

GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited) (CIN: L18101TZ2011PLC017586)

08.09.2021

То

BSE Limited, PhirozeJeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001.

BSE Scrip Code: 539216

Dear Sir,

Sub: Submission of Annual report for the financial year 2020-21

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of SEBI(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 please find enclosed herewith the Annual report of the company along with for the financial year 2020-21 along with Notice of Annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company to be held on 30th September, 2021 at 11:30 a.m. through video conferencing

Kindly take note of the same in your records

Thanking You, Yours Faithfully, For GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED

K. Lakshmi Priya Company Secretary Membership No: A36135





ANNUAL REPORT 2020 - 21









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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Mr. Prem Aggarwal, Managing Director Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem, Whole time Director Mrs. Ashmita Agarwal, Director Mr. Senthil Rajagopal, Independent Director Mr. Thirumurugan, Independent Director Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal, Independent Director
COMPANY SECRETARY	Mrs. Lakshmi Priya. K
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	Mr. Adithya Aggarwal
REGISTERED OFFICE	No.15, Murthy's Plaza,Karia Gounder Street, Khaderpet, Tirupur – 641601, TamilNadu, India
FACTORY LOCATION	Shed No.40, Nethaji Apparel Park,Eettiveerampalayam, New Tirupur – 641 666, Tamil Nadu, India
PRINCIPAL BANKERS	Axis Bank, Tirupur
STATUTORY AUDITORS	M/s. N B T and Co, Chartered Accountants, Unit No.411, Gundecha Industrial Complex, Akurli Road, Next to Big Bazar, Kandivali East, Mumbai – 400101
INTERNAL AUDITOR	Ms. Nisha, Tirupur
SECRETARIAL AUDITOR	M/s. GV and Associates, Company Secretary in Practice, Coimbatore

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 10TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF M/S. GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED(CIN: L18101TZ2011PLC017586) WILL BE HELD ON THURSDAY, 30TH OF SEPTEMBER, 2021 AT 11:30 A.M. THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING ("VC") / OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS ("OAVM") TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

ORDINARYBUSINESS

- To receive, consider and adopt the Financial Statements (Standalone and Consolidated) as at 31st March 2021 together with the Directors' Report and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in the place of Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem, (DIN: 03373965), who retires by rotation and, being eligible offers herself for reappointment.

SPECIALBUSINESS

3. To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof) read with rules framed thereunder, the remuneration payable to Mr. C. Sanjeevi., Cost & Management Accountants having (Membership No. 26512) appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year 2021-22 amounting to not exceeding Rs. 75,000/- plus applicable tax, travelling and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred by them in connection with the aforesaid audit, be and is hereby ratified and confirmed."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Prem Aggarwal , Managing Director of the company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and to sign, seal, and deliver all such documents as may be necessary to give effect to the above resolution.

4. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 15 of Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended till date and provisions of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing

Obligations and Disclosure Requirement), 2015 (including statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) approval of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into contracts/ arrangements/ agreements/ transactions (including any modifications, alterations or amendments thereto) in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis with related parties within the meaning of the Act and Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of 55 Crores per year, for each of the financial year 2021-22.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Prem Aggarwal, Managing Director or any other Director of the company be and are hereby severally authorized to execute the agreement for rendering the services to the said Related Party and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary for giving effect to this resolution.

By order of the Board

Place: Tirupur Date: 22.06.2021 -Sd-PREM AGGARWAL MANAGING DIRECTOR (DIN: 02050297)



NOTES:

- In view of the current extraordinary circumstances 1. caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its circular dated May 5, 2020 in relation to "Clarification on holding of annual general meeting (AGM) through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM)" read with General Circular No. 14/ 2020 dated April 8, 2020, the General Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, No. 33/2020 dated September 28, 2020 and General Circular No. 39/2020 dated December 31, 2020 and General Circular No.02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the Companies to hold their Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through VC / OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and MCA Circulars, the current AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The deemed venue for 10th AGM shall be registered office of the company.
- 2. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. However, Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorized representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate thereat and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 3. The explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 setting out the details relating to Special business at the meeting, is provided thereto
- 4. The Company has not closed the Register of Members and share transfer books.
- 5. The Notice is sent to all the members, whose name appeared in the Register of Members as on 03.09.2021
- 6. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode fifteen minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available on first come first served basis.
- 7. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.

Members desirous of seeking information in respect of accounts of the company are requested to send their queries to <u>companysecretary@junctionfabrics</u>. <u>in</u> on or before 23rd September, 2021

- 8. In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote at the AGM through e-voting.
- 9. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, email address, telephone/ mobile numbers, Permanent Account Number (PAN), mandates, nominations, power of attorney, bank details such as, name of the bank and branch details, bank account number, MICR code, IFSC code, etc., to their Depository Participant in case the shares are held by them in electronic form.

In view of the COVID-19 pandemic and resultant difficulties involved in dispatch of physical copies of the Annual Report, the MCA, vide its Circular dated May 5, 2020 has dispensed with the requirement of dispatch of physical copies of the Annual Report. Accordingly, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2020-21 is being sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2020-21 will also be available on the Company's website www.junctionfabrics.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia. com. The AGM notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL i.e., www.evotingindia.com. For any communication, the shareholders may also send requests to the Company's dedicated investor emailid: companysecretary@junctionfabrics.in

VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS AND INSTRUCTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM AND JOINING VOTING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

 In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015, the Company is pleased to provide members facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e- Voting Services. The facility of casting the votes by the members using an electronic

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STATUTORY REPORT

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voting system from a place other than venue of the AGM ("remote e-voting") will be provided by CDSL (Central Depositories Securities Limited).

- 2. The Company has appointed Mr. G Vasudevan, Partner of M/s. GV and Associates, Practicing Company Secretary as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the members of the Company to scrutinize the voting at the meeting and remote e-voting process, in a fair and transparent manner.
- 3. The facility for e-voting, shall also be made available during the AGM and Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM, who have not already cast their vote by remote e-voting, may exercise their right to vote during the AGM through the CDSL portal.
- 4. The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM can also participatethrough VC / OAVM, but shall not be entitled to cast their vote through e-voting again.
- 5. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date.
- 6. The remote e-voting period commences on 27th September, 2021 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on 29th September, 2021 at 5:00 pm. During this period members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 23rd September, 2021, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast the vote again.
- 7. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation

44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level. Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

8. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:



Type of shareholders	Login Method	
Individual Shareholders holding securitiesin Demat mode with CDSL	Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/ myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.	
	1) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e- Voting service providers' website directly	
	If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegi stration</u>	
	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	s If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> . Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u>	
	Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under	
	'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to redirected to resting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting	
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode login through their Depository Participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use ForgetUser ID and Forget Password option available at above mentioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities inDemat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login cancontact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at 022- 23058738 and 022-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities inDemat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than individual shareholders holding in Demat form & physical shareholders

The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.

- a. Click on "Shareholders" module.
- b. Now enter your User ID

Manner of holding shares	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID. For example, if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID. For example, if your Beneficiary ID is 12************************************
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	Folio Number registered with the company. For example, if folio number is 001***then user ID is 001***

- c. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- d. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- e. If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form other than individual and Physical Form
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.



- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVEN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option

"YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.

- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians –Remote Voting

Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.

A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be e mailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u>.

 After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.

The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.

• A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any,

should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; (designated email address by company), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL
- 9. Instructions for members for attending the AGM through VC/ OAVM are as under:

Shareholders who had sent a mail to AGM <u>participant@bigshareonline.com</u> shall be provided with link to join the meeting before 24 hours.

Shareholder should send a mail mentioning the company name and AGM date in subject line. On receipt of request from shareholder, company's RTA shall share a link with shareholder for joining the meeting before 72 hours before of the date of AGM.

Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Members may access the same at <u>https://www.evoting.cdsl.com</u> under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials.

The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush. Further members can also use the OTP based login for logging into the e-Voting system of CDSL.

11. The instructions for members for e-voting on the day of the AGM are as under:

The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.

Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance between 20th September, 2021 and 25th September, 2021 mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number,

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email id, mobile number at <u>agmparticipant@</u> <u>bigshareonline.com</u> and <u>companysecretary@</u> <u>junctionfabrics.in</u>.The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 5 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.

- 1. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/ OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e- Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
- Members who have casted their vote through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to participate at the AGM through VC/OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote on such resolution(s) again.
- 3. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast during the AGM, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and make, not later than 48 hours of conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who shall countersign the same.

Declaration of E-Voting Results:

 The Results on above resolutions shall be declared not later than two working days from the conclusion of the AGM of the Company and the resolutions will be deemed to be passed on the AGM date subject to receipt of the requisite number of votes in favour of the Resolutions.

The Results of voting declared along with Scrutinizer's Report(s) will be displayed on the website of the Company (<u>https://junctionfabrics.</u> in/) and on Service Provider's website (<u>https:// evoting.cdsl.com</u>) and the same shall also be simultaneously communicated to the BSE Limited

Item No.3

Pursuant to provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Board shall appoint an individual/ firm of cost accountant(s) in practice on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, which shall also recommend remuneration for such Cost Auditor. The remuneration recommended by Audit Committee shall be considered and approved by the Board of Directors and ratified by the shareholders. On recommendation of Audit committee, the Board has through circular resolution dated 7th September, 2021 considered and approved the appointment of Mr. C. Sanjeevi, Cost Accountants having Membership no. 26512, to the conduct of the Cost Audit of the Company at a remuneration of not exceeding Rs. 75,000/- plus Goods & Service Tax (GST) as applicable and reimbursement of actual travel and out-of-pocket expenses for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2022.

The Directors recommend this resolution for approval of shareholders by way of Ordinary Resolution. None of the Directors of your Company is concerned or interested in this resolution.

Item No.4

Pursuant to provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, any transaction with related party where the aggregate value of transactions amounts to 10% or more of the annual turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements shall be considered material and shall require the approval of shareholders by way of Ordinary resolution.

The shareholders may note that transactions between the Company and related parties exceed the threshold limit of 10% of the annual consolidated turnover during the year 2020-2021 and are in the Ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis. The value of transactions to be entered into between the company and related parties are likely to exceed the threshold limit of 10% of the annual consolidated turnover during the year 2020-2021 and is expected to be around Rs. 55.00 crores per year.

Hence approval of shareholders by way of Ordinary Resolution is being sought for the said related party transactions.



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Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

Pursuant to Rule 15 of Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, particulars of transactions with related party are as follows:

Name of the Related Party	Nature of Related party Relationship	Nature of transactions	Value of transaction	% of Consolidated Turnover
Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited	Entity forming a part of same group	Purchase	26.04 Cr	15.52%
Twenty Twenty Trading LLP	Entity forming a part of same group	Purchase and Rent	3.18 Cr	1.90%

Material terms of the transactions with related parties include thefollowing:

- 1) All the transactions were on continuing basis and were undertaken on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business.
- 2) The transactions were based on Purchase / Service Orders issued from time to time.
- 3) In case of proprietary products, prices are negotiated and agreed mutually based on product specification and degree of customization/ technology involved.

Mr. Prem Aggarwal (Managing Director), Shikha Aggarwal Prem (Wholetime Director), Ashmita Agarwal (Director) and Aditya Aggarwal (CFO) are interested in this resolution.

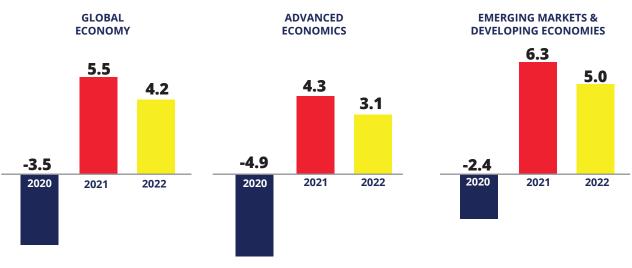


Industry and business highlights

1. Global economy

According to the World Economic Outlook (WEO) report of the International Monetary Fund, world economy contracted by 3.2% in 2020. Countries across the globe faced challenges related to public health, lockdowns and closure of international borders for an extended period. Global supply chains were impacted as trade was disrupted. Governments and central banks across the world announced favourable fiscal policies and offered monetary stimulus to stop the economic meltdown and support the recovery.

With vaccination against the virus being the only ray of hope, countries competed against one another to produce vaccines on a large scale. Recovery is expected to be uneven across countries and industries due to variations in pandemic-induced disruptions, effectiveness of policy intervention, medical support access and other factors affecting economic growth.



Growth projections



1.1 Outlook

The global economy's recovery is expected to strengthen gradually over 2021 on the back of social distancing and ramped-up inoculation. However, uncertainty still prevails due to concerns regarding renews waves and new variants of the virus. Despite this, the IMF has projected that the global economy will grow 6% in 2021 and 4.9% in 2022. Inflation is expected to return to pre-pandemic levels in most economies by 2022. The monetary policies expected to be rolled out by central banks can help in releasing inflation pressures. Commodity prices are expected to increase, with oil prices rising close to 60% above their low base in 2020 and non-oil commodity prices rising ~30% above 2020 levels.

Vaccine roll-outs and additional fiscal support are expected to aid the rapid recovery in advanced economies. Global trade is expected to recover to 9.7% in 2021 and 7% in 2022. Well-directed national policies can help the economy. However, the world faces a lingering threat of renewed flare-ups of the virus.

2. Indian economy

India was witnessing a slowdown phase much before the COVID-19 pandemic hit. Private consumption was sluggish and investment sentiments were weak. Industrial output contracted and tax revenues declined, with growth slowing to



a six-year low at the end of 2020-21.

Economic activities came to a halt as the Government of India imposed a nationwide lockdown to contain the virus spread on March 24, 2020. The lockdown measures were eased from June onwards and economic activities resumed. However, it was not enough to recoup the losses of the first two months. Barring agriculture, all sectors recorded degrowth due to severe restrictions on mobility. The agriculture sector grew by 3.4% due to good rabi harvest and kharif

sowing, and monsoon.

As activities started normalising in Q2, pent-up demand started to play out. Despite staging a sharp recovery, India still entered into a technical recession with two successive quarters of contraction. With festive demand beginning to gather steam, Q3 witnessed the return to positive territory.

The Government of India, along with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), announced a series of measures to provide immediate relief to the vulnerable sections, stabilise the economy, boost liquidity and credit flow. The cumulative stimulus amounted to ₹29.7 lakh crore (equivalent to 15% of GDP), with a focus on boosting domestic manufacturing and strengthening supply chains.



India GDP Growth

2.1 Outlook

According to the IMF, the economy is expected to grow by 11.5% in 2021-22. The recovery will be aided by the vaccination drive. The industrial sector is expected to witness buoyancy with mining, manufacturing and construction registering double-digit growth rates. Increase in commodity prices and a revival of domestic demand, and improved goods and services tax (GST) collections indicate sharper-than-expected recovery. Proactive policy measures by regulators and the government are expected to ensure smooth functioning of businesses, domestic markets and financial institutions. However, risks to the forecast remain on the downside, due to renewed fears of localised lockdowns or restrictions on mobility following the second wave of the pandemic.

3. **Overview of the Indian textile industry**

Indian textiles is one of the oldest industries in the Indian economy. India is among the world's largest producers of textiles and apparel. The decentralised power looms, and hosiery and knitting sector form the largest component in the textiles sector.

India is one of the largest producers of cotton and jute in the world. India is also the second-largest producer of silk in the world and 95% of the world's hand-woven fabric comes from India. The Indian technical textiles segment is



estimated at \$16 billion, approximately 6% of the global market. The Indian domestic textile and apparel market is estimated at US\$ 75 billion in FY2021. The market is expected to recover and grow at 10% CAGR from FY2020 to reach US\$ 190 billion by FY2026 (Source: DGCI&S and Wazir Analysis).

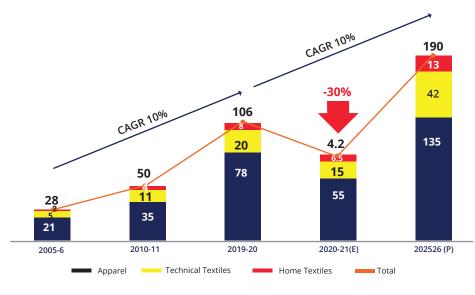
The textiles and apparel industry in India is the second-largest employer in the country providing direct employment to 45 million people and 100 million people in allied industries.

Scale of India's textile industry



(Source: Invest India)

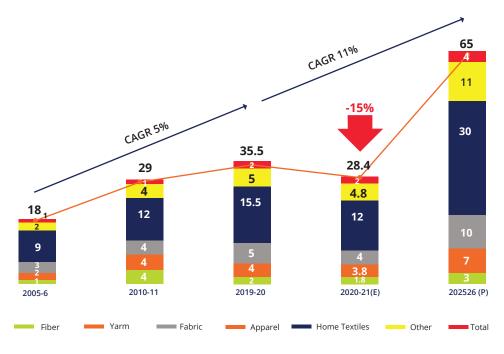
Indian domestic textile and apparel market (US\$ billion)



(Source: DGCI&S and Wazir Analysis)



India's textile and apparel exports reached US\$ 33.5 billion in FY2020. Due to the impact of Covid-19, the exports are expected to fall around 15% to reach US\$ 28.4 billion in FY2021. India's textile and apparel exports are expected to grow to US\$ 65 billion by FY2026, at a CAGR of 11%.



(Source: DGCI&S and Wazir Analysis)

Advantages offered by India to the textile industry

- **Robust demand:** Rise in income level is expected to drive demand in the textile industry. Growth in building and construction will continue to raise demand for non-clothing textiles.
- **Competitive advantage:** India has an abundant availability of raw materials such as cotton, wool, silk and jute. It also enjoys a comparative advantage in terms of skilled manpower and cost of production.
- **Policy support:** 100% FDI (automatic route) is allowed in the Indian textile sector. To boost exports, free trade with ASEAN is permitted. In 2020, the New Textile Policy is expected to be released by the Ministry of Textiles. The aim is to develop a competitive textile sector that is modern, sustainable and inclusive with special focus on manufacture of apparel and garment, technical textiles, man-made fibre products and exports while maintaining its pre-eminent position in the handicrafts and handlooms sectors.
- **Increasing investments:** Huge Investments are being made by the government under the Scheme for Integrated Textile Parks (SITP) (US\$ 184.98 million) and Technology Upgradation Fund Schemes (TUFS) (US\$ 961.11 million released during 2015-16 to 2019-20) to encourage more private equity and to train workforce.

STATUTORY REPORT

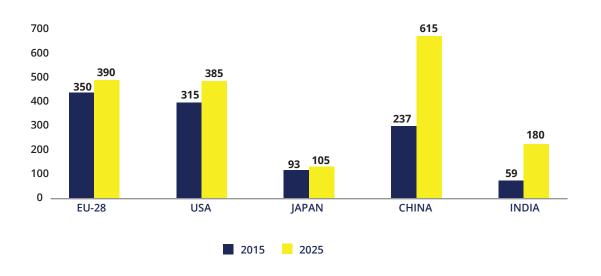
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Growth drivers

- Abundance of raw material
- Presence of entire value chains
- Competitive manufacturing costs
- · Availability of skilled manpower
- Large and growing domestic market
- · Rising per capita income, higher disposable incomes and preference for brands
- Organised retail landscape and e-commerce
- Increased focus on technical textiles due to growth of end-user industries such as automotive, healthcare, infrastructure, and oil and petroleum

3.1. Opportunities for India in the global textile market

The global apparel market is expected to reach US\$ 2.6 trillion in 2025, growing by a projected rate of 4%. The European Union, the US and China are the world's largest apparel markets with a combined share of approximately 54%. China is expected to lead the textile and apparel market due to the growing domestic demand coupled with the increasing spending power of people.



Global Apparel Market Size (US\$ Bn.)

Source: FICCI Report on Shifts in the Textile Industry





Global Cotton Apparel Trade (USD Bn)

Source: ITC Trademap, Ministry of Textiles, Technopak Analysis

Global Synthetic Apparel Trade (USD Bn)



Source: ITC Trademap, Ministry of Textiles, Technopak Analysis

STATUTORY REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

How can India win a bigger share of the global textiles market

- **1. Build agile supply chains:** India is focusing on building flexible processes based on shortened lead times and asset-light business models. Shortened lead times will require a manufacturing process redesign, inventory planning and platforming, geographical clustering of suppliers, and upskilling labour. To crate asset-light business models, India will have to make outsourcing decisions based on in-house talent, logistics efficiency, and the ability to tap into innovative ecosystems of manufacturers and suppliers.
- 2. Create the right product-geography mix: Fashion changes based on demography. Indian textile and apparel players will have to analyse local consumption markets, overall import base, growth potential, and India and China's relative performance in export volumes and growth to create the right product mix for each geography.
- **3. Reset costs:** To build a significant cost advantage over China, Indian players must restructure manpower and maintenance contracts, and explore shared fixed asset resources across organisations. Additional focus will have to be laid on increasing manufacturing yield and reducing waste.
- **4. Embrace digitalisation and automation:** Players must adopt digitalisation across the entire textile value chain. Companies must leverage, AI, Internet of Things (IoT), smart B2B sales management tools virtual 3D sampling, and participation on digital B2B platforms for customer engagement and transactions.

3.2. Impact of COVID-19 on the Indian textile industry

India's textile and apparel industry was no exception to the challenges issued by the pandemic.

- **Shutdown of manufacturing:** The entire industry had to stop manufacturing for about 2-3 months during the lockdown. And even after the government permitted textile manufacturing, most units operated at sub-optimal utilisation levels for the next several months.
- **Suspended logistics:** Disrupted supply chain, logistics and trade affected the entire textile value chain.
- **Cancelled orders:** Uncertainty across the market caused domestic and international buys to cancel or suspend their orders, adding to the challenges of the industry.
- **Shutdown of physical retail stores:** Lockdown restrictions across India resulted in 4-5-month shutdown of all physical retail stores. Festive and wedding season sale was also deeply impacted.
- **Emergence of new trends:** While on one hand sale declines, India's textile and apparel industry witnessed the emergence of new trends. Work from home drove the demand for casual and lounge wear over formal wear.

3.3. Government initiatives to boost the industry

- In March 2021, the Ministry of Textiles favoured limited deal for the India-UK free trade agreement that could boost the garments sector. Under the proposed trade agreement, the Ministry expects enhanced market access for the Indian textiles and clothing sector to achieve its full potential.
- The Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO) is helping the Indian textile industry produce yarns and eliminate dependence on import of Chinese and other foreign clothing for military uniforms.
- The government launched a production-linked incentive scheme to provide incentives for the manufacture and export of specific textile products made of man-made fibre.
- The Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT) has revised rates for incentives under the Merchandise Exports from India Scheme (MEIS) for two sub-sectors of the textile industry – readymade garments and madeups – from 2% to 4%.

(Source: India Brand Equity Foundation)



3.4. Future of India's textile industry

According to ICRA, the outlook for India's textile industry in FY2022 looks stable. Cotton spinning and apparel exports could increase by 15-20% in the upcoming financial year. Fabrics and domestic apparel segments could grow between 30% and 35% and 40%, respectively

Technology is expected to play a crucial role in reviving the Indian textile sector. The industry is expected to witness a wave of innovation with automation and artificial intelligence in textile machinery.

Remarkable advances backed by solid domestic consumption and healthy export demand is expected to boost the Indian textile industry. Moreover, the gradual economic growth and adaptation to the new normal amid the pandemic have given rise to higher disposable incomes, further leading to the surge in demand for products, thereby creating a larger domestic market.

4. Performance

4.1 Revenue

Revenue from operations increased by 11.81% from ₹1,499.94 million in FY2020 to ₹1,677.01 million in FY2021.

4.2. EBITDA

EBITDA increase by 59.48% from ₹95.46 million in FY2020 to ₹152.24 million in FY2021.

4.3. Net profit

Net profit stood at₹78.51 million in FY2021, compared to ₹40.32 million in FY2020.

4.4. Earnings per share (EPS)

Consolidated EPS for FY2021 is ₹7.82 per share (of the face value of ₹10 each) as compared to □ 14.98 per share in FY2021.

In addition to having stellar financial performance, we have also expanded our retail presence. We now have seven retail stores of Price Mantra under the name of its LLP.

5. Internal control systems and their adequacy

To safeguard our assets and resources, we have relevant internal control systems that meet the requirements of our organisation and the businesses we conduct. It is ensured that all the resources are acquired in economically and they are protected from any kind of misuse. All the transactions conducted are ratified, logged and reported to the right personnel.

The internal control system is supported well by the Company's policies, procedures, guidelines and the reviews carried out by the internal audit department in the Company. In accordance with the annual audit plan, various departments of the Company are audited by internal auditors, and the reports are submitted to the Audit Committee of the Board and the management periodically.

6. Cautionary statement

Statements made in this Management Discussion and Analysis Report may contain certain forward-looking statements based on various assumptions on the Company's present and future business strategies and the environment in which it operates. Actual results may differ substantially or materially from those expressed or implied due to risk and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include the effect of economic and political conditions in India and abroad, volatility in interest rates and the securities market, new regulations and government policies that may impact the Company's businesses and the ability to implement its strategies. The information contained herein is as of the date referenced and the Company does not undertake any obligation to update these statements. The Company has obtained all market data and other information from sources believed to be reliable or its internal estimates, although its accuracy or completeness cannot be guaranteed.



DIRECTORS REPORT

То

The Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 10th Annual Report of your Company together with the Audited Financial Statement for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2021.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS:

			•	• •	
	Stand	Standalone		Consolidated	
Particulars	Current Year 2020-21	Previous Year 2019-20	Current Year 2020-21	Previous Year 2019-20	
Income from Operations	1,062,968,040	935,551,254	1,677,014,476	1,499,935,754	
Gross Receipts (including other Income)	1,064,630,137	936,151,254	1,678,870,491	1,501,308,470	
Total Expenditure before Interest and Depreciation	96,94,30,068	88,23,93,013	152,66,27,039	140,58,48,893	
Less: Interest and Financial Charges	17,162,381	1,72,77,179	35,352,940	31,498,084	
Less: Depreciation and Amortization	2,833,723	2,464,906	7,036,314	6,898,659	
Profit/(Loss) before taxation for the year	75,203,965	34,016,155	109,854,199	1,444,245,636	
Less: Current tax Expenses	20,521,510	9,826,716	31,058,855	16,854,099	
Less: Deferred Tax Liability/Asset	(229,627)	(269,361)	(531,716)	(586,143)	
Excess/(Shortfall) Prov. For Tax in P.Y.	254,294	208,279	818,968	476,705	
Profit/(Loss) after taxation for the year	5,46,57,788	24,250,521	78,508,092	40,318,173	
Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	11,179,860	(1,001,033)	(1,135,490)	(1,001,033)	
Total Comprising Profit/loss and other Comprehensive Income for the period	65,837,648	23,249,488	77,372,602	39,317,140	

2. PERFORMANCE OFTHE COMPANY

During the year under review, the Company has earned sales income of Rs. 1,062,968,040/- (Previous year Rs. 935,551,254) and other income Rs. 1,662,097 /-(Previous year Rs 6,00,000 /-). After providing depreciation, finance charges and tax, the Company has earned Net profit of Rs. 5,46,57,788/- (Previous year company earned Net profit of Rs. 24,250,521 /-).

3. DIVIDEND:

In order to conserve the reserves for further expansion of business the directors do not recommend anydividend.

4. TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

The Company has not transferred any amount to reserves during the year under review.

5. BUSINESS REVIEW:

The company is making efforts to improve the business and your Directors are optimistic of better performance during the year.

The management broke down the organizational objectives into divisional goals which were further cascaded to the respective functions – providing complete clarity of what needs to be done to meet the aspirations of the

(Amount in Rupees)



organization. This helped identify and plug gaps in the systems processes skill sets and products which have kept the company ready to take a plunge when evergreen shoots of revival show up.

The team worked throughout the year to improve its product offering with better features. It also streamlined its systems and processes to enhance productivity and optimize cost and time for manufacture.

6. <u>SHARE CAPITAL:</u>

The paid up share capital of the company was increased from Rs. 2,69,22,700.00 to Rs. 10,03,84,050.00. During the year under review, the company has issued 33,46,135 Bonus Shares to the equity shareholders and warrant holders. In addition, the Share warrants issued by your company was converted into 40,00,000 equity shares of Rs.40 each (Including a premium of Rs.30) amounting to Rs. 16,00,00,000/- on 28.07.2020.

7. DIRECTORS:

As per the provision of the Companies Act, 2013, Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem (DIN: 03373965), Director retires by rotation at the ensuring Annual General Meeting and being eligible, seeks re- appointment. The Board recommends the appointment of Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem (DIN: 03373965), Director as Whole Time Director of the Company.

8. AUDITORS:

(A) STATUTORY AUDITORS

After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/ KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.

(B) SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

The Board of Directors have appointed M/s. GV and Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2021-22.

The Secretarial Audit Report and Secretarial compliance report (pursuant to Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015) of Mr. G. Vasudevan, Proprietor of M/s GV and Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries for the financial year 2020-21, is annexed herewith as **Annexure A**.

(C) COST AUDITOR

The Board of Directors have appointed Mr. C. Sanjeevi (Membership No: 26512), Practicing Cost & Management Accountants as Cost Auditors to conduct audit of the cost records maintained by the Company pertaining to fabrics and garments for the financial year 2021-22.

The Company has prepared and maintained the cost records as specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act.

9. <u>DEPOSIT:</u>

Your directors have provided loan/advance to the company to the tune of Rs.78,50,000 /- within the meaning of the Rule 2(1)(viii) of the Companies Act, 2013 as on date. Your directors have provided a declaration that the amount being funded is not out of funds borrowed or by accepting loans or deposits from others.

Your company has not accepted any deposits as defined under Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

10. ANNUAL RETURN:

The annual return pursuant to the sub-section (3) of Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 forms a partof Boards Report and the same shall be available on the website of the company <u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u>.

11. MATERIAL SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

As of March 31, 2021, your Company has two subsidiaries viz., Jannat fabrics and Apparels Private Limited and Twenty Twenty Trading LLP. The statement under Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the subsidiary in Form AOC-1 is attached as **Annexure B**

The Consolidated Accounts of the company are duly audited by the Statutory Auditors are presented as part of this Report.

The financial statements together with related information and other reports of the subsidiary are available on the website of the company at <u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u>

The Company's policy on material subsidiary is also available on the website at <u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u>

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12. <u>NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF</u> <u>DIRECTORS:</u>

During the year, 8 (Eight) Board Meetings, 3 (Three) Audit Committee and 1 (One) Nomination and Remuneration Committee meetings and 1(One) Stakeholders Relationship Committee meeting were held within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 the details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report

13. <u>STATEMENT ON DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT</u> <u>DIRECTOR:</u>

All independent directors have given declarations that they meet the criteria of Independence as laid down under the provisions of the Companies Act and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015.

14. <u>STATEMENT ON DECLARATION BY MANAGING</u> <u>DIRECTOR:</u>

The Managing Director of the company has given declaration that members of board of directors and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct of board of directors and senior management as laid down under the provisions of the Companies Act and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015. The declaration is placed as **Annexure C** to director's report.

15. <u>CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT AND</u> <u>CERTIFICATE:</u>

After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/ NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e- Voting service providers' website directly.

16. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In terms of provisions of Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015, the Management's discussion and analysis is set out below:

i. Textiles Industry Structure and Development

India's textiles sector is one of the oldest industries in Indian economy dating back several

centuries. Even today, textiles sector is one of the largest contributors to India's exports with approximately 15 per cent of total exports. The textile industry is also labor intensive and is one of the largest employers. The textile industry has two broad segments. First, the unorganized sector consists of handloom, handicrafts and sericulture, which are operated on a small scale and through traditional tools and methods. The second is the organized sector consisting of spinning, apparel and garments. The textile industry employs about 105 million people directly and indirectly. The enormous potential of the sector has attracted investments from traditional textile giants despite substantial gains, India's contribution to global technical textile production in value terms is less than 5 percent. Furthermore, India has been unable to move up in the value chain - its exports largely comprise of commoditized products in conventional segments. The potential of the sector is being harnessed through measures such as tax breaks, special financial packages and allowing 100 percent foreign direct investment (FDI). Other initiatives include the establishment of dedicated centers of excellence for research in technical textiles, reduction in custom duty rates from 5 percent to 2.5 percent on select high-performance specialty fibers, and a 15 percent subsidy on capital investment subject to a ceiling of ₹ 300 million for entrepreneurs over a period of five years.

ii. Opportunities and Threats

India's technical textile industry continues to benefit from the growth impetus created by a proactive policy framework, the sector was identified as a sunrise sector in the 'Make in India' policy – with an estimated value of USD 17 billion. The government set up 12 incubation centres to harness the potential of the sector by generating employment and fostering growth opportunities. At Alps we aim to optimize the opportunities offered by the increasing focus on the technical textile segment by following a three-pronged approach:

- Innovation: Changing the focus from manufacturing to development of science-led high- quality and high- margin products.
- Investments: Strategic outlays in technology that enhance our R&D edge.
- Integration: Integration of innovation and investments to resolve real-world problems across high-priority industries.



iii. <u>Segment-Wise or Product-Wise Performance</u>

The Company's primary business comprises of manufacturing of knitted garments and trading of fabrics which contributes to 100% revenue

iv. <u>Outlook</u>

The future for the Indian textile industry looks promising, buoyed by both strong domestic consumption as well as export demand. With consumerism and disposable income on the rise, the retail sector has experienced a rapid growth in the past decade with the entry of several international players like Marks & Spencer, Guess and Next into the Indian market. High economic growth has resulted in higher disposable income. This has led to rise in demand for products creating a huge domestic market. The domestic market for apparel and lifestyle products, currently estimated at US\$ 85 billion, is expected to reach US\$ 160 billion by 2025. The Indian cotton textile industry is expected to showcase a stable growth in F.Y 2020-21, supported by stable input prices, healthy capacity utilization and steady domestic. Over the last three years, we have successfully plugged in the gaps in our business strategy. Our efforts have laid the foundation for our future as an innovation driven, guality-focused organization. In the future, we will focus on translating these efforts into high margins for the Company. Our efforts will also be aided by the momentum created by government-led awareness and subsequent demand creation for the sector. We are now better equipped to make a sustainable foray into segments such as defence, housing, infrastructure etc

v. Risks and Concerns:

Our business and results of operations are dependent on our ability to effectively plan our manufacturing processes and on our ability to optimally utilize our manufacturing capacities for the various products we manufacture. Any disruption to our manufacturing process or the operation of our production facilities may result from various factors beyond our control, including, among others, the following:

- Utility supply disturbances, particularly power supply;
- Forced close down or suspension of our manufacturing facilities due to factors such as breakdown or failure of equipment, performance below expected levels of output or efficiency, facility obsolescence or disrepair, labour disputes such as strikes and work stoppages, natural disasters and

industrial accidents;

- Severe weather condition;
- Interruption of our information technology systems that facilitate the management of our manufacturing facilities; and
- Other production or distribution problems, including limitations to production capacity due to regulatory requirements, changes in the types of products produced or physical limitations that could impact continuous supply.

vi. Internal control systems and their adequacy

The Company has adequate systems of internal control and procedures covering all financial and operating functions commensurate with the size and nature of operations, to ensure orderly and efficient conduct of business. All the major areas and processes are covered in the review plan, drawn in consultation with the senior management. Internal audit process verifies whether all systems and processes are commensurate with the business size and structure. Adequate internal control systems safeguard the assets of the company with timely identification and intervention to assuage risks. The internal audit report is discussed with the senior management and members of Audit Committee to keep a check on the existing systems and take corrective action to further enhance the control measures. The Company has proper and adequate systems of internal control, to safeguard assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. This also ensures that all transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly. Regular internal audits and checks are carried out to ensure the robustness of the system. The Management also reviews from time to time the internal control systems and procedures to ensure their proper application. The emphasis on internal controls prevails across functions and processes, covering the entire gamut of various activities. Effective and comprehensive reviews by the Audit Committee of the Board further enhance the level and quality of internal controls within the organization.

17. <u>PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR</u> <u>INVESTMENTS BY THE COMPANY:</u>

During the year under review, the Company has made investment in Twenty Twenty Trading LLP and Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited thereby making them material subsidiary of the Company

The Company has not made any Loans, Guarantees within the meaning of the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

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18. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGSAND OUTGO:

A)	Conservation of energy:	
(i)	The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:	Nil
(ii)	The steps taken by the company for utilising alternate sources of energy:	Nil
(iii)	The capital investment on energy conservation equipment:	Nil
B)	Technology absorption:	
(i)	The efforts made towards technology absorption:	Nil
(ii)	The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:	Nil
(iii)	In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):	Nil
(iv)	The expenditure incurred on Research and Developme nt:	Nil

C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:

Foreign exchange earnings		Nil
Foreign exchange outgo	:	Nil

19. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION:

SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 has mandated that the Board shall monitor and review the Board evaluation framework.

The Companies Act, 2013 also states that a formal annual evaluation needs to be made by the Board on its own performance and that of its committees and individual Directors. Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 states that the performance evaluation shall be done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the Director being evaluated

The evaluation of all the Directors and the Board as whole is conducted based on the criteria and framework adopted by the Board.

20. DETAILS OF ESTABLISHMENT OF VIGIL MECHANISM FOR DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES:

The company has formulated vigil mechanism for employees including directors of the company to report genuine concerns. Till date the company has not received any complaints.

21. <u>PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS</u> <u>WITH RELATED PARTIES:</u>

The particulars of contract or arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-Section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form No. AOC -2 is furnished as **Annexure F** to this report.

22. <u>POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND</u> <u>REMUNERATION:</u>

The Company's policy on Director's appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in

section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been in accordance with Nomination and remuneration policy of the company which is placed in the website of the Company (<u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u>) under "Investor relations".

The salient features of the NRC Policy as under:

- 1) Setting out the objectives of the Policy
- 2) Definitions for the purposes of the Policy
- 3) Policy for appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management
- 4) Policy relating to the Remuneration for the Managerial Personnel, KMP, Senior Management Personnel & other employees
- 5) Remuneration to Non-Executive / Independent Director

23. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:</u>

The Management has devised Risk Management Policy considering the nature of industry and associated risks pertaining to the industry. The Management is overseeing the implementation of the Policy on regular basis.

24. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL:

The Company's internal control procedures which include internal financial controls, ensure compliance with various policies, practices and statutes and keeping in view the organization's pace of growth and increasing complexity of operations. The internal auditors' team carries out extensive audits throughout the year across all locations and across all functional areas and submits its reports to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors on quarterly basis.



25. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, corporate social responsibility is applicable to the Company from the financial year 2021-22. The company has devised Corporate Social responsibility policy and has disseminated the same in its website i.e., www.junctionfabrics.in

26. PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT THE WORK PLACE:

As per the requirements specified in the "The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act 2013", the Company has constituted an Internal Complaints Committee and is committed to provide a work environment that is free from sexual harassment.

27. MATERIAL CHANGES:

In the financial Year 2021, the COVID-19 pandemic developed rapidly into a global crisis, forcing governments to enforce lock-downs of all economic activity. For the Company, the focus immediately shifted to ensuring the health and well-being of all employees, and on minimizing disruption to services for all our customers globally. The Company however made the best use of this lean market.

Apart from the unprecedented situation prevailing in the current scenario, there are no material changes and commitments occurring from the end of the financial year till the date of this report.

28. <u>SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY</u> <u>THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNAL:</u>

There were no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunal which would impact the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

29. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The company has complied with applicable Secretarial standards as stipulated by Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

30. CLARIFICATION ON STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REMARK IN THEIR REPORT:

There were no remarks in the Auditor's report and hence no clarification is required

31. <u>CLARIFICAITON ON SECRETARIAL AUDITOR'S</u> <u>REMARK IN THEIR REPORT:</u>

There were no adverse remarks/qualification in Secretarial auditor's report and hence noclarification is required.

32. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

- I. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- II. the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of profit of the company for that period;
- III. the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- IV. the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- V. the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

33. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

There were no employees drawing remuneration in excess of limit specified under Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

The ratio of remuneration of each director to the median of employees remuneration as per Section 197(12) of Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of Companies Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 forms part of the Board report **Annexure G**

34. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

Your Directors wish to place on record their deep gratitude and appreciation towards the Company's suppliers, customers, investors, bankers, Government of India, State Government and other regulatory authorities for their continued support during the year. Your Directors also acknowledge the commitment and the dedication of the employees at all levels who have contributed to the growth of the Company.

Place: TirupurFor and on behalf of the BoardDate: 22.06.2021

-Sd-	-Sd-
Prem Aggarwal	Shikha Aggarwal Prem
(DIN: 02050297)	(DIN: 03373965)
Managing Director	Wholetime Director



Annexure A

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT OF GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

То

The Members,

Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited

(Formerly known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited) No.15, Murthy's Plaza, Kariagounder Street, Khaderpet, Tirupur - 641601.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/s. GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED (CIN:L18101TZ2011PLC017586)** (Formerly known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited), a listed entity, having its registered office at No.15, Murthy's Plaza Kariagounder Street, Khaderpet, Tirupur - 641601, (herein after called 'the Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon. We have conducted online verification & examination of records, as facilitated by the Company, due to COVID -19 for the purpose of issuing this report.

Based on our verification of **M/s. Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited (GMLL)** (Formerly known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited), books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit. We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31.03.2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board- processes and compliancemechanism in place (with respect to statutory provisions listed hereunder) to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31.03.2021 according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;

- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; (Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;
 - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014

(Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)

g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018

(Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)

 h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;





(Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not Applicable to the companyduring the Audit Period)
- j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations,2009; (Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards 1, 2 & 4 issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:

(a) The Company has made investment in Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited and entered into partnership with Twenty Twenty LLP. There is delay in filing MGT-14 form, which the company has complied with additional fees.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda were sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. We further report that during the audit period 2020-21, the Company has hosted the applicable contents required under LODR Regulations in its website (http://junctionfabrics.in/investor-relations/) and reportedly, the same has been updated from time to time and the requisite information were made available to the public as required under the law.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees of the Board, as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with laws, rules, regulations and guidelines mentioned herein above.

We further report that during the Audit period:

- 1) The Company has migrated from BSE SME platform to main board of BSE limited.
- 2) The Company has issued 13461350 Bonus Shares at Rs.10/- each on 03.04.2020.
- 3) There was conversion of Share warrants into 4000000 equity shares of Rs.40 each (including a premium of Rs.30) amounting to Rs. 16,00,00,000/- on 28.07.2020.
- 4) Consequent to the conversion of Share warrants 20,00,000 Bonus Shares were issued at Rs.10/-each on 28.07.2020.
- 5) The Company has made investment in Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited thus making it a subsidiary of the Company.

For G.V and AssociatesCompany Secretaries

Date: 22.06.2021 Place: Coimbatore SD/-G. Vasudevan PartnerFCS No.: 6699 C P No.: 6522 ICSI UDIN: F006699C000495902



SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT OF GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED

(Formerly known as JUNCTION FABRICS AND APPARELS LIMITED)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

[Pursuant to Regulation 24A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015]

We have examined:

- (a) all the documents and records made available to us (through online mode due to COVID-19 restrictions enforced by the Governments) and explanation provided by Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited ("the listed entity"),
- (b) the filings/ submissions made by the listed entity to the stock exchanges,
- (c) website of the listed entity,
- (d) any other document / filing, as may be relevant, which has been relied upon to make this certification, for the financial year ended 31.03.2021 ("Review Period") in respect of compliance with the provisions of:
 - (a) the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act") and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder; and
 - (b) the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA"), rules made thereunder and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder by the Securities and Exchange Board of India("SEBI");

The specific Regulations, whose provisions and the circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder, have been examined, include:-

- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;
- d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015.
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 (Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)

- g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations 2018 (Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not Applicable to the companyduring the Audit Period)
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations,2009; (Not Applicable to the company during the Audit Period)

and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder, and based on the above examination, we hereby reportthat, during the Review Period:

- (a) The listed entity has complied with the provisions of the above Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder as far as it was applicable.
- (b) The listed entity has maintained proper records under the provisions of the above Regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder in so far as it appears from our examination of those records.
- (c) There were no actions taken against the listed entity/its promoters/directors/ material subsidiary either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges (including under the Standard Operating Procedures issued by SEBI through various circulars) under the aforesaid Acts / Regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder.
- (d) The Company was not required to take any actions as there were no observations made in the previous year report for the Financial Year ended 31.03.2021.

For G.V and Associates Company Secretaries

Date: 22.06.2021 Place: Coimbatore SD/-G. Vasudevan PartnerFCS No.: 6699 C P No.: 6522 ICSI UDIN: F006699C000495902

Annexure B

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts)Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of the Associates	JANNAT FABRICS AND APPARELS PRIVATE LIMITED
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2021
2. Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end	2268830
Amount of investment in Associates / JointVenture	88484370
Extend Holding	91.9%
3. Description of how there is significant influence	Holding of Equity Shares
4. Reason why the associates /Joint Venture is not Consolidated	NA
5.Networth attributable to shareholding as per last audited Balance sheet	8,04,56,520
6. Profit /Loss for the Year	
i. Consideration in Consolidation	1,42,80,642
ii. Not Consideration in Consolidation	30,96,451

30



Annexure C

DECLARATION BY MANAGING DIRECTOR

(PURSUANT TO SCHEDULE V OF SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015)

То

The members

Garment MantraLifestyle Limited

Tirupur

I **Prem Aggarwal (DIN No: 02050297), Managing Director** of Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited hereby declare that the members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management personnel have affirmed with code of conduct of Board of Directors and senior management.

Date: 22.06.2021 Place : Tirupur -Sd-Prem Aggarwal Managing Director DIN No: 02050297



Annexure D

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In terms of Compliance to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") on Corporate Governance, your Company is complying with the Listing Regulations. The report for year ended on 31st March, 2021 is as follows:

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Corporate governance is about commitment to values and ethical business conduct. It is about how an organization is managed. Timely and accurate disclosure of information regarding the financial situation, performance, ownership and management of the Company is an important part of corporate governance. The Company has always been committed to the principles of good corporate governance.

The Philosophy of the Company on Corporate Governance lies in its concern to protect interests of various stakeholders, fair dealings with all and active contribution to the Society at large, while enhancing the wealth of shareholders. The processes of Company are directed to achieve compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance. Company's own policies and expectations include ethical conduct, protection of health, safety and environment and commitment to employees.

The Company believes that Corporate Governance is critical to success of its business and its governance practices are reflected in its strategy, plan, culture, policies and relationship with stakeholders.

Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited has complied with all applicable guidelines & regulations as stipulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India pertaining to the Corporate Governance.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Board of Directors of Garment Mantra lifestyle Limited as on March 31, 2021, comprised of six (6) Directors with optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors ie : 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors, 1 Non Executive Non-Independent Directors, and 2 Executive Directors including a Managing Director and a Whole-time Women Director which is in conformity with the requirement of Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations) and Companies Act, 2013.

The Chairman of the Board is an Executive Director (Promoter). The Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors on the Board are experienced, competent and each of them are professionals in their respective areas of specialization and have held eminent positions. The Board is headed by the Managing Director.

COMPOSITION/CATEGORY OF DIRECTORS/ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS/DIRECTORSHIPS AND COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIPS IN OTHER COMPANIES:

Sno	Name of Directors	Category	Number of Board Meetings Attended out of 8(Eight) meetings Held in 2020-21	Whet her attended last AGM	No. of Equity shares held in the Company
1.	Mr. Prem Aggarwal	Managing Director	8 out of 8	Yes	3714330
2.	Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem	Whole time Director	8 out of 8	Yes	1218000
3.	Mrs. Ashmita Agarwal	Non- Executive Director	7 out of 8	Yes	15
4.	Mr. Subramanian Thirumurugan	Non- Executive & Independent Director	6 out of 8	Yes	-
5.	Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal	Non- Executive & Independent Director	4 out of 8	Yes	-
6.	Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal	Non- Executive & Independent Director	5 out of 8	Yes	-

NUMBER OF OTHER BOARD OF DIRECTORS OR COMMITTEES IN WHICH A DIRECTOR IS A DIRECTOR / MEMBER / CHAIRPERSON:

	No. of Directorships	No. of Committee Memberships		No. of Committee Chairmanships	
Name of the Director		All Committees	Only Audit & Stakeholders Relationship Committee	All Committees	Only Audit & Stakeholders Relationship Committee
Mr. Prem Aggarwal	4	1	1	-	-
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem	2	1	1	-	-
Mrs. Ashmita Agarwal	1	-	-	-	-
Mr. Subramanian	1	2	1	2	1
Thirumurugan					
Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal	6	2	1	-	-
Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal	2	3	2	1	1

None of the Directors is a director in more than 20 Companies and more than 10 public limited Companies, in terms of Section 165 of the Companies Act, 2013. Also, none of the Directors is a member of neither more than 10 Committees, nor acts as Chairman of more than 5 Committees across all Companies in which they are Directors, as stipulated under Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulation. The Independent Directors fulfill the requirements stipulated in Regulation 25 (1) of the Listing Regulations

b. Disclosures pertaining to directors: The SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 introduced requirement to disclose separately the names of the listed entities, where the persons is a director and the category is of directorship. The details of all directors are as below

NAMES OF THE LISTED ENTITIES WHERE THE PERSON IS A DIRECTOR AND THE CATEGORY OF DIRECTORSHIP

Name of the Director	Name Company in which he/she is Director Type of Directorship	Type of Directorship
Mr. Prem Aggarwal	Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited	Managing Director
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem	Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited	Whole time Director
Mrs. Ashmita Agarwal	Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Subramanian Thirumurugan	Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited	Non-Executive &Independent Director
Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal	Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited	Non-Executive &Independent Director
Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal	Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited	Non-Executive &Independent Director

NO. OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2020-21 AND DATES ON WHICH HELD:

The Board held eight (8) meetings during the financial year 2020-21 which are as follows:

S.no:	Date of Board Meeting
1.	April 03, 2020
2.	April 25, 2020
3.	June 25, 2020
4	July 28, 2020
5.	November 02, 2020
6.	November 12, 2020
7.	February 12, 2021
8.	March 10, 2021

DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN DIRECTORS INTER-SE

Mr. Prem Aggarwal, Managing Director is the Husband of Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem (Whole time Director) and Father of Mrs. Ashmita Agarwal (Director). No other Director is related to any other Director on the Board.



INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Independent Directors, who are from diverse fields of expertise and have long standing experience and expert knowledge in their respective fields are very relevant as well as of considerable value for the Company's business. As a part of familiarization programme as required under Listing Regulations, the Directors have been appraised during the Board Meetings about the amendments to the various enactments viz., Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Listing Regulations, Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information etc.

During the financial year 2020-21, one (1) meeting of the Independent Directors was held on March 06, 2021, interalia to review the following and the meeting was attended by all the Independent Directors:

- (i) Review performance of non-independent directors and the Board of Directors as a whole;
- (ii) Review performance of the Chairperson of the Company;
- (iii) Assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the management of the Company and the Board of Directors that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMMES FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The familiarization programmes and the terms & conditions of appointment of the Independent Directors as required under the Companies Act, 2013 & Listing Regulations are updated on the Company's website at <u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u>

SKILLS / EXPERTISE / COMPETENCIES OF DIRECTORS

As per the Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Company have identified the below mentioned skills/ expertise /competencies in the context of the business and the sector in which the Company is operating, for the Company to function effectively

The board skill matrix provides a guide as to the core skills, expertise, competencies and other criteria (collectively referred to as 'skill sets') considered appropriate by the board of the Company in the context of its business and sector(s) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the Board. The skill sets will keep on changing as the organisation evolves and hence the board may review the matrix from time to time to ensure that the composition of the skill sets remains aligned to the Company's strategic direction.

S.no:	Name of the Director	Expertise in specific functional areas		
1.	Mr. Prem Aggarwal	He has more than 25 years of experience in the textile sector. Over the years, Mr. Prem Aggarwal has acquired expertise in various areas of production. Under his dynamic leadership and vast experience, we are able to deliver constant value to our Company's projects and expansion strategy. He has overall experience of 25 Years in the various business activities ranging from manufacturing, fabrication, Knitting, Distribution Dyeing, and Printing, of garment products.		
2.	Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem	She has more than 15 years of experience in the garment industry particularly in reading the requirements of the domestic market and carrying the business of readymade garments with various technical matters thereto. She is also one of the core promoters of our Company and she looks after the domestic sales of our products in local market and in other areas.		
3.	Mrs. Ashmita Agarwal	She has more than 5 years of experience in Product designing and packaging designing according to current market requirement. With such relevant experience in the field of textile industry, she assists in the designing process of fabrics manufacturing. In addition, she looks after the administration and human resource function of our company		
4.	Mr. Subramanian Thirumurugan	He is the Non-Executive& Independent Director of our company. He holds a Degree of Bachelor of Engineer and has 18 years of experience in the IT field.		
5.	Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal	He is a Qualified Chartered Accountant with 35+ years of experience in legal and other related matters. He has expertise in FEMA related matters as well.		
6.	Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthil rajagopal	He holds a Degree of Chartered Accountant from Institute of Chartered Accountant of India with having Fellow membership of the institute for more than 15 Years and has experience in field of Audit and Taxation.		



CONFIRMATION ON THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors hereby confirms that in their opinion, the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 and are Independent of the Management.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

COMPOSITION, NAME OF CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS & TERMS OF REFERENCE

Terms of Reference:

The Audit Committee acts on the terms of reference given by the Board pursuant to Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations. The Committee acts as a link between the Management, the Statutory Auditors, the Internal Auditors, the Cost Auditors, Secretarial Auditors and the Board of Directors. The scope of functioning of the Audit Committee is to review, from time to time, the internal control system & procedures and its adequacy. The Committee reviews accounting policies and financial reporting system & procedures of the Company. It ensures that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible and also such other functions as may prescribe from time to time by Regulatory Authorities. The Audit Committee is vested with the necessary powers to achieve its objectives.

The Audit Committee comprises of 2 (Two) Independent Non-Executive Directors and 1 (One) Whole-time Director. The terms of reference of the Committee cover the matters specified for Audit Committee under the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 and the Act

The Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors, and other relevant Senior Management Persons are invited to attend the meetings of the Audit Committee. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee.

Chairman of Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on 30th September, 2020.

The details of composition of the Audit Committee, meetings held during the year and attendance of members are as under:

Sno	Name	Category	Position in the Audit Committee	No. of Meetings attended out of Three(3) meetings held during the year 2020-21
1.	Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal	Non- Executive Independent Director	Chairman	3
2.	Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal	Non- Executive Independent Director	Member	1
3.	Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem	Whole time Director	Member	3

<u>*During the financial year 2020-21, Three (3)meetings of the Audit Committee were held through Video Conferencing</u> as per details given below

Sno: Date of Audit Committee Meeting

- 1. July 28, 2020
- 2. November 12, 2020
- 3. February 12, 2021

*The company got migrated to main board in October 2020 and the applicability of Regulation 18 was applicable since then. The audit committee meetings are being held on quarterly basis post migration to main board of BSE Limited.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

1. COMPOSITION, NAME OF CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS & TERMS OF REFERENCE

Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference and role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as per the provisions of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations, which includes devising a policy on Board diversity, Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and



removal, determination of qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees and also formulating performance evaluation criteria. The Committee also ensures equity, fairness and consistency. The recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are considered and approved by the Board, subject to the approval of Members, wherever necessary. The policy is framed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board, which includes performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors and disclosed on the website of the Company at www.junctionfabrics.in

Composition, name of Members & Chairman, Meetings held during the year and attendance at meetings:

Nomination and Remuneration Committee presently consist of three Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman is an Independent Non-Executive Director. The details of composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, meetings held during the year and attendance of members are as under.

Sno:	Name	Category	Position in the Audit Committee	No. of Meetings attended out of One (1) meeting held during the year 2020-21
1.	Mr. Subramanian Thirumurugan	Non- Executive Independent Director	Chairman	1
2.	Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajag opal	Non- Executive Independent Director	Member	1
3.	Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal	Non- Executive Independent Director	Member	1

During the financial year 2020-21, One (1) meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held through video conferencing as per details given below:

	Date of Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting	
1.	July 28, 2020	

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

COMPOSITION, NAME OF CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS & TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee, amongst the areas, mentioned in Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Act is ensuring expeditious redressal of shareholders' and investors' complaints like non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of share certificates upon transfer of shares, dematerialization/rematerialization, transfer/ transmission, split/consolidation of shares etc.

The committee was constituted on Jan 12, 2021 under the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 and the Act. Mrs. Lakshmi Priya K, Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer of the Company.



The details of Composition of the Committee and attendance of each member of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee are given below:

S. no:	Name	Category	Position in the Audit Committee	No. of Meetings attended out of One (1) meeting held during the year 2020-21
1.	Mr. Subramanian Thirumurugan	Non-Executive Independent Director	Chairman	1
2.	Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal	Non- Executive Independent Director	Member	1
3.	Mr. Prem Aggarwal	Managing Director	Member	1

Meetings and attendance during the year

During the financial year 2020-21, One (1) meeting of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was held as per details given below:

	Date of Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting	
1.	March 06, 2021	

The details of Shareholder's complaints received and resolved during the Financial Year 2020-21 are as under:

No. of Shareholders' complaints received	Satisfaction of shareholders Complaints	complaints pending at the end of the year
Nil	Nil	Nil

2. <u>Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors</u>

The performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors are disclosed at point no. 18 of the Board's Report.

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION PAID TO DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

The details of all elements of remuneration package i.e. salary, benefits, bonus, pension, etc. paid to the Executive Directors for the financial year 2020-21 are given below:

Amount i	n Lakhs
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Name and Designation of Executive Directors	Tenure	1	Valuable performanceBonus	Commission	Total
Mr. PremAggarwal Managing Director	5 Years witheffect from March 23,2020	45.00	-	-	45.00
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal Prem, Wholetime Director	5 Years with effect from March 23, 2020	45.00	-	-	45.00

a) There is no provision for service contracts, notice period and severance fees for Executive Directors.

b) The Company does not have any Stock Options Scheme.



Non-Executive Directors

The Board has approved the payment of salary to Mrs. Ashmita Agarwal, Non-Executive Directors to the extent of Rs. 27.00 lakhs for the financial year 2020-21 which is within the limit approved by the members of the Company. There was neither sitting fees nor commission paid to non-executive independent directors of the company during the financial year 2020-21.

None of the Non-Executive Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company and its associates.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

Location and time where last three (3) Annual General Meetings (AGMs) held:

Financial Year	Location	Date	Time
2019-2020	Through Video conference/Other audio visual means	September 30,2020	11.00 AM
2018-2019	Shed No:40, Nethaji Apparel Park, Eettiveerampalayam, New Tirupur – 641 666	August 03, 2019	5.00 PM
2017-2018	Hotel Swaad Mantra Restaurants at No.8, College Road, Tirupur – 641602	July 28, 2018	11.30 AM

Special Resolutions passed in the previous three (3) Extra Ordinary General Meetings:

Financial Year	EGM Date	Special Resolutions passed
<u>2019-2020</u>	January 04, 2020	 To Increase the Authorized share capital of the company Issue of share warrants on preferential basis To approve the proposal for changing the name of the Company
	March 12, 2020	1. To Approve the issuance of bonus shares
	March 18, 2020 (Postal Ballot)	1. Migration of equity shares from SME platform of BSE Limited to Main board of BSE Limited
2018-2019	-	-
2017-2018	-	-

PROCEDURE FOR POSTAL BALLOT:

The Company conducted the postal ballot in accordance with the provisions of Section 108, 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 ("Rules"). The Company has sent the Postal Ballot Notice along with the explanatory statement in electronic as well as physical form on 17th February, 2020 to all those Members as on the cut of date to enable them to cast their vote electronically/through postal ballot form. The Company also published a Notice in the newspaper and other requirements as mandated under the provisions of the Act and Rules framed thereunder. The voting rights were reckoned on the paid-up value of the shares registered in the names of the members as on the cut-off date i.e. 14th February, 2020

In compliance with the provisions of Sections 108 and 110 of the Act and Rule 20 and 22 of the Rules read with Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company had offered the facility of e-voting to its members to enable them to cast their vote electronically. The voting under the postal ballot was kept open from 18th February, 2020 at 9:00 a.m (IST) until 18th March, 2020 at 5:00 p.m. (IST). Upon completion of scrutiny of the votes cast through e-voting in a fair and transparent manner, the scrutinizer i.e. Mr. G. Vasudevan, Practising Company Secretary submitted his report to the Company and the results of the postal ballot was announced by the Company on 20th March, 2020. The voting results were sent to the Stock Exchanges and also displayed on the Company's website www.junctionfabrics.in and on the website of Central Depository Services Limited www.evotingindia.com



MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Quarterly Results	The results will be published in the newspapers having wide coverage
Newspapers wherein results are normally Published	Will be published normally in – Business Standard (English), MalaiMurasu (Tamil)
Website, where the results, official news releases and presentation made to institutional investors or analysts are displayed	www.junctionfabrics.in

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Annual General Meeting Date, Time and Venue	30 th September, 2021 at 11:30 a.m through Video Conferencing
Financial Year	2020-2021
Dividend Payment Date	NA
Listing on Stock Exchanges	Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE) Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001. The Company confirms that the annual listing fees to the stock exchange for the F.Y. 2021-22 have been paid.
Stock Code	The equity shares of the Company are listed on the BSE Limited (BSE) ISIN: INE653S01010
Market price data – high, low during each month in last financial year	Annexure CG 1
Share Performance of the Company in comparison to BSE Sensex	Annexure CG 1
In case the securities are suspended from trading, the directors report shall explain the reason thereof	NA
Registrar and Share Transfer Agents	BIGSHARE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED E-2/3, ANSA INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, SAKIVIHAR ROAD SAKI NAKA, ANDHERI, MUMBAI – 400 072 Email id : info@bigshareonline.com Website : www.bigshareonline.com Telephone No: 022 62638200
Share Transfer System	SEBI has mandated that w.e.f. 1st April, 2019, shares shall be transferred only in demat form. The entire share capital of the company is being held in demat form and hence there are no requests for transfer of shares in physical form.
Distribution of Shareholding	Annexure CG 2
Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March, 2021	Annexure CG 3
Dematerialisation of Shares and Liquidity	The equity shares of the Company are available in dematerialized form with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL). The Company's equity shares are traded compulsorily in the dematerialized form. As on date, 1,00,38,405 equity shares of the Company have been dematerialized, representing 100% of the total number of shares. The company also confirms that the promoters' holdings are also in dematerialized form and the same is in line with the circulars issued by SEBI.



Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrantsor any Convertible Instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity	NA
Commodity price risk or foreignexchange risk and hedging Activities	NA
Plant Locations	Shed No:40, Nethaji Apparel Park, Eettiveerampalayam, New Tirupur – 641 666
Address for Correspondence /Investor Correspondence	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited No.15, Murthy's Plaza, Kariagounder street, Khaderpet, Tirupur– 641601, Tamil Nadu, India Tele Phone: 0421 2231896
	Email Id : Companysecretary@junctionfabrics.in
Credit Ratings	Email id : Companysecretary@junctionfabrics.in

Instrument	Amount in Cr.	Rating Agency	Rating & Outlook	Remarks
Bank Loan Facilities	16.32	CRISIL Limited	BB	NIL

OTHER DISCLOSURES

a) <u>Related party transactions:</u>

Transactions with related parties, as per requirements of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24 are disclosed in the notes to accounts annexed to the financial statements. All the transactions with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. In terms of Regulation 23 of Listing Regulations the Company has started obtaining prior approval of the Audit Committee for entering into any transaction with related parties. The Audit Committee has granted omnibus approval for certain transactions to be entered into with the related parties during the year. Statement giving details of all related party transactions entered into pursuant to the omnibus approval so granted is placed before the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for their approval on a quarterly basis

The details pertaining to related party transactions are provided at point no. 20 of the Directors Report.

b) <u>Compliance:</u>

There was no non-compliance by the Company, penalties, imposed on the Company by Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

c) <u>Whistle Blower Policy:</u>

The details pertaining to Vigil Mechanism or Whistle Blower Policy established by the Company are placed in the website of the company <u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u>.

The Company has provided opportunities to encourage employees to become whistle blowers. It has also ensured a mechanism within the same framework to protect them from any kind of harm. It is hereby affirmed that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee.

d) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of non-mandatory requirements:

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 with regards to Corporate Governance and has fulfilled the following discretionary requirements specified in Part E of Schedule II under Regulation 27(1) of SEBI(Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), 2015:

- The statutory financial statements of the Company are unquailified
- The internal auditors of the company make presentations to the Audit committee on their reports

e) Policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries' and dealing with related party transactions:

The Company has formed the policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries' and for dealing with related party transactions. The same has been placed on the website of the Company <u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u>

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f) Details of funds utilized through Preferential allotment:

The company has raised Rs.16 crores through preferential allotment from both Promoters and nonpromoters. The total fund raised from preferential allotment has been fully utilized to meet the short term and long term working capital requirement of the company.

g) <u>Certificate on qualification of directors:</u>

None of the Directors have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as director of the Company by the Board/Ministry of Corporate affairs or any statutory authority. The certificate from Mr. G. Vasudevan, Practising company secretary on the same is annexed as **Annexure CG 4** to this report.

h) Fees paid by the company and its subsidiaries, on consolidated basis to the Statutory auditor:

The company has paid a consolidated amount of Rs. 80,000 as total fees for all services rendered by the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity to which the statutory auditor is part.

i) <u>Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:</u>

The Company has in place a Policy on prevention of Sexual Harassment in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

- · Number of complaints filed during the financial year: NIL
- · Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year: NIL
- Number of complaints pending on end of the financial year: NIL

j) Disclosure of the compliance with corporate governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015:

During the Financial Year under review, SEBI issued new Listing Regulations viz., Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. As required under the said Regulations, the Company has complied with the requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and Regulation 46(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015

k) Declaration by Managing Director stating compliance with Code of Conduct:

The Company has formulated and implemented a General Code of Conduct (copy available on the Company's Website at <u>www.junctionfabrics.in</u> for all its Directors and Senior Management of the Company in compliance with Listing Regulation. All the Board Members and Senior Management of the Company have affirmed compliance with the said Code of Conduct for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

A declaration by the Managing Director affirming compliance with the said Code of Conduct by Board Members and Senior Management is annexed as **Annexure C** and forms part of this Report.

I) <u>Certificate from Company Secretary regarding compliance with Corporate Governance:</u>

This Corporate Governance Report forms part of the Annual Report. A certificate from Mr. G. Vasudevan, Practicing Company Secretary confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Listing Regulations is annexed to this report as Annexure E which also forms part of this Annual Report.

J) Instances of not accepting any recommendation of the Committee by the Board:

The SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 introduced requirement to disclose, along with the reasons thereof, where the Board has not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the Board which is mandatorily required

We hereby confirm that the Board has accepted all the recommendations received from committees of the Board which is mandatorily required and there is no recommendation which has not been accepted by the Board to comment on required to disclose.

k) Details of Unclaimed Suspense Account:

The Company does not have any unclaimed shares and hence the disclosure pursuant to SEBI (LODR) Regulations is not applicable.



Annexure CG 1

MARKET PRICE DATA HIGH-LOW DURING EACH MONTH IN LAST FINANCIAL YEAR AND SHARE PERFORMANCE IN COMPARISON TO BSE SENSEX:

Month		Share Price at BSE		BSE Sensex		
	High	Low	High	Low		
April 2020	40	30	33,887.25	27,500.79		
May 2020	40	35	32,845.48	29,968.45		
June 2020	37	33	35,706.55	32,348.10		
July 2020	42	35	38,617.03	34,927.20		
August 2020	40	38	40,010.17	36,911.23		
September 2020	65.70	39	39,359.51	36,495.98		
October 2020	76	56	41,048.05	38,410.20		
November 2020	74.95	60	44,825.37	39,334.92		
December 2020	66	54	47,896.97	44,118.10		
January 2021	94	59.60	50,184.01	46,160.46		
February 2021	95	83	52,516.76	46,433.65		
March 2021	110	85.05	51,821.84	48,236.35		

Annexure CG2

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING

No of Shareholding of Nominal	No of Share Holders	% of Total	Share Amount	%of shares Held
1-5000	461	75.0814	85450	0.0851
5001-10000	4	0.6515	31690	0.0316
10001-20000	8	1.3029	108260	0.1078
20001-30000	10	1.6287	278000	0.2769
30001-40000	2	0.3257	67900	0.0676
40001-50000	3	0.4886	132390	0.1319
50001-100000	24	3.9088	1540030	1.5341
100001-999999999	102	16.6124	98140330	97.7649

Annexure CG 3

SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON MARCH 31, 2021:

Sno:	Category of ShareHolders	Number of Shareholders	Number of shares held		% of shareholding
1.	Promoters / Directors	3	4932345	4932345	49.13
2.	Promoters	2	30	30	0.00
3.	Public	597	5016552	5016552	49.97
4.	Corporate bodies	7	71174	71174	0.71



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Annexure CG 4

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

То

The Members,

Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited

(Formerly known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

No.15, Murthy's Plaza Kariagounder Street, Khaderpet, Tirupur- 641601

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of M/s. Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited having CIN:L18101TZ2011PLC017586 and having registered office at No.15, Murthy's Plaza Kariagounder Street, Khaderpet Tirupur - 641601 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced to us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal (www.mca.gov.in)as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2021 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority:

S. No	DIN	Name of the Director	Designation	Original Date of Appointment as per MCA
1	02050297	Prem Aggarwal	Managing Director	15/11/2011
2	03373965	Shikha Aggarwal Prem	Whole-time Director	15/11/2011
3	03107366	Subramanian Thirumurugan	Independent Director	30/09/2020
4	06520260	Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal	Independent Director	30/09/2020
5	07332067	Ashmita Agarwal	Director	21/11/2015
6	00022844	Anil Kumar Goyal	Independent Director	03/04/2020

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For G.V. and Associates Company Secretaries

SD/-

Date: 05.07.2021 Place: Coimbatore ICSI UDIN: F006699C000578787 G.Vasudevan Partner FCS No.: 6699 C P No.: 6522



Annexure E

Certificate on Compliance of Conditions of Corporate Governance as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To the members of Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited, for the year ended on 31st March, 2021, as specified in relevant provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

On the basis of representation received from the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents of the Company, we state that no investor grievance is pending for a period exceeding one month.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For G.V. and Associates Company Secretaries SD/-

Date: 05.07.2021 Place: Coimbatore ICSI UDIN: F006699C000578787 G.Vasudevan Partner FCS No.: 6699 C P No.: 6522

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS /ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED PARTY

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

This form pertains to the disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered during the year ended 31st March, 2021, which were not at arm's length basis

Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis Ч.

9	S. Name(s) of Nature of No theRelated Relationship	Nature of Relationship	Nature of contracts/	Duration of the contracts/	Salient the con	Salient terms of the contracts or	Other Services	Office or	Date(s) of	Date(s) Amount of paid as
	Party		arrangements/ transactions	arrangements/ transactions	arrange transactio the valu	arrangementsor transactions including the value, if any	(including Rent)	Place of profit	Place approval advan of bythe if any: profit Board, if	approval advances, bythe if any: Board, if
					Sales	Purchases			any	
-	Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited	Common Key Managerial Personnel	Rent, Purchase	For the Year		260,406,511	1,20,000	1		
2	Beatle Apparels Prop: Romi Lodha	Relative of the Director is a Partner	Purchase of Fabrics	For the Year	1	24,709,787		1	1	I
m	Twenty TwentyLLP	Designated Partner	Rent, Purchase and Sale	For the Year	1	112,779,50	15,60,000	1	I	
4	Mr. Prem Aggarwal, Managing Director	Managing Director	Rent & Rental advance	For the Year	1	1	12,00,000	1	I	1

STATUTORY REPORT

Date:22.06.2021 Place:Tirupur

For and on behalf of the Board

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-Sd-Prem Aggarwal Managing Director DIN No: 02050297

Shikha Aggarwal Prem Whole time Director DIN No: 03373965

-Sd-



Annexure G

Particulars of employees:

Information as per Rule 5(1) of Chapter XIII, Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

The Nomination and Remuneration committee continuously reviews the compensation of our directors. Remuneration paid to Directors:

Name of the Director	Director Identification No	Title	Remuneration for the year 2020-21 (in Rs.)	Ratio of Remuneration to MRE (Excluding WTD)
Prem Aggarwal	02050297	Managing Director	45,00,000	9.07
Shikha Aggarwal	03373965	Whole Time Director	45,00,000	9.07
Ashmita Agarwal	07332067	Director	27,00,000	5.44

• MRE – Median remuneration of employees

· Based on annualized salary of employees employed during the year

· No payment of sitting fees was paid to Independent Directors during the year

· During the fiscal year 2020-21, no employee has received remuneration in excess of the highest paid director

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of M/s. Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited (Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited) Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Ind AS standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021 and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

In light of lock down, social distancing or work from home restrictions amid covid-19, thereby putting restrictions in physical movement and visits to the company offices, Company has provided all the data / information / records as required by us for the purpose of audit using e-data sharing modes. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the Standalone Ind AS financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and

prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

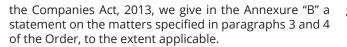
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of

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As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from the branches not visited by us.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including comprehensive income), Statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".

g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

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UTORY REPORT

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company or there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. The Company has provided requisite disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements. Based on audit procedures and relying on the management representation, we report that the disclosures are in accordance with books of account maintained by the Company and as produced to us by the Management.

For N B T & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. : 140489W

-Sd-Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No. 182428

Place : Mumbai Date : 22-06-2021 UDIN : 21182428AAAAAO7107

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE IND AS STANDALONE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS JUNCTION FABRICS AND APPARELS LIMITED)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For N B T & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. : 140489W

-Sd-Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No. 182428

Place : Mumbai Date : 22-06-2021 UDIN : 21182428AAAAAO7107



"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in our report of even date to the members of GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS JUNCTION FABRICS AND APPARELS LIMITED) as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2021).

i) In respect of its Fixed Assets:

- a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
- b) The Fixed Assets are physically verified by the Management in accordance with a phased program designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification as compared with available records.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- ii) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management during the year. (As per discussion and explanation given by management Inventory related is precious metals and they hold and store very carefully and physical verified regularly and also match with book balance and also no effect on verification during the lockdown as on 31st March 2021) and no discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- iii) The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in register maintained under section 189 of the Act and hence sub-clause (a), (b) and (c) of clause iii of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable.
- iv) In respect of loans, investment, guarantees and security the Company has complied with provision of section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- v) The company has not accepted any deposit from public within the meaning of Section 73,74,75 and 76 and clause (v) of Para 3 of the order is not applicable.
- vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, related to the manufacturing activities, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made detailed examination of the same.

- vii) (a) The company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales-Tax, Service Tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with appropriate authorities, where applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues which have remained outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except Professional tax outstanding more than six month.
 - (b) According to the records of the company, there are no dues outstanding of income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax on account of any dispute.
- viii) The company has not defaulted in repayment of any dues to a financial institution, bank, and government. The company has not borrowed any amount by way of debentures.
- ix) The company has not raised any money by way of Initial public offer or further Public offer (Including debt instruments) during the year and as observed by us, money earlier raised through IPO is applied for the purpose mentioned in prospectus. Moneys raised by way of Term Loan were applied for the purpose for which the loan was obtained.
- x) On the basis of our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company by its officers/employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid / provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- **xii)** The company is not Nidhi Company and accordingly the information and explanations given to us, provisions of Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the company.
- **xiii)** On the basis of our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that all the transaction with the related parties are

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

in compliance with Section 177 and Section 188 of the Act, and the details have been disclosed in the Financial statements in Note no. 36 as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- **xiv)** The company has made preferential allotment of the 40,00,000 shares by converting its exactingly issued share warrants at Rs 40 each and as observed by us, requirement of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. However, No private placement of shares or issue of fully or partly paid convertible debentures has been done during the year
- **xv)** According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.

xvi) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934 and accordingly, provisions of clause (xvi) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable.

For N B T & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. : 140489W

-Sd-Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No. 182428

Place : Mumbai Date : 22-06-2021 UDIN : 21182428AAAAAO7107



STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

	Particulars	Notes.	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020	As at 01-04-2019
	SETS				
(1)	Non-Current Assets				
	a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	3,26,59,880	3,32,04,878	2,15,72,852
	b) Investment Property		-	-	-
	c) Intangible Assets under development		-	-	-
	d) Financial Assets				
	(i) Investments	3	10,88,54,047	35,10,000	35,10,000
	(ii) Loans & Advances	4	45,45,000	48,85,000	49,15,000
	(ii) Deposits	5	63,970	63,970	27,220
	e) Other non current assets	6	-	-	9,49,897
(2)	Current Assets				
	a) Inventories	7	21,28,59,200	25,73,94,300	17,56,61,120
	b) Financial Assets				
	(i) Trade Receivables	8	24,29,36,520	18,04,45,448	8,82,74,315
	(ii) Cash and cash Equivalents	9	55,50,223	38,53,612	9,60,251
	(iii) Advances	10	11,77,058	30,73,461	45,94,206
	c) Other current assets	11	31,25,450	89,19,051	68,81,094
	TOTAL ASSETS		61,17,71,348	49,53,49,721	30,73,45,955
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
	I. Equity				
	a) Equity Share Capital	12	10,03,84,050	2,69,22,700	2,69,22,700
	b) Other Equity		21,79,67,814	6,55,91,516	4,23,42,028
	c) Money received against share warrants	5	-	8,42,12,500	-
	II. Liabilities				
	(1) Non-Current Liabilities				
	i) Financial Liabilities				
	a) Borrowings	13	1,97,33,293	2,68,00,587	4,41,20,408
	b) Other Financial Liabilities		-	-	-
	ii) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	14	44,659	2,74,286	5,43,647
	iii) Other Non Current Liability	15	41,59,911	26,91,510	13,76,508
	(2) Current Liabilities				
	a) Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Borrowings	16	16,76,94,398	15,44,09,257	13,04,57,564
	(ii) Trade Payables	17	7,65,38,045	12,28,32,312	5,48,95,058
	b) Other current liabilities	18	33,63,366	8,18,127	13,17,012
	c) Provisions	19	2,18,85,813	1,07,96,926	53,71,031
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		61,17,71,348	49,53,49,721	30,73,45,955
	Summary of significant accounting policies	1			· · ·

The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For N B T & Co Chartered Accountants

-Sd- **Arpit Tapadiya** Partner Membership No-182428 Firm Regd. No. 140489W

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

-Sd- **Prem Aggarwal** Managing Director DIN: 02050297

-Sd-Shikha Aggarwal Director DIN: 03373965 -Sd-Aditya Aggarwal CFO PAN: BQJPA0155L

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021 -Sd-**K. Lakshmi Priya** Company Secretary PAN:BBRPP6162M

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

	Particulars	Notes.	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
I	INCOME			
	Revenue from Operations	20	1,06,29,68,040	93,55,51,254
	Other Income	21	16,62,097	6,00,000
	TOTAL INCOME		1,06,46,30,137	93,61,51,254
11	EXPENSES			
	Cost of material consumed	22	83,45,55,242	86,82,86,508
	Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade	23	4,55,07,998	(6,54,86,254)
	Employee Benefit expenses	24	1,12,41,339	1,07,04,117
	Finance Cost	25	1,71,62,381	1,72,77,179
	Depreciation and Amortisation expenses	2	28,33,723	24,64,906
	Rent Expenses	26	28,76,100	35,17,300
	Other Expenses	27	7,52,49,389	6,53,71,343
	TOTAL EXPENSES		98,94,26,172	90,21,35,098
	PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS AND TAX		7,52,03,965	3,40,16,155
III.	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	28	-	-
	PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX		7,52,03,965	3,40,16,155
IV	TAX EXPENSE	29		
	(1) Current Tax		2,05,21,510	98,26,716
	(2) Deferred Tax		(2,29,627)	(2,69,361)
	(3) Short Provision for Income Tax of Earlier Year		2,54,294	2,08,279
	TOTAL TAX EXPENSE		2,05,46,177	97,65,634
	PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		5,46,57,788	2,42,50,521
V	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	30	1,11,79,860	(10,01,033)
VI	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD (IV+V) (Comprising Profit/Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		6,58,37,648	2,32,49,488
VII	EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE OF RS 10 EACH (BASIC AND DILUTED)		6.76	9.01
	Summary of significant accounting policies	1		

The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements

In terms of our report attached For N B T & Co Chartered Accountants

-Sd- **Arpit Tapadiya** Partner Membership No-182428 Firm Regd. No. 140489W -Sd- **Prem Aggarwal** Managing Director DIN: 02050297

-Sd-**Shikha Aggarwal** Director DIN: 03373965

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

-Sd-Aditya Aggarwal CFO PAN: BQJPA0155L

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021 Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021 -Sd-**K. Lakshmi Priya** Company Secretary PAN:BBRPP6162M



Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

	Equity	Res	erves and Sur	plus
Particulars	Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	TOTAL
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2018-19		-	-	-
Restated balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028
Profit for the year 2019-2020	-	-	2,42,50,521	2,42,50,521
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2019-2020	(10,01,033)	-	-	(10,01,033)
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	(10,01,033)	60,00,000	6,05,92,549	6,55,91,516
Profit for the year 2020-21			5,46,57,788	5,46,57,788
Add - Premium Received on Issue of Shares	-	12,00,00,000	-	12,00,00,000
Less: Bonus Issue		-	(3,34,61,350)	(3,34,61,350)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2020-21	1,11,79,860	-		1,11,79,860
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	1,01,78,827	12,60,00,000	14,87,11,687	21,79,67,814

For N B T & Co

Chartered Accountants

-Sd-	-Sd-	-Sd-	-Sd-
Arpit Tapadiya	Prem Aggarwal	Shikha Aggarwal	Aditya Aggarwal
Partner	Managing Director	Director	CFO
Membership No-182428	DIN: 02050297	DIN: 03373965	PAN: BQJPA0155L
Firm Regd. No. 140489W			
		-Sd- K. Lakshmi Priya	
Place: Tirupur	Place: Tirupur	Company Secretary	
Date : 22-06-2021	Date : 22-06-2021	PAN:BBRPP6162M	

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STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Particulars	Note No.	31.03	.2021	31.03	.2020
Cash flow from operating activities					
Net Profit before Tax			7,52,03,965		3,40,16,155
Discontinued operations			-		-
Profit before income tax including discontinued operations			7,52,03,965		3,40,16,155
Adjustments for					
Depreciation and amortisation expense		28,33,723		24,64,906	
Preliminary Expense Written Off		-		9,49,897	
Provision for Gratuity		7,02,532		4,41,159	
Finance Cost		1,71,62,381	2,06,98,636	1,72,77,179	2,11,33,141
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes			9,59,02,601		5,51,49,296
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables		(6,24,91,072)		(9,21,71,133)	
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		4,45,35,100		(8,17,33,180)	
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets		57,93,601		(20,37,957)	
Increase/ (Decrease) in short Term borrowings		1,32,85,140		2,39,51,693	
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables		(4,62,94,267)		6,79,37,254	
Increase/(decrease) in provision		1,07,19,266		52,98,705	
Decrease/(Increase) in Current Advances		18,96,403		15,20,745	
Increase in other current liabilities		25,45,239		(4,98,885)	
Cash generated from operations			(3,00,10,588)		(7,77,32,759)
Income taxes paid			2,07,50,274		1,00,34,995
Net cash inflow from operating activities			4,51,41,739		(3,26,18,457)
Cash flows from investing activities					
(Increase)/Decrease in investments		(9,30,28,697)		-	
(Increase)/Decrease in Property, Plant & Equipment		(23,14,255)		(1,40,96,933)	
Deposit Given/(Released)		-		(36,750)	
Long Term Loans Recovered/(Given)		3,40,000		30,000	
Net cash used in investing activities			(9,50,02,952)		(1,41,03,683)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Issue of Warrants		7,57,87,500		8,42,12,500	
Proceeds From long Term Borrowing (Net)		(70,67,294)		(1,73,19,821)	
Interest paid		(1,71,62,381)		(1,72,77,179)	



Particulars	Note No.	31.03	3.2021	31.03	.2020
Net cash from financing activities			5,15,57,825		4,96,15,500
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			16,96,612		28,93,360
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year			38,53,612		9,60,251
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year			55,50,223		38,53,612
Noto					

Note -

1. During the Year 2020-21 Company has converted the Share Warrant of Rs 160,000,000 into shares at a price of Rs.40 each by allotting 40,00,000 shares

In terms of our report attached For N B T & Co Chartered Accountants	For and on behalf	of the Board of Direct	ors
-Sd- Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No-182428 Firm Regd. No. 140489W	-Sd- Prem Aggarwal Managing Director DIN: 02050297	-Sd- Shikha Aggarwal Director DIN: 03373965	-Sd- Aditya Aggarwal CFO PAN: BQJPA0155L

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021

-Sd-K. Lakshmi Priya Place: Tirupur Company Secretary Date : 22-06-2021 PAN:BBRPP6162M

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Note - 1

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

Company Background

Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited formerly known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited (the 'Company') is a listed public limited Company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing, selling and distribution of fabrics, hosiery garments and providing of related services.

The registered office of the Company is located at No.15, Murthy's Plaza Kariagounder Street, Khaderpet Tirupur Erode, Tamilnadu – 641601, India.

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Company's Board of Directors on 22nd June, 2021.

Significant Accounting Policies

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements

(a) Basis of Accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value;

1. Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities (including derivative instruments),

2. Defined Benefit Plans

The Financial Statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India ('Indian GAAP') and comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind AS'), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, amended from time to time.

The Company's Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also its functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest rupee except when otherwise indicated.

The Company has adopted IND AS for the first time for their annual reporting through their financial statements.

(b) Use of Estimates:

In the application of accounting policy, the management is required to make judgment,

estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, contingent liabilities and the accompanying disclosures that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant and are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The few critical estimations and judgments made in applying accounting policies are:

- i. Property, Plant and Equipment:
 - Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets are as specified in Specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.
- ii. Income Taxes:

Significant judgment is required in determining the amount for income tax expenses. There are many transactions and positions for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amount that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

iii. Inventories:

Inventory Obsolescence is based on assessment of the future uses. In all cases, inventory is carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

iv. Impairment of Non-financial Assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An assets recoverable amount is higher of assets or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other asset or group of assets. Where carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered as impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flow are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples or other available fair value indicators.

v. Impairment of Financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(c) Current/Non Current Classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / noncurrent classification.

A. An assets treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within 12 months after a reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle

a liability for at least 12 months after a reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- B. Liability is current when:
 - It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, or
 - There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

C. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified 12 months as its operating cycle.

2. **Property, Plant and Equipment**

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') recognized as of 1st April 2019 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost of the PPE as on the transition date.

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost include purchase price after deducting trade discount / rebate, import duty, nonrefundable taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing cost and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition in the manner intended by the management.

An item of PPE is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when asset is de-recognized.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to

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or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognized till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 and the date that the asset is derecognized.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual values, if any, over their estimated useful lives, using the written down value method except intangible assets. Depreciation on intangible assets is provided on straight line basis. The following useful lives are considered for the depreciation of property, plant and equipment:

Description of the Asset	Estimated Useful Life
Furniture & fixtures	10 Years
Buildings	60 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Air Conditioner	10 Years
Electricity Fittings	10 Years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in useful life or residual value of an asset, the depreciation of that asset is revised accordingly to reflect the new expectations.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of properties, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Investment properties:

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. On disposal of an investment property, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible assets under development:

The amount disclosed as 'Intangible asset under development' represents assets purchased/acquired and not available for use, as at the date of Statement of Financial Position.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any profit or loss arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset measured as the difference between the net disposals proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is de-recognized.

Impairment of Tangible (PPE) and Intangible Assets:

At each reporting date, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset), is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. In determining fair value less cost of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount (selling price less costs to complete and sell, in the case of inventories), but not in excess of the amount that would have been



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determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or group of related assets) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before the revenue is recognized.

Sale of Goods:

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. Sale is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.

Dividend Income:

Dividend is recognized when right to receive is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

Interest Income:

Interest income on financial assets measured at amortized cost is recognized on time proportion basis, using effective interest method.

4. Lease Accounting

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is (or contains) a lease, if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Finance leases that transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the

leased items (i.e. PPE), are generally capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, at the present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and a reduction in lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized in finance cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Lease in which significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Company as lessee is classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of lease on straight line basis other than those cases where the escalation are linked to expected general inflation in which case they are charged on contractual terms.

5. Inventory

- (a) Raw materials, work in progress, finished goods, packing materials, stores, spares, components, consumables and stock-in-trade are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on an item-by item basis. Damaged, unserviceable and inert stocks are valued at net realizable value.
- (b). In determining cost of raw materials, packing materials, stock-in-trade, stores, spares, components and consumables, weighted average cost methods used. Cost of inventory comprises all costs of purchase, duties, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition.
- (c) Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes the cost of raw materials, packing materials, inappropriate share of fixed and variable production overheads, excise duty as applicable and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Fixed production overheads are allocated on the basis of normal capacity of production facilities.

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6. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets:

A financial asset inter-alia includes any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets of the Company comprise trade receivables. Cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, investment in equity shares of Companies, investment other than in equity shares, loans / advances to employees / related parties / others, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss. When transaction price is not the measure of fair value and fair value is determined using a valuation method that uses data from observable market, the difference between transaction price and fair value is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and in other cases spread over life of the financial instrument using effective interest method.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial asset measured at amortised cost
- Financial asset at fair value through OCI
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the financial asset is held within a business model whose

objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are amortized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in finance costs.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, an irrevocable election is made (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments other than held for trading purpose at FVTOCI. Fair value changes are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). On Derecognition of the financial asset other than equity instruments, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified to income statements.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Any financial asset that does not meet the criteria for classification as at amortized cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Further, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss also include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets at fair value profit or loss are fair valued at each reporting date with all the changes recognized in the Statement of profit and loss.



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De-recognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds receivables.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model on the following:

Financial assets that are measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

ECL is measured through a loss allowance on a following basis:-

The 12 month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events on the financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date)

Full life time expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of financial instruments)

The company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment on trade receivables or contract assets resulting from normal business transactions. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. However, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, from the date of initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is provided. For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company assesses the credit risk characteristics on instrument-by-instrument basis.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

Impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as expense/income in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments:

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings including book overdraft, trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables.

Initial Recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities at initial recognition are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the "Expenditure Attributable to Construction" if another standard permits inclusion of such cost in the carrying amount of an asset over the period of the borrowings using the effective rate of interest.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends upon the classification as described below:-

Financial Liabilities classified at Amortized Cost:

Financial Liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at

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amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are integral part of the Effective Interest Rate. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of cost of assets is included as Finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities have not been designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged/cancelled/ expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and net amount is reported if there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, to realize assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

7. Transactions in Foreign Currency

(a) Initial recognition:

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b). Measurement of foreign currency items at the Balance Sheet date:

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company are restated at the closing exchange rates. Non-monetary items are recorded at

the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising out of these translations are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c). Forward exchange contracts:

The Company had not entered into any forward exchange contracts to hedge against its foreign currency exposures relating to the underlying transactions and firm commitments. The Company had not entered into any derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

8. Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services rendered in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value (at carrying value) and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment if require.

9. Employee Benefits

A. Short Term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelvemonths of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

B. Post-employment benefits:

(a) **Defined contribution plans :**

Defined contribution plans are employee state insurance scheme and Government administered pension fund scheme for all applicable employees and superannuation scheme for eligible employees. The Company's contribution to defined contribution plans are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the financial year to which they relate.

(b) **Defined benefit plans**

Provident fund scheme

The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Employee Provident Fund scheme, for the eligible employees.

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(c) <u>Gratuity scheme</u>

The Company has created provision for gratuity based on the report issued by Actuaries.

10. Research and Development

Research and Development expenditure of a revenue nature is expensed out under the respective heads of account in the year in which it is incurred. Fixed assets utilized for research and development are capitalized and depreciated in accordance with the policies stated for Tangible Fixed Assets and Intangible Assets.

11. Provision for Taxation

Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each Balance Sheet date to reassess realization.

12. Provisions and Contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there exists a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

13. Earnings per Share

The Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the profit after tax for the year by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

14. Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

15. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments where the original maturity is three months or less.

16. Government Grants and Subsidies

The Company is not entitled to any subsidy from government authorities in respect of manufacturing units located in specified regions: Grants in the nature of subsidy which are nonrefundable are credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss, on accrual basis, where there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all the necessary conditions attached to them. Grants in the nature of subsidy which are refundable are shown as Liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

17. Measurement of EBITDA

The Company has opted to present earnings before interest(finance cost), tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)as a separate line item on the face of the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year. The Company measures EBITDA on the basis of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations.

18. Segment Reporting

i) Business Segment

- a. The business segment has been considered as the primary segment.
- b. The Company's primary business segments are reflected based on principal business activities, the nature of service, the differing risks and returns, the organization structure and the internal financial reporting system.



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c. The Company's primary business comprises of manufacturing of knitted garments and trading of fabrics and since it is the only reportable segment as envisaged in Accounting Standard 17. 'Segment Reporting'. Accordingly, no separate disclosure for Segment Reporting to be made in the financial statements of the Company. component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments. The company provides products or services only through single establishment. Accordingly, no separate disclosure for Segment Reporting to be made in the financial statements of the Company.

ii) Geographical Segment

A geographical segment is a distinguishable

19. Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company

Name of the share holders	As on 31	.03.2021	As on 31	.03.2020
	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of holding	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of holding
Prem Dinanath Aggarwal	37,14,330	37.00	10,51,220	39.05
Shikha Aggarwal	12,18,000	12.13	2,37,000	8.80
Manju Jayantilal Lodha	1,28,657	1.28	1,66,000	6.09
Jayantilal Hansraj Lodha	2,37,264	2.36	1,44,000	5.35
Total	52,98,251		15,96,220	

- 20 Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are provided as under for the year 2020-21, to the extent the Company has received intimation from the "Suppliers" regarding their status under the Act.
 - (i) Principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to each supplier at the end of each accounting year (but within due date as per the MSMED Act) Principal amount due to micro and small enterprise Rs. 31,69,725(PY Rs. 14,69,213)/- and Interest due on above- Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
 - (ii) Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along-with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
 - (iii) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006 Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
 - (iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
 - (v) Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
 Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.
- 21. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with current year's classification

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Note 2

Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Furniture & fixtures	Plant and Equipment	Vehicles	Computer	Miscellaneous Assets	Total
	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned	
Gross Block							
Deemed cost as at 01.04.2019	1,41,32,780	85,53,105	42,19,573	55,36,384	6,73,644	4,700	3,31,20,187
Additions	1,04,95,599	13,14,286	2,80,000	15,63,725	4,43,322	I	1,40,96,933
Disposals	1	I	1	1	1	I	I
Other adjustments (please specify)	I	1	I	I	1	I	I
At cost or fair value as at 31.03.2020	2,46,28,379	98,67,392	44,99,573	71,00,109	11,16,966	4,700	4,72,17,119
Additions	2,30,000	16,96,222	I	I	3,88,033	T	23,14,255
Disposals	I		I				I
At cost or fair value as at 31.03.2021	2,48,58,379	1,15,63,614	44,99,573	71,00,109	15,04,999	4,700	4,95,31,374
Depreciation Block							
As at 01.04.2019	49,37,010	22,61,407	15,22,876	23,79,216	4,42,360	4,466	1,15,47,335
Depreciation for the year	4,82,923	8,84,921	2,29,016	7,59,065	1,08,981	I	24,64,906
Disposals	I	I	I	I	1	I	I
Accumulated depreciation as at 31.03.2020	54,19,933	31,46,328	17,51,892	31,38,281	5,51,341	4,466	1,40,12,241
Depreciation for the year	7,05,710	10,58,520	2,22,841	7,74,886	97,296	I	28,59,253
Disposals	I		I			T	I
Accumulated depreciation as at the 31.03.2021	61,25,643	42,04,848	19,74,732	39,13,168	6,48,637	4,466	1,68,71,494
Net Block							
As at 01.04.2019	91,95,770	62,91,698	26,96,697	31,57,168	2,31,284	234	2,15,72,852
As at 31.03.2020	1,92,08,446	67,21,064	27,47,681	39,61,828	5,65,625	234	3,32,04,878
As at 31.03.2021	1,87,32,736	73,58,766	25,24,841	31,86,941	8,56,362	234	3,26,59,880
Note:-							

a) In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 36) on " Impairment of Assets", the management during the year carried out an exercise of identifying the assets that may have been impaired in accordance with the said Ind AS . On the basis of review carried out by the management, there was no impairment loss on property, plant and equipment during the year ended 31st March, 2021

b) The carrying value (Gross Block less accumulated depreciation and amortisation) as on 1st April, 2019 of the Property, plant and equipment is considered as a deemed cost on the date of transition.

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Note 3

Investments
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Name of the Body Corporate	Subsidiaries /	No. of 9	No. of Shares and Face Value of Shares	ind Face	e Value	of Shar	SS			
	Associates /	31.03.2021	021	31.03.2020	2020	01.04.2019	2019	31.03.2021	31.03.2020 01.04.2019	01.04.2019
	Joint ventures / Structured Entities / Others	Nos.	Face Value (Rs.)	Nos.	Face Value (Rs.)	Nos.	Face Value (Rs.)			
Investments measured at Amortised Cost		•	1	•	•	•	•	ı	•	1
Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)		•	I	I	I	I	I	1	•	•
Investments Measured at Fair Value Through OCI (FVTOCI)										
(i) Jannat Fabrics and Apparels P Ltd.,	Subsidiary	22,68,830	10	1	1	I	1	9,63,52,223	1	I
(ii) Twenty Twenty Trading LLP	Subsidiary	42,76,405	NA	I	1	I	•	89,91,824	1	1
Other Investments (Carried at cost)										
(i) Netaji Apparel Park	Others	1,775	10	10 1,775	10	10 1,775	10	35,10,000	35,10,000	35,10,000
		Aggre	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	ount of t	Inquote	d invest	ments	10,88,54,047	35,10,000	35,10,000
		Agg	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	mount (of quote	d invest	ments	I	1	I
	Aggre	Aggregate market value amount of quoted investments	t value a	mount o	of quote	d invest	ments	I	I	I
							Total	Total 10,88,54,047	35,10,000	35,10,000
Note										

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Board of Directors of the Company had approved acquisition of 91.9% stake in Jannat Fabrics & Apparels Private Limited .

The Company entered into a strategic partnership with Twenty Twenty Trading LLP by way of acquisition of 74% stake. The said acquisition was done through purchasing the stake in LLP from its Promoters.

STATUTORY REPORT

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Note 4

Non Current Financial Assets - Loans & Advances

PARTICULARS	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	1 April 2019
Secured, considered good		-	-
Unsecured, considered good	45,45,000.00	48,85,000.00	49,15,000.00
Loans receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-	-
	45,45,000.00	48,85,000.00	49,15,000.00

Note 5

Non Current Financial Assets - Deposits

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Deposits to related party - unsecured, considered good	-	-	-
Security Deposits	63,970	63,970	27,220
Unsecured, considered doubtful	-	-	-
Provision for doubtful deposits	-	-	-
Total	63,970	63,970	27,220

Note 6

Other non current assets

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Long term trade receivables (including trade receivables on deferred credit terms)	-	-	-
Preliminary Expenses not written off	-	-	9,49,897
Total	-	-	9,49,897.00

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Note 7

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	Note	31.0	31.03.2021	31.0	31.03.2020	01.0	01.04.2019	Mode of
Particulars	No.	Qty	Value	Qty	Value	Qty	Value	Valuation
a. Raw Materials and		1,52,632	3,08,31,664	1,47,088	2,98,58,766	70,895	1,36,11,840	
components Valued at Rs.202/- per Kg.(P. Year Rs.203)	Kgs	1,52,632	3,08,31,664	1,47,088	2,98,58,766	70,895	1,36,11,840	
b. Work-in-progress								
Valued at Rs.220/-		1,15,331	2,53,72,820	1,12,382	2,51,73,626	73,209	1,59,59,562	or NRV
Per ng.(F.Tear Rs.224)	Kgs	1,15,331	2,53,72,820	1,12,382	2,51,73,626	73,209	1,59,59,562 whichever	whichever
c. Finished goods		16,96,050	15,66,54,716	20,32,057	20,23,61,908	15,54,569	14,60,89,718	IS lower
Valued at Rs.92.36/- Per Piece (P.Year Rs.99.58/-)	Pieces	Pieces 16,96,050.00		20,32,057.00	15,66,54,716.00 20,32,057.00 20,23,61,908.00 15,54,569.00 14,60,89,718.00	15,54,569.00	14,60,89,718.00	
Total			21,28,59,200.00		25,73,94,300.00		17,56,61,120.00	



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Note 8

Current Financial Assets - Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020	As at 01.04.2019
	Amount	Amount	Amount
- From Related Parties	-	-	-
- From Others	24,29,36,520	18,04,45,448	8,82,74,315
Total	24,29,36,520	18,04,45,448	8,82,74,315
Break-up for security details:			
Secured, considered good	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	24,29,36,520	18,04,45,448	8,82,74,315
Trade receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-	-
Impairment allowance			
Credit Impaired	-	-	-
Ageing			
Not Exceeding Six Months	20,61,21,994	17,70,76,317	8,47,36,567
Exceeding Six Months	3,68,14,526	33,69,131	35,37,748
Total	24,29,36,520	18,04,45,448	8,82,74,315

Note 9

Current Financial Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021		
	Amount	Amount	Amount
Balances with Banks in current accounts (of the nature of cash and cash equivalents);	51,17,942	30,69,553	61,082
Cash on hand	4,32,281	7,84,058	8,99,169
Total	55,50,223	38,53,612	9,60,251

Note 10

Current Financial Assets - Advances

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020	
Loans and advances to employees	-	-	-
Secured, considered good	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	11,77,058	30,73,461	45,94,206
Loans receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-	-
Grand Total	11,77,058	30,73,461	45,94,206



(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Note 11

Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020	
Deposits with Revenue Authorities	31,25,450	89,19,051	68,81,094
Grand Total	31,25,450	89,19,051	68,81,094

Note 12

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

	31.	03.2021	31.	03.2020	01.04.2019	
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
Authorised Share Capital	1,10,00,000	11,00,00,000	1,10,00,000	11,00,00,000	40,00,000	4,00,00,000
lssued Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital	1,00,38,405	10,03,84,050	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
Subscribed Share Capital	1,00,38,405	10,03,84,050	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
Fully Paid-up Share Capital	1,00,38,405	10,03,84,050	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
Subscribed but not fully paid-up			-	-	-	-
Reconciliation of Share	es outstandir	ig at the beginni	ng and at th	e end of the yea	r	
Balance at the beginning of the year	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
Issued during the year	73,46,135	7,34,61,350	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,00,38,405	10,03,84,050	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700

b.) Terms/Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per equity share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

c.) Shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than five per cent shares

Name of the Shareholder	31.03.2021		31.0	31.03.2020		01.04.2019	
	No.	% of Holding	No.	% of Holding	No.	% of Holding	
Shri.Prem Dinanath Aggarwal	37,14,330	37.00%	10,51,220	39.05%	10,51,220	39.05%	
Shikha Aggarwal Prem	12,18,000	12.13%	2,37,000	8.80%	2,37,000	8.80%	
Manju Jayantilal Lodha	1,28,657	1.28%	1,64,000	6.09%	-	-	
Jayantilal Hansraj Lodha	2,37,264	2.36%	1,44,000	5.35%	-	-	
Total	52,98,251	52.78%	15,96,220	59.29%	12,88,220	47.85%	

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

As per the Companies Act, 2013, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in the event of liquidation of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders

- **d)** There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.
- e) There is no dividend paid or proposed during the year and during the previous year.

f) Details of Share Warrants

The company has issued 4000000 share warrants of Rs.40/- to 44 individuals and received Rs.84212500/-

Name of the Person	31.0	03.2021 31.03.2		3.2020	01.04.2019	
	Amount Received	% of Amount Received	Amount Received	% of Amount Received	Amount Received	
Shri.Prem Aggarwal	-	0.00%	2,42,50,000	28.80%	-	0.00%
Shikha Aggarwal	-	0.00%	2,30,50,000	27.37%	-	0.00%
Other Non - Promoters`	-	0.00%	3,69,12,500	43.83%	-	0.00%
Total	-	0.00%	8,42,12,500	100.00%	-	0.00%

OTHER EQUITY	Equity	Changes in	Res	erves and Sur	plus
	Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Own Credit Risk of Financial Liabilities measured at FVPL	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	TOTAL
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2018-19		-	-	-	-
Restated balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028
Profit for the year 2019-2020	-	-	-	2,42,50,521	2,42,50,521
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2019-2020	(10,01,033)		-	-	(10,01,033)
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	(10,01,033)	-	60,00,000	6,05,92,549	6,55,91,516
Profit for the year 2020-21	-	-	-	5,46,57,788	5,46,57,788
Premium Received on Issue of Shares	-	-	12,00,00,000	-	12,00,00,000
Bonus Issue	-	-	-	(3,34,61,350)	(3,34,61,350)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2020-21	1,11,79,860	-	-	-	1,11,79,860
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	1,01,78,827	-	12,60,00,000	14,87,11,687	21,79,67,814



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

1. Securities Premium Reserve:

Securities Premium reserve is created on issue of equity share capital. The reserve will be utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

In terms of our report attached For N B T & Co Chartered Accountants	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors				
-Sd-	-Sd-	-Sd-	-Sd-		
Arpit Tapadiya	Prem Aggarwal	Shikha Aggarwal	Aditya Aggarwal		
Partner	Managing Director	Director	CFO		
Membership No-182428	DIN: 02050297	DIN: 03373965	PAN: BQJPA0155L		
Firm Regd. No. 140489W					
		-Sd-			

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021 Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021 K. Lakshmi Priya Company Secretary PAN:BBRPP6162M

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Note 13

Non Current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Secured			
From Banks	1,18,83,293	1,72,89,296	2,25,10,408
From Others	-	-	-
Loans and advances from Directors	-	-	-
	1,18,83,293	1,72,89,296	2,25,10,408
In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date in repayment of loans and interest with respect to above			
1. Period of default	-	-	-
2. Amount	-	-	-
Unsecured			
From Banks	-	-	-
From Financial Institutions	-	29,31,291	-
From Directors	78,50,000	65,80,000	2,10,10,000
Terms of Repayment has not been entered into between the parties			
From Other Related Parties	-	-	6,00,000
(None of the above, is guaranteed by Directors and / or others)			
Terms of Repayment has not been entered into between the parties			
	78,50,000	95,11,291	2,16,10,000
In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date in repayment of loans and interest with respect to above			
1. Period of default	-	-	-
2. Amount	-	-	-
Total	1,97,33,292.98	2,68,00,587.37	4,41,20,408.27

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Note 14

Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)

The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:

PARTICULARS	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	1 April 2019
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(6,35,452)	(6,65,737)	(2,70,584)
Disallowance under Section 43B and 40(a) (ia) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	(3,25,528)	(50,000)	92,016
Provision for Gratuity	18,38,022	14,42,192	5,19,387
Provision for Bonus	3,50,000		
Total	12,27,042	7,26,455	3,40,819
Deferred Tax (Liability)/Assets Impact	3,08,822	1,82,834	1,07,017
Reflected in the Balance Sheet as follows:			
Deferred Tax Liabilities(Net)	44,659	2,74,286	5,43,647
Reconciliation of Deferred Tax Liabilities			
At the start of the year	2,74,286	5,43,647	6,43,332
Change/(Credit) to Statement of Profit and Loss	(2,29,627)	(2,69,361)	(99,685)
Net deferred tax assets / liabilities	44,659	2,74,286	5,43,647

* Earlier Year Effect has been given in current year

Note 15

Other Non Current Liabilities

Particulars	Note No.	Current		
		31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Gratuity Provision		41,59,911	26,91,510	13,76,508
Total		41,59,911	26,91,510	13,76,508

Note 16

Current Financial Liabilities -Borrowings

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
	Amount	Amount	Amount
Secured			
From banks			
(a) Loans repayable on demand	15,47,42,092	13,64,74,833	12,15,04,434
(Secured by hypothecation of inventories, book debts and machineries)			
(of the above, entire amount is guaranteed by Directors and/ or others)			



(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	0 01.04.2019
	Amount	Amount	Amount
(b) Term Loans	19,86,933	14,60,513	1,42,276
Terms of Repayment: 33 months)			
(of the above, ` entire amount is guaranteed by Directors and / or others)			
From other parties	-	-	-
From Director/Related Parties	-	-	-
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	1,09,65,373	1,64,73,911	88,10,854
	16,76,94,398	15,44,09,257	13,04,57,564
In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date to above	in repayment of it	ans and interest	t with respect
	-	-	-
to above	- -	-	
to above 1. Period of default	- -		
to above 1. Period of default 2. Amount	- - -	- - -	- - -
to above 1. Period of default 2. Amount Unsecured	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -
to above 1. Period of default 2. Amount Unsecured From banks	- - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - -
to above 1. Period of default 2. Amount Unsecured From banks From other parties		-	-
to above 1. Period of default 2. Amount Unsecured From banks From other parties From Director/Related Parties In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date		-	-
to above 1. Period of default 2. Amount Unsecured From banks From other parties From Director/Related Parties In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date (a) (b) & (d)		-	-

Note 17

Current Financial Liabilities - Trade Payables

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
	Amount	Amount	Amount
1. Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	31,69,725	14,69,213	22,467
2. Total outstanding dues of Other than micro enterprises and small enterprises			
(i) Creditors for Goods			
Payables within next 12 months	6,87,93,596	11,38,75,896	5,43,91,980
Payables after 12 months	-	-	-
(ii) Creditors for Expenses			
Payables within next 12 months	45,11,476	72,21,627	4,80,611
Payables after 12 months	63,248	2,65,575	-
(iv) Creditors for others			
Payables within next 12 months	-	-	-
Payables after 12 months	-	-	-
Grand Total	7,65,38,045.09	12,28,32,311.65	5,48,95,057.76



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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Note 18

Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	Note No.		Current	
		31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Advances from Contractors & Suppliers		27,61,263	5,63,001	11,50,147
Statutory Dues Payable		6,02,103	2,55,126	1,66,865
Grand Total		33,63,365.54	8,18,126.56	13,17,012.00

Note 19

Provisions- Current

Particulars	Note No.		Current	
	NOLE NO.	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
(a) Provision for employee benefits		5,74,472	5,50,000	6,00,000
(b) Others (Specify nature)				
- Provision for Taxation		2,05,21,510	98,26,716	44,78,011
- Provision for Audit Fees		1,25,000	1,25,000	1,25,000
- Provision for Gratuity		6,64,831	2,95,210	1,68,020
Grand Total		2,18,85,813	1,07,96,926	53,71,031

Note 20

Revenue from Operations

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Sales		
Sales of Products		
-Domestic	1,06,30,68,758	93,47,71,226
-Export	-	-
Sales of Services		
-Domestic	17,20,102	7,80,028
-Export	-	-
Other Operating Revenue		
Less: Discount	18,20,819	-
Total	1,06,29,68,040	93,55,51,254

Note 21

Other Income

Particulars		31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Rental Income		15,60,000	6,00,000
Other Income		1,02,097	-
	Total	16,62,097	6,00,000

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Note 22

Cost of Material consumed

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Cost of Material consumed		
Raw Materials and Stores		
Opening Stock	2,98,58,766	1,36,11,840
Purchase	83,55,28,140	88,45,33,434
Less- Closing stock of materials meant for consumption	3,08,31,664	2,98,58,766
Consumption of Material	83,45,55,242	86,82,86,508

Note 23

Changes in inventories of finished goods and stock-in-trade

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Stock-in-Trade		
Opening Stock of Work in Progress	2,51,73,626	1,59,59,562
Opening Stock of Finished Goods	20,23,61,908	14,60,89,718
Closing Stock of Work in progress	2,53,72,820	2,51,73,626
Closing Stock of Finished Goods	15,66,54,716	20,23,61,908
Total	4,55,07,998	(6,54,86,254)

Note 24

Employee Benefits Expense

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
(A) Salaries, Wages And Incentives Incl Bonus	88,23,013	97,99,764
(B) Contributions To -		
(I) Provident Fund (II) Superannuation Scheme	47,034	36,921
(C) Gratuity Fund Contributions	7,02,532	4,41,159
(D) Social Security And Other Benefit Plans For Overseas Employees	-	-
(E) Expense On Employee Stock Option Scheme (Esop) And Employee Stock Purchase Plan (Espp),	-	-
(F) Staff Welfare Expenses	16,68,760	4,26,273
Total	1,12,41,339	1,07,04,117



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Defined Contribution Plans

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans, recognised as expense for the year is as under

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	-	-
Defined Benefit Plan		
(i) Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of Defined Benefit Obligation		
Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the year	29,86,720	15,44,528
Interest Cost	1,80,398	1,15,376
Current Service Cost	5,22,134	3,25,783
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Demographic Assumptions	(16,059)	
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	99,969	1,97,276
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience Adjustment	10,51,580	8,03,757
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	48,24,742	29,86,720
(ii) Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Per	riod	
Current Service Cost	5,22,134	3,25,783
Net Interest Cost	1,80,398	1,15,376
Past Service Cost - Recognized	-	-
(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments And Settlements	-	-
Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss	7,02,532	4,41,159
(ii) Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Incom	e for Current Period	
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	11,35,490	10,01,033
Expenses Recognized in the Statement of OCI	11,35,490	10,01,033
Actuarial Assumptions		
Expected Return on Plan Assets	NA	NA
Rate of Discounting	6.26%	6.04%
Rate of Salary Increase	7.00%	6.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	10.00%	5.00%
Retirement Age	58 Years	58 Years
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Li (2006-08) U	
Mortality Rate After Employment	NA	NA

Note 25

Finance Cost

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Interest Expense	1,65,10,863	1,57,04,687
Other Borrowing Costs	6,51,518	15,72,492
Chit Discounts	-	-
Total	1,71,62,380.92	1,72,77,179.13

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Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Rent	28,76,100	35,17,300
Total	28,76,100.00	35,17,300.00
Note 27		
Other Expenses		
Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Administrative and General Expenses		
Professional and Consultancy	58,24,406	46,32,397
Rates and Taxes	6,43,944	13,58,701
Power and Fuel	3,55,755	2,41,932
Printing and Stationery	1,71,542	1,63,376
Insurance Expenses	5,71,431	3,96,392
Postage and Telegram	6,68,148	6,60,680
Freight and forwarding Charges	16,06,384	3,55,305
Repairs To Buildings	12,10,058	6,30,436
Repairs To Machinery (Electrical Maintenance)	11,53,759	9,82,727
Vehicle Maintenance	2,37,752	5,22,400
Other Maintenance	5,49,364	6,15,387
Other Manufacturing Expenses	3,55,57,795	3,70,46,114
Managing Director Remuneration	45,00,000	30,00,000
Directors Remuneration	72,00,000	57,00,000
Discount	8,02,568	13,16,235
Security Charges	78,600	6,000
Water Charges To Nap	1,62,960	2,74,140
Electricity And Lightings	4,26,737	4,23,642
Miscellaneous Expenses	32,17,978	1,41,271
Preliminary & Pre Operative Expenses written off	-	9,49,897
Selling and Distribution Expenses		
Advertisement and Sales promotion	84,48,854	25,40,687
Travelling and Conveyance	17,36,354	32,88,623
Auditor's Remuneration:		
(i) For audit	75,000	75,000
(ii) For taxation matters	50,000	50,000
(iii) For Certification services	-	
(vi) Company Law Matters & Others	-	-
Total	7,52,49,389	6,53,71,343



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Exceptional Items			
Particulars	Note No.	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Convert stock in trade (land) in to Investment property		-	-
Total		-	-
Note 29			
Tax Expense			
Particulars	Note No.	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Current tax expense		2,05,21,510	98,26,716
Deferred Tax		2,29,627	(2,69,361)
Adjustment in respect of Previous Year		2,54,294	2,08,279
Total		2,10,05,431	97,65,634
Income tax expense attributable to:			
Profit from Continuing Operations		5,46,57,788	2,42,50,521
Profit from Discontinuing Operations		-	-
Total		5,46,57,788	2,42,50,521
Total current tax expense comprises of the following:			
Current Tax relating to current reporting period		2,05,21,510	98,26,716
Total Deferred Tax expense / (benefits) comprises of the following:			
Amount of deferred tax expense (income) relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences		(2,29,627)	(2,69,361)

Note 30

Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
a) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
i) Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	(11,35,490)	(10,01,033)
ii) Fair value gains/ (losses) on equity instruments	1,23,15,350	-
Total	1,11,79,860	(10,01,033)

31 Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitment

(i) There is no contingent liabilities as at 31st March, 2021, as at 31st March, 2020 and as at 1st April, 2019.

(ii) Capital Commitments

There is no capital commitments as at 31st March, 2021, as at 31st March, 2020 and as at 1st April, 2019.

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Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Net Profit after tax attributable to Equity Shareholders for Basic EPS and Diluted EPS (Rs. In Lacs)	5,46,57,788	2,42,50,521
	5,46,57,788	2,42,50,521
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares (Face Value Rs. 10/-)	80,87,615	26,92,270
Earning Per Share in Rupees - Basic and diluted	6.76	9.01
Face Value of per Equity Share (in Rs.)	10.00	10.00

33 Employee Benefit Expenses:

Short Term Employee Benefit Expenses

Par	ticulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
(A)	Salaries, Wages And Incentives Incl Bonus	88,23,013	97,99,764
(B)	Contributions To -		
	(I) Provident Fund (II) Superannuation Scheme	47,034	36,921
(C)	Gratuity Fund Contributions	7,02,532	4,41,159
(D)	Social Security And Other Benefit Plans For Overseas Employees	-	-
(E)	Expense On Employee Stock Option Scheme (Esop) And Employee Stock Purchase Plan (Espp),	-	-
(F)	Staff Welfare Expenses	16,68,760	4,26,273
	Total	1,12,41,339	1,07,04,117

34 Segment Information:

No separate disclosure for Segment Reporting to be made in the financial statements of the Company.

35 Provisions:

Disclosures as required by Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:-

Movement in Provisions:

Nature of Provision	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Income Tax Provision:			
Provision during the year	2,05,21,510	98,26,716	44,78,011
Total	2,05,21,510	98,26,716	44,78,011



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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

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36 Related Party Disclosure:

(i)

Parties which significantly influence / are influenced by the company (either individually or with others) -

- Key Management Personnel **Designation** a Miss. K. Lakshmi Priya **Company Secretary** b Mr. Aditya Aggarwal CFO Mr.Prem Dinanath Aggarwal Managing Director С d Miss Shikha Aggarwal Director e Ms.Ashmita Agarwal Director f Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal Independent Director Independent Director g Mr. Subramanian Thirumurugan h Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal Independent Director
- (ii) Companies/Entities under the Control of Key Management Personnel
 - a Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited
 - b Beatle Apparels
 - c Twenty Twenty LLP

Note:- Related party transaction with related parties during the year ended on 31.03.2021

Deta	ails of Transactions	31.03.2021 Rs.	31.03.2020 Rs.
1	Loan Taken	2,33,84,273	5,29,05,470
2	Loans Repaid	1,15,34,273	6,79,28,000
3	Remuneration	1,30,40,000	91,79,990
4	Rent	13,20,000	16,70,000
5	Purchases	39,78,95,807	21,21,93,971
6	Rent Received	15,60,000	7,08,000
7	Sales	-	12,81,790
Out	standing Balances		
Uns	secured Loans	78,50,000	65,80,000
Tra	de Payable	2,79,62,712	89,62,512

* Negative Balance Exhibits Debit Balance Outstanding

i)	Details of Transactions		31.03.2021 Rs.	31.03.2020 Rs.
	1	Loan Taken		
		Mr. Prem Aggarwal	1,05,21,103	3,51,60,000
		Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	1,50,300	1,02,68,000
		Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	62,870	-
		Ms.Ashmita Agarwal	1,26,50,000	74,77,470



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Det	ails of Transactions	31.03.2021 Rs.	31.03.2020 Rs.	
2	Loans Repaid			
	Mr. Prem Aggarwal	1,13,21,103	4,80,60,000	
	Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	1,50,300	1,06,28,000	
	Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	62,870	6,00,000	
	Ms.Ashmita Agarwal		86,40,000	
3	Remuneration			
	Mr. Prem Aggarwal	45,00,000	30,00,000	
	Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	45,00,000	30,00,000	
	Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	8,00,000		
	Miss. K. Lakshmi Priya	5,40,000	4,79,990	
	Ms.Ashmita Agarwal	27,00,000	27,00,000	
4	Rent			
	Mr. Prem Aggarwal	12,00,000	12,00,000	
	Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	-	3,50,000	
	Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited	1,20,000	1,20,000	
5	Purchases			
	Jannat Fabrics and Apparels Private Limited	26,04,06,511	20,27,31,621	
	Twenty Twenty Trading LLP	11,27,79,509	5,26,156	
	Beatle Apparels	2,47,09,787	89,36,194	
6	Sales			
	Twenty Twenty Trading LLP	-	12,81,790	
7	Rent Received			
	Twenty Twenty Trading LLP	15,60,000	7,08,000	

37 Operating Leases :

The Company has taken certain premises under cancellable lease which later than one year but not later than five years. The rental expense under such operating leases during the year Rs.28,76,100- (Previous Year 35,17,300/-).

38 In accordance with the India Accounting Standards (AS-2) "Valuation of Inventories", in relation to Raw materials, work in progress, finished goods, packing materials, stores, spares, components, consumables and stock-in-trade are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.



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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

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39 First Time adoption to Ind AS

1 Basis of preparation

For all period upto the year ended 31st March, 2020, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 are the Company's first annual Ind AS financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements, which comply with Ind AS, applicable for periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2019 as described in the accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, the Company's opening Balance Sheet was prepared as at 1st April, 2019, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Indian GAAP Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2019 and its previous Indian GAAP financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

2 **Exemptions Applied**

Ind AS 101 "First - time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards "allows first -time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The Company has applied the following exemptions: Property, plant and equipment:- The Company has elected to apply Indian GAAP carrying amount as deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS for its property, plant and equipment.

3 Mandatory exceptions applied

The following mandatory exceptions have been applied in accordance with Ind AS 101 in preparing the financial statements.

1) Estimates:- The Company's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error. Ind AS estimates as at 1st April, 2019 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with Indian GAAP except where Ind AS required a different basis for estimates as compared to the Indian GAAP.

2) Classification and measurement of financial assets:- The Company has classified the financial assets in accordance with Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" on the basis of facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS.

4 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities:

The Company has opted for historical cost of Property, Plant and Equipment / intangible assets as per Previous GAAP as the deemed cost on the opening balance sheet date. The carrying amounts of those assets are given below

Company has applied the de-recognition requirements of financial assets and financial liabilities prospectively for transactions occurring on or after 1st April, 2019 (the transition date).



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5 Impairment of financial assets

The Company has applied the impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 retrospectively; however, as permitted by Ind AS 101, it has used reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that financial instruments were initially recognised in order to compare it with the credit risk at the transition date. Further, the Company has not undertaken an exhaustive search for information when determining, at the date of transition to Ind AS whether there have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition, as permitted by Ind AS 101.

• Deemed Cost for PPE, CWIP and Intangible Assets under development:

S.	Class of Property Plant and Equipment	W.D.V.
No.		As at 31.03.2021
1	Building	1,87,32,736
2	Furniture & Fittings, Electrical Fittings, Office Equipment	73,58,766
3	Plant and Equipment	25,24,841
4	Vehicles	31,86,941
5	Computer	8,56,362
6	Miscellaneous Assets	234
	Total	3,26,59,880

a. Transition to IND AS:

As stated in Note 2 (a) above, the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 are the first financial statements prepared in compliance with IND AS.

All applicable INDAS have been applied consistently. The resulting difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities under Ind AS and Indian GAAP as of transition date have been recognised directly in equity at the transition date. Reconciliation:

The following reconciliations provide a quantification of the effect of significant differences arising from the transition from Indian GAAP to IND AS in accordance with IND AS 101:

- Equity as at 1st April, 2019
- Equity as at 31st March, 2020
- Profit for the year ended 31st march 2020, and
- Explanations of material adjustments

In the reconciliation mentioned below, certain reclassifications have been made to Indian GAAP Financial information to align with Ind AS presentation:



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

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Note no - 40 Disclosure as required by IND AS 101 First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard

I EQUITY RECONCILIATION : 31ST MARCH, 2020

Par	ticulars	As at 31-03-2020 IGAAP	Adjustment	As at 31-03-2020 INDAS
۵۵۵	ETS	J1-03-2020 IGAAP		51-05-2020 INDAS
(1)				
(')	Property, Plant and Equipment	3,32,04,878	-	3,32,04,878
	Intangible Assets under development		-	3,32,04,070
	Financial Assets			
	(i) Investments	35,10,000	-	35,10,000
	(ii) Long Term Loan & Advances	48,85,000	_	48,85,000
	Other Non Current Asset	40,00,000		+0,00,000
	Deferred Tax Assets (net)	63,970	(63,970)	
(2)	Current Assets	05,570	(03,570)	
(2)	Inventories	25,73,94,300		25,73,94,300
	Financial Assets	23,73,94,300		23,73,94,300
	(i) Investments		-	
	(i) Trade Receivables	18,04,45,448	-	18,04,45,448
	(ii) Cash and cash Equivalents	38,53,612	-	38,53,612
	(iii)Bank balances other than (ii) above	56,55,012	-	50,55,012
	(iv) Loans	-	-	
	(v) Others financial assets	-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Other current assets	1,19,92,513	(30,73,461)	89,19,051
	TOTAL ASSETS	49,53,49,721	(31,37,431)	49,22,12,290
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	49,55,49,721	(31,37,431)	49,22,12,290
	Equity		-	
		2 (0 22 700	-	2 (0 22 70)
	Equity Share Capital	2,69,22,700	-	2,69,22,700
	Other Equity	6,55,91,516	(0)	6,55,91,516
	Money received against share warrants	8,42,12,500	-	8,42,12,500
	Total Equity	17,67,26,716	(0)	17,67,26,716
	Liabilities			
	(1) Non-Current Liabilities	2 62 02 527		2 62 22 52
	Long Term Borrowings	2,68,00,587	-	2,68,00,587
	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	2,74,286	-	2,74,286
	(2) Current Liabilities			
	Financial Liabilities		-	
	(i) Borrowings	13,79,35,346	0	13,79,35,346
	(ii) Trade Payables	12,28,32,312	-	12,28,32,312
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	
	Other Current Liabilities	1,72,92,038	(1,64,73,911)	8,18,127
	Provisions	1,34,88,436	(26,91,510)	1,07,96,926
	Total Liabilities	31,86,23,005	(1,91,65,421)	29,94,57,584
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	49,53,49,721	(1,91,65,421)	47,61,84,300

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EQUITY RECONCILIATION : 1ST APRIL, 2019

	Particulars	As at 31-03-2019 IGAAP	Adjustment	As at 31-03-2019 INDAS
ASS	ETS			
(1)	Non-Current Assets			
	Property, Plant and Equipment	2,15,72,852	-	2,15,72,852
	Investment Property	-	-	-
	Intangible Assets under development	-	-	-
	Financial Assets			
	(i) Investments	35,10,000	-	35,10,000
	(ii) Advances	49,15,000	-	49,15,000
	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	-	-
	Non Current Asset	9,77,117	(27,220)	9,49,897
(2)	Current Assets		-	
	Inventories	17,56,61,120	-	17,56,61,120
	Financial Assets		-	
	(i) Investments	-	-	-
	(i) Trade Receivables	8,82,74,315	-	8,82,74,315
	(ii) Cash and cash Equivalents	9,60,251	-	9,60,251
	(iii)Bank balances other than (ii) above	-	-	-
	(iv) Loans	-	-	-
	(v) Others financial assets	-	-	-
	Current Tax Assets (Net)	-	-	-
	Other current assets	1,14,75,300	(45,94,206)	68,81,094
	Assets classified as held for sale		-	
	TOTAL ASSETS	30,73,45,955	(46,21,426)	30,27,24,529
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		-	
	Equity		-	
	Equity Share Capital	2,69,22,700	-	2,69,22,700
	Preference Shares	-	-	-
	Other Equity	4,23,42,028	-	4,23,42,028
	Total Equity	6,92,64,728	-	6,92,64,728
	Liabilities			
	(1) Non-Current Liabilities			
	Long Term Borrowings	4,41,20,408		4,41,20,408
	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	5,43,647	-	5,43,647
	Other non-current liabilities	-	-	-



(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2019 IGAAP	Adjustment	As at 31-03-2019 INDAS
(2) Current Liabilities		-	
Financial Liabilities		-	
(i) Borrowings	12,16,46,710	88,10,854	13,04,57,564
(ii) Trade Payables	5,48,95,057	-	5,48,95,057
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-
Other Current Liabilities	1,01,27,866	(88,10,854)	13,17,012
Provisions	67,47,539	(13,76,508)	53,71,031
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	23,80,81,227	(13,76,508)	23,67,04,719
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	30,73,45,955	(13,76,508)	30,59,69,447

iii Effect of Ind AS adoption on statements of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31.03.2020

	Particulars	Previous GAAP	Effect of Transition to Ind AS	IND AS
I	INCOME			
	Revenue from Operations	93,55,51,254	-	93,55,51,254
	Other Income	6,00,000	-	6,00,000
	TOTAL INCOME	93,61,51,254	-	93,61,51,254
П	EXPENSES			
	Cost of Material consumed	86,82,86,508	-	86,82,86,508
	Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in-Trade and Work-in-Progress	(6,54,86,254)	-	(6,54,86,254)
	Employee Benefit expenses	1,17,05,150	(10,01,033)	1,07,04,117
	Finance Cost	1,72,77,179	-	1,72,77,179
	Depreciation and Amortisation expenses	24,64,906	-	24,64,906
	Other Expenses	6,88,88,643	(35,17,300)	6,53,71,343
	TOTAL EXPENSES	90,31,36,131	(45,18,333)	89,86,17,798
	PROFIT BEFORE TAX	3,30,15,122	45,18,333	3,75,33,455
Ш	TAX EXPENSE			
	(1) Current Tax	98,26,716	-	98,26,716
	(2) Deferred Tax	(2,69,361)	-	(2,69,361)
	(3) Short Provision for Income Tax of Earlier Year	2,08,279	-	2,08,279
	TOTAL TAX EXPENSE	97,65,634	-	97,65,634
	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	2,32,49,488	45,18,333	2,77,67,821
IV	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	-		
	(a) Gains and Losses on Investments in Equity Instrument is classified as FVOCI	-	(10,01,033)	(10,01,033)
	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL	-	(10,01,033)	(10,01,033)
	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2,32,49,488	35,17,300	2,67,66,788



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40 A. Financial risk management

The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of market risk (including foreign currency risk and interest risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

i. Market Risk

Market rate is the risk that arises from changes in market prices, such as commodity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates etc. and will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposure within acceptable parameters, while optimising returns.

a. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Currently company not take any loan facility and use own fund for its business so interest risk is very low.

b. Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Company not do any transaction in foreign currency so company has no risk.

ii. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The Company performs on-going credit evaluation of its counterparties' financial conditions. The Company's major classes of financial assets are cash and bank balances, trade receivables, Security deposits, Advances to Suppliers and Employees, Unbilled Revenues and prepayments.

As at the reporting date, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

As at the reporting date, substantially all the cash and bank balances as detailed in Note 8 to the financial information are held in major Banks which are regulated and located in the India, which management believes are of high credit quality.

iii. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's management of working capital. It is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company has obtained fund based and non-fund based working capital credit facility from various banks. Company's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due. The principal liabilities of the Company arise in respect of the trade and other payables. Trade and other payables are all payable within 12 months.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate surplus, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecasts and actual cash flows.

The Company has a system of regularly forecasting cash inflows and outflows and all liquidity requirements are planned.

Forecast for trade and other payables is regularly monitored to ensure timely funding.

All payments are made within due dates.

The Board receives cash flow projections on a regular basis as well as information on cash balances.



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41 Capital Risk Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to support its businesses and maximise shareholder value. To achieve this objective, the Company may make adjustments to the capital structure in view of changes in economic conditions, such as adjusting the amount of dividend payment, returning of capital to shareholders or issuing new shares.

Currently, Company have no debt in company and use own capital and reserve and surplus.

42 Financial Instruments measurements and disclosures

Financial Instruments by Category As on March 31, 2021	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments				
Unquoted Equity Share	-	10,53,44,047	-	10,53,44,047
Not Measured at Fair Value				
Unquoted Equity Share			35,10,000	35,10,000
Long Term Advances		-	45,45,000	45,45,000
Trade Receivables	-	-	24,29,36,520	24,29,36,520
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	55,50,223	55,50,223
Deposits	-	-	-	
Short Term Advances	-	-	11,77,058	11,77,05
Total	-	10,53,44,047	25,77,18,802	36,30,62,849
Financial liabilities:				
Not measured at fair value				
Long Term Borrowings	-	-	1,97,33,293	1,97,33,293
Short Term Borrowings			16,76,94,398	16,76,94,398
Trade Payable	-	-	7,65,38,045	7,65,38,04
Other Current Liabilities	-	-	1,09,65,373	1,09,65,373
Total	-	-	27,49,31,109	27,49,31,109

Financial Instruments by Category As on March 31, 2020	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Not Measured at Fair Value				
Unquoted Equity Shares			35,10,000	
Long Term Advances	-	-	48,85,000	48,85,000
Trade Receivables	-	-	18,04,45,448	18,04,45,448
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	38,53,612	38,53,612
Deposits	-	-	-	-
Short Term Advances	-	-	30,73,461	30,73,461
Total	-	-	19,57,67,521	19,57,67,521



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Financial liabilities:				
Not measured at fair value				
Long Term Borrowings	-	-	2,68,00,587	2,68,00,587
Short Term Borrowings			15,44,09,257	15,44,09,257
Trade Payable	-	-	12,28,32,312	12,28,32,312
Other Current Liabilities	-	-	1,64,73,911	1,64,73,911
Total	-	-	32,05,16,068	32,05,16,068
Financial Instruments by Category As on April 01, 2019	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	
Not Measured at Fair Value				
Unquoted Equity Shares			35,10,000	
Long Term Advances	-	-	49,15,000	49,15,000
Trade Receivables	-	-	8,82,74,315	8,82,74,315
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	9,60,251	9,60,25 1
Deposits	-	-	-	
Short Term Advances	-	-	45,94,206	45,94,206
Total	-	-	10,22,53,772	10,22,53,772
Financial liabilities:				
Not measured at fair value				
Long Term Borrowings			4,41,20,408	4,41,20,408
Short Term Borrowings			13,04,57,564	13,04,57,564
Trade Payable	-	-	5,48,95,058	5,48,95,058
Other Current Liabilities	-	-	88,10,854	88,10,854
Total	-	-	23,82,83,884	23,82,83,884

b) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, it also includes the financial instruments which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed.

As on March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments				
Equity Share	-	-	10,53,44,047.00	10,53,44,047.00
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Total	-	-	10,53,44,047.00	10,53,44,047.00
Financial liabilities:	· ·			

Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)



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As on March 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Total	-	-	-	-

Financial liabilities:

Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)

As on April 01, 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Total	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities:				
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Footnotes:				

i) The Company has not disclosed the fair value of financial instruments such as trade receivables, trade payables, advances, security deposits, other current assets and liabilities etc. because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

c) Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

- i) **Level 1**: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices in an active market. This included listed equity instruments, traded debentures and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including debentures) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.
- ii) Level 2: Level 2 hierarchy includes financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds/ debentures, over the counter derivatives). The fair value in this hierarchy is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level
- ii) Level 3: If one or more of the significant Inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. Financial instruments such as unlisted equity shares, loans are included in this hierarchy.



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d) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- a) the use of quoted market prices for the equity instruments
- b) the fair value of the unlisted shares are determined based on the income approach or the comparable mark approach. For these unquoted investments categorised under Level 3, their respective cost has been considered as an appropriate estimate of fair value because of a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range.
- c) the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using the discounted cash flow analysis
- **43** Gratuity And Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

The Company operates gratuity plan in a way wherein every employee is entitled to the benefit equivalent to fifteen days salary last drawn for each completed year of service. The same is payable on termination of service or retirement, whichever is earlier. The benefit vests after five years of continuous service. Company only provides from provision and when a sum is payable is paid immediately, No such fund has been created for the purpose of Gratuity Payment.

The Company provides for provision based on the actuarial valuation report.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet :

Net benefit expense recognised through the Statement of Profit and Loss

	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
Current Services Cost	5,22,134	3,25,783
Interest Cost	1,80,398	1,15,376
Actuarial Losses/(Gains)	11,35,490	10,01,033
Total	18,38,022	14,42,192
Expense Recognized in Profit & Loss	7,02,532	4,41,159
Expense Recognized Through OCI	11,35,490	10,01,033

Changes in the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligations (DBO) are as follows:

	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
Opening defined benefit obligation	29,86,720	15,44,528
Interest Cost	1,80,398	1,15,376
Current Service Cost	5,22,134	3,25,783
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on account of:		
Changes in demographic assumptions		
Changes in financial assumptions	(16,059)	-
Experience adjustments	99,969	1,97,276
	10,51,580	8,03,757
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	48,24,742	29,86,720



(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
Balance Sheet Reconciliation		
Opening Net Liability	29,86,720	15,44,528
Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	7,02,532	4,41,159
Expense Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	11,35,490	10,01,033
Benefit Paid	-	-
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	48,24,742	29,86,720

44 i. Non-current assets

All non-current assets of the company are located in India.

ii Going Concern-

The annual financial statement have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations will occur in ordinary course of business

iii Events after the reporting period-

There are no events after the balance sheet date that require disclosures.

iv. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22nd June 2021

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of M/s. Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited (Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited) Report on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements").

of our information and In our opinion and to the best according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2021 and their total comprehensive income (comprising of Consolidated profit and other comprehensive income), their Consolidated changes in equity and their Consolidated cash flows for the year ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

In light of lock down, social distancing or work from home restrictions amid covid-19, thereby putting restrictions

in physical movement and visits to the company offices, Company has provided all the data / information / records as required by us for the purpose of audit using e-data sharing modes. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Other Information

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This

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responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

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Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter



should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure "B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Holding Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from the branches not visited by us.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including comprehensive income), Statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Group does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
 - ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries or there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries.
 - iv. The Holding Company has provided requisite disclosures in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Based on audit procedures and relying on the management representation, we report that the disclosures are in accordance with books of account maintained by the Holding Company and as produced to us by the Management.

For N B T & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. : 140489W

-Sd-

Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No. 182428

Place : Mumbai Date : 22-06-2021 UDIN : 21182428AAAAAP4798

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ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS JUNCTION FABRICS AND APPARELS LIMITED)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries companies as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For N B T & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. : 140489W

-Sd-Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No. 182428

Place : Mumbai Date : 22-06-2021 UDIN : 21182428AAAAAP4798

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"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in our report of even date to the members of GARMENT MANTRA LIFESTYLE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS JUNCTION FABRICS AND APPARELS LIMITED) as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2021).

- i) In respect of its Fixed Assets:
 - a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
 - b) The Fixed Assets are physically verified by the Management in accordance with a phased program designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification as compared with available records.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- ii) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management during the year. (As per discussion and explanation given by management Inventory related is precious metals and they hold and store very carefully and physical verified regularly and also match with book balance and also no effect on verification during the lockdown as on 31st March 2021) and no discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- iii) The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in register maintained under section 189 of the Act except to the advance Rs. 67,00,000 provided to Beatle Appeals towards purchases.
- iv) In respect of loans, investment, guarantees and security the Company has complied with provision of section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- v) The company has not accepted any deposit from public within the meaning of Section 73,74,75 and 76 and clause (v) of Para 3 of the order is not applicable.
- vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, related to the manufacturing activities, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made detailed examination of the same.

- vii) (a) The company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales-Tax, Service Tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with appropriate authorities, where applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues which have remained outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except Professional tax outstanding more than six month.
 - (b) According to the records of the company, there are no dues outstanding of income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax on account of any dispute.
- viii) The company has not defaulted in repayment of any dues to a financial institution, bank, and government. The company has not borrowed any amount by way of debentures.
- ix) The company has not raised any money by way of Initial public offer or further Public offer (Including debt instruments) during the year and as observed by us, money earlier raised through IPO is applied for the purpose mentioned in prospectus. Moneys raised by way of Term Loan were applied for the purpose for which the loan was obtained.
- x) On the basis of our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company by its officers/employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid / provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- xii) The company is not Nidhi Company and accordingly the information and explanations given to us, provisions of Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the company.



- xiii) On the basis of our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that all the transaction with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and Section 188 of the Act, and the details have been disclosed in the Financial statements in Note no. 36 as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) The company has made preferential allotment of the 40,00,000 shares by converting its exactingly issued share warrants at Rs 40 each and as observed by us, requirement of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. However, No private placement of shares or issue of fully or partly paid convertible debentures has been done during the year
- xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- xvi) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934 and accordingly, provisions of clause (xvi) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable.

For N B T & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. : 140489W

-Sd-Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No. 182428

Place : Mumbai Date : 22-06-2021 UDIN : 21182428AAAAAP4798

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

	rticulars	Notes.	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2020	As at 01-04-2019
AS:	SETS				
(1)					
	a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	6,48,05,543	6,01,53,377	4,57,08,982
	b) Investment Property		-	-	•
	c) Intangible Assets under developme	ent	-	-	
	d) Financial Assets				
	(i) Investments	3	52,85,000	52,85,000	52,85,000
	(ii) Loans & Advances	4	1,31,36,375	1,17,09,060	49,35,000
	(iii) Deposits	5	63,970	63,970	27,220
	f) Other non current assets	6	-	-	9,49,897
	g) Deffered Tax Assets (net)	7	20,04,525	14,99,395	9,13,252
(2)	Current Assets				
	a) Inventories	8	49,51,56,206	55,94,12,200	36,36,16,780
	b) Financial Assets				
	(i) Trade Receivables	9	32,95,60,676	23,86,28,159	13,37,19,316
	(ii) Cash and cash Equivalents	10	1,38,67,341	80,55,061	13,65,590
	(iii) Advances	11	1,99,25,377	2,24,13,147	2,52,51,368
	c) Other current assets	12	1,20,90,352	1,63,99,146	93,24,314
	TOTAL ASSETS		95,58,95,365	92,36,18,515	59,10,96,720
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				<u> </u>
	I. Equity				
	a) Equity Share Capital	12	10,03,84,050	2,69,22,700	2,69,22,700
	b) Other Equity		21,99,95,214	6,55,91,515	4,23,42,028
	c) Money received against share	warrants	-	8,42,12,500	
	d) Non Controlling Interest	14	2,06,402	7,59,29,548	5,81,84,117
	II. Liabilities				
	(1) Non-Current Liabilities				
	i) Financial Liabilities				
	a) Borrowings	15	9,60,60,496	8,21,02,093	6,26,83,175
	b) Other Financial Liabilities		-	-	-, -, -, -
	ii) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		_	-	
	iii) Other Non Current Liability	16	42,59,911	27,91,510	14,76,508
	(2) Current Liabilities		,,.		,,
	a) Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Borrowings	17	29,04,54,074	26,69,31,575	21,63,74,727
	(ii) Trade Payables	18	20,28,93,421	29,47,82,780	17,01,54,204
	b) Other current liabilities	19	53,89,580	39,86,967	23,12,645
	c) Provisions	20	3,62,52,217	2,03,67,327	1,06,46,616
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABII		95,58,95,365	92,36,18,515	59,10,96,720

The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements

In terms of our report attached For N B T & Co **Chartered Accountants**

-Sd-Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No-182428 Firm Regd. No. 140489W

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021

-Sd-Prem Aggarwal Managing Director DIN: 02050297

-Sd-Shikha Aggarwal Director DIN: 03373965

-Sd-**K. Lakshmi Priya** Company Secretary

PAN:BBRPP6162M

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

-Sd-Aditya Aggarwal CFO PAN: BQJPA0155L

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

	NCOME Revenue from Operations Other Income TOTAL INCOME EXPENSES Cost of material consumed Purchase of Stock in Trade Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade	20 21 22 22	1,67,70,14,476 18,56,016 1,67,88,70,491 1,17,15,17,214	13,72,715 1,50,13,08,470
	TOTAL INCOME TOTAL INCOME EXPENSES Cost of material consumed Purchase of Stock in Trade Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade	21	18,56,016 1,67,88,70,491	1,50,13,08,470
	TOTAL INCOME EXPENSES Cost of material consumed Purchase of Stock in Trade Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade		1,67,88,70,491	1,50,13,08,470
	EXPENSES Cost of material consumed Purchase of Stock in Trade Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade	22		
	Cost of material consumed Purchase of Stock in Trade Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade	22	1,17,15,17,214	
	Purchase of Stock in Trade Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade	22	1,17,15,17,214	
	Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-Trade			1,23,91,25,614
			15,09,27,963	12,75,32,634
	0	23	(82,73,204)	(13,06,97,674)
	Employee Benefit expenses	24	2,56,36,656	2,30,61,109
	Finance Cost	25	3,53,52,940	3,14,98,084
	Depreciation and Amortisation expenses	2	70,36,314	68,98,659
	Rent Expenses	26	90,61,138	73,73,700
	Manufacturing Expenses		10,32,64,552	8,11,23,855
	Power & Fuel		23,16,106	26,56,125
	Other Expenses	27	7,21,76,613	5,56,73,530
Т	TOTAL EXPENSES		1,56,90,16,293	1,44,42,45,636
F	PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS AND TAX		10,98,54,199	5,70,62,833
III. E	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	28	-	-
F	PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX		10,98,54,199	5,70,62,833
IV T	TAX EXPENSE	29		
((1) Current Tax		3,10,58,855	1,68,54,099
((2) Deferred Tax		(5,31,716)	(5,86,143)
((3) Short Provision for Income Tax of Earlier Year		8,18,968	4,76,705
Т	TOTAL TAX EXPENSE		3,13,46,107	1,67,44,661
F	PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		7,85,08,092	4,03,18,172
V C	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	30	(11,35,490)	(10,01,033)
VI T	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD (IV+V)		7,73,72,602	3,93,17,139
(Comprising Profit/Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	-		
f	or the period)			
F	Profit/ (loss) attributable to			
-	Owners of the Company		5,88,14,341	2,32,49,488
	-Non-controlling interest		30,96,451	1,60,67,652
	'- Pre Acquisition Profits		1,54,61,810	-
VIIE	ARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE OF RS 10 EACH (BASIC AND	-	9.71	14.98
	DILUTED)			
	nary of significant accounting policies	1		

The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements

In terms of our report attached For N B T & Co

Chartered Accountants

-Sd-**Arpit Tapadiya** Partner Membership No-182428 Firm Regd. No. 140489W

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021 -Sd- **Prem Aggarwal** Managing Director DIN: 02050297 -Sd-Shikha Aggarwal Director DIN: 03373965

-Sd-K. Lakshmi Priya

Company Secretary

PAN:BBRPP6162M

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

-Sd-Aditya Aggarwal CFO PAN: BQJPA0155L

Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Particulars	Equity	Reserves a	TOTAL	
	Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2018-19		-	-	-
Restated balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028
Profit for the year 2019-2020	-	-	2,42,50,521	2,42,50,521
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2019-2020	(10,01,033)	-	-	(10,01,033)
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	(10,01,033)	60,00,000	6,05,92,548	6,55,91,515
Profit for the year 2020-21			7,54,11,641	7,54,11,641
Less: Excess Amount paid on Acquisition			(9,24,701)	(9,24,701)
Less: Pre Acquisition Profits			(1,54,61,810)	(1,54,61,810)
Add - Premium Received on Issue of Shares	-	12,00,00,000	-	12,00,00,000
Less: Bonus Issue		-	(3,34,61,350)	(3,34,61,350)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2020-21	(11,35,490)	-		(11,35,490)
Transferable Subsidiary Reserves to Non Conrolling Interest	-	-	99,75,409	99,75,409
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	(21,36,523)	12,60,00,000	16,94,65,539	21,99,95,214

For N B T & Co

Chartered Accountants

-Sd-	-Sd-	-Sd-	-Sd-
Arpit Tapadiya	Prem Aggarwal	Shikha Aggarwal	Aditya Aggarwal
Partner	Managing Director	Director	CFO
Membership No-182428	DIN: 02050297	DIN: 03373965	PAN: BQJPA0155L
Firm Regd. No. 140489W			
Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021	Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021	-Sd- K. Lakshmi Priya Company Secretary PAN:BBRPP6162M	



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Particulars	Note No.	31.03	.2021	31.03	3.2020
Cash flow from operating activities					
Net Profit before Tax			10,98,54,199		5,70,62,833
Discontinued operations			-		-
Profit before income tax including discontinued operations			10,98,54,199		5,70,62,833
Adjustments for					
Depreciation and amortisation expense		70,36,314		68,98,659	
Preliminary Expense Written Off		-		9,49,897	
Provision for Gratuity		13,43,355		11,54,760	
Finance Cost		3,53,52,940	4,37,32,609	3,14,98,084	4,05,01,400
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes			15,35,86,808		9,75,64,234
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables		(9,09,32,517)		(10,49,08,843)	
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		6,42,55,994		(19,57,95,420)	
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets		43,08,794		(70,74,832)	
Increase/ (Decrease) in short Term borrowings		2,35,22,499		5,05,56,848	
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables		(9,18,89,359)		12,46,28,576	
Increase/(decrease) in provision		1,55,96,098		95,93,521	
Decrease/(Increase) in Current Advances		24,87,770		28,38,221	
Increase in other current liabilities		14,02,613		16,74,322	
Cash generated from operations			(7,12,48,108)		(11,84,87,608)
Income taxes paid			3,25,99,467		1,80,44,405
Net cash inflow from operating activities			4,97,39,233		(3,89,67,779)
Cash flows from investing activities					
(Increase)/Decrease in investments		(9,30,28,713)		-	
(Increase)/Decrease in Property, Plant & Equipment		(38,63,889)		(2,13,43,054)	
Deposit Given/(Released)		-		(36,750)	
Long Term Loans Recovered/(Given)		(14,27,315)		(67,74,060)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(9,83,19,916)		(2,81,53,864)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Capital Drawing		-		(50,000)	
Profit Withdrawl		-		(67,221)	
lssue of Warrants		7,57,87,500		8,42,12,500	
Proceeds From long Term Borrowing (Net)		1,39,58,404		2,12,13,917	
Interest paid		(3,53,52,940)		(3,14,98,084)	
Net cash from financing activities			5,43,92,963		7,38,11,113

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Particulars	Note No.	31.03	3.2021	31.03	.2020
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			58,12,280		66,89,470
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year			80,55,061		13,65,590
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year			1,38,67,341		80,55,061
Note -					

1. During the Year 2020-21 Company has converted the Share Warrant of Rs 160,000,000 into shares at a price of Rs.40 each by allotting 40,00,000 shares

In terms of our report attached For N B T & Co Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

-Sd--Sd--Sd--Sd-Shikha Aggarwal **Arpit Tapadiya** Prem Aggarwal Aditya Aggarwal Partner Managing Director CFO Director DIN: 02050297 Membership No-182428 DIN: 03373965 PAN: BQJPA0155L Firm Regd. No. 140489W -Sd-K. Lakshmi Priya Place: Tirupur Place: Tirupur **Company Secretary** Date: 22-06-2021 Date : 22-06-2021 PAN:BBRPP6162M

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Note - 1

Notes to Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Company Background

Garment Mantra Lifestyle Limited formerly known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited (the 'Company') is a listed public limited Company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing, selling and distribution of fabrics, hosiery garments and providing of related services.

The registered office of the Company is located at No.15, Murthy's Plaza Kariagounder Street, Khaderpet Tirupur Erode, Tamilnadu – 641601, India.

The Consolidated Ind AS financial statements were approved and authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Company's Board of Directors on 22nd June, 2021.

Significant Accounting Policies

- 1. Basis of preparation of Consolidated Ind AS financial statements
 - (a) Basis of Accounting:

The Consolidated Ind AS financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value;

1. Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities (including derivative instruments),

2. Defined Benefit Plans

The Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India ('Indian GAAP') and comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind AS'), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, amended from time to time.

The Company's Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also its functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest rupee except when otherwise indicated. The Company has adopted IND AS for the first time for their annual reporting through their Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

(b) Use of Estimates:

In the application of accounting policy, the management is required to make judgment, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, contingent liabilities and the accompanying disclosures that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant and are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The few critical estimations and judgments made in applying accounting policies are:

i. Property, Plant and Equipment:

Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets are as specified in Specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

ii. Income Taxes:

Significant judgment is required in determining the amount for income tax expenses. There are many transactions and positions for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amount that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

iii. Inventories:

Inventory Obsolescence is based on assessment of the future uses. In all cases, inventory is carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

iv. Impairment of Non-financial Assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An assets recoverable amount is higher of assets or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other asset or group of assets. Where carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered as impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flow are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples or other available fair value indicators.

v. Impairment of Financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(c) Current/Non Current Classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

- A. An assets treated as current when it is:
 - Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
 - Held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - Expected to be realised within 12 months after a reporting period, or
 - Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after a reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- B. Liability is current when:
 - It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, or
 - There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

C. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified 12 months as its operating cycle.

2. Property, Plant and Equipment

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') recognized as of 1st April 2019 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost of the PPE as on the transition date.



(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost include purchase price after deducting trade discount / rebate, import duty, nonrefundable taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing cost and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition in the manner intended by the management.

An item of PPE is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when asset is de-recognized.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognized till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 and the date that the asset is derecognized.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual values, if any, over their estimated useful lives, using the written down value method except intangible assets. Depreciation on intangible assets is provided on straight line basis. The following useful lives are considered for the depreciation of property, plant and equipment:

Description of the Asset	Estimated Useful Life
Furniture & fixtures	10 Years
Buildings	60 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Air Conditioner	10 Years
Electricity Fittings	10 Years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in useful life or residual value of an asset, the depreciation of that asset is revised accordingly to reflect the new expectations.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of properties, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Investment properties:

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

On disposal of an investment property, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible assets under development:

The amount disclosed as 'Intangible asset under development' represents assets purchased/acquired and not available for use, as at the date of Statement of Financial Position.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any profit or loss arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset measured as the difference between the net disposals proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is de-recognized.

Impairment of Tangible (PPE) and Intangible Assets:

At each reporting date, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset), is estimated and compared

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. In determining fair value less cost of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount (selling price less costs to complete and sell, in the case of inventories), but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or group of related assets) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before the revenue is recognized.

Sale of Goods:

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. Sale is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.

Dividend Income:

Dividend is recognized when right to receive is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

Interest Income:

Interest income on financial assets measured at amortized cost is recognized on time proportion basis, using effective interest method.

4. Lease Accounting

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is (or contains) a lease, if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Finance leases that transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased items (i.e. PPE), are generally capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, at the present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and a reduction in lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized in finance cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Lease in which significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Company as lessee is classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of lease on straight line basis other than those cases where the escalation are linked to expected general inflation in which case they are charged on contractual terms.

5. Inventory

(a) Raw materials, work in progress, finished goods, packing materials, stores, spares, components, consumables and stock-in-trade are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

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However, materials and other items held for use in production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on an item-by item basis. Damaged, unserviceable and inert stocks are valued at net realizable value.

- (b). In determining cost of raw materials, packing materials, stock-in-trade, stores, spares, components and consumables, weighted average cost methods used. Cost of inventory comprises all costs of purchase, duties, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition.
- (c) Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes the cost of raw materials, packing materials, inappropriate share of fixed and variable production overheads, excise duty as applicable and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Fixed production overheads are allocated on the basis of normal capacity of production facilities.

6. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets:

A financial asset inter-alia includes any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in its balance sheet only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets of the Company comprise trade receivables. Cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, investment in equity shares of Companies, investment other than in equity shares, loans / advances to employees / related parties / others, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss. When transaction price is not the measure of fair value and fair value is determined using a valuation method that uses data from observable market, the difference between transaction price and fair value is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and in other cases spread over life of the financial instrument using effective interest method.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial asset measured at amortized cost
- Financial asset at fair value through OCI
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are amortized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in finance costs.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, an irrevocable election is made (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments other than held for trading purpose at FVTOCI. Fair value changes are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). On Derecognition of the financial asset other than equity instruments, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified to income statements.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Any financial asset that does not meet the criteria for classification as at amortized cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Further, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss also include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets at fair value profit or loss are fair valued at each reporting date with all the changes recognized in the Statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds receivables.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model on the following:

Financial assets that are measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

ECL is measured through a loss allowance on a following basis:-

The 12 month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events on the financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date)

Full life time expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of financial instruments)

The company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment on trade receivables or contract assets resulting from normal business transactions. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. However, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, from the date of initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is provided. For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company assesses the credit risk characteristics on instrument-by-instrument basis.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

Impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as expense/income in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments:

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.



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Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings including book overdraft, trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables.

Initial Recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities at initial recognition are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the "Expenditure Attributable to Construction" if another standard permits inclusion of such cost in the carrying amount of an asset over the period of the borrowings using the effective rate of interest.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends upon the classification as described below:-

Financial Liabilities classified at Amortized Cost:

Financial Liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are integral part of the Effective Interest Rate. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of cost of assets is included as Finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities have not been designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged/cancelled/ expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and net amount is reported if there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, to realize assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

7. Transactions in Foreign Currency

(a) Initial recognition:

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b). Measurement of foreign currency items at the Balance Sheet date:

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company are restated at the closing exchange rates. Non-monetary items are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising out of these translations are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c). Forward exchange contracts:

The Company had not entered into any forward exchange contracts to hedge against its foreign currency exposures relating to the underlying transactions and firm commitments. The Company had not entered into any derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

(Formerly Known as Junction Fabrics and Apparels Limited)

8. Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services rendered in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value (at carrying value) and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment if require.

9. Employee Benefits

A. Short Term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelvemonths of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

B. Post-employment benefits:

(a) Defined contribution plans :

Defined contribution plans are employee state insurance scheme and Government administered pension fund scheme for all applicable employees and superannuation scheme for eligible employees. The Company's contribution to defined contribution plans are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the financial year to which they relate.

(b) Defined benefit plans

Provident fund scheme

The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Employee Provident Fund scheme, for the eligible employees.

(c) Gratuity scheme

The Company has created provision for gratuity based on the report issued by Actuaries.

10. Research and Development

Research and Development expenditure of a revenue nature is expensed out under the respective heads of account in the year in which it is incurred. Fixed assets utilized for research and development are capitalized and depreciated in accordance with the policies stated for Tangible Fixed Assets and Intangible Assets.

11. Provision for Taxation

Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each Balance Sheet date to reassess realization.

12. Provisions and Contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there exists a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

13. Earnings per Share

The Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the profit after tax for the year by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.



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14. Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

15. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments where the original maturity is three months or less.

16. Government Grants and Subsidies

The Company is not entitled to any subsidy from government authorities in respect of manufacturing units located in specified regions: Grants in the nature of subsidy which are nonrefundable are credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss, on accrual basis, where there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all the necessary conditions attached to them. Grants in the nature of subsidy which are refundable are shown as Liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

17. Measurement of EBITDA

The Company has opted to present earnings before interest(finance cost), tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)as a separate line item on the face of the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year. The Company measures EBITDA on the basis of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations.

18. Segment Reporting

i) Business Segment

- a. The business segment has been considered as the primary segment.
- b. The Company's primary business segments are reflected based on principal business activities, the nature of service, the differing risks and returns, the organization structure and the internal financial reporting system.
- c. The Company's primary business comprises of manufacturing of knitted garments and trading of fabrics and since it is the only reportable segment as envisaged in Accounting Standard 17. 'Segment Reporting'. Accordingly, no separate disclosure for Segment Reporting to be made in the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company.

ii) Geographical Segment

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments. The company provides products or services only through single establishment. Accordingly, no separate disclosure for Segment Reporting to be made in the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company.



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19. Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company

Name of the share holders	As on 3	1.03.2021	As on 31.03.	2020
	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of holding	Number of Equity Shares	Percentage of holding
Prem Dinanath Aggarwal	37,14,330	37.00	10,51,220	39.05
Shikha Aggarwal	12,18,000	12.13	2,37,000	8.80
Manju Jayantilal Lodha	1,28,657	1.28	1,66,000	6.09
Jayantilal Hansraj Lodha	2,37,264	2.36	1,44,000	5.35
Total	52,98,251		15,96,220	

21 : Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are provided as under for the year 2020-21, to the extent the Company has received intimation from the "Suppliers" regarding their status under the Act.

- (i) Principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to each supplier at the end of each accounting year (but within due date as per the MSMED Act) Principal amount due to micro and small enterprise Rs. 31,69,725(PY Rs. 14,69,213)/- and Interest due on above- Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
- (ii) Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along-with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
- (iii) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006 Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
- (iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)
- (v) Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises Nil (During 2019-20 Nil)

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

24. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with current year's classification

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Note 2

Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Furniture & fixtures	Plant and Equipment	Vehicles	Computer	Miscellaneous Assets	Goodwill	Software	Office Equipments	Total
	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned		Owned	Owned	
Gross Block										
Deemed cost as at 01.04.2019	4,03,14,307	1,75,22,094	1,60,15,991	77,90,132	14,95,940	1,10,573	•	16,000	45,900	8,33,10,938
Additions	1,04,95,599	40,42,687	14,89,609	38,81,859	6,01,729	1		4,80,850	3,50,721	2,13,43,054
Disposals	1	1		•	1	1	•	1		•
Other adjustments (please specify)	•	'	•	•	•	1	•	•		•
At cost or fair value as at 31.03.2020	5,08,09,906	2,15,64,781	1,75,05,600	1,16,71,991	20,97,669	1,10,573		4,96,850	3,96,621	10,46,53,991
Additions	2,30,000	18,45,225	4,21,990	5,54,922	6,32,933	1	78,24,592	75,920	1,02,899	1,16,88,481
Disposals	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
At cost or fair value as at 31.03.2021	5,10,39,906	2,34,10,006	1,79,27,590	1,22,26,913	27,30,602	1,10,573	78,24,592	5,72,770	4,99,520	11,63,42,472
Depreciation Block										
As at 01.04.2019	1,59,98,521	63,49,811	96,84,136	43,42,116	11,36,536	90,040		333	462	3,76,01,955
Depreciation for the year	19,19,724	23,12,130	10,47,658	13,93,493	1,86,494	•	•	12,802	26,358	68,98,659
Disposals	•	•	•	•	•	•	ı		1	•
Accumulated depreciation as at 31.03.2020	1,79,18,245	86,61,941	1,07,31,795	57,35,609	13,23,030	90,040		13,135	26,820	4,45,00,615
Depreciation for the year	20,05,978	22,95,700	9,66,238	14,13,298	2,10,537	•	•	95,389	49,174	70,36,314
Disposals	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Accumulated depreciation as at the 31.03.2021	1,99,24,223	1,09,57,641	1,16,98,033	71,48,907	15,33,567	90,040		1,08,524	75,994	5,15,36,929
Net Block										
As at 01.04.2019	2,43,15,786	1,11,72,283	63,31,855	34,48,016	3,59,404	20,533	•	15,667	45,438	4,57,08,982
As at 31.03.2020	3,28,91,661	1,29,02,840	67,73,805	59,36,382	7,74,639	20,533	ı	4,83,715	3,69,801	6,01,53,377
As at 31.03.2021	3,11,15,683	1,24,52,365	62,29,558	50,78,006	11,97,034	20,533	78,24,592	4,64,246	4,23,526	6,48,05,543
Note:-										

In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 36) on "Impairment of Assets", the management during the year carried out an exercise of identifying the assets that may have been impaired in accordance with the said Ind AS. On the basis of review carried out by the management, there was no impairment loss on property, plant and equipment during the year ended 31st March, 2021 a)

The carrying value (Gross Block less accumulated depreciation and amortisation) as on 1st April, 2019 of the Property, plant and equipment is considered as a deemed cost on the date of transition. â

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Note 3

Non Current Financial Assets - Investments

Name of the Body	Subsidiaries /	So.	of Share	No. of Shares and Face Value of Shares	ice Value	of Share	es			
Corporate	Associates /	31.03.2021	2021	31.03.2020	2020	01.04.2019	2019	31.03.2021	31.03.2021 31.03.2020 01.04.2019	01.04.2019
	Joint Ventures / Structured Entities / Others	Nos.	Face Value (Rs.)	Nos.	Face Value (Rs.)	Nos.	Face Value (Rs.)			
Investments measured at Amortised Cost		ı	ı	ı	I	I	ı	ı	I	I
Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)					1	ı		I	ı	I
Investments Measured at Fair Value Through OCI (FVTOCI)			I		I	I	I	I	I	I
Other Investments (Carried at cost)										
(i) Netaji Apparel Park	Others	3,550	10	3,550	10	3,550	10	52,85,000	52,85,000	52,85,000
		4	ggregate	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	of unquo	ted inves	tments	52,85,000	52,85,000	52,85,000
			Aggreg	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	nt of quo	ted inves	tments	I	I	I
	Ag	Aggregate market value amount of quoted investments	arket val	lue amou	nt of quo	ted inves	tments	I	I	I
							Total	52,85,000	52,85,000	52,85,000



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Note 4

Non Current Financial Assets - Loans & Advances

PARTICULARS	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Secured, considered good		-	-
Unsecured, considered good	1,31,36,375	1,17,09,060	49,35,000
Loans receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-	-
	1,31,36,375	1,17,09,060	49,35,000

Note 5

Non Current Financial Assets - Deposits

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Deposits to related party - unsecured, considered good	-	-	-
Security Deposits	63,970	63,970	27,220
Unsecured, considered doubtful	-	-	-
Provision for doubtful deposits	-	-	-
Total	63,970	63,970	27,220

Note 6

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Other non current assets

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Long term trade receivables (including trade receivables on deferred credit terms)	-	-	-
Preliminary Expenses not written off	-	-	9,49,897
Total	-	-	9,49,897.00

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Note 7

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Particulars	Note	31.	31.03.2021	31.0	31.03.2020	01.	01.04.2019	Mode of
	No.	Qty	Value	Qty	Value	Qty	Value	Valuation
a. Raw Materials and components Valued at Rs.202/- per Kg.(P. Year Rs.203)		2,30,881	4,74,98,528	5,32,425	12,00,27,726	2,45,972	5,49,29,980	
	Kgs	2,30,881	4,74,98,528	5,32,425	12,00,27,726	2,45,972	5,49,29,980	
b. Work-in-progress Valued at Rs.220/- per Kg.(P.Year Rs.224)		2,01,066	4,62,06,400	3,70,008	9,06,10,656	2,14,533	5,15,72,942	Cost or NRV whichever
	Kgs	2,01,066	4,62,06,400	3,70,008	9,06,10,656	2,14,533	5,15,72,942	
c. Finishedgoods Valued at Rs.92.36/- Per Piece (P.Year Rs.99.58/-)		32,92,643	40,14,51,278	28,86,872	34,87,73,818	22,91,139	25,71,13,858	
	Pieces	32,92,643.00	Pieces 32,92,643.00 40,14,51,278.00 28,86,872.00 34,87,73,818.00 22,91,139.00 25,71,13,858.00	28,86,872.00	34,87,73,818.00	22,91,139.00	25,71,13,858.00	
Total			49,51,56,206.00		55,94,12,200.17		36,36,16,780.00	





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Note 8

Current Financial Assets - Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020	As at 01.04.2019
	Amount	Amount	Amount
- From Related Parties	-	-	-
- From Others	32,95,60,676	23,86,28,159	13,37,19,316
Total	32,95,60,676	23,86,28,159	13,37,19,316
Break-up for security details:			
Secured, considered good	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	32,95,60,676	23,86,28,159	13,37,19,316
Trade receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-	-
Impairment allowance			
Credit Impaired	-	-	-
Ageing			
Not Exceeding Six Months	29,24,50,909	23,01,37,073	12,86,11,600
Exceeding Six Months	3,71,09,767	84,91,086	51,07,716
Total	32,95,60,676	23,86,28,159	13,37,19,316

Note 9

Current Financial Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020	
	Amount	Amount	Amount
Balances with Banks in current accounts (of the nature of cash and cash equivalents);	1,28,20,496	59,92,700	3,18,162
Cash on hand	10,46,845	20,62,360	10,47,428
Total	1,38,67,341	80,55,061	13,65,590

Note 10

Current Financial Assets - Advances

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020	
Loans and advances to employees	-	-	-
Secured, considered good	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	1,99,25,377	2,24,13,147	2,52,51,368
Loans receivables, which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-	-
Grand Total	1,99,25,377	2,24,13,147	2,52,51,368



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Note 11

Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021		
Prepaid Expenses	32,13,000	36,52,950	6,00,000
Advance to Supplies	3,05,000	4,34,243	-
Deposits with Revenue Authorities	85,72,352	1,23,11,953	87,24,314
Grand Total	1,20,90,352	1,63,99,146	93,24,314

Note 12

Α.	EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	31.03.2021		31.03.2020		01.04.2019	
		No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
	Authorised Share Capital	1,10,00,000	11,00,00,000	1,10,00,000	11,00,00,000	40,00,000	4,00,00,000
	Issued Subscribed and Paid- up Share Capital	1,00,38,405	10,03,84,050	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
	Subscribed Share Capital	1,00,38,405	10,03,84,050	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
	Fully Paid-up Share Capital	1,00,38,405	10,03,84,050	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
	Subscribed but not fully paid-up			-	-	-	-
a.) Reconciliation of Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year							
a.)	Balance at the beginning of the year	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700	26,92,270	2,69,22,700
	Issued during the year	73,46,135	7,34,61,350	-	-	-	-

b.) Terms/Rights attached to equity shares

Balance at the end of the year 1,00,38,405 10,03,84,050.00

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per equity share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

26,92,270

2,69,22,700 26,92,270

c.) Shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than five per cent shares

Name of the Shareholder	31.03.2021		31.03.2020		01.04.2019	
	No.	% of Holding	No.	% of Holding	No.	% of Holding
Shri.Prem Dinanath Aggarwal	37,14,330	37.00%	10,51,220	39.05%	10,51,220	39.05%
Shikha Aggarwal Prem	12,18,000	12.13%	2,37,000	8.80%	2,37,000	8.80%
Manju Jayantilal Lodha	1,28,657	1.28%	1,64,000	6.09%	-	-
Jayantilal Hansraj Lodha	2,37,264	2.36%	1,44,000	5.35%	-	-
Total	52,98,251	52.78%	15,96,220	59.29%	12,88,220	47.85%

2,69,22,700

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As per the Companies Act, 2013, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in the event of liquidation of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders

- **d)** There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.
- e) There is no dividend paid or proposed during the year and during the previous year.

f) Details of Share Warrants

During the year the company has issued 4000000 share warrants of Rs.40/- to 44 individuals and received Rs.84212500/-

Name of the Person	31.03.2021		31.03	3.2020	01.04.2019		
	Amount Received	% of Amount Received	Amount Received	% of Amount Received	Amount Received	% of Amount Received	
Shri.Prem Aggarwal	-	0.00%	2,42,50,000	28.80%	-	0.00%	
Shikha Aggarwal	-	0.00%	2,30,50,000	27.37%	-	0.00%	
Other Non - Promoters`	-	0.00%	3,69,12,500	43.83%	-	0.00%	
Total	-	0.00%	8,42,12,500	100.00%	-	0.00%	

Β.

	Equity	Changes in	Reserves and Surplus			
OTHER EQUITY	Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Own Credit Risk of Financial Liabilities measured at FVPL	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	TOTAL	
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028	
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2018-19		-	-	-	-	
Restated balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	-	60,00,000	3,63,42,028	4,23,42,028	
Profit for the year 2019-2020	-	-	-	2,42,50,521	2,42,50,521	
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2019-2020	(10,01,033)		-	-	(10,01,033)	
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	(10,01,033)	-	60,00,000	6,05,92,548	6,55,91,515	
Profit for the year 2020-21	-	-	-	7,54,11,641	7,54,11,641	
- Excess Amount Paid for Acquisition				(9,24,701)	(9,24,701)	
- Pre Acquisition Profits				(1,54,61,810)	(1,54,61,810)	
Premium Received on Issue of Shares	-	-	12,00,00,000	-	12,00,00,000	
Bonus Issue	-	-	-	(3,34,61,350)	(3,34,61,350)	
Other Comprehensive Income for the year 2020-21	(11,35,490)	-	-	-	(11,35,490)	
Transferable Subsidiary Reserves to Non Conrolling Interest	-	-	-	99,75,409	99,75,409	
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	(21,36,523)	-	12,60,00,000	16,94,65,539	21,99,95,214	



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Nature and Purpose of Reserve

1. Securities Premium Reserve:

Securities Premium reserve is created on issue of equity share capital. The reserve will be utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

In terms of our report attached For N B T & Co Chartered Accountants	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors			
-Sd- Arpit Tapadiya Partner Membership No-182428 Firm Regd. No. 140489W	-Sd- Prem Aggarwal Managing Director DIN: 02050297	-Sd- Shikha Aggarwal Director DIN: 03373965	-Sd- Aditya Aggarwal CFO PAN: BQJPA0155L	
Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021	Place: Tirupur Date : 22-06-2021	-Sd- K. Lakshmi Priya Company Secretary PAN:BBRPP6162M		

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Note 15

Non Conrolling Interest

Particulars	Note No.	Current			
		31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019	
Jannat Fabrics and Apperals Private Limited		70,98,806	7,01,70,806	5,79,48,588	
Twenty Twenty Trading LLP		31,91,212	57,58,742	2,35,529	
Less -					
Profit on Upstream Transaction		1,08,207	-	-	
Amount Transferable from Reserves		99,75,409	-	-	
Total		2,06,402	7,59,29,548	5,81,84,117	

Note 13

Non Current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Secured			
From Banks	1,39,36,997	1,92,21,366	2,25,10,408
From Others	-	-	-
Loans and advances from Directors	-	-	-
	1,39,36,997	1,92,21,366	2,25,10,408
In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date in repayment of loans and interest with respect to above			
1. Period of default	-	-	-
2. Amount	-	-	-
Unsecured			
From Banks	49,30,442	88,79,582	-
From Financial Institutions	1,03,73,653	1,89,62,173	-
From Directors	5,91,52,244	99,75,000	3,90,74,767
Terms of Repayment has not been entered into between the parties			
From Other Related Parties	76,67,160	2,50,63,972	10,98,000
(None of the above, is guaranteed by Directors and / or others)			
Terms of Repayment has not been entered into between the parties			
	8,21,23,499	6,28,80,727	4,01,72,767
In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date in repayment of loans and interest with respect to above			
1. Period of default	-	-	-
2. Amount	-	-	-
Total	9,60,60,496	8,21,02,093	6,26,83,175



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Note 14

Deferred Tax Assets (Net)

The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:

PARTICULARS	31 March 20	21 31 March 2020	1 April 2019
At the start of the year	14,99,3	9,13,252	5,41,366
Change/(Credit) to Statement of Profit and Loss	5,05,1	5,86,143	3,71,886
Net deferred tax assets / liabilities	20,04,52	14,99,395	9,13,252

Note 15

Other Non Current Liabilities

Particulars	Current			
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019	
Gratuity Provision	42,59,911	27,91,510	14,76,508	
Total	42,59,911	27,91,510	14,76,508	

Note 16

Current Financial Liabilities -Borrowings

Particulars	31.03.2021 Amount	31.03.2020 Amount	01.04.2019 Amount
Secured			
From banks			
(a) Loans repayable on demand	23,84,38,787	23,04,71,757	20,74,21,597
(Secured by hypothecation of inventories, book debts and machineries)			
(of the above, entire amount is guaranteed by Directors and/or others)			
(b) Term Loans	2,05,86,933	14,60,513	1,42,276
Terms of Repayment: 33 months)			
(of the above, ` entire amount is guaranteed by Directors and / or others)			
From other parties	-	-	-
From Director/Related Parties	-	-	-
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	3,14,28,354	3,49,99,305	88,10,854
	29,04,54,074	26,69,31,575	21,63,74,727

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In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date in repayment of loans and interest with respect to above

Grand Total	29,04,54,074	26,69,31,575	21,63,74,727
2. Amount	-	-	-
1. Period of default	-	-	-
In case of continuing default as on the balance sheet date in repayment of loans and interest with respect to (a) (b) & (d)			
From Director/Related Parties	-	-	-
From other parties	-	-	-
From banks	-	-	-
Unsecured			
2. Amount	-	-	-
1. Period of default	-	-	-

Note 17

Current Financial Liabilities - Trade Payables

Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
	Amount	Amount	Amount
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises -	31,69,725	14,69,213	22,467
(ii) Creditors for Goods			
Payables within next 12 months	19,19,63,672	28,12,91,018	16,35,24,002
Payables after 12 months	-	-	-
(iii) Creditors for Expenses			
Payables within next 12 months	76,96,776	1,17,56,975	66,07,735
Payables after 12 months	63,248	2,65,575	-
(iv) Creditors for others			
Payables within next 12 months	-	-	-
Payables after 12 months	-	-	-
Grand Total	20,28,93,421	29,47,82,780	17,01,54,203

Note 18

Other Current Liabilities

Particulars		Current	
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Advances from Contractors & Suppliers	42,68,784	34,21,461	18,16,147
Statutory Dues Payable	11,20,796	5,65,506	4,96,498
Grand Total	53,89,579	39,86,966	23,12,645



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Note 19

Provisions- Current

Particulars		Current		
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019	
(a) Provision for employee benefits	17,26,724	9,70,412	8,35,931	
(b) Others (Specify nature)				
- Provision for Taxation	3,11,58,855	1,70,51,771	83,06,332	
- Provision for Audit Fees	1,36,050	1,25,000	1,25,000	
- Provision for Gratuity	32,30,588	22,20,144	13,79,353	
Grand Total	3,62,52,217	2,03,67,327	1,06,46,616	

Note 20

Revenue from Operations

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Sales		
Sales of Products		
-Domestic	1,67,71,15,193	1,49,91,54,759
-Export	-	-
Sales of Services		
-Domestic	17,20,102	7,80,995
-Export	-	-
Other Operating Revenue		
Less: Discount	18,20,819	-
Total	1,67,70,14,476	1,49,99,35,754

Note 21

Other Income

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Rental Income	16,80,000	7,20,000
Other Income	1,76,016	6,52,715
Total	18,56,016	13,72,715

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Note 22

Cost of Material consumed

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Cost of Material consumed		
Raw Materials and Stores		
Opening Stock	12,00,27,726	5,49,29,980
Purchase	1,09,40,37,149	1,30,36,11,964
Less- Closing stock of materials meant for consumption	4,74,98,528	12,00,27,726
Consumption of Material	1,16,65,66,347	1,23,85,14,218
Packing Materials and Accessories		
Opening Stock	-	-
Purchases	49,50,867	6,11,396
Less: Closing stock	-	-
Consumption of Packing Material	49,50,867	6,11,396
Total Consumption	1,17,15,17,214	1,23,91,25,614

Note 25

Purchase of Stock In Trade

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
	-	-
Purchases	15,09,27,963	12,75,32,634
Total	15,09,27,963.45	12,75,32,634.49

Note 23

Changes in inventories of finished goods and stock-in-trade

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Stock-in-Trade		
Opening Stock of Work in Progress	9,06,10,656	5,15,72,942
Opening Stock of Finished Goods	34,87,73,818	25,71,13,858
Closing Stock of Work in progress	4,62,06,400	9,06,10,656
Closing Stock of Finished Goods	40,14,51,278	34,87,73,818
Total	(82,73,204)	(13,06,97,674)



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Note 24

Employee Benefits Expense

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
(A) Salaries, Wages And Incentives Incl Bonus	2,05,28,481	2,03,48,372
(B) Contributions To -		
(I) Provident Fund (II) Superannuation Scheme	1,69,500	1,30,049
(C) Gratuity Fund Contributions	13,43,355	11,54,760
(D) Social Security And Other Benefit Plans For Overseas Employees	-	-
(E) Expense On Employee Stock Option Scheme (Esop) And Employee Stock Purchase Plan (Espp),	-	-
(F) Staff Welfare Expenses	35,95,320	14,27,928
Total	2,56,36,656	2,30,61,109

Note 25

Finance Cost

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Interest Expense	3,47,01,422	2,99,25,592
Other Borrowing Costs	6,51,518	15,72,492
Chit Discounts	-	-
Total	3,53,52,940	3,14,98,083

Note 26

Rent Expense

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Rent	90,61,138	73,73,700
Total	90,61,138	73,73,700

Note 26

Manufacturing Expenses

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Manufacturing Expenses	10,32,64,552	8,11,23,855
Total	10,32,64,552	8,11,23,854

Note 26

Power & Fuel

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Electricity	10,38,065	15,51,874
Fuel	12,78,041	11,04,251
Total	23,16,105	26,56,125

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Note 27 **Other Expenses** Particulars 31/03/2021 31/03/2020 Administrative and General Expenses Profesional & Consultancy Fee 86,82,182 1,17,13,136 Insurance Expenses 9,46,283 8,64,198 Freight and forwarding Charges 80,54,252 12,52,521 Director's/Pertner's Remuneration 1,98,00,000 1,50,00,000 Water Charges 3,71,827 5,08,860 Rates and Taxes 9,02,449 14,27,749 Printing and Stationery 1,71,542 1,63,376 Postage 7,24,677 6,80,210 Miscellaneous Expenses 32,17,978 1,41,271 Preliminary & Pre Operative Expenses written off 9,49,897 Advertisement and Sales promotion 94,84,328 25,86,207 **Telephones & Mobile Charges** 1,25,270 1,51,857 Office Expenses 23,54,791 2,44,225 Travelling and Conveyance 21,87,136 65,30,963 Labour 9,46,201 30,18,751 Jobwork Expenses 12,86,902 10,01,907 Packing Expense 26,53,967 8,16,645 **Bank Charges** 2,88,171 1,68,316 **Commission & Discount** 14,19,741 19,23,135 Other Administrative Charges 11,16,154 5,40,088 Repairs & Maintenance 67,03,318 62,38,613 Auditor's Remuneration: (i) For audit 1,61,050 1,80,000 (ii) For taxation matters 75,000 75,000 (iii) For Certification services _ (vi) Company Law Matters & Others Total 7,21,76,613 5,56,73,530

Note 28

Exceptional Items

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Convert stock in trade (land) in to Investment property	-	-
Total	-	-



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Note 29

Tax Expense

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Current tax expense	3,10,58,855	1,68,54,099
Deferred Tax	(5,31,716)	(5,86,143)
Adjustment in respect of Previous Year	8,18,968	4,76,705
Total	3,13,46,107	1,67,44,661
Income tax expense attributable to:		
Profit from Continuing Operations	7,85,08,092	4,03,18,172
Profit from Discontinuing Operations	-	-
Total	7,85,08,092	4,03,18,172
Total current tax expense comprises of the following:		
Current Tax relating to current reporting period	3,10,58,855	1,68,54,099
Total Deferred Tax expense / (benefits) comprises of the following:		
Amount of deferred tax expense (income) relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(5,31,716)	(5,86,143)

Note 30

Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
a) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		
i) Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	(11,35,490)	(10,01,033)
ii) Fair value gains/ (losses) on equity instruments		-
Total	(11,35,490)	(10,01,033)

31 Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitment

(i) There is no contingent liabilities as at 31st March, 2021, as at 31st March, 2020 and as at 1st April, 2019.

(ii) Capital Commitments

There is no capital commitments as at 31st March, 2021, as at 31st March, 2020 and as at 1st April, 2019.

32 Earnings Per Share:

Particulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020
Net Profit after tax attributable to Equity Shareholders for Basic EPS and Diluted EPS (Rs. In Lacs)	7,85,08,092	4,03,18,172
	7,85,08,092	4,03,18,172
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares (Face Value Rs. 10/-)	80,87,615	26,92,270
Earning Per Share in Rupees - Basic and diluted	9.71	14.98
Face Value of per Equity Share (in Rs.)	10.00	10.00

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33 Employee Benefit Expenses:

Short Term Employee Benefit Expenses

	Short term Employee benefit Expenses			
Par	ticulars	31/03/2021	31/03/2020	
(A)	Salaries, Wages And Incentives Incl Bonus	2,05,28,481	2,03,48,372	
(B)	Contributions To -			
	(I) Provident Fund (II) Superannuation Scheme	1,69,500	1,30,049	
(C)	Gratuity Fund Contributions	13,43,355	11,54,760	
(D)	Social Security And Other Benefit Plans For Overseas Employees	-	-	
(E)	Expense On Employee Stock Option Scheme (Esop) And Employee Stock Purchase Plan (Espp),	-	-	
(F)	Staff Welfare Expenses	35,95,320	14,27,928	
	Total	2,56,36,656	2,30,61,109	

34 Segment Information:

No separate disclosure for Segment Reporting to be made in the financial statements of the Company.

35 Provisions:

(i)

Disclosures as required by Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:-

Movement in Provisions:

Nature of Provision	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	01.04.2019
Income Tax Provision:			
Provision during the year	3,10,58,855	1,68,54,099	44,78,011
Total	3,10,58,855	1,68,54,099	44,78,011

36 Related Party Disclosure:

Parties which significantly influence / are influenced by the company (either individually or with others) -

)	<u>Key</u>	Management Personnel	<u>Designation</u>
	а	Miss. K. Lakshmi Priya	Company Secretary
	b	Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	CFO
	С	Mr.Prem Dinanath Aggarwal	Managing Director
	d	Miss Shikha Aggarwal	Director
	е	Ms.Ashmita Agarwal	Director
	f	Mr. Anil Kumar Goyal	Independent Director
	g	Mr. Subramanian Thirumurugan	Independent Director
	h	Mr. Ramasubramaniam Senthilrajagopal	Independent Director

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- (ii) Companies/Entities under the Control of Key Management Personnel
 - Beatle Apparels
 Note:- Related party transaction with related parties during the year ended on 31.03.2021

Details of Transactions	31.03.2021 Rs.	31.03.2020 Rs
Loan Taken	95,34,273	5,29,05,470
Loans Repaid	89,28,973	6,79,28,000
Remuneration/Professional Fee	1,45,70,000	1,84,39,990
Rent	12,00,000	25,00,000
Purchases	3,93,09,107	89,59,904
Interest Paid	12,19,566	24,56,03
Outstanding Balances		
Unsecured Loans	6,21,52,244	99,75,000
Expense Payable	30,00,000	
Trade Payable	1,77,00,177	89,62,512
Advance for Purchase of Material	-	
Disclosure in respect of Major Related Party Balances a	as on 31st March, 2021	
Loan Taken	95,34,273	5,29,05,470
Mr. Prem Aggarwal	52,21,103	3,51,60,000
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	300	1,02,68,000
Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	62,870	
Ms.Ashmita Agarwal	42,50,000	74,77,470
Loans Repaid	89,28,973	6,79,28,000
Mr. Prem Aggarwal	13,21,103	4,80,60,000
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	-	1,06,28,000
Ms.Ashmita Agarwal	75,45,000	86,40,000
Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	62,870	6,00,000
Remuneration/Professional Fee	1,45,70,000	1,84,39,990
Mr. Prem Aggarwal	45,00,000	51,00,000
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	37,50,000	45,00,000
Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	26,00,000	27,00,00
Miss. K. Lakshmi Priya	2,70,000	4,79,990
Ms.Ashmita Agarwal	22,50,000	45,00,000
Ms. Tanvi Aggarwal	12,00,000	11,60,000
Rent	12,00,000	25,00,000



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Mr. Prem Aggarwal	6,00,000	12,00,000
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	3,00,000	6,00,000
Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	3,00,000	7,00,000
Purchases	3,93,09,107	89,59,904
Beatle Apparels	3,93,09,107	89,59,904
Interest Paid	12,19,566	24,56,031
Mr. Prem Aggarwal	1,43,354	14,11,932
Mrs. Shikha Aggarwal	1,29,146	1,00,503
Mr. Aditya Aggarwal	9,47,066	9,43,596

* Negative Balance Exhibits Debit Balance Outstanding

37 Operating Leases :

The Company has taken certain premises under cancellable lease which later than one year but not later than five years. The rental expense under such operating leases during the year Rs.28,76,100- (Previous Year 35,17,300/-).

38 In accordance with the India Accounting Standards (AS-2) "Valuation of Inventories", in relation to Raw materials, work in progress, finished goods, packing materials, stores, spares, components, consumables and stock-in-trade are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

39 First Time adoption to Ind AS

1 Basis of preparation

For all period upto the year ended 31st March, 2020, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 are the Company's first annual Ind AS financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements, which comply with Ind AS, applicable for periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2019 as described in the accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, the Company's opening Balance Sheet was prepared as at 1st April, 2019, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Indian GAAP Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2019 and its previous Indian GAAP financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

2 Exemptions Applied

Ind AS 101 "First - time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards "allows first - time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The Company has applied the following exemptions: Property, plant and equipment:- The Company has elected to apply Indian GAAP carrying amount as deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS for its property, plant and equipment.

3 Mandatory exceptions applied

The following mandatory exceptions have been applied in accordance with Ind AS 101 in preparing the financial statements.

 Estimates:- The Company's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error. Ind AS estimates as at 1st April, 2019 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with Indian GAAP except where Ind AS required a different basis for estimates as compared to the Indian GAAP.



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2) Classification and measurement of financial assets:- The Company has classified the financial assets in accordance with Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" on the basis of facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS.

4 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities:

Company has applied the de-recognition requirements of financial assets and financial liabilities prospectively for transactions occurring on or after 1st April, 2019 (the transition date).

5 Impairment of financial assets

The Company has applied the impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 retrospectively; however, as permitted by Ind AS 101, it has used reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that financial instruments were initially recognised in order to compare it with the credit risk at the transition date. Further, the Company has not undertaken an exhaustive search for information when determining, at the date of transition to Ind AS whether there have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition, as permitted by Ind AS 101.

• Deemed Cost for PPE, CWIP and Intangible Assets under development:

The Company has opted for historical cost of Property, Plant and Equipment / intangible assets as per Previous GAAP as the deemed cost on the opening balance sheet date. The carrying amounts of thoseassets are given below

S.	Class of Property Plant and Equipment	W.D.V.
No.		As at 31.03.2021
1	Building	3,11,15,683
2	Furniture & Fittings, Electrical Fittings, Office Equipment	1,24,52,365
3	Plant and Equipment	62,29,558
4	Vehicles	50,78,006
5	Computer	11,97,034
6	Goodwill	78,24,592
7	Software	4,64,246
8	Office Equipments	4,23,526
9	Miscellaneous Assets	20,533
	Total	6,48,05,543

a. Transition to IND AS:

As stated in Note 2 (a) above, the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 are the first financial statements prepared in compliance with IND AS.

All applicable INDAS have been applied consistently. The resulting difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities under Ind AS and Indian GAAP as of transition date have been recognised directly in equity at the transition date.

Reconciliation:

The following reconciliations provide a quantification of the effect of significant differences arising from the transition from Indian GAAP to IND AS in accordance with IND AS 101:

- Equity as at 1st April, 2019
- Equity as at 31st March, 2020
- Profit for the year ended 31st march 2020, and

- Explanations of material adjustments

In the reconciliation mentioned below, certain reclassifications have been made to Indian GAAP Financial information to align with Ind AS presentation:



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36 A. Financial risk management

The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of market risk (including foreign currency risk and interest risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

i. Market Risk

Market rate is the risk that arises from changes in market prices, such as commodity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates etc. and will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposure within acceptable parameters, while optimising returns.

a. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Currently company not take any loan facility and use own fund for its business so interest risk is very low.

b. Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Company not do any transaction in foreign currency so company has no risk.

ii. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The Company performs on-going credit evaluation of its counterparties' financial conditions. The Company's major classes of financial assets are cash and bank balances, trade receivables, Security deposits, Advances to Suppliers and Employees, Unbilled Revenues and prepayments.

As at the reporting date, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

As at the reporting date, substantially all the cash and bank balances as detailed in Note 8 to the financial information are held in major Banks which are regulated and located in the India, which management believes are of high credit quality.

iii. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's management of working capital. It is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company has obtained fund based and non-fund based working capital credit facility from various banks. Company's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due. The principal liabilities of the Company arise in respect of the trade and other payables. Trade and other payables are all payable within 12 months.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate surplus, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecasts and actual cash flows.

The Company has a system of regularly forecasting cash inflows and outflows and all liquidity requirements are planned.

Forecast for trade and other payables is regularly monitored to ensure timely funding.

All payments are made within due dates.

The Board receives cash flow projections on a regular basis as well as information on cash balances.



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I.

Note no - 40 Disclosure as required by IND AS 101 First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard

EQUITY RECONCILIATION : 31ST MARCH, 2020 Particulars		As at 31-03-2020 IGAAP	Adjustment	As at 31-03-2020 INDAS
ASS	ETS			
(1)	Non-Current Assets			
. ,	Property, Plant and Equipment	3,32,04,878	2,69,48,498.27	6,01,53,377
	Intangible Assets under development	-	-	-
	Financial Assets		-	
	(i) Investments	35,10,000	17,75,000	52,85,000
	(ii) Long Term Loan & Advances	48,85,000	68,24,060	1,17,09,060
	Other Non Current Asset			, ,,
	Deferred Tax Assets (net)	63,970	(63,970)	-
(2)	Current Assets		-	
(-)	Inventories	55,94,12,200	-	55,94,12,200
	Financial Assets		-	
	(i) Investments	_	-	-
	(i) Trade Receivables	23,86,28,159	-	23,86,28,159
	(ii) Cash and cash Equivalents	80,55,061	-	80,55,061
	(iii)Bank balances other than (ii) above	-	-	
	(iv) Loans	_	_	
	(v) Others financial assets	_	_	-
	Other current assets	1,19,92,513	44,06,633	1,63,99,146
	TOTAL ASSETS	85,97,51,781	3,98,90,222	89,96,42,003
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		-	
	Equity		-	
	Equity Share Capital	2,69,22,700	-	2,69,22,700
	Other Equity	6,55,91,516	(1)	6,55,91,515
	Money received against share warrants	8,42,12,500	-	8,42,12,500
	Total Equity	17,67,26,716	(1)	17,67,26,715
	Liabilities	,,		
(1)	Non-Current Liabilities			
(.)	Long Term Borrowings	2,68,00,587	5,53,01,505	8,21,02,093
	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	2,74,286	(2,74,286)	
(2)	Current Liabilities	_,,		
(-)	Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	13,79,35,346	0	13,79,35,346
	(ii) Trade Payables	29,47,82,780	-	29,47,82,780
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	_	,,,,
	Other Current Liabilities	1,72,92,038	(1,33,05,071)	39,86,967
	Provisions	1,34,88,436	68,78,891	2,03,67,327
	Total Liabilities	49,05,73,474	4,86,01,039	53,91,74,513
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	66,73,00,190	4,86,01,039	71,59,01,228

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II EQUITY RECONCILIATION : 1ST APRIL, 2019

Particulars	As at 31-03-2019 IGAAP	Adjustment	As at 31-03-2019 INDAS
ASSETS			
(1) Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2,15,72,852	2,41,36,131	4,57,08,982
Investment Property	-	-	-
Intangible Assets under development	-	-	-
Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	35,10,000	17,75,000	52,85,000
(ii) Advances	49,15,000	20,000	49,35,000
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	-	-
Non Current Asset	9,77,117	(27,220)	9,49,897
(2) Current Assets		-	
Inventories	36,36,16,780	-	36,36,16,780
Financial Assets		-	
(i) Investments	-	-	-
(i) Trade Receivables	13,37,19,316	-	13,37,19,316
(ii) Cash and cash Equivalents	13,65,590	-	13,65,590
(iii)Bank balances other than (ii) above	-	-	-
(iv) Loans	-	-	-
(v) Others financial assets	-	-	-
Current Tax Assets (Net)	-	-	-
Other current assets	1,14,75,300	(21,50,986)	93,24,314
Assets classified as held for sale		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	54,11,51,955	2,37,52,924	56,49,04,879
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		-	
Equity		-	
Equity Share Capital	2,69,22,700	-	2,69,22,700
Preference Shares	-	-	-
Other Equity	4,23,42,028	-	4,23,42,028
Total Equity	6,92,64,728	-	6,92,64,728
Liabilities			
(1) Non-Current Liabilities			
Long Term Borrowings	4,41,20,408		6,26,83,175
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	5,43,647	(5,43,647)	-
Other non-current liabilities	-	-	-



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Particulars	As at 31-03-2019 IGAAP	Adjustment	As at 31-03-2019 INDAS
(2) Current Liabilities		-	
Financial Liabilities		-	
(i) Borrowings	12,16,46,710	9,47,28,017	21,63,74,727
(ii) Trade Payables	5,48,95,057	11,52,59,146	17,01,54,203
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-
Other Current Liabilities	1,01,27,866	(78,15,221)	23,12,645
Provisions	67,47,539	38,99,077	1,06,46,616
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	23,80,81,227	22,40,90,139	46,21,71,367
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	30,73,45,955	22,40,90,139	53,14,36,094

iii Effect of Ind AS adoption on statements of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31.03.2020

Par	ticulars	Previous GAAP	Effect of Transition to Ind AS	IND AS
I	INCOME			
	Revenue from Operations	1,49,99,35,754	-	1,49,99,35,754
	Other Income	13,72,715	-	13,72,715
	TOTAL INCOME	1,50,13,08,470	-	1,50,13,08,470
П	EXPENSES			
	Cost of Material consumed	86,82,86,508	37,08,39,106	1,23,91,25,614
	Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in- Trade and Work-in-Progress	(6,54,86,254)	(6,52,11,420)	(13,06,97,674)
	Employee Benefit expenses	1,17,05,150	1,13,55,959	2,30,61,109
	Finance Cost	1,72,77,179	1,42,20,905	3,14,98,084
	Depreciation and Amortisation expenses	24,64,906	44,33,754	68,98,659
	Other Expenses	6,88,88,643	(1,32,15,112)	5,56,73,530
	TOTAL EXPENSES	90,31,36,131	32,24,23,190	1,22,55,59,322
	PROFIT BEFORE TAX	59,81,72,338	(32,24,23,190)	27,57,49,148
111	TAX EXPENSE			
	(1) Current Tax	1,68,54,099	-	1,68,54,099
	(2) Deferred Tax	(5,86,143)	-	(5,86,143)
	(3) Short Provision for Income Tax of Earlier Year	2,08,279	2,68,426	4,76,705
	TOTAL TAX EXPENSE	1,64,76,235	2,68,426	1,67,44,661
	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	58,16,96,103	(32,26,91,616)	25,90,04,487
IV	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	-		
	(a) Gains and Losses on Investments in Equity Instrument is classified as FVOCI	-	(10,01,033)	(10,01,033)
	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL	-	(10,01,033)	(10,01,033)
	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	58,16,96,103	(32,36,92,649)	25,80,03,454



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41 Financial Instruments measurements and disclosures

Financial Instruments by Category	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Total carrying valu
As on March 31, 2021				
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value	-	-	-	
Not Measured at Fair Value				
Unquoted Equity Share			52,85,000	52,85,00
Long Term Advances		-	1,31,36,375	1,31,36,37
Trade Receivables	-	-	32,95,60,676	32,95,60,67
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,38,67,341	1,38,67,34
Deposits	-	-	63,970	63,97
Short Term Advances	-	-	1,99,25,377	1,99,25,37
Total	-	-	38,18,38,739	38,18,38,73
Financial liabilities:				
Not measured at fair value				
Long Term Borrowings	-	-	9,60,60,496	9,60,60,49
Short Term Borrowings			29,04,54,074	29,04,54,07
Trade Payable	-	-	20,28,93,421	20,28,93,42
Other Current Liabilities	-	-	3,14,28,354	3,14,28,3
Total	-	-	62,08,36,345	62,08,36,34
Financial Instruments by Category	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised	Total carryir
As on March 31, 2020			cost	valu
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	
Not Measured at Fair Value				
Unquoted Equity Shares			52,85,000	52,85,00
Long Term Advances	-	-	1,17,09,060	1,17,09,06
Trade Receivables	-	-	23,86,28,159	23,86,28,1
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	80,55,061	80,55,00
Deposits	-	-	63,970	63,97
Short Term Advances	-	-	2,24,13,147	2,24,13,14
Total	-	-	28,61,54,397	28,61,54,3
Financial liabilities:				
Not measured at fair value				
		-	8,21,02,093	8,21,02,0
Long Term Borrowings	-			
Long Term Borrowings Short Term Borrowings	-		26,69,31,575	26,69,31,5
		_	26,69,31,575 29,47,82,780	
Short Term Borrowings	-	-		26,69,31,57 29,47,82,78 3,49,99,30



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Financial Instruments by Category As on April 01, 2019	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Not Measured at Fair Value				
Unquoted Equity Shares	-	-	52,85,000	52,85,000
Long Term Advances	-	-	49,35,000	49,35,000
Trade Receivables	-	-	13,37,19,316	13,37,19,316
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	13,65,590	13,65,590
Deposits	-	-	27,220	27,220
Short Term Advances	-	-	2,52,51,368	2,52,51,368
Total	-	-	17,05,83,494	17,05,83,494
Financial liabilities:				
Not measured at fair value				
Long Term Borrowings			6,26,83,175	6,26,83,175
Short Term Borrowings			21,63,74,727	21,63,74,727
Trade Payable	-	-	17,01,54,204	17,01,54,204
Other Current Liabilities	-	-	88,10,854	88,10,854
Total	-		45,80,22,961	45,80,22,961
Fair value hierarchy				

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis,

it also includes the financial instruments which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed.

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As on March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments				
Equity Share	-	-	-	-
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Total	-		-	
Financial liabilities:				
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
As on March 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Total	-	-	-	
Financial liabilities:				
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
As on April 01, 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Tota
Financial Assets:				
Measured at Fair Value				
Investments	-	-	-	
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Total	-	-	-	
Financial liabilities:				
Not Measured at Fair Value (Refer Footnotes)				
Footnotes:				

i) The Company has not disclosed the fair value of financial instruments such as trade receivables, trade payables, advances, security deposits, other current assets and liabilities etc. because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.



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c) Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

- i) **Level 1**: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices in an active market. This included listed equity instruments, traded debentures and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including debentures) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.
- ii) **Level 2**: Level 2 hierarchy includes financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds/ debentures, over the counter derivatives). The fair value in this hierarchy is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level
- ii) Level 3: If one or more of the significant Inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. Financial instruments such as unlisted equity shares, loans are included in this hierarchy.

d) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- a) the use of quoted market prices for the equity instruments
- b) the fair value of the unlisted shares are determined based on the income approach or the comparable mark approach. For these unquoted investments categorised under Level 3, their respective cost has been considered as an appropriate estimate of fair value because of a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range.
- c) the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using the discounted cash flow analysis

42 Gratuity And Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

The Company operates gratuity plan in a way wherein every employee is entitled to the benefit equivalent to fifteen days salary last drawn for each completed year of service. The same is payable on termination of service or retirement, whichever is earlier. The benefit vests after five years of continuous service. Company only provides from provision and when a sum is payable is paid immediately, No such fund has been created for the purpose of Gratuity Payment.

The Company provides for provision based on the actuarial valuation report.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet :

Net benefit expense recognised through the Statement of Profit and Loss

	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
Current Services Cost	9,26,912	6,67,579
Interest Cost	3,12,448	2,09,375
Actuarial Losses/(Gains)	12,39,485	12,78,839
Total	24,78,845	21,55,793
Expense Recognized in Profit & Loss	13,43,355	11,54,760
Expense Recognized Through OCI	11,35,490	10,01,033

73,90,499

49,11,654

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31-03-2021

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Changes in the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligations (DBO) are as follows: 31.03.2021 31.03.2020 Opening defined benefit obligation 49,11,654 27,55,861 Interest Cost 2,09,375 3,12,448 Current Service Cost 9,26,912 6,67,579 Actuarial (gain)/ loss on account of: Changes in demographic assumptions Changes in financial assumptions (11, 851)Experience adjustments 1,45,584 4,75,082 11,05,752 8,03,757 Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period 73,90,499 49,11,654 **Balance Sheet Reconciliation Opening Net Liability** 49,11,654 27,55,861 Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss 11,54,760 13,43,355 Expense Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income 11,35,490 10,01,033

43 i. Non-current assets

Benefit Paid

All non-current assets of the company are located in India.

Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet

ii Going Concern-

The annual financial statement have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations will occur in ordinary course of business

iii Events after the reporting period-

There are no events after the balance sheet date that require disclosures.

iv. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22nd June 2021.