

CIN No. L29222DL1976PLC008129 GST NO. 37AAACD6021B1ZB Head Office: "DREDGE HOUSE", HB Colony Main Road, Seethammadhara,

Visakhapatnam-530022

Phone: 0891 2523250, Fax: 0891 2560581/ 2565920,

Website: www.dredge-india.com

Regd. Office: Core-2, First Floor, Scope Minar, Laxminagar District Centre, Delhi – 110092

DCI/CS/E.1/2022

04/07/2022

Listing Compliance

Bombay Stock Exchange Limited

Floor 1, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Fort, Mumbai -400001

Scrip code : 523618

Listing Compliance

The National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.

Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G

Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051

Symbol: DREDGECORP

Dear Sir,

Sub :

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualification

Ref:

(i) DCI Letter No. DCI/CS/E.1/2022 dated 30/5/22

(ii) BSE Mail dated 07/06/2022

(iii) DCI Letter No. DCI/CS/E.1/2022 dated 08/6/22

(iv) NSE Mail dated 21/6/22

(v) DCI Letter dated 28//6/2022

(vi) NSE Mail dated 29/06/2022

(vii) BSE mail dated 29/06/2022

We have to inform you that the DCI vide letter cited (i) above have submitted the Audited Financial results for the period ended 31/03/2022 and the same were submitted along with the Indepenent Audit report given by the Statutory Auditors on 30/05/2022. The clarification of the Management on the subject Audit Qualifications have been submitted in the Notes to Financial Results. As there is no measurable financial impact at this juncture, the same could not be depicted therein. Further, the statement of Impact of Audit Qualification in specified format with "NIL" impact was submitted vide our letter cited (ii) above.

- 2. BSE vide Mail cited (ii) above and NSE vide Mail cited (iv) above informed to submit the Statement on Impact of Audit Qualification for the period ended 31/03/2022. DCI vide letter cited (iii) above have submitted the same.
- 3. NSE vide mail cited (vi) above have imposed a penalty for non-compliance with the provisions of Regulation 33 i.e. non-submission of the Statement on Impact of Audit Qualification for the period ended 31/03/2022 for an amount of Rs. 59000/- (including GST).
- 4. BSE vide mail cited (vii) above have imposed a penalty for non-compliance with the provisions of Regulation 33 i.e. non-submission of the Statement on Impact of Audit Qualification for the period ended 31/03/2022 for an amount of Rs. 59000/- (including GST).
- 5. It is informed that the Statement on impact of Audit Qualification was submitted vide out letter dt. 30/05/22 read with our letter dt. 08.06.22. The letter submitted to the Stock Exchanges vide our letter dt. 8/6/22 is enclosed for reference.
- 6. In view of above and the "NIL impact" on the audit qualification as mentioned in the Notes to Financial Results in our letter dated 30/05/2022, the Exchange is requested to please review its decision of imposing of fine on the company and withdraw the notice thereof.

Thanking You Yours faithfully

For Dredging Corporation of India Limited

(K.Aswirff Sreekanth) Compliance Officer



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DCI/CS/E.1/2022

30/05/2022

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Symbol: DREDGECORP

The Secretary

The Calcutta Stock Exchange Assn. Ltd.

7, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700001

Scrip Code: 14050

Dear Sir.

As per the Regulation 29 (1) (a) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, The Stock Exchanges were informed on 20/05/2022 that a meeting of the Board of directors would be held on 30/05/2022 inter-alia to consider the Standalone Audited financial results for the year ended 31/03/2022.

- 2. We have to inform you that the Board in the said meeting considered and approved the Audited financial results for the year ended 31/03/2022 and the same are attached along with the indepenent Audit report given by the Statutory Auditors for the same.
- 3. We have taken steps to publish the standalone Audited financial results in the "Business Standard" all editions for English version and "Business Standard" all editions for Hindi versions to meet the provisions of the aforesaid clause of the Listing Regulations, 2015.
- 4. Pursuant to Regulation 33 (3) of the Listing Regulations, as amended, we have inform you that the Auditors have given an qualified opinion on the Audited Financial Results of the Company and the replies to the same are included in the Notes of the Financial Results for the year ended 31/03/2022.
- 5. This may please be treated as intimation to Stock Exchanges as per Regulation 47 and Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- 6. The Board meeting commenced on 30-05-2022 at 1505 Hrs and ended at 1615 Hrs

Thanking You,

Yours faithfully.

For Dredging Corporation of India Limited

(K.Aswini Sreekanth) Company Secretary

CIN no: L29222DL1976PLC008129

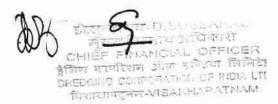
Registered Office: Core-2, 1st Floor, "SCOPE Minar", Plot No.2A & 2B, Laxmi Nagar District Centre, DELHI-110 091

Head Office: "Dredge house" HB Colony Main Road, Seethammadhara, Visakhapatnam-530022

<u>Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended 31st March, 2022</u>

Rs.in lakhs

S.No	Particulars	Un- Audited	Un- Audited	Un Audited	Aud	ited
		Quarter Ended March 31, 2022	Quarter Ended March 31, 2021	Quarter Ended Dec 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021
1	Revenue from operations	28,909.03	21,188.09	24,004.10	79,909.10	76,376.40
2	Other Income	49.33	100.20	82.12	244.57	316.02
3	Total Income (1+2)	28,958.36	21,288.29	24,086.22	80,153.67	76,692.42
4	Expenses					
	a) Employee benefit expense	2,969.01	2,474.77	2,272.74	9,476.91	10,097.98
	b) Finance costs	347.17	687.25	300.86	1,193.37	1,992.12
	c) Depreciation and amortization					
	expense	3,287.55	2,858.09	2,938.59	12,019.96	11,930.33
	d) Other expenses	22,210.58	25,847.14	17,298.68	58,670.05	69,715.19
	Total expenses (4)	28,814.31	31,867.25	22,810.87	81,360.29	93,735.62
5	Profit before exceptional items and tax (3-4)	144.05	-10,578.96	1,275.35	-1,206.62	-17,043.20
6	Exceptional Items	-17.00	_	1,685.75	1,668.75	-
7	Profit before tax (5-6)	127.05	-10,578.96	2,961.10	462.13	-17,043.20
8	Tax Expense:		,	,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Current tax	20.68	73.48	55.50	120.17	182.36
•	P54 544 (7.0)	20.68	73.48	55.50	120.17	182.36
9	Profit for the year (7-8)	106.37	-10,652.44	2,905.60	341.96	-17,225.56
10 11	Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income	174.37	428.55	0.00	174.37	428.55
12	for the period (9+10) Paid up share capital (face	280.74	-10,223.89	2,905.60	516.35	-16,797.01
13	value Rs,10/- each) Paid up debt	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,800.00 27,283.00	2,800.00 40,955.00
14	capital/Outstanding Debt Earnings per equity share					, , , , , , , ,
	(1) Basic (in Rs.)	1.00	(36.51)	10.38	1.84	(59.99)
	(2) Diluted (in Rs.)	1.00	(36.51)	10.38	1.84	(59.99)
15	Reserve excluding Revaluation Reserve				1,37,235.02	1,36,718.68
16	Debenture/Bonds Reserve				3000.00	3000.00
17	Debt Equity ratio				0.20:1	0.21:1
18	Debt Service coverage Ratio			-	0.43	(0.07)
19	Interest Service coverage ratio				11.28	(1.75)
20	Net Worth				1,40,035.02	1,39,518.68



ASSETS	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non-current assets		
(a) Property, plant and equipment	1,58,036.00	1,60,911.69
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3,026.54	1,218.62
(c) Financial Assets		
(i) Investments	-	
(ii) Other financial assets	50.63	50.61
Total non-current assets	1,61,113.17	1,62,180.92
Current assets		
(a) Inventories	15,975.04	17,034.55
(b) Financial Assets		
(i) Trade receivables	20,990.19	20,173.71
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9,364.02	4,807.39
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	50.48	51.60
(iv) Other financial assets	15,001.54	14,538.07
(c) Current tax assets (Net)	6.338.64	5,600.57
(d) Other current assets	3,544.48	3,750.14
Total current assets	71,264.39	65,956.03
Total assets	2,32,377.56	2,28,136.95
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Equity		
(a) Equity Share Capital	2,800.00	2,800.00
(b) Other Equity	1,37,235.02	1,36,718.68
Total equity	1,40,035.02	1,39,518.68
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
(a) Financial Liabilities		
Borrowings	13,504.50	29,389.76
(b) Provisions	897.41	1,159.98
(c) Other non-current liabilities	2,029.01	1,466.15
Total non-current liabilities	16,430.92	32,015.89
Current liabilities		
(a) Financial Liabilities		
(i) Trade Payables	37,515.84	29,046.35
(ii) Other financial liabilities	24,259.89	14,302.02
(b) Provisions	291.58	334.49
(c) Other current liabilities	13,844.31	12,919.52
Total current liabilities	75,911.62	56,602.38
Total Liabilities	92,342.54	88,618.27
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Prof. Dr. G.Y.V. VICTOR
Managing Director & CEO
Dredging Corporation of India Limited
MISAKHAPATNAM

Notes

डी.सुङ्गराय-D.SUBBARAO मुख्य वित्तीय अधिकारी CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER ड्रेजिंग कार्पोरेशन ऑफ़ इण्डिया तिमिटेड DREDGING CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD विशासापट्नम-VISAKHAPATNAM



द्वीस्ट्वारान-D.SUBBARAO मुख्य विद्तारा अधिकारी GHIFF FINANCIAL OFFICER शेकिन कार्यस्था अस्त के उत्त विदेशक प्राप्त

NOTES

- 1. The Company is engaged in the business of dredging and therefore, has only one reportable segment in accordance with IND AS 108 "Operating Segments".
- 2. As per the minutes of the meeting of AS&FA committee held on 25.02.2019 w.r.t. outstanding dues from M/s Sethusamudram Corporation Ltd (SCL), it was recommended to release an amount of Rs. 136.72 Crs to DCI. Out of the said amount, an amount of Rs. 70.88 Crs already released till date. AS&FA directed SCL to move a note seeking approval of cabinet for seeking Govt budgetary resources to release balance dues to DCI.
- 3. The Auditors have in their limited review report submitted a qualified opinion on two issues. The clarification of the Management are as under:-

Explanation on qualification -a- change of Accounting policies on dry dock expenditure and inventories:-

With regard to first qualification – accounting policies of Dry-dock Expenditure and Spares, the following is the clarification of the management

The revised policy of Charging depreciation on dry dock expenses over a period of 3/5 years against the previous policy of charging over a period of 2.5 years do not require re-statement of financial statements. The period of 3/5 years over which the amount of expenditure incurred for dry docking to be depreciated is as per the advise of the Controlling authority (IRS) based on the current business scenarios taking into consideration the best practices that are being adopted by the industry globally. DCIL had obtained all the necessary approvals from the IRS to charge the deprecation on the dry dock expenses over a period of 3/5 years and said period of 3/5 years amounts to new information or new development which is taken as the basis for better presentation of the Financial statements as per the statutory requirements within the business jurisdiction. "Change in estimates" is defined in Para 5 of the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)8 "Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting estimates and Errors", the extract of the same is given below.

"A change in accounting estimate is an adjustment of the carrying amount of an asset or a liability, or the amount of the periodic consumption of an asset, that results from the assessment of the present status o±: and expected future benefits and obligations associated with, assets and liabilities. Changes in accounting estimates result from new information or new developments and, accordingly, are not corrections of error"

In the context of the above definition, the change of period from 2.5 years to 3/5 years is construed as change in accounting estimate but do not amount to Change in Accounting Policy.

Specific reference here is drawn to Item (d) of Para 32 of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting estimates and Errors", which specifically states "The useful lives of, or expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in, depreciable asset".

The grounds of the instant case absolutely in-toto fits in to the above reference of Pare 32 (d) range according Reconsidering the period of 3/5 years
Managing Director & CEO
Dredging Corporation of India Limited
VISAR PARATNAM

नीया अधिकारी GIAL OFFICER from the previously adopted period of 2.5 years will amount to change in estimate.

As per Para 36 and Para 37 of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting estimates and Errors", the effect of the new information shall be adopted prospectively only and no point of retrospective treatment do arise.

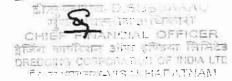
Explanation on Qualification -b - Pending dispute with NCLT and a related CBI investigation:-

The relevant income and expenditure have been accounted for completely in the previous year and there is no impact on the financial statement due to the on-going case. As such the management of the view that there is no requirement under Ind AS37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The Statutory Auditors have also confirmed that the total income and expenditure have been accounted for. The relevant document could not be submitted to the Statutory Auditors due to CBI seizing the documents. The relevant documents have been submitted to Auditors.

- 4. Pursuant to Regulation 54(2) of Regulations 33 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. It is informed that the company has issued DCI Tax free BONDS 2012-13 for an amount of Rs. 58.87 Cr in the nature of Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible debentures ("Bonds") having tax benefit under section 10(15)(iv)(h) of the Income Tax Act,1961-(ISIN series-INE506A27015) which are listed on BSE. The Bonds are secured by way of first charge on the Back Hoe Dredger DCI BH-1 and as on date hundred percent asset cover is maintained.
- 5. Disclosure pursuant to Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (LODR):-

	Particulars	DCI Tax free Bonds 2012- 13	Remarks
a)	Credit Rating	1.CARE:BBB+ Negative 2.BWA: AA- Stable	-
b)	Previous interest due date	28/03/2022	Interest paid and bonds are not due
c)	Interest paid on	28/03/2022	for redemption
d)	Next Interest due date	28/03/2023	Bonds are due for redemption on 28-03-2023
e)	Asset Cover	100%	As on 31/03/2022
f)	Net Worth	Rs.1400.35 Crore	As on 31/03/2022

- 6. The details of foreign exchange loss / (gain) for the period/year are Rs. 36.81lakhs are included under finance cost.
- 7. Profit impact on account of Change in Accounting Polices:
 - As per revised policy the Dry dock expenses an amount of Rs.40.50
 Crore were capitalized and Rs.12.55Crore of depreciation charged to
 revenue during this year. Net impact on Current year PAT is Rs.27.95
 Crore was high on account of revised policy or otherwise current year
 Profit after Tax would have been lowered by Rs.27.95 Crore.



- As per revised policy the Stores and lubes are charged to revenue on actual consumption basis. Hence, an amount of Rs.7.63Crore was shown in inventory or otherwise current year Profit after Tax would have been lowered by Rs.7.63Crore.
- Due to changes in above accounting policies, the current year profit impact was high to the amount of Rs.35.58Crore.
- 8. DCI placed the order in October 2005 for Cutter Suction Dredger (CSD) on Mazagon Dock Limited (MDL) at a cost of Rs. 269.58 Crs and final landed cost of CSD was Rs. 273.74 Crs.MDL delivered the vessel in March 2010(Dredge XVIII) with poor construction, inordinate delay in supply of Dredger, failure to conduct successful trails as envisaged in the contract resulted in poor performance of the Dredger after delivery. In view of above, DCI encased the Performance Bank Guarantee of Rs.27.32 Crs on 01-11-2013 submitted by the contractor. In Feb 2014 MDL has referred the matter to Permanent Machinery of Arbitration (PMA) claiming that Encashment of BG by DCI is bad and illegal, and for refund of Rs.30.35Crs (BG amount along with interest and other charges). Finally, the joint Secretary & Arbitrator of PMA has published the Award on 12-06-2018 in favor of MDL for an amount of Rs.15.00 Crs. However, DCI challenged the award before AMRDC and the matter is still pending there till date.
- 9. DCI had entered into an agreement with Shipyard De Donge (Yard) for design, build and delivery of Backhoe Dredger within a period of 18 months (27.07.2010). Since, yard failed to supply the vessel within time; DCI deducted Liquidated Damages amounting to Euros 3,000,000. The issue was referred to Arbitration. Arbitration Tribunal passed an award in favor of the yard for Euros of 1,016,756 amounting to around Rs. 10.80 Cr. DCI filed appeal on the said award before High Court of Andhra Pradesh in 2018 and the same is pending there. None of the appearances made on behalf of the Yard till date.
- 10. DCI subcontracted Part of the dredging works at Sethusamudram to M/s Mercator Lines Limited (MLL). Due to some contractual issues it was referred to Arbitration. The Arbitration Tribunal passed the award in favor of MLL for an amount of Rs.60.47 Crs. DCI has filed appeal on the said awards before the London court and High Court of Delhi and the same was dismissed. Subsequently, MLL has filed Execution petition before the High Court of Delhi. DCI has filed its objections under Section 48 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 contesting award on the ground that the Award is contrary to the public policy of India and also on the ground that arbitral procedure was not in accordance with the agreement of parties, particularly LMAA Rules. This case is posted for hearing on 25/05/2022. DCI obtained Opinion from senior counsels stating that DCI has fair chances of getting the execution petition of MLL dismissed / set aside.
- 11. Exceptional Income: During the year, company sold Dr-Acquires and TUG VII as scrap for an amount of Rs.18.50Lakhs & Rs.158Lakhs excluding taxes and earned profit(loss) amounting to Rs.1686 and (17)Lakhs respectively and the Prof. Br. G.Y.V. VICTOR

Managing Director & CEO
Dredging Corporation of India Limited
VISAKHAPATNAM





- 12. Confirmation and reconciliation of outstanding balance of trade payables, other payables and advances to suppliers are subject to reconciliation and the same is under process.
- 13. DCIL entered an agreement with M/s.Cochin Shipyard Limited for construction of New TSHD 12000 CUM capacity Dredger for contract value of Rs.765.33Crore as on 31/03/2022. Board in its meeting held on 15/03/2022 vide Agenda item no.339/1, accorded in principal approval for appointment of Deutsche Bank AG, Paris Branch as the Mandated Lead Arranger (MLA) for the purpose of providing Atradius BSD covered buyers credit facility (Facility), with EXIM being the lender in Euro to Dredging Corporation of India Limited and authorized project Finance Committee (PFC) to finalize the terms. Accordingly PFC vide in its 8th meeting held on 29/03/2022, accorded approval. Deutsche Bank provided indicative financing proposal for 44.6Million Euro's in respect of Euro component. Approval from Reserve Bank of India is awaited.

In respect of INR component of contract value of Rs.379.7Crs, DCIL discussed with promoter ports on 09/05/2022 for the proposal of funding of Rs.192Crs with various repayment options. Cochin Shipyard Ltd(CSL) has committed to subscribe for Non convertible Debentures to the extent of Rs.158Crs. In addition, EXIM bank sanctioned term loan of Rs. in principle approval for Rs.100Crs.

- 14. The audited accounts are subject to review by C&AG U/s 143(6) of The Companies Act, 2013.
- 15. The figures of the last quarter ending 31/03/2022 are the balancing figures in respect of figures for full financial year 2021-22 and the figures published up to third quarter of FY 2020-21.
- 16. The above financial results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 30/05/2022.
- 17. The figures of the previous year/period have been regrouped/ rearranged/restated wherever necessary/ practicable to conform to current year/ period's transactions.

By Order of the Board

For Dredging Corporation of India Ltd

Prof. Dr. G.Y.V. VICTOR

Managing Director & CEO
Dredging Corporation of India Limited
VISAKHAPATNAM

Managing Director &CEO

Place: Visakhapatnam

Date: 30/05/2022

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CEO / CFO CERTIFICATION

We Prof. Dr.GYV.Victor, in the capacity of Managing Director & CEO and Shri.D.Subbarao in the capacity of CFO of Dredging Corporation of India Limited, certify to the Board that

- (a) We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year 2021-22 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading:
 - ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company's code of conduct.
- (c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for Financial Reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and they have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (d) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:

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- (i) Significant changes in internal control over financial Reporting during the year:
- (ii) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
- (iii) instances of significant fraud of which they have become aware and involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

(D:SUBBARAO) ड्री:सुब्बाराबः D.SUBBARAO Chief financial Officerः वित्ताय अधिकारी CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER बेजिंग जार्यतेशम ऑक्स एप्डिया सिमिटेड

Place: Visakhapatnam Tolk File HAPATHAM Date: 30-05-2022

(Prof.Dr.G) (NVictor)
Managing Director&CEO

To,

The Board of Directors

Dredging Corporation of India Limited

We have examined the attached Cash Flow Statement of Dredging Corporation of India Limited for the year ended 31-03-2022. The Statement has been prepared by the company in accordence with the requirements of SEBI (LODR) regulations and based on and in agreement with the corresponding Profit & Loss Statement and Balance Sheet of the Company covered by our Report, dated 30-05-2022 to Members of the Company

> For Rao and Kumar & Co **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn No.03089S

(CA.Anirban Pal) Partner: Membership No.214919

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31-03-2022

Particulars	20	21-22		(Rs.In lakhs) 2020-21
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ĩ			
Profit before Tax		462.13		-17,043.20
Less/Add: (Profit)/Loss on sale of assets		-1,668.75	4	-426.85
Lessithad. (Fronty/Loss of Sale of assets		-1,206.62		-17,470.05
ADJUSTMENT FOR:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		171110.00
Depreciation	12,019.96		11,930.33	
Interest Expense	1,156.56		1,867.16	
Interest Income	(199.79)		(249.62)	
Excess Prov.No longer Written Back	(1,343.69)		4	
Exchange (Gain)/Loss	36.81	11,669.85	125.77	13,673.64
Operating Profit before changes in WC		10,463.23		-3,796.41
Working Capital Changes:				
(Increase) / Decrease in inventory	1,237.34		3,128.32	
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	149.02		2,848.47	,
(Increase) / Decrease in other current Assets	(459.18)		1,052.28	
Increase / (Decrease)in Trade Payables&other liabilites	17,138.16	18,065	11,980.08	19,009.15
Cash generated from operations	1	28,528.57		15,212.74
Income Taxes paid(Refund)	828.07	828.07	(718.10)	(718.10)
Net Cash from operating activities (A)		29,356.64	, ,	14,494.64
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
(Purchase)/Sale of Fixed Assets		(11,134.42)		(301.36)
Sale Proceeds of Property Plant and Equipment		2,008.00		
Interest Received		199.79		249.62
Net Cash from investing activities (B)		(8,926.63)		(51.74)
,				
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from /(Repayment of)Long term Borrowings		(14,681.13)		(14,608.90)
Interest paid		(1,193.37)		(1,992.93)
Dividend paid	1	-		-
Corporate Dividend Tax		2		£
Net Cash from Financing Activities (C)		(15,874.50)		(16,601.83)
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		4,555.51		(2,158.93)
Cash & Equivalents as at beginning of the year		4,858.99		7,017.92
Cash & Equivalents as at end of the year		9,414.50		4,858.99
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these finacial stat	ements.			

For Dredging Corporation of India Limited;

Chief Financial Officer

डी.सब्बाराव-D.SUBBARAO मुख्य विल्लीय अधिकारी CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER ड्रेजिंग कार्पोरेशन ऑफ़ इण्डिया तिमिटेड DREDGING CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD तिशाखापट्नन-VISAKHAPATNAM

Place:Visakhpatnam Date:30-05-2022

Rao & Kumar Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on the Quarterly Standalone Financial Results and Standalone Year to Date Results of Dredging Corporation of India Limited, pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended

To
The Board of Directors
Dredging Corporation of India Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Annual Financial Results

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone annual financial results of Dredging Corporation of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), for the quarter ended 31 March 2022 and for the year ended 31 March 2022 ("the Statement" or "Standalone annual financial results"), being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("the Listing Regulations").

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Statements:

- (i) are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 in this regard as amended; and
- (ii) except for the possible effect of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph below, gives a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the quarter ended 31 March 2022 and for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- a. The Company had changed its accounting policies on Dry Dock Expenditure and Inventories (Stores and Lubricants) on prospective basis from the current accounting period instead of recognizing the retrospective impact of the change in Accounting Policies on the Opening balance of Other Equity and the Current and Previous reporting periods thereby not complying with the measurement and disclosure requirements under Ind AS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the impact thereof on the amounts reported in the Financial Statements.
- b. The Company has not determined the impact of a pending dispute before the NCLT and a related CBI Investigation involving M/s. Van Oord India Private Limited on the Current reporting period thereby not complying with the measurement and disclosure requirements under Ind AS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the impact thereof on the amounts reported in the Financial Statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to;

a. The pending dispute with M/s Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust (JNPT), where the Company (DCIL) carried out maintenance dredging with JNPT in the financial year 2019-20. DCIL executed part of dredging activity of

its own and some of the areas were dredged by a subcontractor named M/s. International Seaport Dredging Pvt Ltd (herein after called as ISDPL). DCIL received payments from JNPT as per the rates mentioned in the agreement. However, DCIL released payments to ISDPL as per the agreement between DCIL Vs. ISDPL. As the JNPT rates to DCIL were higher than DCIL rates to ISDPL, JNPT started recovering such estimated excess amounts from subsequent invoices raised by the Company. The disputed amount recovers by JNPT to the tune of ₹ 20.65 Crores is accounted as receivable in the books.

- b. Note No 2 to the statement which states that Trade Receivables include a sum of ₹ 65.84 crores due from M/s Sethusamudram Corporation Limited (SCL) towards works executed during 2005-06 to 2008-09 as has been settled by a committee chaired by Additional Secretary & Financial Advisor, Ministry of Shipping, Government of India (AS & FA Committee).
- c. Note No 9 to the statement regarding Arbitral Award of ₹ 60.47 Crores in favour of M/s Mercator Lines Limited (MLL) the awarded amount is shown as contingent Liability. We have relied upon the legal opinions obtained by the Company from Senior Counsels.
- d. The accounting treatment of Prior Period Items to the tune of ₹ 6.93 crores and the measurement and disclosure thereof in the Current and Previous reporting periods.
- Note No 11 to the statement which state that the Outstanding balances under Trade Payables, Other Payables, Trade Receivables and Advance to Suppliers are subject to confirmation and reconciliation.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Annual Financial Results

These standalone annual financial results have been prepared on the basis of standalone annual financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these standalone annual financial results that give a true and fair view of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone annual financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone annual financial results, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Annual Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone annual financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or



Rao & Kumar Chartered Accountants

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error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone annual financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone annual financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion through a separate report on the complete set of standalone financial
 statements on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone
 financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the standalone annual financial results made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone annual financial results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone annual financial results, including
 the disclosures, and whether the standalone annual financial results represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

Attention is drawn to the fact that the figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 and the corresponding quarter ended in the previous year as reported in the Statement are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published year to date figures up to the end of third quarter of the relevant financial year. Also, the figures up to the end of the third quarter had only been reviewed and not subjected to audit.

For Rao & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

FRN 030895

Anirban Pal M.No. 214919

UDIN No. 22214919AJWSXX1619

Place: Visakhapatnam Date: May 30, 2022



CIN No. L29222DL1976PLC008129 GST NO. 37AAACD6021B1ZB Head Office: "DREDGE HOUSE", HB Colony Main Road, Seethammadhara, Visakhapatnam-530022

Phone: 0891 2523250, Fax: 0891 2560581/ 2565920,

Website: www.dredge-india.com

Regd. Office: Core-2, First Floor, Scope Minar, Laxminagar District Centre, Delhi – 110092



Listing Compliance

Bombay Stock Exchange Limited

Floor 1, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Fort, Mumbai -400001

Scrip code : 523618

Listing Compliance

The National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.

Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G

Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051

Symbol: DREDGECORP

The Secretary

The Calcutta Stock Exchange Assn. Ltd.

7, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700001

Scrip Code: 14050

Dear Sir.

Sub: Regulation 33/52 of SEBI (LoDR) Regulations, 2015 for the period ended

March 2022 - Statement of Impact of Audit Qualifications

Ref: (i) DCI Letter No. DCI/CS/E.1/2022 dated 30/05/2022

(ii) BSE Mail dated 07/06/22.

As per the Regulation 29 (1) (a) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, The Stock Exchanges were informed on 20/05/2022 that a meeting of the Board of directors would be held on 30/05/2022 inter-alia to consider the Standalone Audited financial results for the year ended 31/03/2022.

- 2. We have to inform you that the Board in the said meeting considered and approved the Audited financial results for the year ended 31/03/2022 and the same were submitted along with the Indepenent Audit report given by the Statutory Auditors on 30/05/2022. The clarification of the Management on the subject Audit Qualifications have been submitted in the Notes to Financial Results. As there is no measurable financial impact at this juncture, the same could not be depicted therein. The statement of Impact of Audit Qualification in specified format with "NIL" impact is attached herewith.
- 3. It is informed that the name of the Credit Rating Agency in the Notes to Financial results submitted is mentioned as BWA instead of BWR (Brick work Rating) inadvertently. The same is now rectified and submitted.
- 4. This may please be treated as intimation to Stock Exchanges as per Regulation 33/52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Yours faithfully,

For Dredging Corporation of India Limited

(K.Aswini Sreekanth) Compliance Officer



08/06/2022

CIN no: L29222DL1976PLC008129

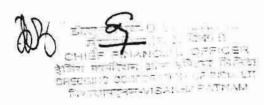
Registered Office: Core-2, 1st Floor, "SCOPE Minar", Plot No.2A & 2B, Laxmi Nagar District Centre, DELHI-110 091

Head Office: "Dredge house" HB Colony Main Road, Seethammadhara, Visakhapatnam-530022

<u>Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended 31st March, 2022</u>

Rs.in lakhs

S.No	Particulars	Un- Audited	Un- Audited	Un Audited	Aud	ited
2		Quarter Ended March 31, 2022	Quarter Ended March 31, 2021	Quarter Ended Dec 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021
1	Revenue from operations	28,909.03	21,188.09	24,004.10	79,909.10	76,376.40
2	Other Income	49.33	100.20	82.12	244.57	316.02
3	Total Income (1+2)	28,958.36	21,288.29	24,086.22	80,153.67	76,692.42
4	Expenses					
	a) Employee benefit expense	2,969.01	2,474.77	2,272.74	9,476.91	10,097.98
	b) Finance costs	347.17	687.25	300.86	1,193.37	1,992.12
	c) Depreciation and amortization			1		
	expense	3,287.55	2,858.09	2,938.59	12,019.96	11,930.33
	d) Other expenses	22,210.58	25,847.14	17,298.68	58,670.05	69,715.19
	Total expenses (4)	28,814.31	31,867.25	22,810.87	81,360.29	93,735.62
5	Profit before exceptional items and tax (3-4)	144.05	-10,578.96	1,275.35	-1,206.62	-17,043.20
6	Exceptional Items	-17.00	(2)	1,685.75	1,668.75	-
7	Profit before tax (5-6)	127.05	-10,578.96	2,961.10	462.13	-17,043.20
8	Tax Expense:		,			,
	Current tax	20.68	73.48	55.50	120.17	182.36
_		20.68	73.48	55.50	120.17	182.36
9	Profit for the year (7-8)	106.37	-10,652.44	2,905.60	341.96	-17,225.56
10	Other comprehensive income	174.37	428.55	0.00	174.37	428.55
11	Total comprehensive income					
12	for the period (9+10)	280.74	-10,223.89	2,905.60	516.35	-16,797.01
12	Paid up share capital (face value Rs,10/- each)	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,800.00
13	Paid up debt	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,800.00	27,283.00	40,955.00
	capital/Outstanding Debt				21,200.00	40,933.00
14	Earnings per equity share					
		4.00		40.00	4.04	(50.00)
	(1) Basic (in Rs.)	1.00	(36.51)	10.38	1.84	(59.99)
45	(2) Diluted (in Rs.)	1.00	(36.51)	10.38	1.84	(59.99)
15	Reserve excluding Revaluation Reserve				1,37,235.02	1,36,718.68
16	Debenture/Bonds Reserve				3000.00	3000.00
17	Debt Equity ratio				0.20:1	0.21:1
18	Debt Service coverage Ratio				0.43	(0.07)
19	Interest Service coverage ratio				11.28	(1.75)
20	Net Worth				1,40,035.02	1,39,518.68



Statement of Assets ASSETS	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Non-current assets		574.5
(a) Property, plant and equipment	1,58,036.00	1,60,911.69
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3,026.54	1,218.62
(c) Financial Assets		
(i) Investments		
(ii) Other financial assets	50.63	50.61
Total non-current assets	1,61,113.17	1,62,180.92
Current assets		
(a) Inventories	15,975.04	17,034.55
(b) Financial Assets		
(i) Trade receivables	20,990.19	20,173.71
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9,364.02	4,807.39
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	50.48	51.60
(iv) Other financial assets	15,001.54	14,538.07
(c) Current tax assets (Net)	6,338.64	5,600.57
(d) Other current assets	3,544.48	3,750.14
Total current assets	71,264.39	65,956.03
Total assets	2,32,377.56	2,28,136.95
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Equity		
(a) Equity Share Capital	2,800.00	2,800.00
(b) Other Equity	1,37,235.02	1.36,718.68
Total equity	1,40,035.02	1,39,518.68
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
(a) Financial Liabilities		
Borrowings	13,504.50	29,389.76
(b) Provisions	897.41	1,159.98
(c) Other non-current liabilities	2,029.01	1,466.15
Total non-current liabilities	16,430.92	32,015.89
Current liabilities		
(a) Financial Liabilities		
(i) Trade Payables	37,515.84	29,046.35
(ii) Other financial liabilities	24,259.89	14,302.02
(b) Provisions	291.58	334.49
(c) Other current liabilities	13,844.31	12,919.52
Total current liabilities	75,911.62	56,602.38
Total Liabilities		
iotal Liabilides	92,342.54	88,618.27

Prof. Dr. G.Y.V. VICTOR
Managing Director & CEO
Draging Corporation of India Limited
VISAKHAPATNAM

Notes

डी.सहवाराच-D SUBBARAO में उस चित्सीय अधिकारी CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER क्रेजिंग कार्योरका ऑफ इण्डिया निमिटेड DREDGING CC TROBATION OF INDIA LTD विशासापटनम-VISAKHAPATNAM



SPARTON, D., S.EBA, RAC FOR THE RESIDENCE CHEFFRENCION COFFICE MONTHS

NOTES

- The Company is engaged in the business of dredging and therefore, has only. one reportable segment in accordance with IND AS 108 "Operating Segments".
- 2. As per the minutes of the meeting of AS&FA committee held on 25.02.2019 w.r.t. outstanding dues from M/s Sethusamudram Corporation Ltd (SCL), it was recommended to release an amount of Rs. 136.72 Crs to DCI. Out of the said amount, an amount of Rs. 70.88 Crs already released till date. AS&FA directed SCL to move a note seeking approval of cabinet for seeking Govt budgetary resources to release balance dues to DCI.
- The Auditors have in their limited review report submitted a qualified opinion. on two issues. The clarification of the Management are as under:-

Explanation on qualification -a- change of Accounting policies on dry dock expenditure and inventories:-

With regard to first qualification – accounting policies of Dry-dock Expenditure and Spares, the following is the clarification of the management

The revised policy of Charging depreciation on dry dock expenses over a period of 3/5 years against the previous policy of charging over a period of 2.5 years do not require re-statement of financial statements. The period of 3/5 years over which the amount of expenditure incurred for dry docking to be depreciated is as per the advise of the Controlling authority (IRS) based on the current business scenarios taking into consideration the best practices that are being adopted by the industry globally. DCIL had obtained all the necessary approvals from the IRS to charge the deprecation on the dry dock expenses over a period of 3/5 years and said period of 3/5 years amounts to new information or new development which is taken as the basis for better presentation of the Financial statements as per the statutory requirements within the business jurisdiction. "Change in estimates" is defined in Para 5 of the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)8 "Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting estimates and Errors", the extract of the same is given below.

"A change in accounting estimate is an adjustment of the carrying amount of an asset or a liability, or the amount of the periodic consumption of an asset, that results from the assessment of the present status o±: and expected future benefits and obligations associated with, assets and liabilities. Changes in accounting estimates result from new information or new developments and, accordingly, are not corrections of error"

In the context of the above definition, the change of period from 2.5 years to 3/5 years is construed as change in accounting estimate but do not amount to Change in Accounting Policy.

Specific reference here is drawn to Item (d) of Para 32 of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting estimates and Errors", which specifically states "The useful lives of, or expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in, depreciable asset".

The grounds of the instant case absolutely in-toto fits in to the above reference of Pare 32(d) range 20c0/disting Roonsidering the period of 3/5 years
Managing Director & CEO
Dredging Corporation of India Limited
VISAMPARATNAM

from the previously adopted period of 2.5 years will amount to change in estimate.

As per Para 36 and Para 37 of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting estimates and Errors", the effect of the new information shall be adopted prospectively only and no point of retrospective treatment do arise.

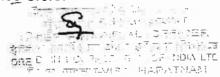
Explanation on Qualification -b - Pending dispute with NCLT and a related CBI investigation:-

The relevant income and expenditure have been accounted for completely in the previous year and there is no impact on the financial statement due to the on-going case. As such the management of the view that there is no requirement under Ind AS37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The Statutory Auditors have also confirmed that the total income and expenditure have been accounted for. The relevant document could not be submitted to the Statutory Auditors due to CBI seizing the documents. The relevant documents have been submitted to Auditors.

- 4. Pursuant to Regulation 54(2) of Regulations 33 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. It is informed that the company has issued DCI Tax free BONDS 2012-13 for an amount of Rs. 58.87 Cr in the nature of Secured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible debentures ("Bonds") having tax benefit under section 10(15)(iv)(h) of the Income Tax Act,1961-(ISIN series-INE506A27015) which are listed on BSE. The Bonds are secured by way of first charge on the Back Hoe Dredger DCI BH-1 and as on date hundred percent asset cover is maintained.
- 5. Disclosure pursuant to Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (LODR):-

ORATION		Particulars	DCI Tax free Bonds 2012- 13	Remarks
	BIA	Credit Rating	1.CARE:BBB+ Negative 2.BW R AA- Stable	-
ORATION O COMO TO THE PART OF		Previous interest due date	28/03/2022	Interest paid and bonds are not due
W #	c)	Interest paid on	28/03/2022	for redemption
	d)	Next Interest due date	28/03/2023	Bonds are due for redemption on 28-03-2023
	e)	Asset Cover	100%	As on 31/03/2022
	f)	Net Worth	Rs.1400.35 Crore	As on 31/03/2022

- 6. The details of foreign exchange loss / (gain) for the period/year are Rs. 36.81lakhs are included under finance cost.
- 7. Profit impact on account of Change in Accounting Polices:
 - As per revised policy the Dry dock expenses an amount of Rs.40.50
 Crore were capitalized and Rs.12.55Crore of depreciation charged to
 revenue during this year. Net impact on Current year PAT is Rs.27.95
 Crore was high on account of revised policy or otherwise current year
 Profit after Tax would have been lowered by Rs.27.95 Crore.



- As per revised policy the Stores and lubes are charged to revenue on actual consumption basis. Hence, an amount of Rs.7.63Crore was shown in inventory or otherwise current year Profit after Tax would have been lowered by Rs.7.63Crore.
- Due to changes in above accounting policies, the current year profit impact was high to the amount of Rs.35.58Crore.
- 8. DCI placed the order in October 2005 for Cutter Suction Dredger (CSD) on Mazagon Dock Limited (MDL) at a cost of Rs. 269.58 Crs and final landed cost of CSD was Rs. 273.74 Crs.MDL delivered the vessel in March 2010(Dredge XVIII) with poor construction, inordinate delay in supply of Dredger, failure to conduct successful trails as envisaged in the contract resulted in poor performance of the Dredger after delivery. In view of above, DCI encased the Performance Bank Guarantee of Rs.27.32 Crs on 01-11-2013 submitted by the contractor. In Feb 2014 MDL has referred the matter to Permanent Machinery of Arbitration (PMA) claiming that Encashment of BG by DCI is bad and illegal, and for refund of Rs.30.35Crs (BG amount along with interest and other charges). Finally, the joint Secretary & Arbitrator of PMA has published the Award on 12-06-2018 in favor of MDL for an amount of Rs.15.00 Crs. However, DCI challenged the award before AMRDC and the matter is still pending there till date.
- 9. DCI had entered into an agreement with Shipyard De Donge (Yard) for design, build and delivery of Backhoe Dredger within a period of 18 months (27.07.2010). Since, yard failed to supply the vessel within time; DCI deducted Liquidated Damages amounting to Euros 3,000,000. The issue was referred to Arbitration. Arbitration Tribunal passed an award in favor of the yard for Euros of 1,016,756 amounting to around Rs. 10.80 Cr. DCI filed appeal on the said award before High Court of Andhra Pradesh in 2018 and the same is pending there. None of the appearances made on behalf of the Yard till date.
- 10. DCI subcontracted Part of the dredging works at Sethusamudram to M/s Mercator Lines Limited (MLL). Due to some contractual issues it was referred to Arbitration. The Arbitration Tribunal passed the award in favor of MLL for an amount of Rs.60.47 Crs. DCI has filed appeal on the said awards before the London court and High Court of Delhi and the same was dismissed. Subsequently, MLL has filed Execution petition before the High Court of Delhi. DCI has filed its objections under Section 48 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 contesting award on the ground that the Award is contrary to the public policy of India and also on the ground that arbitral procedure was not in accordance with the agreement of parties, particularly LMAA Rules. This case is posted for hearing on 25/05/2022. DCI obtained Opinion from senior counsels stating that DCI has fair chances of getting the execution petition of MLL dismissed / set aside.
- 11. Exceptional Income: During the year, company sold Dr-Acquires and TUG VII as scrap for an amount of Rs.18.50Lakhs & Rs.158Lakhs excluding taxes and earned profit(loss) amounting to Rs.1686 and (17)Lakhs respectively and the Prof. Dr. G.V. VICTOR

Managing Director & CEO
Dredging Corporation of India Limited
VISAKHAPATNAM





- 12. Confirmation and reconciliation of outstanding balance of trade payables, other payables and advances to suppliers are subject to reconciliation and the same is under process.
- 13. DCIL entered an agreement with M/s.Cochin Shipyard Limited for construction of New TSHD 12000 CUM capacity Dredger for contract value of Rs.765.33Crore as on 31/03/2022. Board in its meeting held on 15/03/2022 vide Agenda item no.339/1, accorded in principal approval for appointment of Deutsche Bank AG, Paris Branch as the Mandated Lead Arranger (MLA) for the purpose of providing Atradius BSD covered buyers credit facility (Facility), with EXIM being the lender in Euro to Dredging Corporation of India Limited and authorized project Finance Committee (PFC) to finalize the terms. Accordingly PFC vide in its 8th meeting held on 29/03/2022, accorded approval. Deutsche Bank provided indicative financing proposal for 44.6Million Euro's in respect of Euro component. Approval from Reserve Bank of India is awaited.

In respect of INR component of contract value of Rs.379.7Crs, DCIL discussed with promoter ports on 09/05/2022 for the proposal of funding of Rs.192Crs with various repayment options. Cochin Shipyard Ltd(CSL) has committed to subscribe for Non convertible Debentures to the extent of Rs.158Crs. In addition, EXIM bank sanctioned term loan of Rs. in principle approval for Rs.100Crs.

- 14. The audited accounts are subject to review by C&AG U/s 143(6) of The Companies Act, 2013.
- 15. The figures of the last quarter ending 31/03/2022 are the balancing figures in respect of figures for full financial year 2021-22 and the figures published up to third quarter of FY 2020-21.
- 16. The above financial results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 30/05/2022.
- 17. The figures of the previous year/period have been regrouped/ rearranged/restated wherever necessary/ practicable to conform to current year/ period's transactions.

By Order of the Board For Dredging Corporation of India Ltd

Prof. Dr. G.Y.V. VICTOR

Managing Director & CEO
Dredging Corporation of India Limited
VISAKHAPATNAM

Managing Director &CEO

Place: Visakhapatnam

Date: 30/05/2022

CHIEF OF STREET THE STREET TO STREET THE STR

CEO / CFO CERTIFICATION

We Prof. Dr.GYV.Victor, in the capacity of Managing Director & CEO and Shri.D.Subbarao in the capacity of CFO of Dredging Corporation of India Limited, certify to the Board that

- (a) We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year 2021-22 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company's code of conduct.
- (c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for Financial Reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and they have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (d) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - (i) Significant changes in internal control over financial Reporting during the year:
 - (ii) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (iii) instances of significant fraud of which they have become aware and involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

(D.Subbarao) ভাষ্কালত D.SUBBARAC Chief financial Officer বিভাগৰ স্থিতি কটি চেনাই চাম এক্ষা চেচাট্ট্র ইট্রিল ব্যুক্তির স্থান স্থান্ত স্থিতিই চন্দ্রেল বিশ্বনিধার স্থান কটিছেই চন্দ্রেল বিশ্বনিধার স্থান চেচাট্ট্র

Place:Visakhapatham Date: 30-05-2022 (Prof.Dr.G.) Victor)
Managing Director&CEO

To,

The Board of Directors

Dredging Corporation of India Limited

We have examined the attached Cash Flow Statement of Dredging Corporation of India Limited for the year ended 31-03-2022. The Statement has been prepared by the company in accordance with the requirements of SEBI (LODR) regulations and based on and in agreement with the corresponding Profit & Loss Statement and Balance Sheet of the Company covered by our Report, dated 30-05-2022 to Members of the Company

For Rao and Kumar & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.03089S

(CA.Anirban Pal) Partner: Membership No.214919

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31-03-2022

(Rs.in lakhs)

Particulars	202	1-22	2	2020-21
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	+ T			
Profit before Tax	1	462.13	1	-17,043,20
Less/Add: (Profit)/Loss on sale of assets	1	-1,668.75	1	-17,043.20 -426.85
LESS/Add. (Ploity/Loss of Sale of assets	l +	-1,208.62	-	-17,470,05
THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	1 -	-1,200.02	-	-17,470,03
ADJUSTMENT FOR:	40.040.00		11,930.33	
Depreciation	12,019.96		1,867,16	
Interest Expense	1,156.56	9	12951152 A02641	
Interest Income	(199.79)		(249.62)	
Excess Prov.No longer Written Back	(1,343.69)		405.77	
Exchange (Gain)/Loss	36.81	11,669.85	125.77	13.673.64
Operating Profit before changes in WC	1	10,463.23	<u> </u>	-3,796.41
Working Capital Changes:				
(Increase) / Decrease in inventory	1,237.34		3,128.32	
(increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	149.02		2,848.47	
(Increase) / Decrease in other current Assets	(459.18)		1,052.28	
Increase / (Decrease)in Trade Payables&other liabilities	17,138.16	18,065	11,980.08	19,009.15
Cash generated from operations		28,528.57		15,212.74
Income Taxes paid(Refund)	828.07	828.07	(718.10)	(718.10
Net Cash from operating activities (A)		29,356.64		14,494.64
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
(Purchase)/Sale of Fixed Assets	1	(11,134.42)		(301.36
Sale Proceeds of Property Plant and Equipment	1 1	2,008.00		1
Interest Received		199.79		249.62
Net Cash from investing activities (B)	1	(8,926.63)		(51.74
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from /(Repayment of)Long term Borrowings		(14,681,13)		(14,608.90
Interest paid	*	(1,193.37)	1	(1,992.93
Dividend paid	i i	(1,130.07)	1	(1,502.50
Corporate Dividend Tax		-	1	
Net Cash from Financing Activities (C)		(15,874.50)		(16.601.83
Net cash from Financing Activities (C)		(13,874.30)		(10.001.00
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		4,555.51		(2,158.93
Cash & Equivalents as at beginning of the year		4,858.99		7,017.92
Cash & Equivalents as at end of the year		9,414.50		4,858.99
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these finacial sta	itements.			

For Dredging Corporation of India Limited;

Chief Financial Officer

डी.सुल्बागाय-D.SUBBARAO सुख्य वित्ती य अधिकारी CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER ड्रेजिंग कार्पीरशन ऑफ़ इण्डिया लिमिटेड DREDGING CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD विशाखापट्नम-VISAKHAPATNAM

Place:Visakhpatnam Date:30-05-2022

Rao & Kumar Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on the Quarterly Standalone Financial Results and Standalone Year to Date Results of Dredging Corporation of India Limited, pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended

To
The Board of Directors
Dredging Corporation of India Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Annual Financial Results

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone annual financial results of Dredging Corporation of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), for the quarter ended 31 March 2022 and for the year ended 31 March 2022 ("the Statement" or "Standalone annual financial results"), being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("the Listing Regulations").

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Statements:

- are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 in this regard as amended; and
- (ii) except for the possible effect of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph below, gives a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the quarter ended 31 March 2022 and for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- a. The Company had changed its accounting policies on Dry Dock Expenditure and Inventories (Stores and Lubricants) on prospective basis from the current accounting period instead of recognizing the retrospective impact of the change in Accounting Policies on the Opening balance of Other Equity and the Current and Previous reporting periods thereby not complying with the measurement and disclosure requirements under Ind AS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the impact thereof on the amounts reported in the Financial Statements.
- b. The Company has not determined the impact of a pending dispute before the NCLT and a related CBI Investigation involving M/s. Van Oord India Private Limited on the Current reporting period thereby not complying with the measurement and disclosure requirements under Ind AS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the impact thereof on the amounts reported in the Financial Statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to:

a. The pending dispute with M/s Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust (JNPT), where the Company (DCIL) carried got maintenance dredging with JNPT in the financial year 2019-20. DCIL executed part of dredging activity in

its own and some of the areas were dredged by a subcontractor named M/s. International Seaport Dredging Pvt Ltd (herein after called as ISDPL). DCIL received payments from JNPT as per the rates mentioned in the agreement. However, DCIL released payments to ISDPL as per the agreement between DCIL Vs. ISDPL. As the JNPT rates to DCIL were higher than DCIL rates to ISDPL, JNPT started recovering such estimated excess amounts from subsequent invoices raised by the Company. The disputed amount recovers by JNPT to the tune of ₹ 20.65 Crores is accounted as receivable in the books.

- b. Note No 2 to the statement which states that Trade Receivables include a sum of ₹ 65.84 crores due from M/s Sethusamudram Corporation Limited (SCL) towards works executed during 2005-06 to 2008-09 as has been settled by a committee chaired by Additional Secretary & Financial Advisor, Ministry of Shipping, Government of India (AS & FA Committee).
- c. Note No 9 to the statement regarding Arbitral Award of ₹ 60.47 Crores in favour of M/s Mercator Lines Limited (MLL) the awarded amount is shown as contingent Liability. We have relied upon the legal opinions obtained by the Company from Senior Counsels.
- d. The accounting treatment of Prior Period Items to the tune of ₹ 6.93 crores and the measurement and disclosure thereof in the Current and Previous reporting periods.
- Note No 11 to the statement which state that the Outstanding balances under Trade Payables, Other Payables, Trade Receivables and Advance to Suppliers are subject to confirmation and reconciliation.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Annual Financial Results

These standalone annual financial results have been prepared on the basis of standalone annual financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these standalone annual financial results that give a true and fair view of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone annual financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone annual financial results, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Annual Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone annual financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted impactorial accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or



Rao & Kumar Chartered Accountants

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error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone annual financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone annual financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion through a separate report on the complete set of standalone financial
 statements on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone
 financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the standalone annual financial results made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone annual financial results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone annual financial results, including
 the disclosures, and whether the standalone annual financial results represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

Attention is drawn to the fact that the figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 and the corresponding quarter ended in the previous year as reported in the Statement are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published year to date figures up to the end of third quarter of the relevant financial year. Also, the figures up to the end of the third quarter had only been reviewed and not subjected to audit.

For Rao & Kumar

Chartered Accountants

FRN 030895

Anirban Pal

M.No. 214919 UDIN No. 22214919AJWSXX1619 Place: Visakhapatnam Date: May 30, 2022

ANNEXURE

Statement on Impactot AuditQualifications (forauditreport withmodified opinion) submittedalong-with Annual AuditedFinancialResults -(Standalone)

		(See Regulat	ons for the FinancialYear ended ion33/52of theSEBI	
1	SI. No	1	AuditedFigures (as reported before adjusting	Adjusted Figures (audi dedfigures after gadjusting for) qualificat i ons)
	1	Tumover/Totalincome	80153.6	80153.6
	2	TotalExpenditure	81360 2	9 81360.2
	3	NetProfit(Loss)	516.3	5 516.3
	4	EarningsPerShare	1.8	1.8
	5	TotalAssets	232377.5	
1	5.	TotalLiabilities	92342.5	
	7	NetWorth	140035.0	2 140035 0
	8,	Any other (mancialitem(s)		
	and retro- other disck and t impa	lubricants) on prospective basis from spective impact of the changes in a the current and previous reporting basic requirements under Ind AS 8, Errors. In the absence of sufficient and thereof on the amounts reported in	counting policies to opening ba periods thereby not complying w Accounting policies and change and appropriate evidence, we are the Financial statements.	od instead of recognizing alance of oth er equity an with the measurement an in Accounting Estimate unable to comment on the
	and retroit discked and 8 impart 2. The investigation of the investigati	lubricants) on prospective basis from spective impact of the changes in a the current and previous reporting asure requirements under Ind AS 8, arrors. In the absence of sufficient and thereof on the amounts reported in the company has not determined the integration involving M/s. Van Oord India lying with the measurement and discongent Liabilities, and Contingent Asset unable to comment on the impact	om the current accounting period accounting policies to opening be periods thereby not complying we Accounting policies and change and appropriate evidence, we are the Financial statements. In pact of pending disputes before a Private Limited on the current re- closure requirements under Ind Allets. In the absence of sufficient a	od instead of recognizing alance of oth er equity an with the measurement and in Accounting Estimate unable to comment on the NCLT and a related CBI eporting period thereby not \$37, Provisions, and appropriate evidence,
	and retroit discked and 8 impart 2. The investigation of the investigati	lubricants) on prospective basis frospective impact of the changes in a the current and previous reporting usure requirements under Ind AS 8, Errors. In the absence of sufficient are thereof on the amounts reported in the company has not determined the intigation involving M/s. Van Oord India lying with the measurement and discingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assignative impacts in the contingent Assignative in the continue in the continu	om the current accounting period accounting policies to opening be periods thereby not complying we Accounting policies and change and appropriate evidence, we are the Financial statements. In pact of pending disputes before a Private Limited on the current re- closure requirements under Ind Allets. In the absence of sufficient a	od instead of recognizing alance of oth er equity an with the measurement and in Accounting Estimate unable to comment on the NCLT and a related CBI eporting period thereby no S 37, Provisions, and appropriate evidence,
	and retroit of the re	lubricants) on prospective basis for spective impact of the changes in a the current and previous reporting obsure requirements under Ind AS 8, Errors. In the absence of sufficient and thereof on the amounts reported in the company has not determined the integration involving M/s. Van Oord India lying with the measurement and discingent Liabilities, and Contingent Asse e unable to comment on the impact ments.	om the current accounting period accounting policies to opening be periods thereby not complying we Accounting policies and change and appropriate evidence, we are the Financial statements. In pact of pending disputes before a Private Limited on the current re- closure requirements under Ind Allets. In the absence of sufficient a	od instead of recognizing alance of oth er equity an with the measurement and in Accounting Estimate unable to comment on the NCLT and a related CBI eporting period thereby not S 37, Provisions, and appropriate evidence,
	and retroit of the re	lubricants) on prospective basis for spective impact of the changes in a the current and previous reporting obsure requirements under Ind AS 8, Errors. In the absence of sufficient are thereof on the amounts reported in the company has not determined the integration involving M/s. Van Oord Indialitying with the measurement and discipling with the measurement and discipling highlities, and Contingent Assignments. OfAuditQualification:	om the current accounting period counting policies to opening be periods thereby not complying what Accounting policies and change and appropriate evidence, we are the Financial statements. Impact of pending disputes before a Private Limited on the current reclosure requirements under Ind Alets. In the absence of sufficient a thereof on the amounts reported in QualifiedOpinion Firsttime	od instead of recognizing alance of oth er equity an with the measurement and in Accounting Estimate unable to comment on the NCLT and a related CBI eporting period thereby no S 37, Provisions, and appropriate evidence, in the Financial
	and retroit of the re	lubricants) on prospective basis for spective impact of the changes in a the current and previous reporting obsure requirements under Ind AS 8, Errors. In the absence of sufficient are thereof on the amounts reported in the company has not determined the integation involving M/s. Van Oord India lying with the measurement and discought Liabilities, and Contingent Assis e unable to comment on the impact ments.	om the current accounting period counting policies to opening be periods thereby not complying what Accounting policies and change and appropriate evidence, we are the Financial statements. Impact of pending disputes before a Private Limited on the current reclosure requirements under Ind Alets. In the absence of sufficient a thereof on the amounts reported in QualifiedOpinion Firsttime	od instead of recognizing alance of oth er equity an with the measurement and in Accounting Estimate unable to comment on the NCLT and a related CBI eporting period thereby no S 37, Provisions, and appropriate evidence, in the Financial

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CHARLETT ACCOUNTANTS

CHURCH ACCOUNTANTS

CHURCH FINANCIAL OFFICER

ANIMATI PALE
PORTOR
M.NO.214919



1st Qualification:

If management is unable to estimate the lim With regard to accounting positions of Dry mack expending $v_{
m min}$ pactireasonsforthesame: and spares, the following is the particulion of

macagoment

The Revised policy of Charging depreciation on dry diook expenses over a period of 3/5 years against the previous policy of charging over a period of 2.5 years do not require re-statement of financial statements. The period of 3.5 years over which the amount of expenditure incurred for dry docking to be depreciated is as per the advice of the controlling authority (IRS) based on the current busin ess scenarios taking into consideration the best practices that are being adopted by the industry globally.DCIL had obtained all the necessary approvals from the IRS to charge the depreciation on the dry dock expenses ever a period of 3/5 years and said period of 3/5 years amount sto new information or new development which is taken as the basis for better presentation of the Financial statements as per the statutory requirements with in the business urisdiction." Changes in estimates" is defined in Para 5 of the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors", the extract of the same is given below.

A change in accounting estimates in an adjustment of carrying amount of an asset or liability, or the amount of the periodic consumption of an asset, that results from the assessment of present status O+-; and expected future benefits and obligations associated with, assets and liabilities. Changes in accounting estimates results from new information or new development and, accordingly, are

not correction of errors*

in the context of the above definition, the change of period from 2.5 years to 3/5 years is continued as change in accounting estimates but do not amount to Change in

accounting policy.

Specific reference here is drawn to item (d)of Para 32 of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 8) "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" which specifically states "The Useful lives of , or expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embedied in, depreciable assets"

The grounds of the instant case absolutely in-toto fits in to the above reference of Para 32 (d) accordingly considering the period of 3/5 years from the previously

adopted period of 2.5 years will amount to change in estimates. As per Para 36 and Para 37 of the India in Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*, the effect of the new information shall be adopted prospectively only

and no point of retrospective treatment do arise.

However, with regards to consumption of spares for the purposes of Dry Dock, company was charging off as expense in the erstwhile policy, however, the same is being capitalized under the current policy. In view of the nonavailability of the data pertaining to consumptions of spares for Dry Dock pertaining to earlier years, the impact on the Profit and Loss cannot be determined and accordingly, the restatement of the financial reports could

not be done.

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With respect to the charge of Stores and Lubricants as per the previous policy DCI used to charge to Profit and Loss as and when the Stores and Lubricants are issued to dredger irrespective of the fact whether such stores and Lubricants are actually consumed in the same year or not Management falt the need of earmarking the actual consumption of such Stores and Lubricants due to the very reason that an advanced systems like upgraded version of ERP (Micro soft dynamics D365) is in place Accordingly the policy is changed with a view of presenting a better information to stake holders, to charge to Profit and Loss the stores and Lubricants only when they are actually consumed and the ERP maintains a dedicated fields with respect to the Stores and Lubricants issued to Dredger, and actual consumption, enabling the entity to identify the stocks of Stores and Lubricants on hand at every point of time.

Since, the earlier policy is to charge to Profit and Loss immediately on issue to the Dredgers without waiting for them to get consumed, no records were maintained at Stores as to when the actual consumption took place. In view of the non availability of the data for earlier years, the impact on the Profit and Loss cannot be determined and accordingly, the restatement of the Financial reports could not be done.

Qualification: The relevant income and expenditure have been accounted for completely in the previous year and there is no impact on the financial statements due to the on-going case. As such the management of the view that there is no requirement under Ind AS 37. Provisions. Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The Statutory Auditors have also confirmed that the total income and expenditure have been accounted for The relevant document could not be submitted to the Statutory Auditors due to CBI seizing the documents. The relevant documents have been submitted to Auditors

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ANIRBAN PAL ...
Partner
M.No.214919

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m.Anditors Comment on for if above 1" Qualification! The company had through its Board Resolution adopted a change in accounting policy of Capitalising Dry Dock expenses with respect to Vessels that are older than 25 yis and capitalizing of Dry Dock spares, which were earlier charged off as revenue expenses in the year in which they were incurred. Furtner, through its Board Resolution adopted a change in accounting policy as regards Charging off Stores and Lubricants on consumption basis as against the earlier policy of charging them off on issue In our opinion, both these changes fall within the definition of "Accounting policies" as defined in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 8) on Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors In as much, the company was required to apply the Paras 19-22 of the Ind AS 8 with respect to changes in accounting policy. 2nd Qualification: A sel of documents were submitted to Audit after the conclusion to the Audit Committee Meeting on 30/05/2022 Prior to this there was no information available to to assess the adequacy of provisions made in the books and the impact of any additional claims or charges under the pending cases before the NCLT & CBI. Except a note submitted by the management to audit. Signatories: Ш CFO CEO/Managing Director Prof. Dr. G.Y.V. VICTOR Statutory Auditors: Managing Director & CEO Rao &Kumar Dredging Corporation of India Limited Chartered Accountants VISAKHAPATNAM FRN.003689S (CA Anirban Pal) Partner M No.214919

Date:

Place: