

CIN: L74110HP2004LC027558

Date: 10-10-2022

To,

The General Manager, Department of Corporate Services, BSE Limited, P.J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001 The Manager- Listing Compliance National Stock Exchange of India Limited 'Exchange Plaza' C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai-400051

BSE Scrip Code – 532771

**NSE Trading Symbol - JHS** 

<u>Sub:</u> Notice convening meeting of Equity Shareholders of the Company for their requisite approval on the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("JHSSRVPL") and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("JHSSBL") and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("JHSSLL"/"the Company") and their respective shareholders and creditors ("Scheme of Arrangement")

<u>Ref.:</u> <u>Section 230 – 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules made thereunder.</u>

# Dear Sir / Ma'am,

This is in reference to the above captioned subject w.r.t. the meetings to be held pursuant to the orders passed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chandigarh Bench dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 and 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2022 in a joint First Motion Application filed by JHSSRVPL, JHSSBL and JHSSLL for the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation under Section 230 – 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

In furtherance of the same, notice is hereby given that the meeting of Equity Shareholders of the Company is scheduled to be held on **Sunday, November 13, 2022** at **10:30 AM (IST)** for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, approving, with or without modification(s), the arrangement embodied in the aforementioned Scheme of Arrangement. A copy of the notice calling meeting of Equity Shareholders of the Company alongwith the requisite annexures is enclosed herewith.

 Day and Date
 :
 Sunday, November 13, 2022

 Time
 :
 10:30 AM (IST)

 Mode of Meeting
 :
 Through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM)

 Mode of Voting
 :
 Remote E-voting and E-voting at the Meeting

The Schedule of the meeting of Equity Shareholders is placed below:



Registered Office : Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala-Amb), Tehsil-Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh - 173030, INDIA Tel. : +91-1702-302119/121/102 - Fax : +91-1702-302125

Corporate Office : B-1/E-23, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road, New Delhi - 110044, INDIA Tel. : +91-11-26900411/412, Fax : +91-11-26900434, Email : enquiry@svendgaard.com



# CIN: L74110HP2004LC027558

Venue of Meeting	:	Registered Office (Deemed venue for VC)	
Cut-off date for E- Voting	:	Monday, November 07, 2022	
Remote E-voting Commencing on	:	Thursday, November 10, 2022 at 09:00 AM (IST)	
Remote E-voting Ending on	:	Saturday, November 12, 2022 at 05:00 PM (IST)	

You are kindly requested to take the same on records.

# Yours faithfully, For & on behalf of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited



Neeraj Kumar Chief Financial Officer

Enclosure: As Above



Registered Office : Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala-Amb), Tehsil-Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh - 173030, INDIA Tel. : +91-1702-302119/121/102 - Fax : +91-1702-302125

JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED					
Registered Office	: Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala Amb), Tehsil – Nahan, Distt Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh – 173030, India				
CIN	: L74110HP2004PLC027558				
E-mail	: cs@svendgaard.com				
Website	www.svendgaard.com				
Telephone	: 011-26900411				

### NOTICE CONVENING MEETING OF THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF

JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED (Convened pursuant to Orders dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 and 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2022 passed by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal at Chandigarh ('NCLT'))

Day	:	Sunday
Date	:	November 13, 2022
Time	:	10:30 AM (IST)
Mode of Meeting	:	Through Video Conferencing (VC)
Mode of Voting	:	Remote e-voting and e-voting at the Meeting
Venue of Meeting	:	Registered Office (Deemed venue for VC)

### **REMOTE E- VOTING:**

Commencing on	:	Thursday, November 10, 2022 at 09:00 AM (IST)
Ending on	:	Saturday, November 12, 2022 at 05:00 PM (IST)

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#### **BEFORE THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL BENCH AT CHANDIGARH** COMPANY APPLICATION NO. (CAA) 15 / CHD / HRY / 2022 (UNDER SECTION 230-232 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013)

#### **IN THE MATTER OF:**

SECTION 230 - 232 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ ALONG WITH RULE 6 AND 7 OF COMPANIES (COMPROMISES, ARRANGEMENTS AND AMALGAMATIONS) **RULES, 2016.** 

AND

IN THE MATTER OF COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT BETWEEN:

JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED HAVING ITS REGISTERED OFFICE AT FIFTH FLOOR, PLOT NO. 107, SECTOR - 44, INSTITUTIONAL AREA, GURUGRAM, HARYANA – 122001. ... (RESULTING COMPANY/ APPLICANT COMPANY 1)

AND

JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED HAVING ITS REGISTERED OFFICE AT FIFTH FLOOR, PLOT NO. 107, SECTOR – 44, INSTITUTIONAL AREA, GURUGRAM, HARYANA – 122001.

... (TRANSFEROR COMPANY/ APPLICANT COMPANY 2)

AND

JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED HAVING ITS REGISTERED OFFICE AT TRILOKPUR ROAD, KHERI (KALA AMB), TEHSIL - NAHAN, DISTT. SIRMOUR, HIMACHAL PRADESH-173030. ... (DEMERGED COMPANY/TRANSFEREE COMPANY/ APPLICANT COMPANY 3)

#### NOTICE CONVENING THE MEETING OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED (DEMERGED COMPANY/TRANSFEREE COMPANY) AS PER THE DIRECTIONS OF HON'BLE NCLT, CHANDIGARH BENCH

To.

The Equity Shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company"/ "Transferee Company"/ "The Company")

**NOTICE** is hereby given that by the Orders dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 and 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2022 1. ("Order"/"NCLT Order"), Hon'ble NCLT has directed that a meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the Company be convened and held through Video Conferencing ("VC") with facility of remote e-voting, for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, approving, with or without modification(s), the arrangement embodied in the Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ('Resulting Company') and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ('Transferor Company') and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ('Demerged Company/Transferee Company') and their respective Shareholders and Creditors ("Scheme"/"Scheme of Arrangement") under the provisions of Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Equity Shareholders of the Company will be held through VC on Sunday, November 13, 2022 at 10:30 AM (IST). Further, there shall be no meeting requiring physical presence at a common venue in view of the present circumstances on account of the COVID-19 pandemic as directed by Hon'ble NCLT Chandigarh Bench vide order dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.

At such day you are requested to attend the meeting through VC. Copies of the scheme of arrangement, and of the statement under section 230 can be obtained free of charge at the registered office of the company between 11.00 AM (IST) and 5.00 PM (IST) on all working days up to the date of the meeting.

2. At the said meeting, following resolutions will be considered and if thought fit, be passed, with or without modification(s) with the requisite majority:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 230 - 232 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the rules, circulars and notifications made thereunder (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) as may be applicable and the enabling provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and subject to the sanction of Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chandigarh Bench ("NCLT") and subject to such other approval(s), permission(s) and sanction(s) of regulatory and other authorities, as may be necessary and subject to such conditions and modifications as may be prescribed or imposed by NCLT or by any regulatory or other authorities, while granting such consents, approvals and permissions, which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Board", which term shall be deemed to mean and include one or more Committee(s) constituted/to be constituted by the Board or any person(s) which the Board may nominate to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this resolution), the arrangement embodied in the Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ('Resulting Company'/'Applicant Company-1') and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ('Transferor Company'/'Applicant Company-2') and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ('Demerged Company/Transferee Company'/'Applicant Company-3') and their respective shareholders and creditors ("Scheme"), be and is hereby approved.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as it may, in its absolute discretion deem requisite, desirable, appropriate or necessary to give effect to this resolution and effectively implement the arrangement embodied in the Scheme and to accept such modifications, amendments, limitations and/or conditions, if any, which may be required and/or imposed by the NCLT while sanctioning the arrangement embodied in the Scheme or by any authorities under law, or as may be required for the purpose of resolving any questions or doubts or difficulties that may arise including passing of such accounting entries and/or making such adjustments in the books of accounts as considered necessary in giving effect to the Scheme, as the Board may deem fit and proper."

- 3. Take further notice that the Equity shareholders shall have the facility and option to vote on the aforesaid resolution for approval of the Scheme by casting their votes (a) through e-voting system available during the meeting to be held virtually, or (b) by remote e-voting during the prescribed period. The details pertaining to the remote e-voting, attending the meeting through VC and e-voting during the meeting (who did not cast their vote through remote e-voting) are given in the notes enclosed herewith.
- 4. Take further notice that a person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Company/Depository as on the cut-off date, i.e Monday. November 07, 2022 ("Cut-off Date") only shall be entitled to exercise his/ her/its voting rights on the resolution proposed in the Notice and attend the Meeting through VC. A person, who is not an equity shareholder as on the Cut-off Date, should treat the notice for information purpose only. The value of the votes cast shall be reckoned and scrutinized with reference to the said Cut-off Date in accordance with the books and records of the Company and where entries in the books are disputed, the Chairman of the meeting shall determine the value for purposes of the said meetings.

- 5. Copies of the Scheme and of the Explanatory Statement, under Sections 230(3) and 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016, along with the enclosures as indicated in the Index are enclosed.
- 6. Pursuant to the NCLT Order dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022, Mr. Pradeep R. Sethi, Former Member (Technical), National Company Law Tribunal has been appointed as the Chairperson of the said meeting. Mr. Arav Gupta, Advocate has been appointed as the Alternate Chairperson of the said meeting. Further, Mr. Manjeet S Dhillon has been appointed as the scrutinizer of the said meeting of Equity Shareholders of the Company. The Scrutinizer, after the conclusion of e-voting at the Meeting, will unblock the votes cast through remote e- voting and votes cast at the Meeting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company, who shall make a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against and submit the same to the Chairman of the Meeting. The Company shall declare the results of the Meeting after receipt of the report from the Scrutinizer and submit to the BSE & NSE within two working days. Further, the Chairman shall submit the report to NCLT in Form No. CAA-4 verified by an Affidavit, the result of the Meeting within Seven days from the date of the conclusion of the Meeting.
- 7. The Scheme of Arrangement, if approved in the aforesaid meeting, will be subject to the subsequent approval of NCLT.

Sd/-Pradeep R Sethi Date: 06.10.2022 Chairman appointed vide NCLT Order for the Meetings of Place: Ambala Cantt. Equity Shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

#### Notes:

- 1. Pursuant to the NCLT Order dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 and also MCA vide General Circular No. 3/2022 dated 05.05.2022 extended the requirements provided in General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 08.04.2020, 17/2020 dated 13.04.2020, 22/2020 dated 15.06.2020, 33/2020 dated 28.09.2020, 39/2020 dated 31.12.2020, 10/2021 dated 23.06.2021 and General Circular No. 20/2021 dated 08.12.2021, in view of the prevailing Covid-19 pandemic situation, the Meeting of the equity shareholders of the Company is being convened through Video Conferencing (VC) to transact the business set out in the Notice convening this Meeting. Hence, there shall be no physical attendance of equity shareholders at the meeting and the deemed venue for the meeting shall be the Registered Office of the Company.
- 2. The Notice of the meeting, Explanatory Statement along with accompanying documents mentioned in the index are sent through electronic mode to the equity shareholders whose names appear in the register of members / list of beneficial owners as on Friday, September 30, 2022 as per the records of the Company / Depositories at their respective last known e-mail addresses / postal address. The equity shareholders whose email addresses are not registered with the Company / Depositories, can register the same with the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent ('RTA') in case the shares are held in the physical form or with the Depositories if the shares are held in the DEMAT form. The equity shareholders may note that the aforesaid documents are available on the website of the Company and can be downloaded from: www.svendgaard.com and website of the accessed / Stock Stock Limited and National Exchange Exchanges. i.e., BSE of India Limited www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively, at and also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) at www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 3. A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the Cut-off Date only shall be entitled to exercise his/her/its voting rights on the resolution proposed in the Notice and attend the Meeting. A person, who is not an equity shareholder as on the Cut-off Date, should treat the Notice for information purpose only.
- 4. The voting rights of the equity shareholders shall be in proportion to their shareholding in the Company as on the close of the business hours of Cut-off dates. The shareholders who have acquired the shares of the Company after sending the notices but before the Cut-off date, can refer the Notices on www.svendgaard.com and/or on website of the Stock Exchanges, at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively, and/or on the website of NSDL at <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> and shall be entitled to avail the facility of voting by electronic means only if his name is recorded in the Register of Members or Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date.
- 5. Since this meeting is being held through virtual mode, there will not be any physical attendance of equity shareholders. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the equity shareholders will not be available for the meeting and hence, the proxy form and attendance slip are not annexed hereto. Further, no route map of the venue of the Meeting is annexed hereto, since this meeting is being held through Virtual Mode.
- 6. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder whose name is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote at the Meeting.
- 7. Institutional/Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals/ HUF/ NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/ Authorisation etc., authorizing its representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting, The said Resolution/ Authorisation sent the Scrutinizer shall be to by e-mail csmanjeetdhillon25@gmail.com with а copy marked to cs@svendgaard.com at and evoting@nsdl.co.in.
- 8. The attendance of the Members attending the Meeting through Virtual Mode will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act as per the terms of the order of the NCLT. Attendance at such meetings shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting(s) instead of taking physical attendance slips.

- 9. In case the required quorum, as noted in the NCLT order, is not present at the commencement of the meeting, the meeting shall be adjourned by 30 minutes and thereafter the persons present and voting shall be deemed to constitute the quorum.
- 10. The Members can join the Meeting through Virtual Mode 15 minutes before and during the meeting after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in this Notice. The Members will be able to view the proceedings and participate at the Meeting by logging into the e-Voting website at www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 11. As per the provisions of Section 230-232 of the Act, the Scheme shall be acted upon only if a majority in number representing three fourth in value of the equity shareholders of the Company, voting by electronic means, agree to the Scheme.
- 12. The documents referred to in the accompanying Explanatory Statement shall be open for inspection by the Equity Shareholders at the registered office of the Company between 11.00 AM (IST) and 5.00 PM (IST) on all working days up to the date of the meeting.
- 13. This Notice, along with copy of the Scheme of Arrangement and other enclosures is also displayed/posted on the website of the Company: <u>www.svendgaard.com</u>, website of E-voting service provider i.e. NSDL at <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> and also on the website of Stock Exchanges i.e., BSE at www.bseindia.com and NSE at www.nseindia.com.
- 14. The Notice convening the Meeting in Form CAA-2, the date of dispatch of the Notice along with the Explanatory Statement and other requisite details will be published through advertisement in the following newspapers, namely, (i) Financial Express, English Newspaper; and Jansatta, Hindi Newspaper.
- 15. Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses so far, are requested to register their e-mail address for receiving all communications.
- 16. The Chairman of the meeting shall, during and 15 minutes after the conclusion of the meeting, allow voting with the assistance of the Scrutinizer, for all those Equity Shareholders who are present at the meeting and who did not cast their votes by availing the remote e-voting facility.
- 17. Members, who would like to express their views or ask clarifications during the said meeting will have to register themselves as a speaker during the period starting from Thursday, November 10, 2022 From 09:00 AM (IST) to Friday, November 11, 2022 upto 05:00 PM (IST) by sending the requests from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/ folio number, PAN, mobile number, email address at <u>cs@svendgaard.com</u> and a link will thereafter be provided to the registered speakers for participating in the Meeting. Only those members who have registered themselves as a speaker will be allowed to express their views/ask clarifications during the said meeting. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the said meeting. Please note that only the members holding the shares as on cut-off date will be eligible to register as speakers. The Company may respond suitably to those shareholders who had sent request to the Company to express their views/questions but due to paucity of time did not get opportunity to ask questions during Meeting.

# THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING THE GENERAL MEETING THROUGH VC ARE AS UNDER:

The remote e-voting period will begin on Thursday, November 10, 2022 from 09:00 AM (IST) and will end on Saturday, November 12, 2022 till 05:00 PM (IST). The remote E-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the cut-off date i.e. Monday, November 07, 2022, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the said cut-off date.

#### How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

### i. <u>Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders</u> <u>holding securities in demat mode</u>

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Type of shareholders         Individual       Shareholders         holding securities in demat       mode with NSDL.	<ol> <li>Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section , this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</li> <li>If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u>. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u></li> <li>Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for</li> </ol>
	<ul><li>casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</li><li>4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile</li></ul>
	App " <b>NSDL Speede</b> " facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.

	NSDL Mobile App is available on App Store Google Play
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol> <li>Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</u> or <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> and click on New System Myeasi.</li> <li>After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.</li> <li>If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistra</u><u>tion</u></li> <li>Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.</li> </ol>
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forgot User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

<u>Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical</u> <u>issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.</u>

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

1	Individual	Members 1	facing any	technical issue	in login	can contact	CDSL
	Shareholders holding	helpdesk	by	sending	а	request	at
	securities in demat mode with CDSL	<u>helpdesk.e</u> 022-23058		<u>slindia.com</u> or c	contact at	t 022- 23058	738 or

#### ii. <u>Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than</u> <u>Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding</u> <u>securities in physical mode.</u>

#### How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.

Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.

A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/</u> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary IDFor example if your Beneficiary ID is12************************************
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:

- (i) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
- (ii) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
- (iii) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
  - 1. If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment

i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.

2. If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process** for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.

If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:

- 1. Click on "<u>Forgot User Details/Password?</u>"(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.
- 2. <u>Physical User Reset Password?</u>" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.
- 3. If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
- 4. Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.

After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.

Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.

After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

#### Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

#### How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- 2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC" link placed under "Join Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

### **General Guidelines for shareholders**

- 1. Institutional shareholders/Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to <u>csmanjeetdhillon25@gmail.com</u> with a copy marked to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> and <u>cs@svendgaard.com</u>. Institutional shareholders/Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to

go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> to reset the password.

3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to Ms. Sarita Mote, Assistant Manager, NSDL at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u>

#### <u>Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for</u> procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card) by email to <u>cs@svendgaard.com</u>.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to <u>cs@svendgaard.com</u> If you are an Individual shareholder holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. <u>Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode</u>.
- 3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

### Process for updation of Mobile Numbers, Bank Account and Email addresses.

By following any of the below mentioned process, the shareholders are requested to update their Mobile Numbers, Email addresses and Bank Account Details in order to receive E-Notice and all other electronic communication relating to the conduct of the Meeting.

- 1. Those shareholders holding shares in the Demat Form can update their Mobile Number, Email addresses and other KYC details with their relevant Depositories through their Depository Participants.
- 2. Those shareholders holding shares in the Physical Form, are requested to furnish the details of mobile number, email addresses and KYC to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) at following address- Alankit Assignments Ltd., 205-208, Anarkali Complex, Jhandewalan, Extension, New Delhi 110055.Tel: 011 42541234 / 42541960, Fax: 011 23552001 or at Email: rta@alankit.com along with the name of the shareholder, folio number, scanned copy of the share certificate(front and back) and self-attested copy of PAN Card.
- 3. The shareholders holding shares in physical form can update the email id and Mobile Number details on the website of the RTA at <u>www.alankit.com</u>

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE MEETING ARE AS UNDER:**

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the Meeting is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.

- 2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the Meeting through VC facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the Meeting.
- 3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the Meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the Meeting.
- 4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the Meeting shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE MEETING THROUGH VC** <u>ARE AS UNDER</u>:

- 1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the Meeting through VC through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join General meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- 2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at <u>cs@svendgaard.com</u>. The same will be replied by the company suitably.
- 6. Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the Meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/ folio number, PAN, mobile number, email address at cs@svendgaard.com from Thursday, November 10, 2022 from 09:00 AM (IST) to Friday, November 11, 2022 till 05:00 PM (IST). Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the Meeting. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the Meeting. The Company may respond suitably to those shareholders who had sent request to the Company to express their views/questions but due to paucity of time did not get opportunity to ask questions during Meeting.

Date: 06.10.2022 Place: Ambala Cantt. -/Sd Pradeep R Sethi Chairman appointed vide NCLT Order for the Meetings of Equity Shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

#### BEFORE THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL BENCH AT CHANDIGARH COMPANY APPLICATION NO. (CAA) 15 / CHD / HRY / 2022 (UNDER SECTION 230- 232 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013)

#### **IN THE MATTER OF:**

SECTION 230 - 232 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ ALONG WITH RULE 6 AND 7 OF COMPANIES (COMPROMISES, ARRANGEMENTS AND AMALGAMATIONS) RULES, 2016.

AND

#### IN THE MATTER OF COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT BETWEEN:

JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED HAVING ITS REGISTERED OFFICE AT FIFTH FLOOR, PLOT NO. 107, SECTOR – 44, INSTITUTIONAL AREA, GURUGRAM, HARYANA – 122001. .... (RESULTING COMPANY/ APPLICANT COMPANY 1)

AND

JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED HAVING ITS REGISTERED OFFICE AT FIFTH FLOOR, PLOT NO. 107, SECTOR – 44, INSTITUTIONAL AREA, GURUGRAM, HARYANA – 122001.

... (TRANSFEROR COMPANY/ APPLICANT COMPANY 2)

AND

JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED HAVING ITS REGISTERED OFFICE AT TRILOKPUR ROAD, KHERI (KALA AMB), TEHSIL – NAHAN, DISTT. SIRMOUR, HIMACHAL PRADESH–173030. ... (DEMERGED COMPANY/TRANSFEREE COMPANY/ APPLICANT COMPANY 3)

#### EXPLANATORY STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 102 READ WITH SECTIONS 230(3), 231(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ ALONG WITH RULE 3, 5 & 6 OF THE COMPANIES (COMPROMISES, ARRANGEMENTS AND AMALGAMATIONS) RULES, 2016.

1. Pursuant to the Orders passed by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chandigarh Bench (the "NCLT") dated 30th August, 2022 and 29th September, 2022 ("Order"/"NCLT Order"), a meeting of the Equity Shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/Transferee Company) is being convened and held through VC on Sunday, November 13, 2022 at 10:30 AM (IST) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, approving with or without modification(s), the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ('Resulting Company'/'Applicant Company-1') and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ('Transferor Company'/'Applicant Company-2') and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ('Demerged Company/Transferee Company'/'Applicant Company-1') and their respective shareholders and creditors ("Scheme"/"Scheme of Arrangement") under Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") (including any statutory modification or re-enactment or amendment thereof for the time being enforce) read with the rules issued there under. Notice of the said meeting together with the copy of the Scheme along with annexures is sent herewith. This Explanatory statement explaining the terms of the Scheme is being furnished as required under section 102 read with section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. The draft Scheme was placed before the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Demerged Company at their respective meetings held on 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020. In accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2020/249 dated 22<sup>nd</sup> December, 2020, the Audit Committee of the Demerged Company vide a resolution passed on 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 at their meeting recommended the Scheme to the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company, inter-alia, taking into account the, Share Entitlement Ratio Report dated 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer and Fairness Opinion dated 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 approved the Scheme, based on such recommendation of the Audit Committee Thereafter, the Independent Directors in their meeting dated 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020, reviewed and recommended the Scheme approved by the Board of Directors and confirmed that the scheme is not detrimental to the Shareholders of the Company.

#### 3. List of the Companies/Parties involved in the Scheme:

- I. JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company")
- II. JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor company")
- III. JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company/Transferee Company")

#### 4. Details of the Companies involved in the Scheme:

#### A. JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED

a) JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as "JSRVPL" or "Resulting Company") bearing CIN U52100HR2007PTC093324 was incorporated on 15<sup>th</sup> February, 2007 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 as a public company, with the name and style of JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited having its registered office situated at B-1 E/23, Mohan Cooperative Industrial Area, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110044. Thereafter the name of Resulting Company was changed to JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture Private Limited and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued on 29<sup>th</sup> December, 2016 by Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana. Further, the Resulting Company had shifted its registered office from NCT of New Delhi to the State of Haryana. Presently the registered office of the Resulting Company is situated at Fifth Floor, Plot No. 107, Sector – 44, Institutional Area, Gurugram, Haryana-122001. PAN: AABCJ8855A

Email ID: csbrand@svendgaard.com

- b) The Resulting Company is a subsidiary company of the Demerged/Transferee Company. The Equity Shares of the Company are not listed on any stock exchanges.
- c) The main objects of the Resulting company as per the memorandum of Association are as follows:
  - i. To initiate, acquire setup, establish, maintain, run, operate, take on lease, hire, franchise and manage off-line, on-line shopping stores, hyper markets, departmental stores, supermarkets, shopping malls, discount stores, speciality stores, shopping outlets, convenience stores, and to deal in, trade, import, export, market, distribute, process, pack, repack, move, preserve, repair, wholesale, retail, exchange, stock, supply indent or otherwise to act as agents, sub-agents, wholesalers, retailers, representatives, commissions agents, franchisers and dealers of all commercial, industrial, / scientific, household, domestic, agricultural, floricultural, sericulture, aqua culture and forest produce and products and by products and services thereof, fast moving consumer goods, consumer durables and other consumer's necessities of every kind, make and sorts, on ready or forward basis, including foods and beverages of all kinds, groceries, spices and condiments,

fruits & vegetables, cookeries, bakery, confectionery, dairy and dairy products, meat and poultry products, sea foods, flowers, cosmetic, pharmaceuticals and accessories of all kinds, tea, coffee and jute, Apparels, Garments, Textiles, Finished / grey fabrics Knitted , Hosiery, linens, furnishing fabrics, fabrics of all kinds, readymade garments and clothing, leather, rubber and plastic products, footwear, Music, Books, Watches, Gifts, Toys, Stationery, glass wares, antiques, accessories, home decor items, furniture, personal care products, precious and semi-precious stones, jewellery, paper and paper products, perfumery, engineering goods, electrical & electronic goods and all other types of general goods, consumables, materials, accessories, commodities and equipment or services of every nature and other similar products.

ii. To establish and carry on in India the business of importing, exporting, buying, selling, marketing, trading, suppliers, distributorship, agency, brokers, factors, stockist, commission agents and dealers of Food & Beverage, Daily consumer Goods and other Related Items.

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital 1,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- Each	10,00,00,000.00
<b>Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital</b> 65,12,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	6,51,20,000.00
Total	6,51,20,000.00

d) The Authorized, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital of the Resulting Company as on date is as follows:

- e) There is no change in the name and objects of the Resulting Company in the last five years. The Resulting Company has changed its registered office from the state of Delhi to the state of Haryana and a fresh Certificate of Incorporation was issued by the by Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana on 03<sup>rd</sup> March, 2021.
- f) Details of the present promoters and directors of the Resulting Company are as follows:
  Promoters

S.	Name	Address
No.		
1.	JHS Svendgaard	Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala Amb), Tehsil -
	Laboratories Limited	Nahan, Distt Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh -
		173030, India
2.	Nikhil Nanda	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
3.	Sushma Nanda	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.

#### • Directors

S. No.	Name	Designation	DIN	Address
1.	Nikhil Nanda	Managing	00051501	D-201, Defense Colony,
		Director		New Delhi – 110024.
2.	Sushma Nanda	Director	01223706	D-201, Defense Colony,
				New Delhi – 110024.
3.	Balbir Verma	Director	08210364	House no. A-2/126, S/F
				Safdarjung Enclave,
				New Delhi – 110029.

g) As on 31.12.2021, the amount due to the Secured Creditors of Resulting Company is NIL and to unsecured creditors is Rs. 5,16,784/- (Rupees Five Lakhs Sixteen Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty Four).

#### **B. JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED**

a) JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (hereinafter referred to as "JSBL" or "Transferor Company") bearing CIN U52100HR2008PLC093836 was originally incorporated on 3rd April, 2008 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 as a public company, with the name and style of JHS Dental Care Limited having its registered office situated at B-1 E/23, Mohan Cooperative Industrial Area, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110044. Thereafter, the name of the Transferor Company was changed to JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued on 25th April, 2017 by Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana. Transferor Company had shifted its registered office from NCT of New Delhi to State of Haryana. Presently the registered office of the Transferor Company is situated at Fifth Floor, Plot No. 107, Sector – 44, Institutional Area, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001. PAN: AABCJ9853C

Email: csbrand@svendgaard.com

- b) The Transferor Company is an Associate Company in relation to the Demerged/Transferee Company within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. The Equity Shares of the Transferor Company are not listed on any stock exchanges.
- c) The main objects of the Transferor company as per the memorandum of Association are as follows:
  - i. To initiate, acquire setup, establish, maintain, run, operate, take on lease, hire, franchise and manage off-line, on-line shopping stores, hyper markets, departmental stores, supermarkets, shopping malls, discount stores, specialty stores, shopping outlets, convenience stores, and to deal in, trade, import, export, market, distribute, process, pack, repack, move, preserve, repair, wholesale, retail, exchange, stock, supply indent or otherwise to act as agents, sub-agents, wholesalers, retailers, representatives, commissions agents, franchisers and dealers of all commercial, industrial, / scientific, household, domestic, agricultural, floricultural, sericulture, aqua culture and forest produce and products and by products and services thereof, fast moving consumer goods, consumer durables and other consumer's necessities of every kind, make and sorts, on ready or forward basis, including foods and beverages of all kinds, groceries, spices and condiments, fruits & vegetables, cookeries, bakery, confectionery, dairy and dairy products, meat and poultry products, sea foods, flowers, cosmetic, pharmaceuticals and accessories of all kinds, tea, coffee and jute, Apparels, Garments, Textiles, Finished / grey fabrics Knitted , Hosiery, linens, furnishing fabrics, fabrics of all kinds, readymade garments and clothing, leather, rubber and plastic products, footwear, Music, Books, Watches, Gifts, Toys, Stationery, glass wares, antiques, accessories, home decor items, furniture, personal care products, precious and semi-precious stones, jewellery, paper and paper products, perfumery, engineering goods, electrical & electronic goods and all other types of general goods, consumables, materials, accessories, commodities and equipment or services of every nature and other similar products.
  - ii. To establish and carry on in India the business of importing, exporting, buying, selling, marketing, trading, suppliers, distributorship, agency, brokers, factors, stockist, commission agents and dealers of Food & Beverage, Daily consumer Good and other Related Items.

- iii. To carry on the business of selling/buying o goods and services through the medium of internet and retail shops/franchises & to own and run websites and retail shops will be active in all activities like logistics which enable it to sell goods and services to its customers.
- To carry on all or any of the business pertaining to manufacture, processing and iv. trading either directly or through collaboration, joint venture or under licence, trade agreements or as ancillary units for Indian and export markets of components and equipments used in Electronics/ Telecommunications, Industry, Telematic Operations and in allied fields, organizing, participating in trade fairs, exhibitions, advertisements in India and abroad either with exclusive right or otherwise of Telecommunications Industries, Engineering Industries, Consumer Industries, Utilities, Scientific, educational and allied industries, and also carry on the business of research and development, design, manufacture, assembly, consultancy, installation, training, planning of electronics, Telecommunication, information technology equipment and related systems, ancillaries, components, modules, subassembly and trading, buying and selling and otherwise deal in all kind of electronics, Telecommunication and information technology and such other related systems, and to organize and co-ordinate industrial projects and co-operative research and development projects which are related to electronics, telecommunication technology.
- d) The Authorized, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital of the Transferor Company as on date is as follows:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	16,00,00,000.00
1,60,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital	15,69,75,290.00
1,56,97,529 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	
Total	15,69,75,290.00

- e) Details of change in name, registered office or objects of the Transferor Company during the last five years :
  - The Transferor Company has changed its registered office from the state of Delhi to the state of Haryana and a fresh Certificate of Incorporation was issued by the by Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana on 19<sup>th</sup> March, 2021
  - There is no change in the object clause and name clause of the Transferor Company during the last five years.
- f) Details of the present promoters and directors of the Transferor Company are as follows:

#### • Promoters

S.	Name	Address
No.		
1.	JHS Svendgaard	Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala Amb), Tehsil – Nahan,
	Laboratories Limited	Distt Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh – 173030, India
2.	Nikhil Nanda	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
3.	Sushma Nanda	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
4.	Ashna Kochhar	257, Gulmohar Enclave, New Delhi-110049

#### • Directors

S.	Name	Designa	DIN	Address
No.		tion		
1.	Nikhil Nanda	Director	00051501	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
2.	Sushma Nanda	Director	01223706	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
3.	Chhabi Lal Prasad	Director	01286188	House No. 11 A, Gali No54, Molarband Extension, New Delhi – 110044.
4.	Safir Anand	Director	02117658	1, Jaipur Estate Nizamuddin East Delhi – 110013.
5.	Vinay Mittal	Director	08232559	A-802, Amrapali Sapphire, Sector-45, Gautam Buddha Nagar, Noida Uttar Pradesh – 201301.

g) As on 31.12.2021, the amount due to the Secured Creditors of Transferor Company is Rs. 4,54,678/- (Rupees Four Lacs Fifty Four Thousand Six Hundred and Seventy Eight) and to Unsecured Creditors is Rs. 1,25,40,971/- (Rupees One Crore Twenty Five Lacs Forty Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy One).

#### C. JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

a) JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED (herein after referred to as "JSLL" or "Demerged Company"/ "Transferee Company"), bearing CIN L74110HP2004PLC027558 was incorporated on 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2004 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. The registered office of the Transferee Company is situated at Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala Amb), Tehsil - Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh -173030, India. The Transferee Company is widely held public listed company and the shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited. PAN: AABCJ5766G

Email ID: cs@svendgaard.com

- b) The Demerged/Transferee Company is engaged in the business manufacturing and selling of toothbrushes, toothpastes, mouthwash, denture tablets, and other allied oral care products. Apart from working on its own brands, the company also offers contract manufacturing partnership to brands in the domestic and the international market.
- c) The main objects of the Demerged/Transferee Company as per the memorandum of Association are as follows:
  - i. To carry on business of manufacturer, exporters, importers, traders, buyers and sellers of Oral Hygiene products (including tooth brushes & tooth pastes) whether raw, semi-finished and finished
  - To manufacturer basic drugs, herbal remedies, Ayurvedic medicines/preparations, Medicines of all kinds of chemicals and intermediaries used in manufacture of medicines
  - iii. To manufacture, buy, sale, import, export, distribute and to deal in any other manner possible, in automobile parts of all kinds & descriptions (whether electronic or not ), automotive and other gears, transmission axles, blades, Universal joints, springs, spring leaves, head lamps, sealed beams, clutch facing and brake lining component parts, spare parts, accessories and fittings of all kinds for the said articles and things used in connection with the manufacture thereof,

alloy springs, steel billets, flats and bars, pressed and other engineering items and other related items for motor cars, motor truck, buses, tractors, vans, jeeps, lorries, motor launches, motor cycles, cycles and vehicles and conveyances of all kinds.

d) The Authorized, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital of the Transferee Company as on date is as follows:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital 7,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	70,00,00,000.00
<b>Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital</b> 6,49,00,465 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	64,90,04,650.00
Total	64,90,04,650.00

- e) There is no change in the name and registered office of the Demerged/Transferee Company in the last five years. However, the Company has changed its objects for which the certificate was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Himachal Pradesh on 10<sup>th</sup> September, 2020.
- f) Details of the present promoters and directors of the Demerged/Transferee Company are as follows:

#### • Promoters

S. No.	Name	Address
1.	Sushma Nanda	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
2.	Harish Chander Nanda	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
3.	Nikhil Nanda	D-201, Defense Colony, New Delhi – 110024.
4.	Daljit Singh Grewal	House No. 203, Sector 35/A, Chandigarh

Directors		1	
Name	Designatio	DIN	Address
	n		
Nikhil Nanda	Managing	00051501	D-201, Defense Colony, New
	Director		Delhi – 110024.
Mukul Pathak	Director	00051534	G-12, Block G, Sarita Vihar, New
			Delhi – 110044.
Rajagopal	Director	00259537	S-16/11, DLF City, Phase-III,
Chakravarthi			Gurgaon Haryana – 122002.
Venkateish			
Kapil	Director	02817283	E-36A Naraina Vihar New Delhi –
Minocha			110028.
Rohina Sanjay	Director	07520124	G-1/2, A/105, Plot No. 38,
Sangtani			Residency Aurobindo Marg
			Lokhandwala Complex, Andheri
			West Azad Nagar Andheri
	Name Nikhil Nanda Mukul Pathak Rajagopal Chakravarthi Venkateish Kapil Minocha Rohina Sanjay	NameDesignationNikhil NandaManaging DirectorMukul PathakDirectorMukul PathakDirectorRajagopal Chakravarthi VenkateishDirectorKapil MinochaDirectorRohina SanjayDirector	NameDesignatio nDINNikhil NandaManaging Director00051501Mukul PathakDirector00051534Rajagopal Chakravarthi VenkateishDirector00259537Kapil MinochaDirector02817283Rohina SanjayDirector07520124

• Directors

				Maharashtra – 400053.
6.	Vinay Mittal	Director	08232559	A-802, Amrapali Sapphire, Sector-45, Gautam Buddha Nagar, Noida, Uttar Pradesh-201301

g) As on 31.12.2021, the amount due to the Secured Creditors of Demerged / Transferee Company is Rs. 63,50,864/- (Rupees Sixty Three Lakhs Fifty Thousand Eight Hundred Sixty Four) and to Unsecured Creditors is Rs. 15,08,37,904/- (Rupees Fifteen Crores Eight Lakhs Thirty Seven Thousand Nine Hundred and Four).

# 5. Relationship between Resulting Company, Transferor Company and Demerged/Transferee company

The Resulting Company is a subsidiary company of the Demerged/Transferee Company. The Transferor Company is an associate company in relation to the Demerged/Transferee Company.

6. Details of the of the Board meeting at which the proposed Scheme was approved by the Board of Directors of the Resulting Company, Transferor Company and Demerged/Transferee company including the name of the Directors who voted in favour of the resolution, who voted against the resolution and who did not vote or participate on such resolution.

#### For Resulting Company:

Date of the Board meeting at which the Scheme was approved by the Board of directors: 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020.

S. No.	Name of the directors	Details (voted in favour/ voted against/ didn't vote)
1	Nikhil Nanda	Voted in favour
2	Sushma Nanda	Voted in favour

#### For Transferor Company:

Date of the Board meeting at which the Scheme was approved by the Board of Directors: 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020.

S.	Name of the directors	Details (voted in favour/ voted against/ didn't
No.		vote)
1	Nikhil Nanda	Voted in favour
2	Nikhil Vora	Voted in favour
3	Chhabi Lal Prasad	Voted in favour
4	Vinay Mittal	Voted in favour

### For Demerged/Transferee Company:

Date of the Board meeting at which the Scheme was approved by the Board of directors: 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020.

S.	Name of the directors	Details (voted in favour/ voted against/ didn't
No.		vote)
1	Nikhil Nanda	Voted in favour
2	Mukul Pathak	Voted in favour
3	Kapil Minocha	Voted in favour

4	Nikhil Vora	Voted in favour

# 7. Approvals Required

For the purpose of giving effect to the proposed Scheme, following approvals are required:

S.	Particulars	Status of Approval/NOC			
No.					
1.	SEBI	BSE Limited was appointed as the designated Stock Exchange by the			
	through	Demerged Company / Transferee Company for the purpose of			
	Stock	coordinating with SEBI, pursuant to SEBI Master Circular No.			
	Exchanges	SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2020/249 dated December 22, 2020.			
		The Demerged Company/Transferee Company has received			
		Observation letters regarding the Scheme from BSE Limited (BSE) and			
		from National Stock Exchange of India Ltd (NSE) dated 08 <sup>th</sup>			
		December, 2021. There are no adverse observations made by BSE and			
		NSE. Copy of the Observation letter received from BSE and NSE is			
		attached to this Notice.			

# 8. Per and Post Capital Structure:

#### For Resulting Company

Category of shareholder			Post	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Promoter	65,12,000	100	27,51,798	42.32
Public	-	-	37,50,249	57.68
Custodian	-	-	-	-
Total	65,12,000	100	6,502,047	100

### For Transferor Company

Category of shareholder	Pre		Post	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Promoter	81,48,887	51.91	-	-
Public	75,48,642	48.09	-	-
Custodian	-	-	-	-
Total	1,56,97,529	100	-	-

## For Demerged / Transferee Company

Category of shareholder	Pre		Post	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Promoter	2,68,97,988	44.17	2,95,71,320	37.72
Public	3,40,02,477	55.83	4,88,25,442	62.28
Custodian	-	-	-	-
Total	6,09,00,465	100	7,83,96,762	100

#### 9. Summary of Share Entitlement Ratio Report and Fairness Opinion:

a) Valuation Report dated 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach-registered valuer and Valuation Report dated 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2020 by Abhay Kaushik and Company, Independent Chartered Accountant. Fairness opinion dated 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by 3Dimensions Capital Services Private Limited, SEBI Registered Category-I, Merchant Banker. Share Entitlement Ratio is as under –

### • <u>Demerger of Demerged Undertaking of Demerged Company into Resulting</u> <u>Company</u>:

Resulting Company shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of the Demerged Company shares in proportion of: 1 (one) equity share of the face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each held in the Demerged Company.

### <u>Amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Demerged/Transferee Company:</u>

Transferee Company shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of the Transferor Company shares in proportion of: 150 (One Hundred Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (One Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company".

b) In compliance of the observation letter issued by BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, the Company obtained another Share Entitlement Ratio Report dated 22<sup>nd</sup> February, 2022 from the registered valuer, Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach which was filed before NCLT, Chandigarh Bench for disclosure purpose. Share Entitlement Ratio as envisaged in the Share Entitlement Ratio Report dated 22<sup>nd</sup> February, 2022 is as under –

### • <u>Demerger of Demerged Undertaking of Demerged Company into Resulting</u> <u>Company</u>:

1 (one) equity share of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each held in the Demerged Company.

### • Amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Demerged/Transferee Company:

Transferee Company shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of "Transferor Company" shares in proportion of 137 (One Hundred and Thirty Seven) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (One Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company".

c) Further, the Valuation Reports will be available for inspection at the registered office of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company up to 1 (One) day up to the date of the meeting on all working days between 11:00 AM (IST) to 5:00 PM (IST).

#### 10. There is no Capital/Debt Restructuring in the Scheme.

### 11. The Rationale and Benefit of the Scheme:

- 1. The Board of Directors of the Companies are of the view that the (a) Demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company and (b) Amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Transferee Company, pursuant to this Composite Scheme of Arrangement, inter alia, would lead to the following benefits:
- 2. The demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - I. Creation of a separate, distinct and focussed entity housing the Retail Business leading to greater operational efficiencies for the Retail Business;
  - II. Independent setup of each of the undertaking of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company will ensure required depth and focus on each of the companies and adoption of strategies necessary for the growth of the respective companies. The structure shall provide independence to the management in decisions regarding the use of their respective cash flows for dividends, capital expenditure or other reinvestment in their respective businesses;
  - III. Unlocking of value for shareholders of the Demerged Company by transfer of the Retail Business, which would enable optimal exploitation, monetization and development of both, Residual Undertaking and the Retail Business by attracting focused investors, joint venture partners and strategic partners having the necessary ability, experience and interests in this sector and by allowing pursuit of inorganic and organic growth opportunities in such businesses; and
  - IV. Enabling the business and activities to be pursued and carried on with greater focus and attention through two separate companies each having its own separate administrative set up and dedicated management.
- 3. The amalgamation of the Transferor Company into the Transferee Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - I. The Transferor Company and Transferee Company are engaged in similar nature of business, i.e. Oral Care Products. Hence, the amalgamation of Transferor Company with Transferee Company shall result in the consolidation of similar line of business and result in saving of administrative costs and various other overheads.
  - II. Apart from above, the amalgamation shall result in following benefits -
    - Financial strength and flexibility for the Transferee Company, which would result in maximising overall shareholder value, and will improve the competitive position of the combined entity.
    - Achieve greater efficiencies in operations with optimum utilization of resources, better administration and reduced cost.
    - Cost savings are expected to flow from more focused operational efforts, rationalization, standardization and simplification of business processes, productivity improvements, and the elimination of duplication, and optimum rationalization of administrative expenses and utilization of human resources.
    - Improved organizational capability and leadership arising from pooling of financial, managerial and technical resources.
    - A larger growing company will mean enhanced financial and growth prospects for the people and organization connected therewith, and will be in public interest. The amalgamation will conducive for better and more efficient and economical control over the business and financial conduct of the Companies.

#### 12. Salient features of the Scheme are:

- (a) Appointed Date means 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2020 or such other date as may be approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) or by such other competent authority having jurisdiction over the Applicant Companies;
- (b) Effective Date means the date on which the certified copy of the order of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal of relevant jurisdiction under Sections 230 and 232 of the Act sanctioning the Scheme is filed with the concerned Registrar of Companies.

- (c) This Scheme is divided into the following chapters:
  - Chapter 1: General Provisions used in this Scheme including Definitions and Capital Structure of the Companies.
  - Chapter 2: Specific provisions governing "Demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company)";
  - Chapter 3: Specific provisions governing "Transfer and vesting of undertaking of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Transferee Company)";
  - Chapter 4: Specific provisions governing "Issue of shares by the Resulting Company to the shareholders of the Demerged Company and listing of the equity shares, issued thereof by the Resulting Company. This part of the Scheme also deals with Accounting Treatment for the demerger in the books of Demerged Company and Resulting Company";
  - Chapter 5: Specific provisions governing "Issue of shares by the Transferee Company to the shareholders of the Transferor Company. This part of the Scheme also deals with Accounting Treatment for the amalgamation in the books of Transferee Company"; and
  - Chapter 6: General Terms and Conditions as applicable to the composite Scheme of Arrangement.

#### **CHAPTER 2**

#### DEMERGER OF "RETAIL INVESTMENT DIVISION" (DEMERGED UNDERTAKING) OF THE DEMERGED COMPANY INTO RESULTING COMPANY

#### 1. TRANSFER OF DEMERGED UNDERTAKINGS

Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date and pursuant to Section 230 and Section 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of law for the time being in force, and pursuant to the orders of the NCLT or other appropriate authority or forum, if any, sanctioning the Scheme, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing, the Demerged Undertaking shall stand vested in the Resulting Company, as a going concern, together with all its properties, assets, rights, benefits and interest therein.

#### 2. TRANSFER OF ASSETS

- (i) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, all assets relating to the Demerged Undertaking as are movable or immovable in nature or are otherwise capable of transfer by manual delivery or by endorsement and acknowledgement of possession pursuant to this Scheme, shall stand transferred and vested as such by the Demerged Company and shall become the property and an integral part of the Resulting Company. The vesting pursuant to this sub-clause shall be deemed to have occurred by manual delivery or endorsement, as appropriate to the property being vested and title to the property shall be deemed to have been transferred accordingly.
- (ii) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, any and all movable properties of the Demerged Company relating to the Demerged Undertaking, other than those specified in sub-clause (i) above, including sundry debtors, outstanding loans and advances and other current assets, if any, recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received, cash & bank balances and deposits, shall without any further act, instrument or deed, become the property of the Resulting Company.
- (iii) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, all assets, estate, rights, title, interest and authorities acquired by the Demerged

Company after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date pertaining to the Demerged Undertaking shall also stand transferred to and vested in the Resulting Company upon coming into effect of the Scheme.

#### 3. TRANSFER OF LIABILITIES AND RELATED SECURITIES/ CHARGES

- Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, all (i) debts, liabilities and obligations, whether recorded or not, of the Demerged Company relating to the Demerged Undertaking, as on the close of business on the day immediately preceding the Appointed Date (hereinafter referred to as the Transferred Liabilities) shall become the debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of the Resulting Company, upon the Scheme becoming effective, who shall undertake to meet, discharge and satisfy the same to the exclusion of the Demerged Company. All the debts, liabilities, duties and obligations, secured or unsecured, whether recorded or not, relating to the remaining business shall continue to remain in the Demerged Company. Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, where any of the liabilities and obligations of the Demerged Undertaking as on the Appointed Date deemed to be transferred to the Resulting Company have been discharged by the Demerged Company after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date, such discharge shall be deemed to have been taken for and on account of the Resulting Company and all loans raised and used and all liabilities and obligations incurred by the Demerged Company for the operations of the Demerged Undertaking after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date shall be deemed to have been raised, used or incurred for and on behalf of the Resulting Company and to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date shall also without any further act or deed be and stand transferred to the Resulting Company and shall become liabilities of the Resulting Company which shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same. Such liabilities shall also form part of the Transferred Liabilities as defined hereinabove.
- (ii) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, in so far as the existing security in respect of the Transferred Liabilities of the Demerged Undertaking is concerned, such security shall continue to extend to and operate over the assets comprised in the Demerged Undertaking, as the case may be, which have been charged in respect of the Transferred Liabilities as transferred to the Resulting Company pursuant to this Scheme. Provided, however, that if any of the assets comprised in the Demerged Undertaking which have not been charged or secured in respect of the Transferred Liabilities, such assets shall be transferred to the Resulting Company as unencumbered assets and in the absence of any formal amendment, which may be required by a lender or third party, shall not affect the operation of the above and this Scheme shall not operate so as to require any charge or security to be created on such assets in relation to the Transferred Liabilities as defined hereinabove.
- (iii) Further, in so far as the assets comprised in the Demerged Undertaking is concerned, the security and charge over such assets relating to any loans or borrowings which are not transferred pursuant to this Scheme (and which shall continue with the Remaining Businesses), shall without any further act or deed be realized from such encumbrance and shall no longer be available as security in relation to such liabilities.
- (iv) Without prejudice to the provisions of the foregoing clauses and upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company, if required, may execute any instruments or documents or do all acts and deeds as may be required, including the filing of necessary particulars and/or modification(s) of charge, with the ROC to give formal effect to the above provisions.
- (v) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Resulting Company alone shall be liable to perform all obligations in respect of the Transferred Liabilities and the Demerged Company shall not have any obligations

in respect of the Transferred Liabilities, and the Resulting Company shall indemnify the Demerged Company in this behalf.

- (vi) It is expressly provided that, save as mentioned in this Clause, no other term or condition of the Transferred Liabilities is modified by virtue of this Scheme except to the extent that such amendment is required by necessary implication.
- (vii) Subject to the necessary consents being obtained, if required, in accordance with the terms of this Scheme, the provisions of this Scheme, if approved by Hon'ble NCLT, shall operate, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any instrument, deed or writing or the terms of sanction or issue or any security document; all of which instruments, deeds or writings shall stand modified and/or superseded by the foregoing provisions.

# 4. TRANSFER OF CONTRACTS, AGREEMENTS, MOU, PERMITS, QUOTAS AND LICENCE OF DEMERGED UNDERTAKING.

- (i) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, any and all contracts, agreements, memoranda of undertakings, memoranda of agreed points, letters of agreed points, arrangements, undertakings, whether written or otherwise, deeds, bonds, schemes, arrangements, tenancy or leasehold or hire purchase agreements and other instruments of whatsoever nature in relation to the Demerged Undertaking, to which the Demerged Company are a party or to the benefits of which, the Demerged Undertaking may be eligible and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the Effective Date shall be in full force and effect, on or against or in favor of the Resulting Company and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of the Demerged Company, the Resulting Company had been a party or beneficiary or oblige thereto;
- (ii) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, all permits, quotas, rights, entitlements, licenses including those relating to tenancies, privileges, powers, facilities of every kind and description of whatsoever nature, leave and license agreements, trade mark licenses including application for registration of trade mark , storage & warehousing agreements, commission agreements, Lease agreements, Hire Purchase Agreements, franchisee agreements in relation to the Demerged Undertaking to which the Demerged Company are a party or to the benefit of which the Demerged Company may be eligible and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the Effective Date shall be and remain in full force and effect in favour of or against Resulting Company as the case may be, and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of the Demerged Company, the Resulting Company had been a party or beneficiary or oblige thereto;
- (iii) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, any and all statutory licenses, no-objection certificates, permissions, approvals, consents, quotas, rights, entitlements, trade mark licenses including application for registration of trade mark, licenses including those relating to privileges, powers, facilities of every kind and description of whatsoever nature and the benefits thereto, in relation to the Demerged Undertaking shall stand transferred to or vested in the Resulting Company, without any further act or deed done by the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company and shall be appropriately mutated by the statutory authorities concerned therewith in favor of the Resulting Company upon the vesting and transfer of the Demerged Undertaking pursuant to this Scheme.
- (iv) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, any such statutory and regulatory no-objection certificates, licenses, permissions, consents, approvals, authorizations or registrations, trade mark licenses including application for registration of trade mark as are jointly held for Demerged Undertaking and the remaining businesses, including the statutory licenses, permissions or approvals, registrations under Sales Tax/VAT, Service Tax, Shops and Establishments Act or consents required to carry on the operations in the remaining businesses, shall be deemed to constitute separate licenses, permissions, no-objection

certificates, consents, approvals, authorities, registrations or statutory rights and the relevant or concerned statutory authorities and licensors shall endorse and/or mutate or record the separation, pursuant to the filing of this Scheme as sanctioned by the Hon'ble NCLT, with such authorities and licensors after the same becomes effective, so as to facilitate the continuation of operations in the Resulting Company without hindrance from the Appointed Date.

The benefit of all statutory and regulatory permissions, licenses and consents including the statutory licenses, permissions or approvals or consents required to carry on the operations of the Demerged Undertaking shall vest in and become available to the Resulting Company pursuant to the Scheme.

(v) All contractors hitherto engaged by the Demerged Company in relation to the Demerged Undertaking shall be deemed to be engaged by the Resulting Company for the same purpose on the same terms and conditions.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE MATTERS

- (i) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, the services of all Employees of the Demerged Company employed in the Demerged Undertaking shall stand transferred to the Resulting Company on the same terms and conditions at which these Employees are engaged by the Demerged Company without any interruption of service as a result of the transfer. The Resulting Company also undertakes to accept and abide by any change in terms and conditions that may be agreed/ affected by the Demerged Company with all such Employees between the Appointed Date and Effective Date.
- (ii) The Resulting Company undertakes to continue to abide by any agreements/ settlements entered into by the Demerged Company in respect of Demerged Undertaking with any union/ representatives of the Employees of the Demerged Company. The Resulting Company agrees that the Resulting Company shall take the services of all such employees with the Demerged Company up to the Effective Date into account for the purpose of all retirement benefits payable to such employees subsequently. The Resulting Company further agrees that for the purpose of payment of any retrenchment compensation, gratuity and other terminal benefits, such past services with the Demerged Company shall also be taken into account and agrees and undertakes to pay the same as and when payable.
- In so far as the existing provident fund, gratuity fund and pension and/or (iii) superannuation fund, employees state insurance schemes, trusts, retirement fund or benefits and any other funds or benefits created by the Demerged Company for the Employees related to the Demerged Undertaking (collectively referred to as the "Funds"), the Funds and such of the investments made by the Funds which are preferable to the Employees related to the Demerged Undertaking being transferred to the Resulting Company in terms of Sub Clause (i) of Clause 5 above shall be transferred to the Resulting Company and shall be held for their benefit pursuant to this Scheme. The Resulting Company in its sole discretion, will establish necessary Funds to give effect to the above transfer or deposit the same in the schemes governed under the applicable laws and rules made there under, as amended from time to time, namely Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and/or Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 and/or Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. In the event that the Resulting Company does not have its own funds in respect of any of the above, the Resulting Company may, subject to necessary approvals and permissions, continue to contribute to the relevant Funds of the Demerged Company, until such time that the Resulting Company creates its own fund, at which time the Funds and the investments and contributions pertaining to the Employees related to Demerged Undertaking shall be transferred to the funds created by the Resulting Company.

### 6. LEGAL PROCEEDING

If any suit, appeal or other proceedings relating to Demerged Undertaking of whatsoever nature by or against the Demerged Company is pending the same shall not be transferred to Resulting Company and the proceedings may be continued, prosecuted and enforced, by or against the Demerged Company in the same manner and to the same extent as they would or might have been continued, prosecuted and enforced by or against the Demerged Company, as if this Scheme had not been made.

#### 7. INCOME TAX AND OTHER PROVISIONS

- (i) Upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company shall have the right to revise their respective financial statements and returns along with prescribed forms, filings and Annexures under the Income Tax Act, 1961, central sales tax, applicable state value added tax, service tax law, goods and services tax laws, excise duty laws and other tax laws, and to claim refunds and/or credit for taxes paid (including minimum alternate tax, tax deducted at source, wealth tax, etc.) and for matters incidental thereto, if required to give effect to the provisions of the Scheme.
- (ii) Any refunds or credits, under the Income Tax Act, 1961, Service tax laws, goods and services tax laws, excise duty laws, central sales tax, applicable state value added tax laws or other applicable laws/ regulations dealing with taxes/ duties/ levies due to Demerged Company relating to Demerged Undertaking consequent to the assessment made on Demerged Company (including any refund for which no credit is taken in the accounts of the Demerged Company) as on the date immediately preceding the Appointed Date shall also belong to and be received by the Resulting Company upon this Scheme becoming effective.
- (iii) The tax payments (including but not limited to income tax, service tax, goods and services tax laws, excise duty, central sales tax, applicable state value added tax, etc.) whether by way of tax deducted at source, advance tax or otherwise howsoever, by the Demerged Company relating to Demerged Undertaking after the Appointed Date, shall be deemed to be paid by the Resulting Company and shall, in all proceedings, be dealt with accordingly.
- (iv) Further, any tax deducted at source by Demerged Company with respect to Demerged Undertaking on transactions with the Resulting Company, if any (from Appointed Date to Effective Date) shall be deemed to be advance tax paid by the Resulting Company and shall, in all proceedings, be dealt with accordingly.
- (v) Upon the Scheme coming into effect, any obligation of tax at source on any payment made by or to be made by the Demerged Company relating to Demerged Undertaking shall be made or deemed to have been made and duly complied with by the Resulting Company.

#### 8. OTHER PROVISIONS

- (i) The Demerged Company and the Resulting Company may, after the Scheme becomes effective, for the sake of good order, execute amended and re-stated arrangements or confirmations or other writings, for the ease of the Demerged Company, the Resulting Company and the counter party concerned in relation to the Remaining Business and the Demerged Undertaking, without any obligation to do so and without modification of any commercial terms or provisions in relation thereto.
- (ii) Upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Resulting Company shall secure the change in record of rights and any other records relevant for mutating the legal ownership of any immovable property vested with the Resulting Company and relating to the Demerged Undertaking. The Demerged Company and the Resulting Company are jointly and severally authorized to file such declarations and other writings to give effect to this Scheme and to remove any difficulties in implementing the terms hereof.

#### 9. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

- (i) With effect from the Appointed Date and up to and including the Effective Date:
  - (i) The Demerged Company shall be deemed to have been carrying on all business and activities relating to the Demerged Undertaking for and on behalf of and in trust for the Resulting Company: and
  - (ii) All income, expenditures including management costs, profits accruing to the Demerged Company and all taxes thereof or losses arising or incurred by it relating to the Demerged Undertaking shall, for all purposes, be treated as the income, expenditures, profits, taxes or losses, as the case may be, of the Resulting Company.
- (ii) With effect from the Effective Date, the Resulting Company shall be duly authorized to carry on the business of the Demerged Undertaking, previously carried on by the Demerged Company.
- (iii) The Resulting Company unconditionally and irrevocably agrees and undertakes to pay, discharge and satisfy all the liabilities and obligations of the Demerged Undertaking with effect from the Appointed Date, in order to give effect to the foregoing provisions.
- (iv) The Demerged Company and the Resulting Company are expressly permitted to revise their Income Tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax, goods and services Tax, VAT and all other statutory returns, including without limitation TDS certificates and the right to claim refund, advance tax credits etc., upon the Scheme becoming effective. It is specifically declared that the taxes paid by the Demerged Company relating to the period on or after the Appointed Date whether by way of deduction at source or advance tax, which pertains to the Demerged Undertaking, shall be deemed to be the taxes paid by the Resulting Company and the Resulting Company shall be entitled to claim credit for such taxes deducted/ paid against its tax liabilities notwithstanding that the certificates/ challans or other documents for payment of such taxes are in the name of the Demerged Company.

#### CHAPTER 3

# TRANSFER & VESTING OF UNDERTAKING OF TRANSFEROR COMPANY INTO TRANSFEREE COMPANY

- 1. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, the entire business and the whole of the undertaking(s), properties and liabilities of Transferor Company shall, in terms of Section 230 and 232 and applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to the orders of the Hon'ble NCLT or any other appropriate authority or forum, if any, sanctioning the Scheme, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing, stand transferred and vested in and/ or deemed to be transferred to and vested in Transferee Company as a going concern so as to become, as and from the Appointed Date, the undertaking(s), properties and liabilities of Transferee Company by virtue of and in the manner provided in this Scheme.
- 2. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, the entire business and undertaking of Transferor Company shall stand transferred to and be vested in Transferee Company without any further deed or act, together with all their properties, assets, rights, benefits and interest therein, subject to existing charges thereon in favour of banks and financial institutions, as the case may be, in the following manner:

#### **3.** TRANSFER OF ASSETS

Upon the sanction of the Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT, and without prejudice to the generality of the preceding clause, upon the coming into effect of the Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date:

- 3.1. All immovable properties, assets and rights in the immovable properties of the Transferor Company, whether freehold or leasehold or converted or otherwise and in terms of such permitted usage as mentioned therein and all documents of title, rights and easements in relation thereto shall pursuant to the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 of the Act and pursuant to the orders of the Hon'ble NCLT or any other appropriate authority sanctioning the Scheme and without any further act or deed shall stand transferred to and vested in and/or deemed to be transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company, as a going concern, subject to all the encumbrances, fixed and/or floating charges and/or rights given to the lenders of the other divisions of Transferor Company, if any, affecting the same or any part hereof and arising out of liabilities which shall also stand transferred to the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company shall be entitled to and exercise all rights and privileges attached thereto and shall be liable to pay ground rent, taxes and to fulfill obligations in relation to or applicable to such immovable properties. The Transferee Company shall under the provisions of Scheme be deemed to be authorized to execute such instruments, deeds and writing on behalf of the Transferor Company to implement or carry out all such formalities or compliances to give effect to the provisions of this Scheme. The mutation of the title to the immovable properties shall be made and duly recorded by the appropriate authorities pursuant to the sanction of the Scheme and upon the Scheme becoming effective, in accordance with the terms hereof, in favour of the Transferee Company. Any inchoate title or possessory title of the Transferor Company shall be deemed to be the title of the Transferee Company.
- 3.2. In respect of all the movable assets of the Transferor Company and the assets which are otherwise capable of transfer by physical delivery or endorsement and delivery, including, but not limited to, stock of goods, raw materials available in the market/ depots/ Godown / factories, sundry debtors, plants and equipment's, temporary structure, sheds which can be dismantled and transferred by delivery, outstanding loans and advances, insurance claims, advance tax, Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT), Goods and Service Tax (GST), set-off rights, pre-paid taxes, levies/liabilities, CENVAT/VAT credits or refunds, if any, recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received, bank balances, earnest money and deposits, if any, with Government, Semi-Government, quasi - government or other authority or body or with any company or local and other persons or any other assets otherwise capable of transfer by physical delivery would get transferred by physical delivery only and all others assets would get transferred by endorsement and delivery by vesting and recordable pursuant to this Scheme, shall stand vested in Transferee Company, and shall become the assets and an integral part of Transferee Company without any further instrument. deed or act or payment of any further fee, charge or securities.
- 3.3. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, upon the coming into effect of this Scheme on the Appointed Date, all consents, permissions, licenses, approvals, certificates, clearances and authorities including the licenses required for production and distribution of products of the Transferor Company in India and overseas market, and any other licenses, given by, issued to or executed in favour of the Transferor Company in relation to the business as on the Appointed Date, shall stand transferred to the Transferee Company as if the same were originally given by, issued to or executed in favour of the Transferee Company, and the rights and benefits under the same shall be available to the Transferee Company. Any registration fees, charges, etc paid by the Transferor Company in relation to the aforementioned consents, permissions, licenses, approvals, certificates, clearances and authorities, shall deemed to have been paid by the Transferee Company.
- 3.4. With effect from the Appointed Date, Transferee Company shall be entitled to exercise all rights and privileges and be liable to pay ground rent, taxes and fulfill obligations, in relation to or applicable to such immovable properties. The mutation/substitution of the title to the immovable properties shall be made and duly recorded in the name of Transferee Company by the appropriate authorities pursuant

to the sanction of the Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT and the Scheme becoming effective in accordance with the terms hereof.

- 3.5. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, all contracts, deeds, bonds, agreements, schemes, arrangements and other instruments of whatsoever nature in relation to Transferor Company to which the Transferor Company is the party or to the benefit of which Transferor Company may be eligible, and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the Effective Date, shall be in full force and effect against or in favor of Transferor Company and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of Transferor Company, Transferee Company had been a party or beneficiary or obligee thereto.
- 3.6. With effect from the appointed date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, all permits, quotas, rights, entitlements, licenses including those relating to trademarks, tenancies, patents, copyrights, privileges, software, powers, facilities of every kind and description of whatsoever nature in relation to Transferor Company to which Transferor Company is the party or to the benefit of which Transferor Company may be eligible and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the effective date, shall be enforceable as fully and effectually as if, instead of Transferor Company, Transferee Company had been a party or beneficiary or obligee thereto.
- 3.7. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, any statutory licenses, no-objection certificates, permissions or approvals or consents required to carry on operations of Transferor Company or granted to Transferor Company shall stand vested in or transferred to Transferee Company without further act or deed, and shall be appropriately transferred or assigned by the statutory authorities concerned therewith in favor of Transferee Company upon the vesting of Transferor Company Businesses and Undertakings pursuant to this Scheme. The benefit of all statutory and regulatory permissions, licenses, approvals and consents including the statutory licenses, permissions or approvals or consents required to carry on the operations of Transferor Company shall vest in and become available to Transferee Company pursuant to this scheme.
- 3.8. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, all motor vehicles of any description whatsoever of Transferor Company shall stand transferred to and be vested in the Transferee Company, and the appropriate Governmental and Registration Authorities shall substitute the name of Transferee Company in place of Transferor Company, without any further instrument, deed or act or any further payment of fee, charge or securities.

#### 4. TRANSFER OF LIABILITIES

4.1. Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, all liabilities of Transferor Company including all secured and unsecured debts (whether in Indian rupees or foreign currency), sundry creditors, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), duties and obligations and undertakings of the Transferor Company of every kind, nature and description whatsoever and howsoever arising, raised or incurred or utilised for its business activities and operations (herein referred to as the "Liabilities"), shall, pursuant to the sanction of this Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT and under the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing, be transferred to and vested in or be deemed to have been transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company, along with any charge, encumbrance, lien or security thereon, and the same shall be assumed by the Transferee Company to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date so as to become as and from the Appointed Date the liabilities of the Transferee Company on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the Transferor Company, and the Transferee Company shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same and further it shall not be necessary to obtain the consent of any third party or other person who is a party to any contract or arrangement by virtue of which such Liabilities have arisen in order to give effect to the provisions of this Clause.

- 4.2. All amounts due to Government of India and other authorities and all Bank related liabilities of the Transferor Company and comprising principle outstanding against loans, term loans, cash credit facilities, guarantees, non fund based limits, buyers credit, etc and including all interest, charges, fee, penal/ compound interest etc. on such outstanding as on Appointed Date, will become the liabilities of Transferee Company and shall be at same footing as the liabilities towards the Banks of Transferee Company.
- 4.3. The transfer and vesting of the entire business and undertaking of Transferor Company as aforesaid, shall be subject to the existing securities, charges and mortgages, if any, subsisting, over or in respect of the property and assets or any part thereof of Transferor Company, as the case may be.

Provided that the securities, charges and mortgages (if any subsisting) over and in respect of the part thereof, of Transferee Company shall continue with respect to such assets or part thereof and this Scheme shall not operate to enlarge such securities, charges or mortgages to the end and intent that such securities, charge and mortgage shall not extend or be deemed to extend, to any of the other assets of Transferor Company vested in Transferee Company pursuant to the Scheme.

Provided always that this Scheme shall not operate to enlarge the security for any loan, deposit or facility created by Transferor Company which shall vest in Transferee Company by virtue of the amalgamation of Transferor Company with Transferee Company and Transferee Company shall not be obliged to create any further or additional security there for after the amalgamation has become operative.

- 4.4. All other debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of the Transferor Company as on the Appointed Date, whether or not provided in the books of the Transferor Company, and all debts and loans raised, and duties, liabilities and obligations incurred or which arise or accrue to the Transferor Company on or after the Appointed Date till the Effective Date, shall be deemed to be and shall become the debts, loans raised, duties, liabilities and obligations incurred by the Transferee Company by virtue of this Scheme.
- 4.5. Where any such debts, loans raised, liabilities, duties and obligations (including contingent liabilities) of the Transferor Company as on the Appointed Date have been discharged or satisfied by the Transferor Company after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date, such discharge or satisfaction shall be deemed to be for and on account of the Transferee Company.
- 4.6. Loans or other obligations, if any, due between Transferee Company and Transferor Company shall stand discharged and there shall be no liability in that behalf. In so far as any securities, debentures or notes issued by Transferor Company and held by Transferee Company and vice versa are concerned, the same shall, unless sold or transferred by holder of such securities, at any time prior to the Effective Date, stand cancelled and shall have no further effect.
- 4.7. All loans raised and utilised and all liabilities, duties and obligations incurred or undertaken by the Transferor Company in the ordinary course of its business after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date shall be deemed to have been raised, used, incurred or undertaken for and on behalf of the Transferee Company and to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date, shall, upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and under the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 of the Act, without any further act, instrument or deed, be and stand transferred to and vested in or be deemed to have been transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company and shall become the loans and liabilities, duties and obligations of the Transferee Company which shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same.

#### 5. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

5.1. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, Transferee Company shall bear the burden and the benefits of any legal or other proceedings including direct and indirect tax assessments, if any, initiated by or against Transferor Company.

Provided however, all legal, administrative and other proceedings of whatsoever nature by or against Transferor Company pending in any court or before any authority, judicial, quasi judicial or administrative, any adjudicating authority and/or arising after the Appointed Date and relating to Transferor Company or its respective properties, assets, liabilities, duties and obligations shall be continued and/or enforced until the Effective Date by or against Transferor Company; and from the Effective Date, shall be continued and enforced by or against Transferee Company in the same manner and to the same extent as would or might have been continued and enforced by or against Transferor Company.

5.2. If any suit, appeal or other proceedings of whatever nature by or against Transferor Company be pending, the same shall not abate, be discontinued or be in any way be prejudicially affected by reason of the transfer of the Transferor Company business and undertakings or of anything contained in this scheme but the proceedings may be continued, prosecuted and enforced by or against Transferee Company in the same manner and to the same extent as it would or might have been continued, prosecuted and enforced by or against Transferor Company as if this Scheme had not been made.

#### 6. STAFF, WORKMEN AND EMPLOYEES

With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the scheme becoming effective, all persons that were employed by Transferor Company immediately before such date shall become employees of Transferee Company with the benefit of continuity of service on same terms and conditions as were applicable to such employees of Transferor Company immediately prior to such transfer and without any break or interruption of service. Transferee Company undertakes to continue to abide by agreement/settlement, if any, entered into by Transferor Company with any union/employee thereof. With regard to Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund, Superannuation fund or any other special fund or obligation created or existing for the benefit of such employees of Transferor Company upon occurrence of the Effective Date, Transferee Company shall stand substituted for Transferor Company, for all purposes whatsoever relating to the obligation to make contributions to the said funds in accordance with the provisions of such schemes or funds in the respective trust deeds or other documents. The existing Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund and Superannuation Fund or obligations, if any, created by Transferor Company for its employees shall be continued for the benefit of such employees on the same terms and conditions. With effect from the Effective Date, Transferee Company will make the necessary contributions for such transferred employees of Transferor Company and deposit the same in Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund or Superannuation Fund or obligations, where applicable. It is the aim and intent of the Scheme that all the rights, duties, powers and obligations of Transferor Company in relation to such schemes or funds shall become those of Transferee Company.

#### 7. CONTRACTS, DEEDS, ETC

7.1. Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and subject to the provisions of this Scheme, all contracts, deeds, bonds, agreements, schemes, arrangements and other instruments of whatsoever nature whether pertaining to immovable properties or otherwise to which the Transferor Company is a party or to the benefit of which Transferor Company may be eligible, and which are subsisting or have effect immediately before the Effective Date, shall continue in full force and effect on or against or in favor of, as the case may be, Transferee Company and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of Transferor Company, Transferee Company had been a party or beneficiary or obligee thereto or there under.

- 7.2. For the avoidance of doubt and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, it is clarified that upon the coming into effect of this Scheme, all consents, permissions, licenses, certificates, clearances, authorities, power of attorney given by, issued to or executed in favour of Transferor Company shall stand transferred to Transferee Company, as if the same were originally given by, issued to or executed in favour of Transferee Company shall be bound by the terms thereof, the obligations and duties there under, and the rights and benefits under the same shall be available to Transferee Company. The Transferee Company shall make applications and do all such acts or things which may be necessary to obtain relevant approvals from the concerned Governmental Authorities as may be necessary in this behalf.
- 7.3. It is herein clarified that, the Transferee Company will, at any time after the coming into effect of this Scheme in accordance with the provisions hereof, if so required under any law or otherwise, execute deeds of confirmation or other writings or arrangements with any party to any contract or arrangements in relation to Transferor Company to which Transferor Company is party, in order to give formal effect to the above provisions. Transferee Company shall, under the provisions of this Scheme, be deemed to be authorized to execute any such writings on behalf of Transferor Company and to carry out or perform all such formalities or compliances referred to above on part of Transferor Company.

### 8. TAXES AND OTHER MATTERS

- 8.1. All taxes (including, without limitation, income tax, wealth tax, entry tax, sales tax, excise duty, custom duty, service tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST), VAT, etc. referred as 'Tax laws') paid or payable by the Transferor Company in respect of the operations, assets and / or the profits of the Transferor Company before the Appointed Date, shall be on account of the Transferor Company and, in so far as it relates to the tax payments (including, without limitation, Income Tax, Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT), Dividend Distribution Tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax, Excise Duty, Custom Duty, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST), VAT, etc.), whether by way of deduction at source, advance tax or otherwise howsoever, by the Transferor Company with effect from the Appointed Date, the same shall be deemed to be the corresponding item paid by the Transferee Company, and, shall in all proceedings, be dealt with accordingly.
- 8.2. Any refund under the Tax Laws due to the Transferor Company consequent to the assessment made on Transferor Company and for which no credit is taken in the accounts as on the date immediately preceding the Appointed Date shall also belong to and be received by the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company is expressly permitted to revise and expressly permitted to file income tax returns, sales tax/ value added tax returns, excise duty, service tax returns and other tax returns, and to claim refunds/ credits pursuant to the provisions of this Scheme. The Transferee Company shall be entitled to such tax benefits including but not limited to MAT paid under section 115JA/ 115JB of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the right to claim credit therefore in accordance with the provisions of Section 115JAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The Transferee Company shall continue to enjoy the tax benefits/ concessions provided to the Transferor Company through Notifications/ Circulars issued by the concerned authorities.
- 8.3. All taxes of any nature, duties, cesses or any other like payment or deductions made by Transferor Company to any statutory authorities such as Income Tax, Sales tax, VAT, service tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST) etc. or any tax deduction / collection at source, tax credits under Tax laws, relating to the period after the Appointed Date up to the Effective date shall be deemed to have been on account of or paid by the Transferee Company and the relevant authorities shall be bound to transfer to the account of and give credit for the same to Transferee Company upon

the passing of the orders on this Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT upon relevant proof and documents being provided to the said authorities.

- 8.4. The income tax, if any, paid by Transferor Company on or after the Appointed Date, in respect of income assessable from that date, shall be deemed to have been paid by or for the benefit of Transferee Company. Further, Transferee Company shall, after the Effective Date, be entitled to revise the relevant returns, if any, filed by Transferor Company for any year, if so necessitated or consequent to this Scheme notwithstanding that the time prescribed for such revision may have elapsed.
- 8.5. From the Effective Date and till such time as the name of the Transferee Company would get entered as the account holder in respect of all the bank accounts and demat accounts of Transferor Company in the relevant bank's/DP's books and records, the Transferor Company shall be entitled to operate the bank/demat accounts of Transferee Company in the existing names.
- 8.6. Since each of the permissions, approvals, consents, sanctions, remissions, special reservations, incentives, concessions and other authorizations of Transferor Company shall stand transferred by the order of the NCLT to Transferee Company, Transferee Company shall file the relevant intimations, for the record of the statutory authorities who shall take them on file, pursuant to the vesting orders of the sanctioning court.

### 9. Residual Undertaking of the Demerged Company

- 9.1. The Resulting Company shall have no right, claim or obligation in relation to the Residual Undertaking and all assets, liabilities, rights, title, interest or obligations thereto.
- 9.2. All legal, taxation and other proceedings whether civil or criminal (including before any court, statutory or quasi-judicial authority or tribunal) by or against the Demerged Company under any statute, whether pending on the effectiveness of this Scheme or which may be instituted at any time thereafter, and in each case pertaining to the Residual Undertaking shall be continued and enforced by or against the Demerged Company after the effectiveness of this Scheme. The Resulting Company shall in no event be responsible or liable in relation to any such legal or other proceeding against the Demerged Company.
- 9.3. Without prejudice to this Scheme, with effect from and beyond the effectiveness of this Scheme, the Demerged Company:

(i) shall be deemed to have been carrying on and to be carrying on all the business and activities relating to the Residual Undertaking for and on its own behalf; and

(ii) all profits accruing to the Demerged Company thereon or losses arising or incurred by it relating to the Residual Undertaking shall for all purposes be treated as the profits or losses, as the case may be, of the Demerged Company.

# 10. Conduct of Business

With effect from the Appointed Date and till the Scheme come into effect:

- 10.1. Transferor Company shall be deemed to carry on all its businesses and activities and stand possessed of its properties and assets for and on account of and in trust for Transferee Company; and all the profits accruing to Transferor Company and all taxes thereon or gains or losses arising or incurred by them shall, for all purposes, be treated as and deemed to be the profits or losses, as the case may be, of Transferee Company;
- 10.2. Transferor Company shall carry on its business with reasonable diligence and in the same manner as they had been doing hitherto, and Transferor Company shall not alter or substantially expand its business except with the concurrence of Transferee Company;
- 10.3. Transferor Company shall not, without the written concurrence of Transferee Company, alienate charge or encumber any of its properties except in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to any pre-existing obligation undertaken prior to the

date of acceptance of the Scheme by the Board of Directors of Transferee Company, as the case may be.

- 10.4. Transferor Company shall not vary or alter, except in the ordinary course of its business or pursuant to any pre-existing obligation undertaken prior to the date of acceptance of the Scheme by the Board of Directors of Transferee Company the terms and conditions of employment of any of its employees, nor shall it conclude settlement with any union or its employees except with the written concurrence of Transferee Company.
- 10.5. With effect from the Appointed Date, all debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of Transferor Company as on the close of business on the date preceding the Appointed Date, whether or not provided in its books and all liabilities which arise or accrue on or after the Appointed Date shall be deemed to be the debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of Transferee Company.
- 10.6. Upon the Scheme coming into effect, Transferee Company shall commence and carry on and shall be authorized to carry on the business carried on by Transferor Company.
- 11. For the purpose of giving effect to the vesting order passed under Sections 230 and 232 of the Act in respect of this Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT, Transferee Company shall, at any time pursuant to the order on this Scheme, be entitled to get the record all of the change in the legal right(s) upon the vesting of the Transferor Company business and undertakings in accordance with the provisions of Sections 230 and 232 of the Act. Transferee Company shall be authorized to execute any pleadings; applications, forms, etc. as are required to remove any difficulties and carry out any formalities or compliance as are necessary for the implementation of this Scheme.

## **CHAPTER 4**

## **ISSUE OF SHARES FOR DEMERGER AND ACCOUNTING TREATMENT**

### 1. ISSUE OF SHARES BY THE RESULTING COMPANY

1.1 Upon this Scheme becoming effective and upon vesting of the Demerged Undertaking of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company in terms of this Scheme all the equity shares of Resulting Company held by Demerged Company shall stand cancelled and be of no effect, on and from effective date. Simultaneous to such cancellation, the Resulting Company shall, without any further application or deed, issue and allot Equity shares ("New Shares"), credited as fully paid-up, to the extent indicated below, to the members of the Demerged Company, holding fully paid up equity shares in the Demerged Company and whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Demerged Company on the Record Date or to such of their respective heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representative or other successors in title as may be recognized by the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company in the following manner:

## "1 (One) Equity Share of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Shares of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company"

1.2 Any fractional entitlement arising out of the issue and allotment of the Equity Shares pursuant to Clause 1.1. above, shall be rounded up to the nearest whole integer and be issued free from all liens, charges, equitable interests, encumbrances and other third party rights of any nature whatsoever. Any shareholder of the Demerged Company not getting any share in the Resulting Company due to the fractional entitlement as on the record date pursuant to clause 1.1 above shall be allotted a minimum of 1 (One) equity share of the Resulting Company, in order to protect the interest of such

shareholders. The necessary adjustment shall be made in the reserves of the Resulting Company.

- 1.3 The Resulting Company shall not issue any shares against the shares held by the Resulting Company in the Demerged Company either itself or through its nominees, under this Scheme arrangement for Amalgamation under sections 230 -232 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 1.4 For arriving at the entitlement ratio as outlined above, the companies have considered the Share Entitlement Report submitted by and Independent Registered Vauer, Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412)
- 1.5 The New Shares shall rank pari-passu in all respects, including dividend, with the existing shares of the Resulting Company.
- 1.6 The New Shares to be issued and allotted in terms of this scheme will be subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Resulting Company. The listing of the said shares is subject to the approval of the BSE/ NSE/ SEBI.
- 1.7 The New Shares of Resulting Company allotted pursuant to the Scheme shall remain frozen in the depositories system till listing and trading permission is given by the designated Stock Exchanges.
- 1.8 In the event of there being any pending and valid share transfers, whether lodged or outstanding, of any shareholder of the Demerged Company, the Board of Directors or any committee thereof of the Demerged Company shall be empowered in appropriate cases, even subsequent to the Appointed Date or the Effective Date, as the case may be, to effectuate such a transfer in the Demerged Company, as if such changes in registered holder were operative as on the Record Date, in order to remove any difficulties arising to the Resulting Company of such shares.
- 1.9 The New Shares of the Resulting Company shall be listed and / or admitted to trading on the Stock Exchanges on which the equity shares of the Demerged Company are listed at that time. The Resulting Company shall enter into such arrangements and give such confirmations and / or undertaking as may be necessary in accordance with the applicable laws or regulations for complying with the formalities of the said Stock Exchanges.
- 1.10 The Resulting Company shall, if and to the extent required, apply for and obtain any approvals from concerned regulatory authorities for the issue & allotment of New Shares to the shareholders of the Demerged Company under this Scheme.
- 1.11 The New Shares shall be issued in dematerialized form to those shareholders who hold shares of the Demerged Company in dematerialized form, into the account in which the Demerged Company shares are held or such other account as is intimated by the shareholders to the Demerged Company in physical form shall receive the equity shares, in dematerialized form provided the details of their account with the Depository Participant are intimated in writing to the Demerged Company and / or its Registrar before the Record Date. The shareholders who fail to provide such details shall be issued equity shares in physical form. The Resulting Company shall and to the extent if required, increase its Authorized Share Capital to facilitate issue of equity shares under this Scheme.
- 1.12 Approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of the Resulting Company shall be deemed to be the due compliance of the provision of Section 42 read with Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the other relevant and applicable provisions of the Act for the issue and allotment of New Shares by the Resulting Company to the shareholders of the Demerged Company, as provided in this Scheme.
- 1.13 The approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company under Section 230 Section 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall be deemed to have the approval under Sections 13, 14 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Act and any other consents and approval required in this regard,

- 1.14 Approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of the Resulting Company shall be deemed to mean that the shareholders have also accorded all relevant consents under the Act for the issue and allotment of Demerger Shares by the Resulting Company to the shareholders of the Demerged Company.
- 1.15 Upon this Scheme becoming effective, the shares of the Resulting Company held by the Demerged Company shall, without any further application, act, instrument or deed, be automatically cancelled and be of no effect on and from the Effective Date.
- 1.16 The cancellation of the equity share capital of the Resulting Company and the consequential capital reduction shall be effected as a part of this Scheme itself and not under a separate procedure in terms of Section 66 of the Act. The consent of the shareholders of the Resulting Company to this Scheme shall be deemed to be the consent of its shareholders for the purpose of effecting the reduction under the provisions of Section 66 of the Act and no further compliances would be separately required.
- 1.17 The reduction of capital of the Resulting Company, as above, does not involve any diminution of liability in respect of any unpaid share capital or payment to any shareholder of any paid-up share capital or payment in any other form.
- 1.18 Notwithstanding the reduction of the existing share capital of the Resulting Company, the Resulting Company shall not be required to add "and reduced" as a suffix to its name.

## 2. CONVERSION OF RESULTING COMPANY INTO A PUBLIC COMPANY

- 2.1. Upon the Scheme coming into effect, the Resulting Company shall be converted into a Public Company and shall adopt new set of Articles of Association as per the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2.2. The approval of scheme under section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall also be deemed to be the approval under sections 13, 14, 15 and all other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013 for conversion of Private Company into Public Company and no separate processes shall be followed under sections 13, 14, 15 and all other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013.

# 3. LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES OF RESULTING COMPANY

- 3.1 This Scheme is in conformity with the requirements as laid down in Sub-Rule 19 (7) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and in terms of the said Sub-rule after allotment of New Shares in Resulting Company, shall on receipt of certified copy of order of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) of relevant jurisdiction sanctioning the Scheme, take necessary steps for listing of shares allotted, simultaneously on all the stock exchanges where the equity shares of Demerged Company are listed.
- 3.2 The Resulting Company shall make application to Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in terms of Rule 19 (7) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957 for Listing of Equity Shares at all the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares of Demerged Company are listed on the Appointed Date without complying with the requirements of Rule 19(2)(b) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

### 4. LISTING REGULATIONS AND SEBI COMPLIANCES

- 4.1 The Demerged Company / Transferee Company being a listed company, this Scheme is subject to the Compliances by the Demerged Company of all the requirements under the listing regulations and all statutory directives of the Securities Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') insofar as they relate to sanction and implementation of the Scheme.
- 4.2 The Demerged Company / Transferee Company in compliance with the listing Regulations shall apply for the 'Observation Letter' of NSE/ BSE, where its shares are listed in terms of the Regulation 37 of the listing regulations.

- 4.3 The Demerged Company / Transferee Company shall also comply with the directives of SEBI contained in the SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10th, 2017 ('Circular') issued by SEBI in terms of Regulation 37 of the listing regulations.
- 4.4 As Para 9 of SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10<sup>th</sup> 2017 ('Circular') the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company will provide voting by the public shareholders through e-voting and will disclose all material facts in the explanatory statement, to be sent to the shareholders for approval of this scheme.

# 5. ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

Pursuant to the Scheme Coming into effect on the Effective Date with effect from the Appointed Date, the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company shall account for the Demerger in their respective books of accounts in accordance with Accounting Standard in the following manner:

## 5.1 Treatment in the books of the Demerged Company

Upon Chapter 2 of this Scheme coming into effect on the Effective Date, and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Demerged Company shall account for the demerger and vesting of the Retail Investment Division with the Resulting Company in its books of accounts in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as may be amended from time to time and other generally accepted accounted principles as under:

- 5.1.1 The book value of the assets and liabilities pertaining to the Demerged Undertaking transferred by the Demerged Company to the Resulting Company shall be reduced from the book values of the assets and liabilities appearing in Books of Accounts of the Demerged Company as on the Appointed Date.
- 5.1.2 The inter-company transactions, deposits / loans and advances outstanding between the Demerged Company and Resulting Company to the extent it relates to the Demerged Undertaking, if any, shall stand cancelled and there shall be no further obligation outstanding in this behalf.
- 5.1.3 The difference being the excess of book values of assets transferred over the book value of liabilities transferred shall be adjusted against the statement of Profit and Loss account of the Demerged Company.

# 5.2 Treatment in the books of the Resulting Company

Upon Chapter 2 of this Scheme coming into effect on the Effective Date and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Resulting Company shall account for the demerger and vesting of the Retail Investment Division with the Resulting Company in its books of accounts in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as may be amended from time to time and other generally accepted accounted principles, as under:

- 5.2.1 Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme, the Resulting Company shall record all the assets and liabilities pertaining to the Demerged Undertaking transferred to and vested in it pursuant of this Scheme, at their respective book values ignoring revaluation, if any, as appearing in the books of account of the Demerged Company as on the Appointed Date.
- 5.2.2 The Resulting Company shall credit to their Equity Share Capital account, the aggregate face value of the New Shares issued by them pursuant to Clause 1.1 of Chapter 4 of this Scheme.
- 5.2.3 The difference being the excess of net value of assets and liabilities as recorded under 3.2.1 above of the Demerged Undertaking over the New Shares issued by the Resulting Company on demerger shall be credited to Other Equity / General Reserve Account.
- 5.2.4 The inter-company transactions, deposits / loans and advances outstanding between the Demerged Company and Resulting Company to the extent it relates to the

Demerged Undertaking, if any, shall stand cancelled and there shall be no further obligation outstanding in this behalf.

5.2.5 In case of any difference in the accounting policies between the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company, the impact of the same till the Appointed Date of scheme will be quantified and adjusted in the free / general reserve of the Resulting Company to ensure that the financial statements of the Resulting Company reflect the financial position on the basis of consistent accounting policies.

#### **CHAPTER 5**

# REORGANIZATION OF CAPITAL OF TRANSFEREE COMPANY 1. REORGANISATION OF CAPITAL IN THE TRANSFEREE COMPANY

### 1.1. Issue of Shares in the Share Capital of Transferee Company;

Upon coming into effect of the Scheme and in consideration for the amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Transferee Company, the Transferee Company shall, without any further application or deed, issue and allot shares of face value of Rs. 10 each to the members of Transferor Companies whose name appear in the Register of Members as on the Record Date or to their respective heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives or the successors-in-title, as the case may be, in the following manner:

Transferee Company, without further application, act or deed, shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of "Transferor Company" shares in proportion of 150 (One Hundred Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (One Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company" pursuant to this Scheme of Amalgamation.

- **1.2.** For arriving at the share exchange ratio as outlined above, the Companies have considered the Valuation Report submitted by an independent Registered Valuer, Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).
- **1.3.** Cross holding at the time of record date (if any), between Transferor Company and the Transferee Company, if not transferred prior to the Effective Date, shall get cancelled at the time of allotment of shares to the shareholders of Transferor Company by Transferee Company and the approval of Scheme by the NCLT under Section 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and shall also be treated as approval under Section 66 of the Companies Act, 2013 for reduction of capital pursuant to such cancellations.
- **1.4.** In the event of there being any pending and valid share transfers, whether lodged or outstanding, of any shareholder of the Transferor Company, the Board of Directors or any committee thereof of the Transferor Company shall be empowered in appropriate cases, even subsequent to the Effective Date, as the case may be, to effectuate such a transfer in the Transferor Company as if such changes in registered holder were operative as on the Specified Date, in order to remove any difficulties arising to the Transferee Company of such shares.
- **1.5.** Any fraction arising out of allotment of shares as per clause 1.1 above shall be rounded off to the nearest round number.
- **1.6.** The said equity shares in the capital of Transferee Company be issued to the shareholders of Transferor Company shall rank pari passu in all respects, with the existing equity shares in Transferee Company from the Appointed Date. Such shares in Transferee Company, to be issued to the shareholders of Transferor Company will, for all purposes, save as expressly provided otherwise, be deemed to have been held by each such member from the Appointed Date.
- 1.7. Upon the Scheme becoming effective and subject to the above provisions, the shareholders of Transferor Company (other than the shares already held therein immediately before the amalgamation by Transferee Company, its Nominee or Subsidiary Company) as on the record date shall receive the shares in their respective

Demat accounts or in case there is any specific request from any of the shareholders of the Transferor Company, then such shareholders shall be issued new share certificates. Upon the issue and allotment of new shares in the capital of Transferee Company to the shareholders of Transferor Company, the share certificates in relation to the shares held by them in Transferor Company shall be deemed to have been cancelled. All certificates for the new shares, if any issued, in the capital of Transferee Company shall be sent by Transferee Company to the said shareholders of Transferer Company at their respective registered addresses as appearing in the said registers (or in the case of joint holders to the address of that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in such Registers in respect of such joint holding) and Transferee Company shall not be responsible for any loss in transit.

**1.8.** Approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of Transferee Company shall be deemed to be the due compliance of the provisions of Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the issue and allotment of shares by Transferee Company to the shareholders of Transferor Company, as provided in this Scheme.

# 1.9. INCREASE IN AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL

- 1.9.1. With effect from the Effective Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, without any further acts or deeds on the part of the Transferor Company or Transferee Company and notwithstanding anything contained in Section 61 of Companies Act, 2013 the Authorized Share capital of Transferor Company as appearing in its Memorandum of Association on the Effective Date shall get clubbed with the Authorized Share Capital of the Transferee Company as appearing in its Memorandum of Association on the Effective Date and pursuant to this clubbing the Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Transferee Company shall stand altered to give effect to the same with effect from the Effective Date. The Face Value of Equity share shall remain same as of the Transferee Company after clubbing of Authorized Capital.
- 1.9.2. Further, in terms of section 232(3)(i) of the Act, upon coming into effect, the fee and duty paid on the Authorized Equity Share Capital of Transferor Company shall be set off against the fee payable on Authorized Share Capital of Transferee Company, without any further act or deed.
- 1.9.3. The filing fee and stamp duty already paid by the Transferor Company on its authorized share capital, which is being combined with the authorized share capital of the Transferee Company, shall be deemed to have been paid by the Transferee Company and accordingly, the Transferee Company shall not be required to pay any fee, additional fee, charges and/or stamp duty on the authorized share capital so increased.
- 1.9.4. If required, the Transferee Company shall take necessary steps to increase its authorized share capital on or before the Effective Date so as to make it sufficient for allotment of shares, to the shareholders of Transferor Company, in consideration of amalgamation after considering the combined authorized share capital of Transferee Company.
- 1.9.5. It is hereby clarified that the consent of the shareholders of the Transferee Company to the Scheme shall be deemed to be sufficient for the purposes of effecting this amendment, and no further resolution(s) under Section 61 of the Companies Act, 2013 would be required to be separately passed.
- **1.10.** On approval of the Scheme by the members of Transferee Company pursuant to Section 230 -232 of the Companies Act, 2013, it shall be deemed that the said members have also accorded their consent under relevant Articles of the Articles of Association of the Company and Section 61 and Section 64 of the companies Act, 2013 as may be applicable for giving effect to the provisions contained in this Scheme.
  - 1.10.1. The issue and allotment of shares to Shareholders of Transferor Company, as provided in this Scheme, shall be deemed to be made in compliance with the procedure laid down under Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## 2. ACCOUNTING TREATMENT FOR AMALGAMATION

Pursuant to Chapter 3 of this Scheme coming into effect on the Effective Date, and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Transferee Company shall account for the amalgamation of the Transferor Company with and into the Transferee Company in its books of accounts in accordance with "Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 103 for Business Combination" and as per under Section 133 of the Companies Act,2013 as may be amended from time to time and other generally accepted accounted principles as under:

- **2.1.** The Transferee Company shall record the Assets and Liabilities, of the Transferor Company vested in it pursuant to this Scheme, at their respective book values as appearing in the books of the Transferor Company;
- **2.2.** The Transferee Company shall aggregate all the reserves (general reserves, free reserves, capital reserves, securities premium or reserves of any other nature), if any, vested in it pursuant to the amalgamation of the Transferor Company with and into the Transferee Company at their respective book values as specified in the books of accounts of the Transferor Company and shall treat such reserves in its books of accounts in the same manner as it treats its own reserves;
- **2.3.** The Transferee Company shall issue and allot its equity shares to the shareholders of the Transferor Company in accordance with Clause 1.1 of Chapter 5 of this Scheme. With respect to the Shares issued by the Transferee Company, the share capital account of the Transferee Company would be credited with the aggregate face value of the equity shares issued by it;
- **2.4.** The loans and advances or payables or receivables or any other investment or arrangement of any kind, held inter se, if any, between the Transferor Company and the Transferee Company shall stand cancelled;
- **2.5.** The difference between the book value of Assets, Liabilities, reserves as reduced by the face value of the equity shares issued by the Transferee Company and after considering the cancellation of inter-company balances in accordance with Clause 2.4 above, shall be recorded within other equity of the Transferee Company; and
- **2.6.** In case of any difference in the accounting policies between the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company, the impact, if any of the same will be quantified and adjusted in the Other Equity of the Transferee Company to ensure that the financial statements of the Transferee Company reflect the financial position on the basis of consistent accounting policy.

### 3. LISTING AGREEMENT AND SEBI COMPLIANCES

- **3.1.** Since the Transferee Company being a listed company, this Scheme is subject to the Compliances by the Transferee Company of all the requirements under the listing regulations and all statutory directives of the Securities Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') in so far as they relate to sanction and implementation of the Scheme.
- **3.2.** The Transferee Company in compliance with the listing Regulations shall apply for the in-principle approval of Stock Exchange (s), where its shares are listed in terms of the Regulation 37 of the listing regulations.
- **3.3.** The Transferee Company shall also comply with the directives of SEBI contained in the Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated 10<sup>th</sup> March, 2017 ('Circular');
- **3.4.** As Para 9 of SEBI Circular No CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10th, 2017 ('Circular') is applicable to this Scheme, therefore it is provided in the Scheme that the Transferee Company will provide voting by the public shareholders through e-voting and will disclose all material facts in the explanatory statement, to be sent to the shareholders in relation to the said Resolution.

# 4. Saving of Concluded Transactions

The transfer of properties and liabilities and the continuance of proceedings by or against Transferor Company as envisaged in above shall not affect any transaction or proceedings already concluded by Transferee Company on or before the Appointed Date and after the Appointed Date till the Effective Date, to the end and intent that Transferor Company accept and adopts all acts, deeds and things done and executed by Transferee Company in respect thereto as done and executed by Transferee Company in respect thereto as done and executed by Transferee Company in respect thereto as done and executed on behalf of itself.

## 5. Dissolution of Transferor Company

On occurrence of the Effective Date, Transferor Company shall, without any further act or deed, shall stand dissolved without winding up.

### CHAPTER 6

## GENERAL TERM AND CONDITIONS

### **1** APPLICATION TO THE TRIBUNAL

- 1.1. The Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company shall, make applications to the Hon'ble NCLT under Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 seeking orders for dispensing with or convening, holding and conducting of the meetings of the classes of their respective members and/or creditors and for sanctioning this Scheme, with such modifications as may be approved by the NCLT.
- 1.2. Upon this Scheme being approved by the requisite majority of the respective members and creditors of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company (as may be directed by the Hon'ble NCLT), Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company shall, apply to the Hon'ble NCLT, for sanction of this Scheme under Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and for such other order or orders, as the said Hon'ble NCLT may deem fit for carrying this Scheme into effect.
- 1.3. On approval of this Scheme by the members and creditors of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company, pursuant to Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, it shall be deemed that all consents required from the shareholders and/or creditors, as the case may be, of the said companies under the provisions of the Act as may be applicable, have been accorded to.
- 1.4. Upon this Scheme becoming effective, the respective shareholders of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company shall be deemed to have also accorded their approval under all relevant provisions of the Act for giving effect to the provisions contained in this Scheme.

### 2 MODIFICATION OR AMENDMENTS TO THE SCHEME

- 2.3. The Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company (acting through their respective Boards of Directors or Committees thereof) may assent to any modifications or amendments to this Scheme, which the Hon'ble NCLT and/or any other authorities/ Stock Exchanges may deem fit to direct or impose or which may otherwise be considered necessary or desirable or for settling any question or doubt or difficulty that may arise for implementing and/or carrying out this Scheme. The Demerged Company / Transferee Company, the Resulting Company and the Transferor Company (acting through their respective Boards of Directors or Committees thereof) be and are hereby authorized to take such steps and do all acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, desirable or proper to give effect to this Scheme and to resolve any doubts, difficulties or questions whether by reason of the order of the Hon'ble NCLT or of any directive or orders of any other authorities or otherwise howsoever arising out of, under or by virtue of this Scheme and/or any matters concerning or connected therewith.
- 2.4. If any part of this Scheme is held invalid, ruled illegal by any court of competent jurisdiction, or becomes unenforceable for any reason, whatsoever, whether under

present or future laws, then it is the intention of the Companies that such part shall be severable from the remainder of this Scheme and this Scheme shall not be affected thereby, unless the deletion of such part shall cause this Scheme to become materially adverse to either of the Companies in which case the Companies shall attempt to bring about a modification in this Scheme, as will best preserve for the Companies the benefits and obligations of this Scheme, including but not limited to such part.

### **3** EFFECT OF NON-RECEIPT OF APPROVALS

**3.1.** In the event of any of the said sanctions and approvals referred to in the preceding clause not being obtained and/ or the Scheme not being sanctioned by the NCLT or such other competent authority and / or the Order not being passed as aforesaid before March 31, 2018 or within such further period or periods as may be agreed upon between the Demerged Company and the Resulting by their Board of Directors (and which the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company and the Resulting agree to and extend the Scheme from time to time without any limitation), this Scheme shall stand revoked, cancelled and be of no effect, save and except in respect of any act or deed done prior thereto as is contemplated hereunder or as to any rights and/ or liabilities which might have arisen or accrued pursuant thereto and which shall be governed and be preserved or worked out as is specifically provided in the Scheme or as may otherwise arise in law.

### **4 SCHEME CONDITIONAL UPON:**

This scheme is conditional upon:

- 4.1 The Scheme being agreed to by the respective requisite majorities of the members and/or creditors of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and Transferor Company, if required, in accordance with Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the requisite orders of the NCLT sanctioning this Scheme in exercise of the powers vested in it under the Act.
- 4.2 Since the Transferee Company/ Demerged Company is a listed company, this Scheme is subject to the compliances of the applicable requirements under the SEBI Listing Regulations, SEBI Circular and all other statutory directives of SEBI, as applicable.
- 4.3 Para 9(b) of Annexure I of the SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10th, 2017 ('Circular') is applicable to this Scheme, therefore the Demerged Company / Transferee Company will provide voting by the public shareholders through e-voting and will disclose all material facts in the explanatory statement, to be sent to the shareholders/ creditors in relation to the said resolution(s). This Scheme shall be acted upon only if the number of votes cast by the public shareholders of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company in favour of this Scheme are more than the number of votes cast by the public shareholders against it in terms of the SEBI Circular.
- 4.4 The Companies undertake to comply with all Applicable Laws (including all applicable compliances required by SEBI and the Stock Exchanges and under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules, regulations and guidelines issued thereunder as may be prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India, from time to time) including making the requisite intimations and disclosures to any statutory or regulatory authority and obtaining the requisite consent, approval or permission of any statutory or regulatory authority, which by Applicable Law may be required for the implementation of this Scheme or which by Applicable Law may be required in relation to any matters connected with this Scheme.
- 4.5 All necessary certified copies of the order of the NCLT sanctioning this Scheme being filed with the Registrar of Companies.
- 4.6 The requisite, consent, approval or permission of the Central Government or any other statutory or regulatory authority, if any, which by law may be necessary for the implementation of this Scheme.

- 4.7 In the event of this Scheme failing to take effect finally, this Scheme shall become null and void and in that case no rights and liabilities whatsoever shall accrue to or be incurred inter-se by the parties or their shareholders or creditors or employees or any other person.
- 4.8 If any part of this Scheme is invalid, ruled illegal by any NCLT, or unenforceable under present or future laws, then it is the intention of the parties that such part shall be severable from the remainder of this Scheme and this Scheme shall not be affected there by, unless the deletion of such part shall cause this Scheme to become materially adverse to any party, in which case the parties shall attempt to bring about a modification in this Scheme as will best preserve for the parties the benefits and obligations of this Scheme, including but not limited to such part.

# 5 Compliance with Tax Laws

5.1 This Scheme complies with the conditions relating to "amalgamation" and "demerger" as defined under Sections 2(1B) and 2 (19AA) of the IT Act, respectively, and other relevant sections and provisions of the IT Act are intended to apply accordingly. If any terms or provisions of this Scheme are found to be or interpreted to be inconsistent with any of the said provisions (including the conditions set out therein) at a later date whether as a result of a new enactment or any amendment or coming into force of any provision of the IT Act or any other Applicable Law or any judicial or executive interpretation or for any other reason whatsoever, this Scheme may be modified to the extent required with the consent of each of the Companies (acting through their respective Board of Directors) to ensure compliance of this Scheme with such provisions.

# 6 **Revocation and Withdrawal of this Scheme**

- 6.1 Each of the Companies acting through their respective Board of Directors shall be at liberty to withdraw this Scheme.
- 6.2 In the event of revocation under Clause 6.1 of this Chapter 6 of this Scheme above, no rights and liabilities whatsoever shall accrue to or be incurred *inter se* to the Companies or their respective shareholders or creditors or employees or any other person save and except in respect of any act or deed done prior thereto as is contemplated hereunder or as to any right, liability or obligation which has arisen or accrued pursuant thereto and which shall be governed and be preserved or worked out in accordance with the Applicable Laws.
- 6.3 In the event of revocation under Clause 6.1 of this Chapter 6 of this Scheme above, the Companies shall take all necessary steps to withdraw this Scheme from the NCLT and any other authority and to make all necessary filings/ application as may be required to withdraw this Scheme.

# 7 Sequence of coming into effect of this Scheme

- 7.1 The following shall be deemed to have occurred and become effective and operative only in the sequence and in the order mentioned hereunder:
  - (i) Chapter 2 along with this Chapter 4 of this Scheme (to the extent this Chapter 4 relates to Chapter 2 of this Scheme) shall take effect from the Effective Date and be operative prior to coming into effect of Chapter 3 of this Scheme; and
  - (ii) Chapter 3 along with this Chapter 5 of this Scheme (to the extent this Chapter 5 relates to Chapter 3 of this Scheme) shall take effect from the Effective Date and be operative immediately after coming into effect of Chapter 2 of this Scheme.

# 8 COSTS, CHARGES AND EXPENSES

8.1 All costs, charges and expenses (including stamp duty, registration charges and statutory amounts) arising out of or in connection with the demerger contemplated

under Chapter 2 of this Scheme shall be borne in equal proportion by the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company, respectively.

- 8.2 Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Scheme, all costs, charges and expenses (including stamp duty, registration charges and statutory amounts) arising out of or in connection with the amalgamations contemplated under Chapter 3 of this Scheme shall be borne by the Transferee Company.
- **13.** The Applicant Companies have made applications before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chandigarh Bench as per Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 for the sanction of the Scheme of Arrangement under the provisions of Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 14. The rights and interests of the Key Managerial Personnel, Directors, Equity Shareholders, Secured and Unsecured Creditors, Promoters, Non-Promoter Members, Depositors, Debenture Holders, Deposit Trustee, Debenture Trustee, employees of the Applicant Companies will not be prejudicially affected by the Scheme as no sacrifice or waiver is at all called from them nor their rights sought to be modified in any manner.
- **15.** Except to the extent of the shares held by the Directors and the KMP in the Demerged/Transferee Company, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel ('KMPs') of the Demerged/Transferee Company or their respective relatives are in any way connected or interested in the resolution forming part of the Notice.
- 16. There is no likelihood that any Secured or Unsecured creditor of the Applicant Companies concerned would lose or be prejudiced as a result of the Scheme being passed since no sacrifice or waiver is at all called for from them nor are their rights sought to be modified in any manner. Hence, the Scheme will not cast any additional burden on the shareholders or creditors of either company nor will it affect the interest of any of the shareholders or creditors.
- 17. No investigation proceedings have been instituted or are pending under Sections 235 to 251 of the Companies Act, 1956 or the corresponding provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 against any of the companies involved in the Scheme.
- **18.** This statement is being furnished as required under Sections 230(5), 232(1) and 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3, 5 & 6 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 (the "Rules").
- **19.** The notice pursuant to Section 230(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 in the prescribed format along with Explanatory statement, a copy of the Scheme of Arrangement and the disclosures provided herewith will be served within the prescribed time on the Statutory Authorities, as applicable.

### 20. Inspection Documents:

Inspection of the following documents will be available at the Registered Office of the Demerged/Transferee Company:

- a. Copy of the NCLT orders dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 and 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2022.
- b. Copy of the Scheme of Arrangement;
- c. Copies of Audited Financials of all the Applicant Companies for the financial years ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022;
- d. Contracts or agreements material to the proposed compromise or arrangement;

- Copy of the Reports of Board of Directors of the respective Applicant Companies on impact of Scheme on Directors and employee, pursuant to the provisions of Section 232(2) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- f. Copy of the Statutory Auditors' certificate dated 16<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by R. Khattar & Associates, Chartered Accountants to the Resulting Company, and Copy of the Statutory Auditors' certificate dated 16<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by Ray & Ray, Chartered Accountants to the Transferor Company and Copy of the Statutory Auditors' certificate dated 19<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by S.N. Dhawan & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants to the Demerged/Transferee Company for Accounting standards compliance under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- g. Copy of the Valuation Report dated 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach- Registered Valuer, along with the copy of Fairness opinion dated 09<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 issued by SEBI Registered Category-I, Merchant Banker namely 3Dimensions Capital Services Private Limited;
- h. Copy of the Valuation Report dated 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2020 issued by Abhay Kaushik and Company, Chartered Accountant;
- i. Copy of the Valuation Report dated 22<sup>nd</sup> February, 2022 issued by a Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach-Registered Valuer;
- j. Copy of the Board Resolutions passed by the respective Board of Directors of the Applicant Companies in respect of the approval of the Scheme of Arrangement;

Sd/-

Pradeep R SethiDate: 06.10.2022Chairman appointed vide NCLT Order for the Meetings ofPlace: Ambala Cantt.Equity Shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

# COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

# FOR DEMERGER AND AMALGAMATION

# AMONG

# JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

# (DEMERGED COMPANY / TRANSFEREE COMPANY)

AND

# JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED

# (RESULTING COMPANY)

# AND

# JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

# (TRANSFEROR COMPANY)

# AND

# THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS AND CREDITORS

# (UNDER SECTIONS 230 TO 232 AND OTHER APPLIABLE PROVISIONS OF THE

COMPANIES ACT, 2013)







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### PARTS OF THE COMPOSITE SCHEME:

This Composite Scheme of Arrangement is divided into following Chapters:

### 1. Chapter 1:

This Chapter of the Composite Scheme deals with General Provisions used in this Scheme including Definitions and Capital Structure of the Companies.

### 2. Chapter 2 :

This Chapter of the Composite Scheme deals with demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.

### 3. Chapter 3 -

This Chapter of the Composite Scheme deals with transfer and vesting of undertaking of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") pursuant to present scheme.

### 4. Chapter 4 -

This Chapter of the composite Scheme deals with issue of shares by the Resulting Company to the shareholders of the Demerged Company and listing of the equity shares, issued thereof by the Resulting Company. This part of the Scheme also deals with Accounting Treatment for the demerger in the books of Demerged Company and Resulting Company.

### 5. Chapter 5 -

This Chapter of the Composite Scheme deals with issue of shares by the Transferee Company to the shareholders of the Transferor Company. This part of the Scheme also deals with Accounting Treatment for the amalgamation in the books of Transferee Company.

### 6. Chapter 6 -

This Chapter of the Scheme deals with General Terms and Conditions as applicable to the composite Scheme of Arrangement.



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### COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

## FOR DEMERGER AND AMALGAMATION

# AMONG

## JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

### (DEMERGED COMPANY / TRANSFEREE COMPANY)

### AND

### JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENURES PRIVAE LIMITED

### (RESULTING COMPANY)

#### AND

### JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

## (TRANSFEROR COMPANY)

#### AND

### THEIR RESPECTIVE SHAREHOLDERS AND CREDITORS

#### PREAMBLE

### A. An overview of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement

- This Composite Scheme is presented pursuant to the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (as defined hereinafter) and applicable Rules of Companies (Compromises, Arrangements Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 (as defined hereinafter) read with Sections 2(19AA), 2(1B) and other applicable provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and provides for the:
  - Demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) and vesting of the same with the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company), on a going concern basis; and
  - Following the Demerger referred hereinabove, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company").





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- In consideration of Demerger, the Resulting Company to issue its equity shares to the shareholders of Demerged Company on the basis of entitlement ratio, as defined in Chapter 4 of this Scheme and listing of these equity shares at the stock exchange in accordance with the applicable regulation of SEBI.
- 3. Subsequent to Demerger, JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") shall be amalgamated with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company"). Accordingly, all the assets and liabilities of Transferor Company shall be transferred and vested with Transferee Company on a going concern basis. In consideration, Transferee Company shall issue its equity shares to the Shareholders of the Transferor Company in accordance with the Share Exchange Ratio as defined in Chapter 5 of this Scheme.
- 4. This restructuring is intended to provide greater business focus to Transferee Company in the 'Manufacturing of oral and dental care products' business and provides an opportunity to Resulting Company to focus on the retail business separately.
- In addition, this Scheme of Arrangement also provides for various others matter consequential or otherwise integrally connected herewith.

# B. BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION OF COMPANIES

 JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED (herein after referred to as "JSLL" or "Demerged Company" / "Transferee Company"), bearing CIN L24230HP2004PLC027558 L24230HP2004PLC027558 was incorporated on 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2004 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. The Registered office of the Company is situated at Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala Amb), Tehsil - Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh - 173030, India. The Transferee Company is widely held listed company and the shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

The Transferee Company is engaged in the business manufacturing and selling of Toothbrushes, Toothpastes, Mouthwash, Denture Tablets and other allied oral care product. Apart from working on its own brands the company also offers Contract Manufacturing Partnership to brands in the domestic and the international market.

 JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED (herein after referred to as "JSRVPL" or "Resulting Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2007PTC159306 was incorporated on 15<sup>th</sup> February, 2007 updet the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Svendgaard







Infrastructure Private Limited thereafter the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture Private Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 29th December, 2016 by Registrar of Companies-NCT of Delhi and Haryana. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India.

Resulting Company is carrying the Retail Business of selling the complete range of Pataniali branded products at major airports in India. The Demerged Company holds 99.82% equity shares of the Resulting Company.

The Resulting Company is under processes to shift the registered office from New Delhi to Gurgaon, Haryana.

 JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED (herein after referred to as "JSBL" or "Transferor Company"). bearing CIN U52100DL2008PLC176320, was incorporated on 3rd April 2008 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Dental Care Limited thereafter, the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 25th April, 2017 by Registrar of Companies -NCT of Delhi and Haryana. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi - 110044, India. The company is engaged in selling of toothbrushes, toothpastes, mouthwash and other allied oral care products under its proprietary brand "aquawhite" only.

The JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company) holds 42,68% equity shares of the Transferor Company.

The Transferor Company is under processes to shift the registered office from New Delhi to Gurgaon, Haryana.

### A. RATIONALE FOR THE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

- The Board of Directors of the Companies are of the view that the (a) Demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company and (b) Amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Transferee Company, pursuant to this Composite Scheme of Arrangement, inter alia, would lead to the following benefits:
- 2. The demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - L. Creation of a separate, distinct and focussed entity housing the Retail Business leading to greater operational efficiencies for the Retail Business;







II. Independent setup of each of the undertaking of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company will ensure required depth and focus on each of the companies and adoption of strategies necessary for the growth of the respective companies. The structure shall provide independence to the management in decisions regarding the use of their respective cash flows for dividends, capital expenditure or other reinvestment in their respective businesses;

III. Unlocking of value for shareholders of the Demerged Company by transfer of the Retail Business, which would enable optimal exploitation, monetization and development of both, Residual Undertaking and the Retail Business by attracting focused investors, joint venture partners and strategic partners having the necessary ability, experience and interests in this sector and by allowing pursuit of inorganic and organic growth opportunities in such businesses; and

IV. Enabling the business and activities to be pursued and carried on with greater focus and attention through two separate companies each having its own separate administrative set up and dedicated management.

- The amalgamation of the Transferor Company into the Transferee Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - The Transferor Company and Transferee Company are engaged in similar nature of business, i.e. Oral Care Products. Hence, the amalgamation of Transferor Company with Transferee Company shall result in the consolidation of similar line of business and result in saving of administrative costs and various other overheads.
  - II. Apart from above, the amalgamation shall result in following benefits -
    - Financial strength and flexibility for the Transferee Company, which would
      result in maximising overall shareholder value, and will improve the
      competitive position of the combined entity.
    - Achieve greater efficiencies in operations with optimum utilization of resources, better administration and reduced cost.
    - Cost savings are expected to flow from more focused operational efforts, rationalization, standardization and simplification of business processes, productivity improvements, and the elimination of duplication, and optimum rationalization of administrative expenses and utilization of human resources.







- Improved organizational capability and leadership arising from pooling of financial, managerial and technical resources.
- A larger growing company will mean enhanced financial and growth prospects for the people and organization connected therewith, and will be in public interest. The amalgamation will conducive for better and more efficient and economical control over the business and financial conduct of the Companies.
- 4. Due to the aforesaid reasons, it is considered desirable and expedient to Demerge Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) and vesting of the same with the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and of Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") in accordance with this Composite Scheme, pursuant to Section 230 – 232 of the Companies Act, 2013.







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### CHAPTER 1

### 1. DEFINITIONS:

In this Scheme, unless repugnant to the subject or context or meaning thereof, the following expressions shall have the meanings as set out herein below:

- "Act" means the Companies Act, 2013, and rules made thereunder and shall include any statutory modifications, re-enactments or amendments thereof for the time being in force.
- 1.2. "Applicable Law(s)" means (a) all the applicable statutes, notification, enactments, act of legislature, listing regulations, bye-laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, rule of common law, policy, code, directives, ordinance, orders or other instructions having force of law enacted or issued by any Appropriate Authority including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force (b) administrative interpretations, writs, injunctions, directions, directives, judgments, arbitral awards, decree, orders, or governmental approvals of, or agreement with, any relevant authority, as may be in force from time to time;
- 1.3. "Appointed Date" means 1<sup>st</sup> day of April 2020 or such other date as may be approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) or by such other competent authority having jurisdiction over the Applicant Companies;
- 1.4. "Asset(s)" mean assets of every kind, nature and description, whether included in the balance sheet or not and includes movable property, immovable property, leasehold property, freehold property, owned property, leased property, tangible or intangible assets (including all investments, acquisitions, holdings, in equity shares, preference shares, debentures and other securities of all descriptions of associate/ subsidiary/ joint venture companies in India and elsewhere), Intellectual Property, computers and accessories, software and related data, leasehold improvements, plant and machinery, offices, capital work in progress, vehicles, furniture, fixtures, office equipment, electricals, appliances and accessories, advance tax, tax deducted at source credits, tax credits (including but not limited to minimum alternate tax credit, pre-deposits made in indirect taxes, credits in respect of sales tax, value added tax, service tax, goods apd services tax and other indirect taxes), deferred tax benefits;







- 1.5. "Board" or "Board of Directors" shall mean Board of Directors of the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company or the Resulting Company or Transferor Company, as the case may be, and unless it be repugnant to the context or otherwise, include a committee of directors or any person(s) authorized by the board of directors or such committee of directors.
- 1.6. "BSE" shall mean BSE Limited.
- 1.7. "Companies" means the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company, collectively;
- "Demerged Company" shall mean 'JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited' or 'JSLL' and shall have the meaning assigned to it in Chapter-2 of the Preamble.
- 1.9. "Demerged Undertaking" or 'Retail Investment Division' means such undertakings, properties, assets and liabilities, of whatsoever nature and kind and whosesoever situated, of the Demerged Company pertaining to its Retail Investment Division as detailed below :
- The business relating to 'Retail Investment Division' of the Demerged Company and other ancillary businesses connected therewith, on a going concern basis;
- (II) All assets wherever situated, whether movable or immovable, leasehold or freehold, tangible or intangible, including all capital work-in-progress, vehicles, furniture, fixtures, office equipment, computer installations, electrical, appliances, accessories, investments, stocks, intellectual properties, technical knowhow, patents, copy rights, licenses, approvals pertaining to or relatable to the Demerged Undertaking;
- (III) All debts, liabilities, contingent liabilities, duties and obligations, secured or unsecured, whether provided for or not in the books of accounts or disclosed in the balance sheets relating to or appertaining to the said business, as per the records of the Demerged Company, and shall also include any obligations under any license, permits, appertaining to the Demerged Undertaking;
- (iv) For the purpose of this Scheme, it is clarified that liabilities pertaining to the "Retail Investment Division' include:
  - a) The liabilities which arise out of the activities or operations of the 'Retail Investment Division';







- b) Specific Loans and/ or borrowing raised, incurred and/ or utilized solely for the activities or operations of the 'Retail Investment Division';
- c) Liabilities other than those referred to in Sub Clause (a) and (b) above and not directly relatable to the 'Retail Investment Division' being the amount of any general or multipurpose borrowings of the Demerged Company shall be allocated to 'Retail Investment Division' in the same proportion which the value of the assets transferred under this clause bears to the total value of assets of the Demerged Company, immediately before giving effect to the demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' of the Demerged Company.
- d) Any question that may arise, as to whether the specified asset or liability pertains or does not pertain to the 'Retail Investment Division' or whether it arises out of the activities or operations of the 'Retail Investment Division' or not shall be decided by the Board of Directors of Demerged Company or any committee thereof.

A Schedule of Assets and Liabilities of Demerged Undertaking, as on the 1" April, 2020 is attached hereto and marked as <u>Schedule A</u>.

- (v) All permanent employees of Demerged Company substantially engaged in the Demerged Undertaking and those permanent employees that are determined by the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company, to be substantially engaged in or in relation to the Demerged Undertaking;
- (vi) All rights and licenses, Membership all assignments and grants thereof, all permits, registrations, quota rights, import quotas, rights (including rights under any agreement, contracts, applications, letters of intent, or any other contracts), subsidies, grants, tax credits, incentives or schemes of central/ state governments, quality certifications and approvals, product registrations (both Indian and foreign), regulatory approvals, entitlements, industrial and other licenses, municipal permissions, goodwill, approvals, consents, tenancies, if any in relation to the office and/or residential properties for the employees, investments and/or interest (whether vested, contingent or otherwise) in projects undertaken by the Demerged Undertaking, either solely or jointly with other parties, cash balances, bank balances, bank accounts, deposits, advances, recoverable, receivables, easements, advantages, financial assets, hire purchase and lease arrangements, the benefits of bank guarantees issued by Demerged Company in relation to the Demerged Undertaking, funds belonging to or proposed to be utilized for the High Volume " Recycled



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Compounds and Trading Division", privileges, all other claims, rights and benefits (including under any powers of attorney issued by the Demerged Company in relation to the Demerged Undertaking or any powers of attorney issued in favour of the Demerged Company or from or by virtue of any proceeding before a legal, quasi-judicial authority or any other statutory authority to which the Demerged Company was a party, powers and facilities of every kind, nature and description whatsoever, rights to use and avail of telephones, telexes, facsimile connections and installations, utilities, electricity, water and other services, provisions, funds, benefits of all agreements, contracts and arrangements and all other interests in connection with or relating to the Demerged Undertaking;

- (vii) All books, records, files, papers, computer programs along with their licenses, manuals and back up copies, drawings, other manuals, data catalogues, quotations, sales and advertising materials, lists of present and former customers and suppliers, customer credit information, customer pricing information, and other records whether in physical or electronic form, directly or indirectly in connection with or relating to the Demerged Undertaking;
- (viii) All advances, deposits and balances with Government, Semi-Government, Local and other authorities and bodies, customers and other persons, earnest moneys and/or security deposits paid or received by the Demerged Company, directly or indirectly in connection with or in relation to the Demerged Undertaking;
- (ix) All legal or other proceedings of whatsoever nature that pertain to the 'Retail Investment Division';

### Explanation:

- a) In case of any question that may arise as to whether any particular asset or liability and/or employee pertains or does not pertain to the 'Retail Investment Division' of the Demerged Company, the same shall be decided by the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company and Resulting Company.
- 1.10. "Effective Date" means the date on which certified copy of the order of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal of relevant jurisdiction under Sections 230 and 232 of the Act sanctioning the Scheme is filed with the concerned Registrar of Companies.







References in this Scheme to the date of "Upon the Scheme becoming effective" or "Effectiveness of this Scheme" shall mean the Effective Date.

- 1.11. "Intellectual Property" means and includes all intellectual properties including trademarks, service marks, logos, trade names, domain names, database rights, design rights, rights in knowhow, trade secrets, copyrights, moral rights, confidential processes, patents, inventions and any other intellectual property or proprietary rights (including rights in computer software) pertaining to the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company, in each case whether registered or unregistered and including applications for the registration or grant of any such rights and any and all forms of protection having equivalent or similar effect anywhere in the world;
- 1.12. "IT Act" means the Income-tax Act, 1961 and shall include any statutory modifications, reenactments or amendments thereof for the time being in force;
- 1.13. "Liability(ies)" means liabilities of every kind, nature and description, whether present or future and includes contingent liabilities, secured loans, unsecured loans, borrowings, statutory liabilities (including those under taxation laws and stamp duty laws), contractual liabilities, duties, obligations, guarantees and those arising out of proceedings of any nature;
- 1.14. "SEBI Listing Regulations" means SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and includes any amendments, modification or any enactment thereof.
- 1.15. "NCLT" or "Tribunal" means the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chandigarh Bench, Chandigarh, or any other appropriate forum or authority empowered to approve the Scheme as per the law for the time being in force.
- 1.16. "NSE" shall means National Stock Exchange of India Limited.
- 1.17. "Record Date(s)" means the date(s) to be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company, after the Effective Date, with reference to which the eligibility of the equity shareholder of the Demerged Company, for the purposes of issue and allotment of shares of the Resulting Company, in terms of the Scheme, shall be determined.
- 1.18. "Registrar of Companies" or "RoC": means the Registrar of Companies of NCT of Delhi and Haryana, New Delhi or Himachal Pradesh.
- 1.19. "Rules" means Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016.
- 1.20. "Remaining Business" means all the business, assets and liabilities and activities of the 'Demerged Company' related to Retail Investment Division or other than the business, assets and liabilities of 'Demerged Undertaking" which upon this scheme becoming effective be vested with the Resulting Company as provided in this scheme.







- 1.21. "Resulting Company" or "JSRVPL" shall mean JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.
- 1.22. "SEBI" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India established under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
- 1.23. "SEBI Circular" means Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10th, 2017 issued by SEBI.
- 1.24. "Scheme" means this Composite Scheme of Arrangement, as set out herein and approved by the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company, subject to such modifications as the NCLT may impose or the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company may prefer and the NCLT may approve. All terms and words not defined in this Scheme shall, unless repugnant or contrary to the context or meaning thereof, have the same meaning prescribed to them under the Act and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, bye-laws, as the case may be or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof from time to time.
- 1.25. "Stock Exchanges" shall mean BSE and NSE, where the equity shares of the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company are currently listed.
- 1.26. "Transferee Company" or "JSLL" means 'JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited'.
- 1.27. "Transferor Company" or "JSBL" means 'JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited'.

### 2. DATE OF EFFECT AND OPERATIVE DATE:

The Scheme setout herein in its present form or with modification (s), if any, approved or imposed or directed by the NCLT, the scheme shall be effective from the Appointed Date but shall come into operation from the Effective Date.

# 3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE :

The Capital Structure of the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company as on the 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020 are as follows:

3.1. The Capital Structure of the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020 are as follows:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	
6,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	65,00,00,000
Total	65,00,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital	
6,09,00,465 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	60,90,04,650







Total	60,90,04,650

Subsequent to appointed date i.e. after 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2020 the Demerged Company/ Transferee company has issued and allotted 40,00,000 (Forty Lakh) warrants on 22<sup>se</sup> September, 2020 at an issue price of Rs. 20/- per warrant aggregating to Rs. 8,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eight Crore only) convertible into equivalent number of equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each of the Company ("Equity Shares") on or before 18 months from the date of allotment. The capital structure of the company after conversion of these warrants and increase of authorize share capital is as under:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	
70,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	700,000,000
Total	
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital	
64,900,465 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	649,004,650
Total	649,004,650

Further, to avail the relaxation from Rule 19 (2) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules 1957 (SCRR) it is mutually decided by the management of the Company and warrant holder that they will convert the warrant into equity before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement or on or upon the order of any regulatory authority for conversion of the same, so that no warrant holders shall have any right to take equity shares in the Resulting Company at any future date.

3.2. The Capital Structure of the Resulting Company as on 31st March, 2020 are as follow:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	
1,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	10,00,00,000
Total	10,00,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital	
65,12,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	6,51,20,000
Total	6,51,20,000

There is no change in the Capital Structure of the Resulting Company after 31<sup>st</sup> March 2020.

3.3. The Capital Structure of the Transferor Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020 are as follow:



a contra
16,00,00,000
16,00,00,000
13,19,75,260
13,19,75,260

Subsequent to appointed date i.e. after 1<sup>st</sup> April. 2020 the Transferor company has allotted 15,00,003 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each pursuant to right issue on 31<sup>st</sup> July, 2020 and 10,00,000 number of equity shares at an issue price of Rs. 30 each by way of private placement on 08<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 and the capital structure of the company has been changed. The existing capital structure of the company as on latest date is as under:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	
16,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	16,00,00,000
Total	
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital	
15,697,529 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	156,975,290
Total	156,975,290







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### CHAPTER 2

# DEMERGER OF "RETAIL INVESTMENT DIVISION" (DEMERGED UNDERTAKING) OF THE DEMERGED COMPANY INTO RESULTING COMPANY

#### 1. TRANSFER OF DEMERGED UNDERTAKINGS

Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date and pursuant to Section 230 and Section 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of law for the time being in force, and pursuant to the orders of the NCLT or other appropriate authority or forum, if any, sanctioning the Scheme, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing, the Demerged Undertaking shall stand vested in the Resulting Company, as a going concern, together with all its properties, assets, rights, benefits and interest therein.

#### 2. TRANSFER OF ASSETS

- (i) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, all assets relating to the Demerged Undertaking as are movable or immovable in nature or are otherwise capable of transfer by manual delivery or by endorsement and acknowledgement of possession pursuant to this Scheme, shall stand transferred and vested as such by the Demerged Company and shall become the property and an integral part of the Resulting Company. The vesting pursuant to this sub-clause shall be deemed to have occurred by manual delivery or endorsement, as appropriate to the property being vested and title to the property shall be deemed to have been transferred accordingly.
- (ii) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, any and all movable properties of the Demerged Company relating to the Demerged Undertaking, other than those specified in sub-clause (i) above, including sundry debtors, outstanding loans and advances and other current assets, if any, recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received, cash & bank balances and deposits, shall without any further act, instrument or deed, become the property of the Resulting Company.
- (iii) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, all assets, estate, rights, title, interest and authorities acquired by the Demerged Company after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date pertaining to the Demerged Undertaking





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shall also stand transferred to and vested in the Resulting Company upon coming into effect of the Scheme.

### 3. TRANSFER OF LIABILITIES AND RELATED SECURITIES/ CHARGES

- Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, all debts, (i) liabilities and obligations, whether recorded or not, of the Demerged Company relating to the Demerged Undertaking, as on the close of business on the day immediately preceding the Appointed Date (hereinafter referred to as the Transferred Liabilities) shall become the debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of the Resulting Company, upon the Scheme becoming effective, who shall undertake to meet, discharge and satisfy the same to the exclusion of the Demerged Company. All the debts, liabilities, duties and obligations, secured or unsecured, whether recorded or not, relating to the remaining business shall continue to remain in the Demerged Company. Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, where any of the liabilities and obligations of the Demerged Undertaking as on the Appointed Date deemed to be transferred to the Resulting Company have been discharged by the Demerged Company after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date, such discharge shall be deemed to have been taken for and on account of the Resulting Company and all loans raised and used and all liabilities and obligations incurred by the Demerged Company for the operations of the Demerged Undertaking after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date shall be deemed to have been raised, used or incurred for and on behalf of the Resulting Company and to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date shall also without any further act or deed be and stand transferred to the Resulting Company and shall become liabilities of the Resulting Company which shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same. Such liabilities shall also form part of the Transferred Liabilities as defined hereinabove.
- (ii) Upon this Scheme becoming effective and with effect from the Appointed Date, in so far as the existing security in respect of the Transferred Liabilities of the Demerged Undertaking is concerned, such security shall continue to extend to and operate over the assets comprised in the Demerged Undertaking, as the case may be, which have been charged in respect of the Transferred Liabilities as transferred to the Resulting Company pursuant to this Scheme. Provided, however, that If any of the assets comprised in the Demerged Undertaking which have not been charged or secured in respect of the Transferred







Liabilities, such assets shall be transferred to the Resulting Company as unencumbered assets and in the absence of any formal amendment, which may be required by a lender or third party, shall not affect the operation of the above and this Scheme shall not operate so as to require any charge or security to be created on such assets in relation to the Transferred Liabilities as defined hereinabove.

- (iii) Further, in so far as the assets comprised in the Demerged Undertaking is concerned, the security and charge over such assets relating to any loans or borrowings which are not transferred pursuant to this Scheme (and which shall continue with the Remaining Businesses), shall without any further act or deed be realized from such encumbrance and shall no longer be available as security in relation to such liabilities.
- (iv) Without prejudice to the provisions of the foregoing clauses and upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company, if required, may execute any instruments or documents or do all acts and deeds as may be required, including the filing of necessary particulars and/or modification(s) of charge, with the ROC to give formal effect to the above provisions.
- (v) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Resulting Company alone shall be liable to perform all obligations in respect of the Transferred Liabilities and the Demerged Company shall not have any obligations in respect of the Transferred Liabilities, and the Resulting Company shall indemnify the Demerged Company in this behalf.
- (vi) It is expressly provided that, save as mentioned in this Clause, no other term or condition of the Transferred Liabilities is modified by virtue of this Scheme except to the extent that such amendment is required by necessary implication.
- (vii) Subject to the necessary consents being obtained, if required, in accordance with the terms of this Scheme, the provisions of this Scheme, if approved by Hon'ble NCLT, shall operate, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any instrument, deed or writing or the terms of sanction or issue or any security document; all of which instruments, deeds or writings shall stand modified and/or superseded by the foregoing provisions.
- TRANSFER OF CONTRACTS, AGREEMENTS, MOU, PERMITS, QUOTAS AND LICENCE OF DEMERGED UNDERTAKING.







- (i) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, any and all contracts, agreements, memoranda of undertakings, memoranda of agreements, memoranda of agreed points, letters of agreed points, arrangements, undertakings, whether written or otherwise, deeds, bonds, schemes, arrangements, tenancy or leasehold or hire purchase agreements and other instruments of whatsoever nature in relation to the Demerged Undertaking, to which the Demerged Company are a party or to the benefits of which, the Demerged Undertaking may be eligible and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the Effective Date shall be in full force and effect, on or against or in favor of the Resulting Company and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of the Demerged Company, the Resulting Company had been a party or beneficiary or oblige thereto;
- (ii) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, all permits, quotas, rights, entitlements, licenses including those relating to tenancies, privileges, powers, facilities of every kind and description of whatsoever nature, leave and license agreements, trade mark licenses including application for registration of trade mark , storage & warehousing agreements, commission agreements, Lease agreements, Hire Purchase Agreements, franchisee agreements in relation to the Demerged Undertaking to which the Demerged Company are a party or to the benefit of which the Demerged Company may be eligible and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the Effective Date shall be and remain in full force and effect in favour of or against. Resulting Company as the case may be, and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of the Demerged Company, the Resulting Company had been a party or beneficiary or oblige thereto;
- (iii) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, any and all statutory licenses, no-objection certificates, permissions, approvals, consents, quotas, rights, entitlements, trade mark licenses including application for registration of trade mark, licenses including those relating to privileges, powers, facilities of every kind and description of whatsoever nature and the benefits thereto, in relation to the Demerged Undertaking shall stand transferred to or vested in the Resulting Company, without any further act or deed done by the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company and shall be appropriately mutated by the statutory authorities concerned





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therewith in favor of the Resulting Company upon the vesting and transfer of the Demerged Undertaking pursuant to this Scheme.

(iv) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, any such statutory and regulatory no-objection certificates, licenses, permissions, consents, approvals, authorizations or registrations, trade mark licenses including application for registration of trade mark as are jointly held for Demerged Undertaking and the remaining businesses, including the statutory licenses, permissions or approvals, registrations under Sales Tax/VAT, Service Tax, Shops and Establishments Act or consents required to carry on the operations in the remaining businesses, shall be deemed to constitute separate licenses, permissions, no-objection certificates, consents, approvals, authorities, registrations or statutory rights and the relevant or concerned statutory authorities and licensors shall endorse and/or mutate or record the separation, pursuant to the filing of this Scheme as sanctioned by the Hon'ble NCLT, with such authorities and licensors after the same becomes effective, so as to facilitate the continuation of operations in the Resulting Company without hindrance from the Appointed Date.

The benefit of all statutory and regulatory permissions, licenses and consents including the statutory licenses, permissions or approvals or consents required to carry on the operations of the Demerged Undertaking shall vest in and become available to the Resulting Company pursuant to the Scheme.

(v) All contractors hitherto engaged by the Demerged Company in relation to the Demerged Undertaking shall be deemed to be engaged by the Resulting Company for the same purpose on the same terms and conditions.

# 5. EMPLOYEE MATTERS

(i) Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, the services of all Employees of the Demerged Company employed in the Demerged Undertaking shall stand transferred to the Resulting Company on the same terms and conditions at which these Employees are engaged by the Demerged Company without any interruption of service as a result of the transfer. The Resulting Company also undertakes to accept and abide by any change in terms and conditions that may be agreed/ affected by the Demerged Company with all such Employees between the Appointed Date and Effective Date.







- (ii) The Resulting Company undertakes to continue to abide by any agreements/ settlements entered into by the Demerged Company in respect of Demerged Undertaking with any union/ representatives of the Employees of the Demerged Company. The Resulting Company agrees that the Resulting Company shall take the services of all such employees with the Demerged Company up to the Effective Date into account for the purpose of all retirement benefits payable to such employees subsequently. The Resulting Company further agrees that for the purpose of payment of any retrenchment compensation, gratuity and other terminal benefits, such past services with the Demerged Company shall also be taken into account and agrees and undertakes to pay the same as and when payable.
- (iii) In so far as the existing provident fund, gratuity fund and pension and/or superannuation fund, employees state insurance schemes, trusts, retirement fund or benefits and any other funds or benefits created by the Demerged Company for the Employees related to the Demerged Undertaking (collectively referred to as the "Funds"), the Funds and such of the investments made by the Funds which are preferable to the Employees related to the Demerged Undertaking being transferred to the Resulting Company in terms of Sub Clause (i) of Clause 5 above shall be transferred to the Resulting Company and shall be held for their benefit pursuant to this Scheme. The Resulting Company in its sole discretion, will establish necessary Funds to give effect to the above transfer or deposit the same in the schemes governed under the applicable laws and rules made there under, as amended from time to time, namely Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and/or Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 and/or Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. In the event that the Resulting Company does not have its own funds in respect of any of the above, the Resulting Company may, subject to necessary approvals and permissions, continue to contribute to the relevant Funds of the Demerged Company, until such time that the Resulting Company creates its own fund, at which time the Funds and the investments and contributions pertaining to the Employees related to Demerged Undertaking shall be transferred to the funds created by the Resulting Company.
- 6. LEGAL PROCEEDING







If any suit, appeal or other proceedings relating to Demerged Undertaking of whatsoever nature by or against the Demerged Company is pending the same shall not be transferred to Resulting Company and the proceedings may be continued, prosecuted and enforced, by or against the Demerged Company in the same manner and to the same extent as they would or might have been continued, prosecuted and enforced by or against the Demerged Company, as if this Scheme had not been made.

### 7. INCOME TAX AND OTHER PROVISIONS

- (i) Upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company shall have the right to revise their respective financial statements and returns along with prescribed forms, filings and Annexures under the Income Tax Act, 1961, central sales tax, applicable state value added tax, service tax law, goods and services tax laws, excise duty laws and other tax laws, and to claim refunds and/or credit for taxes paid (including minimum alternate tax, tax deducted at source, wealth tax, etc.) and for matters incidental thereto, if required to give effect to the provisions of the Scheme.
- (ii) Any refunds or credits, under the Income Tax Act, 1961, Service tax laws, goods and services tax laws, excise duty laws, central sales tax, applicable state value added tax laws or other applicable laws/ regulations dealing with taxes/ duties/ levies due to Demerged Company relating to Demerged Undertaking consequent to the assessment made on Demerged Company (including any refund for which no credit is taken in the accounts of the Demerged Company) as on the date immediately preceding the Appointed Date shall also belong to and be received by the Resulting Company upon this Scheme becoming effective.
- (iii) The tax payments (including but not limited to income tax, service tax, goods and services tax laws, excise duty, central sales tax, applicable state value added tax, etc.) whether by way of tax deducted at source, advance tax or otherwise howsoever, by the Demerged Company relating to Demerged Undertaking after the Appointed Date, shall be deemed to be paid by the Resulting Company and shall, in all proceedings, be dealt with accordingly.
- (iv) Further, any tax deducted at source by Demerged Company with respect to Demerged Undertaking on transactions with the Resulting Company, if any (from Appointed Date to Effective Date) shall be deemed to be advance tax paid by the Resulting Company and shall, in all proceedings, be dealt with accordingly.







(v) Upon the Scheme coming into effect, any obligation of tax at source on any payment made by or to be made by the Demerged Company relating to Demerged Undertaking shall be made or deemed to have been made and duly complied with by the Resulting Company.

### 8. OTHER PROVISIONS

- (i) The Demerged Company and the Resulting Company may, after the Scheme becomes effective, for the sake of good order, execute amended and re-stated arrangements or confirmations or other writings, for the ease of the Demerged Company, the Resulting Company and the counter party concerned in relation to the Remaining Business and the Demerged Undertaking, without any obligation to do so and without modification of any commercial terms or provisions in relation thereto.
- (ii) Upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Resulting Company shall secure the change in record of rights and any other records relevant for mutating the legal ownership of any immovable property vested with the Resulting Company and relating to the Demerged Undertaking. The Demerged Company and the Resulting Company are jointly and severally authorized to file such declarations and other writings to give effect to this Scheme and to remove any difficulties in implementing the terms hereof.

# 9. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

(i) With effect from the Appointed Date and up to and including the Effective Date:

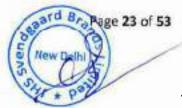
(i) The Demerged Company shall be deemed to have been carrying on all business and activities relating to the Demerged Undertaking for and on behalf of and in trust for the Resulting Company: and

(II) All income, expenditures including management costs, profits accruing to the Demerged Company and all taxes thereof or losses arising or incurred by it relating to the Demerged Undertaking shall, for all purposes, be treated as the income, expenditures, profits, taxes or losses, as the case may be, of the Resulting Company.

- (ii) With effect from the Effective Date, the Resulting Company shall be duly authorized to carry on the business of the Demerged Undertaking, previously carried on by the Demerged Company.
- (iii) The Resulting Company unconditionally and irrevocably agrees and undertakes to pay, discharge and satisfy all the liabilities and obligations of the Demerged Undertaking with effect from the Appointed Date, in order to give effect to the foregoing provisions.







(iv) The Demerged Company and the Resulting Company are expressly permitted to revise their Income Tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax, goods and services Tax, VAT and all other statutory returns, including without limitation TDS certificates and the right to claim refund, advance tax credits etc., upon the Scheme becoming effective. It is specifically declared that the taxes paid by the Demerged Company relating to the period on or after the Appointed Date whether by way of deduction at source or advance tax, which pertains to the Demerged Undertaking, shall be deemed to be the taxes paid by the Resulting Company and the Resulting Company shall be entitled to claim credit for such taxes deducted/ paid against its tax liabilities notwithstanding that the certificates/ challans or other documents for payment of such taxes are in the name of the Demerged Company.

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#### CHAPTER 3

#### TRANSFER & VESTING OF UNDERTAKING OF TRANSFEROR COMPANY INTO TRANSFEREE COMPANY

- 1. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, the entire business and the whole of the undertaking(s), properties and liabilities of Transferor Company shall, in terms of Section 230 and 232 and applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to the orders of the Hon'ble NCLT or any other appropriate authority or forum, if any, sanctioning the Scheme, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing, stand transferred and vested in and/ or deemed to be transferred to and vested in Transferee Company as a going concern so as to become, as and from the Appointed Date, the undertaking(s), properties and liabilities of Transferee Company by virtue of and in the manner provided in this Scheme.
- 2. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, the entire business and undertaking of Transferor Company shall stand transferred to and be vested in Transferee Company without any further deed or act, together with all their properties, assets, rights, benefits and interest therein, subject to existing charges thereon in favour of banks and financial institutions, as the case may be, in the following manner:

### 3. TRANSFER OF ASSETS

Upon the sanction of the Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT, and without prejudice to the generality of the preceding clause, upon the coming into effect of the Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date:

3.1. All immovable properties, assets and rights in the immovable properties of the Transferor Company, whether freehold or leasehold or converted or otherwise and in terms of such permitted usage as mentioned therein and all documents of title, rights and easements in relation thereto shall pursuant to the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 of the Act and pursuant to the orders of the Hon'ble NCLT or any other appropriate authority sanctioning the Scheme and without any further act or deed shall stand transferred to and vested in and/or deemed to be transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company, as a going concern, subject to all the encumbrances, fixed and/or floating charges and/or rights given to the lenders of the other divisions of Transferor Company, if any, affecting the same or any part hereof and arising out of liabilities which shall also stand transferred to the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company shall be entitled to and exercise all rights and privileges







attached thereto and shall be liable to pay ground rent, taxes and to fulfill obligations in relation to or applicable to such immovable properties. The Transferee Company shall under the provisions of Scheme be deemed to be authorized to execute such instruments, deeds and writing on behalf of the Transferor Company to implement or carry out all such formalities or compliances to give effect to the provisions of this Scheme. The mutation of the title to the immovable properties shall be made and duly recorded by the appropriate authorities pursuant to the sanction of the Scheme and upon the Scheme becoming effective, in accordance with the terms hereof, in favour of the Transferee Company. Any inchoate title or possessory title of the Transferor Company shall be deemed to be the title of the Transferee Company.

- 3.2. In respect of all the movable assets of the Transferor Company and the assets which are otherwise capable of transfer by physical delivery or endorsement and delivery, including, but not limited to, stock of goods, raw materials available in the market/ depots/ Godown / factories, sundry debtors, plants and equipment's, temporary structure, sheds which can be dismantled and transferred by delivery, outstanding loans and advances, insurance claims, advance tax, Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT), Goods and Service Tax (GST), set-off rights, pre-paid taxes, levies/liabilities, CENVAT/VAT credits or refunds, if any, recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received, bank balances, earnest money and deposits, if any, with Government, Semi-Government, quasi government or other authority or body or with any company or local and other persons or any other assets otherwise capable of transfer by physical delivery would get transferred by physical delivery only and all others assets would get transferred by endorsement and delivery by vesting and recordable pursuant to this Scheme, shall stand vested in Transferee Company, and shall become the assets and an integral part of Transferee Company without any further instrument, deed or act or payment of any further fee, charge or securities.
- 3.3. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, upon the coming into effect of this Scheme on the Appointed Date, all consents, permissions, licenses, approvals, certificates, clearances and authorities including the licenses required for production and distribution of products of the Transferor Company in India and overseas market, and any other licenses, given by, issued to or executed in favour of the Transferor Company in relation to the business as on the Appointed Date, shall stand transferred to the Transferee Company as if







the same were originally given by, issued to or executed in favour of the Transferee Company, and the rights and benefits under the same shall be available to the Transferee Company. Any registration fees, charges, etc paid by the Transferor Company in relation to the aforementioned consents, permissions, licenses, approvals, certificates, clearances and authorities, shall deemed to have been paid by the Transferee Company.

- 3.4. With effect from the Appointed Date, Transferee Company shall be entitled to exercise all rights and privileges and be liable to pay ground rent, taxes and fulfill obligations, in relation to or applicable to such immovable properties. The mutation/substitution of the title to the immovable properties shall be made and duly recorded in the name of Transferee Company by the appropriate authorities pursuant to the sanction of the Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT and the Scheme becoming effective in accordance with the terms hereof.
- 3.5. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, all contracts, deeds, bonds, agreements, schemes, arrangements and other instruments of whatsoever nature in relation to Transferor Company to which the Transferor Company is the party or to the benefit of which Transferor Company may be eligible, and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the Effective Date, shall be in full force and effect against or in favor of Transferee Company and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of Transferor Company, Transferee Company had been a party or beneficiary or obligee thereto.
- 3.6. With effect from the appointed date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, all permits, quotas, rights, entitlements, licenses including those relating to trademarks, tenancies, patents, copyrights, privileges, software, powers, facilities of every kind and description of whatsoever nature in relation to Transferor Company to which Transferor Company is the party or to the benefit of which Transferor Company may be eligible and which are subsisting or having effect immediately before the effective date, shall be enforceable as fully and effectually as if, instead of Transferor Company, Transferee Company had been a party or beneficiary or obligee thereto.
- 3.7. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, any statutory licenses, no-objection certificates, permissions or approvals or consents required to carry on operations of Transferor Company or granted to Transferor Company shall stand vested in or transferred to Transferee Company without further act or deed, and shall be appropriately transferred or assigned by the statutory authorities concerned therewith in favor of Transferee Company upon the vesting of Transferor Company Businesses and Undertakings





pursuant to this Scheme. The benefit of all statutory and regulatory permissions, licenses, approvals and consents including the statutory licenses, permissions or approvals or consents required to carry on the operations of Transferor Company shall vest in and become available to Transferee Company pursuant to this scheme.

3.8. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, all motor vehicles of any description whatsoever of Transferor Company shall stand transferred to and be vested in the Transferee Company, and the appropriate Governmental and Registration Authorities shall substitute the name of Transferee Company in place of Transferor Company, without any further instrument, deed or act or any further payment of fee, charge or securities.

# 4. TRANSFER OF LIABILITIES

- 4.1. Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and with effect from the Appointed Date, all liabilities of Transferor Company including all secured and unsecured debts (whether in Indian rupees or foreign currency), sundry creditors, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), duties and obligations and undertakings of the Transferor Company of every kind, nature and description whatsoever and howsoever arising, raised or incurred or utilised for its business activities and operations (herein referred to as the "Liabilities"), shall, pursuant to the sanction of this Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT and under the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, without any further act, instrument, deed, matter or thing, be transferred to and vested in or be deemed to have been transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company, along with any charge, encumbrance, lien or security thereon, and the same shall be assumed by the Transferee Company to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date so as to become as and from the Appointed Date. the liabilities of the Transferee Company on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the Transferor Company, and the Transferee Company shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same and further it shall not be necessary to obtain the consent of any third party or other person who is a party to any contract or arrangement by virtue of which such Liabilities have arisen in order to give effect to the provisions of this Clause.
- 4.2. All amounts due to Government of India and other authorities and all Bank related liabilities of the Transferor Company and comprising principle outstanding against loans, term loans, cash credit facilities, guarantees, non - fund based limits, buyers credit, etc and including all







interest, charges, fee, penal/ compound interest etc. on such outstanding as on Appointed Date, will become the liabilities of Transferee Company and shall be at same footing as the liabilities towards the Banks of Transferee Company.

4.3. The transfer and vesting of the entire business and undertaking of Transferor Company as aforesaid, shall be subject to the existing securities, charges and mortgages, if any, subsisting, over or in respect of the property and assets or any part thereof of Transferor Company, as the case may be.

Provided that the securities, charges and mortgages (if any subsisting) over and in respect of the part thereof, of Transferee Company shall continue with respect to such assets or part thereof and this Scheme shall not operate to enlarge such securities, charges or mortgages to the end and intent that such securities, charge and mortgage shall not extend or be deemed to extend, to any of the other assets of Transferor Company vested in Transferee Company pursuant to the Scheme.

Provided always that this Scheme shall not operate to enlarge the security for any loan, deposit or facility created by Transferor Company which shall vest in Transferee Company by virtue of the amalgamation of Transferor Company with Transferee Company and Transferee Company shall not be obliged to create any further or additional security there for after the amalgamation has become operative.

- 4.4. All other debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of the Transferor Company as on the Appointed Date, whether or not provided in the books of the Transferor Company, and all debts and loans raised, and duties, liabilities and obligations incurred or which arise or accrue to the Transferor Company on or after the Appointed Date till the Effective Date, shall be deemed to be and shall become the debts, loans raised, duties, liabilities and obligations incurred by the Transferee Company by virtue of this Scheme.
- 4.5. Where any such debts, loans raised, liabilities, duties and obligations (including contingent liabilities) of the Transferor Company as on the Appointed Date have been discharged or satisfied by the Transferor Company after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date, such discharge or satisfaction shall be deemed to be for and on account of the Transferee Company.
- 4.6. Loans or other obligations, if any, due between Transferee Company and Transferor Company shall stand discharged and there shall be no liability in that behalf. In so far as any securities,







debentures or notes issued by Transferor Company and held by Transferee Company and vice versa are concerned, the same shall, unless sold or transferred by holder of such securities, at any time prior to the Effective Date, stand cancelled and shall have no further effect.

4.7. All loans raised and utilised and all liabilities, duties and obligations incurred or undertaken by the Transferor Company in the ordinary course of its business after the Appointed Date and prior to the Effective Date shall be deemed to have been raised, used, incurred or undertaken for and on behalf of the Transferee Company and to the extent they are outstanding on the Effective Date, shall, upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and under the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 of the Act, without any further act, instrument or deed, be and stand transferred to and vested in or be deemed to have been transferred to and vested in the Transferee Company and shall become the loans and liabilities, duties and obligations of the Transferee Company which shall meet, discharge and satisfy the same.

### 5. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

5.1. With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, Transferee Company shall bear the burden and the benefits of any legal or other proceedings including direct and indirect tax assessments, if any, initiated by or against Transferor Company.

Provided however, all legal, administrative and other proceedings of whatsoever nature by or against Transferor Company pending in any court or before any authority, judicial, quasi judicial or administrative, any adjudicating authority and/or arising after the Appointed Date and relating to Transferor Company or its respective properties, assets, liabilities, duties and obligations shall be continued and/or enforced until the Effective Date by or against Transferor Company; and from the Effective Date, shall be continued and enforced by or against Transferee Company in the same manner and to the same extent as would or might have been continued and enforced by or against Transferor Company.

5.2. If any suit, appeal or other proceedings of whatever nature by or against Transferor Company be pending, the same shall not abate, be discontinued or be in any way be prejudicially affected by reason of the transfer of the Transferor Company business and undertakings or of anything contained in this scheme but the proceedings may be continued, prosecuted and enforced by or against Transferee Company in the same manner and to the same extent as it would or might have been continued, prosecuted and enforced by or against Transferor Company as if this Scheme had not been made.







#### 6. STAFF, WORKMEN AND EMPLOYEES

With effect from the Appointed Date and upon the scheme becoming effective, all persons that were employed by Transferor Company immediately before such date shall become employees of Transferee Company with the benefit of continuity of service on same terms and conditions as were applicable to such employees of Transferor Company immediately prior to such transfer and without any break or interruption of service. Transferee Company undertakes to continue to abide by agreement/settlement, if any, entered into by Transferor Company with any union/employee thereof. With regard to Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund, Superannuation fund or any other special fund or obligation created or existing for the benefit of such employees of Transferor Company upon occurrence of the Effective Date, Transferee Company shall stand substituted for Transferor Company, for all purposes whatsoever relating to the obligation to make contributions to the said funds in accordance with the provisions of such schemes or funds in the respective trust deeds or other documents. The existing Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund and Superannuation Fund or obligations, if any, created by Transferor Company for its employees shall be continued for the benefit of such employees on the same terms and conditions. With effect from the Effective Date, Transferee Company will make the necessary contributions for such transferred employees of Transferor Company and deposit the same in Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund or Superannuation Fund or obligations, where applicable. It is the aim and intent of the Scheme that all the rights, duties, powers and obligations of Transferor Company in relation to such schemes or funds shall become those of Transferee Company.

### 7. CONTRACTS, DEEDS, ETC

7.1. Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme and subject to the provisions of this Scheme, all contracts, deeds, bonds, agreements, schemes, arrangements and other instruments of whatsoever nature whether pertaining to immovable properties or otherwise to which the Transferor Company is a party or to the benefit of which Transferor Company may be eligible, and which are subsisting or have effect immediately before the Effective Date, shall continue in full force and effect on or against or in favor of, as the case may be, Transferee Company and may be enforced as fully and effectually as if, instead of Transferor Company, Transferee Company had been a party or beneficiary or obligee thereto or there under.

7.2. For the avoidance of doubt and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, it is clarified that upon the coming into effect of this Scheme, all consents, permissions, licenses,







certificates, clearances, authorities, power of attorney given by, issued to or executed in favour of Transferor Company shall stand transferred to Transferee Company, as if the same were originally given by, issued to or executed in favour of Transferee Company, and Transferee Company shall be bound by the terms thereof, the obligations and duties there under, and the rights and benefits under the same shall be available to Transferee Company. The Transferee Company shall make applications and do all such acts or things which may be necessary to obtain relevant approvals from the concerned Governmental Authorities as may be necessary in this behalf.

7.3. It is herein clarified that, the Transferee Company will, at any time after the coming into effect of this Scheme in accordance with the provisions hereof, if so required under any law or otherwise, execute deeds of confirmation or other writings or arrangements with any party to any contract or arrangements in relation to Transferor Company to which Transferor Company is party, in order to give formal effect to the above provisions. Transferee Company shall, under the provisions of this Scheme, be deemed to be authorized to execute any such writings on behalf of Transferor Company and to carry out or perform all such formalities or compliances referred to above on part of Transferor Company.

#### 8. TAXES AND OTHER MATTERS

- 8.1. All taxes (including, without limitation, income tax, wealth tax, entry tax, sales tax, excise duty, custom duty, service tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST), VAT, etc. referred as 'Tax laws') paid or payable by the Transferor Company in respect of the operations, assets and / or the profits of the Transferor Company before the Appointed Date, shall be on account of the Transferor Company and, in so far as it relates to the tax payments (including, without limitation, Income Tax, Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT), Dividend Distribution Tax, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax, Excise Duty, Custom Duty, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST), VAT, etc.), whether by way of deduction at source, advance tax or otherwise howsoever, by the Transferor Company in respect of the profits or activities or operation of the Transferor Company with effect from the Appointed Date, the same shall be deemed to be the corresponding item paid by the Transferee Company, and, shall in all proceedings, be dealt with accordingly.
- 8.2. Any refund under the Tax Laws due to the Transferor Company consequent to the assessment made on Transferor Company and for which no credit is taken in the accounts as







on the date immediately preceding the Appointed Date shall also belong to and be received by the Transferee Company. The Transferee Company is expressly permitted to revise and expressly permitted to file income tax returns, sales tax/ value added tax returns, excise duty, service tax returns and other tax returns, and to claim refunds/ credits pursuant to the provisions of this Scheme. The Transferee Company shall be entitled to such tax benefits including but not limited to MAT paid under section 115JA/ 115JB of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the right to claim credit therefore in accordance with the provisions of Section 115JAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The Transferee Company shall continue to enjoy the tax benefits/ concessions provided to the Transferer Company through Notifications/ Circulars issued by the concerned authorities.

- 8.3. All taxes of any nature, duties, cesses or any other like payment or deductions made by Transferor Company to any statutory authorities such as Income Tax, Sales tax, VAT, service tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST) etc. or any tax deduction / collection at source, tax credits under Tax laws, relating to the period after the Appointed Date up to the Effective date shall be deemed to have been on account of or paid by the Transferee Company and the relevant authorities shall be bound to transfer to the account of and give credit for the same to Transferee Company upon the passing of the orders on this Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT upon relevant proof and documents being provided to the said authorities.
- 8.4. The income tax, if any, paid by Transferor Company on or after the Appointed Date, in respect of income assessable from that date, shall be deemed to have been paid by or for the benefit of Transferee Company. Further, Transferee Company shall, after the Effective Date, be entitled to revise the relevant returns, if any, filed by Transferor Company for any year, if so necessitated or consequent to this Scheme notwithstanding that the time prescribed for such revision may have elapsed.
- 8.5. From the Effective Date and till such time as the name of the Transferee Company would get entered as the account holder in respect of all the bank accounts and demat accounts of Transferor Company in the relevant bank's/DP's books and records, the Transferor Company shall be entitled to operate the bank/demat accounts of Transferee Company in the existing names.
- 8.6. Since each of the permissions, approvals, consents, sanctions, remissions, special reservations, incentives, concessions and other authorizations of Transferor Company shall







stand transferred by the order of the NCLT to Transferee Company, Transferee Company shall file the relevant intimations, for the record of the statutory authorities who shall take them on file, pursuant to the vesting orders of the sanctioning court.

# 9. Residual Undertaking of the Demerged Company

- 9.1. The Resulting Company shall have no right, claim or obligation in relation to the Residual Undertaking and all assets, liabilities, rights, title, interest or obligations thereto.
- 9.2. All legal, taxation and other proceedings whether civil or criminal (including before any court, statutory or quasi-judicial authority or tribunal) by or against the Demerged Company under any statute, whether pending on the effectiveness of this Scheme or which may be instituted at any time thereafter, and in each case pertaining to the Residual Undertaking shall be continued and enforced by or against the Demerged Company after the effectiveness of this Scheme. The Resulting Company shall in no event be responsible or liable in relation to any such legal or other proceeding against the Demerged Company.
- 9.3. Without prejudice to this Scheme, with effect from and beyond the effectiveness of this Scheme, the Demerged Company:
  - shall be deemed to have been carrying on and to be carrying on all the business and activities relating to the Residual Undertaking for and on its own behalf; and
  - (ii) all profits accruing to the Demerged Company thereon or losses arising or incurred by it relating to the Residual Undertaking shall for all purposes be treated as the profits or losses, as the case may be, of the Demerged Company.

### 10. Conduct of Business

With effect from the Appointed Date and till the Scheme come into effect:

- 10.1.Transferor Company shall be deemed to carry on all its businesses and activities and stand possessed of its properties and assets for and on account of and in trust for Transferee Company; and all the profits accruing to Transferor Company and all taxes thereon or gains or losses arising or incurred by them shall, for all purposes, be treated as and deemed to be the profits or losses, as the case may be, of Transferee Company;
- 10.2.Transferor Company shall carry on its business with reasonable diligence and in the same manner as they had been doing hitherto, and Transferor Company shall not alter or substantially expand its business except with the concurrence of Transferee Company;







- 10.3.Transferor Company shall not, without the written concurrence of Transferee Company, alienate charge or encumber any of its properties except in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to any pre-existing obligation undertaken prior to the date of acceptance of the Scheme by the Board of Directors of Transferee Company, as the case may be.
- 10.4.Transferor Company shall not vary or alter, except in the ordinary course of its business or pursuant to any pre-existing obligation undertaken prior to the date of acceptance of the Scheme by the Board of Directors of Transferee Company the terms and conditions of employment of any of its employees, nor shall it conclude settlement with any union or its employees except with the written concurrence of Transferee Company.
- 10.5. With effect from the Appointed Date, all debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of Transferor Company as on the close of business on the date preceding the Appointed Date, whether or not provided in its books and all liabilities which arise or accrue on or after the Appointed Date shall be deemed to be the debts, liabilities, duties and obligations of Transferee Company.
- 10.6. Upon the Scheme coming into effect, Transferee Company shall commence and carry on and shall be authorized to carry on the business carried on by Transferor Company.
- 11. For the purpose of giving effect to the vesting order passed under Sections 230 and 232 of the Act in respect of this Scheme by the Hon'ble NCLT, Transferee Company shall, at any time pursuant to the order on this Scheme, be entitled to get the record all of the change in the legal right(s) upon the vesting of the Transferor Company business and undertakings in accordance with the provisions of Sections 230 and 232 of the Act. Transferee Company shall be authorized to execute any pleadings; applications, forms, etc. as are required to remove any difficulties and carry out any formalities or compliance as are necessary for the implementation of this Scheme.





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# CHAPTER 4

# ISSUE OF SHARES FOR DEMERGER AND ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

#### 1. ISSUE OF SHARES BY THE RESULTING COMPANY

1.1 Upon this Scheme becoming effective and upon vesting of the Demerged Undertaking of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company in terms of this Scheme all the equity shares of Resulting Company held by Demerged Company shall stand cancelled and be of no effect, on and from effective date. Simultaneous to such cancellation, the Resulting Company shall, without any further application or deed, issue and allot Equity shares ("New Shares"), credited as fully paid-up, to the extent indicated below, to the members of the Demerged Company, holding fully paid up equity shares in the Demerged Company and whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Demerged Company on the Record Date or to such of their respective heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representative or other successors in title as may be recognized by the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company in the following manner:

"1 (One) Equity Share of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Shares of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company"

- 1.2 Any fractional entitlement arising out of the issue and allotment of the Equity Shares pursuant to Clause 1.1. above, shall be rounded up to the nearest whole integer and be issued free from all liens, charges, equitable interests, encumbrances and other third party rights of any nature whatsoever. Any shareholder of the Demerged Company not getting any share in the Resulting Company due to the fractional entitlement as on the record date pursuant to clause 1.1 above shall be allotted a minimum of 1 (One) equity share of the Resulting Company, in order to protect the interest of such shareholders. The necessary adjustment shall be made in the reserves of the Resulting Company.
- 1.3 The Resulting Company shall not issue any shares against the shares held by the Resulting Company in the Demerged Company either itself or through its nominees, under this Scheme arrangement for Amalgamation under sections 230 -232 of the Companies Act, 2013.







- 1.4 For arriving at the entitlement ratio as outlined above, the companies have considered the Share Entitlement Report submitted by and Independent Registered Vauer, Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. I8BI/RV/05/2019/11412)
- 1.5 The New Shares shall rank pari-passu in all respects, including dividend, with the existing shares of the Resulting Company.
- 1.6 The New Shares to be issued and allotted in terms of this scheme will be subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Resulting Company. The listing of the said shares is subject to the approval of the BSE/ NSE/ SEBI.
- 1.7 The New Shares of Resulting Company allotted pursuant to the Scheme shall remain frozen in the depositories system till listing and trading permission is given by the designated Stock Exchanges.
- 1.8 In the event of there being any pending and valid share transfers, whether lodged or outstanding, of any shareholder of the Demerged Company, the Board of Directors or any committee thereof of the Demerged Company shall be empowered in appropriate cases, even subsequent to the Appointed Date or the Effective Date, as the case may be, to effectuate such a transfer in the Demerged Company, as if such changes in registered holder were operative as on the Record Date, in order to remove any difficulties arising to the Resulting Company of such shares.
- 1.9 The New Shares of the Resulting Company shall be listed and / or admitted to trading on the Stock Exchanges on which the equity shares of the Demerged Company are listed at that time. The Resulting Company shall enter into such arrangements and give such confirmations and / or undertaking as may be necessary in accordance with the applicable laws or regulations for complying with the formalities of the said Stock Exchanges.
- 1.10 The Resulting Company shall, if and to the extent required, apply for and obtain any approvals from concerned regulatory authorities for the issue & allotment of New Shares to the shareholders of the Demerged Company under this Scheme.
- 1.11 The New Shares shall be issued in dematerialized form to those shareholders who hold shares of the Demerged Company in dematerialized form, into the account in which the Demerged Company shares are held or such other account as is intimated by the shareholders to the







Demerged Company in physical form shall receive the equity shares, in dematerialized form provided the details of their account with the Depository Participant are intimated in writing to the Demerged Company and / or its Registrar before the Record Date. The shareholders who fail to provide such details shall be issued equity shares in physical form. The Resulting Company shall and to the extent if required, increase its Authorized Share Capital to facilitate issue of equity shares under this Scheme.

- 1.12 Approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of the Resulting Company shall be deemed to be the due compliance of the provision of Section 42 read with Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the other relevant and applicable provisions of the Act for the issue and allotment of New Shares by the Resulting Company to the shareholders of the Demerged Company, as provided in this Scheme.
- 1.13 The approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company under Section 230 – Section 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall be deemed to have the approval under Sections 13, 14 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Act and any other consents and approval required in this regard,
- 1.14 Approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of the Resulting Company shall be deemed to mean that the shareholders have also accorded all relevant consents under the Act for the issue and allotment of Demerger Shares by the Resulting Company to the shareholders of the Demerged Company.
- 1.15 Upon this Scheme becoming effective, the shares of the Resulting Company held by the Demerged Company shall, without any further application, act, instrument or deed, be automatically cancelled and be of no effect on and from the Effective Date.
- 1.16 The cancellation of the equity share capital of the Resulting Company and the consequential capital reduction shall be effected as a part of this Scheme itself and not under a separate procedure in terms of Section 66 of the Act. The consent of the shareholders of the Resulting Company to this Scheme shall be deemed to be the consent of its shareholders for the purpose of effecting the reduction under the provisions of Section 66 of the Act and no further compliances would be separately required.







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- 1.17 The reduction of capital of the Resulting Company, as above, does not involve any diminution of liability in respect of any unpaid share capital or payment to any shareholder of any paid-up share capital or payment in any other form.
- 1.18 Notwithstanding the reduction of the existing share capital of the Resulting Company, the Resulting Company shall not be required to add "and reduced" as a suffix to its name.

### 2. CONVERSION OF RESULTING COMPANY INTO A PUBLIC COMPANY

- 2.1. Upon the Scheme coming into effect, the Resulting Company shall be converted into a Public Company and shall adopt new set of Articles of Association as per the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2.2. The approval of scheme under section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall also be deemed to be the approval under sections 13, 14, 15 and all other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013 for conversion of Private Company into Public Company and no separate processes shall be followed under sections 13, 14, 15 and all other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 3. LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES OF RESULTING COMPANY

- 3.1 This Scheme is in conformity with the requirements as laid down in Sub-Rule 19 (7) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and in terms of the said Sub-rule after allotment of New Shares in Resulting Company, shall on receipt of certified copy of order of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) of relevant jurisdiction sanctioning the Scheme, take necessary steps for listing of shares allotted, simultaneously on all the stock exchanges where the equity shares of Demerged Company are listed.
- 3.2 The Resulting Company shall make application to Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in terms of Rule 19 (7) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957 for Listing of Equity Shares at all the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares of Demerged Company are listed on the Appointed Date without complying with the requirements of Rule 19(2)(b) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957.

# 4. LISTING REGULATIONS AND SEBI COMPLIANCES

4.1 The Demerged Company / Transferee Company being a listed company, this Scheme is subject to the Compliances by the Demerged Company of all the requirements under the listing







regulations and all statutory directives of the Securities Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') insofar as they relate to sanction and implementation of the Scheme.

- 4.2 The Demerged Company / Transferee Company in compliance with the listing Regulations shall apply for the 'Observation Letter' of NSE/ BSE, where its shares are listed in terms of the Regulation 37 of the listing regulations.
- 4.3 The Demerged Company / Transferee Company shall also comply with the directives of SEBI contained in the SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10th, 2017 ('Circular') issued by SEBI in terms of Regulation 37 of the listing regulations.
- 4.4 As Para 9 of SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10<sup>th</sup> 2017 ('Circular') the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company will provide voting by the public shareholders through e-voting and will disclose all material facts in the explanatory statement, to be sent to the shareholders for approval of this scheme.

### 5. ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

Pursuant to the Scheme Coming into effect on the Effective Date with effect from the Appointed Date, the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company shall account for the Demerger in their respective books of accounts in accordance with Accounting Standard in the following manner:

#### 5.1 Treatment in the books of the Demerged Company

Upon Chapter 2 of this Scheme coming into effect on the Effective Date, and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Demerged Company shall account for the demerger and vesting of the Retail Investment Division with the Resulting Company in its books of accounts in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as may be amended from time to time and other generally accepted accounted principles as under:

5.1.1 The book value of the assets and liabilities pertaining to the Demerged Undertaking transferred by the Demerged Company to the Resulting Company shall be reduced from the book values of the assets and liabilities appearing in Books of Accounts of the Demerged Company as on the Appointed Date.







- 5.1.2 The inter-company transactions, deposits / loans and advances outstanding between the Demerged Company and Resulting Company to the extent it relates to the Demerged Undertaking, if any, shall stand cancelled and there shall be no further obligation outstanding in this behalf.
- 5.1.3 The difference being the excess of book values of assets transferred over the book value of liabilities transferred shall be adjusted against the statement of Profit and Loss account of the Demerged Company.

#### 5.2 Treatment in the books of the Resulting Company

Upon Chapter 2 of this Scheme coming into effect on the Effective Date and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Resulting Company shall account for the demerger and vesting of the Retail Investment Division with the Resulting Company in its books of accounts in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as may be amended from time to time and other generally accepted accounted principles, as under:

- 5.2.1 Upon the coming into effect of this Scheme, the Resulting Company shall record all the assets and liabilities pertaining to the Demerged Undertaking transferred to and vested in it pursuant of this Scheme, at their respective book values ignoring revaluation, if any, as appearing in the books of account of the Demerged Company as on the Appointed Date.
- 5.2.2 The Resulting Company shall credit to their Equity Share Capital account, the aggregate face value of the New Shares issued by them pursuant to Clause 1.1 of Chapter 4 of this Scheme.
- 5.2.3 The difference being the excess of net value of assets and liabilities as recorded under 3.2.1 above of the Demerged Undertaking over the New Shares issued by the Resulting Company on demerger shall be credited to Other Equity / General Reserve Account.
- 5.2.4 The inter-company transactions, deposits / loans and advances outstanding between the Demerged Company and Resulting Company to the extent it relates to the Demerged Undertaking, if any, shall stand cancelled and there shall be no further obligation outstanding in this behalf.







5.2.5 In case of any difference in the accounting policies between the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company, the impact of the same till the Appointed Date of scheme will be quantified and adjusted in the free / general reserve of the Resulting Company to ensure that the financial statements of the Resulting Company reflect the financial position on the basis of consistent accounting policies.





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#### CHAPTER 5

#### REORGANIZATION OF CAPITAL OF TRANSFEREE COMPANY

#### 1. REORGANISATION OF CAPITAL IN THE TRANSFEREE COMPANY

#### 1.1. Issue of Shares in the Share Capital of Transferee Company;

Upon coming into effect of the Scheme and in consideration for the amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Transferee Company, the Transferee Company shall, without any further application or deed, issue and allot shares of face value of Rs. 10 each to the members of Transferor Companies whose name appear in the Register of Members as on the Record Date or to their respective heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives or the successors-in-title, as the case may be, in the following manner:

Transferee Company, without further application, act or deed, shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of "Transferor Company" shares in proportion of 150 (One Hundred Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (One Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company" pursuant to this Scheme of Amalgamation.

- 1.2. For arriving at the share exchange ratio as outlined above, the Companies have considered the Valuation Report submitted by an independent Registered Valuer, Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).
- 1.3. Cross holding at the time of record date (if any), between Transferor Company and the Transferee Company, if not transferred prior to the Effective Date, shall get cancelled at the time of allotment of shares to the shareholders of Transferor Company by Transferee Company and the approval of Scheme by the NCLT under Section 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and shall also be treated as approval under Section 66 of the Companies Act, 2013 for reduction of capital pursuant to such cancellations.
- 1.4. In the event of there being any pending and valid share transfers, whether lodged or outstanding, of any shareholder of the Transferor Company, the Board of Directors or any committee thereof of the Transferor Company shall be empowered in appropriate cases, even subsequent to the Effective Date, as the case may be, to effectuate such a transfer in the Transferor Company as if such changes in registered holder were operative as on the Specified Date, in order to remove any difficulties arising to the Transferee Company of such shares.







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- 1.5. Any fraction arising out of allotment of shares as per clause 1.1 above shall be rounded off to the nearest round number.
- 1.6. The said equity shares in the capital of Transferee Company be issued to the shareholders of Transferor Company shall rank pari passu in all respects, with the existing equity shares in Transferee Company from the Appointed Date. Such shares in Transferee Company, to be issued to the shareholders of Transferor Company will, for all purposes, save as expressly provided otherwise, be deemed to have been held by each such member from the Appointed Date.
- 1.7. Upon the Scheme becoming effective and subject to the above provisions, the shareholders of Transferor Company (other than the shares already held therein immediately before the amalgamation by Transferee Company, its Nominee or Subsidiary Company) as on the record date shall receive the shares in their respective Demat accounts or in case there is any specific request from any of the shareholders of the Transferor Company, then such shareholders shall be issued new share certificates. Upon the issue and allotment of new shares in the capital of Transferee Company to the shareholders of Transferor Company, the share certificates in relation to the shares held by them in Transferor Company shall be deemed to have been cancelled. All certificates for the new shares, if any issued, in the capital of Transferee Company at their respective registered addresses as appearing in the said registers (or in the case of joint holders to the address of that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in such Registers in respect of such joint holding) and Transferee Company shall not be responsible for any loss in transit.
- 1.8. Approval of this Scheme by the shareholders of Transferee Company shall be deemed to be the due compliance of the provisions of Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the issue and allotment of shares by Transferee Company to the shareholders of Transferor Company, as provided in this Scheme.

### 1.9. INCREASE IN AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL

1.9.1. With effect from the Effective Date and upon the Scheme becoming effective, without any further acts or deeds on the part of the Transferor Company or Transferee Company and notwithstanding anything contained in Section 61 of Companies Act, 2013 the Authorized Share capital of Transferor Company as appearing in its







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Memorandum of Association on the Effective Date shall get clubbed with the Authorized Share Capital of the Transferee Company as appearing in its Memorandum of Association on the Effective Date and pursuant to this clubbing the Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Transferee Company shall stand altered to give effect to the same with effect from the Effective Date. The Face Value of Equity share shall remain same as of the Transferee Company after clubbing of Authorized Capital.

- 1.9.2. Further, in terms of section 232(3)(i) of the Act, upon coming into effect, the fee and duty paid on the Authorized Equity Share Capital of Transferor Company shall be set off against the fee payable on Authorized Share Capital of Transferee Company, without any further act or deed.
- 1.9.3. The filing fee and stamp duty already paid by the Transferor Company on its authorized share capital, which is being combined with the authorized share capital of the Transferee Company, shall be deemed to have been paid by the Transferee Company and accordingly, the Transferee Company shall not be required to pay any fee, additional fee, charges and/or stamp duty on the authorized share capital so increased.
- 1.9.4. If required, the Transferee Company shall take necessary steps to increase its authorized share capital on or before the Effective Date so as to make it sufficient for allotment of shares, to the shareholders of Transferor Company, in consideration of amalgamation after considering the combined authorized share capital of Transferee Company.
- 1.9.5. It is hereby clarified that the consent of the shareholders of the Transferee Company to the Scheme shall be deemed to be sufficient for the purposes of effecting this amendment, and no further resolution(s) under Section 61 of the Companies Act. 2013 would be required to be separately passed.
- 1.10. On approval of the Scheme by the members of Transferee Company pursuant to Section 230 -232 of the Companies Act, 2013, it shall be deemed that the said members have also accorded their consent under relevant Articles of the Articles of Association of the Company and Section 61 and Section 64 of the companies Act, 2013 as may be applicable for giving effect to the provisions contained in this Scheme.





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1.10.1. The issue and allotment of shares to Shareholders of Transferor Company, as provided in this Scheme, shall be deemed to be made in compliance with the procedure laid down under Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013.

# 2. ACCOUNTING TREATMENT FOR AMALGAMATION

Pursuant to Chapter 3 of this Scheme coming into effect on the Effective Date, and with effect from the Appointed Date, the Transferee Company shall account for the amalgamation of the Transferor Company with and into the Transferee Company in its books of accounts in accordance with "Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 103 for Business Combination" and as per under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be amended from time to time and other generally accepted accounted principles as under:

- 2.1. The Transferee Company shall record the Assets and Liabilities, of the Transferor Company vested in it pursuant to this Scheme, at their respective book values as appearing in the books of the Transferor Company;
- 2.2. The Transferee Company shall aggregate all the reserves (general reserves, free reserves, capital reserves, securities premium or reserves of any other nature), if any, vested in it pursuant to the amalgamation of the Transferor Company with and into the Transferee Company at their respective book values as specified in the books of accounts of the Transferor Company and shall treat such reserves in its books of accounts in the same manner as it treats its own reserves;
- 2.3. The Transferee Company shall issue and allot its equity shares to the shareholders of the Transferor Company in accordance with Clause 1.1 of Chapter 5 of this Scheme. With respect to the Shares issued by the Transferee Company, the share capital account of the Transferee Company would be credited with the aggregate face value of the equity shares issued by it;
- 2.4. The loans and advances or payables or receivables or any other investment or arrangement of any kind, held inter se, if any, between the Transferor Company and the Transferee Company shall stand cancelled;
- 2.5. The difference between the book value of Assets, Liabilities, reserves as reduced by the face value of the equity shares issued by the Transferee Company and after considering the cancellation of inter-company balances in accordance with Clause 2.4 above, shall be recorded within other equity of the Transferee Company; and







2.6. In case of any difference in the accounting policies between the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company, the impact, if any of the same will be quantified and adjusted in the Other Equity of the Transferee Company to ensure that the financial statements of the Transferee Company reflect the financial position on the basis of consistent accounting policy.

#### 3. LISTING AGREEMENT AND SEBI COMPLIANCES

- 3.1. Since the Transferee Company being a listed company, this Scheme is subject to the Compliances by the Transferee Company of all the requirements under the listing regulations and all statutory directives of the Securities Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') in so far as they relate to sanction and implementation of the Scheme.
- 3.2. The Transferee Company in compliance with the listing Regulations shall apply for the inprinciple approval of Stock Exchange (s), where its shares are listed in terms of the Regulation 37 of the listing regulations.
- 3.3. The Transferee Company shall also comply with the directives of SEBI contained in the Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated 10<sup>th</sup> March, 2017 ('Circular');
- 3.4. As Para 9 of SEBI Circular No CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10th, 2017 ('Circular') is applicable to this Scheme, therefore it is provided in the Scheme that the Transferee Company will provide voting by the public shareholders through e-voting and will disclose all material facts in the explanatory statement, to be sent to the shareholders in relation to the said Resolution.

### 4. Saving of Concluded Transactions

The transfer of properties and liabilities and the continuance of proceedings by or against Transferor Company as envisaged in above shall not affect any transaction or proceedings already concluded by Transferee Company on or before the Appointed Date and after the Appointed Date till the Effective Date, to the end and intent that Transferor Company accept and adopts all acts, deeds and things done and executed by Transferee Company in respect thereto as done and executed by Transferee Company in respect thereto as done and executed on behalf of itself.

#### 5. Dissolution of Transferor Company

On occurrence of the Effective Date, Transferor Company shall, without any further act or deed, shall stand dissolved without winding up.







#### CHAPTER 6

#### **GENERAL TERM AND CONDITIONS**

#### **1** APPLICATION TO THE TRIBUNAL

- 1.1. The Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company shall, make applications to the Hon'ble NCLT under Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 seeking orders for dispensing with or convening, holding and conducting of the meetings of the classes of their respective members and/or creditors and for sanctioning this Scheme, with such modifications as may be approved by the NCLT.
- 1.2. Upon this Scheme being approved by the requisite majority of the respective members and creditors of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company (as may be directed by the Hon'ble NCLT), Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company shall, apply to the Hon'ble NCLT, for sanction of this Scheme under Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and for such other order or orders, as the said Hon'ble NCLT may deem fit for carrying this Scheme into effect.
- 1.3.On approval of this Scheme by the members and creditors of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company, pursuant to Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, it shall be deemed that all consents required from the shareholders and/or creditors, as the case may be, of the said companies under the provisions of the Act as may be applicable, have been accorded to.
- 1.4. Upon this Scheme becoming effective, the respective shareholders of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company shall be deemed to have also accorded their approval under all relevant provisions of the Act for giving effect to the provisions contained in this Scheme.

2 MODIFICATION OR AMENDMENTS TO THE SCHEME







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- 2.3. The Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and the Transferor Company (acting through their respective Boards of Directors or Committees thereof) may assent to any modifications or amendments to this Scheme, which the Hon'ble NCLT and/or any other authorities/ Stock Exchanges may deem fit to direct or impose or which may otherwise be considered necessary or desirable or for settling any question or doubt or difficulty that may arise for implementing and/or carrying out this Scheme. The Demerged Company / Transferee Company, the Resulting Company and the Transferor Company (acting through their respective Boards of Directors or Committees thereof) be and are hereby authorized to take such steps and do all acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, desirable or proper to give effect to this Scheme and to resolve any doubts, difficulties or questions whether by reason of the order of the Hon'ble NCLT or of any directive or orders of any other authorities or otherwise howsoever arising out of, under or by virtue of this Scheme and/or any matters concerning or connected therewith.
- 2.4. If any part of this Scheme is held invalid, ruled illegal by any court of competent jurisdiction, or becomes unenforceable for any reason, whatsoever, whether under present or future laws, then it is the intention of the Companies that such part shall be severable from the remainder of this Scheme and this Scheme shall not be affected thereby, unless the deletion of such part shall cause this Scheme to become materially adverse to either of the Companies in which case the Companies shall attempt to bring about a modification in this Scheme, as will best preserve for the Companies the benefits and obligations of this Scheme, including but not limited to such part.

# **3 EFFECT OF NON-RECEIPT OF APPROVALS**

3.1. In the event of any of the said sanctions and approvals referred to in the preceding clause not being obtained and/ or the Scheme not being sanctioned by the NCLT or such other competent. authority and / or the Order not being passed as aforesaid before March 31, 2018 or within such further period or periods as may be agreed upon between the Demerged Company and the Resulting by their Board of Directors (and which the Board of Directors of the Demerged Company and the Resulting agree to and extend the Scheme from time to time without any limitation), this Scheme shall stand revoked, cancelled and be of no effect, save and except in respect of any act or deed done prior thereto as is contemplated hereunder or as to any rights and/ or liabilities which might have arisen or accrued pursuant thereto and which shall be







governed and be preserved or worked out as is specifically provided in the Scheme or as may otherwise arise in law.

# 4 SCHEME CONDITIONAL UPON:

This scheme is conditional upon:

- 4.1 The Scheme being agreed to by the respective requisite majorities of the members and/or creditors of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company, Resulting Company and Transferor Company, if required, in accordance with Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the requisite orders of the NCLT sanctioning this Scheme in exercise of the powers vested in it under the Act.
- 4.2 Since the Transferee Company/ Demerged Company is a listed company, this Scheme is subject to the compliances of the applicable requirements under the SEBI Listing Regulations, SEBI Circular and all other statutory directives of SEBI, as applicable.
- 4.3 Para 9(b) of Annexure I of the SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10th, 2017 ('Circular') is applicable to this Scheme, therefore the Demerged Company / Transferee Company will provide voting by the public shareholders through e-voting and will disclose all material facts in the explanatory statement, to be sent to the shareholders/ creditors in relation to the said resolution(s). This Scheme shall be acted upon only if the number of votes cast by the public shareholders of the Demerged Company / Transferee Company in favour of this Scheme are more than the number of votes cast by the public shareholders against it in terms of the SEBI Circular.
- 4.4 The Companies undertake to comply with all Applicable Laws (including all applicable compliances required by SEBI and the Stock Exchanges and under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules, regulations and guidelines issued thereunder as may be prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India, from time to time) including making the requisite intimations and disclosures to any statutory or regulatory authority and obtaining the requisite consent, approval or permission of any statutory or regulatory authority, which by Applicable Law may be required for the implementation of this Scheme or which by Applicable Law may be required in relation to any matters connected with this Scheme.
- 4.5 All necessary certified copies of the order of the NCLT sanctioning this Scheme being filed with the Registrar of Companies.







- 4.6 The requisite, consent, approval or permission of the Central Government or any other statutory or regulatory authority, if any, which by law may be necessary for the implementation of this Scheme.
- 4.7 In the event of this Scheme failing to take effect finally, this Scheme shall become null and void and in that case no rights and liabilities whatsoever shall accrue to or be incurred inter-se by the parties or their shareholders or creditors or employees or any other person.
- 4.8 If any part of this Scheme is invalid, ruled illegal by any NCLT, or unenforceable under present or future laws, then it is the intention of the parties that such part shall be severable from the remainder of this Scheme and this Scheme shall not be affected there by, unless the deletion of such part shall cause this Scheme to become materially adverse to any party, in which case the parties shall attempt to bring about a modification in this Scheme as will best preserve for the parties the benefits and obligations of this Scheme, including but not limited to such part.

#### 5 Compliance with Tax Laws

5.1 This Scheme complies with the conditions relating to "amalgamation" and "demerger" as defined under Sections 2(1B) and 2 (19AA) of the IT Act, respectively, and other relevant sections and provisions of the IT Act are intended to apply accordingly. If any terms or provisions of this Scheme are found to be or interpreted to be inconsistent with any of the said provisions (including the conditions set out therein) at a later date whether as a result of a new enactment or any amendment or coming into force of any provision of the IT Act or any other Applicable Law or any judicial or executive interpretation or for any other reason whatsoever, this Scheme may be modified to the extent required with the consent of each of the Companies (acting through their respective Board of Directors) to ensure compliance of this Scheme with such provisions.

# 6 Revocation and Withdrawal of this Scheme

- 6.1 Each of the Companies acting through their respective Board of Directors shall be at liberty to withdraw this Scheme.
- 6.2 In the event of revocation under Clause 6.1 of this Chapter 6 of this Scheme above, no rights and liabilities whatsoever shall accrue to or be incurred *inter se* to the Companies or their respective shareholders or creditors or employees or any other person save and except in respect of any act or deed done prior thereto as is contemplated hereunder or as to any right, liability or obligation which has arisen or accrued pursuant thereto and which shall be







governed and be preserved or worked out in accordance with the Applicable Laws.

- 6.3 In the event of revocation under Clause 6.1 of this Chapter 6 of this Scheme above, the Companies shall take all necessary steps to withdraw this Scheme from the NCLT and any other authority and to make all necessary filings/ application as may be required to withdraw this Scheme.
- 7 Sequence of coming into effect of this Scheme
  - 7.1 The following shall be deemed to have occurred and become effective and operative only in the sequence and in the order mentioned hereunder:
    - (i) Chapter 2 along with this Chapter 4 of this Scheme |to the extent this Chapter 4 relates to Chapter 2 of this Scheme) shall take effect from the Effective Date and be operative prior to coming into effect of Chapter 3 of this Scheme; and
    - (ii) Chapter 3 along with this Chapter 5 of this Scheme (to the extent this Chapter 5 relates to Chapter 3 of this Scheme) shall take effect from the Effective Date and be operative immediately after coming into effect of Chapter 2 of this Scheme.

# 8 COSTS, CHARGES AND EXPENSES

- 8.1 All costs, charges and expenses (including stamp duty, registration charges and statutory amounts) arising out of or in connection with the demerger contemplated under Chapter 2 of this Scheme shall be borne in equal proportion by the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company, respectively.
- 8.2 Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Scheme, all costs, charges and expenses (including stamp duty, registration charges and statutory amounts) arising out of or in connection with the amalgamations contemplated under Chapter 3 of this Scheme shall be borne by the Transferee Company.







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# SCHEDULE A

# Schedule of Assets and Liabilities of Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking), as on Appointed Date, i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2020

# 1. Details of Assets

Serial no.	Particulars	Amount in Rs.
1.	Investment in Retail Division by the Demerged Company i.e. investment of 65,00,000 equity shares of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company).	6,50,00,000/-
	Total	6,50,00,000/-

# 2. Details of Liabilities

Serial no.	Particulars	Amount in Rs.
Nil	Nil	Nil







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**ANNEXURE - 2** 

AKS	Ajay Kumar Siwach
0	FCS, LL.B, IP, RV, MBA

Registered Valuer - SFA lusolvency Professional Certified Independent Director

# VALUATION REPORT

To Determine the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio

For

Scheme of Arrangement Amongst

JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company)

And

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company)

And

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company)

As on

09-10-2020

Prepared by:

Ajay Kumar Siwach Registered Valuer – Securities or Financial Assets Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412

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Ajay Kumar Siwach FCS, LL.B. IP, RV, MBA Registered Valuer - SFA Insolvency Professional Certified Independent Director

# (PRIVILIGED AND CONFIDENTIAL)

#### VALUATION REPORT

Date: 09-10-2020

To, The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, (i.e. Transferee/ Demerged Company) Trilokpur Road, Keri (Kala amb), Tehsil, Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh – 173030.

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Sevendgaard Brand Limited B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India.

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India.

#### Subject: Valuation Report of Equity Shares for determining the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act. 2013.

Dear Sir,

Pursuant to confirmation of appointment by the Board of Directors of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited dated 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020, undertaken Valuation Process to determine the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio of the asset of the above mentioned Companies as on 09-10-2020.

The valuation is conducted in compliance with International Valuation Standards. Methodology

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adopted by respective Valuer is detailed in their respective reports.

Based on the representation of management of Demerged Company and Resulting Company, we have determined the Entitlement Ratio for Demerger as below:

No. of shares of Demerged Company	No. of shares of Resulting Company	
6,49,00,465	65,00,000	
1	0,1	
10	1	

"1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company".

Further, based on the results of this valuation exercise considering relevant information / data, we have determined Exchange Ratio for Amalgamation as below:

Particulars	JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited
Value Per Share (INR)	21.90	32.76
Fair Value per share (Recomm.) (INR)	21.90	32.76
Exchange Ratio for Every 1 share	1.00	1.50
Exchange Ratio for Every 100 shares	100.00	150.00

"150 (One Hundred and Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in Transferor Company"

This report is hereby presented for your kind perusal. Please feel free to seek any clarification.

Regards Alay Siwach Registered Valuer - Securities or Financial Assets

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Registration Non-IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412



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- 1. Context and Purpose
- 2. Conditions and major assumptions
- 3. Background of the company and Industry
- 4. Background information of the asset being valued
- 5. Purpose of valuation and appointing authority
- 6. Identity of the valuer and any other experts involved in the valuation
- 7. Disclosure of valuer interest/conflict. if any:
- 8. Date of appointment, valuation date and date of report
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- 14. Distribution of Report
- 15. Opinion on the value of the business



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#### VALUATION ANALYSIS

We refer to confirmation of our appointment through Board Resolution dated October 09, 2020 regarding our appointment independent valuer to determine the share entitlement ratio for Demerger and share exchange ratio for amalgamation for composite scheme of arrangement under Section 230 -232 of the Companies Act, 2013. The scheme provides Demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") under Section 230 - 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Composite Scheme"). In the following paragraphs, we have summarized our Valuation Analysis (the "Analysis") of the business of the Company as informed by the Management and detailed herein, together with the description of the methodologies used and limitations on our scope of work.

Whereas we have been specifically asked to carry out Valuation of Shares and suggest Share Entitlement Ratio & Share Exchange Ratio for the proposed Demerger and Amalgamation of the aforesaid companies by the Board of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/Transferee Company) and JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) during their respective Board of Directors meeting held on October 09, 2020 and on the basis of Audited Balance Sheet and other information of all the above Companies as on 31st March, 2020.

#### 1. Contaxt and Purpose

Based on discussion with the Management, we understand that the Company's promoters are evaluating the possibility of Demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company"). In this context, the Management requires our assistance in determining the share exchange ratio.

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## 2. Conditions and major Assumptions

Ajay Kumar Siwach

FCS, LL.B. IP. RV. MBA

#### Conditions

The historical financial information about the company presented in this report is included solely for the purpose to arrive at value conclusion presented in this report, and it should not be used by anyone to obtain creditor for any other unintended purpose. Because of the limited purpose as mentioned in the report, it may be incomplete and may contain departures from generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in the country. We have not audited, reviewed, or compiled the Financial Statements and express no assurance on them. The financial information

about the company presented in this report includes normalization adjustments made solely for the purpose to arrive at value conclusions presented in this report.

Normalization adjustments as reported are hypothetical in nature and are not intended to present restated historical financial results or forecasts of the future.

This report is only to be used in its entirety, and for the purpose stated in the report. No third parties should rely on the information or data contained in this report without the advice of their lawyer, attorney or accountant.

We acknowledge that we have no present or contemplated financial interest in the Company. Our fees for this valuation are based upon our normal billing rates, and not contingent upon the results or the value of the business or in any other manner. We have no responsibility to modify this report for events and circumstances occurring subsequent to the date of this report.

We have, however, used conceptually sound and generally accepted methods, principles and procedures of valuation in determining the value estimate included in this report. The valuation analyst, by mason of performing this valuation and preparing this report, is not to be required to give expert testimony nor to be in attendance in court or at any government hearing with reference to the matters contained herein, unless prior arrangements have been made with the analyst regarding such additional engagement.

#### Assumptions

The opinion of value given in this report is based on information provided in part by the management of the Company and other sources as listed in the report. This information is assumed to be accurate and complete.

We have relied upon the representations contained in the public and other documents in our possession concerning the value and useful condition of all investments in securities or partnership interests, and any other assets or liabilities except as specifically stated to the contrary in this

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#### report.

We have not attempted to confirm whether or not all assets of the business are free and clear of liens and encumbrances, or that the owner has good title to all the assets.

We have also assumed that the business will be operated prudently and that there are no unforeseen adverse changes in the economic conditions affecting the business, the market, or the industry. This report presumes that the management of the Company will maintain the character and integrity of the Company through any sale, reorganization or reduction of any owner's/manager's participation in the existing activities of the Company.

We have been informed by management that there are no environmental or toxic contamination problems, any significant lawsuits, or any other undisclosed contingent liabilities which may potentially affect the business, except as may be disclosed elsewhere in this report. We have assumed that no costs or expenses will be incurred in connection with such liabilities, except as explicitly stated in this report.

#### 3. Background of the company and industry

The Registered office of Demerged Company / Transferee company JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited is situated at Tritokpuri Road, Kheri (Kala Amb). The Nanhan Dist Simour, Himachai Pradesh – 173 030. The Company is bearing CIN L24230HP2004PLC027558 was incorporated on 08-10-2004. The Transferee Company is widely held Listed Company and shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.

The Transferee Company is engaged in the business manufacturing and setting of Toothbrushes. Toothpastes, Mouthwash, Denture Tablets and other allied oral care product. Apart from working on its own brands the company also offers Contract Manufacturing Partnership to brands in the domestic and the international market

The JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) holds 42.68% equity shares of the Transferor Company.

JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ("Resulting Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2007PTC159306 was incorporated on 15th February, 2007 under the provisions of

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Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited thereafter the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture Private Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 29th December, 2016 by Registrar of Companies -Delhi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative industrial Area, Mathura Road NEW DELHI – 110044, India.

The Demerged Company holds 99.82% equity shares of the Resulting Company.

JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ("Transferor Company"), bearing CIN US2100DL2008PLC176320, was incorporated on 3rd April 2008 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Dental Care Limited thereafter, the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 25th April'2017 by Registrar of Companies –Delhi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India. The company is engaged in selling of toothbrushes, toothpastes, mouthwash and other allied oral care products under its own proprietary brand "aquawhite". Whereas the transferee company manufactures and sells the Oral Care products as per the specifications and designs as are provided and/or approved by its third party customers under their brand name, the transferee company deals into its own proprietary branded products only.

Also considering the risk and returns of the proprietary branded segment and considering its bright future prospects, the Transferor Company has raised funds from independent investors in recent past at arm's length price.

#### 4. Background information of the asset being valued

Equity Shares of the Transforor company with Transferee Company (Transferee Company).

#### 5. Purpose of valuation and appointing authority:

To determine the share exchange ratio for Amalgamation under Section 230 -232 of The Companies Act, 2013.

The Board of Directors of the respective Companies has appointed the Registered Valuer vide Board Resolutions dated October 09, 2020.

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## Identity of the valuer and any other experts involved in the valuation:

Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets having Registration No.IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412

7. Disclosure of valuer interest/conflict, if any:

Nil.

## 8. Date of appointment, valuation date and date of report:

Date of appointment	09.10.2020
Valuation date	09.10.2020
Date of report	09.10.2020

#### 9. Valuation Standards

The Report has been prepared in compliance with the Valuation Standards issued by the International Valuation Standard.

10. Valuation Methodology, Approach and Procedures adopted in carrying out the valuation to determine Share Entitlement Ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company")

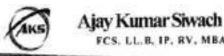
The consideration for such proposed demerger will be discharged by issue of equity shares by JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) to the equity shareholders of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company).

The Demerged Company holds 55,00,000 equity shares (99.82%) of the Resulting Company. Upon effectiveness of the draft scheme, pursuant to Demerger, the entire shareholding of Demerged Company will be cancelled.

As per Chapter 4 – Clause 1.1 of the draft scheme of arrangement, the management of the companies has decided equity share entitlement ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as follows:

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"1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company".

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No. of shares of Demerged Company	No. of shares of Resulting Company
6,49,00,465	65,00,000
1	0.1
10	1

Thus, for every fresh issue of shares of the Resulting Company to the shareholders of Demerged Company, there is corresponding cancellation of existing shares of Resulting company as held by the Demerged Company.

Accordingly, the shareholders JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall become shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.

Hence, the valuation approaches as prescribed have not been undertaken as they are not relevant in the instant case.

Valuation Approach	Demerged Comp	bany	Resulting Company		
	Value per share	Weight	Value per share	are Weight	
Asset Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	NA.	
income Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	NA.	
Market Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
Relative Value per share	N.A.		N.A.		
Exchange Ratio (rounded off)	N.A.		N.A.	8	

Note: Valuation Approaches are not applicable in the present case of Demerger as the equal number of equity shares are being issued against the cancellation of equity shares of Resulting Company in the proportion as prescribed above.

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We have also been represented that the Pre and Post Demerger shareholding pattern of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited will be as under:

Particulars	Pre-Demerger (% Holding)	Post-Demerger (% Holding)
Promoters	44.17	42.22
Non-Promoters	55.83	57.78
Total	100	100

It is represented to us that JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited had allotted 40,00,000 convertible warrants at an issue price of Rs. 20 per warrant on 22<sup>nd</sup> September, 2020, convertible into equivalent number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- within 18 months from the date of allotment. It has been mutually decided by the management of the Company and the warrant holder to convert the warrants on or before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement or upon the order of any regulatory authority, so that no warrant holders shall have any right to take equity shares in the Resulting Entity at any future date to avail the relaxation from Rule 19(2) of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957. Thus the Post Arrangement shareholding pattern has been prepared after taking into consideration that the warrant holder of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited will convert the warrants (40,00,000 warrants) into equity share.

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited will be as under:

Particulars	Pre-Demerger (% Holding)	Post-Demerger (% Holding)
Promoters	100.00	42.32%
Non-Promoters		57.68%
Total	100.00	100.00

Based on above and after considering that the companies involved in the scheme of arrangement belong to the same group and shareholders of Demerged Company are getting shares in Resulting Company against the cancellation of shares in the proportion mentioned, hence, we certify the share entitlement ratio to be fair.



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11. Valuation Methodology, Approach and Procedures adopted in carrying out the valuation to determine Share Exchange Ratio for Amalgamation of JHS Svendgeard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgeard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company").

The standard of value used in the Analysis is "Fair Value", which is often defined as the price, in terms of ceah or equivalent, that a buyer could reasonably be expected to pay, and a seller could reasonably be expected to accept, if the business were exposed for sale on the open market for a reasonable period of time, with both buyer and seller being in possession of the pertinent facts and neither being under any compulsion to act.

Valuation of a business is not an exact science and ultimately depends upon what it is worth to a serious investor or buyer who may be prepared to pay substantial goodwill. This exercise may be carried out using various methodologies, the relative emphasis of each often varying with:

- whether the entity is listed on a stock exchange;
- industry to which the Company belongs;
- past track record of the business and the ease with which the growth rate in cash flows to perpetuity can be estimated;
- extent to which industry and comparable company information are available.
- · Price of Recent investments (PORI) in the companies

The results of this exercise could vary significantly depending upon the basis used, the specific circumstances and professional judgment of the valuer. In respect of going concerns, certain valuation techniques have evolved overtime and are commonly in vogue. These can be broadly categorised as follows:

i. Cost Approach:

The value arrived at under this approach is based on the audited financial statements of the business and may be defined as Shareholders' Funds or Net Assets owned by the business. The balance sheet values are adjusted for any contingent liabilities that are likely to materialise.

The Net Asset Value is generally used as the minimum break-up value for the transaction since this methodology ignores the future return the assets can produce and is calculated using historical accounting data that does not reflect how much the business is worth to someone who may buy it as a going concern.

In the present case, we have relied upon adjusted Book-Value (BV) methodology

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considering it as appropriate for the purpose of valuation of the equity shares of the company and we gave 10% weightege to this method as the Transferor company and Transferee company both are having running business so we take other methods also for the valuation of the shares of these companies.

Note – Appreciation in Investments in Transferor Company has been considered while deriving the adjusted BV of the Transferee Company.

ii. Market Approach:

## Market price considered for Transferee Company

Securities And Exchange Board Of India (Issue of Capital And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 as amended from time to time prescribe that if the equity shares are frequently traded then the pricing shall be done either by section 164 or 164B which is described below:

### Pricing of frequently traded shares 164.

(1) If the equity shares of the issuer have been listed on a recognised stock exchange for a period of twenty six weeks or more as on the relevant date, the price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall be not less than higher of the following:

a. the average of the weakly high and low of the volume weighted average price of the related equity shares quoted on the recognised stock exchange during the twenty six weeks preceding the relevant date; or

b. the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on a recognised stock exchange during the two weeks preceding the relevant date.

### Optional pricing in preferential issue 164B.

(1) In case of frequently traded shares, the price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall be determined by regulation 164 or regulation 164B, as opted for.

(2) The price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall not be less than the higher of the following:

(a) the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average price of the related equity shares quoted on the recognised stock exchange during the twelve weeks preceding

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the relevant date: or

(b)the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on a recognised stock exchange during the two weeks preceding the relevant date.

(3) Specified securities allotted on a preferential basis using the pricing method determined under sub-regulation (2) shall be locked-in for a period of three years.

(4) The pricing method determined at sub-regulation (2) shall be availed in case of allotment by proforential issue made between July 01, 2020 or from the date of notification of this regulation, whichever is later and December 31, 2020.

(5) All allotment arising out of the same shareholders' approval shall follow the same pricing method.

For the proposed merger we have considered the Pricing of frequently traded shares as per section 164.

## Comparable Company Market Multiple Method considered for Transferor Company

Under this methodology, market multiples of comparable listed companies are computed and applied to the business being valued in order to arrive at a multiple based valuation. The difficulty here is in the selection of a comparable company since it is rare to find two or more companies with the same product portfolio, size, capital structure, business strategy, and profitability and accounting practices.

We have used this methodology in the Analysis while valuing the Transferor company as we understand that there are comparable listed companies in the sector to which the Company belongs.

As the Company is in early stage and fast growing we have considered Market cap to sales Multiple by benchmarking it with branded FMCG companies. We gave 90% weightage to this method.

#### iii. Income Approach:

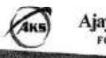
#### Discounted Cash Flows - "DCF"

DCF uses the future free cash flows of the company discounted by the firm's weighted average cost of capital (the average cost of all the capital used in the business, including debt and equity), plus a risk factor measured by beta, to arrive at the present value.

We could not apply DCF method as transferee company being a listed Company has not

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provided its future projections to us as they are considered as price sensitive. On relative basis, we considered it appropriate not to consider DCF method for Transferor company. Valuation Analysis

1. Calculation of Fair value of the shares of Transferee Company is as follow:

Fair value of shares of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited		
Average market price of 26 weeks (A)	14.64	
Average market price of 2 weeks (A)	20.96	
Fair Value (Max of A or B)	20.96	

JHS Svendgaard Labora	atories Limited			
Book Value as on 31.03.2020				
Particulars	Amount in INR Million			
Share Capital	609.01			
Reserves and Surplus	1,205.98			
Appreciation in the Value of Investments	142.46			
*Less: Investment in JHS Retail Venture Pvt. Ltd.	65.00			
Add: Proceeds of Preferential issue of warrant	80.00			
Net Asset Value	1,972.44			
No of Shares* as on BM date	64,900,465			
Value Per Share (INR)	30.39			

\*It is represented to us that JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited had allotted 40,00,000 convertible warrants at an issue price of Rs. 20 per warrant on 22<sup>nd</sup> September, 2020, convertible into equivalent number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- within 18 months from the date of allotment. It has been mutually decided by the management of the Company and the warrant holder to convert the warrants on or before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement. Hence, we have calculated the value per share on fully diluted basis considering that all the 40,00,000 convertible warrants have been converted into similar number of equity shares.

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				All An	ount INR Millio
Valuation Approach	Comments	Methodology Applied	Weigh t	Equity Value Per Share	Weighted Average Equity Value
Asset	Considered	Adjusted Book Value	0.10	30.39	3.04
Income	As a Listed Company Projections are not available for futures years so we have not applied DCF method.	DCF	•	8	
Market	Considered SEBi Preferential Allotment guidelines in case of Listed Company	Market Price	0.90	20.96	18,86
		9			21.90
	Value per Equity	/ share (INR)			21.90

## 2. Calculation of Fair value of the shares of Transferor Company is as follow:

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limite	d
Book Value as on 31.03.2020	
Particulars	Amount in INR Million
Share Capital	131.97
Reserves and Surplus	(14.70)
Appreciation in the Value of Investments in Listed Bonds (Post Tax)	
Add: Proceeds of Right issue	15.00
Add: Proceeds of Preferential allotment	30.00
Net Asset Value	162.27
No of Shares as on BM date	15,697,256
Value Per Share (INR)	10.34

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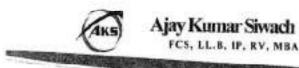
	Market Ca	o to Sales Multip	ble		
	Particulars		An	nount in II	R Million
Revenue fr	om operations				89.66
Adjusted M	arket Cap to Sales Multiple				4.82
Adjusted M	ultiple (DLOM & Size Marketabil	ity-17.5%)	-		5.34
Equity Val	ve			_	479.84
Add: Invest	ment, Cash & Cash Equivalents				28.43
and the second se	eds of Right issue				15.00
Add: Proce	eds of preferential allotment				30.00
Adjusted E	quity Value				553.26
No of Share	es as on BM date				15,697,256
Value Per S	Share (INR)				35.25
		Numero and a second	A	Il Amoun	INR Million
Valuation Approach	Comments	Methodology Applied	Weight	Equity Value Per Share	Weighted Average Equity Value
Asset	Considered	Book Value	0.10	10.34	1.03
Income	As on Listed Company DCF is not applied, hence we have not applied DCF in Transferor company also.	DCF	140		÷.
Market	As the Company is in early stage and fast growing we have considered Market cap to sales Multiple of comparable companies	Company Comparable Multiple	0.90	35.25	31.72
	Value per Equity :	share (INR)			32.76

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### 12. Sources of Information

The Analysis is based on a review of the business plan of the Company provided by the Management and information relating to the business of the Company as available in the public domain. Specifically, the sources of information include:

- Discussions with the Management;
- Audited financial statements for the year ended 31-03-2020.
- Market price from the official sites of the NSE and BSE.
- Comparable companies data and valuation multiples
- Detail of further allotment of shares after 31.03.2020 till the date before board meeting for approval of this scheme
- In addition to the above, we have also obtained such other information and explanations which were considered relevant for the purpose of the Analysis.

#### 13. Distribution of report

The Analysis is confidential and has been prepared exclusively for the purpose to determine exchange ratio of shares. It should not be used, reproduced or circulated to any other person or for any purpose other than as mentioned above, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of **Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer**. Such consent will only be given after full consideration of the circumstances at the time. However, we do understand that the Report will be shared with the proposed allottees of the Company.

## 14. Opinion of Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio:

On the basis of representation of management of Demerged Company and Resulting Company that they wants to issue similar no. of shares to the shareholders of Demerged Company in Resulting Company against consideration and as mentioned in Chapter 4 – Clause 1.1 of the draft scheme of arrangement, the management of the companies has decided equity share entitlement ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as follows:

\*1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupee Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every

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10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company\*.

Accordingly, shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall become shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited and the shareholders will be allotted proportionate shares in the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited against their holding in JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, Further, the investment of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited in JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited shall stand cancelled.

Further, on the basis of above analysis the share exchange ratio has been arrived at and accordingly the Transferee Company shall, without any further act or deed and without any further payment, issue and allot equity shares on a proportionate basis to each member of the Transferor Company whose name is recorded in the Register of Members/ List of Beneficial Owners for shares in dematerialized form of the Transferor Company on the Record Date to be fixed by the Transferor Company.

Valuation	Valuation	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		JHS Svendgaar Laboratories Limited	
Approach	Approach Method		Weight	Value per Share(INR)	Weight
Asset Approach	NAV Method	10.34	10%	30.39	10%
Income Approach	DCF Method*	NA	-	NA	
Market Approach	CCM Method##	35.25	90%	NA	
Market Approach	MP Method#	NA	•	20.96	90%
Relative Valu	e per Share	32.76		21.9	0
Exchange Ratio for Every 1 share (rounded off)		1		1.50	
Exchange Ratio for Every 100 share (rounded off)		100	100		

"We could not apply the DCF method as Transferee Company being a Listed Company has not provided its future projections as they are considered price sensitive. On a relative basis, we considered it appropriate not to consider the DCF method for Transferor Company.

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#We have applied Market Price Method in case of Transferee Company as per SEBI Preferential Allotment guidelines in case of Listed Companies and have not considered CCM Method in the Market Approach for Transferee Company.

##Since the Equity shares of the Transferor Company are not listed on any stock exchange, we have not used the Market Price Method in the Market Approach to arrive at the equity value of the Transferor Company. As the Transferor Company is in early stage and fast growing we have considered Market cap to sales Multiple of Comparable Companies.

150 (One Hundred and Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company"

#### 15. Caveats, limitations and disclaimers

Provision of valuation recommendations and considerations of the issues described herein are areas of our regular corporate advisory practice. The services do not represent accounting, assurance, financial due diligence review, consulting, transfer pricing or domestic/international taxrelated services that may otherwise be provided by us.

Our review of the affairs of the Company and their books and account does not constitute an audit in accordance with Auditing Standards. We have relied on explanations and information provided by the Management of the Company and accepted the information provided to us as accurate and complete in all respects. Although, we have reviewed such data for consistency and reasonableness, we have not independently investigated or otherwise verified the data provided. Nothing has come to our attention to indicate that the information provided had material misstatements or would not afford reasonable grounds upon which to base the Report

The report is based on the financial provided to us by the management of the company and thus the responsibility for forecasts and the assumptions on which they are based is solely that of the Management of the Company and we do not provide any confirmation or assurance on the achievability of these projections. It must be emphasized that profit forecasts necessarily depend upon subjective judgement. Similarly, we have relied on data from external sources. These sources are considered to be reliable and therefore, we assume no liability for the accuracy of the data. We have assumed that the business continues normally without any disruptions due to

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statutory or other external/internal occurrences.

The valuation worksheets prepared for the exercise are proprietary to Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer and cannot be shared. Any clarifications on the workings will be provided on request, prior to finalizing the Report, as per the terms of our engagement.

The scope of our work has been limited both in terms of the areas of the business and operations which we have reviewed and the extent to which we have reviewed them.

The Valuation Analysis contained herein represents the value only on the date that is specifically stated in this Report. This Report is issued on the understanding that the Management of the Company has drawn our attention to all matters of which they are sware, which may have an impact on our Report up to the date of signature. We have no responsibility to update this Report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this Report.

We have no present or planned future interest in the Company and the fee for this Report is not contingent upon the values reported herein.

Our Valuation Analysis should not be construed as investment advice; specifically, we do not express any opinion on the suitability or otherwise of entering into any transaction with the Company.

Yours faithfully.

Alay Swach Registered Valuer – Securities or Financial Assets Registration No.: IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412 Date: 09-10-2020 Place: Faridabad

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## VALUATION REPORT

To Determine the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio

For

Scheme of Arrangement Amongst

JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company)

And

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company)

And

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company)

As on

09-10-2020

Prepared by: Abhay Kaushik And Company CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Address: C-492 A, Shivaji Marg, Chajjupur, Shahdara, Delhi-110032





# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

#### SECTION I - BACKGROUND, SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

We have been informed that the Board of Directors of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited in its meeting held on 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 have approved the Scheme of Arrangement considering the Valuation report of Registered Valuer for Demerger and Amalgamation in the matter of Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company') with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company"). Further Stock Exchange, BSE Limited, has asked to comply the SEBI Circular no. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10. 2017 which provides the valuation is required from an Independent Charterad Accountant for Scheme of Arrangement. Hence, for complying the said SEBI Circular the Management of the company has approached us to issue the valuation report for Demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Arnalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") as on 9th October, 2020.

Further, based on discussion with the Management, we understand that the Company's promoters are evaluating the possibility of Demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demarged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company"). We understand that the appointed date for the transaction is 01<sup>st</sup> April, 2020.

Therefore, the Group is contemplating the following arrangement in the chronological order as mentioned below:

 Demerger of "Retail Investment Division" ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern





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# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

basis;

 Immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") as per the provisions of Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## OBJECTS AND RATIONALE OF THE SCHEME:

- The Board of Directors of the Companies are of the view that the (a) Demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company and (b) Amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Transferee Company, pursuant to this Composite Scheme of Arrangement, inter alia, would lead to the following benefits:
- The demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - Creation of a separate, distinct and focussed entity housing the Retail Business leading to greater operational efficiencies for the Retail Business;
  - Independent setup of each of the undertaking of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company will ensure required depth and focus on each of the companies and adoption of strategies necessary for the growth of the respective companies. The structure shall provide independence to the management in decisions regarding the use of their respective cash flows for dividends, capital expenditure or other reinvestment in their respective businesses;
  - III. Unlocking of value for shareholders of the Demerged Company by transfer of the Retail Business, which would enable optimal exploitation, monetization and development of both. Residual Undertaking and the Retail Business by attracting focused investors, joint venture partners and strategic partners having the necessary ability, experience and interests in this sector and by allowing pursuit of inorganic and organic growth opportunities in such businesses; and
  - IV. Enabling the business and activities to be pursued and carried on with greater focus and attention through two separate companies each having its own separate administrative set up and dedicated management.
- 3. The amalgamation of the Transferor Company into the Transferee Company shall provide the following benefits:



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 The Transferor Company and Transferee Company are engaged in similar nature of business, i.e. Oral Care Products. Hence, the amaigamation of Transferor Company with Transferee Company shall result in the consolidation of similar line of business and result in saving of administrative costs and various other overheads.

II. Apart from above, the amalgamation shall result in following benefits -

- Financial strength and flexibility for the Transferee Company, which would result in maximising overall shareholder value, and will improve the competitive position of the combined entity.
- Achiave greater efficiencies in operations with optimum utilization of resources, better administration and reduced cost.
- Cost savings are expected to flow from more focused operational efforts, rationalization, standardization and simplification of business processes, productivity improvements, and the elimination of duplication, and optimum rationalization of administrative expenses and utilization of human resources.
- Improved organizational capability and leadership arising from pooling of financial, managerial and technical resources.
- A larger growing company will mean enhanced financial and growth prospects for the people and organization connected therewith, and will be in public interest. The amalgamation will conducive for better and more efficient and economical control over the business and financial conduct of the Companies.

## SCOPE OF SERVICES:

As a part of the advisory services and to comply SEBI Circular dated 10<sup>th</sup> march, 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company has appointed M/s Abhay Kaushik And Company, Chartered Accountants to undertake Valuation Process to determine the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio of the above mentioned Companies as on 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020.

## SCOPE & LIMITATIONS:

- To arrive at share entitlement ratio under 'Transaction 1';
  - Discussions with the Management;
  - Audited financial statements for the year ended 31.03.2020;

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# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

- Detail of further allotment of shares after 31.03.2020 till the date before board meeting for approval of this scheme.
- To arrive at share exchange ratio under 'Transaction 2':
  - Discussions with the Management;
  - Audited financial statements for the year ended 31.03.2020;
  - Market price from the official sites of the NSE and BSE;
  - Comparable companies' data and valuation multiples;
  - Detail of further allotment of shares after 31.03.2020 till the date before board meeting for approval of this scheme;
  - In addition to the above, we have also obtained such other information and explanations which were considered relevant for the purpose of the Analysis.
- The scope of our work has been limited both in terms of the areas of the business and operations which we have reviewed and the extent to which we have reviewed them. There may be matters, other than those noted herein, which might be relevant in the context of the transaction and which a wider scope might uncover.
- Draft Composite Scheme of Arrangement as provided by the management.

## CAVEATS AND DISCLAIMERS

The scope of our work has been limited both in terms of the areas of the business and operations which we have reviewed and the extent to which we have reviewed them. There may be matters, other than those noted herein, which might be relevant in the context of the transaction and which a wider scope might uncover.





## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

#### SECTION II - SHARE ENTITLEMENT RATIO UNDER 'TRANSACTION-1'

## BACKGROUND OF COMPANIES INVOLVED UNDER 'TRANSACTION 1':

The Registered office of Demerged Company / Transferee Company JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited is situated at Trilokpuri Road, Kheri (Kala Amb). The Nanhan Dist Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh – 173 030. The Company is bearing CIN L24230HP2004PLC027558 was incorporated on 08-10-2004. The Transferee Company is widely held Listed Company and shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.

The Transferee Company is engaged in the business manufacturing and selling of Toothbrushes, Toothpastes, Mouthwash, Denture Tablets and other allied oral care product. Apart from working on its own brands the company also offers Contract Manufacturing Partnership to brands in the domestic and the international market

The Capital Structure of the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company as on 31<sup>er</sup> March, 2020 are as follows:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital 6,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	65,00,00,000
Total	65,00,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital 6,09,00,465 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	60,90,04,850
Total	60,90,04,650

Subsequent to appointed date i.e. after 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2020 the Demerged Company/ Transferee company has issued and allotted 40,00,000 (Forty Lakh) warrants on 22<sup>rd</sup> September, 2020 all an issue price of Rs. 20/- per warrant aggregating to Rs. 8,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eight Crore only) convertible into equivalent number of equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/ each of the Company ("Equity Shares") on or before 18 months from the date of allotment. The capital structure of the company after conversion of these warrants and increase of authorize share capital is as under;

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital 70,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	700,000,000
Total	
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Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital	
64,900,465 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	649,004,650
Total	649.004.650

Further, to avail the relaxation from Rule 19 (2) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules 1957 (SCRR) it is mutually decided by the management of the Company and warrant holder that they will convert the warrant into equity before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement or on or upon the order of any regulatory authority for conversion of the same, so that no warrant holders shall have any right to take equity shares in the Resulting Company at any future date.

JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ("Resulting Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2007PTC159306 was incorporated on 15th February, 2007 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited thereafter the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture Private Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 29th December, 2016 by Registrar of Companies –Dehi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at 8-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India.

The Demerged Company holds 99.82% equity shares of the Resulting Company.

The Capital Structure of the Resulting Company as on 31st March, 2020 are as follow:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital 1,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	10,00,00,000
Total	10,00,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital 85,12,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	
Total	6,51,20,000





# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## SHARE ENTITLEMENT RATIO FOR DEMERGER ('Transaction 1')

The consideration for such proposed demerger will be discharged by issue of equity shares by JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) to the equity shareholders of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company).

The Demerged Company holds 65,00,000 equity shares (99.82%) of the Resulting Company. Upon effectiveness of the draft scheme, pursuant to Demerger, the entire shareholding of Demerged Company will be cancelled.

The Chapter 4 – Clause 1.1 of the draft scheme of arrangement provides that, the management of the companies has decided equity share entitlement ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as follows:

"1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company".

No. of shares of Demerged Company	No. of shares of Resulting Company
6,49,00,465	65,00,000
1	0.1
10	1

Thus, for every fresh issue of shares of the Resulting Company to the shareholders of Demerged Company, there is corresponding cancellation of existing shares of Resulting company as held by the Demerged Company.

Accordingly, the shareholders JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall become shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.

Hence, the valuation approaches as prescribed have not been undertaken as they are not relevant





## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

in the instant case.

Valuation Approach	Demerged Company		Resulting Company	
	Value per share	Weight	Value per share	Weight
Asset Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Income Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	NA.
Market Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Relative Value per share	N.A.		N.A.	-
Exchange Ratio (rounded off)	N.A.		N.A.	-

Note: Valuation Approaches are not applicable in the present case of Demerger as the equal number of equity shares are being issued against the cancellation of equity shares of Resulting Company in the proportion as prescribed above.

We have also been represented that the Pre and Post Demerger shareholding pattern of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited will be as under:

Particulars	Pre-Demerger (% Holding)	Post-Demerger (% Holding)
Promoters	44.17	42.22
Non-Promoters	55.83	57.78
Total	100	100

It is represented to us that JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited had allotted 40,00,000 convertible warrants at an issue price of Rs. 20 per warrant on 22<sup>rd</sup> September, 2020, convertible into equivalent number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- within 18 months from the date of allotment. It has been mutually decided by the management of the Company and the warrant holder to convert the warrants on or before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement or upon the order of any regulatory authority, so that no warrant holders shall have any right to take equity shares in the Resulting Entity at any future date to avail the relaxation from Rule 19(2) of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957. Thus the Post Arrangement shareholding pattern has been prepared after taking into consideration that the warrant holder of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited will convert the warrants (40,00,000 warrants) into equity share.

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited will be as under and



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# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Particulars	Pre-Demerger (% Holding)	Post-Domerger (% Holding)
Promoters	100.00	42.32%
Non-Promoters		57,68%
Total	100.00	100.00
a sea of some shares and		100.00

Besed on above and after considering that the companies involved in the scheme of arrangement belong to the same group and shareholders of Demerged Company are getting shares in Resulting Company against the cancellation of shares in the proportion mentioned, hence, we certify the share entitlement ratio to be fair.





## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

SECTION III - SHARE EXCHANGE RATIO UNDER 'TRANSACTION-2'

PART -A COMPANIES ASSESSMENT

## BACKGROUND OF COMPANIES INVOLVED UNDER 'TRANSACTION 2':

The Registered office of Demerged Company / Transferee Company JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited is situated at Trilokpuri Road, Kheri (Kala Amb). The Nanhan Dist Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh – 173 030. The Company is bearing CIN L24230HP2004PLC027558 was incorporated on 08-10-2004. The Transferee Company is widely held Listed Company and shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.

The Transferee Company is engaged in the business manufacturing and setting of Toothbrushes, Toothpastes, Mouthwash, Denture Tablets and other allied oral care product. Apart from working on its own brands the company also offers Contract Manufacturing Partnership to brands in the domestic and the international market

The JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) holds 42.68% equity shares of the Transferor Company.

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)	
Authorized Share Capital 6.50.00.000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	65.00.00.000	
Total	65,00,00,000	
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital 6.09.00.465 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	60,90,04,650	
Total	60,90,04,650	

The Capital Structure of the Transferee Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020 are as follows:

Subsequent to appointed date i.e. after 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2020 the Demerged Company/ Transferee company has issued and allotted 40,00,000 (Forty Lakh) warrants on 22<sup>st</sup> September, 2020 at an issue price of Rs. 20/- per warrant aggregating to Rs. 8,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eight Crore only) convertible into equivalent number of equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each of the Company ("Equity Shares") on or before 18 months from the date of allotment. The capital structure of the company after conversion of these warrants and increase of additionize share capital is as under:



## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital 70,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each	700.000.000
Total	
Issued, Subscribed and Pald up Share Capital 64,900,465 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	649,004,650
Total	649,004,650

Further, to avail the relaxation from Rule 19 (2) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules 1957 (SCRR) it is mutually decided by the management of the Company and warrant holder that they will convert the warrant into equity before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement or on or upon the order of any regulatory authority for conversion of the same, so that no warrant holders shall have any right to take equity shares in the Resulting Company at any future date.

JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ("Transferor Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2008PLC176320, was incorporated on 3rd April 2008 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Dental Care Limited thereafter, the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 25th April 2017 by Registrar of Companies –Delhi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India. The company is engaged in selling of toothbrushes, toothpastes, mouthwash and other alled oral care products under its own proprietary brand "aquawhite". Whereas the transferee company manufactures and sells the Oral Care products as per the specifications and designs as are provided and/or approved by its third party customers under their brand name, the transferee company deals into its own proprietary branded products only.

Also considering the risk and returns of the proprietary branded segment and considering its bright future prospects, the Transferor Company has raised funds from independent investors in recent past at arm's length price.

The Capital Structure of the Resulting Company as on 31" March, 2020 are as follow:



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# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Amount (Rs.)
Anount (Ra.)
10,00,00,000
10,00,00,000
10,00,00,000
6,51,20,000
6,51,20,000







# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

#### PART B: METHODS OF VALUATION ADOPTED FOR TRANSACTION 2

In case of a merger valuation, the emphasis is on arriving at the "relative" values of the shares of the merging companies to facilitate determination of the "share exchange ratio". Hence, the purpose is not to arrive at absolute values of the shares of the companies.

Judicial Pronouncements:-

Hindustan lever Employees' Union vis Hindustan lever Limited and others (1995) 83 Company cases 30 (SC)

The jurisdiction of the Court in sanctioning a claim of merger is not to ascertain mathematical accuracy if the determination satisfied the arithmetical test. A company court does not exercise an appellate jurisdiction. It exercises a jurisdiction founded on fairness. It is not required to interfere only because the figure arrived at by the valuer was not as good as it would have been if another method had been adopted. What is imperative is that such determination should not have been contrary to law and that it was not unfair for the shareholders of the company which was being merged.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court held "We do not think that the internal management, business activity or institutional operation of public bodies can be subjected to inspection by the court. To do so, is incompetent and improper and, therefore, out of bounds."

The dominance of profits for valuation of share was emphasised in "McCathies case" (Taxation, 69 CLR 1) where it was said that "the real value of shares in a company will depend more on the profits which the company has been making and should be capable of making, having regard to the nature of its business, than upon the amount which the shares would realize on liquidation". This was also re-iterated by the Indian Courts in Commissioner of Wealth Tax v. MahadeoJalan's case (S.C.) (86 ITR 621) and Additional Commissioner of Gift Tax v. Kusumben D. Mahadevia (S.C.) (122 ITR 38).

In the ultimate analysis, valuation will have to involve the exercise of judicious discretion and judgment taking into account all the relevant factors. There will always be several factors, e.g. Present and prospective competition, yield on comparable securities, and market sentiments etc. which are not evident from the face of the balance sheets but which will strongly influence the worth of a share. Based on the facts of the case, we have applied Net Asset Valuation (NAV)





## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Methodology and Market Approach Method (Market Price Method) for JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Transferee Company) and we have applied Net Asset Valuation (NAV) Methodology and Market Approach (Comparable Companies Multiple (CCM) Method) Methodology for Svendgaard Brand Limited (Transferor Company). Since the Transferor Company is an unlisted company hence, we have not applied Market Price methodology for Transferor Company.

Further, we have not applied DCF method as Transferee Company being a listed Company has not provided its future projections to us as they are considered as price sensitive. On relative basis, we considered it appropriate not to consider DCF method for Transferor Company.



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# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## PART C: VALUATION ANALYSIS FOR AMALGAMATION ('TRANSACTION 2')

The Registered office of Demerged Company / Transferee Company JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited is situated at Trilckpuri Road, Kheri (Kala Amb). The Nanhan Dist Sirmour, Himachai Pradesh – 173 030. The Company is bearing CIN L24230HP2004PLC027558 was incorporated on 08-10-2004. The Transferee Company is widely held Listed Company and shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.

### 1. NET ASSET VALUE METHOD:-

Asset based method (NAV) views the business as a set of assets and liabilities that are used as building blocks to construct the value of the company.

JHS Svendgaard Labora	tories Limited
Book Value as on 3	
Particulars	Amount in INR Million
Share Capital	609.D1
Reserves and Surplus	1,205.98
Appreciation in the Value of Investments	142.48
*Less: Investment in JHS Retail Venture Pvt. Ltd.	65.00
Ado: Proceeds of Preferential issue of warrant	80.00
Net Asset Value	1,972.44
No of Shares* as on BM date	64,900,485
Value Per Share (INR)	30.39

\*It is represented to us that JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited had allotted 40,00,000 convertible warrants at an Issue price of Rs. 20 per warrant on 22<sup>nd</sup> September, 2020, convertible into equivalent number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- within 18 months from the date of allotment. It has been mutually decided by the management-of the Company and the

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## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

warrant holder to convert the warrants on or before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement. Hence, we have calculated the value per share on fully diluted basis considering that all the 40,00,000 convertible warrants have been converted into similar number of equity shares.

### 2. MARKET PRICE METHOD:-

The Market price method is generally the most preferred method in case of frequently traded stock of the companies listed on stock exchange as it is perceived that market value method reflects the real value of the company in an efficient economy.

Equity shares of Transferee Company is listed on stock exchanges BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited and is frequently traded. Thus to arrive the market price of the company we have considered the closing quoted price of last 26 weeks and 2 weeks dated 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 available at National Stock Exchange of India Limited and taken higher of two as per SEBI Preferential allotment guideline.

Fair value of shares of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited	
Average market price of 26 weeks (A)	14.64
Average market price of 2 weeks (A)	20.96
Fair Value (Max of A or B)	20.96

JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ("Transferor Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2008PLC176320, was incorporated on 3rd April 2008 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Dental Care Limited thereafter, the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 25th April'2017 by Registrar of Companies –Delhi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India. After looking into the business model, we have carried the Valuation as per Net Asset Valuation Methodology.

#### 1. NET ASSET VALUE METHOD:-

Asset based method (NAV) views the business as a set of assets and iiabilities that are used as





## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

building blocks to construct the value of the company.

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		
Book Value as on 31.03.2020		
Particulars	Amount in INR Million	
Share Capital	131.97	
Reserves and Surplus	(14.70)	
Appreciation in the Value of Investments in Listed Bonds (Post Tax)	11119	
Add: Proceeds of Right issue	15.00	
Add: Proceeds of Preferential allotment	30.00	
Net Asset Value	-162.27	
No of Shares as on BM date	15,697,256	
Value Per Share (INR)	10.34	

#### 2. COMPARABLE COMPANIES MULTIPLE METHOD:-

Comparable Companies Multiples Method uses the valuation ratios of a publicly traded company and applies that ratio to the company being valued (after applying appropriate discount). The valuation ratio typically expresses the valuation as a function of a measure of financial performance or Book Value (e.g. Turnover, EBITDA, EBIT, EPS or Book Value). A key benefit of CCM analysis is that the methodology is based on the current market stock price. The current stock price is generally viewed as one of the best valuation metrics because markets are considered somewhat efficient. The difficulty here is in the selection of a comparable company since it is rare to find two or more companies with the same product portfolio, size, capital structure, business strategy, and profitability and accounting practices. Whereas no publicly traded company provides an identical match to the operations of a given company, important information can be drawn from the way similar enterprises are valued by public markets.

Particulars	Amount in INR Million
Revenue from operations	89.86
	S- Rage   19
	(S) (S)



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# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Adjusted Market Cap to Sales Multiple	
Adjusted Multiple (DLOM & Size Marketability-17.5%)	4.82
(1.0%)	5.34
Equity Value	
	479.84
Add: investment, Cash & Cash Equivalents	28.43
Add. Proceeds of Right issue	
Add: Proceeds of preferential allotment	15.00
Adjusted Equity Value	30.00
	553.26
No of Shares as on BM date	15,697,256
Value Per Share (INR)	10,001,200
	35.25

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# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY

## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## PART D: SHARE EXCHANGE RATIO FOR AMALGAMATION ('TRANSACTION 2')

## SHARE EXCHANGE RATIO FOR AMALGAMATION:-

On the basis of above analysis the share exchange ratio has been arrived at and accordingly the Transferee Company shall, without any further act or deed and without any further payment, issue and allot equity shares on a proportionate basis to each member of the Transferor Company.

Valuation Approach	Valuation	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		JHS Svendgaar Laboratories Limited	
	metrica	Value per Share(INR)	Weight	Value per	Weight
Asset Approach	NAV Method	10.34	4044	Share(INR)	
Income		10.34	10%	30.39	10%
Approach	DCF Method#	NA	. 1	NA	
Market	CCH HAR			iner.	
Approach	CCM Method##	35.25	90%	NA	
Market Approach	MP Method###	NA	-	20.96	-
Relative Valu	e per Share			20.00	90%
Exchange Ratio for Every 1 share (rounded off)		32.76		21.90	
We could not			100		

#We could not apply the DCF method as Transferee Company being a Listed Company has not provided its future projections as they are considered price sensitive. On a relative basis, we considered it appropriate not to consider the DCF method for Transferor Company.

##We have applied Market Price Method in case of Transferree Company as per SEBI Preferential Allotment guidelines in case of Listed Companies and have not considered CCM Method in the Market Approach for Transferree Company.

###Since the Equity shares of the Transferor Company are not listed on any stock exchange, we have not used the Market Price Method in the Market Approach to arrive at the equity value of the Transferor Company. As the Transferor Company is in early stage and fast growing we have

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# ABHAY KAUSHIK AND COMPANY

## CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

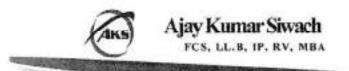
considered Market cap to sales Multiple of Comparable Companies.

150 (One Hundred and Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company".

Thanking you For Abhay Kaushik And Company Chartered Accountants

CA Abhay Kaushik Partner Membership No.: 552881 Dete: 31/12/2020 Place: Dethi

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Registered Valuer – SFA Insolvency Professional Certified Independent Director

### VALUATION REPORT

To Determine the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio

For

Scheme of Arrangement Amongst

JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company)

And

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company)

And

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company)

As on

22-02-2022

Prepared by:

Ajay Kumar Siwach Registered Valuer – Securities or Financial Assets Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412

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#### (PRIVILIGED AND CONFIDENTIAL)

#### VALUATION REPORT

Date: 22-02-2022

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, (i.e. Transferee/ Demerged Company) Trilokpur Road, Keri (Kala amb), Tehsil, Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh – 173030.

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Sevendgaard Brand Limited Ground Floor, Plot no 107, Sector-44 institutional area, Gurugram 122001, India

To, The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited Fifth Floor, Plot no 107, Sector-44 Institutional Area, Gurugram 122001, India

Subject: <u>Valuation Report of Equity Shares for determining the Share Entitlement</u> Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Dear Sir,

This is in reference to our original valuation reports dated 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 for approval of Scheme to the Board of Directors of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, JHS Sevendgaard Brand Limited and JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited and Observation Letter issued by Stock Exchanges BSE Limited and NSE Limited dated 8<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 in which SEBI has asked the companies involved in the Scheme to procure valuation report on the basis of latest financial which not older than 6 months as on date of filing of scheme with Hon'ble NCLT. Hence, on the basis of observation of SEBI in the Observation letter issued by Stock Exchanges, the management of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, JHS Sevendgaard Brand Limited and JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited have requested us to submit Valuation report of Equity Shares for determining the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio on the

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basis of latest financial as on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2021 and latest Market Price as on 21<sup>st</sup> February, 2022 for JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2022 for JHS Sevendgaard Brand Limited and 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2022 for JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.

The valuation is conducted in compliance with International Valuation Standards. Methodology adopted by respective Valuer is detailed in their respective reports.

Based on the representation of management of Demerged Company and Resulting Company, we have determined the Entitlement Ratio for Demerger as below:

No. of shares of Demerged Company	No. of shares of Resulting Company		
64,400,465	65,00,000		
1	0.1		
10	1		

\*1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company".

Further, based on the results of this valuation exercise considering relevant information / data, we have determined Exchange Ratio for Amalgamation as below:

Particulars	JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited
Value Per Share (INR)	26.24	35.85
Fair Value per share (Recomm.) (INR)	26.24	35.85
Exchange Ratio for Every 1 share	1.00	1.37
Exchange Ratio for Every 100 shares	100.00	137.00

"137 (One Hundred and Thirty Seven) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in Transferor Company"

As this valuation report is only for disclosure purpose to comply the observation of SEBI in the Observation letter issued by Stock Exchanges dated 8<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 hence, this valuation





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report should not be considered as relevant for the Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon. Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") under Section 230 - 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Composite Scheme") which was already approved by the respective board on the basis of our original valuation report dated 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020.

This report is hereby presented for your kind perusal. Please feel free to seek any clarification.

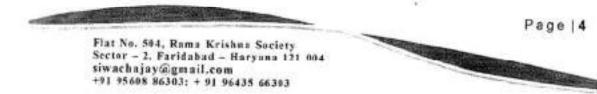
Regards

Ajay Siwach / đ Registered Valuer - Securities or Financial Assets

Registration No.: IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412



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Ajay Kumar Siwach

FCS, LL.B., IP, RV, MBA

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#### VALUATION ANALYSIS

We refer to the request of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited for issuance of valuation record considering latest financial as on 31st December, 2021 and latest Market Price as on 21st February, 2022 for JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, 31th January, 2022 for JHS Sevendgaard Brand Limited and 31# January, 2022 for JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited to determine the share entitlement ratio for Demerger and share exchange ratio for amaigamation for composite scheme of arrangement under Section 230 -232 of the Companies Act, 2013. The scheme provides Demerger of 'Retail Investment Division' ("Demerged Undertaking") of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") under Section 230 - 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Composite Scheme"). In the following paragraphs, we have summarized our Valuation Analysis (the "Analysis") of the business of the Company as informed by the Management and detailed herein, together with the description of the methodologies used and limitations on our scope of work.

Whereas we have been specifically asked to carry out Valuation of Shares and suggest Share Entitlement Ratio & Share Exchange Ratio to comply the observation of SEBI in the observation letter issued by the Stock Exchanges dated 8<sup>th</sup> December, 2021. The valuation report issued by us is only for the disclosure purpose and it will be used to file before Hon'ble NCLT of relevant jurisdiction.

#### 1. Context and Purpose

Based on discussion with the Management, we understand that this valuation report is in continuation of our valuation report originally issued on 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 and to comply the observation of SEBI in the observation letter issued by Stock Exchanges on 8<sup>th</sup> December, 2021.

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#### 2. Conditions and major Assumptions

#### Conditions

The historical financial information about the company presented in this report is included solely for the purpose to arrive at value conclusion presented in this report, and it should not be used by anyone to obtain creditor for any other unintended purpose. Because of the limited purpose as mentioned in the report, it may be incomplete and may contain departures from generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in the country. We have not audited, reviewed, or compiled the Financial Statements and express no assurance on them. The financial information about the company presented in this report includes normalization adjustments made solely for the purpose to arrive at value conclusions presented in this report.

Normalization adjustments as reported are hypothetical in nature and are not intended to present restated historical financial results or forecasts of the future.

This report is only to be used in its entirety, and for the purpose stated in the report. No third parties should rely on the information or data contained in this report without the advice of their lawyer, attorney or accountant.

We acknowledge that we have no present or contemplated financial interest in the Company. Our fees for this valuation are based upon our normal billing rates, and not contingent upon the results or the value of the business or in any other manner. We have no responsibility to modify this report for events and circumstances occurring subsequent to the date of this report.

We have, however, used conceptually sound and generally accepted methods, principles and procedures of valuation in determining the value estimate included in this report. The valuation analyst, by reason of performing this valuation and preparing this report, is not to be required to give expert testimony nor to be in attendance in court or at any government hearing with reference to the matters contained herein, unless prior arrangements have been made with the analyst regarding such additional engagement.

#### Assumptions

The opinion of value given in this report is based on information provided in part by the management of the Company and other sources as listed in the report. This information is assumed to be accurate and complete.

We have relied upon the representations contained in the public and other documents in our possession concerning the value and useful condition of all investments in securities or

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partnership interests, and any other assets or liabilities except as specifically stated to the contrary in this report.

We have not attempted to confirm whether or not all assets of the business are free and clear of liens and encumbrances, or that the owner has good title to all the assets.

We have also assumed that the business will be operated prudently and that there are no unforeseen adverse changes in the economic conditions affecting the business, the market, or the industry. This report presumes that the management of the Company will maintain the character and integrity of the Company through any sale, reorganization or reduction of any owner's/manager's participation in the existing activities of the Company.

We have been informed by management that there are no environmental or toxic contamination problems, any significant lawsuits, or any other undisclosed contingent liabilities which may potentially affect the business, except as may be disclosed elsewhere in this report. We have assumed that no costs or expenses will be incurred in connection with such liabilities, except as explicitly stated in this report.

#### 3. Background of the company and Industry

The Registered office of Demerged Company / Transferee Company JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited is situated at Trilokpuri Road, Kheri (Kala Amb), The, Nanhan Dist Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh - 173 030. The Company is bearing CIN L24230HP2004PLC027558 was incorporated on 08-10-2004. The Transferee Company is widely held Listed Company and shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.

The Transferee Company is engaged in the business manufacturing and selling of Toothbrushes, Toothpastes, Mouthwash, Denture Tablets and other allied oral care product. Apart from working on its own brands the company also offers Contract Manufacturing Partnership to brands in the domestic and the international market.

The JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) holds 42.68% equity shares of the Transferor Company.

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JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ("Resulting Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2007PTC159305 was incorporated on 15th February, 2007 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited thereafter the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture Private Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 29th December, 2016 by Registrar of Companies –Delhi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at Fifth Floor, Plot no 107, Sector-44 Institutional Area, Gurugram 122001, India.

The Demerged Company holds 99.92% equity shares of the Resulting Company.

JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ("Transferor Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2008PLC176320, was incorporated on 3rd April 2008 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Dental Care Limited thereafter, the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 25th April'2017 by Registrar of Companies –Delhi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at Ground Floor, Plot no 107, Sector-44 institutional area, Gurugram 122001, India. The company is engaged in selling of toothbrushes, toothpastes, mouthwash and other allied oral care products under its own proprietary brand "aquawhite". Whereas the transferee company manufactures and sells the Oral Care products as per the specifications and designs as are provided and/or approved by its third party customers under their brand name, the transferee company deals into its own proprietary branded products only.

Also considering the risk and returns of the proprietary branded segment and considering its bright future prospects, the Transferor Company has raised funds from independent investors in recent past at arm's length price.

#### 4. Background information of the asset being valued

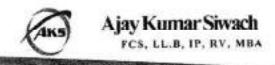
Equity Shares of the Transferor Company and Transferee Company.

#### 5. Purpose of valuation and appointing authority:

To determine the share exchange ratio for Amalgamation under Section 230 -232 of The Companies Act, 2013.

The Board of Directors of the respective Companies has appointed the Registered Valuer vide Board Resolutions dated August 31, 2021 and approached further to give the report for disclosure purpose to comply the observation of SEBI and Stock Exchanges.

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Registered Valuer – SFA Insolvency Professional Certified Independent Director

#### Identity of the valuer and any other experts involved in the valuation:

Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets having Registration No.IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412.

7. Disclosure of valuer interest/conflict, if any:

NiL

8. Date of appointment, valuation date and date of report:

Valuation date	21.02.2022
Date of report	22.02.2022

#### 9. Valuation Standards

The Report has been prepared in compliance with the Valuation Standards issued by the International Valuation Standard.

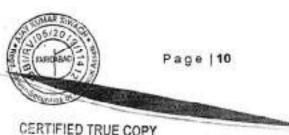
10. Valuation Methodology, Approach and Procedures adopted in carrying out the valuation to determine Share Entitlement Ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company") and vesting of the same with JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company")

The consideration for such proposed demerger will be discharged by issue of equity shares by JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) to the equity shareholders of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company).

The Demerged Company holds 65,00,000 equity shares (99.82%) of the Resulting Company. Upon effectiveness of the draft scheme, pursuant to Demerger, the entire shareholding of Demerged Company will be cancelled.

As per Chapter 4 – Clause 1.1 of the draft scheme of arrangement, the management of the companies has decided equity share entitlement ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as follows:

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"1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company".

No. of shares of Demerged Company	No. of shares of Resulting Company		
6,49,00,465	65,00,000		
1	0.1		
10	1		

Thus, for every fresh issue of shares of the Resulting Company to the shareholders of Demerged Company, there is corresponding cancellation of existing shares of Resulting Company as held by the Demerged Company.

Accordingly, the shareholders JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall become shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.

Hence, the valuation approaches as prescribed have not been undertaken as they are not relevant in the instant case.

Valuation Approach	Demerged Company		Resulting Company	
	Value per share	Weight	Value per share	Weight
Asset Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Income Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Market Approach	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Relative Value per share	NA.		N.A.	
Exchange Ratio (rounded off)	N.A.		N.A.	

Note: Valuation Approaches are not applicable in the present case of Demerger as the equal number of equity shares are being issued against the cancellation of equity

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shares of Resulting Company in the proportion as prescribed above.

We have also been represented that the Pre and Post Demerger shareholding pattern of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited will be as under:

Particulars	Pre-Demerger (% Holding)	Post-Demerger (% Holding)
Promoters	44.17	42.22
Non-Promoters	55.83	57.78
Total	100	100

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited will be as under:

Particulars	Pre-Demerger (% Holding)	Post-Demerger (% Holding)	
Promoters	100.00	42.32%	
Non-Promoters	-	57.68%	
Total	100.00	100.00	

Based on above and after considering that the companies involved in the scheme of arrangement belong to the same group and shareholders of Demerged Company are getting shares in Resulting Company against the cancellation of shares in the proportion mentioned, hence, we certify the share entitlement ratio to be fair.

 Valuation Methodology, Approach and Procedures adopted in carrying out the valuation to determine Share Exchange Ratio for Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company").

The standard of value used in the Analysis is "Fair Value", which is often defined as the price, in terms of cash or equivalent, that a buyer could reasonably be expected to pay, and a seller could reasonably be expected to accept, if the business were exposed for sale on the open market for a reasonable period of time, with both buyer and seller being in possession of the pertinent facts and neither being under any compulsion to act.

Valuation of a business is not an exact science and ultimately depends upon what it is worth to a serious investor or buyer who may be prepared to pay substantial goodwill. This exercise may be carried out using various methodologies, the relative emphasis of each often varying with:

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#### Ajay Kumar Siwach FCS, LL.B, IP, RV, MBA

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- whether the entity is listed on a stock exchange;
- industry to which the Company belongs;
- past track record of the business and the ease with which the growth rate in cash flows to perpetuity can be estimated;
- extent to which industry and comparable company information are available.
- Price of Recent investments (PORI) in the companies.

The results of this exercise could vary significantly depending upon the basis used, the specific circumstances and professional judgment of the valuer. In respect of going concerns, certain valuation techniques have evolved overtime and are commonly in vogue. These can be broadly categorised as follows:

#### i. Cost Approach:

The value arrived at under this approach is based on the financial statements of the business and may be defined as Shareholders' Funds or Net Assets owned by the business. The balance sheet values are adjusted for any contingent liabilities that are likely to materialise.

The Net Asset Value is generally used as the minimum break-up value for the transaction since this methodology ignores the future return the assets can produce and is calculated using historical accounting data that does not reflect how much the business is worth to someone who may buy it as a going concern.

In the present case, we have relied upon adjusted Book-Value (BV) methodology considering it as appropriate for the purpose of valuation of the equity shares of the company and we gave 10% weightage to this method as the Transferor company and Transferee company both are having running business so we take other methods also for the valuation of the shares of these companies.

Note – Appreciation in Investments in Transferor Company has been considered while deriving the adjusted BV of the Transferee Company.

ii. Market Approach:

#### Market price considered for Transferee Company

The Capital Market Regulator, SEBI, in its Board Meeting held on December 28, 2021 has inter-alia, approved the revised framework for preferential issues. These changes have been brought in line with the suggestions and recommendations received from the

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#### market/ industry participants on its Consultation Paper Dated November 26, 2021.

#### Pricing of frequently traded shares 164.

(1) If the equity shares of the issuer have been listed on a recognised stock exchange for a period of 90 trading days or more as on the relevant date, the price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall be not less than higher of the following:

a. the [90 trading days'] volume weighted average price of the related equity shares quoted on the recognised stock exchange preceding the relevant date; or

b. the [10 trading days'] volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on a recognised stock exchange preceding the relevant date.

#### Optional pricing in preferential issue 164B.

(1) in case of frequently traded shares, the price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall be determined by regulation 164 or regulation 164B, as opted for.

(2) The price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue shall not be less than the higher of the following:

(a) the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average price of the related equity shares quoted on the recognised stock exchange during the twelve weeks preceding the relevant date; or

(b)the average of the weekly high and low of the volume weighted average prices of the related equity shares quoted on a recognised stock exchange during the two weeks preceding the relevant date.

(3) Specified securities allotted on a preferential basis using the pricing method determined under sub-regulation (2) shall be locked-in for a period of three years.

(4) The pricing method determined at sub-regulation (2) shall be availed in case of allotment by preferential issue made between July 01, 2020 or from the date of notification of this regulation, whichever is later and December 31, 2020.

(5) All allotment arising out of the same shareholders' approval shall follow the same pricing method.

For the proposed merger we have considered the Pricing of frequently traded shares as per section 164.

Comparable Company Market Multiple Method considered for Transferor Company

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Under this methodology, market multiples of comparable listed companies are computed and applied to the business being valued in order to arrive at a multiple based valuation. The difficulty here is in the selection of a comparable company since it is rare to find two or more companies with the same product portfolio, size, capital structure, business strategy, and profitability and accounting practices.

We have used this methodology in the Analysis while valuing the Transferor Company as we understand that there are comparable listed companies in the sector to which the Company belongs.

As the Company is in early stage and fast growing we have considered Market cap to sales Multiple by benchmarking it with branded FMCG companies. We gave 90% weightage to this method.

#### iii. Income Approach:

#### Discounted Cash Flows - "DCF"

DCF uses the future free cash flows of the company discounted by the firm's weighted average cost of capital (the average cost of all the capital used in the business, including debt and equity), plus a risk factor measured by beta, to arrive at the present value.

We could not applied DCF method as Transferee Company being a listed Company has not provided its future projections to us as they are considered as price sensitive. On relative basis, we considered it appropriate not to consider DCF method for Transferor Company.



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#### Valuation Analysis

1. Calculation of Fair value of the shares of Transferee Company is as follow:

Fair value of shares of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited			
Average Price of 90 trading days VWAP (A)	25.66		
Average Price of 10 trading days VWAP(B)	25.53		
Fair Value (Max of A or B)	25.66		

JHS Svendgaard Laboratories L	imited
Book Value as on 31.12.202	21
Particulars	Amount in INR Million
Share Capital	644.01
Reserves and Surplus	1,283.04
Appreciation in the Value of Investments	163.18
Less: Investment in JHS Retail Venture Pvt. Ltd.	65.00
Add: Proceeds of Right issue	
Net Asset Value	2,025.22
No of Shares	64,400,465
Value Per Share (INR)	31.45



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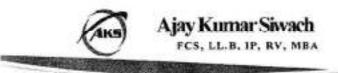
		All Amount	INR MI	llion	
Valuation Approach	Comments	Methodolog y Applied	Wei ght	Equity Value Per Share	Weighted Average Equity Value
Asset		Book Value	10%	31.45	3.14
Income	As Listed Company's Projections are not available for futures years due to price sensitive issues, therefore we have not applied DCF.	DCF	0%	NA	NA
Market Price	The Company is Frequently traded as on Valuation date; therefore, we have applied this methodology in the instant case,	90 Trading days, 10 trading days	90%	25.66	23.09
	Value per l	Equity share (IN	IR)		26.24



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#### 2. Calculation of Fair value of the shares of Transferor Company is as follow:

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	- 영양 바람이 없는 것
Book Value as on 31.01.2022	
Particulars	Amount in INR Million
Share Capital	156.98
Reserves and Surplus	7.94
Appreciation in the Value of investments in Listed Bonds (Post Tax)	
Add: Proceeds of Right issue	141
Add: Proceeds of preferential allotment	
Net Asset Value	164.92
No of Shares	15,697,529
Value Per Share (INR)	10.51

Market Cap to Sales Multiple	
Particulars	Amount in INR Million
Revenue from operations	83.50
Market Cap to Sales Multiple	8.58
Adjusted Multiple (DLOM & Size Marketability-17.5%)	7.08
Equity Value	591.20
Add: Investment, Cash & Cash Equivalents	15.72
Add: Proceeds of Right issue	
Add: Proceeds of preferential allotment	
Adjusted Equity Value	606.92
No of Shares	15,697,529
Value Per Share (INR)	38.66

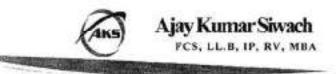


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Asset     Book Value     10%     10.51     1.05       As we have not applied DCF in Listed Company; hence, we have not     DCF     0%     NA     NA       Income     have not applied DCF in JHS     DCF     0%     NA     NA       Svendgaard Brands Limited.     DCF     0%     NA     NA       Company companyle     As the Earnings are negative, and company is in early stage; Market Cap to sales Multiple in the instant case.     Market (INR)     90%     38.65     34.80	Valuation Approach	Comments	Methodo logy Applied	Weigh t	Equity Value Per Share	Weighted Average Equity Value
Income not applied DCF in Listed Company; hence, we have not DCF 0% NA NA applied DCF in JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited. As the Earnings are negative, and company is in early stage; Market so, we have Cap to sales Multiple in the instant Case.	Asset			10%	10.51	1.05
Company company is in comparable so, we have Cap to 90% 38.66 34.80 Multiple considered sales Market Cap to sales Multiple in the instant case.	Income	not applied DCF in Listed Company; hence, we have not applied DCF in JHS Svendgaard Brands	DCF	0%	NA	NA
	Comparable	Earnings are negative, and company is in early stage; so, we have considered Market Cap to sales Multiple in the instant	Cap to	90%	38.65	34.80



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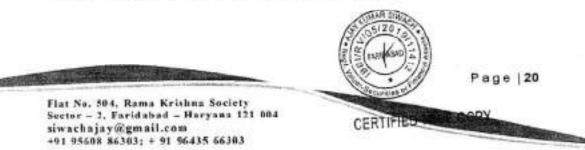
### Ajay Kumar Siwach FCS, LL.B, IP, RV, MBA

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#### 12. Sources of Information

The Analysis is based on a review of the business plan of the Company provided by the Management and information relating to the **business of the Company** as available in the public domain. Specifically, the sources of information include:

- Discussions with the Management;
- Limited Reviewed Financials of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited as on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2021, Management Certified Financials of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited as on 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2022, Limited Reviewed Financials of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as on 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2022.
  - o Note:
    - We need to consider the latest available financials for both the companies. Therefore, we have considered latest available Limited Reviewed financials of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited as on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2021, Limited Reviewed Financials of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as on 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2022 and Management Certified Financials of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited as on 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2022 as the management has provided the same. Further, JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited is a listed company and its 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2022 financial will be available in public domain only along with 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 financial hence, management has not provided the same for valuation purpose. However, we have captured the latest market price as on 21<sup>st</sup> February, 2022 which is more relevant for pricing of shares of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited.
- Market price from the official sites of the NSE and BSE as on 21<sup>st</sup> February, 2022 in case of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited;
- Comparable companies data and valuation multiples.
- In addition to the above, we have also obtained such other information and explanations which were considered relevant for the purpose of the Analysis.





Ajay Kumar Siwach

Registered Valuer - SFA Insolvency Professional Certified Independent Director

#### 13. Distribution of report

The Analysis is confidential and has been prepared exclusively for the purpose to comply the observation of SEBI in the observation letter issued by Stock Exchanges on 8<sup>th</sup> December, 2021. It should not be used, reproduced or circulated to any other person or for any purpose other than as mentioned above, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer. Such consent will only be given after full consideration of the circumstances at the time. However, we do understand that the Report will be shared with the proposed allottees of the Company.

#### 14. Opinion of Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio:

On the basis of representation of management of Demerged Company and Resulting Company that they wants to issue similar no. of shares to the shareholders of Demerged Company in Resulting Company against consideration and as mentioned in Chapter 4 – Clause 1.1 of the draft scheme of arrangement, the management of the companies has decided equity share entitlement ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as follows:

'1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupee Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company'.

Accordingly, shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall become shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited and the shareholders will be allotted proportionate shares in the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited against their holding in JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited. Further, the investment of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited in JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited shall stand cancelled. Further, on the basis of above analysis the share exchange ratio has been arrived at and accordingly the Transferee Company shall, without any further act or deed and without any further payment, issue and allot equity shares on a proportionate basis to each member of the Transferor Company whose name is recorded in the Register of Members/ List of Beneficial

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## Owners for shares in dematerialized form of the Transferor Company on the Record Date to be

Valuation Valuation Approach Method		JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited		JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		
	Method	Value per Share(INR)	Weight	Value per Share(INR)	Weight	
Asset Approach	NAV Method	31.45	10%	10.51	10%	
Income Approach	DCF Method*	NA	₹	NA		
Market Approach	CCM Method##	NA	-	38.66	90%	
Market Approach	MP Method#	25.66	90%	NA	•.	
Relative Valu	e per Share	26.24		35.85		
Exchange Ratio for Every 1 share (rounded off)		1		1.37		
Exchange Ratio for Every 100 share (rounded off)		100		137		

fixed by the Transferor Company.

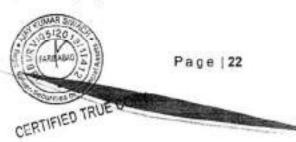
"We could not apply the DCF method as Transferee Company being a Listed Company has not provided its future projections as they are considered price sensitive. On a relative basis, we considered it appropriate not to consider the DCF method for Transferor Company.

#We have applied Market Price Method in case of Transferee Company as per SEBI Preferential Allotment guidelines in case of Listed Company and have not considered CCM Method in the Market Approach for Transferee Company.

##Since the Equity shares of the Transferor Company are not listed on any stock exchange, we have not used the Market Price Method in the Market Approach to arrive at the equity value of the Transferor Company. As the Transferor Company is in early stage and fast growing; therefore, we have considered Market cap to sales Multiple of Comparable Companies.

137 (One Hundred and Thirty Seven) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company".

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Ajay Kumar Siwach FCS, LL.B. IP. RV. MBA

**Registered Valuer - SFA Issolvency** Professional **Certified Independent Director** 

#### 15. Caveats, limitations and disclaimers

Provision of valuation recommendations and considerations of the issues described herein are areas of our regular corporate advisory practice. The services do not represent accounting, assurance, financial due diligence review, consulting, transfer pricing or domestic/international tax-related services that may otherwise be provided by us.

Our review of the affairs of the Company and their books and account does not constitute an audit in accordance with Auditing Standards. We have relied on explanations and information provided by the Management of the Company and accepted the information provided to us as accurate and complete in all respects. Although, we have reviewed such data for consistency and reasonableness, we have not independently investigated or otherwise verified the data provided. Nothing has come to our attention to indicate that the information provided had material mis-statements or would not afford reasonable grounds upon which to base the Report The report is based on the financial provided to us by the management of the company and thus the responsibility for forecasts and the assumptions on which they are based is solely that of the Management of the Company and we do not provide any confirmation or assurance on the achievability of these projections. It must be emphasized that profit forecasts necessarily depend upon subjective judgement. Similarly, we have relied on data from external sources. These sources are considered to be reliable and therefore, we assume no liability for the accuracy of the data. We have assumed that the business continues normally without any disruptions due to statutory or other external/internal occurrences.

The valuation worksheets prepared for the exercise are proprietary to Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer and cannot be shared. Any clarifications on the workings will be provided on request, prior to finalizing the Report, as per the terms of our engagement.

The scope of our work has been limited both in terms of the areas of the business and operations which we have reviewed and the extent to which we have reviewed them.

The Valuation Analysis contained herein represents the value only on the date that is specifically stated in this Report. This Report is issued on the understanding that the Management of the Company has drawn our attention to all matters of which they are aware, which may have an

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Registered Valuer - SFA **Insolvency Professional Certified Independent Director** 

impact on our Report up to the date of signature. We have no responsibility to update this Report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this Report.

We have no present or planned future interest in the Company and the fee for this Report is not contingent upon the values reported herein.

Our Valuation Analysis should not be construed as investment advice; specifically, we do not express any opinion on the suitability or otherwise of entering into any transaction with the Company.

Yours faithfully,

Ajay Siwach

Registered Valuer - Securities or Financial Assets Registration No.: IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412 Date: 22-02-2022 Place: Faridabad



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#### ANNEXURE - 3

GSTIN: 07AAICS6488H1ZS -CIN: U65923DL2001PLC113191



### 3DIMENSION CAPITAL SERVICES LIMITED

SEBI Registered (Category - I) Merchant Banker SEBI Registration No. INM000012528

OUR PATH YOUR SUCCESS

Date: October 09, 2020

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited Trilokpur Road, Keri (Kala amb), TehJHSSRVPL, Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradester, 73030

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Sevendgaard Brand Limited B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area;-Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India;

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi – 110044, India, M

Dear Sir(s),

Subject: Fairness Opinion on the Valuation Report of Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer (bearing Registration No IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412) for determining the Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio in the proposed Demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) and vesting of the same with the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company), fon a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") under Section 230 - 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Composite Scheme").

We, 3Dimension Capital Services Limited, a SEBI registered Merchant Banker (hereinafter referred to as "3DCSL"), have been approached to provide a fairness opinion on the Valuation Report given by Mr. Ajay Kuamr Siwach, Registered Valuer (hereinafter referred as "Valuer"), having registered office at Flat No. 504, Rama Krishna Society Sector 2, 2, Faridabad - Haryanan 121 004.

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K-37/A, Basement, Kailash Colony, Near Kailash Colony Metro Station, New Delhi-110048 Tel. : +91-11-40196737, E-mail : delhi@3dcsl.com, Website: www.3dcsl.com



Referring to confirmation of our appointment by the Board of Directors of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited for recommendation of Fairness on Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio of the Valuation Report dated October 09, 2020 issued by valuer Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach referring the Audited Financials and other information of all the above entities as on March 31, 2020. In the proposed Demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) and vesting of the same with the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) on a going concern basis and immediately thereupon, Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS

#### Scope and Purpose of the Opinion:

This report has been prepared exclusively for the reference of the Board of Directors of the aforementioned entities only. Hence, this reports hould not be used for any other purpose, whether in whole or in part without our prior wrister to be used for any other purpose, be given after consideration of the circumstances at the time.

#### About 3Dimension Capital Services Limited:

3Dimension Capital Services Limited Increinafter referred to as "3DCSL") is a Public Limited Company incorporated under the Companies act, 1956 with the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delth and Rassina, Our Kompany istr Merchant Banker registered with Securities and Exclange Board and India (SEDI), Mumbai with Registration No.: MB/INM00001252884

#### **Background information**

The Registered office of Demetered Company / Transferee Company JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited is situated in Trilokpuri Road, Khori (Kala Amb). The Nanhan Dist Sirmour, Himachar Bradesh 173030. The Company is bearing CIN: L24230HP2004PLC027555 was incorporated on 08-10-2004. The Transferee Company is widely held Listed Company and shares are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange Limited.

The Transferee Company is engaged in the business manufacturing and selling of Toothbrushes, Toothpastes, Mouthwash, Denture Tablets and other allied oral care product. Apart from working on its own brands the company also offers Contract Manufacturing Partnership to brands in the domestic and the international market.

The JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) holds 42.68% equity shares of the Transferor Company.

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JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ("Resulting Company"). bearing CIN U52100DL2007PTC159306 was incorporated on 15th February, 2007 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited thereafter the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture Private Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on 29th December, 2016 by Registrar of Companies –Delhi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road NEW DELHI – 110044, India.

The Demerged Company holds 99.82% equity shares of the Resulting Company.

**IHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED** ("Transference Company"), bearing CIN U52100DL2008PLC176320, was incorporated on 3rd April 2008 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with the name and style of U600 ental Care Limited thereafter, the name was changed to JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited and fresh certificate of incorporation has been issued on [25th April 2017] by Registrar of Companies - Dahi. The Registered office of the Company is situated at B-1/E-23 Moltan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Road New Delhi - 110044, India. The company of the products.

Also considering the risk and returns of the proprietary branded segment and considering its bright future prospects, the Transferor Company has ranged funds from independent investors in recent past at arm's length brice.

#### Sources of the Information:

We have received the following information from the management of JHSSRVPL and/ or JHSSBL for the purpose of our opinion:

 Valuation Report date Decober 49, 2020 with respect Valuation Report of Equity Shares for determining on Share Entitlement Ratio and Share Exchange Ratio under section 200-232 of the Companies Act, 2013

From Public domain, we have used following information:

21:32

- 1. Brief write up of all the involved entities.
- 2. Master Data of Ministry of Corporate Affairs web portal.

#### Approach followed by the Valuer for valuation:

The per share consideration calculated in the valuation report by Valuer has been arrived at by considering the market approach and asset approach, for determining the relative fair value of equity shares to the extent relevant and applicable, to arrive at the Fair Equity Share Exchange Ratio for the purpose of the Proposed Arrangement.

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During the course of discussion, Valuer has informed us that the Valuation has been carried out on the following premise:

- Brief overview of the business of Companies and other relevant information;
- Salient features of the Proposed Amalgamation;
- Draft Scheme of Arrangement;
- Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Companies;
- Audited Consolidated & Standalone financial statements of the Companies for the financial year ended March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018;
- Shareholding pattern of the Companies as on October 09, 2020;
- Such other information and explanations as required and which have been provided by the Management;
- The management of the Companies has been provided with the opportunity to review the draft report (excluding the recommended Fair Equity Share Exchange Ratio) for this engagement to make sure that factual inaccuracy and omissions are avoided in our final report.

#### Fairness Opinion:

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion on the date hereof, that the valuation done by the Valuer for the proposed scheme of arrangement is fair and reasonable.

On the basis of representation of management of Demerged Company and Resulting Company that they wants to issue shares against the cancelation of investment of Demerged Company in Resulting Company as mentioned in Chapter 4., Clause 1.1 of the draft scheme of arrangement, the share entitlement ratio for Demerger of Retail Investment Division of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited as follows:

"1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company Accordingly, the shareholders JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall become shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.

Valuer have also been represented by the management of both the companies that the Pre and Post Demerger shareholding pattern of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited will be as under:

的時間間非常調	Ben-Bennargen (% Habbling)	Proce-Orneological Tele Coldings
Promoters	44.17	42.22
Non-Promoters	55.83	57.78
Total	100	100

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It is represented to valuer that JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited had allotted 40,00,000 convertible warrants at an issue price of Rs. 20 per warrant on 22nd September. 2020, convertible into equivalent number of Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- within 18 months from the date of allotment. It has been mutually decided by the management of the Company and the warrant holder to convert the warrants on or before effectiveness of this Scheme of Arrangement or upon the order of any regulatory authority, so that no warrant holders shall have any right to take equity shares in the Resulting Entity at any future date, to avail the relaxation from Rule 19(2) of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957. Thus the Post Arrangement sharehoiding pattern has been prepared after taking into consideration that the warrant holder of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited will convert the warrants (40,00,000 warrants) into equity share.

Highlight (M. ) Pro-Ressonance (% Heidlang)		Post-Generger (% Bolder		
Promoters	100.00	100	42:32%	
Non-Promoters	-	ASSTRATION OF	57.68%	
Total	100.00		100.00	

[HS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited will be as under:

Based on above and after considering that the companies involved in the scheme of arrangement belong to the same group and shareholders of Demerged Company are getting shares in Resulting Company in equal proportion valuer found that the share entitlement ratio to be fair and we certify the fairness of share entitlement ratio for Demerger.

Valuation Summary of share exchange ratio for Amalgamation as on October 09, 2020 ("Valuation Date"):

Valuation Approach	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited	
	Value per share (INR)	Weight	Value per share (INR)	Weight
Asset Approach	10.34	10%	30.39	10%
Income Approach**	NA		N.A	
Market Approach				
Average of 2 weeks Market Price			20.96	90%
CCM Method (Market Cap Sales Multiple)	35.25	9.0%		1.2
Relative Value per share	32.76		21.90	
Exchange Ratio (rounded off)**	1:1.50			

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\*\*150 (One Hundred and Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/-{Rupees Ten} each in Transferee Company for every 100 (Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company"

Further, on the basis of above analysis the share exchange ratio has been arrived at and accordingly the Transferee Company shall, without any further act or deed and without any further payment, issue and allot equity shares on a proportionate basis to each member of the Transferor Company whose name is recorded in the Register of Members/ List of Beneficial Owners for shares in dematerialized form of the Transferor Company on the Record Date to be fixed by the Transferor Company.

#### Disclaimer:

Our scope of work did not include the following:

- An audit of the financial statements of any involved entity.
- Carrying out a market survey (minanelal feasibility for the flusiness of any involved entity.
- Financial and Legal due dillgende of any involved entity

It may be noted that in carrying output, work we have relied on the integrity of the information provided to example purples, and other ban reviewing the consistency of such information, we have not sough to carrying an independent verification, thereof.

We assume no responsibility and maken representations with respect to the accuracy or completeness of any information provided by the management of any involved entity.

We have not carried out any incenencent verification of the accuracy and completeness of all information as stated above. We have not reviewed any other documents other than those stated above.

The opinion must not be made available or copied in whole or in part to any other person without our expression structure permission save and except for the limited purpose of this opinion.

We understand that the management of involved entities during our discussions with them would have drawn our attention to all such information and matters, which may have impact on our opinion. In this opinion we have included all such information and matters as was received by us from management of any involved entities.

The management of involved entitles, its subsidiaries and their related parties are prohibited from using this opinion other than for its sole limited purpose and not to make a

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copy of this opinion available to any party other than those required by statute for carrying out the limited purpose of this opinion. This opinion is not meant for meeting any other regulatory or disclosure requirements, or under any Indian or Foreign Law, Statute, Act, Guidelines or similar instructions. We would not be responsible for any litigation or other actual or threatened claims.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this report, 3DCSL, its Directors and employees will not be liable to any party for any direct, indirect, incidental, consequential, special or exemplary damages (even if such party has been advised of the possibility of such damages) arising from any provision of this engagement.

For 3Dimension Capital Services Limited, (PRAP LARREY Senior Manager cum Compliance Officer

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### JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited

(Formerly known as JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited)

REPORT ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ("THE COMPANY"/"RESULTING COMPANY") AT ITS MEETING HELD ON 9<sup>th</sup> OCTOBER, 2020 EXPLAINING THE EFFECT OF THE COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT FOR DEMERGER AND AMALGAMATION BETWEEN JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ('RESULTING COMPANY') AND JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ('TRANSFEROR COMPANY') AND JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED ('DEMERGED COMPANY/TRANSFEREE COMPANY') AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS AND CREDITORS UNDER SECTION 230 to 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("SCHEME") ON THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS

#### BACKGROUND

- The Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") at its meeting held on 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 approved the scheme.
- 2. The Board noted that the Scheme inter alia provides for demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company). Also, transfer and vesting of undertaking of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company")
- 3. The Salient features including the rationale of the Scheme were noted by the Board.
- This report of the Board is accordingly being made in pursuance to the requirements of Section 232 (2)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013.

### EFFECT OF THE SCHEME ON THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS

#### 1. EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS (PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTERS)

The Scheme does not have prejudicial effect on the Equity Shareholders (Promoter and Non-Promoter Shareholders) of the Company.

### JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited

(Formerly known as JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited)

#### For Demerger:

For Demerger of Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company), the resulting Company will issue and allot 1 (One) Equity Share of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Shares of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company as on record date on the basis of Valuation Report submitted by an Independent Registered Valuer, Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).

#### For Amalgamation:

For amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company"), the Transferee Company, without further application, act or deed, shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of "Transferor Company" shares in proportion of 150 (One Hundred Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (One Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company" as on record date on the basis of Valuation Report submitted by an Independent Registered Valuer, Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer-Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).

#### 2. <u>KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL ('KMPS') AND DIRECTORS</u>

The Scheme will have no prejudicial effect on the key managerial personnel and directors of the Company.

#### 3. CREDITORS, DEBENTURE HOLDERS AND DEBENTURE TRUSTEES

The Scheme will have no prejudicial effect on the Creditors, Debenture Holders and Debenture Trustees of the Company.

FOR & ON BEHALF OF JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED SD/-NIKHIL NANDA MANAGING DIRECTOR DIN: 00051501

## **JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited**

(Formerly known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care Limited)

#### CIN: U52100HR2008PLC093836

REPORT ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ("THE COMPANY"/"TRANSFEROR COMPANY) AT ITS MEETING HELD ON 9<sup>th</sup> OCTOBER, 2020 EXPLAINING THE EFFECT OF THE COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT FOR DEMERGER AND AMALGAMATION BETWEEN JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ('RESULTING COMPANY') AND JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ('TRANSFEROR COMPANY') AND JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED ('DEMERGED COMPANY/TRANSFEREE COMPANY') AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS AND CREDITORS UNDER SECTION 230 to 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("SCHEME") ON THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS

#### BACKGROUND

- The Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") at its meeting held on 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 approved the scheme.
- 2. The Board noted that the Scheme inter alia provides for demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company). Also, transfer and vesting of undertaking of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company")
- 3. The Salient features including the rationale of the Scheme were noted by the Board.
- This report of the Board is accordingly being made in pursuance to the requirements of Section 232 (2)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013.

### EFFECT OF THE SCHEME ON THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS

#### 1. EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS (PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTERS)

The Scheme does not have prejudicial effect on the Equity Shareholders (Promoter and Non-Promoter Shareholders) of the Company.

# **JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited**

(Formerly known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care Limited)

# For Demerger:

For Demerger of Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company), the resulting Company will issue and allot 1 (One) Equity Share of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Shares of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company as on record date on the basis of Valuation Report submitted by an Independent Registered Valuer, Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).

# For Amalgamation:

For amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company"), the Transferee Company, without further application, act or deed, shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of "Transferor Company" shares in proportion of 150 (One Hundred Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (One Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company" as on record date on the basis of Valuation Report submitted by an Independent Registered Valuer, Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer-Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).

# 2. KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL ('KMPS') AND DIRECTORS

The Scheme will have no prejudicial effect on the key managerial personnel and directors of the Company.

# 3. CREDITORS, DEBENTURE HOLDERS AND DEBENTURE TRUSTEES

The Scheme will have no prejudicial effect on the Creditors, Debenture Holders and Debenture Trustees of the Company.

FOR & ON BEHALF OF JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED SD/-NIKHIL NANDA DIRECTOR DIN: 00051501



# CIN: L74110HP2004LC C027558

REPORT ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED ("THE COMPANY"/ "DEMERGED COMPANY"/ "TRANSFEREE COMPANY") AT ITS MEETING HELD ON 9<sup>th</sup> OCTOBER, 2020 EXPLAINING THE EFFECT OF THE COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT FOR DEMERGER AND AMALGAMATION BETWEEN JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ('RESULTING COMPANY') AND JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ('TRANSFEROR COMPANY') AND JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED ('DEMERGED COMPANY/TRANSFEREE COMPANY') AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS AND CREDITORS UNDER SECTION 230 to 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("SCHEME") ON THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS

# BACKGROUND

- The Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") at its meeting held on 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2020 approved the scheme.
- 2. The Board noted that the Scheme inter alia provides for demerger of the Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company). Also, transfer and vesting of undertaking of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company")
- 3. The Salient features including the rationale of the Scheme were noted by the Board.
- This report of the Board is accordingly being made in pursuance to the requirements of Section 232 (2)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013.

# EFFECT OF THE SCHEME ON THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL, PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTER SHAREHOLDERS

# 1. EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS (PROMOTERS AND NON-PROMOTERS)

The Scheme does not have prejudicial effect on the Equity Shareholders (Promoter and Non-Promoter Shareholders) of the Company.





CIN: L74110HP2004LC C027558

# For Demerger:

For Demerger of Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company), the resulting Company will issue and allot 1 (One) Equity Share of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10 (Ten) Equity Shares of Face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company as on record date on the basis of Valuation Report submitted by an Independent Registered Valuer, Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer- Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).

# For Amalgamation:

For amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company"), the Transferee Company, without further application, act or deed, shall issue and allot to each of the shareholders of "Transferor Company" shares in proportion of 150 (One Hundred Fifty) Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 (One Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupee Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company" as on record date on the basis of Valuation Report submitted by an Independent Registered Valuer, Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer-Securities or Financial Assets (Registration No. IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412).

# 2. KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL ('KMPS') AND DIRECTORS

The Scheme will have no prejudicial effect on the key managerial personnel and directors of the Company.

# 3. CREDITORS, DEBENTURE HOLDERS AND DEBENTURE TRUSTEES

The Scheme will have no prejudicial effect on the Creditors, Debenture Holders and Debenture Trustees of the Company.

FOR & ON BEHALF OF JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Sd/-NIKHIL NANDA MANAGING DIRECTOR DIN: 00051501



Registered Office - Trilskour Road, Kheri (Kala-Amb), Tehsil-Nahan, Dett. Sirmour, Henachai Pradesh - 173030, MD(A Tel. ; +91-1702-302119/121/102 - Fax ; +91-1702-302125



# Independent Auditor's Report

To

The Members of JHS SEVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED

# Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the Standalone financial statements of JHS SEVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ("the company ") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, the statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flows for the year the ended March 31 2022 notes to financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to best of our information and according to the explanations given to as, the aforesaid standalone financial statement given the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31 2022 and its loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the companies Act 2013, our responsibility under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India together with the ethical requirement that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



# **Responsibility of Management for Standalone Financial Statements**

The company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("The Act") with respect to the preparation these standalone financial statements that give true and fair view of the finical position, Financial Performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting record in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the Assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies, making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operated effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intents to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate that could reasonably be expected to influence economic decisions of user taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an Audit in accordance with SA's, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may collusion, forgery, intentional omission, misrepresentation, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made my management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
  events or conditions that may east significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
  going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
  attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion our conclusion are based on the audit
  evidence obtained upto the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions
  may cause the company to seize to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation. Structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosure and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transaction and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with the mall relationship and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# Report on other legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit we report that :
- a.) We have sort and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b.) In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c.) The balance sheet, these statements of Profit and loss, Changes in Statement of equity and the statement of cash flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d.) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements complied with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e.) On the basis of written representation from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.



- f.) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness such controls, referred to separate report "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g.) With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with Rule 11 of the companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us:
  - The company has not any pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements;
  - The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting Standards, for material forcible losses if any, on long-terms contracts including derivative Contracts.
- There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor education and protection fund by the company.

As required by the companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016.("The order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the companies Act 2013, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in Paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For R. Khattar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No 009880N CHANTERED WITSHIT Ranjit Khattar Partner

Membership No. 082488 UDIN: 22082488AJKATU1133

Place: New Delhi Dated: 21.05.2022

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# ANNEXURE"A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in Paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURE PRIVATE LIMITED of even date)

# Report on the internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013("The Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURE PRIVATE LIMITED ("The Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company in for the year ended on that date.

# Managements' Responsibility for internal financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal financial controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India (ICAI). These responsibilities includes the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of error, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing Prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Notes required that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintain and if such controls operated effectively in all material respect.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the adequacy of the internal controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness our audit of internal controls over financial reporting included operating and understanding of internal controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exist, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



# Meaning of internal Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of IND AS financial statement for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, reasonable details, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and disposition of the assets of the company; (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transaction are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of INDAS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principle, and that receipt and expenditure of the company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the company's and (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the IND AS financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override controls, material misstatement due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected . Also, projections of any evaluations of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risks that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India,

For R. Khattar & Associates Chartered Accountants 1.1.2.3 Firm Reg. No 009880N CHUNTERED NCCOLINGTALIST Ranjit Khatar W 53 Partner Membership No. 082488 UDIN: 22082488AJKATU1133

Place: New Delhi Dated: 21.05.2022

# ANNEXURE"B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in Paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURE PRIVATE LIMITED of even date)

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

 (i) a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

> (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.

- b) The major Property, Plant and Equipment of the company have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) According to the information and explanation given to us, the title deeds of the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the company.
- d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- e) According to the information and explanation given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder during the year.
- (ii) a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. As informed to us, any discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were not noticed on such verification.
  - b) The company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees (at any point of time during the year), in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the basis of security



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- (iii) The Company has during the year, not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the provisions of clauses 3(iii) of the Order are not applicable
- According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has no loans, investments, guarantees or security where provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are to be complied with;
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits under the directives of the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, where applicable. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vii) a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - b) There are no dues in respect of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us, company has no transactions, not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);
- (ix) The Company has no borrowing, including debt securities during the year;



- (x) a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year;
  - b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year
- (xi) a) According to the information and explanation given to us, any fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has not been noticed or reported during the year;
  - b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
  - According to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle-blower complaints, received during the year by the company;
- (xii) Company is not a Nidhi company, accordingly provisions of the Clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the company:
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that all transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the Accounting Standards and the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xiv)

According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has no internal audit system;

- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, accordingly the provisions of clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable;
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted we are of opinion that the company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and the immediately preceding financial year;



- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable;
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is incapable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The provisions of Section 135 towards corporate social responsibility are not applicable on the company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For R. Khattar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No 009880N

Raniit Khattar

Partner Membership No. 082488 UDIN: 22082488AJKATU1133

Place: New Delhi Dated: 21.05.2022

# JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED)

	Nobe n		As at 11 March 2012	, unless otherwise stated As at 31 March 2021
articulars	PROOF TH	1		
ASSETS				
Non-curnent assets			1,163,524	5,657,001
(a) Property, plant and	ecolomant.	з	49,200	155,900
(b) Capital work-in-pro-	vers	3		17,912,101
(c) Right of use asset		4	8,185,046	10% rearies
(d) Financial Assets		102		10,137,951
I) Loens		5	1.1	4,489,753
ii) Others		6	Section Ten	6,685,657
(a) Deferred tax assets(	netà	7	6,383,698	1,043,546
(f) Other non-current a		8	13,468,772	
fil one more service			31,250,109	47,086,911
Current Assets		9	3,510,005	2,762,551
(a) loventories			Striction	1000000000
(h) Financial Assets		10	54,348,999	12,266,935
<ol> <li>Investments</li> </ol>		1.1	5,952,188	881,994
iii Trade receivab	ets .	11		1,840,274
(ii) Cash and cash o	sprvalenta	12	1,026,836	14,691,141
N) Loans		13	15,828,804	490.96
v) Others		14	100 B.T.	58,30
(c) Current Tax Alsots	Netl	15	215,217	18.242.07
(d) Other current asset		56	2,240,506	2000 CON 100
1941 Control 1999 Control 1999			43,261,315 74,511,505	49,236,535
A POLICE AND LODDE FEEL			14/011/202	
I EQUITY AND LIABLITES				
Equity		17	65,120,000	65,120,000
(a) Equity Share capital		1.8	(18,117,930)	(19,153,21)
(b) Other equily			37,002,070	45,969,785
Liabilities				
<b>Non-Current Liabilities</b>				
(a) Financial Itabilities				
1) Borrowings		79.05	1,000,000	t,000.00
it) Leave tiabilities		10(0)	23,738,970 24,738,970	25,179,33
st honekim		-	24,730,970	68,111,000
Corrent Rabilities				
(a) Financial Bablikies				
() Borrowings		20(1)		
<ol> <li>Trado payables</li> </ol>		***11		
	ng dues of micro enterprises			
and small ease				
total outstand	and dues of creditors other			
than many we	ergrisos and small, extergrises		5,580,864	0.653.81
(i) Lease liabilitie		20(99	6,074,582	8,626,91
ti) Other financial		21		954,90
(b) Other current lieb?		17	1,115.019	9,938,69
the server current deck			12,770,445	24,174,33
				94,323,44

Basis of Preparation Significant Accounting Policies

Date : 21.05.2022

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors For R. Khattar & Associates JHS Svendgaard Rotail-Ventures Private Limited Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. - 009880N Nite V Ranjit Khattar. (1) (1) (Sixhma Nanda) (Nikhii Nanda) (Partner) 54F +3 DIN:01223706 DIN: 00051501 M. No. - 682488 UDIN No : 22082488AAM/U57272 Place : New Delhi

# JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED)

# Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 5	I, LOLL	(All Amounts in Rupeet, unit	ass otherwise stated ]
Particulars	Note no.	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Income	23	27,455,457	18,699,256
Revenue from operations	24	10,935,643	10,907,016
E Other Income	24	35,391,100	29,606,272
Total income (I +II)			
r Expenses	75	23,065,752	13,494,279
Purchase of stock-in-trade	26	(776,247)	2, \$35, 382
Changes in Inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade	27	1,772,853	4,591,728
Employee benefit expense	28	4,047,734	6,220,873
Finance cost	79	9,597,155	14,817,463
Depreciation and amortisation expense	30	11,848,413	8,707,272
Other expense	20	51,555,662	49,968,997
Total expenses (N)		3112331040	
Profit/ (loss) before exceptional items and tax (II-IV)		(13,164,561)	(20,362,725)
1 Exceptional itema		(13,164,561)	(20,362,725)
E Profit/ (loss) before tax (V-VI)		(13,194,201)	(100100011100)
I Tax expense			100
a) Current tax		301,959	14,924,6831
b) Deferred tax	7		(15,438,042)
K Profit/ (loss) for the year (VII-VIII)		(13,466,520)	(15,438,642)
X Other comprehensive income			
-items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plana		t -	
income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or ioss			
items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or ioss			
Total comprehensive income for the year (IX+X)		(13,456,519)	(15,438,042)
(Profit/ loss + other comprehensive income)			
Earnings per equity share (for continuing operations)		1000 Prov.	
a) Basic	37	(2.07)	(2.37
b) Diluted	37	(2.07)	(2.37)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For R. Khattar & Associates Chartered Accountants 5.0.0 Firm Regn No. - 009880N ALCONTRACT. ACCOUNTINITS Ranjit Khattar (Partner) EW DE M. No. - 082488 UDIN No : 22082488AAM/UB7272 Place : New Delhi Date : 21.05.2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited

New Doth (Nikhil Nanda) DIN: 00051501

(Sushma Nanda) DIN:01223706

# JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED)

# Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2022

		(All Amounts in Ruppers unless	
	Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ende 31 Merch 202
2	Cash Flew from Operating Activities		
<b>^</b> _	Net profit before tax	(13,164,560)	(20,362,724
	Adjustments for:		340237
	Depreciation and Amortization	9,597,155	14,817,463
	Interest income	(562,316)	(1,208,89
	Re- maesument Gains	(302,219)	(267,43
	Security deposit for advance rental as per ind #5 109	(243,471)	(1,356,22
	Ammortisation expense of security deposit	432,733	1,443,61
	Gals on termination of laise		(944,30
	Interest and Ethencial Charges	220,759	1,938,62
	Operation profit before working capital changes	(4,522,120)	(5,939,87
	Adjustments for :	1022/2021	331331
	(increase)/Decrease in inventories	(776,247)	2,135,38
	(Increase)/Decrease in trude receivables	(5,110,194)	(601,72
	(increase)/Decrease in Carrent Loans	(610,176)	(349,04
	(increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	15,794,938	(4,443,88
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Financial assets	490,962	201,49
	(Increase)/Decrease in Non current Loans	10,443,890	(234,12
	(increase)/Decrease in Other non-current assets	(11,425,177)	25,72
	increase/ idecrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	(954,905)	(467,80
	Increase/ (decrease) in Trade payables	927,045	10,01
	Increase? (decrease) in Other Non Current Pinancial	100000	100000000
	Uabilities	3,058,443	46,023,61
	Increase/ (decrease) in Other Current Habilities	(5,823,675)	4,527,83
	Cash generated from operations	(1,507,219)	(12,159,69)
	Taxes Paid Net cash generated from operating activities	(1,507,219)	(13, 159, 69)
	Each Flow from investing Activities Furchase of Fixed Assets	(358, 142)	0
	Right of use ssiets	3,098,227	16,789,19
		36.844	683,41
	interest income received	11 A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	2,686,79
	Recemption of Mutual fund	(3,799,809)	2,000,19
	Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use	4,459,753	23.85
	Hert Cash (used) in investing activities	3,465,868	20,183,28
	and care (seed) in interest according	al and again	10, 10, 10
	Cash Flow from Financing Activities	1200 2000	
	interest and financial charges	(229,759)	(127,317
	Repayment of lease liabilities	(2,552,328) (2,773,086)	(5,876,86) (6,004,18)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(813,438)	1,019,40
	Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	1.843,274	820,861





Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year		
Cash on hand	5,247	11,513
Balances with banks	Sector Sector	
<ul> <li>on current account</li> </ul>	1,021,589	1.828,681
<ul> <li>In term deposits with original maturity of 3</li> </ul>	000000000	116-1655-4
manths or less	+	

Cash and bank balance (Refer note 9 and 10)	1,026,836	1,840,274		
Net debt reconciliation				
Particulari	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	ī.	
Cash & cash equivalents Liquid investments Debentures	1,026,836 9,543,206	1,840,274 10,264,936		
Total	10,570,042	12,107,210	i i	
Particulars	Other asse	ta	Non Current asset	Total
	Cash & cesh equivalents	Liquid investments	Debentures	
Net debt as at April 01, 2020 Crish flows - Fair value adjustments	1,840,273 1,019,405	10,266,936 9,999,500 267,436	12,686,300 (11,331,364) (1,354,936)	
Not debt as at March 31, 2021	2,859,679	20,533,872		(1,087,500)
Cash Rows - Fair value adjustments	(813,435)	-	(0)	23,393,552 (813,438)

As per our report of even date attached

For R. Khattar & Associates **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn No. - 009880N

Net debt as at Narch 31, 2022

Ranjit Khatter (Partner) M. NO. - 082488 UDIN No : 22082488AAMIUB7272

Place : New Dothi Date 121.05.2022 For and on behalf of the Beard of Directors JHS Svendgaard Regail Ventures Private Limited AND Delly

2,046,242

V (Nikhil Nanda) DIN: 00051501

2 +14 (Sushma Nanda)

20,933,872

DIN:01223706

0.0 22,580,114

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# JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Statement of Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022.

## A. Equity Share Capital

March 2021
65,120,000
March 2022
65,120,000

### B. Other Equity

the second se	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at April, 01 2020	(5,690,304)	(5,690,304)
Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	0.570	
Profit for the year	(15,438,042)	(15,438,042)
Add: Other Adjustments	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
Add: Adjustments of Lease Equitisation Reserve	1,978,131	1,978,131
Total Comprehensive income for the year	(13,459,911)	(13,459,911)
Balance at 31 March 2021	(19,150,215)	(19,150,215)
	Retained Earning>	Total
Balance at April, 01 2021	(19,150,215)	(19, 150, 215)
Profit for the year	(13,466,520)	(13, 466, 520)
Add: Other Adjustments		
Add: Adjustments of Lease Equilisation Reserve	4,498,804	4,498,804
Total Comprehensive income for the year	(8,967,715)	(8,967,715)
Balance at 31 March 2022	(28,117,930)	(28,117,930)

As per our report of even date attached

Date : 21.05.2022

For R. Khattar & Associates For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of JHS Svendgaacd Retail Veatures Private Limited Chartered Accountants : Firm Rogn No. - 009880N Nav Ranjit Khattar (Nikhil Nanda) (Sushma Nanda) staw. Dent Director (Partner) Director M. No. - 082488 DIN: 00051501 DIN:01223706 UDIN No : 22082488AAM/UB7272 Place : New Delhi

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited(Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

### Background

(All Amounts in Ruppers, unless otherwise stated )

JHS Svendgeant Retail Ventures P Ltd Limited ("the Company", formerly known as "JHS Svendgeard Infrastructure Private Limited Limited") is a Subsidiary Company of a Listed Public Company named JHS Svendgeard Laboratories Limited, domiciled in India and Incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act on April, 2008.

### 1 Basis of Preparation

### a) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standard

The Standalone Ind AS financial statements (\* financial statements') of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and other network provisions of the Act.

### b) Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, unless otherwise stated.

### c) Others

Financial Statements has been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 issued by the Central Government.

### d) Current versus Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Financial Statement based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- · Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cyclo
- Expected to be realized within twolve musths after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

### All other assets are classified as non-carrent.

### A Gability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twolve months after the reporting period

All other Gabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and Uabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their mulization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

### e) Foreign Currency Translation

() Functional and Presentation Currency

times included in the Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates i.e. 'the functional currency', The Financial Statements are presented in Indian ruper ('NR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

### (i) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses from settlement of these transactions, and from translation of monetary assets and Fabilities at the reporting date exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other income? expenses.





### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

### a) Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of products, cosmettic products and other products.

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company adopted Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as of April 1, 2018. In accordance with the cumulative catch-up transition method, the comparatives have not been retrospectively adjusted. The following is a summary of new and / or revised significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition.

Refer Note 2a "Significant Accounting Policies," in the Company's 2018 Annual Financials for the policies in effect for revenue prior to April 1, 2018. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 was insignificant,

ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" provides a control-based revenue recognition model and provides a five step application approach to be followed for revenue recognition.

+ Identify the contract(s) with a customer;

· Identify the performance obligations;

- + Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations;

· Ricogrise revenue when or as an entity satisfies performance obligation.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Sale of goods

For sale of goods, revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred at a point in time Le, when the goods have been dispatched to the location of customer. Following dispatch. the customer has full discretion over the responsibility, memor of distribution, price to sell the goods and beam the risks of

obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable is recognised by the Company when the goods are dispatched to the customer as this represents

the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due. Payment is due within <6-60 days. The Company considers the effects of variable consideration, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer (if any).

### Variable consideration

If the cossideration in a contract includes a variable amount, estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue revenue in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised.

will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The Company recognizes changes in the estimated amount of variable consideration in the period in which the change occurs. Some contracts for the sale of goods provide customers with volume rebates and pricing incentives, which give rise to variable consideration.

Rebates are offset against amounts payable by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future rebates, the Company applies the most likely amount method for contracts with a single-volume threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The Company then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future robates.

### Contract balances

### Trade recetvables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the

consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in section (g) Pinancial instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement. Contract Habilities (which the Company refer to as advance from customer)

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (ar an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when

the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs order the contract. The Company presents revenues net of indirect takes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

### Cest to obtain a contract

The Company pays sales commission to its selling agents for each contract that they obtain for the Company. The Company has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract which allows the Company to immediately expense sales commissions (included in commission on sales) under other expenses) because the amortization period of the asset that the Company otherwise would have used is one year or less.

Costs to fulfil a contract Le. freight, insurance and other selling expanses are recognized as an expense in the period in which related revenue is recognised. Phrancing components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promited goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.





### b) Income Tax

income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to an item which is recognized in "Other comprehensive income" or directly in equity, in which case the tax is recognized in "Other comprehensive income" or directly in equity, respectively.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deterred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates applicable for respective years on the basis of tax iaw enacted and substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The Company establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Current is payable on taxable profit, which differs from profit and loss in financial statements. Current tax is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss. Provision for current tax is made after taking in to consideration benefits admissible under income Tax Act, 1961.

### Deferred Tax

Everent Tax

Deferred income taxes are calculated without discounting using the Balance Sheet method on temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and trapilities and there can base using the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively exacted by the reporting date. However deferred tax is not provided on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities unless the rotated transaction is business combination or affects tax or accounting profit. Tax losses available to the carried forward and other income tax credit available to the entity are assesse for recognition as deferred tax assets.

Deferred tax liabilities are always provided for in full. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is proheble that they will be able to utilitie against funce taxable locare.

### future taxable income.

Deferred tax asset are recognised to the extent that is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary differences will be utilized against future taxable income. This is assessed based on Company's forecast of future operating income at each reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are effect where the entity has a right and internion to set off current tax assets and liabilities from the same taxation authority.

### Minimum Alternative Tax(MAT)

Minimum alternate tax credit entitionent paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefit in form of adjustment to future tax Uability, is considered as an asset to the excent management estimate its recovery in future years.

### c) Leases

The Company's tesse asset classes primarily consist of leases for recall store space at different alipurts across the country. The Company manages whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-ofuse (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease errangements in which it is a losses, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term isases) and low value teases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are latitally recognized at cust, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct cests less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events ar changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value into cost to will and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual, asset bash unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset beyong, The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounced using the increast rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates . Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Short and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

### d) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Assessment for impairment is done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired, indefinite-life intangibles are subject to a review for impairment annually or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that it is necessary.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets is considered as a cash generating unit. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, kneepective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquire are assigned to those units.





If any indication of impairment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset/tash generating unit is made. Assert/cash generating unit is made. Assert/cash generating unit whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount by recognizing the impairment loss as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill. (If any) allocated to the cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the unit pre-rate based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Receiverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit is disposed at the end of its useful life. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. An impairment loss is neversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized for goodwill, is not reversed in subsequent periods.

### e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash and which are subject to an insterificant risk of changes in value, and bask overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current Uabilities in the balance sheet.

### f) Inventories

(1) Traded goods are valued at the lower of cost and not realizable value. Cost of traded goods is determined on the FIFC basis and comprises direct material, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition.

(II) Provision for obsolescence on inventories is made on the basis of management's estimate based on demand and market of the inventories.

(iii) Net restituble value is the estimated setting price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(Iv)The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on an item by item basis.

### g) Financial Assets

### (I) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value wither through other comprehensive locome, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will other be recorded in Statement of Profit and Loss or other comprehensive locome. Per Investments II debt.

instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is heid. For investments in equily instruments, this will depend on whether the

Company has made an intervacable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

### (II) Initial Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss, are expensed in profit or loss.

### (iii) Subsequent Measurement

### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of dolpt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

• Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flaws where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are messared at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired, interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.



Naw Deily.

• Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Novements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains? (losses), interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method, At present no financial assets fulfill this condition. • Fair value through profit or loss(FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or PVDCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included to other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included to the gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other locare.

### Equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109, are measured at fair value. At Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at PYTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an inevacable election to present is other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is inevocable.

Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprohensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. Dividends from such investments are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assess at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other gain/ (losses) in the Statement of Profit and Loss, impairment:

losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVDCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

### (iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

For all financial assets with contractual cash flows other than trade receivable, ECLs are measured at an anount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of ECLs (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised as an impairment pair or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (v) De recognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when:

. The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assot or

 retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

### h) Financial Liabilities

### initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, not of directly attributable transaction costs.

### Subsequent measurement

### Financial liabilities at amortized cost

After initial measurement, such financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (DR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are as integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in the profit or loss.

### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the abligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an assisting financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.





### i) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and ilabilities am offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally unforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

### j) Property plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. Other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes(wherever applicable), less accumulated depreciation and amortization, if any, Cost comprises the purchase price, any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its incurded use and initial estimate of costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site if any.

Where cost of a part of the asset is significant to the total cost of the assets and useful lives of the part is different from the remaining asset, then useful live of the part is determined separately and accounted as separate component.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An asset's carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

As item of property, plast and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is devecogrized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognized. Transition to Ind AS

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its PPE recognized in the financial statements as on April 1, 2017 to Ind AS , measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition after making necessary adjustments as per Ind AS 101. "First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standarch". Refer note 39 for the first time adoption impact.

### k) Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and where its cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition loss accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Losses arising from retirement of , and gains or losses on disposals of intangible assets are determined as the difference between ret disposal proceeds with carrying amount of assets and recognised as income or expanses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### Transition to ind AS

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its intangible assets recognized in the financial statements as on April 1,2017 to ind AS . measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition after making necessary adjustments as per Ind AS 101. "First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards". Refer note 19 for the first time adoption impact.

### Il Capital Work in progress/ Intangible under

### development

Capital Work in progress/ intangible under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of capital projects/ intangible assets under development and are carried at cost. Cost includes rotated acquidition expenses, development cost, borrowing cost(wherever applicable) and other direct expenditures.

### m) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on fixed assets has been provided on straight line method in accordance with the provisions of Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013. The Management believes that the estimated useful thes as per the provisions of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except for moulds and dies, are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Based on internal assessment and technical evaluation, the management has assessed useful lives of moulds and dies as five years, which is different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Intangible assets comprising of computer suftware are amortized over a period of five years.

Depreciation and amortization on addition to fixed assets is provided on pro rata basis from the date of assets are ready to use. Depreciation and amortization on sale/deduction from fleed assets is provided for upto the date of sale, deduction, discardment as the case may be.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and eculpment and intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

All assets costing Rs. 5,000 or below are depreciated? amortized by a one-time depreciation/amortization charge in the year of purchase.

### n) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes intensist calculated using the effective interest rate method and amerization of anciliary cost incurred in connection with the arrangement of torrowings. General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sole. Qualifying assets are assets that nocessarily take a whatantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sate. All Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.





### o) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

A Provision is recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimate of the espenditure required to wettle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. If the effect of the time value of noney is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tux rate that reflects current ,market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent (labilities are possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the costrol of the Company. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management/ independent experts. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

### p) Employee Benefits :

### (I) Short-term obligations

Short term benefits comprises of employee cost such as salaries and bonues including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be writted wholly writte 12 months after the end of the portiod in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the itabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Batance Sheet.

### (ii) Long-term obligations

### Gratuity obligations

The Company provides for the restrement benefit in the form of Gratuity. The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in IMR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government banes that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. The net interest cast is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurement of gains and Losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Balance Sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Balance Sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtaliments are recognised in profit or loss as past service cost.

### Leeve encashment

The tiabilities for accumulated absents are not expected to be settled wholy within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelvo

months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur. Provident Fund

All the employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under Provident Fund, which is defined coatribution plan. Both the employee and the employee make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate as per the provisions of The Employees Provident Fund and miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1951.

These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India. Employee state insurance

Employees whose wages/salary is within the prescribed limit in accordance with the Employee State insurance Act, 1948, are covered under this scheme. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India. The Company's contributions to these schemes are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions.

### q) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.



Kiny Dolt

### r) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or less for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of

equity Shares outstanding during the financial year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period, are adjusted for events of benus issued to assisting shareholders.

For the purpose calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares. outstanding are adjusted for the offects of all dilutive potential equity shares, If any-

# s) Segment Reporting

In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, and on the basis of the review of operations by the Chief Operating Decision Maker(EDDM), the operations of the Company fall under retail operations, which is considered to be the only reportable segment.

### t) Aeasurement of fair values

A number of the accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and itabilities. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: guoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either deputy (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 31 inputs for the asset or ilability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a finance team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values.

The finance team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and veluation adjustments. If third party information, is used to measure fair values, then the finance team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value blerarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fail into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting pariod during which the change has occurred, further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values used in preparing these financial statements is included in the respective notes.

### III Assuts held for Sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through a sale (rather than through continuing use) when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset (or disposal group) and the sale is highly probable and is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

tion-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cents to sell.

### v) Exceptional Items

An item of income or expense which its size, type or incidence requires disclosure in order to improve an understanding of the performance of the Company is treated as an exceptional item and the same is disclosed in the notes to accounts.

### w) Critical estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Wanagement also needs to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies

This cate provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements. The areas involving critical estimates and judgments area

### I. Useful IIIe of preperty, plant and Equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the lovel of maintainance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews, at the end of each reporting date, the useful life of property, plant and equipment and changes. If any, are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

### ti. Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is based on estimates and assumptions regarding in particular the expected market outlook and future cash flows. Any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount and could result in impairment.





### ill. Estimation of defined benefit obligation

Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawal rates as well as assumptions concerning future developments in discount rates, the rate of salary increases and the inflation rate. The Company considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate and documented. However, any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the resulting colculations.

# iv. Estimation of Deferred tax assets for carry

### forward lowes and current tax Expenses

The Company review carrying amount of deferred tax assets and Liabilities at the end of each separting period. The policy for the same has been explained under Note No 2(b).

### v. Impairment of Trade Receivables

The Company review carrying amount of Trade receivable at the end of each reporting period and provide for Expected Credit Less based on estimate.

### vi. Fair Yalue Meesurement

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of financial instrument where active market ordes are not available. Details of assumption used are given in the notes regarding financial assets and liabilities. In applying the valuation techniques management makes maximum use of market inputs and uses estimates and assumptions that are, at fast on possible, consistent with observable data that market participant would use in pricing the instrument where application data is not observable, management uses its best estimate about the assumption that market participant would make. Those estimates may vary from actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.





JHS Svendgaard Resall Ventures Private Limited(Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Notee to Financial Statements for the year ended Harch 31, 2022

3 Property, Plant and Equipment Current Year

		CHOSS BLOCK	BLOCK (AT COST)		ACCUL	ACCUMULATED DEPORTATION & AMOUNTATION	TON & AMOUNT & NOT	- AND	Sold an eland	
Particulary	Act of	Andelsteran	Personal States			the second secon	NTT I SOUGH IS LIGHT		MET BUCKK	
	April D1, 2021		adjuumenti	March 31, 2023	Ac all April 01, 2021	Depreciation E amortitation	Disposition of a contraction of a contra	As at March 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	As at March 51, 2021
Troperty, Plant and Routoment						Josh hat have				ALCONDUCTION OF
Numbere & floture Computer Computer network	985,519,01 586,73 -	32,110	4.4.4	294°23	280,705,2 E00,82	2,514,515	2	7,802,307 77,004	3,153,095	100'003\G
Tetal	4. 040 Bas							*	A	
	241'010'11	32,110		11,042,858	2,143,747	2,535,587		7.870.234	1423 614	100 010 0
								Second and a	and the family for	100'100'0
MdC: Capital work-In-program		Í								
	006'551			123,900	•		106.200	ing two	and the	

Append for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2023 is as forlows:

Total		[	
	More than 2 years		
period of	2 - 3 years	*	•
rik-tr-progress for a	I-Zyeary	43,200.00	43,200.00
Amount in Capital we	Lecs than 1 year	4	
Capital acris in program	A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	trojetta in progress	

45,200.00 45,200.00

Apeing for capital work in-progress as at March 11, 2023 is as follows:

Crotal workin-program

Projects in prograss

Amount in Capital wo	ark-in-propress for a p	period of		Total
dess than 1 year	L-Zyears	2 - 3 years	More than 2 years	
155,900.00				191 6111 101
155,900,00		2	3	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF





JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited(Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

4

# Right of use asset	Retail Stor	es
	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Balance as on 1st April	17,912,103	45,517,361
Add: Additions during the period	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,406,000
Less: Deletions during the period	3,098,222	14,022,420
Less: Depreciation during the period	6,628,835	11,700,367
Less: Termination of Lease*	12.00 0.1000	3,228,472
Balance as on 31st March	8,185,046	17,912,103

\* The Company has terminated its lease pertaining to the retail store located at Raipur Airport w.e.f. 26th January, 2021. Hence, as per the requirement of Para 46 of INDAS 116, the Company has recognized the gain on termination on Lease.

### 5 Non - current loans

As at	As at
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	10,132,952
	10,132,952
As at	As et.
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	4,489,753
+	4,489,753
	31 March, 2022 - - - As at





JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited(Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIWITED) Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended Watch 31, 2022

- 7 Deferred Tax Astern (Nets
- (a) Incave Tax Expense

		As at	Acat
42	Current Tax	31 Werch, 2022	31 March, 2921
- M.,			
	Carrent recome tax charge for the year		
	Adjustments in respect of current means: Us of prevents years.	-	
- 64	Deferved tax		
	Deferred tax on the profit? (less) for the year	301.559	(4,324,683)
		301,959	(4,10.4,643)
	Income tax expanse reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	301,959	(4,924,683)
(2)	Deferred tax beloces		
	The balance comprises temperary differences attributable to:		
		As of	Asat
		31 March, 2023	31 March, 2021

Deferred tax essets/(Deferred tax Establity) on account of:		
Property, Plant & Equipment	710,018	900,813
C7FLorens ( Incl. elegriciation )	1.697,301	3,596,836
Deferreduent		10000000
Fair Yoluston of investment	\$1,899,8771	Societ Co.
Sociality Deposit	32,544	\$5,500
Right-of-ase assoc	(2.128,182)	(4,6)7,147)
Lease Liability	7,754,524	8,789,613
Not deferred tax (Eability)/Asset	6,183,498	6,685,657

### (c) Hovenent in deferred tax talences.

	Depreciation difference (a)	Unabrorlord Terror (Including depicerbilize) (b)	Others E3	Alghe of use essets (d)	Coster Listhfiction (+)	Tosa (antinc)
At March 31, 2020 (Charged)/credited	373,880	1,093,988	(319,504)	(11,834,514)	12,447,124	1,760,973
- in profit or loss - to other concord brogive income	\$36,962	507,816	375,006	1,177,367	(3,867,101)	4,924,634
At Alarsh 31, 3091	900,843	1,596,856	55,592	(4,657,167)	8,789,625	6,685,657
(Cherged)/credited: - to prefit or less - to ether compreferative insume	(190,825)	290,065	(1,852,935)	3,529,635	(1,038,099)	(201,769)
At Wareh 31, 2022	710,318	1,887,701	(1,437,433)	(2,128,112)	7,751,524	6,383,696

(d) Earling the year no amount of tax has been recognized directly vita equity of the Company.





10.0	0er	101.1	torit.	OW	 41	ants'

Particulars	Jn.at 31 March, 2002	An et. It wareh, 2021
Defended rout objanuar	1,450,950	2,043,546
Sociarity Deposits	2,300,982	100020
DIPOSIT - REVIT	9,907,067	and the second s
CATSON THEM	13,468,322	2,043,546
* Inventories		
Realization (		An et

Perindens	31 New Uh, 2082	31 Herch, 2021
Packing motorial	824	10,289
Fielded goods	3,537,901	2,751,289
	1,138,405	2,762,558
10 Current Inventment		
Particulars	Ja et	As et
- DOMENT STATES AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADDR ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRES ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS	H Merch, 2022	31 Harch, 2021
investment carried at fair value through profit and item investment in Autom runs		
Addyse Binle Sen Life Helicel Fund	9.543.305	12,266,935
22106-808 units (As at Vist March 2021; 24289.388 Units)		
	4.625,353	(a)
Final Depuid	-162/JJJ	

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 Merch, 2021
Unaccared, Considered good		
Receivable from other	5,992,185	851,994
	5,592,188	881,994

# Againg for trade receivables -correct outstanding acat March 35, 2022 is as follow

		Dutstanding for following periods from the viole of					1000
Particularit.	Not Date	Less than 6 months	6 reanths - 1	1-Zyeers	2-Byears	More Usin 3 years	Total
Trade televolates	4	(5,047,545)	3,085,582	4/339,347	+ ·	1.00	5,952,188
Undisputed inside repairedaim - considered good			+	÷-	+		
Greeke weet trade receivables - which have algorificant increase in credit. Nati		41	+				
Undisputant trade receivables - credit imparted		1		+ :	+	0.	
Disputed trade receivables -considered good			+		+	÷	
Duputed trade receivables - which have significent increase in modificial		-	÷	\$	÷.	1.0	
Disputed trade receivables - stadil impoined	+	· · · ·	+		+		

# Agoing for trade receivables -current outstanding acut March 31, 2021 to as follow

		Distancing for following periods from duo date of					
Portfolders	Not Date	Less then 6 months	6 months - 3 year	1. 2 years	2-3 years	Mone then 3 pears	Tatal
Trude receivables		430,048	435,549	CONTRACT.			351,595
Lindisputed trade repairwides -considered good			1. 1. 1. 1.	÷-	1		11111
Und sputed trade receivables – which have significant increase in cradit risk			Ť.		Ċ.		
Und sputed trade receivables - credit instaired	10		+ .	+	+		
Deputed trade receivables -considered good	14	E	÷		±	1.00	1.4
Disputed trade receivebles - which have significant increase in credit lisk.		*	+	+1.		1.1	
Deputed trade receivables - creck impaired			+	÷-	9		-4

### 12 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As all 23 Marcels, 2002	As at 11 March, 2021
Selence with bank		and all and the second desires
- Current actorum	1,021,389	1,878,681
Ceth mohand	5,247	11,595
	1,026,836	1,846,274

Particulars	As at 31 March, 3082	As et 21 March, 2021
Linecured, considered good faam to corporate	7,940,900	1045,500
ham to others	12,785,804	18,653,149
	15,328,304	14,073,947

CHANTERED NTANTE

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JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited(Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

# 14 Current financial Assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
FDR Interest Receivables		490,962
Other Receivables from related party*		00000000
		490,962

# 15 Current Tax Assets (Net)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
TD5 receivables	215,217	58,584
	215,217	58,584

# 16 Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 Warch, 2021
Balances with statutory/government authorities	1,653,084	11,665,640
Advance to suppliers	1000 T	6,402,776
Others	607,422	173,661
	2,290,506	18,242,078





JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited(Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

17 Equity Share Capital

31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
160,000,000	103,000,000
65, 120,000	45,120,000
65,120,000	65,120,000
	31 March, 2022 162,000,000 65,120,000

63	Abversent in equity share capital				
	Particulars	For the Finan	scial year 2021-22	For the Finan	cfal year 2020-21
		No. of Shares	Amount in Rs	No. of Shares	Amount In Rs
	At the beginning of the year	6,592,000	65,120,000	6,512,000	65, 120, 000
	Add : Shares issued during the year At the and of the year	6,512,000	e5,110,000	8,512,000	65,129,000

ii) Terms / rights attached to equity mores

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share referred to herein as equity share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Soard of Directors Is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Recting encept in the case where incents dividend is distributed. During the year ended Narch 31, 2022 and Narch 31, 2021, no dividend has been declared by the Company.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential annuots, if any. Such distribution amount will be it proportion to the number of equity shares held by the starietisticus.

### e) Aggregate number of sharen insued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date: Hill

### f) Detail of stareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

-	A5 (	at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 20	
=	No. of Sharms	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding
H5 Svendgeard Laboratories Ltd. ( Holding Company)	6,500,000	99.828	6,500,000	99.82%





AL at

As at

# 3) Details of shareholding of all promoters

Shares held by promoter at the end of the year	As at March 31, 2022	5	As at March 31, 2021	arch 21	% Change during the year
Promoter Name	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	
JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Ltd.	6.500,000	99.82%	6,500,000	99.82%	ĺ
Nikhil Nanda	5,000	0.08%	5.000	0.08%	
Sushma Nanda	7,000	0.11%	7,000	0.11%	

shares held by promoter at the end of the year		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2620 dt	% Change during the year
Promoter Name	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	
JHS Swendgaard Laboratories Ltd.	6,500,000	99,82%	6,300,000	99.82%	
Nikhil Nanda	3,000	0.08%	5,000	0.08%	
Sushma Nanda	7,000	0.11%	7,000	0.11%	





JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

18 Other Equity

1.59 - 1.59 - 2.99 - 1.98 - 190 -	(All Amounts in Ruppes, unless a	therwise stated)
	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Reserves and Surplus	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Politiko antiko di Antonia da Antonia
Particular		
Deficit in the Statement of Profit and Loss	(28,117,930)	(19,150,215)
Total	(28,117,930)	(19,150,215)
a) Deficit in the Statement of Profit and Losa	5	
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Opening balance	(19,150,215)	(5,690,304)
Add: Profit for the year transferred from the Statement of Profit and	Lass (13,466,519)	(15,438,042)
Add: Other Adjustments		
Add: Adjustments of Lease Equilisation Reserve	4,498,804	1,978,131
Closing balance	(28,117,930)	(19, 150, 215)
Total reserves and surplus	(28,117,930)	(19,150,215)
19 Non Current Liabilities		
(I) Borrowings		
	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Unsecured	·	
from Others	1,000,000	1,000,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000
(II) Lease Liabilities	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Balance as at the beginning of the year	33,806,242	47,873,552
Add: Additions during the period		1,462,155
그는 것을 알았다. 그는 것 같은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있다. 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 수 있다. 것을		10 (Sa 1 Sa 200) (Balance)

Balance as at the beginning of the year 33,806,242 Add: Additions during the period 3,826,976 Less: Deletions during the period 7,819,665 Less: Cash outflows Less: Termination of Lease -Balance as at the end of the year 29,813,552 Non Current 23,738,970 Current 6,074,582





6,093,556

16,056,705

1,393,545

4,172,772

33,806,242

25,179,332

8,626,910

JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited(Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes to Phancial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

20 Correct Planclel Heblittee Particulary	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
<ol> <li>Trade psychie das to evicro &amp; snall enterprises (refer rate 40)</li> </ol>		
due to others	5,580.864	4,653,819
	5,580,864	4,653,819

Dutationiting for following periods from dow date of premiert 11-32					
Particular	Less than 1 year	1-2 укиз	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade payables	1,993,415	1,585,449		+	5,588,884
	*		+		
MEME <sup>4</sup>			-	×	
Disputed dues - MSME*	-		· · · ·	*	+
Disputed dues - Others	*	(A)			

Outstanding for following periods from due date of prymeet 20-25					
Porticular	Loss then 5 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	there then 3 years	Total
Trade paywales	4,653,839		+		4,653,819
MSME <sup>4</sup>	(+)		+	-	
Othera	*			÷	
Okputed deas - MSME*			1.1	+	
Ouputed does - Others		(A)			+

\*MSME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Ait, 2006, Apring for Inde payables outstanding as at March 31, 2021. Is on follows

	As at at March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
(ib Losse Uabilities	A,074,582	8,626,910
the control constraints	6,074,582	8,626,910.04
21. Other current financial liabilities		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	11 March, 2021
Papable to originates		731,322
Expenses payable		223,584
87 - 1922 -		954,904
22. Other current liabilities		
Particulars	At at	A5 42
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Statutory dues	66,957	9,938,695
Papable to employees	764,361	
Expenses payable	289,201	
121 X482	1,115,019	9,938,695





23	Revenue from operations		
	and a state of the second second	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	Revenue from contracts with customers	-	
	Sale of Products*	27,455,457	18,699,256
	Revenue from operations	27,455,457	18,699,256

\* It represents disaggregated revenue information in accordance with INDAS 115.

#### **Contract** balances

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Trade receivables *	5,992,188	881,994

\* Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 5 to 10 days.

#### 24 Other income

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Interest income	562,316	2,565,114
Defered Rental Income	-	1,356,221
Expenses recovered from vendors*	9,067,894	6,439,858
Profit on sale of investment.	60,161	1,574,749
Miscellaneous income	1,043	2,660
Gain on Termination of Lease (Refer Note 40)		944,301
Interest Income on FD	7,000	1.14
Net gain on financial asset mandatorily measured at FVTPL	959.781	(1,087,500)
Provisions written back	154,188	466,387
Credit balances written off	123,261	1,448
	10,935,643	10,907,016

\* Represents amounts recovered from vendor related to charges incurred by company but ultimately borne by the vendor.





25 Purchase of stock in trade

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Purchase of Finished Goods	23,065,752	13,494,279
	23,065,752	13,494,279

#### 26 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening investory		
Finished goods	2,762,558	4,897,940
	2,762,558	4,897,940
Closing Inventory		
Finished goods	3,538,805	2,762,558
	3,538,805	2,762,558
	(776,247)	2,135,382

#### 27 Employee Benefits Expense

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	3,453,791	4,290,759
Contribution to provident and other funds	302,097	269,432
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	16,965	33,537
	3,772,853	4,593,728

#### 18 Finance Costs

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Bank Charges	218,082	127,008
Interest Cost	2,577	309
Interest Expense on Lease Liabilities	3,826,976	6,093,556
	4,047,734	6,220,873

#### 29 Depreciation and Amortization Expense

	31 March 2022
Depreciation of tangible assets	2,535,587
Depreciation on Lease assets	7,061,568
	9,597,155





Year ended 31 March 2021

3,057,095

11,760,368

Year ended

30 Other expenses

2		Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
	Electricity Exp.	715,895	407,678
	Airport Service Charges	2,292,459	1,876,409
	Minimum Gurantee	2,103,299	195,346
	Marketing Fund	255,438	147,212
	Revenue Shares	3,844,085	2,945,988
		\$2,800	57,450
	Freight Exp.	33,900	2,224
	Conveyance Expenses Bussiness Promotion	112,183	18,263
	Advertisement Exp		21,120
	Travelling Exp.	4,200	1
	Printing & Stationery	12,345	7,598
	Rent -Laptop	20,000	*.:
	RENT RATE & TAXES	768,071	-
	Vehicle Running & Maintenance		1,080
	Repaire & Maintenace -Computer	458,446	374,605
	Repaire & Maintenace - Others	487,222	293,279
	Telephone Exp.	41.164	32,288
	Fee Rates & Taxes	97,685	128,595
	Legal & professional	255,630	320,200
	Payment to Auditors*	55,330	27,500
	Director Siting Fees		400,000
		8,724	6,819
	Mise Expenses	189,538	
	Sundry Balance W/off		1,443,617
	Amortisation of deferred expense	11,848,413	8,707,272





#### **31 Segment Reporting**

The Company is engaged in retail outlets . Information reported to and evaluated regularly by the Chief Operational

Decision Maker (CODM) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessing performance focuses on business as a

whole. The CODM reviews the Company's performance on the analysis profit before tax at overall level.

	As at	As at
Revenue from External Customers	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Within India	27,455,457	18,699,256
Outside India		
	27,455,457	18,699,256
		the second se

## Details of Revenue from Single Customer more then 10%

There is no revenue which exceeeds the 10% of the total revenue of the company for the FY 2021-22.

Non Current Assets	As at	As at
Hon carrent pases	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
(Other than financial instruments; Post Employment benefits; Deffered Tax Assets; and right arising under insurance contracts) Within India Outside India	3,163,524	5,667,001
	3,163,524	5,667,001





32 Fair valuation measurements

			As	As at 31 March 2022	2022	As	As at 31 March 2021	2021
No.	S.No. Particulars	Level of Hierarchy	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized cost	TdLA	FVTCCI	Amortized cost
-	Financial assets Investments							
	Investment in Mutual Fund	+	9,543,206			10,256,936		1
	Investment in Vebentures			1		1	1	
_	Loans				5	8		
	Security Deposit	m	1	,	,	8	,	C20 CE1 01
	Others	n		1		103		4 GRO 715
a	Trade receivables	m			5.992.188	8		881.994
14	Loans	m	1		15.878.804			14 602 140
w.	Cash & Cash Equivalents	m	. 1		1.026,836	2	4	1 840 774
-	Bank balances other than cash & cash	-	101			1.3	10.9	a section of a
	equivalents							
	Total Financial Assets	_	9.543,206		22.847.828	10.266.936		32 529 084
	Financial Liability							
24.4	Borrowings including current maturities	3	1		1,000,000			1,000,000
et.	Trade & Other Payables	m	1	1	5,580,864		59	4,653,819
m.	Lease Liabilities	m			29,813,552			33,806,242
-	Other financial Liabilities	m		10	•	2.	-90	954,906
	Total Financial Liabilities				36,394,416		•	40,414,967

a) Fair valuation of financial assets and liabilities with short term maturities is considered as approximate to respective carrying amount due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

b) - Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial Instruments measured using quoted prices.

- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities included in Level 3 is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes of similar instruments.





#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Risk management objectives and policies

The Company's exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The Company's financial assets and trabilities by category are summarised in Note 33. The main types of risks are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's risk management is coordinated by its board of directors, and focuses on actively securing the Company's short to mediumterm cash flows by minimising the exposure to volatile financial markets.

The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed to, are described below:

#### Significant estimates and judgments

#### Impairment of financial assets

The impainment previsions for financial assets disclosed above are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rotes. The Company uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

#### 1 LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settied by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its flabilities when they are due, under both normal and scressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company's is responsible for managing the short term and long term liquidity requirements. Short term liquidity situation is reviewed daily. Longer term liquidity position is reviewed on a regular basis by the Board of Directors and appropriate decisions are taken according to the situation.

#### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments :

	March 31, 2022				
	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 year	Above 5 years	Total
Borrowings including current maturities		1,000,000			1,000,000
Trade payables	5,580,864	(Berlinsteine)	14		5,580,864
Lease liabilities	6,074,582	23,738,970		-	29,813,552
Other financial liabilities	3				
Total	11,655,446	24,738,970		(*)	36,394,416
	and the stand standard and the second	and the second second second second			

	March 31, 2021				
	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 year	Above 5 years	Total
forrowings including current maturities		1,000,000	100		1,000,000
Trade payables	4,653,819	±1	24		4,653,819
Lease Liablities	8,626,910	25,179,332		÷.	33,806,242
Other financial liabilities	954,906	(A		-	954,906
Total	14,235,635	26,179,332	(#)	a -	40,414,967





34 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
(i) Contingent Liabilities (a) Guarantees excluding financial guarantees	4,284,820	4,452,106
	4,284,820	4,452,106





35 Capital Management

For the purposes of Company capital management, Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in tight of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Equity Share capital	65,120,000	65,120,000
Free Reserve*	(28,117,930)	(19,150,215)

\* Comprises of retained earning and general reserves.

The Gearing Ratio at end of the reporting period are as follows:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Non Current Liabilities (Other than DTL)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Gross Debt	1,000,000	1,000,000
Less Cash and Cash Equivalents ( to the extent of gross Debts )	1,000,000	1,000,000
Net Debt (A)	1	
Total Equity (As per Balance Sheet Date) (B)	37,002,070	45,969,785
Net Gearing Ratio (A/B)	0.00%	0.00%





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## JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited

# (Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED)

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

# 36 Related party disclosures

(a) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

Relationships	Name of Related Party
Parent Company	JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited
Entitles controlled by a person who is a KMP of the Company or a person who has significant influence over the Company	-JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited
Entities which are controlled or jointly controlled by Key Managerial	
Personnel category or by his/her close family members	

# (b) Key Managerial Personnels (KMP) of the Company

Name of Key Managerial Personnel	Category	Period
Mr. Nikhil Nanda	Director	2021-22
Mrs Sushma Nanda	Director	2021-22
Wrs. Balbir Verma	Director	2021-22
Nr. Ashish Goel	CFO	2021-22

#### (c) Key Management Personnel Compensation

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Short- term employee benefits		
Director's Sitting fees		400,000
Total Compensation	+	400,000

# (d) Loans and advances and Other Adjustments to/ from Related Parties

		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
١,	Loans/ Advances taken		
	- JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		2,000,000
н.	Loans/ Advance repaid		al seatness
	- JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		2,000,000
Шí,	Loans/ Advance Given		
	- JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited		38,600
٧.	Other Adjustments		30,000
	<ul> <li>JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited</li> </ul>		15,840

(f)	Balance Sheet heads (Closing Balances)	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
١.	Debit Balances Receivables		
	- JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited		22,760

#### (g) Terms and Conditions

I) All outstanding balances were unsecured and recoverable/repayable on demand.

 The sales to and purchase from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in Arm's Length Transaction. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and interest free. There has been no guarantee provided or received for any related party receivable and payable.





37 Profit/(Loss) per share (DPS)

Particules	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 Harch 2021
(a) Calculation of basic earnings per shere Loss after tax (before other comprehensive income) (A) No. of weighted average equity shares (B) Basic Earning/(Loss) per share (A/B)	(13,464,513) 6,512,005 (2.07)	(15,438,042) 6,512,000 (1.37)
(b) Calculation of diluted earning: per shere Loss after tax (before other comprehensive income) (C) No. of weighted average equity shares.	(13,466,515) 8,513,008	(15,438,042) #,512,000
	6,513,008	6,512,000
Weighted average number of equity shares for divited per share (0) Diluted Earning/Less) per share (C/D)	(2.07)	4.37

38 Lesses

54

16

The Company has applied ind AS 116 - Leases (applicable from April 01, 2019), using the modified netroapective approach. The expense towards such leases is now mounted as depreciation on Highe of Use Assets and finance cost on lease famility, inscend of cent expenses. The sampany has elected not to apply the requirements of and AS 116 to leases which are explicing within 12 months from the date of transition by class of asset and leases far which the underlying asset is of low value on a lease-by-lease basis.

#### 39 Auditor's Renumerations\*

	Ymar ended Yaar an 31 Mardh 31 W 2922 3
Lexistory Jurile	15,030 12,
Other matters	
· Limited reviews	15,000 15/
- Out of podiet expenses	13,430
-Other Professional services	17,900
	55,330 27,3
Excluding applicable taxes	

#### 40 Suppliers registered under Nicro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (#SMED)

The Micro, Small and Acclum Enterprises Development Act, 2005 WSWED), prantigated by Government of India came into force with effect from 2 October 2006. As per the Act, the Company is required to Mentify the Micro and Westlam suppliers and pay them interest on overfice beyond the specified period irrespective of the terms agreed with the suppliers. The Company has NII (31st March 2021, NII) amount outstanding payable towards Wicro, small and Medium suppliers on basis of Information received from suppliers ingarding their status under MSNED.

41 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

(t) There are no unhedged foreign currency exposure relating to financial lestruments.

#### 42 (I) There is No pending

(ii) There is its song Term Contract ( incuding derivative contract ) exist as on 51-03.2022 for which there were any material foreeable lases.

- The Company in %L based meeting hold on 09th October, 2020 has approved the Company's Scheme of Amangament for Analgamatian and Domergier botween among JHS Svendgaard laboratories Limited (Demerged Company)' Transferoe Company), 3-6 Svendgaard Retail Vertures Private United (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferoe Company) ("Companies Scheme") under Section 200-232 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therewher, on #<sup>8</sup> December, 2021, both the stock exchanges viz, BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited had granted their na-objection to the companies scheme: At present, the application for approval of the said composite scheme is pending before Hon"ble NCLT, Chandigarh.
- 44 The indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund ant Gratuity. The Hirdstry of Labour and Employment had released shaft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020, and instead suggestions from statestistics a which are under consideration by the winistry. The Company will entry the impact and its evaluation ence the subject rules, and notified. The Company will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the Financial inpact are published.





rd Retail Ventures Private Linited	IND AS AN ENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED)	(iai Statements for the year ended March 21, 2022	
JHS Svendgaard Retai	(Formerly Known as J	sisters for Financial State	

Additional Negularary Information ię

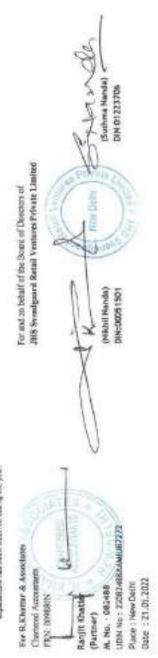
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Rotto	Numerator	Desaminator	Control Ttal	Previous Year	Variance
Current Ratio ( In Simes )	If clair Current Assets	Total current: listalities -	s.00	204	404
Debt-locity ratio [ in Times ]	Debt consist of borrowtyp & leave list-libes	Total equite	0.36	0.40	199
Debt Services Coverage Radio In Form 1	Eurong for Debt service- Net Profit after topols Nin - Cath connelling for Debt services for other non-cath aftertraints	Debt Services = intered & leave payments = principal repertnents	9.04	0.90	WC2-
Debuts on sealth rule (art)	rentin the tree year after Tax lack straffence shutlend	Austrage Troles equity	20 694	138,754	115
Trade Representation (unrever application)	Roverue from Operations	Average Trdae receivebles	1 200	12.50	語た
Track Pauchles turnsteer ratio	Credit Purchase During the Period	Average Trdse payables	1.82	4.26	420
Start Conduct accounts had a fire	Revenue Your Daendone	Average working Casitali Tital Current accetti	101	100	2205
thet profit ratio ( in %)	Net Profit after Tas	Revenue from Operations	-45000M	-42.55%	- 第7
Return on Capital employed (m		Capital Engloyed ( Total Agets - Current Lieb.)	100000	10000	-1997
Retriction insermation ( 20 MD)	lecture accented from Incentment functs	everyde invested funds in treasury insertments	10.00%	12.81%	100

Explanation for change in ratio by more then 25%.

Triste Receivable Ratio - Lower Redo on account of increase in Urde receivable during Current, Mer Net Caybai Turnave: Ruto : horizon facto an account of increase in Rovense during Corrent year. Net Parts Actor : Lower Batto an account of biorease in profit during Corrent year. Current Rackin, Workstolin Racio on sconurt of factness in rument liabilities ruming Current year Desit levilor Coverage Satio - Lower Ratis on account of decrease in profit during Current year Fixula Paylela Ruela - Herrosoe Ratin an account of locateaus in purchase during Current year

The conjury is wit control the eligibitity orbitric as preserved in section 138 of Congaries act 2003 for spectrary on Corporate Social Respondely and hence no such expenditure has been incurred during the year. 18



# RAY & RAY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS 205 Ansal Bhawan.

200, Andar Brankin, 16, Kasturba Qandhi Mary, New Delhi - 110001 7: +91 11 29705415, 23705416, 41625215 Et admin@rayetay.in + W : www.raymray.nat

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members [HS Svendgaard Brands Ltd.

#### Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

## Opinion

We have addited the accompanying Financial Statements of JHS Stendgaard Brands Limited ("the Company"), which complies the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Fictus for the year ended on that date and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory reformation (herein after referred to as "the Financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of part information and according to explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the information Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended (Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its loss, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Pinancial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Eode of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAi) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standards of the audit of the provisions of the Act and the Pules made thereunder and we have fulfilled our offset ethical sesponsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICA)'s Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standards remained statements.

# Key Audit Matters

Key addit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the corrent period. During the course of our audit, we have nothing to report on those matters.



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# RAY & RAY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

Attention is drawn to the following:

- I) Note No 38 regarding the recognition of defended tax assets aggregating to Rs. 374.46 lakh on the carry forward business loss and depreciation as the Management expects that sufficient taxable profit in future will be generated against which such assets will be realized.
- ii) Note No. 46 regarding impact of COVID-19 paratemic. The situation continuos to be unascenatized and the Management is evaluating the situation on an ongoing basis with tespect to the challenges faced.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon.

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereor.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form. Of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, indoing so, consuler whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our incoviedge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material missiatement of this other information: we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

#### Responsibilities of the Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Anancial position. financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India Including the Indian Accounting Standards (Tind AS<sup>6</sup>) prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with relovant rules issued there under.

This tesponsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safequarding the ussets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frands and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prodent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financia, controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the proparation and prosentation of the Pinancial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material, misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process, ....



# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect o material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from froud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the linancial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a materia;
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, tosed on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncortainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the divilosures, and whether the baancial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a memory that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, fullyidually or in aggregate, make it probable those economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and things of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.





We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our redependence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the edverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be experted to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of india in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a staten ent on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- $\Sigma_{\rm c}$  As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our report we report that:
  - a) we have sought and obtained reasonably all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit:
  - b) In our opmen, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as specified under section 183 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an inmodified opimon on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included to the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid /provided any remuneration to its directors during the year. As such the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable at present



# RAY & RAY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

- b) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our if formation and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - The Company old not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - in The Company is not required to transfer any amount to the Investor Education and protection Fund.
  - iv. 2) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and beltef, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities "Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entitles identified in any manner whatsoevering or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - b) The management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(its), including foreign entities ("Pubding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (1) and (ii) contain any material mit-statement.
  - No dividend was declared or paid during the year by the company.

For RAY & RAY Chartered Accountants PRN- 301072E

(Saniir Manocha) Portnor Membership No. 091479 UDIN-22091479AJR/ES8811



Place New Delhi Date: 26.05.2022

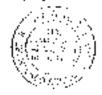
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# RAY & RAY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

#### Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

(The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Logal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report to the members of JHS Svendgeard Brands Limited of even date)

- (.) It respect of the Company's property, plant & equipment:
  - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, it.cluding quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
    - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intengible assors.
  - (b) As explained to us, the property, plant and equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the management during the year which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company does not have any immovable property [other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) and occordingly reporting under this clause is not applicable.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Accordingly, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
  - (\*) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our checking of records etc. proceedings have not been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the "Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and Rules made therounder.
- (0) (a) The investory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the Tequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No distrepancies were non-cell on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 20% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company basinot been sanctioned any working capital from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- (iii) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unscenced to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnership or any other parties Accordingly, clauses (a) to (f) of paragraph 3 (iii) the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments, given loans and provided guarantees and security. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits. There is no amount which is deemed to be deposits. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3 (v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



# RAY & RAY

- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records by the Company under Section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013, Accordingly, paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order is not opplicable to the Company
- (vb) (a) According to the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dres rectuding Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, dess and any other statutory dres to the appropriate authorities applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of above were outstanding, as at 31.03.2022 for a period of more than a x months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the records of the company, there are no dues referred in (a) above which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our checking of records etc., there is no transaction which is not recorded in the books of account and has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act, 1961.

(ix) (a) According to the Information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans and borrowings or in the payment of loans there on to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willuf defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government authority.

(c.) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company last not obtained any term loans during the year. Accordingly, clause 3 (ix) (c.) of the Order is not applicable.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and nn an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that nn funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.

(c.) The Company doos not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, clouve 3-(ix) (c.) is not applicable.

(f.) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint volture. Accordingly, clause 3 (w) (f.) is not applicable.

- (a) (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.

Accordingly, paragraph 3 (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.



# RAY & RAY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

- (b) In view of this, the reporting under clause 2 (xi) (b) is not applicable to the company.
- (c) On the basis of our checking of records and information and explanations provided to us, no whistle-blower complaint has been received during the year by the Company.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company Is not a Nidhl Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) clauses (a) to (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (kill) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Cumpany, transactions with the related parties are generally in compliance with sections 127 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the linancial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) Internal audit is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (kiv) clauses (a) to (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (IV) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (IV) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3 (xvi) clauses (a) to (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- [zvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 3.76 locs during the financial year. There was and no cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (avoid) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- (Rix) on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fail due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) On the basis of our checking of records, the provisions of section 135 of the Companies ALL 2013 is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clauses 2(a) and (b) of paragraph 3 (xx) are not applicable to the Company.

For RAY & RAY Chartered Accountants FRN: 301072E

FRN: 301072E

(Samir Manocha) Partner MembershipHo. 091479 UDIN: 22091479AJRIESS811



Place: New Delhi Date: 26 05:2022



# "ANNEXURE B" TO INDEPENDEN'T AUDITOR'S REPORT OF JRS SVENGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Pinancial Control under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal floancial controls over financial reporting of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and montaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Nota on Audit of Internal Plnancial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate Internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderity and efficient control of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Internal Enancial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our andit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Andit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act. 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. These Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable accurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively mail material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audia of internal financial controls over inancial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the dosign and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk.

The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.



# RAY & RAY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide masonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention of timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets thet could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Umitations of Internal Floancial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal fluancial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material missrate ments due to error or frond may occur and not be detected.

Also, projections of any ovaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to firture periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the test of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has In all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as al March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Indip.

> For RAY & RAV Chartered Accountants FRN: 3010726

(Saihir Manocha) Partner MeinbershipiNo. 091479 UDIN-22091479AJRJ[[S8811

Place: New Delha Oate: 26.05.2022

				(T in laich
articulars	F	Hote no.	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 202
ASSETS	10111-1010-0000			
0.0000.0	current assets		47.00	74.74
272010	Property, plant and equipment	3	17.90	21.3
1025	Capital work-in-progress	3	411.71	81.78
	Right-of-use assets	3	66.83	1.000
0.01	Goodwill	3	79.61	79.61
2.2	Other Intangible assots	3	2.11	3.7
(f) 1	Financial, Assets	1.00	1.44	4.7
330.00	I) Loans	4	5.44	0.043 (3
G	Deferred tax assets(ret)	5	374.46	378.7
(b) 1	Other non-current assets	÷ _	2,764.92	3.9
		_	3,723.98	578.94
Curre	int Assets			
(a) I	nventories	7	271,80	276.4
(b) f	Financial Assets			
1	) Investments	8	100.29	101.90
1	<ol> <li>Trade receivables</li> </ol>	9	133.11	110.7
	<li>ii) Cash and cash equivalents</li>	10	87.66	408.05
	<ul> <li>v) Sank balances other than (ii) above</li> </ul>	11	0.26	0.4
	r) Loens	12	0.42	D.19
	<ol> <li>Other financial assets</li> </ol>	12	0.86	0,96
(C) (	Other current assets	14	646.37	465,65
			1,240.77	1,372.50
	Total Assets		4,964.75	1,951.43
EQUITY /	AND LIABILITIES		2409400000	
Equit	y .			
(a) £	iquity Share capital	15	1,569.75	1,569,75
(b) 0	Other equity	16	24,28	60.36
			1,594.03	1,630.11
Liabit	ities			
Non-O	Current Liabilities			
(a) F	irancial liabilities			
20203	i) Borrowings	17	1,64	3.67
	III Lease Linbilities	17(8)	78.32	89.70
	rovisions	18	4.44	7.40
1.1			84.40	100.77
Curre	nt ilabilities		Sectore.	1000177
	inancial liabilities			
Sec	() Borrowings	17	2.24	
	II) Trade payables		F. 31.5	S.
	CARDER WITH A CREWN TO MARKET MARKET AND AND A STREET			
		19	0.16	
	enterprises and small enterprises		0.15	
	- total outstanding dues of creditors other			
	than micro enterprises and small		172428	0.0223
	enterprises	10000	15.06	152.79
	ii) Lease Liabilities	17(11)	11.38	9.90
	ii) Other financial liabilities	20	52, 34	39.26
	ther current liabRitles	21	3,201.99	18.02
(c) P	rovisions	22	0.15	0.58
			3,286.32	220.55
	Total Equity and Liabilities		4,964.75	1,951.43
Marche .	of Preparation	1		

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# JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited)

Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For Ray & Ray **Opartered** Accountants FRN: 301072E and Same Manocha Partner

Membership no.: 091679

Place : New Delhi Date : 26.05.2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors JH5 Svendgaard Brands Limited

1150

Chhabi Lai Prasad Jow D. Nikhi Manda Director DIN : 01286188 DR1 00051501 a. Ghe

Shalini Doshwal Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Membership No.: A67930

## JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited) Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March, 2022

Particulars	Note no.	Year ended	(* in lakhs Year ander
Income	Contra trac	31 March, 2022	31 Warch, 202
I Revenue from operations		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
II Other income	23	498.20	436.29
II Total income (I +II)	24	49,47	91.32
V Expenses		547.68	527.61
Purchase of studi-in-trade	22		
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade	25	263.32	291,32
Employee banefit, expense	26	4.60	(64.92)
Finance costs	27	113.55	124.20
Depreciation and amortisation expense	28	48.94	16.53
Other expenses	29	19.61	20.86
Total expenses (IV)	30	135.68	146.91
(in appending)		585,70	534.90
/ Profit/ (loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		Same V	
Exceptional items		(38.03)	(7,29)
Profit/ (loss) before tax (V-YI)			+
Tax expense		(38.03)	(7.29)
a) Current tax			AL 20
b) Deferred tax		-	
Profild' (loss) for the year (VII-VIII)	5	2.96	(34,48)
(researches) on the year (mean)		(40.99)	27.19
Other comprehensive income			
thems that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurement gains/ (limses) on defined benefit plans			
incrementary collisions to former that will be a benefit plans		4.99	5.53
income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(1.30)	(1.44)
Total comprehensive income for the year (X+X)			
(Profit/ loss + other comprehensive income)		(37,30)	31,28
Earnings pur equity share (for continuing operations)			
a) Basic			
b) Diluted	39	(0,28)	0.19
	39	(0.28)	0.19

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these finencial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants FRN: 301072E mil 14 0 HE HILL BE ÷ Ung Samir Manocha Partner Membership no.: 091479

Place : New De.ht Date : 26.05.2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited

MA Ma 34 Chhabi Lai Prasad Nikhil Nanda Director C Their DeProtter

DIN: 00051501

Shalini Destrivat Company Secretary E Compliance Officer Membership No.: A67930

DIN : 01286188

# JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited)

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March, 2022

		Margaret 4	(₹ in takhs
	Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ende 31 March, 202
A.,	Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
	Net profit before tax	(38.04)	(7.29
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and Amortization	19.61	20.86
	Interest Income	(0.03)	(0.02
	Security deposit for advance rental as per Ind AS 109		0.18
	Interest and Financial Charges	48.94	16.33
	Credit Balances written back	(5.27)	(69.99
	Provisions written back	(3.38)	(4.81
- 24	Net loss on financial asset mandatorily measured at FVTPL	3.86	9.54
- 52	Others	0.79	0.03
19	Operating profit before working capital changes	26.48	(34.97
33	Adjustments for :		
1	(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	4.60	245.00
- 3	(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	(14.32)	(65.87
	Increase)/Decrease in Current Loans	(0.23)	(37.76
	Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets		0.68
	Increase //Decrease in Other Current Financial assets	(180.68)	(150.45
1	Increase)/Docrease in Other Non Current Financial assets-Others	0.06	0.25
	Increase)/Decrease in Non-current Loans	(5.00)	125
	Increase)/Decrease in Other non-current assets	4.79	5.26
	ncrease/ (decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	(2,761.73)	0.77
1	ncrease/ (decrease) in Trade payables	13.05	(85.09)
	crease/ (docrease) in Short term provisions	(133.16)	108.36
	create/ (decrease) in Short term borrowings	(0.43)	(0.38)
	tcrease/ (decrease) in Long term provisions	2.24	
	icrease/ (decrease) in Other Current liabilities	5.42	5,77
	crease/ (decrease) in Other Non Current financial liabilities	3,187.83	79.31
	Cash generated from operations	(19.80)	(31.38)
	axes Paid	129.10	(205,50)
1.5	Net cash generated from operating activities	(0.00)	(0.00)
ľ	ter cash generates from operating activities	129.10	(205,50)
	ash Flow from Investing Activities		
	urchase of Property, plant and equipment	(408.92)	(1.17)
	ight of use assets	2.56	1.57
	terest income received	0.03	0.02
	at Proceeds from Investment	(2.17)	133.55
144	et Cash (used) in investing activities	(408,50)	133.97
	ash Flow from Financing Activities		
	oceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings	(2.03)	(2.54)
	occeeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings	9.90	(2.2.4)
Le	ase Liabilities payment	-	15.69
Pt	occerds from Issue of share capital (including premium)		450.00
	terest and financial charges	(48.91)	(16.52)
		(41.04)	446.63





320.44) 408.09	375.10
87.65	408,09
8.72	5.72
78.94	402.37
87 64	408.09
	87.66

As per our report of even date attached

For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants

FRM: 101072E 5 4 0K an 205 18 Andret Black and BE, R.G. March New Datting: Samir Manocha Partner Mombership no.: 091479 DACO

Place : New Dolhi Date : 26.05.2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited

26222 100 Chhabi Lai Prasad Nikhil Na Director Nikhil Nanda DIN : 01286188 DIN : 00051501 r + pa 6

Shatini Deshwal Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Membership No.:467930 JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited) Statement of Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

Balance at 31 March, 2022	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance at 31 March, 2021
1,569.75	(0.00)	1,569.75
Belance at 31 March, 2021	Changes in equity share cepital during the year	Balance at 31 March, 2020
1569.75	234.99	1319.75

#### **B.** Other Equity

	Reserve and Su	rpise	Money received against	
	Securities Premium	brtained Earnings	store warrant	Tota
Balance at 31 March, 3031	1,412,35	(1,351.98)		60.37
Profit for the year	0.000	[40,99]	2	(40.99
Other Comprehensive income		3.69		3.69
Profit on reinstatement of flight of use assets and lease liabilities	÷.	1.22		1.22
Total Comprehensive income for the year		(36.07)		(36.07
Transaction with owners in capacity as owners				
Money received against share warrant		· · · ·		20
Premium on shores based during the period	1.5	1.00	-	-
Premium on warrant converted into shares	4			
Warrant converted into shares		(e).	+	
Belance at 31 March, 2022	1,412.35	(1,388,07)	-	24.28

Reserve and Surplus		Money received against		
Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	share warrant	Total	
1,212,35	(1,383,64)		(171.29)	
	27,19		27.19	
-	4.09		6.09	
5 A	0.38		0.38	
	31.00		31.46	
124	12	12.1	100	
	12		200.00	
1,412.35	(1,351,98)	14	60.37	
	Securitises Premium 1,212,35	Securities Premium Retained Earnings 5,212.35 (1,383,64) - 27,19 - 4,09 - 0,38 - 31.06	Securities Premium         Batamed Earnings         Share warrant           1,212,35         (1,383,64)         -           2,27,19         -         4,09           -         4,09         -           -         0,38         -           -         31.00         -	

#### As per our report of even date attached

For Ray & Ray 九 Quarteried Access rear to Nor formate RX AL Plan latochs 10 Partne Memberitato as.: 091479

Place : New Dolhi Bate : 26.05.2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **345 Svendgeard Brands Clarked** Ohil 200 A Nikhil Monda Chhabi Lai Pras Dehl pretor Director DIN : 01285 BH 00051501 01/2 DB Shafini Beshwell

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Nembership No : A67930

# JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited) Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

#### Background

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ('the Company', formerly known as 'JHS Svendgaard Dental Care Limited' ) is a subsidiary Company of a Listed Public Company named JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act on April, 2008.

#### 1 Basis of Preparation

a) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standard

The Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and other relevant provisions of the Act.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Division II ind AS Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

b) Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, unless otherwise stated.

c) Others

Financial Statements has been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 issued by the Central Government.

#### d) Current versus Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and l'abilities in the Financial Statement based on current/ non-current classification.

- An asset is treated as carrent when it is:
- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as nor-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve nonths as its operating cycle.

#### e) Foreign Currency Translation

i) Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates i.e. 'the functional currency', The Financial Statements are presented in Indian ruppe ('INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

(i) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates at the date of the transaction, Foreign exchange gains and losses from settlement of these transactions, and from translation of momentary assets and trabilities at the reporting date exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement

of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other income/ expenses.





#### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### a) Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of oral care products, cosmetic products and other products.

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company adapted and AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as of April 1, 2018. In accordance with the cumulative catch-up transition method, the comparatives have not been retrospectively adjusted. The following is a summary of new and / or revised significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition.

Refer Note 2a "Significant Accounting Policies," in the Company's 2018 Annual Financials for the policies in effect for revenue prior to April 1, 2018. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 was insignificant.

Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" provides a control-based revenue recognition model and provides a five step application approach to be followed for revenue recognition.

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer;
- + identify the performance obligations;
- + Determine the transaction price;
- + Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations;

· Recognise revenue when or as an entity satisfies performance obligation.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for these goods or services.

#### Sale of goods

1.1

For sale of goods, revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred at a point in time Le. when the goods have been dispatched to the location of customer. Following dispatch, the customer has full discretion over the responsibility, manner of distribution, price to sell the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable is recognised by the Company when the goods are dispatched to the customer as this represents.

the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due. Payment is due within 45-60 days. The Company considers the effects of variable consideration, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer iif any).

#### Variable consideration

If the consideration in a contract includes a variable around, estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract incoption and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The Company recognises changes in the estimated amount of variable consideration in the period in which the change occurs. Some contracts for the sale of goods provide customers with volume rebates and pricing incentives, which give rise to variable consideration.

Rebates are offset against amounts payable by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future rebates, the Company applies the most likely amount method for contracts with a single-volume threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The Company then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future rebates.

#### Contract balances

#### Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in section (g) Financial instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement.

Contract liabilities (which the Company refer to as advance from customer)

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.





#### Cost to obtain a contract

The Company pays sales commission to its selling agents for each contract that they obtain for the Company. The Company has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract which allows the Company to immediately expense sales commissions (included in 'commission on sales' under other expenses) because the amortization period of the asset that the Company otherwise would have used is one year or less.

Costs to fulfil a contract i.e. freight, insurance and other selling expenses are recognized as an expense in the period in which related revenues is recognized.

#### Financing components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

#### b) Other Income:

#### interest income

Interest income from dabt instrument is recognised using the effective interest rate (ER) method. EIR is the rate which exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the EIR the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayments, extensions, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### c) income Tex

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to an item which is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, is which case the tax is recognized in 'Other comprehensive income' or directly in equity, respectively.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and itabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### Current Tax

Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates applicable for respective years on the basis of tax law enacted and substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The Company establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Current is payable on taxable profit, which differs from profit and loss in financial statements. Current tax is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss. Provision for current tax is made after taking in to consideration benefits admissible under income Tax Act, 1961.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred income taxes are calculated without discounting using the Balance Sheet method on tomporary differences between carrying arounts of assets and tabilities and there tax base using the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively exacted by the reporting date. However deferred tax is not provided on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities unless the related transaction is business combination or affects tax or accounting peofit. Tax losses available to the carried forward and other moome tax credit available to the entity are assesse for recognition as deferred tax assets.

Deforred tax itabilities are always provided for in full. Deforred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that they will be able to utilize against future taxable income.

Deferred tax asset are recognised to the extent that is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary differences will be utilized against future taxable income. This is assessed based on Company's forecast of future operating income at each reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and Ilabilities are offset where the entity has a right and intention to set off current tax assets and Ilabilities from the same taxation authority.

#### Minimum Alternative Tax (NAT)

Minimum alternate tax crodit entitlement paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefit in form of

adjustment to future tax liability, is considered as an asset to the extent management estimate its recovery in future years.





#### c) Leases

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of lease for office premises. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lesse, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the losse and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. At the date of commoncement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease an angements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-tine basis over the term of the lease.Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease torm. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or charges in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is dotormined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the exect belongs. The lease flability is mitially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future losse payments. The losse payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the losse or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates , Lezse liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lasse liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

#### d) impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Assessment for impairment is done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. Indefinite-life intangibles are subject to a review for impairment annually or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that it is necessary.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets is considered as a cash generating unit. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to berefit

from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquire are assigned to those units. If any indication of impairment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset/cash generating unit is made. Asset/cash generating unit whese carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount by recognizing the impairment loss as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if any) allocated to the cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's fair value less cost of disposet and its value in uso. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset or cash generating unit and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the spects carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized. An impairment loss recognized for genewite is not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.





#### 1) Inventories

(i) Traded goods are valued at the lower of cast and net realizable value. Cost of traded goods is determined on the FIFO basis and comprises direct material, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition.
(ii) Provision for obselescence on inventories is made on the basis of management's estimate based on demand and market of the inventories.

(iii) Net realizable value is the estimated setting price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(W)The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on an item by item basis.

#### g) Financial Assets

#### (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
 those measured at amortized core.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in Statement of Profit and Loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (ii) Initial Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

#### (III) Subsequent Measurement

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instnaments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow

characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solary payments of
principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized
cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.
Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

• Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the essets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Novements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of imperment geins or losses, interest, revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derocognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included is other income using the effective interest rate method. At present no financial assets fulfill this condition.

\* Fair value through profit or loss/FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cast or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or lots on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and presented net in the Statement of Profit and Loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises, laterest income from these financial assets is included in other iscome.





#### Equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109, are measured at fair value. At Equity instruments which are held for tracking are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an invescable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is inrevocable.

Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. Dividends from such investments are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other gain/ (losses) in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

For all financial assets with contractual cash flows other than trade receivable, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a rightficant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of ECLs (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised as an impairment gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (v) De recognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when:

. The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

 retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset,

the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the lineacial asset. Where the Company retains control of

the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

#### h) Business Combinations

Business combinations have been accounted for using the acquisition method under the provisions of ind AS 103, Business Combinations. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the issets transferred, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Company. The cost of acquisition also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair value on the date of acquisition.

Transaction costs that the Company Incurs in connection with a business combination such as finder's fees, legal fees, due disjence fees, and other professional and consulting fees are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase.

#### h) Financial Liabilities

#### initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and psyables, not of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Subsequent measurement

#### Financial liabilities at amortized cost

After initial measurement, such financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR importation is included in finance costs in the profit or loss.





#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecogaized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective corrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 1) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of bisiness and in the event of default, insolvency or basis/uptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

#### 5) Property plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. Other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes(wherever applicable), less accumulated deprectation and amortization, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price, any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use and initial estimate of costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site if any.

Where cost of a part of the asset is significant to the total cost of the assets and useful lives of the part is different from the remaining asset, then useful live of the part is determined separately and accounted as reporte component.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable

that future economic henefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The

carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecogrized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance

are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An esset's carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognizion of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognized.

#### k) Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised when it is probable that the nuture economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and where its cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Losses arising from retirement of , and goins or losses on disposals of intargible assets are determined as the difference between net

disposal proceeds with carrying amount of assets and recognised as income or expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### I) Capital Work in progress/ Intergible under development

Capital Work in progress/ Intangible under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of capital projects/ intangible assets under development and are carried at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development cost, borrowing cost(wherever applicable) and other direct expenditures.

#### m) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreclation on fixed assets has been provided on straight line method in accordance with the provisions of Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013. The Management believes that the estimated useful lives as per the provisions of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except for moulds and dies, are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Based on internal assessment and technical evaluation, the management has assessed useful lives of moulds and dies as five years, which

is different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Intargible assets comprising of computer software are amortized over a period of five years.

Depreciation and amortization on addition to fixed assets is provided on pro rata basis from the date of assets are ready to use. Depreciation and amortization on sale/deduction from fixed masts is provided for upto the date of sale, deduction, discardment as the case may be.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

All assets costing Rs. 5,000 or below are depreciated/ amortized by a one-time depreciation/amortization charge in the year of purchase.





#### n) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest calculated using the effective interest rate method and amortization of ancillary cost incurred in connection with the amangement of borrowings. General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.All Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### o) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

A Provision is recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not monghised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current ,market assessments of the time value of money and the

risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management/ independent experts. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

#### p) Employee Benefits :

#### (i) Short-term obligations

Short term benefits comprises of employee cest such as salaries and bonuses including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

The liabilities are presented as current employee benofit obligations in the Balance Sheet.

#### (ii) Long-term obligations

#### Gratuity obligations

The Company provides for the retirement benefit in the form of Gratuity. The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit abligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terris approximating to the term of the related obligation. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurement of gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the Statance Sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtalments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

#### Leave encashment

The liabilities for accumulated absents are not expected to be sottled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet II the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer

settlement for at least twolve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur. Provident Fund

All the employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under Provident Fund, which is defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the employee make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate as per the provisions of The Employees Provident Fund and miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India.





#### Employee state Insurance

Employees whose wages/salary is within the prescribed limit in accordance with the Employee State Insurance Act, 1948, are covered under this scheme. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India. The Company's contributions to these schemes are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions.

q) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### r) Earnings Per Share-

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the not profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the

weighted average number of equity Shares outstanding during the financial year. The weighted average number of equity shares

outstanding during the period, are adjusted for events of bonus issued to existing shareholders. For the purpose calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding are adjusted for the effects of all cliutive potential equity shareholders, if any,

#### s) Segment Reporting

In line with the provisions of Ind A5 108 Operating Segments, and on the basis of the review of operations by the Chief Operating Decision Maker(CODN), the operations of the Company fall under Trading of Oral Care products, which is considered to be the only reportable segment.

#### t) Measurement of fair values

A number of the accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Lovel 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or ilabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Loval 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable mornet data (unobservable inputs).

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a fisance team that has overall responsibility for overseoing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values.

The finance team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, is used to measure fair values, then the finance team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value tierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability full into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values used in preparing these financial statements in included in the respective notes.

#### u) Assets held for Sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through a sale (rather than through continuing use) when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset (or disposal group) and the sale is highly probable and is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current, assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.



#### v) Exceptional Items

An item of income or expense which its size, type or incidence requires disclosure in order to improve an understanding of the performance of the Company is treated as an exceptional item and the same is disclosed in the notes to accounts.

#### w) Critical estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policica

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different that those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgments are:

#### 1. Useful life of property, plant and Equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand,

competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of

maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. The Company reviews, at the end of each reporting date, the useful life of property, plant and equipment and changes, if any, are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### II. Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is based on estimates and assumptions regarding in particular the expected market outlook and future cash flows. Any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount and could result in impairment,

#### iii. Estimation of defined benefit obligation

Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawal rates as well as assumptions concerning future developments in discount rater, the rate of salary increases and the inflution rate. The Company considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate and documented. However, any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the resulting calculations.

#### iv. Estimation of Deferred tax assets for carry

#### forward losses and current tax Expenses

The Company review carrying amount of deferred tax assets and Liabilities at the end of each reporting period. The policy for the same has been explained under Note No 2(c).

#### v. Impairment of Trade Receivables

The Company review carrying amount of Trade receivable at the end of each reporting period and provide for Expected Credit Loss based or estimate.

#### vi. Fair Value Measurement

Wanagement uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of financial instrument where active market codes are not available. Details of assumption used are given in the notes regarding financial assets and Babilities. In applying the valuation techniques, management makes maximum use of market inputs and uses estimates and assumptions that are, as fast as possible, consistent with observable data that market participant would use in pricing the instrument where application data is not observable, management uses its best estimate about the assumption that market participant would make. These estimates may vary from actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of

future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.





5 Property, Plant and Spulpment, Carital work in program and and Mangine Applic Symmet Wear

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3 Right of use asset

Office Build	ing
As at	As at
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
81.78	96.60
1.62	1.19
13.33	13.63
66.83	81.78
	As at 31 March, 2022 81.78 1.62 13.33

4 Non - current financial assets loans

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposit to a related party*	4.99	4.34
Security deposit to others	0.45	0.45
	5,44	4,79
"Security deposit to a related party comprises:		
Director		
Nikhii Nanda	4,99	4.34



4.99

4,34

- 5 Income Tax Expense
- (a) Income Tax Expense

		As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
f	Current Tax		
	Current income tax charge for the year	1.2	5
	Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years	*	÷.,
1	Deferred tax		- E3
			(Decession)
	Deferred tax on the profit/ (loss) for the year	2.96	(34.48)
		2.96	(34.48)
	Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	2.96	(34.48)
	Income Tax related to OCI		
	income tax relating to Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(1.30)	(1,44)
		(1.30)	(1.44)
(0)	Deferred tax balances		
	The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
		As at	As at
		31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Deferred tax assets/(Deferred tax liability) on account of:		
	Property, Plant & Equipment	(13.28)	(10.14)
	Provision for Doubtful debts	0.78	1.79
	Provision for Gratuity	1.19	1.83
	Provision for leave encashment		0.24
	C/F Losses ( Incl. depriciation )	379.56	380.76
	Deferred rent	(1.03)	(1-24)
	Fair Valuation of investment	(0.02)	(0.62)
	Security Deposit	1.30	1.47
	Right-of-use assets	5.95	4.63
	Net deferred tax (liability)/Asset	374.46	378.72

### (c) Movement in deferred tax balances:

	Depreciation difference (a)	Unabsorbed losses (including depreciation) (b)	Others {<}	Total (s+b+c)
At 31 March, 2020 (Charged)/credited:	7,16	(377.17)	24.33	(345.67)
- to profit or loss - to other comprehensive income	2.98	(2.15)	(32,43)	(31.61)
At 31 March, 2021	10.14	(380.76)	(8.10)	(378,72)
(Charged)/credited: to profit or loss	3.14	2,49	(0.07)	5.56
- to other comprehensive income		(1.30)	eren er	(1.30)
At 31 March, 2022	13,28	(379.56)	(8.17)	(374.46)

(d) Deferred increme tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available egainst which the deductible temporary differences and the carried forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

(e) During the year no amount of tax has been recognised directly into equity of the Company.





6 Other nen carrent exets

Particulars	As at	Ab at
	31 March, 1921	31 March, 2021
Beforend rest express	3.78	2.90
Expents with facing having maturity period of more than to else worth?	0.27	
advance for capital assets	2,761,47	
	8,344.03	147
7 investigations		
Perthaders		.0.16
	31 Aantah, 2002	11 Haven, 2021
Facking metallal	71.58	76.27
Terror Prandhed Gouth	41.84	10.76
First-hyd gantt.	154.44	145.85
Bares and spergi-	3.40	V.MI
	211,80	276.48
8 Gerrent Investment	1800	
Pertitociare	40 H	31 March, 3031
Caluted Interestinguist	second rease.	
Investment control at fair value through profil and issu- investment is iduited Pand		
Quoted		
Notals Lifected Famil		57.04
HE wates (As at 31st Allerthy 2011) 1256-221 German		
KCK2 Productial Saverga Fund HE works (Aust. Stat. Harris 2001; MARA, NG Lance)	÷	48.86
Assessive restrict relate of second transitioners		101.98
Experiment Investments		
Comparison by Convertable Participatory Renterance shares		
ARD ONTHER NORM PRIVATE UNITED	380.29	
274 ComputerRy Convertable Participatory Problem sur deares at Ry 102-electricaring lower prior of Ru 36,461,10		
	100.00	
Total: Cornert Investment/Quotestik Unigested)	180,29	101.10

### If Current shade necelvables

Perdiculari	As at 31 March, 2012	Aviet 31 Allerth ; 2021
Monourma		- Andre States Concerning
-Considented good*	1.0.17	196.03
Received to from related party?	1.1	4.68
-Divid timpered	3.00	6.87
Late: Altervision for repeated creditions	11.049	36.07
	135.11	(6.87) 116.79

Testades receivable from related party (refer note 37)

Agoing for kinds receivable, second unterending as at March 20, 2022 is as follow

	0.0000000	Owners along For following per	riods that y daw it	ale of			
Particularis	NOTIONS	Less their Amarthe	4 scoeths - 1 year	1-2 9841	2-3 years	More than 3	Teral
Tade receivables		17.18	17.64	105.24			33330
Undispiced to do receivablesconsidered pool.		-	1 1 22		-		
Orefisperied has de receivables - which have agrificaes, esseuse in creditions		1000		1		1 3	
Understand state recoluities - credit imported		-	1.000		1.1.1	-	
Disputed is address to shall be according to all	+	-					
Disauted in other receivables — which have significant inscesse in conductors		5		+			10
Reported tradition could able to deal it requested		-					
Tatul	- 4	37	10		1		139.11

### Against for tracks reactivations -correct contributility, as at March 30, 2021 is as follow

	122210	Outstanding fur following per	risely from date a	ate af	6 S	1200 C	246-95
Perfouters	Text Due	less they is months	A recently - 3 year	1-Lyean	2-5 years	More than 3 years	Total
Yerk modeokim		45,08	77.15		-	-	118.79
Undigeuted tasks receivables -coler densel gripd	1.			+			
Verbandert forde recolvables - which have significant increase in could rise	1	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	0.081		1.1.20		
Undependent stade reconsistent - credit reparred	1						
Disputed track receivables - considered good							
Signified testermonitables - which have significant improve in configuration	1.00		-		-	-	
Weperine Hunder received de reconstruction and							
Seat	1	85	73	+			138.79





10 Cash and cash expressions

PertApilers	An all	No al
Balance with hand		an even of the
Internet as count	18.84	160.18
Easth on hand:	8.71	5.71
14000000000	87.44	408.8
11 New Valuese other they carry and carry equivalence		
Contraction of the second s		303
flartScalars	11 march, 2011	21 March 202
Hartloaders Term depends with an gload water ty of more than 3 mentio but term than 12 member	11 Auret, 2012 1.28	21 March, 2021 5.44

\* Includes pleased is mergin newsy depends with vertices government authorities seauliting to its. B.3 kinks pleases 30,3201, No. 0, 44 lates (

### ti latte

Particulars.	15.81	
	11 Hareh, 2033	31 Harch, 2121
(hearts, entranderent prod		
to an its methoders	0.42	0.79
	0.42	0,19
13 Correct Rearstal Resets		
Partileutars	An at	At at
	11 Harth, 2821	31 March, 3231
Internal Racehvelator	0.60	0.42
	3.64	9,12
14 Other surrent assets		
Particulars	ALM	
	at Aeros, 2002	31 Manch, 2021
Beferrad unpower	8.79	8,39
FTN:0413 expense	12.15	16.00
fallance with statutory (government authorities	14.11	18.23
Trappent to prophoton	0.05	2.0
Advance to suggithers*	210.65	3294.30
105 receive bia	75.64	0.24
	645.37	465.68
"Inclusive reported by Grant related party brider rate 211	-	
- Ar6 Sumdacerd Liberatries Dedod	20.43	45,80





### 15 Equity Share Capital

aj	Authorised share Deptiel	At at 31 March, 2022	As at
	160,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,609,80	1,600.00
bį.	Issued, subscribed It fully peld up share Capital 13,697,529 Equity shares of Rs.167+ each	1,569.75	1,569.75
	Total	1,569.75	1,569.75

### c) Howment in equity share capital

Particulars	For the Finan	cini ywer 2021-22	For the Finance	cial year 2020-21
At the Deginning of the year	No. of Sheres 15,697,529	Amount in Rs 1,569.75	No. of Sharm 13, 197, 525	Amount In Rs 1,319.75
Add : Starts found during the year			2,500,003	250.00
At the end of the year	15,697,529	1,569.75	15,697,529	1,569.75

### d) Terms 7 rights attached to equily shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of 8.107- per share referred to herein as equity share. Each holder of equity dense is excited to see notoper share held.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian ruppers. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shandwiden in the emiling Assual General Neeting except in the rain where interim dividend is distributed. During the year ended Nerch 21, 2022 and Marsh 21, 2021, no dividend has been declared by the Company.

In the www. of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company, ofter distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. Such distribution amount will be in properties to the number of equity alteres held by the shareholders.

 Aggregate number of shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting data;

10,000 fully paid up writinary equity shares have been issued as awaat equity shares for consideration other than cash.

### f) Detail of shareholders holding more than 3% shares in the Company

	As at 31 March , 2022		As at 31 March , 3	
	No. of Shares	N of holding	No. of Shares	S of balding
.Hti Swindgaurti Laboratories Ubd. ( Holding Europany)	6,695,499	42.45%	5,695,499	42.6%
Shith Sonie Capital, Ventures	4,787,525	10.526	4,787,52E	30.50%
NB/ril Navda	1,453,385	9.268	1,453,386	9.268
Aspire Emerging Fund	1,003,099	6.375	1,000,000	6.378

\* Sweat equity shares for cansideration other than cash

#/ Pursuant to the provisions of Section 42(1) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Italias made themauter. The Company has allotted 15,00,003 equility shares of Rs 10 each or rights basis on 31st July 2020. Purther, Pursuant to approval of theeholders by way of special modulities in accordance with relevant provisions of Section 42 It 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Italias made therearder, the company approved allotteres of 10,00,000 equity shares of Ps 10 each at an issue price of Ps 30 par equity shares on 29th September 2020.

### h)

### Details of shareholding of all promoters

Shares held by promoter at the cod of the year	As at March 31, 2022		An at 7 31, 3	% Charge during the year	
Promotor Name	Number of sharps	% of rated shares.	Number of shares	% of tend shares	
JHS Sveridgeord Leboratories Ltd.	.6,700,000	49.688	6,700,000	42.663	
Nikirii: Nenda	1,448,885	9,238	1,448,885	9,235	
Suthma Navida	I	5,008	1	0.005	
Ashna Kochar	1	0.000	1	0,001	-

Shares held by prosector at the end of the year	As at March 31, 2921		As at 31,	% Change during the year	
Promotor Name	Number of shares	25 of sotal shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	
.PE Svenilgaard Laboratories (1d.	6,799,000	43.68%	6,700.000	50.771	-8.00%
NIKM Handu	1,448,883	\$.23X	1,299,995	2.021	-0.62%
Sushma Nonda	1	0.000	1	8,909	termine and the
Antru Kachar	1	0.00%	1	1/8/5	LID





16 Other Equity

	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Particulars		
Reserves and Surplus		
Securities premium Deficit in the Statement of Profit and Loss	1,412.34	1,412.34
Total	(1,388.06)	(1,351.98)
	24,28	60,36
a) Securities premium		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Opening balance	1,412.34	1,212,34
Add : Premium on warrant converted into shares	*	
Add : Premium on shares issued	2	200.00
Less : Other changes - Share Issue Expenses	÷	
Closing balance (A)	1,412,34	1,412.34
b) Deficit in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Opening balance	(1,351.98)	(1,383.64)
Add: Profit for the year transferred from the Statement of Profit and Loss	(37.30)	31.28
Add: Profit on the reinstatement of Right of use assets and	1.22	0.38
lease liabilities Closing balance ( B )		
energiance ( d )	(1,388.06)	(1,351.98)
Total reserves and surplus (A+B)	24.28	60.36
		the state of the s





### 17 Borrowings

	Non current		Current maturities		
2000	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	
Secured					
Vehicle Loans from Banks*	1.64	3.67	2.24	2.74	
	1.64	3.67	2.24	2.74	
Amount disclosed under the head Other current financial liabilities (Refer note 20)	-+			(2.74)	
Net Amount	1_64	3.67	2.24		
Total	1.64	3.67	2.24		
	1.04	3,07	2.24		

\* Respective assets are hypothecated against the loans taken to acquire such vehicles. Loan is repayable within a period of 60 months at interest rate in the range of 8% p.a. to 12% p.a starting from December, 2017.

(ii) Lease Liabilities	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Balance as at 1st April	99.60	105.39
Add: Interest expense during the period	14.52	15.57
Lnss: Re-instatement due to lease concession as per Para 46b	2.82	1.56
Less: Cash outflows	21.60	19.80
Balance as at 31st March	89.70	99,60
Non Current	78.32	89.70
Current	11.38	9.90

### **18** Provisions

	Non Current		
	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	
Provision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity (Refernote no. 32)	4,10	6,58	
Provision for Employee Benefits - Leave Encashment (Refer note no. 32.)	0.34	0.82	
	4.44	7.40	





As at	As at
	31 Harch, 2021
0.16	
18.06	25.32
11.1	127.46
18.22	152.79
	0.16 18.06

Outstanding for following periods from due date of poyment 21-22					Total	
Perticular	Not Gas	Less thin 1 year	2-27889	2.7	More than 3	
Trache payablee		and the second second		5-1 years	Vears	
MEME*			- in the second s			
Others		1.01	0.15			
Dispused dues - MSMC*		8.71	9.55	+	+	18.0
Reported does - Others		Tuta	+			
atal		100	+))		-	-
with .		6.72	9.50	+.	-	38.2

Cutationding for following particulations due date of payment 23-21					Total	
Particular	Not Over	Less than 1 year			Nore then 3	
Tropic payolales		Cent of the Lynn	3 - 2 years	3 - Sycare	Years	-
MSME*						14
Others					+	
Nigetted dates - NESUS?		25.82		+	+	25.53
Nepoted class - Office's			-	-		+
Fotal			-	+ +		· ·
		25.32		4		25.32

MASNEE as per the Meuro, Small and Medika's Entertation Development Act, 2025. Ageing for trade peoples cutstanding to at Merch 31, 2023. It as follows

### 29 Other carrent financial Sabilities Particulars

	Terisolary	It March, 2022	Anat
	Current meturities of long-term cube	31 Hearth, 1012	31 Harch, 2021
	interest accrued but not due on barrawings	1.14	2.74
	Poyable to employees:	0.90	0.04
	Expenses pasable*	17.04	32.32
	Column Contractions	16.40	4.16
	*Due to related parts invite rate 37)	52.34	39.26
25	Other current llabdition		
	Particulars	As at	41.14
		31 March, 2022	As at \$1 www.cn, 2021
	Statutory dues	5,61	the second se
	Advance received from Castoners	737.47	1.71
	Advance received from related party		16.31
	and the second starts	2,458.91	
32	Franklan	3,201.99	18.02
	FIGURAR		and the second
		Ja at	As at
		38 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	movision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity (Refer noto ros. 12)	0.09	0.45
	Provision for Employee Benefits - Leave Encisitment (hefer sate on, 12)		
		0.06	0.13
		0.15	0.58
		the second secon	





23 Revenue from operations

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Sale of products*	496.20	436.29
Revenue from operations	498.20	436.29

\* It represents disaggregated revenue information in accordance with INDAS 115.

Reconciliation of revenue recognised with contract price:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March , 2022	
Revenue as per contracted price	595.94	483,45
Adjustments		
Sales return/inter unit	(93.42)	(31.00)
Discount	(4.32)	(16.16)
Revenue from Operations	498.20	436.29

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at year end are, as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Advances from customers (Refer Note no 21)	737.47	16.31

Management expects that the entire transaction price allotted to the unsatisfied contract as at the end of the reporting period will be recognised as revenue during the next financial year.

### 24 Other Income

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Interest income on fixed deposits	0.03	0.02
Miscellaneous Income	26.94	26.21
Net gain on financial asset measured at FVTPL	(3.20)	(9.72)
Shipping Charges recovered	15.18	
Crodit Balances written back	7.14	70.00
Provision written back	3.38	4.81
	49.47	91,32





25 Purchase of stock in trade

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Purchase of Finished Goods	263.32	291.32
	263.32	291.32

26 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade

	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ender 31 March 202
Opening Inventory		
Consumable store	7.50	5,85
Packing material	78.27	21,94
Semi Finished Goods	49.78	56.17
Pirished goods	140.85	127.52
	276.40	211.48
Closing Inventory		
Consumable store	3.40	7.50
Packing material	71.98	78.27
Somi Finished Goods	61.98	49.78
Finished goods	134.44	140.80
	271.80	276.40
	4.60	(64.92)
7 Employee Benefits Expense		
	Year ended 11 March 2022	Year ended

	31 March 2022	11 March 2021
Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	105.40	110,29
Contribution to provident and other funds	6.03	6.04
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	0.44	0.12
Gratuity	1.61	5.53
Employee share-based payment expense		Y1205
Staff Training & Stipends	0.07	0.77
Staff Recruitement Expenses	-	0.95
	113.55	124.20

28 Finance Costs		
	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Interest expense	48.94	16.41
interest on delay in deposit of Statutory dues.		0,12
	48.94	16,53

### 29 Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation of tangible assets Amortisation of intangible assets





Year ended

18.99

1.87

20.86

31 March 2021

Year ended

18.00

1.61

19.61

31 March 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

30 Other expenses		( in minu)
JU Unier expenses	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Rent	-	1.52
Auditor Expenses	0.02	-
Advertisement expenses	0.25	2.67
Business promotion expenses	8.93	8.90
License Fees	14.52	33.46
Brand Promotion Expenses		15.48
Repairs & Maintenace	7.29	4.38
Consumable expenses	6.70	0.24
Freight and cartage outward	22.47	5.60
Insurance	1.03	0.89
Legal and professional fees	5.77	12.91
Rates and taxes	1.42	2.76
Telephone and postage	0.13	0.15
Printing and stationery	0.65	0.90
Travelling and conveyance expenses	9.03	B.64
Commission on sale	49.36	25.29
Sample Exp.	0.66	4.07
Fee Rate & Taxes	1.69	
Auditor's remuneration(refer note 40)	1.35	1.35
Exchange Fluctuation	0.10	
Provision for Doubtful Receivables		6.87
Electricity Expenses	2.12	1.79
Miscellaneous expenses	1.41	5.71
Display and Listing charges		3.30
Amortization of deferred rent expense	0.79	0.03
	135.68	146.91





### **31 Segment Reporting**

The Company is engaged in trading of range of oral and dental products for elite national and international brands. Information reported to and evaluated regularly by the Chief Operational Decision Maker (CODM) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessing performance focuses on business as a whole. The CODM reviews the Company's performance on the analysis profit before tax at overall level.

In accordance with Ind AS 108-"Operating Segments". The Company has identified trading of range of oral and dental products as the only reportable segment.

		(₹ in lakhs)
Revenue from External Customers	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Within India	498.20	436.29
Outside India		
	498.20	436.29

		(₹ in lakhs)
Non Current Assets	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
(Other than financial instruments; Post Employment benefits; Deffered Tax Assets; and right arising under insurance contracts)		
Within India	512.34	109.67
Outside India		
	512_34	109.67





### 32 Employee benefit obligations

The Company has classified various employee benefits as under:

a) Defined contribution plans

- f.) Englayers Provident fund
- il.) Employee State Insurance Scheme

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profil and Loss for the year: (Refer Note- 27)

(€ ini lakha)

Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Contribution to Provident Fund *	4.90	2.14
Contribution to Employee State Insurance Scheme*	1.08	0.90
	4.03	A.04

b) Defined benefit plars

L) Gratuity

iii.) Learse evicasiment.

Gratuity is plyable to eligible employees as per the Company's policy and The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method, which recognizes each period of service as giving me to additional unit of employee benefit entitiement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligations.

Provision fur blave benefits is made by the Company on the basis of actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method.

Liability with respect to the protectly and leave incestment is determined based on an actuartal valuation done by an independent actuary at the year and and is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjustments and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions and are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profile and Loss as income or exposer.

Other disclosures required under Indian Accounting Standards 19 "Employee benefits" are given below:

Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 Narch, 2021	
Discount Rate (per annum)	6.835	6.40%	
Nate of increase in Compensation Levels	7.00%	7.90%	
Reckement age	58	reers	
Montality Table	100% of WLW (2012-14)		
Average withdrawal rate	Withdrawi, Rate	Withdrawi Rate	
au Upto 30 Years	106	10%	
b) From 31 to 44 Years	106	105	
c) Above 44 Years	105	105	

The discount rate has been assumed at 6.83% p.s. (Previous year 6.40% p.s.) based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at

the accounting date for remaining life of employees. The estimates of future salary increase, considered in actuarial valuation, take account

of inflation, seniarity, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market on long term basis.

I) Changes In the present value of obligation	3.1 min All 100	Strassers in	1 101 0 0 0 0	(≮ In lasts)
	Year ended 31	March, 2022	Year ended 31 Aarch, 2021	
Facticulars	Leave Enceshment	Grwtuiky (Usrfundied)	Leave Escashment	Gratuity (Unfunded)
Prevent Value of Obligation as at the beginning of the year	0.95	7.03	2,96	9,97
Acquivition Adjustment	1.1.1			
Interest Cost		0.45	-	0.56
Avail Service Cost.		1.1	+	0.25
Current Service Cost		1.70	-	1.34
Contribution by Plan Participants				
Curtailment, Cost/(Credit)			-	
Settlement Cost/gCredit;				
lenafit Pald		1.00		
kctuartal, (Goins) / Loss artising from		1.2.5		·
Change in Financial assumptions	(0.55)	(0.14)	(7.01)	D.11
Experience variance		(4.82)	10/10	15.65
Present Value of Obligation as at the end of the year	0,40	4,19	0.95	7.03
Current	0.06	0.09	0.13	0.45
Hon Current	0.33	-4.10	0.87	6.58
Total	0,40	4,19	0.95	7.03





	Year ended 31 March,2022		Year ended 31 March, 2021	
Particulars	Leave Encashment	Gratuity (Unfunded)	Leave Encashment	Gratuity (Unfunded)
Present Value of Plan Arset as at the beginning of the year		-		
Acquitaltikan Adjustment			1.00	
Expected Return on Plan Assets				
Actuentel Gelm/(Lass)			2.47	1000
Fund transfer from others company		1.0	-	U 3
Employers Contribution			1.00	. 3
Employees Contribution				
Bonefit Paid	10.0	4		
Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the end of the year	1 F 1			

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 March, 2022		Year ended 31 March, 2021	
Particulars	Leave Enceshment	Gratuity (Unfunded)	Leave Encashment	Gratuity (Unfunded)	
GDI Securities					
PSU Bonda		+			
State/Central Guaranteed			-		
Special Deposits	14	+5			
Nut. Sector					
Asset Invested in Insulance Schmite With The Insurer					

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022		Year ended 31 March, 2021	
	Leave Encestment	Gratuity (Unitunded)	Leave Encadement	Gratuity (Unfunded)
Present Value of funded Obligation as at the end of the year	+			
Fail Value of Plan Assets as at the end of the year		+11		
funded (Asset)/Liability recognized in the Balance Sheet	92			-
Wesn't Value of Unfunded Obligation as at the end of the year	0.40	4,19	0.95	7.0
Unfunded Net Liability Recognised in the Balance Sheet	0.40	4.19	0.95	7.03

	Year unded 31 March, 2022		Year ended 31 Aarch, 2021	
Perticulars	Leave Encashment	Gratuity (Unfunded)	Larve Encashment	Gratuity (Unlunded)
Current Service Cost		1.70		1.94
Past Service Cost			4	
Acquisition Adjustment		1.00		1 m
interest Cost		0.45		0.55
Expected Return on Plan Assets			-	
Cartaliment Cost/(Credit)	-		-	
Settlement Cost/(Credit)	3410			2)
Server's, Paid		1.00		
Remeasurement	00.545		1.00	
Net actuarial (Gains)/Loss				
Employees Contribution				
Total Expenses recognised in the Profit and Low Account	(0.54)	2.15	1.00	2.60

Other Comprehendive Income (OC)	Gratuity (Unfunded)	
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Actuarial (Gams)/Loss arriving from		2.00 C
change is financial assumptions	(0.16)	D.11
Experience variance	(4.82)	(5.65)
Actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the year	(4.99)	(5.53)





VI) Experience Adjustment:	Year ended	31 March, 2022	Year ended 3	81 Harch, 2021
Particulars	Leave Encashment	Gratuity (Unfunded)	Loeve Enceshment	Grobuity (Unfunded)
On Plan Liability On Plan Assets Expected Employer Contribution for the next year				-
VIII Metarity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation	Year ended 31 March,2022		Yes' ended 31 March, 2021	
Tear	Gratuity (Unfunded)		Gratuity (Unfunded)	
0 to 1 Year 2 to 5 Year 5 to 10 Year 10 Year onwards	0.09 1.62 1.49 4.30		0.4 2.5 10.0	
VIII) Naturity Profile of Defined Seneric Obligation	Year ended 3	t March,2022	Year ended 3	1 March. 2021
7ear	Leave End	cashraent	Leave Inc	

	Conversion of the second second	Franke ruckstruktut
© to 1 Year	0.06	G.13
2 to 5 Year	0.19	0.43
6 to 10 Year	0.17	0.40
Never Lines 10 pent	0.23	0.56
	0 to 1 Year 2 to 5 Year 5 to 10 Year Move User 10 year	0 to 1 Year 0.06 2 to 5 Year 0.19 5 to 10 Year 0.17

IX) Sensivity Analysis of the Dafined Senarth Chligation-			
Perticulars	Gratuity (Unfunded)	Leave Encontenent	
Concernance and the second second	2021-22		
impact of charge in discount rate			
Present Value of obligation at the end of the year	6.19	0.40	
<ul> <li>inpact due to increase of 1%</li> </ul>			
<li>b) Impact due to decrease of 18</li>	+		
Impact of change in Salary rate			
Present Value of obligation at the end of the year	4.19	0.40	
a) Impact due to increase of 15			
b) Impact due to decrease of IN	-	-	
Impact of change in Withdrawk rate			
Present Value of obligation at the end of the year	4.19	0.40	
a) impact due to increase of 1%		0.00	
b) Impact due to decrease of 1%			
Description of Risk Experiences :			

Risks associated with the plan provisions are actuarial risks. These risks are:- (f) Salary Increase risk (F)Oliscourie rate (#)Wartably/Disability/ Withdrawala (w)investment risk

I) Salary increase: if actual increase in salary higher than assured then it will increase liability. II) Discount rate: Reduction in yield on govt bond and hence discount rate will increase the liability. IID Martality/Disability/ Withdowais: A charge in these will impact the liability.

In Investment Risk : If plan is funded then Asset Liability mismatch coupled with investment return less then discount rate , then it will have adverse implect on net liability/ aspanues and OCI if any,





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022 JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited)

### 33 Fair valuation measurements

S.Na.	Particulars	Level of		As at 31 March 2022 FVTOCI	- N	2 Amortized cost	Amortized cost
5.Na.	S.No. Particulars	Level of Hierarchy	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized cost	<b>FVTPL</b>	EVTOCI
-	Financial assets Investments						
	Investment in Mutual Fund	4	+-	+	•	101.98	1
	Investment in Preterence shares	+	100.29	F.I.			57
N	Loans		100000				
ļ	Security Deposit	ω	22	×.	5_44	-	ţ
	Others	u	ě.		0.42	5	5
	Trade receivables	ω	2	*	133.11		,
4	Other financial assets	ω	20	ŧ	0.86	•	5.0
u,	Cash & Cash Equivalents	¥	÷	4	87.66	1	
σ.	Bank balances other than cash & cash	1	4	0	0.26	78	
	equivalents	ω					
	Total Financial Assets		100.29	æ	227.75	101.98	
(	Financial Llability						
-	Borrowings including current maturities	w	÷	) <u>#</u>	3.88		
2	Trade & Other Payables	ω	1	*	18,22	22	*3
w	Lease Liabilities	ω	-	2	89.70	3	
4	Other financial Liabilities	ω	47	Œ	52.34	100	8
	Total Financial Liabilities			•	164.14		

a) Fair valuation of financial assets and liabilities with short term maturities is considered as approximate to respective carrying amount due to the short term maturities of these Instruments.

transactions and dealer quotes of similar instruments.

b) - Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation bechniques which maximize the use of observable market - Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. Included in Level 3 Is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market





### 34 Financial Risk Management

### **Risk management objectives and policies**

The Company is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The Company's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarised in Note 34. The main types of risks are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's risk management is coordinated by its board of directors, and focuses on actively securing the Company's short to medium-term cash flows by minimising the exposure to volatile financial markets.

The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed to, are described below:

### **1 INTEREST RATE RISK**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk because funds are borrowed at fixed interest rates. The borrowings of the Company are principally denominated in ruppes and fixed rates of interest.

	31 March ,2022	31 March ,2021
Fixed-rate borrowings including current maturities		
- Vehicle loan	68. É	6,42
Total Borrowings(gross of transaction cost)	58.6	6.47

### 2 CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivable from the customers and from its financing activities, including deposit with banks and other financial instruments.

### Credit risk management

For Bank and Financial institutions, only high rated banks/ institutions are accepted.

For other counter parties, the company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and agoing of account receivables, individual risk timits are set accordingly. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties only.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assets whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the company compares the risk of default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The company considers reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

The cradit risk for each and each equivalents and other financial instruments is considered negligible and no impairment has been recorded by the Company.

### Significant estimates and judgments

### impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets disclosed above are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's pest history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

### 3 LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing ilouidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its ilabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company's is responsible for managing the short term and long term liquidity requirements. Short term liquidity situation is reviewed daily, tenger term liquidity position is reviewed on a regular basis by the Board of Directors and appropriate darktions are taken according to the situation.





### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial biabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gress and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments :

31 March, 2022				
Upto 1 year	to 3 years	3 to 5 year	Above 5 years	Total
2.24	1.64		8	3.88
18.22			÷	18,22
11.38	31.88	46.44		\$9,70
52,34	-			52.34
84.18	33,52	46.44	*	164.14
	18.22 11.38 52.34	Upto 1 year 1 to 3 years 2.24 1.64 18.22 - 11.36 31.88 52.34 -	Upto 1 year 1 to 3 years 3 to 5 year 2.24 1.64 18.22 - 11.38 31.88 46.44 52.34 -	Upto 1 year 1 to 3 years 3 to 5 year Above 5 years 2.24 1.64 18.22 11.36 31.88 46,44 52.34

			31 March, 2021		
	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 year	Above 5 years	Total
borrowings including current maturities	2.74	3.67	+	4	6.41
Track psyables	152.79				152.79
Lease Liabilities	9.90	24.48	40.38	24.84	99.60
Other financial liabilities	36.52	(=)			36.52
Total	201.93	28.15	40.38	24,84	295.32





35 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

		(₹ in lakhs)
	Year ended	Year ended
(i) Contingent Liabilities	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(a.) Claims against the company, not acknowledged as debts		
(As at 3 1st March 2022, claims against the company not acknowledged as debts in repect of TDS Domand Outstanding on the TRACES portal)		
	4.09	3,42
	4,09	3.42
(ii) Commitments		
(a.) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital contracts and not provided for (Net of capital advances for 31st March 2022: Rs 0 takh, for 31st March 2021: Rs 0 takh)		
source reading for a second court, no o courty		2.94
36 Capital Management		

For the purposes of Company capital management, Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital curing the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

		(₹ in lakhs)
	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Equity Share capital	1,569.75	1,569.75
Free Reserve*	(1,388.06)	(1,351.98)

\* Comprises of retained earning and general reserves.

The Gearing Ratio at end of the reporting period are as follows:

	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Non Current Liabilities (Other than DTL)	1.64	3.67
Current Maturities of Long Term Debts	2.24	2.74
Short Term Borrowings	-	
Gross Debt	3.88	6.41
Cash and Cash Equivalents ( to the extent of gross Debts )	(3.88)	(6.41)
Net Debt (A)	0.00	0.00
Total Equity (As per Balance Sheet Date) (B)	1,594.03	1,630.11
Net Gearing Ratio (A/B)	0.00%	0,00%
	and the second sec	history of the second sec



- 37 Related party disclosures
- (a) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

Relationships	Name of Related Party
Parent Company	- JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited
Entities controlled by a person who is a KMP of the Company or a person	- JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited
who has significant influence over the Company	JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited     Anand & Anand Logal Services LLP
Entities which are controlled or jointly controlled by Key Managerial Personnel category or by his/her close family members	- Magna Waves Private Limited

### (b) Key Managerial Personnels (KMP) of the Company

Name of Key Managerial Personnel	Category	Period
Mr. Nikhil Nanda	Director	2021-22
Mrs. Sushma Nanda	Director	2021-22
Mr. Safir Anand	Director	2021-22
Mr. Vinay Mittal	Independent Director	2021-22
Wr. Nikhil Kishorchandra Vohra	Nominee Director	Upto 14.01.2022
Mr. Chhabi Lai Prasad	Director	2021-22
Wr. Pardeep Kumar Bhardwaj	Independent Director	Upto 16.02,2022
Wr. Gaurav Singh	CFO	w.e.f. 06.08.2021 upts 24.03.2022
Wr Ashutosh Sharma	8	upto 21-06-2021
4s. Shalini Deshwal	cs	w.e.f, 07-02-2022
Hr. Gaurae Sharma	G	w.e.f. 20.07.2021 upto 11.10.2021
ár Ashutosh Srivastava	CEO	w.c.f 06.08.2021
Ar Neera) Kumar	CFO	upto 06.08.2021

	As at	(९ in lakks) As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Short- term employee benefits	11.09	19.86
Post- employement benefits		0.32
Long- term employee benefits	-	0.05
Director's Sitting fees		
Share-based payment	+	
Total Compensation	11.09	20.24





140	Transactions	with	and should	mart Los
dest.	Transactions.	witte	1010000	parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

S No.	The following transactions occurred with related parties: Statement of Profit and Loss heads		(₹ in lakh
4.100.	skalement of Profix and Loss meads	As et 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
1.	Income :		
	Sale of Product		
	- JHS Svendgoard Laboratories Limited	13.36	5.90
2.	Expenditure:		
1,	Purchase of Product		
	<ul> <li>JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited</li> </ul>	151,47	248.33
н.	Ront expenses		
	- JHS Svendgaard Laboratries Limited	0.78	0.78
- 1	- Magna Waves Impex Private Limited	0.60	0.50
	<ul> <li>Amortisation of deferred rent expenses</li> </ul>	0.79	0.03
iii.	Interest Exponse on Lease Tablity as per IND AS 116		
	- Hildhil nanda	14.52	15.57
br.	Depreciation Expense on Lease liability as per IND AS 116		
	- Mikhit nanda	13.33	13.63
v.	Electricity and Water expenses		
	- Kildhil nanda	2.22	1.79
	Professional feet for Lademark registration		
	Arand & Anand Legal Services LLP	0.53	0.06
	nterest Expenses		
	- JHS Svendgaard Laboratries Limited	33.41	1.04

JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited)

-		1	(₹ in lakhs)
		As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
t.	Loans/ Advance given		
	<ul> <li>JHS Svondgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited</li> </ul>		15.00
	- Magna Waves Private Limited		200.00
ii.	Loans/ Advance repaid		
	- JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited		15.00
	- Mignis Waves Private Limited	1 2	200.00
н.	Loans/ Advance received-Capital advance		
	<ul> <li>JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited</li> </ul>	725.00	

			(₹ in lakhs)
m	Balance Sheet heads (Closing Balances)	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
	Credit Balances		Web restored to the
١,	Trade Payable/Expense Payable/Advance received payable		
	- JHS Svendgaard Laboratries Limited	2,461.27	127.46
	- Nikhil Nanda.	0.12	0.50
	- Anand & Anand Legal Services LLP	0.51	1.20
	- Magna Waves Private Limited	8 J	0.06
	N & Ro		-11
	* 215 A		Same
	[D ( Hand Man) [2]		151 5

38 Recognition of Deferred Tax Atiet.

In terms of led vs 116, the Cumpany has recognised deferred tax anall appropriating to Rs 374.46 lades in the file ancial statement, an carry fernard business loss and depreciation as the company expects that it will have sufficient taxebie profit in future against which such tax assets will be readilated.

### 38 Earrings per share (EPS)

Particulars	Year unded 31 march 3022	Year ender 34 March 202
(a) Calculation of basic earnings per share	(40.99)	27.19
Loss after tax (before other comprehensive income) (A)	156,93	146.73
no, of weighted everage equity shares (#)	40,281	0.19
Basic Earning(Loss) per share (A/B)	70.001	
(b) Calculation of diluted earnings per share	1.10000	
Loss used for calculating diluced owning per share (C)	[42,99]	27.10
No. of weighted average equity shares	156.95	\$46.73
Effect of dilutive shares	1.22	
Weighted average number of equity shares for fillubid per- share (D)	156.88	145,73
Dilutive Earning/(Loss) per share (C/D)	(0.28)	3.19

40 Audior's Resumerations\*

Participant Construction	Year orded 31 Month 2022	Year-endeti It March 2021
Statutory Audit	0.50	0.50
Tax auth fen	0.25	0.25
Ether matters Limited reviews	0.40	0.60
<ul> <li>Out of podes expenses</li> <li>Internol Financial Control Reporting</li> </ul>	1	
Other Profesional services	1.35	1.15
"Exclusing applicable taxes		

41 Suppliers registered under Nicro, Small and Acdtum Exterprises Development Act, 2006 (ASMED)

The Micro, Small and Methem Exterprises Dave opment act, 2005 (MCMED), promotyped by Government of India came into force with offset lines 2 October 2004. As parities Act, the Company is required to literative the Micro and Addian suppliers and pay them interest on overdam beyond the specified period interpretive of the Lemma agreed with the suppliers. The Company has not received information from any suppliers requiring lines status under MSD and hence disclosures relating to amount unpaid as at the year and together with interest paid(beyonic under this Act have not over given.

42 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

(ii) There are no unhedged foreign currency examine relating to financial instruments.

(ii) Particulars of unhedged familys currency exposure relating to son financial instruments.

	Porvign Durrency(USD)	As at 34 March, 2021(HR)
Advance to suppliers	U.14	9.38
	Foreign Currency(USD)	As at 31 Nerch, 20210NR3
Advance to suppliers	0.18	11.18

#3 1) There is No pending litigation as dr 25.03.2023.

(II) There is the Long Term Contract ( Valuating derivative contract ) exist as on \$1.53,2022 for which there mere any material foreesable tasses.

44 There were no significant event occured after the Italance shoet date .

45 The company is not investing the eligibility officials as prescribed in section 135 of companies aut 2013 for spending on Corporate Section Responsibility and hence on such expenditions has been incurred during the year.

48 The Company has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic on the samping annuals of its property, plant and equipment, investments, investments,





- 47 The Company is its board meeting hold as 09th October, 2020 has approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Analgamatics and Demorger ketween among JHS Seendgeard Laboratories Unrited (Demorged Company/ Transforms Company), JHS Svendgeard Retail Ventures Private United (Resulting Company) and JRS Swendgeard Brands Limited (Treaderor Company) ("Composite Science") under Section 230-232 al the Companies Act, 2013. Thereafter, or a<sup>th</sup> Decomber, 2021, both the stock exchanges viz. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited had granted their mi-objection to the composite scheme. At present, the application for approval of the said composite scheme is pending before Hon?hle NCLT, Chandigath
- ## The Indian Farliament has opproved the Colle on Social Sectority, 2022 which would impact the committuitions by the company towards Prevident Fund and Gratuity. The Windowy of Labour and Employment had evidated dealt rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on Howember 13, 2020, and invited suggestions from stateholders which are under consideration by the Ministry. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are settified. The Company setti give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code tansenses effactive and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

49 Additional Regulatory Information

Tatio	Namerator	Demonfruitor	Current Year	Provinant Year	Vailance
	Turnel Content Amounts	loss served laborate	3.55	6.21	-945
Carrieved Reading Line Identities 1		Fatal mothy	8.00	0.05	-73
Gebt-Example roder ( in Trongs )	Cher and the second sec	Debt Survice + initiated. It hands			-
Code: Services Coverage Ratio On Even E	Earning for Gets senalar- tes molt after taxerflox - CMN operating	payments - principal	0.34	128	-701
A	a contraction of the star after The law preference divide	Average Today wanty	3.515	2.0%	1283
Neturi an egyily refejin %) Traia Resivetis terseverezisio (in times)	Sevenue have operations	Average Tales receivables	3.06	6.82	-15
	Sould furthing the Period	Average Tridee parabler	447	4.40	45
Stade Payaoles bareaux rolls (in the set)		Average working Capital ( Total			
Ros Capital Autocorrosita (in Taxos )	Revenuer Block Opiantician	Curvent search less Total Curvent LightSetil	40	6.47	-3398
	feel Posts after Tex	Vovenar Nore Operations	4.25%	6.23%	-1313
range and the second live (% 1		Capitol Errol systil Total Acorts	-		1000
lianson on Capitel emologies (In 50	Tredit befalle Tax & Finance Cont	Castern Unit.	0.65%	03998	225
		amonge invested fundation amonge invested fundation	+		

Deliveration for charge in rolar is more than 250.

Decree I failed - Lower Varies on eccepted of increases in connect testables, during taxies prove being families. Overlapp Nation: Lower Faile an eccepted discretes in profit during Derived year being on the path failer - Lower Faile and access of discretes in profit during Derived year being on the path failer - Lower Faile and access of discretes in path during Derived year lang break Ration - Lower faile on access of the testance in order during test break Ration - Lower faile on access of the testance in order during

The Eigence of the previous year have been re-grouped if we classified to render them comparable with the figures of the current year. 190

purind. for and an behalf of the Roged of Directors of For Ray & Rey Att Svendgaard Brands Lington Chartered Accountering 1010720 6 on Ø New Dehi Nato Chiludei Lal Presed Hikiri Har 3 Saville Daniel Thinking. Director Partner \* pa DIH : 00051664 2NN. 01286188 Mambers a no.1 695479 O ADO NED Shand Dathwell why Secretary & Compliance Officer 600 PLACE : New Light Date 16.65.2012 stemperable No - x67930

### S.N. Dhawan & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

421, Il Floor, Udyog Vihar Phase IV, Gurugram, Haryana 122016, India

Tec +91 124 481 4444

Independent Auditor's Report

### To the Members of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2022, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, and its loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Cade of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAP") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAP's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	Revenue Recognition Revenue from the sale of goods (hereinafter referred to as "Revenue") is recognised when the Company performs its obligation to its customers and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable. The timing of such recognition in case of sale of goods is when the control over the same is transferred to the customer, which is mainly upon delivery. The timing of revenue recognition is relevant to the reported performance of the Company. The management considers revenue as a key measure for evaluation of performance. Refer Note 2(a) to the Standalone Financial Statements - Significant Accounting Policies	<ul> <li>Principal Audit Procedures Our audit approach was a combination of test of internal controls and substantive procedures including: <ul> <li>Assessing the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies in line with Ind AS 115 ("Revenue from Contracts with Customers") and testing thereof.</li> <li>Evaluating the design and implementation of Company's controls in respect of revenue recognition.</li> <li>Testing the effectiveness of such controls over revenue cut off at year-end.</li> <li>We performed substantive testing by selecting samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year by verifying the underlying documents.</li> <li>Performing analytical procedures on current year revenue based on monthly trends and where appropriate, conducting further enquiries and testing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Based on the above procedure performed, the recognition and measurement of revenue from sale of goods are considered to be adequate and reasonable.</li> </ul>

### Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report including Annexures, Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance Report and other company related information (but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), These reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.



Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action, if required.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 34 to the standalone financial statements;
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;



- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year and has not proposed final dividend for the year.

For S.N. Dhawan & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 000050N/N500045

(Surinder Kr. Khattar) Partner Membership No.: 084993 UDIN: 22084993AJSSAS8456

Place: New Delhi Date: 27 May 2022



### Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 March 2022.

- (i) (a) (A)The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment under which property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year and according to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable.
  - (e) There are no proceedings which have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ii)(a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year, According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no material discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) (b) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investment in, guarantee or security to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. However, the Company has granted unsecured loans, advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to the companies, limited liability partnerships and other parties during the year, the details of which are as follows:

Particulars	Loans	SINAN A
Aggregate amount granted during the year		Ser Se
- Subsidiaries	4727.44 lacs	(s) ) *
- Others	3438.56 lacs	121 12

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Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases		
	2461.28 lacs 1991.15 lacs	

- (b) In our opinion, the terms and conditions of grant of all loans are not, prima facie, prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans amounting to Rs. 2604.40 lacs, the schedule of repayment of principal has been stipulated wherein the principal amounts are repayable on demand and since the repayment of such loans has not been demanded, in our opinion, repayment of the principal amount is regular.
- (d) There is no amount which is overdue for more than 90 days in respect of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to such companies, firms, LLPs or any other parties.
- (e) There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans which are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment in the following cases:

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans/advances in nature of loans - Repayable on deimand (A) - Agreement does not	1218.56 342.35	Nil Nil	3780.80 Nil
specify any terms or period of repayment (B) Total (A+B)	1560.91	Nil	3780.80
Percentage of loans/advances in nature of loans to the total loans	26.21 %	Nil	63.48%

- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither accepted any deposits nor the amounts which are deemed to be deposits during the year and further the Company had no unclaimed deposits at the beginning of the year within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant south a Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under superction (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of Company's products/services and are of the prime that, prime facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained.

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### Annexute A to the Independent Auditor's Report

However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

- (vii)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and other material statutory dues, as applicable, to the appropriate authorities, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following cases:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	Amount paid under Protest (Rs. In Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Sales Tax Act	Sales tax (VAT7 CST)	4.20	0.50	2009-10	Additional Excise & Taxation Commissioner Cum Appellate Authority (SZ) Shimla

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ia)(s) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans were applied for the purposes for which the loans were obtained.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and takant overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the of its subsidiaries.

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### Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- (x)(a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not exise moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
  - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally). Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (x)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- (a)(a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, since no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit, accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
  - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable, and the requisite details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with them covered under Section 192 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions of clause3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable.
- (xvi)(a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial or housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company ("CIC") as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order applicable.



### Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

- (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management, the Group does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order are not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (xvii) of the order are not applicable.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (xviii) of the order are not applicable.
- (xis) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (xx) (a) and (b) of the order are not applicable.

For S.N. Dhawan & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 000059N/N500045

(Surinder.Kr., Khattar) Partner Membership No.: 084993 UDIN: 22084993AJSSAS8456

Place: New Delhi Date: 27 May 2022



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### Annexure B

Independent Auditor's report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

 We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal financial controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the company's business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAL. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating.



Annexare B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of [118] Svendgaard Laboratories Lumited, on the semilatone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed task. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the tisks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial coarrols with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance mganing prevention or rimely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, inaterial misstatements due to error or finand may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to furure periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference ro financial statements may bee me inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or protectures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company lass, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 Match 2022, based on the chieria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S.N. Dhawan & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.:000050N/N500045

(Suninder Kr. Khattar) Pattner UDIN: 22084993AJSSAS8456

Place: New Delhi Date: 27 May 2022



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Particulars	Notes	As at 31 Narch, 2022	As at 31 March, 202
I ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
(a) Property, start and equipment	2.1	5,418.43	5,721.32
(b) Capital work-in-progress	1.2	1,582.69	845.0
(c) Right-of-use assets	3.3	122.39	146.91
(d) Intangible assets	3.4	0.09	0.27
(e) Financial assets			
0 Investments	4	1,538.63	1,421.00
10 Loans	5		12.60
iii) Other financial assets	0	420.32	15.73
<li>(f) Deferred tax resets (net)</li>	7	269.44	611.00
(g) Non-correct tax assets (net).	8	55.80	111.05
(h) Other non-current assets	9	3,228.95	2,375.85
Total non-current assets		12,636.75	11,309.96
2 Current assets	11.7-12		
(a) Inventories	10	914.91	871.23
(b) Financial assets			0.47007224
<ol> <li>Trade receivables</li> </ol>	11	1,618,58	5,899,44
<ol> <li>Cash and cash equivalents</li> </ol>	12	430,76	1,652,53
(ii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13	117,16	35.04
W) Losns	14	3,822.99	774.82
<ul> <li>v) Other financial assets</li> </ul>	15	543.19	479,92
(c) Other current assets	16	1,024,56	964.34
Total current assets		8,472,16	10,147,34
Total assets		21,108.91	21,448.30
II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			e1/116/00
1 Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	17	6,490.05	A - 37 AM - 404
(b) Other equity	18		6,440.05
Reserves and Surplus:	10	12,486.55	12,707.76
Total equity		18 474 40	
2 LIABILITIES		18,976.60	19,147.81
A Non-current llabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
II Borrowings		1022-005	22723
ii) Lense Liabilities	19[1)	36,56	33,29
	\$9(11)	141.88	161.96
(b) Provisions	20	149.48	\$28.85
(c) Other non-current Liabilities	21	143.99	
Total non-current Babilities B Current Babilities		471.91	324.10
**************************************			
(a) Financial liabilities	122330	0526535	
() Borrowings	19(1)	18.11	33,99
II) Trade payables			
<ul> <li>total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises</li> </ul>	22	196.04	287.93
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	22	1,113.74	0.90/20
(ii) Lease Liabilities	19(8)	19.91	1,236.71
(v) Other financial flabilities	23	187.70	17.87
(b) Other current liabilities	24		323.74
(c) Provisions	20	103.57	62.37
Total current liabilities	10		13.82
Total Itabilities		1,660.40	1,976.39
Total equity and liabilities		2,132.31	2,300.49
1 where we have a support of the sup		21,108.91	21,448.30

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Basis of Preparation

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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As per our report of even dated attached

For S. N. Dhawan & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.:000050N/R\$00045

Ŀ Surinder Kr. Rhattar Partner Membership No.: UMIWAS

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Place : New Delhi Date : 27 May, 2022

Re For and on behalf of Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited WR 1 H Nikhii Nanda Ministel Pathak Managing Director Director DIN 00051501 DIN: 00051534 w Û Ashish Gael T-1 Noural Hund Chief Firancial Officer Joint Chief Finandial Office Channels Singh Patila Inv Dothi

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YE	CAR ENDED ST MARCH, 2022		(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	Notes	Year ended	Year ende
Income		31 March, 2022	31 March, 202
I Revenue from operations	75	2 000 10	0 100 10
II Other income	25 26	7,990.59 814,39	9,696.15
III Total income (I +II)	20	8,804,98	554.78
Expenses		6,004.90	10,250.93
Cost of materials consumed	27 A	5,368.24	6 400 04
Purchase of stock-in-trade	28.8	53,97	6,402.24
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in pr		53.77	100.63
stock-in-trade	28	253.45	1700 87
Employee benefits expense	29	993,78	179,83 838,03
Finance costs	30	49,94	45.25
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	31	539.65	45.43
Other expenses	32	1,294.05	1,808.81
IV Total expenses	25	8,612.59	9,931,22
To an esperior		0,012.39	A <sup>1</sup> A33.787
V Profit/ (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III	LIV)	192.39	319.71
VI Exceptional items		176.07	317.71
VII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V+VI)		192.39	319,71
III Tax expense	33	194097	263.71
a) Current tax	25	92.09	52.57
b) Tax for previous years		1.50	(131.42
c) Deferred tax charge/(credit)		342.97	121.95
IX Profit/ (Loss) for the year from continuing operati	ens (VII-VIII)	(244.17)	276,61
X Profit/(Loss) for the year			
A Pront/(Loss) for the year		(244.17)	276.61
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to p	profit or lass		
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit	plans	5.76	6.53
Less: Income tax expense relating to Items that will			0.00
reclassified to profit or loss	31	(1.60)	17.00
xi	31	(1.60)	
Total Other comprehensive income for the year, r	net of tax	4,16	4.71
		10000	20.4155.41
GI Total comprehensive income for the year (X+X)		(240.01)	281.32
III Earnings per equity share			
a) Basic (Face value of + 10 each)	44	(0.38)	0.45
b) Diluted (Face value of = 10 each)	44	(0.38)	0.45
Rack of Dramaration	100		
Basis of Preparation	1		
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even dated attached

For S. N. Dhawan & CO LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.:000050N/N500045

Surinder Kr. Khattar Partner Membership No.: 084993



For and on behalf of Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited 4 k Nikhii Nanda MuRof Pathak Managing Director Director DIN : 00051501 DIN : 00054534 TA: Ashish Goef Neeral Kumar Chief Financial Officer, Joint Chief Financial Offic

amvir Sing 290ª

Chief Executive Officer

Place : New Delhi Date : 27 Nay, 2022 Chief Pinancia Cringer

### STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2022

_			(* in lakhs
	Particulars	Year Ended 31 March, 2022	Year Ender 31 March, 2021
Α.	Cash Flow from Operating Activities	Sarrost	Sector 2
	Profit before exceptional items and tax	192.39	319.71
	Adjustments for:		
	Provision for Inventories written back (Net)	(37.08)	(7.29
	Depreciation and Amortization	589.65	556.43
	Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	1000	5.03
	Interest income	(247.64)	(31.92
	Government grant amortization	(63.85)	(3.00
	Provision to longer required written back	(12.04)	(353.02
	Balances and Advances written off	15.69	328.67
	intanaible assets under development written off	-	2022232 75
	Balances and Advances written back	(346.68)	(57.92
	Turnover & Quantity discounts from Vendor	(12.78)	1.00
	Profit on sale of investment	(0.62)	
	interest and financial charges	49,94	45.25
	Not gain on financial asset mandatorily measured at FVTPL		100000
	Exchange loss/(gain) (Net)	(45.29)	61.65
	Fair value adjustments	7.63	(15.83
	Operating profit before working capital changes	19.33	847.77
	Adjustments for :		
	Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(80.77)	(554.07
	Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	4,132.90	3,598,13
	Increase)/Decrease in Current Loans	(3.548.17)	4,50
	Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	(60.22)	(6.78
	Increase)/Decrease in other current Asset	(OPILE)	5.42
	Increase)/Decrease in Investment in bank deposits (having original, naturity of more than 3 months)	(404.60)	(10.44
	Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Financial assets	(180.91)	(342.35
	Increase)/Decrease In Non current Loans	12.65	(1.65)
. 1	Increase)/Decrease in Other non-current assets	(837.32)	258.74
1	ncrease/ (decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	(169.99)	(156.54)
1	ncrease? (decrease) in Trade payables	(214.86)	(1,941.30)
	ncrease/ (decrease) in Lease Liabilities	(18.04)	7.42
	nertase/(decrease) in Other Non Current Pinoneial Liabilities	143,99	÷
	ncrease/ (decrease) in Short term previsions	7.51	(0, 39)
1	ncrease/ (decrease) in Long term provisions	20.63	18,52
	ncrease/ (decrease) in Non Current financial liabilities	21 64.0	17.88
	ricrease/ (decrease) in Other Current liabilities	41,20	(125.09)
	Cash (used) from operations	(1,096.78)	1,619.77
10	Taxes Paid	(30.78)	(77.34)
	Net cash generated/(used) from operating activities	(1,127,55)	1,542.43
	ash Flow from Investing Activities		
	urchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(261.37)	(832.10)
	Sight-of-use		2.83
	roceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Eccipment		1.20
	urchase of Mutual Funds		(1,584.94)
	roceeds from sale of Mutual funds		1,595.74
1	roceeds from sale of debentures		234.96
	nterest income received	247.64	22.12
	receeds from repayment of loan to Corporates	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	0.36
	hange in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use	(82.10)	1.51
	let Cash generated/(used) in investing activities	(95,81)	(558,32)





C,	Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
	Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings	3.27	(2.28)
	Proceeds from? (repayment of) short term borrowings	18.11	
	Repayment of lease liabilities	(44.85)	(35,75)
	Proceed from share capital and securities premium	100.00	700.00
	Proceed from of Share Warrant.	(25.00)	25.00
	Interest and financial charges	(49.94)	(45.22)
	Net increase from financing activities	1.59	641.75
	Net Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,221.77)	1,625.86
	Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	1,652.53	26.67
	Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	430.76	1,652.53
	Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year		
	Cash on hand	23.49	11.26
	Balances with banks		
	<ul> <li>on current account</li> </ul>	405:07	1,641.27
	- in term deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less	2,20	
	Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 12)	430.76	1,652.53

Note:- The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in IND AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows.

As per our report of even dated attached

For S. N. Dhawan & CD LLP Chartened Accountants Firm Registration No.:000050N/N500045

Surinder Kr. Khattar Partner Membership No.: 084993

Place : New Delhi Date : 27 May, 2022



For and on behalf of Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

Nikhil Nanda

Managing Director DIN : 80051564

Ashish Goel Chief Financial Officer

Mukul Pathal: Director DIN : 00051534

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Invir Singh Pabla Chief Executive Officer

Firm Daily

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED IT MARCH, 2022 JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORLES LIWITED

A. Equity Share Capital

ALC: ALC: NO. 1 MACHINE		The second secon
Balartor as at D1 April, 2021	Changes in equity share control during the year	Release as at 15 March 2022
9,440.05	WW.	TABLE AND DESCRIPTION OF AN ADDRESS AND ADDRES
Salarce et at 01 April: 2020	ALC: NO DE COMPANY	20/06045
	Unenges in equity state capital ournig the year	Belance as at 31 March, 2021
01040/0	+	A 440 (N
		TOTAL TO

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		triduct pup available	a surpus		Other Compreheistvie Income	Norwy Received against Share	Tetal Down
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of net defined benefit plans	warrants	
Balance as at 04 April, 2024	241.45	201125.0	6.68	Z.647.16	13.42	19,01	YZ 401 CA
Profit/(Loss) for the year				1244.175		Value V	NC+ WILL
Other Comprehensive Income					24.5		Tanana a
Total Campretensive income for the year				1244.175			01.0
							1000010
Transection with genera in cosecity as owners							
Ardjustment pertaining to a loan given to shareholder		5	10	(6.20)	.*.		(62.30)
Share Warrants converted into Shares	×					135,000	IN DO
Premium on werrant, converted into shares		30.05				Taken a	100.00
Balance as at 31 March, 2022	244,95	9,423,05	6.60	2,356.78	18.09		12,485.55

		A NUMBER OF TAXABLE PARTY.				The state of the s	and the second se
		VINGLING DUM MALANUNG	vinda		Other Comprehensive Interne	Money Received against Stare	ital Other Equ
	Capital Reserve	Securitries Premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Rememberement of met defined benefit plans	warrants	
Balance as at 01 April, 2020	201.90	CD'322'&	893	2,578.86	64		13.040.05
Propit for the year	(A)			276.65			19 W.C
Other Comprehensive treame	+	,			10.1		10.1
Total, Compretensive Income for the year			+	296.45			10 101
							101-10
Transaction with owners in capacity as owners-							
Adjustment pertaining to a loss given to sharsholder		34.00	10	18.31		25,00	346.05
Balance as at 31 planch, 2021	241.95	9,573,05	6.68	2.RIT.56	11.02	36.00	The last Co

and purpose of reserves. Refer Jose no. 18 tor

Datis of Preparation Significant accounting policies

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The accompanying notes are in integral part of these financial statements As per our report of even dank attached

S-scott Firm Registration (10, 000350) Yor I, N. Dhavan & CO LIP Chatterel Accountants -A -

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Mukul Pathek

For and on behalf of Board of Orectors AFS Prendgaard Laberatories Limited

Director DIN : 00061534

Join Chief Phanelas Offician Mented Kum

Chief Phancial Officer



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Place : New Dehi Date: 27 May, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### Background

JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in india and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act. The Company is engaged in monofecturing a range of eral and cental products for alite national and international brands. The main portfolio of the Company is to carry out manufacturing and exporting of eral care and hygiene products including toothbrushes, toothpastes and mouthwash. The Company's shares are listed for trading on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the BSE Limited.

### 

### a) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standard

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2014 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakin as per the requirement of Division II. Ind AS Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27th May 2022.

### b) Basis of measurement

An entity shall prepare its financial statements, except for cash flow information, using the accrual basis of accounting.

### c) Critical estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will soldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different, than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected like item in the financial statements.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgments are:

### i. Useful life of property, plant and Equipment.

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the lowel of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews, at the end of each reporting date, the useful life of property, plant and equipment and changes. If any, are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

### 9. Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is based on estimates and assumptions regarding in particular the expected market outlook and future cash flows. Any dranges in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount and could result in impairment.

### 95. Estimation of defined benefit obligation

Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawel rates as well as assumptions concerning future developments in discount rates, the rate of salary increases and the inflation rate. The Company considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate and documented. However, any charges in these assumptions may have a material impact on the resulting calculations.

### iv. Estimation of deferred tax assets for carry forward losses and current tax Expenses

The Company review carrying amount of deferred tax assets and Liabilities at the end of each reporting period. The policy for the same has been explained under Note No 2(c).

### v. Impairment of trade receivables

The Company review carrying amount of Trade receivable at the end of each reporting period and provide for Expected Credit Loss based on estimate.





### vi, Fair value measurement

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of Financial instrument where active market codes are not available. Details of assumption used are given in the notes regarding financial assets and liabilities. In applying the valuation techniques management makes maximum use of market inputs and uses estimates and assumptions that are, as fast as possible, consistent with observable data that market participant would use in pricing the instrument where application data is not observable, management uses its best estimate about the assumption that market participant would make. These estimates may vary from actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the discumstances.

### d) Others

Financial statements has been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the applicable indian Accounting Standards prescribed in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended based by the Winistry of Corporate Alfains.

### e) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the financial statement based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or

 Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current,

### A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

Al, other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified at non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

### f) Foreign currency translation

() Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates i.e. 'the functional currency'. The Financial Statements are presented in Indian ruppe (INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates at the data of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses from settlement of such transactions and from translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the reporting date exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a not basis within other income? expenses.

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

### a) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

### Sale of goods

For sale of goods, revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred at a point in time Le. when the goods have been dispetched to the location of customer. Following dispetch, the customer has full discretion over the responsibility, manner of distribution, price to sell the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable is recognised by the Company when the goods are clipatched to the customer as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the possage of time is required before payment is due. Payment is due within 10-15 days. The Company considers the effects of variable consideration, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer (if any).

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### Variable consideration

If the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be excited in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly grobable that a significant revenue reverse in the amount of cumulative revenue recognited will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is autoequamity resolved. The Company recognites changes in the astimated amount of variable consideration in the period in which the change occurs. Some contracts for the sale of goods provide customers with volume rebates and pricing incentives, which give rise to variable consideration.

Rebates are offset against amounts payelitie by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future robates, the Company applies the most likely amount method for contracts with a single-volume threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The Company then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund Liability for the expected future robates.

### Contract balances

### Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before poyment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in Note No 2(i) Financial assets - Initial recognition and subsequent measurement.

### Contract Eablitties (which the Company refer to as advance from customer)

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer, if a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as invenue when the Company performs under the contract.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

### Cost to obtain a contract

The Company page sales commission to its selling agents for each contract that they obtain for the Company. The Company has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract which allows the Company to immediately expense sales commissions (included in 'commission on sales' under other expenses) because the amortization period of the asset that the Company otherwise would have used to one year or less.

Costs to fulfil a contract i.e. freight, insurance and other setting expenses are recognized as an expense in the period in which related revenue is recognized.

### Financing components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

### **Rendering of services**

Service income includes job work and its revenue is recognized when the performance obligation to render the services are completed as percontractually agreed terms.

### b) Other Revenue Streams

### Interest income

Interest income from debt instrument is recognised using the effective interest rate (ER) method. ER is the rate which exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the ER the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayments, extensions, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

### **Dividend kicone**

Dividends are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

### Export incontives

Expert incentives principally comprise of duty drawback. The bonefit under these incentive schemas are available based on the guideline formulated for respective schemes by the government automities. Duty drawback is recognized as revenue on accrual basis to the extent it is probable that realization is certain.

### Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipteent are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the Statement of Profit and Less on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets and presented within other income.



### c) Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it rotates to an item which is recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is recognized in 'Other comprehensive income' or directly in equity, respectively.

### Current Tax

Current tax is based on tax rates applicable for respective years on the basis of tax law enacted and substantively enacted by the reporting date. The Company establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Current tax is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

### **Deferred** Tax

Deferred income taxes are calculated without discounting on temporary differences between carrying amounts of insets and liabilities and there tax base using the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Tax losses evaluable to the carried forward and other income tax credit available to the entity are assessed for recognition as deferred tax assets.

### Deferred tax liabilities are always provided for in full.

Deferred tax asset are recognised to the extent that is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary differences will be utilized against future taxable income. This is assessed based on Company's forecast of future operating income at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to off set current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable

entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to sattle the balances on a net basis.

### Winimum Alternative Tax (WAT)

Ninimum alternate tax credit entitlement paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefit in form of adjustment to future tax liability, is considered as an asset to the extent management estimate its recovery in future years.

### d) Leeses

The determination of whother an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

### As a lessoe

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Concentry assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has indistantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the tease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for lesses with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leales) and low value lesses. For these short-term and low value losses, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the losse liability adjusted for any losse payments mole at or prior to the commencement date of the losse plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. BOU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent. of those from other assets, in such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinatic, using the incremental borrowing rates . Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lease liability and ROJ assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

### As a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



### e) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Assessment for impairment is done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. Indefinite life intangibles are subject to a review for impairment annually or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that it is necessary.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets is considered as a cash generating unit. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synorgies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or ilabilities of the acquire are assigned to those units.

If any indication of impairment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset/cash generating unit is made. Asset/cash generating unit whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount by recognizing the impairment loss as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Lost. The impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if any) allocated to the cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rate based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset or cash generating unit and from its disposal at the end of its useful. life. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in perior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. An impairment loss is reversed only to the eatent that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization. If no impairment loss necognized an amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization. If no impairment loss necognized, an impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

### f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are shert-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### g) Inventories

(I) Raw materials, packaging materials and stores and spare parts are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Cost includes purchase price, taxes (excluding levies or taxes subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. However, these items are considered to be realizable at cost if finished products in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost.

(ii) Work in progress, manufactured finished goods and traded goods are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Cost of work in progress and manufactured finished goods is determined on the weighted average basis and comprises direct material, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition.

(iii) Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(iv)The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on an item by item basis.

### h) investments in Subsidiaries

Investment in equity of subsidiaries is accounted and carried at cost less impairment in accordance with Ind AS 27.

### () Financial Assets other than investment in Subsidiaries

### (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and

- these measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the crish flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in Statement of Profit and Loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equily instruments, this will depend on which the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equily investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.





### (ii) Initial Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (III) Subsequent Measurement

### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

 Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cush flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired, interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective imment rate method.

• Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OC, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains' (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other moore using the effective interest rate method. At present no financial assets fulfil this condition.

 Fair value through profit or loss(FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and prosonted not in the Statement of Profit and Loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

### Equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of ind AS 109, are measured at fair value. At Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. Dividends from such investments are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in other income when the Company's right to receive proments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other gain/ (losses) in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of Impairment losses) on equity investments measured at PVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

### (iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category. For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. The Company's trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses 1.e. expected cash shortfall. The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (v) De recognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when:

The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

 retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the tinancial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.





### j) Financial Liabilities

### initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, not of directly attributable transaction costs.

### Subsequent measurement

### Financial liabilities at amortized cost

After initial measurement, such financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in the profit or loss.

### Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually prid within the operating cycle of the business. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

### Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds met of transaction costs) and the redomption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan.

Borrowings are removed from the Balance Shoet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been exclinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other gains/(losses).

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the entity issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognised in the Statement or Profit and Loss, which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

### Derecognition

A financial tiability is derecognized when the obligation under the tiability is discharged or cancelled or expres. When an existing financial tiability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original tiability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

### k) Property plant and equipment

Preebold land is carried at historical cost. Other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes(wherever applicable), less accumulated depreciation and amortization, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price, any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use and initial estimate of costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site if any.

Where cost of a part of the start is significant to the total cost of the assets and useful lives of the part is different from the remaining asset, then useful tive of the part is determined separately and accounted as separate component.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is deracognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.





An asset's carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognizion of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognized.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements on transition to ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its desired cast as at the date of transition.

### I) Intangible Assets

An intampble asset is recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the interprise and where its cost can be reliably measured, intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any, Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Losses among from retirement of , and gains or losses on disposals of intangible assets are determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds with carrying amount of assets and recognised an income or expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its intangible assets as recognised in the financial statements on transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost an at the date of transition.

### m) Capital Work in progress/ Intangible under development

Capital Work in progress/ intangible under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of capital projects/ intangible assets under development and are carried at cost. Cost includes related sequaition expenses, development cost, borrowing cost(wherever applicable) and other direct expenditures.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its Capital Work in progress/ intangible under development as recognised in the financial statements on transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition.

### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on Property plant and equipment has been provided on straight line method in accordance with the provisions of Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013. The Management believes that the estimated useful lives as per the provisions of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except for moulds and dies, are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Based on internal assessment and technical evaluation, the management has assessed useful lives of moulds and dies as five years, which is different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Intangible assets comprising of computer software are amortized over a period of five years.

Deprectation and amortization on addition to Property plant and equipment is provided on pro rata basis from the date of assets are ready to use. Deprectation and amortization on sale/deduction from Property plant and equipment is provided for upto the date of sale, deduction, discardment as the case may be.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and edjusted prospectively. If appropriate,

### o) Borrowing Costs

Berrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Sorrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

### p) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A Provision is recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current ,market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.



Contingent liabilities are possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Where it is not probable that an outflow of oconomic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits in remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management/ independent experts. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

### q) Employee Benefits :

### (i) Short-term obligations

Short term benefits comprises of employee cost such as salaries and bonuses including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the imployees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the Ilabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet.

### (ii) Post employment obligations

### **Defined Senefit Plans**

### Gratuity obligations

The Company provides for the retirement benefit in the form of Gratuity. The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Lass. Remeasurement of gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the Statement of Changes in Equity and in the Balance Sheet.

### **Defined Contribution Plans**

### Provident Fund

All the employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under Provident Fund, which is defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the employer make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate as per the provisions of The Employees Provident Fund and misoellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India.

### Employee state insurance

Employees whose wages/salary is within the prescribed limit in accordance with the Employee State Insurance Act, 1948, are covered under this scheme. These contribucions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India. The Company's contributions to these schemes are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions.

### iii) Other Long-term Employee Benefit Obligations

### Leave encashment

The liabilities for accumulated absents are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The henefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Shoet If the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.





### r) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period, are adjusted for events of bonus issued to existing shareholders.

For the purpose calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### s) Segment Reporting

In Line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, and on the basis of the review of operations by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), the operations of the Company fall under Manufacturing of Oral Care products, which is considered to be the only reportable segment.

### t) Measurement of fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability is an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Normally at initial recognition, the transaction price is the best evidence of fair value.

However, when the Company determines that transaction price does not represent the fair value, it uses inter-alla valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All financial assets and financial itabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. This categorisation is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or ltabilities.

Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 1 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation at the end of each reporting period.

### u) Assets held for Sale

Non-Current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through a sale (rather than through continuing use) when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset (or disposal group) and the sale is highly probable and is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-Current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

### v) Exceptional items

An item of income or expense which its size, type or incidence requires disclosure in order to improve an understanding of the performance of the Company is treated as an exceptional item and the same is disclosed in the Statement of Prohit and Loss.

### w) Applicable standards/notifications issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from 1st April, 2022.





JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March. 2022

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

			GROSS BLOCK (AT COST	( AT COST)		ACCU	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION & AMORTIZATION	UNTON & AMORTIC	NOUTAS	NET 8	NET BLOCK
Particulars		As at 01 April, 2021	Additions	Disposalu' adjustments	As at 31 March, 2022	An ad 01 April, 2021	Deprectation B amortization for the year	Disposals/ adjustments	Ak at 31 March, 2022	An an 31 Juarch, 2012	Aa at March 31, 202
Property, Plane and Equipment											
Freehold Land		363,29	+	92	563,1595		4	-		62-195	62-153
Factory Building		1,901.06		4	81,102,1	352,13	19.92		426.74	おうちゃい	1,148,95
Office Bulicing		143.BF	÷.	4	143.01	30.22	0.04	÷.	36.26	100.75	112.279
Plant & Machinery		4,460.90	1,90	2.e	4,462.80	1,454,45	251.55	1	1,300.01	2,654.79	3,006.45
Meruld & Dres		361.90	45.20	4	402.10	220.10	49.02		260.31	61.7E1	19-128
Electronic Equipment		191.19	0.30		54 - 161	162.09	1.35	à	163.63	13.13	~
Lab Equipment,		5.63	1		5.63	4.64	0,03	jî,	4,68	92.0	0.7
Leasehold improvements		160.55	3		160,55	8.4	18.93	545	67.74	HT E6	112.
PUTTIBURE & FUIDAGE		109.22	0.70	÷	109.92	74,06	7,00	×	61.06	30,05	20.25
Diffice Equipment		41.06	2.30		43.35	22.32	5.55	90	22.82	15.48	
Wencie		172.93	213.06	39	46.534	122.51	48.21	4	170.72	IT.EVE	11
Computer		5.84	0.57	×	6.3	4.11	0.39	Ì	4.50	18.1	
Computer retwork		0.27	a.	+	0.27	0.23		-te	0.23	6.0	0.0
	Total	8,216,87	242.00	45	2,478.67	2,495.55	564.65		3,060.43	5,418,43	5,721.32
	Previous year	7,572.44	044.00	0.54	8,216.87	1.964.32	531.54	00.00	2,495.55	5,721.32	

### 3.2 Cal

repiter work-muchical					
Particulars	tat	As at 01 April, 2021	Additions	Capitalised	As etc. 31 March,
and & Building		212.60	16.67		12.422
mputer		0,13			0.0
Functions & Finances		1.20	0.74		11.2
voold		8.10	5		8.9
PRM		10/08/	16'029		E2.015.1
Valuetes		182.27	1,20	131.47	
Pre-operative expenses			31,54		17.TE
	Tetal	885.09	881.05	153.47	1,382.69
	Previous wear	497.97	247.42	30.29	885.09

Subtal work in program aprila

Ageing for capital work in progress as at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Amount	In capital work in	progress for a per	rind of	Total
	Lets than typear	1-2 years	2-1 years	Nore than 3 years	
Projects in progress	831.05	421.91	62,43	217.29	1,582.69
Projects temporally suspended	,			T	

Ageing for capital work in progress as at March 11, 2021

Particulars	Amount	th copital work in pr	progress for a pe	ried at	Total
	Less than tyear	1-2 years	2-1 years	Nore than 3 years	
hojects in progress	605.35	62.43	217.29		885.09
rejects temporally suspended			+		1





# JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### 3.3 Right of Use Assets

Particulars	Amount
Belance as at April 1, 2021	146.98
Additions	*
Defetions/Adjustment	
Deprectation	(24,60
Balance as at March 31, 2022	122.39

### 3.4 Intangible assets

		GROSS BLOC	1K (AT COST)		ACCU	ACCUMULATED DEPRECU	ATION & AMORTI	ZATION	HET	HET BLOCK
Indiculars	36 ac 01 April, 2021	Additions	Disposatur adjustments	As at 31 March, 2022	AA 46 01 April, 2025	Depreciation fit amortization for the year	Disposals' adjustments	As at 31 March, 2022 3	As at 31 March, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Computer voltware	9.20	*	*	62.20		0.12		9.10	0.09	
stal	9.20		0.00	9.20	8,93	0.17	•	9.10	60.0	0.17
Previous year	97.6	8	•	9.20		0.29	4	8.03	0.37	





JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

- 4 Financial Asset Non Current Investments
- A Investment carried at cost

			311	As at 31 March, 2022		311	As at 31 March, 2021	
		Face value	Proportion of the ownership interest	Number of shares	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Proportion of the ownership interest	Number of shares	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
	Investments in subsidiaries in equity instruments (Un-quoted) (I) JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	Rs. 10	42,68%	67,00,000	770,00	42.68%	57,00,000	770.00
	(ii) JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited (iii) JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited	Rs. 10 Rs. 10	306'66	9,995	1.00 650.00	99,99% 99.82%	966,9	1.00
	Total			6.01	1,421.00			1,421.00
82	investments carried at fair value through prefit $\hat{\boldsymbol{\alpha}}$ loss							
			Fair value N	Fair value Number of Units	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Fair value	Number of Units	Amount (* in lakhs)
	Mutual Fund units (Quoted)		1,069.37	00011	117.63			
	Total			11	117.63		1.1	
	Aggregate amount of Investments (A+B)			1.1	1,538.63		0.03	1,421.00
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investment at cost Aggregate amount of quoted investment at cost Aggregate market value of quoted investment				1,421.00 110.00 117.63	Store Color	A Sear Com	1,421.00

306

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

5 Financial Asse	et - Non - c	urrent loans
------------------	--------------	--------------

5 Financial Asset - Non - current loans		(₹ in lakhs)
	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Unsecured, considered good Security deposit to related partles (Refer Note No.39)	-	12.65
		12.65

6 Other non- current financial assets

o other non- current manual asses		(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Deposits with Banks having maturity period of more than twelve months*	20.76	15.48
Advance to Employee	385.01	2
Security deposit with related party	14.55	2
Interest accrued on non current fixed deposits	<u>40</u>	0.25
	420.32	15.73

\* includes pledged & Margin money deposited with various government authorities amounting to Rs. 19.76 lakhs (31 March, 2021: Rs. 14.48 lakhs).





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# Notes to the financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2011.

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Lease Lediduces		(20°02)
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Performed that assess on account of:		
Application for party	43/1	87. 1
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Fronteer for guarding	59.00	<b>50</b> °62
Proverse for dewitting advonce	121	(b) 295
Provide the past enclosed	11.144	10/01
Right of use mean	1919A	60°4
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Other umporary differences	3.27	<b>7</b> .1
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• secott a las	274	f14.60	<b>A</b> .8	44.551	(63.56)	(135,90)
<ul> <li>We obtain comprehensive income</li> </ul>		(31.0	•			(2) I)
Jrt 31 Jourse, 2021		11.23	6,84	(13 E)	961,51	611,00
ChargedP(Credited):						
- Addition of the second se						•
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75 March, 2017

Notes to the Effective Statements for the year ended 31 Wareh, 1021

### B Hon chargest tax assets (set)

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Particular,	As 41. 31 March, 2023	44 at 34 siarch, 3021
Advance Income tax and You deducted at sounds	75.40	163 🖬
Less: Providue for Longers	(19 60)	(52.57)
	\$5,60	111.07
9 Oches non-convent assets		(t m laktaj
Part izv jem	84 at 31 Narch, 2022	Ac at 31 Janch, 2021
Capital actuation" Unsequined (considered good) Unsequined (considered doubling) Lette: Provision for doubling capital advances Security dobabit	2,542.12 738 88 (728.83) 551.70	1.702 21 790 35 (790 35) 577, 13
Propaul coperson Incl AS Adjustingna on Deficient Scall Advance Defended revis expense	5.7' 6(0,24 6 00	1.27
	7,229.95	2,375 85

Expiral advance includes advance given to related barty (Neter lager No. 39)

### 10 invencories

10 érvencortes		(T in lyides)
Parkuss	As at 31 Manch, 2022	اد بار 31 Harch, 2321
Rev Automals	316 36	404.34
Packing material	2E7.#8	235 49
World in progress	#1 <b>7</b> 60	B1.07
finished goods	27.24	125.02
	16.57	70.02
Lett: Providen for observice & démunition in value'	110 251	(47.44)
	414, Ş-	671.23
"Anavision for observance & dimension in value		
Oserving balance	47,44	54 72
Addition during the year		•
Revenced during the week	(27.09)	(7.24)
Craning belience		47.44



# MIS SYRMDGAMED LAGORATONIES LIMITED Motos to the Franklin Statements for the year enough 31 MMrch. 2022

11 Trede recentablen Rafee mits. 2(s) for accounting policy on bade receivable		
	31 March, 2822 31 March, 2021	31 March, 2021
insde moortenste completed good i second		
Pratie recensibles considered good - Uniscured	9C 914' I	3,869.44
Trade recentives which have applicated accesses in conductry.		
Trude vestrakter - Gredit, imgeired		
Lets) Allowance for Espectred ordin loss		•
	1,418.58	A.408.4
The moreners in allomance for econcised credit to a la estivitience.		
للهورمجو بالادامة لاجريما ستجرع والرضع بعودا		12 41
Charge in allowance for coeffit, mosfernent during the year		•

## Aprilia for these networks content outstanding as all 33 Milech 2023.

1272

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Trade receivable whichen off during the year

Between suid United If the year

Agriegijer trefe mooindies termen onstanding as al 33 March 2012.								(the lade)	
			<b>Ousuadig ist fol</b>	ig for following provide from the data of Permane	ALCONTRACTOR	Thinks.		Total	
	Untract	Not Due	kess than é ranntae	Contractions 1.2 (1994)	1-2 pm	2 · 5 ptmt	Move utural years		
Trade receivables									
Victor production in the second of the second s	15.22	)¢0x	1444	ter tak	201.25	172	ВŶ,	101624	
invite a substant method and the substance of the substance in substance in the substance of the									
lurga pungi maser konvensi - arab inggi ki									
Duputed trade receivables -coversensit good				-					
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Chicated and institution - and inspired				-					

## Agency for table of the project source in the block day, at \$1 in them 2071;

				Answerg periods which due data of Fernant		Ē		Į.
Perticulars	Unbated	Not Ope	Lingt Rain (	6-confrect year 1-2 years 2-3 years	1-2440	2 - 3 years	Most dam 1	
Tyséin intrinsition	_							
perset participants 4 data participants 4 data participants	9. K	349.65	522.09	B) 427*	161	10.B3	12/21	5890.44
Undepeter price recorded in - which have agrificant increase in prefinition								
Usdepted trade reminishes – and i repared	-							
Organiset visite receivables -considered good	-							
<u>Bergersen unde noter ables – schich hige gegeficten instante in dien inst</u>			-	-				
g is an index of the state of								



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### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### 12 Cash and cash equivalents

		(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Cash on hand	23.49	11.26
Balance with bank	and the second	
- current account	405.07	1,641.27
<ul> <li>deposits with banks with original maturity of less than 3 months</li> </ul>	2.20	
	430,76	1,652,53

### 13 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

		(@ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Deposits with banks with original maturity of more than 3 months but maturity less	117.16	35.06
than 12 months"	117.16	35.06

\* includes pledged & margin money deposits with various government authorities amounting to 4 88.30 lakhs as on 31st March, 2022 (31 March, 2021: ₹ 15.60)

### 14 Current Loans

		(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Unsecured, considered good		
loans to corporates	1,218.56	( <b>†</b> )
loans to related party	2,461.31	eres Mars.
lean to shareholder	143.12	257.56
loan to employees		17.26
	3,822.99	274.82

### 15 Other current financial assets

Contes contrette talantesist asserts	(₹ in			
Particulars	As at	As at		
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021		
Interest Receivables*	67.10	2.38		
Amount receivable from Liquid Funds	and the second	Sec.		
Other receivables	374.09	477.54		
	1			
Security Deposits		98		
Advance to employees	102.00	5		
	543.19	479.92		

\* Intereset receivable inlucdes interest on employee advances and interest on loan to subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 61.52

### 16 Other current assets

16 Other current assets		(₹ in takhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Advances other than capital advances Security deposits	2	
Deferred expenses	2.24	2,24
Prepaid expenses	23.99	18.57
Balances with statutory/government authorities	166.24	133.04
Advance to suppliers	708.91	1,895.09
Less:Provision for doubtful advance	(82.73)	(1,307,47)
Export Incentive receivables	205.91	222.87
ISI ISI	1,024.56	964.34
The Step ACCOMMENT	North a series	3

same conserva-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

				(t in lakhs)	
17	Equity Share Capital		As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	
a)	Authorised 65,000,000 Equity shares of ₹10/- each (31 March, 2021: 65,000,000 Equity shares of ₹10/- each)		6,500,00	6,500.00	
ь	issued, subscribed it fully gaid up 64,900,465 Equity shares of ₹10/- each; (31 March, 2021: 64,400,465 Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each)		5,490.05	6,440.05	
	Total		6,490.05	6,440.05	
c)	Reconciliation of number of equity shares and share capital of	outstanding			(C in takhs)
	Particulars	As at 31 Marc	h, 2022	As at 31 Man	ch, 2021
		No. of Shares	(T in lakhs)	No. of Shares	(¢ in lakha)
	At the beginning of the year	6,44,00,465	6,440.05	6,09,00,465	6,090.05
	Add : Shares issued during the year *	5,00,000	50,00	35,00,000	350.00
	At the end of the year	6,49,00,465	6,499.05	6,44,00,465	6,440.05

Pursuant to approval of shareholders by way of special resolution in accordance with section 42 & 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rales made thermunder and as per 3058 (KOR) Regulations, 2018 the Company approved preferential allotment of 40,00,000 fully convertible warrants of Rs. 10 each et an issue price of Rs. 20 per warrant. Out of this 35,00,000 equity shares were listed with stock exchange in 9th Narch 2021 and balance 5,00,000 equity shares allotted on 8th February 2022. Twis 5,00,000 equity shares are still pending for listing .

### d) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10/- par share referred to herein as equity share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in the case where Interim dividend is distributed. During the year ended 31 March, 2022 and 31 March, 1021, no dividend has been declared by the Company.

In the event of injuidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. Such distribution amount will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### Aggregate number of shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date;

No shares were issued to the shareholders for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting cate.

### f) Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	As at 31 Marc	As at 31 Warch, 2022		ch, 2021	
	No. of Shares	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding	
Nikhil Nanda	2,43,10,774	37.47%	2,38,10,774	36.97%	
Sushma Nanda	30,65,983	4.72%	30,65,483	4.76%	

### g) Details of promotors shareholding

Shares held by promoter at the end of the year	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 3	% Change	
Promoter Name	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	during the year
Mr. Nikhil Nnada	2,43,20,774	37.478	2,38,10,774	36.97%	0,50%
Late Mr. Harlsh Chander Nanda*	19731	0.03K	19,731	0.03%	0.00%
Mr. Dilifit Singh Grewal	1500	9,00%	1,500	0.00%	0.00%
Mrs. Shushma Nancia	30.65,983	4.72%	30,55,983	4.76%	-0.04%

Shares held by promoter at the end of the year	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31	% Change	
Premoter Name	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	during the year
Mr. Nikhil Nnada	2,38,10,774	36.975	1,20,50,774	19.80%	17.178
Late Mr. Harish Chander Nanda*	19731	Angena	19.731	0.03%	0.00%
Wr. Dillit Singh Grewal	1500	1. 1. 2008	0 1,500	0.00%	0.00%
Mrs. Shushma Nanda	30,65,983	11.768	1260,003	5,038	-0.27%

\* Transmission of shares is under process.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### 18 Other Equity

Summary of Other Equity Balance A

a coury	
nary of Other Equity Balance	(₹ in lakhs)
	As at As at
culars 31 March, 2	31 March, 2021
al reserves Z41	.95 241.95
ities premium 9,623	.05 9,573.05
	6.68 6.68
ned earnings 2,596	2,847.16
y received against share warrants (refer note no. 18 e)	- 25.00
	.08 13.92
12,486	.55 12,707.76
pital reserves	
	As at As at
31 March, 2	2022 31 March, 2021
ing balance Z41	.95 241.95
ion/Deletion during the year	
ng balance (A) 241.	.95 241.95
curities premium	
A	As at As at
31 March, 2	2022 31 March, 2021
ng balance 9,573	.05 9,223.05
Premium on Coversion of share warrants 50	.00 350.00
ng balance (B) 9,623.	.05 9,573.05
neral reservesA	as at As at
31 March, 2	
	.68 6.68
on during the year	
	.68 6.68
tained earnings	is at As at
31 March, 2	
ng balance 2,847	(manufactor) (manu
Profit / Loss Vor the year transferred from the Statement of Profit	
(244) and Loss	
	.20) (8.31)
g balance (D) 2,596.	.79 2,847.16





Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

As at	As at
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
25.00	18. C
-	200.00
25.00	175.00
	25.00
As at	As at
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
13.92	9.21
4.16	4.71
18,08	13.92
12,486.55	12,707.76
	31 March, 2022 25.00 25.00 

### B Nature and purpose of reserve

### a) Capital reserve

A capital reserve is an account in the equity section of the balance sheet that can be used for contingencies or to offset capital losses. It is derived from the accumulated capital surplus of a company, created out of capital profit. The reserve is utilise in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

### b) Security premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilise in accordance with the provisions of

### the Companies Act, 2013.

### c) General reserve

This represents appropriation of profit by the Company and is available for distribution of dividend.

### d) Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

### e) Other Comprehensive Income

Differences between the interest income on plan assets and the return actually achieved, and any changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments within the plans, are recognised in 'Other comprehensive income' and subsequently not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.





### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### 19 Financial Liabilities (1)

1)	Borrowings	Non-cu	Current m	(₹ in lakhs)	
		As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
	Secured				and the second second
	Vehicle Loans* - from Banks	36.56	31.01	16,30	18,20
	- from Others		2,28	1.81	15.75
		36.56	33.29	18,11	33.95

\* Respective assets are hypothecated against the loans taken to acquire such vehicles. Loan is repayable within a period of 60 months at interest rate in the range of 8% p.a. to 10% p.a.

### (ii) Lease Liabilities

ii) Lease Liabilities				(₹ in lakhs)
	Non cur	ment	Current m	aturities
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Lease ltability on office building	141.08	161.96	19.91	17,87
	The second			

### 20 Provisions

0 Provisions	Non Cu	rrent	Curr	(₹ in lakhs) ent
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Provision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity	115,98	18.15	12.09	6.41
Provision for Employee Benefits - Leave Encashment	33.50	30.70	9.24	7.41
	149.48	128.85	21,33	13.82

### 21 Other non current liabilities

	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Deferred Government Grant- Non Current Part(refer note 36)	143.99	*
	143.99	



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

	22 3	Trade payables	
--	------	----------------	--

Construction of the second s		Of inclaids?
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As et 31 March, 2021
Due to micro & small enterprises (Refer note 47) Due to others	196.04 1,113.74	287.93 1,236.71
	1,309.78	1,524,64

Disclosure under the Micro, small and medium enterprises development Act, (27 of 2006) ("WSMED ACT 2006")

		(K in takhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (as per the intimation received from vendors)		
Amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year:		
Principal	196.04	287.91
Interest	7.76	2.34
interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and -Modium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplior beyond the appointed day.	(a)	
Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment. (which - have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Wicro, Small and Wedken Enterprises Act, 2006.		4
interest accrued and remaining unpaid	2.62	1.60
interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years,		
until - such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to	( S	42
	Particulars Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (as per the intimation received from vendors) Amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year: Principal Interest Interest Interest Interest Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and -Modium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day. Interest clue and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which - have been paid but beyond the appointed day staring the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006. Interest accound and remaining unpaid Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years,	Particulars       31 March, 2022         Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (as per the intimation received from vendors)       Amount remaining urgald to any supplier at the end of each accounting year:         Princtoal       196.04         Interest       7.76         Interest       7.76         Small and -Modium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplior beyond the appointed day.          Interest class and payable for the period of datas in making payment (which - have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Wedium Enterprises Act, 2006.          Interest could and remaining unpaid       2.52         Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until - such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to

### n Trade payable aging schedule

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31 March 2022

					(₹ in lakhs)	
Perticular	Not Due	Less than 1 year	t - 2 years	Z - 3 years	years	Total
Trade payables						
MSME"		195.04			12	196,04
Others	347.86	672.77	45,92	38,58	8.61	1,113,74
Disputed dues - MSWE*	+	÷	+			-
Disputed dues - Others			1.5		14	

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31 March 2021

					(C in laits)	
Particular	Not Due	Loss than 1 year	1 + 2 years	2 - J years	years	Total
Trade payables						
NOME"	145:67	142,25	1.2			287.93
Others	528.14	\$78.99	41.13	28.93	23.32	1,202.71
Disputed dues - WSME*		-			-	-
Disputed even - Others	-			(e)		

WGME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at Warch 11, 2024 is as follows

### 23 Other current financial liabilities

Other current financial liabilities		Le un mastral
	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
interest accrued but not due on borrowings	0.29	0.37
Payable te employees	72.40	129.46
Payable tewards purchase of property, plant and equipment	51.83	145,89
Experies Payable	63.18	48.02
	187,70	323.74
	12	(P in faither)
Other current Babilities		(€ in lakhs)
	As at	(t in lakhs) As at
t Other current Habilities Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	the second se
		As at
Particulars	31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Particulars Statutory dues	31 March, 2022 30.93	As at 31 March, 2021 26.70



(# in lakhs)



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

25 Revenue from operations

		(₹ in lakhs)
	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers*		53-112-23574.2
Sale of manufactured goods-Oral Care Products	7,850.16	9,567.87
Job Work Income		0.49
Sale of packing material/raw material/traded Goods	64.33	58.51
Other operating revenue	77. 10	(0.30
Scrap sales	76.10	69.28
Revenue from Operations	7,990.59	9,696.15

\* It represents disaggregated revenue information in accordance with INDA5 115.

Reconciliation of revenue recognised with contract price:

	(₹ in			
723.232.00	Year ended	Year ended		
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021		
Revenue as per contracted price Adjustments	8,129.98	9,795.02		
Cost Reconciliation	(114.71)	(83.37)		
Rebate given to customers		(9.73)		
Sales return	(24.68)	(5.78)		
Revenue from Operations	7,990.59	9,696.15		
· 제품 집에 가장 제품 이 가장 집에 가장 좋아 이 가장 것 같아요.		and the second se		

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at year end are, as follows:

		(f in lakhs)
	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Advances from customers (Refer Note no 24)	65.71	35.67

Management expects that the entire transaction price allotted to the unsatisfied contract as at the end of the reporting period will be recognised as revenue during the next financial year.

26 Other Income		(₹ in lakhs)
	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Interest income on fixed deposits	4.73	3,51
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost	242.91	26.43
Export incentives		20.43
Provision no longer required written back	49.12	360.31
Rental Income	0.78	0.78
Government grant (refer note 36)	63.65	3.00
Foreign exchange gain (net)	65.29	
Profit on sale of investments	0.62	15.11
Sale of Media rights	150.00	
Miscellaneous income	68.90	28.95
Profit on Principal Agent Sale	4	38.34
Net gain on financial asset measured at FVTPL	7.63	
Miscellaneous balance written back	160.56	57.92
	814.39	554,78





Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### 27 Cost of materials consumed

		(₹ in lakhs)
Protinging	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
A Cost of Raw Materials Consumed	2)	
Stock at the beginning of the year	406.36	26.86
Add: Purchases	3,164.17	4,500.70
Less: Stock at the end of the year	(356.28)	(406.36)
	3,214.25	4,121.20
Cost of packing materials consumed		
Stock at the beginning of the year	235.40	25.11
Add: Purchases	2,201.07	2,491.33
Less: Stock at the end of the year	(282.48)	(235.40)
*	2,153.99	2,281.04
	5,368.24	6,402.24

		(< in takhs)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Purchases of stock in trade	63.97	100.63
	63.97	100.63

### 28 Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade

		(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Finished goods		
At the beginning of the year	125.82	117.05
Less: At the end of the year	(82.24)	(125.82)
1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -	43.58	(8.77)
Work-in-progress	100 December 201	
At the beginning of the year	81.07	144.16
Add: Purchases	246.49	125.51
Less: At the end of the year	(117.69)	(81.07)
	209.87	188.60
	253.45	179.83



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### 29 Employee Benefits Expenses

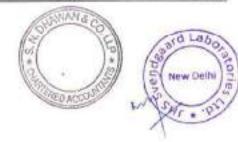
30

Employee benefits Expenses		10000
		(t in lakhs)
The second second	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Salartei, wages, borus and other allowances	887.15	654.90
Costribution to provident and other funds	35.92	47.41
Workmen and shaff wellare expenses	14.46	63,54
Gratuity	29.28	26.11
Leave encashment	6.17	6.07
	993.28	838.00
Finance Costs		
		(The Webbio
AND THE OWNER OF T	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Interest expense *	12.50	9.56
Interest on leave listifity	26.81	28.12
Interest on delay in deposit of Statutory dues	0.41	0.43
Bank Churges	10.22	7,14
11110 (1001 MIT	49.94	45.25

"Interest expenses includes MSME Interest In 31st March, 202 Rs.7.76 lakhs (31st March, 2021: Rs.2.34 lakhs)

### **31 Deproclation and Amortization Expenses**

31 Depreciation and Amortization Expenses			(f in lakhs)
		Year ended	Year ended
Particulars		31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment		56-4.08	331.54
Depreciation on right of use extent		24,60	24.60
Amortisation of Intangible assets		0.17	0,29
		589.65	\$55.43
32. Other expenses			(f in lakits)
		No. of A	Year ended
Particulars		Yew ended 31 March, 2022	3t March, 2021
Consumption of stores and spares		3.00	7.67
Power and Fuel		261,32	291.95
Advertisement expenses		8.91	1.84
Job work charges		479.80	525.22
Business promotion expenses		6.87	13.39
Brokevage & Commission		0.65	0.03
Repairs			
Plant and Machinery		92.25	132.44
Building		16.76	40.82
Others		31,46	33,70
Fringht and cartage sullward		19.51	13.49
insurance Charges		53.60	55.75
Legal and professional fees		77.36	74.08
Rates and taxes		25.47	62.50
Telephone and postage		5.60	6.71
Prinking and stationery		7.89	5.61
Travelling and conveyance expenses		73.53	34,26
Low on sale of fixed assets (Net)		0.40	5.03
Directors' sitting fees		2.40	1.20
Exchange fluctuation loss (net)		0.40	73,50
Poreign routhange Loss (Net)		0.00	0.00
Research is Development charges		6.54	4.07
Auditor's remuneration (Refer note 44)		20.57	20.16
Office melatenance		28.14	17.05
Balances written off			
Advances/balances/others written off	1226.25	0.00	0.00
Provision no longer required written back	(1226.25)	0.00	328.67
Amortization of deferred rent expense		2.24	2.24
Miscellaneous expenses		47.12	17.97
Corporate Social Responsibility expense (Refe	note 30)	0.05	28.00
Donation expense		0.10	0.06
		1,294.05	1,808.81
		and a second	



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

33 Income taxes

(a) Income tax expenses		(t in lakhs
	Year ended	Year ender
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Profit and loss section		- M. C. C MOURS
1. Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	92.09	52.57
Adjustments for current tax of previous years	1.50	(131,42
	93.59	(78.85
ii. Deferred tax charge/(credit)	0000000	
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	342.97	121.95
	342.97	121.95
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss (I+II)	436.55	43.10
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Section		
Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit & Loss	(1.60)	11.87
Income tax charged to OCI	(1.60)	(1.82
(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate		(₹ in lakhs
D) reconsidered a second	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Profit from continuing operations (A)	192.39	319,71
Income tax rate applicable (B)	27.825	27,823
Computed tax expense (A*0)	53.52	38.94
Tax effect of the amounts that are not deductible (taxable) while		
calculating taxable income :		
Effect of Non-deductible expenses	18.10	0.71
income not taxable under income tax	(16,32)	(2.03)
Effect of changes in tax rate due to MAT	(24,52)	135.05
Tax expense for previous year	1.50	(131.42)
Deferred tax on unabsorbed losses, previously not recognised	11.89	(8.84)
Tax impact of IND AS adjustment	8.32	50.23
Deffered tax reversal on Provsion write back	355.03	95.17
Others	23.83	(14.61)
income tax expense/(neversal)	436.56	43.10





### JHS SYENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

### **34 Contingent Liability**

### 1. Claims/litigations made against the Company not acknowledged as debts:

### Matters under litigation:

Claims against the Company by vendors & customers amounting to ₹ 393.74 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 253.07 lakhs). The management of the Company believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings will not have a material/adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

There is outstanding sales tax demand for the FY 2009-10 is for Rs 4.20 lakh, against which the Company had filed an appeal before Additional excise and taxation commissioner cum - Appelate Authority (SZ) Shimla, where an amount of Rs 0.50 lakhs had been deposited.

As on the signing date of the balance sheet the appeal was allowed by Appelate Authority -Cum- Additional commissioner state tax and excise Gr-1 (SZ) Shimla wide order dated 12.04.2022.

### II. Others:

Bank Guarantee issued by Bank amounting to ₹ 96.35 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 10.21 lakhs).

### (₹ in lakhs) 35 Capital Commitments Year ended Year ended 31 March, 2022 31 March, 2021 356.27 Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital 2.74account and not provided for (net of capital advances) 90.00 200.00 Investment in sixth sense Ventures Advisors LLP Total 92.74 556.27

### 36 Government Grant

During the financial year ended 31 March, 2022, the Company had received a capital subsidy of Rs. 225 lakhs under the Industrial development scheme ,2017 notified vide no. 2(2)2018-SP5 of the Government of India. The subsidy received is being apportioned to Statement of Profit & Loss over the useful life of the eligible assets. During the year the Company has recognised  $\notin$  63.84 lakhs (previous year  $\notin$  3 lakhs ) as government grant based on useful life of the assets.

### **37 Segment Reporting**

The Company is engaged in manufacturing a range of oral and dental products for elite national and international brands. Information reported to and evaluated regularly by the Chief Operational Decision Maker (CODM) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessing performance focuses on business as a whole. The CODM reviews the Company's performance on the analysis profit before tax at overall level. Accordingly, There is no other separate reportable segmental, as defined by IND AS 108 "Segment Reporting".

Information about geographical areas are as under		(て in lakhs)
man manager and a second se	Revenue from ex	ternal customers
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
India	7,990.59	9,218.37
UAE		35.84
Singapore	+	441.94
Total	7,990.59	9,696.15
1.0.001		And and a second s

### information about major customers

Revenue of ₹ 6161.41 Lakhs, (Previous year ₹ 7196.68 lakhs) arising from two customers in India contribute more than

10% of the Company's revenue individually. No other customer contribute 10% or more than 10% to the Company's revenue for the current year ended 31 March, 2022. The Company does not hold any non-current assets posside India.



## JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

TARGET OF THE PARTY SALE OF THE PARTY OF THE AREA OF THE PARTY OF THE

36 Employee benefit obligations

The Company has classified various employee benefits as under:

- Defined contribution plans
- Employees Provident fund
   Employees State Insurance St

If a fingulation of the following and an interface of position. The forecase has according the following and an interface of position.

(if its laking) The Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statemant of Profit and Loss for the year; (Reter Note-10)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Castribution to Provident Fund Castribution to Employee State Insurance Scheme	45.40	31.94 5.47
Total	55,91	47.41

b. Defined benefit plans

- (1) Gentuity
- c. Other long-term employee benefits
  - II.) Leave encoshment

Gratuity is payable to eligible emproyees as per the Company's policy and The Fayment of Gratuity Act. 1972. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligations.

Provision for leave servefus is made by the Company on the basis of actuarial valuation using the Projected unit Credit (PUC) mechod.

Unblinty with respect to the gratuity and leave encashment is determined based on an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary at the year end and is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss. Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjurpments and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions and are recognized immediately in the Other Comprehensive Income as income or expense

Other disclosures required under IND AS 19 "Employee benefits" are given below:

Principal Actuarial Assumptions at the Belance Sheet date

31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
6.95% 7.00%	2,45%
88	58 Years
100% of b	UN (2012-14)
74	74
	0000

for remeining title of employees. The estimates of future selary increase, considered in actuarial voluation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market on long term hask.



+ 81

15+

Other Comprehensive Income (DCI)	Granuty Kurtung	ed (Kin lakha)
Parteulan	Year anted 35 March, 2023.	Year ended 31 Narch, 2024
Net cumulative unecognized incluints gain/ (lets) species		
Actuarial gain / (loss) for the year on PBC	475	603
Actuarial gate /(Loss) for the year on Acast		
Unrecognised actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the year	536	6,03
IV) Expected Employer Contribution	The second se	· (if in labra)
	Year writed 31 Awyle, 2022	Yvar ended 35 March, 2021

	Year -	Year ented 31 Have, 2022		Their ended 35 March, 2021
Particulars	Lasve Encentrment	Grabity (Dirfunded)	Lasve Enceshment:	Granuty (Unfunded)
Expected Employee Contribution for the next year		+		

V) Maturity Profile of Defined Senedit Obligation	Near on	16ed 31 March, 2022		Your ended 11 March, 2021
Year	Leave Encentrant	Gratuity (Infunded)	Leave Encesherent	Gratuity (Unfunded)
0 to 1 Year	52.6	12.09	7.40	6.41
1 to 2 Year	4.90	20/6	7.04	3.65
I to J Year	6.13	1.47	224	20.7
3 to 4 Year	5.45	10.62	4.87	7.80
4 to 5 Year	5.17	31.56	117	31.46
5 Year creation	30.38	122.55	26.96	35.71

VI) Semilying Analysis of the Defined Renefit Obligation:-		(5 the Lates)
Particulars	Leave Groadhnent	Gentuity (Unturded)
	194	Year ended IT Merch, 2022
Indiact of change its discret, rete		
Present Value of obligation at the end of the year	42.74	128.50
<ul> <li>Impact due to increase of 1%</li> </ul>	[16/1]	(10.76)
b) impact due to decrease of 1%.	2.74	12,42
	Year	Year ended 11 March, 2022
Impact of change in stany rate		
Presenc value of obligation at the end of the year	14/28	128.07
a) impact due to increase of Til.	2.15	10.69
b) inspect due to decrease of TX	(1.19)	(0.72)

Description of flux toporaries : Ride: accordition with the pain provisions are accumulatives. Disce risks and, ghip transmiss risk (discount rate risk), (m) weetwilly risk and the paint

i) becauses that. The present value of the defined briefly plan labelity is calculated using a discurst rate eccentrised by reference to Sevenment Boxts Welds. If plan labelity in Landed and return

on plan assets is below this rate. It will create a plan cafficit.

II) Interest R96 (discount rate r/s) - A decrease in the bond interest rate (discount rate) will increase the plantlability.

III) Montality SN - The present value of the defined banefit gian flabitity is calculated by reference to the best extraorie of the montality of plan participants. For this report we have used legan Associed Lines Montality 2002-14) officiant fields in montality rate will have a starting on the plans transity.

No Salary Not. The present wave of the defined benefit plan institute a calculated with the annumption of party increase rank of gain periodparts in the rate of increase of salary in future for periodparts in the rate of locategories in the rate of locategories and an annumption will have a starting on the periodparts in the rate of locategories in the rate of locategories and an annumption of salary in future for periodparts from the rate of locategories and an annumption of salary in the salary salary and the salary salary is of locategories in the rate of locategories and an annumption of salary in the salary salary salary salary and the present of salary salary in the salary sa





#### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIWITED

Notes to the Pinancial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

39 Related party disclosures as per IND AS 24

(a) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

Relationships	Name of Related Party
Related parties where control exists	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (42.688)     JHS Svendgaard Rotall Ventures Private Limited (99.82%)     JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited
Entities controlled by a person who is a NWP of the Company or a person who has significant influence over the Company	- Starpool Consultants & Advisors LLP - Harish Chander Nanda Educational and Charitable Society
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel	- Mrs Sushma Nanda (Nother of Mr. NRdrit Nanda)
Entities which are controlled or jointly controlled by Key Managerial	<ul> <li>Number One Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.</li> </ul>
Personnel category or by his/her close family	<ul> <li>Apogee Manufacturing Private Limited</li> </ul>
and the stand of the	Magna Waves Private Limited

# (b) Key Managerial Personnels (KMP) of the Company

Name of Key Managerial Personnel	Category	Peried
Nr. Nikhil Narda	Wanaging Director	2021-22
Nr. Rajagopal Clakravarth Venkatelsh	Non -Executive	2021-22
Nr. Makul Pathsk	Non - Executive	2021-22
wrs. Rohine Sanjay Sangtani	Non - Executive	2021-22
Nr. Nikhil Kiskorchandra Vora	Nominee Director	Upto 28.02.2022
Nr. Kapil Minocha	Non + Executive	2021-22
w. Paramyle Singh Patila	Chief Executive Officer	2021-22
Nr. Ashish Goel	Chief Financial Officer	2021-22
Nr. Noeraj Kumor	Chief Financial Officer	w.e.f 10.08.2021
Nr. Kirti Maheshwari	Company Secretary	Upto 31.00.2021
Mr. Autrash Postagr	Company Secretary	w.e./ 08.02.2022 upto 26.05.2022

"Resigned on 26 way 2022 from the position of Company Secretary -

### {c}

Particulars	Year onded 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Short- term employee benefits	158.60	105.63
Past- employement benefits	23.67	14,86
Long- term employee benefits	5.06	2.91
Director's Sitting lees	2.60	1,20
Total Compensation	189,93	186.61



(d) Transactions with related part	665

(0)	The following transactions occurred with related parties:		(T in lakhs
S.No.	Statement of Profit and Loss heads	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
1.	income:		
	Sale of Product	2505249	
	<ul> <li>JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited</li> </ul>	151,47	249.10
	Rental Income		
	- JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	0.78	0.78
	Interest income	Ca230	- 23
	- JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	33.41	×
	- Nilevil Konda	135.00	
	Bindursement of Expenses		
	- Apogee Manufacturing Private Limited	. E.	15.15
2.	Expenditure:		
	I) Punchase of Product	1722030	
	- JHS Svundigaard Brands Limited	13.36	6.15
	<ol> <li>Interest expenses on lease liability as per IND AS 116.</li> </ol>		
	- Niksil Kanda	26.81	28.12
	III) Depreciation expenses on Right of use assets as per as per IND AS 116	(1997)	60.00
	- Mildrill Kanda	24.60	24.60
	iv) Amortization of deferred rent expense		1.2
	- Nikoli Kanda	2.24	7.74
	v) Electricity and Water expenses		
	- Nikhil Kanda	17.28	13.68
	vi) Corporate social responsibility exponses *		11.00
	<ul> <li>Harish Chander Nanda Educational and Charitable Society.</li> </ul>		16.81

\* As per section 135(1) of companies Act , 2013 this year CSR not applicable on the company.





# JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

101	Investments / Loans & advances and other adjustments to/ from Related Parties		(1t in lekhs
101		Year ended 31 Aarch, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
t.	Loans and advances given (including security deposits) - JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited - JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Capital advance) - JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (lean given)	0.45 725.00 4,727,44	0.63
Ħ,	Payment Received - Accese Manufacturing Private Limited	0.23	. *
	JHS Svendeaard Brands Limited (Inan gizon)	2,271.16	

(f)	Balance Sheet heads (Closing Balances)		(₹ in lakhs
		Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
	Credit Balances		
1.	Other Habilities	040000	
- 24	- Nemil Handa	(16.00)	3.62
ŧi.	Trade Payable		
	- JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited		10.51
#1.			
	Dobit Balances		
iv.	Louns and advances	C estatement	1.0-0.02
	- JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited	1,3(9.52	1,315.07
	- JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	2,461.27	1.250
	- Nikhii. Nanda (AL amort/sed cost)	14.35	12.65
	- JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	725.00	
	<ul> <li>Někhli Nanda (staff housing athance)</li> </ul>	601.99	
¥1	Trade receivables		
	<ul> <li>Apogee Manufacturing Private Limited</li> </ul>	33.55	33.78
	+ JHS Swendgaard Brands Limited		136.35

(g) Terms and Conditions

Outstanding balances at the year and are unsecured, interest free and recoverable/repayable on demand. There has been no guarantee provided or received for any related party receivable and payable, other than disclosed. For the year end 31 Merch, 2022 the company has provided for impairment of receivables owed by the related party K NK (31 March, 2021; K NIL). This assessment undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of related party and market in which related party operates.





	2022
	March,
	5
	ended
ED	the year
S.	E.
DRATORIES L	Statements f
VENDCAARD LNBV	to the Financial
S SHE	Notes

# 40 Feir valuation measurements

			3 19 at	HERE READED 21 MILLION COCK	CULE		Victor and the second s	THAT WINDOW 31 MAYON, 2021	1707	
S.No.	Particulars	Level of Hierarchy	PVTPL	INTOCI	Amertized cost	Fotak carrying value	FVTRL	FVTOCI	Amortuned Cost	Total carrying welon
	Financial ameta									
÷	Investments					1.000				
	Investment in Equity Instrument			. 6	1,421.00	1,421,00	-1		1,421.00	1,421.00
	Investment in ALD		7.61		110.00					
	Loans						1		(	84
	Security Deposit	2	*	9		4			12.65	12.65
	Others	-	+		3,122.99	3,622.99			274.82	274.82
-	Trade receivables	-			1,613.58	1,618.58		14	5,869,44	5,869.44
*	Other financial assets				25-104	961.52		4	495.64	475.64
in.	Cash & Cash Equivalents	~	÷	1	530.76 1	430,76			1,452.53	1,652.553
	Sank balances other than cash & cash	1			No.W	1000				
	equivalents	m		•	117.16	117,56	•		35.06	35.06
	Total Financial Assets		7,63	35	10.846.01	8,491,64	28	4	9,761.13	9,761.15
	Einansist Lisbiliks								1	
-	Borrowings including current maturities				54.67	20.02			67.24	67.24
14	Trade & Other Payables	m	+	3	1,300.78	1,309.78	1	-	1,524.64	1,524.64
m	Lesse Liabilities	m		0	161.75	351.79	1		179.83	179.33
+	Other financial Liabilities	-		ж	07.781	107.701	æ	4	>2.1.5%	323.74
	Total Financial Liabilities				5,713.94	1,712.94	1	*	2,095.45	2,095.45

Fair valuation of financial assets and liabilities with short term maturities is considered as approximate to respective carrying amount due to the short term maturities of these indomests.

Level 1: Level 1: Metaroly includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

- Level 2: The far value of francial instruments that are not tradud in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which macinite the use of observable monute data and ney at little as possible on emity specific existence. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

- Level 3. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. The fair value of financial assets and liabitities included in Level 3.5 determined in

accordince with generality accopted princing models based on discounted cash flow available taking princes from observable currents market transactions and boaker quotevol shiftar frastruments.

41 The Company has valued the following investments in subsidiaries at cost, as per ind A5 27,

reastment in Early shares 1,421.00 1,421.00	31. March, 2022	A5 40.31 March, 2021
	 1,421.00	007129-1



#### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIWITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 11 March, 2022

42 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management objectives and policies

The Company is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. The Company's financial assets and Habilittee by category are summarised in Note 41. The main types of risks are market risk, conditional right/thy risk.

The Company's risk management is coordinated by its board of directors, and focuses or actively securing the Company's short to medium-term cnth flows by minimizing the exposure to volatile finencial manhets.

The Company tions not actively angage in the trading of financial assets for speculative parposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed to, are described below:

#### 1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices will have an offent on Company's income or value of the "insected assets and liabilities. The Company's income or value of the "insected assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities. The Company's income of value of the Timercell assets and liabilities.

#### (a) Foreign currency risk

The Company operates internationally and is opposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, animarily with respect to ISD and EURO. Foreign exchange risk arises from future connercial transactions and recognite assets and flabilities denominated in a currency that is not company's functional currency (Init). The flab is measured through a forecast of highly protable foreign currency cashflaws.

The following table presents non-derivative instruments which are exposed to currency risk and are unhedged as at 31 Warch, 2022 and 11 March, 2021 -

			(W tri Laking)
Particulars	Panelign currency	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Trade Payable Trade Receivable	050	60.09 538.10	6.67 2.881-78

To miligate the Company's exposure to fereign exchange risk, cash flows in foreign corrections are monitored and net cash flows are managed in accordance with Company's risk management policies. Generally, the Company's risk management procedures distinguish short term foreign currency cash flows (due within a months) from longer term cash flows (due after & months). Where the amounts to be paid and received in a specific currency are expected to largely offset one another, no hedging activity is undertaken.

The following table gives the volatility is exchange rates for the respective reporting years for major currentian:

Currencies	Year ended 81 March, 3022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
MR/USD	-15	2%

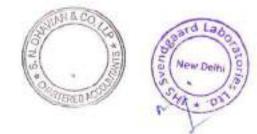
These percentages have been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates in the previous 12 months. The sensitivity analysis gives in the table below is based on the Company's foreign currency financial instruments held at each reporting date.

#### Sensitivity analysis for entities with foreign currency balances in IM

The following tables illustrate the sensitivity of profit/less and envity in regards to the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities and the movement of exploring rates of respective functional currenties' against NR, assuming "all other things being constant".

If the respective functional correctes had strengthened/weskened against the NR by the afore markined percentage of market volatility, then this would have had the following impact on proft. Rest:

			CT Ins Jak/Proj.
Year ended 31 Narch, 2022	Nary estactul	Profit or	tel loss
Construction of the second second second		Strengthening	Weakersang
USD Sensitivity	-3%	(15,58)	15.5B
Year ended 31 March, 2021	Reviewant	Profit an	nd lots
		Strengthering	Weakening
(15) Samelinelly	25	69.47	(69, 47)



#### (b) Price risk

The Company is mainly exposed to the price risk due to investment in mutual funds and market linked debestures. The price dik artists due to uncertainties about the future market values of these investments. In order to minimize pricing risk orbits from investment in mutual funds, Company invest in highly rated instaal funds.

The consistivity to price risk If increases/ decrease in NW of the notual fundals:

			Ta tu nearra
		Profit and	ID16
Year ended 31 Merch, 2022	Movement	Szengthening	Weakening
Price risk sensitivity*	18		

\* During the year company has reducined all its investments in mutual fund and market linked detersorm

		Profit and	less
Year ended 31 March, 2021	Movement	Scengthening	Weakering
Price risk sensitivity	18	52000 (San 1997)	

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of chorges in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk because funds are borrowed at fixed interest rates. The borrowings of the Company are principally described in ruppes and flood rates of interest.

		(# inv kalsha)
Perticulari	An at 11 March, 3922	As at 31 March, 2021
Floed-rate borrowings including current maturities		
- Vehicle Lean (Secured)	54.67	17.24
Total Borrowings (gross of transaction covi)	54,67	67,24

#### Z CREDIT RISK

Endit risk erises from cash and cash equivators, investments in motival funds, depends with the lawks, us well as challs exposure to customers including substanding recrivables.

#### Credit risk management

For Bank and Financial Institutions, only high rated banks/ Institutions are accepted

For other counter parties, the company periodically assesses the financial reliability of eutomers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of testancial tail dates and applies of account receivables. Individual risk limits are set accordingly. The Company continuously monitors defaults of estomers and attest counterparties and incorporates this information trice its credit rak covereit. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties and.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of esset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To essets whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the company companys the risk of default securring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The company company company and separate forward-looking information.

The company based on internal assessment which is driven by the Notorical experience/current facts available in relation to default and delays in collection thereof, the credit risk for trade receivable is considered low. The Company estimates its allowance for trade receivable using life time expected credit loss. The balance pact due for more than 6 months (set of expected credit loss allowance), excluding receivable from group companies in £809.40 bids (31 Narch, 2021 £ 4465.31 balance).

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments is considered negligible and no impairment has been recorded by the Company.

#### Significant estimates and judgments

Impelment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets disclosed above are based on anumptions about risk of default and expected loss rotor. The Company uses judgment, in making these assumptions and selecting the impairment calculation, based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.



IN IN Inches

# JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

# 43 Capital Management

#### A Risk Management

For the purposes of Company capital management, Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company is not subject to any estentially imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 34 March, 2022 and 31 March, 2021.

		(T in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Equity Share capital	8,490.05	6,440.05
Free Reserve*	2,603.47	2,853,84

\* Comprises of rotained carning and general reserves.

#### **B** Dividends

The Company has not proposed any dividend for the year ended 31 March, 2022 (31 March, 2021; 1 Nii).





# JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

# 44 Earnings per equity share

		(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Earnings per equity share has been computed as under:		
Earnings attributable to equity shareholders	(244.17)	276.61
Nominal value of equity share (₹)	10	10
No of shares as at end of the year	64,900,465	64,400,465
No. of weighted average equity shares	64,470,328	61,379,917
Basic Earning per share (₹)	(0.38)	0.45
Number of equity shares for Dilutive earning per share	64,470,328	61,641,561
Dilutive earning per share (₹)	(0.38)	0.45



#### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

45 Leases

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The changes in the carrying value of ROU assets for the year is as follows :

The charges in the carrying value of RDD assets for the year is as follows :		(R in Jakhs)
Parcicules.	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Bolance as at April 1, 2021	146.588	124.41
Add (Additions	+	10.0
Less (Delectors/Adjustment on account of waiver in Lesse rank		(2.83)
Less (Deprectation	124,401	-24.6
Balance as at March 31, 2022	122,39	145.98

The deprectation expense on BOU assets in included under the head deprectation and ameritation exposes in the Statement of Profil and Loss.

The break-up of current and son-current lease liabilities is as follows :

		(t in labhs)
Perticulars	Tear ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended I1 Warch, 2021
Current Usase Liabilities	19.51	17.47
Non-Current Lease LisbRities	141.89	161,96
The movement in lease (rabilities is as follows :		(₹ in lakha)
	Year ended	Tear enced
articulars pening Balance	21 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Opening Balance	179.03	190.29
Add : Lease assets doring the period	-	
Add : Interest expense during the period	26.81	28.12
Lese: Cash outflows	(44,85)	(35.75)
Less :Deletions/Adjustment on account of watvar in Lease rent		(2.83)
Closing Lease liability at the end of the period	161.79	179.83
Auditor's Renurerations		(R In Jakits)
	Vear ended	Year ended
	21 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Statutory Audit	12.00	12.00
	12.000	

- Certification Fees	10.57	20,16
Constitution Report	0.75	0.75
- Out of pocket expenses	0.52	0.16
- Limited reviews	3.75	3.75
Other matters	Y1/1201	2.1207
Tax audit fees	1.50	3.50
Juneary Maria		

47 Suppliers registered under Nicco, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2005

A sum of 1 196,04 lakins is papable to Micro and Small Enterprises as at 31 March, 2022 (3) March, 2021: € 187,93,91 Lakins). The above amount is on occount of trade payables only. Out of the total amount outstanding to Micro and Small Enterprises a sum of € 196,04 lakins (3) March, 2021: € 111.38 Lakins), outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31 March, 2022. This information as regulated to be disclosed under the Nicro. Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the estent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

#### 48 Disclosure required under section 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013 >

iculars of loan	ghren.		(it in lakhs)
Sr. Ha.	Particulars	Outstanding Balances	Purpose
1	JPS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited	1,319.52	Purchase of Land
100		(1,319.07)	
2	A.R. Textiles Frivate Limited*		
		(1,221.37)	Intercorporate Financing
3	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	2,461.28	Intercorporate Financing
1.12		(	
+	305 Buildiech Private Limited	1,218.56	Intercorporate Financing
		(-)	

'Adjusted against provision for doutfull advances.

Figures in brackets represents provious year figure.

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#### JHS SYENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIWITED

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended In March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
t	JHS Siencesard Brands Limited	270.00	770.00
2	JHS Srendgaard Mechanical and Wardhouse Private Limited	1.00	1.00
1	JHS Svenopard Retail Venture Private Limited	450.00	£50.00

49 Information pursuant to Regulations 34(1) B 53(1) of the Listing Geligations and Discimum Requirements with Stock Exchanges interest free loan and advances to subsidiaries. In the nature of loan with no specifici repayment schedule.

JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited		(E in lakirs)
	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year onded 31 March, 2021
Closing Balance excluding provision	1,019.52	1,319.07
Naximum belance during the year	1,319.52	1,119.07

50 In accordance with the requirements of Section 13) of the Companies Act, 2013, during the financial year anding March 31, 1022, the Company has no obligation to spent in pursuance of its Corporate Social Responsibility policy.

	Perticulars	Vear ended March 31, 2022	(€ in lakhs) Year ended March 21, 2021
	Gross amount regulated to be spent by the company during the year	0.0C	27.90
bi	Amount spent during the year by the company during the year on purpose other than constructions/sequisition of emets	0.00	28.00
ti	Balance amount to be spent	0.00	0.00

- 51 The Company has considered the possible effects that may result from the pondemic on the carrying arounds of its property, plant and equipment, investments, i
- 52 The Company in its board mooting hold on 09th October, 2020 has approved the Companie Scheme of Amangement for Analgamation and Demorger between among JHS Swendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demorger Company) Transferee Company), JHS Swendgaard Retail, Ventures Private Limited (Demorger Company) ("Compaties Scheme") under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013. Thereafter, an 8<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, both the stock exchanges viz. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited had granted their no-objection to the compasite scheme. At present, the application for approval of the subschemes all thermal companies scheme is pending before Hon'ble NCLT, Chandigach.
- S3 The indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Sociarity, 2020 which would impact the combribations by the company towards Provident, Fund and Graturity. The Annubry of Labour and Employment had released draft rules for the Code on Social Sociarity, 2020 in November 13, 2026, and invited sussestions from stakeholders which are under consideration by the Ministry. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified. The Company will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.



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S SHIT	Notes

# 54 Additional Regulatory Information

2.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1					
Ratio	Nurrerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous Year	Variatince
Current Satio( in tenes)	Total Current Assets	Total current Sabilities	2.10	111	-18
Debt-Equity onto   in Times ]	Dabt control of borrowings & lease liabilities	Total equity	000	0000	MA
Debt Services Coverage Ratio (in times)	Carrieng for Clept services Net Profit after team-Mon - Cash operating Expineer-sciencest-other non-cash adjustments	Debe Service = interest & lease payments + principal repayments	10.4	10.15	40%
Return on equity ratio(in %)	profit fur the year after Tau less prefierce dividend	Average Trides equity	4	146	-1863
Trade Receivable turnover ratio ( in times )	Revenue from Operations	Average Tridee receivables	513	126	808
Trade Payables turnaver ratia (in times )	Credit Purchase During the Period	Average Tridae payables	491	329	455
Net Capital turnover radio (in times )	Reverue from Operations	Awarage working Capital (Total Carcent assets link Total Current Usebitical)	107	127	191-
nee profile ratio { in % }	Next Profile after Tax	Revenue from Operations	-3.06%	3 858	202:
Return on Capital creptoped (in %)	Profit before Tox & Finance Cast	Capital Employed ( Tobi Assets - Current Likb.)	135%	1.87%	343
Setturn on Investment ( In %)	Income generated thom investment funds	average invested funds in measury investments	4.02%	4.43%	-28

Net Profit Batio : Lower Ratio an account of decrease in profit during Current year. Return on Capital Engloyed : Lower Ratio on account of decrease in profit during Current year. Explanation for charge In resis by more them 325. Debs Service Coverage Ratio : Lower Ratio on account of decrease in profit during Current year Trade Payable Turnover Ratio : Higher Ratio on account decrease in Average Trade Payable. Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio : Algher Ratio on account of increase in debtor collection. Return on Equity Ratio : Lower Ratio on account of decrease in profit during Current year





where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Senami property.	n ROC beyond the statutory Period	te financial year.	Invested funds to any other personis) or entity ites), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the ions or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of this company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or,		persor(s) or entity (Res), Including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or atherwise) aris ar mitikes identified in any manner whatsoever by or an behalf of the Punding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or		(vi) The Company has no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1963.	(vii) The company has not been declared as wriful defouter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Comparies Act., 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wiful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.		able with the figures of the current year.	For and on behalf of Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited Nethell Name Nethell Name Na
(i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initi-	(ii) The Compary does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with RDC beyond the statutory Period	(iii) The Company has not traded or Invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year	(iv) Thee Company has not advanced or lossed or invested funds to any other personis) or entity (ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the u intermediary shall: a) directly and universal in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of this company (ultimate beneficiaries) or,	b) provide any guarantee, security at the like to or on benefit of the Ultimute Beneficiaries	(v) The Company has not received any fund from any persor(s) or entity (ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in w that the Company shalls: a) Directly or indirectly land or invest in other persons or mitites identified in any manier whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (ultimate Beneficianes) or	b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Benefichanes,	(vi) The Company has no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrends the income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.	(vti) The company has not been declared as writful defaulter by any bank or financial instit guidelines on writful defaultars issued by the Reserve Bank or India.	(viii) during the year company does not have any transactions with companies struck off ,	56. The figures of the previses year have been re-grouped / re-classified to render them comparable with the figures of the current year,	Fer S. N. Dhawn is CO LLP Cartened Accountants Film Beatigracion No. 100060N / NS0005 Film Beatigracion No. 100060N / NS0005 Buffnier Nr. Khattar Partner Partner Membership No.: 014093 Membership No.: 014093

55 Other Statutory Information

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# S.N. Dhawan & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

421, Il Floor, Udyog Vihar Phase IV, Gurugram, Haryana 122016, India

Tel: +91 124 481 4444

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Members of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

# Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (" the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies ("the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, referred to on the Other Matters section below, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group, as at 31 March 2022, of consolidated loss, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chattered Accountants of India ("the ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the *ICAI's Code of Ethics*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in sub-para (a) of the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

B.N. Chaven & CO. LCP III registered with linker linking with identification number A4141 (25 and its registered office is 100, Mercantile House, 15, Restate and New Cells (1000), India We have determined the matter described below to be the key sudit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sc. No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
	Revenue from the sale of goods (herematter referred to as "Revenue") is recognised when the Group performs its obligation to its customers and the amount of tevenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable. The tirang of such recognition in case of sale of goods is when the control over the same is transferred to the customer, which is mastly upon delivery. The uning of revenue recognition is relevant to the reported performance of the Group. The immagement considers tevenue as a key measure for evaluation of performance. Refer Note 2(b) to the Consolidated Pinancial Statements - Significant Accounting Policies	<ul> <li>Principal Audia Procedures Our sucht approach was a combination of test of internal controls and substantive procedures including; <ul> <li>Assessing the appropriateness of the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies in line with ind AS 115 ("Revenue from Contracts with Customers") and resting thereof.</li> <li>Evaluating the design and implementation of Group's controls in respect of revenue recognition.</li> <li>Testing the effectiveness of such controls over revenue cut off at year-end.</li> <li>We performed substantive testing by selecting samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year by verifying the underlying documents.</li> <li>Performing analytical procedures on current year revenue based on monthly trends and where appropriate, conducting further cutoputes and testing.</li> </ul> Based or the above procedure performed, the recognition and incensurement of revenue from sple of goods are considered to be adequate and icasonable.</li></ul>

# Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. These reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report,  $w_{interval}$ 



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Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action, if required.

# Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act, that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of a

assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the holding company, its subsidiaries have adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the business
  activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We
  are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial
  statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are
  the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial
  statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain
  responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them.
  We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Other Matters

a) We did not audit the financial statements of three subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 6992.18 lakhs as at 31 March 2022, total revenues of Rs. 931.59 lakhs and net cash outflows / (inflows) amounting to Rs. 328.66 for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net loss of Rs. (176.21) lakhs for the year ended 31 March 2022, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements above, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the parsgraph 3 (xxi) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks included in the CARO report in respect of the standalone financial statements of the Holding company and subsidiary companies included in these consolidated financial statements.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit and on the consideration of reports
  of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of
  subsidiaries, as noted in the Other Matters paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:



- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiaries, none of the directors of the Group companies, incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Group, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure A".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as attended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Holding Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 1970f the Act.

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
  - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group – Refer Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.
- The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.



- There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India.
- iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Holding company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from horrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any such subsidiaries to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimare Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimare Beneficiaries.

(b) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries which are incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have not declared or paid any dividend during the year and have not proposed final dividend for the year.

For S.N. Dhawan & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 000050N/N500045

(Surinder.Kr. Khattar) Partner Membership No.: 084993 UDIN: 22084993AJVXBS8497 Place: New Delhi Date: 27 May 2022



Annexine A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of JHS Svendgaard Eaboratories Limited, on the consulidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# Annexure A

Independent Auditor's report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

 In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the company as of and for the year ended 31 March 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Hokling Company") and its subsidiaties, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the draign, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the company's lusiness, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of the company's assets, the prevention and detection of feauds and envises, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, as aforesaid, based on our andir. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and the Standards on Auditing, naved by ICAI and deemed to be presented under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an autit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain sudit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluations the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed basis. The

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Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of IHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter(s) paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants WANA of India.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# Other Matters

9. Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to three subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

For S.N. Dhawan & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Nos 000050N/N500045

(Sorieder.Kr. Khattar) Partner Membership No.: 084993 UDIN: 22084993AJVXBS8497

Place: New Delhi Date: 27 May 2022



CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEFT AS AT 31 MARCH, 3023 Particulars		an a	(R in talks)
Amers	Pates	As at 31 Words, 2022	As at 31 Warch, 2021
1 Hers-carroett assets			
(a) Property, plant and oppipment	3.8	8 AV8 44	3.0.3
(b) Copilal work-in-program	1.1	5,467.97	3,798
to fight of use assets	3.5	1,995,89	821
MT Goodwill	3.4	271.04	407
(e) Diby intaghte assets	3.4		910
(t) Financial assets	55	2-23	,
il investorents	*	117.48	
4) Loren		111-005	102
(ii) Ditter francial asserts			15.6
(g) Deferred for essentiate)	,	425.76	60
(Ni. Hor-correct tax assats (ant)		211.04	1,053
(§) Other nervear next starts	a a	95.60	111
Total non current assets		5,146.03	2,10
2 Convert Assets		14,104,09	10,700.
(a) investories		2000/00/	
the financial assets	30	5,219,24	1,163.
# Investorentia	1.227		
83 Trade excentrables		193,98	204
III Cash and cash evaluatents	12	1,811.62	5,871
	13	528.81	1,079
In back balances other than (iii) alleve	14	117-48	13
ví somm	15.	1,523.79	421
of Other Teasorial anata	16-	546.26	485.
k3 Other current assets	17	1,915.80	1,877.
10 Cartent Sax month (pot)		2.15	0.
Total carvorit anaets		7,895,10	12,865.
Total assets		22,199.18	22,755.
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			Contractor
1 Experime			
(w) manufactorial	18	6.499.01	6,440
at Other couldy	19	12,108.16	12,429.
(c) Non-controlling interest		914.18	
Tosal Squity		19,504.58	926.1
UABILITIES		11,004.04	19,795.0
1 Non-Corvert Listellities			
ing Financial Intalliant			
() Borrawings	25(0	1.4250	
an Lease Liablities	2040	42.38	-
do Parvision	28	457.58	505
(c) Other non-current babilities		80.92	135.
Total ear-current liabilities	22	641.99	
2 Current Rabilities		801.70	686.4
(a) Promial habitities			
n Barcoverige			
in Trade payables	2014	38.98	35.1
	13		
<ul> <li>botal outstanding dams of micro and small exteriorizes</li> </ul>		195.04	287.0
- total occutating data Other than data of micro and read undargeness		1,107.26	1,010.1
rig Lenor Liddifities	20070	92.04	114.4
(A) Other financial likelities	24	340.44	301.0
(b) Other carried Baldrilles	25	132.60	179.7
(c) Perviseos	28	21.48	14.4
Tetal current liabilities		1,850.91	CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER
Tatal Fabilities		2,694,62	7,143.0
Total south and liabilities		22,159.10	1,999.6
sis of Prezandan		22,194.10	12,795,7
oos ve erepanabelin. prefit ant inconstilling politicies.			
NYYON BOOMSE INTERNET CONTRACTOR AND A REPORT OF A	1		2.22
or accompanying notes are as integral part of these fleascial statements			is all
per our report of even dated attached			
ir S. H. Dhawan & Go LIP	208	For seld an behalf of Board of Directors A.	in all
artered Accountants		INS Svendgaard Laboratocies Limited	A W
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Mace : New Golfs Own : 27 May, 2023



# JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED	at manual, sour		(? in laidhs)
Particulars	Note no.	Vear ended 31 March, 2022	Year ende 31 March, 202
Income			1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 -
I Revenue from operations	26	8,625,24	
II Other income	27	938.99	10,076.5
III Total income (I +II)	47	9,564.23	754.40
Expenses		9,994.13	10,830.91
Cost of materials consumed	28A	5,368.24	1 477 5
Purchase of stock-in-trade	280	419.84	6,402.2
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade	29	262.17	283.94
Employee benefit expenses	30		147.63
Finance costs	31	1,144.55	1,008.17
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	32	139.36	123.99
Other expenses	33	705.12	725,47
IV Total expenses	35	1,514.54	2,042.51
		9,553.03	10,734.14
Y Profit/ (loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		10.30	
VI Profit/ (loss) before tax (V)		10.30	96,78
(II Tax expense		10,30	96.78
a) Current tax	34	92.09	
b) Tax for previous years.		1.50	52.57
b) Deferred tax	34	145.65	(131,42
III Profit/ (loss) for the year from continuing operations (VI-VII)		(428.94)	41.30
Other comprehensive income			
-items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Rommanurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans		20.40	
Income tax expense relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or I	222	10.75	12.05
X Total Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	098	(2.90)	(1.26)
X Total comprehensive income for the year (Vill+IX)		7.85 (421.09)	5.60
I Net profit attributable to:			
Owners of The Group		1.100 miles	
Non-controlling interest		(405.20)	119,82
Other Comprehensive income attributable to:		(23,74)	14,42
Owners of The Group			233
Non-controlling interest		5.73	6.59
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to: Owners of The Group		2.12	2.21
Non-controlling interest		(399.46)	126,41
Earnings per equity share		(21.63)	16.63
a) Basic	323S		
b) Offuted	44	(0.63)	0.20
7. 6. 9. 5. 7.	-94	(0.63)	0.20
Basis of Preparation			
Significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even dated attached MAN For S. N. Dhawan & Co LLP For and on behalf of Board of Directors **Chartered** Accountants JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited Firm Registration No.:000050N/N500045 Ma ED ACC Surinder Kr. Khattar Nikhil Nanda Mukul Pathas Partner Managing Director Director: Membership No.: 084993 DIN : 00051501/ DIN : 00051534 Ashish Goel N Neeraj Kumar Chief Financial Offic Joint Chief Financial Officer

Parlaggicsmith Pable

Place : New Delhi Date : 27 May, 2022

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# JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LINITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 WARCH, 2022

(E in laids)

	and the second second second	the second secon
	Year ended	Year ender 31 March, 202
Particulars	31 March, 2022 (Auditori)	3-1 March, 202 (Audited
	369346373	33000
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	40.20	22.35
Profit before exceptional items and tax	10.30	96.78
Adjustments for		
Provision/ write back for inventory (not)	(37,08)	(7.29
Depreciation and Amortization	705.22	725.46
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of Property Plant and Equipment (liet)		5.03
Interest income	(253.29)	F44.03
Government grant amortization	(63.85)	(3-00
Provision no longer regulated written back	(12.04)	(357.83
Balances and Advances writem off	17.04	328.67
Re- measurment Gains	(3.02)	
Security deposit for advance rental as per ind 45 109	(7.44)	
Ammordisation expense of security deposit	4.33	14.44
Gain on termination of lease	-	(9.44
intangible assess under develapment written off		1.1.2
Balances and Advances written back	(346.68)	1127.91
Discourt: Received	(32,78)	
Profit on sale of investment.	(0.62)	
Interest and finance Charges	101.09	81.17
Net gale on financial asset mandatorily measured at EVTPL	1.06	9.54
Exchange[ gain]/loss (net)	(65.29)	61.65
Fair value adjustments	7,63	(31.89
Others	8,79	0.03
Operating profit before working capital changes	26.17	741.39
Adjustments for :		
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(72.07)	(587.39)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	4,067.38	3,680.38
(Increase)//Decreaser in Cornert Laters	(1,095.60)	1.69
(increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	(82.50)	(201.46)
(increase)/Decrease in Asset Held for Sale		5.42
investment in bank deposits (having original maturity of more than 1 months)	(404.60)	(10:44)
(Increase)/Becrease in Other Ron Carront Financial assets-Others	(5,00)	
(increase)/Decrease in Other Current Financial assets	(175.94)	(340.09)
(increase)/Decrease in Non current Loans	121.88	1.27
(increase)/Decrease in Other non-current assets	(1,568.79)	260.45
increase/ (decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	(166.49)	(256.07)
Increase/ (decrease) in Trade psychies	(338.75)	(1,958.89)
Increase/ (decrease) in Usase Usabilities	(18.04)	7,42
increase/ (decrease) in Other Non Current Financial Liabilities	(1,175,53)	
Increase/ (decrease) in Short term provisions	7.08	(0,77)
increase/ (decrease) in Short term borrowing	2.27	
iscrease/ (decrease) in Long term provisions	26:05	24.29
increase/ (decrease) in Non Current Tinancial Unbritties	30,59	(93.69)
Increase/ (decrease) in Other Current Babilities	(42, 14)	6.73
increase/ (decrease) in Other non-Current liabilities	(19.80)	
Cash (used) from operations	(882.83)	1,280.24
Taots Paid	(30.78)	(77.34)
Net cash generated/(used) from operating activities	(913.61)	1,202.90





Purchase of Property Plant and Equipment       (673.80         Right-of-use       33.54         Proceeds from sale of Property Plant and Equipment	
Right-of-use     33.54       Proceeds from sale of Property Plant and Equipment     -       Purchase of Mutual Funds     -       Proceeds from Mutual Funds     (38.00       Proceeds from Investment     -       Net Proceeds from Investment     -       Interest income received     248.00       Proceeds from repayment of loan to Corporates     -       Loan given to Shareholder     -       C.     Cash Flow from Financing Activities     (37.20       Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities     -       C.     Cash Flow from Financing Activities     -       Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings     1.24       Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium     -       Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium     -       Proceed from Financing activities     (101.08       Net Increase from financing activities     (101.08       Net Increase from financing activities     (101.08       Net Increase from financing activities     (15.50.42       Dpening balance of cash and cash equivalents     228.01       Depayment of cash and cash equivalents     22.079.24       Increase from financing activities     (101.08       Net Increase from financing activities     2.079.24       Dening balance of cash and cash equivalents     22.80	(833.27)
Purchase of Mutual Funds	172.29
Proceeds from Nutual funds       (38.00         Proceeds from lewestment       (2.17         Interest income received       248.00         Proceeds from repayment of loan to Corporates       -         Loan given to ShareHolder       -         Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use       (37.20         Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities       (469.66         C       Cash Flow from Financing Activities       -         Proceeds from / (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceeds from / (repayment of) short term borrowings       28.01         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24.98         Interesse from financing activities       (101.05         Net Increase from financing activities       (101.05         Net Increase from financing activities       (1167.16         Net Increase from financing activities       23.07         Components of cash and cash equivalents       2.079.24         Densing balance of cash and cash equivalents       32.34         Densing balance of cash and cash equivalents       32.34         Densing balance of cash and cash equivalents       32.34<	1.20
Proceeds from detentures       -         Net Proceeds from Investment       2.17         Interest income received       248.03         Proceeds from repayment of loan to Corporates       -         Loan given to Shareholder       -         Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use       (37.20         Net Cash generated/(used) in levesting activities       (469.66         C.       Cash Flew from Financing Activities       -         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from financing activities       (101.06         Net Increase from financing activities       (101.06         Net Increase from financing activities       (1,550.42         Dpening balance of cash and cash equivalents       (1,550.42         Dpening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       32.34         Salances with banks       32.34         Salances with banks       -         - on current account       494.27	(1,584,94)
Proceeds from debentures       2.17         Net Proceeds from investment       2.48.00         Proceeds from repayment of loan to Corporates       2.48.00         Loan given to Shareholder       -         Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use       (37.20         Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities       (469.66         C:       Cash Flow from Financing Activities       (469.66         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings       28.01         Repayment of lease liabilities       (70.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from financing activities       (101.06         Net Increase from financing activities       (101.05         Net Increase from financing activities       (1,550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       32.34         Balance with banks       32.34         Balance with banks       32.34         Salance with banks       32.34         Salance with banks       32.34	1,756.16
Interest income received     248.03       Proceeds from repayment of loan to Corporates     -       Loan given to Shareholder     -       Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use     (37.20       Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities     (469.66       C:     Cash Flow from Financing Activities     (37.20       Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings     1.24       Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings     28.01       Repayment of loace tiabilities     (70.37       Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium     -       Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant     (24.98       Interest and financial charges     (101.06       Net Increase from financing activities     (167.16       Net Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents     (1,559.42       Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents     22.37.24       Components of cash and cash equivalents     32.34       Salances with banks     32.34	234.96
Proceeds from repayment of loan to Corporates       -         Loan given to Shareholder       -         Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use       (37.20         Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities       (469.66         C:       Cash Flow from Financing Activities         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       28.01         Repayment of lease liabilities       (70.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24.98         Interest and financial charges       (101.05         Net Increase from financing activities       (1457.16         Net Increase from financing activities       (1,550.42         Dpening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Components of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32.34         Salances with banks       -       32.34	
Loan given to Shareholder Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities (469.66 (40.68 (40.88	28.97
Change in Other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use       (37.20         Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities       (469.66         C:       Cash Flow from Financing Activities       (469.66         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings       28.01         Repayment of loase Itabilities       (70.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24.98         Interease from financing activities       (167.16         Net Increase from financing activities       (1550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32.34         Balances with banks       32.34	0.36
Net Cash generated/(used) in investing activities       (469.66         C1       Cash Flow from Financing Activities       1.24         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings       28.01         Repayment of lease tiabilities       (70.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24.98         Interest and financial charges       (101.06         Net Increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net Increase from financing activities       (1,550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32.34         Balances with banks       -         - on current account       494.27	+
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings Repayment of loase liabilities Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant Interest and financing activities Net increase from financing activities Net increase from financing activities Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Quering balance of cash and cash equivalents Components of cash and cash equivalents Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year Cash on hand Balances with banks - on current account Activities - on current account - on current account	1.75
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings       28.01         Repayment of lease liabilities       (70.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24.98         Interest and financial charges       (101.06         Net Increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       32.34         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32.34         Salances with banks       -       -         - on current account       494.27	(222.52)
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings       1.24         Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings       28.01         Repayment of loase tiabilities       (70.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24.98         Interest and financial charges       (101.06         Net increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Dpening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32.34         Salances with banks       32.34         • on current account       494.27	
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings       28.01         Repayment of loase tiabilities       (70.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24.98         Interest and financial charges       (101.06         Net increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32.34         Balonces with banks       -         - on current account       494.27	
Repayment of loase liabilities       (20.37         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       (24.98         Interest and financial charges       (101.06         Net increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32,34         Balences with banks       32,34         • on current account       494.27	(2.82)
Proceed from Share Capital and securities premium       -         Proceed / (utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24,98         interest and financial charges       (101.06         Net increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32,34         Salonces with banks       32,34         o n current account       494.27	15.69
Proceed/(utilization) from/of Share Warrant       (24,98         Interest and financial charges       (101.06         Net Increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550.42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32,34         Balonces with banks       32,34         • on current account       494.27	(94.52)
Interest and financial charges       (101.05         Net Increase from financing activities       (167.16         Net Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550.42         Dpening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079.24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528.81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32,34         Balances with banks       32,34         • on current account       494.27	1,150.00
Net Increase from financing activities       (167,16         Net Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550,42         Dpening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079,24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528,81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32,34         Salonces with banks       32,34         - on current account       494,27	25.00
Net Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (1,550,42         Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079,24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528,81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32,34         Balances with banks       32,34         • on current account       494,27	(63.01)
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents       2,079,24         Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents       528,81         Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year       32,34         Salances with banks       32,34         • on current account       494.27	1,030,88
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents 528,81 Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year Cash on hand 32,34 Balances with banks on current account 494.27	2,011.26
Components of cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year Cash on hand 32,34 Balances with banks - on current account 494.27	67.98
Cash on hand 32,34 Balances with banks - on current account 494.27	2,079.24
Balances with banks 494.27	
Balances with banks on current account 494.27	17.16
	2,062.08
<ul> <li>In term deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less</li> <li>2.20</li> </ul>	
Cash and bank balance 528.81	7,079.24

Note:- The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in IND AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows.

As per our report of even dated attached

For S. N. Dhawan & CO LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.:000050N/N500045

SNAN &

Surinder Kr. Khattar Partner Membership No.: 084993

Place : New Delhi Date : 27 May, 2022



For and on behalf of Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

Atokul Patinh

Nikhil Nanda Managing Director DIN : 00051501

Asaish Senct

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Director DIN: 00051534

N Neeraj Kumar Juint Chief Financial Officer

Patriopher Singh-Pabla Chief Executive Officer

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#### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 Narch, 2022

#### Background

JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("the Group' or "Holding Group") is a Public Group domiciled in india and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act. The Group is engaged in manufacturing a range of oral and dental products for elite national and international brands. The main portfolio of the Group is to carry out manufacturing and exporting of oral care and hygiene products including toothbrushes, toothpastes, mouthwash, samitizers and job work of detergent powder. The Group's shares are listed for trading on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the BSE Limited.

The Holding Group has three Subsidiary Companies namely, JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (By virtue of control), JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited and JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited.

JHS Svendgoard Brands Limited is into trading of various oral care and beauty products. Currently there are no major operations in JHS Svendgoard Warehouse and Mechanical Limited. JHS Svendgoard Retail Ventures Private Limited operates in retail industry through its own modern stores at different airports.

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of JHS Svendgoard Laboratories Limited and its Subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Group") for the year unded Morch 31, 2022.

#### 1 Basis of Preparation

#### a) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standard

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

For all the period upto and including the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act (hereinafter referred to as 'Previous GAAP').

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakins as per the requirement of Division II IND AS Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 May 2022.

#### b) (1) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprises the financial statement of the Group, and the entitles controlled by the Group Including its subsidiaries as at 31 Warch 2022. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and

(iii) The ability to use its power over the investoe to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

(i) The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee.

- (ii) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- (iii) The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

(iv) The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for tike transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than these adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. The financial statements of the entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as that of the Group.





#### (iii) Consolidation procedure

(I) Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flaws of the parent with those of its subsidiaries.

(ii) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of (iii) Eliminate in full, intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, are eliminated in full). Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind A5 12 "income Taxes" applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Noncontrolling interest in the results and the equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The Group treats transactions with noncontrolling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners

of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and noncontrolling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised within equity.

The interest of non-controlling shareholders may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of noncontrolling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if it results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

#### c) Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis, unless otherwise stated.

#### d) Critical estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will soldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the Group's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgments are:

#### 1. Useful life of property, plant and Equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Group reviews, at the end of each reporting date, the carful life of property, plant and equipment and changes, if any, are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### II. Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is based on estimates and assumptions regarding in particular the expected market outlook and future cash flows. Any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the

#### III. Estimation of defined benefit obligation

Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawal rates as well as assumptions concerning future developments in discount rates, the rate of salary increases and the inflation rate. The Group considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate and documented. However, any changes in

#### iv. Estimation of Deferred tax assets for carry forward losses

The Group review carrying amount of deferred tax assets and Liabilities at the end of each reporting period. The policy for the same has been explained under Note No 2(d).

#### v. Impairment of Trade Receivables

The Group review carrying amount of Trade receivable at the end of each reporting period and provide for Expected Credit Loss based on estimate.

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vi. Fair Value Measurement

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of financial instrument where active market codes are not available. Details of assumption used are given in the notes regarding financial assets and liabilities. In applying the valuation techniques management makes maximum use of market inputs and uses estimates and assumptions that are, as fast as possible, consistent with observable data that market participant would use in pricing the instrument where application data is not observable, management uses its best estimate about the assumption that market participant would make. These estimates may vary from actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Group and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### e) Others

Financial Statements has been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 issued by the Central Government.

#### f) Current versus Non-Current Classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the Financial Statement based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or

Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a limbility for at less; twelve months after the
roporting ported

All other assets are classified as non-current.

#### A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

#### g) Foreign Currency Translation

#### () Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the ontity operates i.e. 'the functional currency'. The Financial Statements are presented in indian rupee (INR), which is Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### ii) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses from settlement of such transactions and from translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the reporting date exchange rates are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other income/ expenses.

#### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### a) Business Combinations

Business combinations have been accounted for using the acquisition method under the provisions of Ind AS 103, Business. Combinations. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets transferred, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Company. The cost of acquisition also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair value on the date of acquisition.

Transaction costs that the Company incurs in connection with a business combination such as finder's fees, legal fees, due diligence fees, and other professional and consulting fees are expensed as incurred.





The excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase.

#### b) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transforred to the customer at an

#### amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for these goods or services. Sale of goods

For sale of goods, revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred at a point in time i.e. when the goods have been dispatched to the location of customer. Following dispatch, the customer has full discretion over the responsibility, manner of distribution, price to sell the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable to recognised by the Company when the goods are dispatched to the customer as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due. Payment is due within 10-15 days. The Company considers the effects of variable consideration, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer (if any).

#### Variable consideration

If the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The Company recognizes changes in the estimated amount of variable consideration in which the change occurs. Some contracts for the sale

of goods provide customers with volume rebates and pricing incentives, which give rise to variable consideration. Rebates are offset against amounts payable by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future rebates, the Company applies the most likely amount method for contracts with a single-volume threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The Company then applies the requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration and recognises a refund liability for the expected future rebates.

#### Contract balances

#### Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in Note No 2(I) Financial assets - initial recognition and subsequent measurement.

Contract Babilities (which the Company refer to as advance from customer)

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract. The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Cost to obtain a contract

The Company pays sales commission to its selling agents for each contract that they obtain for the Company. The Company has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract which allows the Company to immediately expense sales commissions (included in 'commission on sales' under other expenses) because the amortization period of the asset that the Company otherwise would have used is one year or less.

Costs to fulfil a contract i.e. freight, insurance and other selling expenses are recognized as an expense in the period in which related revenue is recognised.

#### Financing components

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

#### Rendering of services

Service income includes job work and its revenue is recognised when the performance obligation to render the services are completed as per contractually agreed terms.





#### Other Revenue Streams

#### Interest income

Interest income from debt instrument is recognised using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. EIR is the rate which exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the EIR the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayments, extensions, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### Dividend income

Dividends are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

#### Export incentives

Export incentives principally comprise of duty drawback. The benefit under these incentive schemes are available based on the guideline formulated for respective schemes by the government authorities. Duty drawback is recognized as revenue on accrual basis to the extent it is probable that realization is certain.

#### c) Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants which are revenue in nature and are towards compensation for the qualifying costs, incurred by the Group, are recognised as income in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such costs are incurred.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets and presented within other income.

#### d) Income Tax

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to an item which is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is recognized in 'Other comprehensive income' or directly in equity, respectively.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### Current Tax

Current tax is based on tax rates applicable for respective years on the basis of tax law enacted and substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The Group establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Current is payable on taxable profit, which differs from profit and loss in financial statements. Current tax is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss. Provision for current tax is made after taking in to consideration benefits admissible under income Tax Act, 1961.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred income taxes are calculated without discounting the temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and there tax base using the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. However deferred tax is not provided on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities unless the related transaction is business combination or affects tax or accounting profit. Tax losses available to the carried forward and other income tax credit available to the entity are assessed for recognition as deferred tax assets.

Deferred tax liabilities are always provided for in full. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that they will be able to utilize against future taxable income.

Deferred tax asset are recognised to the extent that is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary differences will be utilized against future taxable income. This is assessed based on Group's forecast of future operating income at each reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a right and intention to set off current tax assets and liabilities from the same taxation authority.

#### Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT)

Minimum alternate tax credit entitiement paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefit in form of adjustment to future tax liability, is considered as an asset to the extent management estimate its recovery in future years.



#### o) Loases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

#### As a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contract contrains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term

and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-inuse) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates . Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option. Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

#### As a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straightline basis over the lease term.

#### Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Assessment for impairment is done at each balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. Indefinite-life intangibles are subject to a review for impairment annually or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that it is necessary.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets is considered as a cash generating unit. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquire are assigned to those units.

If any indication of impainment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset/cash generating unit is made. Assot/cash generating unit whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount by recognizing the impairment loss as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if any) allocated to the cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset or cash generating unit and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed in the estimate that the assets carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, not of depreciation and amount as had been recognized. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### g) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits hold at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original-matur steps of three months or less that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant rith of 20 ages in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

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]) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

#### h) inventories

(ii) New materials, packaging materials and stores and spare parts are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Cost includes purchase price, taxes (excluding levies or taxes subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. However, these items are considered to be realizable at cost if finished products in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost.

(ii) Work in progress, manufactured finished goods and traded goods are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Cost of work in progress and manufactured finished goods is determined on the weighted average basis and comprises direct material, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition.

(III) Provision for obsolescence on Inventories is made on the basis of management's estimate based on domand and market of the inventories.

(iv) Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(v)The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on an item by item basis.

#### i) Investments and Other Financial Assets

#### (i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and

#### those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in Statement of Profit and Loss or other comprehensive The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (ii) Initial Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

#### (iii) Subsequent Measurement

#### **Debt instruments**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow

characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Ameritized cost: Assets that are hold for collection of contractual cash flows where these cash flows represent solely payments
of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at
amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is
derecognized or impaired, interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest
rate method.

• Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for solling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit and loss. When the financial asset, is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in DCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains? (losses), interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective incerest rate method. At present no financial assets fulfil this condition.

 Fair value through profit or loss(FYTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FYOC are measured at FYTPL. A gain or loss on a dobt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and presented net in the Statement of Profit and Loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises, letterest income from these financial assets is included in other income.



#### Equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of ind AS 109, are measured at fair value. At Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Group makes such election on an instrument by instrument bests. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. Dividends from such investments are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Charges in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other gain/ (losses) in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOC are not reported separately from other charges in fair value.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

investments are carried at cost less accumulated impainment losses, if any Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

For all financial assets with contractual cash flows other than trade receivable, ECLs are measured at an arrount equal to the 12month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of ECLs (or revenal) for the period is recognised as expense/income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (v) De recognition of Financial Assets

A financial assot is derecognized only when:

. The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

 retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Group evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of

#### ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecegnized if the Group has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Group retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

#### j) Financial Liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Subsequent measurement

#### Financial Itabilities at amortized cost

After initial measurement, such financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in the profit or isse.

#### Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within the operating cycle of the business. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.





#### Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at ameritzed cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Foes paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan.

Borrowings are removed from the Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other gains/(coses).

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the entity issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or

part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, which is measured as

the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes psyable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognized in the original liability and the recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### k) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

#### I) Property plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. Other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes (wherever applicable), loss accumulated depreciation and emeritation, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price, any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use and initial estimate of costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site if any.

Where cost of a part of the asset is significant to the total cost of the assets and useful lives of the part is different from the remaining asset, then useful live of the part is determined separately and accounted as separate component.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An asset's carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognizion of the asset loalculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognized.

The Group has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements on transition to ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition.





## m) intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Cost of internally generated asset comprises of all expenditure that can be directly attributed, or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis, to create, produce and make assets ready for its intended use.

Losses arising from retirement of , and gains or losses on disposals of intangible assets are determined as the difference between

net disposal proceeds with carrying amount of assets and recognised as income or expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Group has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its intangible assets as recognised in the financial statements

on transition to ind A5, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition.

## n) Capital Work in progress/ Intangible under development

Capital Work in progress/ intargible under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of capital projects/ intargible assets under development and are carried at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development cost, horrowing cost(wherever applicable) and other direct expenditures.

The Group has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its Capital Work in progress/ Intangible under development as recognised in the financial statements on transition to ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition.

## o) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on property plant and equipment has been provided on straight line method in accordance with the provisions of Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013. The Management believes that the estimated useful lives as per the provisions of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except for moulds and dies, are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Based on internal assessment and technical evaluation, the management has assessed useful lives of moulds and dies as five years, which is different from the useful lives as prescribed under Fart C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

intangible assets comprising of computer software are amortized over a period of five years.

Depreciation and amortization on addition to property plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of assets are ready to use. Depreciation and amortization on sale/deduction from property plant and equipment is provided for upto the date of sale, deduction, discardment as the case may be.

The residual values, useful lives and mothods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

All assets costing Rs. 5,000 or below are depreciated/ amortized by a one-time depreciation/amortization charge in the year of purchase.

## p) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest calculated using the effective interest rate method and amortization of ancillary cost incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings. General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

All Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incarred.

## c) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

A Provision is recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Previous are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current ,market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management / independent experts. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

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## r) Employee Benefits ;

## (I) Short-term obligations

Short term benefits comprises of employee cost such as salaries and bonuses including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet.

## (II) Post employment obligations

## **Defined Benefit Plans**

## Gratuity obligations

The Group provides for the retirement benefit in the form of Gratuity. The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit oredit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bands that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurement of gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period is which they occur, directly is other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in eouity and in the Balance Sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

## **Defined Contribution Plans**

## **Provident Fund**

All the employees of the Group are entitled to receive benefits under Provident Fund, which is defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the employee make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate as per the provisions of The Employees Provident Fund and miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India.

## Employee state Insurance

Employees whose wages/salary is within the prescribed limit in accordance with the Employee State Insurance Act, 1948, are covered under this scheme. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India. The Group's contributions to these schemes are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Group has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions.

## iii) Other Long-term Employee Benefit Obligations

## Leave encashment

The liabilities for accumulated absents are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

## Share-Based Payments

The Group recognises the goods or services received or acquired in a share-based payment transaction when it obtains the goods or as the services are received with a corresponding increase in equity if the goods or services were received in an equity-settled share-based payment transaction, or a liability if the goods or services were acquired in a cash-settled share-based payment transaction.

When the goods or services received or acquired do not qualify for recognition as assets, they are recognised as expenses.

For equity-settled share-based payment transactions, the group measures the goods or services received, and the corresponding increase in equity, directly, at the fair value of the goods or services received, unless that fair value tannot be estimated rollably. If the group cannot estimate reliably the fair value of the goods or services received, the group measures their value, and the corresponding increase in equity, indirectly, by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. If the equity instruments granted west immediately, on grant date the group recognises the services received in full, with a corresponding increase in equity.

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## s) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

## t) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity Shares outstanding during the financial year. The weighted average number of equity

sharms outstanding during the period, are adjusted for events of bonus issued to existing shareholders.

For the purpose calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any.

## u) Segment Reporting

In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, and on the basis of the review of operations by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (COOM), the operations of the Group fall under Manufacturing of Oral Care products, other than manufacturing business and retail operations.

## v) Measurement of fair values

A number of the accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. durived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a finance team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values.

The finance team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, is used to measure fair values, then the finance team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind A5, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values used in preparing these financial statements is included in the respective notes.

## w) Assets held for Sale

Non-current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through a sale (rather than through continuing use) when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset (or disposal group) and the sale is highly probable and is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

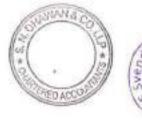
Non-current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Non-current assets held for sale are not deprectated or amortised.

## x) Ecceptional Items

An item of income or expense which its size, type or incidence requires disclosure in order to improve an understanding of the performance of the Group is treated as an exceptional item and the same is disclosed in the notes to accounts.

## y) Applicable standards issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from 1st April, 2022.



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JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORES LIMITED Notes to Consolidated Plinancial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3.1. Property, Flant and Equipment

		GROSS BLOCK (AT CONT)	K (AT CONT)		ADCUM	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION & AMORTIZATION	TION & AMORT	IZATION	100	New an UCK.
Perticulars	As at 01 April, 2021	Addition	Disposals/ adjustments	As at 31 March, 2022	As et 01 April, 2021	Depreciation & amortization	Disposalul adjuctments	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2022	An at March 31, 2021
Property, Plant and Equipment						IN THE DAME				
Freehold Land	563.20	4		542 74	2					
Factory Building	1,901.07	4		1 401 00	10.12	CG #2		- And -		10
Office Burliding	HO VEL			ALL AND ALL AN		2	1.224	470.74	-	第1巻511
Classif & Marchinese	INCL	1000		145.0	30.22	5.5		36.26	106.75	112.79
	4,466,09	2.60		4,405.69	1,455.94	154.17		1.810.21	-	3.010 54
Mould # 2005	15112	21.44	1	417.27	721.80	10.05	8.	274.74		in the second
Electronic Equiprient	191.89	0,0		192 19		1.14		10.071		
Leb Exclorence.	5.63			1.4		0.00		-0.001		14.41
Levelold increases						24.0		10%	0.76	0
Entrantic contract of the second	151/01	1	4	127.421	AB.30	18.43	i.	67.23	90.10	
Patrice Province of Concerning	121.44	1.02	1	16,722	126.43	32.16	14	138,39		20.55
Annual cognitation	41.84	2.30	*	44,14	22.59	5.76		26.22		
VIDICIE	286,86	211.06	4	16.788	126.47	49.86		12 121		
Computer	86.5	1	•	9.08		0.46		and a		
Computer network	EQ.W.		1			8	12	12.4	19/1	222
Tetal	1Vm	ALC: NO		0.27		-	1	0.23	0.04	0.04
	8,360.30	263.48	•	\$,623,79	2,560.95	\$95.11	0.22	2,155,83	5,447.07	5,700.37
Provious Year	7,714.64	646.20	0.54	8.360.30	1.903.77	567.50	0,10	2 540 47	R 700 17	

## 3.7 Capital Work In progress'

					SUMPH IN ST
Partodiars	As et 01 April, 2021	Additions	Capitalised	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Bulkiting	212.99	16.67	1.1	230.36	212 40
Computer	0.13	- Caller		0.13	1
Plant and Machinery	480.90	408.40	14	A69.40	
would and Dies	\$16			E 14	
fumiture & fotore	134	830.91	1.00	811.17	111
ventrie	182.27	1.20	187.47	10.000	41 685
stangels Austi Pre-operative expenses	4.03	HC'HE		10.02	A UR
Total	101.108	1,288.81	184.55	68,306,1	801.62
Previous year	705.02	217.42	\$0.65	891.62	*

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"Capital work in progress ageing Ageing for capital work in progress as at March 31,2032

Particulars	Amount 1	n capital work in	progress for a p	ented of	Tetal
	Lett than 1year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More then 3 years	
Projects in progress	1,288,61	10.134	62,43	217.29	1.005.30
Projects temporally suspended		,			1 creater

## Ageing for capital work to progress as at March 31, 2031

Last: than fyear         1-2 years         2-3 years           objects in prograss         011,30         62.43         217,29	Amount in capital work in progress for a perior	1-2 yours
	1-2 yours	

891.62

Total

3.3 Reprind-set assets The character in the carrying value of 80U assets for the year and/of March 31, 2022 are as follows:

	(14) S (1)
Particulary	Anount
Selance as at April 1, 2021	407.39
addit lane	
And and a second se	
	(32.60
Deprectation	1124.27
Belance as at March 31, 2022	214 00

## 3.4 Intangible assets

		GHOSS BLOCK (AT CDST	X (AT COST)		ADCU	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION & AMORTIZATION	ITRON & AMORTI	IZATION	NET	NET BLOCK
urtisodars Goode II,	An at 01 April, 2021 110.69	Additions	Disposals/ adjustments	As at 31 March. 2022 110.69	As at 01 April, 2021	Deprectation & amortization for the year	viandiulbe	As at 31 March, 3012	Al at 35 March, 2022 155.43	As al March 31,
Total	110.69			110.65	*				110.40	140.60
Frevisus year	110.69			110,69			-	•	130.69	
Other Intergible assets computer software	6.77			6 P			a) ()			
Trademark Non Compete Pees	CE 7 25.1			1	376	1.61		1895 1875	871 871	80 80 10
Total Other Intangible acets	18.27			18.27	14	1.78		16.06		
Previous year	17.78			87.78	14.26	1.16	1	42.43		





Hotes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

				(? in laktus)
4 Pimancial Asset - Non Current Investments			As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Investments in				
Investments carried at fair value through profit & loss	Fair value	Number of Units		
Mutual Fund units (Quoted)	1,069.37	11000	117.63	
			117.63	
Aggregate amount of quoted investments at cost			110.00	
Aggregate market value of quoted investments			117,63	1
5 Financial Asset - Non - current loans				
				(* in lakhs)
Particulars			As at	As at
			31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Unsecured, com/dered good				in a second s
Security deposit to related parties (Refer Note No. 40)				118,77
			+	118.77
6 Other non- current financial assets				
AND COMPANY OF COMPANY OF COMPANY				(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars			As at	As at
			31 Marich, 2022	31 Marchy 2021
Deposits with Banks having inaturity period of more than twelve months"			20.76	60.37
Advance to Employee			385.01	
Security deposit with related parties			19.54	1
Interest accrued on non current Flued deposits			0.45	0.25
			425.76	60.62
			And a second	A

\* includes pledged it Margin money deposited with various government authorities amounting to Rs. 19.76 lakins ( 31 March, 2021: Rs. 14.48 lakins),





## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

7 Deferred tax assets (net)

A presence of the second fully		
) The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		(t in latins)
	As at	As at
N. March 10, N. & William and March 10, 1997	31 March, 2022	31 Merch, 2021
Deferred tax listrify on account of:		
Property, plant and equipment	[419.98]	(375.76)
Financial ansats at FVTPL	(19.75)	
Lease Liabilities	146.281	18.00
ProPit margin on Inter grops stock		(3, 17)
Right-of-use assets	(21.28)	(0.86)
Sub Total	(507.29)	(379.80)
Deferred tax asset on account of:		
Provision for borus	1.16	1.53
Provision for doubthal dobts	0.78	1.79
Provision for absolute stack	2.46	15.02
Provision for gratuity	40.13	29.09
Provision for doubtful advance	225.77	567.00
Property, Plant & Equipment	7.10	
Right of Use Assets	41.87	
Security Depeals	1.63	
Provision for leave encostment	11.89	10.84
Expanses for morgon	1.25	
Lease Liabilities	77.52	37.87
Other temporary differences	3.27	5.94
Tax losses carried forward	398.44	675.57
Gost Grants	44.78	1.1.4
MAT Credit entitiement	329.17	358.54
Sub Total	1,218.33	1,433,20
Net deferred tax (liability)/enet	711.04	1,053,40

## (b) Novement in deferred tax balances;

					(e in lakha)
	Provision for employeesent	Property, Plant end Equipment	Tax bases carried forward	Others	Total
At 31 March, 2020	61.00	(253.27)	388.11	975.22	1,131.06
Charged/(Eredited):					
- almostly in equity				3.19	3,19
- to profit or lass	(16.27)	(83.36)	17.46	4,57	(77.59)
- to other comprehensive income	(3.26)		199		(3.36)
AL 31 March, 2021	41.47	(376.62)	405.57	982,99	1,053,40
Charged/(Cradited) - directly in equity		2000000		A INVOLVE	
- to profit or tota	8.51	(32.12)	(7.13)	[310.54]	(245) 222
<ul> <li>to other comprehensive income</li> </ul>	2.90				2,90
At 31 Narch, 2022	53,88	(412.24)	398.44	672,45	711.04

			off in lakies)
		As at 31 March, 2022	As et 31 Nierch, 2021
100	Anounts recognised directly in other equity Aggregate deferred tax anising in the reperting period and not recognised in net profit or loss or other comprehensive income but directly dealard/ (credited) to other equity		
	Deferred tax: Adjustment pertaining to igen given to shareholder	-1	3.19

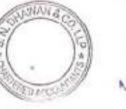




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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

8 New current tax assets (net)	As at	161
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 202
Advance Income tax and Tax deducted at source	75.40	163.64
Less: Provision for taxation	(19.60)	152,5
	\$5.80	111.0
9 Other non current assets		
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As a 31 March, 202
Capital advance	31 March, 2022	at march, 203
이 것 같아? 것 같아? 아니는 아니는 아이는 것이다.	4,281.07	453.1
Unsecured (considered good) Unsecured (conticered equiptful)	725.83	
Less: Provision for doubtful capital advances	(728.83)	(730.3 730.3
Advances other than Capital Advances:	(ran-u.)	73013
	477 08	1000 A
Security deposit	671.98	577.1
Prepard exponses		5.2
Plead Deposit More Than 12 Months	0.27	
Deferred payroll cost	160,24	1.000 2
Opternod rent expense	25.77 5.146.03	1,047.5
Capital Advance includes advances given to related party (Refer Note 40).		
0 Investories		
Particulars	As at	As a
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 202
Faw Materials	356.28	405.34
Packing material	282,49	313.7
World In-progress	251.65	130.8
Faitshed goods	240.20	282.8
Stores and spares	89.97	77.5
Less: Provision for obsellence & dimension in value"	(10.35)	(47.4
	1,210.24	1,163.85
Provision for obselence & dimunition in value		
Opening belance	47.44	54.77
Addition during the year		
Reversed during the year	(37.09)	17.28
Closing balance	10.35	47.44
1 Current Investments		
Particulars	As at	Á3 4
Investments carried at fair value through Profit & Loss	31 March, 2022	31 March, 202
(avestments in Mutual funds (Quoted)		
- Rotak Ligerd Fund		54.02
on at 31 Narch 2022- NR Units (As at 31 Narch 2021: 1256.27 Units)		
- KOG Prodential	÷.	49.90
As at 31 March 2022 - Mil units (As at 31 March 2021: 16488.93 Units)		
-Aditya Birta Sontifie Mutual Fund	95.43	102.6
As at 31 March 2022 - 22006.808 Units (As at 31 March 2021:		
24289.768 (Inits)		
Other fixed deposits	48.26	
-4RG Outlier Media Private Limited	100.29	
1. 224 Community in Community in Participating Profeedings Startes		
274 Computerity Convertaillile Participatory Preference shares of its 107-each having issue price of its.36,601.92 )		1000000
	243.98	204.65
	243.98	204.65







JIIS SYENDGAARD LABORATORUES LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year chided 31 March, 2022

## 12 Trade receivables

		ACTING IN FL
Particulary	31 March,	If March,
Trade receivables considered good - Secured	1	•
Trade receivables confidered good - Unecurved	1,811,62	5.071.00
Tradio receivables which how significant increase in credit may	,	
Trade receivables - Credit Imprimed		
LESS: Allowance for Expected credit loss		1
	1,811.62	1,871.00

	burring thes percent		4	
failance at the beginning of the year	Change in allowance for crodit impairement d	Trade receiveble written off during the year	Salarize as at the end of the year	

(237.25)

12/USE

Agelog for traducentwishies -current outstanding as at 31 March 2012:

			<b>Dutstanding for</b>	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment	due date of Payr	Serit		Total
ferboulars	Unbilled	Net: Due	Lens then 6 months	6 montha - 1 year	1-2 (9987)	2-3 years	More than 1 years	
Trade recebsifier								
Undipaded trade receivables -considered good	15.22	308.01	472.37	371.36	643.24	1.10	0.00	1811.62
Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk.	.8	æ	+					
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impointed		+		4		1		
Disputed trade his elvades -considered good			÷					
Deported trade receivables which have significent increments credit risk								
Disputed trade receivables - credit impoliced		1						

## Ageing for trade receivables -current outstanding as at 31 March 2021;

								Perinany in sh
			Dutistanding for	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment	due date of Pays	sent		Total
Farticulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	trang 1 - 1	2+3 years	More them 2 years	
Trade receivables								
Undisputed trade receivables -considered good	30.02	869.65	572.19	4178.95	tét	10.33	127.22	5871.60
Undfignited trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk		+			-		+	-
Undspitted trade receivebler - credit impaired		-	+					-
Disputed trade receivables considered good	,			+				-
Digitized trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit role	+							
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired		+				0		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

13 Cesh and cash equivalents

		(8 im Laistm)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 3022	As at 31 March, 2021
Cath on hand	42.55	17.16
Balance with bank		
- current account	484.05	2,062.01
<ul> <li>term deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months</li> </ul>	2.20	÷.
	528,81	2,079.24
Bank belance other than cash and cash equivalents		(E in lakhs)

		TA BREAKING
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
investment with term deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months'	117.41	35.51
	117.42	35.51

\* Includes pledged B margin money deposits with various government authorities amounting to ₹ 88.30 tables as on 31st March,2022 (31 March, 2021: ₹ 15.60)

## 15 Current Loens

14

		(* in laids)
Particulars	As wt 31 Warch, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Unsessed, considered good		
Loam to corporates	1,248.96	+1
Loans to related parties	2.40	1
Lean to shareholder	143.12	454,49
Lean to others	127.89	10
Laan to employees	0.42	17.45
	1,522.79	421.94
16 Other current financial assets		(4 to laking)
	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Interest Receivables*	67.95	8.41
Other receivables	374.30	477.58
Advance to Employees	102.01	1. A.
	544.26	485.94

\* Interest receivable interest on employee edvances and interest on ioan to subsidiaries amounting to Rs. 61.52 Lashs(31st March, 2021-Rs. 40.)

## 17 Other current assets

		(? in lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 Merch, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Advances other than capital advances		
Deferred expenses	3.03	2.24
Prepaid expenses	41.14	15.74
Balances with statutory/government authorities	197,18	337,98
Imprest to employees	0.05	0.64
Advance to suppliers	1307.54	2538.38
Less: Provision for coubtiful advances	(82.73)	(1307.47)
Export licentive receivables	205.91	222.87
Other receivables	241.71	2.52
	1913.83	1832.45





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 Warch, 2022.

18	Equity Share Capital		C in marsh
	color à sumo colores	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
- A)	Authorised shares		
	65,000,000 Equity shares of Rs. 107 - each (65,000,000 Equity shares, 31 March, 2020 : Rs. 107 - each)	6,510.00	6,500.00
b)	Issued, subscribed & fully paid up shares 64,900,465 Equity shares of #10/- each; (64,400,465 Equity shares, 31 March, 2021 ; # 10/- each)	6,490.05	6,448.05
	Total	6,490.05	6,440.05

## c) Reconciliation of number of equity shares and share capital outstanding

As at 31 March	2022	As at 31 Marc	th, 2021
No. of Shares	(It in lakites)	No. of Shares	(₹ in lakhs)
64,400,465	6,440.05	60,900,465	6,090.05
500,000	<i>i</i> .	3,500,000	350.00
64,900,465	6,440.05	64,400,465	6,440.05
	No. of Shares 64,400,465 500,000	64,400,465 6,440.05 500,000 -	No. of Shares (₹ in lakbs) No. of Shares 64,400,465 6,440,05 60,900,465 500,000 - 3,500,000

Pirsuant to approval of shareholders by way of special resolution in accordance with section 42 & 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder and as per SEBI (CDR) Regulations, 2018 The Group approved preferential allotment of 40,00,000 fully convertible warrants of 8s. 10 each at an issue price of Rs. 2D per warrant. Out of this 35,00,000 equity shares were listed with stock exchange in 9th March 2021 and batence 5,00,000 equity shares allotted on 8th February 2022. This 5,00,000 equity shares are still pending for listing .

## d) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Group has only one class of equity shares having a par value of #s. 10/- per share referred to herein as equity share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

The Group declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in the case where interim dividend is distributed. During the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, no dividend has been declared by The Group.

In the event of liquidation of The Group, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of The Group, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, such distribution amount will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

## Aggregate number of shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date. No shares were issued to the shareholders for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

## f) Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in The Group

	As at 31 Mar	ch, 2022	As at 31 Ma	rch, 2021
	No. of Shares	% of holding	No. of Sheres	% of holding
NB/VE Nanda	24,310,774	37.47%	23,810,774	36,97%
Sushma Nanda	3,065,983	4.72%	3,065,983	4,76%

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(With Inishe)



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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

## g) Details of promotors shareholding

Shares held by promoter at the end of the year	As at March 31, 2022	1, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	31, 2021	% Change during the
Promoter Name	Number of % of total shares shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	
Mr. Nikhii Nnada	2,43,20,774	37.47%	37.47% 2,38,10,774	36.97%	0.50%
Late Mr. Harish Chander Nanda"	16//61	0.03%	19,731	0.03%	0.003
Mr. Diljit Singh Grewal	1,500	0.00%	1,500	000%	0.00%
Mrs. Shushma Nanda	30, 65, 983	4.72%	30,65,983	4.76%	-0.04%

Shares held by promoter at the end of the year	As at March 31, 2021	1, 2021	As at March31, 2020	31, 2020	% Change
Promater Name	Number of shares	Number of % of total shares shares	I Number of % of t shares sh	% of total shares	during the year
Mr. Nikhil Nreda	2,35,10,774	36.97%	1,20,60,774	19.80%	17.17%
Late Mr. Harish Chander Nanda*	19,731	0.03%	167,91	0.03%	0.00%
Mr. Diljit Singh Grewal	1,500	0.00%	1,500	0.00%	0.00%
Mrs. Shushma Nanda	30,65,983	4.76%	30,65,983	5.03%	-0.27%

\* Transmission of shares is under process.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

(₹ in lakht)		NUNUTED 11	
C	As at 31 March, 2022	Particulars	
		Summary of Other Equity Balance	Α.
		Particular	
241.95	241.95	Capital Reserves	
10,366.08	10,416.08	Securities premium	
6,68	6.68	General reserves	
1,770.16	1,411.66	Retained Earnings	
25.00	10,000,000,000,000	Money received against share warrants	
19.63	23.79	Other Comprehensive Income	
12,429.50	12,100.16	Total	
(₹ in lakhs)		a) Capital Reserves	
As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022		
	the second se	Occurrent Follower	
241.95	241.95	Opening balance	
241.95	241.05	Addition/Deletion during the year Closing balance (A)	
241.95	241.95	Closing database (4)	
(₹ in lakhs)		b) Securities premium	
As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022		
9,930.72	10,365.08	Opening balance	
350.00	50.00	Add : Premium on Coversion of share warrants	
85,16	30,00	Add : Premium on share issued	
03.10		Less : Other charges - Share Issue Expenses	
12		Elimination and ind AS adju	
10,366,08	10,416,08	Closing balance (B)	
(t in takhs)		c) General reserves	
As at	As at		
31 March, 2021	31 March, 2022		
6.68	6.68	Opening balance	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Addition during the year	
6.63	6.68	Closing balance (C)	
(₹ in lakhs)		d) Retained Earnings	
As at	As at		
31 Harch, 2021	31 March, 2022		
1,517,40	1,770.16	Opening balance	
119.82	(198.51)	Acid: Profit for the year transferred from the Statement of Profit and Loss	
18.31)	(6.20)	Less: Adjustment pertaining to a loan given to shareholder	
121,47		Less: Other Consolidation adjustment	
19,78	46.21	Add: Adjustments of Lease Equilisation Reserve	
1,770,16	1,411,66	Closing balance (D)	





	(₹ in lakhs)
As at	As at
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
25.00	-
	25.00
(25.00)	
•	25,00
	(₹ in lakhs)
As at	As at
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
19.63	13.05
4.16	6.59
23.79	19.63
12,100.16	12,429,50
	31 March, 2022 25:00 (25:00) (

## 8. Nature and purpose of reserves

## Capital reserve

a) A capital reserve is an account in the equity section of the balance sheet that can be used for contingencies or to offset capital losses. It is derived from the accumulated capital surplus of a company, created out of capital profit. The reserve is utilise in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

## b) Security premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilitie in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

## c) General reserve

This represents appropriation of profit by The Group and is available for distribution of dividend.

## d) Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that The Group has earned till date, loss any transfors to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

## e) Other Comprehensive Income

Differences between the interest income on plan assets and the return actually achieved, and any changes in the Babilities over the year due to changes is actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments within the plans, are recognised in 'Other comprehensive income' and subsequently not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

## 20 Financial Liabilities

(i) Borrowings

(? in lakins)

ment countries.				
	Non cu	rrent	Current m	aturities
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Secured				
Veticle Loans"				
- from Banks	38.10	31.01	18,54	10.04
- fram Others		5.95	1.81	20.94
	38.20	36.96	The second	15.75
Amount disclosed under the head Other current		30.90	20.35	36.69
financial liabilities		5		
Net Amount (A)	38.20	NY 14		
	16.20	36.96	20.35	36,69
Unsecured				
Unsecured Loan from other **	10.00	10,00		22
	10.00	10.00		
Amount disclosed under the head Other current financial lightities				1
Net Amount (B)				
and annual (b)	10,00	10.00		
Total (A+B)	45.20	40.95	20.35	36.69
	and the second se	A DOLLAR DE		20.07

\* Respective assets are hypothecated against the toans taken to acquire such vehicles. Loan is repayable within a period of 60 months at interest rate in the range of 88 p.a. to 128 p.e.

(₹ in laidm ent	Curre	Contraction of the local data	Non cur	Loase Liabilities	ŋ
As a 31 March, 202	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022		
114.0	92.04	503.45	457.58	Lesse llability on office building	
(t in lakhs				Provisions	21
ent	Curre	rrent	Non Cur		
As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	-	
6.86	32.18	104.74	120.08	Provision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity	
7.54	9.30	31,51	33.84	Provision for Employee Benefits - Leave Encashment	
14.40	21.48	136.25	153.92		



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

## 20 Financial Liabilities

(I) Borrowings

Total (A-8)

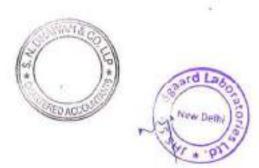
	Non cu	rrent	Current m	aturities
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Secured				
Vehicle Loans*				
from Banks	35,20	31.01	18.54	20.94
+ from Others		5.95	1.81	15.75
	38.20	36.96	20.35	36.69
Amount disclosed under the head Other current	14			
financial liabilities				
Net Amount (A)	38.20	36.96	20.35	36.69
Unsecured				
Unsecured Loan from other **	10.00	10.00		
	10,00	10.00	14	
Amount disclosed under the head Other current financial liabilities	-	*	-	
Het Amount (6)	10.00	10.00		

\* Respective assets are hypothecated against the loarn taken to accurre such vehicles. Loan is repayable within a period of 60 months at interest rate in the range of 8% p.a. to 12% p.a.

48,28

46.96

(€ in laides)			
Current	1	Non cur	Loase Liabilities
As at As at 31 March, 2022 31 March, 2021	As at 1 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	
92.04 114.04	503.45	457.58	Lease liability on office building
(* in lakhs)			Provisions
Current	nt.	Non Cur	
As at As at 31 March, 2022 31 March, 2021	As at 1 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	
12.10 6.85	104.74	120 04	Provision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity
9,30 7,54	31.51	33.84	Provision for Employee Benefits - Leave Encashment
21,48 14,40	136,25	153,92	



20.35

(R in lakhs)

36.69

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

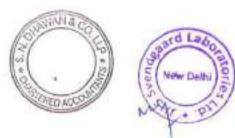
	(₹ in lakhs)
As at	As at
31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
143.99	
143.99	
	31 March, 2022 143.99

23 Trade payables

Refer note 2(j) of accounting policy on trade payable

		As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
	Trade povable		unored h
	(a)Due to micro & small enterprises (Refer note 46)	196.04	287.93
	(b)Due to others	1,187.76	1,310.14
		1,383.80	1,598.07
	-		(X in lakin)
	Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises(as per the intimation received from vendors)		
a)	Amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting years		1
	Principal	196.04	287.93
	Interest	7.76	2.34
(b)	Interest paid by The Group in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and -Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplior beyond the appointed day.		
(c)	Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment. (which - have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Alicro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006.		94 
(d)	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	2.62	1.60
1780	Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until - such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	St.	
10)	to the small enterprises.		
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro-enterprises and small enterprises.		

Refer note 44 for liquidity and crodit risk on trade payable



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# Index propriete april autonome Burtssonding for forsewing periods from the date of poymost, as et 31 March 2022

a charlen T					the second s	Jacobard Int 4.2
Particular	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1 - Z years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade peyables						
VSML*	2	196,04	+			196.04
Dthen	10.745	101.43	61.29	35.35	N.A.T	4 482 23
Dryputed ches MSMC*			1			And a state of the
Disputed dows - Others			1			

# Outstanding for following periods from cue date of payment, as at 31 March 2021

					and the second se	The same int all
Particular	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade payables						
WSWE	145,67	142.26	3			282.03
Others	528.14	686.42	4039	28.97	21.12	1 360 14
Disputed dates - MGM2*	1					L Internet
Dispected dates - Others	1		1	+		

"MSME as per Ure Micro, Sneth and Medhum Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Ageng for Unable papables outstanding as at March 31, 2021 is as follows

## 24 Other current financial Sabilities

Perfoculars As Mt Att Interest accurate further accurate function and the act becrawfings (1,15) (1,	<ol> <li>As at 1. 31 March, 2023</li> <li>6.37</li> </ol>
Interest accrued but not due on bentanings Unpaid dividence <sup>4</sup> Book overdiant Payable to employees Security deposit	41.0
Langaki dihidanetr Book overdrant Payable to employees Security deposit	
Book overdrant. Payable to employees 39.: Security deposit	
Payable to employees 39.4 Security deposit	
Security deposit	104.141
Phylioly towards purchase of property, plant and equipment 95.3	145.89
Expense Payabe	3 34.64
240.4	370,04

ģ 2013 Issuer Warren 31, 2022 (Warren 31, 2021) ML.

## 25 Other current liabilities

#F#	31 Merch, 2021	27,12	88.72	56,96	132.00
Particulars		Statutory dues	Advance received from Customers.	Ginvenment grants (Refer note 37)	

(7. in LaWe) As an As an 28.33 28.33 19.45

1773,728





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

26 Revenue from operations

Revenue from operations		(4 in lakhs)
	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers*		
Sale of manufactured goods-Oral Care Products	8,484.81	9,761.25
Job Work Income	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	9.49
Sale of packing material/row material (Traded Goods) Other operating revenue	64.13	245.50
Scrap sales	76.10	67.28
Revenue from Operations	8,625.24	10,076.52

\* It represents disaggregated revenue information in accordance with INDAS 115.

## Reconciliation of revenue recognised with contract price:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ender 31 March, 2021
Revenue as per contracted price	8,764.63	10,165.67
Adjustments		
Cost Reconciliation	(114.71)	(83.37)
Robate given to customer		(9.73)
Sales return	(24.68)	(5.78)
Revenue from Operations	8,625.24	10,076.52

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at year end are, as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
Advances from customers (Refer Note no 25)	863.10	151.46

Management expects that the entire transaction price allotted to the unsatisfied contract as as the end of the reporting period will be recognised as revenue during the next financial year.

## 27 Other income

7 Other income		(₹ In laktis)
	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
interest income on fixed deposits	4.83	3.93
Interest income Others	215.09	79.45
Export incentive		20.46
Provision no longer required written back	54,04	437.67
Government grant/refer note 37)	63.85	3.00
Foreign exchange gain (tet)	65.29	. Aller
Profit on sale of Investment	1.22	19.98
Sale of Media rights	150.00	
Wiscellaneous Income	95,85	119.46
Net gain on Financial asset mandatority measured at PVTPL	14.03	
Shipping Charges Recovered	105.86	in the
Profit on principal agent sale		38.34
Miscellaneous balance written back	168.93	32.51
	938.99	754.40





Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

## 28 Cost of materials consumed

	28 Lost of materials consumed		
			(₹ in lakhs)
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
A	Cost of Raw Materials Consumed		
	Stock at the beginning of the year	405.36	26.86
	Add: Purchases	3,164.17	4,500.70
	Less: Stock at the end of the year	(356.28)	(405.36)
		3,214,25	4,121.20
	Cost of packing materials consumed		
	Stock at the beginning of the year	313.78	25.11
	Add: Purchases	2,122.69	2,569.71
	Less: Stock at the end of the year	(282.49)	(313.78)
		2,153.98	2,281.04
		5,368.24	6,402.24
			(€ in lakhs)
ъ	Purchase of Stock in Trade	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Purchase of Stock in Trade	419.84	283.99
		419.84	283,99

## 29 Changes in Inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in-trade

		(T in lakhs)
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Finished goods		
At the beginning of the year	282.80	365.04
Less: At the end of the year	(240.20)	(282.80)
	42,61	82.24
Work-in-progress		
At the beginning of the year	130.84	144,15
Add: Purchases	340.37	52.11
Loss: At the end of the year	(231.65)	(130.84)
	219.56	65,43
	262,17	147.67

## 30 Employee Benefit Expenses

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	1,027.09	848.01
Contribution to provident and other funds	64.97	56,14
Workmen and staff weifare expenses	15.07	64,00
Gratuity	30.89	32.26
Leave encashment	6.47	6.04
Staff Training & Stipends	0.07	0.77
Staff Recruitement Expenses	-	0.95
	1,144.56	1,008,17





(K in lakhs)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

	and the state of marchineses		(T in latins
31 Finance Costs		Year ended	Year ended
Interest expanse		I March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Interest Expense Lease Liabilities		61,47	18,81
Interest on delay in deposit of Statutory dues		65.06	104.63
Bank Charges		0.41	0.55
		12.40 139.355952	123.99
32 Depreciation and Amortization Expenses			(₹ in lakhs)
		Year ended	Year ended
	31	March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Depreciation of property plant and equipment		608.22	567.5
Depreciation on Right of use asset		24.6	155.83
Amortisation of intangible assets		72.4	2.14
		705.22	725.47
3 Other expenses			(₹ in lakhs)
		Year ended	Year ended
Consumption of stores and spares	31	March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Puwer and Fuel		3.08	7.85
Rent		296.60	297.82
Advortisement expenses		0.20	0.77
.lob work charges		8.26	4.71
Business promotion expenses		479.00	525.22
Drokerage & Cammission		55.41	22.47
Sampling Expense		D.66	25.29
Display and tisting charges			4.09
Brand Promotion Expenses		24	15.48
Repairs.			1.1.90
Plant and Machinery		92.25	132.44
Building		16.76	40.82
Others		47.90	44.76
Marketing Fund		2.55	1.47
Revenue Shares		38,44	29.46
Airport Service Charges		22.92	18.76
Minimum Guarantee		21.03	1.93
Freight and cartage outward		42.92	21,17
Insurance charges		54.63	56,14
Logal and professional fees		83.75	90.19
Rates and taxes		16.67	66.65
Telephone and postage		6.14	7.25
Printing and stationery		8.66	6.58
Travelling and conveyance expenses		82.94	43.39
Provision for doubtful receivables Exchange fluctuation		-	5.87
Loss on sale of fixed assets (Not)			73.50
Directors sitting fees		-	5.03
Testing charges		2.60	5.20
Auditor's remuneration			4.07
Office maintenance		22.81	22.11
Research and Development Expenses		28.14	27.05
Balances written off:		0.54	0.14
a second second because a second s	26.25		
Para sector and the s	26.25)		4
viscellancous expenses		17.20	328.67
Amortization of deferred rent expense		3.03	23.65
Consumable expenses		6.70	16,68
License fees		14.51	10.32
Donation expreses		0,16	33.46
Expired paste credit:		0.10	28.00
		4 84 5 8 5	2,042.61
		1,514.54	2,042,01
		18/	1
		loil	5 2310

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

- 34 Income taxes
- (a) Income tax expenses

(a) income tax expenses		(C in lakes)
	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Profit and lass section		and the second se
I. Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	92.09	52.57
Adjustments for current tax of previous years	1.50	(131.42)
	93.59	(78.85)
II. Deferred tax charge/(credit)	Bi and a second s	
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	345.65	41.39
- April a construction and a fille a construction of	345,65	41.39
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss (I+II)	439.24	(37.46)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Section		
Tax relating to itoms that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit & Loss	(2.90)	(3.26)
Income tax charged to OCI	(2.90)	(3.26)
(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate		(€ in lakhs)
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021

	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
Profit from continuing operations (A)	192.39	96.78
Income tax rate applicable (B)	27.82%	27.82%
Computed tax expense (A*B)	53.52	26.92
Tax effect of the amounts that are not deductible (taxable) while calculating taxable income :		10033051
Effect of Non- deductible expenses	18.10	0.71
income not taxable under income tax	(10.32)	(2.03)
Effect of changes in tax rate due to MAT	(24,52)	(35.05)
Tax expense for previous year	1.50	(131.42)
Deferred tax on unabsorbed losses, previously not recognised	11.69	(8.84)
Tax impact of IND AS adjustment	8.32	28,73
Deffered tax reversal on Provision write back	355.03	93.54
Others	15.71	(10.02)
Income tax expense/(reversal)	439.24	(17,46)

## 35 Contingent Liability

I. Claims/Iltigations made against The Group not acknowledged as debts:

## Matters under litigation:

Claims against The Group by vendors & customers amounting to ₹ 393.74 lakits (Previous Year ₹ 253.07 lakits). The management of The Group believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings will not have a material/adverse effect on The Group's financial condition and results of operations.

There is outstanding sales tax demand for the FV 2009-10 is for Rs. 4.20 lakb, against which The Group had filed an appeal before Additional excise and taxation commissioner cum - Appelate Authority (57) Shimia, where an amount of Rs 0.50 lakbs had been deposited.

As on the signing date of the balance sheet the appeal was allowed by Appelate Authority -Cum- Additional commissioner state tax and excise Gr-1 (S2) Shimla wide order dated 12.04,2022.

## il. Others:

Bank Gearantee issued by Bank amounting to ₹ 96.35 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 10.21 lakhs).

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

## 37 Government Grant

During the financial year ended 31 March, 2022, The Group had received a capital subsidy of Rs. 223 lakhs under the Industrial development scheme .2017 notified vide no. 2(2)2018-SPS of the Government of India. The subsidy received is being apportioned to Statement of Profit & Loss over the useful life of the eligible assets. During the year The company has recognised ₹ 63.84 lakhs (previous year ₹ 3 lakhs ) as government grant based on useful life of the assets.

## **38 Segment Reporting**

The Group is engaged in manufacturing a range of oral and dental products for elite national and international brands. Information reported to and evaluated regularly by the Chief Operational Decision Maker (CODM) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessing performance focuses on business as a whole. The CODM reviews The Group's performance on the analysis profit before tax at overall level. Accordingly, There is no other separate reportable segmental as defined by IND AS 108 "Segment Reporting".

		(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
1 Segment Revenue	a rind of rock	an management
(a) Manufacturing business	7,990.59	9,696.13
(b) Other than manufacturing	498.20	436.29
(c)Setail business	274.55	186,99
Total	8,763.34	10,319,43
Less: Inter segment revenue	(138.11)	(242.91)
Net Sale /Income from operation	8,625.24	10,076.52
2 Segment Results		
(a) Manufacturing business	(244.16)	276.61
(b) Other than manufacturing	(41,55)	26.60
(c)Retail business	(134.67)	(154.38)
Loss: Inter segment result	(8.56)	(14.59)
Total	(428.94)	134.24
3 Segment Assets		
(a) Manufacturing business	21,108.91	21,448,30
(b) Other than manufacturing	6,247.06	3,233.84
(c)Retail business	745.12	963.23
Less: Inter segment assets	(5,901.91)	(2,849.60)
Total	22, 199.18	22,795,77
4 Segment Liabilities		
(a) Manufacturing business	2,132.32	2,300.49
(b) Other than manufacturing	4,690.65	1,640.79
(c)Retait business	175.09	503.54
Less: Inter segment Nabilities	(4,503.44)	(1,445,13)
Total	2,694.62	2,999.69

## information about major customers

Revenue of € 6161.41 lakhs, (Previous year € 7196.68 lakhs) arising from two customers in India contribute more than 10% of The Group's revenue individually. No other customer contribute 10% or more than 10% to The Group's revenue for the current year ended 31 March, 2022. The Group does not hold any non-current assets outside india.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

39 Employee benefit abligations

The Group has classified various employee benefits as under:

- a. Defined contribution plans
- 1.) Employees Provident fund
- II.) Employee State Insurance Scheme

The Group has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the years (Befer Noce- 30)

		(% in lakins)
Perticular;	Year ended	Year ended
	27 MIN IN I	1707 'UDJBW 10
During the second	50.15	CF 35
Contribution to Employee State Insurance Scheme		10.00
	11.59	10.72
l otal	24.01	
	46.10	191.00

## b. Defined benefit plans

E.I Gratuity

## c. Other long-term employee banefits

ii.) Leave encachment

Gratuity is payable to eligible employees as per The Group's policy and The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method, which recognizes each period of service as gring rise to additional unit of employee benefit antitiament and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligations.

Provision for leave benefits is made by The Group on the basis of actuarial valuation using the Projected Umit Credit (PUC) method.

Liability with respect to the gratuity and leave encashment is determined based on an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary at the year end and is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

Accussifial galms and losses comprise experience adjustments and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions and are recognized immediately in the Other Comprehensive income as Income or expense.

Other disclosures required under IND A5 19 "Employee benefits" are given below:

Principal Actuarial Assumptions at the Balance Sheet date

Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Discount Rate (per annum) Rate of increase in Compensation Levels	6.95% 7.00%	6.45% 7.000
(a) itement see	\$100°1	e unas
	58 Years	SI SI
outsity lable	TIME of LATIN CONT. 441	1042 441
tuariaa withdrawal rata		141-2102
	NA INC.	7%

UP + SUN

5



Present Viewe of Obligation as at the beginning of the year			1 March , 202 1	1707
maximum memory of uppigation as at the beginning of the year	Leave Encashmant	Gratuity (Unfunded)	Leave Encashment	Gratulity [Unfunded)
Acquistion Adjustment	39.07	111.59	37.67	99.80
Interest Cost	2,46	2.14		+ *
Past Sarvice Cost		00 U U	-	42.0
Current Service Cost	10.41	24.24	10.48	27.02
Contribution by Plan Participants	2			
Curtatiment Cost/(Cristic)	5		0.04	(13)
Settlement Cost/(Credit)		4	500	
Beneft Pald	(1.85)	4	0.461	14 001
Change in financial souption	166.01	10.1M	0.041	100-14
Expresence variance		14, 82	1.000	11.00
Actuarial (Gains)/Loss	(62.9)	15.74	16, 701	(core)
Present Value of Obligation as at the end of the year	43.15	132.27	39.07	45°111
Current	V4.0	1	100	
Non Current.	EN LE	au ut +		8.9
Total	43.13	132.26	10.05	104.74
				A01111
III reconcutation of the Present Value of Defined Seneft Obligation and the Fair Value of Arcets	ir Value of Assets			of in lathe
Purificities	Year ended 31 March, 2022	22	Year anded 31 March, 2021	
	Lesve Encachment	Gratuity (Unfunded)	Leeve Encastrucers	Gratuity
Present Value of Funded Obligation as at the end of the year		Ľ		1
Fair Value of Plan Acoets as al thread of the year	r	6.8.	6.9	K G
Present Value of the relation of the relation of the second state and all the second				ĸ
Unfunded Net Liability Recomised in the Balance Sheet	51/D+	12.21	39,07	92,111
	01:F#	17:751	34.07	111.29
<ol> <li>Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss Account</li> </ol>				of in takhed
	Year ended		Year ended	
Particulars	31 March, 2021	~	31 March, 2021	2021
	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encentment	Gratuity
Current Service Cost	10.41	24.24	45. 61	(Decomposition)
Past Service Cost	-			
Acquisition Adjustment	1			
Incerent Cost	2.46	7.18	201	4 50
Especied Return on Plan Assets			6.917	21.10
Curtainment Cost/(Credit)				110
Settlement Cost (Credit)		521		- ()
Benefit Paid				
Rampsurement	(8.94)		46.705	
Net accuental (Cains)/Low Emolorees Contribution		8 3		
the second se	*			-
i sum uppenses recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss Account.	5.93	31,43	8.07	20.17.05

atories P # 50 abo

Other Comprehensive Income (DCI)	Controllin of Information	
Darticulare	(DODUNUA) Jamas	(X IN LANDS)
	Year ended 31 March. 2023	Varie and al Much 345+
Net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain/ (loss) opening		TTOT "UTUDAT IN DESCE
Accurrial agin / Itenti for the user on DBA		-
	3.8	11 10
Actuirial gath /(loss) for the year on Asset		6105
Elementary actuation at a static set and a static set at the		
to the second second and second second and the second seco	3.76	10 00
		51.12
Wi Expected Fundame Contribution		
		OF IN ISHNEL
	Year ended 31 March. 2022	West and at the start 2004
Darteriese		1707 "UDIEW 16 Danue mail
-2 roomwang and 1	Contraction of Contraction	

Particulars Contribution for the next year Control Employer Contribution for the next year	nded 31 March, 2022	No.	is anded 31 March 2024
Bution for the next			THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF
# next	Greaturity Leave	ve Encenhment	Gratuity
			Inspirate

(T is lakin)	Year ended 31 March, 2021	diment Gratuity	7.50 0.50 7.04 0.50 5.27 7.77 4.56 8.49 4.56 8.49
- 1	tear ended 31 March, 2022	Gratuity Leave Encashmen (Unifunded)	12.05 9.05 9.47 10.85 11.58 11.58
	Yes	Leave Encashment	9.2 9.4 8.5 71.6 20.8
1) Maturity Profile of Defined Renefa Objection		Year	0 to 1 Year 1 to 2 Year 2 to 3 Year 3 to 4 Year 4 to 5 Year 5 Year onwards

-'luciplican tracing normalization to reading a farmer of		(4 in lakhs)
Particulars	Lauve Encashmont	Gretuity Orfinded)
	Year ended 31 March: 2022	
Impect of change in discount rate		
Present Value of obligation at the and of the year		
al features down in the sector of all	41.13	12.27
of titibect one to tuckede of 12	(1.00)	THE R.F.
b) impact due to decrease of 1%	3.46	LINE AND
	Year ended 31 March, 2022	2022
Inpact of change in solary rate		
Present Value of abligation at the and of the year	43.45	100.000
Alterative Automatic and	C1101	12.27
of investments are no increase of 12	2.17	1 32
(b) Impact due to decrease of 1%	CF 44A	11,424
	Descrit .	IGD/DE1

## Description of Nisk Exposures :

Risks associated with the plan provisions are actuarial risks. These risks area: (i) investment risk, (ii) interest risk (discound rate risk), (iii) mentality risk and (iv) suitary risk.

It investment Risk- The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to Covernment Bonds Yields. If plan liability is funded and return on pian assets is bolow this rate, it will croate a plan dericit.

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WS # C

III Interest Risk (discount rate risk) - A decrease in the bond interact rate (discount rate) will increase the plan liability.

(ii) Mortality Risk - The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants. For this report we have used include descred Uves Mortality (2012-14) ultimate table. A change in mortality rate will have a bearing on the plans liability. N Salary flisk - The present value of the defined benefit plan (sability is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary vised to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

40 Related party disclosures as per IRD AS 24

## (4) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

Relationships	Name of Related Party
Retailed parties where control exists	JPS Svendgaard Brands Limited (42, 68%)     JPS Svendgaard Rotall Venturies Private Limited (59,82%)     JPS Svendgaard Rotall Venturies Private Limited (99,99%)     JPS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited (99,99%)
Entities controlled by a person who is a KMP of The Group or a person who has significant influence over The Group	Starpost Caracitianta & Advisors LLP     Harish Chander Neede Educational and Charitable Society     Anand & Anand Legal Services LLP
Relatives of Key Nanagerial Personnel	- Nins Sushma Handa (Hother of Nr., Hibbrill handa)
Entities which are controlled or jointly controlled by Key Managerial Personnel category or by his/her close family	Number One Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.     Apagere Manufacturing Privase Limited     Magna Waves Private Limited

## (b) Key Nanagerial Personnels (KMP) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

ar the state of th	
Category	Period
Wanaging Director	2021-22
Non -Executive	2021-22
Non - Descutive	2021-22
Non - Executive	2021-22
Nominee Director	Upto 38.02.2022
Hon - Executive	2021-22
Otter Executive Officer	2021-22
Chief Financial Office:	2021-22
Chief Financial Officer	w.w.f 10.08.2021
Company Secretary	0pto 31,08,2821
Company Secretary	w.e.f 06.02.2022 upto 26.05.2022
	Category Wanaging Director Non - Executive Non - Executive Non - Executive Non - Executive Non - Executive Onlef Executive Onlef Executive Onlef Executive Onlef Financial Officer Entief Financial Officer Entief Financial Officer Exercise Secretary

"Resigned on 26 way 2022 from the position of Company Secretary .

## (c) Key Managerial Personnels (KWP) of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited.

Nerve of Key Hasagerial Poisonnet	Category	Pertod
Ar. Nikhi, Nanda	Director	2021-22
Mrs. Sushma Narata	Director	2021-22
Mr. Safir Arund	Director	2021-22
Wr. Yinay Mittal	Independent Director	2021-22
Mr. Nikhil Kishorchandra Vohra	Nominee Director	Upto 14.01.2022
Mr. Chiwbi Lal Prasadi	Director	2021-22
Wr. Pardeop Kumar Bhardwaj	Independent Director	Lipto 16.02.2022
Wr. Gauriav Singh	cro	w.e.f. 06.08.2021 lipt: 24.03.2022
W Ashutosh Sharma	CS .	upto 21-66-2021
Ha. Shalini Deshviat	cs	w.e.f. 07-02-2022
er. Geurev Sharme	G	w.e.f. 20.07.2021 upse 11.10.2021
Wr. Adhubosh Srtvastava	CE0	w.e.f 06.08.2021
W Reprej Kense	CFO	1000 06.08.2021



## (d) Key Managerial Personnals (KMP) of JHS Retail Ventrues Private Limited

Name of Key Managertal Personnel	Category	Period
Wr. Nikhil Handa	Director	2021-22
Wrs-Sushma Nanda	Director	2021-22
Nes. Balbir Verma	Director	2021-22
Wr. Ashish Goel	CFO	2021-22

## (e) Rey Managorial Personnels (XMP) of JHS Mechanical and warehousing Private Limited

Name of Key Nanagerial Personnel	Category	Period
Wr. Nikhil Nanda	Director	2021-22
w. Chilabi Lai Presed	Director	2021-22

## (f) Key Management Persanael Compensation

Key Management Personnel Companyation		(7 in laides)
Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Short- term unployee benefits	169.69	176.50
Post- employement benefits	13.67	19.11
Long- term employee banefits	5.06	3.28
Director's Sitting fees	2.60	5.20
Total Compensation	201,02	264.09

## (g) Transactions with related parties

	The following transactions occurred with related parties:		(t in takes
S.No.	Statement of Profit and Loss Reads	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
14	(ucount)		ST March, 202
	Interest income		
	< Nikhil Nanda	135.00	
- 3	Rinbursemant of Espenses		
	- Apagee Manufacturing Private Limited	-	15.19
2.	Expenditure;		
-	i) Interest expenses on lease liability as per ND AS 116		
	<ul> <li>Nikhii Nanda</li> <li>Nikhii Nanda</li> <li>Deprectation experies on Right of use assets as per as per IND AS 116</li> </ul>	41.33	-13.69
	<ul> <li>Nicht Narda</li> </ul>	37.93	17.97
	illi) Amortization of deferred rent expense		
	Nikhti Manda     Vi Electricity and Water expenses	5,46	2.27
	- reanii Nanda	17,28	15.96
	v) flent Expenses		10.00
	Magna Waves Private Limitud     Professional Fees for Lidemark rogalitation	0.60	0.90
	Anand & Anand Legal Services UP	0.51	0.06
	/II) Corporate social responsibility expenses *		0.04
_	Harish Chandler Nardin Educational and Chantable Secrety		16.81

\* As per section 135(1) of companies Act ,2013 this year CSR not applicable on The Group.





) Investments / Loans B advances and other adjustments te/ from Related Parties		(C in takhs)
	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Loans and advances given (including security deposits) - Magna Waves Private Limited	5-1	300.40
Peyment Received     Apopee Manufacturing Private Limited	0.23	42
I, Payment Made - Harish Chandler Nanda Educational and Charitable Society		16.81

00	Balance Sheet heads (Closing Balances)		(E in lakts)
10		Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ender 31 March, 2021
	Credit Balances		
1.	Other Babilities		
	- Nikhti Nanda	(16,00)	10.81
ŧ.,	Trade Payable	0.000	
	- Anand & Anand Legal Services LL <sup>p</sup>	0.51	- A.
	- Mague Waves Private Limited		0.06
	Debit Balances		
н.	Loans and advances		
	<ul> <li>Nikhi, Nanda (At amortised cost)</li> </ul>	19.54	16.99
	- Nikhii Nende (steff housing educice)	651.92	
vi.	Trade receivables		
	- Apogee Itanufacturing Private Limited	13.55	33.7B

## (j) Terms and Conditions

Dutstanding halances at the year and are unsequred, interest free and recoverable-repeyable on demand. There has been its guarantee provided or received for any related party receivable and payable, other than disclosed. For the year and 31 March. 2022 The Group has provided for impoliment of receivables owed by the related party 7 NII (31 March. 2021) 7 NII ). This assessment undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of related party and market in which related party operates.





Notes to the filnancial Statements for the year acded 31 March, 2022 JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

41 Fair valuation measurements

			Tear o	Tear ended 31 March, 2022	2022	Sector Sector	Year er	Year ended 31 March, 2021	021	
S.Mo.	Particulars	Level of Hierarchy	FVTPL	FVTOD	Amortized cost	Total carrying value	FVTPL	INTOCI	Amortized	Total carrying
	Elnancial assets									
-	Investments.									
	Investment in Mutual Fund		05'55	14			204 M	102		30.45
	Investment in MLD	-	7.83		170.00	117.63				-
	Investment in Preference startes	-	100.29							8
-	Laans	22	22422							3
i.	Security Deposit		0		5.44	5.44		2	100.000	110 210
	Others		1		1.822.41	1823.47			110001	an ris
	Trade receivables	2			1 611 43	1 111 43			111 July 1	NATION OF
	Other Rnanctel scores				2011101	and the second	1	4	2/Br1/W	no unere
	Cash & Cash Braditations	-			00 771 t	027711			546.57	544-57
	HAR COST EQUIVALENCE		,	1	528.80	528.80	*	3	2.079.24	2.070.24
•	Sunk belances other than cash & cash				1000 million (1000 million)			2.4	CLASSING TO T	012402400
	aquivalents	-			157.42	107.42			TA AL	20.00
	Tetal financial Assets		203.32		7410 14	7 6.17 28	30.4.65		A 244 24	A new car
	Financial Liability					and the second s	DATEON		ante 1012	4011/91A
-	Serrowings Including current maturities			,	68.55	A8 55	,	1	37.46	80.455
-	Trinde & Other Payables	*1	,		1,383.80	1,383.80			1 1998 07	1 798 07
-	Lanse Utabilities		0		549.62	545.62		Ċ.	647.40	617 50
*	Other Anancial Liabilities		+		240.33	240.33		()	570.04	PO.07E
	Total Pinancial Liabilities		1		2,242.30	2.242.30	*	1	1	2.669.26

Fair volumetion of financial assets and itsuitables with short term meturities is considered as approximate to respective carrying amount due to the chort term maturities of these instruments.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured unleg quoted prices.

- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not trained in an active marker is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable marker data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument, are observable, the leaturable, the leaturable in level 2.

Level 1: If one or more of the startificant inputs is not based on observable manuat raca, the twitmment is included in level 1. The tait value of Reascial anets and liabilities included in Level 3 is determined in

accordance with generally accepted prioring modes based on discummed cash films ensigets using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes of similar instruments.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

## 42 FHANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management objectives and policies.

The Group is exposed to various risks in relation to financial manuscrist. The Group's financial mants and liabilities by category are summarized in Note 41. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management is poordinated by its board of directors, and focuses on activity securing the Group's short to medium-term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to volable financial markets.

The Group does not actively engage in the tracking of financial assets for speculative purposes ner does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which The Group is exposed to, are described below:

## 1 Market chill

Market risk is the risk that changes in market artises will have an effect on Company's income at value of the financial assets and labilities. The Group is exposed to various types of market risks which result from its operating and investing activities. The most significant financial risks to which The Group is exposed are described below.

## (a) Foreign currency chk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to fareign exchange risk artising from fareign currency transactions, primarily with respect to USD and D,RO. Poreign exchange risk artises from future commercial transactions and recognise assess and isofilities denominated in a currency that is not company's functional currency(0NQ). The flak is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency cashflows.

The following table presents non-derivative instruments which are operad to currency risk and are unhodged as at 21 Warch, 2021 and 31 Harch, 2021 :

			14.85 MILENS
Particulars	Foreign currency	As at 31 March, 3022	As at 31 March, 2021
Trade Fayable	USD	60.09	6.67
Trade Receivable	USD	538L10	2,883,28

To etiligate the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk, cash flows in foreign currencies are mentored and net cash flows are managed to accordance with Company's tilk management policies. Generally, The Group's risk management procedures distinguist short term foreign currency cash flows (due within 6 months) from longer term cash flows (due ofter 6 months). Where the amounts to be paid and received in a specific currency are expected to largely offset one another, no heighing activity is undertaken.

The following table gives the volatility in exchange rates for the respective reporting years for major currencies:

Gurrencies	Vear mided	Year ended
Currentees	31 March, 2022	31 Merch, 2021
INR/USD	-38	235

These percentages have been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates in the previous 12 months. The sensitivity analysis given in the table below is based on The Group's foreign currency financial instruments held as each reporting dam.

## Sossikivity analysis for antitias with foreign currency balances in INE

The following tables Blustrate the sensitivity of profit floss and equity is regards to The Group's financial avaits and Bioancial Bioblittes and the movement of exchange rates of respective functional cumencies' against IVR, assering 'will other things being constant'.

If the importive functional currentles had strengthened/weakened against the MR by the afore mentioned percentage of market volatility, then this would have had the following impact on profit float.

			t≮ m lakhaji
Year ended 31 Narch, 2022	Mavement	Profit and	lotsi
USD Semittivity	-78	Strongthorning (15.58)	Weekening 15.58
Year ended 31 march, 2021	Movement	Profit and	inte
USD Servicitivity		Strengthening	Weakening
0.00 2010 0.010	28.	69.47	(65.47)

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## (b) Price risk

The Group is mainly exposed to the price risk due to investment in mutual funds and market brided detentores. The price risk arises due to uncertainties about the future market values of these investments. In order to minimise pricing risk arising from investment in mutual funds. Company Invest in highly rated mutual funds.

The sensitivity to price risk if increases/ decrease in NAV of the mutual fonds is:

the second of press of the second second to the second to the second second			(R in bichs)
Year ended 31 Barch, 3022	Contraction and the	Profit and	lası
The ender a chardle doza	APPARTMENT	Strengthening	Weakoning
Price risk sensitivity*	18.		10000 CO.

\* During the year company has redeemed all its investments in mutual fund and market linked debentures

Year onded 31 March, 2021	Profit and Iona			
That entite 31 wards, 2021	More present	Strengthening	Weakening	
Price risk sensitivity	TX	2,05	(2.05)	

### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial intrument will furtuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is not exposed to significant interest rate risk because funds are borrowed at finad interest rates. The borrowings of The Group are principally descrimated in ruppes and fixed rates of interest.

	(C in Jakha)
As at 31 March, 3022	As at 31 March, 2021
38.95	73.65
10.00	10.00
68.53	83.65
	3022 34.55 10.00

## 2 CREDIT RISK

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalent, investments in mutual funds, deposits with the banks, as well as credit exposure to customers inclusting outstanding receivables.

### **Credit risk management**

For Bank and Financial Institutions, only high raced banks/ institutions are accepted

For other counter parties, The Group periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and upping of occurrent reionholdes. Individual risk tends are set accordingly. The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates. Una information into its credit risk controls. The Group's palicy is to deal only with creditworthy upprocenterparties only.

The Group considers the probability of default apon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an origing basis throughout each reporting partial. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk free from compares the risk of default occurring on the asset to at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The Group considers reasonable and supportive forward-loaking information.

The Group based on Internal assessment which is driven by the historical experience/current facts available is relation to default and delays in collection thereof, the credit risk for trade receivable is considered low. The Group extinates its allowance for trade receivable using life time expected credit law. The balance past due for more than 6 months (net of expected credit low allowance), excluding receivable from group companies is it 809.401akhs (31 March, 3021 if 4445, 31 (adva)).

The credit risk for cash and cack epolyaterits and other financial testimments is considered negligible and no impairment has been recorded by The Group.

## Significant estimates and judgments

### Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets disclosed above are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses purgreant in making these assumptions and selecting the inpairment calculation, based on The Group's past history, existing market, conditions as well as Forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.



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## 3 Liquidity risk

Lipsibility mix is the risk that The Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial lisbilities that are writied by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing lipsibility is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient bipaldity to meet the liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to The Group's inputation.

The Group's is responsible for managing the short term and long term liquidity requirements. Short term liquidity situation's reviewed daily. Longer term liquidity position is reviewed on a regular basis by the Econd of Directors and appropriate decisions are taken according to the situation.

## Exposure to liquidity rtsk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The arrounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments :

		101000			(T in Jakha)	
	Art at 31 March, 2022					
NAME OF A DESCRIPTION O	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 year	Above 5 years	Total	
Borrowings including current, maturities	20.35	48.20	H	÷	68.33	
Trade payables.	1,383.80		11.042	÷.	1,383.80	
Loose Liablittics	92.04	366,60	99,99		543.62	
Other financial Tabilities	240,04		100000111	+	240,04	
Total	1,736.21	414.81	90,99	*	2,242.01	

		As at	31 Warch, 2021		
	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 years.	310 5 year	Above 5 years	Tipte
Borrowings including current maturities	36.69	45.96			81.45
Trade payables	1,598.07	ut in			1,5%8.07
Louse Dabilities	114.04	320 47	113.29	69.67	617.50
Other financial liabilities	320.04	10 al 1		12.82	370.04
Total	2,118,85	367.43	113.29	69.69	2,669.26



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

## 43 Capital Management

## A Risk Management

For the purposes of Company capital management, Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of The Group and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of The Group capital management is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and maximize shoreholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, The Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31 March, 2022 and 31 March, 2021.

	(I in lakhs)
As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
6,490.05	6,440.05
2,603.47	1,776.84
	2022 6,490.05

\* Comprises of retained earning and general reserves.

## **B** Dividends

The Group has not proposed any dividend for the year oncied 31 March, 2022 (31 March, 2021; ₹ NR).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022.

## 45 Leases

The movement in lease trabilities is as follows :

		(f in lakis)
Particulari	Year ended 31 March, 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021
Opening Balance	617.50	774.42
Add : Lease assets during the period		14.62
Add : interest expense during the period	79.59	104.43
Less: Cash outflows	(66.45)	(69.49)
Less :Deletions/Adjustment on account of waiver in Lesse rent	(81.02)	(206.68)
Closing Lause Bability at the end of the period	549.62	617.50

## 46 Suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

A sum of 196.04 lakts is payable to Micro and Small Enterprises as at 31 March, 2022 (31 March, 2021; 1 267.93.92 lakts). The above amount is on account of trade physicles only. Out of the total amount outstanding to Micro and Small Enterprises a sum of 🖲 196.04 Lakins (31 March, 2021: 🖲 111.33) lakits/in outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31 March, 2022. This Information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Madium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extern such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with The Group.

## 47 Disclosure required under section 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013 :-

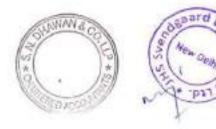
Particulars of	loan given

Sr. No.	Particulars	Outstanding Salances	Purpos
. 1	JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited	1,319.52	Purchase of Land
1.1		(1,319.52)	
2	A.R. Textilies Private Limited*	4	
		(1,221.37)	Intercorporate financing
3	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited	2,461.28	Intercorporate Financing
220		(-)	
	INS Buildtech Private Limited	1,218.56	Intercorporate Financing
		(+)	

"Adjusted against provision for doutfull advances.

Figures in brackets represents previous year figure.

- 48 The Group has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic on the carrying amounts of its property, plant and engineers, investments, inventories, receivables and other current assets and liabilities. The Group has also evaluated its liquidity position, recoverability of its assets and based on current estimates expects that the carrying amount of these assets will be recovered. Further, The Group has considered internal and external information up to the date of approvel of these standatone financial statements. Based on the above, there has been no material impact on the operations or profitability of The Group due to this pandemic COVID-19 .
- 49. The Group in its board monting hold on 09th October, 2020 has approved the Composite Scheme of Amangement for Amalgamation and Demerger between among JHS Svendgaard Laboratorian Limited (Demorged Company/ Transferor Company), JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture: Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferer Company) ("Companies Scheme") under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013, Therester, on 8th December, 2021, both the stock methanges via. BEE Limited and National Stock Eachange of India Limited and panted their no objection to the composite scheme. At present, the application for approval of the said composite scheme is pending before Hon'ble NCLT, Chandigam.
- 50 The Indian Partiament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by The Group towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Winistry of Labour and Employment had released draft rules for the Code on Sactal Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020, and invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under consideration by the Ministry. The Group will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules. are notified. The Group will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Gode becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.



JHS SYENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

Additional Information 5

	Net Assets, I., minus tota	Not Assets, I.e., total assets minus total liabilities	Share t	Share in profit or lass	Share is other comprehensive income	Share in total camprehendre hoone	rehensive income
Nothe of the entity in Group	As % of correctidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated (profit) or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated Other comprehensive Income	As % of consolidated Tetal attern comprehensive	Amount
Parant Company JPS Strendport (biboratories Linited Subsidiary Company	101.665	19,824.10	NCP.AZ	G11992)	0,005	195.35	(240.01)
UNS Sumdgand Branks Limited ((Formert) known as 2HS Svensgand Dental Care Limited)	0.06%	12.43	12.328	08:051	0.005	11,58%	140.701
JHS Svendgaard Recall Veribites Prinata Cirtited	1944-1-	(28)-18)	842.16	(134.64)	0,005	11.73%	(134.66)
AND APPROXIMATED WORKEN SHITT MACHARIESAL PERMANE LITERING	0.20%	(10:36)	0.135	(0.55)	G00%	0.13%	(0.30)
Total	100%	19,516,74	100%	1432,215	0.00%	N001	1424.201

The subsidiary companies consistened in the Consolidated Finamual Satement are: 513

	and the second se			
Name of entity	Ownership Imenes: held by the group	wild by the group	Ownership interest held by resh-centrolity	by ron-centrolling.
	As at March 31, 3022	As at March 35, 2021	As at March 31, 2021 As at March 34, 2024	a at March 21, 2021
h.	x	8	N	,
<ol> <li>Jrids Svenidgated Brands Limited Fermerly Known at JHS Svenidgated Dental Care Umited)</li> </ol>	42.48	42,48	£3.52	1E/15
III. 245 Mechanical and Wardrousing Private Limited	60.08	66'56	00	0.01
()11) JHS Svendpoord Recoil Ventures Private Limited	28.41	D9'65	8.18	0.19



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			(if in laber)
		Year ended	Year ended
	Perstitutions	March 31, 2922	March 31, 3322 March 31, 2021
	Gross amount requires to be sport by The Group during the year	000	12:30
	Amount sports during the year by the compray during the year on purpose other than constructions liketurention of assets	0.00	28.00
-	defarce amount to be speet	000	0.00

The Group has considered the powelle effects that may result freem the peedemic on the carrying amounts of its property, plant and couprach, meatments, meeticoles, receivables and atten current assets and inbilition. The Group has wap evolvated its liquidity position, recoverability of its aneits and based on current extinates expects that the carrying amount of these amets will be recovered. Further, the Group has considered internal and external information upto the date of approvel of these Consolidated financial results. Based on the above, there has then no material impact on the operations or profitability of the Group five to this pendemic. 5



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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

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Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	furners Vest	Trunches ware	Varalana
Current Ratio [ in times ]	Tetal Current Assets	Total current liabilities	4.18	5,23	-20%
Dabt-Equity ratio { in Times }	Debt correlat of borrowings & loase fabilities	Total equity	000	0.04	NA
Didot Services Coxersage Ratin (In times )	Earning for Oebt service= Net Froffs offer taxos+Nen - Ceah operating Expension-resheron-reah adjustments	Debt Service = intorest & lease payments + principal recomments	2.11	3,19	348
Return on equity ratio(in %)	profit for the year after Tax less prefrence dividend	Average Trdse equity	-2%	196	-4040
Trade Receive the turnsver ratio ( in times )	Revenue from Operations	Average Tridae receivablics	2.25	130	73%
Trade Payables turnover racio [In timus ]	Credit Purchase Ourling the Period	Average Tridae peyebles	4.97	3.37	205
Net Capital turnover ratio (in times )	Revenue from Operations	Average working Capital ( Total Current assets less	1.09	112	<b>A</b> -
ne: profit radio ( in % )	Nat Profit after Tax	Total Current Labitities) Revenue from Occusiones	1.000	a Area	44.000
Recum on Capital amployed (in %)	Profit before Tex & Phanes Cost	Cardial Trachard ( Tank Acods, Provided 1	and the second	a tran	White .
The second s		Propri him inter stated and i box boah in all days	1140	14829	275
for on the strengthered in the	Income generated from imestment funds	Rverage invested funds in treasury investments	432%	4,43%	12

Net Profit Ratio : Lower Ratio on account of decrease in profit during current year. Return on Capital Employed : Lower Ratio on account of decrease in profit during current year. Explanation for change in ratio by more than 25%. Debs Sorvice Coverage Ratio : Lower Ratio on account of decrease in profit during current year Trade Payable Turnover Ratto : Higher Ratio on account decrease in Iwerage Trade Payable. Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio : Higher Ratio on account of increase in debter collection Return on Equity Ratio : Lower Ratio on account of decrease in profit during current year





ATTEMPT PROVINCE AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADDRE AND REAL PROPERTY AND INCOME.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022

# 55 Other Statutory Information

- (i) The Group does not have any Servarni property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending agains the Group for holding any Benami property.
  - (ii) The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
    - (iiii) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year,

[N] The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity (les), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- a) directly or indirectly levid or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or, b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (v) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity (les), including foreign entities (Funding Panty) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that The Group shall:
  - a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatspever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Uttimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Senericiaries,

(v)) The Group has no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrandered or dividesed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

[viii] The Group has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act. 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on withul defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

(viii) During the year company does not have any transactions with companies struck off .

56 The figures of the previous year have been re-grouped / ra-classified to render them comparable with the figures of the current year,

Chief Executive Officer Patientin Singh Pabla DIN : 00051534 **Wukul Pathak** Neeral Kuffar 5z Joint Chief Fir For and on behalf of Board of Directors **JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited** 181 Claip . Chief Financial Officer NO. 00051501 Nikhii Nanda Ashlsh Goel DUak DIN : s P #S/ 5+0 Firm Repistration No.:0000509/4500045 For S. N. Dhawan & CD LLP Membership No.: 084993 Chartered Accountants Surinder Kr. Khattar Place : New Delhi Date : 27 May, 1022

Officer

### ANNEXURE - 6



### LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

To . The Board of Directors JH5 SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED

We have reviewed the accompanying statement of unaudired financial results (the statement) of JHS SVENDGAARD VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED for the quarter ended 30<sup>6</sup> June 2022, submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the StBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (2015 read with ShBI Circular Nn CIR/CED/FAC/62/2016 dated 5<sup>1</sup> July 2016.

This statement is the responsibility of the Company's Management and has been approved by the Board of Directors. Our responsibility is to issue a report on the Statement based on our review.

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagement (SRFI 7410. "Review of interna Financial Information Performed by Independent Auditor of the Finally" issued by the institute of Chartered Accountants of india. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to incurries of the Company personnel and analytical to financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion.

Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying statement of unaudited financial results prepared in accordance with the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the companies Act 2013, mod with relevant rules issued there under land other recognized accounting practices and policies has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulations 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and disclosure Requirements 2015 read with SEBI Circular no EIR/CFD/FAC/62/2016 dated 5<sup>th</sup> July 2016, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

For R Khatiar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 009880N



Faither Mino-082488 UDIN-22082488AC/PUBP9368

Place- New Delhi Dated 00th August 2022

### JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly Known as JHS SVENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED) STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 30th June 2022

	As at 30/06/2022	
Particulars	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS	(emained)	(induited)
Non-current assets		
(a) Property, plant and equipment	30.68	31.
(b) Capital work-in-progress	-	0.
(c) Other Intangible assets	_	-
(d) Right to use asset	62.96	81
(e) Financial Assets	02190	01
(i) Investments	_	
(i) Trade Receivables	_	
(iii) Loans	_	
(iv) Others	_	
(f) Non-current tax assets (net)		
(g) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	63.84	63.
(b) Other non-current assets	119.78	134
Total non-current assets	277.25	312
Current assets	211.25	51.
(a) Inventories	33.87	35
(b) Financial Assets	55.07	55.
(i) Investments	128.79	143
(ii) Trade receivables	59.92	59
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	29.06	10
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	29.00	10
(v) Loans	158.29	158
(v) Evans (vi) Others	156.29	156
(v) Oulers (c) Current tax assets	2.15	2
(d) Other current assets	14.69	22
Total current assets	426.77	432
	420.77	
Total assets	704.03	745
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:		
Equity		
(a) Equity Share Capital	651.20	651
(b) Other Equity	(329.64)	(281
Total equity	321.56	370
LIABILITIES:		
Non-current liabilities		
(a) Financial liabilities		
(i) Borrowings	10.00	10
(ii) Other financial liabilities	221.21	237
(b) Provisions	-	
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	_	
(d) Other non current liabilities		
Total non-current liabilities	231.21	24
Current liabilities		
(a) Financial liabilities		
(i) Borrowings	-	
(ii) Trade payables	55.81	55
(iii) Lease liabilities	83.38	60
(iii) Other financial liabilities	-	
(b) Other current liabilities	12.06	11
(c) Provisions	-	
(d) Liabilities directly associated with assets	-	
classified as held for sale		
Total current liabilities	151.25	12
Total liabilities	382.46	37:
Total equity and liabilities	704.02	74

On behalf of the Board of Directors JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PVT. LTD.

**SD/-**(Nikhil Nanda) DIN: 00051501 **SD/-**(Sushma Nanda) DIN: 01223706

SHS SVENDGAGREFRETAR VENTURES PHIVATE LIMITED. (Formerly Renavious JHS SVIENDGAARD INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVACE LIMITED) STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Changes in inventorios of thisted quarks we amendulase and

income tax relating to some mail will not be reclassified to profit a

income tax retained to items that will be reclassified to profit or test

Resorve excluding revaluation reserves as per balance sheet of

Pard-op equity share capital : Faciliyation pur aliant Rs. 10/4

Earnings(Loss) per share (of Rs. 10 each) (risk annualised)

Obligations and Discretistice Regulations, 2015.

ncome from operations.

a: Revenue non lop-manon

ai Ceal of matching consiming.

bi Purchase of slow-mirade

er umpräckensennen experiae

Profit (Loss) before fax (3+4) Tax expense/(income)

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For R. Khatter & Anauclaters

Periodi

(a) das c (Re.) (b) Cilosed (Rs.)

Not Profit (Loss) for the period (5-6)

lients that wit not be reclassified to prof

Henre that wit he rectagaded to profit or loss.

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(c) Depreciation and amongset on expense

Prohit / [Loss) before exceptional floms and tex (1-2]-

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The liquids of the uncertain subfictives as have been our scales and rectes should contain with current subfictives receiver applicantly

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JUS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PVT. LTD

(Sustants Names) JEN: 01223205

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205, Ansal Bhawan, 16, Kasturba Gandhi Marg. New Delhi - 110001 T : +91 11 23705415, 23705416, 41525215 E : admin@raynray.in + W : www.raynray.net

Independent Auditor's Review Report on the Standalone Quarterly Financial Results of JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED (Formerly known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care Limited) pursuant to Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

### To The Board of Directors of JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

We have reviewed the accompanying statement of unaudited Standalone financial results ("Statement") of [HS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED ("the Company"), for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 attached herewith, being submitted by the Company to JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ('the Parent Company') for the Parent Company's submission pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as modified by Circular number CIR/CFD/FAC/62/2016 dated July 5, 2016.

This Statement is the responsibility of the Company's Management and has been approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on August 8, 2022. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these financial results based on our review.

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" Issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance about whether the financial results are free of material misstatements. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of Company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provide less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying statement of unaudited standalone financial results prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and other recognized accounting practices and policies has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read with SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/FAC/62/2016 dated July 5, 2016, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 301072E

Samir Manocha

Partner Membership no. 091479 UDIN: 22091479A00JE03850

Place: New Delhi Date: August 8, 2022

### JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED (Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care limited)

### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 30th June, 2022

		As at 30/06/2022	(Rs in lakhs) As at 31/03/2022
	Particulars	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
A A	ASSETS		
1 N	Non-current assets		
	(a) Property, plant and equipment	16.72	17.90
	(b) Capital work-in-progress	412.71	412.71
	(b) Goodwill	79.61	79.61
	(c) Other Intangible assets	1.72	2.11
	(d) Right to use asset	63.50	66.83
	(e) Financial Assets	-	-
	(i) Investments	-	-
	(ii) Trade Receivables	-	-
	(iii) Loans	-	-
	(iv) Others	5.44	5.44
	(f) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	394.97	374.46
	(g) Other non-current assets	1,816.39	2,764.92
	Total non-current assets	2791.05	3723.9
2 0	Current assets		
	(a) Inventories	265.74	271.80
	(b) Financial Assets		
	(i) Investments	673.09	100.29
	(ii) Trade receivables	140.37	133.11
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	28.38	87.66
	(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	0.26	0.26
	(v) Loans	453.77	0.42
	(vi) Others	0.91	0.86
	(c) Other current assets	641.65	646.38
-	Total current assets	2,204.17	1,240.78
	Town our rent ussets	2,201.17	1,240.70
	Total assets	4,995.22	4,964.75
	NOTITY AND LIADITIES.		
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:		
1 E	Cquity	1 5 (0 75	1 5(0 75
	(a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity	1,569.75	1,569.75
D	(b) Other Equity Reserves and Surplus:	(29.29)	24.28
	Capital Reserve	-	-
	Securities Premium reserve	1,412.35	1,412.35
	General Reserve	1,412.55	1,412.55
	Retained Earnings	(1,441.64)	(1,388.07
	Anney Received against Share warrants	(1,441.04)	(1,588.07
	Anney Received against Share Appication	-	-
	Fotal equity	1,540.46	1,594.03
	JABILITIES:	1,540.40	1,394.03
	Non-current liabilities		
2	(a) Financial liabilities		
	(i) Borrowings	1.53	1.64
	(ii) Lease liabilities	75.03	78.32
	(b) Provisions	5.59	4.44
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	5.57	
T	Total non-current liabilities	82.14	84.4
3 0	Current liabilities		
	(a) Financial liabilities		
	(i) Borrowings	1.67	2.24
	(ii) Trade payables		
	- total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	0.07	0.16
	- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small	52.13	18.06
e	nterprises		
	iii)Lease Liabilities	11.82	11.38
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	77.80	52.34
		3,228.98	3,201.99
	(b) Other current liabilities	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
-	(c) Provisions	0.15	0.15
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

For and on behalf of the borad of directors JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

SD/-SD/-Nikhil NandaChhaDirectorDirectorDIN:00051501DIN :

SD/-Chhabi Lal Prasad Director DIN : 01286188

### JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED (Formerty Known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care Limited)

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

S.No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 30 June 2022	Quarter Eaded Hat March 2022	Quarter Endet 30 June 2021	Year Ended 31st March 2022
		(Unundited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Andited)
E	(a) Revenue from operations	108.79	118.72	100.14	408.20
	(b) Other income	5.25	32.56	9.48	-49,47
	Total Income	114.05	151,28	109.62	547,68
2	Expenses	1.			_
-	(a) Cost of materials consumed	241		1.41	
	(b) Purchase of stock-in-trade	65.67	18.09	21.77	263.32
	(c) Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock- in-made	6.07	(32,19)	30.22	4.62
-	(e) Employee benefits expense	29.57	24.39	26.38	113,55
	(f) Finanze-Cost	49.94	37.16	3.94	48,94
	(g) Depreciation and amortisation expense	4.90	4.85	4.92	199.64
	(h) Other expenses	33.21	31.56	34.77	175.68
	Total expenses	189.36	156.55	121.97	515.78
1	Profit /(Loss) before exceptional liteus and tax. (1-2)	(25.31)	(5.26)	(12.35)	(38.03
4	Exceptional form				
4	Profit / (Loss) before tax (3+4)	(75.31)	(5,26)	(12.35)	(38.03
6	(Tua expense/Gacome)				
	Current Tax		(i+)		2.04
	Deffered Tax	(20.83)	30.49	(1.96)	2.96
T.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (\$-6)	(54.48)	(15.75)	(10.39)	(40.99
8	Other comprehensive income				
(4)	-hems that will not be reclanatized to profit or loss	1.25	0.85	1.58	4.90
	-Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss-	(9.32)	(0.22)	(0.36)	(1.50
			-		
(b)	-Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-		
	-Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(53,57)	(15.13)	(9,37)	(37,30
9	Total comprehensive income for the period	(50.57)	(15.13)	0.00	Par ( 194
19	Paid-up equity share capital ( Face value per share Rs. 10%)	1,569.75	1,569.75	1,569.75	1,569.75
ñ.	Reserve excluding revaluation reserves as per balance sheet of previous accounting year		+		
12	Earnings/(Loss) per share (of Rs. 10 each) (not annualised)			10.041	100.000
	(a) Busic (Rs.)	(0.37)		(0.07)	(0.28
	(b) Oflated (Rs.)	(0.37)	(0.19)	(0.97)	10.28

Notes in

1 The above financial Results are in accordance with Regulation 33 of the SEIB (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 were approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors in their meeting heid on 8th August, 2022.

2 Result for quarter ended 30 June, 2022 are in compliance with all the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified by the miniately of corporate affinity.

3 Figures for the previous quarters/years have been regrouped and reclassified to conform with current quarter/year presentation, where ever applicable.

For and on behalf of the borad of For Ray & Ray 1. v. diant JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED Chartered Accountants FRM 301072E  $\mathcal{D}$ Stor Daries Chlubi Lal Pravad Nikhil Nanda Samir Manocha Director Director Partner DIN:00051501 DEN 01286188 Menhership no 601479 Place (New Delh) Dete: 08.08.2022

Plot No. 51-52, Udyog Vifse Phase M, Gurugram, Haryana 122016, India Tak +D1 124 481 4444

### Limited Review Report on Unaudited Standalone Quarterly Results

To the Board of Directors of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying statement of unaudited financial results of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("the Company") for the quarter ended 30 June 2022 ("the Statement") attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("the SEBP") (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended. This Statement which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ('Ind AS 34'), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") resid with relevant Rules issued thereunder as applicable and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to issue a report on the Statement based on our review.
- 2. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity', issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the Statement is free of material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of Company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.
- 3. Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the aforesaid Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEB1 (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

For S.N. Dhawan & CO LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 000050N/N509845

WAA ulenhaus

(Mukesh Bansal) Pattner M. No. 505269 UDIN 2.2505269AOQMGP 2699

Place: New Delhi Date: 09 August 2022

324. Of even & CO LLP is registered with limited fubility with identification number AVE-1125 and its explored affice is 108. Marcardie House, 15, Radolite Gordni Marg, size Onlin 1150c1, Junio

### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

### Regd. Office: Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala-Amb), Tehsil Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh - 173030, INDIA CIN-L74110HP2004PLC027558

### Standalone Statement of Assets and Liabilities

			at 31st Marc
	Particulars	2022	202
_	A 00ET0	Unaudited	Audite
	ASSETS Non-current assets		
		5 554 50	5,418.43
	<ul><li>(a) Property, plant and equipment</li><li>(b) Capital work-in-progress</li></ul>	5,554.50 1,379.70	1,582.6
	(c) Right-of-use assets	1,579.70	1,382.0
	(d) Intangible assets	0.07	0.0
	(e) Financial Assets	0.07	0.0
	(i) Investments	1,421.00	1,421.0
	(ii) Other Investments	222.47	1,421.0
	(iii) Loans	(0.00)	(0.0
	(iv) Others	559.92	420.3
	(f) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	4.44	208.1
	(g) Non-current tax assets (net)	123.17	117.1
	(h) Other non-current assets	3,417.67	3,228.9
┝	Total non-current assets	12,799.19	12,636.7
ł	Current assets	12,733.13	12,030.7
ľ	(a) Inventories	1,061.25	914.9
	(b) Financial Assets	1,001.25	514.5
	(i) Investments		
	(ii) Trade receivables	1,817.47	- 1,618.5
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	39.41	430.7
	(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	117.16	430.7
			3,822.9
	(v) Loans	3,983.16 89.80	543.1
	(vi) Others		
+	(c) Other current assets	1,097.62	1,024.5
H	Total current assets	8,205.89	8,472.1
Ŀ	Total assets EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:	21,005.08	21,108.9
H	Equity		
ľ	(a) Equity Share Capital	6,490.05	6,490.0
	(b) Other Equity	12,155.30	12,486.5
	(c) Non-Controlling Interests	12,155.50	12,100.0
ŀ	Total equity	18,645.34	18,976.5
+	Liabilities	10,043.34	10,770.5
	Non-current liabilities		
ľ	(a) Financial liabilities		
	(i) Borrowings	47.55	36.5
1	(ii) Lease liabilities	135.86	141.8
	(b) Provisions	155.36	141.8
	(c) Other non-current liabilities	-	143.9
	(c) other non-current habilities	338.77	471.9
	Total non surront liabilities	556.77	4/1.7
	Total non-current liabilities		
1	Current liabilities		
-	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities		19 1
1	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings	-	18.1
1	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables	-	
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	- 177.30	196.0
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small	- 177.30 1,384.38	196.0
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		196.0 1,113.7
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	1,384.38	196.0 1,113.7 19.9
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises (iii) Lease Liabilities	1,384.38 21.37	196.0 1,113.7 19.9 187.7
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises (iii) Lease Liabilities (iii) Other financial liabilities	1,384.38 21.37 218.54	196.0 1,113.7 19.9 187.7 103.5
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises (iii) Lease Liabilities (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities	1,384.38 21.37 218.54 198.05 21.33	196.0 1,113.7 19.9 187.7 103.5 21.3
	Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises (iii) Lease Liabilities (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities (c) Provisions	1,384.38 21.37 218.54 198.05	18.1 196.0 1,113.7 19.9 187.7 103.5 21.3 <b>1,660.4</b> <b>2,132.3</b>

For and on behalf of Board of Directors JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED SD/-Nikhil Nanda Managing Director DIN : 00051501

### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

Regel, Office: Trilokpur Rand, Kheri (Kala-Amh), Tehsil Nahar, Distt. Sirmour, Himschal Pradesh - 173030, INDIA

CIN-L74110HP2004PLC027558

### STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2022

S.No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 30th June 2022	Quarter Ended 31st March 2022	Quarter Ended 30th June 2021	Year Ended 31st March 2022
		Unmulited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Income				5.5100.00
	(a) Revenue from operations	1,920,47	1,725.17	2,024.62	7,990.59
	(b) Other income	118.65	200.84	227.13	\$14.39
	Total income	2,039.12	1,926.01	2,251.75	8,804.98
2	Expenses		4100000		
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	1,251.97	1,169.45	1,353.86	5,368,24
_	(b) Parahassa of stock-in-trade	20	2.03	57,99	63.97
	(c) Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	149.21	0.11	113.39	2\$3.45
	(d) Employee benefits expense	250.92	252.86	223.15	993.28
	(e) Finance costs	11,56	14.12	10.48	49.94
	(f) Depreciation and amortisation expenses	140.53	144.41	144.73	589,65
	(g) Other expenses	363.80	329.69	299.32	1,294.05
	Total expenses	2,168.09	1,912.68	2,202.92	8,612.59
3	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (1-2)	(128.97)	13:33	48.83	192.39
4	Exceptional items	÷3.		5	C# 6.
8	Profit/(loss) before tax (3+4)	(128.97)	13.33	48.83	192.39
6	Tax expense(income)				
	Current Tax		19.60	2,26	92.09
	Deferred Tax (including MAT Credit Estitlement)	203.29	360.88	13.09	342.97
	Tax for earlier years	•	1.50		1.50
7	Net Profit/(loss) for the period (5-6)	(332.26)	(368.65)	33.48	(244.17)
8	Other comprehensive income				
(a)	-Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	1.44	0.86	1.63	5.76
	-Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(0.40)	(0.24)	(0.45)	(1.60)
(b)	-lients that will be reclassified to profit or loss	1325		20	12
	-Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	0.90	8		
9	Total comprehensive income for the period (7+8)	(331.22)	(368.03)	34.66	(240.01)
10	Paid-up equity share capital ( Face value per share Rs. 10/-)	6,490.05	6,490.05	6,440.05	6,490.05
	Reserve excluding revaluation reserves as per balance sheet of previous accounting year				12,486.55
12	Earnings per equity share				
	(a) Basic (Rs.)	(0.51)	(0.57)	0.05	(0.38)
	(b) Diluted (Rs.)	(0.51)	(0.57)	0.05	(0.38)



Notes

- 1 The above unaudited standalone financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in the respective meetings held on 9th August, 2022
- 2 The Statutory Auditor of the Company have carried out the limited review of these standalone financial results in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 3 In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 Operating Segments and on the basis the review of operations being done by the Management, the operations of the Company fall under Manufacturing of Oral Care products, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by the management.
- 4 The Company in its board meeting held on 09th Getober, 2020 has approved the Composite Scherne of Arrangement for Amalgamation and Demerger between among JEIS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company), JES Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JES Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) ('Composite Scheme') under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013. Thereafter, on 8<sup>40</sup> December, 2021, both the stock exchanges viz. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited had granted their no-objection to the Composite Scheme. At present, the application for approval of the said Composite Scheme is pending before Hon'ble NCLT, Chandigarh.
- <sup>5</sup> Pursuant to approval of shareholders by way of special resolution in accordance with section 42 & 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereander and as per SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 the Company approved preferential allotment of 40,00,000 fully convertible warrants of Rs. 10 each at an issue price of Rs. 26 per warrant, out of this 3500000 equity shares were listed with stock exchange on 9th March 2021 and balance 5,00,000 equity shares were listed with NSE and BSE on 09th May,2022 and 12th May,2022 respectively.
- 6 Figures of the quarter ended 31st March, 2022 are balancing figures between audited figures for the full financial year and the reviewed year to date figures upto the third quarter of the said financial year.
- 7 Previous period figures have been re-grouped / re-classified wherever necessary, to conform to current period's classification.

Place : New Delhi Date : 9th August , 2022

For and on behalf of Board of Directors JHS SVENDCAARD LABOR AFORM SLIMITED Now Delh Nikhil Nanda Managing Director DIN: 00051501

S.N. Dhawan & CO LLP

Plot No. 51-52, Udyog Vihar Phase IV, Gurugram, Haryona 122016, India Tel: +91 124 d81 4444

### Limited Review Report on Unaudited Consolidated Quarterly Financial Results

### To the Board of Directors of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

- We have reviewed the accompanying Statement of Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("the Parent") and its subsidiaries (the Parent and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), for the quarter ended 30 June 2022 ("the Statement"), being submitted by the Parent pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("the SEBI") (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Parent's Management and approved by the Parent's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("Ind AS 34"), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder, as applicable and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in secondance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity', issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accountance with Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

We also performed procedures in accordance with the circular issued by the SEBI under Regulation 33 (8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable.

Srino.	Name of Emities	Relationship
1	JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (formerly known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care Limited),	
2	JHS Svendgaard Mechanical and Warebouse Private Limited	Subsidiary
3	JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited	Subsidiary

4. The Statement includes the results of the following entities:

5. Based on our review conducted and procedures performed as stated in paragraph 3 above and based on the consideration of the review reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraph 6 below, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the aforesaid Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

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6. We did not review the interim financial statements of three subsidiaries included in the Statement, whose interim financial statements reflects total revenues of Rs. 330.40 lakhs, total net loss after tax of Rs. (74.99) lakhs and total comprehensive income of Rs. (74.08) lakhs for the quarter ended 30 June 2022, as considered in the Statement. These interim financial statements have been reviewed by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph 3 above.

Our conclusion on the Statement is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For S.N. Dhawan & CO LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 000050N/N500045

Membership No.: 505269 UDIN 22505269ADQNAB8832

Place: New Delhi Date: 09 August 2022

### JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LIMITED

Regd. Office: Trilokpur Road, Kheri (Kala-Amb), Tehsil Nahan, Distt. Sirmour, Himschal Pradesh - 173030, INDIA

CIN-L74110HP2004PL/C027558

### STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2022

S.No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 30th June 2022	Quarter Ended 31st March 2022	Quarter Ended 30th June 2921	Vear Ended 31st March 2022
		Unnudited	Audited	Unnudited	Audited
15	Income				
	(a) Revenue from operations	2,130,87	1,911,45	2,158.54	8,625.24
	(b) Other income	147.74	238.02	257.76	938.99
	Total income	2,278.61	2,149,47	2,416.30	9,564.23
2	Expenses				- g d - 111 - 2
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	1.251.98	1,169,43	1,387.88	5,368,24
_	(b) Purchase of stock-in-trade	133,66	145.28	68.05	419.84
_					
	(c) Changes in investories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	160.87	(41.77)	157.10	262.17
	(d) Employee benefits expense	335.70	286.40	259.03	1,144.56
	(c) l'inance Costs	68,38	60.92	24.37	139.36
-	(I) Depreciation and amortisation expense	170.20	168,57	179.45	
	(g) Other expenses	394.46			705.22
-			366.61	356.33	1,514.54
	Total expenses	2,515.25	2,155.44	2,432.21	9,553.93
3	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional liens and tax (1-2)	(236.64)	(5.97)	(15.91)	10.30
4	Exceptional home			1.5	7.5
5	Profit/(Loss) before tax (3+4)	(236.64)	(5.97)	(15.91)	10.30
6.	Tax expense/(income)				
	Current Tax	1	19.60	2.26	92.09
	Deferred Tax ( including MAT Credit Entitlement )	179.17	417.83	10.40	345.65
	Tax for earlier years				1.50
7	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (5-6)	(415.81)	(443,41)	(28.57)	(428.94)
	Other comprehensive income	farmery	feertree h	(100.57)	(428.34)
(n)	-Items that will not be reclassified to profit or less	2.69	1.71	3.62	10.75
1.4	-income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(0.73)	(0.46)	(18.0)	(2.90)
(b)	-Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		- (97.597	-	Concerne A
	-Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-		
9	Total compreheasive income (7+8)	(413.85)	(442.15)	(26.36)	(421.09)
	Net profit attributable to:				
	Owners of the Company	(384.53)	(435.77)	(22.54)	(405.19)
	Non-controlling interest	(31.27)	(9.14)	(6.03)	(23.74)
	Other Comprehensive Income attributable to:	- Same	State 1	200	
	Owners of the Company	1.43	0.89	1.61	5.73
	Non-controlling interest Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:	0.53	0.36	0.60	2.12
	Owners of the Company	1282 103	F # 3 # 10*71		22000.023
	Non-contralling interest	(383.10) (30.74)	(434.87) (8.80)	(20.92) (5:44)	(399.46) (21.63)
	Paid-up equity share capital ( Face value per share Rs. 10/-)			and the second sec	and the second second
10	Reserve excluding revaluation reserves as per balance sheet of previous	6,490.05	6,490.05	6,440.05	6,490.05
11	accounting year				12,191.04
	Earnings per equity share			(7) 1-10 ( )	
	(a) Basic (Rs.)	(0.59)	(0.68)	(0.02)	(0.63)
	b) Diluted (Rs.)	(0.59)	(0.68)	(0.02)	(0.63)



Notes:

- The above urandited consolidated financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in the respective meetings held on 09th August 2002.
- 2 The Statistory Auditor of the Company have enried out the limited review of these consolidated financial results in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable ladina Accounting Standards presented under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligationi and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 3 The consolidated financials results of the Group include financials of three subsidiaries namely JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (formerly known in JHS Svendgaard Durital Care Limited), JHS Svendgaard Machanical and Watehouse Private Limited & JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited. The details of ownership is given as below -

Particulars	As on 38th June, 2022	As on 31st March , 2022	As an 30th June, 2021	As on 31st March, 2022
2HS Svendsaard Brands Limited *	42.68%	42,68%	42,68%	42.68%
JRS Mechanical and Warehouse Private Limited	99.99%	99.99%	99.99%	59.99%
18S Swerdeourd Retail Ventures Private Limited	99.82%	.99.8236	99.82%	59.82%

\*HES Swendgoard Brands Limited has been consolidated as per the requirement of Ind AS 110 "Consolidated Financial Statements" as it meets the creseria of "Control" definition as given in the Standard .

4 In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and on the basis the review of operations being done by the Management, The Following disclowers have been made to enable users of financials instruments for better undertanding of business of group.

Particulars	Quarter Ended 36th June 2022	Quarter Ended 31st March 2022	Quarter Ended 30th June 2021	Year Ended Stat March 2922
Segment Revenue				
Manufacturing business	1,920,47	1,725.17	2,024.62	7,990.59
Other then manufacturing	108.79	118.72	100.14	498.20
Retail business	145.91	89,81	45.49	274.55
Less' Inter segment revenue	(44.30)	(22.25)	(11.71)	(138.11)
Segment Results				
Manufacturing business	(332.25)	(368.64)	33,48	(244.16)
Other than manufacturing	(54.35)	(16.15)	(10.49)	(41.55)
Retail business	(20.37)	(60.61)	(41.81)	(134.67)
Less: Inter segment result	(8.55)	0.49	(9.75)	(8,56)
Segment Assets	(i			_
Manyfocturing business	21,005.08	21,168.91	21,643.39	21,108.91
Other than minufacturing	6,277.40	6,247.06	3,398.43	6,247.06
Retail business	704.02	745.12	874.43	745 12
Less: Inter segment assets	(5,961.53)	(5,901.91)	(2,392.64)	(5,901.91)
Segment Linbilities			1	
Manufacturing business	2,359.40	2,132.32	2,462.85	2,132.32
Other than manufecturing	4,774.57	4,690.65	1,613.53	4,590.65
Retail boomers	382.46	375.09	411.56	375.09
Less: Inter segment liabilities	(4,530.80)	(4,503.44)	(992.98)	(4:503.44)

- 3 The Company in its band meeting held on 09th October, 2020 has approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Analgunation and Demerger between among JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company) Transferee Company), JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferer Company) ("Companies Scheme") under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013. Thereafter, on 8th December, 2021, both the stock exchanges viz. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited had granted their no-objection to the Composite Scheme. At present, the application for approval of the said Composite Scheme is pending before Hen "ble NCLT, Chandigarh.
- 9 Pursuant to approval of shareholders by way of special resolution in accordance with section 42 & 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder and as per SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 the Company approved preferential allotment of 40,00,000 fully convertible warrants of Rs. 10 each at an issue price of Rs. 20 per warrant, out of this 3500000 equity shares were listed with ttock exchange on 9th March 2021 and belance 5,00,000 equity shares were listed with NSE and BSE on 09th May,2022 and 12th May,2022 respectively.
- 7 The consolidated Financial Results include the results for the quarter ended 30th June,2022 and 31st March 2022 being the balancing figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published unaudited year to date figures up to the third quarter of the respective financial years.
- 8 Previous period figures have been re-grouped / re-classified wherever necessary, to conform to current period's classification.

Place : New Dethi Date : 9th August , 2022 Nikhil Namta Mataging Director DIN : 00051501

For and on behalf of Board of Disectors JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIEST. POLITED





DCS/AMAL/MJ/R37/2165/2021-22

"E-Letter"

December 08, 2021

The Company Secretary, JHS SVENDGAARD LABORATORIES LTD. Trilokpur Road Kala Amb, Nahan,Sirmour,Himachal Pradesh-173030.

Dear Sir,

### <u>Sub: Observation letter regarding Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation</u> amongst JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited, JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited and JHS Sevndgaard Brands Limited.

We are in receipt of the Draft Scheme of Arrangement of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited as required under SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10, 2017; SEBI vide its letter dated December 08, 2021 has inter alia given the following comment(s) on the draft scheme of Arrangement:

- "Company shall ensure that additional information, if any, submitted by the Company, after filing the Scheme with the Stock Exchanges, and from the date of receipt of this letter is displayed on the websites of the listed company and the stock exchanges."
- "Company shall ensure that it discloses all details of ongoing adjudication & recovery proceedings, prosecution initiated and all other enforcement action taken, if any, against the Company, its promoters and directors, before Hon'ble NCLT and shareholders, while seeking approval of the scheme."
- "Company shall ensure that the information pertaining to all the Unlisted Companies involved in the scheme shall be included in the format specified for abridged prospectus as provided in Part E of Schedule VI of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018, in the explanatory statement or notice or proposal accompanying resolution to be passed, which is sent to the shareholders for seeking approval"
- "Company shall duly comply with various provisions of the Circular."
- "Company shall ensure that the financials in the scheme including financials considered for valuation report are not for period more than 6 months old as on date of filing of scheme with Hon' ble NCLT".
- "Company shall ensure that the undertaking as submitted to BSE wherein it was declared and confirmed that no material event (as defined under SEBI LODR Regulations) has occurred in the Company, post the date of issuance of the revised valuation report dated September 01, 2021, which might have an impact on the valuation; shall be brought to the notice of NCLT".
- "Company shall ensure that any new issuance of shares has to be mandatorily in demat form only".
- "Company is advised that the observations of SEBI/Stock Exchanges shall be incorporated in the petition to be filed before National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) and the company is obliged to bring the observations to the notice of NCLT."



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• "It is to be noted that the petitions are filed by the company before NCLT after processing and communication of comments/observations on draft scheme by SEBI/stock exchange. Hence, the company is not required to send notice for representation as mandated under section 230(5) of Companies Act, 2013 to SEBI again for its comments / observations / representations."

Accordingly, based on aforesaid comment offered by SEBI, the company is hereby advised:

- To provide additional information, if any, (as stated above) along with various documents to the Exchange for further dissemination on Exchange website.
- To ensure that additional information, if any, (as stated aforesaid) along with various documents are disseminated on their (company) website.
- To duly comply with various provisions of the circulars.

In light of the above, we hereby advise that we have no adverse observations with limited reference to those matters having a bearing on listing/de-listing/continuous listing requirements within the provisions of Listing Agreement, so as to enable the company to file the scheme with Hon'ble NCLT. Further, where applicable in the explanatory statement of the notice to be sent by the company to the shareholders, while seeking approval of the scheme, it shall disclose Information about unlisted companies involved in the format prescribed for abridged prospectus as specified in the circular dated March 10, 2017.

However, the listing of equity shares of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited shall be subject to SEBI granting relaxation under Rule 19(2)(b) of the Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and compliance with the requirements of SEBI circular. No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10, 2017. Further, JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited shall comply with SEBI Act, Rules, Regulations, directions of the SEBI and any other statutory authority and Rules, Byelaws, and Regulations of the Exchange.

The Company shall fulfill the Exchange's criteria for listing the securities of such company and also comply with other applicable statutory requirements. However, the listing of shares of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited is at the discretion of the Exchange. In addition to the above, the listing of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement shall be subject to SEBI approval and the Company satisfying the following conditions:

- 1. To submit the Information Memorandum containing all the information about JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited in line with the disclosure requirements applicable for public issues with BSE, for making the same available to the public through the website of the Exchange. Further, the company is also advised to make the same available to the public through its website.
- To publish an advertisement in the newspapers containing all JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited in line with the details required as per the aforesaid SEBI circular no. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10, 2017. The advertisement should draw a specific reference to the aforesaid Information Memorandum available on the website of the company as well as BSE.
- 3. To disclose all the material information about JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited on a continuous basis so as to make the same public, in addition to the requirements if any, specified in Listing Agreement for disclosures about the subsidiaries.
- 4. The following provisions shall be incorporated in the scheme:
  - i. The shares allotted pursuant to the Scheme shall remain frozen in the depository system till listing/trading permission is given by the designated stock exchange."
  - ii. "There shall be no change in the shareholding pattern of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited between the record date and the listing which may affect the status of this approval."



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Further you are also advised to bring the contents of this letter to the notice of your shareholders, all relevant authorities as deemed fit, and also in your application for approval of the scheme of Arrangement.

Kindly note that as required under Regulation 37(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the **validity of this Observation Letter shall be Six Months from the date of this Letter**, within which the scheme shall be submitted to the NCLT.

The Exchange reserves its right to withdraw its 'No adverse observation' at any stage if the information submitted to the Exchange is found to be incomplete / incorrect / misleading / false or for any contravention of Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchange, Listing Agreement, Guidelines/Regulations issued by statutory authorities.

Please note that the aforesaid observations does not preclude the Company from complying with any other requirements.

Further, it may be noted that with reference to Section 230 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act), read with Rule 8 of Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules 2016 (Company Rules) and Section 66 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Company Rules wherein pursuant to an Order passed by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, a Notice of the proposed scheme of compromise or arrangement filed under sections 230-232 or Section 66 of the Companies Act 2013 as the case may be <u>is required to be served upon</u> the Exchange seeking representations or objections if any.

In this regard, with a view to have a better transparency in processing the aforesaid notices served upon the Exchange, the Exchange has <u>already introduced an online system of serving such Notice along with the</u> relevant documents of the proposed schemes through the BSE Listing Centre.

Any service of notice under Section 230 (5) or Section 66 of the Companies Act 2013 seeking Exchange's representations or objections if any, <u>would be accepted and processed through the Listing Centre only and</u> <u>no physical filings would be accepted</u>. You may please refer to circular dated February 26, 2019 issued to the company.

Yours faithfully, Sd/-

Prasad Bhide Manager



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### National Stock Exchange Of India Limited

Ref: NSE/LIST/25071 II

December 08, 2021

The Company Secretary JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited Trilokpur Road, Kala Amb, Nahan District, Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh - 173030.

### Kind Attn.: Ms. Kirti Maheshwari

Dear Madam,

Sub: Observation Letter for draft composite scheme of arrangement for demerger and amalgamation among JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) and JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) and their respective shareholders and creditors

We are in receipt of draft composite scheme of arrangement for demerger and amalgamation among JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Demerged Company" / "Transferee Company") and JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("Resulting Company") and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") and their respective shareholders and creditors vide application dated October 21, 2020.

Based on our letter reference no. NSE/LIST/25071 submitted to SEBI and pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10, 2017 ("Circular"), kindly find following comments on the draft scheme:

- a. The Company shall ensure that it discloses all details of ongoing adjudication & recovery proceedings, prosecution initiated and all other enforcement action taken, if any, against the Company, its promoters and directors, before Hon'ble NCLT and shareholders, while seeking approval of the scheme.
- b. The Company shall ensure that additional information and undertakings, if any, submitted by the Company, after filing the Scheme with the Stock Exchanges, and from the date of receipt of this letter is displayed on the websites of the listed company and the Stock Exchanges.
- c. The Company shall duly comply with various provisions of the said Circular.
- d. The Company is advised that the information pertaining to all the Unlisted Companies involved in the scheme shall be included in the format specified for abridged prospectus as provided in Part E of Schedule VI of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018, in the seven attempts statement or Location: NSE



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notice or proposal accompanying resolution to be passed, which is sent to the shareholders for seeking approval.

- e. Company shall ensure that the financials including the financials considered for valuation report are not for period more than 6 months old as on the date of filing of scheme with Hon'ble NCLT.
- f. Company shall ensure that the undertaking as submitted by the company to the Stock Exchanges wherein it was declared and confirmed that no material event (as defined under SEBI LODR Regulations) has occurred in the Company, post the date of issuance of the revised valuation report dated September 01, 2021, which might have an impact on the valuation; shall be brought to the notice of NCLT.
- g. Company shall ensure that any new issuance of shares has to be mandatorily in demat form only.
- *h.* Company is advised that the observations of SEBI/Stock Exchanges shall be incorporated in the petition to be filed before National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) and the company is obliged to bring the observations to the notice of NCLT.
- *i.* It is to be noted that the petitions are filed by the Company before NCLT after processing and communication of comments/observations on draft scheme by SEBI/Stock Exchanges. Hence, the company is not required to send notice for representation as mandated under Section 230(5) of Companies Act, 2013 to SEBI again for its comments/observations/representations.

It is to be noted that the petitions are filed by the company before NCLT after processing and communication of comments/observations on draft scheme by SEBI/ stock exchange. Hence, the company is not required to send notice for representation as mandated under section 230(5) of Companies Act, 2013 to National Stock Exchange of India Limited again for its comments/observations/representations.

Further, where applicable in the explanatory statement of the notice to be sent by the company to the shareholders, while seeking approval of the scheme, it shall disclose information about unlisted companies involved in the format prescribed for abridged prospectus as specified in the Circular.

Based on the draft scheme and other documents submitted by the Company, including undertaking given in terms of Regulation 11 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, we hereby convey our "No objection" in terms of Regulation 94 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, so as to enable the Company to file the draft scheme with NCLT.

However, the listing of equity shares of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) on the National Stock Exchange India Limited shall be subject to SEBI granting relaxation under Rule 19(2)(b) of the Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957. Further, JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited shall comply with SEBI Act, Rules, Regulations, directions of the SEBI and any other statutory authorities and Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchange.

This Document is Digitally Signed



Signer: Harshad P Dharod Date: Wed, Dec 8, 2021 20:29:39 IST Location: NSE



The Company should also fulfil the Exchange's criteria for listing of such company and also comply with other applicable statutory requirements. However, the listing of shares of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited is at the discretion of the Exchange.

The listing of JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement shall be subject to SEBI approval & Company satisfying the following conditions:

- 1. To submit the Information Memorandum containing all the information about JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited and its group companies in line with the disclosure requirements applicable for public issues with NSE for making the same available to the public through website of the companies.
- 2. To publish an advertisement in the newspapers containing all the information about JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited in line with the details required as per SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10, 2017. The advertisement should draw a specific reference to the aforesaid Information Memorandum available on the website of the company as well as NSE.
- 3. To disclose all the material information about JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited to NSE on the continuous basis so as to make the same public, in addition to the requirements, if any, specified in SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 for disclosures about the subsidiaries.
- 4. The following provision shall be incorporated in the scheme:

(a) "The shares allotted pursuant to the Scheme shall remain frozen in the depositories system till listing/trading permission is given by the designated stock exchange."

(b) "There shall be no change in the shareholding pattern or control in JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited between the record date and the listing which may affect the status of this approval."

However, the Exchange reserves its rights to raise objections at any stage if the information submitted to the Exchange is found to be incomplete/ incorrect/ misleading/ false or for any contravention of Rules, Bye-laws and Regulations of the Exchange, Listing Regulations, Guidelines/ Regulations issued by statutory authorities.

The validity of this "Observation Letter" shall be six months from December 08, 2021 within which the scheme shall be submitted to NCLT.

This Document is Digitally Signed



Signer: Harshad P Dharod Date: Wed, Dec 8, 2021 20:29:39 IST Location: NSE

**Continuation Sheet** 



The Company shall ensure filing of compliance status report stating the compliance with each point of Observation Letter on draft scheme of arrangement on the following path: NEAPS > Issue > Scheme of arrangement > Reg 37(1) of SEBI LODR, 2015> Seeking Observation letter to Compliance Status.

Yours faithfully, For National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Harshad Dharod Manager

P.S. Checklist for all the Further Issues is available on website of the exchange at the following URL: <u>https://www.nseindia.com/companies-listing/raising-capital-further-issues-main-sme-checklist</u>

This Document is Digitally Signed



Signer: Harshad P Dharod Date: Wed, Dec 8, 2021 20:29:39 IST Location: NSE



April 12, 2021

To, The General Manager, Department of Corporate Services BSE Limited, P. J. Towers, Dalai Street, Mumbai – 400001.

Ref: Application as per Regulation 37 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015") for the purpose of obtaining 'No-Objection Letter' to the Draft Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation among JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Umited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company), JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) ('Composite Scheme') under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Subject: Report on Complaints in terms of Para I(A)(6) of the SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HD/CFD/DIL1/2020/249 dated December 22, 2020 as amended from time to time ('SEBI Circular')

### Dear Sir/Ma'am,

We refer to our application dated February 11, 2021 filed under Regulation 37 of the SEBI (Listing Regulations and Disclosure Requirements) 2015 in connection with the aforesaid Draft Composite Scheme and subsequent hosting of the Draft Composite Scheme and other related documents by BSE Limited on its website on March 18, 2021.

In terms of Para I(A)(6) of SEBI Circular, the company is required to submit a "Report on Complaints" containing the details of complaints/comments received by the company on the Draft Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation from various sources, within 07 Days of expiry of 21 Days from the date of filing of the Scheme with the Exchanges and hosting of the same on its website.

The period of 21 days from the hosting of said documents by the BSE on its website i.e. March 18, 2021 expired on 08<sup>th</sup> April, 2021, accordingly, we attach herewith a "Report on Complaints" as "Annexure 1" to this letter.

The Reports on Complaints is also being uploaded on the website of the company, i.e www.svendgaard.com, as per the requirement of said SEBI Circular.

You are requested to take the above documents on record and process our application.

### For JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

Kirti Maheshwari Company Secretary Membership No. – A40253



Registered Office : Telokour Road, Khari (Kala-Amb), Tansi-Natan, Dist. Simour, Himschill Photesh - 173030, INDIA Tel. : +91-1702-302119/121/102 - Fax : +91-1702-302125

Corporate Office : 8-1/E-23, Mohan Co-operative Industrial Area, Mathura Rond, New Bellii - 110044, I/4049 Tel. : +91-11-26900411/412, Fax : +91-11-26900434, Email : enquiry@svendgsard.com



Annexure - 1

### REPORTS ON COMPLAINTS

### Part A

Sr. No.	Particulars	Number
1.	Number of complaints received directly	Nil
2.	Number of complaints forwarded by Stock Exchanges/ SEBI	NII
З.	Total Number of complaints/comments received (1+2)	Nil
4.	Number of complaints resolved	Nil
5,	Number of complaints pending	NII

### Part B

Sr. No.	Name of Complainant	Date of Complaint	Status (Resolved/Pending)
1.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Z.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
3.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

For JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

HS Syundgoird Labor John Limited

Kirti Maheshwar Company Secretary & Company Secretary Membership No. – A40253

Date: April 12, 2021



Hegistered Office : Trilokpur Road, Kren (Kala-Amb), Tetsal-Nahan, Dist. Simour, Hinochal Pradesh - 173000, IND/A Tet. : 491-1702-302119/121/102 - Fax : +91-1702-302125



Date: 08.12.2020

To, Manager, Listing Compliance Department, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, BandraKurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051

Dear Sir,

Subject: Complaint Report required to be submitted under Regulation 37 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015") in relation to the Draft Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation among JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company), JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) ('Composite Scheme') under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013

Dear Sir / Ma'am,

This is in reference to the above captioned subject, please note that the documents were disseminated on the portal of National Stock Exchange of India Limited on 12<sup>th</sup> November, 2020. As per para 6 of SEBI Circular no. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated March 10, 2017, the Company shall upload Complaint Report within 7 days on expiry of 21 days from the dissemination of documents required to be submitted under Regulation 37 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 which expired on 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2020. We are hereby submitting the Complaint Report for your kind perusal.

Kindly take the same on your records.

Yours Sincerely, For JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited d Labo New Delhi ຄ Nikhil Nanda Managing Director DIN: 00051501



Registered Office : Trilokour Rosd, Kheri (Kala-Amb), Tehsil-Nahan, Dist. Sinnour, Himachal Pradesh - 173030, INDIA Tel. : +91-1702-302119/121/102 - Fax : +91-1702-302125



### REPORT ON COMPLAINTS

### PART A

Particulars	Number
Number of complaints received directly	NIL
Number of complaints forwarded by Stock Exchange	NIL
Total Number of complaints/comments received (1+2)	NIL
Number of complaints resolved	N.A.
Number of complaints pending	N.A.
	Number of complaints received directly         Number of complaints forwarded by Stock Exchange         Total Number of complaints/comments received (1+2)         Number of complaints resolved

### PART B

Sr. No.	Name of complainant	Date of complaint	Status (Resolved/Pending)
		N.A.	

Yours Sincerely, For JHS Svendgaard Laboratorics Limited

New Dal Nikhil Nanda

Managing Director DIN: 00051501

Date: 08,12,2020 Place: New Delhi



Registered Office : Trilokpur Road, Khori (Kale-Amb), Tehsil-Nahan, Dist. Simour, Himachal Pedesh - 173030, INDIA TeL : +91-1702-302118/121/102 - Fax : +91-1702-302125

# Corporate Professionals

## **ANNEXURE -10**

October 01, 2022

Ref. No.: CPC/MB/090/2022-23

To, The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited Fifth Floor, Plot No 107, Sector-44 Institutional Area, Gurugram - 122001 Haryana

Dear Sir,

Subject: Due Diligence Certificate - Proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company) their respective shareholders and creditors under section 230-232 of Companies Act 2013 and rules made thereunder.

Re: Due Diligence Certificate in adherence to SEBI's Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 dated February 04, 2022 read with SEBI's Master Circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/0000000665 dated November 23, 2021

PURPOSE:

This is in reference to our engagement for providing Due Diligence Certificate ("Certificate") on the accuracy and adequacy of the disclosures made in the Abridged Prospectus by JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited ("the Company") as per the format provided in Part E of Schedule VI of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 as amended from time to time, read with the SEBI's Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 dated February 04, 2022 and SEBI's master circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/0000000665 dated November 23, 2021. The Scheme, under Section 230 to Section 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) thereof), has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on October 09, 2020 and shall be effective from the Appointed Date i.e., April 01, 2020 or such other date as may be fixed or approved by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal or any other Appropriate Authority.

The information contained herein and our Certificate is intended only for the sole use of captioned purpose of obtaining requisite approvals as per the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and compliance of the SEBI's Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 dated February 04, 2022 read with SEBI's master circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/0000000665 dated November 23, 2021

Corporate Professionals Capital Private Limited

CIN - U7489901 2000PTC104508

D 28. South Extn. Part-1, New Delhi 110049, India | T: +91 11 40622200 | F: +91 11 40622201 | E: mb/aindiace.com www.corporateprofessionals.com

### SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS:

- This Certificate is for a specific purpose and is issued in terms of and in compliance with the SEBI's Circular dated February 04, 2022 read with SEBI's Master Circular dated November 23, 2021 and hence should not be used for any other purpose or transaction.
- Our due diligence and result are specific to the date of this Certificate and based on information as at September 28, 2022. Further, we have no responsibility to update this Certificate on the circumstances or events after the date hereof.
- We have relied upon the financials and the information and representations furnished to us by the
  management of the Company and the information available in public domain and have not carried
  out any audit of such information. Our work does not constitute audit of financials including working
  results of the Company and accordingly, we are unable to and do not express an opinion on the
  fairness of any financial information referred to in the Abridged Prospectus.
- This Certificate is issued on the undertaking that the Company have drawn our attention to all the
  matters, which they are aware of concerning inter-alia the financial position of the Company, its
  business, and any other matter, which may have an impact on our Certificate, including any material
  risk concerning the Company or are likely to take place in the financial position of the Company or its
  business.
- We shall not be liable for any losses whether financial or otherwise or expenses arising directly or indirectly out of the use of reliance on the information set out here in this Certificate.
- Our opinion is not, nor should it be construed as our opining or certifying the compliance with the
  provisions of any law including companies, taxation and capital market related laws or as regards any
  legal implications or issues arising thereon, except for the purpose expressly mentioned herein.

### CONCLUSION:

In the circumstances, having regard to all relevant factors, on the basis of information and explanations given to us and on the basis of due diligence conducted by us, we certify as on the date hereof, that the disclosures made in the Abridged Prospectus dated September 28, 2022 is in conformity with the relevant documents, materials and other papers related to the Company and are fair, accurate and adequate.

Yours Faithfully,

For Corporate Professionals Capital Private Limited

Manoj Kumat Partner and Head, M&A and Transactions

# **JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited**

(Formerly Known as JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited)

### APPLICABLE INFORMATION IN THE FORMAT SPECIFIED FOR

### ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS

(AS PROVIDED IN PART E OF SCHEDULE VI OF SEBI (ICDR) REGULATIONS, 2018)

This is an Abridged Prospectus containing information pertaining to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company).

The Abridged Prospectus hereinafter are in terms of the requirement specified in SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 dated 4<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 and master circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/0000000665 dated 23<sup>th</sup> November, 2021.

# THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM CONTAINS 6 PAGES. PLEASE ENSURE THAT YOU HAVE RECEIVED ALL THE PAGES

JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: The Company was incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having Company Identification No. U52100DL2007PTC159306 Date of Incorporation: 15<sup>th</sup> February, 2007 Registered Office: Fifth Floor, Plot No 107, Sector-44 Institutional Area, Gurugram - 122001 Haryana Corporate Office: B1/E-23, Mathura Rd, Block E, Mohan Cooperative Industrial Estate, Badarpur, New Delhi, Delhi 110044 Contact Person: Mr. Ashish Goyal

Tel. No.: 011 - 26900411; Fax No.: NA

E-mail: cs@svendgaard.com

Website: www.svendgaard.com

PROMOTERS OF JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES LIMITED

1. JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

2. Mr. Nikhil Nanda

3. Ms. Sushma Nanda

### GENERAL RISK

Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking any decision in relation to the scheme. For taking any decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the company and the scheme including the risk involved. Specific attention of the investors is invited to the section titled "Risk Factors" on page 4 of this Abridged Prospectus.

### MERCHANT BANKER

Name: Corporate Professionals Capital Private Limited Address: D-28, South Extn., Part-I, New Delhi – 110049 Ph. No.: +91-11-40622228/+91-11-40622248/+91-11-40622218 Fax. No.: 91-11-40622201 Email ID: manoj@indiacp.com/ruchika.sharma@indiacp.com SEBI Regn. No.: INM000011435

### STATUTORY AUDITORS OF JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES LIMITED

Name: R. Khattar & Associates Address: N-17, Annexe Flat, 2nd Floor, Near Jain Mandir, Green Park, Delhi, Delhi - 110016 Tel No.: +(91) (011) 26192262, +(91) (011) 26192282 Fax No.: +(91) (011) 26163990 Website: rkacadel@gmail.com

### PROCEDURE

Pursuant to the Scheme, the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall issue and allot equity shares to the shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited in accordance with provisions of applicable laws and on the

murer a

basis of share exchange ratio as set out in the Composite Scheme, post receipt of approval from Hon'ble National Company Law Tribanal ("NCLT").

S. No.	Name	Individual/ Corporate	Experience and Educational Qualification
L	JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited PAN - AABCJ5766G DIN - NA No. of shares held in the company - 65,00,000 Equity Shares representing 99.82% of the share capital of the company	Corporate	Not Applicable
2.	Nikhil Nanda PAN - AACPN9260H DIN - 00051501 No. of shares held in the company - 5,000 Equity Shares representing 0.07% of the share capital of the company	Individual	More than 25 years, Post Graduate (Master of Business Administration)
3.	Sushma Nanda PAN - ACOPN2668R DIN - 01223706 No. of shares held in the company - 7000 Equity Shares representing 0.11% of the share capital of the company	Individual	More than 8 years, B.A., B. Ed.

### BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND STRATEGY

Company Overview:	JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as "JSRVPL" or "Resulting Company") bearing CIN US2100HR2007PTC093324 was incorporated on 15 <sup>th</sup> February, 2007 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 as a public company, with the name and style of JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Private Limited having its registered office situated at B-1 E/23, Mohan Cooperative Industrial Area, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110044. Thereafter the name of Resulting Company was changed to JHS Svendgaard Retail Venture Private Limited and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued on 29 <sup>th</sup> December, 2016 by Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana. Further, the Resulting Company had shifted its registered office from NCT of New Delhi to the State of Haryana. Presently the registered office of the Resulting Company is situated at Fifth Floor, Plot No. 107, Sector – 44, Institutional Area, Gurugram, Haryana-122001. JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Pvt. Ltd. (formerly known as "JHS Svendgaard Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.) is a subsidiary Company of a Listed public Company namely JHS Svendgaard Laboratories.
Product/Service Offering: Revenue Segmentation by product/service offering	Resulting Company has established its retail outlets at various airports in India and is engaged into selling Patanjali branded products through these retail stores. Further the Resulting Company has been providing manpower solution / services to various leading PSUs in India through BECIL.
Geographies Served:	Pan India
Revenue Segmentation by product/service offering	FY 22, Airport Retail Business: 100%. Manpower services have been initiated in the current FY.



Key Performance Indicators:	In the last two fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the net profit/loss earned by the Company was Rs. (134.66) lacs and (154.37) lacs respectively.
Client Profile or Industries served: Revenue Segmentation in terms of top 5/10 clients or Industries:	FMCG Industry
Intellectual Property, if any:	N/A
Market Share:	N/A
Manufacturing Plant, if any:	N/A
Employee Strength:	190+

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF JHS SVENDGAARD RETAIL VENTURES LIMITED

Sr. No.	Name	Designation (Independent/ Whole-time/ Executive/ Nominee)	Experience and Educational Qualification	Other Directorship
1.	Mr. Nikhil Nanda	Managing Director	<ul> <li>More than 25 Years;</li> <li>PAN: AACPN9260H and DIN: 00051501;</li> <li>Post Graduate (Master of Business Administration);</li> </ul>	Indian Companies – 1. Nirvikar Films LLP (Partner) 2. Maya Brands LLP (Partner) 3. Starpool Consultant & Advisors LLP (Partner) Foreign Companies – N.A.
2.	Ms. Sushma Nanda	Executive Director	<ul> <li>More than 8 Years;</li> <li>PAN: ACOPN2668R and DIN: 01223706;</li> <li>B.A, B.ED.;</li> </ul>	Indian Companies – 1. Maya Brands LLP (Partner) 2. Starpool Consultant & Advisors LLP (Partner) Foreign Companies – N.A.
3.	Mr. Balbir Verma	Executive Director	<ul> <li>More than 8 years;</li> <li>PAN: ABBPV7099L and DIN: 08210364;</li> <li>Retired Govt. Officer;</li> </ul>	Indian Companies – N.A. Foreign Companies – N.A.

### SHAREHOLDING PATTERN

S. No.	Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage holding of pre-scheme
1.	Promoter & Promoter Group	65,12,000	100.00
2.	Public	0	0.00
	Total	65,12,000	100.00



### RESTATED AUDITED FINANCIALS STANDALONE

			(Amount in Crores)	
Particulars	Audited as on 31.03.2022	Audited as on 31.03.2021	Audited as on 31.03.2020	
Total Income from operations	3.83	2.96	4.61	
Net Profit / (Loss) before tax and extraordinary items	(1.31)	(2.03)	(0.34)	
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax and extraordinary items	(1.34)	(1.54)	(0.23)	
Equity Share Capital	6.51	6.51	6.51	
Reserves and Surplus	(2.81)	(1.91)	(0.56)	
Net Worth	3.70	4.59	5.94	
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	(2.07)	(2.37)	(0.35)	
Diluted Earnings per share (Rs.)	(2.07)	(2.37)	(0.35)	
Return on net worth (%)	(36.22)	(33.58)	(3.88)	
Net asset value per share (Rs.)	5.68	7.06	9.13	

### CHANGES OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY

Date of Issue (mm/dd/yyyy)	No. of shares issued	lssue Price (Rs.)	Type of Issue (IPO/FPO/ Preferential Issue/ Scheme/ Bonus/ Rights, etc.)	Cumulative capital (No. of shares)	Whether listed, if not listed, give reasons thereof
15/02/2007	10,000	10	Private Placement	10000	Unlisted
19/02/2013	2,000	10	Private Placement	12000	Unlisted
13/04/2018	65,00,000	10	Preferential Issue	6512000	Unlisted

### INTERNAL RISK FACTORS

- Any termination of, the ability to attract or retain agents, key sales employees in critical roles could have a material adverse effect on the basiness and results of operations of the company.
- Catastrophic events such as further phases of COVID-19, could materially increase the claims by policyholders, and may have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the company.
- Not able to maintain the operating efficiency, due to reasons including any constraints in selling the current product mix, may have a material adverse effect on the business and financial condition of the Company.
- Misconduct and fraudulent activities by our employees, agents, third parties could have a material
  adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations and reputation of the company.



 Challenging economic conditions would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

### SUMMARY OF OUTSTANDING LITIGATIONS, CLAIMS AND REGULATORY ACTION

Name of Entity	Criminal Proceeding	Tax Proceeding	Statutory or Regulatory Proceeding	Disciplinary actions by SEB1 or Stock Exchange against our promoters	Material Civil Litigations	Aggregate amount involved (INR in crores)
Company						
By the Company		-	-	-	*	*
Against the Company	-		•	-	-	
Directors						
By our Directors		-	12	-	2	2
Against the Directors	-			1	T)	<u>.</u>
Promoters						
By Promoters	-	-				+
Against Promoters	-	-	-	*	-	
Subsidiaries						
By Subsidiaries			-	-	-	-
Against Subsidiaries		*	~		•	•

A. Total number of outstanding litigations against the Company and amount involved:

B. Brief details of top 5 material outstanding litigations against the Company and amount involved:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Litigation filed by	Current Status	Amount involved
		N.A		

- C. Regulatory Action, if any disciplinary action taken by SEBI or stock exchanges against the promoters in last 5 financial years including outstanding action, if any: N.A.
- D. Brief details of outstanding criminal proceedings against Promoters: N.A.

### RATIONALE OF THE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

- The Board of Directors of the Companies are of the view that the (a) Demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company and (b) Amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Transferee Company, pursuant to this Composite Scheme of Arrangement, inter alia, would lead to the following benefits:
- The demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - Creation of a separate, distinct and focussed entity housing the Retail Business leading to greater operational efficiencies for the Retail Business;
  - II. Independent setup of each of the undertaking of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company will ensure required depth and focus on each of the companies and adoption of strategies necessary for the growth of the respective companies. The structure shall provide independence to the management in decisions regarding the use of their respective cash flows for dividends, capital expenditure or other reinvestment in their respective businesses;
  - Unlocking of value for shareholders of the Demerged Company by transfer of the Retail Business, which would enable optimal exploitation, monetization and development of both,



Residual Undertaking and the Retail Business by attracting focused investors, joint venture partners and strategic partners having the necessary ability, experience and interests in this sector and by allowing pursuit of inorganic and organic growth opportunities in such businesses; and

- IV. Enabling the business and activities to be pursued and carried on with greater focus and attention through two separate companies each having its own separate administrative set up and dedicated management.
- The amalgamation of the Transferor Company into the Transferee Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - I. The Transferor Company and Transferee Company are engaged in similar nature of business, i.e. Oral Care Products. Hence, the amalgamation of Transferor Company with Transferee Company shall result in the consolidation of similar line of business and result in saving of administrative costs and various other overheads.
  - II. Apart from above, the amalgamation shall result in following benefits -
    - Financial strength and flexibility for the Transferee Company, which would result in
      maximising overall shareholder value, and will improve the competitive position of
      the combined entity.
    - Achieve greater efficiencies in operations with optimum utilization of resources, better administration and reduced cost.
    - Cost savings are expected to flow from more focused operational efforts, rationalization, standardization and simplification of business processes, productivity improvements, and the elimination of duplication, and optimum rationalization of administrative expenses and utilization of human resources.
    - Improved organizational capability and leadership arising from pooling of financial, managerial and technical resources.
    - A larger growing company will mean enhanced financial and growth prospects for the people and organization connected therewith, and will be in public interest. The amalgamation will conducive for better and more efficient and economical control over the business and financial conduct of the Companies.
- 4. Due to the aforesaid reasons, it is considered desirable and expedient to Demerge Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) and vesting of the same with the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and of Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") in accordance with this Composite Scheme, pursuant to Section 230 – 232 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### ANY OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

### None

### DECLARATION

We hereby declare that all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, the Companies Act, 2013 and the guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in the scheme is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all statements in this scheme are true and correct.

### For JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited

atall Very Harvana Nikhil Nanda Managing Director DIN: 00051501 Place: Gurugram Date - 28/09/2022

# **ANNEXURE -11**



#### October 01, 2022

Ref. No.: CPC/MB/089/2022-23

To,

The Board of Directors JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited Ground Floor, Plot No 107, Sector-44 Institutional Area, Gurugram 122001

Dear Sir,

Subject: Due Diligence Certificate - Proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferce Company) their respective shareholders and creditors under section 230-232 of Companies Act 2013 and rules made thereunder.

Re: Due Diligence Certificate in adherence to SEBI's Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 dated February 04, 2022 read with SEBI's Master Circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/0000000665 dated November 23, 2021

#### PURPOSE:

This is in reference to our engagement for providing Due Diligence Certificate ("Certificate") on the accuracy and adequacy of the disclosures made in the Abridged Prospectus by JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("the Company") as per the format provided in Part E of Schedule VI of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018 as amended from time to time, read with the SEBI's Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 bearing number circular SEBI's master 2022 and February 04, dated SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/000000665 dated November 23, 2021. The Scheme, under Section 230 to Section 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) thereof), has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on October 09, 2020 and shall be effective from the Appointed Date i.e., April 01, 2020 or such other date as may be fixed or approved by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal or any other Appropriate Authority.

The information contained herein and our Certificate is intended only for the sole use of captioned purpose of obtaining requisite approvals as per the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and compliance of the SEBI's Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 dated

D 28. South Exth. Part- I, New Delhi 110049, India | 1: +91 TI 40622200 | Fi +91 TI 40622200 | E mbigindieco.co Www.corporateprofessionals.com February 04, 2022 read with SEBI's master circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DiL1/CIR/P/2021/0000000665 dated November 23, 2021.

#### SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS:

- This Certificate is for a specific purpose and is issued in terms of and in compliance with the SEBI's Circular dated February 04, 2022 read with SEBI's Master Circular dated November 23, 2021 and hence should not be used for any other purpose or transaction.
- Our due diligence and result are specific to the date of this Certificate and based on information as at September 28, 2022. Further, we have no responsibility to update this Certificate on the circumstances or events after the date hereof.
- We have relied upon the financials and the information and representations furnished to us by the
  management of the Company and the information available in public domain and have not carried
  out any audit of such information. Our work does not constitute audit of financials including working
  results of the Company and accordingly, we are unable to and do not express an opinion on the
  fairness of any financial information referred to in the Abridged Prospectus.
- This Certificate is issued on the undertaking that the Company have drawn our attention to all the
  matters, which they are aware of concerning inter-alla the financial position of the Company, its
  business, and any other matter, which may have an impact on our Certificate, including any material
  risk concerning the Company or are likely to take place in the financial position of the Company or its
  business.
- We shall not be liable for any losses whether financial or otherwise or expenses arising directly or indirectly out of the use of reliance on the information set out here in this Certificate.
- Our opinion is not, nor should it be construed as our opining or certifying the compliance with the
  provisions of any law including companies, taxation and capital market related laws or as regards any
  legal implications or issues arising thereon, except for the purpose expressly mentioned herein.

#### CONCLUSION:

In the circumstances, having regard to all relevant factors, on the basis of information and explanations given to us and on the basis of due diligence conducted by us, we certify as on the date hereof, that the disclosures made in the Abridged Prospectus dated September 28, 2022 is in conformity with the relevant documents, materials and other papers related to the Company and are fair, accurate and adequate.

Yours Faithfully,

For Corporase Professionals Capital Private Limited



# **JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited**

(Formerly known as JHS Svendgaard Dental Care Limited)

#### CIN : U52100HR2008PLC093836

Bran

## APPLICABLE INFORMATION IN THE FORMAT SPECIFIED

#### FOR ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS

## (AS PROVIDED IN PART E OF SCHEDULE VI OF SEBI (ICDR) REGULATIONS, 2018)

This is an Abridged Prospectas containing information pertaining to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company) and JHS Svendgaard Laboratorics Limited (Demerged Company/ Transferee Company).

The Abridged Prospectus hereinafter are in terms of the requirement specified in SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/SSEP/CIR/P/2022/14 dated 4th February 2022 and master circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2021/0000000665 dated 23th November 2021.

#### THIS ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS CONTAINS 7 PAGES. PLEASE ENSURE THAT YOU HAVE RECEIVED ALL THE PAGES

#### JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

CIN: The Company was incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having Company Identification No. U52100HR2008PLC093836; Date of Incorporation: 3<sup>rd</sup> April, 2004 Registered Office: Ground Floor, Plot No 107, Sector-44 Institutional Area, Gurugram-122001

Corporate Office: B1/E-23, Mathura Rd, Block E, Mohan Cooperative Industrial Estate, Badarpur, New Delhi,

Delhi 110044

Contact Person: Mr. Ashish Goyal

Tel. No.: 9560933011; Fax No.: N.A.

E-mail: cs@svendgaard.com

Website: N.A.

#### PROMOTERS OF JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

1. JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited;

- 2. Mr. Nikhil Nanda;
- 3. Ms. Sushma Nanda;
- 4. Mr. Harish Chandra Nanda;
- 5. Ms. Ashna Kochar;

#### GENERAL RISK

Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking any decision in relation to the scheme. For taking any decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the company and the scheme including the risk involved. Specific attention of the investors is invited to the section titled "Risk Factors" on page 5 of this Abridged Prospectus.

#### MERCHANT BANKER

Name: Corporate Professionals Capital Private Limited Address: D-28, South Extn., Part-I, New Delhi – 110049 Ph. No.: +91-11-40622228/ +91-11-40622248/ +91-11-40622218 Fax. No.: 91-11-40622201 Email ID: manoj@indiacp.com/ruchika.sharma@indiacp.com SEBI Regn. No.: INM000011435

#### STATUTORY AUDITORS OF JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

Name: Ray & Ray, Chartered Accountants

Address: 205, Ansal Bhawan, 16, Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Dothi - 110016 Tel No.: +(91) (011) 23705415, +(91) (011) 23705416 Fax No.: +(91) (011) 26163990 Email- admin@raynray.in Website superconstruction

Website: www.raymray.net

Registered Office : Ground Floor, Plot No. 107, Sector-44, Institutional Area, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001, India Email : csbrand@svendgaard.com 433

### PROCEDURE

Pursuant to the Scheme, the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited shall issue and allot equity shares to the shareholders of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited in accordance with provisions of applicable laws and on the basis of share exchange ratio as set out in the Composite Scheme, post receipt of approval from Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT").

# DETAILS OF PROMOTERS OF JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

S.No.	Name	Individual/Corporate	Experience and Educational Qualification
	JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited PAN - AABCJ5766G DIN - NA No. of shares held in the company - 67,00,000 Equity Shares representing 42,68% of the share capital of the company	Corporate	Not Applicable
2.	Mr. Nikhil Nanda PAN - AACPN9260H DIN - 00051501 No. of shares held in the company - 14,48,885 Equity Shares representing 9.23% of the share capital of the company	Individual	More than 25 Years Post Graduate (Master of Business Administration)
3.	Ms. Sushma Nanda PAN - ACOPN2668R DIN - 01223706 No. of shares held in the company - 1 Equity Shares representing 0.00% of the share capital of the company	Individual	More than 8 years B.A, B.Ed.
4.	Mr. Harish Chandra Nanda PAN - AAHPN0300K DIN - NA No. of shares held in the company - Nil	Individual	NA (Since the person is deceased)
5.	Ms. Ashna Kochar PAN - AEZPK5831J DIN - NA No. of shares held in the company - 1 Equity Shares representing 0.00% of the share capital of the company	Individual	More than 30 years Retired Govt. officer

#### BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND STRATEGY

Company Overview:
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	Haryana. Transferor Company had shifted its registered office from NCT of New Delhi to State of Haryana. Presently the registered office of the Transferor Company is situated at Fifth Floor, Plot No. 107, Sector – 44, Institutional Area, Gurugram, Haryana - 122001. PAN: AABCJ9853C Email: csbrand@svendgaard.com
Product/Service Offering: Revenue Segmentation by product/service offering	Transferor Company is engaged into the selling and marketing of oral care products under its proprietary brand, i.e., "aquawhite" focusing on Kids Oral Care category. Further the Transferor Company is also marketing and distributing the beauty accessories products under its brand "Panache".
Geographies Served:	Pan India
Revenue Segmentation by product/service offering	For FY 2022, Oral Care Category: 55%, Beauty Accessories Category: 45%
Key Performance Indicators:	In the last two fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the net profit/loss earned by the Company was Rs. (40.99) lacs and 27.19 lacs respectively.
Client Profile or Industries served: Revenue Segmentation in terms of top 5/10 clients or Industries:	FMCG Industry
Intellectual Property, if any:	The company has requisite IPR registered and/or applied available, as are necessary to deal under the aforementioned proprietary brands.
Market Share:	Less than 1%
Manufacturing Plant, if any:	Third Party Outsourcing.
Employee Strength:	15+ employee strength.

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF JHS SVENDGAARD BRANDS LIMITED

Sr. No.	Name	Designation (Independent/ Whole-time/ Executive/ Nominee)	Experience and Educational Qualification	Other Directorship
1.	Nikhil Nanda PAN: AACPN9260H DIN: 00051501	Non-Executive Director	More than 25 Years Post Graduate (Master of Business Administration)	Indian Companies- Nirvikar Films LLP (Partner) Maya Brands LLP (Partner) Starpool Consultant & Advisors LLP (Partner) Foreign Companies - NA
2.	Sushma Nanda	Non-Executive Director	More than 8 years	Indian Companies - Maya Brands LLP (Partner)



	PAN: ACOPN2668R DIN: 01223706		B.A, B.Ed.	Starpool Consultant & Advisors LLP (Partner) Foreign Companies - NA
3,	Chhabi Lal Prasad PAN: AKQPP7001C DIN: 01286188	Executive Director	More than Twenty Years Bachelor of Art	Indian Companies – Jhs Svendgaard Mechanical And Warehouse Private Limited Foreign Companies - NA
4.	Safir Anand PAN: AADPA0805C DIN: 02117658	Non-Executive Director	More than Ten Years Graduated	Indian Companies – NA Foreign Companies - NA
5.	Vinay Mittal PAN: AAGPM4399A DIN: 08232559	Independent Director	More than 35 Years Retired Govt. Officer	Indian Companies Jhs Svendgaard Laboratories Limited Foreign Companies - NA

# SHAREHOLDING PATTERN

S. No.	Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage holding of pre-scheme
1.	Promoter & Promoter Group	\$148887	51.91
2.	Public	7548642	48.09
	Total	15697529	100.00

# RESTATED AUDITED FINANCIALS

#### STANDALONE

Particulars	Audited as on 31.03.2022	Audited as on 31.03.2021	(Amount in Crores Audited as on 31.03.2020
Total Income from operations	4,98	4,36	8,99
Net Profit / (Loss) before tax and extraordinary items	(0.38)	(0.07)	(7.12)
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax and extraordinary items	(0.40)	0.27	(6.25)
Equity Share Capital	15.70	15.70	13.20
Reserves and Surplus	0.24	0.60	(1.71)
Net Worth	15.94	16.30	11.48
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	(0.28)	0.19	(5.10)
Diluted Earnings per share (Rs.)	(0.28)	0.19	(5.10)
Return on net worth (%)	(1.76)	1.67	(54.41)
Net asset value per share (Rs.)	10.15	10.38	8.70

# CHANGES OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY



Date of Issue (mm/dd/yyyy)	No. of Issue shares Price issued (Rs.)		Type of Issue (IPO/FPO/ Preferential Issue/ Scheme/ Bonus/ Rights, etc.)	Cumulative capital (No. of shares)	Whether listed, if not listed, give reasons thereof	
4/3/2008	50000	10	Memorandum Subscription	50000	Unlisted	
3/12/2012	359905	10	Private Placement	409905	Unlisted	
4/12/2018	5810099	10	Private Placement	6220004	Unlisted	
4/30/2018	150000	30	Preferential Issue	6370004	Unlisted	
5/2/2018	500000	10	Preferential Issue	6870004	Unlisted	
11/1/2018	2500000	30	Preferential Issue	9370004	Unlisted	
11/1/2018	10000	10	Sweat Equity	9380004	Unlisted	
4/22/2019	479996	10	Preferential Issue	9860000	Unlisted	
4/23/2019	150000	10	Preferential Issue	10010000	Unlisted	
7/1/2019	2127000	30	Preferential Issue	12137000	Unlisted	
7/23/2019	100000	30	Preferential Issue	12237000	Unlisted	
7/23/2019	500000	30	Preferential Issue	12737000	Unlisted	
7/23/2019	300000	30	Preferential Issue	13037000	Unlisted	
11/11/2019	160526	38	Preferential Issue	13197525	Unlisted	
31/09/2020	1500003	10	Rights Issue	14697529	Unlisted	
08/10/2020	1000000	30	Preferential Issue	15697529	Unlisted	

#### INTERNAL RISK FACTORS

- Any termination of, the ability to attract or retain agents, key sales employees in critical roles could have a material adverse effect on the business and results of operations of the company.
- Catastrophic events such as further phases of COVID-19, could materially increase the claims by policyholders, and may have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the company.
- Not able to maintain the operating efficiency, due to reasons including any constraints in selling the current product mix, may have a material adverse effect on the business and financial condition of the Company.
- Misconduct and fraudulent activities by our employees, agents, third parties could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, results of operations and reputation of the company.
- Challenging economic conditions would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

#### SUMMARY OF OUTSTANDING LITIGATIONS, CLAIMS AND REGULATORY ACTION

A. Total number of outstanding litigations against the Company and amount involved:

Name of Entity	Criminal Proceeding	Tax Proceeding	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	100010000000000000000000000000000000000		Aggregate amount involved (INR in erores)
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				against our promoters		
Company						
By the Company	-		-		-	
Against the Company		5÷			*	*
Directors						
By our Directors	-		14	-		+
Against the Directors	-	-	-	•	-	
Promoters						
By Promoters	+	-		-		
Against Promoters	•	-	82	-	*	-
Subsidiaries						
By Subsidiaries		÷	54 - C		140	-
Against Subsidiaries	*		8	1. A	<b>1</b>	1

B. Brief details of top 5 material outstanding litigations against the Company and amount involved: Nil

Sr. No.	Particulars	Litigation filed by	Current Status	Amount involved
- 500 S 15 C 1-	0.050202000055	NIL		
		1104-001		

- C. Regulatory Action, if any disciplinary action taken by SEBI or stock exchanges against the promoters in last 5 financial years including outstanding action, if any: Nil
- D. Brief details of outstanding criminal proceedings against Promoters: N.A.

#### RATIONALE OF THE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

- The Board of Directors of the Companies are of the view that the (a) Demarger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company and (b) Amalgamation of Transferor Company with the Transferee Company, pursuant to this Composite Scheme of Arrangement, inter alia, would lead to the following benefits:
- The demerger of the Retail Investment Division of the Demerged Company into the Resulting Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - Creation of a separate, distinct and focussed entity housing the Retail Business leading to greater operational efficiencies for the Retail Business;
  - II. Independent setup of each of the undertaking of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company will ensure required depth and focus on each of the companies and adoption of strategies necessary for the growth of the respective companies. The structure shall provide independence to the management in decisions regarding the use of their respective cash flows for dividends, capital expenditure or other reinvestment in their respective businesses;
  - III. Unlocking of value for shareholders of the Demerged Company by transfer of the Retail Business, which would enable optimal exploitation, monetization and development of both, Residual Undertaking and the Retail Business by attracting focused investors, joint venture partners and strategic partners having the necessary ability, experience and interests in this sector and by allowing pursuit of inorganic and organic growth opportunities in such businesses; and
  - IV. Enabling the business and activities to be pursued and carried on with greater focus and



attention through two separate companies each having its own separate administrative set up and dedicated management.

- The amalgamation of the Transferor Company into the Transferee Company shall provide the following benefits:
  - The Transferor Company and Transferee Company are engaged in similar nature of business, i.e. Oral Care Products. Hence, the amalgamation of Transferor Company with Transferee Company shall result in the consolidation of similar line of business and result in saving of administrative costs and various other overheads.
  - II. Apart from above, the amalgamation shall result in following benefits -
    - Financial strength and flexibility for the Transferee Company, which would result in
      maximising overall shareholder value, and will improve the competitive position of
      the combined entity.
    - Achieve greater efficiencies in operations with optimum utilization of resources, better administration and reduced cost.
    - Cost savings are expected to flow from more focused operational efforts, rationalization, standardization and simplification of business processes, productivity improvements, and the elimination of duplication, and optimum rationalization of administrative expenses and utilization of human resources.
    - Improved organizational capability and leadership arising from pooling of financial, managerial and technical resources.
    - A larger growing company will mean enhanced financial and growth prospects for the people and organization connected therewith, and will be in public interest. The amalgamation will conducive for better and more efficient and economical control over the business and financial conduct of the Companies.
- 4. Due to the aforesaid reasons, it is considered desirable and expedient to Demerge Retail Investment Division (Demerged Undertaking) of the JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company / Transferee Company) and vesting of the same with the JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (Resulting Company) and of Amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited ("Transferor Company") with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited ("Transferee Company") in accordance with this Composite Scheme, pursuant to Section 230 – 232 of the Componies Act, 2013.

#### ANY OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

None

#### DECLARATION

We hereby declare that all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, the Companies Act, 2013 and the gaidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in the scheme is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. We further certify that all statements in this scheme are true and correct.

word. For JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited Onlyon Chhabi Lal Prasad Director DIN: 01286188 Place: Gurugram Date: 28/09/2022



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# THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL CHANDIGARH BENCH, CHANDIGARH (through web-based video conferencing platform)

CA No. 190/2022 And CA (CAA) No.15/Chd/Hry/2022 (1<sup>st</sup> Motion)

Under Sections 230 to 232 read with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 11 & 13 of NCLT Rules, 2016

# IN THE MATTER OF COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT OF:

# JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited

with its registered office at 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Plot No. 107, Sector-44, Institutional Area, Gurugram, Haryana-122001 PAN: AABCJ8855A CIN: U52100HR2007PTC093324

... Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company

And

# JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited

with its registered office at 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Plot No. 107, Sector-44, Institutional Area, Gurugram, Haryana-122001 PAN: AABCJ9853C CIN: U52100HR2008PLC093836

... Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company

And

# JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited

with its registered office at Trilokpur road, Kheri (Kala Amb), Tehsil- Nahan, District- Sirmour, Himachal Pradesh-173030 PAN: AABCJ5766G CIN: L74110HP2004PLC027558 ....Applicant Company No.3/Demerged Company/Transferee Company

# Order delivered on: 30.08.2022

# Coram: HON'BLE MR. HARNAM SINGH THAKUR, MEMBER (JUDICIAL) HON'BLE MR. SUBRATA KUMAR DASH, MEMBER (TECHNICAL)



# Present through Video Conferencing : -

For the Applicant Companies: Mr. Suman Kumar Jha, Advocate

# Per: Subrata Kumar Dash, Member (Technical)

# <u>ORDER</u>

# CA (CAA) No. 15/Chd/Hry/2022

This is a joint First Motion Application filed by Applicant Companies namely; JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited (for short hereinafter referred to as Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company) and JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (for short hereinafter referred to as Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company) and JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (for short hereinafter referred to as Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company) under Section 230-232 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 3 & 5 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 (the Rules) and Rule 11 of the National Company Law Tribunal Rules, 2016 in relation to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement between the Applicant Companies. The said Scheme is attached as Annexure A-1 of the Application.

2. The Applicant Companies have prayed requirement for convening the meetings of the Equity Shareholders and Unsecured Creditors of all the Applicant Companies and of Secured Creditors of Applicant Company No. 2 & 3. It is further prayed by the learned counsel for applicant companies to direct the meetings through physical mode at the registered office of the Applicant Company No. 3.

3. As per Composite Scheme of Arrangement and Amalgamation, the first part of the scheme is the Demerger of "Retail Investment Division" (Demerged Undertaking) of JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Demerged Company/Applicant Company 3) into JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private

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Limited (Resulting Company/Applicant Company 1) and the second part of the composite of Scheme envisages the amalgamation of JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited (Transferor Company/Applicant Company 2) with JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited (Transferee Company/Applicant Company 3)

4. The Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company and Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company are presently engaged in the business of acquire, setup, establish, maintain, run, operate, take on lease, hire, franchise and manage off-line, on line shopping, stores, hyper markets, departmental stores, supermarkets, shopping malls, discount stores, speciality stores, shopping outlets, convenience stores and to deal in trade import, export, market, distribute, process, pack, repack, move, preserve, repair, wholesalers, retailers, representatives, commissions agents, franchisers and dealers of all commercial, industrial scientific, household, domestic agricultural, floricultural, sericulture, agua culture and forest produce and products and by necessities of every kind, make and sorts on ready or forward basis, including foods and beverages of all kinds of groceries, spices and condiments, fruits & vegetables, cookeries, bakery, confectionery, dairy accessories of all kinds, tea, coffee and jute, apparels, garments, textiles, finished/grey fabrics knitted, hosiery, linens, furnishing fabrics, fabrics of all kinds, readymade garments and clothing, leather, rubber and plastic and all types of general goods, consumables, materials, accessories, commodities and equipment or services of every nature and other similar products.

5. The Applicant Company No.3 is engaged in the business of manufacturer, exporters, importers, traders, buyers and sellers of Oral Hygiene products (including toothbrushes & toothpaste) whether raw, semi-finished and finished.

6. It is submitted that the registered offices of Applicant Company No 1 & 2 are situated in the State of Haryana and of Applicant Company No. 3 is situated in

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the State of Himachal Pradesh, therefore, all applicant companies are under the territorial jurisdiction of this Bench.

- 7. The rationale of the Scheme is given below:-
  - Creation of a separate, distinct and focussed entity housing the Retail Business leading to greater operational efficiencies for the Retail Business;
  - ii. Independent setup of each of the undertaking of the Demerged Company and the Resulting Company will ensure required depth and focus on each of the companies and adoption of strategies necessary for the growth of the respective companies. The structure shall provide Independence to the management in decisions regarding the use of their respective cash flows for dividends, capital expenditure or other reinvestment in their respective business;
  - iii. Unlocking of value for shareholders of the Demerged Company by transfer of the Retail Business, which would enable optimal exploitation, monetization and development of joint venture partners and strategic partners having the necessary ability, experience and interests in this sector and by allowing pursuit of inorganic and organic growth opportunities in such businesses; and;
  - iv. Enabling the business and activities to be pursued and carried on with greater focus and attention through two separate companies each having its own separate administrative set-up and dedicated management.

8. It is stated that the Board of Directors of all the Applicant Companies in their meeting held on 09.10.2020 have considered and unanimously approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement subject to sanctioning of the same by this Tribunal. The copies of the Board Resolutions of all the Applicant Companies are attached as Annexure A-2, Annexure A-8 & A-14 respectively of the application.



9. The appointed date of the Scheme is 01.04.2020 as mentioned in Chapter
1 Clause 1.3 of Composite Scheme of Arrangement which is attached as Annexure
A-1 of the application.

10. It is stated that the Applicant Companies have filed the audited financial statements and Profit & Loss Statement as on 31.03.2021 and also filed supplementary/provisional financial statements for the period ended 31.12.2021 which are attached as Annexure A-7, Annexure A-13 and Annexure A-19, respectively of the application.

11. It is further submitted that in pursuance of the proviso to Sec. 230 (7) and Section 232 (3) of the Act, the Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company and Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company have filed the certificates dated 16.10.2020 and Applicant Company No. 3/Transferee Company has filed their certificate dated 19.10.2020 issued by statutory auditors certifying that the Scheme is in compliance with the Accounting Standards under Section 133 of the Act and the same are attached as Annexure A-24 of the application.

12. It is further submitted by the counsel for applicant companies that as per Valuation Report/Share Exchange Ratio Report dated 22.02.2022 submitted by Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer (S&FA) bearing registration No.IBBI/RV/05/2019/11412 is attached as Annexure A-22. The Share Exchange Ratio is given below:-

*"1 (One) Equity Share of Face value of Rs.10(Rupees Ten) each at par in the Resulting Company for every 10(Ten) Equity Shares of Face value of Rs.10 (Rupees Ten) each held by them in the Demerged Company pursuant to this Scheme.* 

137 (One Hundred and Thirty Seven) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten) each in Transferee Company for every 100 ( Hundred) Equity shares of face value of Rs.10/-(Rupees Ten) each held by them in "Transferor Company"."

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13. It is submitted by the learned counsel that the Scheme (Annexure A-1) also takes care of the interests of the staff/workers and employees of the Applicant Companies by virtue of Chapter 2 Clause 5 and Chapter 3 Clause 6 of the scheme. 14. It is mentioned that the Transferee Company is the listed company and its shares are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange Limited in accordance with Regulation 37 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2020/249 dated 22.12.2020 vide which the Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company has applied before the aforesaid stock exchanges for their No Objection to the proposed Scheme of Arrangement. It is further submitted that BSE Limited and NSE Limited had issued a letter dated 08.12.2021 to the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement which is attached as Annexure A-20 of the application.

15. It is also deposed by the applicant companies that there are no enquiry proceedings, pending inquiry or investigation, litigation in respect of the Applicant Companies are pending under Section 207,210,213,216,219, 220 to 228 of the Companies Act, 2013. Furthermore, no adjudication, recovery proceedings or prosecution has been initiated and no other enforcement action taken against the Applicant Company No.3, its promoter and directors.

16. It is further stated that the Composite Scheme of Arrangement does not involve any corporate debt restructuring as per Section 230(2)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013.

17. It is submitted by the authorized representatives of the Applicant Companies through undertaking that there are no material events occurred in the Applicant Companies post the date of the revised valuation report dated



01.09.2021 which might have effect on valuation. The aforesaid undertaking is attached as Annexure A-23 of the application.

The matter was earlier reserved on 27.05.2022 and it was relisted on 18. 04.07.2022 seeking clarifications on the valuation reports. It is submitted by the learned counsel that all the applicant Companies had approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement for Demerger and Amalgamation between the applicant companies alongwith the "Share Entitlement and Valuation Report" dated 9th October, 2020 issued by Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach, Registered Valuer in their respective board meetings held on 9th October, 2020. The Transferee Company in accordance with Regulation 37 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 and SEB Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DILI/CIR/P/2020/249 dated 22nd December, 2020, the Applicant Company-3 has applied to the aforesaid stock exchanges for their no objection to the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement. Pursuant to the observations of the designated stock exchange i.e. BSE Limited and in compliance with SEBI Circular No. CFD/DIL3/CIR/2017/21 dated 10th March, 2017, the valuation for a Scheme of arrangement has to be carried out by an Independent Chartered Accountant, another valuation for the proposed transaction was carried out by M/s Abhay Kaushik and Company, Chartered Accountants, and he issued the valuation report dated 31st December, 2020. Further, the valuation report of the Independent Chartered accountant suggested the same Share Exchange ratio as that of the Registered Valuer. The stock Exchanges has also granted their no objection in the form of an observation letter to the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement which are attached as Annexure-A-20 of the application. In compliance with the said observation letter, the Applicant Companies had submitted the revised valuation report issued by Mr. Ajay Kumar Siwach,

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Registered Valuer dated 22nd February, 2022 and the financials considered for valuation are well within the period of 6 months from the date of filing of First Motion Application. It is further stated by the learned counsel as recorded in the order dated 11.08.2022 that the applicant companies are ready to circulate both valuation reports in the meetings of shareholders/creditors.

19. It is further averred that the Board of Directors of all the Companies have approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement on the basis of the valuation report dated 9th October, 2020 issued by the Registered Valuer and on the basis of this valuation report, Stock Exchange has issued its no objection in the form of observation letter. It is further mentioned that valuation report dated 22nd February, 2022 issued by the Registered valuer is only being submitted to comply the observation of the Stock Exchanges for disclosure purposes, so that when the Notices calling the NCT convened meetings and explanatory statement accompanying the said valuation reports will be sent to the respective shareholders and creditors of each the Applicant Companies, they may take informed decision on the Composite Scheme of Arrangement considering the Valuation report. The said Valuation Report which was issued by the Registered Valuer on 22nd February, 2022 was not considered by the Board of Directors of any of the Applicant Companies as they have already approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement considering the valuation report dated 9th October, 2020 and Stock Exchanges had already issued the NOC on the application made by JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited.

- 20. The Applicant Companies has furnished the following documents:
  - i. Proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement (Annexure A-1 of the application).

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- ii. List of Equity Shareholders of Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company as on 31.12.2021 duly certified by R. Khattar & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Annexure A-4 of the application).
- iii. List of Equity Shareholders of Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company as on 31.12.2021 (Annexure A-10 of the application).
- iv. Copy of shareholding pattern of Equity Shareholders of Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company as on 31.12.2021 (Annexure A-16 of the application).
- v. List of Secured Creditors of Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company as on 31.12.2021 duly certified by R. Khattar & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Annexure A-5 of the application).
- vi. List of Secured Creditors of Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company as on 31.12.2021 duly certified by Ray & Ray, Chartered Accountants (Annexure A-11 of the application).
- vii. List of Secured Creditors of Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company as on 31.12.2021 duly certified by S.N. Dhawan & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Annexure A-17 of the application).
- viii. List of Unsecured Creditors of Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company as on 31.12.2021 duly certified by R. Khattar & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Annexure A-6 of the application).
- ix. List of Unsecured Creditors of Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company as on 31.12.2021 duly certified by Ray & Ray, Chartered Accountants (Annexure A-12 of the application).
- x. List of Unsecured Creditors of Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company as on 31.12.2021 duly certified by S.N.



Dhawan & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Annexure A-18 of the application).

- xi. Certificates of Statutory Auditors to the effect that Accounting treatment proposed in the Scheme is inconformity with Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 (Annexure A-24 of the application).
- xii. Proposed Share Exchange Ratio (Annexure A-22 of the application).
- xiii. Audited Financial Statement & Profit & Los Statement as on 31.03.2021 along with supplementary Financial Statements as on 31.12.2021 of all the Applicant Companies (Annexure A-7, Annexure A-13 and Annexure A- 19 respectively of the application).
- xiv. Copy of No Objection letter issued by BSE Limited and NSE Limited dated 08.12.2021 (Annexure A-20 of the application).
- xv. Copy of Undertakings dated 01.09.2021 submitted by the Applicant Companies confirming no material event has occurred post the date of issuance of the revised valuation report (Annexure A-23 of the application).

21. The Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company i.e. JHS Svendgaard Retail Ventures Private Limited CIN: U52100HR2007PTC093324 is an unlisted Private limited company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on 15.02.2007. The Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company i.e. JHS Svendgaard Brands Limited CIN: U52100HR2008PLC093836 is an unlisted public limited company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on 03.04.2008. The Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company i.e. JHS Svendgaard Laboratories Limited CIN: L74110HP2004PLC027558 is a listed public limited company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on 08.10.2004.



22. The Applicant Companies have furnished the details of the Shareholders,

Name of the Applicant Companies	Applicant Shareholders along with their		Creditors along with their consents on affidavit				
Equity Sharehold		Consents submitted on affidavit	Secured Creditors	Consents submitted on affidavit	Unsecured Creditors	Consents submitted on affidavit	
Applicant Company No.1	03 (Three)	Meetings to be convened	NIL	NA	12 (Twelve)	Meetings to be convened	
Applicant Company No.2	16 (Sixteen)	Meetings to be convened	3 (Three)	Meetings to be convened	41 (Forty-One)	Meetings to be convened	
Applicant Company No.3	25,155 (Twenty Five Thousand One Hundred Fifty-Five)	Meetings to be convened	8 (Eight)	Meetings to be convened	(204+06+10) 220 (Two Hundred and Twenty)	Meetings to be convened	

Secured Creditors and Unsecured Creditors as follows:

23. It is noted that Applicant Companies are having large number of shareholders/creditors for the purpose of meetings and the applicant companies have prayed to conduct the meetings through physical mode. However, Keeping in view, the present prevailing situation of Covid-19 and the large number of members attending the meetings, this tribunal deems fit to direct that the meetings be conducted through Video Conferencing mode only.

24. Accordingly, the directions of this Bench in the present case are as under:-

# I. In relation to Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company:

i. The meeting of the Equity Shareholders of Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company is to be convened as prayed for on 29.10.2022 at 10:00 AM through Video Conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting of the equity shareholders shall be 2 in number or 40% in value of the Equity Shareholders;



- ii. Since there is NIL secured creditor of Applicant Company No.1. Therefore, there is no scope for any meeting.
- iii. The meeting of the Unsecured Creditors of Applicant Company No.1/Resulting Company is to be convened as prayed for on 29.10.2022 at 11:30 AM through Video Conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting of the unsecured creditors shall be 5 in number or 40% in value of the unsecured creditors;

# II. In relation to Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company:

- The meeting of the Equity Shareholders of Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company is to be convened as prayed for on 29.10.2022 at 01:00 AM through Video Conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting of the equity shareholders shall be 7 in number or 40% in value of the Equity Shareholders;
- ii. The meeting of the Secured Creditors of Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company is to be convened as prayed for on 29.10.2022 at 03:00 PM through Video Conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting of the secured creditors shall be 2 in number or 40% in value of the secured creditors;
- iii. The meeting of the Unsecured Creditors of Applicant Company No.2/Transferor Company is to be convened as prayed for on 29.10.2022 at 04:00 PM through video conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting



of the Unsecured Creditors shall be 17 in number or 40 % in value of the Unsecured Creditors;

- III. In relation to Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company:
  - The meeting of the Equity Shareholders of Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company is to be convened as prayed for on 30.10.2022 at 10:30 AM through Video Conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting of the equity shareholders shall be 10,062 in number or 40% in value of the Equity Shareholders;
- The meeting of the Secured Creditors of Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company is to be convened as prayed for on 30.10.2022 at 02:00 PM through Video Conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting of the secured creditors shall be 4 in number or 40% in value of the secured creditors;
- iii. The meeting of the Unsecured Creditors of the Applicant Company No.3/Transferee Company/Demerged Company is be convened as prayed for on 30.10.2022 at 03:00 PM through video conferencing with the facility of remote e-voting, subject to notice of the meeting being issued. The quorum of the meeting of the Unsecured Creditors shall be 88 in number or 40 % in value of the Unsecured Creditors;
- **IV.** In case the required quorum as noted above for the meetings is not present at the commencement of the meeting, the meeting shall be adjourned by 30



minutes and thereafter the persons present and voting shall be deemed to constitute the quorum.

- V. Mr. Pradeep R. Sethi, Former Member (Technical), National Company Law Tribunal, address: 154, The Mall, Ambala Cantt.-133001, Mobile No.8901169101, email id:<u>prsethi07@gmail.com</u>, is appointed as the Chairperson for the meetings to be called under this order. An amount of ₹2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs Only) be paid for his services as the Chairperson.
- VI. Mr. Arav Gupta, Advocate, address: # 926, Sector 7-B, Chandigarh, Mobile No. 9781127265, e-mail id:aravgupta.adv2401@gmail.com, is appointed as the Alternate Chairperson for the meetings to be called under this order. An amount of ₹1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) be paid for his services as the Alternate Chairperson.
- VII. Mr. Manjeet S Dhillon, address: House No. 2147, Sector 47, Jal Vayu Vihar, Mohali, Mobile No. 9815311662, email id: <u>csmanjeetdhillon25@gmail.com</u>, is appointed as the Scrutinizer for the above meetings to be called under this order. An amount of ₹1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Only) be paid for his services as the Scrutinizer.
- VIII. The fee of the Chairperson, Alternate Chairperson and Scrutinizer and other out of pocket expenses for them shall be borne by the Applicant Companies jointly.
- IX. It is further directed that individual notices of the said meetings shall be sent by Applicant Companies through registered post or speed post or through courier or e-mail, 30 days in advance before the schedule date of meetings, indicating the day, date, the place and time as aforesaid, together with a copy of the Scheme, copy of explanatory statement with both Valuation



Reports as discussed in para 12 & 18 of this order required to be sent under the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable Rules and any other documents as may be prescribed under the Act shall also be duly sent with the notice.

- X. It is further directed that along with the notices, Applicant Companies shall also send, statements explaining the effect of the scheme on the creditors, key managerial personnel, promoters and non-promoter members etc. along with effect of the scheme of arrangement on any material interests of the Directors of the Company or the debenture trustees, if any, as provided under sub-section (3) of Section 230 of the Act.
- **XI.** It is also directed that the provisional accounting statement of Applicant Companies as on 31.03.2022 or as on a subsequent date be also circulated for the aforesaid meeting in terms of Section 232 (2) (e) of the Act.
- XII. That the Applicant Companies shall publish advertisement with a gap of at least 30 clear days before the aforesaid meeting, indicating the day, date and place and the time of the meeting as aforesaid, to be published in "Financial Express" (English) and "Jansatta" (Hindi) both having wide circulation in Delhi NCR Edition (In case of Applicant Company No. 1 & 2) and "Financial Express" (English) and "Jansatta" (Hindi) both having wide circulation in Himachal Pradesh (In case of Applicant Company No. 3). The publication shall also indicate that the explanatory statement required to be furnished pursuant to Sections 230 & 232 read with Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2019 can be obtained free of charge at the registered office of the Applicant Companies. The Applicant Companies shall also publish the notices on its website, if any.



- XIII. Voting shall be allowed on the "Scheme" through electronic means which will remain open for a period as mandated under Clause 8.3 of Secretarial Standards on General Meetings to the Applicant Companies under the Act and the Rules framed thereunder.
- **XIV.** The Scrutinizer's report will contain his/her findings on the compliance to the directions given in Para VIII to XIII above.
- **XV.** The Chairperson shall be responsible for reporting the result of the meeting to the Tribunal in Form No. CAA-4, as per Rule 14 of the Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 within 7 (seven) days of the conclusion of the meeting. The Chairperson would be fully assisted by the authorized representative/Company Secretary of the Applicant Companies and the Scrutinizer, who will assist the Hon'ble Chairperson and Alternate Chairperson in preparing and finalising the report.
- XVI. The Applicant Companies shall individually and in compliance of subsection (5) of Section 230 of the Act and Rule 8 of Companies (Compromises, Arrangements and Amalgamations) Rules, 2016 send notices in Form No. CAA-3 along with a copy of the Scheme, Explanatory Statement and the disclosures mentioned in Rule 6 of the "Rules" to (i) Central Government through the Regional Director (Northern Region), Ministry of Corporate Affairs, New Delhi (ii) Concerned Registrar of Companies, (iii) Official Liquidator; and (iv) National Stock Exchange (NSE) (v) Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) (vi) Stock Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (vii) Income Tax Department through the Nodal Officer – Principal Commissioner of Income Tax, NWR, Aayakar Bhawan, Sector 17-E, Chandigarh by mentioning the PAN number of the Applicant Companies;



and to such other Sectoral Regulator(s) governing the business of the Applicant Companies, if any, stating that report on the same, if any, shall be sent to this Tribunal within a period of 30 days from the date of receipt of such notice and copy of such report shall be simultaneously sent to the applicant companies, failing which it shall be presumed that they have no objection to the proposed Scheme.

- **XVII.** The Applicant Companies shall furnish a copy of the Scheme free of charge within one day of any requisition for the Scheme made by any creditor or member/shareholder entitled to attend the meeting as aforesaid.
- **XVIII.** The authorized representative of the Applicant Companies shall furnish an affidavit of service of notice of meeting and publication of advertisement and compliance of all directions contained herein at least a week before the proposed meeting.
- **XIX.** All the aforesaid directions are to be complied with strictly in accordance with the applicable laws including forms and formats contained in the Rules as well as the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 by the Applicant Companies.

25. With the aforesaid directions, this First Motion Application stands disposed of. A copy of this order be supplied to the learned counsel for the Applicant Companies who in turn shall supply a copy of the same to the Chairperson, Alternate Chairperson and the Scrutinizer immediately. The applicant companies shall file affidavit(s) stating the sectoral regulators governing the applicant companies with second motion petition.

# CA No. 190/2022

### Page **18** of **18**



26. The present application has been filed by the applicant companies under Rule 11 & 13 of NCLT Rules, 2016 praying for urgent hearing of the present application and to pass directions as prayed for in the joint first motion application i.e. CA (CAA) No. 15/Chd/Hry/2022 and to hear the clarifications submitted in compliance of the order dated 30.06.2022 and 04.07.2022. In view of the order passed above in main application for first motion, CA No. 190/2022 is rendered infructuous and disposed of accordingly.

Sd/- 30.08.2022 (Subrata Kumar Dash) Member (Technical) Sd/- 30.08.2022 (Harnam Singh Thakur) Member (Judicial)

August 30, 2022 YP/SA





## THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL CHANDIGARH BENCH, CHANDIGARH (through web-based video conferencing platform)

Supplementary Item 2 CA No.229/2022 In CA (CAA) No. 15/Chd/Hry/2022 (1<sup>st</sup> Motion) (Disposed of) Under Section 230-232, CA 2013 (Directions)

In the matter of:-

JHS Sevendgaard Retail Ventures Pvt Ltd. & ors .... Applicant-Companies

And

JHS Sevendgaard Laboratories Ltd. .... Applicant Company-Transferee Company

### Present through Video Conferencing:

Mr. Suman Kumar Jha, Advocate for the petitioner.

Heard learned counsel for the petitioner. It is stated that because of the large volume of share-holders more time is required to convene the meetings as directed in order dated 30.08.2022. At the request of the learned counsel order dated 30.08.2022 is rectified to the extent that all references to meetings to be held on 29.10.2022 will now be read as meetings to be held on 12.11.2022 and reference to meetings to be held on 30.10.2022 will now be read as meetings to be held on 13.11.2022. The typographical error on page No.12 with regard to meetings of equity shareholders of applicant company No.2 mentioning the time as 1:00 AM is now rectified and to be read as 1:00 PM.

Sd/-(Subrata Kumar Dash) Member (Technical) Sd/-(Harnam Singh Thakur) Member (Judicial)

September, 29, 2022