

July 06, 2020

The General Manager Corporate Relations Department Bombay Stock Exchange Limited 1st Floor, New Trading Ring Rotunda Building, P J Towers Dalal Street, Fort <u>Mumbai – 400 001</u> Mr. K Hari

Listing Department National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor Plot No. C/1, G Block Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E) <u>Mumbai – 400 051</u>

Scrip Code No. 532481

Scrip Code No. NOIDA TOLL EQ

Sub: Outcome of the Board Meeting

Dear Sirs,

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosures Requirement) Regulation, 2015, this is to inform you that the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held today i.e. July 06, 2020, inter-alia, considered and approved:

1. Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial results of the Company for the quarter/Year ended March 31, 2020 along with a report issued by Statutory Auditor.

Please find enclosed audited standalone and consolidated financial results along with a report issued by statutory auditor for quarter / Year ended March 31, 2020.

This is for your information and necessary action.

Sincerely

Gagan Singhal Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Encl: a/a

N. M. RAIJI & CO. Chartered Accountants Universal Insurance Building, Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Mumbai-400 001. INDIA Telephone: 2287 0068 2287 3463 E-mail : nmr.ho@nmraiji.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON AUDIT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NOIDA TOLL BRIDGE COMPANY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Consolidated Financial Results of **Noida Toll Bridge Company Limited** ("the Company") and its subsidiary (the Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") for the three months and year ended March 31, 2020 (the "Statement"), being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("the Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Statement:

i. includes the results of a subsidiary, i.e., ITNL Toll Management Services Limited;

ii. is presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations; and

iii. gives a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" (Ind AS 34") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated net loss and consolidated total comprehensive income and other financial information of the Group for the three months and year ended March 31, 2020.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SA's) specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those RALStandards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the



Consolidated Financial Results section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the interim consolidated financial results under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

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We draw your attention to:

- (a) Note No. 5 to the statement of audited interim financial results in which, pending the outcome of the Company's appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the order of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad stalling the levy and collection of toll fee, based on a legal opinion, the Board has placed reliance on the provisions of the Concession Agreement relating to compensation and other recourses and taken a stand that the underlying value of the intangible and other assets is not impaired.
- (b) Note No 6 to the statement of audited interim financial results, which relates to income tax demands aggregating Rs.11,633.78 crores, raised on the Company, for the Assessment Years 2006-2007 to 2014–2015 and 2016 2017 to 2017 2018 and also an equivalent amount of penalty for the said Assessment Years, together resulting in a total demand of Rs.22,527.08 crores. The Management of the Group is of the view that both demands are devoid of any justification or merit and that the Group is confident of getting a favourable decision. Consequently, the Group has not made any provision in its Audited Financial Results.
- (c) Note 7 (c) to the statement of audited interim financial results, which relates to the Hon'ble NCLAT order dated March 12, 2020, giving approval to October 15, 2018, as the cut-off date for initiation of resolution process. Accordingly, the Group has during the year ended March 31, 2020, not made a provision for interest on its outstanding loan from ICICI Bank Limited and IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited aggregating to Rs.8.79 crores.

Further, the Group has also reversed interest costs for the period October 16, 2018 to March 31, 2019 aggregating to Rs. 3.66 crores on borrowings from the above entities.

(d) Note No 9 to statement of audited standalone financial results, which describes the Management's assessment to the impact of COVID -19 pandemic and the resultant lockdowns on the significant uncertainties involved in developing some of the estimates involved in preparation of financial statements including but not limited to its assessment of liquidity and going concern, recoverable value of its property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and the net realizable value of other assets. Based on information available as of this date, Management believes that no further adjustments are required to the financial results.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Management Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Results

This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Group's Management and approved by the Group's Board of Directors, has been compiled from the audited interim consolidated financial statements. The Group's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Results that give a true and fair view of the consolidated net loss and consolidated other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Group in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 34, prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations.

The respective Boards of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Results, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the respective entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Boards of Directors either intend to liquidate their respective entities or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



The respective Boards of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is high level assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and their related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Evaluate the appropriateness and reasonableness of disclosures made by the Board of Directors in terms of the requirements specified under Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations.

Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may

New Delhi

cast significant doubt on the ability of the group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of consolidated financial results including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the consolidated financial results of the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial results. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Results of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Results that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Consolidated Financial Results may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatement in the Consolidated Financial Results.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance the statement that we have complied with the relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

We also performed procedures in accordance with the circular issued by SEBI under Regulation 33(8) of the Listing Regulations, as amended, to the extent applicable.



OTHER MATTERS:

We did not audit the financial statements of the subsidiary included in the statement, whose financial statements reflect total assets (net) of Rs.90,73,626/- as at March 31, 2020, total revenues of Rs.3,09,23,835/- and net cash outflow amounting to Rs. 16,92,647/- for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements; in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiary is based solely on the report of the other auditor and procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph above.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial results is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

For N. M. Raiji & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No.: 108296W

S.N. Shivabumal CAS.N. Shivabumal CAS.N. Shivabumal CAS.N. Shivabumal CAS.N. Shivabumal Partner Membership No.: 088113) UDIN: 200 881134AAAAAM6369

Place: New Delhi Date: July 06, 2020

N. M. RAIJI & CO. Chartered Accountants Universal Insurance Building, Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Mumbai-400 001. INDIA Telephone: 2287 0068 2287 3463 E-mail : nmr.ho@nmraiji.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NOIDA TOLL BRIDGE COMPANY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Standalone Financial Results of **Noida Toll Bridge Company Limited** (the "Company"), for the three months and year ended March 31, 2020 (the "Statement") attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (the "Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, these standalone financial results:

i. is presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations in this regard; and

ii. gives a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" (Ind AS 34") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the net loss and other total comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the three months and year ended March 31, 2020.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SA's) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI") together with



the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial results under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

New Delhi

We draw your attention to:

- (a) Note No. 5 to the statement of audited standalone financial results in which, pending the outcome of the Company's appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the order of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad stalling the levy and collection of toll fee, based on a legal opinion, the Board has placed reliance on the provisions of the Concession Agreement relating to compensation and other recourses and taken a stand that the underlying value of the intangible and other assets is not impaired.
- (b) Note No 6 to the statement of audited standalone financial results, which relates to income tax demands aggregating Rs.11,633.78 crores, raised on the Company, for the Assessment Years 2006-2007 to 2014–2015 and 2016 2017 to 2017 2018 and also an equivalent amount of penalty for the said Assessment Years, together resulting in a total demand of Rs.22,527.08 crores. The Management of the Company is of the view that both demands are devoid of any justification or merit and that the Company is confident of getting a favourable decision. Consequently, the Company has not made any provision in its Audited Standalone Financial Results.
- (c) Note 7 (c) to the statement of audited standalone financial results, which relates to the Hon'ble NCLAT order dated March 12, 2020, giving approval to October 15, 2018, as the cut-off date for initiation of resolution process. Accordingly, the Company has during the year ended March 31, 2020, not made a provision for interest on its outstanding loan from ICICI Bank Limited and IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited aggregating to Rs.8.79 crores and has not accrued interest income of Rs.0.05 crores on the loan given to subsidiary (ITML Toll Management Services Limited).

Further, the Company has also reversed interest costs for the period October 16, 2018 to March 31, 2019 aggregating to Rs. 3.66 crores on borrowings from the above entities and has reversed interest income on loan given to subsidiary (ITMSL) for the period October 16, 2018 to March 31, 2019 aggregating to Rs. 0.08 crores.

(d) Note No 9 to statement of audited standalone financial results, which describes the Management's assessment to the impact of COVID -19 pandemic and the resultant lockdowns on the significant uncertainties involved in developing some of the estimates involved in preparation of financial statements including but not limited to its assessment of liquidity and going concern, recoverable value of its property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and the net realizable value of other assets. Based on information available as of this date, Management believes that no further adjustments are required to the financial results.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Management Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Results

This Statement which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Company's Board of Directors, has been compiled from the related audited interim condensed standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial results that give a true and fair view of the net loss and the other comprehensive income and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("Ind AS 34"), prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial results, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability, to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the respective entities or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is high level assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and their related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Evaluate the appropriateness and reasonableness of disclosures made by the Board of Directors in terms of the requirements specified under Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the group to continue as a going concern.
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or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of standalone financial results including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the standalone financial results of the Company to express an opinion on the standalone financial results.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Results that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Results may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatement in the Standalone Financial Results.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance the statement that we have complied with the relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

> For N. M. Raiji & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No.: 108296W



S.N. Shivabumae CA S. N. Shivakumar Partner (Membership No.: 088113) UDIN: 20088113AAAAAL2765

Place: New Delhi Date: July 06, 2020



AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

I.No.	Particulars			Status Little							
		Standalone				(Rs. in Lacs)					
			Quarter ended		Year ended Year ended		Consolidated				
-		31.03.2020 31.12.2019 31.03.2019		- Barris	. var ended	Quarter ended			Year ended	Year ended	
(1)		Audited		31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.12.2019		ALL COMPANY	1.0.000.0000000
1		(3)	Unaudited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Unaudited	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
	Revenue from operations	524.16	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	and the second se	Audited	Audited	Audited
_	Other Income		677.93	563.57	2,469.22	2.036.37	524.16	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
-	Total Income	387.96	12.74	18.44	467,66	38.46	the second se	677.93	563.57	2,469.22	
H	Total Expenditure	912.12	690.67	582.01	2,936.88	2,074.83	396.11	16.31	22.68	485.00	31.9
	Operating expenses					2,014.03	920.27	694.24	586.25	2,954.22	2,068.36
	Employee benefits expense	311.62	321.67	398.31	1,459.90	1,757,91			1000	in some of	
	Finance costs	21.40	23.35	22.48	87.28		276.32	271.76	365.17	1,279.59	1.538.16
-	Depreciation and amortization expense	0.51	0.63	197.26	2.39	95.20	32.81	37.17	50.40	160.34	269.62
_	Other expenses	1,033.50	1.051.66	978.71	4,196.32	803.09	0.51	0.65	197.26	2.41	803.1
-	Total Expenditure	59.56	45.76	251.42		4.324.31	1,033.87	1.052.03	979.46	4,198.16	4,328.5
83		1,426.59	1,443.07	1,848.18	296.08	693.11	71.61	55.51	262.23	350.63	721.72
IV		(514.47)	(752,40)	(1,266,17)	6,041.97	7.673.62	1,415.12	1,417.12	1,854.52	5,991.13	7,661.1
14	That capense:	- Contraction	(102.40)	(1,266,17)	(3,105.09)	(5,598.79)	(494.85)	(722.88)	(1.268.27)	(3,036,91)	(5,592.75
	(1) Current Tax							1.	100	a second second	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
_	(2) Deferred Tax				•	(50.61)	-	100			(50.61
	Total Tax			71.08		(1,955.21)			71.08		(1,955.21
V	i font for the period/year after tax	(514.47)	1750 101	71.08	-	(2.005.82)		S	71.08		(2.005.82
VI	1 Other Comprehensive Income	(214.41)	(752.40)	(1.337.25)	(3,105.09)	(3.592.97)	(494.85)	(722.88)	(1.339.35)	(3.036.91)	(3,586.93
	Unrealised gain on Investment								_	1010000000	10.000.00
	Actuarial (gain)/loss in respect of defined benefit plan	1 20	0.00	-			,			10000	
	Total Other Comprehensive Income	1.28	0.05	(4.68)	1.43	(3.36)	1.80	(0.49)	(5.74)	0.35	(6.84
VII	II Total Comprehensive Income	1.28	0.05	(4.68)	1.43	(3.36)	1.80	(0.49)	(5.74)	0.35	(6.84
VIII		(513.19)	(752.35)	(1,341.93)	(3,103.66)	(3,596.33)	(493.05)	(723.37)	(1.345.09)	(3,036.56)	
	(Face Value Rs 10)	10,010,000	10000000000	assumer and	1000000000	Sec. 2				(checker of	10,000,001
	Earning Per Share	18,619,50	18,619,50	18,619,50	18,619,50	18.619.50	18,619,50	18,619,50	18,619,50	18,619,50	18,619,50
	Basic Diluted	(0.28) (0.28)	(0.40) (0.40)	(0.72) (0.72)	(1.67) (1.67)	(1.93) (1.93)	(0.27)	(0.39) (0.39)	(0.72)	(1.63)	(1.93

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CHANDRA SHEKHAR RAJAN Digitally signed by CHANDRA SHEKHAR RAJAN Date: 2020.07.06 12:29:49 +05'30' Notes to Financial Results I Statement of Assets and Liabilities (Audited)

Particulars	Standalone			Consolidated	
	As at		As at	As at	
ASSETS	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	
Non Current Assets		D. Constant		and the second sec	
(a) Property, plant and equipment	1 111 00				
(b) Other Intangible assets	1,114.99	1,409.32	1,116.62	1,413.09	
(c) Capital Work in progress	41,270.73	45,172.30	41,270.73	45,172.30	
(d) Financial Assets					
(i) Investments	2.55	2.55			
(ii) Loans	2.00	2.55	6,15	17.25	
(iii) Other Financial Assets	30.27	30.27	30.49	30.27	
(e) Current Tax assets	2.355.00	2.355.00	2,355.00	2.355.0	
(f) Other Assets		-	2,000.00	2.000.0	
Total Non-Current Assets	44,773.54	48,969.44	44,778.99	48,987.9	
Current Assets					
(a) Inventories	48.64	64.85	48.65	66.1	
(b) Financial Assets		1023020204			
(i) Investments					
(ii) Trade receivables	596.58	711.88	596.58	711.8	
(iii) Cash & Cash Equivalents	1,136.50	106.28	1,155.91	108.7	
(iv) Other Bank Balance	171.58	172.86	171.58	172.8	
(v) Loans		108.85	1.23	1.4	
(vi) Other Financial Assets	93.84	172.51	•	0.0220	
(c) Current Tax assets	1,127.49	1,047.62	1,177.16	1,218.9	
(d) Other Current Assets	147.83	206.12	141.47	187.8	
Total Current Assets	3,322.46	2,590.97	3,292.58	2,467.	
TOTAL ASSETS	48,096.00	51,560,41	48,071.57	51,455.	



CHANDRA SHEKHAR RAJAN Digitally signed by CHANDRA SHEKHAR RAJAN Date: 2020.07.06 12:30:29 +05'30'

flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2020	•			
OTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	48,096.00	51,560.41	48,071.57	51,455.7
	3,232,30	3,121.34	9,368.65	9,785.9
otal Current Liabilities	9,292,56	544.80 9,727.54	472.18	544.8
c) Other current liabilities	624.22 472.18	276.94	648.30	292.5
b) Provisions	5,790.89	6,365.59	5,809.10	6,382.2
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	624.84	759.78	633.39	785.9
than micro enterprises and small enterprises	004.51	Same and	10.0023-0409-040	
b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other			20.20	-
enterprises and small enterprises			25.25	0
a) Total outstanding dues of micro				
(i) Trade payables	1,780.43	1,780.43	1,780.43	1,780.4
(i) Borrowings	10.0000000			
a) Financial Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	3,460.11	3,385.88	3,467.38	3,397.73
fotal Non-Current Liablities	-	-		-
c) Deferred tax Liabilities (net)	2,772.35	2,759.85	2,779.62	2,771.69
b) Provisions	687.76	626.03	687.76	626.03
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings				
a) Financial Liabilities				
Non-Current Liablities				
labilities	00,040.00	38,446.99	35,235.54	38,272.09
Total Equity	35,343.33	20 440 00		1.5
			(1.82)	(1.82
(c) Non Controlling Interest	35,343.33	38,446.99	35,237.36	19,654.41 38,273.91
	16,723,83	19,827,49	18,619,50 16,617,86	18,619.50
(b) Other Equity	18,619,50	18,619,50		
(a) Share Capital				
Equity				

	Standalo	Standalone		Consolidated	
	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19	
Cash flow from Operating Activities		2			
-Profit / (Loss) for the year -Operating Profit before working capital Changes Net cash used in operating activities (A)	(3.105.09) 4,138.12 1,033.03	(5.598.79) 5,671.70 72.91	(3,036.91) 4,086.76 1,049.85	(5.592.75) 5,669.85 77.10	
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(0.42)	45.84	(0.30)	43.41	
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)	(2.39)	(14.87)	(2.41)	(14.89	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash and Cash Equivalents as at beginning of the year	1,030.22 106,28	103.88	1.047.14	105.62	
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at end of the year	1,136.50	106.28	108.77	3.15	



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The above results have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on July 96, 2020.

- The Company has adopted IND AS 116 "Leases" effective April 1,2019, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standard). Amendment Rules 2019, using the modified retrospective method. Accordingly, comparatives for the year ended March 31, 2019 have not been retrospectively adjusted. The effect of this adoption is not material on the profit for the year and earning per share.
- The Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad had, vide its Judgement dated October 26, 2016, on a Public Interest Litigation (challenging the validity of the Concession Agreement and seeking the Concession Agreement to be quashed) has directed the Company to stop collecting the user fee holding the two specific provisions relating to levy and collection of fee to be inoperative but refuxed to quash the Concession Agreement. Consequently, collection of user fee from the users of the Noida-Delhi Toll Road has been suspended from October 26, 2016, pursuant to which an appeal has been filed before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, seeking an interim stay on the said Judgement.
- On November 11, 2016, the Hon'hle Supreme Court issued an interim order and, though denying the interim stay, sought assistance of CAG to verify whether the Total Cost of the Project in terms of the Concession Agreement had been recovered or not by the Company. The CAG has submitted its report to the Hon'ble Supreme Court, which at a hearing held on September 14, 2018 directed that the Report submitted by CAG be kept in a sealed cover.
- The SLP is still pending for final adjudication in the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Company has also notified NOIDA that the Judgement of the Hon'ble Allahabad High Court, read with the interim order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, constitute, a 'change in law' under the Concession Agreement and submitted a detailed proposal for modification of the Concession Agreement, so as to place the Company in substantially the same legal, commercial and economic position as it was prior to the said change in law. Since NOIDA did not act on the proposal, the Company had sent a notice of arbitration to NOIDA.
- The Arbitral Tribunal has been constituted and both the Company and NOIDA have submitted their claims and counter claims. Further, NOIDA had filed an application under Section 16 on the maintainability of the arbitration proceedings which was rejected by the Arbitral Tribunal vide order dated August 10, 2018.
- NOIDA had filed an application in the Delhi High Court, under Section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1961, challenging the Arbitral Tribunal order dated August 10, 2018, which has been disposed
- off by the Defhi High Court on January 31, 2019, without any reliet to NOIDA. Noida has also filed an application for directions before Honble Supreme Court seeking stay on the arbitral proceedings. On April 12,2019, the Honble Supreme Court directed a stay on arbitral proceedings in the arbitral proceeding filed an application before the Honble Supreme Court. The application will be Company has filed an application before the Honble Supreme Court of India on Januarary 31,2020 seeking the vacation of Stay on arbitral proceeding directed by the Honble Supreme Court. The application will be
- lisited in due course. On Junuary 31, 2020, NTBCL filed an application for vacation of interim stay granted vide order dated 12.04.2019. In view of outbreak of COVID-19, the functioning of the Supreme Court is limited to urgent
- matters only, and the application for vacation of interim stay has not been listed. Based on a legal opinion and the Board of Directors' reliance on the provisions of the Concession Agreement (relating to compensation and other recourses), the Company is confident that the underlying value of

the intangible and other assets are not impaired. The Company continues to fulfil its obligations as per the Concession Agreement including maintenance of Project Assets.

- The Company has received the assessment order from Income Tax Department on December 27,2019 u/s (43(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for the Assessment Year 2016-17 and 2017-18 wherein a demand amounting Rs 357 crores and Rs 383 48 crores has been raised based on the historical dispute with the Tax Department which is primarily on account of addition of arrears of designated returns to be recovered in amounting Rs 357 crores and Rs 383 48 crores has been raised based on the historical dispute with the Tax Department which is primarily on account of addition of arrears of designated returns to be recovered in amounting Rs 357 crores and Rs 383 48 crores has been raised based on the historical dispute with the tirst level Appendix to be recovered in an output of the second secon
- future, valuation of land and other recoveries. The Company has filed an appeal with the first level Appellate Authority. During previous year,the Company has received an order from CIT(A) on April 25, 2018 and pursuant to the CIT (A) order, the AO has also passed consequential orders in respect of AYs 2006-07 to 2014-15. During previous year,the Company has received an order from CIT(A) on April 25, 2018 and pursuant to the CIT (A) order, the AO has also passed consequential orders in respect of AYs 2006-07 to 2014-15. During previous year,the Company has received an order from CIT(A) on April 25, 2018 and pursuant to the CIT (A) order, the AO has also passed consequential orders in respect of AYs 2006-07 to 2014-15. The company has received an order from CIT(A) on April 25, 2018 and pursuant to the CIT (A) order, the AO has also passed consequential orders in respect of AYs 2006-07 to 2014-15. The previous year, the COT (A)'s appellate orders and has enhanced the tax demand by Rs 10.893.30 errors. The enhancement of the demand was primarily on account of valuation of land. The Company has filed an appeal along with the stay application with Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT). The matter was heard by ITAT on December 19, 2018, January 2, 2019 and at the last hearing on February 6, 2019, the ITAT, appeal along with the stay application with Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT). The matter was heard by ITAT on December 19, 2018, January 2, 2019 and at the last hearing on February 6, 2019, the ITAT, appeal along with the NLAT order dated October 15, 2018, granting a moratorium on all creditors actions against IL&FS as well as of its group companies including NTBCL, adjourned the matter size dia, with based on the NCLAT order dated October 15, 2018, granting a moratorium on all creditors actions against IL&FS as well as of its group companies including NTBCL, adjourned the matter size dia.
 - directions to maintain status quo. During November 2018 the CIT(A), NOIDA, passed a penalty order for A.Y. 2006-07 to 2014-15, based on which the Assessing Officer Delhi imposed a penalty amounting to Rs. 10,893.30 errores during December 2018. The Company has filed an appeal, along with a stay application with ITAT on January 11, 2019. The matter was heard by the ITAT on March 29, 2019 and May 3, 2019, which adjourned the matter size die, with directions to maintain status quo.
- (a) The Company has not made payment of monthly interest and quarterly repayment on account of Secured Term Loan ("Facility") from ICICI Bank Limited for the period May, 2018 to March, 2020. The total outstanding amount upto March 31, 2020 is Rs 56.44 crores i e Rs 11.44 crores on account of interest and the balance amount of Rs 45 crores towards principal re-payment (previous year the total outstanding amount was Rs 50 crores i.e. Rs.5 crores on account of interest and principal amount of Rs 45 crores). The Company has received several notices from ICICI Bank, including the notice dated September 27, 2018 for loan recall and notice of acceleration of the facility.



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(b) The total unsecured short term loan from IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited (ITNL) as on March 31,2020 stood at Rs 1780 crores, a loan aggregating to Rs 6.50 crores has been rolled over for a further (e In an appeal filed by the Union of India (acting through the Ministry of Corporate Affairs) and Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services (IL&FS), the National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT) had

passed an interim order October 15, 2018 granting a moratorium on all creditor actions against IL&FS as well as of its group companies including NTBCL. Further, the Hon'ble NCLAT vide its Order dated March 12, 2020, has approved the revised Resolution Framework submitted by New Board along with its amendments. In the said order, Hon'ble NCLAT has

Accordingly, basis the said order dated March 12, 2020 and the applicability of the cut-off date of October 15, 2018, the management has:

i) reversed finance costs on borrowings for the period from October 16, 2018 to March 31, 2019, which approximates Rs.2.00 crores on the Secured Loan from ICICI Bank and Rs.1.00 crores on Unsecured Short ii) reversed interest income on loans given to its subsidiary (ITNL Toll Management Services Ltd) for the period from October 16, 2018 to March 31, 2019, which approximates Rs.0.08 crores on gross basis.

iii) has not accounted for interest amounting to Rs. 8.79 crores on all its loans and borrowings from the commencement of the current financial year including Rs. 6.44 crores on Secured Loans and Rs. 2.35 crores (v) has not accrued interest income amounting to Rs 0.05 crores on the Unsecured Short Term Loan given to its subsidiary (ITMSL) for the year ended March 31, 2020.

On September 28, 2018, a writ of demand was served by NOIDA on the Company for an amount of Rs 3.69 crores in relation to revenue from advertising on the NOIDA side of DND Flyway. The Company has requested NOIDA to keep the writ of demand in abeyance since the matter has been referred to Arbitration by NOIDA and further no action can be taken against the Company due to the monatorium granted in During December 2018 and April 2019, the Company has received an additional demand of Rs.2.34 erores and Rs 2.42 erores towards arrears of license fee. The Company has requested NOIDA to keep demand in abeyance since the matter has been referred to Arbitration by NOIDA.

The novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak which was declared as a global pandemic by World Health Organization on 11 March 2020, continues to spread across the globe including India resulting in significant impact on global and India's economic environment including volatility in the capital markets. The Company has assessed and evaluated the impact of COVID-19, to the extent possible, on its operations as well as its financial statements. There is no material impact on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic situation in the country. The management believes that considering the Company's historical performance and liquidity, the Company will be able to mitigate the risks associated with COVID -19. The Company will however continue to closely monitor any changes to the future economic conditions that may have any impact on its business and financial position."

10 The Company had only one business segment and therefore reporting of segment wise information is not applicable.

11 Previous period figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary

As per our separate report of even date attached



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

CHANDRA SHEKHAR RAJAN Director

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Place, New Dolh Date: July 06, 2020