

September 06, 2021

The Manager DCS - CRD BSE Limited

Phiroze Jeejeeboy Towers
Dalal Street, Fort,
Mumbai- 400 001
Fax No.: 22722037/39/41/61/3121/3719

BSE Scrip Code: 539056

The Manager

Listing Department

National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot no.C/1, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E)

Mumbai- 400 051 Fax No.: 26598237/38

NSE Scrip Symbol: IMAGICAA

Dear Sirs,

Sub: Notice of Annual General Meeting and Annual Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2021

This is to inform you that the Twelfth Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the members of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited will be held on Wednesday, September 29, 2021 at 11:30 a.m. through video conferencing facility ("VC") or other audio visual means ("OAVM" to transact the businesses stated in the Notice dated June 24, 2021 convening the said AGM.

In terms of Regulation 34(1) Regulation 30(2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find attached herewith the Notice of the 12th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company along with the Annual Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

The Notice of the AGM and Annual Report has also been uploaded on the Company's website and can be accessed at www.imagicaaworld.com. The above is for your information and record.

Yours Faithfully,
For Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited
(Formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Divyata Raval Company Secretary and Compliance Officer (Membership No. A28741)

Encl: as above



ANNUAL REPORT 2020 - 2021







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>10 MN VISITORS IN 7 YEARS 1.6 MN
AVERAGE
FOOTFALL / YEAR

FICCI TRAVEL
& TOURISM
EXCELLENCE
AWARDS 2019
WINNER BEST THEME PARK

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Manmohan Shetty - Chairman

Ms. Anita Pawar - Independent Director

Mr. Steven A. Pinto - Independent Director

Mr. Ghulam Mohammed - Independent Director

Mr. Dhananjay Barve - Independent Director

Mr. Kapil Bagla - Non-Executive Director

BANKERS & FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Union Bank of India
Indian Overseas Bank
Bank of Baroda
Jammu and Kashmir Bank
Bank of India
Central Bank of India
Canara Bank
Punjab and Sind Bank
Life Insurance Corporation of India
ACRES

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mr. Ashutosh Kale - Jt. Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Dhimant Bakshi - Jt. Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Mayuresh Kore - Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Divyata Raval - Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 109208W)

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

M/s. Aabid & Co., Company Secretaries (FCS No. 6579)

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Link Intime India Private Limited C - 101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai - 400 083

Tel: (022) 4918 6270 Fax: (022) 4918 6060 Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

COMPANY DETAILS

Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited

(Formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)
CIN: L92490MH2010PLC199925

REGISTERED OFFICE

30/31, Sangdewadi, Khopoli-Pali Road, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad - 410 203

CORPORATE OFFICE

9th Floor, Lotus Business Park, New Link Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai - 400053

T: 022 40680000 F: +91-22 4068 0088

Email: compliance@imagicaaworld.com Website: www.imagicaaworld.com



CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

OUR MISSION

We deliver best in Class entertainment for Delightful Memories, in a Clean, Safe and Happy Environment.

The financial year 2020-21 has witnessed an unprecedented scenario, which has hit our industry possibly the most among all businesses. On account of the COVID-19 pandemic, the whole country was under lockdown starting March 2020 that continued for almost six months. Imagicaaworld Parks were shut down till December 2020. We were able to open our theme park on 24th December 2020, with strict safety measures and in compliance of relevant SOPs laid down by the authorities.

As our parks were closed for almost nine months, our revenue was significantly impacted, drastically reducing our top line by almost 90% in FY21.

The lenders and the management have been making stead fasted engagements for an amicable debt resolution. However, due to the pandemic led disruption and underlying dynamics, the resolution has been further delayed.

Despite challenging times in last financial year, the Imagicaa parks continued to cater to our guests with utmost care during the limited period when we were permitted to operate, which has enabled us to serve more than 9.6 million people in aggregate since our launch in April 2013. We remain thankful to our guests for their support and patronage. Our hotel property; Novotel Imagicaa also operated with restrictions in FY21 and showed good promise, despite the challenging environment.

We have continued to focus on costs and in absence of revenues, the management had continued its efforts on rationalizing expenses, which should enable us to sustain in difficult times.

I would like to thank our employees and management who have stood by the company during such difficult times.

I thank you for your investment and for having continued faith in our Company despite this extremely difficult phase which we are going through. We assure you of our continued commitment to make people happy and to ultimately take this company to its full potential.

I would also like to thank our Board of Directors and employees in this ongoing journey in making our vision a reality and continuously offering a high class entertainment experience to our patrons.

Manmohan Shetty
Chairman





The Economic Times Label Awards 2019 (India Licensing Expo 2019)

Winner - Entertainment Licensor of the Year Winner - Best Merchandise by Theme & Amusement Park July 2019

IAAPI National Awards For Excellence 2018-2019 WINNER - Digital Marketing RUNNERS UP - Radio Ad February 2020



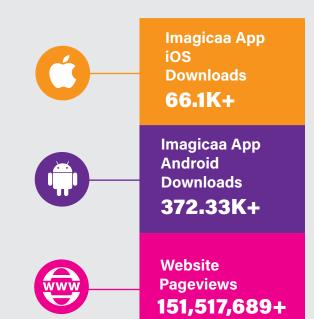






FICCI Travel & Tourism Excellence Awards 2019 Winner - Best Theme Park (Infrastructure Category) August 2019







Mitesh Davda

One of the best entertainment park of india with the feel of the best one of the world!! Interior and exterior is amazing. Food safety and fun what else you need!!



Jaydeep Vasava

What a lovely place it is....even whole day is not enough to cover all the things....I have trip with my friends, we have enjoyed a Lot,at the end of the day we all are exhausted,yet some places are left to visit...

I m sure we are coming back again



Vinit Singh

Best place to enjoy your weekend and get a break from hectic life. Amazing and safe rides. It also provides food and accommodation services.



Advait Danke

One the best entertainment experience at Imagicaa! Had a lot of fun & thrill in every ride.

It is best to experience the big rides in the early morning (before lunch) and then aiming for indoor rides (post lunch). As this planning helps to optimize the entire Imagicaa Experience!

I recommend everyone to get the Express Ticket to save time & energy.



*** NEW ATTRACTIONS











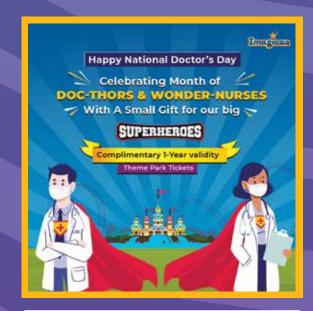




CONSUMER ENGAGEMENT ACTIVITIES ON SOCIAL MEDIA



5 days of fun & learn activities



10,000+ doctors and medical staff registered



Be an Imagineer Contest -To build your Dream Ride



Making Friends & Family Dance to Imagicaa Jingle

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (STANDALONE) - IMAGICAAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT LIMITED

		2019- 2020*	2018-2019	2017-7118	7107-0107	2012-2010	2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014 2012-2013	2013-2014	2012-2013	2011-2012
FINANCIAL RESULTS										
Revenue from operations	2,195.79	20,005.58	24,037.88	23,628.77	23,907.65	23,397.90	18,942.15	10,380.20	I	ı
Total Revenue	4,646.22	20,065.87	24,666.92	23,727.91	23,959.38	25,065.62	19,125.18	10,701.30	392.98	'
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)	(837.81)	(975.26)	5,358.76	6,366.59	6,136.26	5,679.44	2,235.39	706.11	(212.39)	(53.00)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	9,561.04	24,270.10	10,177.55	9,242.37	9,447.25	8,771.24	7,974.73	3,051.79	1.30	'
Exceptional Items	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	6.35	'
Profit / (Loss) after tax for the year	(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)	(34,742.95)	(15,517.43)	(11,713.57)	(9,113.32)	(10,716.09)	(5,275.73)	(145.74)	(60.60)
FINANCIAL POSITION										
Equity Share Capital	8,806.21	8,806.21	8,806.21	8,806.21	7,989.78	7,989.78	7,989.78	4,846.30	4,587.21	4,191.67
Other Equity	(69,561.95)	(43,067.05)	(2,630.48)	32,108.74	41,985.97	53,704.62	62,949.66	26,517.66	26,352.48	20,847.70
Shareholders Funds (60,755.74) (34,260.84)	(60,755.74)	(34,260.84)	6,175.73	40,914.95	49,975.75	61,694.40	70,939.44	31,363.96	30,939.69	25,039.37
Borrowings	1,49,520.27	1,49,520.27 1,33,183.27	1,19,698.80	1,10,391.11	1,08,335.69	1,01,278.81	1,17,350.14	1,14,004.37	78,810.28	19,808.30
Gross Fixed Assets	1,64,771.50 1,64,61	1,64,615.99	1,63,663.48	1,62,810.04	1,62,077.99	1,58,191.88	1,58,601.68	1,42,745.55	1,07,288.96	44,706.70
Net Fixed Assets	82,075.46	91,481.40	1,14,799.00	1,24,123.09	1,32,606.42	1,38,147.90	1,47,327.67	1,39,446.27	1,07,041.15	44,571.39
Current Assets, Loans & Advances & Deposits	4,066.60	3,762.37	6,126.80	6,874.52	4,400.25	7,096.11	45,110.35	9,142.62	8,341.97	2,183.25
Investments in equity instrument	8,337.62	8,337.62	10,618.16	10,618.16	10,617.16	10,617.16	41.50	l	1	'
Total Assets	94,484.78	1,03,581.39	1,31,597.88	1,58,210.24	1,64,218.30	1,68,847.95	2,00,394.25	1,50,023.63	1,15,457.39	46,754.64
EQUITY SHARE DATA										
Earnings Per Share	(30.28)	(45.88)	(39.45)	(18.72)	(14.66)	(11.41)	(20.96)	(11.29)	(0.33)	(0.16)

*Comparative Previous year figures are regrouped wherever necessary



NOTICE

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Members of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) will be held on Wednesday, September 29, 2021 at 11:30 a.m. through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means ("VC/OAVM") Facility to transact following business:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt:
 - the audited standalone financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2021, the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors' thereon; and
 - b) the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2021, the report of the Auditor's thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Kapil Bagla (DIN: 00387814), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Special Business:

 Increasing borrowing limits to ₹ 3,000 crores or the aggregate of the paid up capital and free reserves of the Company, whichever is higher.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at their Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on January 23, 2015, and pursuant to the provisions of Section 180(1)(c) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), and the Articles of Association of the Company, the consent of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Board" which term shall be deemed

to include any committee thereof) for borrowing, from time to time, any sum or sums of monies, in indian rupees and/ or foreign currency from time to time, which together with the monies already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained or to be obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) may exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves provided that the total amount so borrowed by the Board shall not at any time exceed ₹ 3,000 crores or the aggregate of the paid up capital and free reserves of the Company, whichever is higher and the Board be and is hereby empowered and authorised to arrange or finalise the terms and conditions of all such monies to be borrowed from time to time as to interest, repayment, security or otherwise as it may in its absolute discretion determine.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things, to execute all such documents, instruments and writings as may be required to give effect to this Resolution."

 Creation of Charges on the movable and immovable properties/ assets of the Company, both present and future, in respect of borrowings.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at their Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on January 23, 2015 and pursuant to Section 180(1)(a) and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules, if any, made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) ("the Act") and any other applicable laws and provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Board" which term shall be deemed to include any Committee which the Board may have constituted or hereinafter constitute, to exercise its powers, including the powers conferred by this Resolution) be and is hereby authorised to mortgage and/ or charge, in addition to the mortgages/ charges created/ to be created by the Company, in such form and manner and with such ranking and at such times and on such terms as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine, on all or any of the moveable and/or immoveable properties of the Company, both present and future and/ or the whole or any part of the undertaking(s) of the Company together with the power to take over the management of the business and concern of the Company in certain events of default, in favour of the Lender(s), Agent(s) and Trustee(s) and other bodies/persons, to secure the borrowings of the Company and/ or the Company's subsidiaries/ affiliates/ associate companies, availed/ to be availed by way of loan(s) (in foreign currency and/or Rupee currency) and/or securities (comprising of fully/ partly Convertible Debentures and/ or Non Convertible Debentures with or without detachable or non-detachable Warrants and/ or secured premium notes and/ or floating rates notes/ bonds or other debt instruments), issued/ to be issued by the Company, from time to time, subject to the limits approved under Section 180(1)(c) and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, together with interest at the respective agreed rates, additional interest, compound interest in case of default, accumulated interest, liquidated damages, commitment charges, premia on prepayment, remuneration of the Agent(s)/ Trustee(s), premium (if any) on redemption, all other costs, charges and expenses, including any increase as a result of devaluation/ revaluation/ fluctuation in the rates of exchange and all other monies payable by the Company in terms of the Loan Agreement(s)/ deed(s) and Agreement(s)/ Debenture Trust Deed(s) or any other document(s), entered into/ to be entered into between the Company and the Lender(s)/ Agent(s) and Trustee(s), in respect of the said loans/borrowings/ securities and containing such specific terms and conditions and covenants in respect of enforcement of security as may be stipulated in that behalf and agreed to between the Board and the Lender(s)/ Agent(s)/ Trustee(s) as the case may be.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, the Board be and is hereby authorised to finalise, settle, execute and amend such documents/ deeds/ writings/ papers/ agreements as may be required and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, proper or desirable and to settle any

question, difficulty or doubt that may arise in regard to creating mortgages/ charges as aforesaid."

By Order of the Board of Directors

Divyata Raval

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

: June 24, 2021 Date Place : Mumbai

Registered Office:

30/31, Sangdewadi, Khopoli-Pali Road, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad 410 203

Notes:

- The explanatory Statement setting out material facts concerning the businesses under Item Nos. 3 & 4 of the accompanying Notice, is annexed hereto, pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, Secretarial Standards – 2 on General Meetings and Regulation 36 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- General instructions for accessing and participating in the 12th AGM through VC/OAVM Facility and voting through electronic means including remote e-Voting
 - In accordance with, the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and General Circular No. 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021 issued by MCA, and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/ CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/ CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021 issued by SEBI, owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the financial statements (including Report of Board of Directors, Auditor's report or other documents required to be attached therewith), such statements including the Notice of AGM are being sent in electronic mode to Members whose e-mail address is registered with the Company or the Depository Participant(s).



- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of india ("ICSI") and Regulation 44 of Listing Regulations read with MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, the Company is providing remote e-Voting facility to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the 12th AGM and facility for those Members participating in the 12th AGM to cast vote through e-Voting system during the 12th AGM. Link Intime India Private Limited ("LIIPL") will be providing facility for e-voting through remote e-voting, for participation in 12th AGM through VC/OAVM facility and e-voting during the 12th AGM.
- c. Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the Annual General Meeting and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to the Notice.
- d. Institutional/Corporate Shareholders Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to e-Voting system of LIIPL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in and register themselves as 'Custodian/ Mutual Fund/ Corporate Body'. They are also required to send a scanned certified true copy of the board resolution/ authority letter/ power of attorney etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised representative(s) in PDF format in the 'Custodian/ Mutual Fund/ Corporate Body' login for the Scrutinizer to verify the same.
- e. The Notice of the Annual General Meeting along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2020-21 is being sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered

- with the Company/Depositories in accordance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and circular issued by SEBI dated May 12, 2020. Members may note that the Notice of Annual General Meeting and Annual Report for the financial year 2020-21 will also be available on the Company's website www.imagicaaworld.com; websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Ltd and BSE Limited at www.nseindia.com and www.nseind
- f. Members attending the meeting through VC/ OAVM shall be counted for the purposes of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- g. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM Facility, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
- Instructions for Members for Remote e-Voting are as under:

EVENT NUMBER: 210299

- a. The remote e-Voting period will commence on Sunday, September 26, 2021 (9:00 am IST) and end on Tuesday, September 28, 2021 (5:00 pm IST). During this period, Members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the Cut-Off date of Wednesday, September 22, 2021 may cast their vote by remote e-Voting. The remote e-Voting module shall be disabled by Link Intime for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- A person who is not a Member as on the Cut-Off date should treat this Notice of 12th AGM for information purpose only.
- c. The details of the process and manner for remote e-Voting are explained herein below:

Pursuant to SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode can vote through their

demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants only post 9th June, 2021. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email ID in their demat accounts to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode/ physical mode is given below:

Individual Shareholders holding securities in (i) demat mode with NSDL

- If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https:// eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password.
- After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
- If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices. nsdl.com Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/ IdeasDirectReg.jsp
- Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https:// www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/ Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication,

you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

(ii) Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL

- Existing user of who have opted for Easi/ Easiest, they can login through their User ID and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi/ Easiest are https:// web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www. cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.
- After successful login of Easi/ Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL, KARVY, LINK NTIME, CDSL. Click on e-Voting service provider name to cast your vote.
- If the user is not registered for Easi/ Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia. com/myeasi./Registration/EasiRegistration

Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP where the E Voting is in progress.

(iii) Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) & login through their depository participants

- You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility.
- Once login is complete, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL



Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

- (iv) Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode & evoting service Provider is LINKINTIME.
- 1. Open the internet browser and launch the URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in
- Click on "Sign Up" under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and register with your following details: -
 - A. User ID: Shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form shall provide Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - B. PAN: Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
 - C. DOB/DOI: Enter the Date of Birth (DOB)/ Date of Incorporation (DOI) (As recorded with your DP/ Company - in DD/MM/YYYY format)
 - D. Bank Account Number: Enter your Bank Account Number (last four digits), as recorded with your DP/Company.
 - Shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form but have not recorded 'C' and 'D', shall provide their Folio number in 'D' above
- Set the password of your choice (The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special Character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter).
- Click "confirm" (Your password is now generated).
- 2. Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab.
- 3. Enter your User ID, Password and Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and click on 'Submit'.

- 4. After successful login, you will be able to see the notification for e-voting. Select 'View' icon.
- 5. E-voting page will appear.
- Refer the Resolution description and cast your vote by selecting your desired option 'Favour/ Against' (If you wish to view the entire Resolution details, click on the 'View Resolution' file link).
- 7. After selecting the desired option i.e. Favour/ Against, click on 'Submit'. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on 'Yes', else to change your vote, click on 'No' and accordingly modify your vote.

(v) Institutional shareholders:

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on the e-voting system of LIIPL at https://instavote.linkintime.co.in and register themselves as 'Custodian/ Mutual Fund/ Corporate Body'. They are also required to upload a scanned certified true copy of the board resolution/ authority letter/ power of attorney etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised representative(s) in PDF format in the 'Custodian/ Mutual Fund/ Corporate Body' login for the Scrutinizer to verify the same.

- (vi) Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode & e-voting service Provider is LINKINTIME, have forgotten the password:
- Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and further Click 'forgot password?'
- o Enter User ID, select Mode and Enter Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and Click on 'Submit'.
 - In case shareholder/ member is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his/ her registered e-mail address.
 - Shareholder/ member can set the password of his/her choice by providing the information about the particulars of the Security Question and Answer, PAN, DOB/DOI, Bank Account Number (last four digits) etc. as mentioned above.

The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter.

(vii) Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL/ CDSL have forgotten the password:

- Shareholders/ members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned depository/ depository participants website.
- It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- During the voting period, shareholders/ members can login any number of time till they have voted on the resolution(s) for a particular "Event".

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

In case shareholders/ members holding securities in demat mode have any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL/CDSL, they may contact the respective helpdesk given below:

Login type	Helpdesk details	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 or 22-23058542-43.	

Instructions for members for participating in the 12th AGM through VC/OAVM are as under:

- Members are entitled to attend the 12th Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM provided by Link Intime by following the below mentioned process. Facility for joining the Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM shall open 15 minutes before the time scheduled for the Annual General Meeting and will be available to the Members on first come first serve basis.
- ii. Members are requested to participate on first come first serve basis as participation through VC/OAVM is limited and will be closed on expiry of 15 (fifteen) minutes from the scheduled time of the Annual General Meeting. Members with >2% shareholding, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, KMPs, Chairperson of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Auditors etc. may be allowed to the meeting without restrictions of first-come-first serve basis. Members can log in and join 15 (fifteen) minutes prior to the schedule time of the meeting and window for joining shall be kept open till the expiry of 15 (fifteen) minutes after the schedule time. Participation is allowed for atleast 1000 members.
- Members will be provided with InstaMeet facility wherein Members shall register their details and attend the Annual General Meeting as under:
 - Open the internet browser and launch the URL for InstaMeet << https://instameet.linkintime. co.in>> and register with your following details:
 - Demat Account No. or Folio No.: Enter your 16 digit Demat Account No. or Folio Number registered with the Company
 - PAN: Enter your 10 digit Permanent Account Number (PAN)
 - Mobile No c.
 - **Email ID** d.
 - Click "Go to Meeting"
- Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Tablets/ Laptops connected through broadband for better experience.



- v. Members are required to use Internet with a good speed (preferably 2 MBPS download stream) to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- vi. Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Visual loss due to fluctuation in their network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-FI or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

5. Instructions for Members to register themselves as Speakers during Annual General Meeting:

- a. Members who would like to express their views/ ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, Email ID, mobile number at <u>compliance@imagicaaworld.com</u> from Friday, September 24, 2021 to Sunday, September 26, 2021 (preferably two days or 48 hrs. prior to the date of AGM).
- b. The first 6 (six) Speakers on first come first basis will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- c. Shareholders will receive "speaking serial number" once they mark attendance for the meeting. Other shareholder may ask questions to the panellist, via active chat-board during the meeting.
- d. Shareholders are requested to remember speaking serial number and start your conversation with panellist by switching on video mode and audio of your device. Shareholders are requested to speak only when moderator of the meeting/ management will announce the name and serial number for speaking.
- e. Members, who would like to ask questions, may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email ID, mobile number at compliance@imagicaaworld.com The same will be replied by the company suitably.
- f. Those members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their

views/ask questions during the meeting. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the Annual General Meeting.

6. Instructions for Shareholders/Members to Vote during the 12th Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:

Once the electronic voting is activated by the scrutiniser during the meeting, members who have not exercised their vote through the remote e-voting can cast the vote as under:

- On the Shareholders VC page, click on the link for e-Voting "Cast your vote".
- Enter 16 digit Demat Account No. or Folio No. and OTP (received on the registered mobile number/ registered email ID) received during registration for InstaMeet and click on 'Submit'.
- After successful login, you will see "Resolution Description" and against the same the option "Favour/ Against" for voting.
- d. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option i.e. "Favour/ Against" as desired.

Enter the number of shares (which represents no. of votes) as on the Cut-Off date under 'Favour/ Against'.

- e. After selecting the appropriate option i.e. Favour/ Against as desired and you have decided to vote, click on "Save". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "Confirm", else to change your vote, click on "Back" and accordingly modify your vote.
- f. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change your vote subsequently.

Note(s):

 Members, who will be present in the 12th Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting facility during the meeting.

- Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting prior to the 12th Annual General Meeting will be eligible to attend/participate in the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet. However, they will not be eligible to vote again during the meeting.
- The Helpline details of the person who may be contacted by the Member needing assistance with the use of technology, before or during the 12th AGM are produced hereunder for convenience:

Rajiv Ranjan, Assistant Vice President- e-voting at the designated email-id: instameet@linkintime.co.in or at the telephone number 022-49186175.

Other Guidelines for Members:

- The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their share in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the Cut-Off date of Wednesday, September 22, 2021.
- Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes Member of the Company after the Cut-Off date i.e. Wednesday, September 22, 2021, may obtain the User ID and password by following the remote e-voting instructions. However, if you are already registered with LIIPL/Depositories/ DP for remote e-Voting then you can use your existing user ID and password to login and cast your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/Password" option available on respective platform.
- A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the Cut-Off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-Voting or casting vote through e-Voting system during the meeting.
- Board has appointed Mr. Mohammed Aabid, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No.: 6579 & COP No.: 6625) as the scrutinizer ("the Scrutinizer") to scrutinize the remote e-voting and voting process at the AGM in fair and transparent matter.

- During the 12th AGM, the Chairman shall, after giving response to the questions raised by the Members in advance or as a speaker at the 12th AGM, formally propose to the Members participating through VC/OAVM Facility to vote on the resolutions as set out in the Notice of the 12th AGM and announce the start of the casting of vote through the e-Voting system. After the Members participating through VC/OAVM Facility, eligible and interested to cast votes, have cast the votes, the e-Voting will be closed with the formal announcement of closure of the 12th AGM.
- The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of e-Voting at the 12th AGM, first download the votes cast at the AGM and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and shall make a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, invalid votes, if any, and whether the resolution has been carried or not, and such Report shall then be sent to the Chairman or a person authorized by him, within 48 (forty eight) hours from the conclusion of the 12th AGM, who shall then countersign and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company at www.imagicaaworld.com and on the website of LIIPL at https://instavote.linkintime. co.in immediately after the declaration of Results by the Chairman or a person authorized by him. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Mumbai.
- Pursuant to the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, in view of the prevailing situation, owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Notice of the 12th AGM and the Annual Report for the year 2021 including therein the Audited Financial Statements for year 2021, are being sent only by email to the Members. Therefore, those Members, whose email address is not registered with the Company or with their respective Depository Participant/s, and who wish to receive the Notice of the 12th AGM and the Annual Report for the year 2021 and all other communication sent by the Company, from time



to time, can get their email address registered by following the steps as given below:-

- For Members holding shares in physical form, please send scan copy of a signed request letter mentioning your folio number, complete address, email address to be registered along with scanned self attested copy of the PAN and any document (such as Driving Licence, Passport, Bank Statement, AADHAR) supporting the registered address of the Member, by email to the Company's email address compliance@imagicaaworld. com
- For the members holding shares in demat form, please update your email address through your respective Depository Participant/s.
- The Register of Members and the Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from Wednesday, September 22, 2021 to Wednesday, September 29, 2021 (Both days Inclusive), for the purpose of AGM.
- j. The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore requested to submit their PAN to their depository Participants with whom they are maintaining

- their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company/ Registrar and Transfer Agent.
- k. In terms of the Listing Regulations, securities of listed companies can only be transferred in dematerialized form with effect from April 01, 2019. In view of the above, Members are advised to dematerialize shares held by them in physical form.
- Electronic copy of all the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice of the 12th AGM and the Explanatory Statement shall be available for inspection in the Investor Section of the website of the Company at www.imagicaaworld.com
- m. During the 12th AGM, Members may access the scanned copy of Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts and Arrangements in which Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act, upon Log-in to LIIPL E-voting system at https://instavote.linkintime.co.in
- n. The details of the Directors seeking reappointment under item no. 2 of the accompanying Notice, as required under Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and forms part of this notice.

Explanatory Statement in respect of special business pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, Secretarial Standards - 2 on General Meetings and Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

The following statement sets out all material facts relating to the Ordinary business relating to Special Businesses mentioned in the accompanying Notice:

Item Nos. 3 & 4 - Borrowing limits of the Company and Creation of Charge/ Mortgage on assets of the Company

Provisions of Section 180(1)(a) and 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules, if any, made there under ("the Act"), provide that the Company shall not, except with the consent of Members by Special Resolution, borrow money together with the money already borrowed, if any (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), exceeding the aggregate of the paid-up share capital and its free reserves, and sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company.

The Members by way of an Special Resolution at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on January 23, 2015, had, interalia, authorised the Board to borrow up to ₹ 1,500 Crore.

Keeping in view its fund requirements, borrowing position of the Company and to secure the same by creating a charge on its assets, it is required to enhance the aforesaid limit under Section 180(1)(c) of the Act.

Accordingly, consent of the Members is sought by way of Special Resolution as set out in Item No. 3 & 4 of the accompanying Notice. These resolutions enable the Board of Directors of the Company to borrow funds (apart from temporary loans obtained/ to be obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), which may not exceed ₹ 3,000 Crore and also to secure the same by creating mortgage(s)/ charge(s) on the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company.

None of the Directors, the Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested in the said resolution, except to the extent of their equity shareholdings in the Company.

The Board accordingly recommends the Special Resolutions set out at Item Nos. 3 & 4 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of the Members.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Divyata Raval

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Date: June 24, 2021 Place: Mumbai

Registered Office:

30/31, Sangdewadi, Khopoli-Pali Road, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad 410 203



Annexure I to the Notice dated June 24, 2021

Details of Directors seeking appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting [In pursuance of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Clause 1.2.5 of Secretarial Standards-2 on General Meetings]

Particulars	Mr. Kapil Bagla	
Date of Birth	October 09, 1968	
Age	52 years	
Date of appointment on the Board	February 10, 2010	
Qualification	He holds bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering from Regional College of Engineering and Technology, Surat and a Master's degree in Management Studies from the Welingkar Institute of Management and Research, University of Mumbai	
Experience (including expertise in specific functional area) / Brief Resume	He has over two decades of experience in financial services and media industry. Prior to joining the Company as Executive Director in the year 2010, he was working with Adlabs Films Limited as the Corporate Head – Strategic Planning and Acquisitions, Centrum Capital Limited as an Executive Director, Calculus Credit Limited as the Assistant Vice - President, Apple Industries Limited and Larsen & Toubro Limited. He has been instrumental in the creation of "Imagicaa". He has wide experience in business management, strategic planning, project implementation, and corporate finance.	
Terms and Conditions of Appointment/Re-appointment	As per Nomination and remuneration Policy of the Company	
Remuneration last drawn (including sitting fees, if any)	Nil	
Details of Remuneration sought to be paid	Nil	
Shareholding in the Company	178	
Relationship with other Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel	None of the Directors are related inter-se	
Number of meetings of the Board attended during the year	4 out of 4	
Directorships of other Boards (1)	1. Thrrill Park Limited 2. Centrum Alternative Investment Managers Limited 3. Gurudaya Estates Private Limited 4. Centrum Holdings Limited 5. Centrum Retail Services Limited	
Membership / Chairmanship of Committees of other Boards (2)	Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited 1) Audit Committee - Member 2) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee – Member	
	Walkwater Properties Private Limited Audit Committee - Chairman	

Note(s):

Excludes directorships in the Company, Foreign Companies, Private Companies, Companies formed under Section 25 of the erstwhile Companies Act, 1956 and Companies formed under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per the provisions of Regulation 26 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, only two committees viz. Audit Committee and Shareholders/ Investors Grievance Committee are considered;

BOARD'S REPORT

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dear Members,

Your Company's Directors hereby present the 12th Annual Report of your Company along with Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 ("year under review/ FY 2020-21").

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The standalone performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 is summarized below:

(₹ In Lakhs)

		(t 111 Earti 13)
Particulars	Financial Year ended March 31, 2021	Financial Year ended March 31, 2020
Total Revenue	4,646.22	20,065.87
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
Tax Expenses		
- Current Tax	-	-
- Deferred Tax	-	-
Profit/ (Loss) after tax	(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)

Note(s):

The figures for the previous year have been regrouped/rearranged wherever necessary to confirm with current period classification.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the financial year 2020-21, at standalone level, your Company reported a decline of 77% in Total Revenue visa-vis FY 2019-20. Total Revenue Decreased to ₹ 4,646.22 Lakhs from ₹ 20,065.87 Lakhs for the corresponding period. EBITDA reduced to a loss of ₹ (837.81) Lakhs from a loss of ₹ (975.26) Lakhs primarily due to decline in revenue on account of Covid-19 lockdown in FY21. During the year under review, your Company has recorded 0.75 Lakhs visitors, down from the previous year number of 14.07 Lakhs.

The outstanding secured loans including interest overdue as on March 31, 2021 aggregate to ₹ 1,43,788.9 Lakhs.

None of Financial Statements of the Company, pertaining to previous financial years were revised during the financial year under review.

DIVIDEND & TRANSFER TO RESERVES

In view of the loss for the financial year ended March 31, 2021, no amount is proposed to be transferred to the reserves and your Directors have not recommended payment of any dividend for the year under review.

THE STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS

Your Company owns & operates an Integrated Entertainment Holiday Destination "IMAGICAA" which is built to match global standards and includes a theme park, a water park, a snow park, a hotel, and other associated activities such as retail & merchandise, food and beverages, etc.

There was no change in nature of business of the Company during the year under review.

STATUS OF DEBT RESOLUTION PLAN

Your company has been constantly working towards reducing its debt to bring it to manageable levels. Your Company is in regular discussions with consortium lenders to arrive at a sustainable resolution and has offered utmost co-operation in recovery efforts by lenders. In the year under review, your Company had pursued certain options which offered lenders a healthy recovery of their outstanding principal. However, all lenders could not arrive at a consensus in this regard. Previously, there had been references to National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") by two of the secured lenders in response to which the Company had been making sincere efforts for amicable resolution outside the ambit of NCLT.

THE DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 DURING THE YEAR ALONGWITH THEIR STATUS AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR.

An Interlocutory Application was filed by one of the lenders viz., Corporation Bank (now merged into Union Bank of India) under section 60(5) for change of name of the Applicant bank and urgent disposal of Company petition filed under section 7 of IBC, 2016. As of end of the Financial Year 2020-21, the matter was pending hearing due to limited functionality under COVID-19 disruption.



SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up Equity Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2021 was ₹ 8,806.21 Lakhs. There was no change in the share capital during the year under review. During FY 2020-21, the Company did not issue or allot any equity shares of the Company.

Shareholders of the Company at their Annual General Meeting held on the November 10, 2020, approved Imagicaaworld Employee Stock Option Scheme 2020 and issuance Employee Stock Options, exercisable into equity shares of ₹ 10/- of the Company not exceeding 39,94,891 (Thirty Nine Lakhs Ninety Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety One) Options, each Option giving the right but not obligation to the holder, to subscribe for cash, one fully paid Share, at such price. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India granted their in-principle on February 03, 2021. Grant of share based benefits to employees is a mechanism to align the interest of the employees with those of the Company and also to foster long-term commitment. Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company granted 39,94,891 Stock Options (each being convertible into one equity share of the face value of ₹ 10/- each of the Company) to the eligible employees at the terms and conditions prescribed in Imagicaaworld Employee Stock Option Scheme 2020.

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 14 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 ("SEBI SBEB Regulations"), details of the aforesaid schemes are annexed as *Annexure I* to this Report.

TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

The provisions of Section 125(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rules framed thereunder do not apply to the Company as it has not declared or paid dividend.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 134(5) of the Act, your Directors confirm that:

 in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;

- accounting policies selected have been applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates were made so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the year under review and of the profit and loss of the company for the year under review;
- proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the annual accounts of your Company have been prepared on 'a going concern' basis, however, the Statutory Auditors have indicated that a material uncertainty exists that may cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.
- e) internal financial controls were laid down & followed by your company and it was ensured that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) Proper systems were devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

a) Number of meetings:

The Board of Directors met 4 (four) times during FY 2020-21 i.e. on. July 29, 2020, September 14, 2020, November 10, 2020 and February 4, 2021. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed maximum permissible limit prescribed under the applicable laws. Details of the meetings of the Board along with attendance of the Directors therein have been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

Further, the Board has also dealt with certain items through Circular Resolutions, which were duly confirmed by the Directors at the subsequent Board meeting(s).

Appointments/ Resignations:

Details of the Directors, who were appointed or have resigned or appointed during the year under review, are as under:

Name of the Director and DIN	Designation	Appointment/ Resignation
Ms. Anita Pawar ⁽¹⁾ DIN: 08563043	Non-Executive Independent Director	Appointment
Mr. Dhananjay Barve ⁽²⁾ DIN: 00224261	Non-Executive Independent Director	Appointment

Note(s):-

- Appointed as an Additional Director (Non-Executive & Independent) w.e.f September 16, 2019 for a period of 3 years. Subsequently appointed as an Independent Director by the shareholders at the Eleventh Annual General Meeting held on November 10, 2020.
- Appointed as an Additional Director (Non-Executive & Independent) w.e.f April 01, 2020 for a period of 3 years. Subsequently appointed as an Independent Director by the shareholders at the Eleventh Annual General Meeting held on November 10, 2020.

The aforesaid appointments were duly approved by the Board upon recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Further, pursuant to applicable provisions of the Act and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Kapil Bagla, Non-Executive Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the ensuing Twelfth Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. Business with respect to his reappointment also forms part of the notice of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

c) **Declaration of Independence:**

All the Independent Directors of the Company have given their respective confirmation that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed in the provisions of Section 149(6) the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge duties with

an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

All the Independent Directors of your Company have also confirmed compliance and adherence to the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule V of the Act.

Confirmation of compliance of Code of Conduct for **Directors and Senior Management:**

The Company has formulated and adopted a Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management and all the Directors and Senior Managerial Officers have also confirmed adherence to the Code of Conduct and compliance of the same.

Formal Annual Evaluation:

The Company has devised a policy for performance evaluation of its individual directors, the Board and the Committees constituted by it, which includes criteria for performance evaluation.

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, working of its the Committees and the Directors individually.

The Directors were provided with structured questionnaire to record their views. The reports generated out of the evaluation process were placed before the Board at its meeting and noted by the Directors. The evaluation process was attentive on various aspects of the functioning of the Board and its Committees, such as experience and competencies, performance of specific duties and obligations of the Board and its Committees, governance issues etc. The Board also carried out the evaluation of the performance of individual directors based on criteria such as contribution of the director at the meetings, strategic perspective or inputs regarding the growth and performance of the Company etc.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has also reviewed the performance of the individual directors based on their knowledge, level of preparation and effective participation in meetings, contribution



towards positive growth of the Company, etc. A separate meeting of the Independent Directors was also held during the year for evaluation of the performance of the Non Independent Directors, the Board as a whole and that of the Chairman.

f) Familiarisation programme for Independent Directors:

All new Independent Directors (IDs) inducted into the Board are given an orientation. Presentations are made by Executive Director (ED) and Senior Management giving an overview of the Company's operations, to familiarize the new IDs with the Company's business operations. The new IDs are given an orientation on our products, group structure, subsidiary company, Board constitution and procedures, matters reserved for the Board, and the Company's major risks and risk management strategy. The Policy on the Company's Familiarisation Programme for IDs can be accessed at : https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investordocs/Familiarisation%20Programme%20for%20 Independent%20Directors.pdf

B. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors have constituted various Committees which are constituted in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations. Detailed composition of all the committees along with number of meetings of these committees held during the year under review is provided in Corporate Governance Report of the Company.

a) Audit Committee:

The composition of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors as on March 31, 2021 is as follows:

Name of the Member	Category
Mr. Steven A. Pinto (Chairman)	Independent Director
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed	Independent Director
Mr. Kapil Bagla	Non-Executive Non-
	Independent Director

The recommendation made by Audit Committee to the Board, from time to time during the FY 2020-21, have been accepted by the Board.

Vigil Mechanism:

The Board established and adopted a Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower Mechanism that enables the Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Code of Conduct of the Company and to report unprofessional misconduct without fear of reprisal. The Vigil Mechanism provides for (a) adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use the Vigil Mechanism; and (b) direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company in appropriate or exceptional cases.

Details of the Vigil Mechanism are made available on the Company's website i.e. https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/Vigil%20Mechanism%20or%20 Whistle%20Blower%20Policy.pdf

b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"):

The Company has duly constituted NRC, with its composition, quorum, terms of reference and scope & powers in line with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations.

Nomination and Remuneration Policy:

The Board has adopted a Policy on Nomination and Remuneration of Directors and Senior Managerial Personnel of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is framed mainly to deal with the following matters, falling within the scope of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors:

- i. To provide processes which enable the identification of individuals who are qualified to become Directors, Key Managerial Personnels ("KMPs") and employees at Senior Management level ("SMPs") and recommend their appointment to the Board:
- ii. To devise a policy on Board diversity and succession plan for the Board, KMPs and SMPs;
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes of independence of Directors; and

- To frame evaluation criteria of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors;
- Remuneration programme designed to ensure that remuneration is reasonable to attract, retain and reward executives of the Company who will contribute to the long-term success of the Company based on their performance;
- vi. Determine remuneration of members of the Board, KMPs and SMPs of the Company and maintaining a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company can be accessed on the website of Company https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/ Nomination%20and%20Remuneration%20Policy.pdf

Risk Management Committee ("RMC"):

Board has constituted a Risk Management Committee of the Board, to assist the Board with regard to the identification, evaluation and mitigation of operational, strategic and external risks. Risk Management Committee works towards identifying internal and external risks and implementing risk mitigation steps. Status updates are provided to the Board of Directors of the Company on quarterly basis. More information on risks and threats has been disclosed in the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" which forms part of this Report.

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("CSR Committee"):

CSR is a Company's sense of responsibility towards the community and environment in which it operates. It is the continuing commitment by business to behave ethically and contribute to economic development of the society at large and building capacity for sustainable livelihoods. The Company believes in conducting its business responsibly, fairly and in a most transparent manner. It continually seeks ways to bring about an overall positive impact on the society and environment where it operates and as a part of its social objectives.

The Company has duly constituted CSR Committee comprising of Mr. Manmohan Shetty, Executive Chairman (Chairperson); Mr. Steven A. Pinto, Independent Director; Mr. Kapil Bagla, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director.

The responsibilities of the CSR Committee include:

- Formulating and recommending to the Board of Directors the CSR Policy and indicating activities to be undertaken.
- Recommending the amount of expenditure for the CSR activities.
- Monitoring CSR activities from time to time.

CSR policy has been formally formulated and adopted in terms of Section 135 of the Act and Rules framed thereunder to undertake CSR activities. The Company has always made consistent efforts to maintain an active corporate social responsibility portfolio. CSR Policy is uploaded on the website of the Company and can be accessed from https://www.imagicaaworld. com/investor docs/Corporate%20Social%20 Responsiblity%20Policy.pdf

In view of the losses for the year under review, your Company was not required to spend any amount towards the CSR activities, as per the applicable provisions of Section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, the details of the CSR activities during the year under review are not provided in this Report.

Stakeholders Relationship Committee ("SRC"):

The Company has duly constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprising of Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Independent Director (Chairman); Mr. Kapil Bagla, Non-Executive Director and Mr. Manmohan Shetty, Executive Director. The terms of reference, scope and powers of SRC are in line with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The key managerial personnel ("KMP") of the Company as per Section 2(51) and 203 of the Act are as follows:



- Mr. Ashutosh Kale: Joint Chief Executive Officer
- 2. Mr. Dhimant Bakshi: Joint Chief Executive Officer
- 3. Mr. Mayuresh Kore: Chief Financial Officer
- 4. Ms. Divyata Raval: Company Secretary

D. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS & EMPLOYEES

Disclosures with respect to the remuneration of Directors and employees as required under Section 197 (12) of the Act and Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are provided separately as *Annexure II* to this Report.

Please note that the Company has not employed any employee(s) for whom details are required to be disclosed under provisions of Section 197(12) of the Act and Rule 5(2) & 5(3) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

E. DISCLOSURES RELATING TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company has two wholly owned subsidiaries as on March 31, 2021 i.e. Walkwater Properties Private Limited and Blue Haven Entertainment Private Limited. During the year under review, no company became/ceased to be subsidiary/associate/joint venture of the Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, salient features of the Financial Statements of each of subsidiaries are set out in the prescribed form AOC - 1, which forms part of the Financial Statements section of the Annual Report.

Pursuant to the Section 136 of the Act, The financial statements of the subsidiary companies are uploaded on the website of your Company i.e. www.imagicaaworld.com under "About us/ Investors Relations" tab. Any Member desirous of obtaining a copy of the said financial statements of subsidiary companies may write to the Company Secretary at the registered office address of your Company.

Your Company has approved a policy for determining material subsidiaries and the same is uploaded on the Company's website which can be accessed using the link https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/ Material%20Subsidiary%20Policy.pdf

F. DEPOSITS

During the year under review, your Company has not accepted any fixed deposits from the public falling under Section 73 of the Act read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. Therefore, as on March 31, 2021, there were no deposits which were unpaid or unclaimed and due for repayment.

G. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

During the year under review, there were no guarantees given under Section 186 of the Act. Particulars of loans and investments have been disclosed as part of the financial statements of your Company for the year under review, in Note 38 and Note 45 respectively.

H. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION (1) OF SECTION 188 OF THE ACT IN THE PRESCRIBED FORM

All contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) entered into by your Company with its related parties, during the year under review, were:

- in "ordinary course of business" of the Company;
- on "an arm's length basis"; and
- not "material"

as per the provisions of Section 188(1) of the Act read with Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014. Accordingly, Form AOC-2, prescribed under the provisions of Section 134(3)(h) of the Act and Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, for disclosure of details of related party transactions, which are "not at arm's length basis" and also, which are "material & at arm's length basis", is not provided as an annexure of the Directors' Report.

However, details of the related party transactions entered into during the year under review and as on March 31, 2021, are disclosed as part of the financial statements of your Company for the year under review, as Note 39. Further, pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations, Board has approved and adopted a Policy on Related Party Transactions. The said policy is available on your Company's website

https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/ Related%20Party%20Transaction%20Policy.pdf

TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR **EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND**

The provisions of Section 125(2) of the Act do not apply as there was no dividend declared and paid by the Company.

MATERIAL **CHANGES** AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE **COMPANY**

There have been no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report except the second wave of COVID-19 outbreak in India, especially the state of Maharashtra that resulted in another round of prolonged lockdown and the commercial operations of the park business have been disrupted till the date of this Report, thereby impacting the financial position of the Company.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND **COMPANY'S OPERATIONS**

As disclosed in our previous year's report, on account of COVID-19 outbreak the Company received a specific directive on March 15, 2020 from Revenue and Forest Department, Raigad District, Government of Maharashtra was received to keep the business operations closed for guests with immediate effect, till further orders. Subsequently, the Company received permission to open its Parks from the Government of Maharashtra vide Unlock Order No: DMU/2020/CR.92/ DisM-1, dated December 21, 2020. Pursuant to the said order, the Theme Park was opened with Limited Operations with effect from December 25, 2020. The Water Park continued to remain closed and was subsequently re-opened on March 11, 2021.

The Parks were however again closed with effect from first week of April, 2021 due to a specific order no. 460/2021 issued by Government of Maharashtra on April 05, 2021 pursuant to second wave of COVID-19 pandemic in India.

ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company has adequate internal control procedures which are commensurate with its size and nature of business. The business control procedures ensure efficient use and protection of Company's resources and compliance with policies, procedures and statutory requirements. Internal auditors are appointed to carry audit assignments and to periodically review the transactions across the divisions and evaluate effectiveness of internal control systems; however this year due to the COVID-19 induced disruptions and business being shut for major part of the year, the internal audit exercise has been carried out in a limited manner.

M. AUDITORS

Statutory Auditors

M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co. (Firm Registration No.: 109208W) were appointed as Statutory Auditors of your Company at the 11th Annual General Meeting of the Company to hold office for a period of 4 (Four) year i.e. from the conclusion of the 11th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 15th Annual General Meeting of the Company i.e. for Financial Year 2023-24 in line with Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder.

The Company has received a certificate from M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co., Chartered Accountants certifying that their appointment is in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and that they satisfy the criteria as prescribed in Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Auditors' Report does contain few adverse remarks as follows:

The auditors have given an adverse report and stated that "material uncertainty exists that may cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The said audit qualification has arisen primarily on account of net worth erosion and continuing unserviceability of present debt on the books. The Company has been engaging with its lenders for addressing its high debt levels vis-à-vis the servicing potential; however the resolution plans have so far got partial approvals from the Consortium of Lenders.



b) The auditors have also stated that the Company has a net carrying value of Property Plant and Equipment of ₹ 81,147.48 Lakhs, intangible assets of ₹ 927.98 Lakhs and investments of ₹ 8,337.62 Lakhs as at March 31, 2021. The impairment testing was last carried out by the company in the financial year 2019-20. In the absence of impairment testing during the current year, the Company is unable to comment whether the carrying values of the Property, Plant and Equipment, intangible asset and investments as at March 31, 2021 are recoverable and whether any further provision would be required for the same.

b) Secretarial Auditors:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company had appointed M/s. Aabid & Co., Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2020-21. The Report of the Secretarial Audit in Form MR-3 for the financial year 2020-21 is annexed as *Annexure III* to the Report. There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by Secretarial Auditor in his report. The Board has appointed M/s. Aabid & Co., Company Secretaries as Secretarial Auditors for the financial year 2021-22.

Further, in compliance with Regulation 24A of the Listing Regulations, M/s. Aabid & Co., Company Secretaries have conducted secretarial audit of Walkwater Properties Private Limited ("WPPL"), material subsidiary of the Company. There were no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by Secretarial Auditor in his report issued to WPPL.

c) Cost Auditors:

The Company was not required to appoint Cost Auditors during the year under review.

N. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The particulars relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings

and outgo, as required to be disclosed under the Act, are provided in **Annexure IV** to this Report.

O. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with the corporate governance requirements under the Companies Act, 2013, and as stipulated under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. A separate section on corporate governance under the Listing Regulations, along with the certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary confirming the compliance, is annexed and forms part of this Annual Report.

The Company has complied with the Secretarial Standards issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meeting of Board of Directors and General Meetings.

P. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Management Discussion and Analysis is annexed as **Annexure V**.

Q. ANNUAL RETURN

Annual Return prepared in accordance with Section 92 of the Act is has been uploaded on the website of the Company i.e. www.imagicaaworld.com and can be accessed at https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/Annual%20Return%20(MGT-7)%20 for%20the%20FY%202020-21.pdf

R. HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company regards human resources as a valuable asset. The Company encourages a performance driven culture and enables the employees with focused training at regular intervals. Further, the training needs at all divisions are periodically assessed and training programmes are conducted using internal resources and/or engaging external facilitators and trainers. The total 187 employees ceased to be associated with the Company due to resignations during the year ended March 31, 2021.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, **PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013**

The Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for every individual working in the Company's premises through various interventions and practices. The Company always endeavours to create and provide an environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment.

The Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace has been formulated by the Company. The policy aims to develop a harmonious and productive working environment free from sexual harassment. This policy is applicable to all employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees). The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2003. The Company ensured that all allegations of sexual harassment were investigated and dealt with appropriately in accordance with the procedures prescribed under the Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace. All the Complaints received during the year under review have been duly resolved and there are no complaints pending as at the end of the year under review.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors would like to express their sincere appreciation for the continued co-operation and assistance received from shareholders, customers, vendors, bankers, financial institutions, regulatory bodies and other business constituents during the year under review. Your Directors also wish to place on record their sincere appreciation for the hardwork, solidarity and commitment of each and every executives, officers and staff of the Company during the financial year.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manmohan Shetty

Chairman (DIN: 00013961)

Place : Mumbai Date : June 24, 2021



Annexure I

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO REGULATION 14 OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SHARE BASED EMPLOYEE BENEFITS) REGULATIONS, 2014 AS ON MARCH 31, 2021:

During the year 2020-21 the Shareholders of the Company at their Annual General Meeting held on November 10, 2020, approved a Scheme called as "Imagicaaworld Employee Stock Options Scheme 2020". As on March 31, 2021, the Company has one Scheme i.e. Imagicaaworld Employee Stock Options Scheme 2020 ("Scheme 2020").

Accordingly, the disclosures pertaining to stock options granted by the Company under the aforesaid Schemes and as required under the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2015 are provided herein below:

A. Relevant disclosures in terms of the "Guidance note on accounting for employee share-based payments" issued by Institute ovement during the year (For each ESOS):

The disclosures are provided in the note 44 to the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021.

B. Diluted EPS on issue of shares pursuant to all the schemes covered under the regulations shall be disclosed in accordance with 'Accounting Standard 20 - Earnings Per Share' issued by ICAI or any other relevant accounting standards as prescribed from time to time:

The Company has not issued shares pursuant to the said grant and as on date it is not possible to ascertain how many employees would exercise their options as on the future vesting date. The Employee Stock Options granted by the Company which are potential equity shares are ignored for purpose of computation of diluted earnings per share since they are anti-dilutive, considering that the company has incurred losses.

- C. Details related to Scheme 2013 of the Company
 - A description of each ESOS that existed at any time during the year, including the general terms and conditions of each ESOS, including –
 - (a) Date of shareholders' approval November 10, 2020
 - (b) Total number of options approved under ESOS 39,94,891 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each
 - (c) Vesting requirements Options granted under ESOS 2020 would Vest after 1 (one) year but not later than 3 (three) years from the date of grant of such Options.
 - (d) Exercise price or pricing formula
 - The exercise price for the first grant shall be 30% discount to trailing 2 weeks Volume Weighted Average Price (on the stock exchange which has reported higher volumes) from date of first vesting.
 - The exercise price for the subsequent grant shall be 20% discount to trailing 2 weeks Volume Weighted Average Price (on the stock exchange which has reported higher volumes).
 - (e) Maximum term of options granted 7 years from the date of vesting

- Source of shares (primary, secondary or combination) Primary
- (g) Variation in terms of options Nil
- Method used to account for ESOS Intrinsic Value Method
- iii. Where the company opts for expensing of the options using the intrinsic value of the options, the difference between the employee compensation cost so computed and the employee compensation cost that shall have been recognized if it had used the fair value of the options. The impact of this difference on profits and on EPS of the company -

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

The Company recognizes compensation expense relating to share-based payments in net profit based on estimated fair values of the stock options on the grant date. The estimated fair value of stock options is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the stock options as if the stock option was in substance multiple stock options with a corresponding increase to share options outstanding account.

In case, the fair value of the stock options granted at the grant date cannot be estimated reliably, the options are measured at their intrinsic value, initially at the date the entity obtains the service and subsequently at the end of each reporting period and at the date of final settlement, with any change in intrinsic value recognized in Profit or Loss.

Accordingly, the change in intrinsic value has been disclosed in the Profit and Loss Account as on March 31, 2021 under Employee Benefit Expenses.

iv. Option movement during the year (For each ESOS) -

Particulars	Details
Number of options outstanding at the beginning of the period	Nil
Number of options granted during the year	39,94,891
Number of options forfeited / lapsed during the year	-
Number of options vested during the year	-
Number of options exercised during the year	-
Number of shares arising as a result of exercise of options	-
Money realized by exercise of options (\mathfrak{F}) , if scheme is implemented directly by the company	-
Loan repaid by the Trust during the year from exercise price received	-
Number of options outstanding at the end of the year	Nil
Number of options exercisable at the end of the year	39,94,891

Weighted-average exercise prices and weighted-average fair values of options shall be disclosed separately for options whose exercise price either equals or exceeds or is less than the market price of the stock.

The same is not applicable since the exercise price shall be determined at a future date.



vi. Employee wise details (name of employee, designation, number of options granted during the year, exercise price) of options granted to –

a. Senior Managerial Personnel -

Following are the details of Stock Options granted to the Senior Managerial Personnel (SMP) of the Company. The Shares have not been exercised by any of the SMPs as on the date of this Report.

Sr. No.	Name of the Employee	Designation	No. of Options granted during the year
1.	Ashutosh Kale	Jt. Chief Executive Officer	3,97,465
2.	Dhimant Bakshi	Jt. Chief Executive Officer	5,13,236
3.	Mayuresh Kore	Chief Financial Officer	4,03,147
4.	Divyata Raval	Company Secretary	85,022
5.	Balanand Anand	Vice President – Engineering	3,60,228
6.	Sitanshu Satapathy	Vice President – Finance and Accounts	3,04,222
7.	Arvind Kamalia	Deputy General Manager – Finance	1,41,443
8.	Shivajee Sharma	Assistant Vice President – Operations	1,70,845

b. any other employee who receives a grant in any one year of option amounting to 5% or more of option granted during that year

Sr. No.	Name of the Employee	Designation	No. of Options granted during the year
1.	Ashutosh Kale	Jt. Chief Executive Officer	3,97,465
2.	Dhimant Bakshi	Jt. Chief Executive Officer	5,13,236
3.	Mayuresh Kore	Chief Financial Officer	4,03,147
4.	Balanand Anand	Vice President – Engineering	3,60,228
5.	Sitanshu Satapathy	Vice President – Finance and Accounts	3,04,222

c. identified employees who were granted option, during any one year, equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of the company at the time of grant.

NIL

d. A description of the method and significant assumptions used during the year to estimate the fair value of options including the following information:

- i. the weighted-average values of share price, exercise price, expected volatility, expected option life, expected dividends, the risk-free interest rate and any other inputs to the model;
- ii. the method used and the assumptions made to incorporate the effects of expected early exercise;
- iii. how expected volatility was determined, including an explanation of the extent to which expected volatility was based on historical volatility; and
- iv. whether and how any other features of the option grant were incorporated into the measurement of fair value, such as a market condition.

The Company recognizes compensation expense relating to share-based payments in net profit based on estimated fair values of the stock options on the grant date. The estimated fair value of stock options is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the stock options as if the stock option was in substance multiple stock options with a corresponding increase to share options outstanding account.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

In case, the fair value of the stock options granted at the grant date cannot be estimated reliably, the options are measured at their intrinsic value, initially at the date the entity obtains the service and subsequently at the end of each reporting period and at the date of final settlement, with any change in intrinsic value recognized in Profit or Loss.

Accordingly, the change in intrinsic value has been disclosed in the Profit and Loss Account as on March 31, 2021 under Employee Benefit Expenses.



Annexure II

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF REMUNERATION UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND RULE 5(1) OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

(i) The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year ("FY"):

Name of Director	Median ⁽²⁾	Remuneration	Ratio
Mr. Manmohan Shetty ⁽¹⁾	2,92,347	Nil Nil	1:0
Mr. Kapil Bagla ⁽¹⁾	2,92,347	Nil	1:0
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed ⁽³⁾	2,92,347	1,90,000	1:0.65
Mr. Steven A. Pinto ⁽³⁾	2,92,347	1,90,000	1:0.65
Ms. Anita Pawar ⁽³⁾	2,92,347	80,000	1:0.27
Mr. Dhananjay Barve ⁽³⁾	2,92,347	80,000	1:0.27

Note(s):-

(ii) The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary, if any, in the financial year

Name of Director/ Officers	Designation	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	% increased Over previous year
Mr. Kapil Bagla	Non-Executive Director	Nil	Nil	Nil
Mr. Ashutosh Kale	Joint Chief Executive Officer	70,54,062	70,54,062	Nil
Mr. Dhimant Bakshi	Joint Chief Executive Officer	94,44,909	94,44,909	Nil
Mr. Mayuresh Kore	Chief Financial Officer	68,55,992	68,55,992	Nil
Ms. Divyata Raval	Company Secretary	17,68,000	17,68,000	Nil

Notes:

(iii) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year

The percentage Increased in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2020-21 is 2.98%. The median remuneration of the employees reflects minor increase during the financial year 2020-21 because of the reduction in the total number of the employees compared to previous financial year.

(iv) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company

Permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on March 31, 2021 were 600.

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Manmohan Shetty, Chairman & Mr. Kapil Bagla, Non-executive Director of the Company did not draw any remuneration during the year 2020-21.

⁽²⁾ To derive median, only employees on the payroll of the Company are taken into consideration.

⁽³⁾ Mr. Steven A. Pinto, Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Ms. Anita Pawar and Mr. Dhananjay Barve receive only sitting fees which are not considered as remuneration for the purpose of above calculation.

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Steven A. Pinto, Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Ms. Anita Pawar and Mr. Dhananjay Barve were paid the sitting fees and hence the same is not considered in providing this information.

⁽²⁾ Considering COVID-19 pandemic and its effect on the Company's business, a temporary pay reductions measure was implemented at across all levels of the employees since the month of April, 2020 including the Key Managerial Personnel; however the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has not altered the remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

(v) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration

There has been no exceptional increase in the remuneration for managerial personnel for the FY 2020-21.

(vi) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company

The remuneration paid for FY 2020-21 was as per remuneration policy of the Company and approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board.

(vii) It is affirmed that the aforesaid remuneration is as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.



Annexure III

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members,

IMAGICAAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT LIMITED

(Formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) 30/31 Sangdewadi, Khopoli Pali Road, District Raigad – 410 203 Maharashtra.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliances of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (Formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) (hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing opinion thereon.

Based on our verifications of the Books, Papers, Minute Books, Forms and Returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the Books, Papers, and Minute Books, Forms and Returns filed and other records maintained by the Company as given in Annexure - I for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2021 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder.
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder.

- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder is not applicable to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999/ The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
 - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (Not applicable during the period under review);
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009(Not applicable during the period under review); and
 - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998 (Not applicable during the period under review)

- (vi) The other Laws applicable specifically to the company is Annexed with this Report as Annexure-II.
 - We have also examined Compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015 to the extent applicable to the Company.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors including Woman Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notices are given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exist for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations and Guidelines.

We further report that the Company has complied with respect to listing of Equity shares

We further report that during the audit period, the following specific events were held:

- 1. Mr. Dhananjay Barve was appointed as an Additional & Non-Executive Independent Director w.e.f. 01st April, 2020.
- 2. The name of the company has changed from "Adlabs Entertainment Limited" to "Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited" w.e.f. 07th April, 2020.
- During the financial year 2020-21, the Company has issued 39,94,891 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each for cash to its employees as per Employee Stock Option Scheme.

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure-III' and forms an integral part of this report.

> For Aabid & Co **Company Secretaries**

Mohammed Aabid Partner

Membership No.: F6579

Place: Mumbai COP No.: 6625 Date: June 23, 2021 UDIN: F006579C000504307



ANNEXURE - I

List of documents verified

- 1. Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company
- 2. Annual Report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2021.
- Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, held during the financial year under report.
- Minutes of General Meetings held during the financial year under report.
- Agenda papers submitted to all the directors / members for the Board Meetings and Committee meetings.
- Declarations received from the Directors of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 164 (2) and 184 (1) of Companies Act, 2013.
- Intimations / documents/ reports/ returns filed with the Stock Exchanges pursuant to the provisions of Listing Regulations for the issuance and listing of shares during the financial year under report.
- E-forms filed by the Company, from time to time, under applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and attachments thereof during the financial year under report.
- Statutory Registers under Companies Act, 2013

ANNEXURE – II

LIST OF OTHER LAWS SPECIFICALLY APPLICABLE TO THE COMPANY

- 1. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.
- 2. The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.
- 3. The Maharashtra Shops & Establishment Act, 1972
- 4. The Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948.
- 5. Employee's Compensation Act, 1923.
- 6. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
- 7. The Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
- 8. The Maharashtra State Tax on Professions, Trades, Callings and Employments Act, 1975

ANNEXURE-III

To, The Members,

IMAGICAAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT LIMITED

(Formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Our report of even date is to be read with this letter

- Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of Secretarial records. The verification was done on a test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of accounts of the Company.
- Wherever required, we have obtained Management Representation about the compliance laws, rules and regulations, and happening of events, etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on a test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Annexure IV

PARTICULARS OF ENERGY CONSERVATION, **TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS** AND OUTGO REQUIRED UNDER THE COMPANY (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014.

Important Note: Due to the Covid 19 Pandemic, the country went into a strict lockdown. During the financial year ended on March 31, 2021, except for few months, both Theme Park and Water Park were in closed down condition with only basic facility systems partially operational. During the period from April, 2020 to April, 2021, the park has functioned partially (weekend operation with lesser guests) from December 25, 2020 to April 04, 2021 only. The Hotel was operational for around 8 months with a limited capacity and with most amenities curtailed.

A. Conservation of Energy

The steps taken or impact on conservation of (i) energy:

The following steps have been taken to conserve energy during FY 2020-21:

Water Park:

Optimization of running hours of the rides at the Water Park based on Guest turnout – Social distancing norms were followed during the pandemic and Green Initiative was continued.

Theme Park:

- Since, major of the period the Parks were nonoperational various measures were taken to consolidate the items to conserve on energy. During non-peak, winter & rainy days, the company has been controlling the HVAC system (air conditioning) operational timings through IBMS (building management) system.
- b) Optimization of running hours of the rides at the Theme Park based on Guest turnout – Social distancing norms were followed during the pandemic and Green Initiatives continued.



Hotel:

- a) One of the diesel fired boiler has been converted to gas fired one with increased thermal efficiency and cost saving.
- Extra insulation was provided for chilled water distribution lines of HVAC system.
- c) Utilisation of BMS system for utility operation as guest occupancy was low due to pandemic & lockdown conditions. These systems control and monitor heating, ventilation and air conditioning, and can reduce total energy costs by 10% or more.
- (ii) The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:
- (a) In FY 2020-21, the Company's Solar / Wind Power consumption through Open Access was 23,88,929 kWh which is 48 % of the total power consumption.
- (iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment: Nil
- **B.** Technology Absorption
- 1. The efforts made towards technology absorption:

As the Company is an end user of Ride systems and not into manufacturing, the technology absorption is not relevant.

Detailed operations and maintenance manuals are provided by the vendor and are followed in our maintenance routine.

2. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

The Company has developed a domestic vendor database for specific Electrical and Mechanical components used in ride systems, like authorized distributors of the products and sales outlets in India.

For general replacement parts and components, the Company has also developed import substitution for components such as Bearings, Allen Bradley Electronic products (like detectors, sensors), Electrical drives, Drive brakes, Drive chains, Rope drives, Drive tyres etc.

In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):

The details of technology imported; the year of import; whether the technology been fully absorbed; and if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof.

As the Company is an end user of Ride systems and not into manufacturing, the technology absorption is not relevant.

Detailed operations and maintenance manuals are provided by the vendor and are followed in our maintenance routine.

4. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development:

As this is a service industry, the expenditure is on service improvement and cost reduction, which is detailed in point 2 above.

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

Activities related to exports, initiatives taken to increase exports; development of new export markets for products and services; and export plans:

The Company does not possess any foreign technology. The Company has however engaged a few theme park professionals for maintenance, inspection, creation of design development and project management.

Total foreign exchange earnings and outgo for the financial year is as follows:

(a) Total Foreign Exchange earnings: NIL

(b) Total Foreign Exchange outgo: ₹ 10.85 Lakhs

Management Discussion and Analysis

AN OVERVIEW OF THE INDUSTRY

The Global Parks Industry

The global parks industry traces its origins to the 1950s when the first parks were open in the USA and Canada. These were a natural extension of the town fairs that were held periodically to coincide with cultural and religious events. According to the International Association of Amusement Parks and Attractions (IAAPA), an Amusement Park is defined as 'a large, high-profile attraction that offers guests a complex of rides, food services and games'.

Park format are broadly classified as amusement parks, theme parks and water parks. A theme park is defined as a unique setting or rides with specific themes. Water parks, on the other hand, offer a range of water based activities.

The total global parks industry is estimated to decline by 2.7% due to economic slowdown across countries owing to the COVID-19 outbreak and the measures to contain it. Parks globally have been shut-down for almost six month, but are not starting to open. However, key players expect a good bounce back by end of the year as people are looking for entertainment options after being locked-out for the past six months.

The Indian Parks Industry

The Indian Amusement & Theme Park industry has been growing at a compounded annual growth rate (CAGR) of more than 17.5%. The industry provides direct employment to over 80,000 people.

The fiscal year 2020 had been difficult for the industry with the economic slowdown seen during the year and pandemic of COVID-19 hitting the country in Q4 of 2020. The fiscal year 2021 has been further difficult as the industry has been under lockdown for 9 months including the peak season of Q1 which generates 35-45% of revenue. Though, the Industry has seen decent footfalls in Christmas holidays and Q4. The fiscal year 2022 is also looking to be a difficult year as the second wave has hit the country during the peak season of Q1. But the second wave is expected to be shorter with operations expected to restart from Sep-Oct 2021. However, it is expected that it would take 8-10 month for the industry to regain normalcy.

Annexure V

Revenue Mix

In India, the revenue from parks is still highly dominated by admission tickets forming about 75 per cent to 80 per cent to the total revenues. Internationally, admission tickets revenues account for about 50 per cent of the total revenue. The share of F&B, retailing and merchandise sales is low in India. However, this mix is fast changing and the revenue mix is expected to be aligned to international trend.

The following chart showcases the typical revenue breakup:





(Source: IMaCS Report)

COMPANY AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Imagicaaworld Entertainment Ltd. is the brainchild of Mr. Manmohan Shetty who has been closely associated with the entertainment business in India. As one of the pioneers of the multiplex business in India, Mr. Shetty was instrumental in transforming the film exhibition business through India's first IMAX theatre and Adlabs chains of multiplexes that brought world class cinematic experience to the Indian audiences.

Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited has now successfully created India's First & Only International Standard Entertainment Holiday Destination "IMAGICAA", which includes a Theme Park, a Water Park, a Snow Park & a Luxury Hotel - Novotel Imagicaa Khopoli.

Below are some of the achievements at Imagicaa:

- India's first International Theme Destination
- India's first International Standard Theme Park
- Imagicaa Snow Park is India's Largest Snow Park
- Novotel Imagicaa Khopoli is India's first Theme park based Hotel
- VFS Global Times Travel Awards 2019 Winner -**Adventure Attraction Sector**



- IAAPI National Awards For Excellence 2018-2019 5 awards
- WINNERS –
- Innovative Promotional Activity through Media OOH
- Innovative Promotional activity through Print Media.
- India's Retail Champions Award 2019 Winner Entertainment Category
- ET Business Icons February 2019 Winner Preferred Themed Entertainment Destination
- Guinness World Records February 2019 Most number of faces (258) washed by P& G at Imagicaa
- LIMCA BOOK OF RECORDS Largest collection and distribution of Toys Drive(2018)
- India Licensing Awards 2018 (LIMA 2018) Licensee of the Year - Theme & Amusement Park
- VFS Global Times Travel Awards 2018 Winner Adventure Attraction Sector
- Times Retail Icon Awards 2018 Preferred Theme Park Destination
- Customer Experience Awards 2018 Best Customer Experience in the Services Sector – Winner
- BLTM (Business & Luxury Travel Mart) 2017 Award for Excellence – Winner of Most Innovative Product
- India Licensing Awards 2017 Honorary Award -Theme Park
- TripAdvisor's Traveller's Choice Awards 2017 Top 25
 Water Parks World
- TripAdvisor's Traveller's Choice Awards 2017 Top 10 Amusement Parks & Water Parks in India
- Kids Stop Press' Digital Awards 2017 Best Outdoor Park
- IAAPI Awards 2017 Most Innovative Rides & Attractions - Winner
- IAAPI Awards 2017 Innovative Promotional Activity through Electronic Media TV Channel – Winner
- HICSA Awards 2016 Best New Hotel of the Year Novotel Imagicaa Khopoli
- IAAPI Awards 2016 Innovative Promotional Activity through Print Media – Winner
- IAAPI Awards 2016 Innovative Promotional Activity through Electronic Media TV Channel – Winner
- IAAPI Awards 2016 Most Innovative Rides & Attractions – Runner Up
- India's Most Attractive Brands Entertainment Category – Rank 1 (2015)
- India's Most Trusted Brands 2015 Theme Park category
- TripAdvisor's Traveller's Choice Awards 2015
- OTM Award for Excellence Most Promising New Destination Award (2015)

- I For India For the first time in Asia Pacific a simulation ride that gives flying experience over India's exquisite monuments and varied landscapes.
- Mr. India-The Ride is India's first Bollywood movie integrated ride
- Nitro is India's Longest, Tallest & Fastest roller coaster
- Deep Space is India's first indoor high speed roller coaster
- Rajasaurus is India's longest flume ride.
- Wrath of God is India's first attraction that is a blend of live theatre, special effects and multimedia.
- Aqua Loop is India's first water park loop ride

Imagicaaworld - The destination

Imagicaaworld is a magical & fun-filled world of its own, offering entertainment, fun, relaxation, dining, shopping and accommodation at a single location. Offering a world class Theme Park, international standard Water Park, India's largest Snow Park, & first theme park hotel - the luxurious Novotel Imagicaa, Imagicaa is India's favourite family holiday destination. The company to add novelty factor and repetitive footfalls had added 'House of Stars' museum which will showcase interactive life-size figurines of leading Bollywood personalities; also added Eyeillusion, which is based on illusion of the still picture and making customer as part to enjoy it.

Imagicaaworld is located off the Mumbai-Pune expressway at Khopoli; approximately a 90 minute drive from Mumbai & Pune. Due to its proximity, Imagicaa is easily reachable from anywhere in India via air, rail or road. Imagicaa also offers bus and car packages with pick up options from Mumbai and Pune. Spread over 130 acres, this 'all weather family entertainment destination' provides interesting experiences to all its guests, 365 days a year.

Imagicaa Theme Park

With 26 indoor & outdoor rides and attractions, and 5 F&B outlets to choose from, Imagicaa Theme Park is the perfect destination for friends and family alike. While easy rides such as Mambo Chai Chama, Tubbby Takes Off and Wagon-O-Wheels are for the tiny tots, attractions like Mr India, I For India, Rajasaurus – The River Adventure and Splash Ahoy have something for everyone in the family. For the thrill seekers, there are massive roller coasters and high-speed adventurous rides such as Scream Machine, Nitro and Gold Rush Express. So whether one is looking for a fun-filled outing with friends or some bonding time with family, Imagicaa has it all!

Imagicaa Water Park

Located next to the Theme Park is Imagicaa Water Park. Inspired by the Greek Mykonos theme, Imagicaa Water Park welcomes visitors with 15 thrilling rides like the Loopy Whoopy, Swirl Whirl and Twisty Turvy and 4 exciting restaurants that will entertain one's stomach in every way. The chilled out vibe at this day party destination just makes one want to 'Go With The Flow'. It is recommended that guests carry the required swimwear while visiting the park, which is compulsory for all the rides. There are swimwear options also available at the park's retail outlets. The Water Park also offers locker facilities for guests to keep their personal belongings.

Imagicaa Snow Park

Spread over 40,000 sq feet, Imagicaa Snow Park is India's largest, with real snow fall and a 50 foot dome. Imagicaa Snow Park has a variety of activities for guests visiting for a typical 45 minutes session. Guests can enjoy the magic of snow by playing basketball, slide down the toboggans and rafts, climb the rocky snowy mountains, have a snowball fight, or just relax and sip a cup of coffee at minus 5 degrees temperature. Guests can also spend their time doing activities like snow hiking, snow rafting as well as dance on the snow dance floor or pose amidst the snow castle and one-of-its-kind ice sculptures. The park, which provides jackets, gloves and boots to its guests on entry, is also environment friendly with 100% edible snow made from purified water and no chemicals or preservatives.

Snow park is operated under a revenue sharing arrangement with ACME Entertainment, whereby ACME has constructed, installed, erected and operating the Snow Park. The snow park has built upon the experience by adding a totally new option and thus augmented Imagicaa's positioning as a ONE STOP ENTERTAINMENT destination.

Novotel Imagicaa

Imagicaa also has a 287 room Hotel – Novotel Imagicaa is adjacent to the park, which offers attractive 1 Night and 2 Night stay packages as a basecamp for guests to relax and enjoy the destination. The hotel also boasts of a swimming pool, hi-speed Wi-Fi access, children's activity centre, specialty themed restaurants, well-equipped gym and banquet halls for hosting up to 600 people at a time. The hotel also features one of the largest meeting spaces in the Lonavala area with a pillar-less ballroom and a height like no other, which makes it a suitable venue for corporate as well as wedding events.

Food & Beverage business

Restaurants @ Imagicaa Theme Park

Imagicaa offers a host of food & beverage options to suit the tastes of every palate. Roberto's Food Court, the pure veg restaurant in the park, serves various cuisines ranging from Indian, Mexican, Italian and Pan Asian, as well as a separate kitchen for Jain meals. The Imagicaa Capital serves some delicious Indian buffet meals, while American food lovers could head to Red Bonnet American Diner and indulge in the comforts of their finger-licking fare. Armada - A classic ship anchored amidst Spanish settings overlooking a breath-taking view of the lagoon offers refreshing cups of coffee or chilled beverages, with some freshly made sandwiches & salads on the side.

Restaurants @ Imagicaa Water Park

Imagicaa Water Park has plenty of food options to choose, while guests enjoy being in water all day. There is an array of entrees, Mains, and Desserts from cuisine across the globe with unique signature dining options. Sunbeatz Pizzeria & Bar serves some lip-smacking pizzas and Lebanese cuisine, along with a bar counter, while the Red Bonnet Express serves the spirit of classic grunge American food in one's plate, with kids and picnic meals available as an option. Ammos is the food court to pick from an array of cuisines, whereas Cones has ice-creams and Sandy Sipss serves refreshing juices and smoothies. There are also convenient Food Booths offering quick bites to full-service meal dining; perfect for every taste and budget!

Merchandise

Imagicaa has a host of in-house merchandise options to take back as souvenirs, from the latest T-shirts, Crop tops, formal shirts and sweatshirts to handbags, backpacks and tote bags. There are also soft toys and pillows to choose from for kids, as well as sipper bottles, coffee mugs and cocktail glasses, all designed especially for Imagicaa. There are also candy stores if you wish to pamper your sweet tooth. You can also purchase the products at the retail store in Novotel Imagicaa.



Safety

All the rides at Imagicaa are designed keeping utmost safety in mind. The Vendors are compliant with international standards – ASTM, European or EN Standard, with all international safety certifications in place. TUV SUD South Asia Pvt Ltd has been engaged to carry out inspection, testing and installation certificate.

Debt Reduction

The company has been diligently working towards reducing its debt to bring it to manageable levels. The company is in constant discussions with consortium lenders to arrive at a sustainable resolution and ultimately reduce the debt levels. Since June 2018 when the company became NPA, several consortium meetings have been conducted with this objective. Subsequently various financing, ARC discussions have been explored along with the lenders to address the indebtedness and ultimately ensure sustainability of cash flows as well as growth of core business.

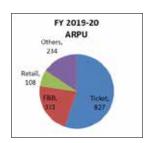
Business Review -

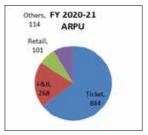
The summary performance for the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 is as follows:



Average Realization and Operating Costs

Average realisation per visitor (weighted average for Theme Park & Water Park put together) for FY 2020-21 was ₹ 1,367, as compared to ₹ 1,393 for FY 2019-20. The break-up of the realisation is as follows:





The outstanding bank loan as on March 31, 2021 is ₹1,43,788.96 Lakhs.

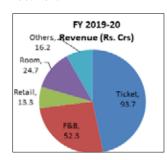
The weighted average rate of interest is 12.71% p.a.

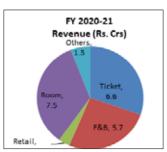
Since April 2013, nearly 9.6 million people have visited the parks. While these numbers and guest feedbacks give us a good idea of their expectation and appreciation of the product, we have a long way to go in making this project every Indians 'must-visit' holiday destination.

Novotel Imagicaa Khopoli comprises of 287 rooms, which is the highest room inventory of a hotel near Greater Mumbai. The hotel has been receiving excellent reviews and feedbacks. The ARR (including Room, F&B and Others) of the hotel was over ₹ 8062/- in for FY 2020-21. Novotel Imagicaa in a short period of operations has been able to firmly establish its niche in the leisure and social segments and has firmly established Imagicaa's position as complete family holiday destination.

Segment Performance

The Total Revenue of the company declined by 89% YoY, as the park was operational only for 3 months due to the pandemic. Ticketing revenue declined by 93% YoY and non-ticketing by 91% YoY, while Hotel revenue declined by 70% YoY.





KEY STRENGTHS OF THE COMPANY

The Company's primary competitive strengths are set out below:

 The Company is uniquely positioned to capitalise on the increasing propensity of Indians to spend on entertainment

Favourable macroeconomic and demographic factors such as economic growth, rising disposable income, a growing young population, an expanding middle class

and rapid urbanisation have resulted in the Indian population spending more on entertainment. With the rise in education levels and exposure to international trends, Indian consumers are willing to pay a premium for quality entertainment.

Imagicaa is the only One Stop Entertainment Destination in India, designed to provide a wholesome and 'value for money' entertainment option for guests. The Company offers entertainment options for all age groups through a variety of rides and attractions, which the Company believes are comparable to and provide the international standards of experience that leading theme parks and water parks offer globally. Company's offerings are also customised to Indian tastes. This positions Imagicaa to capitalise on the increasing number of Indian customers spending on good quality entertainment.

The Company is strategically located in an attractive catchment area

Imagicaa is located off the Mumbai - Pune Expressway. Currently, it attracts guests from Mumbai, Pune and the rest of Maharashtra and Gujarat, which are some of the more economically developed areas in India. Mumbai is well connected to other large cities in India by air, road and rail with multiple flight options in a day. Further, Imagicaa is located in a region that experiences suitable weather throughout the year for spending a day outdoors. In addition, the majority of the rides, attractions and queuing areas in the parks are covered to avoid any inconvenience during the monsoon season.

Rides and Attractions of International Quality Standards which are customised to indian tastes and preferences

Imagicaa is attractively themed and aims to deliver high-quality entertainment, aesthetic shopping and dining options.

The Parks have been designed by internationally acclaimed design consultants. The rides and attractions for the theme park have been designed by and sourced from global industry leaders such as Bolliger & Mabillard Inc., Zamperla Asia Pacific Inc., Sally Industries Inc., E2M Technologies B.V. and Santec Fabricators (India) Private Limited, which is a part of the

Sanderson Group. The water slides and equipment in the water park have been sourced from global industry leaders such as Whitewater West Industries Limited, Neptune Benson (Defender Water Filtration Systems) and Polin Dis Tic. Ltd. Sti. The Company also follows high levels of park security and safety standards to offer a safe and injury free environment for its guests to enjoy the parks.

Competitive advantage through entry barriers

The Company has the opportunity to leverage the 'first-mover advantage' through Imagicaa. There are significant barriers to entry in the business of theme and water parks in India and it is difficult to replicate a project of similar scale and size in India. Among the most important of these barriers is the need for significant capital expenditure to set up theme and water parks, the difficulty to identify and purchase large and suitable parcels of land on commercially viable terms and the long lead-time from the conceptualisation to the launch of rides and attractions. The Company believes that its location off the Mumbai - Pune Expressway, the large parcel of land owned by the Company, the rides and attractions of international quality and standards and the qualified management and operations team provide the Company with a significant competitive advantage over any new park.

A well-positioned brand and marketing focus

In the short operational history, the Company has been able to establish brand recognition in Mumbai, Pune and the rest of Maharashtra and Gujarat markets. The Company believes that it has been able to achieve this through a combination of factors:

- Delivering superior visitor experiences in the parks through the diverse offerings of rides and attractions and other entertainment options and thus, developing a brand recall through word of mouth publicity;
- The Company has also actively focused on attracting school groups as the Company believes that school children who visit the parks act as the Company's brand ambassadors and have the potential of bringing the entire family back on another visit;
- Dynamic and attractive pricing strategy to coincide with various events, festivals, seasons and holidays throughout the year;



- Existing well-established position of the 'Imagicaa' brand in the media and entertainment industry; and
- Engaging with various target groups through focused marketing, consisting of regular electronic, print and digital media campaigns and direct sales efforts.

Proven and experienced management team and execution strength

Company's senior management team includes experienced media and entertainment, marketing and consumer businesses executives, with an average tenure of more than 15 years in such industries. Mr. Manmohan Shetty is a well known entrepreneur in the media and entertainment business in India and has more than three decades of experience in consumerfacing entertainment businesses.

FINANCIAL RATIOS

The Debtor turnover ratio stood at 2.5 times the average debtors in FY21 from 41.4 times in FY20, this was due to the decline in the revenue for FY21, on account of Covid-19. The Inventory turnover ratio declined to 0.8 times the average inventory in FY21, compared to 1.7 times the average inventory in FY20. The Interest Coverage ratio for FY21 was -0.2 times, this was at 0.18 times in FY20. The ratio declined as the EBITDA was negative and interest expense increased as the outstanding debt liabilities have increased this year. The current ratio of the company remained flat at 0.03 times in FY21.

The Operating Profit Margin of the company has dropped from -126% in FY20 to -1326% in FY20 due to decline in Revenue on account of shutdown due to pandemic in FY21, while the Net Profit Margin has dropped from -202% in FY20 to -1214% in FY21. The Return on Net worth is not a relevant ratio as of now, since the networth of the company has turned negative.

OUTLOOK AND OPPORTUNITIES

The Impact of the Pandemic (COVID-19) has largely been disruptive. India's growth in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year 2020 went down to 3.1% according to the Ministry of Statistics. With Social Distancing norms and reduced discretionary spending due to lower incomes, there are going to be difficult times for the Tourism & leisure sectors

in the short term. Economists believe that growth would be flat till fiscal year 2022 due to the Pandemic. However, the long-term growth story of India to remain intact and growth will kick in from fiscal year 2023.

The key drivers of growth for the India economy are in place for a sustained and uninter-rupted growth in the future. Both favourable long term macroeconomic factors as well as dynamic demographics indicate to a period of assured uptrend and growth in the Indian amusement parks industry.

Medium & Long Term Business Strategies

The Company is adopting the following business strategies to grow the business in the future:

SAFETY AND HYGIENE MEASURES FOR COVID-19

Imagicaaworld has always been committed to deliver best in class entertainment in a clean, safe, happy environment. We have taken several measures to ensure health and safety measures related to COVID as per ICMR and WHO guidelines.

Below are the safety and hygiene measure followed by Imagicaa:

- Compulsory earing of mask at the park premises
- Touch free sanitizer dispensers placed at convenient locations across the park
- Fully vaccinated staff
- Operating at 40% capacity to ensure strict adherence to social distancing
- Daily sanitization of park and transport facilities
- Thermal screening of all guest and employees before entering the park
- Contactless booking, payment and entry through barcode scanning
- Frequent sanitization of rides during the day
- Joining queues through our 'Virtual Queuing App' to avoid crowding at rides
- Open air restaurants and mask free resting zones with social distancing

Develop Imagicaa as an Integrated Holiday Destination

Currently, a significant majority of the guests are residents of the catchment area i.e. Mumbai, Pune,

rest of Maharashtra and Gujarat who make day-trips to the theme park off the Mumbai - Pune Expressway. With the launch of the Hotel Novotel Imagicaa, the Company intends to market Imagicaa as a multiple day holiday destination and attract guests for a longer stay. The Company intends to offer various cost promotion and combination packages of admission tickets to its parks and stay at the hotel to take advantage of cross selling opportunities. In addition, the Company aims to market its facilities as a suitable venue for hosting wedding receptions, parties, conferences and meetings and other corporate events.

Continue to focus on increasing the number of guests hosted at the parks

The Company plans to increase attendance at the parks through the following strategies:

- Increasing awareness of the parks, and 'Imagicaa' brand through effective media and marketing campaigns, aimed at various target groups including families, young kids, college students and young professionals. The Company will also continue to reach out to a greater number of schools and corporates for increasing attendance at its parks;
- Offering a variety of ticket options and disciplined pricing and promotional strategies to coincide with events and holidays throughout the year. The Company also aims to follow a dynamic pricing model which will enable us to adjust admission prices for the parks based on expected demand and attract diverse segments of customer base;
- By periodically introducing new attractions, differentiating experiences and enhancing service offerings, the Company believes that word of mouth is the most important marketing tool for our product and, therefore, the Company's primary business objective is to make the time spent by the guests in its parks as enjoyable as possible. The Company specifically focuses on entrance and security procedures, queue management, cleanliness, quick availability of F&B products and retail merchandise to make the guests' experiences as comfortable and entertaining as possible; and
- Focusing on sales and marketing initiatives in the secondary catchment areas, such as the print campaign from time to time in major cities like

Delhi NCR, Bangalore, Hyderabad and Jaipur, to attract tourists visiting the Mumbai - Pune region.

Diversify our Revenue Streams

Sale of admission tickets comprises a significant portion of the Company's total income and going forward the Company intends to increase its nonticketing revenue through the following strategies:

- Focus on F&B and retail & merchandise operations by targeting the per capita spending of guests. The Company believes that by providing guests additional and enhanced offerings at various price points, the Company can increase spending in its parks. The Company will continue to innovate in its F&B offerings to cater to the diverse preferences of its quests.
- Monetise the crowd movement in the parks by offering sponsorship opportunities to advertisers for special events, naming rights for the rides and attractions, partnering in destination advertising and assisting in products and brand activations;
- With the hotel, the Company intends to position Imagicaa as a destination for varying customer requirements, including for entertainment, corporate meetings and off-sites and other social events:
- The Company aims to develop an emotional connect with the guests through its brands and characters developed by the Company, which will provide the opportunities to leverage the intellectual property portfolio, and to develop new media and entertainment options and to increase the sale of consumer products, in and outside Imagicaa.

Increase profitability and achieve cost optimisation

The Company believes that increased attendance at its parks and an increase in the per capita spending will allow the Company to make its business more profitable because of the relatively fixed cost-base and the high operative leverage involved in the business. The Company will continue to focus on F&B and retail and merchandise spending to improve its operating margins. With the commencement of operations of our water park, snow park and hotel, the Company will be able to offer more dynamic pricing to account for seasonal fluctuations in attendance. The Company



also aims to achieve better cost optimisation through economies of scale by measures such as company-wide and centralised procurement and sourcing strategy and integrated marketing campaigns. In addition, the Company aims to benefit from shared services such as security, ticketing, F&B and general administration of the parks.

PARK SECURITY AND SAFETY

The Company was awarded with an ISO certificate for Integrated Management Systems by Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) for Imagicaa Theme Park. Following is the list of ISO certifications awarded:

- Quality Management System- IS/ISO 9001:2008
- Environmental Management System-IS /ISO 14001:2004
- Occupational Health and Safety Management system
 IS 18001:2007

The Company recognises park security and safety as one of its most important focus areas in ensuring the success of the parks. The park security and safety plan is based on three principles: being proactive, the utilisation of an optimum combination of technology and manpower and meeting international standards on security and safety. Some of the key features of the security and safety plan are set out below:

- Security Agency: The Company has engaged one of the leading security solutions providers in India for its security needs and has developed a security plan based on a study of threats and vulnerabilities. The scope of services provided by its security solutions service provider includes the development of, setting up and operating the security infrastructure in the parks, deploying security personnel and carrying out regular training for the employees for security related issues, particularly emergency response situations.
- Identified Perimeters and Zones: Company has divided its parks into various layers with defined internal and external perimeters for effective monitoring and response. The Company has deployed access control measures at the identified entry and exit points to reduce trespassing and monitor crowd movement. The

Company has also divided the parks into various zones to facilitate effective emergency response, evacuation and deployment of resources and manpower.

- Command Centre: The Company's command centre has been planned as an integrated set-up, capable of monitoring and controlling the management of the parks and responding to all circumstances which may have an adverse effect on guest experiences. The functions of the command centre include controlling and monitoring all access controls across the parks, including the entry and exit points and for other rides and attractions; coordinate the response to any situation that requires attention; operate the public address system which is designed for effective communication for functions such as crowd management; Company's security infrastructure consists of necessary equipments such as metal detectors, explosive vapour and trace detectors, radio sets, forced entry resistant door system, panic buttons, hooters and retractable barriers, which have been deployed at vantage points across the parks.
- Safety Procedures: The most important aspect of the safety procedures is regular training and assessment of the ride operators and attendants to prevent accidents or injuries resulting from unsafe acts and conditions. In addition to monitoring for any hazard or unsafe condition, the ride operators carry out inspections at pre-designated intervals and report any unsafe condition to the maintenance department for correction. A detailed inspection and monitoring procedure is followed for some of the critical rides and attractions, such as the roller-coasters. The Company has also engaged qualified lifeguards, who are on duty during the operating hours of the water park.
- Fire and Medical Emergency Plan: Company also has a comprehensive fire and medical emergency response plan. The Company has installed smoke and heat detectors in its offices and indoor attractions and water sprinkler and fire hydrant systems and fire extinguishers across the parks. In addition, there is a team of fire-men stationed in the theme park throughout the operational hours. There is a medical centre in the theme park & water park including a five- bed ward, which is staffed by a team of one doctor and eight nurses to respond to any medical emergency in the theme park up to such time that

the guests are moved to the nearby hospitals. There are two ambulances which are deployed in the parks throughout the operational hours.

MAINTENANCE

The Company's maintenance team is responsible for the inspection, upkeep, repairs and testing of the rides and attractions. The Company has appointed a safety officer as a member of each of its parks management team to supervise the maintenance and ride operations teams, and carry out regular audits and surprise inspections.

Every ride and attraction at the parks is inspected regularly, according to daily, weekly, monthly, and annual schedules. The Company has formulated detailed maintenance guidelines and checklists for each of its rides and attractions with the objective of ensuring that the rides and attractions are operating within the manufacturer's criteria and that maintenance is conducted according to internal standards, industry best practice and standards, as well as the ride designer or manufacturer's specifications. The Company has installed a networked enterprise software system which is used to plan and track all the maintenance activities. The maintenance system of some of the rides and attractions is also linked over VPN to the respective vendors to ensure effective monitoring, data sharing and resolution of issues, if any. All ride maintenance personnel are trained to perform their duties according to internal training processes, in addition to recognised industry certification programs for maintenance activities. The Company's infrastructure maintenance function comprises upkeep, repair, preventive maintenance and improvement of the parks infrastructure.

The Company obtains safety certifications from its vendors certifying that the rides and attractions installed at the parks have been designed and manufactured in accordance with international standards such as the American Society for Testing and Materials, or the ASTM standard, the European, or the EN standard or the Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V., or the DIN standard. Company has also engaged TUV SUD South Asia Pvt. Ltd., a leading global technical services organisation to carry out inspection, testing and installations certifications for the rides and attractions. Company also periodically engage the services of third-party maintenance audit agencies to inspect the maintenance procedures.

RISKS

The business is seasonal in nature, and may be affected by weather conditions, school vacations, public holidays and weekends.

The theme and water park industry is seasonal in nature. The parks could experience volatility in attendance as a result of school vacations, public holidays, weekends and adverse weather conditions such as excessive heat and monsoons. It is believed that attendance at the theme and water park and revenues from F&B and retail and merchandise operations is, and will continue to be, higher during school vacations, public holidays and weekends. In addition, the water park is expected to generate higher revenues in the summer months. Conversely, the Company may face a reduction in revenues during the monsoon months. Further, unfavourable weather conditions such as forecasts of excessive rainfalls or heat may reduce the attendance at the parks.

Company's business and results of operations could be adversely affected by changes in public and consumer tastes or a decline in discretionary consumer spending, consumer confidence and general economic conditions.

The success of the parks depends substantially on consumer tastes and preferences that can change in often unpredictable ways. The Company must adapt to these changes to meet consumer tastes and preferences. The Company carries out research and analysis before opening new rides and attractions and often invest substantial time and resources to gauge the extent to which these new rides and attractions will earn consumer acceptance. Further, the success depends to a significant extent on discretionary consumer spending, which is heavily influenced by general economic conditions and the availability of disposable income. Actual or perceived difficult economic conditions and inflationary periods may adversely impact park attendance figures, the frequency with which guests choose to visit the parks and guest spending patterns at the parks. Both attendance and total per capita spending at the parks are key drivers of its revenue and profitability, and reductions in either can adversely affect the business and results of operations.



Incidents or adverse publicity concerning the parks or the theme or the water park industry generally could harm Company's brands or reputation as well as negatively impact the business.

The Company's brands and reputation are among the most important assets. The ability to attract and retain guests depends, in part, upon the external perceptions of the parks, the quality of the parks and services and performance of the operations team. The operation of the parks involves the risk of accidents, contagious, airborne or waterborne diseases and other incidents that may negatively affect guest satisfaction and the perception of the guests in relation to safety, health and security of the parks, which could negatively impact the brands and reputation and the business and results of operations.

High levels of Outstanding Debt

The company has more than ₹ 1000 crs of outstanding debt, which has impeded the cash flows. The company has not been able to generate sufficient cash to service the interest and principal repayments. This risk has restricted the risk taking ability of the company for entering into new businesses, expanding current operations, expanding to newer geographies, and also to experiment with disruption revenue models. The company is working on a debt reduction/resolution plan to mitigate this risk.

• Impact of Epidemics and Pandemics

The Theme and Amusement park industry has been impacted by the recent pandemic of COVID-19. This is a new risk which has been faced by the industry. The theme park industry operates in a highly crowded environment where physical distancing may be difficult to maintain. The regulators would target this industry for various restrictions, being categorised as a "non-essential" service.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has internal controls commensurate with its size. It has also adopted standard operating procedures, policies and process guidelines. These guidelines are well documented with clearly defined authority limits corresponding with the level of responsibility for each

functional area. They are designed to ensure that transactions are conducted and authorised within their framework. Further, the Company's reporting guidelines ensure that transactions are recorded and reported in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines are regularly reviewed and updated to meet the expectations of the current business environment. The Company's Code of Business Conduct lays down ethical standards expected from each of its personnel's and business associates in their day to-day actions. The Company's robust internal audit programme which works to conduct a risk-based audit not only tests the adherence to laid down policies and procedures but also suggests improvements in the current processes and systems. The audit program is agreed upon with the Audit Committee. Internal Audit observations and recommendations are reported to the Audit Committee, which monitors the implementation of such recommendations. Company had appointed Mr. Pranit Agawane as the internal auditor during the financial year 2020-21.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENT IN HUMAN RESOURCES

People are one of the key and critical success factors for the Company. The Theme Park and Amusement Park industry in India is in the nascent stages. As such to find skilled manpower having experience of the industry is challenging. The company has developed a very strong on-job training and development program, which cuts across the junior team members as well as the middle management layer. The senior technical & engineering team has been trained under supervision of global experts of theme park industry. The Company engaged these experts during the development and initial operations of the Park.

Being located in the outskirts of Mumbai and Pune, the Company needs to ensure that the employees are motivated enough to travel the distance for work. The Company provides employee friendly transport and local stay facilities for the same. Employee satisfaction is a top priority, and the Company ensures that all its employees enjoy a safe, healthy and progressive work environment at all its offices. The Company's Human Resource team works cohesively with the employees to help them in their personal as well as professional development. The Company has a well-defined Code of Conduct that guides all employees in their interaction with the various stakeholders of the Company. The Company has a unique work-culture based on team building and bonding through cross-job training.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

As of March 31, 2021, the total number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company were 600.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

This document contains statements about expected future events, financial and operating results of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited), which are forward looking. By their nature, forward- looking statements require the Company to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and

uncertainties. There is significant risk that the assumptions, predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause assumptions, actual future results and events to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, this document is subject to the disclaimer and qualified in its entirety by the assumptions, qualifications and risk factors referred to in the management's discussion and analysis section.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

OUR COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

The Company believes that good Corporate Governance is an important component in enhancing stakeholders' value and it emerges from the application of the best and sound management practices and compliance with the laws coupled with adherence to the highest standards of transparency and business ethics. The Company is committed in its responsibility towards the community and environment in which it operates, towards its employees and business partners and towards society in general.

Your Company is in compliance with the Corporate Governance requirements as enshrined in the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules made thereunder ("The Act"), Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and other applicable laws. As a Company, we believe in implementing Corporate Governance practices that go beyond meeting the letter of law. The Company has comprehensively adopted practices mandated in the Listing Regulations.

Your Company presents this report, prepared in terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations (including the amendments to the extent applicable), enumerating the current Corporate Governance systems and processes at the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of your Company have an appropriate blend of Directors to maintain its diversity and independence, the Board of your Company has an optimum combination of such number of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors, including a Woman Director. Company is managed by the Board of Directors in co-ordination with the Senior Management team. The composition and strength of the Board is reviewed from time to time for ensuring that it remains aligned with the statutory as well as business requirements.

A. Composition of the Board

Composition of the Board of Directors is in conformity the requirements prescribed under the Act and Listing Regulations. As on the date of this Report, your Company's Board comprises of six (6) Directors. The Details of Directors who held directorship of the Company during Financial Year 2020-21 are provided below:

Name of Directors	DIN	Category
Mr. Manmohan Shetty	00013961	Promoter, Chairman and Executive Director
Mr. Steven A. Pinto	00871062	Non-Executive and Independent Director
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed	00173420	Non-Executive and Independent Director
Mr. Kapil Bagla	00387814	Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director
Ms. Anita Pawar ⁽¹⁾	08563043	Non-Executive and Independent Director
Mr. Dhananjay Barve ⁽²⁾	00224261	Non-Executive and Independent Director
MI-4-/-)		

Note(s):

- (1) Appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. April 01, 2020 and was then appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director by the Shareholders of the Company at their Annual General Meeting held on November 10, 2020;
- (2) Appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. September 16, 2020 and was then appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director by the Shareholders of the Company at their Annual General Meeting held on November 10, 2020

Further, pursuant to applicable provisions of the Act and Articles of Association of the Company Mr. Kapil Bagla, Non-Executive Director of the Company, retires by rotation in the ensuing Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. Details of Directors retiring or being appointed/ re-appointed forms part of the Notice of ensuing Twelfth Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

In terms of the provisions of Section 184 of the Act and Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulations, the Directors presented necessary disclosures regarding the positions held by them on the Board and/or Committees of other public and/or private companies, from time to time. On basis of such disclosures, it is confirmed that as on the date of this Report, none of the Directors of your Company:-

- hold directorships in more than 10 public limited companies (listed or unlisted);
- is a member of more than 10 Committees (considering only Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee) or Chairperson of more than 5 Committees across all the public companies (listed or unlisted) in which he/ she is a Director; and
- are related to each other.

The Company has also obtained a Certificate from

M/s. Aabid & Co., Company Secretaries that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. The said certificate forms part of this Report.

The details of each Director along with the number of Directorships/ Committee Memberships/ Chairmanships and their shareholding in the Company as on March 31, 2021, are provided herein below:

Name of Director	No. of Directorship in other	Shareholding in the company	Committees in	ompanies Board which Member/ erson ^{(1) & (2)}	Name(s) of the Listed Entity(s) in which the Director
	Companies ⁽¹⁾		Member	Chairperson	holds Directorship(s)
Mr. Manmohan Shetty	6	1,29,000	1	-	1) Centrum Capital Limited - Independent Director 2) Mukta Arts Limited - Non-Executive Independent Director
Mr. Kapil Bagla	12	178	-	1	-
Mr. Steven A. Pinto	5	-	1	-	-
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed	10	-	1	1	Oriental Industrial Investment Corporation Limited - Independent Director
Ms. Anita Pawar	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Dhananjay Barve	-	-	-	-	-
Note(s):				<u> </u>	

- (1) Directorships and membership/Chairmanship in the Committees of the Board of Directors excludes Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited, foreign Companies, Companies formed under Section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956 and Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013
- (2) Chairmanship/ Membership of Committee only include the Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee in other Indian Public & Private Companies (Listed and Unlisted & exclude Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited).
- None of the Directors hold directorship in more than 7 (Seven) Listed Entities as per Regulation 17A(1) of Listing Regulations;
- No director holds membership(s) of more than 10 committees of any board, nor, is a chairperson of more than 5 committees of any Board across all listed companies with which he/she is associated as a Director.

Details of Meetings of the Board of Directors and Annual General Meeting held during the period under review, along with attendance of Directors at each meeting

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on business strategies/policies and review the financial performance of the Company and its subsidiary companies. The notice and detailed agenda along with the relevant notes and other material information are sent in advance separately to each Director and in exceptional cases tabled at the meeting with the approval of the Board. This ensures timely and informed decisions by the Board. The Board reviews the performance of the Company vis-à-vis the budgets/ targets.



The Board meets atleast 4 times in a year (one meeting in every calendar quarter) and the maximum gap between any two consecutive meetings is less than 120 days, as stipulated under Section 173(1) of the Act, Regulation 17(2) of the Listing Regulations and the Secretarial Standards issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India. Additional meetings are held as and when necessary.

During the financial year 2020-21, the Board met 4 (Four) times i.e. on July 29, 2020, September 14, 2020, November 10, 2020, February 04, 2021. The details of attendance of Directors at each such meeting of the Board and at the Eleventh Annual General Meeting of the Company held on November 10, 2020, are provided herein below:

Name of	Meetings of Board in financial year 2020-21			Attendance		
Director	Held during the tenure	July 29, 2020	September 14, 2020	November 10, 2020	February 04, 2021	at last 11 th AGM
Mr. Manmohan Shetty	4		**		<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>
Mr. Kapil Bagla	4	4	**	•	**	**
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed	4	4	**		*	.
Mr. Steven A. Pinto	4	4	**		*	.
Ms. Anita Pawar	4	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>Q</u>	<u>0</u>
Mr. Dhananjay Barve	4	•	•			*

C. Independent Directors

All Independent Directors on the Board are Non-Executive Directors as defined under Regulation 16(1) (b) of the Listing Regulations. The maximum tenure of the Independent Directors is in compliance with the Act. All the Independent Directors have confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as mentioned under Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1) (b) of the Listing Regulations.

The Independent Directors on the Board of your Company are experienced, competent and highly respected individuals in their respective fields, which brings an ideal mixture of expertise, professionalism, knowledge and experience to the table.

D. Separate meeting of Independent Directors:

The Independent Directors met once during the year, on February 04, 2021, without the presence of Executive Directors or Management representatives, *inter-alia*,

to discuss the performance of Non-Independent Directors & the Board as a whole and to assess the quality, quantity & timeliness of flow of information between the Management of the Company and the Board, which is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties. All the Independent Directors were present for the meeting of Independent Directors.

E. Familiarisation

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations, your Company has framed a Familiarisation Programme for Independent Directors of the Company. The familiarisation programme aims to enable the Independent Directors to understand their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, its business in depth etc.

The details of the Familiarisation Programmes held for Independent Directors during the year under review

are also available on the website of the Company and can be accessed at https://www.imagicaaworld.com/ investor docs/Familiarisation%20Programme%20 for%20Independent%20Directors%20-%202020-21. pdf

Core Competence of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company has identified the following core competencies that it must possess considering the nature of business and the sector in which the company operates. Following are such identified competencies/ skills:

Technical Competencies:

The director's understanding and appropriate application of essential practical and theoretical knowledge of Entertainment Sector and Consumer focused Business, Marketing, Engineering, Finance, Strategy, Legal & Compliance, Corporate Governance and Safety & Security.

Professional Competencies:

The attitude and character that shapes director's responses and behaviour in the decision making process of the Board of Directors. The ability of Board Members to have ethical and professional approach to the performance oriented decisions of the Board of Directors.

Behavioural Competencies: c)

The expertise that directors bring to their role by possessing ability to think strategically, analyse information, make rightful and fair decisions, communicate, lead and influence the Board decisions in a rightful manner.

Mr. Manmohan Shetty, Executive Director of the Company possesses four decades of experience in the media and entertainment industry. Mr. Steven Pinto, Independent Director, has over four decades of experience in the banking industry. Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Independent Director, has immense experience of almost four decades in manufacturing, IT, international trade and exports, strategic, corporate,

financial advisory and new projects. Ms. Anita Pawar, Independent Director, has around 12 years of Experience as a Practicing Lawyer in handling criminal and civil cases. Mr. Dhananjay Barve, Independent Director, has over 39 years of experience in the financial and real estate markets. Mr. Kapil Bagla, Non-Executive Director, has over two decades of experience in financial services and media industry.

Each and every member on the Board of Directors of the Company possesses all the required and identified professional and behavioural competencies mentioned here above.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors have constituted its Committees to deal with the specific areas which require a closer review. The Board Committees are formed with approval of the Board of Directors and they function under their respective terms of references. The Board Committees meet at regular intervals as and when required and take necessary steps to perform its duties entrusted by the Board. The minutes of the meetings of all the Committees of the Board are placed before the Board for its noting.

The Board of Directors of the Company has constituted five committees of the Board as follows:

- **Audit Committee**
- 2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- 3. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
- Corporate Social Responsibility Committee 4.
- 5. **Risk Management Committee**

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board has constituted Audit Committee which acts as a link between the management, statutory and internal auditors and the Board. The Composition, quorum and terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in accordance with Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations. All the members of the Committee are financially literate and possess expertise in the fields of finance, taxation etc. The Committee is entrusted with the responsibility to supervise the Company's internal controls and financial reporting process.



Composition and Attendance

Composition of the Audit Committee is in line with Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations. During the Financial Year 2020-21, the Committee met five times i.e. on July 29, 2020, September 14, 2020, November 10, 2020, February 04, 2021 and March 20, 2021. The Details of Composition and meetings attended by Members during the Financial Year 2020-21 are given below:

Name of	Category	No. of meetings	
Members		Held during the tenure	Attended
Mr. Steven Pinto (Chairperson)	Independent Director	5	5
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed (Member)	Independent Director	5	5
Mr. Kapil Bagla (Member)	Non-Executive Director	5	5

Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, representatives of the Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors of the Company were also invited to the Audit Committee Meetings. Mr. Steven Pinto, Chairperson of the Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) i.e. the Eleventh AGM held on November 10, 2020 to answer the queries of the Members of the Company.

Ms. Divyata Raval, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company, acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

Minutes of all meetings of the Audit Committee are circulated to all the members of the Board and are also placed in the next scheduled meeting of the Board, for discussion and review thereof.

Brief Description of Terms of reference:

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act and Regulation 18 read with Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations. The Terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company.
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - b. changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e. compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f. disclosure of any related party transactions; and
 - g. modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval.
- Reviewing, with the management, the statement
 of uses/ application of funds raised through an
 issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue,
 etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes
 other than those stated in the offer document/
 prospectus/notice and the report submitted by
 the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation
 of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making
 appropriate recommendations to the board to
 take up steps in this matter.

- Reviewing and monitoring auditor's the independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties.
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the listed entity, wherever it is necessary.
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems.
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on.
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board.
- Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism.
- Approve the appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.

- Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.
- The audit committee shall review the information required as per Listing Regulations.
- To review the utilization of loans and/or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board of your Company has duly constituted Nomination and Remuneration Committee in line with Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations. The Composition, quorum and terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are in accordance with Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations.

Composition

During the Financial Year 2020-21, the Committee met three times i.e. on July 29, 2020, September 14, 2020 and February 04, 2021. The Details of Composition and meetings attended by Members during the Financial Year 2020-21 are given below:

Name of	Category	No. of meetings	
Members		Held	Attended
		during the	
		<u>tenure</u>	
Mr. Steven Pinto	Independent	3	3
(Chairperson)	Director		
Mr. Ghulam	Independent	3	3
Mohammed	Director		
(Member)			
Mr. Kapil Bagla	Non-	3	3
(Member)	Executive		
	Director		
Mr. Manmohan	Executive	3	3
Shetty	Director		
(Member)			

Mr. Steven Pinto, Chairperson of the Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) i.e. the Eleventh AGM held on November 10, 2020.



Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- to formulate a criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director;
- to recommend to the Board the appointment and removal of Senior Management;
- To carry out evaluation of Director's performance and recommend to the Board appointment / removal based on his / her performance;
- to recommend to the Board on (i) policy relating to remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management, (ii) Executive Directors remuneration and incentive and (iii) all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management;
- to make recommendations to the Board concerning any matters relating to the continuation in office of any Director at any time including the suspension or termination of service of an Executive Director as an employee of the Company subject to the provision of the law and their service contract;
- ensure that level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient, relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks;
- to devise a policy on Board diversity;
- to develop a succession plan for the Board and to regularly review the plan;
- To formulate policy for nomination and remuneration of directors and senior management to ensure that: (i) the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors/ KMPs of the quality required to run the Company successfully; (ii) relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and (iii) remuneration

- to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and longterm performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals;
- To formulate the terms and conditions of the Employee Stock Option Plan, to administer and implement the said plan, to determine number of Options to be granted, to determine vesting and /or lock-in-period, etc. and to perform such functions as are required to be performed by the Committee under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time; and
- Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors

The performance evaluation criteria for independent directors are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The performance of the Independent Directors of the Company is evaluated on the following criterias:

- participation and contribution by a director in business of the company discussed at the meetings;
- Effective deployment of knowledge and expertise and commitment.
- Keeps himself/ herself prepared on areas and issues that are likely to be discussed at the Board level;
- Invests time in understanding the Company and its distinctive requirements;
- Conducts himself/ herself in the manner that is ethical and consistent with various laws and regulations; and
- Stays conscious for being independent of the management

Remuneration to Directors

Non-Executive Directors:

The Non-Executive Independent Directors are paid remuneration by way of sitting fees for each Meeting of the Board or Committees attended by them. Pursuant to the limits approved by the Board, all directors being Non-Executive Independent Directors are being paid sitting fees for attending each meeting of the Board, Audit Committee and other meeting of Committees of Board. The Non-Executive Directors do not have any material pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

The sitting fees paid during the financial year 2020-21 to the Non- Executive Independent Directors for attending the Board and Committee Meetings for the year 2020-21, are as follows:

Name of the Directors	Sitting Fees (₹)
Mr. Steven A. Pinto	1,90,000
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed	1,90,000
Mr. Dhananjay Barve	80,000
Ms. Anita Pawar	80,000

Mr. Kapil Bagla, Non-executive Director of the Company did not receive any remuneration during the year under review and he has waived his right to receive sitting fees as Non-executive Director of the Company.

No remuneration by way of commission was paid to the Non-Executive Directors was proposed for the financial year 2020-21. The Non-Executive Directors do not have any material pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

Executive Directors:

During the year 2020-21, the Board comprised of one executive Director i.e. Mr. Manmohan Shetty, Chairman & Executive Director. In terms of the provisions of the Act and in line with the Nomination and remuneration Policy of the Company, the appointment and remuneration of Executive Directors is approved by the Board and the Members of the Company, on recommendation of the Nomination and remuneration committee. Mr. Manmohan Shetty,

Chairman and Executive Director of the Company was appointed without any remuneration.

Performance Linked Incentive (PLI)

Executive Director's Performance Linked Incentive is linked to individual performance and the performance of the Company. The total reward package for Executive Directors is intended to be market competitive with linkage to performance in line with Company's Remuneration Policy.

Remuneration Policy of the Company is directed towards rewarding performance, based on review of achievements. It is aimed at attracting and retaining high calibre talent. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is displayed on website of the Company i.e. https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/ Nomination%20and%20Remuneration%20Policy.pdf

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Board of your Company has duly constituted Stakeholders' Relationship Committee in line with Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations. The Composition, quorum and terms of reference of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are in accordance with Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations.

Composition

During the Financial Year 2020-21, the Committee met one time i.e. on February 04, 2021. The Details of Composition and meetings attended by Members during the Financial Year 2020-21 are given below:

Name of	Category	No. of meetings	
Members		Held during the tenure	Attended
Mr. Ghulam Mohammed (Chairperson)	Independent Director	1	1
Mr. Kapil Bagla (Member)	Non- Executive Director	1	1
Mr. Manmohan Shetty (Member)	Executive Director	1	1



Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are as follows:

- Consider and approve issue of share certificates (including issue of renewed or duplicate share certificates), transfer and transmission of securities, etc.;
- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.;
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent; and
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/ annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

Name and designation of Compliance Officer

Ms. Divyata Raval, the Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer of the Company. The details of shareholders' complaints received and disposed of during the year under review are as under:

Investor Complaints pending at the beginning	Nil
of the Financial year	
-received during the Financial year	Nil
-resolved during the Financial year	Nil
Investor Complaints pending as at the end of	Nil
the year	

No complaints were received during the year under review.

D. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Board of your Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("CSR Committee") in terms of the provisions of Section 135 of the Act.

Composition and Attendance

Composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee is in line with Section 135 of the Act. During the Financial Year 2020-21, the Committee met one time i.e. on February 04, 2021. The Details of Composition and meetings attended by Members during the Financial Year 2020-21 are given below:

Name of	Category	No. of	meetings
Members		Held during the tenure	Attended
Mr. Manmohan Shetty (Chairperson)	Executive Director	1	1
Mr. Steven A. Pinto (Member)	Independent Director	1	1
Mr. Kapil Bagla (Member)	Non- Executive Director	1	1

Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee are as follows:

- Formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Recommend the amount to be incurred on such activities.
- Monitor the Company's CSR Policy periodically.

The Board has adopted the CSR Policy as formulated and recommended by the Committee. The same is displayed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/Corporate%20Social%20 Responsibility%20Policy.pdf

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Board of your Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee ("RMC) in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations. The Composition and terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are also in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations.

Risk Management Committee has been constituted to frame, implement and monitor the risk management plan for the Company. The Committee is responsible for reviewing the risk management plan and ensuring its effectiveness. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

Composition and Attendance

During the Financial Year 2020-21, the Committee met two times i.e. on July 29, 2020 and February 04, 2021. The Details of Composition and meetings attended by Members during the Financial Year 2020-21 are given below:

Name of	Category	No. of meetings	
Members		Held during the tenure	Attended
Mr. Manmohan	Executive	2	2
Shetty (Chairperson)	Director		
Mr. Kapil Bagla (Member)	Non- Executive Director	2	2
Mr. Ashutosh Kale (Member)	Jt. Chief Executive Officer	2	2

Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are as follows:

- 1) To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including

- financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
- Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
- Business continuity plan.
- To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee.
- The Risk Management Committee shall coordinate its activities with other committees, in instances where there is any overlap with activities of such committees, as per the framework laid down by the board of directors.
- enable the Company to proactively manage the uncertainty, changes in the internal and external environment to limit negative impacts; and
- capitalise on opportunities along minimisation of identifiable risks, in compliance with the provisions of the Act and Regulations 4(2)(f)(ii)(7) and 17(9)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, which require the Company to lay down procedure for risk assessment and procedure for risk minimisation.



GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

A. Annual General Meetings

Details of last three Annual General Meetings (AGM) of the Company along with details of special resolution(s) passed at such AGMs are tabled herein below:

Date	Time	Particulars of special resolution(s) passed at AGM conducted through Video Conferencing
November 10, 2020	11:00 a.m.	 To approve continuation of Directorship of Mr. Steven Pinto, who had attained the age of seventy five years Appointment of Ms. Anita Pawar and Independent Director
		3. Appointment of Mr. Dhananjay Barve and Independent Director
		4. Approval of "Imagicaaworld Employee Stock Option Scheme 2020" and authorisation to create, grant, offer, issue and allot stock Options not exceeding 39,94,891 (Thirty Nine Lakhs Ninety Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety One) Options, exercisable into equity shares of ₹ 10/- of the Company
AGM conduction District Raig		gicaa Theme Park, Imagicaa Capital, 30/31, Sangdewadi, Khopoli-Pali Road, Taluka Khalapur, 03
August 01, 2019	12.00 noon	To re-appoint Mr. Ashutosh Kale (DIN: 06844520) as an Executive Director of the Company
August 03,	11:30	1. To re-appoint Mr. Manmohan Shetty (DIN:00013961) as Chairman of the Company.
2018	am	 2. Sale of Investments or Shareholding of the Company in Walkwater Properties Private Limited, wholly owned subsidiary company and Surplus Land of approximately 65 acres of the Company. 3. Issue of Securities to Qualified Institutional Buyers
		3. issue of securities to Qualified histitutional puyers

B. Postal Ballot

During the year under review, the Company did not pass any resolutions through Postal Ballots.

DISCLOSURES

1) Related Party transactions

During the year 2020-21, the Company has not entered into any materially significant related party transaction, which could have a potential conflict of interest between the Company and its Promoters or Directors or Management or their relatives, or subsidiaries other than the transactions carried out in the normal course of business. The related party transactions are disclosed in Notes to Accounts. A copy of the policy on dealing with related party transactions has been posted on the Company's website and can be accessed at https://www.imagicaaworld.com/investor-docs/Related%20Party%20Transaction%20-Policy.pdf

2) Compliances by the Company

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges, SEBI and other statutory authorities on all matters related to capital markets and no penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any other statutory authorities relating to the capital markets during the last three years.

Further, the Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub – regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations.

3) Whistle Blower Policy / Vigil Mechanism

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated Whistle Blower Policy for vigil mechanism of Directors and employees to report to the management about the unethical behaviour,

fraud or violation of Company's Code of Conduct. The mechanism provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who use such mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. None of the personnel of the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee. During the financial year 2020-21, the Company did not receive any Whistle Blower Complaints. The Whistle Blower Policy is displayed on the Company's website viz. https:// www.imagicaaworld.com/investor_docs/Vigil%20 Mechanism%20or%20Whistle%20Blower%20Policy. pdf

Subsidiaries

The Company monitors performance of the subsidiary companies, inter-alia, by following means:

- Financial statements, in particular the investments made by unlisted subsidiary companies are reviewed quarterly by the Audit Committee of the Company.
- Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors of all subsidiary companies are placed before the Company's Board regularly.
- A statement containing all the significant transactions and arrangements entered into by the unlisted subsidiary companies is placed before the Company's Board/ Audit Committee.
- Quarterly review of Risk Management process by the Audit Committee/ Board.
- The Company has formulated a policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries and such policy has been disclosed on the Company's website and can be accessed at https://www. imagicaaworld.com/investor docs/Material%20 Subsidiary%20Policy.pdf

Commodity Price risks and commodity hedging activities

The Company has adequate risk assessment and minimization system in pace including for commodities. The Company does not have material exposure of any commodity and accordingly, no hedging activities for the same were carried out during the year 2020-21.

Details of compliance of mandatory requirements and adoption of non-mandatory requirements

Your Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations relating to Corporate Governance.

In addition, your Company also strives to adhere and comply with the following discretionary requirement specified under Regulation 27(1) and Part E of the Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, to the extent applicable:

Reporting of Internal Auditor: In accordance with the provisions of Section 138 of the Act, the Company has appointed an Internal Auditor who directly reports to the Audit Committee. Quarterly Internal Audit Reports are submitted to the Audit Committee which reviews the audit reports and suggests necessary actions.

7) Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. The significant accounting policies which are consistently applied are set out in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Details of utilisation of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A)

During the year, your Company has not raised any proceeds from preferential issue or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A).

Certificate from a Company Secretary in Practice

The Company has availed a certificate from M/s. Aabid & Co., Company Secretaries in Practice that none of the Directors on the Board of your Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Company by Securities and Exchange Board of India/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any other Statutory Authority. Said Certificate is annexed herewith as part of the Report.



10) Where the board had not accepted recommendation(s) of any Committee

During the year under review, all the recommendations made by all the Committees, which are mandatorily required, have been duly accepted by the Board of Directors.

11) Details of total fees paid to Statutory Auditors

Details of total fees relating to all services availed by the Company and its subsidiaries, on consolidated basis, to the Statutory Auditor are given in Note 34 to the Standalone Financial Statements and Note 32 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

12) Disclosure in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

Number of complaints filed during the financial year:	NIL
Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year:	NIL
Number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year:	NIL

13) MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

- Quarterly Results/half yearly/annual results along with the Limited Review/ Auditor's Report thereon are filed with the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (collectively referred to as "Stock Exchanges") at their respective electronic platforms i.e. BSE Corporate Compliance & Listing Centre and NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS), so as to enable them to display the same on their respective websites. The aforesaid results are also published in Business Standard, English daily newspaper circulating in substantially the whole of India and in Sakal, Marathi vernacular daily newspaper and are also posted on the Company's website https://www.imagicaaworld. com
- Official media releases are sent to the Stock Exchanges before their release to the media for

- wider dissemination. Presentations made to media, analysts, institutional investors, etc. are posted on the Company's website.
- Annual Report containing, inter alia, Audited Annual Accounts, Consolidated Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to Members and others entitled thereto. The Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of the Annual Report and is displayed on Company's website.
- A separate dedicated "Investors Relations" section under "about us " tab, on the website of the Company, gives information on the aforesaid results, shareholding pattern and other relevant information of interest to the investors/ public. The Company has also designated the email-ID: compliance@imagicaaworld.com exclusively for investor servicing.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDRS' INFORMATION

In terms of the provisions of Point No. 9 of Part C of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), General Information of your Company for reference of the Shareholders is provided as under:

CIN	:	L92490MH2010PLC199925	
Registered office Address	:	30/31, Sangdewadi Khopoli Pali Road,Taluka Khalapur,	
		District, Raigad 410 203	
Date, Time and	:	Wednesday, September 29,	
Venue of Annual		2021 at 11:30 a.m. through	
General Meeting		Video Conferencing/OAVM	
Financial year	:	April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021	
Book closure dates	:	Wednesday, September 22, 2021 to Wednesday, September 29, 2021 (Both days inclusive)	
Dividend Payment Date	:	Not Applicable	

Listing on Stock	:	The Equity Shares of the
Exchanges		Company are listed on:
		i) BSE Limited (BSE), Phiroze
		Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal
		Street, Mumbai - 400 001
		ii) National Stock Exchange of
		India Limited (NSE) "Exchange
		Plaza", Bandra-Kurla Complex
		Bandra (E), Mumbai 400 051
Stock Code	:	The BSE scrip code of equity
		shares is "539056"
		The NSE scrip symbol of
		equity shares is "IMAGICAA"
ISIN	:	INE172N01012

Tentative calendar of the Board Meetings for consideration of quarterly/ half yearly/ annual results for the Financial Year 2021-22 (1):

For the quarter ended	:	August, 2021
June 30, 2021		
For the quarter and half	:	October/ November,
year ended September 30,		2021
2021		
For the quarter ended	:	January/ February,
December 31, 2021		2022
For the quarter and year	:	April/ May, 2022
ended March 31, 2022		
Nota(s):		

Note(s):

Market Price Data and performance in comparison to broad based indices

Month-Year	BSE		NSE		BSE Sensex
	High	Low	High	Low	Closing
April-2020	4.44	2.40	4.20	3.65	33,717.62
May-2020	4.00	3.12	3.90	3.15	32,424.10
June-2020	6.53	3.50	6.45	3.60	34,915.80
July-2020	5.34	4.40	5.35	4.35	37,606.89
August-2020	5.63	4.20	5.60	4.25	38,628.29
September-2020	4.80	3.70	4.80	3.65	38,067.93
October-2020	4.34	3.70	4.35	3.70	39,614.07
November-2020	5.04	3.76	5.30	3.70	44,149.72
December-2020	7.50	4.45	7.45	4.40	47,751.33
January-2021	6.50	5.27	6.35	5.25	46,285.77
February-2021	7.10	5.06	7.05	4.95	49,099.99
March-2021	8.78	6.15	8.70	6.20	49,509.15

Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA)

Link Intime India Private Limited C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli - West, Mumbai- 400 083

Tel: +91 22 4918 6270 Fax: +91 22 4918 6060

e-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

Share Transfer System

Shareholders'/ Investors' are requested to send share certificate(s) along with share transfer deed in the prescribed form no. SH-4, duly filled in, executed and affixed with share transfer stamps, to the Company's RTA. If the transfer documents are in order, the transfer of shares is registered within 15 days of receipt of transfer documents by Company's RTA. No such request was received during the year.

Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2021

No. of Equity Shares held	No. of Shareholders	No. of hares held	% of total shares
1 – 500	21,713	32,03,155	3.63
501 - 1000	3,132	26,39,717	2.99
1001 - 2000	1,844	29,08,361	3.30
2001 – 3000	722	18,68,985	2.12
3001 – 4000	290	10,55,907	1.19
4001 – 5000	386	18,51,897	2.10
5001 – 10000	488	38,07,887	4.32
10001 and above	500	7,07,26,214	80.31

Category-wise Shareholding Pattern of the Company as on March 31, 2021:

	Category of shareholder	No. of Share holders ⁽¹⁾	Total no. of Shares	As a percentage of (A+B+C)
(A)	Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group			
(1)	Indian	2	2,73,70,127	31.08
(2)	Foreign	0	0	0.00
	Total Shareholding of promoter and Promoter Group	2	2,73,70,127	31.08
(B)	Public Shareholding			
(1)	Institutions	3	27,14,417	3.08

The tentative dates of the Board meetings also depend on the circulars issued by SEBI in line with extensions given, if any, in view of the nationwide lockdown due to global pandemic of Novel Corona Virus.



Category of shareholder	No. of Share holders ⁽¹⁾	Total no. of Shares	As a percentage of (A+B+C)
Non Institutions	28,612	5,79,77,579	65.84
Total Public Shareholding	28,615	6,06,91,996	68.92
Shares held by Custodians and against which the depository receipts have been issued			
Promoter and			
Promoter Group	0	0	0.00
Public	0	0	0.00
	Non Institutions Total Public Shareholding Shares held by Custodians and against which the depository receipts have been issued Promoter and Promoter Group	shareholder Share holders(1) Non Institutions 28,612 Total Public 28,615 Shareholding Shares held by Custodians and against which the depository receipts have been issued Promoter and Promoter Group 0	shareholder Share holders(1) Non Institutions 28,612 5,79,77,579 Total Public 28,615 6,06,91,996 Shareholding Shares held by Custodians and against which the depository receipts have been issued Promoter and Promoter Group 0 0 0

no of shareholders mentioned here are consolidated on PAN basis as per SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2017/128 dated December 19, 2019.

Address for Correspondence

The Company's dedicated e-mail address for Members' Complaints and other communications is compliance@imagicaaworld.com

All Members' correspondence should be forwarded to Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company or to the Company Secretary at the Corporate Office of the Company at the addresses mentioned below:

Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company

Link Intime India Private Limited C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli - West, Mumbai- 400 083.

Registered Office:

30/31, Sangdewadi, Khopoli - Pali Road, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad 410 203, Maharashtra.

Corporate Office:

9th Floor, Lotus Business Park, New Link Road, Andheri-West, Mumbai – 400 053.

Dematerialisation of shares

The Company's shares are compulsorily traded in dematerialized form and are available for trading on both

the depositories, *viz.* National Securities Depository Ltd. (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL). As on March 31, 2021, 99.99 per cent of the Company's equity shares are held in dematerialised form with NSDL and CDSL.

Outstanding ADRs/ GDRs/ Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

The Company does not have any outstanding ADRs/ GDRs/ Warrants or any convertible instruments.

Reconciliation of share capital audit report

As stipulated by SEBI, a qualified Practicing Company Secretary carries out Secretarial Audit to reconcile the total admitted capital with NSDL and CDSL and the total issued and listed capital. This audit is carried out every quarter and the report thereon is submitted to the Stock Exchanges where the company's shares are listed. The audit confirms that the total listed and paid-up capital is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares in dematerialised form (held with NSDL and CDSL) and total number of shares in physical form.

Code of conduct

The Company has adopted the code of conduct and ethics for directors and senior management. The code has been circulated to all the members of the Board and senior management and the same has been put on the company's website www.imagicaaworld.com. The Board members and senior management have affirmed their compliance with the code and a declaration signed by the Joint CEOs of the Company is given below:

"It is hereby declared that the Company has obtained from all members of the Board and senior management personnel affirmation that they have complied with the code of conduct for directors and senior management of the Company for the financial year 2020-21".

Dhimant BakshiJoint CEO

Ashutosh Kale Joint CEO

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

[pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To, The Members.

IMAGICAAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT LIMITED

(Formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) 30/31 Sangdewadi, Khopoli Pali Road, District Raigad - 410 203 Maharashtra.

We, Aabid & Co. practicing Company Secretary, based in Mumbai have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited(formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) having CIN: L92490MH2010PLC199925 and having registered office at 30/31, Sangdewadi, Khopoli-Pali Road, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad, Maharashtra-410203 India and (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal (www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and declarations furnished to us by the Directors of the Company;

We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2021 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1.	Mr. Manmohan Ramanna Shetty	00013961	10/02/2010
2.	Mr. Ghulam Mohammed Ghouse	00173420	04/04/2014
3.	Mr. Steven Angelo Pinto	00871062	04/04/2014
4.	Mr. Kapil Vishnu Bagla	00387814	10/02/2010
5.	Ms. Anita ShyamPawar	06844520	16/09/2019
6.	Mr. Dhananjay Prabhakar Barve	00224261	01/04/2020

Ensuring the eligibility of the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our verification.

This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> For Aabid& Co **Company Secretaries**

Mohammed Aabid Partner

Membership No.: F6579 COP No.: 6625

UDIN: F006579C000504307

Place: Mumbai June 23, 2021 Date:



STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Forming Part of Annual Report of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited for the Year Ended March 31, 2021)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements

Adverse Opinion

We have audited the standalone Ind AS financial statements of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, because of the significance of the matters described in *the Basis for Adverse Opinion section* of our report, the aforesaid financial statements do not give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, loss, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Adverse Opinion

- We draw attention to Note 32 of the standalone financial statements which states that:
 - a) The Company's operations have been severely affected on account of Covid 19. As on the date of the report, the Government of Maharashtra has not allowed the company's operations to be restarted.
 - The Company has incurred a net loss of Rs 26,664.45 Lakhs during the year ended March 31, 2021 and as of that date, the net worth of the Company has been fully eroded.

c) The Company has been unable to conclude renegotiations or obtain replacement financing due to recalling of debts by the financial lenders and the matter has been referred to National Company Law Tribunal for resolution, although the matter has not been admitted yet.

These situations indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The standalone financial statements do not adequately disclose the matter.

2. The Company has a net carrying value of Property Plant and Equipment of ₹ 81,147.48 Lakhs, intangible assets of ₹ 927.98 Lakhs and investments of ₹ 8,337.62 Lakhs as at 31st March, 2021. The impairment testing was last carried out by the company in the financial year 2019-20. In the absence of impairment testing during the current year, we are unable to comment whether the carrying values of the Property, Plant and Equipment, intangible asset and investments as at 31st March, 2021 are recoverable and whether any further provision would be required for the same.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse opinion on the financial statements.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

Refer the "Basis for Adverse Opinion" section of this Report.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2021. Except for the matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information as stated above is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information as stated above, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 on "The Auditors Responsibilities relating to Other Information".

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting standards specified under Sec 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate

accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b) Except for the effects / possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose or preparation of the financial statements.
 - d) Except for the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section



133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- The matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
- f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- The adverse remarks relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above.
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure В".
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year.

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements refer Note 29 of the financial statements.
- (ii) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, the Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company of the financial statements.

For V. Sankar Aiyar & Co., **Chartered Accountants** (FRN 109208W)

(G.SANKAR) Place: Mumbai (M.No.46050) UDIN: 21046050AAAAFN7203

Date: June 24, 2021

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

Annexure referred to in our report of even date to the members of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) on the accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2021

- (i) (a) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us, Fixed Assets are physically verified by the management as per its programme. The frequency of verification is reasonable and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties which are freehold are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) As explained to us, inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals. Stock of food items, merchandise, stores and spare parts are reported to be physically verified in accordance with the procedure followed by the management. No material discrepancy was noticed on physical verification of stocks by the management as compared to book records.
- (iii) The Company has granted loans, unsecured to one company covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013:
 - (a) In our opinion, the rate of interest and other terms and conditions on which the loans had been granted to the Companies were not, prima facie, prejudicial to the interests of the Company;
 - (b) The loan is repayable on demand;
 - (c) There are no overdue amounts as at the balance sheet date, in respect of these loans.

- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act with respect to the loans, investments, guarantees and securities made as applicable.
- (v) As per the information and explanation give to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public, within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and Rules framed thereunder. We are informed that no order has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or other tribunal.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of the class of industry the company falls under, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act. Therefore, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, sales tax, goods and service tax, duty of excise, duty of customs, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues have been deposited during the year by the Company with significant delays with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and services tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. We are informed that all material statutory dues payable as on March 31, 2021 (except for land tax of Rs 262.51 Lakhs which would be paid on final assessment by the concerned authorities) have been subsequently deposited with the respective authorities as below:



(₹ in Lakhs)

Nature of Dues	Amount Payable	Amount Paid	Date of Payment
Profession Tax	2.27	2.27	21-05-2021
Employee State Insurance Dues	1.90	1.90	19-04-2021
Maharashtra Value Added Tax	0.75	0.75	20-05-2021
Tax Deducted at Source	32.11	32.11	23-06-2021
Employee Provident Fund	27.18	27.18	16-06-2021

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and records of the Company examined by us, there are no material dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and services tax, duty of excise, value added tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However, according to information and explanation given to us, the following dues have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount	Amount Deposited	Period to which it Relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Custom Act, 1962	Special Additional Duty (SAD)	1118.49	1041.00	June 2012 to September 2013	CESTAT
Custom Act, 1962	Interest on SAD	218.76	-	June 2012 to September 2013	CESTAT
Custom Act, 1962	Penalty	1118.49	-	June 2012 to September 2013	CESTAT
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	13.55	1.01	April 2015 to June 2017	CESTAT
Finance Act, 1994	Interest on Service Tax	7.63	-	April 2015 to June 2017	CESTAT
Finance Act, 1994	Penalty on Service Tax	13.55	-	April 2015 to June 2017	CESTAT
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	125.93	-	April 2015 to June 2017	Commissioner Appeals (Service Tax)
Finance Act, 1994	Interest on Service Tax	70.90	-	April 2015 to June 2017	Commissioner Appeals (Service Tax)
Finance Act, 1994	Penalty on Service Tax	125.93	-	April 2015 to June 2017	Commissioner Appeals (Service Tax)

(viii) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the documents and records examined by us, the Company has defaulted in repayment of loan due to the following banks and financial institutions:

Sr. No.	Name of the Lenders	Amount of default as at the balance sheet date (₹ in Lakhs)	Period of Default (Maximum no of days delayed)
Α	Banks		
1	Union Bank of India	45,183.51	1103
2	Bank of Baroda	32,961.29	1097
3	Canara Bank	6,810.52	1067
4	Punjab and Sind Bank	7,093.85	1097
5	Jammu and Kashmir Bank	9,140.31	1097
6	Indian Overseas Bank	13,178.79	1097
7	Central Bank of India	7,433.01	1097
8	Bank of India	8,189.89	1097
В	Financial Institutions		
1	Life Insurance Corporation of India	6,551.16	1097
2	ACRE's	7,246.63	1097

- (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the audit procedures performed and the representations obtained from the management, we report that no fraud by the company or on the Company by its officers or employees, having a material misstatement on the financial statements has been noticed or reported during the period under audit.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on verification of records, Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year.

- (xii) In our Opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence clause (xii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on verification of the records and approvals of the Audit Committee, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Therefore, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to be registered under Sec 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For V. Sankar Aiyar & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN 109208W)

(G.SANKAR)
Place: Mumbai (M.No.46050)
Date: June 24, 2021 UDIN: 21046050AAAAFN7203



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Annexure referred to in our report of even date to the members of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) on the standalone accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls,

both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Adverse Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified as at March 31, 2021:

- The Company has prepared its financial statements on going concern basis. However:
 - a) The Company's operations have been severely affected on account of Covid 19. As on the date of the report, the Government of Maharashtra has not allowed the company's operations to be restarted.
 - b) The Company has incurred a net loss of Rs 26,664.45 Lakhs during the year ended March 31, 2021 and as of that date, the net worth of the Company has been fully eroded.
 - c) The Company has been unable to conclude renegotiations or obtain replacement financing due to recalling of debts by the financial lenders and the matter has been referred to National Company Law Tribunal for resolution.

The above situations indicate a material uncertainty that may cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as a result of which the Company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The standalone financial statements do not adequately disclose the said matter

2) The Company has not carried out impairment testing of its Property, Plant & Equipment, Intangible Assets and Investments for impairment during the current year in accordance with the significant accounting policies of the Company.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, because of the possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has not maintained adequate and effective internal financial controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2021 standalone financial statements of the Company, and these material weaknesses have affected our opinion on the financial statements of the Company and we have issued an adverse opinion on the standalone financial statements.

For **V. Sankar Aiyar & Co.,** Chartered Accountants (FRN 109208W)

(G.SANKAR)

Place: Mumbai (M.No.46050) Date: June 24, 2021 UDIN: 21046050AAAAFN7203



Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
ASSETS			
Non-current Assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	81,147.48	90,117.07
(b) Capital work- in-progress		5.10	-
(c) Other intangible asset	4	927.98	1,364.33
(d) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	5	8,337.62	8,337.62
(ii) Other financial asset	6	43.67	10.91
(e) Other Non-current Assets	7	197.86	259.62
		90,659.71	1,00,089.55
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	8	1,148.83	1,292.92
(b) Financial assets			
i) Trade receivables	9	200.77	483.59
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	264.85	208.79
iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	11	82.71	85.77
iv) Loans	12	0.86	0.48
v) Other financial assets	13	847.44	33.26
(c) Current tax assets (net)		104.22	168.57
(d) Other Current Assets	14	1,175.39	1,218.46
(4, 5, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		3,825.07	3,491.84
		5,625.67	
Total		94,484.78	1,03,581.39
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	15	8,806.21	8,806.21
(b) Other Equity		(69,561.95)	(43,067.05)
		(60,755.74)	(34,260.84)
Liabilities			
Non Current Liabilities (a) Provisions	16	72.70	147.93
(d) PIOVISIONS	10	72.78	
		72.78	147.93
Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities		-	
(i) Borrowings	17	1,07,751.03	1,07,643.15
(ii) Trade payables		- 1,51,751.55	.,,.,.
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		9.96	14.50
(refer note no.35)			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small		3,194.51	2,201.70
enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities	18	43,385.96	27 202 10
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			27,203.19
(b) Other current liabilities	19	799.76	608.17
(c) Provisions	20	26.52	23.59
		1,55,167.74	1,37,694.30
Total		94,484,78	1,03,581.39
		7-1-1-10	1,03,301.33
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No : 109208W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Partner Membership No: 046050 Chairman Director

Manmohan Shetty

Ashutosh Kale Jt. CEO

Place: Mumbai

Date: 24th June, 2021

Dhimant Bakshi Mayuresh KoreJt. CEO Chief Financial Officer

Kapil Bagla

Divyata Raval Company Secretary

G.Sankar

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakhs)

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
INCOME:			
Revenue from operations	21	2,195.79	20,005.58
Other income	22	2,450.43	60.29
Total Revenue (I)		4,646.22	20,065.87
EXPENSES:			
Cost of material consumed	23	211.83	1,460.89
Purchase of trading goods			.,
Merchandise		32.41	706.24
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	24	37.15	15.66
Employee benefit expense	25	2,801.70	5,164.59
Finance cost	26	16,265.60	15,158.21
Depreciation, Impairment loss & amortisation expense	3 & 4	9,561.04	24,270.10
Other expenses	27	2,400.94	13,693.75
Total Expenses (II)		31,310.67	60,469.44
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional and tax (I-II)		(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
Exceptional items		-	-
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
Tax Expenses			
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Profit/ (loss) for the year from continuing operations		(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
Profit/ (loss) from discontinued operations			
Tax expense of discontinued operations		-	-
Profit/ (loss) from discounting operations (after tax)		-	-
Profit/ (loss) for the year		(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
Other comprehensive income			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset,		93.57	(33.00)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(26,570.88)	(40,436.57)
Earnings per equity share (for continuing operations)			
Basic		(30.28)	(45.88)
Diluted		(30.28)	(45.88)
Earnings per equity share (for discontinued operations)			
Basic			
Diluted			
Earnings per equity share (for discontinued & continuing operations)			
Basic		(30.28)	(45.88)
Diluted		(30.28)	(45.88)
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.			

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No: 109208W **Chartered Accountants**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited** (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Partner Membership No: 046050

G.Sankar

Manmohan Shetty

Chairman

Dhimant Bakshi Mayuresh Kore Divyata Raval Jt. CEO Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Kapil Bagla

Director

Place: Mumbai

Date: 24th June, 2021

Ashutosh Kale

Jt. CEO



Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		For the Year ended	For the Year ended
		31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
A: CASH FLOW	FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net profit/loss	before tax	(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
Adjustments	for:		
Depreciation	n,Impairment loss & amortisation expense	9,561.04	24,270.10
Acturial gai	ns/(loss) in OCI	93.57	(33.00)
Interest inc	ome	(19.22)	(5.40)
Provision for	or Impairment of Investment	-	2,280.54
Provision fo	or Expected Credit Loss on Loan and Advances	-	1,614.95
Employee o	ompensation expenses (ESOP)	75.98	
Interest exp	pense and finance cost	16,265.60	15,158.21
Operating Lo	ss before Working Capital Changes	(687.48)	2,881.83
Movement	s in working capital:		
Decrease /	(increase) in trade receivables	282.82	456.56
(Decrease)	/ increase in trade payables	988.28	(485.42)
Decrease /	(increase) in inventories	144.09	122.90
Decrease /	(increase) in other current and non current assets	(709.73)	(2.55)
(Decrease)	/ increase in current and non current liabilities	329.42	(1,028.63)
Cash Generat	ed from Operations	347.40	1,944.69
Direct taxes	paid (net of refunds)	64.34	236.53
Net Cash gen	erated in Operating Activities	411.74	2,181.22
B: CASH FLOW	FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	_	
	Tangible & Intangible assets and change in capital work-in-progress	(160.60)	(898.61)
	painst Sale of Hotel repay	(100.00)	(75.00)
Fixed Depo		(27.95)	(40.01)
Interest inco		17.47	4.75
	d in Investing Activities	(171.08)	(1,008.87)
Net Cash Use	d in investing Activities	(171.08)	(1,000.07)
C: CASH FLOW	FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest exper	nse and finance cost paid	(184.60)	(1,149.03)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d in Financing Activities	(184.60)	(1,149.03)
Net increase i	n cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	56.06	23.32
	equivalents at the beginning of the year	208.79	185.47
	h equivalents at the end of the year	264.85	208.79
Components of cas	n and cash equivalents as at	31st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020
Cash on hand		28.92	29.88
With banks -	n current account	235.93	178.91
		264.85	

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No : 109208W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Partner Membership No: 046050 Chairman

Manmohan Shetty

Kapil BaglaAshutosh KaleDirectorJt. CEO

Place: Mumbai Date : 24th June, 2021

Dhimant Bakshi Jt. CEO **Mayuresh Kore** Chief Financial Officer **Divyata Raval** Company Secretary

G.Sankar

Statement of changes in equity for the period ended 31st March, 2021

A Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particular	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	8,806.21
"Add/Less:- Changes in Equity share capital during the year"	-
Balance at the end of the reporting year	8,806.21
Particular	For the year ended 31st March,2020
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	8,806.21
Add :- Issued during the year	-
Balance at the end of the reporting year	8,806,21

B: Other Equity

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particular		Reserves and Surplus				Total
	Capital Reserves	Share Based Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained Earning	comprehensive income	
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	296.56		84,250.44	(1,27,614.80)	0.75	(43,067.05)
Total comperhensive Income for the year				(26,664.45)	93.57	(26,570.88)
Share Based payment reserve (ESOP)		75.98				75.98
Balance as on 31st March, 2021	296.56	75.98	84,250.44	(1,54,279.25)	94.32	(69,561.95)

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particular		Reserves and Surplus			Other	Total
	Capital Reserves	Share Based Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained Earning	comprehensive income	
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	296.56		84,250.44	(87,211.23)	33.75	(2,630.48)
Total comperhensive Income for the year				(40,403.57)	(33.00)	(40,436.57)
Share Based payment reserve (ESOP)		-				-
Balance as on 31st March, 2020	296.56		84,250.44	(1,27,614.80)	0.75	(43,067.05)

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No : 109208W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Partner Membership No: 046050

G.Sankar

Place: Mumbai

Date: 24th June, 2021

Dhimant Bakshi Jt. CEO

Chairman

Manmohan Shetty

Kapil Bagla Director Ashutosh Kale Jt. CEO

kshi Mayuresh Kore Divyata Raval
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary



1. CORPORATE INFORMATION:

Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (the Company) is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India whose shares are publicly traded. The registered office is located at 30/31, Sangdewadi, Off Mumbai- Pune Express Highway, Khopoli Pali Road, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad - 410203.

The Company is engaged in the business of development and operations of theme-based entertainment destinations in India, including theme parks, water parks and associated activities including retail merchandising and food and beverages. The flagship project of the company is located at Khalapur, on Mumbai Pune Expressway and is branded "Imagicaa – Theme Park" for the theme park component, "Imagicaa – Water Park" for the water park component, "Imagicaa – Novotel Hotel " for the Hotel component.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

2.1 Basis of Preparation of Standalone Financial Statements:

These standalone financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard require a change in accounting policy hitherto in use. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR/Rs./₹') which is the Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh, except otherwise indicated.

The standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 are being authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on June 24, 2021.

2.2 Use of Assumptions Judgments and Estimates:

The preparation of the standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the standalone financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. The application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these standalone financial statements have been disclosed below. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the standalone financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the standalone financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates:

(a) Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recov-

erable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

(b) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(d) Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(e) Deferred Tax:

Significant judgments are involved in assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment.

(f) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by the management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology



2.3 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115, Revenue from contracts with customers, outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers.

The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customers. A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be en titled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the contract price to the performance obligations in the contract: For contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company has revenue recognition policies for its various operating segments that are appropriate to the nature of each business. The revenues are recognized when the general revenue recognition criteria as per the policy are met.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

The Company measures the revenues at fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking in to account the amount of any discount or rebates allowed to the customers. The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes collected in its statement of profit and loss.

Advances received for services and products are reported as "Advance received against sale" until all conditions for revenue recognition are met.

Tickets:

Revenues from theme park/water park/Snow park ticket sales are recognized when the tickets are issued.

The accounting policy for recognizing revenue from sale of Open Pass/Gift Passes or Open Day Tickets with all days validity which are Non-Refundable in nature are recognized when Passes/Tickets are utilized or expired.

Food/Beverages:

Revenue is recognized when food/ drinks are supplied or served or services rendered.

Merchandise:

Retail sale are recognized on delivery of the merchandise to the customer, when the property in goods and significant risk and rewards are transferred for a price and no effective ownership control is retained.

Room Revenue:

Revenue recognized upon rendering of services.

Barter:

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction which generates revenue.

When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction which generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred

Others:

The revenue is recognized on accrual basis and when significant risk and rewards are transferred. Profit on sale of investments is recorded on transfer of title from the Company and is determined as the difference between the sale price and carrying value of the investment. Lease rentals are recognized on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.4 Taxes on Income:

Taxes on Income comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax expense is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax:

Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Where there is uncertainty over income tax treatments, the Company determines the probability of the income tax authorities accepting each such tax treatment or group of tax treatments in computing the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the standalone financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary



differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. The company recognises deferred tax asset arising from unused tax losses or tax credits only to the extent that the company has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised by the company Other deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

The break-up of the major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date is arrived at after setting off deferred tax assets and liabilities where the Company have a legally enforceable right to set-off assets against liabilities and where such assets and liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized as an asset, if and only if: (a) it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and (b) the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost net of tax / duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company derecognizes the replaced part and recognizes the new part with its own associated useful life and it is depreciated accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its Property, plant and equipment recognised as at April 1, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the Property, plant and equipment.

Capital work in progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation / under development as at the balance sheet date.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as "Capital Advances" under other non-current assets. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from standalone financial statement on disposal. Gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation is charged on Straight Line Method over the useful life of the assets as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 or on the basis of useful lives of the assets as estimated by management, whichever is lower. Useful life of the assets is tabulated below.

Sr. No.	Nature of Asset	Estimated Useful Life
1.	Building	
	(a) RCC Frame Structure (Other than factory building)	60 Years
	(b) other than RCC Frame Structure (Other than factory building)	30 Years
2.	Roads	5 Years
3.	Plant and Machinery	15 Years
4.	Furniture and fittings	
	(a) General furniture and fittings	10 Years
	(b) Furniture and fittings used in hotels and restaurants.	8 Years
5.	Motor Vehicles	
	(a) Motor cycles	8 Years
	(b) Motor buses and motor cars.	8 Years
	(c) Electrically operated vehicles including battery powered or fuel cell powered vehicles.	8 Years
6.	Office equipments	5 Years
7.	Computers and data processing units	
	(a) Servers and networks	6 Years
	(b) End user devices, such as, desktops, laptops, etc.	3 Years
8.	Electrical Installations and Fittings	10 Years
9.	Pipes & Fittings	15 Years
10.	Trees & Nursery	3 Years to 30 Years

2.6 Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its intangible assets recognised as at April 1, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that varying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.



Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the estimated useful economic life of the assets by using straight line method and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Intangible assets are amortized as follows:

Sr. No.	Nature of asset	Estimated Useful Life
1.	Trademarks and Logos	10 Years
2.	Softwares	6 Years
3.	Films	10 Years

Gains or losses arising from de - recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

2.7 Impairment of Non-Current Assets:

Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount may not be recoverable. Such circumstances include, though are not limited to, significant or sustained decline in revenues or earnings and material adverse changes in the economic environment.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less cost to sell and value in use. To calculate value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market rates and the risk specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs. Fair value less cost to sell is the best estimate of the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the cost of disposal. Impairment losses, If any, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and included in depreciation and amortisation expenses. After impairment (if any), depreciation/amortisation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over its remaining life.

Impairment losses are reversed in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had previously been recognised.

2.8 Inventories:

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is arrived in the following manner:

Food items	: Weighted Average Basis
Merchandise	: First in First Out
Consumable & Spare Parts	: First in First Out

The cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Slow and non-moving material, obsolesces, defective inventories are valued at net realizable value. Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred up to the date of balance sheet.

2.9 Non-current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations:

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the statement of profit and loss.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for distribution are presented separately from other assets and liabilities in the balance sheet.

A disposal group qualifies as discontinued operation if it is a component of the Company that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:

- · represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations,
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

An entity shall not depreciate (or amortise) a non-current asset while it is classified as held for sale or while it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

2.10 Financial Instruments:

(i) Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through Profit and Loss.

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two broad categories:

- Financial assets at fair value
- · Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).



A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- Business model test: The objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to
 collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to
 realise its fair value changes).
- **Cash flow characteristics test:** The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- **Business model test:** The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- **Cash flow characteristics test:** The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Even if an instrument meets the two requirements to be measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, a financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an 'accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All equity investments are measured at fair value in the balance sheet, with value changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except for those equity investments for which the entity has elected to present value changes in other comprehensive income.

If an equity investment is not held for trading, an irrevocable election is made at initial recognition to measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

De - recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either

- (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Investment in subsidiaries

The Company has accounted for its investment in subsidiaries at cost and the same are tested for impairment in case of any indication of impairment.

(ii) Financial liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.



Loans and borrowings:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

De - recognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

2.11 Impairment of Financial Asset:

In case of trade receivables and lease receivables, the Company follows a simplified approach wherein an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL) is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

In case of other assets (listed as i and ii above), the Company determines if there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial asset since initial recognition. If the credit risk of such assets has not increased significantly, an amount equal to 12-month ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

Subsequently, if the credit quality of the financial asset improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. 12-month ECL area portion of the lifetime ECL which result from default events that are possible within 12 months from the reporting date.

ECL are measured in a manner that they reflect unbiased and probability weighted amounts determined by a range of outcomes, taking into account the time value of money and other reasonable information available as a result of past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

2.12 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the company has a present legal or constructive obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economics benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognised in standalone financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the financial statements but is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.13 Foreign Currency Transactions:

Functional currency:

The functional currency of the company is Indian Rupees ('INR/Rs./₹'). These standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and the all values are rounded to the nearest Lakh, except otherwise indicated.

Transactions and translations:

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses, if any, at the year-end in respect of monetary assets and monetary liabilities not covered by the forward contracts are transferred to Profit & Loss Account except for Long Term Foreign Currency Monetary Items. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled.

Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and nonmonetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction.

Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

2.14Borrowing Cost:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalized till the asset is ready for its intended use, based on borrowings incurred specifically for financing the asset or the weighted average rate of all other borrowings, if no specific borrowings have been incurred for the asset. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. The Company has not capitalized any borrowing costs during the year.

All other borrowing costs are recognized as expenditure in the year in which they are incurred.



2.15 Earnings per Equity Share:

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share:

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares,
 and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected

2.16 Employee Benefit:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognised during the period in which the employee renders related service.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measure each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under employee benefit expenses in the statement of profit and loss.

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements,
- Net interest expense or income.

Long-term employee benefits:

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date.

Termination benefits:

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP):

The Company recognizes compensation expense relating to share-based payments in net profit based on estimated fair values of the stock options on the grant date. The estimated fair value of stock options is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the stock options as if the stock option was in substance multiple stock options with a corresponding increase to share options outstanding account.

In case, the fair value of the stock options granted at the grant date cannot be estimated reliably, the options are measured at their intrinsic value, initially at the date the entity obtains the service and subsequently at the end of each reporting period and at the date of final settlement, with any change in intrinsic value recognised in profit or loss. For a grant of share options, the share-based payment arrangement is finally settled when the options are exercised, are forfeited (eg upon cessation of employment) or lapse (eg at the end of the option's life)

2.17 Cash Flow Statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.18 Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits with banks which are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.19Lease:

Operating Lease:

The company has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated. The adoption of Ind AS 116 as on April 1, 2019 did not require any adjustments to the assets and liabilities as on that date.



As a lessee:

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. Certain lease arrangements include the option to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities include these options when it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets:

The Company has elected not to recognise right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months with no purchase option and assets with low value leases. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in statement of profit and loss over the lease term. The related cash flows are classified as operating activities.

As a lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

2.20 Exceptional Items:

Certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Company is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Company, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the notes accompanying to the standalone financial statements.

2.21 Current and Non-Current Classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.



NOTE 3: Tangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		GROS	S BLOCK			DEPRECIATION				NET BLOCK	
	As on 1st April, 2020	Additions during the Year	Deduc- tions/ De- capitalized during the Year	As on 31st March, 2021	As on 1 st April, 2020	Deprecia- tion for the Year	Provision for Impairment Loss	As on 31st March, 2021	As on 31st March, 2021	As on 31 st March, 2020	
Land (refer note no.45)	15,490.98	_	-	15,490.98	-	-	-	-	15,490.98	15,490.98	
Servers and networks	1,544.17	4.72	-	1,548.89	1,359.77	115.71	-	1,475.48	73.41	184.39	
End user devices	373.97	-	-	373.97	369.80	1.86	-	371.66	2.31	4.16	
Electrical Installation	10,449.74	-	-	10,449.74	5,964.46	1,086.76	-	7,051.22	3,398.52	4,485.28	
Furniture & Fixtures	15,048.06	-	-	15,048.06	8,917.31	2,011.86	-	10,929.17	4,118.89	6,130.76	
Office Equipments	4,083.07	7.65	-	4,090.72	3,793.72	235.09	-	4,028.81	61.91	289.35	
Plant & Machinery	61,594.06	113.16	-	61,707.22	29,679.03	3,989.71	-	33,668.74	28,038.48	31,915.04	
Building	46,894.93	27.32	-	46,922.25	17,358.81	1,412.40	-	18,771.21	28,151.04	29,536.11	
Building Road	1,126.66	-	-	1,126.66	1,047.76	71.12	-	1,118.88	7.78	78.91	
Pipes and Fittings	2,640.22	-	-	2,640.22	748.36	176.02	-	924.38	1,715.84	1,891.86	
Vehicles	227.41	-	-	227.41	192.94	12.51	-	205.45	21.96	34.49	
Electrical Vehicle	39.18	-	-	39.18	31.44	4.90	-	36.34	2.84	4.06	
Nursery	442.56	-	-	442.56	438.49	1.42	-	439.91	2.65	7.74	
Nursery - Tree	81.03	-	-	81.03	17.08	2.70		19.78	61.25	63.95	
Total- A	1,60,036.04	152.85		1,60,188.89	69,918.97	9,122.06		79,041.03	81,147.48	90,117.07	

NOTE 4: Intangible Assets

Particulars	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION				NET BLOCK	
	As on 1st April, 2020	Additions during the Year	Deduc- tions/ De- capitalized during the Year	As on 31st March, 2021	As on 1 st April, 2020	Deprecia- tion for the Year	Provision for Impairment Loss	As on 31st March, 2021	As on 31st March, 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Software	1,451.32	2.65	-	1,453.97	1,242.41	126.13		1,368.54	85.43	208.91
Logo and Trade Mark	69.58	-	-	69.58	45.53	6.96	-	52.49	17.09	24.05
Film	3,059.06	_		3,059.06	1,927.69	305.91	_	2,233.60	825.46	1,131.37
Total- B	4,579.96	2.65		4,582.61	3,215.63	439.00		3,654.63	927.98	1,364.33
Grand Total A+B	1,64,616.00	155.50		1,64,771.50	73,134.60	9,561.06	-	82,695.66	82,075.46	91,481.40

NOTE 3: Tangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		GROS	S BLOCK			DEPREC	IATION		NET	BLOCK
	As on 1st April, 2019	Additions during the Year	Deductions/ Decapital- ized during the Year	As on 31st March, 2020	As on 1st April, 2019	Deprecia- tion for the Year	Provision for Impair- ment Loss	As on 31st March, 2020	As on 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
Land (refer note no.45)	15,490.98		-	15,490.98	-	-		-	15,490.98	15,490.98
Servers and networks	1,428.26	115.90	-	1,544.16	1,121.65	238.13		1,359.78	184.38	306.62
End user devises	370.07	3.90	-	373.97	368.48	1.33		369.81	4.16	1.59
Electrical Installation	10,342.74	107.00	-	10,449.74	4,878.21	1,086.24		5,964.45	4,485.29	5,464.53
Furniture & Fixtures	14,644.31	403.75	-	15,048.06	5,953.61	2,000.76	962.94	8,917.31	6,130.75	8,690.71
Office Equipments	4,017.96	65.12	-	4,083.08	3,265.04	528.68		3,793.72	289.36	752.91
Plant & Machinery	61,337.96	256.09	-	61,594.05	21,407.08	3,987.08	4,284.86	29,679.02	31,915.03	39,930.89
Building	46,821.25	73.68	-	46,894.93	7,034.46	1,413.16	8,911.19	17,358.81	29,536.12	39,786.78
Building Road	1,066.52	60.14		1,126.66	942.91	104.85		1,047.76	78.90	123.61
Pipes and Fittings	2,602.56	37.66		2,640.22	573.95	174.41		748.36	1,891.86	2,028.61
Vehicles	227.42	-	-	227.42	171.07	21.86		192.93	34.49	56.34
Electrical Vehicle	39.18	-		39.18	26.53	4.91	-	31.44	7.74	12.65
Nursery	438.62	3.93	-	442.55	438.32	0.17	-	438.49	4.06	0.29
Nursery - Tree	81.03			81.03	14.37	2.71	-	17.08	63.95	66.66
Total- A	1,58,908.86	1,127.17		1,60,036.03	46,195.68	9,564.29	14,158.99	69,918.96	90,117.07	1,12,713.16

NOTE 4: Intangible Assets

	GROS	S BLOCK			DEPREC	IATION		NET B	LOCK
As on 1st April, 2019	Additions during the Year	Deductions/ Decapital- ized during the Year	As on 31st March, 2020	As on 1st April, 2019	Deprecia- tion for the Year	Provision for Impair- ment Loss	As on 31st March, 2020	As on 31st March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019
1,339.72	111.60	-	1,451.32	1,009.30	233.11	-	1,242.41	208.91	330.42
69.58	-	-	69.58	38.56	6.97	-	45.53	24.05	31.02
3,059.06		-	3,059.06	1,620.95	306.74		1,927.69	1,131.37	1,438.11
4,468.36	111.60		4,579.96	2,668.81	546.82		3,215.63	1,364.33	1,799.55
1,63,377.22	1,238.77		1,64,615.99	48,864.49	10,111.11	14,158.99	73,134.59	91,481.40	1,14,512.71
	1,339.72 69.58 3,059.06 4,468.36	As on 1 st Additions during the Year 1,339.72 111.60 69.58 - 3,059.06 4,468.36 111.60	April, 2019 during the Year Decapitalized during the Year 1,339.72 111.60 - 69.58 - - 3,059.06 - - 4,468.36 111.60 -	As on 1st April, 2019 Additions during the Year Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year As on 31st March, 2020 1,339.72 111.60 - 1,451.32 69.58 - - 69.58 3,059.06 - 3,059.06 4,468.36 111.60 - 4,579.96	As on 1st April, 2019 Additions during the Year Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year As on 31st March, 2020 As on 1st April, 2019 1,339.72 111.60 - 1,451.32 1,009.30 69.58 - - 69.58 38.56 3,059.06 - 3,059.06 1,620.95 4,468.36 111.60 - 4,579.96 2,668.81	As on 1st April, 2019 Additions during the Year Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year As on 31st March, 2020 As on 1st April, 2019 Depreciation for the Year 1,339.72 111.60 - 1,451.32 1,009.30 233.11 69.58 - - 69.58 38.56 6.97 3,059.06 - 3,059.06 1,620.95 306.74 4,468.36 111.60 - 4,579.96 2,668.81 546.82	As on 1st April, 2019 Additions during the Year Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year As on 31st March, 2020 As on 1st April, 2019 Depreciation for the Year Provision for Impairment Loss 1,339.72 111.60 - 1,451.32 1,009.30 233.11 - 69.58 - - 69.58 38.56 6.97 - 3,059.06 - 3,059.06 1,620.95 306.74 4,468.36 111.60 - 4,579.96 2,668.81 546.82 -	As on 1st April, 2019 Additions during the Year Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year As on 31st March, 2020 As on 1st April, 2019 Depreciation for the Year Provision for Impairment Loss As on 31st March, 2020 1,339.72 111.60 - 1,451.32 1,009.30 233.11 - 1,242.41 69.58 - - 69.58 38.56 6.97 - 45.53 3,059.06 - 3,059.06 1,620.95 306.74 1,927.69 4,468.36 111.60 - 4,579.96 2,668.81 546.82 - 3,215.63	As on 1st April, 2019 Additions during the Year Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year As on 31st March, 2020 As on 1st April, 2019 Depreciation for the Year Provision for Impairment Loss As on 31st March, 2020 As on 31st March, 2020 1,339.72 111.60 - 1,451.32 1,009.30 233.11 - 1,242.41 208.91 69.58 - - 69.58 38.56 6.97 - 45.53 24.05 3,059.06 - 3,059.06 1,620.95 306.74 1,927.69 1,131.37 4,468.36 111.60 - 4,579.96 2,668.81 546.82 - 3,215.63 1,364.33



Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

NOTE 5: Investments

NOTE 5: Investments		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Investment in Equity Instruments		
Subsidiaries (at cost)		
Walkwater Properties Private Limited (F.V ₹ 10/-)	8,336.62	10,617.16
(No. of Equity shares CY-2,15,66,321, PY-2,15,66,321)		
Less:- Provision for Impairment of Investment	-	2,280.54
	8,336.62	8,336.62
Blue Haven Entertainment Private Limited.(F.V ₹10 /-)	1.00	1.00
(No. of Equity shares CY-10,000, PY- 10,000)		
Total	8,337.62	8,337.62
Aggregate value of unquoted investment	8,337.62	8,337.62
NOTE 6: Other Financial Asset Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in Lakhs) As at 31 st March, 2020
Bank deposits		
Fixed deposits (pledge with banks)	43.67	10.91
Total	43.67	10.91
NOTE 7: Other Non-Current Assets		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Capital Advances		
i) Advance for land at Khalapur	667.64	667.64
(Unsecured, considered doubtful) (refer note no.50)		
Less:- Provision for doubtful advances	667.64	667.64
ii) Others Advances for land	134.13	134.13
Advances other than capital advances		
SSecurity deposits Security deposits		
Unsecured, considered good	46.32	109.09
Deposits with government authorities	17.41	16.40
	17.41	10.40

NOTE 8: Inventories

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Raw material		
Food Items	126.10	151.00
Trading goods		
Merchandise	350.46	387.61
Stores and spares	672.27	754.31
Total	1,148.83	1,292.92
NOTE 9: Trade Receivables		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Trade Receivables		
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	200.77	483.59
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	9.36	2.43
	210.13	486.02
Less: Allowances for credit losses	9.36	2.43
Total	200.77	483.59
NOTE 10: Cash and cash equivalents		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	8 1	(* =
i ui ticuiul 3	As at	As at
i di dicalal 3	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents	31st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand	31st March, 2021 28.92	31 st March, 2020 29.88
Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balance with banks in Current Accounts	31st March, 2021 28.92 235.93	31 st March, 2020 29.88 178.91 208.79
Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balance with banks in Current Accounts Total NOTE 11: Bank balances other than above	28.92 235.93 264.85	31 st March, 2020 29.88 178.91 208.79 (₹ in Lakhs)
Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balance with banks in Current Accounts Total	31st March, 2021 28.92 235.93	31 st March, 2020 29.88 178.91 208.79
Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand Balance with banks in Current Accounts Total NOTE 11: Bank balances other than above	28.92 235.93 264.85	31st March, 2020 29.88 178.91 208.79 (₹ in Lakhs) As at



NOTE 12:Loans

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Loan receivables considered good - Unsecured		
Loan to related parties	1,215.86	1,215.86
Less:- Provision for Expected Credit Loss on Loan and Advances	1,215.86	1,215.86
Other Loans	-	
Loan to emplo ye es	0.86	0.48
Total	0.86	0.48

NOTE 13: Other financial assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Deposit- others	1.00	1.00
Balance with government authorities	846.44	32.26
Total	847.44	33.26

NOTE 14: Other Current Assets

		(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Advance to related party	410.73	399.09
Less:- Provision for Expected Credit Loss on Loan and Advances	410.73	399.09
Advances to suppliers	984.11	1,105.64
Others		
Prepaid expenses	151.34	70.93
Other receivables	28.70	30.99
Rent Equalisation	10.38	9.31
Income Accrued but not due	0.86	1.59
Total	1,175.39	1,218.46

NOTE 15: Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs) **Particulars** As at As at 31st March, 2021 31st March, 2020 **Authorised Capital** 20,00,00,000 (Previous Year: 20,00,00,000) Equity shares of ₹10/- each 20,000.00 20,000.00 Total 20,000.00 20,000.00 Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up 8,80,62,123 (Previous Year: 8,80,62,123) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each, fully paid up 8,806.21 8,806.21 Add:- Issued during the year Total 8,806.21 8,806.21

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Particulars	31 st Marc	h, 2021	31 st March, 2020		
	Number of shares	(Rs in Lakhs)	Number of shares	(Rs in Lakhs)	
Shares outstandings at the beginning of the year	8,80,62,123	8,806.21	8,80,62,123	8,806.21	
Add:- Issued during the year	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	8,80,62,123	8,806.21	8,80,62,123	8,806.21	

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shares held by holding Company

Name of the Shareholder	No of Shares		
	31 st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020	
Not Applicable	-	-	



(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the Shareholder	31st Marc	:h, 2021	31 st March, 2020		
	No. of Shares Held	% of Holding	No. of Shares Held	% of Holding	
Thrrill Park Limited	2,72,41,127	30.93	2,72,41,127	30.93	
Shaan Agro And Realty India Private Limited	69,15,629	7.85	69,15,629	7.85	
Begonia Realtors Private Limited	73,47,541	8.34	73,47,541	8.34	

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

NOTE 16: Provisions

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provision for Employee benefits		
Provision for gratuity	-	62.86
Provision for leave encashment	72.78	85.07
Total	72.78	147.93

NOTE 17: Borrowings

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Loan from banks (Secured) (refer note no. 38)	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72
Loan from related party (Unsecured) (refer note no.39)	5,531.31	5,423.43
Loan from other companies (Unsecured)	200.00	200.00
Total	1,07,751.03	1,07,643.15
The above amount includes		
Loan guaranteed by promoters (Secured)	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72

NOTE 18: Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Sundry creditors for capital goods and services	191.72	238.07
Advance received against Sale of Hotel	1,425.00	1,425.00
Interest accrued and due (refer note no.38)	41,769.24	25,540.12
Total	43,385.96	27,203.19

NOTE 19: Other Current Liabilities

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Revenue received in advances	351.97	248.19
Others		
IPO Expense Payable	73.00	73.00
Statutory dues	333.26	235.12
Security deposits from sales agents	41.53	51.86
Total	799.76	608.17

NOTE 20: Provisions

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Provisions for employee benefits		
Provision for gratuity (refer note no.37)	3.21	8.13
Provision for leave travel allowance	19.69	11.25
Provision for leave encashment	3.62	4.21
Total	26.52	23.59

NOTE 21: Revenue From Operations

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Sale of products	650.61	6,556.89
Sale of Services	1,414.51	11,833.63
Other operating revenue	130.67	1,615.06
Revenue from operations (Net)	2,195.79	20,005.58
Details of Sale of Product		
Food & beverages	574.63	5,228.81
Merchandise sales	75.98	1,328.08
Total	650.61	6,556.89
Details of Sale of Services		
Tickets sales	664.02	9,364.99
Room Revenue	750.49	2,468.64
Total	1,414.51	11,833.63
Details of Other operating revenue		
Income from parking services	10.68	114.62
Income from third party logistic services	0.73	291.42
Income from space on hire	73.66	392.91
Income from lockers	3.57	196.95
Misc. Income	42.03	619.16
Total	130.67	1,615.06



NOTE 22: Other Income

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Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Income from liquid fund investments		7.57
Interest Income on Fixed Deposit	8.54	5.40
Interest Income on Refund	10.68	43.42
Refund of Entertainment Tax	2,418.39	-
Other non operating Income	12.82	3.90
Total	2,450.43	60.29

NOTE 23: Cost of Material Consumed

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Cost of food & beverage, others	207.02	1,357.54
Cost of liquor	4.81	103.35
Total	211.83	1,460.89

NOTE 24: Changes in Inventories of Stock-in-Trade

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Stock in trade at the beginning of the year		
- Merchandise	387.61	403.27
Less: Stock in trade at the end of the year		
- Merchandise	350.46	387.61
Total	37.15	15.66

NOTE 25: Employee Benefit Expenses

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Salaries, wages and bonus	2,373.86	4,441.58
Contribution to provident fund	131.27	257.50
Employee welfare and other amenities	220.59	465.51
Employee compensation expenses (ESOP) (refer note no.44)	75.98	-
Total	2,801.70	5,164.59

NOTE 26: Finance Cost

(₹ in Lakhs)

		`,
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Interest on borrowings	16,217.46	15,054.29
Funds raising expenses	42.16	100.32
Bank charges	5.98	3.60
Total	16,265.60	15,158.21

NOTE 27: Other Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Consumables & spares parts	8.54	74.19
Rent	82.26	151.94
Rates and taxes	190.37	279.07
Repairs and Maintenance	402.95	1,204.37
Power, fuel and water	746.28	1,845.38
Freight and forwarding expenses	0.02	0.21
House keeping expenses	146.57	641.86
Event & entertainment expenses	6.16	95.15
Advertisement, sales and marketing expenses	83.25	2,791.99
Insurance expense	155.48	86.53
Communication expenses	30.41	38.83
Travelling and conveyance expenses	22.14	411.42
Payment to auditors (refer note no.34)	14.50	14.00
Legal and professional fees	104.16	407.00
Provision for Doubtful Debts	6.93	5.93
Provision for Impairment of Investment	-	2,280.54
Provision for Expected Credit Loss on Loan and Advances	11.64	1,614.95
Foreign exchange loss (net)	-	1.45
Commission	142.59	1,157.52
Security and safety expenses	53.40	344.77
Printing and stationery expenses	8.76	63.47
Directors sitting fees	5.40	5.50
Other operating expenses	179.13	177.68
Total	2,400.94	13,693.75



NOTE 28: Earnings Per Share (EPS)- (Ind AS 33)

Sr. No	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March , 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
1	Face Value per equity share in Rupees	10.00	10.00
2	Weighted Average number of equity shares outstanding	8,80,62,123	8,80,62,123
3	Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Statement (Continuing Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
4	Weighted Average earning per share from Continuing Operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	(30.28)	(45.88)
5	Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Statement (from Discontinuing Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	-	-
6	Weighted Average earning per share from Discontinuing Operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	-	-
7	Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Statement (Continuing and Discontinuing Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	(26,664.45)	(40,403.57)
8	Weighted Average earning per share from Continuing and Discontinuing Operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	(30.28)	(45.88)

The Employee Stock Options granted by the Company which are potential equity shares are ignored for purpose of computation of diluted earnings per share since they are anti-dilutive, considering that the company has incurred losses.

NOTE 29: Contingent Liabilities

Claim against the Company not acknowledged as debts for the year ended March 31, 2021 are as follows

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Period to which it Relates	Forum where dispute is Pending
Custom Act, 1962	Special Additional Duty (SAD)	77.49 ⁽¹⁾	June – 2012 to September -2013	CESTAT
Custom Act, 1962	Penalty	1,118.49	June – 2012 to September -2013	CESTAT
Custom Act, 1962	Interest	218.76	June – 2012 to March -2021	CESTAT
Service Tax Act	Service Tax	139.49	April-2015 to June-2017	CESTAT
Service Tax Act	Penalty	139.49	April-2015 to June-2017	CESTAT
Service Tax Act	Interest	78.53	April-2015 to June-2017	CESTAT

Note(s):

NOTE 30: Capital Commitment

Estimated amount remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for is ₹ 133.51 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2021 (P.Y. ₹135.47 Lakhs).

⁽¹⁾ Total demand ₹1,118.49 Lakhs – amount deposited ₹ 1,041.00 Lakhs.

NOTE 31: Deferred Tax Asset (Net)

Breakup of Net Deferred Tax Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

			(=,
Part	iculars	Deferred Tax Asset (Net)	
		As at 31 March,2021	As at 31 March,2020
(i)	Deferred Tax Assets & Expense / (Income)		
	Disallowance under Income Tax Act, 1961	4176.77	6,623.49
	Provision for Expected Credit Loss/ Impairment	-	981.91
	Related to Carried forward Loss and Unabsorbed Depreciation	27,436.87	25,234.57
	Subtotal	31,613.64	32,839.97
(ii)	Deferred Tax Liabilities & Expense / (Income)		
	Related to temporary difference on depreciation/amortization	1,533.96	1,844.52
	Subtotal	1,533.96	1,844.52
	Net Deferred Tax Assets/ Deferred Tax Expense/(Income) to be recognized	30,079.68	30,995.45

The Company has not recognized net deferred tax assets as on March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 since there is no convincing evidence with the company that there will be sufficient taxable profits in future to utilise the unused tax losses or unused tax credits of the Company.

NOTE 32: NCLT Matter

The Company has incurred a net loss of ₹ 26,664.45 Lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2021 and as of that date, the net worth of the Company has been fully eroded. Further, borrowings of the company have been called back by the secured lenders due to material breach of debt covenants by the company and consequently, the company has re-classified the borrowings as current borrowings in the standalone financial statements. Subsequent to this reclassification, the current liabilities are substantially higher than current assets of the company as at 31st March, 2020. In addition to this, application has also been made against the company by two of the secured lenders to National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Mumbai under the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

In the meantime, the One Time Settlement (OTS) proposal for the company had been under consideration by the Consortium of lenders and there had been internal deliberations by lenders on the manner of debt resolution of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited. In May 2021, the Consortium of Lenders has appointed BOB Capital Market Limited as process advisors for the purpose of implementation of the resolution plan under the aegis of RBI Guidelines.

The management continues to be in process of identifying investors and is also continuing efforts to raise capital/sell assets for the resolution / settlement with lenders. After the settlement of debts of lenders, the company is hopeful of withdrawal of the debt recovery cases filed against the company.

Impact of Covid-19

Covid-19 has been declared as a global pandemic and the Indian Government had followed an approach of complete lockdown starting March 24, 2020. Subsequently, the respective State Governments had been authorized to decide on respective measures at state level.



The company has taken steps for reduction in the fixed costs to offset part of the business lost during the COVID-19 closure. Since the company's business model is largely upfront cash, there are limited credit risks and the scope for losses on account of receivables is minimal. The management has taken due care to maintain the assets in a workable condition and thereby resumption of operations post-lockdown does not remain a constraint.

The Government of Maharashtra, vide order dated 6th July, 2020, had *inter alia* allowed hotels to restart business with effect from 8th July, 2020. Thereafter, the Company has restarted its Hotel Operational w.e.f 10th August, 2020 with proper guidelines as per order. The Government of Maharashtra, vide order dated 21st December, 2020, had *inter alia* allowed Amusement Parks to restart their business. Thereafter, the Company has restarted its Theme Park Operations w.e.f 25th December, 2020 with proper guidelines as per order and restarted its Water Park Operation w.e.f 11th March, 2021. In the first phase, the Company operated the parks for three days in a week and on holidays.

Due to the subsequent Covid -19 second wave, Government of Maharashtra had implemented strict lockdown under "Break the chain" order dated April 04, 2021. Consequently, as on date the park business still remains closed for commercial operations.

Further, during the year "Other Income" includes provision for certain income to be received from Government of Maharashtra against the refund of State Goods and Services Tax (SGST) amounting to Rs 846.44 Lakhs, pursuant to Writ Petition filed by the Company and pursuant to a subsequent Government Resolution No TDC/2017/1/104/Tourism dated March 4, 2020 granting refund of State Goods and Services Tax (SGST). The said income was later received on 07th May, 2021 ₹299.59 Lakhs and on 28th May, 2021 ₹546.85 Lakhs.

Considering these developments, the standalone financial results continue to be prepared on going concern basis.

NOTE 33: Impairment of Non Current Assets

The Company, during the previous year, has provided for Property, Plant and Equipment and Investments in and loans advanced and amounts recoverable from a Subsidiary Company based on the Valuation Report obtained by a Lender Bank from a valuer to undertake valuation of moveable and immoveable assets of the Company. Accordingly, the Company has provided for amounts aggregating to Rs 18,054.48 Lakhs against the same. The provisions for impairment recorded so far are based on the assessment made by the management. The Management is closely monitoring the future developments and circumstances and it is possible that a future assessment may be different from that made.

NOTE 34: Payment to Auditors

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Audit Fees	12.00	12.00
Reimbursement of expenses	-	-
Income Tax Scrutiny Fees	-	-
Limited Review Fees	2.00	2.00
Tax Audit Fees	-	-
Total	14.00	14.00

NOTE 35: Details of dues to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) which came into force from October 2, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME). On the basis of the information and records available with the Company, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the Micro and Small enterprises.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Principal amount due to any supplier as at the year end	9.96	14.50
Interest due on the principal amount unpaid at the period end to any supplier	1.64	0.52
Amount of Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting period	-	-
Payment made to the enterprises beyond appointed date under Section 16 of MSMED	-	-
Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment, which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period, but without adding the interest specified under MSMED	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting period; and	2.70	0.63
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest due as above is actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED.	19.24	17.17

NOTE 36: Lease

(a) Where the Company is a Lessee:

The Company has taken certain assets like Land, Office premises and apartments on lease. They are on rental lease term which range between 10 months to 5 years and some of the lease agreement are having price escalation clause. The lease rentals expense during the year amount to Rs 63.71 Lakhs (P.Y. - ₹ 146.42 Lakhs).

The future minimum lease payments in respect of such operating leases as at 31st March, 2021 are summarized below.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Amount payable within one year from the balance sheet date.	4.94	3.49
Amount payable in the period between one year and five years	-	6.41
Amount payable beyond five years	-	
Total	4.94	9.90

The above lease payments are exclusive of GST.



(b) Where the company is a Lessor:

The Company has given on lease three premises / place for period of 5 years to 15 years and some of the lease agreement are having price escalation clause. The lease rentals income during the reporting year amount to Rs 21.86 lakhs (P.Y.– ₹ 21.71 Lakhs).

The future minimum lease receipts of such operating leases as at 31st March, 2021 are summarized as below.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020
Amount receivable within one year from the balance sheet date	23.20	21.86
Amount receivable in the period between one year and five years	95.59	95.60
Amount receivable beyond five years	36.71	59.89
Total	155.50	177.35

The above lease receipts are exclusive of GST.

NOTE 37: Post Retirement Benefit Plans

Defined Benefits Plan

Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The gratuity plan is funded through an 'Approved Trust'. The Trust has taken a Policy from the HDFC Life Insurance and the management / investment of the fund is undertaken by the insurer.

The Company Contributes all ascertained liabilities towards gratuity to the "Adlabs Entertainment Limited Employee's Gratuity Trust". The Trustees administer contributions made to the trust. As of 31st March, 2021, the plan assets have been primarily invested in insurer – managed funds.

The Gratuity Plan provides a lumpsum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method.

The Company recognizes the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its Balance Sheet as an asset or liability. Gains and losses through remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability/(asset) are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. The actual return of the portfolio of plan assets, in excess of the yields computed by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation is recognized in other comprehensive income. The effect of any plan amendments is recognized in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The following table shows the Actuarial Valuation as on 31st March, 2021 and amounts recognised in the standalone financial statements in respect of Employee Defined Benefit Schemes:

(₹	in	Lakhs)
----	----	--------

Change in Defined Benefit Obligation during the year	For the Year ended March 31, 2021	For the Year ended March 31, 2020
Defined Benefit Obligation, Beginning of year	290.05	249.62
Net Current Service Cost	72.13	65.36
Interest Cost on DBO	21.78	21.67
Actual Plan Participants' Contributions	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses	(66.45)	23.72
Changes in Foreign Currency Exchange Rates	-	-
Acquisition/Business Combination/Divestiture	-	-
Benefits Paid	(41.87)	(70.33)
Past Service Cost	-	-
Losses / (Gains) on Curtailments/Settlements	-	-
Defined Benefit Obligation, End of year	275.64	290.05

(₹ in Lakhs)

Change in Fair value of Plan Assets during the year	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Fair value of Plan Assets, Beginning of year	219.05	191.74
Interest Income Plan Assets	14.81	14.92
Actual Company Contributions	53.31	92.00
Actuarial Gains / (Losses)	27.12	(9.27)
Benefits paid	(41.87)	(70.33)
Fair value of Plan Assets, End of Period	272.42	219.06

(₹ in Lakhs)

Amount Recognized in Statement of Financial Position at year End	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Present Value of Unfunded Defined Benefit Obligation	275.64	290.04
Fair value of Plan Assets	272.42	219.05
Net Defined Benefit (Asset)/Liability Recognised in Statement of	3.22	70.99
Financial Position		

(₹ in Lakhs)

Net Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) included in Statement of Profit	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
& Loss at year End	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Service Cost	72.13	65.36
Net Interest Cost	6.97	6.75
Past Service Cost		
Total Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) included in Profit & Loss	79.10	72.11



(₹ in Lakhs)

Maturity Profile of defined benefit obligation	For the Year ended March 31, 2021	For the Year ended March 31, 2020
Within the next 12 months	8.12	8.14
Between 2 to 5 years	65.49	57.47
Between 6 to 10 years	64.98	75.18

(₹ in Lakhs)

Analysis of Amounts Recognised in Other Comprehensive (Income) /Loss at year End	For the Year ended March 31, 2021	For the Year ended March 31, 2020
Amount recognized in OCI, Beginning of year	(0.75)	(33.75)
Remeasurements due to :		
Effect of Change in financial assumptions	(10.73)	36.51
Effect of change in demographic assumption	-	-
Effect of experience adjustments	(55.72)	(12.78)
Return on plan assets (excluding interest)	(27.12)	9.27
Total remeasurements recognized in OCI	(93.57)	33.00
Amount recognized in OCI, End of year	(94.33)	(0.75)

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(t iii Editiis)
Sensitivity Analysis	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Defined Benefit Obligation - Discount Rate + 100 basis points	(33.59)	(35.54)
Defined Benefit Obligation - Discount Rate - 100 basis points	34.21	36.52
Defined Benefit Obligation - Salary Escalation Rate + 100 basis points	30.80	32.62
Defined Benefit Obligation - Salary Escalation Rate - 100 basis points	(28.06)	(29.77)

Sensitivity analysis is determined based on he expected movement in liability if the assumptions were not proved to be true on different count.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial Assumptions Used to Determine the Defined Benefit	For the Year ended March 31, 2021	For the Year ended March 31, 2020
Discount Rate	7.08%	6.76%
Salary Escalation Rate	6.00%	6.00%
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.08%	6.76%
Demographic Assumptions Used to Determine the Defined Benefit		
Withdrawal Rate	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
·	Ultimate	Ultimate
Retirement Age	58 years	58 years

NOTE 38: Default in Repayment of Borrowing (Current) and Interest.

During the year, the Company has defaulted in the repayment of borrowings to the Banks and Financial Institutions and interest thereon as under:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Secured	Principal amoun	Principal amount of Borrowings		Interest on Borrowings	
Lenders	(1) Default in Repay- ment during the year ended 31st March, 2021	Default as at 31st March, 2021	Default in payment during the year end- ed 31st March, 2021	Default as at 31st March, 2021	
Banks	92,304.41	92,304.41	14,608.14	37,686.76	
Financial Institution	9,715.31	9,715.31	1,620.97	4,082.48	
Total	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72	16,229.11	41,769.24	

Note(s):

Further, due to material breach of debt covenants by the company, some of the secured lenders have not confirmed their interest on borrowings for the year in their loan statement or have not provided the loan statement to the company. Hence, the Company has recognised Interest expense calculated on the basis of Interest rates, Penal Interest rates and other data agreed with the lenders in the Sanctioned Letter / Term Sheets (after latest revisions).

NOTE 39: Related Party Disclosures (As identified by the Management)

a) Related Party Relationship

i) Subsidiary Company

- Walkwater Properties Private Limited
- Blue Haven Entertainment Private Limited

ii) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

- Manmohan Shetty
- Dhimant Bakshi
- Mayuresh Kore
- Ashutosh Kale

iii) Relatives of KMP

- Pooja Deora
- Aarti Shetty

v) Entities Controlled by KMP

- Thrrill Park Limited

The secured borrowings taken by the company from Banks and Financial Institutions had a certain repayment schedule agreed and part of the principal obligations which were due during the year along with interest have not been repaid. Therefore, entire secured borrowings of the company have been called back by the secured lenders vide recall notices due to material breach of debt covenants by the company and consequently, the company has re-classified the borrowings as current borrowings in the standalone financial statements and has been disclosed as default in repayment in the above table.



Transaction with Related Parties (Excluding Reimbursements)

(₹ in Lakhs)

					(\ III Lakiis)
Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Subsidiary Com- pany	Key Managerial Personnel	Relatives	Entities Con- trolled by KMP
1	Loan				
	Received During the year	-	-	-	311.92
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(5.92)
	Repaid During the year	-	-	-	204.03
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(394.88)
	Given during the year	-	-	-	-
		(37.83)	(-)	(-)	(-)
2	Expenses				
	Rent & Society Mainte- nance	-	63.63*	-	-
		(-)	(126.73*)	(-)	(-)
	Remuneration	-	191.79	-	-
		(-)	(256.13)	(-)	(-)
	Royalty	-	_*	-	-
		(-)	(1.18*)	(-)	(-)
	Secondment Charges	_*	-	-	-
		(83.58*)	(-)	(-)	(34.19)
	Interest	-	-	-	-
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(773.03)

^{*} The amount includes taxes

Outstanding as at the Balance Sheet Dates

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Particulars As at Maximum o/s bal. 31st March, 2021 during the year		As at 31st March, 2020	Maximum o/s bal. during the year
1	Short Term Borrowing				
	Thrrill Park Ltd.	5,531.31	5,531.31	5,423.43	5,423.43
2	Loan and Advances				
	Walkwater properties Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	-	1,290.24
3	Trade Payable				
	Manmohan Shetty	37.49	62.22	27.97	48.88
	Mayuresh Kore	3.49	3.49	2.68	2.68
	Dhimant Bakshi	4.83	4.83	1.07	1.07
	Ashutosh Kale	3.43	3.43	0.83	0.83

(₹ in Lakhs)

					(* =
Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	Maximum o/s bal. during the year	As at 31 st March, 2020	Maximum o/s bal. during the year
4	Non Current Investment				
	Walkwater Properties Pvt. Ltd.	8,336.62	8,336.62	8,336.62	10,617.16
	Blue Haven Entertainment Pvt. Ltd	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
5	Other Current Assets				
	Walkwater Properties Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	-	399.09

Note(s):

- (1) Figures in the bracket represent previous year (P.Y.) figures
- The Company has paid the Remuneration to Mr Ashutosh Kale Rs 55.59 Lakhs (P.Y. $\stackrel{?}{\overline{\checkmark}}$ 72.85 Lakhs), Mr. Dhimant Bakshi Rs 77.34 Lakhs (P.Y. $\stackrel{?}{\overline{\checkmark}}$ 70.02 Lakhs)
- (3) The Company has paid Rent and Maintenance Charges for use of office premises and parking area located at 9th floor, Lotus Business Park, New Link Road, Andheri-West, Mumbai-400053. to Mr. Manmohan Shetty amounted to ₹ 63.63 Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 126.73 Lakhs).
- ⁽⁴⁾ The Company has paid royalty of ₹ Nil Lakhs (P.Y. ₹1.18 Lakhs) to Mr. Manmohan Shetty
- (5) The Company has paid Interest of ₹ NIL Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 773.03 Lakhs) on Loan taken from M/s Thrrill Park Limited.

NOTE 40: Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- 1. Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
- 2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.



The fair values for Non-Current borrowings, loans and security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

(₹ in Lakhs)

				(₹ III Lakiis)
Particulars	Carrying		Fair value	
	Amount as at 31st March, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets				
Non- Current				
Investments	8,337.62	-	-	8,337.62
Others	43.67	-	-	43.67
Current		-	-	
Trade receivables	200.77	-	-	200.77
Cash and cash equivalents	264.85	-	-	264.85
Other bank balances	82.71	-	-	82.71
Loans	0.86	-		0.86
Others	847.44	-	-	847.44
Total	9,777.92	-		9,777.92
Financial Liabilities				
Current				
Borrowings	1,07,751.03	-	-	1,07,751.03
Trade payables	3,204.47	-	-	3,204.47
Other financial liabilities	43,385.96	-		43,385.96
Total	1,54,341.46	-	-	1,54,341.46

(₹ in Lakhs)

				(X III Lakiis)
Particular			Fair value	
	Amount as	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	at 31 st March,			
	2020			
Financial Assets				
Non- Current				
Investments	8,337.62	-	-	8,337.62
Others	10.91	-	_	10.91
Current		-	_	
Trade receivables	483.59	-	_	483.59
Cash and cash equivalents	208.79	_	_	208.79
Other bank balances	85.77	_	_	85.77
Loans	0.48	-	<u>-</u>	0.48
Others	33.26	_		33.26
Total	9,160.42	<u>-</u>		9,160.42
Financial Liabilities				
Current				
Borrowings	1,07,643.15	-	_	1,07,643.15
Trade payables	2,216.20	_	_	2,216.20
Other financial liabilities	27,203.19	_		27,203.19
Total	1,37,062.54	-	_	1,37,062.54

During the reporting period ending 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020, there were no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurement.

NOTE 41: Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Management Board.

Market Risk is the risk of loss of future earning, fair values or future cash flow that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market Risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investment and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loans and borrowings.

The Company manages market risk through its finance department, which evaluate and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.



Exposure to interest rate risk

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particular	As at	As at
	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Floating Rate Borrowings	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72

Interest rate sensitivity

A change of 1% in interest rates would have following impact on profit before tax

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particular	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
1% increase in interest rate – Decrease in Profit	(1,020.19)	(1,020.19)
1% decrease in interest rate – increase in Profit	1,020.19	1,020.19

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as at the respective reporting dates.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's finance department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Repayment of Term Loans are as per below

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particular	As at	— As at
	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Within the next 12 months	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72
Between 2 to 5 years	-	-
5 years and above	-	-

As explained in note 32 and 38 above, the company has defaulted in repayment obligations of borrowings during the year and the secured lenders have recalled the entire amount of borrowings. Therefore, the borrowings has been reclassified as current borrowings during the year and the current liabilities of the company are significantly higher than the current assets of the company. Therefore, the company faces a significant liquidity risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligation as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking in to account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limit are set accordingly. The maximum amount of credit risk to which the company is subject is the amount of trade receivables.

NOTE 42: Capital Risk Management

The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to our shareholders.

The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to-day needs. We consider the amount of capital in proportion to risk and manage the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Company may take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

NOTE 43: Disclosures As Required By Indian Accounting Standard (Ind As) 108 - Operating Segments

Operating Segments of the Company:

Tickets : Theme Park, Water Park and Snow Park Tickets

Food and Beverage: Park Restaurant and Hotel Restaurant

Merchandise : Park Merchandise and Hotel Merchandise

Rooms : Hotel Accommodation's

Other Operations : Parking, Lockers, Sponsorship, SPA, Revenue Sharing agreements & Lease Rentals

Identifications of Segments:

The chief operational decision maker monitors the operating results of its Business segment separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the standalone financial statements, Operating segment have been identified on the basis of nature of products and other quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS 108.

Segment revenue and results:

The expenses and income which are not directly attributable to any business segment are shown as unallocable expenditure & income.

Segment assets and Liabilities:

Segment assets include all operating assets used by the operating segment and mainly consist of property, plant and equipments, trade receivables, Inventory and other operating assets. Segment liabilities primarily includes trade payable and other liabilities. Common assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to any of the business segment are shown as unallocable assets / liabilities.



Summary of the Segmental Information as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2021 is as follows:

(₹ in Lakhs)

							(,
Particulars	Tickets	Food and Beverage	Merchandise	Rooms	Other Operations	Unallocated	Total
Net Revenue	664.02	574.64	75.97	750.50	130.66		2195.79
Segment Result before Interest and Taxes	(9316.54)	(513.56)	(215.74)	(2,550.57)	104.60	(357.47)	(12,849.28)
Less: Finance Cost	_	-	-	-	-	(16,265.60)	(16,265.60)
Add: Interest and dividend income	-	-	-	-	-	2,450.43	2,450.43
Profit before Tax	(9316.54)	(513.56)	(215.74)	(2,550.57)	104.60	(14,172.64)	(26,664.45)
Deferred Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit after tax	(9316.54)	(513.56)	(215.74)	(2,550.57)	104.60	(14,172.64)	(26,664.45)
Other Information							
Segment assets	50,305.89	6,298.60	1,985.60	10,506.51	66.69	25,321.49	94,484.78
Segment liabilities	1,388.83	219.00	160.72	752.58	(17.36)	152,736.75	1,55,240.52
Capital Expenditure during the year	155.50	-	-	-	-	-	155.50
Depreciation and Amortisation	6,566.24	1,326.16	102.92	1,565.72	-	-	9,561.04

Summary of the Segmental Information as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2020 is as follows:

(₹ in Lakhs)

							(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	Tickets	Food and Beverage	Merchandise	Rooms	Other Operations	Unallocated	Total
Net Revenue	9,364.99	5,228.80	1,328.08	2,468.65	1,615.06	-	20,005.58
Segment Result before Interest and Taxes	(22,035.49)	2,094.69	110.18	(1,920.75)	1,169.74	(4,724.01)	(25,305.64)
Less: Finance Cost						15,158.22	15,158.22
Add: Interest and dividend income						60.29	60.29
Profit before Tax	(22,035.49)	2,094.69	110.18	(1,920.75)	1,169.74	(19,821.94)	(40,403.57)
Deferred Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit after tax	(22,035.49)	2,094.69	110.18	(1,920.75)	1,169.74	(19,821.94)	(40,403.57)
Other Information							
Segment assets	57,249.65	4,557.03	2,099.91	15,042.42	111.74	24,520.64	1,03,581.39
Segment liabilities	1435.19	179.47	186.23	616.74	(9.81)	1,35,434.41	1,37,842.23
Capital Expenditure during the year	665.61	-	-	271.29	-	-	1,238.78
Depreciation and Amortisation	21,413.72	452.54	103.20	2,300.64	-	-	24,270.10

NOTE 44:

In meeting dated September 14, 2020, the Board of Directors of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited had approved grant of Employee Stock Option under the Scheme approved under SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014, as amended, in order to retain key talents and also to compensate the key talent, subject to Shareholders approval. The total number of such ESOPs under said grant were 3,994,891 (Thirty Nine Lakhs Ninety Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety One) Options exercisable into not more 3,994,891 (Thirty Nine Lakhs Ninety Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety One) Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten) each fully paid-up, with each such Option conferring a right upon the Employee to apply for one Share of the Company. Upon receipt of due shareholders and stock exchange approvals, the said ESOPs were duly granted during the year.

The details of Employee Stock Option Scheme are as under:

Particular	ESOS 2020
Method of Accounting	Intrinsic Value Method
Vesting Plan	Options granted under ESOS 2020 would Vest after 1 (one) year but not later than 3 (three) years from the date of grant of such Options.
Exercise Price	The exercise price for the first grant shall be 30% discount to trailing 2 weeks Volume Weighted Average Price (on the stock exchange which has reported higher volumes) from date of first vesting
	The exercise price for the subsequent grant shall be 20% discount to trailing 2 weeks Volume Weighted Average Price (on the stock exchange which has reported higher volumes).
Maximum Term of Options Granted	7 years from the date of vesting

b) Movement of options during the year ended March 31,2021

Particulars	Options Outstanding
outstanding at the beginning of the period	NIL
Number of options granted during the year	39,94,891
Number of options forfeited / lapsed during the year	-
Number of options vested during the year	-
Number of options exercised during the year	-
outstanding at the beginning of the period	39,94,891

NOTE 45:

The Term Loan facility availed by the Company is secured by pari passu first charge on movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company including mortgage of 298 acres of land (out of which 137 acres of land held by Walk Water Properties Pvt Ltd, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) to consortium led by Union Bank of India in favour of IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd.

The said loan is also secured by first pari passu charge on Current assets of the Company, pledge of shares held by promoters of the Company, Personal and Corporate Guarantees of the Promoters of the Company and wholly owned subsidiary

The Additional facility availed from other lenders are secured by first charge on additional land parcels aggregating to 34 acres of Land and secured by Second and subservient charge on other assets of the Company. Further, as a collateral security have been furnished with Personal and Corporate Guarantees of the Promoters of the Company.



NOTE 46:

The Company's equity shares are in dematerialized form with the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) having ISIN No. INE172N01012.

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Firm Registration No: 109208W

Chartered Accountants (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

G.Sankar Manmohan Shetty Kapil Bagla Ashutosh Kale

Partner Chairman Director Jt. CEO Membership No: 046050

IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited

Place: MumbaiDhimant BakshiMayuresh KoreDivyata RavalDate: 24th June, 2021Jt. CEOChief Financial OfficerCompany Secretary

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial **Statements**

Adverse Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company") and its subsidiary (Holding Company and its subsidiary companies together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the consolidated Cash Flows Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements do not give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2021, of consolidated loss, of consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Adverse Opinion

- We draw attention to Note 31 of the consolidated financial statements which states that:
 - The Holding Company's operations have been severely affected on account of Covid 19. As on the date of the report, the Government of Maharashtra has not allowed the holding company's operations to be restarted.

- The Group has incurred a net loss of Rs 26,864.17 Lakhs during the year ended March 31, 2021 and as of that date, the net worth of the Group has been fully eroded.
- The Holding Company has been unable to conclude re-negotiations or obtain replacement financing due to recalling of debts by the financial lenders and the matter has been referred to National Company Law Tribunal for resolution, although the matter has not been admitted yet.
 - These situations indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast a significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do adequately disclose the matter.
- The Group has a net carrying value of Property Plant and Equipment of ₹ 81,147.48 Lakhs and intangible assets of ₹1,054.38 Lakhs as at 31st March, 2021. The impairment testing was last carried out by the Group in the financial year 2019-20. In the absence of impairment testing during the current year, we are unable to comment whether the carrying values of the Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible asset as at 31st March, 2021 are recoverable and whether any further provision would be required for the same.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.



Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

Refer the "Basis for Adverse Opinion" section of this Report.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2021. Except for the matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and **Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexure to Board's Report but does not include the standalone and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information as stated above is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information as stated above, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 on "The Auditors Responsibilities relating to Other Information".

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial **Statements**

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional professional judgment and maintain skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, have adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of the 2 wholly owned subsidiary companies, whose financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 8,434.18 Lakhs as at March 31, 2021, total income of ₹ Nil and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 1.21 Lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The financial statements of these subsidiary companies have



been audited by other auditors whose report have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary companies and our report in terms of subsection (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary companies are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a) We have sought and, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) Except for the effects / possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated statement of changes in equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) Except for the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- e) The matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Group.
- f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- g) The adverse remarks relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above.
- h) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Companies incorporated in India and included in the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure.
- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India to its managing director during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group refer Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

- Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section above, the Group has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on longterm contracts including derivative contracts.
- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India to the consolidated financial statements.

For V. Sankar Aiyar & Co., **Chartered Accountants** (FRN 109208W)

(G.SANKAR)

Place: Mumbai (M.No.46050) Date: June 24, 2021 UDIN: 21046050AAAAFO7331

Annexure to the Independent Auditor's Report

Annexure referred to in our report of even date to the members of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) on the consolidated accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited) (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Group") as of 31st March, 2021.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial **Controls**

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Parent and its subsidiary companies which are incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance



Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Parent and its subsidiary companies which are incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in₹ accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with

authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Adverse Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified as at March 31, 2021:

- 1) The Group has prepared its financial statements on going concern basis. However:
 - a) The Holding Company's operations have been severely affected on account of Covid 19. As on the date of the report, the Government of Maharashtra has not allowed the company's operations to be restarted.
 - b) The Group has incurred a net loss of Rs 26,864.17 Lakhs during the year ended March 31, 2021 and as of that date, the net worth of the Group has been fully eroded.
 - c) The Holding Company has been unable to conclude re-negotiations or obtain replacement financing due to recalling of debts by the financial lenders and the matter has been referred to National Company Law Tribunal for resolution.

The above situations indicate a material uncertainty that may cast a significant doubt on the Group's ability

to continue as a going concern as a result of which the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The consolidated financial statements do not adequately disclose the said matter.

 The Group has not carried out impairment testing of its Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets for impairment during the current year in accordance with the significant accounting policies of the Company.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Group's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, because of the possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Group has not maintained adequate and effective internal financial controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2021 consolidated financial statements of the Group, and these material weaknesses have affected our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and we have issued an adverse opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report under Sec 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting in so far as it relates to subsidiary companies incorporated in India, is based solely on the corresponding report of the auditor of such company incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For **V. Sankar Aiyar & Co.,** Chartered Accountants (FRN 109208W)

(G.SANKAR)

Place: Mumbai (M.No.46050)
Date: June 24, 2021 UDIN: 21046050AAAAFO7331



Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
ASSETS		31" Walch, 2021	31 Maich, 2020	
Non-current Assets				
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	81,147.48	90,117.07	
(b) Capital work- in-progress		5.10	-	
(c) Other intangible asset	4	1,054.38	1,490.73	
(d) Financial assets				
(i) Other financial asset	5	43.67	10.91	
(e) Other Non-current Assets	6	197.86	259.62	
		82,448.49	91,878.33	
Current Assets				
(a) Inventories	7	8,235.91	8,379.99	
(b) Financial assets				
i) Trade receivables	8	200.77	483.59	
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	267.53	212.68	
iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	10	82.71	85.77	
iv) Loans	11	0.86	0.48	
v) Other financial assets	12	914.69	408.14	
(c) Current tax assets (net)		104.22	168.57	
(d) Other Current Assets	13	1,203.03	1,246.10	
		11,009.72	10,985.32	
Total		93,458.21	102,863.65	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
(a) Equity Share Capital	14	8,806.21	8,806.21	
(b) Other Equity		(70,625.99)	(43,931.40)	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		(61,819.78)	(35,125.19)	
Liabilities				
Non Current Liabilities				
(a) Provisions	15	72.78 72.78	147.93 147.93	
Command I inhilising				
Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	16	107,751.03	107,643.15	
(ii) Trade payables	10	107,731.03	107,043.13	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		9.96	14.50	
(refer note no.33)		9.96	14.50	
(2 225 00	1 122 21	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		3,225.98	2,233.31	
(iii) Other financial liabilities	17	43,385.96	27,203.19	
(b) Other current liabilities	18	805.76	723.17	
(c) Provisions	19	26.52	23.59	
		155,205.21	137,840.91	
Total		93,458.21	102,863.65	
Total		73,730.21	102,003.03	
Summary of significant accounting policies	2			

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No : 109208W Chartered Accountants

G.Sankar Partner

Membership No: 046050

Place: Mumbai Date: 24th June 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited** (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Manmohan Shetty

Kapil Bagla Director Ashutosh Kale

Dhimant Bakshi

nant BakshiO

Mayuresh Kore
Chief Financial Office

Divyata Raval

Company Secretary

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakhs)

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
INCOME:			
Revenue from operations	20	2,195,79	20,005,58
Other income	21	2,450.43	61.30
Total Devenue (1)		4 646 22	20.066.00
Total Revenue (1)		4,646.22	20,066.88
EXPENSES:			
Cost of material consumed	22	211.83	1,460.89
Purchase of trading goods			
Merchandise		32.41	706.24
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	23	37.15	15.66
Employee benefit expense	24	2,803.99	5,235.42
Finance cost	25	16,265.60	15,158.21
Depreciation, Impairment loss & amortisation expense	3&4	9,561.04	24,270.10
Other expenses	26	2,598.37	12,963.12
Total Expenses (II)		31,510.39	59,809.64
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional and tax (I-II)		(26,864.17)	(39,742.76)
Exceptional items		(=5,55 ,	(51)
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(26,864.17)	(39,742.76)
Tax Expenses			
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax Profit/ (loss) for the year from continuing operations		(26,864.17)	(39,742.76)
Profit/ (loss) from discontinued operations		(20,00)	(35)7 1217 07
Tax expense of discontinued operations		_	
Profit/ (loss) from discounting operations (after tax)		_	_
Profit/ (loss) for the year		(26,864.17)	(39,742.76)
Other comprehensive income		(==/03 11.17)	(00)2 1202 07
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset,		93.57	(33.00)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	_
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		_	
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year		(26,770.60)	(39,775.76)
Earnings per equity share (for continuing operations)		(20//70.00)	(35,773.70)
Basic		(30.51)	(45.13)
Diluted		(30.51)	(45.13)
Earnings per equity share (for discontinued operations)		(30.31)	(43.13)
Basic			
Diluted			
Earnings per equity share (for discontinued & continuing operations)			
Basic		(30.51)	(45.13)
Diluted		(30.51)	(45.13)
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.			

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No: 109208W
Chartered Accountants

G.Sankar

Membership No: 046050

Place: Mumbai Date: 24th June 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Manmohan Shetty

Kapil Bagla

Ashutosh Kale Jt. CEO

Director

Dhimant Bakshi

Mayuresh Kore Chief Financial Office **Divyata Raval** Company Secretary



Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021

₹in Lakhs)

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Partio	culars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
A:	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
	Net profit/loss before tax	(26,864.17)	(39,742.76)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation,Impairment loss & amortisation expense	9,561.04	24,270.10
	Acturial gains/(loss) in OCI	93.57	(33.00)
	Interest income	(19.22)	(5.40)
	Provision for Impairment of Inventory	-	3,156.66
	Employee compensation expenses (ESOP)	75.98	-
	Interest expense and finance cost	16,265.60	15,158.21
	Operating Loss before Working Capital Changes	(887.20)	2,803.81
	Movements in working capital:		
	Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables	282.82	456.56
	(Decrease) / increase in trade payables	988.19	(491.53)
	Decrease / (increase) in inventories	144.08	96.97
	Decrease / (increase) in other current and non current assets	(402.10)	103.41
	(Decrease) / increase in current and non current liabilities	220.42	(1,028.63)
	Cash Generated from Operations	346.21	1,940.59
	Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	64.34	240.32
	Net Cash generated in Operating Activities	410.55	2,180.91
B:	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
	Purchase of Tangible & Intangible assets and change in capital work-in-progress	(160.60)	(898.61)
	Advance against Sale of Hotel repay	-	(75.00)
	Fixed Deposit	(27.95)	(40.01)
	Interest income	17.47	4.75
	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(171.08)	(1,008.87)
C:	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
	Interest expense and finance cost paid	(184.60)	(1,149.03)
	Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(184.60)	(1,149.03)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	54.87	23.01
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	212.66	189.65
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	267.53	212.66
	Components of cash and cash equivalents as at	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
	Cash on hand	28.99	29.93
	With banks - on current account	238.54	182.73
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	267.53	212.66

Note(s):

G.Sankar

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No: 109208W Chartered Accountants

Chartered Accountants

Partner Membership No: 046050

Place: Mumbai Date: 24th June 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited** (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

Manmohan ShettyKapil BaglaChairmanDirector

Dhimant BakshiMayuresh KoreJt. CEOChief Financial Office

Divyata Raval Company Secretary

Ashutosh Kale

Jt. CEO

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⁽¹⁾ Comparative figures are regrouped wherever necessary.

⁽²⁾ Figures in bracket represent cash outflow.

Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	8,806.21
Add/Less:- Changes in Equity share capital during the year	-
Balance at the end of the reporting year	8,806.21
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	8,806.21
Add :- Issued during the year	-
Balance at the end of the reporting year	8,806.21

Other Equity

For the year ended 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakhs)

						(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other	Total	
	Capital Reserves	Share Based Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained Earning	comprehensive income	
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	296.56		84,250.44	(128,479.15)	0.75	(43,931.40)
Total comperhensive Income for the year				(26,864.17)	93.57	(26,770.60)
Share Based payment reserve (ESOP)		75.98				75.98
Balance as on 31st March, 2021	296.56	75.98	84,250.44	(155,343.32)	94.32	(70,625.99)

For the year ended 31st March, 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

						(=)
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other	Total	
	Capital	Share	Securities	Retained	comprehensive	
	Reserves	Based	Premium	Earning	income	
		Reserve		_		
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	296.56	_	84,250.44	(88,736.39)	33.75	(4,155.64)
Total comperhensive Income for the		_		(39,742.76)	(33.00)	(39,775.76)
year						
Share Based payment reserve (ESOP)		<u>-</u>				
Balance as on 31st March, 2020	296.56	_	84,250.44	(128,479.15)	0.75	(43,931.40)

As per our report of even date

For V.Sankar Aiyar and Co Firm Registration No: 109208W **Chartered Accountants**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **IMAGICAAWORLD Entertainment Limited** (formerly known as Adlabs Entertainment Limited)

G.Sankar Partner Membership No: 046050

Dhimant Bakshi

Manmohan Shetty

Chairman

Mayuresh Kore Chief Financial Office

Kapil Bagla

Director

Divyata Raval Company Secretary

Ashutosh Kale

Jt. CEO

Place: Mumbai Date: 24th June 2021



1. CORPORATE INFORMATION:

Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited (the Company) is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India whose shares are publicly traded. The registered office is located at 30/31, Sangdewadi, Off Mumbai- Pune Express Highway, Khopoli Pali Road, Khalapur, District Raigad - 410203, Maharashtra.

The Company is engaged in the business of development and operations of theme-based entertainment destinations in India, including theme parks, water parks and associated activities including retail merchandising and food and beverages. The flagship project of the company is located at Khalapur, on Mumbai Pune Expressway and is branded "Imagicaa – Theme Park" for the theme park component, "Imagicaa – Water Park" for the water park component, "Imagicaa – Novotel Hotel "for the Hotel component."

Walkwater Properties Private Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, is engaged in the business of developing real estate.

Blue Haven Entertainment Private Limited, another wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, is yet to commence its operations.

The Company and the subsidiaries mentioned above is together referred to as "the Group".

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

2.1 Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements:

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard require a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR/ Rs./ ₹') and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh, except otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented to the extent possible in the same manner as the Company's separate financial statements.

In respect of the Subsidiary company, the financial statements have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like item of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses, after fully eliminating intragroup balances and unrealised profits/losses on intra-group transactions as per Ind as - 110 - "Consolidated Financial Statements".

The excess of cost to the Company of its investment in the Subsidiary Company over the Company's share of net assets of the Subsidiary Company is recognised in the financial statements as goodwill, which is tested for impairment at each balance sheet date. The excess of Company's share of net assets of the Subsidiary Company over the cost of acquisition is treated as capital reserve.

The results of operations of a Subsidiary are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements from the date on which the parent-Subsidiary relationship comes into existence.

The Notes and Significant Accounting Policies to the Consolidated Financial Statements are intended to serve as a guide for better understanding of the Group's position. In this respect, the Group has disclosed such notes and policies, which represent the requisite disclosure.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

2.2 Use of Assumptions Judgments and Estimates:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. The application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these consolidated financial statements have been disclosed below. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Critical Accounting Estimates:

(a) Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

(b) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.



(c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(d) Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on Group past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(e) Deferred Tax:

Significant judgments are involved in assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment.

(f) Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Group. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Group's assets are determined by the management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology

2.3 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115, Revenue from contracts with customers, outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers.

The Group recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115: Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customers. A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the contract price to the performance obligations in the contract: For contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation.

The Group has revenue recognition policies for its various operating segments that are appropriate to the nature of each business. The revenues are recognized when the general revenue recognition criteria as per the policy are met.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

The Group measures the revenues at fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking in to account the amount of any discount or rebates allowed to the customers. The Group presents revenues net of indirect taxes collected in its statement of profit and loss.

Advances received for services and products are reported as "Advance received against sale" until all conditions for revenue recognition are met.

Tickets:

Revenues from theme park/water park/Snow park ticket sales are recognized when the tickets are issued.

The accounting policy for recognizing revenue from sale of Open Pass/Gift Passes or Open Day Tickets with all days validity which are Non-Refundable in nature are recognized when Passes/Tickets are utilized or expired.

Food/Beverages:

Revenue is recognized when food/ drinks are supplied or served or services rendered.

Merchandise:

Retail sale are recognized on delivery of the merchandise to the customer, when the property in goods and significant risk and rewards are transferred for a price and no effective ownership control is retained.

Room Revenue:

Revenue recognized upon rendering of services.

Barter:

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction which generates revenue.

When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction which generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred



Others:

The revenue is recognized on accrual basis and when significant risk and rewards are transferred. Profit on sale of investments is recorded on transfer of title from the Group and is determined as the difference between the sale price and carrying value of the investment. Lease rentals are recognized on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.4 Taxes on Income:

Taxes on Income comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax expense is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax:

Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Where there is uncertainty over income tax treatments, the Group determines the probability of the income tax authorities accepting each such tax treatment or group of tax treatments in computing the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. The Group recognises deferred tax asset arising from unused tax losses or tax credits only to the extent that the company has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised by the company Other deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized..

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

The break-up of the major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date has been arrived at after setting off deferred tax assets and liabilities where the Group have a legally enforceable right to set-off assets against liabilities and where such assets and liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost net of tax / duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group derecognizes the replaced part and recognizes the new part with its own associated useful life and it is depreciated accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its Property, plant and equipment recognised as at April 1, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the Property, plant and equipment.

Capital work in progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation / under development as at the balance sheet date.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as "Capital Advances" under other non-current assets. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from consolidated financial statement on disposal. Gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation is charged on Straight Line Method over the useful life of the assets as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 or on the basis of useful lives of the assets as estimated by management, whichever is lower. Useful life of the assets is tabulated below.

Sr. No.	Nature of Asset	Estimated Useful Life
1.	Building	
(a)	RCC Frame Structure (Other than factory building)	60 Years
(b)	other than RCC Frame Structure (Other than factory building)	30 Years
2.	Roads	5 Years
3.	Plant and Machinery	15 Years
4.	Furniture and fittings	
(a)	General furniture and fittings	10 Years
(b)	Furniture and fittings used in hotels and restaurants.	8 Years
5.	Motor Vehicles	
(a)	Motor cycles	8 Years



Sr. No.	Nature of Asset	Estimated Useful Life
(b)	Motor buses and motor cars.	8 Years
(c)	Electrically operated vehicles including battery powered or fuel cell powered vehicles.	8 Years
6.	Office equipments	5 Years
7.	Computers and data processing units	
(a)	Servers and networks	6 Years
(b)	End user devices, such as, desktops, laptops, etc.	3 Years
8.	Electrical Installations and Fittings	10 Years
9.	Pipes & Fittings	15 Years
10.	Trees & Nursery	3 Years to 30 Years

2.6 Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its intangible assets recognised as at April 1, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that varying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the estimated useful economic life of the assets by using straight line method and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Intangible assets are amortized as follows:

Sr. No.	Nature of asset	Estimated Useful Life
1.	Trademarks and Logos	10 Years
2.	Softwares	6 Years
3.	Films	10 Years

Gains or losses arising from de - recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

2.7 Impairment of Non-Current Assets:

Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortisation are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount may not be recoverable. Such circumstances include, though are not limited to, significant or sustained decline in revenues or earnings and material adverse changes in the economic environment.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less cost to sell and value in use. To calculate value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market rates and the risk specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs. Fair value less cost to sell is the best estimate of the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the cost of disposal. Impairment losses, If any, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and included in depreciation and amortisation expenses. After impairment (if any), depreciation/amortisation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over its remaining life.

Impairment losses are reversed in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had previously been recognised.

2.8 Inventories:

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is arrived in the following manner:

Food items	: Weighted Average Basis
Merchandise	: First in First Out
Consumable & Spare Parts	: First in First Out

The cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Slow and non-moving material, obsolesces, defective inventories are valued at net realizable value. Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred up to the date of balance sheet.

2.9 Non-current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations:

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the statement of profit and loss.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for distribution are presented separately from other assets and liabilities in the balance sheet.



A disposal group qualifies as discontinued operation if it is a component of the Group that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:

- represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations,
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

An entity shall not depreciate (or amortise) a non-current asset while it is classified as held for sale or while it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

2.10 Financial Instruments:

(i) Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through Profit and Loss.

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two broad categories:

- Financial assets at fair value
- Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- **Business model test:** The objective of the Group's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes).
- Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

• **Business model test:** The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

• **Cash flow characteristics test:** The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Even if an instrument meets the two requirements to be measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, a financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an 'accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All equity investments are measured at fair value in the balance sheet, with value changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except for those equity investments for which the entity has elected to present value changes in other comprehensive income.

If an equity investment is not held for trading, an irrevocable election is made at initial recognition to measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

De - recognition:

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay
 the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and
 either
- (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.



(ii) Financial liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

Loans and borrowings:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

De - recognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

2.11 Impairment of Financial Asset:

In case of trade receivables and lease receivables, the Group follows a simplified approach wherein an amount equal to lifetime Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

In case of other assets (listed as i and ii above), the Group determines if there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial asset since initial recognition. If the credit risk of such assets has not increased significantly, an amount equal to 12-month ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

Subsequently, if the credit quality of the financial asset improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. 12-month ECL area portion of the lifetime ECL which result from default events that are possible within 12 months from the reporting date.

ECL are measured in a manner that they reflect unbiased and probability weighted amounts determined by a range of outcomes, taking into account the time value of money and other reasonable information available as a result of past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

2.12 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the group has a present legal or constructive obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economics benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognised in Consolidated financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the financial statements but is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.



2.13 Foreign Currency Transactions:

Functional currency:

The functional currency of the group is Indian Rupees ('INR/ Rs./ ₹'). These Consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and the all values are rounded to the nearest Lakh, except otherwise indicated.

Transactions and translations:

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses, if any, at the year-end in respect of monetary assets and monetary liabilities not covered by the forward contracts are transferred to Profit & Loss Account except for Long Term Foreign Currency Monetary Items. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled.

Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and nonmonetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction.

Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

2.14Borrowing Cost:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalized till the asset is ready for its intended use, based on borrowings incurred specifically for financing the asset or the weighted average rate of all other borrowings, if no specific borrowings have been incurred for the asset. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. The Group has not capitalized any borrowing costs during the year.

All other borrowing costs are recognized as expenditure in the year in which they are incurred.

2.15 Earnings per Equity Share:

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Group
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share:

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and

- by the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected

2.16 Employee Benefit:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognised during the period in which the employee renders related service.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measure each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under employee benefit expenses in the statement of profit and loss.

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements,
- Net interest expense or income.

Long-term employee benefits:

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date.

Termination benefits:

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP):

The Group recognizes compensation expense relating to share-based payments in net profit based on estimated fair values of the stock options on the grant date. The estimated fair value of stock options is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the stock options as if the stock option was in substance multiple stock options with a corresponding increase to share options outstanding account.

In case, the fair value of the stock options granted at the grant date cannot be estimated reliably, the options are measured at their intrinsic value, initially at the date the entity obtains the service and subsequently at the end of each reporting period and at the date of final settlement, with any change in intrinsic value recognised in profit or loss. For a grant of share options, the share-based payment arrangement is finally settled when the options are exercised, are forfeited (eg upon cessation of employment) or lapse (eg at the end of the option's life)

2.17 Cash Flow Statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transacti of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

2.18 Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits with banks which are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.19Lease:

Operating Lease:

The Group has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 17. The adoption of Ind AS 116 as on April 1, 2019 did not require any adjustments to the assets and liabilities as on that date.

As a lessee:

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. Certain lease arrangements include the option to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities include these options when it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets:

The Group has elected not to recognise right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months with no purchase option and assets with low value leases. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in statement of profit and loss over the lease term. The related cash flows are classified as operating activities.

As a lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

2.20 Exceptional Items:

Certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Group is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Group, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the notes accompanying to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

2.21 Current and Non-Current Classification:

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.



All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period,or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

NOTE 3: Tangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		GPO	SS BLOCK		DEPRECIATION				NET BLOCK	
Particulars						DEPREC	ATION		NET BLOCK	
	As on 1 st April, 2020	Additions during the Year	Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 1 st April, 2020	Depreciation for the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Land (refer note no. 43)	15,490.98	-	-	15,490.98	-			-	15,490.98	15,490.98
Servers and networks	1,544.17	4.72	-	1,548.89	1,359.77	115.71	-	1,475.48	73.41	184.38
End user devices	373.97	-	-	373.97	369.80	1.86	-	371.66	2.31	4.16
Electrical Installation	10,449.74	-	-	10,449.74	5,964.46	1,086.76	-	7,051.22	3,398.52	4,485.29
Furniture & Fixtures	15,048.06	-	-	15,048.06	8,917.31	2,011.86	-	10,929.17	4,118.89	6,130.75
Office Equipments	4,083.07	7.65	-	4,090.72	3,793.72	235.09	-	4,028.81	61.91	289.36
Plant & Machinery	61,594.06	113.16	-	61,707.22	29,679.03	3,989.71	-	33,668.74	28,038.48	31,915.03
Building	46,894.93	27.32	-	46,922.25	17,358.81	1,412.40	-	18,771.21	28,151.04	29,536.12
Building Road	1,126.66	-	-	1,126.66	1,047.76	71.12	-	1,118.88	7.78	78.90
Pipes and Fittings	2,640.22	-	-	2,640.22	748.36	176.02	-	924.38	1,715.84	1,891.86
Vehicles	227.41	-	-	227.41	192.94	12.51	-	205.45	21.96	34.49
Electrical Vehicle	39.18	-	-	39.18	31.44	4.90	-	36.34	2.84	4.06
Nursery	442.56		-	442.56	438.49	1.42	-	439.91	2.65	7.74
Nursery - Tree	81.03		-	81.03	17.08	2.70	-	19.78	61.25	63.95
Total- A	160,036.04	152.85		160,188.89	69,918.97	9,122.06		79,041.03	81,147.48	90,117.06

NOTE 4: Intangible Assets

Particulars		GRO	SS BLOCK		DEPRECIATION				NET BLOCK	
	As on 1 st April, 2020	Additions during the Year	Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 1 st April, 2020	Depreciation for the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Software	1,451.32	2.65		1,453.97	1,242.41	126.13		1,368.54	85.43	208.91
Logo and Trade Mark	69.58	-	-	69.58	45.53	6.96	-	52.49	17.09	24.05
Film	3,059.06	-	-	3,059.06	1,927.69	305.91	-	2,233.60	825.46	1,131.37
Goodwill	126.40			126.40				-	126.40	126.40
Total- B	4,706.36	2.65		4,709.01	3,215.63	439.00		3,654.63	1,054.38	1,490.73
Grand Total A+B	164,742.40	155.50		164,897.90	73,134.60	9,561.06		82,695.66	82,201.86	91,607.80



NOTE 3: Tangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

										(V III Lakiis)
Particulars		GROS	SS BLOCK			DEPREC	CIATION		NET B	LOCK
	As on 1 st April, 2019	Additions during the Year	Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 1 st April, 2019	Depreciation for the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Land (refer note no.43)	15,490.98	-		15,490.98	-	-		-	15,490.98	15,490.98
Servers and networks	1,428.26	115.90	-	1,544.16	1,121.65	238.13		1,359.78	184.38	306.62
End user devises	370.07	3.90	-	373.97	368.48	1.33		369.81	4.16	1.59
Electrical Installation	10,342.74	107.00	-	10,449.74	4,878.21	1,086.24		5,964.45	4,485.29	5,464.52
Furniture & Fixtures	14,644.31	403.75	-	15,048.06	5,953.61	2,000.76	962.94	8,917.31	6,130.75	8,690.75
Office Equipments	4,017.96	65.12	-	4,083.08	3,265.04	528.68		3,793.72	289.36	752.92
Plant & Machinery	61,337.96	256.09	-	61,594.05	21,407.08	3,987.08	4,284.86	29,679.02	31,915.03	39,930.89
Building	46,821.25	73.68	-	46,894.93	7,034.46	1,413.16	8,911.19	17,358.81	29,536.12	39,786.79
Building Road	1,066.52	60.14		1,126.66	942.91	104.85		1,047.76	78.90	123.61
Pipes and Fittings	2,602.56	37.66		2,640.22	573.95	174.41		748.36	1,891.86	2,028.61
Vehicles	227.42	-	-	227.42	171.07	21.86		192.93	34.49	56.35
Electrical Vehicle	39.18	-		39.18	26.53	4.91	-	31.44	7.74	12.65
Nursery	438.62	3.93	-	442.55	438.32	0.17	-	438.49	4.06	0.31
Nursery - Tree	81.03			81.03	14.37	2.71	-	17.08	63.95	66.66
Total- A	158,908.86	1,127.17		160,036.03	46,195.68	9,564.29	14,158.99	69,918.96	90,117.07	112,713.25

NOTE 4: Intangible Assets

Particulars		GROS	SS BLOCK			DEPRECIATION			NET B	NET BLOCK	
	As on 1 st April, 2019	Additions during the Year	Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 1 st April, 2019	Depreciation for the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019	
Software	1,339.72	111.60		1,451.32	1,009.30	233.11		1,242.41	208.91	330.42	
Logo and Trade Mark	69.58		-	69.58	38.56	6.97		45.53	24.05	31.02	
Film	3,059.06			3,059.06	1,620.95	306.74		1,927.69	1,131.37	1,438.11	
Goodwill	126.40			126.40				-	126.40	126.40	
Total- B	4,594.76	111.60		4,706.36	2,668.81	546.82		3,215.63	1,490.73	1,925.95	
Grand Total A+B	163,503.62	1,238.77		164,742.39	48,864.49	10,111.11	14,158.99	73,134.59	91,607.80	114,639.20	

NOTE 5: Other Financial Asset

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
Bank deposits			
Fixed deposits (pledge with banks)	43.67	10.91	
Total	43.67	10.91	

NOTE 6: Other Non-Current Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Capital Advances		
i) Advance for land at Khalapur	667.64	667.64
(Unsecured, considered doubtful)		
Less:- Provision for doubtful advances	667.64	667.64
ii) Others Advances for land	134.13	134.13
Advances other than capital advances		
SSecurity deposits Security deposits		
Unsecured, considered good	46.32	109.09
Deposits with government authorities	17.41	16.40
Total	197.86	259.62

NOTE 7: Inventories

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Raw material		
Food Items	126.10	151.00
Trading goods		
Merchandise	350.46	387.61
Stores and spares	672.27	754.31
Land Work in Progress	7,087.08	7,087.08
Total	8,235.91	8,380.00

NOTE 8: Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Trade Receivables		
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	200.77	483.59
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	9.36	2.43
	210.13	486.02
Less: Allowances for credit losses	9.36	2.43
Total	200.77	483.59



NOTE 9: Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Cash and Cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	28.99	29.95
Balance with banks in Current Accounts	238.54	182.73
Total	267.53	212.68

NOTE 10: Bank Balances Other than above

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Fixed deposits (pledge with banks)	82.71	85.77
Total	82.71	85.77

NOTE 11:Loans

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Other Loans		
Loan to employees	0.86	0.48
Total	0.86	0.48

NOTE 12: Other Financial Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Deposit- others	1.00	1.00
Balance with government authorities	913.69	98.60
Capital Advances	-	308.54
Total	914.69	408.14

NOTE 13: Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Advances to suppliers	984.11	1,105.64
Others		
Prepaid expenses	153.98	73.57
Other receivables	28.70	30.99
Rent Equalisation	10.38	9.31
Income Accrued but not due	0.86	1.59
Other Deposit	25.00	25.00
Total	1,203.03	1,246.10

NOTE 14: Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Authorised Capital		
200,000,000 (Previous Years 200,000,000)		
Equity shares of ₹10/- each	20,000.00	20,000.00
Total	20,000.00	20,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up		
88,062,123 (Previous Years 88,062,123)		
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each, fully paid up	8,806.21	8,806.21
Add:- Issued during the year	-	
Total	8,806.21	8,806.21

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Particulars	31st March, 2021		31 st March, 2020	
	Number of	(₹ in Lakhs)	Number of	(₹ in Lakhs)
	shares		shares	
Shares outstandings at the beginning of the year	88,062,123	8,806.21	88,062,123	8,806.21
Add:- Issued during the year			-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	88,062,123	8,806.21	88,062,123	8,806.21

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shares held by holding Company

Name of the Shareholder	No of Shares		
	As at 31st	As at 31st March,	
	March,2021	2020	
NA	-	-	

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the Shareholder	31st March, 2021		31st March, 2020	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
	Held		Held	
Thrrill Park Limited	27,241,127	30.93	27,241,127	30.93
Shaan Agro And Realty India Private Limited	6,915,629	7.85	6,915,629	7.85
Begonia Realtors Private Limited	7,347,541	8.34	7,347,541	8.34

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.



NOTE 15: Provisions

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Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provision for Employee benefits		
Provision for gratuity	-	62.86
Provision for leave encashment	72.78	85.07
Total	72.78	147.93

NOTE 16: Borrowings

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Loan from banks (Secured) (refer note no. 36)	102,019.72	102,019.72
Loan from related party (Unsecured) (refer note no. 37)	5,531.31	5,423.43
Loan from other companies (Unsecured)	200.00	200.00
Total	107,751.03	107,643.15
The above amount includes		
Loan guaranteed by promoters (Secured)	102,019.72	102,019.72

NOTE 17: Other Financial Liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Sundry creditors for capital goods and services	191.72	238.07
Advance received against Sale of Hotel	1,425.00	1,425.00
Interest accrued and due (refer note no. 36)	41,769.24	25,540.12
Total	43,385.96	27,203.19

NOTE 18: Other Current Liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Revenue received in advances	351.97	248.19
IPO Expense Payable	73.00	73.00
Statutory dues	333.26	235.12
Security deposits from sales agents	41.53	51.86
Other payables	-	115.00
Reimbursement payable to Related Party	6.00	<u>-</u>
Total	805.76	723.17

NOTE 19: Provisions

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provisions for employee benefits		
Provision for gratuity (refer note no.35)	3.21	8.13
Provision for leave travel allowance	19.69	11.25
Provision for leave encashment	3.62	4.21
Total	26.52	23.59

NOTE 20: Revenue from Operations

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(\takiis)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Sale of products	650.61	6,556.89
Sale of Services	1,414.51	11,833.63
Other operating revenue	130.67	1,615.06
Revenue from operations (Net)	2,195.78	20,005.58
Details of Sale of Product		
Food & beverages	574.63	5,228.81
Merchandise sales	75.98	1,328.08
Total	650.61	6,556.89
Details of Sale of Services		
Tickets sales	664.02	9,364.99
Room Revenue	750.49	2,468.64
Total	1,414.51	11,833.63
Details of Other operating revenue		
Income from parking services	10.68	114.62
Income from third party logistic services	0.73	291.42
Income from space on hire	73.66	392.91
Income from lockers	3.57	196.95
Misc. Income	42.03	619.16
Total	130.67	1,615.06

NOTE 21: Other Income

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Income from liquid fund investments		7.57
Interest Income on Fixed Deposit	8.54	5.40
Interest Income on Refund	10.68	43.42
Refund of Entertainment Tax	2,418.39	
Other non operating Income	12.82	4.91
Total	2,450.43	61.30

NOTE 22: Cost of Material Consumed

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Cost of food & beverage, others	207.02	1,357.54
Cost of liquor	4.81	103.35
Total	211.83	1,460.89



NOTE 23: Changes in Inventories of Stock-in-Trade

(₹ in	Lakhs)
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Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Stock in trade at the beginning of the year		
- Merchandise	387.61	403.27
Less: Stock in trade at the end of the year		
- Merchandise	350.46	387.61
Total	37.15	15.66

NOTE 24: Employee Benefit Expenses

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Salaries, wages and bonus	2,376.15	4,512.41
Contribution to provident fund	131.27	257.50
Employee welfare and other amenities	220.59	465.51
Employee compensation expenses (ESOP) (refer note no. 42)	75.98	_
Total	2,803.99	5,235.42

NOTE 25: Finance Cost

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Interest on borrowings	16,217.46	15,054.29
Funds raising expenses	42.16	100.32
Bank charges	5.98	3.60
Total	16,265.60	15,158.21

NOTE 26: Other Expenses

		(* =)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Consumables & spares parts	8.54	74.19
Rent	82.26	151.94
Rates and taxes	196.70	279.07
Repairs and Maintenance	403.13	1,204.37
Power, fuel and water	746.28	1,845.38
Freight and forwarding expenses	0.02	0.21
House keeping expenses	146.57	641.86
Event & entertainment expenses	6.16	95.15
Advertisement, sales and marketing expenses	83.25	2,791.99
Insurance expense	155.48	86.53
Communication expenses	30.41	38.83
Travelling and conveyance expenses	25.67	411.42

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Payment to auditors (refer note no. 32)	15.06	14.57
Legal and professional fees	107.06	408.47
Provision for Doubtful Debts	6.93	5.93
Foreign exchange loss (net)	-	1.45
Commission	142.59	1,157.52
Security and safety expenses	53.40	344.77
Printing and stationery expenses	8.76	63.47
Directors sitting fees	7.06	8.60
Loss on carrying Inventory at Net Realisable Value	-	3,156.66
Sundry Capital Advances w/off	193.54	-
Other operating expenses	179.50	180.74
Total	2,598.37	12,963.12

NOTE 27: Earnings Per Share (EPS)- (Ind AS 33)

Sr. No	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
1	Face Value per equity share in Rupees	10.00	10.00
2	Weighted Average number of equity shares outstanding	8,80,62,123	8,80,62,123
3	Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Statement (Continuing Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	(26,864.17)	(39,742.76)
4	Weighted Average earning per share from Continuing Operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	(30.51)	(45.13)
5	Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Statement (from Discontinuing Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	-	
6	Weighted Average earning per share from Discontinuing Operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	-	-
7	Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Statement (Continuing and Discontinuing Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	(26,864.17)	(39,742.76)
8	Weighted Average earning per share from Continuing and Discontinuing Operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	(30.51)	(45.13)

NOTE 28: Contingent Liabilities

Claim against the Group not acknowledged as debts for the year ended March 31, 2021 are as follows

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Period to which it Relates	Forum where dispute is Pending
Custom Act, 1962	Special Additional Duty (SAD)	77.49 ⁽¹⁾	June – 2012 to September -2013	CESTAT
Custom Act, 1962	Penalty	1,118.49	June – 2012 to September -2013	CESTAT
Custom Act, 1962	Interest	218.76	June – 2012 to March -2021	CESTAT
Service Tax Act	Service Tax	139.49	April-2015 to June-2017	CESTAT
Service Tax Act	Penalty	139.49	April-2015 to June-2017	CESTAT
Service Tax Act	Interest	78.53	April-2015 to June-2017	CESTAT

Note(s):

Total demand ₹1,118.49 Lakhs – amount deposited ₹ 1,041.00 Lakhs.



NOTE 29: Capital Commitment

Estimated amount remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for is ₹ 133.51 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2021 (P.Y. Rs 135.47 Lakhs).

NOTE 30: Deferred Tax Asset (Net)

Breakup of Net Deferred Tax Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

		Deferred Tax Asset (Net)		
	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020	
(i)	Deferred Tax Assets & Expense / (Income)			
	Disallowance under Income Tax Act, 1961	4,176.77	6,623.49	
	Provision for Expected Credit Loss/ Impairment	-	981.91	
	Related to Carried forward Loss and Unabsorbed Depreciation	27,436.87	25,234.57	
	Subtotal	31,613.64	27,355.58	
(ii)	Deferred Tax Liabilities & Expense / (Income)			
	Related to temporary difference on depreciation/amortization	1,533.96	1,844.52	
	Subtotal	1,533.96	5,760.17	
	Net Deferred Tax Assets/ Deferred Tax Expense/(Income) to	30,079.68	30,995.45	
	be recognized			

The Company has not recognized net deferred tax assets as on March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 since there is no convincing evidence with the company that there will be sufficient taxable profits in future to utilise the unused tax losses or unused tax credits of the Company.

NOTE 31: NCLT Matter

The Group has incurred a net loss of ₹ 26,864.17 Lakhs for the year ended 31st March, 2021 and as of that date, the net worth of the Group has been fully eroded. Further, borrowings of the group have been called back by the secured lenders due to material breach of debt covenants by the group and consequently, the group has re-classified the borrowings as current borrowings in the consolidated financial statements. Subsequent to this reclassification, the current liabilities are substantially higher than current assets of the group as at 31st March, 2021. In addition to this, application has also been made against the group by two of the secured lenders to National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Mumbai under the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

In the meantime, the One Time Settlement (OTS) proposal for the group had been principally approved by the consortium of lenders during the year. Some of the lenders in the consortium have also sanctioned the OTS at 56% of the total outstanding on the basis of the company's anchor offer subject to the concurrence of all other lenders for adopting Swiss Challenge Process on the company's anchor offer and deposit of entire amount of OTS within 90 days of receipt of concurrence for Swiss Challenge Offer from all the lenders.

The management is in the process of identifying investors and is also intending to raise capital/sell assets for the purpose of complying with the terms and conditions of the said OTS.

The Group is confident of obtaining the concurrence of all the lenders for the OTS and complying with the terms and conditions of the OTS through the stake sale and / or sale of assets as stated above. After the settlement of debts of all the lenders under OTS, the group is hopeful of withdrawal of the debt recovery cases filed against the group by two of the lenders.

Impact of Covid-19:

Covid-19 has been declared as a global pandemic and the Indian Government has followed an approach of complete lockdown since March 24, 2020.

The Government of Maharashtra has directed the group to suspend the operations of its parks and hotel. The group being part of the Travel & Tourism Sector as well as the Entertainment Sector, has been severely affected in the short term as well as medium term.

The group expects that the lockdown would be lifted in the near future. In India, guidelines on the lines of Global Parks such as Disneyland, Universal Studios etc have been prepared and shared with Local Government Bodies to explain readiness in consultation with the amusement park association IAAPI. Entertainment Parks have started getting operational with self-imposed Safety and Hygiene guidelines. In the company's parks which are spread over 100 acres, social distancing is practically possible to be achieved and therefore would be able to comply with the safety and hygiene guidelines after the lock down is lifted.

The group has also taken steps for reduction in the fixed costs to offset part of the business lost during the COVID-19 closure. Since the company's business model is largely upfront cash, there are limited credit risks and the scope for losses on account of receivables is minimal. The management has taken due care to maintain the assets in a workable condition and thereby resumption of operations post-lockdown does not remain a constraint.

Further the Government of Maharashtra has issued Government Resolution No TDC/2017/1/104/Tourism dated March 4, 2020 granting refund of State Goods and Services Tax (SGST).

The Government of Maharashtra, vide order dated 6th July, 2020, has *inter alia* allowed hotels to restart its business with effect from 8th July, 2020. Thereafter, the Group is in the process of restarting its hotel business.

Considering these developments, the consolidated financial results continue to be prepared on going concern basis.

NOTE 32: Payment to Auditors

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Audit Fees	12.55	12.55
Reimbursement of expenses	-	-
Income Tax Scrutiny Fees	-	-
Limited Review Fees	2.00	2.00
Tax Audit Fees	-	
Total	14.55	14.55

NOTE 33: Details of dues to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) which came into force from October 2, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME). On the basis of the information and records available with the Group, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the Micro and Small enterprises.



(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Principal amount due to any supplier as at the year end	9.96	14.50
Interest due on the principal amount unpaid at the period end to any supplier	1.64	0.52
Amount of Interest paid by the Group in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting period	-	-
Payment made to the enterprises beyond appointed date under Section 16 of MSMED	-	-
Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment, which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period, but without adding the interest specified under MSMED	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting period; and	2.70	0.63
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest due as above is actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED.	19.24	17.17

NOTE 34: Lease

(a) Where the Group is a Lessee:

The Group has taken certain assets like Land, Office premises and apartments on lease. They are on rental lease term which range between 10 months to 5 years and some of the lease agreement are having price escalation clause. The lease rentals expense during the year amount to Rs 63.71Lakhs (previous year - ₹ 146.42 lakhs).

The future minimum lease payments in respect of such operating leases as at 31st March, 2021 are summarized below.

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Amount payable within one year from the balance sheet date.	4.94	3.49
Amount payable in the period between one year and five years	-	6.41
Amount payable beyond five years	-	-
Total	4.94	9.90

The above lease payments are exclusive of Service Tax / GST.

(b) Where the Group is a Lessor:

The Group has given on lease three premises / place for period of 5 years to 15 years and some of the lease agreement are having price escalation clause. The lease rentals income during the reporting year amount to Rs 21.86 Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 21.71 Lakhs).

The future minimum lease receipts of such operating leases as at 31st March, 2021 are summarized as below.

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Amount receivable within one year from the balance sheet date.	23.20	21.86
Amount receivable in the period between one year and five years	95.59	95.60
Amount receivable beyond five years	36.71	59.89
Total	155.50	177.35

The above lease receipts are exclusive of GST.

NOTE 35: Post Retirement Benefit Plans

Defined Benefits Plan

Gratuity

The Group provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The gratuity plan is funded through an 'Approved Trust'. The Trust has taken a Policy from the HDFC Life Insurance and the management / investment of the fund is undertaken by the insurer.

The Group Contributes all ascertained liabilities towards gratuity to the "Adlabs Entertainment Limited Employee's Gratuity Trust". The Trustees administer contributions made to the trust. As of 31st March, 2021, the plan assets have been primarily invested in insurer – managed funds.

The Gratuity Plan provides a lumpsum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Group.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method.

The Group recognizes the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its Balance Sheet as an asset or liability. Gains and losses through remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability/(asset) are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. The actual return of the portfolio of plan assets, in excess of the yields computed by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation is recognized in other comprehensive income. The effect of any plan amendments is recognized in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The following table shows the Actuarial Valuation as on 31st March, 2021 and amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements in respect of Employee Defined Benefit Schemes:

		(₹ In Lakhs)
Change in Defined Benefit Obligation during the year	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	31st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020
Defined Benefit Obligation, Beginning of year	290.05	249.62
Net Current Service Cost	72.13	65.36
Interest Cost on DBO	21.78	21.67
Actual Plan Participants' Contributions	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses	(66.45)	23.72
Changes in Foreign Currency Exchange Rates	-	-
Acquisition/Business Combination/Divestiture	-	-



		(₹ In Lakhs)
Change in Defined Benefit Obligation during the year	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
Benefits Paid	31 st March, 2021 (41.87)	31 st March, 2020 (70.33)
Past Service Cost	(41.07)	(70.33)
	-	-
Losses / (Gains) on Curtailments/Settlements	275.64	- 200.05
Defined Benefit Obligation, End of year	275.64	290.05
		(₹ In Lakhs)
Change in Fair value of Plan Assets during the year	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2020
Fair value of Plan Assets, Beginning of year	219.05	191.74
Interest Income Plan Assets	14.81	14.92
Actual Company Contributions	53.31	92.00
Actuarial Gains / (Losses)	27.12	(9.27)
Benefits paid	(41.87)	(70.33)
Fair value of Plan Assets, End of Period	272.42	219.06
		(₹ In Lakhs)
Amount Recognized in Statement of Financial Position at year End	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	31 st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020
Present Value of Unfunded Defined Benefit Obligation	275.64	290.04
Fair value of Plan Assets	272.42	219.05
Net Defined Benefit (Asset)/Liability Recognised in Statement of Financial Position	3.22	70.99
		~·····
		(₹ In Lakhs)
Analysis of Amounts Recognised in Other Comprehensive (Income) /Loss at year End	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Amount recognized in OCI, Beginning of year	(0.75)	(33.75)
Remeasurements due to:	(0.75)	(33.73)
Effect of Change in financial assumptions	(10.73)	36.51
Effect of change in demographic assumption	- (10115)	-
Effect of experience adjustments	(55.72)	(12.78)
Return on plan assets (excluding interest)	(27.12)	9.27
Total remeasurements recognized in OCI	(93.57)	33.00
Amount recognized in OCI, End of year	(94.33)	(0.75)
		(₹ In Lakhs)
Net Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) included in Statement of Profit	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
& Loss at year End	31 st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Service Cost	72.13	65.36
Net Interest Cost	6.97	6.75
Past Service Cost		_
Total Defined Benefit Cost/(Income) included in Profit & Loss	79.10	72.11

(₹ In Lakhs)

		()
Maturity Profile of defined benefit obligation	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Within the next 12 months	8.12	8.14
Between 2 to 5 years	65.49	57.47
Between 6 to 10 years	64.98	75.18

(₹ In Lakhs)

Sensitivity Analysis	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020	
Defined Benefit Obligation - Discount Rate + 100 basis points	(33.59)	(35.54)	
Defined Benefit Obligation - Discount Rate - 100 basis points	34.21	36.52	
Defined Benefit Obligation - Salary Escalation Rate + 100 basis points	30.80	32.62	
Defined Benefit Obligation - Salary Escalation Rate - 100 basis points	(28.06)	(29.77)	

Sensitivity analysis is determined based on he expected movement in liability if the assumptions were not proved to be true on different count.

Financial Assumptions Used to Determine the Defined Benefit	For the Year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020
Discount Rate	7.08%	6.76%
Salary Escalation Rate	6.00%	6.00%
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.08%	6.76%
Demographic Assumptions Used to Determine the Defined Benefit		
Withdrawal Rate	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
	58 years	58 years
Retirement Age		

NOTE 36.Default in repayment of Borrowing (Current) and Interest.

During the year, the Group has defaulted in the repayment of borrowings to the Banks and Financial Institutions and interest thereon as under:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Secured Lenders	Principal amount of Borrowings		Interest on Borrowings	
	(1) Default in Repayment during the year ended 31st March, 2021	Default as at 31 st March, 2021	Default in payment during the year ended 31st March, 2021	Default as at 31st March, 2021
Banks	92,304.41	92,304.41	14,608.14	37,686.76
Financial Institution	9,715.31	9,715.31	1,620.97	4,082.48
Total	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72	16,229.11	41,769.24

Note(s):

⁽¹⁾The secured borrowings taken by the Group from Banks and Financial Institutions had a certain repayment schedule agreed and part of the principal obligations which were due during the year along with interest have not been repaid.



Therefore, entire secured borrowings of the group have been called back by the secured lenders vide recall notices due to material breach of debt covenants by the group and consequently, the group has re-classified the borrowings as current borrowings in the consolidated financial statements and has been disclosed as default in repayment in the above table.

Further, due to material breach of debt covenants by the group, few of the secured lenders have not confirmed their interest on borrowings for the year in their loan statement or have not provided the loan statement to the group. Hence, the Group has recognised Interest expense calculated on the basis of Interest rates, Penal Interest rates and other data agreed with the lenders in the Sanctioned Letter / Term Sheets (after latest revisions).

NOTE 37: Related Party Disclosures (As identified by the Management)

a) Related Party Relationship

i) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

- Manmohan Shetty
- Dhimant Bakshi
- Mayuresh Kore
- Ashutosh Kale

ii) Relatives of KMP

- Pooja Deora
- Aarti Shetty

iii) Entities Controlled by KMP

- Thrrill Park Limited

b) Transaction with Related Parties (Excluding Reimbursements)

Sr. No	Nature of Transaction	Key Managerial Personnel	Relatives	Entities Controlled by KMP
1	Loan			
	Received During the year	-	-	311.92
		(-)	(-)	(5.92)
	Repaid During the year	-	-	204.03
		(-)	(-)	(394.88)
2	Expenses			
	Rent & Society Maintenance	63.63*	-	-
		(126.73*)	(-)	(-)
	Remuneration	191.79	-	-
		(256.13)	(-)	(-)
	Royalty	_*	-	
		(1.18*)	(-)	(-)

Sr. No	Nature of Transaction	Key Managerial Personnel	Relatives	Entities Controlled by KMP
	Secondment Charges		-	-
		(-)	(-)	(34.19)
	Interest		_	
		(-)	(-)	(773.03)

^{*} The amount includes taxes

Outstanding as at 31st March, 2021

(₹ In Lakhs)

		As at 31st March, 2021	Maximum o/s bal. during the year	As at 31st March, 2020	Maximum o/s bal. during the year
1	Short Term Borrowing				
	Thrrill Park Ltd.	5,531.31	5,531.31	5,423.43	5,423.43
2	Trade Payable				
	Manmohan Shetty	37.49	62.22	27.97	48.88
	Mayuresh Kore	3.49	3.49	2.68	2.68
	Dhimant Bakshi	4.83	4.83	1.07	1.07
	Ashutosh Kale	3.43	3.43	0.83	0.83

Note(s):

- Figures in the Bracket represent previous year (P.Y.) figures
- The Group has paid the Remuneration to Mr Ashutosh Kale Rs 55.59 Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 72.85 Lakhs), Mr. Dhimant Bakshi ₹ 77.34 Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 97.37 Lakhs)and Mr. Mayuresh Kore ₹ 58.86 Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 70.02 Lakhs)
- (3) The Group has paid Rent and Maintenance Charges for use of office premises and parking area located at 9th floor, Lotus Business Park, New Link Road, Andheri-West, Mumbai-400053. to Mr.Manmohan Shetty amounted to ₹ 63.63 Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 126.73 Lakhs).
- The Group has paid royalty of ₹ Nil Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 1.18 Lakhs) to Mr. Manmohan Shetty
- The Group has paid Interest of ₹NIL Lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 773.03 Lakhs) on Loan taken from M/s Thrrill Park Limited.

NOTE 38: Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
- Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Group based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.



The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair values for Non-Current borrowings, loans and security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

			<u> </u>
Carrying Amount as at 31st March, 2021		Fair value	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
-	-	-	-
43.67	-	-	43.67
200.77	-	-	200.77
267.53	-	-	267.53
82.71	-	-	82.71
0.86	-	-	0.86
914.69	-	-	914.69
1,510.23	-	-	1,510.23
		-	
1,07,751.03	-	-	1,07,751.03
3,235.94	-	-	3,235.94
43,385.96	-	-	43,385.96
1,54,372.93	<u>-</u>	-	1,54,372.93
	at 31st March, 2021	at 31st March, 2021 Level 1 43.67 200.77 267.53 82.71 0.86 914.69 1,510.23 - 1,07,751.03 3,235.94 43,385.96	Level 1 Level 2

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particular	Carrying Amount as		Fair value	
	at 31st March 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets				
Non- Current				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Others	10.91	-	-	10.91
Current				
Trade receivables	483.59	-	-	483.59
Cash and cash equivalents	212.68	-	-	212.68
Other bank balances	85.77	-	-	85.77
Loans	0.48	-	-	0.48
Others	408.14	-	-	408.14
Total	1,201.57	-	<u> </u>	1,201.57
Financial Liabilities				
Current				
Borrowings	107,643.15	_	-	107,643.15
Trade payables	2,247.81	_	-	2,247.81
Other financial liabilities	27,203.19	_	-	27,203.19
Total	1,37,094.15	-		1,37,094.15

During the reporting period ending 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020, there were no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurement.

NOTE 39: Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Management Board.

Market Risk is the risk of loss of future earning, fair values or future cash flow that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market Risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investment and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loans and borrowings.

The Group manages market risk through its finance department, which evaluate and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk:

Particular	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Floating Rate Borrowings	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72



Interest rate sensitivity:

A change of 1% in interest rates would have following impact on profit before tax:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particular	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
1% increase in interest rate – Decrease in Profit	(1,020.19)	(1,020.19)
1% decrease in interest rate – increase in Profit	1,020.19	1,020.19

Foreign Currency Risk:

The Group is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as at the respective reporting dates.

Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity Risk is defined as the risk that the Group will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's finance department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Repayment of Term Loans are as per below:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particular	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Within the next 12 months	1,02,019.72	1,02,019.72
Between 2 to 5 years	-	-
5 years and above	-	-

As explained in note 36 and 39 above, the Group has defaulted in repayment obligations of borrowings during the year and the secured lenders have recalled the entire amount of borrowings. Therefore, the borrowings has been reclassified as current borrowings during the year and the current liabilities of the group are significantly higher than the current assets of the group. Therefore, the group faces a significant liquidity risk.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligation as agreed. To manage this, the Group periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking in to account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limit are set accordingly.

NOTE 40: Capital Risk Management

The Group aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to our shareholders.

The capital structure of the Group is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to-day needs. We consider the amount of capital in proportion to risk and manage the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Group may take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

NOTE 41: Disclosures As Required By Indian Accounting Standard (Ind As) 108 – Operating Segments

Operating Segments of the Group:

Tickets : Theme Park, Water Park and Snow Park Tickets

Food and Beverage : Park Restaurant and Hotel Restaurant
Merchandise : Park Merchandise and Hotel Merchandise

Rooms : Hotel Accommodation's

Other Operations : Parking, Lockers, Sponsorship, SPA, Revenue Sharing agreements & Lease

Rentals

Identifications of Segments:

The chief operational decision maker monitors the operating results of its Business segment separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements, Operating segment have been identified on the basis of nature of products and other quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS 108.

Segment revenue and results:

The expenses and income which are not directly attributable to any business segment are shown as unallocable expenditure & income.

Segment assets and Liabilities:

Segment assets include all operating assets used by the operating segment and mainly consist of property, plant and equipments, trade receivables, Inventory and other operating assets. Segment liabilities primarily includes trade payable and other liabilities. Common assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to any of the business segment are shown as unallocable assets / liabilities.

Summary of the Segmental Information as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2021 is as follows:

nallocated	Total
-	2195.79
(557.19)	(12,049.00)
(16,265.60)	(16,265.60)
2,450.43	2,450.43
(14,372.36)	(26,864.17)
-	-
(14,372.36)	(26,864.17)
((557.19) (16,265.60) 2,450.43 (14,372.36)



Particulars	Tickets	Food and Beverage	Merchandise	Rooms	Other Operations	Unallocated	Total
Other Information							
Segment assets	50,305.89	6,298.60	1,985.60	10,506.51	66.69	24,168.52	93,458.21
Segment liabilities	1,388.83	219.00	160.72	752.58	(17.36)	152,774.22	1,55,277.99
Capital Expenditure during the year	155.50	-	-	-	-	-	155.50
Depreciation and Amortisation	6,566.24	1,326.16	102.92	1,565.72	-	-	9,561.04

Summary of the Segmental Information as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2020 is as follows:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Tickets	Food and Beverage	Merchandise	Rooms	Other Operations	Unallocated	Total
Net Revenue	9,364.99	5,228.80	1,328.08	2,468.65	1,615.06	-	20,005.58
Segment Result before Interest and Taxes	(22,035.49)	2,094.69	110.18	(1,920.75)	1,169.74	(4,064.21)	(24,645.84)
Less: Finance Cost						15,158.22	15,158.22
Add: Interest and dividend income						61.30	61.30
Profit before Tax	(22,035.49)	2,094.69	110.18	(1,920.75)	1,169.74	(19,161.13)	(39,742.76)
Deferred Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit after tax	(22,035.49)	2,094.69	110.18	(1,920.75)	1,169.74	(19,161.13)	(39,742.76)
Other Information							
Segment assets	57,376.05	4,623.37	2,099.91	15,042.42	111.74	23,610.16	1,02,863.65
Segment liabilities	1435.19	179.47	186.23	616.74	(9.81)	1,35,581.02	1,37,988.84
Capital Expenditure	665.61	-	-	271.29	-	-	1,238.78
during the year							
Depreciation and Amortisation	21,413.72	452.54	103.20	2,300.64	-	-	24,270.10

NOTE 42:

In meeting dated September 14, 2020, the Board of Directors of Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited had approved grant of Employee Stock Option under the Scheme approved under SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014, as amended, in order to retain key talents and also to compensate the key talent, subject to Shareholders approval. The total number of such ESOPs under said grant were 3,994,891 (Thirty Nine Lakhs Ninety Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety One) Options exercisable into not more 3,994,891 (Thirty Nine Lakhs Ninety Four Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety One) Shares of face value of ₹ 10 (Rupees Ten) each fully paid-up, with each such Option conferring a right upon the Employee to apply for one Share of the Company. Upon receipt of due shareholders and stock exchange approvals, the said ESOPs were duly granted during the year.

The details of Employee Stock Option Scheme are as under:

Particular	ESOS 2020
Method of Accounting	Intrinsic Value Method
Vesting Plan	Options granted under ESOS 2020 would Vest after 1 (one) year but not later than 3 (three) years from the date of grant of such Options.
Exercise Price	The exercise price for the first grant shall be 30% discount to trailing 2 weeks Volume Weighted Average Price (on the stock exchange which has reported higher volumes) from date of first vesting
	The exercise price for the subsequent grant shall be 20% discount to trailing 2 weeks Volume Weighted Average Price (on the stock exchange which has reported higher volumes).
Maximum Term of Options Granted	7 years from the date of vesting

Movement of options during the year ended March 31,2021

Particulars	Options Outstanding
outstanding at the beginning of the period	NIL
Number of options granted during the year	39,94,891
Number of options forfeited / lapsed during the year	-
Number of options vested during the year	-
Number of options exercised during the year	-
outstanding at the beginning of the period	39,94,891

NOTE 43:

The Term Loan facility availed by the Group is secured by pari passu first charge on movable and immovable fixed assets of the Group including mortgage of 298 acres of land (out of which 137 acres of land held by Walk Water Properties Pvt Ltd, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) to consortium led by Union Bank of India in favour of IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd.

The said loan is also secured by first pari passu charge on Current assets of the Group, pledge of shares held by promoters of the Group, Personal and Corporate Guarantees of the Promoters of the Group and wholly owned subsidiary

The Additional facility availed from other lenders are secured by first charge on additional land parcels aggregating to 34 acres of Land and secured by Second and subservient charge on other assets of the Group. Further, as a collateral security have been furnished with Personal and Corporate Guarantees of the Promoters of the Group.



NOTE 44:

The Company's equity shares are in dematerialized form with the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) having ISIN No. INE172N01012.

As per our report of even date

For V. Sankar Aiyar & Co. Firm Registration No: 109208W

Chartered Accountants G.Sankar Partner

Membership No.046050

Place: Mumbai Date: 24th June, 2021 For and behalf of the Board of Director of **Imagicaaworld Entertainment Limited**

Manmohan Shetty Chairman

Dhimant Bakshi Jt. CEO

Kapil Bagla Director

Mayuresh Kore CFO

Ashutosh Kale

Jt. CEO

Divyata Raval Company Secretary

Form AOC-1 (Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	Walkwater Properties Private Limited	Blue Haven Entertainment Private Limited
2.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	September 11, 2014	November 16, 2017
3.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Same as holding company	Same as holding company
4.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
5.	Share capital	2,156.63	1.00
6.	Reserves & surplus	4,613.28	(0.78)
7.	Total assets	8,433.90	0.28
8.	Total Liabilities	1,664.00	0.06
9.	Investments	-	-
10.	Turnover	-	-
11.	Profit before taxation	(211.24)	(0.11)
12.	Provision for taxation	-	-
13.	Profit after taxation	(211.24)	(0.11)
14.	Proposed Dividend	NIL	NIL
15.	Extent of shareholding (In percentage)	100.00	100.00



Notes

INDIA'S LARGEST SNOW PARK





theme park • water park • snow park • hotel