



April 24, 2024

Department of Corporate Services
BSE Limited
Phiroze Jeejeeboy Towers
Mumbai – 400001
Scrip Code - 509820

The Listing Department,
National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.,
Exchange Plaza,
Bandra Kurla Complex
Bandra (East),
Mumbai 400 051
Symbol – HUHTAMAKI

Sub.: Intimation regarding publication of unaudited financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2024.

Ref: Regulation 47 and 30 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Dear Sir,

Pursuant to Regulation 47 read with Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, please find enclosed herewith copies of unaudited financial results for the 1st quarter ended March 31, 2024 published in Business Standard, English language newspaper (All India edition) and Sakaal, vernacular (Marathi) language newspaper (Mumbai edition) on Wednesday, April 24, 2024

We request you to kindly take the same on your record.

The notices are also being placed on the website of the Company www.flexibles.huhtamaki.in.

Thanking you,

For **Huhtamaki India Limited**

Abhijaat Sinha
Company Secretary & Legal Counsel

Encl.: As above.

Registered Office:
Huhtamaki India Ltd.
A-802, Crescenzo,
C-38/39, G - Block
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E), Mumbai-400 051
Maharashtra.

Tel: +91 (022) 6174 0100
CIN: L21011 MH1950FLC145537
www.flexibles.huhtamaki.in

COACH AROUND THE CORNER

How CXO coaches have become critical, helping corner-room folks negotiate the complexities of the modern corporate world

SINDHU BHATTACHARYA
New Delhi, 23 April

The CXO of a large services company was feeling unsettled due to the fast-paced changes in the workplace. Negotiations had begun with a prospective buyer for the business, large-scale layoffs within the company were underway, and, to complicate matters further, interpersonal complexities within several teams in the office had risen to a cacophony.

Of all these problems, the multiple rounds of layoffs were most disturbing for this CXO, since an entire team, which had its work desks in a designated space close to the office entrance, had been sacked. This is when a leadership coach was engaged by the company to help the CXO.

"Day after day, being greeted with a deafening silence, instead of a cheery good morning, from the members of this team was very difficult for this CXO to navigate. He needed several sessions to get over the trauma of familiar faces exiting and simultaneous upheaval due to buyout talks and other issues within the top management," says the coach who worked with the embattled CXO.

Instances of embattled CXOs getting help from coaches have become commonplace in recent years. Indeed, there has been an exponential growth in leadership coaching as business complexities have grown. Corner room aspirants have realised that the coveted position comes with intense loneliness. A leadership coach typically holds multiple sessions with the client to help them grasp the enormity of the role and walk them through the challenges.

Grooming CEOs and COOs isn't a new phenomenon. It was in vogue earlier too, and India Inc was no stranger to gurus spouting gyaan. But till about a decade back, grooming leaders was the job of senior business leaders, whose vast experience was believed to be adequate for mentoring new leaders.

In the last few years, though, there has been a growing realisation that the mentoring by seniors and the coaching offered by certified professionals, specifically for leadership roles, fulfil different objectives.

Like many other changes, this too gets attributed to the Covid-19 pandemic.

"The pandemic increased self-awareness and a significant number of coaches partnered with leaders to offer emotional and mental support during those trying times. Leadership is anyway a very lonely space and reducing loneliness is obviously a win-win. Leadership wellness Coaching is here to stay," says Vijayalakshmi S, Master Certified Coach, Master Practitioner and Advanced Certification in Team Coaching.

The notion of leadership, she says, has evolved across Indian businesses, with leaders now increasingly taking care of their own wellbeing.

Diverse challenges

Today, business leaders – current and prospective -- face diverse challenges and doubts: Do they have it in them to be a good leader who would not just lead the business but also grow it? Are they insecure about the leaders of other business verticals within the company? Can they share a comfortable relationship with the chairman or promoter? How to speak to colleagues

and subordinates? Are they easy to work with? A leadership coach allows the client to discover their own leadership style, face up to their own shortcomings, and gradually navigate towards a more holistic approach.

A mentor would, in contrast, merely share their own experiences and advise the leader on how to proceed.

The coaching industry, for its part, is maturing, with many more professionals coming forward after a rigorous training and certification. The International Coaching Federation (ICF) is one body that offers certification and industry estimates suggest that India already has 1,800 ICF-certified coaches. Many more are in the process of getting certified.

Besides, startups have come up that provide a platform connecting -- for a fee -- coaches with those looking for coaching. The latter can screen the profiles of the coaches registered on the platform and choose the one that suits their needs best. The two can then figure out the sessions and their timings, which can be conducted either on a video call or in person.

The journey to become a certified coach is long, with advanced level coaches having trained for a decade or more to qualify as seniors in the business.

"People at the CXO level have business challenges every other week: Creating a shared vision, critical shareholder conversations, communicating values, positioning for growth, navigating relationships... Choosing a COO may take up quite a few sessions. From establishing the need for one, their role and core strengths, boundaries, costs to the impact of a new COO on the power dynamics in the leadership team -- all these are clarified and resolved by the

leader through reflection in coaching sessions," says Kanwaldeep Singh, Executive and Leadership Coach.

Self realisation

In some cases, self realisation by clients is gratifying for both, the client as well as the coach, since this leads to healthier leadership outcomes.

Gaurav Arora, Lead-Erickson Coaching International, recalls a Mumbai-based senior professional from the fintech industry who was being promoted to the CEO position: "In one of the early sessions, the client said that were he himself responsible for selecting the company's CEO, he probably would not have chosen a candidate like himself. The client acknowledged that he was very competitive by nature and also that he was focused on his own growth, instead of aligning his goals with those that would lead to the company's growth."

So, how did Arora counsel him? "As a coach, I did not have to say any of this; the client acknowledged these traits all by himself. Thereafter, he worked on improving his relationship with his colleagues and stakeholders."

But despite the success stories, a significant demand-supply mismatch exists.

Ashish Mehdiratta, who has coached team leaders, says not all Indian businesses are forthcoming when it comes to hiring coaches, especially when it comes to employees being groomed to become CXOs.

"Coaching is not democratised for all levels across India Inc. The HR function has still not acknowledged the need at all levels," he says.

Maybe a session or two with HR heads will help.

EVOLUTION FROM MENTOR TO COACH

- Earlier, coaching meant someone spent 30-35 years in the corporate sector, retired from a senior position, and turned to coaching. They would talk to the next generation of leaders about their experiences, choices, and compulsions
- Today, this is called mentoring. The general tone of the mentor is about what worked for them and why the same concepts might work for the new-age leader
- Coaching the leader is a different exercise, one in which the client decides what works and what does not work for them. The coach does not offer their own learnings
- Some challenges in mentoring and coaching may be similar, but coaching two different persons will almost always generate different responses, and therefore different solutions
- During a coaching session, the client is encouraged to share their experiences
- A mentor will do 50% of the talking in a session, a coach will probably talk for 10% of the time, or less
- A mentor is typically telling a lot to the client, a coach is usually asking a lot
- A mentor's conversation would be on the lines of "why not try that, that is a good resource to tap into"
- A coach would ask what exactly is the client seeking, how is that important, what would they lose if they did not get what they seek
- If the client needs help with public speaking, a mentor would guide them through the steps
- A coach will first want to know the importance of the public speech and how would the client measure its success
- The latter approach compels the client to think about what they seek
- Subsequently the client begins defining by themselves what needs to be done and that no fixed template would be followed
- The rate per session for corporate leadership coaches could be between ₹20,000 and ₹35,000 a session when the employer is paying for it
- For smaller companies, the rate is ₹8,000-10,000
- Celebrity coaches charge between ₹60,000 and ₹1,00,000 a session



MPL
MAITHON POWER LIMITED
(Contracts Department)
Maithon Power Ltd, Village: Dambhui, PO Barbindia, PIN-828205, District-Dhanbad

NOTICE INVITING EXPRESSION OF INTEREST

The Maithon Power Limited invites expression of interest from eligible vendors for the following package:-

U#2 ANNUAL OVERHAULING SUPPORT SERVICES IN MAITHON POWER LIMITED, (2 X 25 MW), DHANBAD JHARKHAND

For details of pre-qualification requirements, bid security, purchasing of tender document etc., please visit Tender section of our website (URL: <https://www.tatapower.com/tender/tenderlist.asp>). Eligible vendors willing to participate may submit their expression of interest along with the tender fee for issue of bid document latest by **5th May-2024**.

THE INDIAN HUME PIPE COMPANY LIMITED
CIN : L51500MH1926PLC001255
Regd. Office: Construction House, 5, Walchand Hirachand Road, Ballard Estate, Mumbai 400 001
Tel: +91-22-22618091, +91-22-40748181 Fax : +91-22-22656863
E-mail : info@indianhumpipe.com Website : www.indianhumpipe.com

NOTICE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Transfer of shares in respect of Dividend for the Financial Year 2016-2017 (Final Dividend) has not been claimed for seven consecutive years or more to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

Notice is hereby given to the Shareholders of the Company that pursuant to Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, all shares, in respect of which dividend has not been cashed or claimed for seven consecutive years or more from Financial Year 2016-2017 (Final Dividend), shall be transferred in the name of Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) in accordance with the provisions of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("the Rules").

The required communication in this regard has been sent to the concerned shareholders on 23rd April, 2024 by Post, whose dividend for the financial year 2016-17 (Final Dividend) onwards for seven consecutive years or more remained unpaid / unclaimed and the details of such Shareholders have been put up on the Company's website: www.indianhumpipe.com.

In compliance with the IEPF Rules, Notice is hereby given to the Shareholders whose Dividend has remained unclaimed / unpaid from Financial year 2016-2017 (Final Dividend) onwards for seven consecutive years or more, that the Company shall initiate action for transfer of Shares to IEPF within 30 days from the due date, i.e., **14th August, 2024**, without any further Notice.

Further, Shareholders holding shares in physical form and whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF, may please note that the Company will be issuing new Share Certificate(s) in lieu of the Original Share Certificate(s) held by them for the purpose of conversion into Demat form and subsequent transfer in Demat accounts opened by IEPF Authority with both the Depositories respectively. Upon such issue, the Original Share Certificate(s) which are registered in the name(s) of such Shareholders shall stand automatically cancelled and will be non-negotiable/non-transferable. In case of Shareholders holding shares in Demat form, the transfer of shares to the Demat accounts of the IEPF Authority as indicated hereinabove shall be effected by the Company through the respective Depositories by way of Corporate Action.

Shareholders are requested to note that the list of concerned Shareholders is put up on the Company's website should be regarded as and shall be deemed to be adequate notice in respect of issue of new Share Certificate(s) for the purpose of transfer of shares to Demat accounts of the IEPF Authority pursuant to the amended Rules. Subsequent Dividends on such Shares shall also be credited to the IEPF. No claim shall lie against the Company in respect of the Unclaimed Dividends and the Shares transferred to IEPF. On transfer of Dividend / Shares to IEPF, Shareholders may claim the same by making an application to IEPF in Form IEPF-5, as per the Rules. The said Form is available on the website of IEPF at: <http://iepf.gov.in/IEPFA/refund.html>

The concerned Shareholders are requested to forward the requisite documents i.e. application for claiming unclaimed dividend from the financial year 2016-17 (Final Dividend) and upto financial year 2022-23 alongwith self-attested copies of your PAN Card, Aadhar Card and cancelled cheque as per above mentioned communication, to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) i.e. M/s. Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083. Tel. No.022-49186270; Fax No.022-49186060, e-mail id: rt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in on or before **14th August, 2024**, to claim the unclaimed dividend amount. Notice is hereby given that in the absence of receipt of a valid claim by the Shareholders, the Company would be transferring the said shares to IEPF Account without further notice in accordance with the requirements of the said rules.

In case of any further information/queries on the subject matter, please contact the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent M/s Link Intime (India) Pvt. Ltd. C-101, 247 Park, LBS Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400 083, Tel.: (022) 4918 6000 / 4918 6280, e-mail: iepf.shares@linkintime.co.in

For The Indian Hume Pipe Co. Ltd.
Sd/-
S. M. Mandke
Vice President-Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd April, 2024

NETLINK SOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED
Regd. Off: 507, Laxmiplaza, Laxmi Industrial Estate, Newlink Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai- 400 053, Maharashtra, Email: netlink@easy2source.com
Web: www.nsl.co.in TEL: 022-26335583; CIN: L45200MH1984PLC034789

AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE LAST QUARTER AND FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024 (Rupees in Lakhs.)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
		31.03.2024	31.12.2023	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
1	Total income from operations (net)	184.29	0.61	137.47	196.41
2	Net Profit before tax and Exceptional items	567.22	101.52	345.12	1091.13
3	Net Profit before tax and after Exceptional items	567.22	101.52	345.12	1091.13
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax	449.60	90.53	277.27	919.90
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period	449.60	90.53	277.27	919.90
6	Equity Share Capital	252.92	252.92	252.92	252.92
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of previous year	-	-	2247.08	1327.18
8	Basic & Diluted Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each)	17.78	3.58	10.96	36.37

Note: a) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly/Annual Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly /Annual Financial Results are available on the website of the Stock Exchange (s) and the listed entity. Company url: www.nsl.co.in/financials.html

Netlink Solutions (India) Limited
Rupa Modi
Sd/-
Whole Time Director
(Designated as Executive Director & CFO)
DIN- 00378383

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23/04/2024

INDOSTAR HOME FINANCE PRIVATE LIMITED
Regd Office: Unit no. 305, 3rd Floor, Wing 2/E, Corporate Avenue, Andheri Ghatkopar Link Road, Chakala Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093, India Tel: +91 22 4510 7701 CIN: U65990MH2016PTC271587 Website: www.indostarhf.com E: inf.legal@indostarcapital.com

EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (INR in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended		Year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1	Revenue from operations (including other income)	8,386	5,092	29,043	20,925
2	Profit / (loss) before tax	1,963	444	5,786	5,124
3	Profit / (loss) after tax	1,567	309	4,409	3,778
4	Total Comprehensive Income (comprising of Profit/(loss) after tax and other comprehensive income after tax	(2)	1	(8)	9
5	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face value of INR 10/- each)	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000
6	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	13,114	8,714	13,114	8,714
7	Securities Premium Account	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
8	Net Worth	57,629	53,272	57,629	53,272
9	Paidup Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	5,329	-	5,329	-
10	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
11	Debt-equity ratio	2.64	1.57	2.64	1.57
12	Earning Per Share (Face value of INR 10/- each) (*not annualised)				
	Basic (INR)	0.35*	0.01*	0.98	0.84
	Diluted (INR)	0.35*	0.01*	0.98	0.84
13	Capital Redemption Reserve	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
14	Debtenture Redemption Reserve	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
15	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
16	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

a. The above is an extract of detailed format of audited financial results for the quarter and year ended 31 March 2024, prepared pursuant to Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") read with applicable SEBI circular. The full format of the audited financial results are available on the website of the Company at www.indostarhf.com and on the website of the BSE Ltd. at www.bseindia.com

b. The audited financial results of IndoStar Home Finance Private Limited ("the Company") for the quarter and year ended 31 March 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and subsequently approved at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 22 April 2024. The financial results have been subjected to audit by the Statutory Auditor of the Company. The figures for the quarter ended 31 March 2024 are the balancing figures between audited figures for the year ended 31 March 2024 and year to date figures for the period ended 31 December 2023 which were subjected to limited review by the Statutory Auditor.

c. The disclosure in terms of Regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations as amended, based on audited financial results for the quarter and year ended 31 March 2024 have been made to the BSE Limited and can be accessed at www.bseindia.com

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IndoStar Home Finance Private Limited
Shreejit Menon
Sd/-
Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer
DIN: 08089220

Place : Mumbai
Date : 22 April 2024

Huhtamaki
Huhtamaki India Limited
Regd Office: A-802, Crescenzo, C-38/39, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai-400 051
CIN - L21011MH1950FLC145537, Phone No.: (022) 6740 0100

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Sr. No.	Particulars	₹ in Million		
		Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Year ended
		31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	31-Dec-23
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	6,101.2	6,615.3	25494.4
2	Profit from Operations before Exceptional item and Tax	350.8	351.6	1305.1
3	Profit before Tax	350.8	351.6	5000.4
4	Profit for the period	260.3	354.9	4096.3
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period	259.0	354.7	4102.8
6	Equity Share Capital	151.1	151.1	151.1
7	Other Equity as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of previous year			11,353.5
8	Earnings Per Share (of ₹ 2/- each) (not annualised)			
	Basic & Diluted after exceptional item	3.45	4.70	54.24
	Basic & Diluted before exceptional item	3.45	4.70	16.27

a) The above results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on April 23, 2024

b) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Results is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

For Huhtamaki India Ltd.
Dhananjay Salunkhe
Managing Director

Mumbai, April 23, 2024
Visit us at our website: www.flexibles.huhtamaki.in

ARTSON ENGINEERING LIMITED
CIN: L27290MH1978PLC020644
(A Subsidiary of Tata Projects Limited)
Regd Office: 2nd Floor, One Boulevard, Lake Boulevard Road, Hiranandani Business Park, Powai, Mumbai-76, Maharashtra
Tel: 022-66255600; Email: investors@artson.net; website: www.artson.net

EXTRACT OF THE STATEMENT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS (AFR) FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2024 (Rs. In Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

S. No.	PARTICULARS	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
		31-03-2024 (Unaudited-ref note2)	31-12-2023 (Unaudited-ref note2)	31-03-2024 (Audited)	31-03-2023 (Audited)
1.	Total Income from Operations	2487.8	3123.65	2930.32	12812.04
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax	20.22	45.47	-92.22	230.38
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax	131.85	49.26	-996.15	605.20
4.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period	3.70	-0.04	-1.35	3.51
5.	Equity Share Capital	369.2	369.2	369.2	369.2
6.	Reserves as shown in audited balance sheet of previous year	-277.68	-277.68	-1888.16	-277.68
	Earnings Per Share (of Re. 1/- each)				
7.	1. Basic	0.36	0.13	-2.70	1.64
	2. Diluted	0.36	0.13	-2.70	1.64

Note:

1) The above Financial Results for the year ended 31st March 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 23rd April 2024.

2) The figures for the quarter ended 31st March are the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of full financial year ending 31st March and the published unaudited year to date figures up to period ended 31st December for the respective periods.

3) The Company operates in only one business segment viz. Supply of Equipment, Steel Structures, Site Services for Mechanical Works.

4) The Company has significant accumulated losses as at 31st March 2024.

The Management, including the Board of Directors of the Company, performed an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Considering the following aspects, the Management and the Board of Directors have assessed that the Company would be able to meet its cash flow requirements for the next twelve months from the date of these financial results and have accordingly, prepared this statement on a going concern basis:

a) Tata Projects Limited, Holding Company has provided a letter of support to provide adequate business, financial and operational support to the Company to enable it to meet its financial obligation and to continue its operations for the next 12 months.

b) Review of the approved business plan and the future cash flow projections

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Vinayak Pai
Chairman

Date : 23rd April 2024
Place : Mumbai

मालदीव : मुत्सद्देगिरीची कसोटी

मालदीवमध्ये भारतविरोधी आणि चीनधारिणी सरकार सत्तेवर आले असले तरी त्याच्याशी पूर्वीची मैत्री कायम राखत व्यवहार सुरूच ठेवले पाहिजेत. मात्र, तेथे मूळ धरणा मूलतत्त्ववाद लक्षात घेऊन सावध पावले टाकतानाच आणि चीनच्या वर्चस्वाचा शह देणारी नीती अवलंबली पाहिजे.

डॉ. शैलेंद्र देवळाणकर

मालदीवमध्ये मुक्त्याच सावीत्रिक निवडणुका पार पडल्या, त्याचे निकालही जाहीर झाले आहेत. मालदीवच्या संसदेमध्ये एकूण ९३ सदस्य असून, यासाठी पार पडलेल्या वंद्याच्या निवडणुकीमध्ये अध्यक्ष मोहम्मद मुईझू यांच्या पीपल्स नॅशनल काँग्रेसच्या नेतृत्वातील युनाईटेड स्पष्ट आणि झंझावाती बहुमत मिळाले आहे. सत्तर जागा या युतीने जिंकल्या; विरोधी मालदीव डेमोक्रेटिक पक्षाला अत्यंत कमी जागांवर समाधान मानावे लागले. ही जरी मालदीवची देशांतर्गत निवडणूक असली तरी भारत आणि चीन या दोन्ही देशांचे लक्ष त्यांच्या निकालांकडे लागलेले होते. तथापि, जाहीर झालेले निकाल हे निश्चितच भारतासाठी धोक्याची घंटा म्हणजे लागलीत. याचे कारण या निवडणुका प्रामुख्याने 'इंडिया फ्रंट' की 'चायना फ्रंट' या दोन प्रमुख एकमेकांविरोधी अर्जदारांवर झाल्या होत्या. मालदीवमधील विरोधी पक्षांचा अर्ज 'इंडिया फ्रंट' होता; तर सत्ताधारी मुईझू गटचा अर्ज 'चायना फ्रंट' आहे. मुईझू यांच्या पक्षाला बहुमत मिळाल्यामुळे मालदीवमध्ये यापुढील काळात 'चायना फ्रंट' चोरण गहाण आहे. भारतासाठी ही चिंतेची बाब आहे.

मुईझू राष्ट्राध्यक्ष झाल्यापासून भारताबाबत तिरस्काराची संस्कृती मालदीवमध्ये रुढावत आहे. ती येथे काळात आणखी जोर धरू शकते. दुसरी गोष्ट म्हणजे मालदीवमध्ये एकूण तीन परस्परतः मोहिमेला सुरुवात झाली असून तिचे नाव 'इंडिया आऊट' आहे. त्याचे लोण श्रीलंका, नेपाळ, मालदीव, भूतान यांसारखे शेजारी असणाऱ्या बांगलादेशपर्यंत पोहोचले आहे. ही मोहिमही तीव्र होण्याची शक्यता नाकारता येत नाही. त्यामुळे भारतात निवडणुकीनंतर सत्तेत येणाऱ्या



मालदीवचे अध्यक्ष मोहम्मद मुईझू आपल्या समर्थकांसोबत.

सरकारपुढील परराष्ट्र धोरणातील प्राथमिकता ही चीनचा शेजारील राष्ट्रांमधील वादता प्रभाव नियंत्रित करणे हीच असेल.

सांमरिक महत्त्व

छोट्या-छोट्या बेटांच्या मालदीवची लोकसंख्या जेमताम सहा लाख आहे. आकारमान ३९८ चौरस किलोमीटर. हा ३७ बेटांचा समूह असला तरी चार-पाच बेटांवरच मनुष्यवस्ती आहे. त्यापैकी राजधानी माले शहराचीच लोकसंख्या सर्वाधिक सुमारे पाच लाख आहे. मालदीवच्या उत्तर आणि दक्षिणेकडील बाजूने समुद्राचा पट्टा आहे. तेथून भारताचा जवळपास पन्नास टक्के व्यापार होतो. भारत पश्चिम आशियातून आयात करत असलेल्या तेलपैकी ऐंशी टक्के तेल या भागातून येते. दुसरीकडे चीनचा आर्थिक आणि आखाताला होणारा जवळपास पन्नास टक्के व्यापार मालदीवमधील समुद्रातून होतो. त्यामुळे व्यापारी दृष्टिकोनातून मालदीव महत्त्वाचे आहे. चीनने २०१८-१९ मध्ये मालदीवमध्ये लढाऊ नौका तैनात केल्या होत्या. हिंदी महासागरात प्रभावशेन दृष्टिकोनातून मालदीवचा वापर अन्य राष्ट्रांकडूनही होऊ शकतो. केरळपासून मालदीवचे अंतर ६५० ते ७०० किलोमीटर आहे. त्यामुळे मालदीववर वर्चस्व असणाऱ्या देशांचा-गटाचा परिणाम भारताच्या सुरक्षिततेवरही होऊ शकतो. म्हणूनच भारताने सजग, सतर्क राहिले पाहिजे.

काही महिन्यांपूर्वी पंतप्रधान नरेंद्र मोदी यांनी लक्षदीपच्या निसर्गसौंदर्याचे कोतुक केल्यानंतर मालदीवमधील मंत्र्यांचा जळजळणारा झाला होता. त्यांनी असभ्य प्रतिक्रिया व्यक्त केल्या. पंतप्रधानांवर उघडपणे, अत्यंत खालच्या पातळीवर टीका केली. देशभरातून

तीव्र प्रतिक्रिया उमटल्या. याचे कारण भारतावर विसंबून आणि ओझ्याखाली असणाऱ्या मालदीवमध्ये भारतावर टीकेची एक संस्कृती विकसित होत असून ती चिंतेची बाब आहे. या देशाला गिण्याच्या पाण्यापासून कोविडच्या लसीकरणे अनेक प्रकारची मदत भारताने केली आहे. अशा देशाविरुद्ध जर मालदीवमध्ये जाहीरपणे टीका होत असेल तर ती उद्दिष्ट करणारी बाब आहे.

नवे प्रवाह

मालदीव हा शंभर टक्के इस्लामिक देश आहे. शंभर टक्के म्हणण्याचे कारण म्हणजे पाकिस्तान, बांगलादेश या देशांमध्ये हिंदूंसह इतर धर्मीय लोकसंख्या थोडीचच का होईना आहे. मालदीवमध्ये जवळपास १०० टक्के मुस्लिम आहेत. कारण मालदीवच्या राज्यघटनेनुसार मुस्लिम व्यक्तींलाच तेथे स्थायिक होता येते. इस्लाम वगळता इतर कोणत्याही धर्माचे अनुयायी मालदीवमध्ये राहू शकत नाहीत, अशी तेथील घटनेत तरतूद आहे. मालदीवची अर्थव्यवस्था पूर्णतः पर्यटनवर विसंबून आहे. मालदीवमधील पर्यटन तुलनेने अत्यंत महत्त्वाचे आहे. सुसोयीयोग्य देश असणाऱ्या मालदीव हा पर्याप्ततः विचारांचा असल्याने तेथे पर्यटकांवर अनेक बंधने असतात. राज्यघटनेनुसार भेट देणाऱ्या पर्यटकांमध्ये भारतीयचे प्रमाण सर्वाधिक आहे. त्या खालोखाल रशिया, युरोप, चीन इत्यादी देशांमधील पर्यटक येतात. तातव्यां सुमारे दोन लाख भारतीयानी मालदीवला भेट दिली होती. दरवर्षी पन्नास कोटी डॉलरच्या वस्तू मालदीव भारताकडून आयात करते. अलीकडच्या काळात दोन महत्त्वाचे प्रवाह मालदीवमध्ये विकसित होत आहेत. एक म्हणजे तेथे मूलतत्त्ववादाचा प्रभाव वाढत

आहे. 'इसिस' या दहशतवादी संघटनेची पाळेमुळे तेथे पसरत आहेत. दुसरा प्रवाह म्हणजे मालदीववरील चीनचा प्रभाव. चीनच्या 'बेल्ट अँड रोड' उपक्रमाचा तो भाग असून त्याअंतर्गत चीनने तेथे प्रचंड प्रमाणात पैसे गुंतवले आहेत. यामागचा उद्देश मालदीवमधील बेटांवर कब्जा मिळवून हिंदी महासागर आणि भारतावर प्रभाव वाढवणे. यामुळे तेथे भारतविरोधी विचार वाढत आहे.

भारताची भूमिका काय हवी ?

मालदीवसारख्या देशांमध्ये काही व्यक्तींमुळे भारत विरोध वाढत असल्याने त्याबाबत आपण संपूर्ण देशाला जबाबदार धरण्याचे का, असा प्रश्न उपस्थित होतो. श्रीलंकेमध्ये राजपक्षे हे चीनधारिणी होते. त्यांचे काय झाले हे जगाने पाहिले. राजपक्षेला पडून जावे लागले. लोकांनी त्यांच्याविरुद्ध उठाव केला. श्रीलंका आर्थिक डब्याईला आला. चीनधारिणी के. पी. ओली पंतप्रधान बनल्यानंतर नेपाळमधील भारताविरोधी गळ ओकण्यास सुरुवात केली होती. भारताचा काही भूभाग आपल्या नकाशात दाखवला होता. यासाठी नेपाळला जबाबदार धरण्याचे का, असा प्रश्न उपस्थित होतो. भारताने राजनैतिकदृष्ट्या असे करणे टाकले. उलट भारतविरोधी सरकारे असतानाही या देशांना नेहमीच मदत केली. श्रीलंका आर्थिक दिवाळखोरीत असताना भारताने चार अब्ज डॉलरची मदत केली. नेपाळबाबतही भूमिका सहकार्याचीच राहिली. मुईझू भारतविरोधी असले तरी यापूर्वीच्या राज्यकर्त्यांचे भारताशी घनिष्ट संबंध होते. त्यामुळे मालदीवबाबत भारत आजही सहकार्याची भूमिका कायम ठेवून आहे; पण बदललेल्या परिस्थितीकडे दुर्लक्ष करून चालणार नाही.

दुसरीकडे भारतानेही मालदीवला केली जाणारी मदत (कन्स्ट्रक्चिव्ह एंजिनेयर्स) कमी करता कामा नये, कारण त्याचा फायदा घेत चीनचा तेथील हस्तक्षेप आणि प्रभाव वाढण्याची शक्यता आहे. म्यानमारमध्ये आंग सान स्यू कीना समर्थन देण्याच्या भूमिकेमुळे तेथील लष्करी नेतृत्वाकडे दुर्लक्ष केले. याच धोरणाचा फायदा घेत चीनने तेथे आपले पाय पसरले होते. तशाच प्रकारे भारताने मालदीवला बहिष्कृत केले आणि वस्तूंचा पुर्वदा खंडित केला तर ती पोळीची चीन भरून काढेल. किंबहुना चीनला ते हवेच आहे. त्यामुळे हे प्रकरण संवेदनशीलपणे हाताळावे. (लेखक आंतरराष्ट्रीय घडामोडींचे अभ्यासक आहेत.)

पुतीनची पिलावळ भारतात नको : पवार

पुतीनची पिलावळ भारतात नको : पवार

मोदीभक्तांकडून सर्वसामान्यांची दिशाभूल

शिवसेना नेत्या सुषमा अंधारे यांनी आपल्या भाषणगत हिंदू-मुस्लिममध्ये भेदभाव निर्माण करण्याचा डावपेच भाजपच्या सत्ताधाऱ्यांचा आहे. मोदीभक्तांकडे विकासकारांवर बोलण्यासारखे काहीही नसल्याने सर्वसामान्यांची दिशाभूल केली जात आहे. या भूमिगत जन्मलेल्या मुस्लिमांनी हीच आपली मातृभूमी मानली, तरी त्यांना देशद्रोही ठरवण्याचे काम मोदीभक्त करत आहेत. त्यांचे हे डावपेच कधीच यशस्वी होऊन देऊ नका. देशाचे तुकडे करणाऱ्यांना कधीच माफ करू नका, असे आवाहन सुषमा अंधारे यांनी केले.

मुस्लिम समाजाने मतदानाचा टक्का वाढवावा!

राज्यभर एकही गदार होऊ नये असा प्रयत्न करणारा नाही, यासाठी मुस्लिम समाजाने पुढाकार घेण्याचे आवाहन शेतकरी कामगार पक्षाचे सरचिटणीस जयंत पाटील यांनी सुनील तटकरे यांच्यावर टीका करताना केले. राज्यभर जिळ्याने जातिभेदाचे कधीच राजकारण केलेले नाही. समाजाने मतदानाचा टक्का वाढवावा, तर जातिभेदाचे राजकारण करणाऱ्यांना सहज पराभूत करता येईल. 'इंडिया' आघाडीची रणनीती पूर्णपणे तयार असून गहारांच्या विरोधात संपूर्ण महाराष्ट्रात वातावरण निर्माण होत असल्याने त्यांचा पराभव निश्चित होणार असल्याचा विश्वास जयंत पाटील यांनी व्यक्त केला.

काँग्रेसचा आरक्षणवादीचा डाव : पंतप्रधान मोदी

काँग्रेसचा आरक्षणवादीचा डाव : पंतप्रधान मोदी

आरक्षणास धक्का नाही : अमित शहा

आरक्षणास धक्का नाही : अमित शहा

...म्हणून त्यांना राग आला

"काँग्रेसने त्यांच्या जाहीरनाम्यामध्ये स्पष्टपणे लिहिले आहे की, अमीही सत्तेत आल्याने लोकांच्या संपत्तीचे संवर्क्षण करू, त्यांचेच नेते संपत्तीचा एकमेव काढण्याची भाषा करत आहेत. मी जाहीरपणे यावर भाष्य केल्याने काँग्रेस आणि 'इंडिया' आघाडीचा संताप होऊ लागला आहे. काँग्रेसच्या राजवटीत तुम्हाला स्वतःच्या धर्माचे पालन करणेही अवघड होईल," असे पंतप्रधान मोदी म्हणाले.

नक्षलवादाचे उच्चाटन करू

नक्षलवादाचे उच्चाटन करू

भाजपने देश नासवला : ठाकरे

भाजपने देश नासवला : ठाकरे

अब की बार भाजप तडीपार

'यूपीए'तील आरोपीला जामीन नाही

'यूपीए'तील आरोपीला जामीन नाही

भिवंडीत स्मारकाची दुरुवस्था पालिका कानाडोळा करत असल्याचा आरोप

भिवंडीत स्मारकाची दुरुवस्था पालिका कानाडोळा करत असल्याचा आरोप

Table with financial results for Huhtamaki India Limited, including columns for Quarter ended (31-Mar-24, 31-Mar-23, 31-Dec-23) and rows for Total Income from Operations, Profit before Tax, etc.

मोबाईल चोराला नागरिकांकडून चोप

मोबाईल चोराला नागरिकांकडून चोप

Advertisement for Indian Army recruitment, featuring the text 'JOIN INDIAN ARMY AS AN OFFICER' and 'OFFICER ENTRY'.

Advertisement for the Election Commission of India, featuring the text 'तुमचे नाव मतदारयादीमध्ये तपासा' and '1950 <ECI> space <EPIC No.> वर एसएमएस करा'.