



स्टील अथॉरिटी ऑफ इण्डिया लिमिटेड
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED

CA-17(44)/2022-23

11th November, 2022

The General Manager (MO) Bombay Stock Exchange Through BSE Listing Centre	The Asstt. Vice President National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. Through NEAPS
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Sub: Extract of Newspaper Publication of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter/ Half Year ended 30th September, 2022

Ref: Regulation 33 of SEBI(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015: (Security ID:SAIL).

Dear Sir,

Please find attached copy of extract of newspaper publication of Unaudited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter/ Half Year ended 30th September, 2022, published in Business Standard (English and Hindi) on 11th November, 2022. This is for your information and record.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,
For Steel Authority of India Limited

(M B Balakrishnan)

CGM(Finance) & Company Secretary

Encl. As above.

Info war can be a threat to stability, says Rajnath

Adds successive govts have failed to create national security strategy

AJAI SHUKLA
New Delhi, 10 November

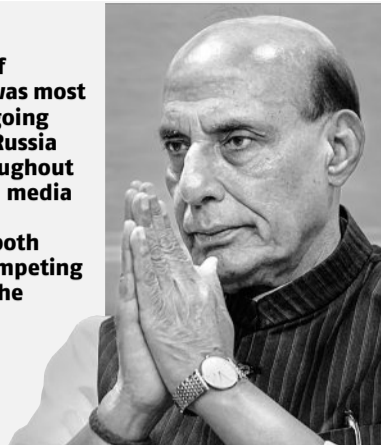
In a security environment where the government seldom puts defence policy in the public domain and successive governments have failed to create a national security strategy, Defence Minister Rajnath Singh delivered a convocation address on Thursday to the graduating National Defence College (NDC) cadets in Delhi.

Such institutional speeches, especially those delivered at military training institutions, such as the NDC, are carefully parsed by defence analysts the world over, for indications of strategic policy. Thursday's NDC speech was no exception. The most striking observation that defence analysts arrived at is: although India has active borders with two hostile neighbours — China and Pakistan — and combats long-running insurgencies in Jammu & Kashmir and Manipur, the defence minister chose to focus almost entirely on non-traditional threats rather than hard military ones.

Rajnath called for concerted efforts of the international community to counter "grave" emerging threats such as cyberattacks and information warfare. Highlighting the nar-

The deployment of information war was most evident in the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine. Throughout the conflict, social media has served as a battleground for both sides to spread competing narratives about the war...

RAJNATH SINGH
Defence Minister



rowing gap between internal and external security, Rajnath said new dimensions of threats that keep evolving make them difficult to classify. He asserted that terrorism, which generally falls in the category of internal security, is now increasingly regarded as an external security threat, since the training, funding, and arming of such organisations is being carried out from outside the country.

He described the vulnerability of critical infrastructure to cyberattacks as "a big concern", with energy, transport, telecommunications, critical manufacturing industries, and interconnected financial systems being vulnerable to such threats. Underscoring another

non-traditional threat, he stated that the "information war" has the potential to threaten a country's political stability.

This was now being done by shaping the opinion and perspective of the masses through the organised use of social media and online content generation platforms. "The deployment of information war was most evident in the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine. Throughout the conflict, social media has served as a battleground for both sides to spread competing narratives about the war and portray the conflict on their own terms," stated Rajnath, identifying social media as the primary distribution channel.

The defence minister said the Ukrainian conflict illustrated how ripple effects could adversely impact the whole world. Together, Russia and Ukraine export nearly a third of the world's wheat and barley, but this conflict had prevented grain from leaving the 'breadbasket of the world', leading to food crises in Africa and Asia.

Rajnath said that India also faced an energy crisis, with the war leading to a disruption in international energy supply, raising the cost of energy import. He reaffirmed India's belief in a "multi-aligned policy", which envisioned diverse engagements with multiple stakeholders, so that everyone's concerns could be addressed. He termed it as the only way towards shared responsibility and prosperity.

"Strong and prosperous India would not be built at the cost of others... India does not believe in a world order where a few are considered superior to others. It is for this reason that when we partner any nation, it is on the basis of sovereign equality and mutual respect," said Rajnath.

He was addressing officers of the Indian armed forces, civil services and from friendly foreign countries during the 60th NDC course convocation ceremony.

9 Indians among 10 killed in Maldives fire

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
Male, 10 November

Nine Indians were among 10 people who died early Thursday when a major fire broke out in the garage below a cramped living quarters that housed foreign workers here in the Maldivian capital, an Indian High Commission official said. The fire broke out

in the M Nirufehi area near the Maaveyo Mosque around 12:30 am.

"Ten people were confirmed dead," Ramdhir Singh, Welfare Officer, working in the Indian High Commission said.

"We are deeply saddened by the tragic fire incident in Male which has caused loss of lives," the Indian High Commission said in a tweet,

adding that the mission is in close contact with the local authorities and that the High Commission is reaching out to the families of the affected Indian nationals.

Maldivian Foreign Minister Abdulla Shahid said he was "deeply saddened" by the tragic news of fire in Male that has taken the lives of 10 expatriate workers and affected several

families. The living quarters had only a single window. It was housing 38 migrant workers from Bangladesh, India and Sri Lanka with a gas cylinder next to each bed, Maldives National Defence Force said.

Maldives National Disaster Authority (MNDA)'s chief Hisan Hassan said 28 people were rescued from the building.

ACCENT REGION

CHHATTISGARH

Zero paddy acreage target for rabi crops

R KRISHNA DAS
Raipur, 10 November

In yet another move to discourage paddy and encourage farmers for crop diversification, the Chhattisgarh government has reduced the acreage of summer paddy to zero for the coming rabi season 2022-23. The state has, however, set a target to take rabi crops in 1.92 million hectares of land. "The target of summer paddy area has been reduced to zero in the crop-sowing programme set by the agriculture department for the rabi season this year," a state government spokesperson said. The decision is seen as yet another attempt of the state government to prevent the farmers from taking paddy in Chhattisgarh that has been once known as the rice-bowl of the country. The state wants to propel the farmers for crop diversification and go for wheat, gram, and peas in this season.

In the last season, farmers had cultivated summer paddy in 222,170 hectares in the state. Earlier, the Bhopesh Baghel-led government had announced to procure arhar (pigeon pea), moong (green gram), and urad (black gram) at minimum support prices (MSPs) in the kharif marketing season 2022-23. The procurement started last month.

Farmers are getting ₹6,600 per quintal for moong and urad and ₹7,755 per quintal for arhar. The procurement will be made



The state wants to encourage farmers for crop diversification and go for wheat, gram, and peas in this season

through the Chhattisgarh State Co-operative Marketing Federation (Markfed).

Chief Minister Baghel had said the procurement of the crops at support price would give a boost to the income of farmers, who would now have the option to sell arhar, moong, and urad crops wherever they get a higher price. The state had reduced paddy acreage even for the kharif marketing season 2022-23. As against last season's 3.8 million hectares, paddy was sown in 3.3 million hectares in the current kharif-marketing season.

each of limestone, amalgamated copper, and magnesite. Agarwal said after the amendment to the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 2015, in 2022-23, a maximum of nine blocks of major minerals had been readied for auction. Earlier, from 2016-17 till now, 17 mining lease blocks and four composite blocks were auctioned.

Of these a maximum of 16 blocks of limestone were auctioned. He said according to a rough estimate, the state government in the next 50 years would get revenues of ₹1.08 trillion. Agarwal said the exploration and mining of major minerals, along with the minor minerals, were being promoted.

UTTAR PRADESH

Manufacturing in focus to achieve trillion-dollar economy target

VIRENDRA SINGH RAWAT
Lucknow, 10 November

Uttar Pradesh is betting big on the manufacturing sector to achieve the goal of becoming a trillion-dollar economy by 2027.

At present, the state's gross state domestic product (GSDP) is estimated at \$230 billion, while the contribution of the manufacturing sector is pegged at about 14 per cent, which the government is looking to boost by threefold to 45 per cent. To achieve the target, the government is laying greater emphasis on setting up and expanding new industries.

Seven thrust manufacturing verticals identified by the state include leather, textile, toys and games, defence, electronics, machinery, and electric vehicles. Recently, Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath presided over a high-level meeting with the top echelons of the industrial development department to sketch a broader action plan in this regard.

"The state is making efforts to increase the manufacturing sector contribution to GSDP by more than three times in the next five years," he underlined. Likewise, the state needs its annual growth rate to surge by 30-35 per cent to reach the trillion-dollar milestone by 2027.

RAJASTHAN

E-auctions for mines, minerals in the offing

ANIL SHARMA
Jaipur, 10 November

The Rajasthan government is taking steps to boost mineral production in the state. The e-auctions for three mining leases and six composite licences of five major minerals in nine blocks will be done soon.

Additional Chief Secretary (Mines and Petroleum) Subodh Agarwal said nine blocks of major minerals, including garnet, limestone, copper, iron ore, and magnesite, had been identified and were ready for auction. After the formalities, the blocks will be identified on the e-portal of the Government of India.

Mines Minister Pramod Jain Bhaya said the auction of the mining plots increased the revenues of the state government and stopped illegal mining.

Agarwal said that auction for the composite licence for garnet in Bhilwara district and limestone in Kota and Banswara districts had been readied.

Similarly, the mining lease will be auctioned for amalgamated mineral copper in Alwar district, iron-ore in Bhilwara district, and magnesite in Udaipur district. Four blocks of limestone and one block each of garnet and iron-ore will be auctioned for the composite licence, while the mining lease will be e-auctioned for one block

There's a little bit of SAIL in everybody's life

Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Half Year ended 30th September, 2022

Sl. No.	Particulars	STANDALONE					
		Quarter ended		Half Year ended		Year ended	
		30 th September, 2022	30 th June, 2022	30 th September, 2021	30 th September, 2022	30 th September, 2021	31 st March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	26246.31	24028.59	26826.92	50274.90	47469.30	103473.32
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax and Exceptional items)	(515.59)	1038.30	5752.89	522.71	10897.78	16392.13
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional items)	(515.59)	1038.30	5752.89	522.71	10897.78	16038.72
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax	(385.82)	776.33	4303.62	390.51	8153.64	12015.04
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(280.61)	804.40	4354.84	523.79	8180.57	11950.59
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face Value of ₹10/- each)	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53
7	Reserves excluding revaluation reserve						47886.61
8	Securities Premium Account						235.10
9	Net Worth						52017.14
10	Paid up Debt Capital/Outstanding Debt						17284.10
11	Debt Equity Ratio						0.33
12	Earnings per equity share (of ₹10/- each) (not annualised)						
	1. Basic (₹)	(0.93)	1.88	10.42	0.95	19.74	29.09
	2. Diluted (₹)	(0.93)	1.88	10.42	0.95	19.74	29.09
13	Debt Redemption Reserve						530.97
14	Debt Service Coverage Ratio						1.53
15	Interest Service Coverage Ratio (Number of times)						9.56

Extract of Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Half Year ended 30th September, 2022

Sl. No.	Particulars	CONSOLIDATED					
		Quarter ended		Half Year ended		Year ended	
		30 th September, 2022	30 th June, 2022	30 th September, 2021	30 th September, 2022	30 th September, 2021	31 st March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	26246.34	24028.62	26828.01	50274.96	47471.03	103478.84
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax and Exceptional items)	(442.61)	1047.30	5794.86	604.69	11007.09	16645.28
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional items)	(442.61)	1047.30	5794.86	604.69	11007.09	16291.87
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax	(329.36)	804.50	4338.75	475.14	8236.11	12243.47
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(158.96)	911.95	4410.42	752.97	8303.87	12233.79
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face Value of ₹10/- each)	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53
7	Reserves excluding revaluation reserve						50081.15
8	Earnings per equity share (of ₹10/- each) (not annualised)						
	1. Basic (₹)	(0.80)	1.95	10.50	1.15	19.94	29.64
	2. Diluted (₹)	(0.80)	1.95	10.50	1.15	19.94	29.64

Notes:

- The above Financial Results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 10th November, 2022.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Half Year ended 30th September, 2022 filed with the Stock Exchanges under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of these Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange websites of NSE and BSE at www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com respectively and under the Investor Relations section on the Company's website www.sail.co.in.

Place : New Delhi
Date : 10th November, 2022

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स्टील अथॉरिटी ऑफ इण्डिया लिमिटेड
STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED

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Steel Authority of India Limited



Steel Authority of India Limited

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Sd/-
(Anil Kumar Tulsiani)
Director (Finance)

MAZAGON DOCK SHIPBUILDERS LIMITED
(Government of India Enterprise)
CIN: L35100MH1934GO1002079
Registered & Corporate Office: Dockyard Road, Mazagaon, Mumbai 400 010
Ph: 022-23762000, Website : www.mazagondock.in

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(Rs. in Lakh except EPS)

Particulars	Consolidated Financial Result				
	Quarter Ended		Six Months ended		For the year ended
	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
Total income from operations	1,86,597	1,66,021	4,23,243	2,96,253	6,14,355
Net Profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	26,145	15,604	55,142	29,525	76,330
Net Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	26,145	15,604	55,142	28,128	74,933
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	21,390	13,503	43,868	23,663	61,084
Total Comprehensive income for the period [comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	21,165	12,891	44,106	22,924	60,609
Equity Share Capital	20,169	20,169	20,169	20,169	20,169
Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as at Balance Sheet date					365,599
Earnings per share (Nominal Value of share Rs.10) (Not annualised)					
Basic:	10.61	6.69	21.75	11.73	30.29
Diluted:	10.61	6.69	21.75	11.73	30.29

Particulars	Standalone Financial Result				
	Quarter Ended		Six Months ended		For the year ended
	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
Total income from operations	1,87,141	1,66,571	4,23,787	2,96,803	6,16,691
Net Profit for the period (before tax, exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	26,689	16,154	55,686	30,075	78,666
Net Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	26,689	16,154	55,686	26,678	77,269
Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	20,044	13,100	41,746	22,375	58,647
Total Comprehensive income for the period [comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	19,762	12,704	41,927	21,786	58,241
Equity Share Capital	20,169	20,169	20,169	20,169	20,169
Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as at Balance Sheet date					3,11,967
Earnings per share (Nominal Value of share Rs.10) (Not annualised)					
Basic:	9.94	6.50	20.70	11.09	29.08
Diluted:	9.94	6.50	20.70	11.09	29.08

Notes:

- The above results for the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2022, which have been subjected to a Limited Review by the Statutory Auditors of the Company, were approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 10th November, 2022, in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly/Half Yearly Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly and Year ended Financial Results are available on www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and www.mazagondock.in.
- The Company is engaged in the production of defence equipment and is exempted from "Segment Reporting" vide notification S.O.802(E), dt. 23rd February, 2018 by amending notification No. G.S.R.463(E) dated 5th June, 2015. In view of the above, no disclosure is made separately by the Company on operating segments under Ind AS 108.
- The above financial result have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 10th November 2022 as recommended by ACM.
- The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 10th November 2022 has declared interim dividend of Rs. 9.10 per equity share to be paid to the eligible shareholders as on 22nd November 2022, being the record date fixed for the purpose.

Date: 10th November, 2022
Place: Mumbai

For Mazagon Dock Shipbuilders Limited
VAdm Narayan Prasad, IN (Retd) Chairman and Managing Director
Sanjeev Singhal Director (Finance)
DIN - 08644492
DIN - 07642358

