

Modipon Limited

CIN: L65993UP1965PLC003082

Hapur Road, Modinagar, Ghaziabad -201 204 (UP)

Phone (01232) 243471

June 28, 2021

To,

The Bombay Stock Exchange Limited. Corporate Relation Department, New Trading Wing, Rotunda Building, P.J. Tower, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai-400001.

Ref: INE 170C01019 Scrip Code: 503776

Sub: Outcome of Board Meeting in accordance with Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with Schedule III

Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we wish to inform you that the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on today i.e., Monday, June 28, 2021 have considered the following:

- 1. Approved and took on record the Audited Financial Results of the Company for the fourth quarter and year ended March 31, 2021. The financial results under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are enclosed herewith as *Annexure A*.
- 2. Audit Report on the aforesaid Financial Results from our Statutory Auditors is enclosed herewith as **Annexure B**.
- 3. A declaration w.r.t audit report on Impact of audit qualification for Audit Report with modified opinion is enclosed as *Annexure C*.

The meeting of Board of Directors was commenced at 4:35 P.M and concluded at 5.10 P.M.

The Exchange is hereby requested to take note of and disseminate the same.

Thanking you

Yours sincerely,

For MODIPON LIMITED

Vineet Kumar Thareja

(Company Secretary and Compliance Officer)

CIN: L65993UP1965PLC003082 E-mail: modipon@modimangal.in Website: www.modipon.net

MODIPON LIMITED Statement of Assets & Liabilities as at 31st March, 2021

(Rs. In Lacs)

		Audited	Audited
	Particulars	As at	As at
AS	SETS	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
(1) No	n - current assets		
(a)	Property, plant and equipment	0.2	0.46
(0)	Other Intangible assets	0.2	
(C)	Capital work - in - progress	1.73	
(u)	Investment Property	1./-	1
(c)	Financial assets		
	(i) Investments	0.44	0.44
	(ii) Trade receivables (ii) Loans	-	-
	(v) Others	83.12	83.12
(d)	Deferred tax assets (net)	-	-
(q)	Other non - current assets		
		72.98	77.79
(3)		158.50	163.61
	rent assets Inventories		
(b)	Financial assets	-	- 1
	(i) Trade receivables		
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	-	- 1
	(III) Bank Balances	1.57	3.33
	(iv) Loans	4.04	4.04
(-)	(v) Others	335.20	335.20
(4)	Current tax assets (net) Other current assets	0.32	0.32
(0)	other current assets	87.96	87.96
			07.50
Tot	al Appart	429.08	428.16
100	al Assets	587.58	591.77
EQL	JITY AND LIABILITIES		
EQU	JITY		
(a)	Equity share capital	1,157.67	1,153,63
(b)	Other equity	1,137.87	1,157.67
(-,	- were equity	-10,212.88	-10,271.07
		27	
LTA	BILITIES	-9,055.21	-9,113.41
1) Non	- current liabilities		3/113.41
(a) I	Financial liabilities		1
	(i) Borrowings		
	(ii) Trade payables	725.15	725.15
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	4 0.5	-
(D) I	Provisions	1,847.07	1,845.07
(c)	Other non-current liabilities	10.61 227.11	10.61
		227.11	227.11
2) Curi	ent liabilities	2,809.95	2,807.95
(a) F	Financial liabilities		
	(i) Borrowings		1
	(ii) Trade payables	3,647.01	3,570.49
(h)	iii) Other financial liabilities	2,450.26 107.43	2,450.67
(6)	Other current liabilities Provisions	542.35	234.63
(2)	IOAIZIOIIZ	85.78	555.65
		6,832.84	85.78 6,897.22
Tota	l Equity & Liabilities		0,037.22
	, - masinges	587.58	591.77
			204177

For & on behalf of Board of Directors

(Manish Modi) Managing Director DIN 00030036

EXTRACT OF STANDALONE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31st March, 2021 (Rs. In Lacs) For the Quarter ended 31-03-2020 For the Year For the Quarter For the For the Quarter For the nine months Year ended 31-03-2020 Particulars ended 31-12-2020 31-03-2021 03-2021 12-2020 Audited Audited Audited Unaudited Unaudited Audited Revenue from operations Other income Total income (I + II) 111 132.65 132.65 0.56 0.00 0.10 IV Expenses: Expenses:
Employee benefits expenses
Finance costs
Depreciation and amortization expenses
Total expenses (IV) 8.58 0.00 0.10 5.75 5.75 23.00 29.38 230.89 0.00 0.06 0.06 0.71 54.35 **315.33** 0.31 14.46 20.27 51.71 **75.02** 8.36 14.17 Profit / (loss) before exceptional items and tax (III Exceptional items

Profit / (loss) before tax (V - VI) VI VII 112.38 (20.14) (14.17) (54.19) 58.19 (315.23) 230.71 (84.52) 112.38 (14.17) (54.19) 58.19 VIII Tax expense (1) Current tax
(2) Deferred tax
(3) Income tax pertaining to earlier years
(4) Mat Credit Profit / (loss) from continuing operations (VII - VIIIIX 112.38 210.57 Profit / (loss) from discontinued operations
Tax expense of discontinued operations
Profit / (loss) from discontinued operations (after (14.17)(54.19)(84.52) XII 112.38 210.57 (14.17)(54.19) 58.1**9** (84.52)Profit / (loss) for the period (IX + XII)
Other comprehensive income
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or XIII 112.38 210.57 (14.17) (54.19) 58.19 (84.52) (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassfied to profit or loss B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss ΧV Total comprehensive income for the period (XIII $+ \times$ 112.38 210.57 (14.17)(54.19) 58.19 (84.52) XVI Earnings per equity share (for continuing operations)
(1) Basic (Rs)
(2) Diluted(Rs) 0.97 0.97 1.82 1.82 (0.12)(0.12)(0.47) (0.47) (0.73) (0.73) XVIII Earnings per equity share (for discontinued & continuing operations) (1) Basic (Rs) (2) Diluted(Rs) 0.97 0.97 (0.12) (0.12) 1.82 (0.47) (0.47) 0.50 (0.73) (0.73) 1.82

For & on behalf of Board of Directors

(Manish Modi) **Managing Director** DIN 00030036



MODIPON Cash flow statement for the y	LIMITED rear end	o ed 31st March, 2021	
Particulars		For the Ouarter ended on March 31,2021	For the year ended on March 31,2020
A. Cash Flow from operating activities			
Net Profit before tax			
Adjustments for :		58.19	(84.52
Depreciation (Net)			
Exceptional Item		0.31	0.71
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Fixed Assets		-	•
interest Received		- 1	2.54
Interest Expenses		-	
Prior Period Error		-	230.89
Miscellaneous Income			•
Operation profit before working capital changes			(0.10)
	- 1	58.50	149.52
Working Capital Adjustment:		1	
Increase/(Decrease) in Financial Assets (others)		1	201000
		-	(0.80)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other current assets			-
Increase/(Decrease) in Borrowings		4.80	
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade payables	- 1	76.52	65.70
Increase/(Decrease) in Other financial liabilities		(0.41)	(0.12)
		(125.20)	7.10
The cost (Decrease) in Provisions		(13.30)	5.54
Net Cash generated from operations Direct taxes paid		-	
		0.92	226.94
Net cash from operating activities	(A)	0.92	226.94
P. Coult G			
B. Cash flow from investing activities		1	
Purchase of Intangible Asset Capital WIP		1	
Capital WIP		- 1	-
Other non - current assets		-	- 1
Interest Income		-	
Compensation Received		-	.
Sale of Fixed Assets Miscellaneous Income		-	- 1
Not and	- 1	-	2.40
Net cash used in investing activities	(B)		0.10
	(6)	-	2.50
C. Cash flow from financing activities			
Repayment from long-term borrowings			
Loans and Advances			
Payment for OTC		-	(1.11)
Proceeds from Issue of Equity Shares			- 1
]]	- 1
Net cash used in financing activities			(222.00)
activities	(C)		(230.89) (232.00)
Net increase in cash & cash equivalent (A+B+C)			(252,00)
Cach and Cook and a series of the cook and cook		0.92	(2.56)
Cash and Cash equivalents as at 01.04.2020 (Opening Balance)			(2.56)
		4.69	7.25
Cash and Cash equivalents as at 31.03.2021 (Closing balance)		5.60	4.69
	1 1		

- Notes:
 1. All figures in brackets are outflows.

 2. Cash & Cash Equivalent is Cash & Bank Balances as per Balance Sheet.
- 3. In view of the closure of Manufacturing Operations of the Fibre Division with effect from 19th May, 2007(closure has become operative from 8th September, 2007) the above cash flow represent cash flows of Discontinued Operations.
- 4. Previous year figures have been regrouped/ restated wherever necessary.

For & on behalf of Board of Directors

(Manish Modi) Managing Director DIN 00030036



Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter & Twelve Months ended 31st March, 2021 **MODIPON LIMITED**

			comean me	ח ווופ לממו נפו מ	ת דווומוניומו הכסמונס וכון נוופ לממונכן כל ושכועם ויסווניוס כוומכם בסכינים כין		(Rs In Lakhs)
NOTE OF STREET		Fo	For the Quarter ended on	ended on	For the nine months ended	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03.2021 (Audited)	.03.2021 31.03.2020 Audited) (Audited)	31.12.2020 (Unaudited)	31-12-2020 (Unaudited)	31.03.2021 (Audited)	31.03.2020 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	132.65	0.00		0.56	133.21	0.10
2	Net Profit / (Loss) from ordinary activities before tax and Exceptional items	112.38	(20.14)	(14.17)	(54.19)	58.19	(315.23)
ю	Net Profit / (Loss) from ordinary activities after tax (before Exceptional items)	112.38	(20.14)	(14.17)	(54.19)	58.19	(315.23)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional items)	112.38	210.57	(14.17)	(54.19)	58.19	(84.52)
Ŋ	Total comprehensive income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	112.38	210.57	(14.17)	(54.19)	58.19	(84.52)
9	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face value of Rs 10/-each)	1157.67	1,157.67	1,157.67	1,157.67	1,157.67	1,157.67
	Earnings Per Share (before Exceptional items) of Rs 10/						
7	each Basic (Rs): Diluted (Rs):	0.97	1.82	(0.12)	(0.47)	0.50	(0.73)
80	Earnings Per Share (after exceptional items) of Rs 10/-each Basic (Rs): Diluted (Rs):	0.97	1.82	(0.12)	(0.47)	0.50	(0.73)

Note 1: The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Yearly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly / Yearly Financial Results are available on the Company's Website at www.modipon.in and also be accessed on the website of Stock Exchange at www.bseindia.com.

For & on behalf of Board of Directors



(Manish Modi) Managing Director DIN 00030036



Notes

- 1. The above financial results have been reviewed by the audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 28th June, 2021 and the same have been reviewed by the statutory auditors of the company.
- 2. The preparation of the above financial results is in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard, as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 3 of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
- 3. The Company discontinued its manufacturing operations permanently w.e.f. 19th May 2007 and all movable assets were disposed of during the year 2009-10.
- 4. Balance confirmation certificates were not obtained by the Company from creditors, loans and advances given/received, house/shop security depositors, in-operative current accounts with banks and loan account with Punjab National Bank (PNB). Consequent adjustments required, if any, has not been carried out in the financial results.
- 5. (a) The Company has not provided interest of Rs. 1000.54 Lakhs up to March 31, 2008 on overdue amounts payable to a supplier resulting in understatement of liabilities and debit balance of reserve and surplus by Rs. 1000.54 Lakhs each; and
 - (b) The amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account for the period April 1, 2008 to 31st March, 2021 has not been ascertained.
- 6. The amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account, if any, for the period April 1, 2007 to 31st March, 2021 to Small and Micro Enterprise has not been ascertained.
- 7. During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Company has sold 65,743 sq.yds of its vacant land at Modinagar for Rs. 1021.15 Lakhs (original cost Rs. 1.95 Lakhs) for which the approval of bank is pending.
- 8. During the year 2011-12, the Company has given physical possession of its vacant 59 (46 as on March 31, 2015) houses located at Modinagar, Uttar Pradesh to a lender i.e. Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, (balance outstanding of loan taken from AML as on March 31, 2015 as per books of account: secured loan Rs. 882.29 Lakhs and unsecured loan Rs. 1125.57 Lakhs) for use without any charges/rent/security deposit and no lease rent agreement has been entered into with AML. The Company contends that the temporary possession of houses for use without charges was given to AML as security only as the Company was unable to repay the loans taken from AML.
- 9. The Punjab National Bank (PNB) had approved one time settlement of its outstanding dues of Rs. 1900 lakhs vide its approval letters dated April 02, 2014 and April 12, 2014 respectively. In terms of the settlement, OTS amount of Rs. 1710 lakhs (Net of upfront payment of Rs. 190 lakhs) was to be paid by the company in four quarterly instalments with interest during financial year 2014-15. However, the company was able to manage the payment of Rs. 1000 lakhs up to March 31, 2015 and at the request of the Company, PNB condone the delay and revived the OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 requiring the Company to make payment of residual OTS amount of Rs. 1270 lakhs by March 31, 2016 and total interest on OTS

payment @ 10.25% (simple) by June 30, 2016. The Company has paid Rs. 1270 lakhs upto December 31st, 2018 along with interest of Rs 259.62 lakhs. The company has already made provision of interest on account of delayed payment of OTS of Rs 94.43 lakhs in their books upto 30th September 2018 and booked balance amount of interest in the quarter ending 31st December 2018.

10. (a) The Punjab National Bank has initiated the proceeding against the company under section 7 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 before the NCLT, Allahabad Bench and other Proceeding before DRT-II and recovery Officer, DRT- II, New Delhi due to non-fulfilment of OTS Terms/conditions vide OTS letter dated July 02, 2015 issued by PNB.

Further as per Debts Recovery Tribunal-II, Delhi an order dated 30 July, 2018, has been passed in favour of the company and directed PNB to accept Rs. 65 lakhs as outstanding principal of OTS plus Rs 259.62 lakhs as interest @10.25% as per revived OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 on delayed payment upto 15 March, 2018 which was later on accepted and paid by the company in terms of the DRAT order.

During the pendency of the appeal, PNB has encashed the said amount of Rs. 65 Lakhs towards principal OTS and Rs 259.62 lakhs towards interest in term of the order of Debts Recovery Appellate Tribunal (DRAT), New Delhi. Further, the DRAT has reserved the order on 27.12.2018 in the said matter and not pronounced till the date of our reporting, as a result the company has not considered any liability in its books in addition to the dues already settled as per DRT order dated 30th July, 2018.

During the pendency of order before DRAT, the PNB has revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 against payment of Rs. 459.62 lakhs on the following terms & conditions:

Terms & conditions:

- 1) The proceeds of FDRs amounting to Rs. 65 lakhs and Rs. 259.62 lakhs kept with us will be appropriated simultaneously on conveying approval of revival of OTS.
- 2) Rs. 135 lakhs will be deposited within one week of receipt of this sanction letter.
- 3) The party to undertake to pay commercial tax liability as demanded by the Commercial Tax Authority.
- 4) No Dues Certificate will be issued, Bank's charge on the security/tittle deeds will be released only after receipt of OTS amount in full and on clearance of commercial tax liability as stated above. (Satisfactory proof/letter from the competent authority in this regard to be submitted).

The company has already deposited balance of OTS amount of Rs.65 lakhs plus delayed period interest of Rs. 259.62 lakhs with the bank in terms of DRT & DRAT orders and further Rs.135 lakhs over and above original OTS amount deposited by the company in terms of revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 within one week of receipt of letter. Further PNB vide letter dated 02.04.2019 acknowledged the payment under revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 for Rs. 459.62 lakhs.

In respect of commercial tax liability the company has filed an appeal against the order of Commissioner of Commercial Tax before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad through Punjab National Bank and the Court has directed vide order dated 26.11.2018 that the operational effect of the impugned order dated 08.08.2018 passed by the Commercial Tax Tribunal, Ghaziabad in Appeal no 1353 of 2013, shall remain stayed subject to the applicant depositing 50% of the commercial tax liability imposed on it and furnish security for the balance amount

....

other than cash or bank guarantee to the satisfaction of the tribunal within a period of three weeks from the date of direction.

The company deposited Commercial Tax of Rs 54.94 lakhs out of Commercial Tax liability of Rs 183.90 lakhs along with interest of Rs 3.07 lakhs for the period starting from 18.12.2018 to 02.05.2019 as on 03.05.2019 in compliance with order dated 26.11.2018 of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad and communicated the same to PNB vide letter dated 03.05.19.

Further, PNB vide letter dated 04.05.2019 requested the company to submit No Dues Certificate from tax authorities after paying the commercial tax liability to bank for compliance of OTS Sanction within 3 days else OTS will be declared as failed. Since the company failed to reply to the same, PNB vide letter dated 04.07.2019 informed that the tax authorities have declared OTS revival as failed and PNB is resuming all recoveries as usual. Further, DRAT allowed appeal of PNB on 20.08.2019. The Company filed Writ Petition in the Delhi High Court against order of the DRAT. The Hon'ble Delhi High Court vide its order dated 24.10.2019, stayed the DRAT and NCLT proceedings filed by the PNB till the next date of hearing which is listed on 19th February, 2020. On 19th February, 2020 interim order dated 24th October, 2019 was made absolute during the pendency of the writ petition. The matter was again listed for 30th March 2020 but the hearing could not take place due to covid-19 and is still pending before the court.

(b) The outstanding liability in the books of the company is higher than the OTS amount by Rs. 183.90 lakhs and in the absence of any documentary evidences from the management as well as PNB, we are unable to quantify the amount of interest on the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs; the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs is over and above the loan amount on account of the sales tax liability on PNB on account of the auction held by the bank for old plant and machinery of the company.

The above matter is subjudice before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad for further hearing.

- 11 The Commissioner Central Excise & Service Tax ,Kamla Neheru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Ghaziabad vide its memorandum order No.31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had ordered for payment of
 - Amount of central excise duty of Rs. 44.93 lakhs.
 - b. Amount of interest of Rs. 6.56 lakhs
 - Amount of penalty of Rs. 6.56 lakhs for the period from 1994 to 1997.

The company has not made provision of the said amount & further interest thereon in its books till 30th September, 2020 due to which profit is understated by Rs. 58.05 lakhs plus interest.

Further the company has filed appeal against the order of Commissioner Central Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Neheru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Ghaziabad before custom excise & service tax appellate tribunal, Allahabad.

12 (a). The amounts paid by the Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, to Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank (ADCB) on account of One Time Settlement (OTS) of ducs paths bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the ADCB by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 153.92 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as

the settlement of assigned dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.

- (b) The amount paid to Karnataka Bank by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, during the year ended March 31, 2012, on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Karnataka Bank by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 339.20 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.
- (c) The part payment made to Bank of Baroda by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, during the year ended March 31, 2013 on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Bank of Baroda by AML and the Company and the balance amount of Rs. 232.04 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.

The effect if any, on the income/expenditure of the company on final OTS with PNB cannot be ascertained.

- 11. COVID-19 has had insignificant impact on the company as the Company has no operations. (The company Discontinued its manufacturing operations permanently w.e.f. 19th May 2007 and all movable assets were disposed of during the year 2009-10.)
- 13 The company has 15% redeemable cumulative preference shares of Rs 100 each. Preference share due for redemption since 31st March 1996.
- 14 Figures for the previous period have been regrouped, wherever necessary to confirm to the current period's classification.
- 15 The above financial results do not contain any false or misleading statement or figures and do not omit any material fact which may make financial statement of figures contain therein misleading.

For and on behalf of the board

(Manish Modi) Managing Director

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th June, 2021



B M CHATRATH & CO LLP

(Formerly B. M. Chatrath & Co.) Chartered Accountants

LLPIN: AAJ-0682

D-26, 2rd Floor, Sector-3, Noida - 201301, U.P., India Tel .: 0120-4593360 to 4593366 Web: www.bmchatrath.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Members of Modipon Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of MODIPON LIMITED ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, the profit and total comprehensive profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- Balance confirmation certificates were not obtained by the Company from creditors, loans and advances given/received, house/shop security depositors, in-operative current accounts with banks and loan account with Punjab National Bank (PNB). Consequent adjustments required, if any, has not been carried out in the financial results.
- During the quarter ended 30th June 2019, the Company has transferred 11. amount of Rs.8.85/- Lakhs to Statement of Profit or Loss, which represents administration & consultancy expenses pertaining to the financial year ended as on 31st March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the comparative figures for prior periods items to correct the materiality of prior period errors retrospectively as required as per IND AS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'. Due to the same, Loss of current financial year is being overstated by Rs 8.85/- Lakhs.
- (a) The Company has not provided interest of Rs. 1000.54 Lakhs up to Marci 111 31, 2008 on overdue amounts payable to a supplier resulting in understateme

REGD. OFFICE: 21, Hemanta Basu Sarani, Centre Point, 4th Floor, Kolkata - 700001 Tel.: 033-22484575

: Flat No. 10, 45, Friends Colony East, New Delhi - 110 065 DELHI

: 104 Building No. B 69, Nitin Shantinagar CHSL, Sector 1 Shanti Nagar, Mira Road East, District - Thane, Maharashtra - 401107 HYDERABAD: H.No. 8-2-618/2/2, Flat No.1 B, First Floor, R K Residency, Road No. 11, Banjara Hills, Opp. Taiwalkars Gym. Hyderabad - 500034

. 8 260 Lanta Colony Jainur-302004 Tel : 0141-2601727

of liabilities and debit balance of reserve and surplus by Rs. 1000.54 Lakhs each; and

- (b) The amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account for the period April 1, 2008 to March 31st, 2021 has not been ascertained.
- IV. The amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account, if any, for the period April 1, 2007 to March 31st, 2021 to Small and Micro Enterprise has not been ascertained.
- V. During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Company has sold 65,743 sq.yds of its vacant land at Modinagar for Rs. 1021.15 Lakhs (original cost Rs. 1.95 Lakhs) for which the approval of bank is pending.
- VI. During the year 2011-12, the Company has given physical possession of its vacant 59 (46 as on March 31, 2015) houses located at Modinagar, Uttar Pradesh to a lender i.e. Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, (balance outstanding of loan taken from AML as on March 31, 2015 as per books of account: secured loan Rs. 882.29 Lakhs and unsecured loan Rs. 1125.57 Lakhs) for use without any charges/rent/security deposit and no lease rent agreement has been entered into with AML. The Company contends that the temporary possession of houses for use without charges was given to AML as security only as the Company was unable to repay the loans taken from AML.
- The Punjab National Bank (PNB) had approved one time settlement of its VII. outstanding dues of Rs. 1900 lakhs vide its approval letters dated April 02, 2014 and April 12, 2014 respectively. In terms of the settlement, OTS amount of Rs. 1710 lakhs (Net of upfront payment of Rs. 190 lakhs) was to be paid by the company in four quarterly installments with interest during financial year 2014-15. However, the company was able to manage the payment of Rs. 630 lakhs up to March 31, 2015 and at the request of the Company, PNB condone the delay and revived the OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 requiring the Company to make payment of residual OTS amount of Rs. 1270 lakhs by March 31, 2016 and total interest on OTS payment @ 10.25% (simple) by June 30, 2016. The Company has paid Rs. 1270 lakhs upto December 31st, 2018 along with interest of Rs 2,59,62,100/-. The company has already made provision of interest on account of delayed payment of OTS of Rs 94,43,358/in their books upto 30th September 2018 and booked balance amount of interest in the quarter ending 31st December 2018.
- VIII. (a) The Punjab National Bank has initiated the proceeding against the company under section 7 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 before the NCLT, Allahabad Bench and other Proceeding before DRT-II and recovery Officer, DRT-II, New Delhi due to non-fulfillment of OTS Terms/conditions vide OTS letter dated July 02, 2015 issued by PNB.

Further as per Debts Recovery Tribunal-II, Delhi an order dated 30 July, 2018, has been passed in favor of the company and directed PNB to accept Rs. 65 lakhs as outstanding principal of OTS plus Rs. 2,59,62,100/- as interest @10.25% as per revived OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 on delayed payment upto 15 March, 2018 which was later on accepted and paid by the company in terms of the DRAT order.

During the pendency of the appeal, PNB has encashed the said amount of Rs. 65 Lacs towards principal OTS and Rs. 2,59,62,100/- towards interest in term of the order of Debts Recovery Appellate Tribunal (DRAT), New Delhi. Further, the DRAT has reserved the order on 27.12.2018 in the said matter and not pronounced till the date of our reporting, as a result the company has not considered any liability in its books in addition to the dues already settled as per DRT order dated 30th July, 2018.

During the pendency of order before DRAT, the PNB has revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 against payment of Rs. 459.62 lacs on the following terms & conditions:

Terms & conditions:

- 1) The proceeds of FDRs amounting to Rs. 65 lacs and Rs. 259.62 lacs kept with us will be appropriated simultaneously on conveying approval of revival of OTS.
- 2) Rs. 135 lacs will be deposited within one week of receipt of this sanction letter.
- 3) The party to undertake to pay commercial tax liability as demanded by the Commercial Tax Authority.
- 4) No Dues Certificate will be issued, Bank's charge on the security/tittle deeds will be released only after receipt of OTS amount in full and on clearance of commercial tax liability as stated above. (Satisfactory proof/letter from the competent authority in this regard to be submitted).

The company has already deposited balance of OTS amount of Rs.65 lacs plus delayed period interest of Rs. 259.62 lacs with the bank in terms of DRT & DRAT orders and further Rs.135 lacs over and above original OTS amount deposited by the company in terms of revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 within one week of receipt of letter.

In respect of commercial tax liability the company has filed an appeal against the order of Commissioner of Commercial Tax before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad through Punjab National Bank and the Court has directed vide order dated 26.11.2018 that the operation and effect of the impugned order dated 08.08.2018 passed by the Commercial Tax Tribunal, Ghaziabad in Appeal no 1353 of 2013, shall remain stayed subject to the applicant depositing 50% of the commercial tax liability imposed on it and furnish security for the balance amount other than cash or bank guarantee to the satisfaction of the tribunal within a period of three weeks from the date of direction.

The company deposited Commercial Tax of Rs 54.94 lacs out of Commercial Tax liability of Rs 183.90 lacs along with interest of Rs 3.07 lacs for the period starting from 18.12.2018 to 02.05.2019 as on 03.05.2019 in compliance with order dated 26.11.2018 of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad and communicated the same to PNB vide letter dated 03.05.19.

Further, PNB vide letter dated 04.05.2019 requested the company to submit No Dues Certificate from tax authorities after paying the commercial tax liability to bank for compliance of OTS Sanction within 3 days else OTS will be declared as failed. Since the company failed to reply to the same, PNB vide letter dated 04.07.2019 informed that the tax authorities have declared OTS revival as failed and PNB is resuming all recoveries as usual. Further, DRAT allowed appeal of PNB on 20.08.2019. The Company filed Writ Petition in the Delhi High Court against order of the DRAT. The Hon'ble Delhi High Court vide its order dated 24.10.2019, stayed the DRAT and NCLT proceedings filed by the PNB till the next date of hearing which was listed on 19th February, 2020 interim order dated 24th October, 2019 was made absolute during the pendency of the writ petition. The matter was again listed for 30th March 2020 but the hearing could not take place due to covid-19 and is still pending before the court.

(b) The outstanding liability in the books of the company is higher than the OTS amount by Rs. 183.90 lakhs and in the absence of any documentary evidences from the management as well as PNB, we are unable to quantify the amount of interest on the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs; the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs is over and above the loan amount on account of the sales tax liability on PNB on account of the auction held by the bank for old plant and machinery of the company.

The above matter is subjudice before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad for further hearing.

- IX. The Commissioner Central Excise & Service Tax ,Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Ghaziabad vide its memorandum order No.31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had ordered for payment of
 - a. Amount of central excise duty of Rs. 44,92,663/-
 - b. Amount of interest of Rs 6,56,116/-
 - Amount of penalty of Rs. 6,56,116/for the period from 1994 to 1997.

The company has not made provision of the said amount & further interest thereon in its books till 31st March,2021, due to which profit is understated by Rs. 58,04,895 plus interest.

Further the company has filed appeal against the order of Commissioner Central Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Ghaziabad before custom excise & service tax appellate tribunal, Allahabad

- X. (a). The amounts paid by the Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, to Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank (ADCB) on account of One Time Settlement (OTS) of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the ADCB by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 153.92 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of assigned dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB
 - (b) The amount paid to Karnataka Bank by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, during the year ended March 31. 2012, on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Karnataka Bank by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 339.20 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.
 - (c) The part payment made to Bank of Baroda by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, during the year ended March 31, 2013 on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Bank of Baroda by AML and the Company and the balance amount of Rs 232.04 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.

The effect if any, on the income/expenditure of the company on final OTS with PNB cannot be ascertained.

XI. The company has 15% redeemable cumulative preference shares of Rs 100 each. Preference share due for redemption since 31st March 1996.

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 35 in the standalone financial statements, which indicates that the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 has not been prepared on a going concern basis since the Company has closed its manufacturing

operations since May 19, 2007 (closure of factory we.f. September 8, 2007) on account of huge losses incurred and sale of entire plant & machinery during the year ended March 31, 2010. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section and Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

The key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
The Company has material uncertain tax positions including matters under dispute which involves significant judgment to determine the possible outcome of these disputes. Refer Notes 2(i), 2(o)(ii) and 33 to the Standalone Financial Statements	Our audit procedures include the following substantive procedures: Obtained understanding of key uncertain tax positions; Obtained details of completed tax assessments and demands for the year ended March 31, 2021 from management; and We along with our internal tax experts- Discussed with appropriate senior management and evaluated management's underlying key assumptions in estimating the tax provisions; and Assessed management's estimate of the possible outcome of the disputed cases.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors' report thereon

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from

fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material company's exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures obtained up to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
 - 2 As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our
 - In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion the aforesaid financial statements comply with Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - g. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16) of the Act:
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.
 - h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements. Refer Note 33 to the Standalone financial statements. Λ

- The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material losses;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.

For B. M. Chatrath & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants, FRN: E300025

CA. Sunil Kumar Jha

Partner

Membership No.543805

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th June,2021

UDIN: 215 43805 ARAAA W4005

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Modipon Limited of even date)

- i) In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
- a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified at periodic intervals. In accordance with this program for the year, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification In our opinion, such periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - c) On the basis of written representation received from the management of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties held in the name of the Company are mortgaged with the Banks for securing the long term borrowings and credit limits raised by the Company.
 - ii) On the basis of information and explanation provided by the management, the Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - iii) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company had not granted loans, secured or unsecured, to any of the Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
 - iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans given, investments made, guarantees and securities given.
 - v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India, provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Act, any other relevant provisions of the Act and the relevant rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - vi) On the basis of available information and explanation provided to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act. 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Amendment Rules, 2014 dated December 31, 2014 to the current operations carried out by the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us following undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, amounts payable in respect of Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, amounts payable in respect of Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, amounts of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable:

	Nature of Dues	Amount (`in Lakhs)
Name of the Statute Sales Tax Laws	Sales Tax Payable-Branch	1.49
	1% State Development Tax	.01
Sales Tax Laws	12%U.P.Trade Tax	2.83
Sales Tax Laws	2.5%U.P.Trade Tax	.01
Sales Tax Laws	3% Central Sales Tax	.06
Sales Tax Laws	Sales Tax	.01
Sales Tax Laws	8% U.P.Trade Tax	.01
Sales Tax Laws	Turnover Tax	.01
Sales Tax Laws	Vat Collection 4%	.02
Sales Tax Laws		82.60
Central Excise Laws	Excise Duty From Amount Payable	
Goods and Service Tax Laws	Goods and Service tax	21.46
Income Tax Laws	Income Tax Deducted At Source	72.81
	Total	181.32

(b) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, there were no dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax, except the following, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (In Lacs	Period to which amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Sales Tax Laws	Sales Tax	94.22	2004-05	Commissioner
Sales Tax Laws		1428.88	2005-06	(Appeal)
		1010.75	2006-07	
	Sales Tax	1.41	1991-92	High Court
	Sales Tax	12.43	2007-08	Addl. CHAM
				Commissioner A

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (In Lacs)	Period to which amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending Asst.
Customs Law	Custom	74.66	1982-83	Commissioner
	Duty Custom	19.39	2002-03	Appellate Tribunal
The Uttar Pradesh Water Supply and Sewerage (Amendment) Act, 1999	Duty Water Tax	7.11	1997-98 & 1998-99	Additional Civil Judge
	E is a Duty	115.75	1983-84	High Court
Central Excise Law	Excise Duty Excise Duty Interest	44.93 6.56	1994-97	
Income tax Act,1961	Penalty	6.56 107.71 109.84	2006-07 to 2008-09	High Court ITAT/ Commissioner (A)
Civil Suit	of TDS Trade	95.08	2008-09	Delhi High Court
Civil Suit	payables Trade payables	18.13	2009-10	District Court, Saket, Delhi

- viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the details of default in respect of dues to a bank are as under:
 - (a) The Punjab National Bank (PNB) had approved one time settlement of its outstanding dues of Rs. 1900 lakhs vide its approval letters dated April 02, 2014 and April 12, 2014 respectively. In terms of the settlement, OTS amount of Rs. and April 12, 2014 respectively. In terms of the settlement, OTS amount of Rs. 1710 lakhs (Net of upfront payment of Rs. 190 lakhs) was to be paid by the company in four quarterly installments with interest during financial year 2014-15. However, the company was able to manage the payment of Rs. 630 lakhs up to March 31, 2015 and at the request of the Company, PNB condone the delay and revived the OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 requiring the Company to make payment of residual OTS amount of Rs. 1270 lakhs by March 31, 2016 and total interest on OTS payment @ 10.25% (simple) by June 30, 2016. The Company has paid Rs. 1270 lakhs upto December 31st, 2018 along with interest of Rs 2.59.62,100/-. The company has already made provision of interest on account of delayed payment of OTS of Rs.94,43,358/- in their books upto 30th September 2018 and booked balance amount of interest in the quarter ending 31st December 2018.

(b) The Punjab National Bank has initiated the proceeding against the company under section 7 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 before the NCLT, Allahabad Bench and other Proceeding before DRT-II and recovery Officer, DRT-II, New Delhi due to non-fulfillment of OTS Terms/conditions vide OTS letter dated July 02, 2015 issued by PNB.

Further as per Debts Recovery Tribunal-II, Delhi an order dated 30 July, 2018, has been passed in favor of the company and directed PNB to accept Rs. 65 lakhs as outstanding principal of OTS plus Rs. 2,59,62,100/- as interest @10.25% as per revived OTS vide its letter dated July 02,2015 on delayed payment upto 15 March, 2018 which was later on accepted and paid by the company in terms of the

During the pendency of the appeal, PNB has encashed the said amount of Rs. 65 DRAT order. Lacs towards principal OTS and Rs. 2,59,62,100/- towards interest in term of the order of Debts Recovery Appellate Tribunal (DRAT), New Delhi. Further, the DRAT has reserved the order on 27.12.2018 in the said matter and not pronounced till the date of our reporting, as a result the company has not considered any liability in its books in addition to the dues already settled as per DRT order dated 30th July, 2018.

During the pendency of order before DRAT, the PNB has revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 against payment of Rs. 459.62 lacs on the following terms & conditions:

- 1) The proceeds of FDRs amounting to Rs. 65 lacs and Rs. 259.62 lacs kept Terms & conditions: with us will be appropriated simultaneously on conveying approval of revival
 - 2) Rs. 135 lacs will be deposited within one week of receipt of this sanction
 - 3) The party to undertake to pay commercial tax liability as demanded by the Commercial Tax Authority.
 - 4) No Dues Certificate will be issued, Bank's charge on the security/tittle deeds will be released only after receipt of OTS amount in full and on clearance of commercial tax liability as stated above. (Satisfactory proof/letter from the competent authority in this regard to be submitted).

The company has already deposited balance of OTS amount of Rs.65 lacs plus delayed period interest of Rs. 259.62 lacs with the bank in terms of DRT & DRAT orders and further Rs 135 lacs over and above original OTS amount deposited by the company in terms of revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 within one week of receipt of letter.

In respect of commercial tax liability the company has filed an appeal against the order of Commissioner of Commercial Tax before Hon'able High Court of Allahabad through Punjab National Bank and the Court has directed vide order dated 26.11.2018 that the operation and effect of the impunged order dated 08.08.2018 passed by the Commercial Tax Tribunal, Ghaziabad in Appeal no 1353 of 2013, shall remain stayed subject to the applicant depositing 50% of the 1353 of 2013, shall remain stayed subject to the applicant depositing 50% of the 1354 of 2013, shall remain stayed on it and furnish security for the balance amount commercial tax liability imposed on it and furnish security for the balance amount of three weeks from the date of direction.

The company deposited Commercial Tax of Rs 54.94 lacs out of Commercial Tax liability of Rs 183.90 lacs along with interest of Rs 3.07 lacs for the period starting from 18.12.2018 to 02.05.2019 as on 03.05.2019 in compliance with order dated from 18.12.2018 of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad and communicated the same to 26.11.2018 of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad and communicated the same to PNB vide letter dated 03.05.19.

Further, PNB vide letter dated 04.05.2019 requested the company to submit No Dues Certificate from tax authorities after paying the commercial tax liability to bank for compliance of OTS Sanction within 3 days else OTS will be declared as bank for compliance of OTS Sanction within 3 days else OTS will be declared as bank for company failed to reply to the same, PNB vide letter dated 04.07.2019 informed that the tax authorities have declared OTS revival as failed and PNB is resuming all recoveries as usual. Further, DRAT allowed appeal of and PNB on 20.08.2019. The Company filed Writ Petition in the Delhi High Court PNB on 20.08.2019. The Company filed Writ Petition in the Delhi High Court against order of the DRAT. The Hon'ble Delhi High Court vide its order dated against order of the DRAT and NCLT proceedings filed by the PNB till the next 24.10.2019, stayed the DRAT and NCLT proceedings filed by the PNB till the next date of hearing which was listed on 19th February, 2020. On 19th February, 2020 date of hearing which was listed on 19th February, 2020 but the hearing the writ petition. The matter was again listed for 30th March 2020 but the hearing could not take place due to covid-19 and is still pending before the court.

(c). The outstanding liability in the books of the company is higher than the OTS amount by Rs. 183.90 lakhs and in the absence of any documentary evidences from the management as well as PNB, we are unable to quantify the amount of interest on the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs; the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs is over and above the loan amount on account of the sales tax liability on PNB on account of the auction held by the bank for old plant and machinery of the company.

The above matter is subjudice before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad for further hearing.

Further, no debentures have been issued by the company during the year, therefore provisions of this clause is not applicable to the company.

The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. However, the term loans taken during the year were applied for the purpose for which the same has been raised.

- According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during
- xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid/provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V
- xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
 - xiv) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - xv) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors during the year and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not
 - xvi) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For B. M. Chatrath & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants,

FRN: E300025

Juni Kron CA. Sunil Kumar Jha

Partner

Membership No.543805

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th June,2021

UDIN: 21543805AAAAAW4005

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Modipon Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Modipon Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act. 2013

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally

accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company, (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company, and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not established its internal financial controls over financial reporting on criteria based on or considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Because of this reason, we are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and whether such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021.

We have considered the disclaimer reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company, and disclaimer does not affect our opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

For B. M. Chatrath & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants.

FRN: E300025

CA. Sunil Kumar Jha

griss from

Partner

Membership No.543805

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th June 2021

UDIN: 21543805 AAAAAN 4005

BM CHATRATH & COLLP

(Formerly B. M. Chatrath & Co.) **Chartered Accountants**

LLPIN: AAJ-0682

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Web: www.bmchatrath.com

Independent Auditor's Review Report on Standalone Audited Quarterly Financial Results of the Company Pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To The Board of Directors of Modipon Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Results

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statement of quarterly and year to date standalone financial results of Modipon Limited ('the Company'), for the quarter ended 31st March,2021 and year ended 31st March,2021 ('the statement'), attached herewith, being submitted by the company pursuant to requirement of Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015,as amended (the "Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us. except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial results:

- i. Is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations in this regard
- Gives a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed ii. under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, the profit and total comprehensive profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standard transcal statements except for the effects of the matter described hereunder:

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DELHI

JAIPUR

: Flat No. 10, 45, Friends Colony East, New Delhi - 110 065

MUMBAL HYDERABAD : 104, Building No B 69, Nitin Shantinagar CHSL Sector 1 Shanti Nagar, Mira Road East, District - Thane, Maharashtra - 401107

: B-269 Janta Colony, Jaipur-302004 Tel., 0141-2601727

- Balance confirmation certificates were not obtained by the Company from creditors, loans and advances given/received, house/shop security depositors, in-operative current accounts with banks and loan account with Punjab National Bank (PNB). Consequent adjustments required, if any, has not been carried out in the financial results.
- 2. During the quarter ended 30th June 2019, the Company has transferred amount of Rs.8.85/-Lakhs to Statement of Profit or Loss, which represents administration & consultancy expenses pertaining to the financial year ended as on 31st March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the comparative figures for prior periods items to correct the materiality of prior period errors retrospectively as required as per IND AS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'. Due to the same, Loss of financial year 2019-20 was being overstated by Rs 8.85/- Lakhs.
- 3. (a) The Company has not provided interest of Rs. 1000.54 Lakhs up to March 31, 2008 on overdue amounts payable to a supplier resulting in understatement of liabilities and debit balance of reserve and surplus by Rs. 1000.54 Lakhs each; and
 - (b) The amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account for the period April 1, 2008 to March 31st, 2021 has not been ascertained.
- 4. The amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account, if any, for the period April 1, 2007 to March 31st, 2021 to Small and Micro Enterprise has not been ascertained.
- 5. During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Company has sold 65,743 sq.yds of its vacant land at Modinagar for Rs. 1021.15 Lakhs (original cost Rs. 1.95 Lakhs) for which the approval of bank is pending.
- 6. During the year 2011-12, the Company has given physical possession of its vacant 59 (46 as on March 31, 2015) houses located at Modinagar, Uttar Pradesh to a lender i.e. Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, (balance outstanding of loan taken from AML as on March 31, 2015 as per books of account: secured loan Rs.882.29 Lakhs and unsecured loan Rs. 1125.57 Lakhs) for use without any charges/rent/security deposit and no lease rent agreement has been entered into with AML. The Company contends that the temporary possession of houses for use without charges was given to AML as security only as the Company was unable to repay the loans taken from AML.
- 7. The Punjab National Bank (PNB) had approved one-time settlement of its outstanding dues of Rs. 1900 lakhs vide its approval letters dated April 02, 2014 and April 12, 2014 respectively. In terms of the settlement, OTS amount of Rs. 1710 lakhs (Net of upfront payment of Rs. 190 lakhs) was to be paid by the company in four quarterly installments with interest during financial year 2014-15. However, the company was able to manage the payment of Rs. 630 lakhs up to March 31, 2015 and at the request of the Company, PNB condone the delay and revived the OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 requiring the Company to make payment of residual OTS amount of Rs. 1270 lakhs by March 31, 2016 and total interest on OTS payment @ 10.25% (simple) by June 30, 2016. The Company has paid Rs. 1270 lakhs upto December 31st. 2018 along with interest of Rs 2.5 (62.10 kg). The company has already made provision of interest on account of delayed paymon of OTS of

Rs 94.43.358/- in their books upto 30th September 2018 and booked balance amount of interest in the quarter ending 31st December 2018.

8. (a) The Punjab National Bank has initiated the proceeding against the company under section 7 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 before the NCLT, Allahabad Bench and other Proceeding before DRT-II and recovery Officer, DRT-II, New Delhi due to non-fulfillment of OTS Terms/conditions vide OTS letter dated July 02, 2015 issued by PNB.

Further as per Debts Recovery Tribunal-II, Delhi an order dated 30 July. 2018. has been passed in favor of the company and directed PNB to accept Rs. 65 lakhs as outstanding principal of OTS plus Rs. 259.62 lakhs as interest @10.25% as per revived OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 on delayed payment upto 15 March, 2018 which was later on accepted and paid by the company in terms of the DRAT order.

During the pendency of the appeal, PNB has encashed the said amount of Rs. 65 Lakhs towards principal OTS and Rs. 259.62 Lakhs towards interest in term of the order of Debts Recovery Appellate Tribunal (DRAT). New Delhi, Further, the DRAT has reserved the order on 27.12.2018 in the said matter and not pronounced till the date of our reporting, as a result the company has not considered any liability in its books in addition to the dues already settled as per DRT order dated 30th July, 2018.

During the pendency of order before DRAT, the PNB has revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 against payment of Rs. 459.62 lakhs on the following terms & conditions:

Terms & conditions:

- 1) The proceeds of FDRs amounting to Rs. 65 lakhs and Rs. 259.62 lakhs kept with us will be appropriated simultaneously on conveying approval of revival of OTS.
- 2) Rs. 135 lakhs will be deposited within one week of receipt of this sanction letter.
- 3) The party to undertake to pay commercial tax liability as demanded by the Commercial Tax Authority.
- 4) No Dues Certificate will be issued, Bank's charge on the security/tittle deeds will be released only after receipt of OTS amount in full and on clearance of commercial tax liability as stated above. (Satisfactory proof/letter from the competent authority in this regard to be submitted).

The company has already deposited balance of OTS amount of Rs.65 lakhs plus delayed period interest of Rs. 259.62 lakhs with the bank in terms of DRT & DRAT orders and further Rs.135 lakhs over and above original OTS amount deposited by the company in terms of revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 within one week of receipt of letter.

In respect of commercial tax liability the company has filed an appeal against the order of Commissioner of Commercial Tax before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad through Punjab National Bank and the Court has directed vide order dated 26.11.2018 that the operation and effect of the impugned order dated 08.08.2018 passed by the Commercial Tax Tribunal, Ghaziabad in Appeal no 1353 of 2013, shall remain stayed subject to the applicant depositing 50% of the commercial tax liability imposed on it and furnished.

security for the balance amount other than cash or bank guarantee to the satisfaction of the tribunal within a period of three weeks from the date of direction.

The company deposited Commercial Tax of Rs 54.94 lakhs out of Commercial Tax liability of Rs 183.90 lakhs along with interest of Rs 3.07 lakhs for the period starting from 18.12.2018 to 02.05.2019 as on 03.05.2019 in compliance with order dated 26.11.2018 of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad and communicated the same to PNB vide letter dated 03.05.19.

Further, PNB vide letter dated 04.05.2019 requested the company to submit No Dues Certificate from tax authorities after paying the commercial tax liability to bank for compliance of OTS Sanction within 3 days else OTS will be declared as failed. Since the company failed to reply to the same, PNB vide letter dated 04.07.2019 informed that the tax authorities have declared OTS revival as failed and PNB is resuming all recoveries as usual. Further, DRAT allowed appeal of PNB on 20.08.2019. The Company filed Writ Petition in the Delhi High Court against order of the DRAT. The Hon'ble Delhi High Court vide its order dated 24.10.2019, stayed the DRAT and NCLT proceedings filed by the PNB till the next date of hearing which was listed on 19th February, 2020. On 19th February, 2020 interim order dated 24th October, 2019 was made absolute during the pendency of the writ petition. The matter was again listed for 30th March 2020 but the hearing could not take place due to covid-19 and is still pending before the court.

(b) The outstanding liability in the books of the company is higher than the OTS amount by Rs. 183.90 lakhs and in the absence of any documentary evidences from the management as well as PNB, we are unable to quantify the amount of interest on the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs; the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs is over and above the loan amount on account of the sales tax liability on PNB on account of the auction held by the bank for old plant and machinery of the company.

The above matter is subjudice before Hon ble High Court of Allahabad for further hearing.

- 9 The Commissioner Central Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Ghaziabad vide its memorandum order No.31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had ordered for payment of
 - a. Amount of central excise duty of Rs. 44.93 lakhs
 - b. Amount of interest of Rs. 6.56 lakhs
 - c. Amount of penalty of Rs. 6.56 lakhs for the period from 1994 to 1997.

The company has not made provision of the said amount & further interest thereon in its books till 31st March, 2021 due to which profit is understated by Rs. 58.05 lakhs plus interest.

Further the company has filed appeal against the order of Commissioner Central Excise & Service Tax Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO. Complex 2 Ghaziabad before custom excise & service tax appellate tribunal, Allahabad.

- 10. (a). The amounts paid by the Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, to Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank (ADCB) on account of One Time Settlement (OTS) of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the ADCB by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 153.92 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of assigned dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.
 - (b) The amount paid to Karnataka Bank by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML). a related party, during the year ended March 31, 2012, on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Karnataka Bank by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 339.20 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.
 - (c) The part payment made to Bank of Baroda by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, during the year ended March 31, 2013 on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Bank of Baroda by AML and the Company and the balance amount of Rs. 232.04 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.

The effect if any, on the income/expenditure of the company on final OTS with PNB cannot be ascertained.

11. The company has 15% redeemable cumulative preference shares of Rs 100 each. Preference share due for redemption since 31st March 1996.

Emphasis of Matter

- 1. We draw attention to Note 14 to the financial results, which describes the management's assessment of the impact of uncertainties related to COVID 19 and its consequential effects on the Company.
- 2. The Company has been charging Interest on Loans taken from related parties i.e. Ashoka Mercantile Limited and Status Mark Finvest Limited upto 31st December 2019. During the quarter and year the lender has waived interest on loans for full FY 2019-20 including Rs. 230.71 Lakhs charged in Profit and Loss Account Upto Quarter 3 FY 2019-20 & Rs.129.11 Lakhs Charged in Profit and Loss Account during the FY 18-19 has been reversed in the current financial year.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Results

The statement has been prepared on the basis of the annual financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial results that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in

in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the
 Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the
 company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

 | RATH | Compared to the propriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty extends

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related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

The Statement includes the results for the Quarter ended 31st March, 2021 being the balancing figure between audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published year to date figures up to the 3rd quarter of the current financial year which were subject to limited review by us.

For B.M. Chatrath & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants,

FRN: E300025

CA. Sunil Kumar Jha

gani, Log

Partner

Membership No.543805

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th June.2021

UDIN: 21543805AAAAAW4005

B M CHATRATH & CO LLP

(Formerly B. M. Chatrath & Co.) **Chartered Accountants**

LLPIN: AAJ-0682

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Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Standalone Audited Financial Results -

SI. No.	Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications) (In Lacs)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications) (In Lacs)
1	Turnover / Total Income	133.21	133,21
2	Total Expenditure	75.02	133.07
3	Net Profit/ (Loss)	58.19	0.14
4	Earnings Per Share	0.50	.0012
5	Total Assets	587.58	587.58
6	Total Liabilities	9642.79	9642.79
7	Net Worth	(9055.21)	(9055.21)
8	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	**	*
 b. T	etails of Audit Qualification: As per Annexure – I a ype of Audit Qualification: Qualified Opinion / Discourse - Lattached		dverse Opinion –
b. T As p c. Fi	ype of Audit Qualification:Qualified Opinion / Disposer Annexure — Lattached. Tequency of qualification: Whether appeared first tinuing	claimer of Opinion / A	
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b. T As p c. Fi con As p d. Fi View	ype of Audit Qualification: Qualified Opinion / Discour Annexure — Lattached. Tequency of qualification: Whether appeared first tinuing Over Annexure — Lattached. Our Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantoms: As per Annexure — Lattached. Our Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantoms.	claimer of Opinion / A time / repetitive / sir tified by the auditor, luantified by the audit	Management's

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MUMBAI **HYDERABAD**

: 104, Building No. B 69, Nitin Shantinagar CHSL, Sector 1 Shanti Nagar, Mira Road East, District - Thane, Maharashtra - 401107

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: H.No. 8-2-618/2/2, Flat No.1 B, First Floor, R K Residency, Road No. 11, Banjara Hills, Opp. Talwalkars Gym, Hyderabad - 500034 : B-269, Janta Colony, Jaiour-302004 Tel.: 0141-2601727

	(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: As per Ant	nexure – I Attached.
111,	Signatories	
	CEO/Managing Director	Ammi-
	CFO	Vinesthares.
	Audit Committee Chairman	S Barjan
and a compression of the first property of the compression of the comp	Statutory Auditor	grini hou
	Place: New Delhi	
	Date: 28 th June,2021	



ANNEXURE

S &	Audit Qualification Q i.e.	Frequency of Qualification i.e. since	Draw attention to relevant notes in the annual financial statements and management response to the qualification in the directors' report
ACTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	(a) The Company has not provided interest of '1000.54 Lakhs up to March 31, 2008 on overdue amounts payable to a supplier resulting in understatement of liabilities and debit balance of reserve and surplus by '1000.54 Lakhs each, and (b) the amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account for the period April 1, 2008 to March 31, 2017 has not been ascertained.	2006-07	Companyis in negotiation with the supplier for one-time settlement of its dues and the matter is progressing well and management is confident that the settlement of dues with the supplier below the principal amount may take place in the near future and consequently, there is no need to provide for the interest liability at this stage.
	The amount of interest to be provided for in the books of account, if any, for the period April 1, 2007 to March 31, 2021 to Small and Micro Enterprise has not been ascertained.	2007-09	In view of the closure of manufacturing operations, this information is not available.
**************************************	During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Company has sold 65,743sq.yds. of its vacant land at Modinagar for 1021.15 Lakhs (original cost 1.95 Lakhs) for which the approval of bank is pending.	2007-09	Settlement of dues of all the banks has been made except Punjab National Bank whosecase is pending before Hon'ble Delhi High Court
	During the year 2011-12, the Company has given physical possession of its vacant 59 (46 as on March 31, 2015) houses located at Modinagar, Uttar Pradesh to a lender i.e. Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, (balance outstanding of loan taken from AML as on March 31, 2015 as per books of account: secured loan 1882.29 Lakhs and unsecured loan 1125.57 Lakhs) for use without any charges/rent/security deposit and no lease rent agreement has been	2011-12	As stated in foot-note in Annual Accounts, the Company has not been able to repay the loans taken from AML and tentivorary a possession was allowed to it

ź ź	Audit Qualification	Frequency of Qualification i.e. since	Draw attention to relevant notes in the annual financial statements and management response to the qualification in the directors' renort	
	entered into with AML. The Company contends that the temporary possession of houses for use without charges was given to AML as security only as the Company was unable to repay the loans taken from AML		and most of the houses were repossessed during the year.	
vo	The Punjab National Bank (PNB) had approved one-time settlement of its outstanding dues of Rs. 1900 lakhs vide its approval letters dated April 02, 2014 and April 12, 2014 respectively. In terms of the settlement, OTS amount of Rs. 1710 lakhs (Net of upfront payment of Rs. 190 lakhs) was to be paid by the company in four quarterly installments with interest during financial year2014-15. However, the company was able to manage the payment of Rs. 630 lakhs up to March 31, 2015 and at the request of the Company, PNB condone the delay and revived the OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 requiring the Company to make payment of residual OTS amount of Rs. 1270 lakhs by March 31, 2016 and total interest on OTS payment (@ 10.25% (simple) by June 30, 2016. The Company has paid Rs. 1270 lakhs upto December 31st, 2018 along with interest of Rs 2,59,62,100/ The company has already made provision of interest on account of delayed payment of OTS of Rs 94,43,358/- in their books upto 30th September 2018 and booked balance amount of interest in the quarter ending 31st December 2018.	2011-12	The company has already deposited balance of OTS amount of Rs. 65 Lacs plus delayed period interest if Rs. 259.62 Lacs with the bank in terms of DRT & DRAT orders and further Rs. 135 Lacs over and above original OTS amount deposited by the company in terms of revived OTS letter dated 25.03.2019	
	The Punjab National Bank has initiated the proceeding against the company under section 7 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 before the NCLT, Allahabad Bench and other Proceeding before DRT-II and recovery Officer, DRT-II, New Delhi due to non-fulfillment of OTS Terms/conditions vide OTS letter dated July 02, 2015 issued by PNB. Further as per Debts Recovery Tribunal-II, Delhi an order dated 30 July, 2018, has been passed in favor of the company and directed PNB to accept Rs. 65 lakhs as outstanding principal of OTS plus Rs. 259.62 lakhs as interest @10.25% as per revived OTS vide its letter dated July 02, 2015 on delayed payment upto 15 March, 2018 which was later on accepted and paid by the company in terms of the DRAT order.		within one week of receipt of letter. PNB vide letter dated 04.07.2019 informed that the tax authorities have declared OTS revival as failed and PNB is resuming all recoveries as usual. Further, DRAT allowed appeal of PNB on	
	(a) During the pendency of the appeal, PNB has encashed the said amount of Rs. 65 Lakhs Towardsprincipal OTS and Rs. 259 62 Lakhs towards interest in term of the order of Debts RecoveryAppellate Tribunal (DRAT), New Delhi. Further, the DRAT has reserved the order on 27.12.2018in the said matter and not pronounced till the date of our reporting, as a result the company hasnot considered any liability in its books in addition to the dues already settled as per DRT orderdated 30th July, 2018.		20.08.2019. The Company filed Writ Petition in the Delhi High Court against order of the DRAT. The matter is now sub-judice before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi	
			Z.)	

ġ	Audit Qualification	Constitution i.e. since	braw attention to resevant notes in the annual financial statements and management response to the qualification in the directors' report	annual ts and nse to in the
ALL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	During the pendency of order before DRAT, the PNB has revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 against payment of Rs. 459.62 lakhs on the following terms & conditions:		The company is in the process of taking NOC from	n the
THE STREET STREET	Terms & conditions:		Department and the matter	matter also
	 The proceeds of FDRs amounting to Rs. 65 lakhs and Rs. 259.62 lakhs kept with us will be appropriated simultaneously on conveying approval of revival of OTS. Rs. 135 lakhs will be deposited within one week of receipt of this sanction letter. The party to undertake to pay commercial tax liability as demanded by the Commercial Tax Authority. 			the of
	4) No Dues Certificate will be issued, Bank's charge on the security/fittle deeds will be released only after receipt of OTS amount in full and on clearance of commercial tax liability as stated above. (Satisfactory proof/letter from the competent authority in this regard to be submitted).			
	The company has already deposited balance of OTS amount of Rs. 65 lakhs plus delayed period interest of Rs. 259.62 lakhs with the bank in terms of DRT & DRAT orders and further Rs. 135 lakhs over and above original OTS amount deposited by the company in terms of revived OTS vide letter dated 25.03.2019 within one week of receipt of letter.			
	In respect of commercial tax liability, the company has filed an appeal against the order of Commissioner of Commercial Tax before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad through Punjab National Bank and the Court has directed vide order dated 26.11.2018 that the operation and effect of the impugned order dated 08.08.2018 passed by the Commercial Tax Tribunal. Ghaziabad in Appeal no 1353 of 2013, shall remain stayed subject to the applicant depositing 50% of the commercial tax liability imposed on it and furnish security for the balance amount other than cash or bank guarantee to the satisfaction of the tribunal within a period of three			
	weeks from the date of direction. The company deposited Commercial Tax of Rs 54.94 lakhs out of Commercial Tax liability of Rs 183.90 lakhs along with interest of Rs 3.07 lakhs for the period starting from 18.12.2018 to 02.05.2019 as on 03.05.2019 in compliance with order dated 26.11.2018 of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad and communicated the same to PNB vide letter dated 03.05.19.		Hivaliano	

n notes in the annual financial statements and management response to the qualification in the directors' report				After the closure of manufacturing operations, the Company has not obtained balance confirmations as most of the balances are in-operative.	One Time Settlement of the dues of Punjab National Bank is in Progress and the matter is sub-judice before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi	A post production of the post production of t
rrequency o Qualification i.e. since				2007-09	2011-12	
Audit Qualification	Further, PNB vide letter dated 04.05.2019 requested the company to submit No Dues Certificate from tax authorities after paying the commercial tax liability to bank for compliance of OTS Sanction within 3 days else OTS will be declared as failed. Since the company failed to reply to the same, PNB vide letter dated 04.07.2019 informed that the tax authorities have declared OTS revival as failed and PNB is resuming all recoveries as usual. Further, DRAT allowed appeal of PNB on 20.08.2019. The Company filed Writ Petition in the Delhi High Court against order of the DRAT. The Hon'ble Delhi High Court vide its order dated 24.10.2019, stayed the DRAT and NCLT proceedings filed by the PNB till the next date of hearing which was listed on 19 th February, 2020, On 19 th February, 2020 interim order dated 24th October, 2019 was made absolute during the pendency of the writ petition. The matter was again listed for 30 th March 2020 but the hearing could not take place due to covid-19 and is still pending before the court.	(b) The outstanding liability in the books of the company is higher than the OTS amount by Rs. 183.90 lakhs and in the absence of any documentary evidences from the management as well as PNB, we are unable to quantify the amount of interest on the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs; the amount of Rs.183.90 lakhs is over and above the loan amount on account of the sales tax liability on PNB on account of the auction held by the bank for old plant and machinery of the company.	The above matter is sub-judice before Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad for further hearing.	Balance confirmation certificates were not obtained by the Company from creditors, loans and advances given/receives, house/shop security depositors, in-operative current accounts with banks and loan account with Punjab National Bank (PNB). Consequent adjustments required, if any, has not been carried out in the financial results.	(a) The amounts paid by the Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, to Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank (ADCB) on account of One Time Settlement (OTS) of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the ADCB by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 153.92 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of assigned dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.	
No.		,	***************************************	9	r.,	

ncy of Draw attention to relevant ation notes in the annual financial statements and management response to the qualification in the directors' report			36	settlement of dues will take place in the near	future. Few of these dues are negligible in nature	except Payable under Excise and TDS.	COLUMN WATHER
Frequency o Qualification i.e. since	ted party, bounted for k by AML d loans in nt of dues a related bank was Bank of still lying TS of the	sannot be	tory dues ided Tax, the year ayable in s, duty of s at 31st	Lakhs)	1.49	. 01	2.83
	itted (AML), a rela the bank was acco the Karnataka Ban ad under unsecure VB as the settlemen if Limited (AML), of dues of the the amount paid to the 232.04 Lakhs is oplementation of O of dues with PNB.	al OTS with PNB c	of undisputed status of Excise, Value Activity of deposited during sputed amounts parax, duty of Custom were in arrears a	Amount (in Lakhs)			
Adolf (dallitration	Bank by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, 312, on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for extent of OTS amount paid to the Kamataka Bank by AML 9 20 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in entation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues es with PNB. It is a still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in the swith PNB. It is a still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in the of OTS of dues of the bank was company to the extent of OTS of dues of the bank was and the balance amount of Rs. 232.04 Lakhs is still lying in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the less with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.	penditure of the company on fins	he books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues rivice tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, ues have generally been regularly deposited during the year rate authorities. Following undisputed amounts payable in sods and Services Tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, duty of other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st an six months from the date they became payable:	Nature of Dues	Sales Tax Payable-Branch	1% State Development Tax	12%U.P.Trade Tax
	(b) The amount paid to Kamataka Bank by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, during the year ended March 31, 2012, on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the Company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Kamataka Bank by AML and the balance amount of Rs. 339 20 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB. (c) The part payment made to Bank of Baroda by Ashoka Mercantile Limited (AML), a related party, during the year ended March 31, 2013 on account of OTS of dues of the bank was accounted for in the books of the company to the extent of OTS amount paid to the Bank of Baroda by AML and the Company and the balance amount of Rs. 232.04 Lakhs is still lying unallocated under unsecured loans in view of pending successful implementation of OTS of the dues of PNB as the settlement of dues with AML is linked to the OTS of dues with PNB.	The effect if any, on the income/expenditure of the company on final OTS with PNB cannot be ascertained.	(a) Amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Income tax. Sales tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. Following undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income tax. Sales tax, Goods and Services Tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable:	Name of the Statute	Sales Tax Laws	Sales Tax Laws	Sales Tax Laws
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8(h) These			aws Vat Collection 4%	aws Turnover Tax	aws 8% U.P. Trade Tax	aws Sales Tax .01	f Draw a notes financia manage the qui directol directol (1978)	Frequency o Qualification i.e. since	.01 .01 .01 .02 .02 .02 .02 .03 .04 .04 .04 .07 .07 .07 .07 .07 .07 .07 .07 .07 .07	Audit Qualification 2.5%U.P.Trade Tax 3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P.Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At Source Total Total Total	-aws -aws -aws -aws -aws -aws -aws -aws
0(0)	Thece	8/h	8/h	R/N)	8(h) These	8(h) These	itory dues he in and the in		Tax, duty of Excise, t have been disputed	The Following are the particulars of above Dues on account of Sales Tax, duty of Excise, duty of Customs, Water Tax and Income Tax as at March 31, 2021 that have been disputed by the Company in Appeals pending before the Appellate Authorities	The Following are the particulars of above duty of Customs, Water Tax and Income Taby the Company in Appeals pending before
Total 181.32			Excise Duty From Amount Payable Goods and Service tax	Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount 82 Payable Goods and Service tax 21	Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable Goods and Service tax 21	8% U.P.Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount 82 Payable Goods and Service tax 21			72.81	Tax Deducted	e Tax Laws
Tax Laws Income Tax Deducted At 72.81 Source Total 181.32	Income Tax Deducted At Source	Income Tax Deducted At Source	Excise Duty From Amount Payable	Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable	Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount 82 Payable	8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount 82 Payable			21.46	Goods and Service tax	and Service Tax Laws
Goods and Service Tax Laws Goods and Service tax Income Tax Laws Source Total 181.32	e Tax Laws Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At Source	e Tax Laws Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At Source		Vat Collection 4%	Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4%	8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4%			82.60	Duty From	Central Excise Laws
Sales Tax Laws Sales Tax .01 Sales Tax Laws 1umover Tax .07 Sales Tax Laws 1umover Tax .02 Sales Tax Laws Vat Collection 4% .02 Sales Tax Laws Excise Duty From Amount 82.60 Payable Payable .02 Goods and Service Tax Laws Goods and Service tax .21.46 ncome Tax Laws Income Tax Deducted At .72.81 Source Total .181.32	Sales Tax 8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable Payable Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At Source	Sales Tax 8% U.P.Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable Example Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At Source	Sales Tax 8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax	Sales Tax 8% U.P.Trade Tax	Sales Tax				90`	3% Central Sales Tax	Sales Tax Laws
Tax Laws 3% Central Sales Tax .06 Tax Laws Sales Tax .01 Tax Laws Turnover Tax .01 Tax Laws Turnover Tax .07 Tax Laws Vat Collection 4% .02 IExcise Laws Excise Duty From Amount 82.60 Payable .02 and Service Tax Laws Goods and Service tax 21.46 Tax Laws Income Tax Deducted At 72.81 Source Source Total 181.32	Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable Payable Tax Laws Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At Source	Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable Tax Laws Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At Source	3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax	3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P.Trade Tax	3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax	3% Central Sales Tax			.01	2.5%U.P.Trade Tax	Sales Tax Laws
Excise Laws 2.5% U.P. Trade Tax 01 ax Laws Sales Tax 01 ax Laws Sales Tax 01 ax Laws R% U.P. Trade Tax 01 ax Laws Iumover Tax 01 ax Laws Vat Collection 4% 02 Excise Laws Excise Duty From Amount 82.60 Fax Laws Goods and Service tax 21.46 Tax Laws Goods and Service tax 21.46 Tax Laws Source Total Tax Laws Total 181.32	2.5%U.P. Trade Tax Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable Payable Payable Tincome Tax Deducted At Tax Source Source	2.5%U.P. Trade Tax 3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax Vat Collection 4% Excise Duty From Amount Payable e Tax Laws Goods and Service tax Income Tax Deducted At 72.	2.5%U.P. Trade Tax 3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax 6% U.P. Trade Tax Turnover Tax	2.5%U.P.Trade Tax 3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax 8% U.P.Trade Tax	2.5%U.P. Trade Tax 3% Central Sales Tax Sales Tax	2.5%U.P. Trade Tax 3% Central Sales Tax	notes in the an financial statements management respons the qualification in directors' report	Qualification i.e. since			

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Draw attention to relevant notes in the annual financial statements and management response to the qualification in the directors' report	management is confident that the settlement of dues may take place in the near future in favor of Company	. (6)									The second secon	A PARTE OF THE PAR
Frequency of Qualification i.e. since											The second secon	
	Forum where dispute is pending	Commissioner	(Appeal)		High Court	Addl. Commissioner	Asst. Commissioner	Appellate Tribunal	Additional	Civil Judge	High Court	
	Period to which amount relates	2004-05	2005-06	. 2006-07	1991-92	2007-08	1982-83	2002-03	1997-98 & 1998-	66	1983-84	1994-97
Qualification	Amount (In Lacs	94.22	1428.88	1010.75	1.41	12.43	74.66	19.39	7.11		115.75	44.93
Audif Q	Nature of Dues	Sales Tax			Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Custom Duty	Custom Duty	Water Tax		Excise Duty	Excise Duty
	Name of the Statute	Sales Tax Laws			Sales Tax Laws	Sales Tax Laws	Customs Law		The Uttar Pradesh	Water Supply and Sewerage (Amendment) Act, 1999	Central Excise Law	
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Amount of central excise duty of Re 44 03 lakhs	the direction of the condest of the	2006-07 to 2008-09 2008-09 2008-09 2009-10 2009-10 The Company has e materiality of pring Policies, Change ncial year is being and Nagar CGO, Cores, Cores, Change ncial year is being the stated 31	6.56 6.56 107-71 109.84 109.84 95.08 95.08 Warch 2019 o correct th o correct th x, Kamla Net ComM/CX/GZ	Penalty Non – Deduction of Trade payables Trade payables Trade payables rended as on 31 st	ing the quarter ended 30 hs to Statement of Profit Paining to the financial year uparative figures for prior ospectively as required a mates and Errors! Due to 57- Lakhs Commissioner Central Exercises of prior ospectively as required a mates and Errors! Due to 57- Lakhs
Amount of central excise duty of Re 44 03 lakhs	一	khs	Rs. 44.93 la.	ntral excise duty of Rs.	a. Amount of central excise
1	Central Excise & Service				ered for payment of
Central Excise &	order of commissioner	B/2017-18 dated 31			ziabad vide its memorand
morandum order No 31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had order Central Central Communication of the Communica	Company has	ıru Nagar CGO, Coı		cise & Service Tax	Commissioner Central Ex
ntral Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 the appeal against order of commiss order of commiss order of commiss Central Excise & Se					5/- Lakhs
ntral Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 morandum order No 31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had Central Excise & Se		g Folicies, Citarige ncial year is being	Accounting of current fina	the same, Loss o	nates and Errors'. Due to
of current financial year is being overstated by Rs The Company has the appeal against order of commiss order of commiss COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had		e materiality of pri g Policies, Change		r periods items to as per IND AS 8	nparative figures for prior ospectively as required a
urred as per IND AS 8. 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Due to the same, Loss of current financial year is being overstated by Rs The Company has the appeal against order No 31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had Central Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Central Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Central Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 The Company has the appeal against order No 31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had		The Company has	March 2019.	r ended as on 31 st	aining to the financial year
March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the correct the materiality of prior period errors. 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting f current financial year is being overstated by Rs 'Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Central Excise & Se		nas transferred amo ninistration & consu	Company Presents adr	or Loss, which re	ing the quarter ended 30 hs to Statement of Profit
Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/- Dresents administration & consultancy expenses March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the Drocounting Policies, Changes in Accounting of current financial year is being overstated by Rs Carrent Magar CGO, Complex 2 The Company has the appeal against order of commiss Central Excise & Se			ame of the state o	payables	
ded 30th June 2019, the Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/- Profit or Loss, which represents administration & consultancy expenses ial year ended as on 31st March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the or prior periods items to correct the materiality of prior period errors uired as per IND AS 8. 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Due to the same, Loss of current financial year is being overstated by Rs Intel Excise & Service Tax, Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 the appeal against order of commiss Central Excise & Service Service Tax, Ramla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 The Company has the appeal against order of commiss Central Excise & Service No 31/COMM/CX/GZB/2017-18 dated 31.01.2018 had		2009-10	18.13	Trade	Civil Suit
18.13 2009-10 District Court, Saket, Delhi Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/- Dresents administration & consultancy expenses March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the Correct the materiality of prior period errors 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting f current financial year is being overstated by Rs Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 The Company has the appeal against order of commiss Central Excise & Se			***************************************	payables	
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95.08 2008-09 Delhi High Court 18.13 2009-10 District Court. Saket, Delhi Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85- Dresents administration & consultancy expenses March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the Correct the materiality of prior period errors Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting f current financial year is being overstated by Rs Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 The Company has The appeal against Contral Excise & Se	6.000.Goodinan		9000 90 M	Management of the Control of the Con	
95.08 2008-09 Delhi High Court 18.13 2009-10 District Court, Saket, Delhi Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/- Dresents administration & consultancy expenses March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the Correct the materiality of prior period errors Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting f current financial year is being overstated by Rs Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 The Company has The appeal against Contral Excise & Se Central Excise & Se					
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109.84 Commissioner (A) 95.08 2008-09 Delhi High Count 18.13 Commany has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/ Oresents administration & consultancy expenses March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the correct the materiality of prior period errors 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting f current financial year is being overstated by Rs Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Commiss Central Excise & Se		60		Deduction of	
109.84 95.08 109.84 Commissioner (A) Commissioner (B) 18.13 Commissioner Court 18.13 Count Saket, Delhi Saket,		2006-07 to 2008-	107-71	Non	Income tax Act 1961
109.84 109.84 Commissioner (A) 95.08 2008-09 Delhi High Court 18.13 Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/- ocorrect the materiality of prior period errors Accounting Policies. Changes in Accounting overstated by Rs (Current financial year is being overstated by Rs (Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/- ocorrect the materiality of prior period errors (Accounting Policies. Changes in Accounting overstated by Rs (Current financial year is being overstated by Rs (Current financial year is being overstated by Rs (Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/- (Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8.85/-		The second secon	6.56	Penalty	
6.56 109.84 109.84 109.84 95.08 2008-09 Delhi High Court 18.13 Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8 85- oresents administration & consultancy expenses March 2019. The Company has not re-stated the o correct the materiality of prior period errors Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting f current financial year is being overstated by Rs Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 The Company has transferred amount of Rs. 8 85- Saket, Delhi			6.56	Interest	
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6.56 6.56 107-71 2006-07 to 2008- High Court 109.84 Commissioner 109.84 Commissioner 109.84 Court 18.13 2009-10 District Court, Saket, Delhi 18.14 2009-10 District Court, Saket, Delhi 18.15 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Fourtation & consultancy expenses in Accounting Fourtation & Complex 2 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Fourtation & Complex 2 Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Contract the materiality of prior period errors in Accounting Fourtation & Company has fitte appeal against order of commission Central Excise & Sen	management response to				
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6.56 6.56 107-71 2006-07 to 2008- High Court 109.84 Commissioner 18.13 2009-10 District Court, Saket, Delhi Company has transferred amount of Rs. 885- reconding Policies, Changes in Accounting fourer financial year is being overstated by Rs Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Control in a control i	Qualification notes in the annual				
			2006-07 to 2008-09 2008-09 2009-10 2009-10 The Company has e materiality of program of p	6.56 6.56 107-71 2006-07 to 2008- 109.84 95.08 2008-09 2009-10 18.13 2009-10 2009-10 2009-10 Yeconsular administration & consumpany has transferred amoresents amore & consumpany has transferred amore & consump	Penalty 6.56 Penalty 6.56 Non- 107-71 2006-07 to 2008- Deduction of 109.84 Trade 95.08 2008-09 Payables 18.13 2009-10 Payables 78.13 2009-10 Payables 78.18.13 2009-10 Payables 6.50 78.18.13 2009-10 Payables 78.18.13 Pakhs

zi ś		Frequency of Qualification i.e. since	Draw attention to relevant notes in the annual financial statements and management response to the qualification in the directors' report
	c. Amount of penalty of Rs. 6.56 lakhs for the period from 1994 to 1997. The company has not made provision of the said amount & further interest thereon in its books till 31st March, 2020 due to which profit is understated by Rs. 58.05 lakhs plus interest. Further the company has filed appeal against the order of Commissioner Central Excise & Service Tax Kamla Nehru Nagar CGO, Complex 2 Ghaziabad before custom excise & service tax appellate tribunal, Allahabad.		hearing before tribunal.
11	The company has 15% redeemable cumulative preference shares of Rs 100 each. Preference share due for redemption since 31st March 1996.		

(SUNIL KUMAR JHA) STATUTORY AUDITORS

MANAGING DIRECTOR

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN



Place: New Delhi Dated: 28th June, 2021