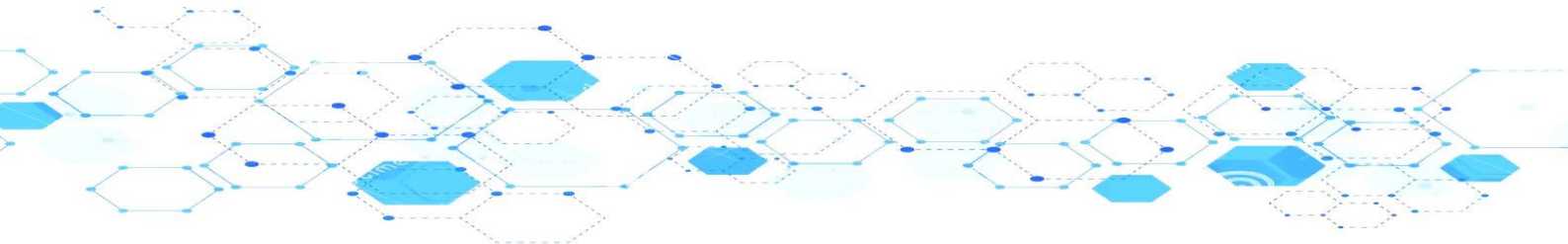




CONCORD DRUGS LIMITED
Annual Report 2023-2024



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Our Vision

To be at the forefront of the pharmaceutical industry

Our Company

Our management is dedicated to achieving excellence through total quality management. We stand among a select few pharmaceutical companies in India with a cutting-edge WHO-GMP certified facility, which enables us to produce superior quality products. Our focus is on developing innovative drug delivery systems, including MUPS (Multiple Unit Pellet System), Sustained Release, and Modified Release pellets, using the latest processing technologies.

We operate a state-of-the-art cGMP contract manufacturing Formulation-Fill-Finish facility, offering a full spectrum of pharmaceutical development and manufacturing services for drug products.

Our Strengths

A strong emphasis on Research & Development (R&D) to create new products, enhance quality, and maintain affordability.

Expertise in developing advanced technologies for Enteric Coating (EC), Sustained Release (SR), Delayed Release (DR), and Immediate Release (IR) formulations.

Our core strength lies in providing comprehensive, end-to-end solutions to our customers and partners through our Ready-to-Fill Pellets and Finished Pharmaceutical Formulations.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. Mr. S. Nagi Reddy
2. Mr. S. Koni Reddy
3. Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy
4. Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh
5. Mr. K. Ramachandra Reddy
6. Ms. Sumeela Kasu

CORPORATE INFORMATION

- Chairman & Managing Director
- Whole time Director & CFO
- Whole time Director
- Independent Director
- Independent Director
- Independent Director

DIN

- (01764665)
- (02829319)
- (06991382)
- (09066790)
- (02285257)
- (09571540)

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Survey No. 249, Brahmanapally Village, Hayatnagar Mandal,
R.R Dist-501511 Telangana, India
Mobile no.: 9052779505

CORPORATE IDENTITY NUMBER

L24230TG1995PLC020093

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

M/s. Pundarikashyam and Associates
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Registration No. 011330S
D. No. 3-6-666, 3rd Floor, Barwale Chambers, Street No. 11, Himayat Nagar,
Hyderabad – 500029 Telangana

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Namratha Nagla
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS:

M/s. PSK & Associates
Practicing Company Secretaries,
1-3-183/40/46/14A, Sai Nagar Colony,
Gandhi Nagar, Hyderabad-500 080.

INTERNAL AUDITOR:

M/s. Nazeerudeen & Co., Chartered Accountants
Office 310, 3-6-365, Liberty Plaza, Himayathnagar,
Hyderabad – 500020

FACTORY LOCATIONS:

Survey No. 249, Brahmanapally (V),
Hayat Nagar (M), R.R (D): 501511

BANKERS:

M/s. State Bank of India,
Kothapet, Hyderabad

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

- Ms. Sumeela Kasu - Chairperson
- Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh - Member
- Mr. K. Ramachandra Reddy - Member

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

Ms. Sumeela Kasu	-	Chairperson
Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh	-	Member
Mr. K. Ramachandra Reddy	-	Member

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

Ms. Sumeela Kasu	-	Chairperson
Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh	-	Member
Mr. K. Ramachandra Reddy	-	Member

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

Ms. Sumeela Kasu
Mr. K. Ramachandra Reddy
Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS:

Aarhi Consultants Private Limited,
1-2-285, Domalguda, Hyderabad-500029 Ph.Nos.040-27638111/27634445
Email: info@aarhiconsultants.com

LISTED AT : BSE Limited
ISIN : INE858L01010
WEBSITE : www.concorddrugs.in
INVESTOR E-MAIL ID: concorddrugsltd@gmail.com

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 29th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of “Concord Drugs Limited” will be held on Monday, 30th day of September, 2024 at 09:45 a.m. through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements including Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit & Loss and Cash Flow Statement (including consolidated financial statements) for the year ended on that date together with the Notes attached thereto, along with the Reports of Auditors and Directors thereon.
2. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Koni Reddy (DIN: 02829319) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

3. Increase the authorized share capital of the Company and consequential amendment in Memorandum of Association of the Company.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 61 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any amendment thereto or re-enactment thereof) and the Rules framed thereunder, consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to increase the Authorized Share Capital of the Company from existing Rs.11,00,00,000/- (Rupees eleven Crores only) divided into 1,10,00,000 (One Crore and ten Lakhs only) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each to Rs. 12,50,00,000 (Rupees Twelve Crores Fifty lakhs only) divided into 1,25,00,000 (One crore Twenty-five lakhs only) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each ranking pari-passu in all respect with the existing Equity Shares of the Company as per the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.”

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to Section 13 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded, to substitute the existing Clause V with the following:

“V. The Authorized Capital of the Company is Rs. 12,50,00,000 (Rupees Twelve Crores Fifty lakhs only) divided into 1,25,00,000 (One crore Twenty-five lakhs only) equity shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten only). The Company shall have power from time to time to increase, reduce or alter its share capital and issue any shares in original or new capital as equity or preference shares.”

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to take all such steps as may be required in this connection including seeking all necessary approvals to give effect to this Resolution and to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.”

4. TO APPROVE THE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS TO BE ENTERED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-25:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the approval of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Company to enter into material related party transactions as detailed below and authorize the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into arrangements/ transactions with the following entities and finalize all such terms and conditions, as it may deem fit, within the limits mentioned below:

S. No	Name of Related Party	Name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any	Nature of Relationship	Maximum Transaction Value (Amt in Crores.)	Nature of Transaction
1	Proton Remedies Private Limited	S. Koni Reddy S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	Promoter Director	15	Sale of formulations (Finished products) Purchase of raw material and packing material
2	Cortex Laboratories Private Limited	S Manoj Kumar Reddy	Director	10	Sales and Purchase of raw material API Excipients
3	Seelam Laboratories Private Limited	S Manoj Kumar Reddy	Director	15	Sales and Purchase of Pharmaceutical products
4	Continental Pellets Pharma Private Limited	S Manoj Kumar Reddy	Director	10	Sales and Purchase of raw material, packing material and

					excipients and Manufacture of pellets for them on job work basis
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"**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

5. RATIFICATION OF PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION OF M/S. KJU & ASSOCIATES, COST AUDITORS OF THE COMPANY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-2025:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148(3) and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification (s) or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), and on recommendations of the Audit Committee and as approved by the Board of Directors, consent of the Members be and is here by accorded for payment of remuneration to M/s KJU & Associates, (Registration No.000474) Cost Accountants to conduct the audit of the Cost Records of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2025 at a remuneration of Rs. 1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Only) plus out of pocket expenses and applicable taxes."

For and on behalf of the Board for Concord Drugs Limited

Date: 06.09.2024
 Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
 S. Nagi Reddy
 Chairman & Managing Director
 (DIN: 01764665)

NOTES:

1. Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the 29th Annual General Meeting as set out in the Notice is annexed hereto.
2. In pursuance of Regulation 36 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings, details in respect of the Directors seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the AGM, form part of this Notice.
3. In view of the continuing COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has vide its General Circular nos. 14/2020 and 17/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 respectively, in relation to “Clarification on passing of ordinary and special resolutions by companies under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under on account of the threat posed by Covid -19”, General Circular no. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, General Circular nos. 02/2021 and 21/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and December 14, 2021 Circular No. 03/2022 dated 05.05.2022, Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 and Circular No.10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 and circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 5, 2023 issued by SEBI (hereinafter collectively referred to as “the Circulars”), in relation to “Clarification on holding of annual general meeting (AGM) through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM)”, (collectively referred to as “MCA Circulars”) permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) through VC/OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM.
4. The Deemed Venue of the 29th AGM of the Company shall be its Registered Office.
5. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting’s agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
7. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to all members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

8. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
9. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and other applicable Regulations, a member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on their behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. However since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA/SEBI Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will also not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to the Notice.
10. Corporate/institutional Members (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/ JPG format) of the relevant Board Resolution/Authority Letter / Power of Attorney etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who is /are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer through e-mail at concorddrugsltd@gmail.com.
11. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM along with the Annual report has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.concorddrugs.in. The Notice calling the AGM along with the Annual report can also be accessed from the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM Notice along with annual report is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
12. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 24.09.2024 to 30.09.2024 (Both days inclusive) for the purpose of 29th Annual General Meeting.
13. Recent circular requires submission of Aadhar/PAN number by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in demat form are, therefore, requested to submit Aadhar card/PAN details to the Depository Participants with whom they have demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their Aadhar card/PAN details to the Company/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agents (Aarthi Consultants Private Limited).
14. Members holding shares in the same name under different ledger folios are requested to apply for Consolidation of such folios and send the relevant share certificates to Aarthi Consultants Private Limited., Share Transfer Agents of the Company for their doing the needful.
15. Members are requested to send their queries at least 5 days before the date of meeting so that information can be made available at the meeting.
16. In respect of shares held in physical mode, all shareholders are requested to intimate changes, if any, in their registered address immediately to the registrar and share transfer agent of the Company and correspond with them directly regarding share transfer/transmission /transposition, Demat/Remat, change of address, issue of duplicate shares certificates, ECS and nomination facility.
17. In terms of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, a member of the Company may nominate a person on whom the shares held by him/her shall vest in the event of his/her death. Members desirous of availing this facility may submit nomination in prescribed Form-SH-13 to the Company/RTA in case shares are held in physical form, and to their respective depository participant, if held in electronic form.
18. Members holding shares in the electronic form are requested to inform any changes in

address/bank mandate directly to their respective Depository Participants.

19. The company has appointed M/s. PSK & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, as scrutinizer of the company to scrutinize the voting process.
20. Since securities of the Company are traded compulsorily in dematerialized form as per SEBI mandate, members holding shares in physical form are requested to get their shares dematerialized at the earliest.
21. In compliance with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated January 15, 2021 as aforesaid, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2023-2024 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories.
22. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
23. The Members can join the e-AGM 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice.
24. The Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Register of Contracts or arrangements in which the Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection at the AGM.
- 25. THE INTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:**
 - I. The voting period begins on 27.09.2024 at 10.00 A.M. and ends on 29.09.2024 at 05.00 P.M. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 23.09.2024 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
 - II. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
 - III. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level. Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

 In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.
 - IV. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.
 - V. Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

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Type of shareholders	Login Method
<p>Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL</p>	<p>Users who have opted for CDSL Easy / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easy / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi. After successful login the Easy / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there are also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. If the user is not registered for Easy/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration /EasiRegistration Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.</p>
<p>Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL</p>	<p>If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsd.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.</p> <p>If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsd.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS" "Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsd.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsd.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will</p>

	have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL fore-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e- Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your voteduring the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & votingduring the meeting.

Important note:

Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

- I. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than individual shareholders holding in Demat form & physical shareholders.
- II. The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com. Click on "Shareholders" module.
- III. Now enter your User ID
For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
- IV. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- V. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- VI. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form and other than individual
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	and Physical Form
PAN	Enter your 10-digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- VII. After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- VIII. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- IX. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- X. Click on the EVSN for the relevant <CONCORD DRUGS LIMITED> on which you choose to vote.
- XI. On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- XII. Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details. After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote. Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- XIII. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- XIV. Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL’s mobile app “m-Voting”. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.
- XV. Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –Remote Voting
Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
- XVI. A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- XVII. After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- XVIII. The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com

and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.

- XIX. A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favor of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address concorddrugsltd@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 5 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 5 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (concorddrugsltd@gmail.com). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.

2. For Demat shareholders -, please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
3. For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.
4. If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.
5. All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

26. OTHER INSTRUCTIONS:

- i. The voting rights of shareholders shall be in proportions to the shares held by them in the paid equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e. 23.09.2024.
- ii. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of the Voting at the Annual General Meeting first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two (2) witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make not later than three days of conclusion of the meeting a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or person authorized by him.
- iii. Voting is provided to the members through e-voting and at the Annual General Meeting of the Company. A Member can opt for only one mode of voting i.e. either through e-voting or at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.
- iv. If a Member cast votes by both modes, then voting done through e-voting shall prevail.
- v. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.concorddrugs.in and on the website of CDSL and will be communicated to the BSE Limited. SEBI has notified vide Notification No. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/24 that securities of the listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form. In view of the above and to avail various benefits of dematerialization, members are advised to dematerialize shares held by them in physical form.

For and on behalf of the Board for Concord Drugs Limited

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

Annexure A

As required under regulation 36 (3) of the SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015, brief particulars of the Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment are given as under:

Name of the Director	Mr. Koni Reddy Selam
Designation	Whole time Director and CFO
DIN	02829319
Date of Birth	21-06-1989
Age	35 years
Date of First Appointment	10/06/2011
Brief resume, Qualification & Experience	He is a Competent in Operations Management, Client relation Management, Process Management, Excellent interpersonal, skills with problem solving.
Expertise in Specific functional area	Post Graduate, Rich Knowledge in Pharma business and Overall Management of the Company.
Inter se relationship among Directors	Mr. S. Koni Reddy is son of Mr. S. Nagi Reddy, Chairman and Brother of Mr. Manoj Kumar Reddy, Whole-time Director of the Company.
Names of the Listed entities in which the person is holding Directorships and the membership of Committees of the board along with listed entities from the director/appointee has resigned in the past three years	NIL
Number of shares held by them	10,00,000 Equity Shares
Skills and capabilities required for the role and the manner in which the Director meet the requirements (Independent Directors)	NA

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND REGULATIONS OF SEBI (LODR), REGULATIONS, 2015:**Item No. 3**

The present Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 11,00,00,000/- (Rupees eleven Crores only) divided into 1,10,00,000 (One Crore and ten Lakhs only) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each.

Considering the increased fund requirements of the Company, the Board at its Meeting held on 06th September, 2024, had accorded its approval for increasing the Authorised Share Capital from Rs. 11,00,00,000/- (Rupees eleven Crores only) to Rs. 12,50,00,000 (Rupees Twelve Crores Fifty lakhs only) divided into 1,25,00,000 (One crore Twenty-five lakhs only) equity shares of Rs.10/- each, subject to shareholders approval.

Consequently, Clause V of the Memorandum of Association would also require alteration so as to reflect the changed Authorised Share Capital. The existing clause V of the Memorandum of Association shall be substituted with the following:

“V. The Authorised Capital of the Company is Rs. 12,50,00,000 (Rupees Twelve Crores Fifty lakhs only) divided into 1,25,00,000 (One crore Twenty-five lakhs only) equity shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only). The Company shall have power from time to time to increase, reduce or alter its share capital and issue any shares in original or new capital as equity or preference shares.”

A copy of the Memorandum of Association of the Company duly amended will be available for inspection during business hours.

None of the Directors of the Company or their relatives is in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the said resolution.

The consent of the members is, therefore, being sought for passing the aforesaid resolution of the notice as an Ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 4:**TO APPROVE THE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS TO BE ENTERED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-25:**

Your company may enter into transactions with the entities, as mentioned in the resolution, which are falling under the definition of “related party” as defined under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 2(1) (zb) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”). Pursuant to provisions of Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, the Related Party Transactions as mentioned in clause (a) to (g) of the said Section requires a Company to obtain prior approval of the Board of Directors and the Shareholders of the Company by way of an Ordinary Resolution in case the value of the Related Party Transactions exceeds the stipulated thresholds prescribed in Rule 15(3) of the said Rules. Further, as required under Regulation 23 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosures Requirements), 2015 Regulations, all material related party transactions shall require prior approval of the shareholders through an Ordinary Resolution. The Company, in ordinary course of its business, regularly does the transactions with the related parties including those mentioned in the Notice on an arm’s length basis. On the basis of the same, the Company hereby proposes to seek shareholders’ approval for the said transactions by way of

an Ordinary Resolution under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 23 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosures Requirements), 2015 Regulations, to enable the Company to enter into Related Party Transactions in one or more tranches. The particulars of the Related Party Transactions, which are required to be stated in the Explanatory Statement, as per Rule 15(3) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are mentioned in the said resolution item no.4 of the Notice.

All entities falling under definition of related party shall abstain from voting irrespective of whether the entity is party to the particular transaction or not.

The Board of Directors recommends the ordinary resolution set forth at item no. 4 of this Notice for your approval. Except Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy, Mr. S. Nagi Reddy and Mr. S. Koni Reddy, None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel or any relative of any of the Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel of the Company are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

Item No 5:

RATIFICATION OF PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION TO THE COST AUDITOR FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-2025:

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 06.09.2024, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has approved the appointment of M/s. KJU & Associates (Registration No.000474), Cost Accountants as Cost Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2025 to conduct the audit of cost records and fixed their remuneration at Rs. 1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh only) plus out of pocket expenses and applicable taxes etc.

As per the provisions of Section 148 of the Act read with the Companies Act, 2013 and as per the Rule 14 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors has to be subsequently approved by the shareholders of the Company.

Accordingly, the Board of Directors recommends the passing of the above Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution set out in the Item No. 5 of the notice for ratification of payment of remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2025.

None of the Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives of the Company is, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution.

Disclosure as per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated November 22, 2021

Sl.No	Particulars	Details
1.	A summary of the information provided by the management of the listed entity to the audit committee;	The audit committee has been provided all the information as prescribed in SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated November 22, 2021
2.	Justification for why the proposed transaction is in the interest of the listed entity	The Company is able to utilize the production facility optimally and also generate revenue resulting in more profitability
3.	Where the transaction relates to any loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary	NA
4.	A statement that the valuation or other external report, if any, relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the proposed transaction will be made available through the registered email address of the shareholders	NA
5.	Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT, on a voluntary basis	Around 15% of the turnover for each transaction for each related party
6.	Any other information that may be relevant	NA

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

Your directors have pleasure in presenting the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024.

1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY/HIGHLIGHTS:

The performance of the Company during the year has been as under:

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23
Revenue from Operations	4,326.07	5131.43	4,492.45	5208.6
Other Income (Including Exceptional Items)	0.93	0.89	0.93	0.89
Total Expenses	4,271.16	5019.76	4,430.48	5084.05
Profit Before Tax	55.84	112.56	62.90	124.89
Less: Provision for Taxation	13.90	23.34	15.66	26.34
Profit After Tax	41.94	89.22	47.24	98.55
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	41.94	89.22	47.24	98.55
Earning per Equity Share-				
Basic	0.42	0.96	0.47	1.06
Diluted (in Rs.)	0.42	0.96	0.47	1.06

2. REVIEW OF OPERATIONS:

The total revenue of the Company for the financial year on standalone basis under review was Rs.4327/- lakhs as against total revenue of Rs. 5,132.32/- lakhs for the previous financial year. The company recorded a net profit of Rs. 41.94/- Lakhs for the financial year 2023-24 as against the net profit of Rs. 47.24/- lakhs for the previous year.

The total revenue of the Company for the financial year on consolidated basis under review was Rs. 4,493.38/- lakhs as against total revenue of Rs. 5,209.49/- lakhs for the previous financial year. The company recorded a net profit of Rs. 47.24/- Lakhs for the financial year 2023-24 as against the net profit of Rs. 98.55/- lakhs for the previous year.

3. DIVIDEND:

Your directors have decided not to recommend any dividend for the year 2023-24.

4. BUSINESS UPDATE AND STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS:

The information on Company's affairs and related aspects is provided under Management Discussion and Analysis report, which has been prepared, inter-alia, in compliance with Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and forms part of this Report.

5. RESERVES:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 134 (3) (j) of the Companies Act, 2013, the company has not

proposed to transfer any amount to general reserves account of the company during the year under review. The Closing balance of reserves, including retained earnings, of the Company as at March 31st 2024 is Rs. 2381.78 Lakhs.

6. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF THE BUSINESS, IF ANY:

During the period under review and the date of Board's Report there was no change in the nature of Business.

7. MATERIAL CHANGES & COMMITMENT AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:

There are no major material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company after the end of the financial year and up to date of this report (i.e. 06.09.2024).

8. REVISION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

There was no revision of the financial statements for the year under review.

9. SHARE CAPITAL:

The authorized share capital of the Company stands at Rs.11,00,00,000/- divided into 1,10,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.

The paid-up share capital of the Company stands at Rs. 10,00,00,000 divided into 1,00,00,000/- equity shares of Rs. 10/- each. (Previous year 93,15,470 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid)

Further, company in its Board meeting held on 12.10.2023 has allotted 1,71,132 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Mr. S. Nagi Reddy and Mr. Manoj Reddy, Promoters of the Company on conversion of 1,71,132 warrants into 1,71,132 Equity Shares at an issue price of Rs. 33/- per equity share.)

10. UNPAID / UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND:

There is no unpaid or unclaimed dividend with the company till date.

11. INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF):

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Act, Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules") read with the relevant circulars and amendments thereto, the amount of dividend remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the due date is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF"), constituted by the Central Government.

During the Year, no amount of dividend/ was unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years and therefore no amount/shares is required to be transferred to Investor Education and Provident Fund under the Section 125 (1) and Section 125 (2) of the Act.

12. APPOINTMENT / RE-APPOINTMENT / RESIGNATION / RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS /CEO/ CFO AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Appointments

Sl.No	Name of the Director/KMP/Officer	Designation	Date
1	Namratha Nagla	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	19.03.2024

Resignations:

Sl.No	Name of the Director/KMP/Officer	Designation	Date
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1.	Ankur Bisht	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	08.04.2023
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The Board places on record their appreciation for the invaluable contribution made by the above director and officer(s) during their tenure.

Despite the company's best efforts, it was unable to find a Whole-time employment to be appointed as Company Secretary for company from 09.04.2023 to 19.03.2024.

13. DECLARATION FROM INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS ON ANNUAL BASIS:

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company to the effect that they are meeting the criteria of independence as provided in Sub-Section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with the Company's Code of Conduct.

In terms of Regulations 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exists or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any external influence.

During the year, Independent Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees, commission and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee(s).

In the opinion of the Board, all the Independent Directors possess requisite qualifications, experience, expertise and hold high standards of integrity for the purpose of Rule 8(5)(iia) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

14. BOARD MEETINGS:

The Board of Directors duly met Nine (9) times during the financial year from 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. The dates on which the meetings were held are 28.04.2023, 30.05.2023, 14.08.2023, 07.09.2023, 12.10.2023, 27.10.2023, 14.11.2023, 13.02.2024, 19.03.2024.

15. MECHANISM FOR EVALUATION OF THE BOARD:

The Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, board committees, and individual directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

The performance of the board was evaluated by the board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of criteria such as the board composition and structure, effectiveness of board processes, information and functioning, etc.

The performance of the committees was evaluated by the board after seeking inputs from the committee members on the basis of criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings, etc.

The above criteria are based on the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India on January 5, 2017.

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of independent directors, the board as a whole and the Chairman of the Company was evaluated, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors.

The Board reviewed the performance of individual directors on the basis of criteria such as the contribution of the individual director to the board and committee meetings like preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings, etc.

In the board meeting that followed the meeting of the independent directors and meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the performance of the board, its committees, and individual directors was also discussed.

Performance evaluation of independent directors was done by the entire board, excluding the independent director being evaluated.

16. STATEMENT SHOWING THE NAMES OF THE TOP TEN EMPLOYEES IN TERMS OF REMUNERATION DRAWN AND THE NAME OF EVERY EMPLOYEE AS PER RULE 5(2) & (3) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT & REMUNERATION) RULES, 2014:

A table containing the particulars in accordance with the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Act, read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is appended as Annexure 1 to this Report.

A statement showing the names of the top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn and the name of every employee is annexed to this Annual report as Annexure 2.

During the year, NONE of the employees is drawing a remuneration of Rs.1,02,00,000/- and above per annum or Rs. 8,50,000/- and above in aggregate per month, the limits specified under the Section 197(12) of the Companies Act,2013 read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

17. RATIO OF REMUNERATION TO EACH DIRECTOR:

Under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 5(1) (2) & (3) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration) Rules, 2014 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 the ratio of remuneration of Mr. S. Nagi Reddy, Chairman and Managing Director, Mr. S. Koni Reddy, Whole time director and CFO and Mr. S. Manoj Reddy, Whole time director of the Company to the median remuneration of the employees is 13.49:1, 5.39:1, 5.39:1 respectively.

18. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and on the basis of explanation given by the executives of the Company and subject to disclosures in the Annual Accounts of the Company from time to time, we state as under:

- i. That in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii. That the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgment and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period;
- iii. That the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. That the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v. That the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- vi. That the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

19. INTERNAL AUDIT AND FINANCIAL CONTROLS:

The Company has adequate internal controls consistent with the nature of business and size of the operations, to effectively provide for safety of its assets, reliability of financial transactions with adequate checks and balances, adherence to applicable statutes, accounting policies, approval procedures and to ensure optimum use of available resources. These systems are reviewed and improved on a regular basis. It has a comprehensive budgetary control system to monitor revenue

and expenditure against approved budget on an ongoing basis.

During the period under review, there is no material or serious observations have been noticed for inefficiency or inadequacy of such controls.

Further, details of internal financial control and its adequacy are included in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report which is appended as Annexure 6 and forms part of this Report.

20. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS UNDER SUB SECTION (12) OF SECTION 143 OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH ARE REPORTABLE TO THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT:

There have been no frauds reported by the auditor's u/s 143(12).

21. CEO/ CFO CERTIFICATION:

The Managing Director and Whole-time director and CFO certification of the financial statements for the year 2023-2024 is annexed in this Annual Report.

22. INFORMATION ABOUT THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE / FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE SUBSIDIARIES / ASSOCIATES/ JOINT VENTURES:

The company has one subsidiary, Proton Remedies Private Limited.

As per the provisions of Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a separate statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of the associate company is prepared in Form AOC-1 and is attached as Annexure 3 and forms part of this report.

23. DETAILS OF DEPOSITS

Since the Company has not accepted any deposits during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024, there has been no non-compliance with the requirements of the Act.

Pursuant to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notification dated 22nd January 2019 amending the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014, the Company is required to file with the Registrar of Companies (ROC) requisite returns in Form DPT-3 for outstanding receipt of money/loan by the Company, which is not considered as deposits.

The Company complied with this requirement within the prescribed timelines.

24. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

The Company has not given any loan, guarantees or made any investments exceeding the limits under the provisions as prescribed in Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Our Company has formulated a policy on related party transactions which is also available on Company's website at www.concorddrugs.in. This policy deals with the review and approval of related party transactions.

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. There were no material significant related party transactions made by the Company with the Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or the Senior Management which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in the prescribed Form AOC-2 is appended as Annexure 4 which forms part of this Report.

All related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee/Board for approval. Prior approval of the Audit Committee was obtained for the transactions which are foreseen and are in

repetitive in nature. Members may refer to the financial statement which sets out related party disclosures pursuant to IND AS- 24.

26. DISCLOSURE OF PARTICULARS WITH RESPECT TO CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The particulars as prescribed under Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013, are provided hereunder:

A. Conservation of Energy:

Your Company's operations are not energy intensive. Adequate measures have been taken to conserve energy wherever possible by using energy efficient computers and purchase of energy efficient equipment.

B. Research & Development and Technology Absorption:

Research and Development (R&D): NIL

Technology absorption, adoption and innovation: NIL

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Out Go:

Foreign Exchange Earnings: NIL

Foreign Exchange Outgo: NIL

27. COMMITTEES:

i. AUDIT COMMITTEE

During the year, the Audit Committee is in line with the provisions of Regulation 18(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations read with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 are included in the Corporate Governance report, which forms part of this report.

ii. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

During the year, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in line with the provisions of Regulation 19(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations read with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 are included in the Corporate Governance report, which forms part of this report.

iii. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

During the year, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee is in line with the provisions of Regulation 20 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations read with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 are included in the Corporate Governance report, which forms part of this report.

28. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR, COMPOSITION OF CSR COMMITTEE AND CONTENTS OF CSR POLICY):

Since your Company does not have net worth of Rs. 500 Crores or more or turnover of Rs. 1000 Crores or more or a net profit of Rs. 5 Crores or more during the financial year, section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable and hence the Company need not adopt any Corporate Social Responsibility Policy.

29. VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

In pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(9) & (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 22 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, a vigil Mechanism for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns has been established. It also provides for necessary safeguards for protection against victimization for whistle blowing in good faith.

Vigil Mechanism Policy has been established by the Company for directors and employees to report genuine concerns pursuant to the provisions of section 177(9) & (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. The same has been placed on the website of the Company.

30. SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY COURTS / REGULATORS / TRIBUNALS:

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators /courts that would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

31. AUDITORS:**i. Statutory Auditors**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Act and the rules framed thereafter, M/s. Pundari Kashyam & Associates., Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad were appointed as statutory auditors of the Company from the conclusion of the 26th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company held on 30.09.2021 till the conclusion of the 31st AGM to be held in the year 2026.

The notes on accounts referred to in the auditors' report are self-explanatory and therefore don't call for any further comments by the Board of directors.

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Auditors' Report which require any clarification or explanation.

Statutory Auditors Report

The Board has duly reviewed the Statutory Auditor's Report on the Accounts for the year ended March 31, 2024 and has noted that the same does not have any reservation, qualification or adverse remarks. However, the Board decided to further strengthen the existing system and procedures to meet all kinds of challenges and growth in the coming years.

ii. Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3) (f) & Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has appointed M/s. PSK and, Practicing Company Secretaries has undertaken Secretarial Audit of the Company for financial year ending 31.03.2024. The report of the Secretarial Auditor is enclosed herewith vide Annexure 5 of this Report. Previously M/s. Vivek Surana & Associates were appointed as Secretarial Auditors. However, due to their prior commitments, they have proposed to withdraw from conducting secretarial audit for financial year 2023-2024. Therefore, company has appointed M/s. PSK & Associates has Secretarial Auditors for financial year 2023-2024, and filed requisite forms with regulators for their due appointment.

Secretarial Audit Report:

The Board has duly reviewed the Secretarial Audit Report for the year ended March 31, 2024 on the Compliances according to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013.

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Secretarial Auditors' Report which require any clarification or explanation.

Annual Secretarial Compliance Report:

SEBI vide its Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 08, 2019 read with Regulation 24(A) of the Listing Regulations, directed listed entities to conduct Annual Secretarial compliance audit from a Practicing Company Secretary of all applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder. Further, Secretarial Compliance Report dated 30.05.2024, was given by Practicing Company Secretary which was submitted to Stock Exchange within 60 days of the end of the financial year.

iii. Cost Auditor

The Company is in due compliance with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014. M/s. KJU & Associates, Cost Accountants are the Cost Auditors of the Company for the FY 2023-24.

iv. Internal Auditor

Pursuant to provisions of Section 138 read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

and Section 179 read with Rule 8(4) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014; M/s. Nazeerudeen & Co., Chartered Accountants were appointed as Internal Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24.

Deviations are reviewed periodically and due compliance ensured. Summary of Significant Audit Observations along with recommendations and its implementations are reviewed by the Audit Committee and concerns, if any, are reported to Board.

32. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Company is in compliance with the applicable secretarial standards.

33. DECLARATION BY THE COMPANY:

The Company has issued a certificate to its Directors, confirming that it has not made any default under Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, as on March 31, 2024.

34. ANNUAL RETURN:

As required pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, an annual return is disclosed on the website www.concorddrugs.in.

35. DISCLOSURE ABOUT COST AUDIT:

Maintenance of cost records and requirement of cost audit as prescribed under the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act, are not applicable for the business activities carried out by the Company.

36. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSIONS AND ANALYSIS REPORT:

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report, pursuant to the SEBI (LODR) Regulation provides an overview of the affairs of the Company, its legal status and autonomy, business environment, mission & objectives, sectoral and operational performance, strengths, opportunities, constraints, strategy and risks and concerns, as well as human resource and internal control systems is appended as Annexure 6 for information of the Members.

37. FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAM FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

Independent Directors are familiarized about the Company's operations and businesses. Interaction with the Business heads and key executives of the Company is also facilitated. Detailed presentations on important policies of the Company are also made to the directors. Direct meetings with the Chairman are further facilitated to familiarize the incumbent Director about the Company/its businesses and the group practices.

38. POLICY ON DIRECTOR'S APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

The assessment and appointment of Members to the Board is based on a combination of criterion that includes ethics, personal and professional stature, domain expertise, gender diversity and specific qualification required for the position. The potential Board Member is also assessed on the basis of independence criteria defined in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 27 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

In accordance with Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19(4) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board adopted a remuneration policy for Directors, Key Management Personnel (KMPs) and Senior Management. The Policy is attached a part of Corporate Governance Report.

We affirm that the remuneration paid to the Directors is as per the terms laid down in the Nomination

and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

39. INSURANCE:

The properties and assets of your Company are adequately insured.

40. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION:

The Company has implemented all of its major stipulations as applicable to the Company. As stipulated under Regulation 34 read with schedule V of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, a report on Corporate Governance duly audited is appended as Annexure 7 for information of the Members.

The Certificate(s) issued by M/s PSK & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, pertaining to compliance of 'Corporate Governance' conditions as applicable to the Company is annexed to Corporate Governance Report.

41. NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION AND DISCLOSURES:

None of the Independent / Non-Executive Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company which in the Judgment of the Board may affect the independence of the Directors.

No compensation was paid to the Independent and Non-Executive Directors.

42. COMPANY'S POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION INCLUDING CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING QUALIFICATIONS, POSITIVE ATTRIBUTES, INDEPENDENCE OF A DIRECTOR AND OTHER MATTERS PROVIDED UNDER SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 178:

The assessment and appointment of Members to the Board is based on a combination of criterion that includes ethics, personal and professional stature, domain expertise, gender diversity and specific qualification required for the position. The potential Board Member is also assessed on the basis of independence criteria defined in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 27 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. In accordance with Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19(4) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board adopted a remuneration policy for Directors, Key Management Personnel (KMPs) and Senior Management. The Policy is attached a part of Corporate Governance Report. We affirm that the remuneration paid to the Directors is as per the terms laid down in the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

43. CODE OF CONDUCT FOR THE PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING:

The Board of Directors has adopted the Insider Trading Policy in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulation, 2015 and the applicable Securities laws. The Insider Trading Policy of the Company lays down guidelines and procedures to be followed, and disclosures to be made while dealing with shares of the Company, as well as the consequences of violation. The policy has been formulated to regulate, monitor and ensure reporting of deals by employees and to maintain the highest ethical standards of dealing in Company securities. The Insider Trading Policy of the Company covering code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information and code of conduct for the prevention of insider trading, is available on our website.

44. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. No Complaints were pending at the beginning of the year or received during the year.

45. INDUSTRY BASED DISCLOSURES AS MANDATED BY THE RESPECTIVE LAWS GOVERNING THE COMPANY:

The Company is not a NBFC, Housing Companies etc., and hence Industry based disclosures is not required.

46. FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT CORPORATE ACTIONS:

During the year under review, no corporate actions were done by the Company which were failed to be implemented.

47. DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016:

During the year under review, there were no applications made or proceedings pending in the name of the Company under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

48. DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VALUATION AMOUNT ON ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND VALUATION WHILE AVAILING LOAN FROM BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS:

During the year under review, there has been no one time settlement of loans taken from banks and financial institutions.

49. POLICIES:

The SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 mandated the formulation of certain policies for all listed companies. All the policies are available on our website www.concorddrugs.in.

50. EVENT BASED DISCLOSURES:

During the year under review, the Company has not taken up any of the following activities except as mentioned:

Issue of sweat equity share: NA

Issue of shares with differential rights: NA

Issue of shares under employee's stock option scheme: NA

Disclosure on purchase by Company or giving of loans by it for purchase of its shares: NA

Buy back shares: NA

Disclosure about revision: NA

Preferential Allotment of Shares: During the previous year under review, there was an allotment of 12,56,250 convertible warrants at an issue price of Rs. 33/- per warrant on preferential basis to Mr. S. Nagi Reddy, Chairman & Managing Director & Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy, Whole-Time Director on 07.11.2022 pursuant to the members approval in the AGM held on 30.09.2022. Out of 12,56,250 warrants 5,71,720 warrants were converted into 5,71,720 equity shares on 27.03.2023 and 28.03.2023.

Further, during the year Company has allotted 1,71,132 Equity Shares each of Rs. 10/- each to Mr. S. Nagi Reddy and Mr. Manoj Kumar Reddy, Promoters of the Company on conversion of 1,71,132 warrants into 1,71,132 Equity Shares at an issue price of Rs. 33/- per equity share on 12.10.2023.

51. DISCLOSURE OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS:

The Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements as designed and implemented by the Company are adequate. The Company maintains appropriate system of internal control, including monitoring procedures, to ensure that all assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. Company policies, guidelines and procedures provide for adequate

checks and balances, and are meant to ensure that all transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly.

During the period under review, there is no material or serious observations have been noticed for inefficiency or inadequacy of such controls. Further, details of internal financial control and its adequacy are included in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report which is appended as Annexure 6 and forms part of this Report.

52. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The company does not have any subsidiary at the end of financial year under the review. However, it is having an associate company and in compliance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as the 'Listing Regulations') and Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and forms part of this Annual Report.

53. NAMES OF THE COMPANIES WHICH HAVE BECOME OR CEASED TO BE ITS SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES DURING THE YEAR:

During the year under review Proton Remedies Private Limited is its subsidiary as on 31.03.2024 and no Company has become or ceased to become its joint ventures or associate Company.

54. PUBLIC DEPOSITS:

Your Company has not accepted any deposits falling within the meaning of Sec.73, 74 & 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 8(v) of Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, during the financial year under review.

55. CREDIT & GUARANTEE FACILITIES:

The Company has not availed credit and guarantee facilities.

56. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

Business Risk Evaluation and Management is an ongoing process within the Organization. The Company has a robust risk management framework to identify, monitor and minimize risks and also to identify business opportunities. As a process, the risks associated with the business are identified and prioritized based on severity, likelihood and effectiveness of current detection. Such risks are reviewed by the senior management on a periodical basis. Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors of your Company assists the Board in

overseeing and approving the Company's enterprise-wide risk management framework; and overseeing that all the risks that the organization faces such as strategic, financial, credit, market, liquidity, security, property, IT, legal, regulatory, reputational, other risks have been identified and assessed, and there is an adequate risk management infrastructure in place capable of addressing those risks. The development and implementation of risk management policy has been covered in the Management Discussion and Analysis, which forms part of this Report.

57. ENVIRONMENTS AND HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT:

Your Company always believes in keeping the environment pollution free and is fully committed to its social responsibility. The Company has been taking upmost care in complying with all pollution control measures from time to time strictly as per the directions of the Government. We would like to place on record our appreciation for the efforts made by the management and the keen interest shown by the Employees of your Company in this regard.

58. ADJUDICATION ORDER AND SHOW CAUSE NOTICES:

SEBI vide its order dated August 11, 2023 has imposed a penalty on the Company, Directors and

other KMPs for alleged violation of SEBI Regulations. The copy of the said Order was also disseminated to BSE where the shares of the Company are listed. Further, Company has received various Notices from Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Regional Director (South East Region) seeking information and documents of the company, as directed in due compliance company has furnished information and documents as and when sought.

59. CORPORATE INSOLVENCY RESOLUTION PROCESS INITIATED UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (IBC):

No corporate insolvency resolution process was initiated against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, during the year under review.

60. STATUTORY COMPLIANCE:

The Company has complied with the required provisions relating to statutory compliance with regard to the affairs of the Company in all respects.

61. DEVIATIONS, IF ANY OBSERVED-ON FUNDS RAISED THROUGH PUBLIC ISSUE, PREFERENTIAL ISSUE ETC:

During the year under review, company has not raised any funds from public or through preferential allotment.

62. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Your directors wish to place on record their appreciation of the contribution made by the employees at all levels, to the continued growth and prosperity of your Company. Your directors also wish to place on record their appreciation of business constituents, banks and other financial institutions and shareholders of the Company for their continued support for the growth of the Company.

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

Sd/-
S. Koni Reddy
Whole time Director & CFO
(DIN: 02829319)

ANNEXURE – 1
REMUNERATION RATIO OF THE DIRECTORS / KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP) / EMPLOYEES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2022-23
A. Statement of Disclosure under Section 197 (12) read with Rule 5(1) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Particulars of Employees) Rules, 1975:

Ratio of remuneration of each Executive Director to the median remuneration of the Employees of the Company and percentage increase in remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and other Executive Directors during the Financial Year 2023-24:

The ratio of remuneration to each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year.

Director	Total Remuneration (in Rs.)	Ratio to median remuneration
Mr. S. Nagi Reddy	60,00,000	13.49
Mr. S. Koni Reddy	24,00,000	5.39
Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	24,00,000	5.39

The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year.

(Amt in Rs.)

Name	Designation	Remuneration (in Rs.)		Increase/ (Decrease) %
		FY 2023-2024	FY 2022-23	
Mr. S. Nagi Reddy	Chairman and Managing Director	60,00,000	60,00,000	-
Mr. S. Koni Reddy	Whole time Director and CFO	24,00,000	24,00,000	-
Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	Whole time Director	24,00,000	24,00,000	-
Ms. Namratha Nagla	Company Secretary	10,000	-	-
Mr. Ankur Bisht	Company Secretary	-	45,000	-

The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year

Particulars	Remuneration		Increase / (Decrease) %
	FY 2023-2024	FY 2022-23	
Median Remuneration of all the employees per annum*	444.52	444.52	-

*Employees who have served for whole of the respective financial years have been considered.

Particulars	Number
The number of employees on the rolls of the company as on March 31, 2024	185

Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and details if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration

Particulars	Increase/ (Decrease) %
Average percentage increase in the remuneration of all Employees*	-
(Other than Key Managerial Personnel)	
Average Percentage increase in the Remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel	-
*Employees who have served for whole of the respective financial years have been considered.	

Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

The Company is in compliance with its remuneration policy.

For Concord Drugs Limited

Date: 06.09.2024
 Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
 S. Nagi Reddy
 Chairman & Managing Director
 (DIN: 01764665)

Sd/-
 S. Koni Reddy
 Whole time Director & CFO
 (DIN: 02829319)

ANNEXURE – 2

B. Information as per Rule 5(2) of Chapter XIII of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014
Top 10 employees of the Company based on Remuneration drawn for FY 2023-24:

S No	Name of the Employee	Designation of the employee	Remuneration received	Nature of employment whether contractual or otherwise	Qualification & experience of the employee	Date of commencement of employment	The age of the employee	The last employment held by such employee before joining the Company	The percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the Company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub rule (2) of Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.	Whether any such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the Company and if so, name of such director or manager
1	S.Nagi Reddy	Chairman & Managing Director	6000000	Regular	Graduation	04/04/2003	61	Na	29.13	Mr. S. Nagi Reddy, Chairman and Managing Director is father of Mr. S. Koni Reddy and Mr. Manoj Kumar Reddy, Whole-time Directors of the Company.
2	S.Koni Reddy Reddy	Whole- Time Director & CFO	2400000	Regular	Graduation	30/09/2021	30	NA	10	Mr. S. Nagi Reddy, Chairman and Managing Director is father of Mr. S. Koni Reddy and Mr. Manoj Kumar Reddy, Whole-time Directors of the Company.
3	S.Manoj Kumar Reddy	Whole- Time Director	2400000	Regular	Graduation	13/08/2021	29	NA	16.28	Mr. S. Nagi Reddy, Chairman and Managing Director is father of Mr. S. Koni Reddy and Mr. Manoj Kumar Reddy, Whole-time Directors of the Company.
4	V. Phani Sekhar	Production Manager (Tablets Division)	12,00,000	Regular	B Pharmacy 22 Years	10/08/2000	56	Concord-Roorkee Division	-	No
5	M.Rameswar Reddy	Production Manager (Syrups Division)	9,60,000	Regular	B Pharmacy 5.5 Years	17/04/2017	56	Vilin Biomed Limited	-	No
6	B. Venugopal Reddy	General Manager	10,80,000	Regular	B Pharmacy 16 Years	01/04/2007	54	Darwin formulations	-	No
7	P. Ramakrishna	Purchase Manager	6,00,000	Regular	M.B.A 8 Years	01/09/2015	36	Vance & Healthcare	-	No
8	K. Krishna Prasad	Tablets (Chemist)	7,50,000	Regular	B Pharmacy 21 Years	15/06/1999	54	NIL	-	No
9	P. Ramachandrudu	QC Manager	7,50,000	Regular	MSC 17 Years	18/05/2005	55	NIL	-	No
10	G. Muthyam Rao	Chemist	5,10,000	Regular	B Pharmacy	05/04/2010	44	NIL	-	No

Annexure 3
Form AOC – 1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of Subsidiaries/Associate (Pursuant to proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

1. Name of the Subsidiary: Proton Remedies Private Limited
2. Reporting Period: 01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024
3. Reporting Currency: Indian Rupee

(Amount In lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Proton Remedies Private Limited
1.	Share Capital	25.00
2.	Reserves and surplus for the year ending	5.30
3.	Total Assets	323.29
4.	Total Liabilities	250.82
5.	Investments	-
6.	Turnover (Income)	166.00
7.	Profit / loss before Taxation	7.06
8.	Provision for Taxation	1.75
9.	Profit / loss after Taxation	5.30
10.	Proposed Dividend	-
11.	% of Shareholding	100

Names of Subsidiaries which are yet to commence operation: NA

Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: NA

Details of Associates companies are stated elsewhere in this report.

For Concord Drugs Limited

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

Sd/-
S. Koni Reddy
Whole time Director & CFO
(DIN: 02829319)

Annexure 4

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

This form pertains to the disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into between the Company with related parties referred to in Sub-Section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: Not Applicable
2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

Sl. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/arrangements /transactions:	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/ Transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any: Approved by Audit Committee and Board Meeting in last Financial Year:
1.	S.Nagi Reddy	Remuneration	3 years 13-08-2021 to 12-08-2024	As approved by the Board of Directors	13-08-2021
2.	S.Koni Reddy	Remuneration	3 years 08-09-2021 to 07-09-2024	As approved by the Board of Directors	08-09-2021
3.	S.Manoj Kumar Reddy	Remuneration	3 years 13-08-2021 to 12-08-2024	As approved by the Board of Directors	13-08-2021
4.	Continental Pellets Pharma Private Limited	Sales	NA	As per Contracts and agreements	NA
5.	Proton Remedies Private Limited	Sales & Purchases	NA	As per Contracts and agreements	NA
6.	Seelam Laboratories Private Limited	Sales & Purchases	NA	As per Contracts and agreements	NA
7.	Cortex Laboratories Pvt Ltd)	Sales & Purchases	NA	As per Contracts and agreements	NA
8.	Namratha Nagla	Remuneration	NA	As approved by the Board of Directors	19-03-2024

For Concord Drugs Limited

 Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

 Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

 Sd/-
S. Koni Reddy
Whole time Director & CFO
(DIN: 02829319)

Annexure 5

FORM MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

{Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and
Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014}
For The Financial Year Ended 31st March, 2024

To
The Members of
Concord Drugs Limited,
Hyderabad.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Concord Drugs Limited (hereinafter called the 'Company') for the financial year from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024 (the 'Audit Period').

We conducted the Secretarial Audit in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon. We are issuing this report based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended

on March 31, 2024, generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter;

1.1 We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024, according to the applicable provisions of:

The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;

ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under;

iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;

iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) and Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

1. Compliance status in respect of the provisions of the following Regulations and Guideline prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (SEBI Act) is furnished hereunder for the financial year 2023-24: -

i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; **Complied with yearly and event-based disclosures, wherever applicable.**

ii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and Amended Regulations 2018; **The Company has framed code of conduct for regulating & reporting trading by insiders and for fair disclosure and displayed the same on the Company's website i.e. (www.concorddrugs.in).**

iii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;

iv. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; **Not Applicable as the Company has not issued any Employee Stock Options during the year under review.**

v. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; **Not Applicable as the Company has not issued any debt securities during the year under review.**

vi. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; **Not Applicable as the company has not delisted/ proposed to delist its equity shares during the year under review.**

vii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; **Not Applicable as the Company has not bought back/ proposed to buy-back any of its securities during the year under review.**

viii. We have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers for systems and mechanisms formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations which are listed below and it was noted that the Company has complied with the said Laws to the extent applicable

- a) Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970;
- b) Shops and Establishment Act, 1948
- c) Employees' Compensation Act, 1923;
- d) Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
- e) Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948;
- f) Minimum Wages Act, 1948;
- g) Payment of Bonus Act, 1965;
- h) Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972;
- i) Payment of Wages Act, 1936;
- j) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961;
- k) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947l;
- l) Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013;
- m) The Child Labor (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986;
- n) The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976;
- o) The Code on Wages, 2019;
- p) The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020**;
- q) The Industrial Relations Code, 2020;
- r) The Code on Social Security, 2020;

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

(ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 were complied with to the extent applicable. During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:

a) During the year the Company has conducted 9 meetings of the Board of Directors, 5 meetings of

the Audit Committee, 1 Meetings of Stakeholder Relationship Committee, 2 meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and 1 meeting of Independent Directors.

b) As per the information and explanations provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we report that

(i) The provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of:

- External Commercial Borrowings were not attracted to the Company under the financial year under review;
- Overseas Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture/Wholly Owned Subsidiary abroad was not attracted to the company under the financial year under report.

(ii) As per the information and explanations provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we report that the Company has not made any GDRs/ADRs or any Commercial Instrument under the financial year under report.

We further report that:

i. Mr. Ankur Bisht has resigned as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f 08.04.2023 and Ms. Namratha Nagla was appointed as company secretary and compliance officer w.e.f 19.03.2024. Mr. Nagi Reddy, Managing Director of the company has acted as Compliance officer from 09.04.2023 till 18.03.2024. Company has not appointed Whole-time Company Secretary for FY 2023-2024.

ii. The Company has internal auditors namely M/s. Nazeerudeen & Co., Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad. The Company has cost auditors namely, M/s. KJU & Associates, Cost Accountants.

iii. The website of the company contains applicable policies as specified by SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 and the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

iv. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

v. Adequate notice of board meeting is given to all the directors along with agenda at least seven days in advance or on shorter notice, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and meaningful participation at the meeting.

vi. As per the minutes of the meeting duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

vii. We, further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

viii. The compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws like Direct and Indirect tax laws has not been reviewed thoroughly in this audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.

ix. We further report that during the year under report, the Company has not undertaken event/action having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. except the following

- Company in its Board meeting held on 12.10.2023 has allotted 1,71,132 Equity Shares each of Rs. 10/- each to Mr. S. Nagi Reddy and Mr. Manoj Reddy, Promoters of the Company on conversion of 1,71,132 warrants into 1,71,132 Equity Shares at an issue price of Rs. 33/- per equity share.

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

For PSK & Associates

Sd/-
P Srikant Kumar
Proprietor
CP: 12871
PR Num: 5668/2024
UDIN: A034521F001139152

Annexure to the Secretarial Audit Report

To
The Members of Concord Drugs Limited.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have relied on the reports given by the concerned professionals in verifying the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

For PSK & Associates

Sd/-
P Srikant Kumar
Proprietor
CP: 12871
PR Num: 5668/2024
UDIN: A034521F001139152

ANNEXURE 6 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

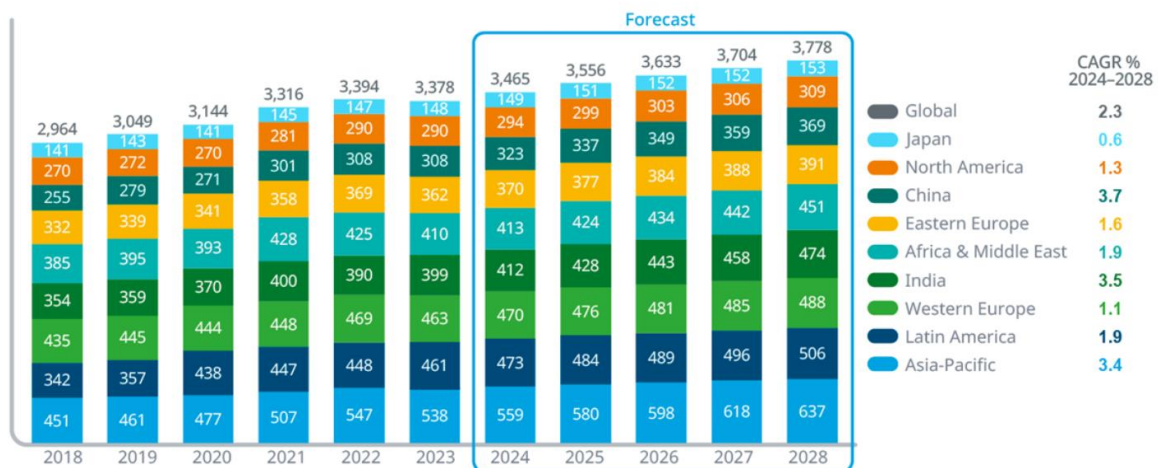
Global Overview

In the past year alone, the most substantial spike in inflation in the last forty years has impacted various economies. Coordinated tightening of monetary policy, the effects of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, and deteriorating financial conditions have notably heightened the risk of a recession. Additionally, disruptions in supply chains, a severe labor shortage in numerous countries, volatility in commodity markets, and sluggish investment growth in emerging markets and developing economies (EMDEs) continue to strain the global economy.

Economies worldwide have encountered numerous shifts, including a cost-of-living crisis, food and energy shortages in Europe, escalating inflation, geopolitical unrest, and a resurgence of COVID-19 in China. Despite the availability of vaccines, China experienced another lockdown in the last two quarters, impacting the supply of raw materials. Beyond the pharmaceutical industry, several other sectors, including electronics production, have been affected by rising input costs.

The IMF's latest economic forecast suggests that global growth will slow to 3.0% in CY23. However, considering the positive actions taken by various nations, global growth is projected to stabilize at 3.0% in CY24. High energy prices have driven up inflation, which is expected to gradually ease in CY23 and CY24. The IMF forecasts global inflation to decrease to 6.8% in CY23 from 8.7% in CY22. For CY24, the inflation rate is also anticipated to drop to 5.2% [Source: IMF World Economic Outlook, July 2023]. Central banks around the world are implementing liquidity-tightening measures to balance inflationary pressures with economic growth. They are closely monitoring liquidity and striving to enhance economic sentiment. Nonetheless, the future of the global economy remains heavily dependent on the trajectory of monetary policy, the resolution of the war in Ukraine, and the potential for additional supply-side disruptions related to the pandemic.

Historical and projected use of medicines by region, 2018–2028, Defined Daily Doses (DDD) in billions



Source: IQVIA Institute, Dec 2023.

Global Pharmaceutical Sector

In 2023, the global pharmaceutical sector experienced notable changes in medication utilization and expenditure growth across different regions, setting the stage for significant expansion in the coming years. Despite downward adjustments in spending on vaccinations and COVID-related therapies due

to reduced usage, the industry showed remarkable resilience and adaptability by embracing new treatments and boosting overall medication use. As the pandemic shifted to an endemic phase, forecasts for medicine spending through 2028 were revised upward, indicating accelerated growth rates with a projected compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 5-8%, reaching a total spending of US\$2.3 trillion.

The global volume of medicines remained stable in 2023 but is expected to grow steadily at an average rate of 2.3% through 2028. Markets in China, India, and other Asian regions are set to lead this growth, with Latin America also experiencing rapid expansion. In contrast, North America, Western Europe, and Japan are anticipated to show slower growth due to their already high per capita usage levels. Growth in Eastern Europe is expected to revert to pre-conflict patterns in 2024.

The global medicine market is projected to continue its growth trajectory over the next five years, driven by increased spending in regions such as the US, Europe, and key Emerging Markets. The introduction of new branded products, the rising use of original medications, and the adoption of innovative therapies will drive this growth. At the manufacturing level, net sales growth is expected to be moderated by various factors, including rebates and government-mandated discounts.

Biotechnology remains a key growth area for the next five years, along with specialty medicines targeting chronic and rare conditions. The use of medications in specific therapeutic areas has been increasing since 2018, with significant growth observed in immunology, endocrinology, and oncology. Oncology and immunology are likely to lead growth across therapy areas, driven by the introduction of new treatments and expanding patient populations. Utilization of immunology treatments has steadily increased, driven by broader adoption of existing therapies.

Furthermore, advancements in neurology, mental health treatments, and the rise of next-generation biotherapeutics are set to transform medication spending and usage patterns. The approval and swift adoption of GLP-1 agonist medications for diabetes and obesity have also influenced shifts in medicine use. Despite disruptions caused by the pandemic, the use of antibacterials has continued to evolve.

Indian Economic Overview

In FY 2023-24, India sustained its growth trajectory despite a sluggish global economy. The Indian economy achieved a remarkable GDP growth rate of 8.2%, surpassing many major global economies. This rate, exceeding the previous year's 7%, highlights the resilience of the Indian economy.

Effective monetary policies aimed at aligning inflation with target levels have been crucial in supporting continued medium-term growth. The ongoing focus on stability has enhanced consumer confidence and bolstered economic steadiness, driving demand across various sectors. The fiscal year also witnessed a significant increase in capital expenditure, rising from ₹10.5 lakh crore in FY23 to ₹12.7 lakh crore in FY24. This rise has further stimulated private investment and facilitated economic activities nationwide.

The economy has also reaped benefits from strong domestic demand, largely driven by increased private consumption. These developments, combined with sound fiscal management, are expected to support ongoing economic growth.

The positive economic momentum is underpinned by robust performances in key high-frequency economic indicators such as credit growth, GST collections, and the Purchasing Manager's Index (PMI) for both services and manufacturing sectors. Notably, the service sector is posting high PMI levels, consistently surpassing 60 points, reflecting strong growth in this sector. Collectively, these

indicators confirm vibrant economic activity and a sustained recovery, positioning India for continued growth and stability in the years ahead.

Outlook

The Indian economy shows promising growth potential, primarily driven by substantial infrastructure investments, supported by strong fiscal strategies and ongoing policy improvements.

Additionally, a young workforce combined with focused development efforts in smaller cities is set to stimulate demand across various sectors, promoting sustainable long-term economic expansion.

As global economic conditions improve and central banks ease monetary policies, India is well-positioned to attract investments. This is expected to enhance exports and help reduce the fiscal deficit. Moreover, significant investments are anticipated to address inflation issues, stabilize prices, and maintain economic momentum. (Source and credits: <https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO/Issues/2024/01/30/world-economic-outlook-update-january-024>(<https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseDetailm.aspx?PRID=2022323>)

RISKS AND CONCERNS:

While the industry is seeing amazing growth, there is increasing focus on associated risks such as high compliance standards, government reform and pricing pressures, expiration of key drug patents, marketing practices, mergers and acquisitions, increasing litigations, and supply chain management.

Our risk management framework is intended to ensure that risks are identified in a timely manner. We have implemented an integrated risk management framework to identify, assess, prioritize, manage/mitigate, monitor and communicate the risk across the county. Senior management personnel meet at regular intervals to identify various risks, assess, and prioritize the risks. After due deliberations, appropriate strategies are made for managing/mitigating the risks. The company takes the help of independent professional firms to review the risk management structure and implementation of risk management policies. Audit Committee on a quarterly basis, review the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management strategies, implementation of risk management/mitigation policies, it advises the board on matters of significant concerns for Redressal.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

We believe that the company's overall system of internal control is adequate given the size and nature of operations and effective implementation of internal control self-assessment procedures and ensure compliance to policies, plans and Statutory requirements. The Company maintains a system of well-established policies and procedures for internal control of operations and activities, and these are continually reviewed for effectiveness. The internal control system is supported by qualified personnel and a continuous program of internal audit. The prime objective of such audits is to test the adequacy and effectiveness of all internal control systems laid down by the management and to suggest improvements. The internal control system of the company is also reviewed by the Audit Committee periodically. The Management duly considers and takes appropriate action on the recommendations made by the statutory auditors, internal auditors and the independent Audit Committee.

DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE:

The Financial performance of the company is already discussed elsewhere in the Annual Report.

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES / INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED:

During the year under review the company has taken HR initiatives to train and develop talent pool. The company has also taken up a root cause analysis on bringing down the attrition rates. In order to improve the performance of management and to scale up the business operations, the company has recruited experienced personnel at senior level apart from strengthening other departments with competent people.

Details of changes in key financial ratios:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	% Change	Reason for Variance
Debtors Turnover	5.30	3.77	40.48	Increased due to increases in Credit Sales
Inventory Turnover	8.27	5.87	40.89	Increases due to decreases in turnover
Interest Coverage Ratio	1.34	1.76	(23.86)	N.A
Current Ratio	2.09	2.01	3.98	N.A
Debt Equity Ratio	0.05	0.09	(44.44)	Decreases due to Decrease in debt
Operating Profit Margin	5.56	5.54	0.36	N.A
Net Profit Ratio (%)	1.05	1.89	(44.44)	Change due to decrease in net Profit on Account of increase in material Cost.
Return on net worth (%)	1.49	3.11	(52.09)	Change due to decrease in net Profit & increase in paid Up capital.

DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT:

The Company has not carried out any treatment different from that prescribed in Accounting Standards.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Certain statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives,

predictions may be “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may vary significantly from the forward looking statements contained in this document due to various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include the effect of economic and political conditions in India, volatility in interest rates, new regulations and Government policies that may impact the Company’s business as well as its ability to implement the strategy. The Company does not undertake to update these statements.

For Concord Drugs Limited

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 06.09.2024

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

Sd/-
S. Koni Reddy
Whole time Director & CFO
(DIN: 02829319)

ANNEXURE 7 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In accordance with Regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the report containing the details of Corporate Governance systems and processes at Concord Drugs Limited as follows:

DATE OF REPORT:

The information provided in the Report on Corporate Governance for the purpose of unanimity is as on 31st March, 2024. The Report is updated wherever applicable.

A. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE:

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance is backed by Principles of Concern, Commitment, Ethics, Excellence and Learning in all its acts and relationships with Stakeholders, Clients, Associates and Community at large. This philosophy revolves around fair and transparent governance and disclosure practices in line with the principles of Good Corporate Governance. The Corporate Governance Structure in the Company assigns responsibilities and entrusts authority among different participants in the organization viz. the Board of Directors, the Senior Management, Employees, etc. The Company believes that good Corporate Governance is a continuous process and strives to improve the Corporate Governance practices to meet shareholder's expectations.

B. BOARD DIVERSITY:

The Company recognizes and embraces the importance of a diverse board in its success. We believe that a truly diverse board will leverage differences in thought, perspective, knowledge, skill, regional and industry experience, cultural and geographical background, age, ethnicity, race and gender, which will help us, retain our competitive advantage. The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to diversity of the Board of Directors. The Board Diversity Policy is available on our website, www.concorddrugs.in.

C. COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD:

The composition of the Board of Directors of the company is an appropriate combination of executive and non-executive Directors with right element of independence. as on March 31st, 2024, the Company's Board comprised of six Directors, out of which three are promoter Directors. In addition, there are three independent Directors including one woman director on the Board. In terms of clause 17(1) (b) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the company is required to have one half of total Directors as independent Directors. The non-executive Directors are appointed or re-appointed based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee which considers their overall experience, expertise and industry knowledge. One third of the non-executive Directors other than independent Directors, are liable to retire by rotation every year and are eligible for reappointment, subject to approval by the shareholders.

D. BOARD MEETINGS: COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Company is managed and controlled through a professional body of Board of Directors which comprises of an optimum combination of Executive and Independent Directors headed by the Chairman & Managing Director. As on date of this report, the Board of Directors of the Company has 6 members (including three independent Non-Executive Directors) with vast experience and knowledge. None of the Directors on the Board is a Member of more than 10 committees or Chairman of more than 5 companies across all the Companies in which he/she is a Director. The Board has been enriched with the advices and skills of the Independent Directors. The composition of the Board of Directors and details of number of Directorships/committee chairmanships/memberships

attendance particulars is as under:

Dates on which Board meetings were held: The Board of Directors duly met Nine (9) times during the financial year from 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024. The dates on which the meetings were held are 28.04.2023, 30.05.2023, 14.08.2023, 07.09.2023, 12.10.2023, 27.10.2023, 14.11.2023, 13.02.2024, 19.03.2024.

The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at Board meeting during the year and at last Annual General Meeting, as also the number of Directorships and Committee memberships held by them in other companies are shown in Table 1.

Table 1									
Name of Director	Relationship with another Director	Category	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	Whether Attended Last AGM	No. of Directorship Companies		No. of other Committees in other Companies	
						Chairman	Director	Chairman	Member
S. Nagi Reddy	Father of Mr. S. Koni Reddy and Mr. S. Manoj Reddy	Promoter, Chairman & Managing Director	9	9	Yes	-	1	-	-
S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	Son of Mr. S. Nagi Reddy and brother of Mr. S. Koni Reddy	Promoter, & Whole time Director	9	9	Yes	-	4	-	-
S. Koni Reddy	Son of Mr. S. Nagi Reddy and brother of Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	Promoter, & Whole time Director & CFO	9	9	Yes	-	1	-	-
K. Ramachandra Reddy	NA	Independent Director	9	9	Yes	-	1	-	-
Sumeela kasu	NA	Independent Director	9	9	Yes	-	-	-	-
Nagavenkatahar eeshkumar Solleti	NA	Independent Director	9	9	Yes	-	-	-	-

THE NAME OF OTHER LISTED ENTITIES WHERE DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY ARE DIRECTORS AND THE CATEGORY OF DIRECTORSHIP

Name of Director	Other Listed Entities in which concern Director is Director	Category of Directorship
S. Nagi Reddy	NIL	--
S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	NIL	--
S. Koni Reddy	NIL	--
K. Ramachandra Reddy	NIL	--
Sumeela Kasu	NIL	--
Naga Venkata hareesh kumar Solleti	NIL	--

Convertible instruments held by non- executive directors:

As on date, none of the non-executive directors of the company holds any Convertible instruments in the company.

Details of Skills/Expertise/Competence matrix of the Board of Directors:

S. No	Name of the Director	Skills/Expertise/Competence in specific functional areas
1.	S. Nagi Reddy	Post Graduate, Rich Knowledge in Pharma business and Overall Management of the Company
3.	S. Koni Reddy	Rich Knowledge in in Pharma business and overall management of the Company
3.	S. Nagavenkata Hareesh	Rich Knowledge in Accounts and Administration
4.	K. Ramachandra Reddy	Rich Knowledge in Accounts and Administration
5.	S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	Rich Knowledge in in Pharma business and Overall Management of the Company
6.	K. Sumeela	Rich Knowledge in Accounts and Administration

E. DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN DIRECTORS INTER-SE

Except Mr. S. Koni Reddy, Mr S. Nagi Reddy and Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy, none of the Directors have any relationship between Director to Director/ promoter and Directors of the Company.

F. NUMBER OF SHARES AND HELD BY NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

As on date, except Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh and K. Ramachandra Reddy, none of the Non-Executive directors of the company holds any Equity Shares in the company.

G. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has complied with the definition of Independence as per Regulation 16(1) (b) of the SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015 and according to the Provisions of Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company has also obtained declarations from all the Independent Directors pursuant to Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013. It is also confirmed that in the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and are independent of the management.

H. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS' MEETING: As per Clause 7 of the Schedule IV of the Companies Act (Code for Independent Directors), a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company (without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors) was held on 19.03.2024, and discussed the following:

1. Evaluation of the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as whole;
2. Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors of the Company eligible to attend were present at the meeting. As required under Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Company regularly familiarizes Independent Directors with the

Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company etc.

I. FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

Independent Directors are familiarized about the Company's operations and businesses. Interaction with the Business heads and key executives of the Company is also facilitated. Detailed presentations on important policies of the Company are also made to the directors. Direct meetings with the Chairman is further facilitated to familiarize the incumbent Director about the Company/its businesses and the group practices.

The details of familiarisation programme held in FY 2023-24 are also disclosed on the Company's website i.e., <http://www.concorddrugs.in>.

J. INFORMATION SUPPLIED TO THE BOARD:

The Board has complete access to all information of the Company and is regularly provided advanced detailed information as a part of the agenda papers or is tabled therein. In addition, detailed quarterly performance report by the CFO is presented in the quarterly Board meeting, encompassing all facets of the Company's operations during the quarter, including update of key projects, outlook and matters relating to environment, health & safety, corporate social responsibility etc.

K. DECLARATION BY BOARD:

The Board has confirmed that in its opinion, the independent directors fulfil the conditions specified in these regulations and are independent of the management.

L. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

All the Independent Directors have confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as mentioned under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 read with Section 149(6) of the Act.

M. RESIGNATION OF COMPANY SECRETARY:

During the year under review, Mr. Ankur Bisht resigned as Company Secretary w.e.f. 08.04.2023 due to his commitments and personal pre-occupation and have also confirmed that there are no other material reasons other than those stated above.

N. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

The Company has four Board-level Committees - Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Stakeholder Relationship Committee and Independent Directors Committee.

All decisions pertaining to the constitution of Committees, appointment of members and fixing of terms of service for Committee members are taken by the Board of Directors. Details on the role and composition of these Committees, including the number of meetings held during the financial year and the related attendance are provided in this report below.

O. AUDIT COMMITTEE (Audit Committee constituted in terms of Section 177 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015):

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF TERMS OF REFERENCE: -The terms of reference of the Audit Committee encompasses the requirements of Section 177 of Companies Act, 2013 and as per Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and, interalia, includes:

- i. Oversight of the listed entity's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- ii. Recommending the appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the listed entity;
- iii. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- iv. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and Auditor's Report before submission to the Board for approval with particular reference to;
 - a) Matters required to be included in the directors' responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act;
 - b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f) Disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - g) Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
- v. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- vi. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of [public issue or rights issue or preferential issue or qualified institutional placement], and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;

- vii. Review and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
- viii. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;
- ix. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- x. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the listed entity wherever it is necessary;
- xi. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- xii. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- xiii. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of internal control systems;
- xiv. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- xv. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- xvi. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- xvii. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- xviii. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture-holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividend) and creditors,
- xix. To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- xx. Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate
- xxi. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.
- xxii. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.
- xxiii. Consider and comment on rationale, the cost-benefits and the impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholders.
- xxiv. Carrying out any other function as may be referred to the Committee by the Board.
- xxv. Authority to review / investigate into any matter covered by Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and matters specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations.

P. THE AUDIT COMMITTEE SHALL MANDATORILY REVIEW THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

- i. Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- ii. Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- iii. Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and

- iv. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee.
- v. statement of deviations:
- vi. quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1).
- vii. annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7).

Q. COMPOSITION, MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE:

There were five (5) Audit Committee Meetings held during the year i.e., on 30.05.2023, 14.08.2023, 07.09,2023, 14.092023, 13.02.2024.

Name	Designation	Category	No of Meetings held during the tenure	No. of meeting attended
Ms. Kasu Sumeela	Chairperson	NED (I)	6	6
Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh	Member	NED (I)	6	6
Mr. K. Ramachandra Reddy	Member	NED (I)	6	6

NED (I): Non-Executive Independent Director

R. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (Nomination and Remuneration Committee constituted in terms of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015):

i. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF TERMS OF REFERENCE:

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration committee constituted in terms of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 and as per Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are as under:

Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;

For every appointment of an independent director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description

For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:

- a) use the services of an external agencies, if required;
- b) consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and consider the time commitments of the candidates.
- c) Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors.
- d) Devising a policy on diversity of board of directors.
- e) Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the

board of directors their appointment and removal.

- f) Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.

Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management

S. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE, MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE DURING THE YEAR:

There were (2) Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting held during the year i.e., on 07.09.2023 and 19.03.2024.

The Composition of the Committee is as follows:

Name	Designation	Category	No of Meetings held during the tenure	No. of meeting attended
Ms. Kasu Sumeela	Chairperson	NED (I)	2	2
Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh	Member	NED (I)	2	2
Mr. K. Ramachandra Reddy	Member	NED (I)	2	2

T. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors are already mentioned under the head "Board Evaluation" in Directors' Report.

U. POLICY FOR SELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND DETERMINING DIRECTORS' INDEPENDENCE

1. Scope: This policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination & Remuneration Committee for identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and to determine the independence of Directors, in case of their appointment as independent Directors of the Company.

2. Terms and References:

2.1 "Director" means a director appointed to the Board of a Company

2.2 "Nomination and Remuneration Committee means the committee constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Reg. 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

2.3 "Independent Director" means a director referred to in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

3. Policy: Qualifications and criteria

3.1.1 The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and the Board, shall review on annual basis, appropriate skills, knowledge and experience required of the Board as a whole and its individual members. The objective is to have a board with diverse background and experience that are relevant for the Company's operations.

3.1.2 In evaluating the suitability of individual Board member the Nomination and Remuneration Committee may take into account factors, such as:

- General understanding of the Company's business dynamics, global business and social perspective;
- Educational and professional background
- Standing in the profession;
- Personal and professional ethics, integrity and values;
- Willingness to devote sufficient time and energy in carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively.

3.1.3 The proposed appointee shall also fulfil the following requirements:

- shall possess a Director Identification Number;
- shall not be disqualified under the companies Act, 2013;

- shall Endeavour to attend all Board Meeting and wherever he is appointed as a Committee member, the committee meeting;
- shall abide by the code of conduct established by the company for Directors and senior management personnel; shall disclose his concern or interest in any Company or companies or bodies corporate, firms, or other association of individuals including his shareholding at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year and thereafter whenever there is a change in the disclosures already made;
- Such other requirements as any prescribed, from time to time, under the Companies Act, 2013, Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other relevant laws.

3.1.4 The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall evaluate each individual with the objective of having a group that best enables the success of the Company's business.

3.2 Criteria of Independence

3.2.1 The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall assess the independence of Directors at time of appointment/ re-appointment and the Board shall assess the same annually. The Board shall re-assess determinations of independence when any new interest or relationships are disclosed by a Director.

3.2.2 The criteria of independence shall be in accordance with the guidelines as laid down in Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. An independent Director in relation to a Company, means a Director other than a managing Director or a whole-time Director or a nominee Director a. who, in the opinion of the Board, is a person of integrity and possesses relevant expertise and experience;

b. (i) who is or was not a promoters of the Company or its holding, subsidiary or associate Company or member of the promoter group of the listed entity;

(ii) who is not related to promoters or Directors of the Company its holding, subsidiary or associate Company

c. who, apart from receiving director's remuneration, has or had no material pecuniary relationship with the Company, its holding, subsidiary or associate Company, or their promoters, or Director, during the three immediately preceding financial year or during the current financial year;

d. none of whose relative

(A) is holding securities of or interest in the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company during the three immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year of face value in excess of fifty lakh rupees or two percent of the paid-up capital of the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, respectively, or such higher sum as may be specified;

(B) is indebted to the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters or directors, in excess of such amount as may be specified during the three immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;

(C) has given a guarantee or provided any security in connection with the indebtedness of any third person to the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters or directors, for such amount as may be specified during the three immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year; or

(D) has any other pecuniary transaction or relationship with the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company amounting to two percent or more of its gross turnover or total income:

Provided that the pecuniary relationship or transaction with the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company or their promoters, or directors in relation to points (A) to (D) above shall not exceed two percent of its gross turnover or total income or fifty lakh rupees or such higher amount as may be specified from time to time, whichever is lower.

e. who, neither himself nor any of his relative-

(i) Holds or has held the position of a key managerial personnel or is or has been employee of the or associate Company or any company belonging to the promoter group of the listed entity in any of the three finance years immediately preceding the finance year in which he is proposed to be appointed;

Provided that in case of a relative, who is an employee other than key managerial personnel, the restriction under this clause shall not apply for his / her employment

(ii) Is or has been an employee or proprietor or a partner, in any of the three finance year immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed of-

(A) a firm of auditors or Company secretaries in practice or cost auditors of the Company or its holding, subsidiary or associate Company; or

(B) any legal or a consulting firm that has or had any transaction with the Company, its holding subsidiary or associate Company amounting to ten per cent or more of the gross turnover of more of the gross turnover of such firm;

(iii) holds together with his relatives two per cent or more of the total voting power of the Company;

Or

(iv) is a chief Executive or Director, by whatever name called, of any non-profit organization that receives twenty-five per cent or more of its receipt from the Company any of its promoters, Directors or its holding subsidiary or associate Company or that holds two per cent or more of the total voting power of the Company; or

(v) is a material supplier, service provider or customer or a lesser or lessee of the Company.

f. who is not less than 21 years of age g. Who is not a non-independent Director of another company on the Board of which any non-independent director of the listed entity is an independent director.

3.2.3 The independent Director shall abide by the “code for independent Directors “as specified in Schedule IV

to the Companies Act, 2013.

3.3 Other Directorships/ Committee Memberships

3.3.1 The Board members are expected to have adequate time and expertise and experience to contribute to effective Board performance. Accordingly, members should voluntarily limit their directorships in other listed public limited companies in such a way that it does not interfere with their role as director of the Company. The NR Committee shall take into account the nature of and the time involved in a director’s service on other Boards, in evaluating the suitability of the individual Director and making its recommendations to the Board.

3.3.2 A Director shall not serve as director in more than 20 companies of which not more than 10 shall be public limited companies.

3.3.3 A Director shall not serve as an independent Director in more than 7 listed companies and not more than 3 listed companies in case he is serving as a whole-time Director in any listed Company.

3.3.4 A Director shall not be a member in more than 10 committees or act as chairman of more than 5 committee across all companies in which he holds directorships.

For the purpose of considering the limit of the committee, Audit committee and stakeholder’s relationship committee of all public limited companies, whether listed or not, shall be included and all other companies including private limited companies, foreign companies and companies under section 8 of the companies Act, 2013 shall be excluded.

REMUNERATION POLICY:

The objectives of the remuneration policy are to motivate Directors to excel in their performance, recognize their contribution and retain talent in the organization and reward merit.

The remuneration levels are governed by industry pattern, qualifications and experience of the Directors, responsibilities shouldered and individual performance.

4. Remuneration policy for Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees

A. PECUNIARY RELATIONSHIP OR TRANSACTIONS OF THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS VIS-À-VIS THE LISTED COMPANY:

None of the Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors had any pecuniary relationship or transaction with the company other than the Directors sitting fees.

B. CRITERIA FOR MAKING PAYMENTS TO NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

1. Scope:

1 This policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination and Remuneration committee for recommending to the Board the remuneration of the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees of the Company.

2. Terms and Reference: In this policy the following terms shall have the following meanings:

2.1 “Director” means a Director appointed to the Board of the Company.

2.2 “key managerial personnel” means

(i) The Chief Executive Officer or the managing Director or the manager;

(ii) The Company Secretary;

(iii) The Whole-time Director;

(iv) The Chief Financial Officer; and

(v) Such other office as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013

2.3 “Nomination and Remuneration committee” means the committee constituted by Board in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the companies Act, 2013, clause 49 of the Equity Listing Agreement and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

3. Policy:

3.1. Remuneration to Executive Director and key managerial personnel

3.1.1 The Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration (NR) committee shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Executive Director of the company within the overall limit approved by the shareholders.

3.1.2 The Board on the recommendation of the NR committee shall also review and approve the remuneration payable to the key managerial personnel of the company.

3.1.3 The remuneration structure to the Executive Director and key managerial personnel shall include the following components:

- (i) Basic pay
- (ii) Perquisites and Allowances
- (iii) Stock Options
- (iv) Commission (Applicable in case of Executive Directors)
- (v) Retrial benefits

3.1.4 The Annual plan and Objectives for Executive committee shall be reviewed by the NR committee and Annual performance Bonus will be approved by the committee based on the achievement against the Annual plan and Objectives.

3. 2. Remuneration to Non – Executive Directors

3.2.1 The Board, on the recommendation of the NR Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Non – Executive Directors of the Company within the overall limits approved by the shareholders.

3.2.2 Non – Executive Directors shall be entitled to sitting fees attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof. The Non- Executive Directors shall also be entitled to profit related commission in addition to the sitting fees

3.3. Remuneration to other employees

3.3.1. Employees shall be assigned grades according to their qualifications and work experience, competencies as well as their roles and responsibilities in the organization. Individual remuneration shall be determined within the appropriate grade and shall be based on various factors such as job profile skill sets, seniority, experience and prevailing remuneration levels for equivalent jobs.

E. MECHANISM FOR EVALUATION OF THE BOARD

Evaluation of all Board members is performed on an annual basis. The evaluation is performed by the Board, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Independent Directors with specific focus on the performance and effective functioning of the Board and Individual Directors. In line with Securities and Exchange Board of India Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2017/004, dated January 5, 2017 and the Companies Amendment Act, 2017 the Company adopted the recommended criteria by Securities and Exchange Board of India.

The Directors were given six Forms for evaluation of the following:

- (i) Evaluation of Board;
- (ii) Evaluation of Committees of the Board;
- (iii) Evaluation of Independent Directors;
- (i) Evaluation of Chairperson;
- (ii) Evaluation of Non-Executive and Non-Independent Directors; and
- (iii) Evaluation of Whole time Director

The Directors were requested to give following ratings for each criteria:

- 1. Could do more to meet expectations;
- 2. Meets expectations; and
- 3. Exceeds expectations.

The Directors have sent the duly filled forms to Nomination & Remuneration committee. Based on the evaluation done by the Directors, the Committee has prepared a report and submitted the Evaluation Report. Based on the report, the Board of Directors has informed the rankings to each Director and Also informed that the performance of Directors is satisfactory and they are recommended for continuation as Directors of the Company

OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS/ COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIPS:

5.1 The Board members are expected to have adequate time and expertise and experience to contribute to effective Board performance. Accordingly, members should voluntarily limit their directorships in other listed public limited companies in such a way that it does not interfere with their role as director of the company. The NR Committee shall take into account the nature of and the time involved in a director's service on other Boards, in evaluating the suitability of the individual Director

and making its recommendations to the Board.

5.2 Director shall not serve as director in more than 20 companies of which not more than 10 shall be public limited companies.

5.3 Director shall not serve as an independent Director in more than 7 listed companies and not more than 3 listed companies in case he is serving as a whole-time Director in any listed company.

5.4 Director shall not be a member in more than 10 committees or act as chairman of more than 5 committees across all companies in which he holds directorships.

For the purpose of considering the limit of the committee, Audit committee and stakeholder's relationship committee of all public limited companies, whether listed or not, shall be included and all other companies including private limited companies, foreign companies and companies under section 8 of the companies Act, 2013 shall be excluded.

4. STAKEHOLDER'S RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE (Stakeholders Relationship Committee constituted in terms of Section 178(5) of Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 20 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015):

A. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF TERMS OF REFERENCE:

i. Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/ transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc;

ii. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;

iii. Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;

iv. Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company;

v. Such other matter as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

vi. Authority to review / investigate into any matter covered by Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and matters specified in Part D of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations.

I. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE, MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE DURING THE YEAR:

During the Financial Year April 2023 to March 2024, One (1) Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meeting was held on 14.02.2024.

The Composition of the Committee is as follows:

Name	Designation	Category	No of Meetings held	No. of meeting attended
Ms. Kasu Sumeela	Chairperson	NED(I)	1	1
Mr. S. Nagavenkata Hareesh	Member	NED (I)	1	1
Mr. K.Ramachandra Reddy	Member	NED(I)	1	1

II. REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS PAID DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2023-24 AND OTHER DISCLOSURES:

Name of the Director	Salary (Rs)	Sitting Fees (Rs)	Number of Equity shares held	Service Contracts	Stock Option Details	Fixed Component	Performance Based Incentive
Mr. S. Nagi Reddy	6000000	-	29,12,524	-	-	-	-
Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	2400000	-	10,00,000	-	-	-	-
Mr. S. Koni Reddy	2400000	-	16,28,125	-	-	-	-
Mr. Nagavenkata Hareesh Kumar Solleti	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Mr.K. Ramachandra Reddy	-	-	50,100	-	-	-	-
Ms. Summela Kasu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Except for the remuneration details mentioned above, there are is no other pecuniary relationship or transactions of the non-executive directors vis-à-vis the listed entity in terms of salary, benefits, bonuses, stock options, pension, fixed component and performance linked incentives.

III. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors are already mentioned under the head "Board Evaluation" in Directors' Report. Web Link for Criteria of Making Payments to Non-Executive Directors: <https://www.concorddrugs.in>

IV. NAME AND DESIGNATION OF COMPLIANCE OFFICER:

Mr. Ankur Bisht was appointed as Company Secretary & Compliance Officer w.e.f 16.02.2023 and resigned w.e.f 08.04.2023. Mr.S.Nagi Reddy was the Compliance Officer of the Company appointed w.e.f 09.04.2023 and Ms. Namratha Nagla was appointed as Company Secretary and Compliance officer w.e.f from 19.03.2024.

V. DETAILS OF COMPLAINTS/REQUESTS RECEIVED, RESOLVED AND PENDING DURING THE YEAR 2023-24:

Opening balance	Received during the year	Resolved during the year	Closing balance
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

VI. PARTICULARS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT INCLUDING THE CHANGES THEREIN SINCE THE CLOSE OF THE PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR:

Sl. No	Name of the Senior Management	Designation
1	Mr. Nagi Reddy	Chairman & Managing Director
2	Mr. Manoj Kumar Reddy	Whole-Time Director
3	Mr. Koni Reddy	Whole-Time Director & CFO
4	V. Phani Sekhar	Manager Production
5	M. Rameswar Reddy	Manager Production
6	B. Venugopal Reddy	General Manager
7	T. Raja Rao	Technical Director
8	K. Krishna Prasad	Asst. Manager- Production
9	R. Manikandan	Manager-Microbiology
10	G. Muthyam Rao	Shift-in-charge
11.	P. Rama Chandrudu	Manager-Quality Control
12.	shaik Jani	Manager-Quality Control
13.	Chennarao	Deputy Manager-Quality Control

There is no change in the Senior Management since the Close of the previous Financial Year.

VII. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

Location, date and time of last three agms and special/ordinary resolutions there at as under:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue	Special Resolution Passed
2022-2023	30.09.2023	09.30.am	Video Conferencing and Audio Visual Means	Yes
2021-22	30.09.2022	10.00 a.m	Video Conferencing and Audio Visual Means	Yes
2020-21	30.09.2021	09.00 a.m.	Video Conferencing and Audio Visual Means	No

VIII. PASSING OF RESOLUTIONS BY POSTAL BALLOT

There were no resolutions passed by the Company through Postal Ballot during the financial year 2023-24.

IX. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The Board of Directors of the Company approves and takes on record the quarterly, half yearly and yearly financial results in the Performa prescribed by Regulation 33 of SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015 within forty-five days/sixty days of the close of the respective period.

The approved financial results are forthwith sent to the listed Stock Exchanges and are published in the newspapers namely, The Financial Express and Nava Telangana within forty-eight hours of approval thereof. As the Company's quarterly/half yearly financial results are uploaded on Company's

website www.concorddrugs.com, the same are not mailed to the Shareholders.

X. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION:

The 29th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held as per the following schedule:

Day	Monday
Date	30.09.2024
Time	09:45 A.M.
Venue	Through Video Conferencing / other audio video means

XI. VENUE: FINANCIAL YEAR AND FINANCIAL YEAR CALENDAR 2023-24 (TENTATIVE SCHEDULE) The financial calendar (tentative) shall be as under:

Financial Year	2024-25
First Quarterly Results	09.08.2024
Second Quarterly Results	On or before 14.11.2024
Third Quarterly Results	On or before 14.02.2025
Fourth Quarterly Results	On or before 30.05.2025
Annual General Meeting for year ending 31st March, 2025	On or before 30.09.2025

XII. DIVIDEND PAYMENT DATE:

No Dividend declared for the financial year 2023-24.

XIII. NAME AND ADDRESS OF STOCK EXCHANGE WHERE THE COMPANIES SECURITIES ARE LISTED AND CONFIRMATION OF PAYMENT OF ANNUAL LISTING FEES:

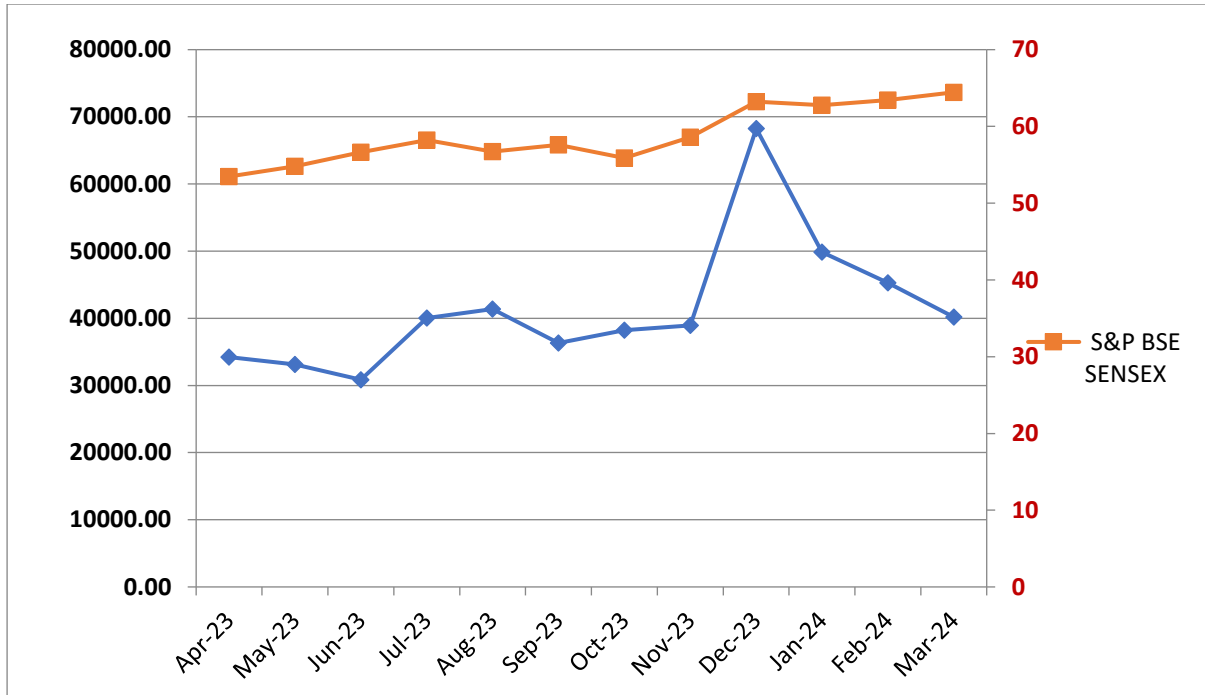
BSE Limited
P. J. Towers, Dalal Street Mumbai-400001
(Scrip Code: 538965)

XIV. STOCK MARKET PRICE DATA:

BSE Ltd

Month	Open Price (in Rs.)	High Price (in Rs.)	Low Price (in Rs.)	Close Price (in Rs.)
Apr-23	27.3	32.85	27.3	29.95
May-23	30	31.75	26.5	28.98
Jun-23	28.95	32.79	26.05	27
Jul-23	26.75	35.04	25.56	35.04
Aug-23	35.95	41.8	31	36.22
Sep-23	36.11	38	30.4	31.79
Oct-23	33.23	39.62	30.06	33.46
Nov-23	33.83	37.04	31.8	34.08
Dec-23	34.35	61.5	33.9	59.72
Jan-24	59	59	40	43.62
Feb-24	43.21	48.95	38.1	39.62
Mar-24	39.99	40.95	33.49	35.17

XV. STOCK PERFORMANCE OF CONCORD DRUGS LIMITED VS BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE SENSEX


XVI. REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS:

Aarathi Consultants Private Limited

Address: 1-2-285, Domalguda, Hyderabad-500029, Telangana Ph No. 040-27638111, 27634445

Email: info@aarthiconsultants.com Website: www.aarthiconsultants.com

XVII. SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM:

In terms of Regulation 40(1) of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time, securities can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. Further, SEBI had fixed March 31, 2021 as the cut-off date for re-lodgement of transfer deeds and the shares that are re-lodged for transfer shall be issued only in dematerialised mode. The requests for effecting transfer/transmission/ transposition of securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialised form. Transfers of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories with no involvement of the Company. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form.

XVIII. IN CASE THE SECURITIES ARE SUSPENDED FROM TRADING, THE DIRECTORS REPORT SHALL EXPLAIN THE REASON THEREOF:

The Company's securities are not suspended from trading.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2024:

CATEGORY	HOLDERS	HOLDERS PERCENTAGE	SHARES	AMOUNT	%
1 - 5000	3733	78.86	432481	4324810	4.32
5001 - 10000	432	9.13	354601	3546010	3.55
10001 - 20000	229	4.84	343500	3435000	3.44
20001 - 30000	100	2.11	263210	2632100	2.63
30001 - 40000	62	1.31	225552	2255520	2.26
40001 - 50000	61	1.29	288020	2880200	2.88

50001 - 100000	60	1.27	440988	4409880	4.41
100001 & Above	57	1.2	7651648	76516480	76.52
Total:	4734	100	10000000	100000000	100

XIX. DEMATERIALISATION & LIQUIDITY OF SHARES:

Trading in Company's shares is permitted only in dematerialized form for all investors. The ISIN allotted to the Company's scrip is **INE858L01010**. Investors are therefore advised to open a demat account with a Depository participant of their choice to trade in dematerialized form. Shares held in demat mode as on March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Particulars	No. of Shares	% Share Capital
NSDL	17,58,077	17.58077
CDSL	76,47,223	76.47223
Physical	5,94,700	5.94700
TOTAL	1,00,00,000	100 %

XX. OUTSTANDING GLOBAL DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS OR AMERICAN DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS OR WARRANTS OR ANY CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS, CONVERSION DATE AND LIKELY IMPACT ON EQUITY: NIL
XXI. COMMODITY PRICE RISK OR FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES: NIL
XXII. PLANT LOCATIONS:

Survey No. 249, Brahmanapally (V), Hayat Nagar (M), R R (D): 501511

REGISTERED OFFICE AND ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDANCE:

Survey No.249, Brahmanapally Village, Hayatnagar Mandal, R.R.Dist-501511 Telangana, India

Ph: 04024036379

E-mail: concorddrugsltd@gmail.com

XXIII. BOOK CLOSURE DATE:

The date of Book Closure for the purpose of Annual General Meeting shall be from 24.09.2024 to 30.09.2024 (both days inclusive).

XXIV. ELECTRONIC CONNECTIVITY: Demat ISIN Number: INE858L01010

National Securities Depository Limited,

Trade World, Kamala Mills Compound

Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel

Mumbai – 400 013.

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY SERVICES (INDIA) LIMITED

Marathon Futurex, A-Wing, 25th floor, NM Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013

1. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2024:

S. No	Category	No. Shares held	% of shareholding
A	Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter group		
1.	Indian	--	--
	Individual	5540649	55.41
	Body Corporate	--	--
2.	Foreign	--	--
	Individual	--	--

	Sub-Total A	5540649	55.41
B.	Public Shareholding	--	--
1.	Institutions	--	--
2.	Non-Institutions		
	Bodies Corporate	11550	0.12
	Indian Public and Others	44,47,801	44.48
	Sub Total B	44,59,351	44.6
	Grand Total (A+B)	1,00,00,000.	100

2. LIST OF ALL CREDIT RATINGS OBTAINED BY THE ENTITY ALONG WITH ANY REVISIONS THERETO DURING THE RELEVANT FINANCIAL YEAR, FOR ALL DEBT INSTRUMENTS OF SUCH ENTITY OR ANY FIXED DEPOSIT PROGRAMME OR ANY SCHEME OR PROPOSAL OF THE LISTED ENTITY INVOLVING MOBILIZATION OF FUNDS, WHETHER IN INDIA OR ABROAD:

Nil

3. DISCLOSURES ON MATERIALLY SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS THAT MAY HAVE POTENTIAL CONFLICT WITH THE INTERESTS OF LISTED ENTITY AT LARGE

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations, your Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is also available on Company's Website www.concorddrugs.in. The Policy intends to ensure that proper reporting, approval and disclosure processes are in place for all transactions between the Company and Related Parties.

All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. Prior omnibus approval is obtained for Related Party Transactions on a quarterly basis for transactions which are of repetitive nature and / or entered in the Ordinary Course of Business and are at Arm's Length. All Related Party Transactions are subjected to independent review by the statutory auditor to establish compliance with the requirements of Related Party Transactions under the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations.

All Related Party Transactions entered during the year were in Ordinary Course of the Business and on Arm's Length basis.

4. DETAILS OF NON-COMPLIANCE BY THE LISTED ENTITY, PENALTIES, STRICTURES IMPOSED ON THE LISTED ENTITY BY STOCK EXCHANGE(S) OR THE BOARD OR ANY STATUTORY AUTHORITY, ON ANY MATTER RELATED TO CAPITAL MARKETS, DURING THE LAST THREE YEARS:

The Board reviews the compliance of all the applicable laws and gives appropriate directions wherever necessary. There are no pending cases or instances of non-compliance.

5. WEB LINK WHERE POLICY FOR DETERMINING 'MATERIAL' SUBSIDIARIES IS DISCLOSED:

The Company does not have any material subsidiary as defined under Listing Regulations, however, the policy for determining its 'Material' Subsidiaries was formulated and the same is available on the website of the Company www.concorddrugs.com.

6. WEB LINK WHERE POLICY ON DEALING WITH RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:
www.concorddrugs.com.

7. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/VIGIL MECHANISM:

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy and has established the necessary vigil mechanism as defined in Regulation 22 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015 and in terms of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 With a view to adopt the highest ethical standards in the course of business, the Company has a whistle blower policy in place for reporting the instances of conduct which are not in conformity with the policy. Directors, employees, vendors or any person having dealings with the Company may report noncompliance to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, who reviews the report. Confidentiality is maintained of such reporting and it is ensured that the whistle blowers are not subjected to any discrimination. No person has been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

8. AUDIT FEES (INCLUDING SUBSIDIARY): Rs. 4,00,000/- (excluding GST)**9. DETAILS OF UTILIZATION OF FUNDS RAISED THROUGH PREFERENTIAL ALLOTMENT OR QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONS PLACEMENT AS SPECIFIED UNDER REGULATION 32 (7A):**

The Company has raised Rs.47.16 lakhs on allotment of 5,71,720 Convertible warrants to the promoters (25% of the issue price of Rs. 33/- per warrant) in the AGM held on 30.09.2022 and 1.41 crores on conversion of warrants. The Company has used the funds fully towards the objects as mentioned in the previous notice of Annual General Meeting and there is no deviation in the usage of the proceeds of the preferential allotment.

Further as reported in Statement of deviation for quarter ended dated 30.09.2023 Rs.1,03,64,062.50 (being 25% upfront amount of convertible warrants) 70,75,035 (being balance 75% amount received on 2,85,860 convertible warrants) 70,75,035 (being balance 75% amount received on 2,85,860 convertible warrants).

10. DETAILS OF MATERIALSUBSIDIARIES OF THE LISTED ENTITYINCLUDING THE DATE AND PLACE OF INCORPORATION AND THE NAME AND DATE OF APPOINTMENT OF THE STATUTORY AUDITORS OF SUCH SUBSIDIARIES. NIL**11. DISCLOSURE IN RELATION TO THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013.**

The following is the summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed during the calendar year.

- No. of complaints received during the financial year: Nil
- No. of complaints disposed off during the financial year: Nil
- No. of complaints pending at the end of the financial year: Nil

12. COMPLIANCE WITH THE DISCRETIONARY REQUIREMENTS UNDER LISTING REGULATIONS:

The Board of Directors periodically reviewed the compliance of all applicable laws and steps taken by the Company to rectify instances of non-compliance, if any. The Company is in compliance with all mandatory requirements of Listing Regulations. In addition, the Company has also adopted the following nonmandatory requirements to the extent mentioned below:

- Audit qualifications: Company's financial statements have no qualifications.
- Reporting of Internal Auditor: The Internal Auditor of the Company directly reports to the Audit Committee on functional matters

13. COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK:

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub –regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations. The Company has submitted quarterly compliance report on Corporate Governance with the Stock Exchanges, in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 27(2) (a) of the Listing Regulations.

14. DISCLOSURE OF COMMODITY PRICE RISKS OR FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK AND COMMODITY HEDGING ACTIVITIES

The Company doesn't consume large quantities of commodities in its manufacturing activities. Hence the Company is not materially exposed to commodity price risks or foreign exchange risk nor does the company do any commodity hedging.

15. CERTIFICATE FROM PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company has obtained certificate from Practicing Company Secretary that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company are debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such authority. And the Certificate to this effect, duly signed by the Practicing Company Secretary is annexed to this Report.

16. RECOMMENDATIONS OF COMMITTEES

The Board has accepted and acted upon all the recommendations by the Audit & Nomination and Remuneration Committees.

17. DISCLOSURE BY LISTED ENTITY AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES OF 'LOANS AND ADVANCES IN

THE NATURE OF LOANS TO FIRMS/COMPANIES IN WHICH DIRECTORS ARE INTERESTED BY NAME AND AMOUNT: Nil
18. NON-COMPLIANCE OF ANY REQUIREMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT.

The company has complied with the requirement of Corporate Governance Report of sub-paras (2) to (10) of Schedule-V of the Securities Exchange Board of India (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

19. DISCLOSURE OF COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN REGULATIONS 17 TO 27 AND CLAUSES (b) TO (i) OF SUB-REGULATION (2) OF REGULATION 46

ARE AS FOLLOWS:

REGULATION	PARTICULARS	COMPLIANCE STATUS
17	Board of Directors	Yes
18	Audit Committee	Yes
19	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Yes
20	Stakeholders Relationship Committee	Yes
21	Risk Management Committee	NA
22	Vigil Mechanism	Yes
23	Related Party Transactions	Yes
24	Corporate Governance requirements with respect to subsidiary of Listed company	Yes
25	Obligations with respect to Independent Directors	Yes
26	Obligations with respect to Directors and Senior Management	Yes
27	Other Corporate Governance Requirements	Yes
46	Website	Yes

20. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has formulated and implemented a Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management of the Company. Requisite annual affirmations of compliance with the respective Codes have been made by the Directors and Senior Management of the Company.

21. DECLARATION ON CODE OF CONDUCT FOR THE YEAR 2023-24.

This is to confirm that the Board has laid down a code of conduct for all Board members and senior management personnel of the Company. The code of Conduct has also been posted on the website of the Company. It is further confirmed that all Directors and senior management personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2024 as envisaged in Regulation 26(3) of the SEBI (Listing obligations and disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015.

22. MD/ CFO CERTIFICATION

The Managing Director / CFO certification of the financial statements as specified in Regulation 17(8) read with Part B of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the Financial Year 2023-2024 is provided as Annexure to this Report.

23. COMPLIANCE WITH THE MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS AND ADOPTION OF THE NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

All mandatory requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 have been appropriately complied with and the status of non-mandatory requirements is given below: The Company has an Executive Chairman and the Board is having required number of Independent directors. The Financial Statements are free from any Audit Qualifications.

24. NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION AND DISCLOSURES

None of the Independent / Non-Executive Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company which in the Judgment of the Board may affect the independence of the Directors. And no such director is getting any remuneration.

25. RECONCILIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL:

A qualified Practicing Company Secretary carry out audit to reconcile the total admitted capital with the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed capital. Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report confirms that the total paid up capital was in agreement with the total number of shares in physical firm and the total number of dematerialized shares held with NSDL and CDSL.
Disclosure of certain types of agreements binding listed entities

26. INFORMATION DISCLOSED UNDER CLAUSE 5A OF PARAGRAPH A OF PART A OF SCHEDULE III OF THESE REGULATIONS: NIL

27. Details of material subsidiaries of the listed entity; including the date and place of incorporation and name and date of appointment of statutory auditors of such subsidiaries: Disclosed as AOC-1 and associates company details are disclosed in Auditors report.

For Concord Drugs Limited

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

Sd/-
S. Koni Reddy
Whole time Director & CFO
(DIN: 02829319)

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To,
The Members Of
CONCORD DRUGS LIMITED,

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by M/s. Concord Drugs Limited ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31, 2024, as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and para-C, D & E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations').

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to the review of procedures and implementation thereof, as adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and the representations made by the Directors and the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended on March 31, 2024.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 06.09.2024
Place: Hyderabad

For PSK & Associates

Sd/-
P Srikant Kumar
Proprietor
CP: 12871
PR Num: 5668/2024
UDIN: A034521F001139229

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
 The Members of
 M/s. Concord Drugs Limited, Hyderabad.

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Concord Drugs Limited having CIN:L24230TG1995PLC020093 and having registered office at Survey No.249, Brahmanapally Village, Hayatnagar Mandal, R.R.Dist-501511, India (herein after referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3)read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10 (i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers. We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2024 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of Appointment in Company
1.	Mr. S. Nagi Reddy	01764665	04/04/2003
2.	Mr. S. Koni Reddy	02829319	10/06/2011
3.	Mr. S. Manoj Kumar Reddy	06991382	13/08/2021
4.	Mr. Ramchandra Reddy Kommula	02285257	30/03/2019
5.	Mr. Nagavenkatahareeshkumar Solleti	09066790	13/02/2021
6.	Ms. Sumeela Kasu	09571540	01/06/2022

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 06.09.2024
 Place: Hyderabad

For PSK & Associates

Sd/-
 P Srikant Kumar
 Proprietor
 CP: 12871
 PR Num: 5668/2024
 UDIN: A034521F001139196

ANNEXURE – VI

Declaration on Code of Conduct as required by Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

I, S. Nagi Reddy, Chairman and Managing Director of the Company hereby declare that all the members of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with Code of Conduct, as applicable to them, in respect of the financial year 2023-24.

For Concord Drugs Limited

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 06.09.2024

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Chairman and Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

ANNEXURE – VII

Certification in respect of Financial Statements and Cash Flow Statement
(Pursuant to Regulation 17 (8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements),
Regulations, 2015
For the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024

We have reviewed the Financial Statements and the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2024 and we hereby certify and confirm to the best of our knowledge and belief the following:

- a. The Financial Statements and Cash Flow statement do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading.
- b. The Financial Statements and the Cash Flow Statement together present a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- c. There are no transactions entered in to by the Company during the year ended 31st March 2024 which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of Company's Code of Conduct.
- d. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for Financial Reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of these internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting. Deficiencies noted, if any, are discussed with the Auditors and Audit Committee, as appropriate, and suitable actions are taken to rectify the same.
- e. There have been no significant changes in the above-mentioned internal controls over financial reporting during the relevant period.
- f. That there have been no significant changes in the accounting policies during the relevant period.
- g. We have not noticed any significant fraud particularly those involving the, management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over Financial Reporting.

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 30.05.2024

Sd/-
S. Koni Reddy
Whole time Director & CFO
(DIN: 02829319)

Sd/-
S . Nagi Reddy
Chairman and Managing Director
(DIN: 01764665)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

To The Members of

M/s. Concord Drugs Limited.

Opinion

We have audited the Consolidated financial statements of Concord Drugs Limited (hereinafter referred to as “the Holding Company”),) and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as “the Group”) which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of Changes in Equity and the statement of Cash flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other Explanatory information (herein after referred to as “ the Consolidated financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the act read with the companies (Indian Accounting Standard s) Rules 2015 , as amended , (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of Consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters (‘KAM’) are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the Matter Described below to be the key audit matters Communicated in Our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of Consolidated Ind As financial statements financial statements section of our reports including in relation to these matters. Accordingly our audit include the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of risks of material mis statement of Consolidated Ind AS financial Statements the results of our audit Procedures , including the procedures prescribed to address the matters below provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated Ind AS Financial statements.

Key Audit Matters	How Our Audit Addressed the Key Audit matter
Identification and disclosures of Related Parties 1. The Company has related party transactions which include, amongst others, sale and purchase of	Our Audit procedures amongst others included the following. 1. Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over identification and disclosure of related

<p>Goods/services to its subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and other related parties and lending and borrowing to its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.</p> <p>2. We focused on identification and disclosure of related parties in accordance with relevant accounting standards as key audit matter.</p>	<p>Party Transactions.</p> <p>2. Obtained a list of related parties from the companies' management and traced the related parties to declaration given by the directors, where applicable, and to Note 2.4 of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.</p> <p>3. Read minutes of the Meeting of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.</p> <p>4. Tested material creditors/debtors, loan outstanding/ loans taken to evaluate existence of any related Party transactions given to the Board of Directors and audit committee.</p> <p>5. Evaluated the disclosures in the Consolidated Ind As Financial Statements for compliance with Ind AS 24.</p>
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Information other than the consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon.

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the management Discussion and Analysis. Board's report including Annexures to the Board's Report Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholders' Information, but does not include the Consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Managements and Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management and the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors in the Consolidate financial statements.

Conclude on the appropriateness of managements and Board of Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Consolidated balance sheet, the Consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, As amended. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us , the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with provisions of section 197 of the Act.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the pending litigations on its financial position in its Consolidated financial statements in Note No 2.2
 - ii. The Company has made provisions, as required under the applicable law or or Ind As or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any , on long-term contracts.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Company has not advanced any funds to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries other than those disclosed in the notes to accounts
 - v. The company has not received any funds from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries other than those disclosed in the notes to account.
 - vi. The reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1st April, 2023.

Based on our examination which included test checks, and as communicated by the respective auditors of the one subsidiary company, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies (Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") incorporated in India have used accounting software's for maintaining its books

of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective software's. Further, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not available at the database level to log any direct data changes for the accounting software used for maintaining the books of account of the Company.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 01st April, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024

- vii. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year

For Pundarikashyam and Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 011330S

(B Surya Prakasa Rao)
Partner
Membership No: 205125
Place: Hyderabad
Date: 30.05.2024
UDIN: 24205125BKADWC1039.

Annexure “1” to the Independent Auditors’ Report**Re: Concord Drugs Ltd (‘the Parent Company’)****In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:****3(xxi) There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Companies (Auditors Report) Order (CARO) reports of the Company and its subsidiary companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements.**

For Pundarikashyam and Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 011330S

Sd/-
(B Surya Prakasa Rao)
Partner
Membership No: 205125

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 30.05.2024
UDIN: 24205125BKADWC1039

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report of event date on the financial statement of Concord Drugs Limited.**Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

(Referred to in paragraph 1(A)(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements of Parent Company and its subsidiaries (the Parent Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") which are companies incorporated in India as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the Group Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements criteria established by the group Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors of Holding company and its subsidiary companies are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements. Those Consolidated and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated

financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements include those policies and procedures that

(1) pertains to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In Our Opinion, The holding company and its Subsidiary Companies have , in all material aspects, adequate internal financial controls System over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal stated in the Guidance note on Audit of internal Financial controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India.

For Pundarikashyam and Associates.
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 011330S

Sd/-
(B.Surya Prakasa Rao)
Partner

Membership No.205125.
UDIN : 24205125BKADWC1039.

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 30.05.2024

Statement of assets and Liabilities audited (Consolidated) as at 31st March 2024				Rs In lakhs
Particulars	Note	Consolidated		
		As At 31st March , 2024	As At March 31, 2023	
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	1,103.62	1,228.33	
(b) Capital Work-in Progress	3	163.05	92.09	
(b) Investment property	3	63.95	63.95	
(e) Goodwill	3	-	-	
Financial assets				
(a) Investments	4	84.06	89.36	
(b) Loans & Advances	4	4.46	3.73	
Other Non current assets	5	-	-	
Total Non - Current Assets		1,419.14	1,477.45	
Current Assets				
Inventories	7	2,292.31	2,006.47	
Financial assets		-	-	
(a) Investments		-	-	
(b) Trade receivables	6	1,982.67	1,581.01	
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	8	14.54	7.84	
(d) Bank balances other than (c) above	8	3.10	2.10	
(e) Other Current Financial Assets	9	4.69	14.04	
Other current assets	10	164.20	734.20	
Total Current assets		4,461.50	4,345.64	
Total Assets		5,880.64	5,823.10	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Equity share capital	11	1,000.00	931.55	
Other equity	12	2,381.78	2,238.88	
Total Equity		3,381.78	3,170.42	
Non-current liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
(a) Borrowings	13	64.54	191.13	
(b) Trade payables				
Deferred tax liabilities, net	14	47.33	53.68	
Provisions	15	252.88	246.38	
Government Grants	13	-	-	
Total Non-current liabilities		364.76	491.20	
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
(a) Borrowings	16	1,594.87	1,422.60	
(b) Trade payables	17	343.75	527.22	
(c) Other Current financial liabilities	18	92.46	82.74	
Current tax liabilities, net	15	22.34	38.12	
Other current liabilities	19	80.70	90.79	
Total Current liabilities		2,134.10	2,161.48	
		2,498.86	2,652.67	

Total liabilities

Total Equity and liabilities		5,880.64	5,823.10
For Pundarikashyam And Associates Chartered Accountants FRN- 011330s B.Surya Prakasa rao Partner Mno-205125 Place: Hyderabad Date : 30.05.2024 UDIN: 24205125BKADWC1039	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Concord Drugs Limited Sd/- S. Nagi Reddy Managing Director DIN:01764665 Sd/- Namratha Nagla Company Secretary	Sd/- Koni Reddy Seelam Executive Director DIN: 02829319	

Audited Statement of Consolidated Profit and Loss for the Period ended 31st March '24
Amount in Lakhs

	Particulars	Note	Consolidated	
			As at March 31 ,2024	As at March 31, 2023
I	Revenue from Operations			
	a. Net sales from Operations	20	4,492.45	5,208.06
II	Other Income	21	0.93	0.89
III	Total Revenue (I+II)		4,493.38	5,208.94
IV	Expenses			
	a. Cost of Material Consumed	22	3,109.82	4,116.16
	b. Changes in Inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	23	215.58	-15.67
	c. Employees Benefit Expenses	24	607.63	491.90
	d. Finance Costs	25	186.76	170.62
	e. Depreciation and Amortisation expense	3	155.54	162.56
	f. Other expenses	26	155.15	158.49
	Total Expenses		4,430.48	5,084.05
	Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional item and tax (III-IV)		62.90	124.89
V	Exceptional Items		-	
VI	Profit/ (Loss) before tax (V+VI)		62.90	124.89
VII	Tax Expense:		15.66	26.34
VIII	a. Current tax		22.01	37.87
	b. Deferred tax charge/credit		-6.36	-11.53
IX	Profit/ (Loss) for the period (VII-VIII)		47.24	98.55
X	Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	
	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the period) (IX+X)		47.24	98.55
XI	Paid-up equity share capital		1,000.00	931.55
	(Face value of the share- Rs. 10 each)			
XII	Earnings per share (of Rs. 10 each)			
XIII	a. Basic (in Rs)		0.47	1.06

b. Diluted (in Rs)	0.47	1.06
For Pundarikashyam And Associates Chartered Accountants FRN- 011330s Sd/- B.Surya Prakasa rao Partner Mno-205125 Place: Hyderabad Date : 30.05.2024 UDIN:24205125BKADWC1039	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Concord Drugs Limited Sd/- S. Nagi Reddy Managing Director DIN:01764665 Sd/- Namratha Nagla Company Secretary	Sd/- Koni Reddy Seelam Executive Director DIN: 02829319

Audited Consolidated Cash flow for the year ended 31.03.2024 Amount in Lakhs			
Particulars	As on 31st March, 2024		As at March 31, 2023
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit Before Tax		62.901	124.890
<i>Adjustments for:</i>			
<i>Profit on sale of ASSETS</i>			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	155.539		162.558
Finance costs	186.757		163.712
Interest income	-0.929		-0.603
Provision for Gratuity			
		341.367	325.667
Operating profit before working capital changes		404.268	450.557
<i>Changes in working capital:</i> (Refer Note 40)			
<i>Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:</i>			
Financial Assets			
Trade receivables	-401.660		1,287.924
Loans and Advances	-0.733		-0.543
Other Non Current assets			
Inventories	-285.835		-68.632
Other Current assets	570.000		-593.689
Other bank balances	-1.000		-
Other Current financial Assets	9.350		-3.960
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Trade payables	-183.473		-854.840
Borrowings			
Other current financial liabilities	9.713		3.940
Other current liabilities	-10.093		-22.960
Current tax liabilities, net	-15.786		-32.363
Provisions	6.500		38.744
Deferred tax on amalgamation			
Cash generated from operations		101.248	204.178
Net income tax paid		-22.013	-37.874
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)		79.236	166.304
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure on fixed assets, including capital advances (Refer Note (iii) below)	-101.79		-85.658
Proceeds from maturity of fixed deposits	-		-
Investment			
- Subsidiaries	-		-141.500
- Others	0.929		0.603
Net cash (used in) / flow from investing activities (B)		-100.864	-226.555
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	68.453		188.668
Finance costs	-186.757		-163.712
Repayment of Borrowings	-126.583		-3.456
Repayment of short term Borrowings	172.261		-15.577
Govt Grants			-
Other equity Adjustment	100.958		56.475
Net cash flow (used in) financing activities (C)		28.332	62.398
Net (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		6.704	2.147
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		7.836	5.689
Effect of exchange differences on translation of foreign currency Cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note (i) below)		14.54	7.836
* Comprises:			
Balances with Banks		13.71	0.001

Others		0.83		7.836
		14.54		7.836
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Concord Drugs Limited				
For Pundarikashyam And Associates Chartered Accountants FRN- 011330s				
Sd/-	Sd/-		Sd/-	
B.Surya Prakasa rao Partner Mno-205125 Place: Hyderabad Date : 30.05.2024 UDIN:24205125BKADWC1039	S. Nagi Reddy Managing Director DIN:01764665		Koni Reddy Seelam Executive Director DIN: 02829319	
	Sd/- Namratha Nagla Company Secretary			

Notes to Financial Statements

Group information

The consolidated financial statements of Concord Drugs Limited (“the Company”) together with its subsidiary (collectively referred as the ‘Group’ or the ‘consolidating entities’) are prepared with generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention and on an accrual basis of accounting.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

Basis of preparation and presentation and significant accounting policies.

Basis of Preparation.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting standards (Ind As), under historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the companies Act.2013 (“the Act”) (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS is prescribed under Section 133 of the Act. Read with Rule 3 of the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules Issued thereafter.

The following subsidiaries have been considered for the purpose preparation of consolidated financial statements.

Name of the consolidating entities	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Holding/Interest (%)	
		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Proton Remedies Private Limited	India	100.00	100.00

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.) which is also the Group company’s functional currency and the amounts have been rounded off to lakhs with two decimal places, unless otherwise stated. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumption are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively.

Current and non-current classification:

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current, when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

It is expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;

It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;

It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or

It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;

It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;

It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include the current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Significant Accounting Policies.

a) Inventories

Materials are valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, reduced by the estimated costs of completion and costs to affect the sale.

b) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, Taxes and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The group recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group company's activities as described below. The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of the goods are recognized when all the risks and rewards pertinent to the goods are transferred to the customer.

Interest Income:

Interest income is recognized as it accrues to the Group company using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend Income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

c) Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is measured at historical cost at each reporting period. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at deemed value historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. On the transition to Ind AS the Group company has elected to measure at its historical cost as at 1st April 2016 and use that historical cost as its deemed cost on that date for property, plant and equipment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets. The cost of the property, plant and equipment includes freight, installation cost, duties and non refundable taxes and other incidental expenses incurred during the acquisition, construction and installation of the respective assets. The company has not obtained the technical evaluation for recognizing the decommissioning cost of the property, plant and equipment installed.

Indirect expenditure including borrowing costs to the extent incidental to construction of property, plant and equipment incurred during the construction period will be allocated to the assets on commencement of commercial of commercial production.

Cost of assets not ready for intended use as on the balance sheet date, is recognized as capital work-in-progress. Capital work in Progress comprises the direct expenditure on acquisition of property plant and equipment that are not yet ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date. Other expenditure not relating to construction activity or incidental thereto is recognized in statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

If significant parts of an item of property plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of the said class of asset.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives after taking into account their estimated residual value.

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. The depreciation methods, useful life and residual value, are viewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively.

Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e., from (up to) the date on which the assets is ready for use (disposed off). For the assets costing less than Rs.5,000, based on internal assessment and materiality the management has estimated that the same shall be depreciated in the year of purchase.

Gains and losses arising from derecognition of property plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Derecognition:

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Impairment:

At each reporting date, management reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense immediately. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows., discounted to their present value using a pre tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

d) Employee benefits:**Defined contribution plans:**

The Group company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered funds as per local regulations. The Group company is not regular in depositing the Provident fund amount. For details please refer point no-vii of the Annexure- A to the auditor's report.

Defined benefit plan:

The Group company is required to provide for gratuity, defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. However the Group company has not obtained Independent actuarial valuation to provide the liability in the books. The company has provided for the Gratuity liability on an Adhoc basis and hence the actuarial gains or loss is not effected in the Other Comprehensive Income of the statement of profit and loss.

Further the company has not provided for the liability towards the Leave encashment of the employees.

e) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs are interest and other cost incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

f) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the equity shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares and the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

g) Financial Instruments:**Recognition and initial measurement**

Trade receivables are initially recognized when they are originated. Trade receivables are measured

on initial recognition at the transaction price. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Further the Working Capital loans, Trade receivables and Trade payables carrying values presented in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Classification and subsequent measurement: Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

Amortised cost

FVOCI – Debt investment

FVTPL – equity investment

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the year the company changes its business model for managing financial assets. A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL

The asset is held within business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL

The asset is held within business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investments fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI-equity investment). This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

Financial assets : Business Model assessment

The Group company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to the management. The information considered includes.

how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management

the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;

how managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and

the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about the future sales activity

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments for principal and interest.

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

Contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;

Terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;

Prepayment and extension features; and

Terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. on recourse features)

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the

prepayment amount is substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract.

Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest and dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss

Financial assets at amortized cost:

These assets are measured at amortized cost using effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss

Debt investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Derecognition

Financial assets

The group Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the company neither transfer nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet, but retains all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred asset, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Financial liabilities

The Group company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and its cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment

The Group Company recognizes the loss allowances for:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost; and
- financial assets measured at FVOCI-debt investment

At each reporting date, the company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have

occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit –impaired includes the following observable data.

Significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer,

The restructuring of a loan or advance by the company on terms that the company would not consider otherwise;

It is probable that the borrower will enter the bankruptcy or the financial reorganization; or

The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties

The company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses.

Debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and

Other debt securities and the bank balances for which credit risk (i.e the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for the trade receivable are always measured at an amount equal to expected lifetime credit losses. Life time expected credit losses are the credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Measurement and presentation of allowances for expected credit losses:

Expected credit losses are a probability- weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the company expects to receive)

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and recognized in OCI.

Write off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred Tax

Deferred income taxes is recognized, subject to the consideration of prudence on timing differences, being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Where the Company has carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation or tax losses deferred tax assets are recognized only if it is virtually certain backed by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable profits.

Cash Flow Statement:

i. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank over drafts. Bank over drafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

Measurement of earnings before interest, tax and depreciation (EBIDT)

As permitted by schedule III of the companies Act, 2013, the company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax and depreciation (EBIDT) as a separate line item on the face of the statement of profit and loss. The company measures EBIDT on the basis of profit/loss from continuing operations. In its measurement, the company has not included the depreciation expenses, finance cost, tax expense and other income.

Events occurring after the balance sheet date:

Impact of events occurring after the balance sheet date that provide additional information materially affecting the determination of the amounts relating to conditions existing at the balance sheet are adjusted to respective assets.

Contingent Liabilities and commitments :

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non- occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Critical estimates and judgments:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates and the management needs to exercise judgment in applying the accounting estimates and policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Details of dues to Micro and Small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2016

The Management has identified enterprises which have provided goods and services of the company and which qualify under the definition of Micro and Small enterprises, as defined under Micro and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2024 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the company. Further in the view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material.

The company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

Rs. in Lakhs

Sl no	Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
a)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting period;	NIL	NIL
b)	The amount of interest paid by the Company along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period;	NIL	NIL

c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	NIL	NIL
d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the period;	NIL	NIL
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	NIL	NIL

Related party disclosures:

a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship:

Key managerial personnel	Nagireddy Seelam (MD) Konireddy seelam
Directors	S Manoj Kumar Reddy Ramchandra Reedy Panthamvar Nagavenkata hareesh Kumar Solleti Summela Kasu

Earnings Per share (EPS):

The computation of earnings per share is set out below

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March 2024	Year ended 31 st March 2023
Earnings (Amt in Rs.):		
Profit/Loss as per the statement	47.24	98.55
Shares:		
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	100.00	93.15
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	100.00	93.15
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year-Basic and Additional	100.00	93.15
Earnings per share in Rs. Par value Rs.10 per share:		
Basic and diluted	0.47	1.06

Income taxes relating to continuing operations:
Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March, 2024	Year end 31 st Mar ch, 2023
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	22.01	37.87
In respect of the prior year	-	-
	22.01	37.87
Deferred Tax		
In respect of the current year	-6.36	-11.53
	-6.36	-11.53

Segment Reporting:

The Company is engaged in the manufacture of pharmaceutical Formulations.

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Total
Sales	4492.45
Profit before interest & Depreciation	398.95
Depreciation	155.54
Interest	180.51
Profit Before Tax	62.90
Profit From Exceptional Items	-
Profit Before Tax Including Exceptional Item	62.90
Taxes	15.66
Profit After Tax	47.24

Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever if thought necessary in conformity with the current year groupings. Paise have been rounded off to the nearest rupee. Notes on financial statements, Cash Flow Statement and statement on accounting policies form an integral part of the balance sheet and statement and statement of profit & loss.

For Pundarikashyam and
 Associates
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN- 011330s

Sd/-
 B.Surya Prakasa rao Partner
 Mno-205125
 Place: Hyderabad
 Date : 30.05.2024
 UDIN:24205125BKADWC1039

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
 Concord Drugs Limited

Sd/-	Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy	Koni Reddy Seelam
Managing Director	Executive Director
DIN:01764665	DIN: 02829319

Sd/-
 Namratha Nagla
 Company Secretary

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March,2024

	Financial Assets	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
4	Non Current Investments		
(a)	Un quoted Equity Shares		
	No current Investment	84.06	89.36
4	Loans and Advances		
(b)	Security Deposits	4.46	3.73
(c)	Loans and advances to related parties (Refer footnote 1)		
	Other Loans & Advances		
	Advance tax and tax deducted at source [Net of provision for income tax of Rs. ABC (previous year Rs. XYZ)]		
(a)	Staff Advances	-	-
(b)	VAT credit receivable	-	-
(c)	Others	-	-
	Total	4.46	3.73
5	Other Non current assets	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
(a)	(Unsecured, considered good, unless stated otherwise) Capital advances		
	Secured, considered good		
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Doubtful		
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances		
(b)	advances to suppliers		
	Total	-	-
6	Trade receivables	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
(a)	Outstanding for a period less than six months from the date they are due for payment		
	Secured, considered good		
	Unsecured, considered good	1,982.67	1,581.01
	Unsecured, considered doubtful		
		1,982.67	1,581.01
	Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	-	-
		1,982.67	1,581.01
(b)	Others		
	Secured, considered good		
	Unsecured, considered good	-	-
	Unsecured, considered doubtful	-	-
		-	-
	Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	-	-
		-	-
	Total Trade receivables (I+II)	1,982.67	1,581.01
7	Inventories	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
	(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value, unless stated other wise)		
(a)	Raw materials and components	474.40	496.35
(b)	Work-in-progress	454.83	414.34
(c)	Finished goods	391.04	683.62
(d)	Packing Materials	972.04	412.16
	Total Inventories	2,292.31	2,006.47
8	Cash and bank balances	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balances with banks		
(a)	In current accounts	-	0.00
(b)	Cash on hand	14.54	7.84
	Total cash and cash equivalents	14.54	7.84
(c)	Balances with banks other than above	3.10	2.10
	Total Cash and bank balances	17.64	9.94

9	Other current financial Asset	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
(a)	(Unsecured, considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
(b)	Security Deposits	4.69	14.04
	Other Advances (Imprest Cash)		-
	Total	4.69	14.04
10	Other Current Assets	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
(a)	Advances to Suppliers	149.05	707.75
(b)	Advance Tax		
(c)	TDS Receivable	2.50	0.99
(d)	MAT Credit		
(e)	Other Current Assets	5.94	4.76
(f)	GST Inputs	6.71	20.70
	Total	164.20	734.20

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March 2024.

11	Equity Share capital	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
	The Company has only one class of share capital having a par value of Rs. 10 per share, referred to herein as equity shares.		
(i)	Authorised 1,10,00,000 (previous year 1,10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,100.00	1,100.00
(ii)	Issued, subscribed and paid up 10000000 (previous year 8743750) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid	1,000.00	931.55
	Total	1,000.00	931.55
(a)	Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year	As At 31-Mar-2024	
		As At 31-Mar-2023	
		No. of Shares	Amount
		No. of Shares	Amount
	Outstanding at the beginning of the year	93.15	931.50
	Add: Issued during the year	6.85	68.50
	Outstanding at the end of the year	100.00	1,000.00
		87.44	874.38
		5.71	57.10
		93.15	931.48

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year ended 31st March 2023, no dividend is recognized as distributions to equity shareholders.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Shares held by holding company/ultimate holding company and/ or their subsidiaries/associates	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
Name of the Holding Limited, the holding company (31st March 2024: No Holding Limited) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	Nil	Nil
Name of the ultimate holding company, the ultimate holding company (31st March 2024: No Ultimate Holding Company) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	Nil	Nil
Name of other Subsidiaries/Associate Company, subsidiary/associate company (31st March 2024: No Subsidiary/Associate Company) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting	Nil	Nil
Equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of securities premium	Nil	Nil
Equity shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to contracts for consideration other than cash	Nil	Nil
Equity shares bought back by the company		Nil

Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As At 31-Mar-2024		As At 31-Mar-2023	
	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Koni Reddy Seelam	10.00	10.00%	10.00	10.74%
Nagi Reddy Seelam	29.13	29.13%	25.70	27.59%
S.Manoj Reddy	16.28	16.28%	12.86	13.80%

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March 2024.

12	Reserves and surplus	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
(a)	Capital Reserves		
	Opening balance	41.00	41.00
	Add: Current year transfer from		-
	Less: Utilisation on account of / Transfer to		
	Closing balance	41.00	41.00
(b)	Surplus/(deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Opening balance	1,439.91	1,350.68
	Add: Net Profit/(Net Loss) for the current year	47.24	98.55
	Less : Subsidiary company net Identifiabal adjustment	5.30	9.33
		-	-
(c)	Closing balance	1,481.85	1,439.91
	Securities premium	858.93	701.50
	Total Reserves and surplus	2,381.78	2,182.40
	Share Warrants Money	-	56.48
	Total Other equity	2,381.78	2,238.88

Non Current Liabilities
Financial Liabilities - Borrowings

	Particulars	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
(a)	Secured		
	Term loans		
(b)	from banks	64.54	271.16
	Interest Free Sales Tax Loan	-	2.71
(a)	Unsecured		
	Loans and advances from related parties		
	Total long term borrowings including its current maturities	64.54	273.87
	Less: Amount disclosed under the head "Other current liabilities" (refer note 18)		82.74
	Total current maturities of long term borrowings	64.54	191.13
	Un secured loan from Directors Grpd as Other equity		-
	Adjustment of Interest Free Sales Tax loan(recognised as Government Grants)		
	Total	64.54	191.13

Deferred tax liabilities/(asset) (Net)

	Particulars	As At 31-Mar-2024	As At 31-Mar-2023
(a)	Opening Deferred Tax Liability		
	For The Year	47.33	53.68
	Total	47.33	53.68

Provisions

(a) (b)	Particulars	As At 31-Mar- 2024		As At 31-Mar- 2023	
		Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
	Provision for Creditor for Capital Expenses	-	-	-	-
	Other provisions (Specify nature)	-	-	-	-
	Provision for Income tax	195.88	22.34	198.88	38.12
	Provision for gratuity	57.00	9.50	47.50	9.50
	Total Provisions	252.88	31.84	246.38	47.62

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March 2024.
Borrowings

(a)	Particulars	As At	As At
		31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Secured		
	Loans repayable on demand from banks	1,594.87	1,422.60
	Total Short -term borrowings	Total 1,594.87	1,422.60

Trade payables

(a)	Particulars	As At	As At
		31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Non Current		
	Trade payables		-
	Current	343.75	527.2
	Trade payables		2
	Total	343.75	527.22

Other current Financial Liabilities

(a)	Particulars	As At	As At
		31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Current maturities of long-term debts	92.46	82.74
	Total	92.46	82.74

Other current liabilities

(a) (b) (c) (d)	Particulars	As At	As At
		31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Provision for Expenses	45.51	47.30
	Advance Received from Customers	15.76	18.23
	ESI,PF, Other taxes Payable	8.14	14.44
	TDS & GST Payable	1.78	1.32
	Total	71.20	81.29

20	Revenue from operations	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2024	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2023
	Sale of products Finished goods Revenue from operations (Gross)	4,492.45 4,492.45	5,208.06 5,208.06
	Total	4,492.45	5,208.06

21	Other income	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2024	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2023
	Interest income	0.92	0.60
	Miscellaneous income	0.01	0.28
	Total 0.93		0.89

22	Cost of raw material consumed	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2024	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2023
	Raw material consumed		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year (Includes Goods in transit)	496.35	503.38
	Add : Purchases during the year	2,950.12	2,691.59
	Add : Manufacturing Costs (Electricity & Labour)	74.35	125.83
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year (Include Goods-in transit)	474.40	496.35
	Cost of raw material consumed (I)	3,046.42	2,824.45
	Packing material consumed (if considered as part of raw material)		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	412.16	329.65
	Add : Purchases during the year	667.41	1,271.07
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	453.89	412.16
	Cost of packing material consumed (II)	625.68	1,188.57
	Finished Goods Consumed		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	346.92	450.06
	Add : Purchases during the year	-	-
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	909.19	346.92
	Cost of other material consumed (III)	-562.27	103.14
	Total raw material consumed (I+II+III)	3,109.82	4,116.16

23	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2024	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2023
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in trade		
	Inventories at the beginning of the year:		
	Work in progress	670.41	654.75
		670.41	654.75
	Inventories at the end of the year:		
	Work in progress	454.83	670.41
		454.83	670.41

	(Increase)/decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	215.58	-15.67
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24	Employee benefits expense	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2024	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2023
	Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	481.29	363.94
	Directors Remuneration	108.00	108.00
	Contribution to provident and other funds	10.75	10.22
	Staff welfare expenses	7.59	9.73
	Total	607.63	491.90
25	Finance cost	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2024	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2023
	On bank loan	181.72	163.38
	Bank charges	5.03	7.24
	Total	186.76	170.62
26	Other Expenses	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2024	For the Year Ended 31-Mar-2023
	Repairs and maintenance		
	Plant & machinery	6.74	7.60
	Others	1.57	2.58
	Vehicle Maintenance	16.55	28.11
	Insurance	4.69	5.14
	Listing Fees	3.25	3.00
	Travelling, Boarding & Lodging Expenses	4.36	2.97
	Freight & Transportation Expenses	14.21	15.22
	Legal & Professional Charges	10.02	14.17
	Printing & Stationery	8.64	13.61
	Registration & Renewals	16.70	15.75
	Telephone Charges	2.17	1.26
	Factory Maintenance Expenses	23.02	20.83
	Miscellaneous	11.68	6.31
	Security Chargers	9.89	7.48
	Design & Advertisement	1.09	3.54
	Packing And Forwarding Expenses-Purchases	0.54	1.48
	SEBI PENALTY	15.00	-
	Penalty , Late Fee & Interest Chages	5.03	9.45
	Total	155.15	158.49

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To The Members of

M/s. Concord Drugs Limited.

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Concord Drugs Limited (“the Company”), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of Changes in Equity and the statement of Cash flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other Explanatory information (herein after referred to as “ the stand alone financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the act read with the companies (Indian Accounting Standard s) Rules 2015 , as amended , (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters (‘KAM’) are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the Matter Described below to be the key audit matters Communicated in Our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of standalone Ind As financial statements financial statements section of our reports including in relation to these matters. Accordingly our audit include the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of risks of material mis statement of standalone Ind AS financial Statements the results of our audit Procedures , including the procedures prescribed to address the matters below provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone Ind AS Financial statements.

Key Audit Matters	How Our Audit Addressed the Key Audit matter
Identification and disclosures of Related Parties 3. The Company has related party transactions which include, amongst others , sale and purchase of Goods/services to its subsidiaries ,	Our Audit procedures amongst others included the following. 6. Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over identification and disclosure of related Party Transactions. 7. Obtained a list of related parties from the companies’ management and traced the related parties to

<p>associates , joint ventures and other related parties and lending and borrowing to its subsidiaries , associates and joint ventures .</p> <p>4. We focused on identification and disclosure of related parties in accordance with relevant accounting standards as key audit matter.</p>	<p>declaration given by the directors, where applicable, and to Note 2.4 of the standalone Ind AS financial statements.</p> <p>8. Read minutes of the Meeting of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.</p> <p>9. Tested material creditors/debtors, loan outstanding/ loans taken to evaluate existence of any related Party transactions given to the Board of Directors and audit committee.</p> <p>10. Evaluated the disclosures in the standalone Ind As financial Statements for compliance with Ind AS 24.</p>
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Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor’s Report thereon.

The Company’s management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the management Discussion and Analysis. Board’s report including Annexures to the Board’s Report Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholders’ Information , but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors’ report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Managements and Board of Directors’ Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company’s management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management and the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company’s financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors in the standalone financial statements.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's and Board of Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

3. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order
4. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (i) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (j) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (k) The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (l) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - (m) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (n) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"
 - (o) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, As amended. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us , the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with provisions of section 197 of the Act.
 - (p) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - viii. The Company has disclosed the pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements in Note No 2.2
 - ix. The Company has made provisions, as required under the applicable law or or Ind As or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any , on long-term contracts.
 - x. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - xi. The Company has not advanced any funds to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries other than those disclosed in the notes to accounts
 - xii. The company has not received any funds from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries other than those disclosed in the notes to account
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, audit trail feature is not enabled for direct changes to database when using certain access rights, as described in note 2.8 to the financial statements. Further, during the course of our

audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, in respect of accounting software(s) where the audit trail has been enabled.

vii. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year

For Pundarikashyam and Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 011330S

(B Surya Prakasa Rao)
Partner
Membership No: 205125
Place: Hyderabad
Date: 30.05.2024
UDIN: 24205125BKADWB8180.

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024, we report the following:

1. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.

(b) The property, plant and equipment were physically verified during the year by the management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the property, plant and equipment at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification

(c) According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures performed by us, the title deeds of immovable properties included in property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company.

(d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant & Equipment or intangible assets or both during the year

(e) No Proceedings have been initiated against the company for the holding of benami property under benami Transactions (prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder and the details have been appropriately disclosed in the financial statements
2. (a) As informed by the company, the physical verification of inventory excluding Stock with third parties has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management. However the physical verification report has not been shared with us.

(b) The quarterly returns/Statements Filed by the company with banks/ financial institutions are in agreement with the books of the Company
3. The company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, LLPs, or any other parties
4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities given have been complied with by the Company.
5. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit during the year within the meaning of Sections 73 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2013.
6. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, related to the manufacture of specified products of the Company and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same
7. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Services tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and any other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues sales tax, service tax and value added tax, Goods and Service tax, wealth tax, duty of customs and cess which have not been deposited with appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However according to the information and explanations given to us, the following dues of income tax, have not been deposited by the company on account of disputes:

Particulars	Demand U/S	Period to which the amount relates	From Where the dispute is pending	Amount in Rs.	Previous Year	Present status
Income Tax Act, 1961	143(3)	A.Y 2011-12	Assessing Officer	2,58,82,270	2,58,82,270	The case been remanded to the Assessing officer by the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal(ITAT), Hyderabad directing the AO to allow the deduction after his due verification. AO is yet to delete the addition vide order dated 31.01.2020

8. There are no transactions that are not recorded in the books of accounts to be surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act 1961
9. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has no outstanding dues to any financial institutions or banks or any government or any debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (viii) of the order is not applicable
- (b) the Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) The term loans have been utilized for the purposes for which they were obtained
- (d) the funds raised on a short term basis have not been utilized for long term Purposes
- (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligation of its subsidiaries or joint ventures
- (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates companies
10. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) The company has made preferential allotments during the year

Details of Allotment of shares is as follows.

Name	No of Shares as on 31.03.2024	Shares as on 31.03.2023	Shares allotted
S.Nagi Reddy	29,12,524	25,70,259	3,42,265
S.Manoj Reddy	16,28,125	12,85,860	3,42,265
Total	45,40,649	38,56,119	5,71,720

11. (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year

(b) No report under Sub –Section (12) of section 143 of the Companies act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 with the Central Government

c) No whistle-blower complaints received during the year by the Company

12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the order is not applicable to the Company

13. The transactions entered into with related parties are in compliance with section 177 & 188 of The Companies Act 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards

14. The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business and the reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit has been considered

15. The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with directors, during the year

16. i) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

ii) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

iii) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined under the Regulations by the Reserve Bank of India.

iv) The group does not have any core investment Company.

17. The company has not incurred cash losses in the Financial Year and in the immediately preceding Financial Year.

18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year hence this clause is not applicable to the company.

19. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities , other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities

existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date

20. (i) Second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act is not applicable to the company
(ii) Provisions of sub section (6) of section 135 of the said Act is not applicable to the company
21. There are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements

For Pundarikashyam and Associates,
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 011330S.

Sd/-
B. Surya Prakasa Rao
Partner
Membership No. 205125
UDIN: 24205125BKADWB8180

Place: Hyderabad.

Date: 30.05.2024.

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report of event date on the financial statement of Concord Drugs Limited.**Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

(Referred to in paragraph 1(A)(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Concord Drugs Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that

(1) pertains to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In Our Opinion, The Company has, in all material aspects, adequate internal financial controls System over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal stated in the Guidance note on Audit of internal Financial controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India.

For Pundarikashyam and Associates.
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 011330S

(B.Surya Prakasa Rao)
Partner

Membership No.205125.
UDIN : 24205125BKADWB8180.

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 30.05.2024

Statement of standalone assets and Liabilities (audited) as on 31st March 2024 Rs in Lakhs			
Particulars	Note	As on 31st March 2024	As on March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	1,098.64	1,221.64
(b) Capital Work-in Progress	3	163.05	92.09
(b) Investment property	3	63.95	63.95
Financial assets			
(a) Investments		161.50	141.50
(b) Loans & Advances	4	4.46	3.73
Other Non current assets	4		
Total Non - Current Assets	5	1,491.61	1,522.90
Current Assets			
Inventories		1,849.93	1,750.40
Financial assets			
(a) Investments	7		
(b) Trade receivables		2,106.95	1,635.42
(c) Cash and cash equivalents		13.71	7.52
(d) Bank balances other than (c) above	6	3.10	2.10
(e) Other Current Financial Assets	8	4.69	14.04
Other current assets	9	159.84	730.98
Total Current assets	10	4,138.21	4,140.46
Total Assets		5,629.82	5,663.37
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital		1,000.00	931.55
Other equity		2,381.78	2,238.88
Total Equity		3,381.78	3,170.42
Non-current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
(a) Borrowings	12	2.67	101.71
(b) Trade payables			
Deferred tax liabilities, net		48.15	54.48
Provisions	13	252.88	246.38
Government Grants			-
Total Non-current liabilities	14	303.70	402.57
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(a) Borrowings	13	1,398.13	1,378.47
(b) Trade payables		354.67	514.52
(c) Other Current financial liabilities		92.46	82.74
Current tax liabilities, net	16	20.24	34.77
Other current liabilities	17	78.85	79.86
Total Current liabilities		1,944.34	2,090.37

	18		
Total liabilities	19	2,248.04	2,492.94
Total Equity and liabilities		5,629.82	5,663.37
		5,629.82	5,663.37
For Pundarikashyam And Associates Chartered Accountants FRN- 011330s Sd/- B.Surya Prakasa rao Partner Mno-205125 Place: Hyderabad Date : 30.05.2024 UDIN: 24205125BKADWB8180		For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Concord Drugs Limited Sd/- S. Nagi Reddy Managing Director DIN:01764665 Sd/- Namratha Nagla Company Secretary Sd/- Koni Reddy Seelam Executive Director DIN: 02829319	

Audited Statement Of Standalone Profit and Loss for the Period ended 31st March'24 Rs in Lakhs

	Particulars	Note	As on 31st March' 2024	As at March 31, 2023
I	Revenue from Operations			
	a. Net sales from Operations	20	4,326.07	5,131.43
II	Other Income	21	0.93	0.89
III	Total Revenue (I+II)		4,327.00	5,132.31
IV	Expenses			
	a. Cost of Material Consumed	22	3,370.81	4,035.53
	b. Changes in Inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	23	-40.49	51.56
	c. Employees Benefit Expenses	24	495.04	463.42
	d. Finance Costs	25	158.98	162.45
	e. Depreciation and Amortisation expense	3	153.82	160.25
	f. Other expenses	26	132.99	146.56
	Total Expenses		4,271.16	5,019.76
	Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional item and tax (III-IV)		55.84	112.56
V	Exceptional Items		-	-
VI	Profit/ (Loss) before tax (V+VI)		55.84	112.56
VII	Tax Expense:		13.90	23.34
VIII	a. Current tax		20.24	34.77
	b. Deferred tax charge/credit		-6.34	-11.43
IX	Profit/ (Loss) for the period (VII-VIII)		41.94	89.22
X	Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the period) (IX+X)		41.94	89.22
XI	Paid-up equity share capital (Face value of the share- Rs. 10 each)		1,000.00	931.55
XII	Earnings per share (of Rs. 10 each)			
XIII	a. Basic (in Rs)		0.42	0.96
	b. Diluted (in Rs)		0.42	0.96

For Pundarikashyam And Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN- 011330s
Sd/-
B.Surya Prakasa
raoPartner
Mno-205125
Place:
HyderabadDate
: 30.05.2024
UDIN:24205125BKADWB8180

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Concord Drugs Limited

Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy
Managing Director
DIN:01764665
Sd/-
Namratha Nagla
Company Secretary

Sd/-
Koni Reddy Seelam
Executive Director
DIN: 02829319

Statement Audited Standalone Cash flow for the year ended 31st March, 2024		Rs in Lakhs	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit Before Tax	55.838		112.557
<i>Adjustments for :</i>			
<i>Profit on sale of ASSETS</i>			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	153.823	160.25	
Finance costs	158.982	155.54	
Interest income	-0.929	-0.60	
Provision for Gratuity			
	311.876		315.19
Operating profit before working capital changes	367.714		427.74
<i>Changes in working capital: (Refer Note 40)</i>			
<i>Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:</i>			
Financial Assets			
Trade receivables	-471.528	650.43	
Loans and Advances	-0.733	-0.54	
Other Non Current assets			
Inventories	-99.525	-1.41	
Other Current assets	571.137	-593.37	
Other bank balances	-1.000	-	
Other Current financial Assets	9.350	-3.96	
<i>Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:</i>			
Trade payables	-159.859	-203.36	
Borrowings			
Other current financial liabilities	9.713	3.94	
Other current liabilities	-1.014	-25.86	
Current tax liabilities, net	-14.531	-32.36	
Provisions	6.500	38.00	
Deferred tax on amalgamation			
Cash generated from operations	216.223		259.25
Net income tax paid	-20.237		-34.77
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	195.986		224.48
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure on fixed assets, including capital advances (Refer Note (iii) below)	-101.79	-85.66	
Proceeds from maturity of fixed deposits Investment			
- Subsidiaries	-20.000	-141.50	
- Others	0.929	0.60	
Net cash (used in) / flow from investing activities (B)	-120.864		-226.56
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	68.453	188.67	
Finance costs	-158.982	-155.54	
Repayment of Borrowings	-99.035	-67.74	
Repayment of short term Borrowings	19.658	-16.70	
Govt Grants	-	-	
Other equity Adjustment	100.968	56.48	
Net cash flow (used in) financing activities (C)	-68.938		5.16
Net (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	6.185		3.08
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of	7.525		4.44

the year			
Effect of exchange differences on translation of foreign currency Cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note (i) below)		13.71	7.52
* Comprises:			
Balances with Banks		0.00	0.00
Others		13.71	7.52
		13.71	7.52
For Pundarikashyam And Associates Chartered Accountants FRN- 011330s Sd/- B.Surya Prakasa rao Partner Mno-205125 Place: Hyderabad Date : 30.05.2024 UDIN:24205125BKADWB8180	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Concord Drugs Limited Sd/- S. Nagi Reddy Managing Director DIN:01764665 Sd/- Namratha Nagla Company Secretary Sd/- Koni Reddy Seelam Executive Director DIN: 02829319		

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Corporate information.

Concord Drugs Limited ("the Company ") the company was incorporated on 24th April, 1995. The principal activity of the company is to manufacture licensed drugs based on the formulations approved. The company is Listed only in the India and operating from only one geographical location.

2. Basis of preparation and presentation and significant accounting policies.

2.1 Basis of Preparation.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting standards (Ind As), under historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the companies Act.2013 ("the Act") (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS is prescribed under Section 133 of the Act. Read with Rule 3 of the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules Issued thereafter.

2.1.a Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.) which is also the company's functional currency and the amounts have been rounded off to lakhs with two decimal places, unless otherwise stated.

2.1.b Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumption are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively.

2.1. Current and non-current classification:

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current, when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include the current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.2. Significant Accounting Policies.

a Inventories

Materials are valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, reduced by the estimated costs of completion and costs to affect the sale.

b Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, Taxes and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Company recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities as described below. The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of the goods are recognized when all the risks and rewards pertinent to the goods are transferred to the customer.

Interest Income:

Interest income is recognized as it accrues to the company using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend Income:

Dividend Income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

c Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is measured at historical cost at each reporting period. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at deemed value historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. On the transition to Ind AS the company has elected to measure at its historical cost as at 1st April 2016 and use that historical cost as its deemed cost on that date for property, plant and equipment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets. The cost of the property, plant and equipment includes freight, installation cost, duties and non refundable taxes and other incidental expenses incurred during the acquisition, construction and installation of the respective assets. The company has not obtained the technical evaluation for recognizing the decommissioning cost of the property, plant and equipment installed.

Indirect expenditure including borrowing costs to the extent incidental to construction of property, plant and equipment incurred during the construction period will be allocated to the assets on commencement of commercial of commercial production.

Cost of assets not ready for intended use as on the balance sheet date, is recognized as capital work-in- progress. Capital work in Progress comprises the direct expenditure on acquisition of property plant and equipment that are not yet ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date. Other expenditure not relating to construction activity or incidental thereto is recognized in statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

If significant parts of an item of property plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of the said class of asset.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives after taking into account their estimated residual value.

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimates useful lives. The depreciation methods, useful life and residual value, are viewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively.

Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e., from (up to) the date on which the assets is ready for use (disposed off). For the assets costing less than Rs.5,000, based on internal assessment and materiality the management has estimated that the same shall be depreciated in the year of purchase.

Gains and losses arising from derecognition of property plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Derecognition:

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Impairment:

At each reporting date, management reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense immediately. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows., discounted to their present value using a pre tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

d. Employee benefits:

i) **Defined contribution plans:**

The company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered funds as per local regulations. The company is not regular in depositing the Provident fund amount. For details please refer point no-vii of the Annexure- A to the auditor's report.

ii) **Defined benefit plan:**

The company is required to provide for gratuity, defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. However the company has not obtained Independent actuarial valuation to provide the liability in the books. The company has provided for the Gratuity liability on an Adhoc basis and hence the actuarial gains or loss is not effected in the Other Comprehensive Income of the statement of profit and loss.

Further the company has not provided for the liability towards the Leave encashment of the employees.

e. Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs are interest and other cost incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are

expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

f. Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the equity shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares and the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

g. Financial Instruments:

i. Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognized when they are originated. Trade receivables are measured on initial recognition at the transaction price. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Further the Working Capital loans, Trade receivables and Trade payables carrying values presented in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

ii. Classification and subsequent measurement: Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortised cost
- FVOCI – Debt investment
- FVTPL – equity investment

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the year the company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL

- The asset is held within business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL

- The asset is held within business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investments fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI-equity investment). This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

Financial assets : Business Model assessment

The company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to the management. The information considered includes.

- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets

held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;

- how managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about the future sales activity

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets. Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments for principal and interest.

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- Contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- Terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- Prepayment and extension features; and
- Terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. on recourse features)

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount is substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract.

Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest and dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss

Financial assets at amortized cost:

These assets are measured at amortized cost using effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss

Debt investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

iii. Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the company neither transfer nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet, but retains all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred asset, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Financial liabilities

The company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and its cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment

The Company recognizes the loss allowances for:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost; and
- financial assets measured at FVOCI-debt investment

At each reporting date, the company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit –impaired includes the following observable data.

- Significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer,
- The restructuring of a loan or advance by the company on terms that the company would not consider otherwise;
- It is probable that the borrower will enter the bankruptcy or the financial reorganization; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties

The company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses.

- Debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other debt securities and the bank balances for which credit risk (i.e the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for the trade receivable are always measured at an amount equal to expected lifetime credit losses. Life time expected credit losses are the credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Measurement and presentation of allowances for expected credit losses:

Expected credit losses are a probability- weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the company expects to receive)

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and recognized in OCI.

Write off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

h. Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred Tax

Deferred income taxes is recognized, subject to the consideration of prudence on timing differences, being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Where the Company has carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation or tax losses deferred tax assets are recognized only if it is virtually certain backed by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable profits.

i. Cash Flow Statement:

i. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank over drafts. Bank over drafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

j. Measurement of earnings before interest, tax and depreciation (EBIDT)

As permitted by schedule III of the companies Act, 2013, the company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax and depreciation (EBIDT) as a separate line item on the face of the statement of profit and loss. The company measures EBIDT on the basis of profit/loss from continuing operations. In its measurement, the company has not included the depreciation expenses, finance cost, tax expense and other income.

k. Events occurring after the balance sheet date:

Impact of events occurring after the balance sheet date that provide additional information materially affecting the determination of the amounts relating to conditions existing at the balance sheet are adjusted to respective assets.

l. Contingent Liabilities and commitments :

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

m. Critical estimates and judgments:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates and the management needs to exercise judgment in applying the accounting estimates and policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Pending Litigations:

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of sales tax, service tax and value added tax, wealth tax, duty of customs and cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However, accordingly to information and explanations given to us, the following dues of income tax, have not been deposited by the company on account of disputes.

Rs. in Lakhs					
Particulars	Demand U/S	Period to which The amount Relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	As at 31 st March 2024	As at 31 st March 2023
Income tax Act, 1961	143(3)	A.Y.2011-12	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)-II	258.83	258.83

Auditor's Remuneration:

Professional & consultancy charges include the remuneration paid (including service tax/GST) to auditors as follows:

Particulars	Rs. In Lakhs	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Statutory audit fees	4.00	4.00

2.3 Details of dues to Micro and Small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2016

The Management has identified enterprises which have provided goods and services of the company and which qualify under the definition of Micro and Small enterprises, as defined under Micro and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2023 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the company. Further in the view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material.

The company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

SI no	Particulars	Rs. in Lakhs	
		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
a)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting period;	NIL	NIL
b)	The amount of interest paid by the Company along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period;	NIL	NIL
c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	NIL	NIL
d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the period;	NIL	NIL
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	NIL	NIL

2.4 Related party disclosures:
a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship:

Subsidiary Companies	Proton Remedies Private limited
Associates' companies controlled by key management Personnel/ relatives who are substantially interested	Orange Bio pharmaceuticals private limited Cortex laboratories Private Limited Seelam laboratories Private Limited Continental Pellets Pharma Private Limited Harini Pack Private Limited
Key managerial personnel	Nagireedy Seelam (MD) Konireddy seelam
Directors	S Manoj Kumar Reddy Ramchandra Reedy kommula Chandra Kala Panthamvar Nagavenkata hareesh Kumar Solleti Summela Kasu

b) Related parties transactions during the year:
Rs. in Lakhs

Details	Associate Companies/ Concerns	Key Management Personnel	Associate Companies/ Concerns	Key Management Personnel
	2023-24 Rs.		2022-23 Rs.	
Remuneration	-	108.00	-	108.00
Sales	1062.14	-	870.17	-
Purchase of Raw material	1190.99	-	1747.46	-
Unsecured loans (net)				
S. Nagi reddy	0.00		0.00	
S. Manoj Reddy	0.00		0.00	

c) Related party balances at the end of the year:
Rs. in Lakhs

Details	Associate Companies/ Concerns	Key Management Personnel	Associate Companies/ Concerns	Key Management Personnel
	2023-24 Rs.		2022-23 Rs.	
Remuneration Payable		-	-	-
Cortex laboratories Pvt Ltd	(1.61)		(610.61)	-
Proton Remedies Pvt Ltd.	296.73		280.43	
Seelam laboratories Private Limited.	0.26		-	
Continental Pellets Pharma Pvt Ltd	2.47		0.00	
S Nagi Reddy	0.00		0.00	
S Koni Reddy	0.00		0.00	
S. Manoj Reddy	0.00		0.00	

2.5 Earnings Per share (EPS):

The computation of earnings per share is set out below

Particulars	Rs. in Lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March 2024	Year ended 31 st March 2023
Earnings (Amt in Rs.):		
Profit/Loss as per the statement	41.94	89.22
Shares:		
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	93.15	93.15
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	100.00	93.15
Weighted average number of equities shares outstanding during the year-Basic and Additional	100.00	93.15
Earnings per share in Rs. Par value Rs. 10 per share:		
Basic and diluted	0.42	0.96

2.06 Income taxes relating to continuing operations:

Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Particulars	Rs. in Lakhs	
	Year ended 31 st March, 2024	Year ended 31 st March, 2023
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	20.24	34.77
In respect of the prior year	-	-
	20.24	34.77
Deferred Tax		
In respect of the current year	-6.34	-11.43
	-6.34	-11.43

2.07 Segment Reporting:

The Company is engaged in the manufacture of pharmaceutical Formulations.

Particulars	Rs. in Lakhs	
	Total	
Sales	4326.07	
Profit before interest & Depreciation	363.61	
Depreciation	153.82	
Interest	153.95	
Profit Before Tax	55.84	
Profit From Exceptional Items	-	
Profit Before Tax Including Exceptional Item	55.84	
Taxes	13.90	
Profit After Tax	41.94	

2.08 Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever if thought necessary in conformity with the current year groupings. Paise have been rounded off to the nearest rupee. Notes on financial statements, Cash Flow Statement and statement on accounting policies form an integral part of the balance sheet and statement and statement of profit & loss.

For Pundarikashyam and
Associates Chartered
Accountants
FRN- 011330s
Sd/-
B.Surya
Prakasa rao
Partner
Mno-205125
Place: Hyderabad
Date 30.05.2024
UDIN:24205125BKADWB8180

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Concord Drugs Limited

Sd/-	Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy Managing Director DIN:01764665	Koni Reddy Seelam Executive Director DIN: 02829319
Sd/- Namratha Nagla Company Secretary	

Concord Drugs Limited
For the year (2023-24)

Particulars	Gross Block				Depreciation /Amortization				Net Block	
	As at April 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	As on 31.03.2024	As at April 1, 2023	As on 31.03.2024	Deletion during the period	As on 31.03.2024	As on 31.03.2024	As at March 31, 2023
Land & Land Development	63.95			63.95		-		-	63.95	63.95
Sub-Total	63.95		-	63.95		-	-	-	63.95	63.95
Building	675.98	-		675.98	368.41	29.22		397.63	278.35	307.57
Furniture & Fixtures	43.68	-	-	43.68	38.42	1.36		39.78	3.90	5.26
Plant & Machinery	1,795.50	20.69		1,816.19	1,090.14	77.18		1,167.32	648.87	705.35
Office equipment	53.00	4.67		57.67	42.98	5.32		48.30	9.36	10.02
Vehicles	112.89	-	-	112.89	73.63	12.26		85.89	27.00	39.26
Air Handling Systems	368.45	-		368.45	312.34	10.16		322.49	45.95	56.11
Lab Equipment	304.15	0.09		304.24	258.18	8.32		266.51	37.73	45.97
Electrical Installations	302.39	5.38		307.77	257.29	8.53		265.82	41.95	45.09
Generator	36.01	-		36.01	30.58	0.98		31.57	4.45	5.43
Computers	5.06	-		5.06	3.49	0.49		3.98	1.08	1.57
Total	3,761.05	30.83	-	3,791.88	2,475.47	153.82	-	2,629.29	1,098.64	1,221.64
Capital Work-In Progress	92.09	70.96		163.05	-	-		-	163.05	92.09
	3,853.14	101.79	-	3,954.94	2,475.47	153.82	-	2,629.29	1,325.65	1,377.68

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March, 2024

Financial Assets		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
4 Non Current Investments			
Un quoted Equity Shares			
(a) In wholly owned subsidiary (At fair value)			
(acquisition of 100% sate in Proton remedies Private limited @283 per share for 50000 equity Shares)		161.50	141.50
4 Loans and Advances			
(b) Security Deposits		4.46	3.73
(c) Loans and advances to related parties (Refer footnote 1)			
Other Loans & Advances			
Advance tax and tax deducted at source [Net of provision for income tax of Rs. ABC			
(a) (previous year Rs. XYZ)]			
(b) Staff Advances			-
VAT credit receivable			-
(c) Others			-
	Total	4.46	3.73
5 Other Non current assets		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
(a) (Unsecured, considered good, unless stated otherwise) Capital advances			
Secured,			-
considered good			-
Unsecured,			-
considered good			
Doubtful			
Less: Provision for doubtful advances			
(b) advances to suppliers			-
	Total	-	-
6 Trade receivables		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
(a) Outstanding for a period less than six months) from the date they are due for payment			
Secured,			
considered good		2,106.95	1,635.42
Unsecured,		2,106.95	1,635.42
considered good		-	-
Unsecured,		2,106.95	1,635.42
considered doubtful			
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	(I)		
(b) Others			
Secured, considered good			
Unsecured, considered good		-	-
Unsecured, considered doubtful			
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	(II)	-	-

	Total Trade receivables (I+II)	2,106.95	1,635.42
7	Inventories	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value, unless stated other wise)		
(a)	Raw materials and components	474.40	496.35
(b)	Work-in-progress	454.83	414.34
(c)	Finished goods	466.81	427.55
(d)	Packing Materials	453.89	412.16
	Total Inventories	1,849.93	1,750.40
8	Cash and bank balances	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balances with banks		
(a)	In current accounts	0.00	0.00
(b)	Cash on hand	13.71	7.52
	Total cash and cash equivalents	13.71	7.52
(c)	Balances with banks other than above	3.10	2.1
	Total Cash and bank balances	16.81	9.62

9	Other current financial Asset	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	(Unsecured, considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
(a)	Security Deposits	4.69	14.0
(b)	Other Advances (Imprest Cash)		4
			-
	Total	4.69	14.04
10	Other Current Assets	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
(a)	Advances to Suppliers	149.05	707.75
(b)	Advance Tax		
(c)	TDS Receivable	2.50	0.99
(d)	MAT Credit		
(e)	Other Current Assets	1.58	1.86
(f)	GST Inputs	6.71	20.38
	Total	159.84	730.98

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March 2024.

1 Equity Share capital		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
The Company has only one class of share capital having a par value of Rs. 10 per share, referred to herein as equity shares.			
Authorised			
(i)	1,10,00,000 (previous year 1,10,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,100.00	1,100.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up			
(ii)	10000000 (previous year 8743750) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid	1,000.00	931.55
Total		1,000.00	931.55
Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year		31-Mar-24	
		31-Mar-23	
		No. of Shares	Amount
		No. of Shares	Amount
(a)	Outstanding at the beginning of the year	93.15	931.50
	Add: Issued during the year	6.85	68.50
	Outstanding at the end of the year	100.00	1,000.00
		87.44	874.38
		5.71	57.10
		93.15	931.48

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

(i) The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(ii) During the year ended 31st March 2023, no dividend is recognized as distributions to equity shareholders.

(iii) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Shares held by holding company/ultimate holding company and/ or their subsidiaries/ associates		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
(c)	Name of the Holding Limited, the holding company (31st March 2024: No Holding Limited) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	Nil	Nil
	Name of the ultimate holding company, the ultimate holding company (31st March 2024: No Ultimate Holding Company) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	Nil	Nil
	Name of other Subsidiaries/Associate Company, subsidiary/associate company (31st March 2024: No Subsidiary/Associate Company) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting	Nil	Nil
(d)	Equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of securities premium Equity shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to contracts for	Nil	Nil

(e) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23

Name of the shareholder	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Koni Reddy Seelam	10.00	10.00%	10.00	10.74%
Nagi Reddy Seelam	29.13	29.13%	25.70	27.59%
S.Manoj Reddy	16.28	16.28%	12.86	13.80%

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March 2024.

12 Reserves and surplus		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
(a) Capital Reserves			
Opening balance		41.00	41.00
Add: Current year transfer from			
Less: Utilisation on account of / Transfer to			-
Closing balance		41.00	41.00
Surplus/(deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss			
Opening balance		1,439.91	1,350.68
Add: Net Profit/(Net Loss) for the current year		41.94	89.22
Transfer from reserves			-
Transfer to reserves		-	-
Closing balance		1,481.84	1,439.91
Securities premium			
		858.94	701.50
(c) Total Reserves and surplus			
		2,381.78	2,182.40
Share Warrants Money		-	56.48
Total Other equity		2,381.78	2,238.88

Non Current Liabilities
13 Financial Liabilities - Borrowings

Particulars		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Secured			
(a) Term loans			
from banks		95.13	181.74
Interest Free Sales Tax Loan		-	2.71
(b) Unsecured			
Loans and advances from related parties			
Total long term borrowings including its current maturities		95.13	184.45
Less: Amount disclosed under the head "Other current liabilities" (refer note 18)		92.46	82.74
Total current maturities of long term borrowings		2.67	101.71
Un secured loan from Directors Grpd as Other equity			
			-
Adjustment of Interest Free Sales Tax loan(recognised as Government Grants)			
Total		2.67	101.71

14 Deferred tax liabilities/(asset) (Net)

Particulars		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
(a) Opening Deferred Tax Liability			
For The Year		48.15	54.48
Total		48.15	54.48

15 Provisions

Particulars	31-Mar-24		31-Mar-23	
	Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
Provision for Creditor for Capital Expenses	-	-	-	-
Other provisions (Specify nature)	-	-	-	-
Provision for Income tax	195.88	20.24	198.88	34.77
Provision for gratuity	57.00	9.50	47.50	9.50
Total Provisions	252.88	29.74	246.38	44.27

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the Period ended 31st March 2024.

16 Borrowings

Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Secured		
(a) Loans repayable on demand from banks	1,398.13	1,378.47
Total Short -term borrowings Total	1,398.13	1,378.47

17 Trade payables

Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Non Current		
Trade payables		-
Current	354.67	514.
Trade payables		52
Total	354.67	514.52

18. Other current Financial Liabilities

Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Current maturities of long-term debts	92.46	82.74
Total	92.46	82.74

19. Other current liabilities

Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Provision for Expenses	43.66	36.37
Advance Received from Customers	15.76	18.23
ESI,PF, Other taxes Payable	8.14	14.44
TDS & GST Payable	1.78	1.32
Total	69.35	70.36

20	Revenue from operations	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Sale of products Finished goods Revenue from operations (Gross)	4,326.07 4,326.07	5,131.43 5,131.43
	Total	4,326.07	5,131.43

2 1	Other income	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Interest income	0.92	0.60
	Miscellaneous income	0.01	0.28
	Total	0.93	0.89

2 2	Cost of raw material consumed	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Raw material consumed		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year (Includes Goods in transit)	496.35	503.38
	Add : Purchases during the year	2,688.09	2,691.59
	Add : Manufacturing Costs (Electricity & Labour)	74.35	125.83
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year (Include Goods-in transit)	474.40	496.35
	Cost of raw material consumed (I)	2,784.40	2,824.45
	Packing material consumed (if considered as part of raw material)		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	412.16	329.65
	Add : Purchases during the year	667.41	1,271.07
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	453.89	412.16
	Cost of packing material consumed (II)	625.68	1,188.57
	Finished Goods Consumed		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	427.55	450.06
	Add : Purchases during the year		-
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year [Include Goods-in transit]	466.81	427.55
	Cost of other material consumed (III)	-39.26	22.51
	Total raw material consumed (I+II+III)	3,370.81	4,035.53

2 3	Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock-in trade		
	Inventories at the beginning of the year:		
	Work in progress	414.34	465.90
	(I)	414	466
	Inventories at the end of the year:		
	Work in progress	454.83	414.34
	(II)	454.83	414.34
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	-40.49	51.56

24	Employee benefits expense	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	368.70	336.52
	Directors Remuneration	108.00	108.00
	Contribution to provident and other funds	10.75	10.22
	Staff welfare expenses	7.59	8.67
	Total	495.04	463.42
25	Finance cost	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	On bank loan	153.95	155.54
	Bank charges	5.03	6.91
	Total	158.98	162.45
26	Other Expenses	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
	Repairs and maintenance		
	Plant & Machinery	6.74	7.60
	Others	0.93	0.73
	Vehicle Maintenance	16.55	28.11
	Insurance	4.60	5.14
	Listing Fees	3.25	3.00
	Discount		
	Travelling, Boarding & Lodging Expenses	0.59	0.35
	Freight & Transportation Expenses	9.71	12.79
	Legal & Professional Charges	8.14	12.95
	Printing & Stationery	6.47	12.53
	Registration & Renewals	16.70	15.75
	Telephone Charges	1.06	0.97
	Factory Maintenance Expenses	20.50	20.34
	Miscellaneous	6.21	4.35
	Security Chargers Design &	9.89	7.48
	Advertisement	1.09	2.46
	Packing And Forwarding Expenses-	0.54	1.07
	Purchases SEBI penalty	15.00	1.48
	Penalty , Late Fee & Interest Charges	5.03	9.45
	Total	132.99	146.56

IT Depreciation for the period ended 31.03.2024

CALCULATIONS OF DEPRECIATION UNDER WDV METHOD AS PER IT ACT									
S.No.	Description	W.D.V.	ADDITIONS		DELE TION S	TOTA L	DEPRECIATION		W.D.V
		AS ON	More Than 180 days	Les s Than 180 days		31.03. 2024	RATE	AMOUNT	AS ON
		01.04.2023					(%)	RS.	31.03. 2024
1	Land	63.95				63.95	-	-	63.95
2	Buildings	140.94				140.94	10%	14.09	126.84
3	P & M 15% block	730.85	1.47	29.36		761.68	15%	112.05	649.63
4	Furniture & Fixtures	19.55				19.55	10%	1.96	17.6
5	Vehicles	55.84				55.84	15%	8.38	47.46
6	Computer	0.95				0.95	40%	0.38	0.57
	Total	1,012.08	1.47	29.36	-	1,042. 91		136.86	906.06

Calculation of Deferred tax For the F. Y 2023-24

Particulars	Amount in Rs
WDV as per companies Act	1,099
WDV as per Income Tax Act	906
Difference	193
Tax	48
Deferred Tax liability as on 31.03.2023	54
	48
closing DTL 31.03.2024	
DTL to be booked	-6

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Corporate information.

Concord Drugs Limited ("the Company") the company was incorporated on 24th April, 1995. The principal activity of the company is to manufacture licensed drugs based on the formulations approved. The company is Listed only in the India and operating from only one geographical location.

2. Basis of preparation and presentation and significant accounting policies.

2.1 Basis of Preparation.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting standards (Ind As), under historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the companies Act.2013 ("the Act") (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS is prescribed under Section 133 of the Act. Read with Rule 3 of the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules Issued thereafter.

2.1.a Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.) which is also the company's functional currency and the amounts have been rounded off to lakhs with two decimal places, unless otherwise stated.

2.1.b Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumption are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively.

2.1. Current and non-current classification:

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current, when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include the current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.2. Significant Accounting Policies.

a. Inventories

Materials are valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, reduced by the estimated costs of completion and costs to affect the sale.

b. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, Taxes and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Company recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities as described below. The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of the goods are recognized when all the risks and rewards pertinent to the goods are transferred to the customer.

Interest Income:

Interest income is recognized as it accrues to the company using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend Income:

Dividend Income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

c. Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is measured at historical cost at each reporting period. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at deemed value historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. On the transition to Ind AS the company has elected to measure at its historical cost as at 1st April 2016 and use that historical cost as its deemed cost on that date for property, plant and equipment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets. The cost of the property, plant and equipment includes freight, installation cost, duties and non refundable taxes and other incidental expenses incurred during the acquisition, construction and installation of the respective assets. The company has not obtained the technical evaluation for recognizing the decommissioning cost of the property, plant and equipment installed.

Indirect expenditure including borrowing costs to the extent incidental to construction of property, plant and equipment incurred during the construction period will be allocated to the assets on commencement of commercial of commercial production.

Cost of assets not ready for intended use as on the balance sheet date, is recognized as capital work-in-progress. Capital work in Progress comprises the direct expenditure on acquisition of property plant and equipment that are not yet ready for their intended use as at the balance sheet date. Other expenditure not relating to construction activity or incidental thereto is recognized in statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

If significant parts of an item of property plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of the said class of asset.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives after taking into account their estimated residual value.

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimates useful lives. The depreciation methods, useful life and residual value, are viewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively.

Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e., from (up to) the date on which the assets is ready for use (disposed off). For the assets costing less than Rs.5,000, based on internal assessment and materiality the management has estimated that the same shall be depreciated in the year of purchase.

Gains and losses arising from derecognition of property plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Derecognition:

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Impairment:

At each reporting date, management reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense immediately. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows., discounted to their present value using a pre tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

d. Employee benefits:

i) Defined contribution plans:

The company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered funds as per local regulations. The company is not regular in depositing the Provident fund amount. For details please refer point no-vii of the Annexure- A to the auditor's report.

ii) Defined benefit plan:

The company is required to provide for gratuity, defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. However the company has not obtained Independent actuarial valuation to provide the liability in the books. The company has provided for the Gratuity liability on an Adhoc basis and hence the actuarial gains or loss is not effected in the Other Comprehensive Income of the statement of profit and loss.

Further the company has not provided for the liability towards the Leave encashment of the employees.

e. Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs are interest and other cost incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

f. Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the equity shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares and the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

g. Financial Instruments:**i. Recognition and initial measurement**

Trade receivables are initially recognized when they are originated. Trade receivables are measured on initial recognition at the transaction price. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Further the Working Capital loans, Trade receivables and Trade payables carrying values presented in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

ii. Classification and subsequent measurement:**Financial assets**

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortised cost
- FVOCI – Debt investment
- FVTPL – equity investment

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the year the company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL

- The asset is held within business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect

contractual cash flows; and

- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL

- The asset is held within business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investments fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI-equity investment). This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

Financial assets : Business Model assessment

The company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to the management. The information considered includes.

- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about the future sales activity

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets. Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments for principal and interest.

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- Contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- Terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- Prepayment and extension features; and

- Terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. on recourse features)

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount is substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract.

Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest and dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss

Financial assets at amortized cost:

These assets are measured at amortized cost using effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss

Debt investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI:

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

iii. Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the company neither transfer nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet, but retains all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred asset, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Financial liabilities

The company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged

or cancelled, or expire. The company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and its cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment

The Company recognizes the loss allowances for:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost; and
- financial assets measured at FVOCI-debt investment

At each reporting date, the company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit –impaired includes the following observable data.

- Significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer,
- The restructuring of a loan or advance by the company on terms that the company would not consider otherwise;
- It is probable that the borrower will enter the bankruptcy or the financial reorganization; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties

The company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses.

- Debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other debt securities and the bank balances for which credit risk (i.e the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for the trade receivable are always measured at an amount equal to expected lifetime credit losses. Life time expected credit losses are the credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Measurement and presentation of allowances for expected credit losses:

Expected credit losses are a probability- weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the company expects to receive)

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross

carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and recognized in OCI.

Write off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

h. Income Tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current Tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred Tax

Deferred income taxes is recognized, subject to the consideration of prudence on timing differences, being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Where the Company has carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation or tax losses deferred tax assets are recognized only if it is virtually certain backed by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable profits.

i. Cash Flow Statement:

i. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank over drafts. Bank over drafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

j. Measurement of earnings before interest, tax and depreciation (EBIDT)

As permitted by schedule III of the companies Act, 2013, the company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax and depreciation (EBIDT) as a separate line item on the face of the

statement of profit and loss. The company measures EBIDT on the basis of profit/loss from continuing operations. In its measurement, the company has not included the depreciation expenses, finance cost, tax expense and other income.

k. Events occurring after the balance sheet date:

Impact of events occurring after the balance sheet date that provide additional information materially affecting the determination of the amounts relating to conditions existing at the balance sheet are adjusted to respective assets.

l. Contingent Liabilities and commitments :

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non- occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

m. Critical estimates and judgments:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates and the management needs to exercise judgment in applying the accounting estimates and policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Pending Litigations:

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of sales tax, service tax and value added tax, wealth tax, duty of customs and cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However, accordingly to information and explanations given to us, the following dues of income tax, have not been deposited by the company on account of disputes.

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Demand U/S	Period to which The amount Relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	As at 31 st March 2024	As at 31 st March 2023
Income tax Act, 1961	143(3)	A.Y.2011-12	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)-II	258.83	258.83

Auditor's Remuneration:

Professional & consultancy charges include the remuneration paid (including service tax/GST) to auditors as follows:

Rs. In Lakhs

Particulars	As	at	As	at
	31 2024	March	31 March	2023
Statutory audit fees		4.00		4.00

2.3 Details of dues to Micro and Small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2016

The Management has identified enterprises which have provided goods and services of the company and which qualify under the definition of Micro and Small enterprises, as defined under Micro and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2023 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the company. Further in the view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material.

The company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

Rs. in
Lakhs

Sl no	Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
a)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting period;	NIL	NIL
b)	The amount of interest paid by the Company along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period;	NIL	NIL
c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	NIL	NIL
d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the period;	NIL	NIL
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	NIL	NIL

2.4 Related party disclosures:

a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship:

Subsidiary Companies	Proton Remedies Private limited
Associates' companies controlled by key management Personnel/ relatives who are substantially interested	Orange Bio pharmaceuticals private limited Cortex laboratories Private Limited Seelam laboratories Private Limited Continental Pellets Pharma Private Limited Harini Pack Private Limited
Key managerial personnel	Nagireedy Seelam (MD) Konireddy seelam
Directors	S Manoj Kumar Reddy Ramchandra Reedy kommula Chandra Kala Panthamvar Nagavenkata hareesh Kumar Solleti Summela Kasu

b) Related parties transactions during the year:
Rs. in Lakhs

Details	Associate Companies/ Concerns	Key Management Personnel	Associate Companies/ Concerns	Key Management Personnel
	2023-24 Rs.		2022-23 Rs.	
Remuneration	-	108.00	-	108.00
Sales	1062.14	-	870.17	-
Purchase of Raw material	1190.99	-	1747.46	-
Unsecured loans (net)				
S. Nagi reddy	0.00		0.00	
S. Manoj Reddy	0.00		0.00	

c) Related party balances at the end of the year:
Rs. in Lakhs

Details	Associate	Key	Associate	Key
	Companies/ Concerns	Management Personnel	Companies/ Concerns	Management Personnel
	2023-24 Rs.		2022-23 Rs.	
Remuneration Payable		-	-	-
Cortex laboratories Pvt Ltd	(1.61)		(610.61)	-
Proton Remedies Pvt Ltd.	296.73		280.43	
Seelam laboratories Private Limited.	0.26		-	
Continental Pellets Pharma Pvt Ltd				
S Nagi Reddy	2.47		0.00	
S Koni Reddy				
S. Manoj Reddy	0.00		0.00	
	0.00		0.00	
	0.00		0.00	
			0.00	

2.5 Earnings Per share (EPS):

The computation of earnings per share is set out below

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March 2024	Year ended 31 st March 2023
Earnings (Amt in Rs.):		
Profit/Loss as per the statement	41.94	89.22
Shares:		
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	93.15	93.15
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	100.00	93.15
Weighted average number of equities shares outstanding during the year-Basic and Additional	100.00	93.15
Earnings per share in Rs. Par value Rs.10 per share:		
Basic and diluted	0.42	0.96

2.06 Income taxes relating to continuing operations:

Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Year 31 st 2024	Year ended March, 2024	Year ended 31 st

		March, 2023
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	20.24	34.77
In respect of the prior year	-	-
	20.24	34.77
Deferred Tax		
In respect of the current year	-6.34	-
	-6.34	11.43
		-11.43

2.07 Segment Reporting:

The Company is engaged in the manufacture of pharmaceutical Formulations.

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	Total
Sales	4326.07
Profit before interest & Depreciation	363.61
Depreciation	153.82
Interest	153.95
Profit Before Tax	55.84
Profit From Exceptional Items	-
Profit Before Tax Including Exceptional Item	55.84
Taxes	3.90
Profit After Tax	41.94

2.09 Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever if thought necessary in conformity with the current year groupings. Paise have been rounded off to the nearest rupee. Notes on financial statements, Cash Flow Statement and statement on accounting policies form an integral part of the balance sheet and statement and statement of profit & loss

For Pundarikashyam and
Associates Chartered
Accountants
FRN- 011330s
Sd/-
B.Surya
Prakasa rao
Partner
Mno-205125
Place: Hyderabad
Date 30.05.2024
UDIN:24205125BKADWB8180

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Concord Drugs Limited

Sd/-	Sd/-
S. Nagi Reddy Managing Director DIN:01764665	Koni Reddy Seelam Executive Director DIN: 02829319
Sd/- Namratha Nagla Company Secretary	

If undelivered please return to:

CONCORD DRUGS LIMITED

*Survey No. 249, Brahmanapally Village,
Hayatnagar Mandal, R.R. Dist-501511
Telangana, India*