. of Board Meetings held during the tenure and attended by the Director during the FY 2020-21	Not Applicable		4		4	
Board Membership of other listed Companies as on March 31, 2021	NA		NA		NA	
Chairman/Member of the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company	Member	Board of Directors	Chairman	Board of Directors Corporate Social Responsibility	Member	Board of Directors Stakeholder Relationship Corporate Social Responsibility Risk Management
			Member	Stakeholder Relationship		
Chairman/Member of the Committee of Directors of other Public Limited Company in which he is a Director	NA		NA		NA	

**DIRECTORS' REPORT & MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS****Dear Members**

Your Directors present the 72nd Annual Report on the affairs of the Company together with Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021. The Management Discussion and Analysis is also included in this Report.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	2020-21	2019-20
Revenue from operations	65729.83	69304.84
Other Income	805.72	1582.84
Profit before Finance Cost, Depreciation and Amortization Expense and Tax ,	7527.55	1317.32
Finance Cost	4600.73	4271.23
Depreciation and amortization Expense	1456.82	1502.51
Profit / (Loss) for the year before tax	1470.00	(4456.42)
Profit / (Loss) for the year after tax	1470.00	(4456.42)
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	102.47	1562.39
Total Comprehensive Profit / (Loss)	1572.47	(2894.03)

2. DIVIDEND

In view of the accumulated losses, the directors are unable to recommend any dividend.

3. INDUSTRY STRUCTURE & DEVELOPMENT

The Indian textile industry is one of the largest in the world with a massive raw material and textiles manufacturing base. Our economy is largely dependent on the textile manufacturing and trade in addition to other major industries. About 27% of the foreign exchange earnings are on account of export of textiles and clothing alone. The textiles and clothing sector contributes about 14% to the industrial production and 3% to the gross domestic product of the country. Around 8% of the total excise revenue collection is contributed by the textile industry. So much so, the textile industry accounts for as large as 21% of the total employment generated in the economy. A textile is the largest single industry in India (and amongst the biggest in the world), accounting for about 20% of the total industrial production. It provides direct

employment to around 20 million people. Textile and clothing exports account for one-third of the total value of exports from the country. There are 3400 textile mills with a spinning capacity of about 50 million spindles. This Industry is providing one of the most basic needs of people and holds importance; maintaining sustained growth for improving quality of life. (Source: fibre2fashion.com)

4. OUT LOOK OF ECONOMY**GLOBAL ECONOMY**

Global prospects remain highly uncertain one year into the pandemic. New virus mutations and the accumulating human toll raise concerns, even as growing vaccine coverage lifts sentiment. Economic recoveries are diverging across countries and sectors, reflecting variation in pandemic-induced disruptions and the extent of policy support. The outlook depends not just on the outcome of the battle between the virus and vaccines but it also hinges on how effectively economic policies deployed under high uncertainty can limit lasting damage from this unprecedented crisis.

Global growth is projected at 6 percent in 2021, moderating to 4.4 percent in 2022. The projections for 2021 and 2022 are stronger than in the October 2020 WEO. The upward revision reflects additional fiscal support in a few large economies, the anticipated vaccine-powered recovery in the second half of 2021, and continued adaptation of economic activity to subdued mobility. High uncertainty surrounds this outlook, related to the path of the pandemic, the effectiveness of policy support to provide a bridge to vaccine-powered normalization, and the evolution of financial conditions.

Although the contraction of activity in 2020 was unprecedented in living memory, extraordinary policy support prevented even worse economic outcomes. One year into the COVID-19 pandemic, a way out of this health and economic crisis is increasingly visible, but prospects remain highly uncertain. The strength of the recovery will depend in no small measure on a rapid rollout of effective vaccines worldwide. Much remains to be done to beat back the pandemic and avoid persistent increases in inequality within countries and divergence in income per capita across economies (Source: www.imf.org).

GLOBAL TEXTILE AND APPAREL INDUSTRY

The global textile market size was projected at USD 1000.3 billion in 2020 and is expected to expand at



a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 4.4% from 2021 to 2028. Increasing demand for apparel from the fashion industry coupled with the growth of e-commerce platforms is expected to drive the market over the forecast period.

The U.S. is anticipated to be the largest market in the North American region for textiles. It is one of the largest producers, raw-cotton exporter, and top raw-textile importer. Fashion is the largest application segment in the region owing to the fast-changing fashionable trends and ease of adoption for the same due to increasing online fast fashion companies.

Asia Pacific dominated the market for textile and accounted for over 47.6% share of global revenue in 2020, owing to the increasing sales volume of clothing and apparel goods. In Europe, the market demand was estimated to be 83,298.8 kilotons in terms of volume in 2020 and is expected to grow at a significant rate over the forecast period. The demand for textile in North America and Central and South America is likely to witness promising growth over the projected period owing to the rising demand from sports and apparel and home-furnishing textile products.

The use of textiles in different areas of a household is one of the prominent growth driving factors. This includes bedding, upholstery, carpets, kitchen cloths, towel, and others. In addition, high-consumption of natural fibers such as linen and cotton along with synthetic fibers used for manufacturing household textiles is further propelling the growth of the market. (Source: www.grandviewresearch.com)

INDIAN ECONOMY

Indian Economy is the world's sixth-largest economy by nominal GDP and the third-largest by purchasing power parity (PPP). According to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), on a per capita income basis, India ranked 138th by GDP (nominal) and 122nd by GDP (PPP) in 2020. This rise indicates V-shaped recovery progression that started in the second quarter of FY21. During the COVID-19 pandemic, numerous rating agencies downgraded India's GDP predictions for FY21 to negative figures, signaling a recession in India, the most severe since 1979.

As per Economic Survey 2020-21, India's real GDP growth for FY22 is projected upto 11%. The January 2021 WEO update forecast upto 11.5% increase in FY22 and upto 6.8% rise in FY23. According to the IMF, in the next two years, India is also expected to

emerge as the fastest-growing economy. India's real gross domestic product (GDP) at current prices stood at Rs. 195.86 lakh crore (US\$ 2.71 trillion) in FY21, as per the second advance estimates (SAE) for 2020-21. India's foreign exchange reserves stood at US\$ 582.04 billion, as of March 12, 2021, according to data from RBI. (Source: www.imf.org)

Numerous foreign companies are setting up their facilities in India on account of various Government initiatives like Make in India and Digital India. Increased government expenditure is expected to attract private investments, with production-linked incentive scheme providing excellent opportunities. Consistently proactive, graded and measured policy support is anticipated to boost the Indian economy.

However, India needs to increase its rate of employment growth and create 90 million non-farm jobs between 2023 and 2030's, for productivity and economic growth according to McKinsey Global Institute. Net employment rate needs to grow by 1.5% per year from 2023 to 2030 to achieve 8-8.5% GDP growth between 2023 and 2030.

INDIAN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

India's textiles sector is one of the oldest industries in the Indian economy, dating back to several centuries. The industry is extremely varied, with hand-spun and hand-woven textiles sectors at one end of the spectrum, while the capital-intensive sophisticated mills sector on the other end.

India is the world's second largest exporter of textiles and clothing. Increased penetration of organized retail, favorable demographics, and rising income level are likely to drive demand for textiles. Indian apparel market is expected to reach US\$ 85 billion by 2021. Indian textiles and apparel industry contributed 2.3% to the GDP of India, 13% to industrial production and 12% to export earnings. It has around 4.5 crore employed workers including 35.22 lakh handloom workers across the country.

Post-COVID-19, as the Indian economy shows green shoots of recovery, the future of the online textile industry looks promising in the wake of increased domestic consumption after a lockdown, in addition to export demand playing an important role.

Even the government aims for the textile sector to be the key focus of new policies being framed to achieving the target of a \$5 trillion economy.



In Budget 2021-22, the government proposed a scheme for setting up mega textile parks in the country to enable India's textile industry to become globally competitive, attract large investments, and boost employment generation through the creation of world-class infrastructure.

Rising Government focus and favourable policies is leading to growth in the textiles and clothing industry. It has also allowed 100% FDI in the sector under the automatic route. The Ministry of Textiles is encouraging investment through increasing focus on schemes such as Technology Up-gradation Fund Scheme (TUFS). The future for the Indian textiles industry looks promising, buoyed by strong domestic consumption as well as export demand. (Source: www.ibef.org)

5. BUSINESS STRATEGY

TEXTILE UNIT:

The year has been a challenging year and most of the business slowed down particularly during first two quarters due to the outbreak of Covid-19. Textile unit at Phagwara has emerged as one the first plants in INDIA for supplying personal protective Garments to be used by the medical persons and volunteers' engaged in treatment of the persons effected by COVID-19.

The strategy of the unit is to optimize its product mix in order to have the better profitability in existing business and in addition that the focus is also on increasing the production of Technical and Performance Textiles provide turnkey solutions to Institutional buyers, getting nominated by major global brands and produce more coated synthetic fabrics. The company's focus is also to push domestic synthetic business since wherein we have a brand recall and old set of customers who work with JCT only.

The company is also planning to increase Garment capacities, weaving capacity of synthetic/Polyester-fabrics, Stretch/Structured Fabrics and also increasing dyeing capacity to balance weaving and processing capacities of synthetic plant.

FILAMENT UNIT

The focus is on to develop new products for catering different end-users, more production of conventional and dope dyed yarn for domestic and export markets. The Unit is also focusing on increasing Production capacity of Mono, HOY/FDY & CRIMP/DYED to increase market share in domestic and international market. It has also been planned to launch IDY product in market.

6. OPERATIONS

TEXTILES:

The textile unit at Phagwara, despite challenging business environment, the unit produced and sold 301.57 lakhs and 289.54 lakhs meters of fabrics respectively. The technical textiles have been well accepted by the market. The capacities are underutilized due to tight liquidity and margins were also under strain on account of high fixed cost in comparison of the production. However the Company has been taking cost cutting measures without affecting equal quality parameters in line with the business requirements .The Cotton textile plant was almost closed due to the Country wide lock down in April & May 2020 and operations remained under strained up to second quarter of the financial year 2020-21

NYLON FILAMENT YARN:

Nylon Filament Unit has been one of the top Textile Grade Nylon Yarn manufacturers in India with installed capacity of 16000 TPA and 1000 TPA for Nylon Chips. The unit has produced 8908 MT of Filament Yarn and 77 MT of Nylon Chips and sold 9662 MT of Filament Yarn and 77 MT of Nylon Chips. The unit was almost closed due to the Country wide lock down in April and May 2020 and operations were under strain up to second quarter of the financial year. Further the margins were also remained lower on account of stiff competition and cheap imports in India through ASEAN countries.

7. OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

To boost exports, government have extended the benefit of the Scheme for Remission of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products (RODTEP) to all exported goods and the new production linked incentive scheme to provide incentives for manufacture and export of specific textile products made of man-made fiber. Under Union Budget 2020-21, a National Technical Textiles Mission is proposed for a period from 2020-21 to 2023-24 at an estimated outlay of Rs. 1,480 crores (US\$ 211.76 million).

The Indian textile industry has various opportunities like technical textiles, product development and diversification, FDI and brand recognition. Technical textiles offer the opportunity to the Indian textile industry to maintain the present current growth and flourish in near future. India is not using technical textiles much. Both nonwoven and woven technical textiles will thrive in India in coming years. Another



opportunity for the Indian textile industry is elimination of quotas. Emerging Retail Industry and malls provide huge opportunities for the apparel, handicraft and other segments of the industry.

Due to rise in COVID-19, Pandemic in 2021, the Indian Textile industry has faced the challenges, in terms of raw material supply, man power and logistics, whereas other less infected countries are getting opportunity once again to come back into business. The Industry is dependent on the availability of Raw Cotton at reasonable prices, which is dependent on various factors – monsoon, imports etc. The Indian Textile exports continue to face stiff challenges from the small countries like Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Taiwan and Pakistan etc.

Some of the new challenges are safety, lack of supply and demand in addition to liquidity crunch, Lack of balance between price and quality and International Labor and Environmental Laws.

8. RISK AND CONCERN THE MANAGEMENT PRECIEVES

The COVID-19 pandemic is a global humanitarian, health and financial crisis. The actions taken by various governments to contain the pandemic, such as closing of borders and lockdown restrictions, resulted in significant disruption to people and businesses. Consequently, market demand and supply chains have been affected, significantly increasing the risk of a global economic recession. The pandemic has impacted, and may further impact, all of our stakeholders.

No industry is free from normal business risk and concerns. Textile Industry continues to face stiff competition from China, other Asian/emerging economies. Competitiveness of Industry is dependent upon factors like the cotton prices, monsoon, exchange rates, availability of domestic raw materials (particularly in case of NFY) and prevalent interest rates in the regime. The industry being more capital intensive requires huge funds, long term as well as short term in the form of working capital for its running.

The Government through its Industrial Policies should support the industry so that Industry be able to enhance its competitive advantage to achieve sustained growth in Exports as well as domestic markets.

9. DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL EFFECIENCY

The plants of the company operated at sub-optimum levels during the first two quarters due to lock downs. Company got the order from the M/s HLL Lifecare limited for manufacturing of PPE suits which enabled the company to run its synthetic and garment

capacities at optimum levels during first quarter. The Company from the third quarter got some momentum in the plants and was able to close the financial year in positive. Even with tight liquidity and disruption in tight chain coupled with company's policies on product mix rationalization of manpower and other initiatives, the company was able to a earn net profit of Rs. 15.72 Crores. The margins have been under strain due to tight liquidity high interest cost compared to the peer player in the Industry. The company incurred higher finance cost of Rs 46.01 Crores during the current financial year. The Company, pursuant to in-principle approval for issuance of equity shares to term lenders in line with the sanction letter from Bombay Stock Exchange has booked the value of the shares to be issued at interest cost. The Company has issued 2,99,06,026 equity shares of Rs. 2.50 per shares on 05.05.2021.

The company earned Operational EBIDTA of Rs. 76.30 Crores during the current financial year against Rs. 28.80 Crores of last year.

10. Key Financial Ratios

As per the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the key financial ratios are given below:-

Sr. No	Particular	Current year	Last Year	Change	Explanation for significant change in Accounting Ratios
1	Debtors Turnover ratio	17.41	20.16	-13.64%	No Significant Change
2	Inventory Turnover	4.20	4.14	1.45%	No Significant Change
3	Interest Coverage Ratio (Without OCI)	1.32	(0.04)	-3400.00%	The change in Interest Coverage Ratio is mainly due to increase in EBIT.
4	Current Ratio	0.72	0.69	4.35%	No Significant Change
5	Debt Equity Ratio	0.56	0.54	3.70%	No Significant Change
6	Operating Profit Margin (Without OCI)	9.24%	-0.30%	-3180.00%	Operating Profit margin is increased due to decrease in Cost of material consumed, manufacturing expenses, employees cost & other expenses.
7	Net Profit Margin (Before OCI)	2.24%	-6.43%	-134.84%	Change in Net profit margin is on account of decrease in Cost of material consumed, manufacturing expenses, employees cost & other expenses.



11. DETAILS OF ANY CHANGE IN RETURN ON NETWORTH

The net profit of the company for the year has impacted the return on net worth.

12. PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARIES /ASSOCIATES

There is no subsidiary of the company however associates are investment companies with no fresh investment during the current year.

13. MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES / INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Attracting, enabling and retaining talent have been the cornerstone of the Human Resource function and the results underscore the important role that human capital plays in critical strategic activities such as growth. A robust Talent Acquisition system enables the Company to balance unpredictable business demands with a predictable resource supply through organic and inorganic growth. The total employee's strength of the Company was 3683 as on 31st March, 2021. The industrial relation continued to remain cordial during the year.

14. FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS

As mandated by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The estimates and judgments relating to the Financial Statements are made on a prudent basis, so as to reflect in a true and fair manner, the form and substance of transactions and reasonable present the Company's state of affairs, profit/loss and cash flows for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

15. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The Extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9, as required under section 92 of the Act is placed on the website of the Company at <http://www.jct.co.in>.

16. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statement in terms of Section 134 (3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 that;

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

- ii) the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- iii) the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v) the directors, have laid down internal financial controls which were followed by the company, such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively; and
- vi) the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

17. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND RE-APPOINTMENT, IF ANY

The Company has received necessary declaration from each independent director under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, that he / she meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations.

18. REMUNERATION POLICY

The Board of Directors has framed a policy which lays down a framework in relation to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company. This policy also lays down criteria for selection and appointment of Board Members. The details of this policy have been posted on the website of the Company viz. www.jct.co.in.

19. AUDITORS

STATUTORY AUDITORS

In terms of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, Members of the Company in 68th Annual General Meeting held on 14th August, 2017 approved the appointment of M/s Navdeep Singh & Company, Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 008400N),



as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for an initial term of 5 years i.e. from the conclusion of 68th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 73rd Annual General Meeting of the Company.

COST AUDITORS

As per the requirement of Central Government and pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, your Company has been carrying out audit of cost records relating to Textile & Filament Units every year. The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has appointed M/s Goyal, Goyal & Associates, Cost Accountants, (Firm Registration No. FRN-000100) as Cost Auditor to audit the cost records of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-22. As required under the Companies Act, 2013, a resolution seeking members' approval for their remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor forms part of the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting for their ratification.

Cost records are made and maintained as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Cost Audit Report for the financial year 2020-21 is under finalization and would be filed within the stipulated time with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

In compliance with the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under, the Board has appointed Ms. Seema K & Associates, Company Secretaries (C.P No. 4397 and FCS No. 8054) to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed and forms an integral part of this Report. There is no secretarial audit qualification for the year under review.

20. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements forming a part of this annual report.

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions entered with Related Parties were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. There were no materially significant

transactions with the related parties during the financial year, which were in conflict with the interest of the Company. Thus a disclosure in Form AOC-2 in terms of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not required. All related party transactions are mentioned in the notes to the accounts. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee and also before the Board for approval.

None of the Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions vis-à-vis the company except remuneration / sitting fee or stated in the annual report.

22. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts that would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

23. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo pursuant to Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is annexed and forms an integral part of this Report.

The statement containing particulars of top 10 employees and the employees drawing remuneration in excess of limits prescribed under Section 197 (12) of the Act read with Rule 5 (2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is provided in a separate Annexure forming part of the Report. In terms of proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Report along with Accounts are being sent to the shareholders excluding the aforesaid Annexure. The said Annexure is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company. Any member interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the company, 21 days before and upto the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting during the business hours on working days.

None of the employees mentioned in the said statement is a relative of any Director of the Company and none of the employees hold (by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children) more than two percent of the equity shares of the Company.



24. DIRECTORS

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Ms. Priya Thapar retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers herself for the re-appointment. The Board recommends her re-appointment. Brief profile of Ms. Priya Thapar has been given in the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting.

Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot (DIN: 06462056) Director (Independent) of the company, expired on 15th Feburay, 2021 and ceased to be the Director of the Company. Directors have placed their condolence on his sad demise and appreciated him for his contribution, assistance and guidance during his tenure served with the company for last 9 years. Members acknowledged the contribution he made in the growth and progress of the company.

The Board of Directors on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has appointed CA Surendra Mal Daga (DIN: 03575623) as an Additional Director (Independent) with effect from 11.06.2021. In terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, CA Surendra Mal Daga holds office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting. Accordingly, the Board recommends the resolution in relation to appointment of CA Surendra Mal Daga as an Independent Director, for the approval by the shareholders of the Company for a term of five years.

All Independent Directors have given declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, Regulation 16(b) and Regulation 25 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Board of Directors on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has reappointed Mr. Samir Thapar as Chairman & Managing Director and Ms. Priya Thapar, Director (Strategic Business Development) of the Company for a period of 3 (three) years with effect from 01.10.2021 and 01.12.2021 respectively on the same terms & conditions including remunerations subject to approval of shareholders, as their current term of office is up to 30th September, 2021 and 30th November, 2021 respectively.

25. FORMAL ANNUAL EVALUATION

The Board of Directors has carried out an annual valuation of its own performance, board committees and individual directors pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of criteria such as the board composition and structure, effectiveness of board processes, information and functioning, etc.

The performance of the committees was evaluated by the board after seeking inputs from the committee members on the basis of criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings etc.

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors, the Board as a whole and the Chairman of the Company was evaluated, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors.

The Board and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewed the performance of individual directors on the basis of criteria such as the contribution of the individual director to the board and committee meetings like preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings etc.

26. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES

Four meetings of the Board were held during the year under review. For details of meetings of the Board, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report.

27. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

Company has an effective internal control and risk-mitigation system, which are constantly assessed and strengthened with new/revised standard operating procedures. The Company's internal control system is commensurate with its size, scale and complexities of its operations. In addition to statutory audit, the financial controls of the Company at various locations are reviewed by the Internal Auditors, who report their findings to the Audit Committee of the Board. The main thrust of internal audit is to test and review controls, appraisal of risks and business processes. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, Statutory Auditors and the Business Heads are periodically apprised of the internal audit findings and corrective actions taken. Audit plays a key role in providing assurance to



the Board of Directors. Significant audit observations and corrective actions taken by the management are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is headed by an Independent Director which ensures independence of functions and transparency of the process of supervision. The Committee meets on regular basis to review the progress of the internal audit initiatives, significant audit observations, planning and implementation of the follow-up action required. The Company conducts its business with integrity and high standards of ethical behavior and in compliance with the laws and regulations that govern its business.

The Company has appropriate policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information. Based on the report of the internal auditor, respective departments undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

28. SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up Equity Share Capital as at March 31, 2021 stood at Rs. 209.61 Crores and during the year under review, the Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights.

29. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Company is fully committed to the philosophy of transparency and believes in conducting its business with due compliance of all the applicable laws, rules and regulations. In compliance with the Regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has duly implemented the system of Corporate Governance and a separate report on Corporate Governance practices followed by the Company, together with a certificate from the Company's Auditors confirming compliance forms an integral part of this Report.

30. VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

Pursuant to Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 & rules made there under and SEBI (Listing Obligations

and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has established a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns or grievances for redressal. The Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company viz. www.jct.co.in. During the year under review no complaint was received by your company.

31. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Risk Management Policy required to be formulated under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 has been duly formulated and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The aim of risk management policy is to maximize opportunities in all activities and to minimize adversity. The policy includes identifying types of risks and its assessment, risk handling, monitoring and reporting, which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company. The risk management framework is reviewed periodically by the risk management teams at all the units of the Company constituted by the Board which monitors and evaluates the effectiveness of risk management framework of the Company and strengthens it.

As per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, The provisions of this regulation are applicable on top [1000] listed entities, determined on the basis of market capitalization, as at the end of the immediate previous financial year.

32. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company has drafted the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which may be accessed on the website of the Company www.jct.co.in. As there is net average loss incurred by the Company during the three preceding financial years, the company need not to spend any amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility activities during the year ended 31.03.2021. The CSR Committee comprises of three members. One member of the Committee is an Independent Director.

33. CONSERVATION OF RESOURCES

The Company firmly believes that without safe, clean environment and healthy working conditions, the overall economic growth cannot be achieved and maintained. The company also takes all possible measures to prevent accidents and occupational hazards. The manufacturing operations are conducted to ensure sensitivity towards the environment, minimize waste



by encouraging “Green Initiative” practices and use of renewable resources. All employees are required to ensure that they fully understand all policies and comply with the requirements.

The Company requests its shareholders to join in its endeavor to conserve resources by updating relevant information for receiving online communication. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized mode are requested to register their email address and mobile number with their depository participants. Those holding shares in physical mode have been requested to furnish their email address and mobile number with the Company’s RTA, at investor.services@rcmcdelhi.com. Updating all the relevant information will enable shareholders to receive communications and dividends on time. Besides, every year, the Company ensures that electronic copies of the Annual Report and the Notice of the Annual General Meeting are sent to all members whose email addresses are registered with the Company /depository participant(s).

34. PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORK PLACE

As required by the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013, the Company has formulated and implemented a policy on prevention of sexual harassment at the workplace with a mechanism of lodging complaints. During the year under review, the Company has not received any complaint under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The Company has also formed

an Internal Committee for addressing the complaints received under the said Act.

The company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

35. STATEMENT OF CAUTION

Statements in this Directors’ Report and Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company’s objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make difference to the Company’s operations include raw material availability and its prices, cyclical demand and pricing in the Company’s principal markets, changes in Government regulations, Tax regimes, economic developments within India and the countries in which the Company conducts business and other ancillary factors.

36. APPRECIATION & ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board of Directors wish to place on record their appreciation, for the contribution made by the employees at all levels but for whose hard work and support, your Company’s achievements would not have been possible. Your Directors also wish to thank its customers, dealers, agents, suppliers, investors and bankers for their continued support and faith reposed in the Company.

For & on behalf of the Board

(SAMIR THAPAR)

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00062287

Place: Hoshiarpur

Date: 11.06.2021



CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION & FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING & OUTGO

The Information under section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 8 (3) of the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014 for the year ended 31st March 2021 is given below and forms part of the Director's Report.

I. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

(a) Energy conservation measures taken and additional investments and proposals, if any, being implemented for reduction in consumption of energy :

Textile Division

1. Installed Pressure transducer on soft water pump no.1 motor (60 HP) reduced pressure from 3.5kg to 2.5kg.
2. Installed Drive and Pressure transducer in softening plant in taffeta reduced pressure from 3.5kg to 1.5kg saving 200 units/day.
3. Replaced 965 LED tubelights IPO electronic choke in cotton and taffeta plant.
4. Replaced 25 nos 50 watts LED lamps with 85 watt CFL.
5. Replaced 25 nos 35 watts LED lamps with 85 watt CFL.
6. In taffeta softening plant one raw water pump was stopped from feeding to softening as taken from tubewell line (Dec20 to Feb21).
7. Stopping Inefficient textile machines from plant to run plant at maximum efficiency and on TG (procurement of outside yarn) gain approx. 0.35%.
8. Replaced 15 nos tube type monitors with LED type.

Filament Division

1. Centrifugal pumps replaced with Energy Efficient (mono-block pumps) in DT- B & D- Tex-1st AHU. (Pump Qty-2 nos). Yearly Saving 28.56 MW
2. CHS : VFD installation on PSA fan motor (3.7 kW, 2900 RPM) to control the Air Flow. Yearly Saving 15.96 MW
3. Recovery Cooling Tower : VFD installed on RCT Fan -1 to control RCT Fan speed according to temperature requirement. Yearly Saving 12.60 MW

4. VAM Cooling Tower : Conventional Fans (2 Nos) replaced with Encon make High efficiency Aerodynamic Type E- Glass Epoxy FRP Hub & Fan. Yearly saving 106.68 MW
5. ET Plant : VFD installed on Surface Aerator Fan # 3 to maintain Oxygen Level in Tank. Yearly Saving 27.72 MW
6. Condenser Water Pump # 6 : Pump capacity reduced from 500 to 370 m³/hr. Yearly Saving 118.44 MW

(b) Impact of Measures:

Textile Unit: Impact of Energy Conservation Projects by implementing them in various steps is substantial downward trend in Power Cost. Power purchasing from State electricity Board has reduced.

Filament Unit: Impact of Energy projects by implementing them in various steps is substantial downward trend in power cost. Power purchasing from State electricity board has reduced.

(c) Total energy consumption and energy consumption per unit of production:

As per Form 'A' Attached.

II. PARTICULARS WITH RESPECT TO TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT (FORM 'B')

(a) Specific areas in which R&D carried out by the company.

Textile Unit:

- Installation of four Seam Sealing machines in Garmenting for making Seam sealed PPE Coveralls.

Filament Unit:

- Successful performance of HIGH R.V chips after increasing R.V in Batch Poly.
- Successfully launched 11 NEW DOPE DYED products.

(b) Benefits Derived.

Textile Division:

- Successfully executed big order of approx. 500k coveralls during Covid-19 pandemic,



received from M/s. Hindustan Life Care Ltd. (for Govt. of India).

Filament Division

- Provide products and services to our customers not only meeting but exceeding their requirements.
- Initiative to reduce cost of production by reduction in wastage, optimum utilization of resources & manpower to increase productivity & sales realization.
- Increase presence in international market in hank dyed and dope dyed segment.

(c) Future plan of action:

Textile Division

- The Company has independent R&D Department that regularly provides suggestions for improvement so as to optimize the cost of products and improve the quality.

Filament Division

- Plant to further increase capacity of Mono, IDY, HOY/FDY & CRIMP/DYED yarn production to increase market share in domestic and international market.
- Development of new product to expand customer base in new application or different quality.
- Focus on increasing productivity by maximum utilization of resources & modification in existing hardware.
- Plan to launch High TPM product in market.
- Plan to commission new IDY machine.

III. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, ADAPTATION AND INNOVATION

To meet the challenges of the world, the new latest technology state of the art machines have been installed in the Mills to produce as well as to reduce and optimize the cost of the fabric and of desired quality.

(a) Efforts in brief, made towards technology absorption adaptation and innovation:

Efforts continued in strengthening the R&D facilities in order to provide a comprehensive range of products being manufactured both

at Textile and Filament Yarn Units. Training at various levels to technical staff and workmen is an ongoing process.

(b) Benefits derived :

Availability of energy efficient, environment friendly systems and equipments results into wide range of products with improved quality, designs and reduction in cost.

(c) In case of imported technology (imported during the last 5 years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) :

The Company continuously strives to adopt latest technology for improving productivity, product quality and reducing consumption of raw material, energy and other inputs.

IV. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

(a) Activities relating to exports, initiatives taken to increase export, development of new export markets for product services and export plans:

The Company is exporting Textile Fabrics, Filament Yarns and has taken successful initiatives for increasing exports.

(b) Total Foreign Exchange used and earned:

(Rs. In lacs)

	Current Year	Previous Year
Used	3686.33	3012.55
Earned	4043.04	4457.95



TOTAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND ENERGY CONSUMPTION PER UNIT OF PRODUCTION

FORM 'A'

A. POWER AND FUEL CONSUMPTION

		Current Year	Previous Year
1	Electricity		
	(a) Purchased:		
	Units	24897180.00	52815646.00
	Total Cost (Rs./ LACS)	1871	3611
	Rate/Unit(Rs.)	7.51	6.84
	Merchant Power		
	Units (Kwh)	-	-
	Total Cost (Rs./ LACS)	-	-
	Rate/Unit(Rs.)	-	-
	(b) Own Generation:		
	(i) Through Diesel Generators		
	Units	57128	67874
	Total Cost (Rs./ LACS)	12.75	14.07
	Unit per Ltr of Diesel Oil	3.08	3.03
Cost/unit (Rs.)	22.32	20.73	
(ii) Through Steam Turbine Generators			
Units	74990680	75157230	
Total cost of Coal / Rice Husk (Rs. In Lacs)	2366.33	2998.86	
Cost/unit(Rs)	3.16	3.99	
2	Coal / Husk (Boilers)		
	Quantity(tonnes)	154352.62	169073.79
	Total Cost (Rs./Lacs)	5620.67	8021.08
	Average Rate (Rs)	3641.44	4744

		Current Year	Previous Year
3	Furnace Oil (Boilers)		
	Quantity (K.Ltrs)	56407.00	76268.00
	Total Cost (Rs. In Lacs)	16.37	25.08
	Average Rate./Ltr (Rs)	29.02	32.88
4	LDO/HSD (Furnaces / DG sets)		
	Quantity (Ltrs)	18570.00	22384.00
	Total Cost (Rs./ Lacs)	12.75	14.07
	Average Rate/ltr (Rs)	68.67	62.87
5	Pet Coke		
	Quantity (Kgs)	1595500.00	2023450.00
	Total Cost (Rs./Lacs)	175.73	186.60
	Average Rate./Ltr (Rs)	11.01	9.22
6	Other/Internal Generation		
	Steam		
	Quantity(tonnes)	559983	613823.20
	Total Cost (Rs. Lacs)	5637.04	8046.15
	Average Rate (Rs)	1006.6	1310.83

B. CONSUMPTION COST PER UNIT OF PRODUCTION (in Rs.)				
Product	Current Year		Previous Year	
	Elect.& DG/TG Power	Steam	Elect.& DG/TG Power	Steam
Filament Yarn / Chips	27.04	7.68	29.86	9.25
Cloth	4.907	9.40	8.152	13.704



Disclosure as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Ratio of the remuneration of each Director and Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company and percentage increase in remuneration of the Directors and KMPs in the Financial Year.

Requirements of Rule 5(1)		Details		
1.	The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year;	:	Name of the Director	Ratio
			Samir Thapar	262X
			Priya Thapar	61X
			The median Remuneration of employee of the Company was Rs. 1,37,656/-	
2.	The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year;	:	Mr. Samir Thapar	-
			Ms. Priya Thapar	-
			Mr. V K Singhal (CFO)	0%
			Mr. Sandeep Sachdeva (CS)	0%
3.	The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year;	:	-2%	
4.	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company	:	3683	
5.	Average percentage increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentage increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.	:	Average %age : Non-Managerial – 0% Average %age : Managerial – Nil	
6.	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company	:	Remuneration paid to Non-Managerial Personnel during the year ended March 31, 2021 is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.	



Form no. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
JCT LIMITED
Village Chohal, District Hoshiarpur,
Punjab-146001

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by JCT Limited (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification (*to the extent possible due to the lockdown announced by Government of India on account of COVID – 19 pandemic*) of the company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and Management Representation Letter and information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment in India and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

I further report that, there were no actions/events in pursuance of;

- (a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; requiring compliance thereof by the Company during the audit period.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable Clauses of The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange and applicable clauses of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.



Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India were complied with during the audit period.

During the period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

(vi) Other laws applicable to the Company.

I have examined the relevant documents and records on test check basis and relied on the representation made by the Company, its Officers and on the reports given by designated professionals for systems and processes formed by the Company to monitor and ensure compliances of Environmental Laws, Labour Laws, General Laws and other Laws and Regulations applicable specifically to the Company.

I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors (ID). One ID had ceased due to death on 15th February, 2021 and new ID was appointed in meeting dated 11th June, 2021 and One Nominee director was changed/appointed on 11th November, 2020 during the year and accordingly, there was a change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

There were no dissenting views by any Board member as per the minutes of the Board meetings duly recorded and signed.

None of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such authority as per the declaration provided by respective directors.

I further report that, based on the information provided by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit, and also on the review of compliance reports by respective department heads/Company Secretary/CEO taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company, in my opinion, adequate systems and processes and control mechanism exists in the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable general laws.

I further report, that the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.

I further report that during the audit period, there might be major bearing on the company's affairs regarding following events:

- I. The case before SAT, Mumbai was decided in favour of company in November 2020 regarding allotment of 3,64,72,067 Equity Shares at Rs. 2.50 each in lieu of interest differential of 3% between IRR of 19% and 16% to Phoenix and Its Associates on NPV basis as non-cash consideration as approved by members in EGM dated 21.02.2019. BSE filed an appeal in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India against decision of SAT, which was dismissed in favour of Company in February, 2021. As the in-principle approval was received in April, 2021, there was no allotment of respective shares in financial year 2020-21 The Company had allotted the said shares in Share Allotment Committee meeting held on 5th May, 2021.
- II. No further communication received from Asset Reconstruction Company India Limited (ARCIL) to Company's previous letter dated 11.02.2016 in reply to their Notice received in respect of Corporate Guarantees issued to IFCI for financial facilities availed by JCT Electronics Limited.
- III. Hon'ble court of Punjab & Haryana, Chandigarh took suo-moto cognizance of the matter and decided the matter of settlement of all the dues of the FCCBs Holders in the hearing dated 12.12.2019 by way of withdrawal of application by both the parties. In its order Hon'ble court of Punjab & Haryana, Chandigarh mentioned that "the Compromise is being done" instead of "Compromise had been done". Therefore, the Company is seeking amendment in the above said order and a fresh application has been filed in the Hon'ble court of Punjab & Haryana, Chandigarh. Next date of hearing could not be fixed due to COVID-19 pandemic.
- IV. Fresh case has been filed by the Official Liquidator of CNLT Malaysia in the High Court Malaysia at Kuala Lumpur



for recovery of US\$ 1,250,000 and for this issue Company had appointed Ariff Rozhan & Company, Advocate & Solicitors, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The next date of hearing is fixed on 22nd June, 2021.

- V. One of the vendors has filed a case before Chairman Cum Deputy Commissioner MSE Facilitation Council Jalandhar under MSMED Act 2006 on Company. The matter was settled during the current Financial Year.
- VI. Accumulated losses have resulted in erosion of substantial net worth of the Company, however, the company has been able to improve its financial performance by change of its product mix to ensure the increased manufacturing of the high margin products and also by rationalizing its production, man power and other cost/overheads etc., which has resulted in the profit during the current year. Further, to improve its liquidity/cash flow and to revive its financial position by reducing its debts, the Company is in the process of disposing off some of its non-core property.

Considering the above and future profitability and cash flow projections and the continued support from promoters, lenders, business associates and workmen, the management is hopeful of further improvement in its financial position/performance and accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

SEEMA KHANNA

Proprietor – SEEMA K & ASSOCIATES
FCS No. 8054/C P No.: 4397
UDIN number F008054C000453191

Place: New Delhi
Dated: 11.06.2021

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A to this Report and forms an integral part of this Report.

Annexure A

To,
The Members
JCT LIMITED
Village Chohal, District Hoshiarpur,
Punjab-146001

Our Secretarial Audit Report of even date, for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 is to be read along with this letter.

Management's Responsibility

1. It is the responsibility of the management of the Company to maintain secretarial records, devise proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and regulations and to ensure that the systems are adequate and operate effectively.

Auditor's Responsibility

2. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records, standards and procedures followed by the Company with respect to secretarial compliances.
3. We believe that audit evidence and information obtained from the Company's management is adequate and appropriate for us to provide a basis of our opinion.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

Disclaimer

5. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
6. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.

SEEMA KHANNA

Proprietor – SEEMA K & ASSOCIATES
FCS No. 8054/C P No.: 4397

Place: New Delhi
Dated: 11.06.2021

**CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

The Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance for the year ended 31st March 2021, in terms of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Corporate Governance is modus operandi of governing a corporate entity which includes a set of systems, procedures and practices which ensure that the Company is managed in the best interest of all corporate stakeholders i.e. shareholders, employees, suppliers, customers and society in general. Fundamentals of Corporate Governance include transparency, accountability, reporting and independence. For accomplishment of the objects of ensuring fair Corporate Governance, the Government of India has put in place a framework based on the stipulations contained under The Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Regulations, Accounting Standards and Secretarial Standards etc.

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

JCT has full belief that the sound corporate governance is essential for the success of its operations in the long term. The organization success is truly a reflection of the professionalism, conduct and ethical values of its management and employees. Our Company strives to ensure transparency in all its operations, make disclosures and comply with various laws and regulations. A Report on compliance with the principles of Corporate Governance as prescribed by The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in Chapter VI read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations is given below.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In terms of the Company's Corporate Governance Policy, all statutory and other significant & material information are placed before the Board to enable it to discharge its responsibility of strategic supervision of the Company as trustees of the Shareholders.

- a) The Chairman of the Board is Mr. Samir Thapar.
- b) **Composition and Category of the Board of Directors**

As on 31.03.2021, Board of Directors of Company had five directors consisting of 2 Executive Directors including one Women Director, 2 as Independent Directors and 1 Nominee Director. The Chairman of the Board is an Executive Director. None of the Directors on the board is a member of more than 10 committees and Chairman of more than 5 Committees. Necessary disclosures regarding directorship held in other companies and committee positions as on 31.03.2021 have been made by Directors.

- c) Attendance of Directors at Board Meetings & Annual General Meeting and Number of Companies in which the director is a member of the Board or its committee as a chairperson thereof during the year is given below as per Annexure-1.
- d) Number of other board of directors or committees in which a director is a member or including separately the names of the listed entities where the person is a director and the category of directorship is given below as per Annexure-1.

Annexure-1

Name of Director	Category	Attendance in Board Meeting		Whether attended last AGM held on 10.09.2020	Number of Directorships in other Public Companies			Directorship in other listed entity
		Held	Attended		No of other Directorships	No of committees in which a member	No of committees in which a chairman	
Mr. Samir Thapar Chairman & Managing Director	Executive	4	4	Yes	2	-	-	-
Ms. Priya Thapar	Executive	4	4	Yes	-	-	-	-
Dr.Ajit Kumar Doshi	Non-Executive – Independent	4	4	Yes	-	-	-	-



Name of Director	Category	Attendance in Board Meeting		Whether attended last AGM held on 10.09.2020	Number of Directorships in other Public Companies			Directorship in other listed entity
		Held	Attended		No of other Directorships	No of committees in which a member	No of committees in which a chairman	
Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot***	Non-Executive – Independent	4	4	Yes	-	-	-	-
Mr. Anand Agarwal*	Non-Executive – Nominee (Indian Bank)	2	-	No	-	-	-	-
Mr. Ram Swaroop Samria	Non-Executive – Independent	4	4	Yes	1	-	-	-
Mr. Rakesh Agarwal**	Non-Executive – Nominee (Indian Bank)	2	1	No	-	-	-	-

*Ceased to be Director w.e.f 11.11.2020

**Co opted on 11.11.2020

*** Ceased to be a Director w.e.f 15.02.2021 due to death.

e) Board Meetings

During the financial year 2020-21, the Board of the Company met 4 times on 20.07.2020, 10.09.2020, 11.11.2020, and 30.01.2021. The interval between two meetings is well within the maximum period under Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of Regulation 17 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

Due to Covid-19 first board meeting dated 20.07.2020 was held under the extension given by SEBI and MCA.

The notice of each Board Meeting is given in writing to each Director. The Agenda along with relevant notes and other material information are sent in advance separately to each Director.

In case of business exigencies or urgency of matters, resolutions are passed by circulation and same is placed before the Board in the next meeting. Besides performance of Company's operations before taking on record the quarterly / annual financial results of the Company, information supplied to the Board. All relevant information as required under Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 was placed before the Board from time to time.

- f) Ms. Priya Thapar - Director (Strategic Business Development) is sister of Mr. Samir Thapar- Chairman and Managing Director.
- g) Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi, Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot, Mr. Ramswaroop Samria and Mr. Anand Agarwal/ Mr. Rakesh Agarwal do not have any shareholding in the Company.

h) Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors

At the time of appointing a Director, a formal letter of appointment is given to him, which inter-alia explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected of him as a Director of the Company. Quarterly updates on relevant statutory changes and landmark judicial pronouncements encompassing important laws are regularly circulated to the Directors. Site visits to plant locations are organized for the Directors to enable them to understand the operations of the Company. The details of such familiarization programme for Independent Directors are posted on the website of the Company i.e. www.jct.co.in.

i) Key Board qualifications, expertise and attributes

The table below summarizes the key qualifications, skills, and attributes which are taken into consideration while nominating candidates to serve on the Board. The qualifications of each director are provided separately in the details of the Board of Directors.



Sr. No	Name of the Director	Qualification	Area of skill/Expertise/ Competencies
1.	Mr. Samir Thapar	Graduate in Business Administration from California State University Bakersfield, USA with a total experience of 30 years	He is having vast experience in the field of industry, Business and corporate Management.
2	Ms. Priya Thapar	Bachelor of Business Administration with major in Marketing and B.A in Fashion Merchandising from American College in London (ACL). She has also done Bachelor of Business Administration from London School of Economics and Bachelors in Interior Design from Parsons School of Design besides degree in History of Art from Sotheby's London with consistent good academic record	She in having vast Experience in HR, Marketing Administration and Apparel Industry.
3	Dr.Ajit Kumar Doshi	PHD In law (Amalgamation and Merger) and Chartered Accountant.	Having Expertise in Finance, Corporate and other laws. He was also Visiting professor of Calcutta Business School and Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. He retired as Member (Technical) of CLB.
4	Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot (ceased to be a Director on 15.02.2021)	Law Graduate	He was having 41 years of experience of Banking operations, Legal, Forex, Credit Monitoring and HR. He was retired as General Manager from Bank of India.
5	Mr. Ramswaroop Samria	Chartered Accountant in Practice	He is Senior partner of practicing firm of Chartered Accountants having 38 years of experience. He is also having 13 years of experience of Textile Industry.
6	Mr. Anand Agarwal (ceased to be a Director on 11.11.2020)	Master of Science – Agriculture	He is Field General Manager of Indian Bank and Nominee Director.
7	Mr. Rakesh Agarwal (Appointed on 11.11.2020)	Post Graduate	He is Deputy General Manager of Indian Bank and Nominee Director.

- j) The Board of Directors of the Company confirms that the Independent Directors of the Company fulfils the conditions as specified in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015 and are independent of the management.
- k) No Independent Director of the Company has resigned during the Financial Year 2020-21.

3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

a) Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of Audit Committee cover the areas mentioned under Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulation, 2015 as well as Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Audit Committee **inter alia** performs the functions of approving review of financial reporting system, internal controls system, discussion on financial results, interaction with Statutory and Internal Auditors, recommendation for the appointment of Statutory and Cost Auditors and their remuneration, recommendation for the appointment and remuneration of Internal Auditors.

**b) Composition**

As on 31.03.2021 the Audit Committee consists of three Non-Executive Directors out of which two are Independent namely Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi and Mr.Chander Mohan Bhanot whereas the other one Mr. Anand Agarwal/ Mr. Rakesh Agarwal is a Nominee Director from Indian Bank. Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi is the Chairman of the Committee. All members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and bring in expertise in the fields of Accounting, Finance and Taxation.

Besides above Chairman & Managing Director, Whole-time Director, Chief Financial Officer, the representatives of the Auditors are permanent invitees to the Audit Committee Meetings. The Company Secretary acts as a Secretary to the Committee.

The quorum, power, role and scope are in accordance with the Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

c) Meetings and Attendance

The Committee met four times during the Financial Year ended 2020-21 on 20.07.2020, 10.09.2020, 11.11.2020, and 30.01.2021. The maximum gap between any two meetings was less than four months which is in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 18 of SEBI (LODR) 2015. Adequate quorum was present for all Meetings. The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the Annual General Meeting of the Company. The Table below provides the attendance of the Audit Committee members.

Name of the Members	Position	Category	No. of Meetings held	No. of Meetings attended
Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent	4	4
Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot	Member	Non-Executive Independent	4	4
Mr. Anand Agarwal*	Member	Nominee-Indian Bank	2	-
Mr. Rakesh Agarwal**	Member	Nominee-Indian Bank	2	2

* Ceased to be Director w.e.f 11.11.2020

**Co opted on 11.11.2020

First meeting of Audit Committee and Board of Directors was held under the extension of SEBI guideline and MCA due to Covid-19

4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

In compliance with Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of at least 3 Directors all of whom shall be non-executive and at least fifty percent of the directors shall be independent directors.

a) Term of Reference

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee assist the Board in overseeing the method, criteria and quantum of compensation for directors and senior management based on their performance and defined assessment criteria. The terms of the reference of Nomination and Remuneration Committee covers the areas mentioned under Part D of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulation 2015 as well as section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013.

b) Composition, Meeting and Attendance:

The Chairman of the Committee is Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi.

The Committee at present comprises of three non-executive Directors which includes Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi, Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot and Mr. Ramswaroop Samria – Independent Directors and Mr. Anand Agarwal/Mr. Rakesh Agarwal – Nominee Director from Indian Bank. During the financial year ended 2020-21, one meeting of the Committee was held on 20.07.2020.

Name of the Members	Position	Category	No. of Meetings held	No. of Meetings attended
Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent	1	1
Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot	Member	Non-Executive Independent	1	1
Mr. Ramswaroop Samria	Member	Non-Executive Independent	1	1
Mr. Anand Agarwal*	Member	Nominee-Indian Bank	1	-
Mr. Rakesh Agarwal**	Member	Nominee-Indian Bank	-	-

*Ceased to be Director w.e.f 11.11.2020

**Co opted on 11.11.2020

**Performance Evaluation**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) 2015, a separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution and independence of judgment thereby safeguarding the interest of the Company. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The board also carried out annual performance evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination and Remuneration as well as stakeholder relationship committee. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

5. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

Remuneration policy of the Company is directed towards rewarding performance, based on review of achievements on a periodical basis. The remuneration policy is in accordance with the existing industry practice. There is no such pecuniary relationship between the Company and Non Executive Directors.

a) Disclosure of Remuneration to Non-Executive / Independent Directors:

The Non-Executive Directors were paid remuneration by way of Sitting Fees for each meeting of the Board and Committee of Directors attended by them. The total amount of Sitting Fees paid during the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2021 was Rs. 22.00 Lacs.

Rs. in Lacs

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the Directors				Total Amount
		Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi	Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot	Mr. Anand Agarwal / Mr. Rakesh Agarwal*	Mr. Ramswaroop Samria	
1.	Fee for attending board & committee meetings	9.00	9.00	-	3.60	21.60
2.	Commission	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Others, Travelling	0.26	0.08	-	0.06	0.40
	Total	9.26	9.08	-	3.66	22.00

*Paid to Indian Bank

b) Remuneration to Executive Directors

Payment of remuneration to Executive Directors is governed by the respective Agreements executed between them and the Company. The remuneration package of Chairman & Managing Director and Whole-time Director comprises of salary, perquisites, allowances and contribution to Provident and other Retirement Benefit Funds as approved by the shareholders at the General Meeting.

The details of the remuneration paid during the year ended 31st March, 2021 under review is given below.

(Rs. in lacs)

	Mr. Samir Thapar		Ms. Priya Thapar	
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
Salary including allowance	91.28	96.00	28.52	30.00
Contribution to Provident & Superannuation Funds	11.98	13.02	4.77	5.10
Perquisites, Allowances & Reimbursements	179.63	264.00	36.40	54.00
Total*	282.89	373.02	69.69	89.10

*excludes the provision made towards gratuity and leave encashment on actuarial basis



6. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

a) Composition and Attendance

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprises of four Directors. Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi, Independent Director is the Chairman of this Committee. The table below highlights the composition and attendance of the Members of the Committee. The requisite quorum was present at all the Meetings.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Positions	Category	No. of Meetings Attended
1	Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi	Chairman	Independent Director	4
2	Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot	Member	Independent Director	4
3	Mr. Samir Thapar	Member	Executive Director	4
4	Ms. Priya Thapar	Member	Executive Director	4

The Committee meets normally once in three months to oversee proper redressal of grievances of stakeholders/ investors and compliance of stipulation in the matter of listing of shares with stock exchange/ depositories etc.

The matter of transfer / transmission of shares, sub-division/ consolidation and issue of new / duplicate shares etc. including demat/ remat of shares in the normal course are looked after by the Committee of Senior Executives consisting of Mr. Vinod Kumar Singhal – Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Sandeep Sachdeva - Company Secretary, who have been authorized by the Committee for the same.

The Committee met 4 times during the year on 20.07.2020, 10.09.2020, 11.11.2020 and 30.01.2021.

b) Name and Designation of the Compliance Officer

Mr. Sandeep Sachdeva, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer.

c) Number of complaints received, not solved & pending

The total number of complaints received and resolved during the year ended 31st March 2021 was Nil. There were no complaints outstanding as on 31st March 2021. The number of pending share transfers and pending requests were Nil. Shareholders'/ Investors' complaints and other correspondence are normally attended to within seven working days except where constrained by disputes or legal impediments. No investor grievances remained unattended / pending for more than thirty days as on 31st March, 2021.

d) Terms of Reference

The Committee shall consider and resolve the grievances of the security holders of the company including complaints related to transfer of shares, non-receipt of annual report and non-receipt of declared dividends.

7. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

a) Composition:

Company has a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee consisting of Mr. Samir Thapar, Ms. Priya Thapar and Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi. Mr. Samir Thapar is the Chairman of the Committee.

b) Term of Reference

- Decide the CSR activities to be taken up by the Company in accordance of this policy
- Decide the amount to be allocated for each project or activity
- Oversee and monitor the progress of the initiatives rolled out under this policy and
- Submit a report to the Board of Directors on all CSR activities undertaken during the financial year which shall duly be displayed on the Company's website www.jct.co.in.

c) Meeting

No meeting was held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2021.



8. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Details of last 3 Annual General Meetings (AGM/EGM) Held

Sr. No.	Financial Year/ Period	Type of Meeting	Date and Time	Location	Whether any Special Resolution passed
1	2019-20	AGM	10.09.2020 at 11:30 am	Village Chohal Dist. Hoshiarpur Punjab	Yes
2	2018-19	AGM	14.08.2019 at 11:30 am	Village Chohal Dist. Hoshiarpur Punjab	Yes
3	2018-19	EGM	14.02.2019 at 11:30 am	Village Chohal Dist. Hoshiarpur Punjab	Yes
4	2017-18	AGM	14.09.2018 at 11:30 am	Village Chohal Dist. Hoshiarpur Punjab	Yes

Postal Ballot: There was no special or ordinary resolution passed by the Company through Postal Ballot during the Financial year 2020-21

9. MEANS OF COMMUNICATIONS

- a) Quarterly Results : Through Publications
- b) Newspaper wherein results normally published : Financial Express / Business Standard (all editions) & Jagbani
- c) Website at which result is published : www.jct.co.in and www.bseindia.com
- d) Whether it also displays official news releases : Yes, as and when necessary/required
- e) The presentations made to Institutional Investors or analysts : No

10. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

- a) Annual General Meeting Time, Day, Date & Venue : Tuesday, 31st August, 2021 at 11:30 a.m
Via Video Conferencing / OAVM
- b) Financial Calendar(Provisional)
 - Unaudited results for QE 30.06.2020 :}
 - Unaudited results for QE 30.09.2020 :} Within 45 days of the close of the respective quarter
 - Unaudited results for QE 31.12.2020 :}
 - Audited results YE 31.03.2021 : Within 90 days of the close of the year.
- c) Dividend Payment Date : No Dividend is proposed
- d) Name and address of stock exchange : BSE Ltd.
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers
Dalal Street, Mumbai- 400001
- e) Annual Listing Fee : Annual Listing fee for the year 2020-21 has been paid.
- f) Stock Code : 500223
- g) Market Price Data

(In Rs)

Month/Year	High	Low
Apr-20	1.24	0.9
May-20	1.59	1.06
Jun-20	1.72	1.31
Jul-20	1.64	1.22
Aug-20	1.20	0.97
Sep-20	1.05	0.91
Oct-20	0.93	0.78
Nov-20	0.87	0.76
Dec-20	1.05	0.79
Jan-21	0.99	0.76
Feb-21	1.00	0.88
Mar-21	1.09	0.89



- h) Performance in comparison to broad base indices such:** The shares of the Company are not considered as BSE Sensex, Crisil Index, by stock exchange in their index fluctuations.
- i) The Securities were not suspended from trading during the financial year 2020-21.**
- j) Registrar & Transfer Agents:** RCMC Share Registry Private Ltd,
B--25/1, 1st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area Ph II, New Delhi 110020
Tel: 011-26387320-321-323 Fax: 011-26387322
Email: investor.services@rcmcdelhi.com
- k) Share Transfer System:** In terms of the Listing Regulations, effective from 1st April, 2019, securities of listed companies can only be transferred in dematerialised form except where the claim is lodged for transmission or transposition of shares or where the transfer deed(s) was lodged prior 1st April, 2019 and returned due to deficiency in the document. Shareholders are advised to dematerialise their shares held by them in physical form. Requests for dematerialisation of shares are processed and confirmation thereof is given to the respective depositories i.e. National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services India Limited (CDSL) within the statutory time limit from the date of receipt of share certificates provided the documents are complete in all respects.
- l) Distribution of shareholding as on 31.03.2021**

No of Equity Shares held		No of shareholders	%age of shareholders	No of shares held	Amount	% age of Shareholding
From	To					
Upto	5000	80302	85.82	32595153	81487882.50	3.89
5001	10000	4334	4.63	13101665	32754162.50	1.56
10001	20000	3815	4.08	21209198	53022995.00	2.53
20001	30000	1881	2.01	18944634	47361585.00	1.11
30001	40000	657	0.70	9340019	23350047.00	1.11
40001	50000	544	0.58	10395518	25988795.00	1.24
50001	100000	943	1.01	26941216	67353040.00	3.21
100001 and Above		1098	1.17	705899185	1764747962.50	84.19
Grand Total		93574	100	838426588	2096066470.00	100

m) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity

As on 31.03.2021, 99.04% of equity shares have been dematerialized.

- National Securities Depositories Limited (NSDL) : 693439523
- Central Depositories Services Limited (CDSL) : 137012746

n) Commodity price or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

Company's business activities inter-alia include import of materials like Caprolactum, Yarn and Dyes & Chemicals etc which are linked to international prices and major international currencies. As a result the Company is exposed to exchange rate fluctuations on its imports and exports. The impact of these fluctuations on the Company's profitability and finances is considered material. Company manages and mitigates its risk through Currency Risk Management Policy as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company has adequate risk assessment and minimization system in place including for commodities. Company's risk Company is also a sizable user of various commodities including Cotton, PSF, VSF and other Yarns which expose it to the price risk on account of procurement of commodities. The Company does not have material exposure of any commodity and accordingly, no hedging activities for the same are carried out.



- o) Plant Locations** : Textile Unit at Phagwara (Punjab)
Filament Yarn Unit at Hoshiarpur (Punjab)
- p) Address for correspondence** : Village Chohal, District Hoshiarpur 146024 (Punjab)
- OR**

601, Prabhat Kiran, 17th Rajendra Place,
New Delhi - 110008

- q) Credit Rating Obtained** : CARE D for Long term facilities and Care D for Short term Facilities

11. OTHER DISCLOSURES

a) Related Party Transactions

All transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI(LODR)2015 during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and do not attract the provision of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Related party transactions with the Directors, Senior Management, Personnel and their relatives are reported to the Audit Committee from time to time and have been disclosed under the Related Party Transactions as per IND-AS -24 "Related Party Disclosures" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants Of India (ICAI) which are set out in the Annual Report and other relevant notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31.03.2021. There were no material significant Related Party Transactions that may have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

b) Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

In the financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2021, the Company has followed the treatment as prescribed in the applicable accounting standard.

c) Details of non-compliance, penalties etc. imposed by Stock Exchanges, Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) etc. on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

There was no Penalty Imposed by the SEBI or Stock exchange during the financial year 2020-21.

d) Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI(LODR)2015, the Company has formulated a Whistle Blower Policy for vigil mechanism for Directors and Employees to report to the management about the unethical behavior, fraud or violation of Company's Code of Conduct. The mechanism provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who use such mechanism and make provisions for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases.

The practice of the Whistleblower Policy is overseen by the Audit Committee of the Board and Mr.Kanwar Nitin Singh- Asst. Company Secretary is the Vigilance Officer. None of the personnel of the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee. The confidentiality of those reporting violations is maintained and they are not subject to any discriminatory practice. The Policy is available on the website of the Company www.jct.co.in.

e) Mandatory & Non mandatory requirements

The Company has fully complied with mandatory requirements as stipulated under SEBI (LODR) 2015 with the Bombay Stock Exchange and non mandatory requirement as and when required or necessary to do so.

f) Subsidiary Companies:

Company does not have any Subsidiary Company.

g) Related party transaction policy:

As required under the SEBI (LODR) 2015, the Company has formulated a policy dealing with the related party transactions. The Policy is available on the website of the Company www.jct.co.in.



h) Details of Utilization of Funds raised through preferential allotment/Qualified Institution placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A)

During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares.

i) Total Fees paid to Statutory Auditor of the Company during the FY 2020-21

The total fee paid to Statutory Auditor during the year 2020-21 is given below:-

Particulars	Amount (Rs. In lakhs)
For Audit Fees	14.40
For Certification work	-
For Reimbursement of Expenses	0.00
Total	14.40

j) Sexual Harassment Complaints

The Company has in place Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition, Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder. The Company has zero tolerance on Sexual Harassment at workplace. In compliance with the provisions of Companies Accounts Rules, 2014, as amended, the Internal Complaints Committee is set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees and other stakeholders) are covered under this policy. The following is the summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the 2020-21.

Number of complaints filed during the year	Nil
Number of Complaints disposed	Nil
Number of Complaints pending as on end of the Financial Year	Nil

12. NON COMPLIANCE

Company has complied with all the requirement/disclosures as mentioned in sub paras (2) to (10) of Corporate Governance Report as given in part C of Schedule V of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

13. The status of compliance of Discretionary non Mandatory requirements as prescribed in Part E of the SEBI (LODR) 2015 are as under:

- The Board : The Chairman of the Company is Executive Chairman and hence this provisions is not applicable
- Shareholders’ Right: The quarterly, half yearly and annual financial results of the Company are published in newspapers on all India basis and are also posted on the Company’s Website. Significant events are also posted on Company’s Website.
- Modified Opinion: The observation of the Auditors have been fully explained in the Independent Auditors Report.
- Mr. Samir Thapar is the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company.
- Reporting of Internal Auditors: The Internal Auditors are directly reporting to the Audit Committee.

14. STATUS OF COMPLIANCE

a) Code of Conduct

The Board of Directors of the Company plays an important role in ensuring good governance and has adopted the Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel. The Code is applicable to all the Board Members and Senior Management of the Company. A copy of the same is available on Company’s website www.jct.co.in. The Managing Director has also confirmed and certified the same.

b) Risk Assessment 17(9)

Board has apprised of the assessment done of the risk factors and the management policy for the control and minimization of the same during the year. There is elaborate system for the assessment and control on continuous basis.



c) Risk Management Committee

For the Year 2020-21, our Company does not qualify to be in Top 1000 Listed Company therefore the provisions of Regulations 21 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 are not applicable.

d) Independent Directors

The Non-Executive Independent Directors fulfill the conditions of Independence specified in section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under and meet the requirements of Regulation 25 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

A formal letter of appointment to Independent Director has been issued and disclosed on the website of the Company viz. www.jct.co.in.

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on 10.09.2020 inter alia, to

- a) Review the performance of non-independent directors and the board of directors as a whole;
- b) Review the performance of the chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors;
- c) Assess the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the management of the Company and the board of directors that is necessary for the board of directors to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

Independent director databank registration

Pursuant to a notification dated October 22, 2019 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, all directors have completed the registration with the Independent Directors Databank. Requisite disclosures have been received from the directors in this regard.

e) Insider Trading Code

As per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations 2018, the Company has adopted Code of Conduct for Fair Disclosures of Un-published Price Sensitive Information and Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trading by Designated Persons to deter the insider trading in the securities of the Company based on the Un-published Price Sensitive Information. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for monitoring adherence to the said Regulations and has laid down an effective monitory system for the said purposes.



CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS
(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members of
J C T Limited
Chohal, Distt Hoshiarpur,
Punjab-146024

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of J C T Limited having CIN L17117PB1946PLC004565 and having registered office at Village Chohal, Distt Hoshiarpur, Punjab-146024 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in and certificate received from directors) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2021 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority .

Sr. No	Name of Directors	DIN	Date of Appointment in the Company
1	Mr. Samir Thapar	00062287	02/06/1994
2	Ms. Priya Thapar	06742680	26/11/2013
3	Dr. Ajit Kumar Doshi	02298644	26/10/2012
4	Mr. Ramswaroop Samria	00375315	30/05/2018
5	Mr. Rakesh Kumar Agarwal	08980324	11/11/2020
6	*Mr. Chander Mohan Bhanot	06462056	24/01/2013

*Deceased in February, 2021

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For SEEMA K & ASSOCIATES

Seema Khanna
FCS No.8054
CP No. 4397

UDIN No. F008054C000453180

Place: New Delhi
Date : 11.06.2021



CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

- A. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year 2020-21 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
- (1) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - (2) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. We further state that to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year 2020-21 which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware.
- D. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee
- (1) Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year, 2020-21;
 - (2) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year, 2020-21 and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (3) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated : 11.06.2021

(V.K Singhal)
Chief Financial Officer

(SAMIR THAPAR)
Chairman & Managing Director

DECLARATION

DECLARATION BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR REGARDING ADHERANCE TO THE CODE OF CONDUCT

As provided under Regulation 26 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the year ended 31.03.2021

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated : 11.06.2021

(SAMIR THAPAR)
Chairman & Managing Director



AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Independent Auditor's Report on compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulations 46(2) and para C & D of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To,
The Members of **JCT Limited**,

1. The Corporate Governance Report prepared by JCT Limited (hereinafter the "Company"), contains details as required by the provisions stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C & D of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("the Listing Regulations") ('Applicable criteria') with respect to Corporate Governance for the year ended March 31, 2021. This report is required by the Company for annual submission to the Stock exchange and to be sent to the Shareholders of the Company.

Management's Responsibility

2. The preparation of the Corporate Governance Report is the responsibility of the Management of the Company including the preparation and maintenance of all relevant supporting records and documents. This responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Corporate Governance Report.
3. The Management along with the Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations, issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

Auditor's Responsibility

4. Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Regulations, it is our responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance in the form of an opinion whether the Company has complied with the specific requirements of the Listing Regulations referred to in paragraph 3 above.
5. We conducted our examination of the Corporate Governance Report in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes and the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). The Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.
7. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks associated in compliance of the Corporate Governance Report with the applicable criteria. Summary of key procedures performed include:
 - i. Reading and understanding of the information prepared by the Company and included in its Corporate Governance Report;
 - ii. Obtained and verified that the composition of the Board of Directors w.r.t executive and non-executive directors has been met throughout the reporting period;
 - iii. Obtained and read the Directors Register as on March 31, 2021 and verified that atleast one women director was on the Board during the year;
 - iv. Obtained and read the minutes of the following committee meetings held April 01, 2020 to March 31, 2021:
 - (a) Board of Directors Meeting;
 - (b) Audit Committee;



- (c) Annual General Meeting;
 - (d) Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
 - (e) Stakeholders Relationship Committee; and
 - (f) Independent Director Meeting
- v. Performed necessary inquiries with the management and also obtained necessary specific representations from management.

The above-mentioned procedures include examining evidence supporting the particulars in the Corporate Governance Report on a test basis. Further, our scope of work under this report did not involve us performing audit tests for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the fairness or accuracy of any of the financial information or the financial statements of the Company taken as a whole.

Opinion

8. Based on the procedures performed by us as referred in paragraph 7 above, and according to the information and explanations given to us, that, we are of the opinion that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations.

Other matters and Restriction on Use

9. This report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
10. This report is addressed to and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose of enabling it to comply with its obligations under the Listing Regulations with reference to compliance with the relevant regulations of Corporate Governance and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care or for any other purpose or to any other party to whom it is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing. We have no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this report

**For Navdeep Singh & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No. 008400N**

**(Navdeep Singh)
Partner**

M. No. 034979

UDIN: 21034979AAAABQ7904

Place: Hoshiarpur

Date: 11.06.2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ‘JCT LIMITED’

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **JCT Limited** (the “Company”), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the ‘Act’) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2021 and its profit and total Comprehensive Income, its changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the

Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter	Auditor’s Response
<p><u>Assessment of the Company’s ability to continue as Going Concern</u> (Refer to Notes No. 38.6)</p> <p>There are accumulated losses in the Company since earlier years, and the same has resulted in the erosion of substantial net worth of the Company. The Company has profits during the current year, however, there are still some concerns due to accumulated losses and defaults in the repayment of its loans due to the financial crisis being faced by the Company. However, the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis based on management’s assessment. The said management assessment involves making a judgement at a particular point of time, about inherently uncertain future outcomes of events or conditions and the factors relevant to this judgement involves high degree of uncertainty and subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with the judgments that were reasonable at the time they were made. As Auditor, our responsibilities are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding, and conclude on, the appropriateness of managements’s use of the going concern basis, however, as the potential effects of inherent limitations on the auditor’s ability to detect material misstatements are greater than for future events or conditions that may cause an entity to cease to continue as a going concern, the Auditor cannot predict such future events or conditions and therefore the evaluation and assessment of the going concern basis of accounting as assessed by the management involved significant level of subjectivity, judgment and estimation, as detailed above, and therefore the same has been considered as Key Audit Matter by us during our audit.</p>	<p><u>Audit Procedure included, but not limited to the followings:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Obtained an understanding of the management’s process of assessment / evaluation of the going concern basis of accounting and evaluated and tested operating effectiveness of the controls around this process. - Inquired the management as to its knowledge of events or conditions and related business risks beyond the period of assessment used by management that may cast doubts on the Company’s ability to continue as going concern. - Evaluated the information obtained in connection with going concern basis in conjunction with other information obtained throughout the audit that may impact our assessment of the appropriateness of the management’s use of the going concern basis of accounting. - Obtained information about management’s plans to consider whether it is likely that the adverse effects will be mitigated for the foreseeable future, and evaluated the likelihood of effective implementation of such plans. Considered the bases on which the plans have been prepared, giving consideration as to whether they conform with facts already known and to available independent evidence which included the response of the bankers / lenders with respect to the financial support being / to be provided by them to the Company. <p>Based on our above audit procedures, we have not come across any circumstances that may require any further comments on the appropriateness of managements’ use of the going concern basis.</p>



Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
<p><u>Property, Plant & Equipment</u></p> <p>(Refer to Note No. 4, read with the Accounting Policy No. 3.1)</p> <p>The property, plant and equipment, (except the land) are depreciated on straight line / written down value basis, over their useful life, as estimated by the management, and the land is stated at its fair value. The asset's residual values and useful lives and land's fair value are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and necessary adjustments are made accordingly, wherever required. The useful life of the assets and fair value of the land are estimated by the management, based on usage pattern / trend, technological developments and level of wear and tear etc. and based on the independent valuers' reports, which involve high degree of the estimation and judgement, and could affect their reported amounts in the financial statements, in case of any improper estimation / valuation. Considering that the property, plant & equipment, comprise the substantial part of the total assets of the Company (68.62% of total assets), and any change in their reported amounts, due to any improper estimations / valuation could result in substantial impact on the financial position of Company, the same has been considered as Key Audit Matter by us during our audit.</p>	<p><u>Audit Procedure included, but not limited to the followings:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Obtained an understanding of the management's process and evaluated and tested operating effectiveness of the control around identification of the useful lives of the assets. - Obtained the independent valuers' reports for fair value of the land and understanding of their process of the fair valuation. - Review of the basic key assumptions, and use / comparison of the same to the historic performance of the respective group of assets and approved estimates. - Review and application of the key assumptions, its usage with the impairment models and past history of the wear and tear levels and replacement life of the assets etc. - Review of the actual level of performance of the assets and comparison thereof with the earlier estimates and actual results, considering the technological changes / improvements etc. Based on our above audit procedures, we have not come across any circumstances that may require any material adjustments to the reported amounts of the property, plant & equipment.
<p><u>Inventory of Finished and Stock – in – Process</u></p> <p>(Refer to Note No. 10, read with the Accounting Policy No. 3.3.b)</p> <p>The inventory of finished goods and stock in process is valued at the lower of cost, and net realizable value, and cost include cost of inputs, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing finished goods and stock-in-process, to their present location and condition.</p> <p>This inventory comprises of diversified range and quality of yarn and cloth / fabrics, and its costing / valuation depends on the cost of each of such quality of the item as per the specification received from the customers, and its stage of manufacturing, quality and date of purchase of the raw material and other inputs, and efficiency of the manufacturing facility, and due to highly complex process specially considering that the Company is running a composite textile mill; to fairly estimate the valuation of such stock, it involves significant level of subjectivity, judgment and estimation. Considering that the Company is having substantial inventory of Finished Goods and Stock in Process (12.74% of total assets of the Company), and the valuation thereof involves significant level of subjectivity, judgment and estimation, as detailed above, the same has been considered as Key Audit Matter by us during our audit.</p>	<p><u>Audit Procedure included, but not limited to the followings:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Obtained an understanding of the Company's process of valuation of the stock, which is done through the computer software. - Tested the software with respect to access and applications controls pertaining to the allocation of the raw-materials / inputs to various stages of productions. - Performed substantive procedures to test the reasonableness of the cost allocation methods and basis for allocation of various conversion costs including the direct and indirect cost. - Evaluated the process of ascertaining the realizable value of the inventory by comparing the actual sales of the same type of the material and its realisation etc. - Review of the inventory valuation process of the Company with the industry practices, based on the details obtained in respect of the selected other textile companies functioning within the same technology and business norms / circumstances based on our above audit procedures, we have not come across any circumstances that may require any material adjustments to the reported amounts of the Inventory of Finished and Stock – in – Process.



Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Corporate Governance Report and Directors' Report, including annexures thereon, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends

to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related



disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016' ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure-'A', a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.

- c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure-'B';
- g. In our opinion, the remuneration paid by the Company to its Directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013; and
- h. with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 38.1 to the financial statements;
 - ii. The Company has not entered into any long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no amount, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For NAVDEEP SINGH & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No. 008400N

(Navdeep Singh Choudhary)
Partner
M. No. 034979
UDI No. 21034979AAAABO1088

Place: Hoshiarpur
Dated: 11.06.2021

**ANNEXURE-‘A’ TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT**

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of the independent auditors’ report of even date on the financial statements of JCT Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2021)

- (i) In respect of its property, plant and equipments;
- The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of the property, plant and equipments.
 - As explained to us, the property, plant and equipments are physically verified by the management once in a period of three years, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its property, plant and equipments. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties, as disclosed in Note 4 on property, plant and equipments to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) As explained to us, inventories except those lying with third parties, have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals during the year. The discrepancies noticed on such physical verification as compared to book records were not material and have been appropriately dealt with in the books of accounts.
- (iii) The Company had not granted unsecured loans to companies covered in the Register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, hence this clause is not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meanings of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder to the extent notified.

(vi) Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

(vii) In respect of statutory dues:

- According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities though there has been a delay in few cases. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- The disputed statutory dues aggregating to Rs. 5,181.65 lakhs, have not been deposited on account of matters pending in appeals before appropriate authorities are as under:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the dues	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
Central Excise Act, 1944 and Service Tax	Excise Duty/ Service Tax	Upto Commissioner Level	179.16
		CESTAT/ Tribunal	1,006.53
Central Sales Tax, VAT Act of various states	VAT/Entry Tax	Asst. Commissioner Level	359.81
		Tribunal	3,403.08
Custom Duty Act, 1962	Custom Duty	Commissioner of Customs	186.05
Rajasthan Land & Building Tax Act, 1964	Municipal Taxes	High Court, Jodhpur	47.02
TOTAL			5,181.65

(viii) Based on the audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has defaulted in the repayment of loans and



borrowings to the financial institutions. The detail of the defaults have been given in the notes 21.4 and 21.5 to the financial statements.

- (ix) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year.
- (x) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or material fraud on the Company by its officers / employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) The managerial remuneration paid/provided is within the limit and in compliance of the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company hence the requirement of this clause is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable. The details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the Ind AS 24 – Related Party Disclosures.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with Directors or persons connected with them.
- (xvi) As explained to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For NAVDEEP SINGH & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No. 008400N

(Navdeep Singh Choudhary)
Partner
M. No. 034979
UDI No. 21034979AAAABO1088

Place: Hoshiarpur
Dated: 11.06.2021

ANNEXURE-‘B’ TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under `Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of the independent auditors’ report of even date on the financial statements of JCT Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2021)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **JCT Limited** (“the Company”) as of 31st March, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the “Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting” (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the ‘Guidance Note’) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit



to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and Directors of the

Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For NAVDEEP SINGH & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No. 008400N

(Navdeep Singh Choudhary)
Partner
M. No. 034979
UDI No. 21034979AAAABO1088

Place: Hoshiarpur
Dated: 11.06.2021



BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
ASSETS			
1 Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	58,018.29	58,998.11
Capital work in progress	4	129.77	195.34
Intangible Assets	4	72.47	110.10
Right of use Assets	5	91.92	161.70
Financial Assets			
- Investments	6	142.33	160.79
- Loans	7	362.94	393.13
Non-current tax assets (net)	8	46.72	53.02
Other non-current assets	9	178.03	129.84
		59,042.47	60,202.03
2 Current assets			
Inventories	10	15,417.33	15,913.86
Financial Assets			
- Investments	11	10.64	10.64
- Trade receivables	12	5,174.66	2,375.61
- Cash and cash equivalents	13	147.46	1,372.40
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	14	968.52	863.43
- Loans	15	26.03	18.50
- Other current financial assets	16	543.28	509.74
Other current assets	17	3,112.92	3,316.33
		25,400.84	24,380.51
3 Assets classified as held for sale			
	18	105.02	105.02
TOTAL ASSETS		84,548.33	84,687.56
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	19	20,960.66	20,960.66
Equity Shares pending for allotment	21.2	747.65	-
Other Equity	20	12,331.73	10,759.27
		34,040.04	31,719.93
Liabilities			
1 Non-current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
- Borrowings	21	6,882.70	8,831.13
- Lease Liabilities	38.4	54.50	45.62
- Other non-current financial liabilities	22	4,713.80	4,649.97
Provisions	23	3,451.97	4,232.15
		15,102.97	17,758.87
2 Current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
- Borrowings	24	8,999.75	6,855.52
- Lease Liabilities	38.4	39.83	129.16
- Trade Payables	25		
a. total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		3,660.09	1,705.28
b. total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		9,585.58	10,906.66
- Other current financial liabilities	26	11,503.19	9,013.57
Provisions	27	712.02	804.91
Other current liabilities	28	904.86	5,793.66
		35,405.32	35,208.76
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		84,548.33	84,687.56
Significant Accounting Policies	1 to 3		
Other Notes	38		

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Samir Thapar

V K Singhal
Chief Financial Officer

Sandeep Sachdeva
Company Secretary
(Membership No.54261)

Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN 00062287)

This is the Balance Sheet referred to our report of even date
Navdeep Singh & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 008400N

Navdeep Singh Choudhary
Partner

Membership No.034979

Directors

Priya Thapar (DIN 06742680)
A K Doshi (DIN 02298644)
R S Samria (DIN 00375315)
Surendra Mal Daga (DIN 03575623)
Rakesh Agarwal (DIN 08980324)

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated : 11.06.2021



STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
INCOME:			
Revenue From Operations	29	65,729.83	69,304.84
Other Income	30	805.72	1,582.72
Total Income		66,535.55	70,887.56
EXPENSES:			
Cost of materials consumed	31	33,918.40	39,455.66
Other manufacturing expenses	32	12,015.42	14,606.64
Changes in inventories of finished goods and stock-in-process	33	1,816.69	862.54
Employee benefits expense	34	8,168.54	10,892.01
Finance costs	35	4,600.73	4,271.23
Depreciation and amortization expense	36	1,456.82	1,502.51
Other expenses	37	3,088.95	3,753.39
Total Expenses		65,065.55	75,343.98
Profit/(Loss) for the year before / after tax		1,470.00	(4,456.42)
Other Comprehensive Income :			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Re-measurements gains on defined benefit plans		164.04	(118.50)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
- Fair value of Investments through OCI		(18.46)	1.95
- Fair value of Land through OCI		(43.11)	1,678.95
Other Comprehensive Income for the year		102.47	1,562.39
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year		1,572.47	(2,894.03)
Earnings per share- in Rs.	38.15		
- Basic		0.18	(0.53)
- Diluted		0.17	(0.53)
Significant Accounting Policies	1 to 3		
Other Notes	38		

V K Singhal
Chief Financial Officer

Sandeep Sachdeva
Company Secretary
(Membership No.54261)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Samir Thapar
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN 00062287)

This is the Balance Sheet referred to our report of even date

Navdeep Singh & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 008400N

Navdeep Singh Choudhary
Partner
Membership No.034979

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated : 11.06.2021

Directors

Priya Thapar	(DIN 06742680)
A K Doshi	(DIN 02298644)
R S Samria	(DIN 00375315)
Surendra Mal Daga	(DIN 03575623)
Rakesh Agarwal	(DIN 08980324)



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2021		Year Ended 31st March, 2020	
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss		1,470.00		(4,456.42)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,456.82		1,502.51	
Finance costs (net)	4,600.73		4,271.23	
Bad debts written off (net of impairment allowance)	32.65		12.29	
Impairment loss for advances etc.	49.87		4.93	
Dividend from current investments	-		(0.04)	
Liabilities/provisions no longer required written back	(14.02)		(84.50)	
Interest income	(126.79)		(189.25)	
Property, plant and equipment written off	2.41		17.50	
Gain on lease termination	(12.47)		-	
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	<u>(399.16)</u>		<u>(1,135.81)</u>	
		<u>5,590.04</u>		<u>4,398.85</u>
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes		7,060.04		(57.56)
Adjustment for working capital changes:				
Decrease in Inventories	496.53		1,689.75	
(Increase)/Decrease in loans and trade receivables	(2,831.70)		2,196.16	
Decrease/(Increase) in other financial and non-financial assets	71.59		(93.42)	
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	633.73		(1,252.39)	
(Decrease)/Increase in other financial liabilities, non-financial liabilities and provisions	<u>(2,263.79)</u>		<u>4,424.50</u>	
Cash (Used in)/Generated from Working Capital Changes		<u>(3,893.64)</u>		<u>6,964.60</u>
Cash generated from operations		3,166.40		6,907.04
Income Tax paid/(refund) (net)		7.03		(25.51)
Net Cash inflow from Operating Activities - A		<u>3,173.43</u>		<u>6,881.53</u>
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment including capital work in progress	(489.81)		(425.21)	
Sale/disposal of property, plant and equipment	524.80		1,256.55	
Deposits matured/made during the year	(105.09)		(115.32)	
Dividend income	-		0.04	
Interest income	148.94		172.26	
Net Cash inflow from Investing Activities - B		<u>78.84</u>		<u>888.32</u>



Particulars	Year Ended 31st March, 2021		Year Ended 31st March, 2020	
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
(Repayment) of Secured Borrowings	(1,371.74)		(2,596.68)	
(Repayment)/Proceeds of Unsecured Borrowings	(119.93)		281.54	
Payments for the interest portion of the lease liabilities	(15.77)		(36.13)	
Payments for the principal portion of the lease liabilities	(53.37)		(126.58)	
Finance costs	(2,916.40)		(4,039.54)	
Net Cash outflow from Financing Activities - C		(4,477.21)		(6,517.39)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(1,224.94)		1,252.46
Cash and cash equivalents (Opening Balance)		1,372.40		119.94
Cash and cash equivalents (Closing Balance)		147.46		1,372.40

Note to Statement of cash flows :**- Components of Cash and cash equivalents as under :**

- Balance with Banks - Current Accounts	137.33	1,344.58
- Cheques, draft on hand/ remittance in transit	0.10	-
- Cash in Hand	10.03	27.82
	<u>147.46</u>	<u>1,372.40</u>

- Figures in brackets indicate cash outflow.

- The above Statement of cash flows has been prepared under the indirect method set out in Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows

Significant Accounting Policies	1 to 3
Other Notes	38

V K Singhal
Chief Financial Officer

Sandeep Sachdeva
Company Secretary
(Membership No.54261)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Samir Thapar
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN 00062287)

This is the Balance Sheet referred to our report of even date

Navdeep Singh & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 008400N

Navdeep Singh Choudhary **Directors**
Partner
Membership No.034979

Priya Thapar (DIN 06742680)
A K Doshi (DIN 02298644)
R S Samria (DIN 00375315)
Surendra Mal Daga (DIN 03575623)
Rakesh Agarwal (DIN 08980324)

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated : 11.06.2021



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

(A) EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Balance as at 01st April, 2020	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31st March, 2021
20,960.66	-	20,960.66

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Balance as at 01st April, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31st March, 2020
20,960.66	-	20,960.66

(B) OTHER EQUITY

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Share Premium Account	Revaluation Surplus	Items of OCI		Total
					Fair Value of Investments through OCI	Re-measurements losses on defined benefit plans	
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	(28,077.76)	165.44	9,027.07	29,696.20	14.58	(66.26)	10,759.27
Profit for the year	1,470.00	-	-	-	-	-	1,470.00
Other Comprehensive Income/Loss for the year							
- Fair Value of Investments through OCI	-	-	-	-	(18.46)	-	(18.46)
- Fair Value of Land through OCI	-	-	-	(43.11)	-	-	(43.11)
- Re-measurements gains on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	164.04	164.04
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	(26,607.76)	165.44	9,027.07	29,653.09	(3.88)	97.78	12,331.73



For the year ended 31st March, 2020

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Share Premium Account	Revaluation Surplus	Items of OCI		Total
					Fair Value of Investments through OCI	Re-measurements losses on defined benefit plans	
Balance as at 31st March, 2019	(23,613.22)	165.44	9,027.07	28,030.14	12.63	52.24	13,674.30
Add: Adjustment on adoption of Ind AS 116	(8.12)	-	-	-	-	-	(8.12)
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	(23,621.34)	165.44	9,027.07	28,030.14	12.63	52.24	13,666.18
Loss for the year	(4,456.42)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,456.42)
Less: Adjustment on sale of revalued land	-	-	-	(12.89)	-	-	(12.89)
Other Comprehensive Income/ Loss for the year							
- Fair Value of Investments through OCI	-	-	-	-	1.95	-	1.95
- Fair Value of Land through OCI	-	-	-	1,678.95	-	-	1,678.95
- Re-measurements losses on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	(118.50)	(118.50)
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	(28,077.76)	165.44	9,027.07	29,696.20	14.58	(66.26)	10,759.27

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

V K Singhal
Chief Financial Officer

Sandeep Sachdeva
Company Secretary
(Membership No.54261)

Samir Thapar
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN 00062287)

This is the Balance Sheet referred to our report of even date

Navdeep Singh & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 008400N

Navdeep Singh Choudhary Directors
Partner
Membership No.034979

Priya Thapar (DIN 06742680)
A K Doshi (DIN 02298644)
R S Samria (DIN 00375315)
Surendra Mal Daga (DIN 03575623)
Rakesh Agarwal (DIN 08980324)

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated : 11.06.2021



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

1. COMPANY INFORMATION

JCT Limited ('the Company') is a public limited Company incorporated in India, with its registered office in Hoshiarpur (Punjab) and Corporate Office in New Delhi. The Company is listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE).

The Company is primarily a manufacturer of cloth and nylon filament yarn, with its manufacturing facilities at Phagwara and Hoshiarpur in Punjab.

The financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 11th June, 2021.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

a. Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and the other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

b. Historical Cost Convention

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for the followings:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value,
- Land and Assets held for sale – measured at fair value less cost to sell,

c. Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees ('Rs.'). which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Indian Rupees has been rounded to the nearest lakhs with two decimal places, unless stated otherwise.

d. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is: -

- expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it is:

- expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Operating Cycle:

The operating cycle is the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalent. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

e. Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosure and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that requires material adjustments to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in future period/s.



These estimates and assumptions are based on the facts and events, that existed as at the date of Statement of Financial Position, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the Statement of Financial Position date.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying values of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

i. Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Property, Plant and Equipment are depreciated, on a straight-line basis in the case of Plant & Machinery, Buildings and Data Processing Equipment and on written down value basis in the case of other assets, over their respective useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these assets as detailed in Note 3.1. Changes in the expected level of usage, technological developments, level of wear and tear could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore, future depreciation charges could be revised and could have an impact on the profit/loss in future years.

ii. Retirement benefit obligation

The cost of retirement benefits and present value of the retirement benefit obligations in respect of Gratuity and Leave Encashment is determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions which may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, these retirement benefit obligations are sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of long term government bonds with extrapolated maturity corresponding to the expected duration of the these obligations. The mortality rate is based on publically available mortality table for the specific countries. Future salary increases and pension increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective countries. Further details about the assumptions used, including a sensitivity analysis are given in Note 38.10.

iii. Fair value measurement of financial instrument

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

iv. Impairment of Financial assets

The impairment provisions of financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

v. Impairment of non-Financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An assets recoverable amount is the higher of an assets' fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, or other fair value indicators.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, Plant & Equipment

Property, Plant & Equipment, except the land, which is carried at its fair value, are accounted for on historical cost basis (inclusive of the cost of installation and other incidental costs till commencement of commercial production) net of recoverable taxes, less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. It also includes the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent costs are added to the existing asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of



the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant & equipment is provided on pro-rata basis, on straight line basis in the case of Plant & Machinery, Buildings and Data Processing Equipment and on written down value basis in the case of other assets, over the useful life of the assets estimated by the management, in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The asset's residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and necessary adjustments are made accordingly, wherever required. The useful lives in the following cases are different from those prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Asset	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013 (No. of Years)	Useful life as assessed/estimated by the Company (No. of Years)
Buildings :		
- Factory	30	28
- Other than Factory (RCC Frame Structure)	60	58
Plant & Machinery :		
- Textile Unit	15	22
- Filament Unit (continuous process)	25	18
Data Processing Equipments :		
- Computer Equipments	3	6
Electric Installation including gadgets	10	20
Tools & Implements		
- Textile Unit	7.5	9
- Filament Unit (continuous process)	15	22
Furniture & Fixtures	10	15
Office Equipments	5	20
Vehicles –Cars	8	10

Based on usage pattern and internal assessment, the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives of these assets is different from the lives as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on additions to assets or on sale/disposal of assets, is calculated pro rata from the month of such addition or upto the month prior to date of sale/disposal, as the case may.

Leasehold improvements are amortised over the primary period of lease.

Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

3.2 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

(a) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, all financial assets are recognized at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(b) Classification and subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in the following categories:



- a. Financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- b. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); and
- c. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Where financial assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognized entirely in the Statement of Profit and Loss (i.e. fair value through profit and loss), or recognized in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through Other Comprehensive Income).

The classification of financial assets depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

- (1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- Business Model Test: The objective of the business model is to hold financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the asset prior to its financial maturity to realize its fair value changes); and
- Cash Flow Characteristics Test: Contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial asset are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of EIR. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. The EIR amortization is included in interest income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade receivables, deposits with banks, security deposits, investment in debt instruments, cash and cash equivalents and employee loans, etc.

- (2) Financial instruments measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI):

A financial instrument shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- Business Model Test: The objective of the business model is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- Cash Flow Characteristics Test: The Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on principal amount outstanding.

Financial instruments included within FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting period at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) except for the recognition of interest income, impairment gains and losses and foreign exchange gain and losses which are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to non-current investments in un-quoted equity instruments.

- (3) Financial instruments measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Fair Value Through Profit and Loss is a residual category. Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income is classified as FVTPL. Financial instruments included in FVTPL category are measured initially as well as at each reporting period at fair value. Fair value movements i.e. gain or loss and interest income are recorded in Statement of Comprehensive Income.

- (c) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model to the following:

- Financial Assets measured at amortized cost;
- Financial Assets measured at FVTOCI.

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- the 12 months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the



- financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost i.e. trade receivables, deposits with banks, security deposits and employee loans etc.
- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at FVTOCI. The Company as at the Balance Sheet date is not having any such instruments.

Under the simplified approach, the Company does not track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

The trade receivables are initially recognized at the sale/recoverable value and are assessed at each Balance Sheet date for collectability. Trade receivables are classified as current assets, if collection is expected within twelve months as at Balance Sheet date, if not, they are classified under non-current assets.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 months (Expected Credit Loss) ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the Company reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-months ECL.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on timely basis.

(d) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet date) when:

- a. The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have been expired/transferred, or
- b. The Company retains the contractual right to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has substantially transferred all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. When the Company has not transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. When the entity retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

(ii) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

(a) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans, borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include loans, borrowings, trade payables, security deposits and other payables etc.

(b) Subsequent measurement

All the financial liabilities after initial recognition at fair value, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using EIR method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and costs or fee that is an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Financial Guarantee Contract

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be



made to reimburse the holder for loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative amortization.

(d) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if there is enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.3 Inventories

The Inventories are carried in the Balance Sheet as follows:

- a. Raw materials and stores & spares : At lower of cost, on weighted average basis and net realisable Value
- b. Finished goods and stock-in-process : At lower of cost, and net realizable value. Cost include cost of inputs, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing finished goods and stock-in-process, to their present location and condition.
- c. Obsolete, defective and unserviceable : Such stocks are duly provided for, and are valued at net realisable value.

The net-realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make sale.

3.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits with banks which are short-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.5 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, using external and internal sources, whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired and also whether there is an indication of reversal of impairment loss recognised in the previous period/s. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company determines the recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognised when the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is determined:

- in the case of an individual asset, at the higher of the asset's fair value less cost of sell and value in use; and
- in the case of cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows) at the higher of the cash generating unit's fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

In assessing value in use, estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that effects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to that asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

An impairment loss for an asset is reversed, if and only if, the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the carrying amount of an asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss being recognized for the asset in prior year/s.



3.6 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

a) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation, at the Balance Sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

b) Contingent Liabilities

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation arising as a result of past event that probably will not require an outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

3.7 Revenue Recognition

- a) Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the control of the goods is transferred to the customer, the associated costs and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefit associated with the transaction will flow to the Company.

It is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of sales returns, trade discount, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government which are levied on sales such as goods and service tax etc.

- b) Revenue from rendering of services is recognized when the performance of agreed contractual task has been completed.
- c) Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and applicable interest rates.
- d) Other income is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and it can be reliably measured.
- e) Export benefit entitlements under the duty entitlement pass book (DEPB) scheme are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the right to receive credit as per the terms of the scheme is established in respect of the exports made. Obligation/entitlements on account of advance license scheme for imports of raw materials are accounted for at the time of purchase of raw materials.

3.8 Government Grants / Subsidy

Government grants are recognized when there is a reasonable assurance of compliance with the conditions attached to such grants and where benefits in respect thereof have been earned and it is reasonably certain that the ultimate collection will be made. Government grant received for a specific asset is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

3.9 Employee Benefits

a. Short Term Employee Benefits

All Employee benefits payable within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short-term benefits. Such benefits include salaries, wages, bonus, awards, ex-gratia etc. and the same are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related services.

b. Defined contribution plan:

The Company's approved provident fund scheme, pension scheme, employees' state insurance scheme, and employees' superannuation scheme are defined contribution plans. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution paid/payable under such schemes. The contribution paid/payable under the schemes is recognized during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

c. Defined Benefit Plan

The employees' Gratuity fund scheme is the Company's defined benefit plan and is partly funded / managed by a Trust. The liability with respect to gratuity is determined based on the actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method as at the balance sheet date. The difference, if any, between the actuarial valuation and the balance of the funds maintained by the Trust, is provided for as liability / assets in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods.



d. Other Long Term Benefit

The liability towards encashment of the employees' long term compensated absences, which are partly en-cashable during the service period and balance at the time of retirement / separation of the employees is determined based on the actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method as at the balance sheet date. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods.

3.10 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, for a period of time in exchange for consideration even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Company as a lessee

The Company has taken certain assets on Operating Lease. Operating Lease is a contract, which conveys the right to Lessee, to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the lease term, in exchange for consideration. The Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease on inception.

The lease term is either the non-cancellable period of the lease and any additional periods when there is an enforceable option to extend the lease and it is reasonably certain that the Company will extend the term, or a lease period in which it is reasonably certain that the Company will not exercise a right to terminate. The lease term is reassessed if there is a significant change in circumstances.

At commencement, or on the modification, of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices.

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is amortised / depreciated using straight-line / written down value method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. If the lessor transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Company by the end of the lease term or if the Company expects to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as the Company's other property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the total lease payments due on the commencement date, discounted using either the interest rate implicit in the lease, if readily determinable, or more usually, an estimate of the Company's incremental borrowing rate on the inception date for a loan with similar terms to the lease. The incremental borrowing rate is estimated by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in the statement of profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

In accordance with Ind AS 116, the Company does not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases i.e. leases with a lease term of 12 months or less and containing no purchase options. Payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term

Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as Operating Leases. Rental income from Operating Lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an Operating Lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.



Leases are classified as Finance Leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred from the Company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under Finance Leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance Lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease

3.11 Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency existing at balance sheet date are translated at the year end exchange rates. Exchange rate differences arising on settlement of transaction and translation of monetary items are recognized as income or expenses in the year in which they arise. The long term foreign currency monetary items are carried at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of initial transaction.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

Premium or discount on forward exchange contract is amortised as income or expense over the life of the contract. Exchange difference on such contract is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the reporting period in which the exchange rate changes. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation or renewal of forward contract is recognized as income or expenditure during the period.

3.12 Taxation

Tax expense for the year comprises of Current Tax and Deferred Tax.

a. Current Tax

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the tax regime inserted by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019 in the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted at the reporting date.

b. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

3.13 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets which consist of computer software, are initially measured at cost and subsequently carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. It is amortized over a period of 5 years or license period on straight line basis, whichever is lower.

3.14 Non-Current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. In case said criteria is no longer met, the non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale ceases to be held for sale.

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for distribution are presented separately from other assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

A disposal group qualifies as discontinued operation if it is a component of the Company that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:



- represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations,
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, Or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

No depreciation / amortization is charged once the non-current asset is classified as held for sale or while it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

In case above criteria is no longer met, the non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale ceases to be to held for sale.

3.15 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit or loss of the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.16 Segment Accounting

The Operational Head monitors the operating results of its business Segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements.

The Operating Segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of products.

1. Segment revenue includes sales and other income directly identifiable with / allocable to the segment including inter-segment revenue.
2. Expenses that are directly identifiable with / allocable to segments are considered for determining the segments result. Expenses which relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments are included under un-allocable expenditure.
3. Income which relates to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments is included in un-allocable income.
4. Segment result includes margins on inter – segment sales, which are adjusted while arriving at the results of the Company as a whole.
5. Segment assets and liabilities include those directly identifiable with the respective segments. Un-allocable assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities that relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to any segment.

Inter-Segment transfer pricing

Inter Segment transfers of goods, as marketable products produced by separate segments, for captive consumption are made as if sales were made to third parties at current market prices and are included in Turnover of the respective Segment.

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Description	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION				NET BLOCK	
	As at 01.04.2020	Additions during the year	Sales/disposal/transfers / adjustments during the year	As at 31.03.2021	As at 01.04.2020	For the year	Sales/ disposal/transfers during the year	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
(I) Tangible Assets										
Land freehold	44,445.39	-	43.11	44,402.29	-	-	-	44,402.29	-	44,445.39
Buildings	6,668.33	22.14	-	6,690.47	1,204.84	285.25	-	5,200.38	1,490.09	5,463.49
Plant and Machinery	15,850.74	466.98	2,366.95	13,950.78	7,076.45	1,028.10	2,246.85	8,093.08	5,857.70	8,774.29
Data processing equipment	97.64	7.54	8.37	96.81	63.16	8.34	6.37	31.68	65.13	34.48
Electric installation	171.18	1.14	6.79	165.53	50.12	11.05	4.72	109.08	56.45	121.06
Tools & implements	8.61	-	0.19	8.41	2.36	0.55	0.19	5.69	2.72	6.25
Furniture & fixtures	98.92	57.58	3.10	153.40	47.00	8.43	2.74	100.71	52.69	51.93
Office Equipments	10.02	-	-	10.02	4.52	0.76	-	4.74	5.28	5.50
Vehicles	259.38	-	18.39	240.99	163.68	21.54	14.87	70.64	170.34	95.70
Sub Total	67,610.22	555.38	2,446.90	65,718.70	8,612.12	1,364.02	2,275.73	58,018.29	7,700.42	58,998.10
Capital Work-in-progress (Refer Note 4.2)	195.34	255.59	321.15	129.77	-	-	-	129.77	-	195.34
Total	67,805.56	810.97	2,768.05	65,848.47	8,612.12	1,364.02	2,275.73	58,148.07	7,700.42	59,193.43
(II) Intangible Assets (other than internally generated)										
Computer Software	214.77	-	-	214.77	104.67	37.63	-	72.47	142.30	110.10
Total	214.77	-	-	214.77	104.67	37.63	-	72.47	142.30	110.10
Total	68,020.33	810.97	2,768.05	66,063.24	8,716.79	1,401.66	2,275.73	58,220.53	7,842.72	59,303.53

NOTE-4 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (As at 31st March, 2021)

(Rs. in lakhs)



NOTE-4 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (As at 31st March, 2020) (Rs. in lakhs)

Description	GROSS BLOCK			DEPRECIATION				NET BLOCK	
	As at 01.04.2019	Additions during the year	Sales/disposal/transfers / adjustments during the year	As at 31.03.2020	For the year	Sales/disposal/transfers during the year	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
(I) Tangible Assets									
Land freehold	42,783.91	-	(1,661.48)	44,445.39	-	-	-	44,445.39	42,783.91
Buildings	6,517.22	165.94	14.83	6,668.33	299.96	1.68	1,204.84	5,463.49	5,610.66
Plant and Machinery	16,558.17	349.78	1,057.21	15,850.74	965.42	966.65	7,076.45	8,774.29	9,480.49
Data processing equipment	101.00	-	3.36	97.64	12.45	1.74	63.16	34.48	48.54
Electric installation	177.63	1.37	7.82	171.18	12.42	2.38	50.12	121.06	137.55
Tools & implements	7.54	1.12	0.05	8.61	0.51	0.02	2.36	6.25	5.67
Furniture & fixtures	111.68	0.99	13.74	98.92	9.30	6.54	47.00	51.93	67.44
Office Equipments	10.04	-	0.02	10.02	0.88	-	4.52	5.50	6.40
Vehicles	288.08	-	28.70	259.38	31.45	16.81	163.68	95.70	139.04
Scrap	-	0.50	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leasehold Improvements	6.12	-	6.12	(0.00)	-	6.12	-	-	-
Sub Total	66,561.39	519.70	(529.13)	67,610.22	1,332.39	1,001.96	8,612.12	56,998.11	58,279.70
Capital Work-in-progress (Refer Note 4.2)	289.83	352.85	447.34	195.34	-	-	-	195.34	289.83
Total	66,851.22	872.55	(81.78)	67,805.56	1,332.39	1,001.96	8,612.12	59,193.45	58,569.53
(II) Intangible Assets (other than internally generated)									
Computer Software	215.99	-	1.22	214.77	38.58	1.21	104.67	110.10	148.69
Total	215.99	-	1.22	214.77	38.58	1.21	104.67	110.10	148.69
Total	67,067.21	872.55	(80.57)	68,020.33	1,370.96	1,003.16	8,716.79	59,303.55	58,718.22

4.1 Refer 'Para-3.1' of Significant Accounting Policies' for depreciation on property, plant and equipment and 'Para-3.13' of Significant Accounting Policies' for amortization of intangible assets.

4.2 Capital Work-in-progress represents assets under construction / installation and includes under noted pre-operative expenditure pending allocation on commencement of commercial production:

Particulars	As at 01.04.2020 (Rs. in lakhs)	Additions (Rs. in lakhs)	Less: Capitalised/ Adjusted (Rs. in lakhs)	As at 31.03.2021 (Rs. in lakhs)	As at 01.04.2019 (Rs. in lakhs)	Additions (Rs. in lakhs)	Less: Capitalised/ Adjusted (Rs. in lakhs)	As at 31.03.2020 (Rs. in lakhs)
Legal & Professional fees	-	-	-	-	76.23	9.83	-	86.06
Travelling and conveyance	-	0.06	-	0.06	-	-	-	-
Total	-	0.06	-	0.06	76.23	9.83	-	86.06



NOTE-5 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS (As at 31st March, 2021)

Description	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION			NET BLOCK	
	As at 01.04.2020	Adjustment on adoption of Ind AS 116	Additions during the year	Sales/ disposal/ adjustments during the year	As at 31.03.2021	For the year	Sales/ disposal/ adjustments during the year	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
Buildings	293.24	-	97.09	252.86	137.47	55.17	141.16	91.92	161.70
Total	293.24	-	97.09	252.86	137.47	55.17	141.16	91.92	161.70

NOTE-5 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS (As at 31st March, 2020)

Description	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION			NET BLOCK	
	As at 01.04.2019	Adjustment on adoption of Ind AS 116	Additions during the year	Sales/ disposal/ adjustments during the year	As at 01.04.2019	For the year	Sales/ disposal/ adjustments during the year	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Buildings	-	293.24	-	-	-	131.54	-	161.70	-
Total	-	293.24	-	-	-	131.54	-	161.70	-

5.1 Refer 'Para-3.10' of Significant Accounting Policies' for depreciation / amortisation on right-of-use assets.



6. NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
In Equity Shares - Unquoted, fully paid up				
<u>Carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>				
- Preeti Vanijya (P) Ltd. of Rs. 10/- each	52,312	100.73	52,312	119.66
- Nimbua Greenfield (Punjab) Ltd. of Rs. 10/- each	28,125	41.27	28,125	40.80
- The New India Cooperative Bank Ltd. of Rs. 10/- each	3,260	0.33	3,260	0.33
TOTAL		<u>142.33</u>		<u>160.79</u>
Aggregate amount of Unquoted investments		142.33		160.79
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments		Nil		Nil

6.1 The above does not include the investment of 1,06,31,900 equity shares of face value of Re. 1 each of JCT Electronics Limited (an erstwhile Associate Company). The said investment though held by the Company has been fully impaired and written off in the financial statements of the earlier year/s. The Company has given an undertaking to a financial Institution and a bank of JCT Electronics Limited that the Company would not dispose off, pledge, charge, or create any lien, or assign, 39,33,000 equity shares and also has pledged 42,87,000 equity share with a financial institution for financial facility availed by JCT Electronics Limited.

7. LOANS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Loan to employees	21.31	10.43
Security Deposits	341.63	382.70
TOTAL	<u>362.94</u>	<u>393.13</u>

8. NON-CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) (Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Advance income tax (Net of provisions)	46.72	53.02
TOTAL	<u>46.72</u>	<u>53.02</u>

9. OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
(Unsecured, considered good)			
Capital Advances		58.70	114.79
Prepaid Expenses	21.2	119.33	15.05
TOTAL		<u>178.03</u>	<u>129.84</u>



10. INVENTORIES (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
(Valued at lower of Cost and Net Realisable Value, and as physically verified by the management)					
Raw Materials	10.1	2,415.83		1,449.23	
- in Transit		<u>542.12</u>	2,957.95	<u>165.08</u>	1,614.31
Stock-in-process			6,835.31		6,408.17
Finished Goods		3,939.55		6,128.06	
- in Transit		<u>-</u>	3,939.55	<u>55.32</u>	6,183.38
Stores and Spares		1,633.61		1,563.61	
- in Transit		<u>50.92</u>	1,684.52	<u>144.38</u>	1,708.00
TOTAL			<u>15,417.33</u>		<u>15,913.86</u>

10.1 Includes Rs. 948.76 lakhs (Rs. 641.08 lakhs as at 31st March, 2020) lying with outside parties/creditors.

10.2 Refer accounting policy no 3.3 for valuation of inventory.

11. CURRENT INVESTMENTS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
		Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
Debentures - Unquoted, fully paid up					
<u>Carried at amortised cost</u>					
- KCT Textiles Ltd. - Optionally Convertible Zero Rate Debentures of Rs.70/- each	38.14	15,200	10.64	15,200	10.64
TOTAL			<u>10.64</u>		<u>10.64</u>
Aggregate amount of Unquoted investments			10.64		10.64
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments			Nil		Nil

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
Unsecured, considered good	5,174.66		2,375.61	
Unsecured, considered doubtful	<u>152.77</u>		<u>116.35</u>	
Gross	5,327.43		2,491.96	
Less: Allowance for trade receivables considered doubtful	<u>(152.77)</u>	5,174.66	<u>(116.35)</u>	2,375.61
TOTAL		<u>5,174.66</u>		<u>2,375.61</u>

12.1 Refer note 38.13 for information about credit and market risk of trade receivables.

12.2 Trade receivables are usually non-interest bearing and on the trade terms of 60 days.

13. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
Balance with Banks - Current Accounts	137.33		1,344.58	
Cheques, draft on hand/ remittance in transit	0.10		-	
Cash in Hand	<u>10.03</u>	147.46	<u>27.82</u>	1,372.40
TOTAL		<u>147.46</u>		<u>1,372.40</u>

13.1 There are no restriction with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of reporting period and prior period.



14. BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Balance with Banks		-	0.09
Fixed Deposits held as Margin Money	14.1	<u>968.52</u>	<u>863.35</u>
TOTAL		<u><u>968.52</u></u>	<u><u>863.43</u></u>

14.1 Under lien with banks for guarantee and letter of credit facilities.

15. LOANS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Loans to employees	14.12	7.55
Security Deposits	11.91	10.96
TOTAL	<u><u>26.03</u></u>	<u><u>18.50</u></u>

16. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
(Unsecured, considered good, unless stated otherwise) Interest Subsidy under Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme			
- Unsecured, considered good		279.18	279.18
- Unsecured, considered doubtful		812.80	812.80
Less : Allowance for considered doubtful		<u>(812.80)</u>	<u>(812.80)</u>
Interest accrued on deposits / loans		63.58	86.45
Others	16.1		
- Unsecured, considered good		200.52	144.11
- Unsecured, considered doubtful		2.30	2.30
Less: Allowance for considered doubtful		<u>(2.30)</u>	<u>(2.30)</u>
TOTAL		<u><u>543.28</u></u>	<u><u>509.74</u></u>

16.1 Others comprise receivables on account of export incentives, CER receivable, Duty Drawback/MEIS receivable, interest receivable, rent receivable, claims etc.

17. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Prepaid Expenses	21.2	241.26	141.65
Others			
- Unsecured, considered good	17.1	2,871.66	3,174.68
- Unsecured, considered doubtful		350.10	342.99
(Less): Allowance for doubtful debts		<u>(350.10)</u>	<u>(342.99)</u>
TOTAL		<u><u>3,112.92</u></u>	<u><u>3,316.33</u></u>

17.1 Others comprise of advance against raw materials, stores and spares, excise duty recoverable, GST ITC Recoverable etc.



18. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
		No.	Amount	No.	Amount
Assets					
Land	18.1		105.02		105.02
Total Assets			<u>105.02</u>		<u>105.02</u>

18.1 In the earlier years, the operations of Textile Unit at Sriganaganagar were discontinued, and the assets thereof have been disposed off/transferred, except the portion of land, which has been classified as held for sale and is being measured at the carrying amount, as expected net realisable value thereof is higher.

19. SHARE CAPITAL

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
		No.	Amount	No.	Amount
19A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL					
Authorised:					
Equity Shares of Rs. 2.50 each		90,00,00,000	22,500.00	90,00,00,000	22,500.00
			<u>22,500.00</u>		<u>22,500.00</u>
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up:					
Equity Shares of Rs. 2.50 each	19.1 to 19.3	83,84,26,588	20,960.66	83,84,26,588	20,960.66
			<u>20,960.66</u>		<u>20,960.66</u>
19B PREFERENCE SHARE CAPITAL					
Authorised:					
Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each		2,500,000	2,500.00	25,00,000	2,500.00
			<u>2,500.00</u>		<u>2,500.00</u>

19.1 Aggregate number of Equity Shares issued as fully paid without payment being received in cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date.

- 24,03,00,606 equity shares of Rs. 2.50 each fully paid up at a premium of Rs. 0.15 per share aggregating to Rs. 6,367.97 lakhs including premium of Rs. 360.45 lakhs to Foreign Currency Convertible Bond holders in terms of settlement of their dues of Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs) of US\$ 12.49 million on preferential basis with a lock in upto 14.03.2020.
- 1,33,33,333 Equity Shares of Rs. 2.50 per share fully paid up aggregating Rs. 333.33 lakhs at a premium of Rs. 5.00 per share aggregating to another Rs. 666.67 lakhs. These shares related to 10,00,000 Optionally Convertible Preference Shares (OCPS) of Rs. 100 each.

19.2 The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 2.50 per share. All shares rank pari passu with respect to dividend, voting rights and other terms. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share. The equity shareholders are entitled to dividend rights according to their paid up portion of the share capital. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The repayment of equity share capital in the event of liquidation and buy back of shares are possible subject to prevalent regulations. In the event of liquidation, normally the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.



19.3 Reconciliation of Shares Outstanding:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	Nos.	Rs. in Lakhs	Nos.	Rs. in Lakhs
Equity Shares				
At the beginning of the year	838,426,588	20,960.66	838,426,588	20,960.66
At the end of the year	838,426,588	20,960.66	838,426,588	20,960.66

19.4 Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares:

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Equity Shares				
QVT Mauritius WEST FUND	69,906,462	8.34	167,960,312	20.03
Provestment Securities Private Limited	145,427,667	17.35	145,427,667	17.35
KCT Textiles Limited	90,545,111	10.80	90,545,111	10.80
Deutsche Bank AG london	67,338,040	8.03	67,338,040	8.03
ELM Park Fund Limited, Mauritius	53,819,225	6.42	53,819,225	6.42
Musk Holdings Limited, Mauritius	44,195,092	5.27	44,195,092	5.27

20. OTHER EQUITY

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Capital Redemption Reserve	20.1(a)			
As per last account		165.44		165.44
Share Premium Account	20.1(b)			
As per last account		9,027.07		9,027.07
Revaluation Surplus	20.1(d)			
As per last account		29,696.20		28,030.14
Add: On fair valuation of land during the year		(43.11)		1,678.95
Less: Adjustment on sale of revalued land		-		(12.89)
		29,653.09		29,696.20
Retained Earnings	20.1(c)			
Debit balance in Statement of Profit and Loss				
As per last account		(28,077.76)		(23,613.22)
Less / (Add): Profit / (Loss) for the year		1,470.00		(4,456.42)
(Add): Adjustment on adoption of Ind AS 116		-		(8.12)
		(26,607.76)		(28,077.76)
Items of Other Comprehensive Income				
- Fair Value of Investments through OCI				
As per last account		14.58		12.63
(Less) / Add: (Loss) / Profit for the year		(18.46)		1.95
		(3.88)		14.58
- Re-measurements gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans				
As per last account		(66.26)		52.24
Add: Remeasurement gain / (loss) during the year		164.04		(118.50)
		97.78		(66.26)
TOTAL		12,331.73		10,759.27



20.1 Nature and purpose of reserves

- (a) Capital Redemption Reserve: The reserve created, by appropriation of profit on redemption of Cumulative Preference Shares.
- (b) Share Premium Account: The amount received in excess of the face value of equity shares is recognized in Share Premium Account. This is net of amount appropriated against issue of Bonus Shares.
- (c) Retained Earnings: Retained Earnings is net of the profits earned and losses suffered by the Company till date, less transfers to any Reserve, dividends or other distributions to shareholders.
- (d) Revaluation Surplus: The surplus created on revaluation of lands situated at the units of the Company at Phagwara and Hoshiarpur.

21. BORROWINGS

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020	
		Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
(a) Secured					
Term loans from:					
- Banks	21.6, 21.1, 21.2	-	38.64	-	-
- Other parties	21.3.a, 21.4 and 21.5	6,068.56	3,219.19	8,008.96	1,568.55
TOTAL (a)		<u>6,068.56</u>	<u>3,257.83</u>	<u>8,008.96</u>	<u>1,568.55</u>
(b) Unsecured					
Loan from related parties	21.3.b	814.14	8.23	822.17	10.04
TOTAL (b)		<u>814.14</u>	<u>8.23</u>	<u>822.17</u>	<u>10.04</u>
TOTAL (a+b)		<u>6,882.70</u>	<u>3,266.06</u>	<u>8,831.13</u>	<u>1,578.59</u>
Less: Amount disclosed under the head "Other current financial liabilities"	26	-	(3,266.06)	-	(1,578.59)
Net amount		<u>6,882.70</u>	-	<u>8,831.13</u>	-

21.1	Terms and Nature of Security:	
	Term Loans from Other parties:	
a.	Principal of Rs. 9,283.97 lakhs, interest accrued and due of Rs. 1,234.96 lakhs and interest accrued but not due of Rs. 14.97 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 9,569.01 lakhs, Rs 122.10 lakhs and Rs. 134.41 lakhs respectively)	<p>(a) Exclusive First charge ranking pari passu by way of equitable mortgage of all the immovable properties of the Filament Unit at Hoshiarpur, at SriGanganagar and two blocks of housing colony at Phagwara measuring 3,854 including all plant and Machinery and other fixed assets situated at Filament Unit Hoshiarpur.</p> <p>(b) Second Charge ranking pari passu by way of hypothecation of Current Assets of the Company pertaining to Textile Unit at Phagwara and Filament Unit at Hoshiarpur, both in the state of Punjab and of moveable and Immoveable fixed assets of the Phagwara unit except two blocks of housing colony measuring 3,854 marlas.</p> <p>(c) Personal guarantee of Mr. Samir Thapar.</p> <p>(d) Additional Security of agriculture Land/ Farm House measuring 4 Acres of Mr. Samir Thapar.</p>
	Term Loans from Others (Car Loan):	
b.	Rs. 3.78 lakhs (Rs. 8.51 lakhs as at 31st March, 2020)	Secured against hypothecation of specific vehicles etc.



21.2 Term Loans from Other parties:

The Company took secured loans of Rs. 9,945.00 lakhs from Assets Reconstruction Companies (the 'lenders'). In terms of the loan agreements, the Company was required to issue Equity Shares in lieu of additional interest (other than and in addition to the normal interest) of Rs. 759.10 lakhs, computed on Net Present Value basis (NPV) on these loans subject to statutory approvals. Accordingly, the Company had sought in-principle approval for allotment of Equity Shares as per SEBI (ICDR) regulations, under the category of consideration other than cash, from Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). However, the BSE considering that these shares are to be issued on NPV for the interest of the future period did not agree to the contention of the Company to issue the shares under this category. The Company then approached the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), and as SEBI also rejected the plea of the Company, the Company filed an appeal before the Hon'ble Securities Tribunal, Mumbai, where the matter was decided in favour of the Company, however, against the said order the appeal was filed by BSE in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, which has since been dismissed by the Hon'ble Court on 4th February, 2021, and the matter has been finally decided in favor of the Company. Thereafter the Company filed the application with BSE for the grant of in-principle approval for issue of the Equity Shares and after getting the approval on 27th April, 2021, the Company has since allotted 2,99,06,026 Equity Shares having face value of Rs. 2.50 each, aggregating to Rs. 747.65 lakhs on 5th May, 2021 (after deducting the applicable Tax at Source of Rs. 11.45 lakhs) towards the final settlement of the additional interest of Rs. 759.10 lakhs as per the agreement with the lenders. As the matter was pending with the Hon'ble Judiciary Authorities / Courts, the Company was not able to allot these Equity Shares, and in the presence of the uncertainty in the mode of payment / quantum of interest no provision towards the said interest was made in the accounts till the earlier year, with the understanding that the same will be accounted for in the period the matter is finally decided/resolved. Accordingly, the said interest of Rs. 759.10 lakhs for which the Equity shares have been issued subsequently in May, 2021, has been accounted for during the current year to ensure its charge to the revenue over the initial period of the term loan i.e. amount of Rs. 396.36 lakhs (net of Rs. 118.79 lakhs provided in an earlier year) has been been charged during the year 2020-21 as Interest Expense (for the period from the date of grant of term loan till 31st March, 2021) and the balance amount of Rs. 243.95 lakhs will be charged in future over the remaining period of the term loan to ensure its charging to the revenue over the period of term loan on straight line basis.

21.3 Maturity profile and rate of interest of the long term borrowings:

(a)	Secured Term Loans from Other parties :	2022-23	2023-24	Total
	Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited.-Car loans	0.18	-	0.18
	Phoenix Trust FY 19.5 Scheme G	2,630.59	2,107.79	4,738.38
	Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.	505.00	825.00	1,330.00
		3,135.77	2,932.79	6,068.56
(b)	Unsecured Loans from related parties :			
	From related entities of Rs. 814.14 lakhs (Rs. 822.17 lakhs as at 31st March, 2020)	There are no fixed repayment terms.		

21.4 The Company has defaulted in the repayment of the principal and interest in the case of certain term loans as included in the Current maturities of Borrowings. The period and amount of continuing defaults as on the balance sheet date are as under:

	Overdue since	Principal	Interest	Total
Secured Term Loans from Other parties:				
Phoenix Trust FY 19.5 Scheme G				
- Principal repayment	June, 2020 to March, 2021	1,141.68	-	1,141.68
- Interest	April, 2020 to March, 2021	-	1,191.68	1,191.68
Phoenix ARC Pvt. Ltd.				
- Principal repayment	January, 2021 to March, 2021	85.00	-	85.00
- Interest	February, 2021 to March, 2021	-	43.28	43.28
Total		1,226.68	1,234.96	2,461.64

21.5 In case of defaults in the repayment of the principal and/or interest on the Secured Term Loans, the penal interest has to be paid at the rates stipulated in the agreements with the lenders. There are defaults in the repayment of these loans as detailed in note 21.4 above, and the Company has taken up the matter of waiver of the penal interest on these defaults with the lenders considering the situation arose on account of the eruption of the business due to COVID 19, however, in the absence of any confirmation in this regard from the lenders, the penal interest of Rs. 334.56 lakhs due till the balance sheet date (excluding the penal interest pertaining to the period of moratorium from March to August, 2020, in terms of the order dated 24th March, 2021 of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India) has been accounted / provided in the accounts.

21.6 Funded Interest Term loan (FITL) created by a Bank out of the working capital facility (Refer Note 24.1) in terms of COVID 19 regulatory packages of Reserve Bank of India.



22. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Security Deposits	22.1	2,360.63	2,361.27
Payables to suppliers		2,333.03	2,279.57
Unearned Interest Income		20.14	9.13
TOTAL		<u>4,713.80</u>	<u>4,649.97</u>

22.1 Security deposits include Rs. 1,948 lakhs (Rs. 1,948 lakhs as at 31st March, 2020) against 'Leave & License' of certain properties with licensees' option to buy at an agreed price in which eventuality the security deposit would be adjusted against the sale proceeds.

23. PROVISIONS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provision for employee benefits towards gratuity and leave-encashment	38.10	3,226.97	4,007.15
Provision against termination of agreements for sale of Land		225.00	225.00
		<u>3,451.97</u>	<u>4,232.15</u>

24. BORROWINGS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
(a) Secured			
- Working Capital Loans from Banks	24.1 & 21.6	8,535.84	6,281.51
(b) Unsecured			
- Book overdraft		288.91	289.00
- Inter-corporate deposits	24.2	175.00	285.00
TOTAL		<u>8,999.75</u>	<u>6,855.52</u>

24.1 Secured Working Capital Loans availed from consortium of scheduled banks are secured by:

- Exclusive First Charge ranking pari passu by way of hypothecation of Current Assets of the Company pertaining to Textile Unit at Phagwara and Filament Unit at Hoshiarpur, and plant and machinery and other fixed assets of Phagwara along with immoveable fixed assets of the Phagwara unit except two blocks of housing colony measuring 3854 marlas.
- Second charge ranking pari passu by way of equitable mortgage of all the immovable properties of the Filament Unit at Hoshiarpur and at Sriganganagar, two blocks of housing colony at Phagwara measuring 3854 marlas including all plant and Machinery and other fixed assets situated at Filament Unit Hoshiarpur.
- Personal guarantees of Mr. Samir Thapar, CMD and Ms. Priya Thapar, Director.
- Pledge of 23,62,44,134 Equity Shares of Rs.2.50 each of JCT Limited held by the promoters and promoter companies.

24.2 Inter-corporate deposits are with no fixed repayment terms.

25. TRADE PAYABLES (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	38.16	3,660.09	1,705.28
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		9,585.58	10,906.66
		<u>13,245.67</u>	<u>12,611.94</u>

25.1 The trade payables are unsecured and usually non-interest bearing and are repayable within 60-90 days of its recognition.



26. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Current maturities of Borrowings	21	3,266.06	1,578.59
Interest accrued but not due on Secured Borrowings	21.1.a	14.97	206.93
Interest accrued & due on Secured Borrowings	21.1.a	1,234.96	122.10
Payable to whole time directors		48.85	65.61
Security deposits		375.00	545.00
Unclaimed public fixed deposits and interest thereon	26.2	0.19	0.84
Accrued expenses		6,120.87	5,998.15
Other payables	26.3	442.29	496.33
TOTAL		<u>11,503.19</u>	<u>9,013.57</u>

26.1 There is no amount due and outstanding to be credited to Investors Education & Protection Fund.

26.2 The Company has repaid all its fixed deposits received from public during the earlier year/s on their maturity, however, the unclaimed deposits shall be paid as and when claimed.

26.3 Include Rs. 8.27 lakhs (Rs. 8.34 lakhs as at 31st March, 2020) towards the machinery and civil works.

27. PROVISIONS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provision for employee benefits towards gratuity, leave-encashment and superannuation	38.10	712.02	804.91
TOTAL		<u>712.02</u>	<u>804.91</u>

28. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES (Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Statutory liabilities	255.92	290.36
Advance from Customers	648.94	5,503.30
TOTAL	<u>904.86</u>	<u>5,793.66</u>

29. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Sale of Finished Goods	29.1	62,985.52	66,064.87
Other operating revenues:			
- Export incentives / duty draw back		177.84	166.37
- Sale of process waste / scrap		2,461.71	3,073.60
- Sub-Contracting Charges		104.76	-
TOTAL		<u>65,729.83</u>	<u>69,304.84</u>



29.1. PARTICULARS OF SALE OF FINISHED GOODS:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Manufactured		
- Cloth	29,552.86	32,450.86
- Cotton/ blended Yarns	3,018.09	3,940.46
- Nylon filament Yarn	21,869.42	28,172.85
- Polyester/nylon chips	101.27	25.78
- Others	8,443.88	1,474.92
TOTAL	<u>62,985.52</u>	<u>66,064.87</u>

30. OTHER INCOME

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Interest Income from:			
- Bank deposits		57.99	55.57
- Income tax refund		0.73	0.24
- Customers and others		<u>68.07</u>	<u>133.44</u>
Dividend from current investments		-	0.04
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	30.1	399.16	1,135.81
Gain on lease termination	38.4	12.47	-
Liabilities/provisions no longer required written back		14.02	84.50
Profit/(loss) sale of raw materials / stores (net)		102.69	(0.12)
Amortisation of Government grant		-	19.04
Exchange fluctuation gain (net)		21.92	37.60
Rent		87.25	87.95
Other Miscellaneous Income		41.42	28.65
TOTAL		<u>805.72</u>	<u>1,582.72</u>

30.1 Includes Rs. Nil (Previous Year: Rs. 123.69 lakhs) on sale of Surplus land.

31. COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Raw material			
Opening Stock		808.15	1,028.67
Add: Purchases		<u>27,536.81</u>	<u>31,650.60</u>
		28,344.96	32,679.27
(Less) : Closing Stock		<u>(1,467.06)</u>	<u>(808.15)</u>
Other materials (dyes, chemicals, sizing and packing materials)			
Opening Stock		646.81	721.75
Purchases		<u>7,254.95</u>	<u>7,509.60</u>
		7,901.76	8,231.35
(Less): Closing Stock		<u>(861.26)</u>	<u>(646.81)</u>
TOTAL		<u>33,918.40</u>	<u>39,455.66</u>



32. OTHER MANUFACTURING EXPENSES	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Stores & Spares Consumed	388.87	498.36
Power & fuel	7,919.27	12,062.50
Repairs to and maintenance of buildings	99.72	116.56
Repairs to and maintenance of plant & machinery	910.61	981.01
Processing charges	2,327.35	513.83
Material handling charges	369.60	434.39
TOTAL	<u>12,015.42</u>	<u>14,606.64</u>
33. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS AND STOCK-IN-PROCESS	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Finished Goods	3,939.55	6,128.06
Finished Goods-in transit	-	55.32
Stock-in-process	6,835.31	10,774.86
	6,408.17	12,591.55
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished Goods	6,128.06	4,313.18
Finished Goods-in transit	55.32	110.01
Stock-in-process	6,408.17	12,591.55
	9,030.89	13,454.09
TOTAL	<u>1,816.69</u>	<u>862.54</u>
34. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Salaries, wages, bonus, gratuity, leave encashment, allowances etc.	7,344.53	9,736.78
Contribution to Provident, superannuation and other funds	687.68	1,018.13
Workmen & staff welfare expenses	136.33	137.10
TOTAL	<u>8,168.54</u>	<u>10,892.01</u>
35. FINANCE COSTS	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Interest Expense on:		
- Term Loans	2,333.25	1,644.69
- Borrowing from banks for working capital	1,084.13	1,099.11
- Advances/deposits from vendors etc.	750.95	1,036.04
- Lease Liabilities	38.4	15.77
Other borrowing costs	416.63	455.26
TOTAL	<u>4,600.73</u>	<u>4,271.23</u>



36. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment	4	1,364.02	1,332.39
Amortisation of Intangible Assets	4	37.63	38.58
Amortisation of ROU Assets	5	55.17	131.54
TOTAL		<u>1,456.82</u>	<u>1,502.51</u>

37. OTHER EXPENSES (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Rent		81.92	85.71
Insurance		38.65	45.93
Rates & taxes		36.42	33.70
Directors' sitting fee		24.48	26.50
Directors' remuneration		333.44	441.60
Legal and professional fees		181.80	357.14
Travelling and conveyance		86.09	216.75
Payment to Statutory Auditors			
- For Audit fee		14.40	16.00
- For Reimbursement of expenses		-	0.20
Bad debts written off (net of impairment allowance)		32.65	12.29
Impairment loss for advances etc.		49.87	4.93
Property, plant and equipment written off		2.41	17.50
Selling & publicity expenses		232.87	214.14
Commission to dealers/ canvassing agents		215.70	233.35
Freight & cartage (net of recovery)		903.01	923.20
Goods & Service Tax / Sales tax / Octroi		0.15	4.50
Miscellaneous expenses		855.09	1,119.95
TOTAL		<u>3,088.95</u>	<u>3,753.39</u>

38 : OTHER NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2021

38.1 Contingencies and commitments: (Rs. in lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
I	Contingencies		
a	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	124.17	124.17
b	Guarantees given by the bankers on behalf of the Company	411.47	5,126.72
c	Disputed liabilities not adjusted as expenses in the Accounts for various years being in appeals towards (Refer Note 38.1.a)		
	- Sales tax	2,042.53	2,037.83
	- Excise Duty/Service Tax	1,249.96	1,249.96
	- Stamp Duty	187.72	187.72



Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
	- Custom Duty	186.05	186.05
	- Entry Tax	1,783.86	1,429.47
	- Others	292.03	282.45
	Total	5,742.15	5,373.48
e	Others – for which the Company is contingently liable	159.00	159.00
II	Commitments		
a	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account and not provided for in the accounts (net of advances)	59.01	109.99
b	Export obligation against import of machinery under EPCG Scheme and Advance License	219.40	351.30

38.1.a The Company is contesting these demands and the management including its advisors are of the view that these demands may not be sustainable at the appellate level. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings will not have any material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of its operations. The Company does not expect any reimbursement in respect of these contingent liabilities, and it is not practicable to estimate the timing of cash outflows, if any, in respect of these matters, pending resolution of the arbitration / appellant proceedings.

38.2 The Company had executed a Corporate guarantee of Rs. 400 lakhs towards Equipment Credit Scheme on 01.09.1993 and another towards foreign currency loan of DM 166,566,406 equivalent to Rs. 3,580 lakhs as on 27.03.1998 for the term loan availed by JCT Electronics Ltd. (an erstwhile Associate Company) from IFCI Ltd. Subsequently, IFCI Ltd. assigned their debt to Asset Reconstruction Company (India) Limited (ARCIL) who had issued notice to the Company on 07.11.2015 for winding up under the then existing sections of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company had disputed the said notice with ARCIL in 2016, and thereafter no response has been received from ARCIL. Further, the Company has been legally advised that the demand raised by them is not sustainable.

38.3 The Company has not recorded cumulative deferred tax assets on account of temporary differences as stipulated in Indian Accounting Standard 12 on "Income Taxes" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India in view of uncertainty of future taxable income.

38.4 Leases:

The Company has taken various properties on Operating Leases in its normal course of business which contain extension option after the initial contract period. The amounts recognized on account of leases are as under:

i. Amount recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March, 2021	Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Interest expense on lease liability	15.77	36.13
Amortization of Right-of-use assets	55.17	131.54
Gain on termination of lease	12.47	-

ii. Amount recognized in Balance Sheet. (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	Addition during the year	Adjustment / (Deletion) during the year	As at 31 st March, 2021
Lease liabilities – Non-Current	45.62	--	8.88	54.50
Lease liabilities - Current	129.16	--	(89.33)	39.83
Right-of-use assets (Gross) (Refer Note 5)	161.70	97.09	(166.87)	91.92



iii. Maturity Profile

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
Maturity analysis – contractual undiscounted cash flows	
Within 1 year	43.69
Within 2 years	38.72
Within 3 years	28.70
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	111.11
Impact of discounting and other adjustments	(16.78)
Lease liabilities included in the Balance Sheet	94.33

38.5 Disclosure of Derivative Instruments :

- (a) There are no outstanding forward exchange contracts used for hedge against currency exposures as at 31st March, 2021.
- (b) Foreign currency exposures that have not been specifically hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise as at 31st March, 2021 are given below:

Particulars	Currency Symbol	As at 31.03.2021		As at 31.03.2020	
		Foreign Currency in millions	(Rs. in lakhs)	Foreign Currency in millions	(Rs. in lakhs)
Trade Receivables	US\$	0.106	383.02	0.288	210.16
Loans and Advances	US\$	0.195	144.35	0.150	115.35
	EURO	0.008	6.67	0.048	40.44
	YEN	0.070	13.41	-	-
	GBP	0.001	1.15	-	-
	CHF	0.001	0.53	-	-
Trade and other Payables	US \$	(0.632)	(161.18)	(0.33)	(244.35)
Net Asset (in INR)			387.95	-	121.60

38.6 Accumulated losses have resulted in erosion of substantial net worth of the Company, however, the Company has been able to improve its financial performance by change of its product mix to ensure the increased manufacturing of the high margin products and also by rationalizing its production, man power and other cost /overheads etc., which has resulted in the profit during the current year. Further, to improve its liquidity / cash flow, and to revive its financial position by reducing its debts, the Company is in the process of disposing off some of its non-core property.

Considering the above, and the future profitability and cash flow projections and the continued support of its promoters, lenders, business associates and workmen, the management is hopeful of further improvement in its financial position / performance, and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

38.7 The SARS-CoV-2 virus responsible for COVID-19, which has been declared a Global pandemic by the World Health Organization in 2020, had led to nation-wide lockdown during the year for a quite considerable time. It contributed to a significant decrease in global and local economic activities, and is presently re-spreading and is on increasing trend across the globe including India, with various mutating variant. In assessing the recoverability of the receivables, and other financial and non-financial assets, the Company has considered internal and external information including economic forecasts available, and based on such information and assessment, the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The impact of the pandemic may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements, and such changes, if any, will be prospectively recognised. Further, the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Company's future activities and financial results will depend on future developments which are highly uncertain, and as such no impact thereof, if any required, could be taken in these financial statements.



38.8 Related Party Disclosures (IND AS-24) :

A List of Related Parties and relationships

(a) Key Management Personnel (KMP):

Mr. Samir Thapar :	Chairman & Managing Director
Ms. Priya Thapar :	Director – Strategic Business & Development
Mr. Sandeep Sachdeva :	Company Secretary
Mr. V. K. Singhal :	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Kamal Bhasin :	Business Head

(b) Entities over which the Certain Key Management Personnel have significant influence:

Provestment Securities Pvt. Ltd.
KCT Textiles Ltd.

(c) Relatives of Key management Personnel:

Mr. M. M. Thapar (Demise on 26th July, 2019) : Father of Mr. Samir Thapar and Ms. Priya Thapar

Note: Related party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

B. Transactions with related parties:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Transactions	Key Management Personnel	Entities over which the Key Management Personnel have significant influence	Relative of Key Management Personnel
(i)	Transactions during the year / (previous year) :			
a.	Repayment of Unsecured Loan : Mr. Samir Thapar KCT Textiles Ltd.- adjusted	10.04 / (8.91) -- (--)	-- (--) 0.20/(400.00)	-- (--) -- (--)
b.	Repayment of Unsecured Loan to Provestment Securities Pvt. Ltd.	-- (--)	-- / (76.02)	-- (--)
c.	Managerial Remuneration paid			
	Directors			
	- Employee benefits	319.68/ (444.00)	-- (--)	-- (--)
	- post-employment benefits	13.75/ (18.22)	-- (--)	-- (--)
	Other KMP's			
	- Employee benefits	183.32/ (221.99)	-- (--)	-- (--)
	- post-employment benefits	10.19/ (18.98)	-- (--)	-- (--)
d.	Interest paid on loan - Mr. Samir Thapar	1.65/ (2.59)	-- (--)	-- (--)
e.	Professional Fees paid - Mr. M. M. Thapar	-- (--)	-- (--)	-- / (7.08)
f.	Unsecured Loan to - Mr. V. K. Singhal	30.00/(--)	-- (--)	-- (--)



Transactions		Key Management Personnel	Entities over which the Key Management Personnel have significant influence	Relative of Key Management Personnel
(ii)	Payables / Receivables as at 31st March, 2021 / (31st March, 2020) :			
a.	Unsecured Loan from Provestment Securities Pvt. Ltd.	-- (--)	407.14 / (407.14)	-- (--)
b.	Unsecured Loan from KCT Textiles Ltd.	-- (--)	407.00/(406.80)	-- (--)
c.	Mr. M. M. Thapar	-- (--)	-- (--)	0.77/(0.77)
d.	Unsecured Loan from Mr. Samir Thapar	8.23/(18.27)	-- (--)	-- (--)
e.	Payables:			
	- Mr. Samir Thapar	20.12/(--)	-- (--)	-- (--)
	- Ms. Priya Thapar	28.72/(--)	-- (--)	-- (--)
f.	Unsecured Loan to Mr. V.K. Singhal -Receivable	30.00/(--)	-- (--)	-- (--)

38.9 Segment Reporting:

(a) Identification of segments

i) Primary Segment

Business segment: The Company's operating business is organized and managed separately according to the nature of products, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products. Two identified segments are Textiles and Filament yarn. The products considered as a part of Textile segment are cloth and yarn. The products considered as a part of Filament segment are nylon yarn and chips.

ii) Secondary Segment

Geographical Segment: The analysis of geographical segment is based on the geographical location of the customers.

(b) Inter Segment transfers of goods, as marketable products produced by separate Segments of the Company, for captive consumption are made as if sales were made to third parties at current market prices and are included in turnover of the respective Segment.

(c) Unallocable Items:

Corporate income, corporate expenses, interest, capital and reserves are considered as part of unallocable items which are not identifiable to any business segment.

Segment information:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Textiles		Filament		Total	
	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year
External Sales / Income	42,008.80	38,614.15	23,721.03	30,690.69	65,729.83	69,304.84
Segment Revenue	42,642.93	39,042.75	23,850.47	30,899.44	66,493.40	69,942.19
Segment Results	5,521.93	(2,073.06)	458.56	901.81	5,980.49	(1,171.25)
Segment Assets	61,977.12	61,009.29	20,793.42	21,934.98	82,770.54	82,944.27
Segment Liabilities	32,144.72	34,335.92	14,650.58	14,814.31	46,795.30	49,150.23



Reconciliation of reportable segment with the financial statements:

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Revenues		Net Profit/ (Loss)		Assets		Liabilities	
	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year
Total of reportable segments	66,493.40	69,942.19	5,980.49	(1171.25)	82,770.54	82,944.27	46,795.30	49,150.23
Add: Corporate Unallocated	42.15	945.37	90.24	986.05	1,731.07	1,690.27	3,712.99	3,817.40
Finance costs	-	-	4,600.73	4,271.23	--	--	--	--
Profit/(Loss) before taxes	-	-	1,470.00	(4,456.42)	--	--	--	--
Taxes	-	-	-	-	46.72	53.02	--	--
As per financial statements	66,535.55	70,887.56	1,470.00	(4,456.42)	84,548.33	84,687.56	50,508.29	52,967.63

(d) Secondary segment reporting (By geographical segments)

The following is the distribution of the Company's sales by geographical market, regardless where the goods were produced:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Current year	Previous year
Sales to domestic market	61,375.93	65,420.76
Sales to overseas market	4,353.90	3,884.08
Total	65,729.83	69,304.84

The Company has common property, plant and equipments for producing goods for domestic and overseas markets. Hence, separate figures for property, plant and equipments/additions to property, plant and equipments cannot be furnished.

38.10 Employee Benefits

(a) **Defined Benefit plans:**

Gratuity : Payable on separation as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 as amended, @ 15 days pay, for each completed year of service to eligible employees who render continuous service of 5 years or more, subject to maximum limit of Rs. 20 lakhs.

(b) **Other Long Term Benefit:**

Leave Encashment : Employees of the Company are entitled to accumulate their earned / privilege leave, which is payable / encashable as per the Company's policy, while on service or on their separation.

(c) **Defined Contribution plan:**

Company's employees are covered by Provident Fund, Pension Scheme, Employees State Insurance Scheme / Fund and Employees' Superannuation Scheme, to which the Company makes a defined contribution measured as a fixed percentage of salary. During the year, amount of Rs. 653.74 lakhs (Previous Year: Rs. 971.23 lakhs) has been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss towards employer's contribution to these schemes/funds as under:

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March, 2021 (Rs. in lakhs)	Year ended 31 st March, 2020 (Rs. in lakhs)
Employer's contribution towards Provident Fund	192.67	294.02
Employer's contribution towards Pension Scheme	307.37	424.25
Employer's contribution towards Employees State Insurance	106.62	173.06
Employer's contribution towards Superannuation Fund	47.08	79.90
Total	653.74	971.23



(d) Other disclosures of Defined Benefit plan is as under:-

i) **Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of Defined Benefit Obligation, in respect of the funded and un-funded part is as under:**

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at the beginning of year	2,972.27	2,923.58	1,126.55	1,054.80
Interest cost	193.94	216.89	73.65	79.14
Current Service Cost	160.08	170.79	59.71	51.84
Benefits Paid	(853.46)	(397.32)	(177.85)	(119.41)
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss arising from Change in Financial Assumptions	130.53	155.79	52.69	57.87
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss arising from Changes in Experience Adjustments	(259.53)	(97.46)	(87.73)	2.31
Present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of year	2,343.83	2,972.27	1,047.02	1,126.55

ii) **Net Defined Benefit recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.**

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Service Cost	160.08	170.79	59.71	51.84
Interest cost (net)	193.94	216.89	73.65	79.14
Net Defined Benefit Cost recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	354.02	387.68	136.36	130.98

iii) **Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.**

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Change in Financial Assumption	183.22	213.65
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Changes in Demographic Assumptions	6.78	(1.99)
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from effect of Experience Adjustments	(354.04)	(93.15)
Return on plan assets (excluding interest)	--	(0.01)
Total remeasurements recognized in OCI	(164.04)	118.50



iv) Change in fair value of plan assets

Particulars	Gratuity	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
At the beginning of the year	3.12	2.89
Interest Income on Plan Assets	0.21	0.22
Benefits paid	--	--
Return on Plan Assets	--	0.01
At the end of the period	3.33	3.12

v) Liability recognized in the Balance Sheet

Particulars	Gratuity	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Funded Defined Benefit Obligation	2,343.83	2,972.27
Fair Value of Plan Assets	(3.33)	(3.12)
	2340.50	2,969.15
Unfunded Defined Benefit Obligation	1,047.02	1,126.55
Liability recognized in the Balance Sheet	3,387.52	4,095.70

vi) Sensitivity Analysis*

a) Impact of the change in the discount rate

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of year	3,390.85	4,098.82
a) Impact due to increase of 100 basis points	(170.94)	(204)
b) Impact due to decrease of 100 basis points	184.05	218.94

b) Impact of the change in the salary increase

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of year	3,390.85	4,098.82
a) Impact due to increase of 100 basis points	174.01	202.47
b) Impact due to decrease of 100 basis points	(161.34)	(189.49)

* Sensitivities due to mortality & withdrawals are not material & hence impact of change not calculated.

* Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pension in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.



vii. Maturity Profile

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Year	Gratuity	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
0 to 1 year	436.45	462.29
1 to 2 Year	495.29	518.69
2 to 3 Year	435.77	557.65
3 to 4 Year	413.58	493.38
4 to 5 Year	424.99	442.01
5 year onward	1501.22	1850.20

viii. Expected contribution for the next Annual reporting period

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Service Cost	175.50	219.79
Net Interest Cost	221.72	267.59
Expected Expense for the next annual reporting period	397.22	487.38

ix. Actuarial Assumption

Principal assumptions used for actuarial valuation are:

Particulars	Gratuity & Leave Encashment	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Method used	Projected unit credit method	
Discount rate (per annum)	6.82	6.72
Salary Escalation (per annum)	7.00	6.00
Mortality Rate	IALM (2012-14) Ult	IALM (2012-14) Ult
Withdrawal rate up to 30/44 and above 44 years – Phagwara (per annum)	7%/8%/10%	9%/5%/8%
Withdrawal rate up to 30/44 and above 44 years – Hoshiarpur (per annum)	9.03% / 5.16% / 9.68%	5.64% / 3.73% / 5.64%
Withdrawal rate up to 30/44 and above 44 years – Delhi – Corporate Office (per annum)	0%/21%/14%	0%/1%/3%
Expected Rate of return on plan assets (per annum)	6.82%	6.72%
Retirement age (in years)	58	58

38.11 Fair Value Measurements

The carrying amounts and fair values of the financial instruments by class are as follows:

(in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying amount/Fair value	
	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Financial assets		
Carrying amounts/fair value:		
a) Measured at fair value through profit and loss	--	--
b) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Non-current assets		
- Investments	142.33	160.79



Particulars	Carrying amount/Fair value	
	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
c) Measured at amortised cost		
Non-current assets		
- Loans	362.94	393.13
Current assets		
- Investments	10.64	10.64
- Trade receivables	5,174.66	2375.61
- Cash and cash equivalents	147.46	1,372.40
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	968.52	863.43
- Loans	26.03	18.50
- Other current financial assets	543.28	509.74
Total	7,375.86	5,704.24
Financial liabilities		
Carrying amounts/fair value:		
a) Measured at fair value through profit and loss	--	--
b) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	--	--
c) Measured at amortised cost		
Non-current liabilities		
- Borrowings	6,882.70	8,831.13
- Lease liabilities	54.50	45.62
- Other non-current financial liabilities	4,713.80	4,649.97
Current liabilities		
- Borrowings	8,999.75	6,855.52
- Lease liabilities	39.83	129.16
- Trade payables	13,245.67	12,611.94
- Other current financial liabilities	11,503.19	9,013.57
Total	45,439.44	42,136.91

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. The Company has disclosed financial instruments such as trade receivables, current investments, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade payables, other financial assets and liabilities at carrying value because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature.
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counter party. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to the account for the expected losses of these receivables.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data



Disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments are given below:

Particulars	Carrying amount/Fair value					
	As at 31 st March, 2021			As at 31 st March, 2020		
Financial assets	L-1	L-2	L-3	L-1	L-2	L-3
Carrying amounts/fair value:						
a) Measured at fair value through profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Non-current assets						
- Investments	-	-	142.33	-	-	160.79
c) Measured at amortised cost						
Non-current assets						
- Loans	-	-	362.94	-	-	393.13
Current assets						
- Investments	-	-	10.64	-	-	10.64
- Trade receivables	-	-	5,174.66	-	-	2,375.61
- Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	147.46	-	-	1,372.40
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	968.52	-	-	863.43
- Loans	-	-	26.03	-	-	18.50
- Other current financial assets	-	-	543.28	-	-	509.74
Total	-	-	7,375.86	-	-	5,704.24
Financial liabilities						
Carrying amounts/fair value:						
a) Measured at fair value through profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Measured at amortised cost						
Non-current liabilities						
- Borrowings	-	-	6,882.70	-	-	8,831.13
- Lease liabilities	-	-	54.50	-	-	45.62
- Other non-current financial liabilities	-	-	4,713.80	-	-	4,649.97
Current liabilities						
- Borrowings	-	-	8,999.75	-	-	6,855.52
- Lease liabilities	-	-	39.83	-	-	129.16
Trade payables	-	-	13,245.67	-	-	12,611.94
- Other current financial liabilities	-	-	11,503.19	-	-	9,013.57
Total	-	-	45,439.44	-	-	42,136.91

38.12 Capital Management

The Company's capital management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the meeting of long term and short term goals of the Company.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business plan coupled with long term and short term strategic investment and expansion plans. The funding needs are met through equity, cash generated from operations, long term and short term bank borrowings and issue of securities.

The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company.

Net debt includes interest bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances (including non-current earmarked balances) and current investments.



The table below summarises the capital, net debt and net debt to equity ratio of the Company:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
Equity share capital	20,960.66	20,960.66
Preference share capital	--	--
Equity Shares Pending for Allotment	747.65	--
Other Equity	12,331.73	10,759.27
Total Equity (A)	34,040.04	31,719.93
Non-current borrowings	6,882.70	8,831.13
Short term borrowings	8,999.75	6,855.52
Current maturities of long term borrowings	3,266.06	1,578.59
Gross Debt	19,148.51	17,265.24
Less: Cash & Cash Equivalents	147.46	1,372.40
Less: Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	968.52	863.43
Less: Current investments	10.64	10.64
Net Debt (B)	18,021.89	15,018.77
Total Capital and Net Debt	52,061.93	46,738.70
Gearing Ratio (Net Debt/ Total Capital & Net Debt)	34.62%	32.13%

38.13 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise of borrowings, security deposits and trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include investments, loans, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that are derived directly from its operations.

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk

The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior professionals working to manage the financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company are accountable to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee. This process provides assurance to Company's senior management that the Company's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risk are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Company policies and Company risk objective.

The management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized as below:

(a) Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings, security deposits and foreign currency receivables and payables. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2021. The analysis exclude the impact of movements in market variables on; the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant Profit and Loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as of March 31, 2021.

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in foreign currency).

Foreign currency risk sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, EURO and others currency exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. Foreign currency exposures recognized by the Company that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as under:



Particulars	Currency Symbol	As at 31.03.2021		As at 31.03.2020	
		Foreign Currency in millions	(Rs. in lakhs)	Foreign Currency in millions	(Rs. in lakhs)
Trade Receivables	US\$	0.106	383.82	0.288	210.16
Loans and Advances	US\$	0.195	144.35	0.150	210.16
	EURO	0.008	6.67	0.048	115.35
	YEN	0.070	13.41	-	-
	GBP	0.001	1.15	-	-
	CHF	0.001	0.53	-	-
Trade and other Payables	US \$	(0.632)	(161.18)	(0.33)	(244.35)
Net Assets (in INR)			387.95		121.60

Note: Figures in bracket represents payables

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Company's financial liabilities comprises of interest bearing vehicle loans, loan and advance from related party and security deposits; however these are not exposed to risk of fluctuation in market interest rate as the rates are fixed at the time of contract/agreement and do not change for any market fluctuation.

(iii) Commodity Price Risk

The Company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities. Its operating activities require the ongoing manufacture of yarn, fabric and garments therefore require a continuous supply of raw materials i.e. Caprolactum, Cotton and Dyes & Chemicals being the major input used in the manufacturing. Due to the significantly increased volatility of the price of the Caprolactum, Cotton and Dyes & Chemicals, the Company has entered into various purchase contracts for these material for which there is an active market. The Company's management has developed and enacted a risk management strategy regarding commodity price risk and its mitigation. The Company partly mitigated the risk of price volatility by entering into the contract for the purchase of some of these materials and further the Company increases prices of its products as and when appropriate to minimize the impact of increase in raw material prices.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that the counter party will not meet its obligation under a financial instrument, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

i) Trade Receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit rating review and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. The Company regularly monitors its outstanding customer receivables.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on trade receivables by lifetime expected credit loss method based on provision matrix. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets.

ii) Financial instruments and cash & bank deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's management in accordance with the Company's policy.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at March 31, 2021 is the carrying amounts which are given below. Trade Receivables and other financial assets are written off when there is no chance of recovery, such as debtor failing to engage in the repayment plan with the Company.



Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Non-current assets		
- Investments	142.33	160.79
Non-current assets		
- Loans	362.94	393.13
Current assets		
- Investments	10.64	10.64
- Trade receivables	5174.66	2,375.61
- Cash and cash equivalents	147.46	1,372.40
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	968.52	863.43
- Loans	26.03	18.50
- Other current financial assets	543.28	509.74
Total	7,375.86	5,704.24

Balances with banks is subject to low credit risks due to good credit ratings assigned to these banks.

The ageing analysis and loss allowance of trade receivables given below has been considered from the date the invoice falls due:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Due from 0 to 180 days	4,904.46	2,076.03
Due from more than 180 days	422.97	415.93
Less: Loss Allowance	(152.77)	(116.35)
Total	5,174.66	2,375.61

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and liquidity requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains source of financing through the use of credit facilities. Processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The table below provides the details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date:

Particulars	Carrying Value	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years
As at 31st March, 2021			
Borrowings	19,148.52	12,265.81	6,882.71
Trade payables	13,245.68	13,245.68	--
Lease liabilities	94.33	39.83	54.50
Other non-current financial liabilities	4,713.80	--	4,713.80
Other current financial liabilities	8,237.13	8,237.13	--
Total	45,439.46	33,788.45	11,651.01

Particulars	Carrying Value	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years
As at 31st March, 2020			
Borrowings	17,265.24	8,434.11	8,831.13
Trade payables	12,611.94	12,611.94	--
Lease liabilities	174.78	129.16	45.62
Other non-current financial liabilities	4,649.97	--	4,649.97
Other current financial liabilities	7,434.98	7,434.98	--
Total	42,136.91	28,610.19	13,526.72



38.14 Disclosure required under Section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars of transaction made during the year and outstanding balance as at the end of the year:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Name of the Investee	Nature of Transaction	2020-21		2019-20	
			During the year	Outstanding Balance	During the year	Outstanding Balance
1.	KCT Textiles Ltd. (Entity over which the certain Key Management Personnel have significant influence)	Investment	--	10.64	--	10.64

38.15 Earning per share:

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Net Profit/(Loss) as per Statement of Profit and Loss (Rs. in lakhs)	1,470.00	(4,456.42)
Weighted average number of equity shares	83,84,26,588	83,84,26,588
Add: Adjustment for pending issuance of equity shares of Rs. 2.50 each (refer note 21.2)	2,99,06,026	--
Weighted average number of equity shares post dilution	86,83,32,614	83,84,26,588
Nominal value of Equity Share (Rs.)	2.50	2.50
Basic Earning per share (Rs.)	0.18	(0.53)
Diluted Earning per share (Rs.)	0.17	(0.53)

38.16 Disclosure required under Section 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
i. Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under MSMED Act.		
- Principal	3,665.12	1,713.19
- Interest	52.31	-
ii. Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
iii. The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act.	-	-
iv. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	-
v. The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
Total	3,717.43	1,713.19

The above information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected with the Company.

38.17 The letters have been sent to most of the parties for confirmation of the balances under trade receivables, advances, trade payables and other parties. However, due to non receipt of the response from few of the parties, the balances from them are subject to confirmations / reconciliation. Adjustment, if any, required in these cases will be accounted for in the period of confirmation / reconciliation, which in the opinion of the management will not have a material impact.



38.18 The Official Liquidator (OL) of CNLT Malaysia, (an erstwhile Associate of the Company, now under liquidation) has filed a recovery case in the High Court of Malaysia at Kuala Lumpur for US\$ 1,250,000 towards alleged fraudulent payment by CNLT to the Company in 2006-07 which is being contested by the Company in the Hon'ble High Court of Malaysia. The next date of hearing is fixed for 22nd June, 2021. In view of the legal experts, no liability is likely to arise.

38.19 Figures of the previous year/s have been rearranged and regrouped, wherever necessary, to conform to current year classification.

Signatures to 'Notes 1 to 38'

V K Singhal
Chief Financial Officer

Sandeep Sachdeva
Company Secretary
(Membership No.54261)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Samir Thapar
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN 00062287)

This is the Balance Sheet referred to our report of even date
Navdeep Singh & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 008400N

Navdeep Singh Choudhary
Partner
Membership No.034979

Place : Hoshiarpur
Dated : 11.06.2021

Directors

Priya Thapar (DIN 06742680)
A K Doshi (DIN 02298644)
R S Samria (DIN 00375315)
Surendra Mal Daga (DIN 03575623)
Rakesh Agarwal (DIN 08980324)

Hoshiarpur Railway Station to JCT Limited

