



MCSL/SEC/22-23/202

February 10, 2023

BSE Limited

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers
Dalal Street,
Mumbai - 400 001
Scrip Code - 511766

National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051
Trading Symbol - MUTHOOTCAP

Dear Sir,

Sub: Intimation of publication of Newspaper Advertisement w.r.t. Financial Results Pursuant to Regulation 47

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed the copy of the advertisement of financial results in the following newspapers:

- a) Mangalam (Vernacular language - Malayalam) on February 10, 2023
- b) Business Line (English language) on February 10, 2023

Kindly take the same on your records.

Thanking you,

Yours Faithfully,

For Muthoot Capital Services Limited

DEEPA

GOPALAKRISHNAN

Digitally signed by DEEPA
GOPALAKRISHNAN
Date: 2023.02.10 19:06:09
+05'30'

Deepa G

Compliance Officer

Encl: as above

QUICKLY.

ChatGPT effect: Alibaba joins global chatbot race



Beijing: Chinese e-commerce giant Alibaba said on Thursday it was working on a rival to ChatGPT. With Microsoft, Google and China's Baidu all working to develop chatbots that can mimic human speech, Alibaba is now working on a ChatGPT-style conversation bot of its own that is being tested by employees, a company spokeswoman told AFP on Thursday. AFP

Nokia to expand production of OLTs at its Chennai plant

New Delhi: Nokia on Thursday announced that it will expand the manufacturing of passive optical networks (PON) optical line terminals (OLTs) at its factory in Sriperumbudur, near Chennai. The decision comes in response to increasing demand in India as well as international markets, the company said in a statement. OUR BUREAU

Disney to cut 7,000 jobs as it seeks \$5.5-billion in savings



Walt Disney Co. CEO Bob Iger announced plans for a dramatic restructuring of the company, including 7,000 job cuts and \$5.5 billion in cost savings. The reductions include plans to cut \$3 billion from its budget for movies and TV shows and the rest in non-content related areas. About \$1 billion of the savings are already underway, Iger said on Wednesday on a conference call with investors. BLOOMBERG

Zomato's Q3 loss widens to ₹347 cr

WHAT'S COOKING. Seeing green shoots; the worst may be behind us: CEO Goyal

Yatti Soni
Bengaluru

Zomato has reported a loss of ₹347 crore in the quarter ending December 31, 2022 as compared to a loss of ₹251 crore reported in the previous quarter. This loss was against an operational revenue of ₹1,948 crore in Q3 FY23, as compared to ₹1,661 crore in Q2 FY23 and ₹1,112 crore in operational revenue in Q3 FY22. The company said that its adjusted revenue has grown 66 per cent year-on-year to ₹2,363 crore (45 per cent year-on-year growth excluding quick commerce and 30 per cent year-on-year growth for food delivery). Zomato's adjusted EBITDA loss (ex-quick commerce) was ₹38 crore for the quarter, compared to ₹272 crore in Q3FY22 a year ago. After consolidating



COUNTING THE POSITIVES. Business pre-acquisition of Blinkit has turned EBITDA positive for January 2023, despite a slowdown in the food delivery business

quick commerce (a business that didn't exist last year), the adjusted EBITDA loss was reduced to ₹265 crore as compared to ₹272 crore in Q3FY22 a year ago.

CEO'S MESSAGE

Zomato highlighted that its business pre-acquisition of Blinkit has turned EBITDA positive for the month of January 2023, despite a slowdown

in the food delivery business. CEO Deepinder Goyal responded to the slowdown in food delivery business in the shareholder letter and said, "We have seen an industry-wide slowdown in the food delivery business since late October (post Diwali). This trend has been seen across the country, but more so in the top 8 cities. As a result, GOV growth in food delivery in Q3FY23 was

only 0.7 per cent QoQ in an otherwise seasonally strong quarter. Orders declined QoQ while AOV (average order value) grew. On a YoY basis, GOV grew 21 per cent driven by order volume growth of 14 per cent along with 6 per cent growth in AOV."

He added that it is a challenging demand environment, but the company has started seeing green shoots of demand coming back in recent weeks, which makes it believe that the worst may be behind us. Further talking about the company's plans to revive growth, Goyal said, "We continue to stay focused on our long-term growth vectors without worrying too much about near-term growth pressures. The team is executing relentlessly, and we are shipping things faster than ever. We are prioritising a few initiatives for growth."

CRED net loss doubles to ₹1,279 crore in FY22

Yatti Soni
Bengaluru

Fintech unicorn CRED recorded a net loss of ₹1,279 crore in FY22 even though its revenue jumped by 340 per cent from ₹95 crore in FY21 to ₹422 crore in FY22.



Kunal Shah, Founder and CEO, CRED

The company's losses have more than doubled from ₹524 crore in FY21.

In a conversation with *businessline*, CEO Kunal Shah attributed the losses to the company's focus on building a community of members and building the brand CRED said it has grown to a base of 11.2 million members in FY22 compared to 7.5 million in FY21. Under expenses, marketing and business promotion accounted for the majority ₹975.8 crore, followed by ₹307 crore spent on employee benefits and payment processing charges and other direct costs contributed ₹158 crore and ₹243 crore of other expenses.

These levers are cross-selling financial services, merchant products and e-commerce payments."

Miten Sampat of CRED said, "It's by design that we have different products that appeal to different parts of our community and at different points in time. Different parts of CRED are very deliberately designed as a multi product."

On mounting losses, Shah said "Companies exist for profitability and we make choices on when to do what we play what chapter. Our intent is to build the community, get more products, build more partnerships and create more engagement. Then go in the direction of monetisation and profitability."

BUILDING PRODUCTS

On plans to enter the BNPL (buy now pay later) space, Shah said the company's approach is to do things right, even if it takes them longer to do it.

MONETISATION LEVERS

Of the 11.2 million users, the company said 90 per cent of the members redeem a reward with CRED every month. Talking about the monetisation levers of CRED, Shah said, "Because of the customer choice we have made, all of our monetisation levers are doing well."

Disney+ Hotstar reports 6% decline in subscriber base

Our Bureau
Mumbai

Disney's video streaming service Disney+ Hotstar lost 3.8 million paid subscribers for the first quarter ended December 31, 2022.

Disney+ Hotstar's subscriber base saw a 6 per cent decline from 61.3 million in the previous quarter to 57.5 million for the quarter.

This is only the second time that the streaming service has reported a quarterly decline in its subscriber base, with the previous one being in Q4 2021, when the service lost 1.6 million subscribers. Disney follows an October to September fiscal year.

This decline comes at a time when the streaming service will no longer be airing the IPL after losing the digital media rights of the 2023-27 editions to Reliance's Viacom18. Disney's chief financial officer, Christine McCarthy, had warned about this in November 2022, citing the absence of the Indian Premier League (IPL) tournament.

"I have been watching this very carefully," Disney CEO Robert Iger said.

"That is a tremendous change," he said during the investor call on Thursday. Iger added that Disney would no longer provide subscriber addition guidance, a move similar to Netflix.

Twitter Blue subscription to cost ₹900/month in India

Our Bureau
Mumbai

Indian users can now subscribe to Twitter Blue, an opt-in paid monthly subscription that adds a blue checkmark to the user's account and provides elite access to select features such as the Twitter edit tweet feature, longer video uploads, longer tweets, and many more.



without having to pay a price. The company on Wednesday said the feature was being rolled out in 15 countries, including India, Brazil and Indonesia.

However, despite the promise of purchasing power parity in pricing, the cost of Twitter Blue is quite similar to the pricing in the US. Indian users will have to pay ₹900 on Twitter's mobile app or ₹650 on the website to avail the feature. Annual subscribers on the website will receive a discount of ₹1,000 and will have to pay ₹6,800 instead of ₹7,800.

Other features offered by Twitter Blue include - NFT profile pictures, customisable app themes, spaces tab, top articles etc.

'VERIFIED' TAG

Earlier, users could separately apply for the "verified" tag

In an effort to boost the monetisability of the platform, Elon Musk proposed that users will now have to pay in order to get verified. The blue checkmark, which was previously coveted and only

provided to popular personalities or influential members of society to prevent wrongful impersonation, has been democratised. Indian users can now get the "blue tick" if they pay ₹900 a month and prove their identity.

Indian users on Twitter, however, remarked on the high price of the service, noting that Twitter has not

provided localised pricing for India. Ajimon Francis, Managing Director at Brand Finance India, said, "Twitter is a platform that is popular amongst the Indian elite class, including corporate leaders, politicians, and journalists. These users will be willing to pay for Twitter Blue to better access the multifold of features provided by the app."

TRAI floats paper on letting FM channels broadcast news

Our Bureau
New Delhi

The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) on Thursday floated a consultation paper seeking views on various issues, including whether FM radio stations should be permitted to broadcast independent news bulletins.



Currently, FM radio operators are allowed to carry the news bulletins of All India Radio in the same format

Entry Fee) for the concerned city, whichever is higher. In its statement, the regulator said that it received a reference from the Information and Broadcasting Ministry in May last year seeking recommendations on two issues. This included the removal of the linkage to the non-refundable one-time entry fee (NOTEF) in the formula for the annual fee as prescribed in the FM Phase III policy guidelines.

It has also sought recommendations on whether there is a need to extend the existing FM licence period of 15 years by three years.

TRAI has also sought comments on the issue of whether there is a need to mandate that all mobile handsets manufactured and sold in India should have an in-built FM radio receiver.

This comes as industry players have represented to TRAI that with the introduction of 4G handsets, device manufacturers and operating systems (iOS and Android) are turning the FM tuners off.

players have made representations that FM radio stations must be allowed to broadcast news and current affairs just as it is allowed on private TV channels and digital platforms, among others.

ANNUAL FEE

As per the policy guidelines, FM radio licence holders are required to pay an annual licence fee to the government at the rate of 4 per cent of the gross revenue of its FM radio channel for the financial year or 2.5 per cent of the NOTEF (Non-Refundable One Time

In a first, lithium-inferred resources discovered in Jammu and Kashmir

Our Bureau
New Delhi

The government on Thursday said lithium reserves have been found for the first time in the country in Jammu and Kashmir. The lithium-inferred resources to the tune of 5.9 million tonnes have been discovered in the Salal-Haimana area of Reasi district of Jammu and Kashmir.

Mines are at the preliminary exploration stage (also called G3). Lithium is one of the key elements used for making EV batteries and other energy storage products.

GSJ REPORT

According to a statement, the Geological Survey of India (GSJ) report on lithium resources, along with 15 other resource-bearing geological reports (that are in general

exploration and preliminary exploration stages) and 35 geological memoranda, were handed over to respective State governments during the 62nd Central Geological Programming Board (CGPB) meeting.

Out of these 51 mineral blocks, 5 pertain to gold, and the other blocks pertain to commodities like potash, molybdenum, and base metals, among others, that are spread across 11 States, namely, Jammu & Kashmir (UT), Andhra Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, and Telangana.

The blocks were prepared based on the work carried out by GSJ from field seasons 2018-19 to date.

Apart from these, 17 reports of coal and lignite with a total resource of 7897 million tonnes were also handed over to the

Ministry of Coal, the Ministry of Mines statement said.

For FY24, the GSI is taking up 966 programmes comprising 318 mineral exploration projects, including 12 marine mineral investigation projects.

"A major thrust has been given to the exploration of strategic, critical, and fertilizer minerals. A total of 115 projects on strategic and critical minerals, including 16 projects on fertilizer minerals, have been formulated," the statement said.

In addition, 55 programmes on geo-informatics, 140 programmes on fundamental and multidisciplinary geosciences, and 155 programmes for training and institutional capacity building have been taken up.

During his address, Vivek Bharadwaj, Secretary, Ministry of Mines and Chairman CGPB, congratulated GSI for the auctioning of 500 blocks.

MUTHOOT CAPITAL SERVICES LIMITED					
Statement of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended December 31, 2022					
(* in lakhs except earnings per share)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Qtr. ended 31.12.2022	Qtr. ended 30.09.2022	Qtr. ended 31.12.2021	Year ended 31.03.2022
1	Total Income from Operations	112.57	109.70	92.95	397.49
2	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	27.54	24.41	6.07	-229.05
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	27.54	24.41	6.07	-229.05
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	19.79	18.20	4.42	-171.93
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	19.66	18.28	4.52	-171.93
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital	16.45	16.45	16.45	16.45
7	Reserves (including Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of Previous Year (as on 31.03.2022)			371.30	
8	Securities Premium Account	201.35	201.35	201.35	201.35
9	Net worth	440.02	420.35	541.24	387.74
10	Outstanding Debt		156.77		1626.95
11	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
12	Debt Equity Ratio	3.94	3.76	3.16	4.20
13	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
13.1	Basic	12.03	11.06	2.68	-104.54
13.2	Diluted	12.03	11.06	2.68	-104.54
14	Capital Redemption Reserve	NA	NA	NA	NA
15	Debitors Redemption Reserve	NA	NA	NA	NA
16	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA
17	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA
18	Current liability ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA
19	Total Debts to Total Assets	0.78	0.76	0.74	0.78
20	Debtors Turnover	NA	NA	NA	NA
21	Inventory Turnover	NA	NA	NA	NA
22	Operating Margin	NA	NA	NA	NA
23	Net Profit/(Loss) Margin	17.54%	16.58%	4.75%	(43.05)%
24	Sector Specific Equivalent Ratio as applicable:				
	Gross NPA	467.04	480.13	558.96	531.37
	Net NPA	63.05	72.86	354.06	93.72
	Advances	2136.20	2036.52	1997.90	2049.57
	Advances net of Provision	1722.21	1629.35	1793.90	1614.79
	Gross NPA to Advances Ratio (A/C)	21.86%	23.58%	27.98%	25.53%
	Net NPA to Advances net of Stage 3 Provision Ratio (B/D)	3.64%	4.47%	19.75%	5.81%

For Muthoot Capital Services Limited
Sd/ Thomas George Muthoot Managing Director DIN - 00011552
Sd/ Thomas Muthoot Director DIN - 00082099

Place: Kochi
Date: 09.02.2023

GMR AIRPORTS LIMITED				
Statement of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended December 31, 2022				
(All amounts in ₹ Crore unless otherwise stated)				
S. No.	Particulars	31.12.2022	31.12.2021	31.03.2022
1	Total Income from Operations	123.97	155.13	578.29
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(86.18)	(61.23)	(81.91)
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	570.34	(61.23)	(81.91)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	570.26	(61.16)	(80.63)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	57.90	(61.05)	2,273.95
6	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face value of ₹10/- per share)	1,406.67	1,406.67	1,406.67
7	Other Equity (excludes gain on equity instruments designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income) (Refer Note 6)	1,088.75	1,090.72	1,122.76
8	Securities Premium Account	968.68	968.68	968.68
9	Net worth (paid up equity share capital plus Other Equity (excluding gain on equity instruments designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income) (Refer Note 7))	2,495.42	2,497.39	2,529.43
10	Paid up Debt Capital / Outstanding Debt [represents outstanding Non-Convertible Bonds (NCBs) & short term borrowings]	4,226.34	3,553.20	3,634.25
11	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	-	-	-
12	Debt Equity Ratio (excluding gain on equity instruments designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income) (Refer Note 8)	1.69	1.42	1.44
13	(Loss)/Earnings Per Share (EPS) (face value of ₹10 each per equity share) (EPS for the quarter not annualized)			
	Basic (amount in ₹)	4.05	(0.43)	(0.57)
	Diluted (amount in ₹)	4.05	(0.43)	(0.57)
14	Current ratio	0.24	0.38	0.24
15	Long term debt to working capital	(1.32)	(2.14)	(1.61)
16	Bad debts to Account receivable ratio	-	-	0.01
17	Current liability ratio	0.46	0.38	0.41
18	Total debt to total assets	0.16	0.15	0.14
19	Debtors Turnover ratio	0.31	0.02	0.10
20	Operating margin (%)	51.42%	55.34%	69.08%
21	Net profit margin (%)	46.00%	(39.43)%	(13.94)%
22	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.49	0.83	1.00
23	Interest service coverage ratio	0.49	0.83	1.00

*Ratios for the quarter have not been annualised

Notes to the financial results for the quarter ended December 31, 2022:
1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of financial results for the quarter ended December 31, 2022 filed with the SEBI Ltd. under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the financial results is available on the websites of the www.bseindia.com and on the company's website: https://www.gmrairports.com/investor.aspx#sec-1
2. The applicable information referred to be furnished under Regulation 52(4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 has been submitted with BSE Ltd. and the same can be accessed at www.bseindia.com and on the company's website: https://www.gmrairports.com/investor.aspx#sec-1
3. There is no impact on net profit/loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies.
4. Exceptional item (credit) of ₹(656.52) Crs is adjusted in the statement of profit and loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules.
5. Capital Redemption Reserve and Debenture Redemption Reserve Ratio are not required to disclose as GMR Airports Limited is a Non-Banking Financial Company Non-Deposit (NBFC-ND, CK-ND-SI) registered with Reserve Bank of India.
6. Other Equity (including gain on equity instruments designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income) as on December 31, 2022 is ₹15,537.77 Crores (December 31, 2021: ₹14,088.31 Crores & March 31, 2022: ₹16,458.85 Crores)
7. Net worth (paid up equity share capital plus Other Equity (including gain on equity instruments designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income) as on December 31, 2022 is ₹16,944.44 Crores (December 31, 2021: ₹15,494.98 Crores & March 31, 2022: ₹17,865.53 Crores)
8. Debt Equity ratio represents (Borrowings/Shareholder's Funds). Shareholder's Funds is Equity shares plus Other Equity, Debt Equity ratio (including gain on equity instruments designated at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income) as on December 31, 2022 is 0.25 (December 31, 2021: 0.23 & March 31, 2022: 0.20)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of GMR Airports Limited
Sd/- I. Prabhakara Rao (DIN: 03482239) Executive Director
GMR GROUP - GAL/38/PREM ASSOCIATES

Place: New Delhi
Date: February 08, 2023

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Ph: 080 - 4945 4545. www.jockey.in info@jockeyindia.com CIN#: L18101KA1994PLC016554						
Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Nine months ended December 31, 2022 (₹ in lakhs)						
Particulars	3 months ended 31.12.2022	Preceding 3 months ended 30.09.2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31.12.2021	Nine months period ended 31.12.2022	Nine months period ended 31.12.2021	Year ended 31.03.2022
Total income from operations	1,22,326.27	1,25,501.96	1,18,980.37	3,81,954.93	2,77,535.03	3,88,646.47
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	16,446.89	21,254.35	23,343.62	65,157.05	46,277.19	70,877.17
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	16,446.89	21,254.35	23,343.62	65,157.05	46,277.19	70,877.17
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	12,373.33	16,212.86	17,457.35	49,289.81	34,600.92	53,653.11
Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	12,496.29	16,413.11	17,486.47	49,658.68	34,688.27	53,835.73
Equity Share Capital	1,115.39	1,115.39	1,1			

