



Lancer Container Lines Ltd.

Date: - May 21, 2022

To,
BSE Limited Ltd,
P.J. Towers, Dalal Street,
Mumbai 400 001.

Subject: Newspaper Advertisement- Financial Result for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2022,

Ref: script Code- 539841 i.e. Lancer Container Lines Limited.

Pursuant to Regulation 30 and other applicable provisions of Listing Regulations, please find enclosed copies of financial results of the Company for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2022, published in the following newspapers today:

1. Financial Express
2. Navakal.

Kindly acknowledge the receipt of the same.

Thanking You,
For Lancer Container Lines Limited

Archana Chandrakant Indulkar
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer



Place: - Navi Mumbai

CIN : L74990MH2011PLC214448

Registered Office : Mayuresh Chambers Premises Co-Op.Society Ltd, Unit No.H02-2, H02-3 & H02-4,
Plot No.60, Sector-11, CBD Belapur, Navi Mumbai - 400614

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• Hyderabad • Jalandhar • Jodhpur

HC ORDER ON BID TO DECLARE ACCOUNTS AS FRAUD

Karnataka Bank restrained from action against Srei

MITHUN DASGUPTA
Kolkata, May 20

GRANTING AN INTERIM relief to Srei founder Hemant Kanoria, the Delhi High Court has restrained private sector lender Karnataka Bank, which has reported frauds in the credit facilities extended to Srei Equipment Finance and investment made in debentures issued by Srei Infrastructure Finance, from taking any further steps or actions on the basis of declaring the accounts as fraud.

A petition was filed by Kanoria in the high court after Karnataka Bank had reported to RBI regarding the alleged fraud. In an order dated May 18, the court said till the next date of hearing, the bank is restrained from taking any further steps or actions prejudicial to the petitioner on the basis of the order declaring petitioner's bank account as fraud.

Notably, in a stock exchange filing on May 10, Karnataka Bank said it declared its outstanding dues of around ₹12.81 crore to Srei Equipment Finance (SEFI) as fraud. It also reported a fraud with respect to ₹10 crore invested in non-convertible debentures issued by Srei Infrastructure Finance (SIFL).

The high court's decision is in line with its earlier order in matter of



■ Srei founder filed a plea in HC after Karnataka Bank had reported to RBI regarding the alleged fraud

■ HC's decision is in line with its earlier order in matter of Kanoria's plea against Punjab and Sind Bank

Kanoria's petition against state-run Punjab and Sind Bank.

In an order dated April 22, the Delhi High Court restrained Punjab and Sind Bank from declaring the bank accounts of Srei firms as fraud after Kanoria had sought legal reprieve. The matter was listed for hearing on August 23.

Union Bank of India has also classified the accounts of Srei Equip-

ment Finance and Srei Infrastructure Finance as fraud due to alleged diversion of funds. The bank, in a stock exchange filing on May 19, said it will initiate the "appropriate legal proceedings" in this regard in due course of time.

Significantly, the Kolkata bench of the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) on May 17 dismissed a plea filed by Kanoria contesting the forensic audit conducted by KPMG, which had been appointed by the lenders to the two Srei firms. The bench also dismissed a contempt application, moved by him, against Punjab and Sind Bank over alleged violation of an interim order of the tribunal by declaring accounts of the two firms as 'fraud' and intimating it to the stock exchanges.

Commenting on the NCLT orders, Kanoria Foundation spokesperson Dhruv Bhalla said, "We are evaluating the order and would be firming up our next move shortly. All options, including filing with higher courts, are open for consideration."

Insolvency proceedings against SIFL and SEFI, two NBFCs, commenced from October last year after the insolvency petitions, filed by the Reserve Bank of India, had been approved by the Kolkata bench of the NCLT.

HZL stake sale on the cards

The Centre and Vedanta (current promoter) had decided to end an arbitration concerning the second call option demanded by Vedanta in the residual stake sale.

Topping the government's disinvestment agenda will also be privatisation of IDBI Bank and Container Corporation and offloading a part of the indirectly-held stake in private-sector firm ITC, Pandey said. The government could also sell its stake held via the Specified Undertaking of the Unit Trust of India in Axis Bank at opportune times this year, besides trying to complete sale of Shipping Corporation of India (SCI), he added.

The LIC IPO has fetched the government ₹20,516 crore, a sum much less than it had targeted. This transaction was budgeted for last year, but the process spilled over to the current year.

Without getting into whether the target of mobilising ₹65,000 crore via stake sale this year would be achieved, Pandey said: "Sometimes despite the best efforts, transactions don't happen. BPCL sale is not happening this year and that is the one which could have given us maximum revenues."

SUITT's 7.92% stake in ITC is worth about ₹27,300 crore at present and 1.55% stake in Axis Bank is worth ₹3,200 crore at the current market prices. Excluding the LIC proceeds, the Centre has already raised ₹3,059 crore from 1.5% stake sale in state-run explorer ONGC.

Non-debt capital receipts to be mobilised via the disinvestment route is important for the government to keep the budget deficit in check.

The Centre may require to spend an extra ₹1.8 trillion in aggregate over the Budget Estimate on fertiliser and food subsidies in FY23, finance secretary TV Somanathan told FE recently, adding that the additional outgo could be offset by a step jump in net tax receipts and higher disinvestment revenues.

Elevated dividend transfer by the RBI, especially since 2018-19, had offered some cushion to the government, as it battled an economic slowdown even before the pandemic spread its tentacles.

Thanks to the Bimal Jalan committee, which reviewed the RBI's economic capital framework (ECF), the central bank transferred an all-time high amount of ₹1.76 trillion to the government in 2018-19 (July-June).

The RBI typically pays the dividend from the surplus income it earns on investments and valuation changes on its dollar holdings, and the fees it gets from printing currency, among others. The rupee depreciation against the dollar in recent months may also have weighed on the surplus transfer.

Madan Sabnavis, chief economist at Bank of Baroda, said the RBI would have incurred a decent cost due to heavy investment in reverse repo auctions in FY22. Reverse repo auction of ₹6-7 trillion (at an average cost of even 3.5%) would mean a cost of ₹21,000-24,500 crore, he said.

The lower payout by the RBI would mean "a

FROM THE FRONT PAGE

In November 2020, multiple bidders, including Vedanta, Apollo Global Management and Think Gas (I Squared Capital), had showed interest in the government's 52.98% stake in BPCL worth about ₹40,000 crore at the current market prices.

RBI surplus transfer lowest in a decade

In fact, the RBI's transfer would make up just 41% of the government's budgeted receipts for FY23, against almost 98% of the revised estimate for FY22.

The drop in the RBI dividend comes at an inopportune time when the Ukraine conflict has raised the subsidy payout by the government and threatened its bid to contain fiscal deficit at the targeted level of 6.4% in FY23, against 6.9% in FY22.

Of course, there are still some bright spots. State-run banks recorded a net profit of ₹48,874 crore in the first three quarters of FY22, greater than that of ₹31,820 crore in the entire FY21, which was the highest in five years. Given that their capital adequacy remains sound and provision coverage has improved, the government has a greater scope to nudge them to cough up much higher dividend this fiscal.

However, since the government may have to spend an estimated ₹1.8 trillion over and above the FY23 Budget Estimate on fertiliser and food subsidies, this isn't a good time for a revenue slippage on any account. Of course, as finance secretary TV Somanathan said, the additional outgo could be offset by a step jump in net tax receipts and higher disinvestment revenues.

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The lower payout by the RBI would mean "a

large part of profit of PSBs and financial institutions will now have to be transferred to make good this budgeted number (₹73,948 crore), or else there will be a slippage", Sabnavis said.

According to Saugata Bhatnagar, chief economist at Axis Bank, lower dividend is likely to exert some pressure on government finances. The Centre will now need to generate additional resources to fund the requirement of higher government expenditure, including for subsidies, he added.

Icra chief economist Aditi Nayar said: "The amount of surplus to be transferred by the RBI to the government appears to be modestly lower than the budgeted amount. However, the tax receipts are expected to substantially surpass the budgeted level, absorbing the impact of the former."

MAAN ALUMINIUM LIMITED					
Registered office: 4/5, 1st Floor, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi-110002					
CIN: L30007DL2003PLC214485, Phone: 011-40081800,					
Website: www.maanaluminium.com, Email: info@maanaluminium.in					
Extract of statement of audited financial results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2022 (Rs. in lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended		Year Ended	
		March 31, 2022 (Audited)	March 31, 2021 (Audited)	March 31, 2022 (Audited)	March 31, 2021 (Audited)
1	Total Income from operations	12,900	16,327	57,229	40,288
2	Net Profit before exceptional items and tax	1,112	714	2,975	1,988
3	Net Profit for the period before tax	1,112	714	2,975	1,988
4	Net Profit for the period after tax	817	526	2,198	1,480
5	Total comprehensive income for the period	816	507	2,167	1,460
6	Equity share capital	1,352	676	1,352	676
7	Earnings Per Share of Rs. 10/- each Basic & Diluted EPS	6.04	3.89	16.26	10.94

Notes: -

- The above financial results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2022 have been reviewed by the audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on May 20, 2022.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full financial results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.maanaluminium.com.

For and on behalf of the Board
Sd/-
(Ravinder Nath Jain)
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN : 00801000

Place: Pithampur, Dhar
Date: May 20, 2022

NCDEX									
National Commodity & Derivatives Exchange Limited									
CIN : U51909MH2003PLC140116									
Regd Office : Akruti Corporate Park, 1 st Floor, L.B.S. Road, Near G.E.Garden, Kanjurmarg West, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400078									
Ph: 022-66406789 Email: askus@ncdex.com Website: www.ncdex.com									
Extract of Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2022 (Rs. in lakhs)									
Sl. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated			
		Quarter ended 31.03.2022	Quarter ended 31.03.2021	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021	Quarter ended 31.03.2022	Quarter ended 31.03.2021	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
1.	Total Income from operations	1,338	1,914	8,060	6,324	3,036	4,202	15,437	14,890
2.	Net profit/ (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(1,162)	(660)	(1,856)	(3,324)	(1,272)	(197)	(1,687)	(2,007)
3.	Net profit/ (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(1,162)	(694)	(1,856)	(3,358)	(1,272)	(197)	(1,687)	(2,111)
4.	Net profit/ (Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(916)	(570)	(1,376)	(2,488)	(1,055)	(238)	(1,225)	(1,463)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(951)	(629)	(1,417)	(2,413)	(1,041)	(297)	(1,265)	(1,403)
6.	Equity Share Capital	5,068	5,068	5,068	5,068	5,068	5,068	5,068	5,068
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	35,558	37,228	-	-	45,536	45,607
8.	Earnings Per Share (FV ₹ 10 each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-								
	1. Basic (₹) (* Not annualised) :	(1.81)*	(1.12)*	(2.72)	(4.91)	(2.00)*	(0.41)*	(2.24)	(2.54)
	2. Diluted (₹) (* Not annualised) :	(1.81)*	(1.12)*	(2.72)	(4.91)	(2.00)*	(0.41)*	(2.24)	(2.54)

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results vide Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results are available on our website: www.ncdex.com
- The Board of Directors have recommended a dividend of 5% (₹0.50 per equity share of ₹10/- each).
- The above Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee in its meeting held on May 19, 2022 and approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on May 20, 2022.
- # In Standalone Financials, Exceptional item for the year ended March 31, 2021 of ₹34 lakh is towards additional provision made by the Exchange for diminution in value of investment in NICR. In consolidated financials for subsidiary NCCL, the exceptional item for the year ended March 31, 2021 of ₹104 lakhs comprises of 'provision for doubtful debt' made with respect to GST on penalties recoverable from two defaulting members.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Arun Raste
Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer
DIN - 08561128

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 20, 2022

LANCER CONTAINER LINES LIMITED						
CIN - L74990MH2011PLC214448						
Regd Office: Mayuresh Chambers Premises Co-op Society Ltd, Plot No.60, Unit No.H02-2, H02-3, H02-4, Sector-11, CBD Belapur, Navi Mumbai-400614 Tel No. +91 22 2736949/41/42, E-Mail: Secretarial@lancertline.com, Website: www.lancertline.com						
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022 (₹ in Lakh)						
S. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended			Year Ended	
		Audited 31.03.2022	Unaudited 31.12.2021	Audited 31.03.2021	Audited 31.03.2022	Audited 31.03.2021
1	Total Income from Operations	21,866.37	15,498.28	11,222.82	59,735.00	30,100.14
2	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before tax, exceptional and extraordinary items)	1,567.51	1,104.85	253.35	3,729.88	1,182.24
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and extraordinary items)	1,567.51	1,104.85	253.35	3,729.88	1,182.24
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and extraordinary items)	1,118.60	801.35	200.29	2,711.01	877.68
5	Total Comprehensive income for the period (comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)	1,101.49	801.35	196.03	2,693.92	874.56
6	Equity Share Capital	3,014.11	3,014.11	3,014.11	3,014.11	3,014.11
7	Reserves (including revaluation reserve) as shown in the audited balance sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	-	-
8	Earnings Per Share (before & after extraordinary items) (of Rs 10/- each) Basic & Diluted	3.71	2.95	0.65	8.99	2.91

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022 (₹ in Lakh)

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended			Year Ended	
		Audited 31.03.2022	Unaudited 31.12.2021	Audited 31.03.2021	Audited 31.03.2022	Audited 31.03.2021
1	Total Income from Operations	23,547.15	15,920.29	12,209.84	64,330.28	31,403.59
2	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before tax, exceptional and extraordinary items)	1,630.76	1,151.27	350.94	3,986.95	1,311.39
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and extraordinary items)	1,630.76	1,151.27	350.94	3,986.95	1,311.39
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and extraordinary items)	1,163.18	833.27	263.30	2,896.28	970.92
5	Total Comprehensive income for the period (comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)	1,146.08	833.27	259.05	2,878.19	967.80
6	Equity Share Capital	3,014.11	3,014.11	3,014.11	3,014.11	3,014.11
7	Reserves (including revaluation reserve) as shown in the audited balance sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	-	-
8	Earnings Per Share (before & after extraordinary items) (of Rs 10/- each) Basic & Diluted	3.86	2.76	0.87	9.61	3.22

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Unaudited Quarterly and half yearly Financial Results filed with BSE Ltd. under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Standalone and half yearly Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange website (www.bseindia.com) and on the Company's website: www.lancertline.com

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Lancer Container Lines Limited
Sd/-
Abdul Khalik Chataiwala
Managing Director
DIN: 01942246

Place : Belapur, Navi Mumbai
Date : 20th May, 2022

adventz											
TEXMACO INFRASTRUCTURE & HOLDINGS LIMITED											
CIN : L70101WB1939PLC009800											
Regd. Office : Belgharia, Kolkata -700 056, Phone : +91-33-25691500, Fax No. : +91-33-25412448, Website : www.texinfra.in											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022 (₹ in Lakhs)											
Sr. No.	PARTICULARS	STANDALONE					CONSOLIDATED				
		Quarter ended		Year ended			Quarter ended		Year ended		
		31-Mar-2022 (Audited)	31-Dec-2021 (Unaudited)	31-Mar-2021 (Audited)	31-Mar-2022 (Audited)	31-Mar-2021 (Audited)	31-Mar-2022 (Audited)	31-Dec-2021 (Unaudited)	31-Mar-2021 (Audited)	31-Mar-2022 (Audited)	31-Mar-2021 (Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	919.51	704.33	999.11	2,678.48	2,778.65	1,023.22	809.23	1,146.04	3,060.29	3,125.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	13.98	30.00	466.42	140.53	1,174.06	(29.61)	(71.70)	437.54	(111.15)	988.35
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	13.98	30.00	466.42	140.53	1,174.06	(29.61)	(9,049.21)	437.54	(9,088.66)	988.35
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	33.25	14.05	400.77	159.33	947.07	(14.74)	(9,072.95)	852.37	(8,623.69)	1,107.29
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	7,722.83	18,302.17	922.84	30,598.64	6,476.96	7,675.19	(8,587.57)	1,484.66	4,186.78	6,937.09
6	Equity Share Capital	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28	1,274.28
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve as shown in the Balance Sheet of previous year)	-	-	-	65,904.04	35,560.25	-	-	-	65,386.48	61,455.59
8	Earnings Per Share (of Re. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -										
	Basic	0.03	0.01	0.31	0.13	0.74	(0.01)	(7.12)	0.67	(6.77)	0.87
	Diluted	0.03	0.01	0.31	0.13	0.74	(0.01)	(7.12)	0.67	(6.77)	0.87

Note :

The above is an extract of the detailed format of the Audited Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange(s) under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The said Results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their Meeting held on 20th May, 2022. The full format of the Quarterly/Year ended Financial Results are available on the website of the Stock Exchange(s) where the shares of the Company are listed and the listed entity (www.texinfra.in).

Place : Kolkata
Dated : 20th May, 2022

Sd/-
Saroj Kumar Poddar
Director
DIN : 00008654

निसर्गाचा सहवास हाच जगण्याचा आत्मविश्वास

आंतरराष्ट्रीय स्तरावर काही दिवस विशेषत्वाने साजरे होतात. ज्यामधून जनजागृती हा उद्देश तर असतोच त्यासोबत निसर्ग आणि मनुष्याला उपयुक्त ठरणार्या प्राचीन अर्वाचिन साधनसंपत्तीच्या संरक्षणाचाही हेतू असतो. विशेषतः संपूर्ण जगाला अनेकानेक समस्या भेडसावत आहेत. अशावेळी निसर्गाची साथ सोडून चालणार नाही. याचीदेखील आता सर्वांचा हळूहळू खात्री पटू लागली आहे. निसर्गाचा सहवास हाच जगण्याचा आत्मविश्वास असा एक विचार दृढमूल होताना दिसतो. मग अगदी वन्यजीवन कसे टिकवून ठेवता येईल. पशुपक्षी, प्राणी यांचीदेखील कशी काळजी घेता येईल. वृक्ष तोड थांबवून जंगले कशी टिकवता येतील. अशा एक ना अनेक उद्दिष्टांसाठी जागतिक स्तरावर काही दिवस साजरे होत असतात. याच दृष्टीकोनातून दरवर्षी १९ मे हा जागतिक मधमाशा दिन म्हणून साजरा होतो. याचा अर्थ मधमाशांसारखा एक छोटासा प्राणीदेखील निसर्गाचा किंवा एकूणच जीवसृष्टीचा महत्त्वाचा घटक मानला गेला आहे. याच पध्दतीने जागतिक चिमणी दिवस, जागतिक व्याघ्र दिवस, पाळले जात असतात. भारतात या दिवसांच्या निमित्ताने जनजागृती केली जाते. परंतु एकूणच निसर्ग किंवा वन्यजीवनाचा वेध घेतला तर त्याचा होणारा न्हास हा चिंतजनक ठरू लागला आहे. प्रचंड वेगाने होणारे शहरीकरण, औद्योगिकरण आणि त्यासाठी उभारण्यात येणाऱ्या पायाभूत सुविधा या निसर्ग किंवा वन्यजीवनाला धक्का लावत असल्याचे म्हणता येईल. निसर्ग, जंगले किंवा वन्यप्राणीजीवन हे संवर्धित होत राहिले तरच एकूण निसर्गाचाही समतोल राहू शकतो. म्हणूनच मधमाशांपासून ते अगदी हत्तीपर्यंत अशा प्राण्यांच्या संरक्षणाचा जागतिक पातळीवर विचार होत असतो. परंतु दिवसेंदिवस या सगळ्याच प्राण्यांच्या संख्येमध्ये घट होते आहे. हे वन्यजीव टिकवायचे कसे याविषयीसुद्धा जागतिक पातळीवर विचारमंथन सुरु झालेले आहे. मग अगदी जागतिक स्तरावरील काही मोठ्या संस्था एकमेकांना आर्थिक मदत देत असतात. त्या त्या देशातील निसर्ग संपदा टिकवून ठेवण्याकरिता आदानप्रदानही करित असतात.

आणि त्या मधाचा मनुष्याला होणारा उपयोग या गोष्टी वेगळ्या सांगण्याची आवश्यकता नाही. परंतु निसर्गाच्याच रचनेमधून मधनिर्मितीचा कितीतरी मोठा मधुर सोहळाच घडून येत असतो. हे मध आयुर्वेदिकदृष्ट्या खूप मोलाचे ठरते. कोणत्याही कष्टाशिवाय आणि केवळ मधमाशांच्या जगण्याच्या प्रक्रियेतून घडून येणारा हा एक चमत्कारच ठरतो. अशी ही मधमाशां जगली पाहिजे. वाढली पाहिजे. तिचा न्हास होऊ नये या उद्देशानेच हा जागतिक मधमाशा दिवस पाळला जातो. भारतातल्या वेगवेगळ्या जंगलांमधून मधाचे संकलन होत असते. परंतु यातली दिलासा आणि अभिमानास्पद बाब अशी आहे की महाराष्ट्राने या मधमाशांच्या संवर्धनाकरिता जो पुढाकार घेतला तो लक्षात घेण्याजोगा आहे. मधमाशा टिकणे म्हणजेच फुलपाखरांना जीवनदान देण्यासारखेसुद्धा ठरते. महाराष्ट्र सरकारने यासंदर्भात महाबळेश्वरला वेगळ्या मधसंचालनालयाची स्थापना केली होती. कारण तिथल्या जंगलांमधून मध संकलित करता येऊ शकते. ही नैसर्गिक देणगी समजून मधमाशा पालनासारखा एक नवा व्यवसाय शेतकऱ्यांसाठीसुद्धा उपलब्ध करून दिला गेला. सर्वाधिक मधमाशा असलेले आणि मधाचे उत्पादन करणारे गाव म्हणून महाबळेश्वर तालुक्यातल्या मांधर या गावाची यापूर्वीच निवड झालेली आहे. त्याला मधाचे गाव अशी विरुदावलीही प्राप्त झाली आहे.

संवर्धनाचे व्रत

स्वाभाविकपणे महाराष्ट्राने आताही मधाचे गाव संकल्पना इतर जिल्हांमध्येही राबवण्याचा प्रयत्न सुरु केला आहे. जर त्याचा व्यवस्थितपणे विस्तार केला गेला तर दुधाचा महापूर म्हणून ओळख असणारे महाराष्ट्र मधाचे मधाळ राज्य म्हणूनही लौकिक प्राप्त करू शकते. म्हणजे वन्य जीवनांच्या किंवा प्राण्यांच्या संवर्धनातून किती विविध प्रकारचा दृष्टीकोन विकसित होऊ शकतो हे या छोट्याशा उदाहरणातून स्पष्ट होते. मात्र याकरिता तितक्याच कठोर परिश्रमांची आवश्यकता आहे. सह्याद्री, सातपुडासारख्या विशाल पर्वतरांगा काही प्रमाणात विंध्य पर्वताचा काही भाग महाराष्ट्रालाही प्राप्त होतो. अशा या वनसंपत्तीचा महाराष्ट्राला लाभलेला वारसा कल्पक अशा नव्या संकल्पनां प्रत्यक्षात आणू शकतो. पुराणांमधल्या कथेत असे म्हटले जाते की दत्तात्रेयांनी जे चौवीस गुरु केले होते त्यात मधमाशांलाही त्यांनी गुरु केले होते. कारण कष्ट करून मध संकलित करण्याचा आणि त्यातून इतरांच्या जीवनात गोडवा निर्माण करण्याचा मधमाशांच्या या स्वभावाकडून खूप काही शिकू शकतो. कारण आज अनेक प्रकारच्या आधुनिक खंत आणि कीटकनाशकांमुळे मधमाशांसारखे जीवजंतूही नाहीसे होऊ लागले आहेत. हे धोके लक्षात घेऊन वन्यजीवनाच्या संवर्धनाचे व्रत सांभाळले गेले पाहिजे.

मधाचा मधाळ महाराष्ट्र

भारतासारखा क्षेत्रफळाने मोठा असलेला देश अनेक प्रकारच्या नैसर्गिक साधनसंपत्तीने नटलेला आहे. किंबहुना भारत हा जगातील एकमेव देश असू शकतो. की जो समशितोष्ण कटिबंधामध्ये मोडतो. म्हणजे या देशातल्या कोणत्याही भागात वर्षभर काय पण सहा महिनेसुद्धा सलग हिवाळा, पावसाळा किंवा उन्हाळा नसतो. जगातल्या इतर अनेक देशांमध्ये मात्र हे प्रमाण विषम असल्याचे पाहायला मिळते. एकाअर्थी भारताला लाभलेले हे हवामानाचे नैसर्गिक वरदान खूप वैशिष्ट्यपूर्ण म्हणता येईल. म्हणूनच इथल्या निसर्गाला संवर्धित करण्याचा तितकाच मोठा प्रयत्न गरजेचा ठरतो. अगदी जागतिक मधमाशा दिनाच्या निमित्ताने तरी या मुद्याचा विचार केला तर छोट्याशा मधमाशांचे निसर्गाले योगदान आणि तिचा एकूण मनुष्यासाठी होणारा उपयोग याचे मूल्य खूप मोठे आहे. वेगवेगळ्या फुलांमधला मकरंद शोषून पोळ्यांमध्ये गोळा करणारी मधमाशी

विलास कोळेकर
खंडाळा, रत्नागिरी.
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सुंदर आयुष्य सहज घडत नसते.
ते जाणीवपूर्वक घडवावे लागते.

पंचांग
शनिवार २९ मे, २०२२
शक १९४४ शुभकृतनामसंवत्सर

वैशाख कृष्ण षष्ठी * नक्षत्र : श्रवण

स्वी उदय - ०६-०४
स्वी अस्त - १९-०७

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००-०९ ते २४-०० मकर

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पाककृती
भोपळ्याचे घारगे

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गव्हाचे पीठ १ वाटी गूळ किंवा
शोडे त्यापेक्षा जास्त. १ चमचा
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कृती :- घारगे
बनवताना सर्वप्रथम भोपळा कट
करून त्याच्या छोट्या छोट्या
फोडी कट करा तसेच त्यामधील बिया काढून घ्या आणि
मग त्या फोडी किसणीवर किमून घ्या. मग आता हा ३ वाटी
किस एका भांड्यामध्ये काढा आणि त्यामध्ये एक वाटी
किंवा त्यापेक्षा थोडा जास्त किसलेला गूळ घाला आणि ते
मिश्रण एकत्र करून गंभव मध्यम आचेवर शिजले कि गंभ
बंद करा आणि हे मिश्रण गार होऊ द्या. मग हे मिश्रण गार
झाले की त्यामध्ये जितके मावेल तेवढे गव्हाचे पीठ घाला
आणि ते चांगले मळून घ्या. यामध्ये जितके मावेल तेवढेच
पीठ घाला जास्त घातले तर घारगे चांगले लागत नाहीत).
आणि हे मळलेले पीठ कमी कमी अर्धा तास भिजवा किंवा
जास्त जास्त १ तास भिजवा. मग हे पीठ चांगले भिजले
की त्याचे छोटे छोटे गोळे बनवा. आता मध्यम आचेवर एक
कढई ठेवा आणि त्यामध्ये घारगे तळण्यासाठी तेल घाला
आणि ते गरम होऊ द्या.

आता आपण बनवलेले गोळ्यामधील एक गोळा
घ्या आणि पोळपाटावर एक प्लास्टिक पेपर ठेवा आणि
हाताला अगदी थोडेसे पाणी लावून तो थोडा जाडसर थापून
घ्यावा. आपण पुऱ्या जितक्या आकाराच्या बनवतो तितक्या
आकाराचे घारगे बनवून घ्यावे. आणि त्या घारग्या वरील
भागवर थोडीसी खमखस घालावी आणि मग ते हळूवारपणे
गरम तेलामध्ये सोडावे आणि लालसर रंग येईपर्यंत तळून
घ्यावे. अशा प्रकारे सर्व घारगे बनवून घ्यावे. घारगे आपण
कोणत्याही वेळेला तसेच खावू शकतो किंवा मग चहा
सोबत देखील घारगे खूप छान लागतात.

Table with 3 columns: पाचवे बक्षिस, पाचवे बक्षिस, पाचवे बक्षिस. Lists numbers for various prize categories.

भारताच्या पी.व्ही. सिंधूची थायलंड ओपनच्या उपांत्य फेरीत धडक

भारताची बंडमिनपटू पी.व्ही. सिंधूने आज थायलंड ओपन स्पर्धेत दमदार कामगिरी करत जपानची बंडमिनपटू अकाने यामागुचीला मात देत उपांत्य फेरीत धडक मारली आहे. आता शनिवारी उपांत्य फेरीत सिंधूची लढत चीनची चेन युफेई हिच्यासोबत असेल.

जकार्ता
सेट १२-१३ या चांगल्या फरकाने आपल्या नावे करत सामनाही नावे केला.
दरम्यान थायलंड ओपन स्पर्धेत अन्य भारतीय खेळाडूंना साजेशी कामगिरी करता आलेली नाही. सिंधू ही एकमेव मैदानात राहिली असून तिच्या आजच्या विजयामुळे भारताच्या पदकाची संधीही जिवंत राहिल्या आणि कांस्यपदक निश्चित केले.

बॉक्सिंग चॅम्पियनशिपमध्ये निखात झरीनचा सुवर्ण पंच

महिलांच्या जागतिक बॉक्सिंग चॅम्पियनशिपमध्ये भारताला ४ वर्षांनंतर सुवर्णपदक मिळाले. भारताची महिला बॉक्सर निखात झरीन हिने हा इतिहास रचला. काल, गुरुवारी जागतिक बॉक्सिंग स्पर्धेच्या ५२ किलो वजनी गटात थायलंडची बॉक्सर जितपांना जुटामाकात ५-० असा पराभव करत निखाताने सुवर्णपदकावर नाव कोरले. ती जागतिक बॉक्सिंगमध्ये सुवर्णपदक मिळवणारी पाचवी भारतीय महिला ठरली आहे. भारताने या स्पर्धेच्या इतिहासात हे १० वे सुवर्णपदक पटकावले असून त्यापैकी ६ पदक एकट्या मैकोमने जिंकले आहेत. तर, सरिता देवी, जेनी आरएल आणि लेखा सी यानिदेखील सुवर्णपदक पटकावले आहेत. तेलंगाणाच्या निझामाबाद येथे १४ जून १९९६ रोजी निखातचा जन्म झाला. या सुवर्णकन्देने वयाच्या अवघ्या तेराव्या वर्षी बॉक्सिंग ग्लबशी मैत्री केली.

Table with columns: विभाग, डिस्ट्रिक्ट, बोली क्र., विषय, ई-निविदा विक्री, बोली पूर्व सभा, उघडण्याचा दिनांक आणि वेळ, पाकीट 'अ', पाकीट 'क', वेबसाईट, संपर्काची व्यक्ती, ब- दूरध्वनी (कार्यालय), क- मोबाईल क्र., ड- ईमेल पत्ता.

लायन्स कंटेनर लाईन्स लिमिटेड

Table with columns: क्र., सप्तरील, संपत्तीचे त्रैमासिक, संपत्तीचे वार्षिक. Lists financial data for Lion Containers Lines Limited.

THE MAHARASHTRA STATE CO-OP. BANK LTD., MUMBAI. Tender notice for structural repair, interior, civil, electrical, CCTV, fire fighting work at Versova, Andheri (W) Branch.

महाराष्ट्र सहाद्री 5:15. Table with columns: संपत्तीचे त्रैमासिक, संपत्तीचे वार्षिक. Lists financial data for Maharashtra Sahadri.

महाराष्ट्र गजलक्ष्मी 4:45. Table with columns: संपत्तीचे त्रैमासिक, संपत्तीचे वार्षिक. Lists financial data for Maharashtra Gajlaxmi.

महाराष्ट्र राज्य लॉटरी. Table with columns: संपत्तीचे त्रैमासिक, संपत्तीचे वार्षिक. Lists financial data for Maharashtra State Lottery.

गणेशलक्ष्मी धन 5:00. Table with columns: संपत्तीचे त्रैमासिक, संपत्तीचे वार्षिक. Lists financial data for Ganesh Lakshmi.

महाराष्ट्र दिन भव्यतम सोडत. Table with columns: संपत्तीचे त्रैमासिक, संपत्तीचे वार्षिक. Lists financial data for Maharashtra Din Bhavyatam Sodat.

महाराष्ट्र राज्य लॉटरी. Table with columns: संपत्तीचे त्रैमासिक, संपत्तीचे वार्षिक. Lists financial data for Maharashtra State Lottery.