

Thally Road, Denkanikottai, Krishnagiri Dist., Belagondapalli - 635 114, Tamil Nadu

Tel.: + 91 04347 233509 Fax: + 91 04347 233414 E-mail: secretarial@taal.co.in

-mail: secretarial@taal.co.in
Website: www.taal.co.in

TAAL/SEC/2024-25

August 13, 2024

Corporate Relationship Department, **BSE Limited**, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort Mumbai - 400 001

Scrip Code: 522229

Dear Sir / Madam,

Sub.: Submission of Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find attached herewith the Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24.

You are requested to kindly take the same on your record.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For Taneja Aerospace & Aviation Limited

Ashwini
Prasad
Navare

Digitally signed by
Ashwini Prasad Navare
Date: 2024.08.13
17:04:46 + 05:30'

Ashwini Navare

Company Secretary & Company Secretary

Encl: as above



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NOTICE OF 35TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Dear Shareholder,

I am pleased to invite you to the 35th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Taneja Aerospace & Aviation Limited (the "Company") which is scheduled to be held on Friday, 06th September 2024 at 12.00 PM (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM").

The Notice of the meeting, containing businesses to be transacted, along with Explanatory Statement thereon is enclosed herewith.

As per Section 108 of the Companies Act 2013, read with the related Rules and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide its members the facility to cast their vote by electronic means on all resolutions set forth in the Notice before and during the meeting. The instructions for e-voting are enclosed herewith in AGM Notice.

Yours Faithfully, SD/-Ms. Ashwini Navare Company Secretary



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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 35TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM) OF THE MEMBERS OF TANEJA AEROSPACE AND AVIATION LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON FRIDAY 06TH SEPTEMBER, 2024 AT 12:00 NOON IST THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING / OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS (VC/OAVM) TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESSES.

Ordinary Business:

1. ADOPTION OF AUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2024 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, as circulated to the Members, be considered and adopted."

2. ADOPTION OF AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2024 and the Report of the Auditors thereon, as circulated to the Members, be considered and adopted."

3. APPOINTMENT OF MR SALIL TANEJA (DIN: 00328668) AS DIRECTOR, LIABLE TO RETIRE BY ROTATION

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT Mr. Salil Taneja (DIN: 00328668), who retires by rotation and being eligible for reappointment, be re-appointed as a Director of the Company."

Special Business

4. Re-appointment of Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph as Whole-time Director of the Company designated as "Whole Time Director" of the Company with effect from 6th August, 2024 to 05th August, 2027

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made thereunder, including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force and subject to such other approvals / consent as may be required and in accordance with the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors and the Articles of Association of the Company, consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the re-appointment of Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph (DIN: 02427554) as Whole-time Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation, for a period of 3 years with effect from August 06, 2024 to August 05, 2027, on the terms and conditions including remuneration and perquisites as set out in the Explanatory Statement annexed to this Notice.



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"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors ('Board'), which term shall be deemed to include any Committee of the Board constituted to exercise its powers, including the power conferred by this Resolution be and is hereby authorized to alter and vary the terms & conditions of appointment including remuneration.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT when re-elected as Director, on account of retirement by rotation, such re-election of Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph as Director shall not be deemed to constitute a break in her appointment as Whole-time Director and that upon re-election she shall continue to hold the office of Whole-time Director as hitherto.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one Director or the Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby authorized to file such forms as may be necessary with the Registrar of Companies in connection with the appointment of Whole-time Director."

By Order of the Board of Directors
For Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited
SD/Ms. Ashwini Navare

Date: 17-05-2024

Place: Pune

Notes:

- 1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') vide its General Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020 read with General Circular Nos. 14/2020, 17/2020, 02/2021, 2/2022, 10/2022 and 09/2023 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, January 13, 2021, May 5, 2022, December 28, 2022 and September 09, 2023 respectively (collectively referred to as 'MCA Circulars') and Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated with May 12, 2020 read Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/ CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022, SEBI/HO/CFD/Pod-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 5, 2023 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated October 7, 2023 ('SEBI Circulars') have permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting by companies through video conferencing (VC) / other audio visual means (OAVM) during the calendar year 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 upto September 30, 2024, without the physical presence of the Members. Accordingly, in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations'), MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, the 35th AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC/OAVM Facility, which does not require physical presence of members at a common venue.
- 2. In accordance with the Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings issued by the ICSI read with Clarification / Guidance on applicability of Secretarial Standards 1 and 2 dated April 15, 2020 issued by the ICSI, the proceedings of the AGM shall be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company i.e. Belagondapalli Village, Thally Road, Denkanikotta NA Belagondapalli 635114, Tamil Nadu, which shall be the venue of the AGM. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map for the Venue of the Meeting is not annexed in this Notice.
- 3. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act



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4. Generally, a member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members under section 105 of the Act will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting

- 5. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Act setting out material facts concerning the business under Item Nos. 4 of the Notice is annexed hereto. The relevant details, pursuant to Regulations 36(3) and other applicable Regulations of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards 2 on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Directors seeking appointment/reappointment at the AGM is provided as annexure to the Notice. Requisite declarations have been received from Director/s for seeking appointment/re-appointment.
- 6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act, read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of Listing Regulations and MCA Circulars, the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM, for this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as e-voting during the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- 7. The members can join the in the VC / OAVM mode 30 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC / OAVM will be made available for 1,000 members on 'first come first serve' basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more Equity Shares), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Auditors, etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of 'first come first serve' basis. The Members will be able to view the proceedings on National Securities Depository Limited's ('NSDL') e-Voting website at www.evoting.nsdl.com
- 8. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.taal.co.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and the Notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com
- 9. AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021.
- 10. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM and the Annual Report for 2023-24 has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.taal.co.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and the AGM Notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com
- 11. Members holding shares in multiple folios in identical names or joint holding in the same order of names are requested to send the share certificates to Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Bigshare Services Pvt Ltd. for



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consolidation into a single folio. Members holding shares in Dematerialized form are also requested to consolidate their shareholding.

- 12.In case of joint holders attending the meeting, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.
- 13. The documents referred to in the notice of the AGM are available electronically for inspection without any fee by the Members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to secretarial@taal.co.in by 30th August, 2024
- 14. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as on the Cut-off date i.e. Friday, 30th August, 2024, may obtain the log in ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or at secretarial@taal.co.in or at prasadm@bigsjareonline.com.
- 15. Anuj Nema, Practicing Company Secretary has been appointed as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the Members of the Company to scrutinize the voting and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. The Scrutinizer shall submit, not later than two working days of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favor or against, if any, to the Company Secretary or the Chairperson. The Company Secretary or Chairperson shall declare the results of the voting forthwith and the same shall be placed on the website of the Company i.e. www.taal.co.in in the results shall also be immediately submitted to the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)
- 16. The Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents for its Share Registry work (physical and electronic) are M/S. Bigshare Services Pvt Ltd (Pinnacle Business Park, Office No S6-2, 6th, Mahakali Caves Rd, Next To Ahura Centre, Andheri East, Mumbai, 400093)



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THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER

The remote e-voting period begins on Tuesday, 03rd September, 2024 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on Thursday, 05th September, 2024 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the cut-off date i.e. Friday, 30th August, 2024, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being Friday, 30th August, 2024

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

<u>Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:</u>

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	 If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under



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'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

 Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.

NSDL Mobile App is available on









Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL

- Users who have opted for CDSL Easi /
 Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password.
 Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then user your existing my easi username & password.
- 2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
- If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.
- 4. Alternatively, the user can directly access



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	e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from an e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

<u>Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL</u>



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Login type	Helpdesk details		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL		
	helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022 -		
demat mode with NSDL	4886 7000		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL		
demat mode with CDSL	helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or		
	contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33		

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on
 - e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
- 4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:		
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12******.		
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12************ then your user ID is		



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	12*******
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company
	For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those** shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on "Forgot User Details/Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) <u>Physical User Reset Password?</u>" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.com mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.



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Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and who's voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- 2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote

General Guidelines for shareholders

- Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to <u>anuj nema@hotmail.com</u> with a copy marked to <u>evoting@nsdl.com</u>. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and evoting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on.: 022 4886 7000 or send a request to (Name of NSDL Official) at evoting@nsdl.com



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Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to secretarial@taal.co.in
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to secretarial@taal.co.in. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. demat mode.
- 3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.com for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE EGM/ ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
- 3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/ THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM" placed under "Join meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- 2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is



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> Fax: +91 04347 233414 E-mail: secretarial@taal.co.in Website: www.taal.co.in

therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at secretarial@taal.co.in. The same will be replied by the company suitably.

SPEAKER REGISTRATION

Members who would like to express their views/ask questions as a speaker at the Meeting may pre-register themselves by sending a request at secretarial@taalent.co.in from their registered e-mail address mentioning their names, DP ID and Client ID/folio number, PAN and mobile number on or before **September 01, 2024 (5:00 PM IST)**. Only those Members who have pre-registered themselves as a speaker will be allowed to ask their questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the

Shareholders will get confirmation on first cum first basis depending upon the provision made by the Company.

Shareholders will receive "speaking serial number" once they mark attendance for the meeting.

Other shareholder may ask questions to the panellist, via active chat-board during the meeting

Please remember speaking serial number and start your conversation with panellist by switching on video mode and audio of your device.

Shareholders are requested to speak only when moderator of the meeting/ management will announce the name and serial number for speaking.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 4

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on May 17, 2024 has re-appointed Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph who is liable to retire by rotation as Whole-time Director of the Company.

Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph was associated with the Company as Non-Executive Director since December, 2017 and as Whole Time Director since August 2021. Her knowledge and expertise has been invaluable to the Company.

Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph is a Graduate in Management (B.Sc.) from Royal Holloway University of London and has wide experience in Brand Development, Account Management and Offshore Business Development across various industry segments. She has earlier worked in various capacities at Trikaya Grey, Indya.com and Tooltech Private Limited.

The Board considers that her association would be of immense benefit to the Company and it is desirable to avail her continued services as Whole-time Director



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The Board at the meeting held on May 17, 2024, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, has re-appointed Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph as Whole-time Director subject to the approval of the members in General Meeting for a period of 3 years with effect from August 06, 2024 to August 05, 2027, on the following terms:

(1) Tenure

Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph will hold office as Whole-Time Director for a period of 3 years from August 06, 2024 to August 05, 2027.

(2) Remuneration

In terms of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Section 196, 197, 198 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and subject to the approval by the Members of the Company in General Meeting and subject to other approvals, as may be required, the Wholetime Director shall be paid the following remuneration:

I. Salary:

The total consolidated monthly remuneration of the WTD with effect from August 06, 2024 to August 05, 2027, shall be Rs. 3,00,000/- per month.

II. Perquisites and other benefits:

In addition to the above, the Whole-Time Director shall be entitled to following perquisites:

- i. Gratuity at the rate of 15 days' salary for each completed year of service subject to the provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the rules of the Company;
- ii. Earned Leave as per rules of the Company;
- iii. Encashment of leave at the end of the tenure as per the rules of the Company;
- iv. Company maintained car;
- v. Reimbursement of Mobile expenses for official use and business purposes.

Further, the composition of the overall remuneration as approved by the members can be varied as mutually agreed between the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Board and Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, in the event of any loss, absence or inadequacy of profits (as provided in Schedule V of the Act) of the Company in any financial year, during the term of office of Whole-Time Director under this Agreement, remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and other benefits shall not exceed the limits prescribed under Schedule V of the Act (including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof, for time being in force) except with the approval of the members of the Company and such other approvals, if any.

The aforesaid terms and conditions are subject to approval of the members and such other approvals, as may be required.



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Brief resume of Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph is attached and forms part of this Notice.

Accordingly, the Board recommends the resolution as set out in Item No. 4 for approval of the members of the Company to be passed as Special Resolution.

Except Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph and Mr. Salil Taneja, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested financially or otherwise in the said resolution.

DETAILED PROFILE OF THE DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT IS AS UNDER:

Name of Director	Mr. Salil Taneja	Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph
DIN	00328668	02427554
Age	58 years	47 years
	B. Sc. in Mechanical Engg. From Case Western Reserve University, Ohio, USA and Masters in Business Management specialized in finance and marketing from Yale University, USA.	Graduate in Management (B.Sc.) from Royal Holloway University of London.
Date of Re-appointment/ Appointment	Date of re-appointment: September 29, 2018	Date of appointment as Whole-time Director: August 06, 2021
Category	Non-Executive Director	Executive Director
	the Company, TAAL Enterprises Limited and TAAL Tech India Private Limited and	Mrs. Rahael Shobhana has wide experience in Brand Development, Account Management and offshore business development across various industry segments.
-	Spouse of Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph, Director	Spouse of Mr. Salil Taneja, Director



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Mr. Taneja being Non-Executive Director	The details of Remuneration to be paid are part of the
is eligible only for sitting fees which are decided by the Board from time to time.	Explanatory Statement annexed to the Notice.
3500	Nil
5	4
a. TAAL Enterprises Limited b. TAAL Tech India Private Limited	TAAL Enterprises Limited (resigned w.e.f 01.04.2023)
a. TAAL Enterprises Limited : Finance Committee b. TAAL Tech India Private Limited (Deemed Public Company): CSR Committee.	TAAL Enterprises Limited (resigned w.e.f 01.04.2023) a. Audit Committee – Member b. Nomination & Remuneration committee – Member c. Stakeholders' relationship committee Chairperson d. Share transfer committee – Chairperson e. Finance Committee – Chairperson
	is eligible only for sitting fees which are decided by the Board from time to time. 3500 3500 5 a. TAAL Enterprises Limited b. TAAL Tech India Private Limited a. TAAL Enterprises Limited : Finance Committee b. TAAL Tech India Private Limited (Deemed Public

Annual Report 2023-24

COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Chairman of the Board

Rakesh Duda Managing Director

Salil Taneja Director

Rahael Shobhana Joseph Director Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy Director

Arvind Nanda Director

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mahendra Nalluri (Upto 22.01.2024)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ashwini Navare

AUDITORS

M/s. KKC & Associates LLP

BANKERS

ICICI Bank

Bank of Baroda

Canara Bank

REGISTERED OFFICE

Belagondapalli Village, Thally Road, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District,

Belagondapalli-635114, Tamil Nadu

Phone: 04347-233508, Fax: 04347-233414

E-mail: secretarial@taal.co.in, Website: www.taal.co.in

CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Bigshare Services Private Limited

BOARDS' REPORT

To,

The Members,

Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Thirty-Fifth Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Gross Income	3086.05	3324.85
Expenditure	1535.75	1680.97
Profit/ (Loss) after Tax	1113.14	1098.70

OPERATIONS

During the year under review, the total income of the Company was Rs. 3086.05 as compared to Rs. 3324.85 Lakhs during the comparable previous year. The total comprehensive income for the year was Rs. 1082.14 as compared to Rs. 1090.91 Lakhs during the comparable previous year.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the year, the Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserves.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors of the Company had declared Dividend twice during the FY 2023-24 as below:

- 1st interim dividend of Rs. 2.50/- (Two Rupees and Fifty Paisa only) on each fully paid 2,49,30,736 equity shares of Rs. 5/each amounting to Rs. 6,23,26,840/- during the Financial Year 2023-24.
- 2nd interim dividend of Rs. 1.50/- (One Rupee Fifty Paisa only) on each fully paid 2,49,30,736 equity shares of Rs. 5/- each amounting to Rs. 3,73,96,104/- during the Financial Year 2023-24.

The interim dividend(s) was paid to those members of the Company whose names appeared in the Register of Members of the Company as on August 08, 2023 and November 13, 2023 respectively.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Your Company's Board of Directors as on the financial year ended March 31, 2024 comprises of 6 (six) Directors including 2 (Two) Non-Executive Directors (33.33%), 2 (two) Executive Director (33.33%) and 2 (Two) Independent Directors (33.33%) including a Woman Executive Director and Non-Executive Independent Director as Chairman and the same is disclosed in the Report on Corporate Governance as set out separately in this Annual Report. Non-Executive Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees or any commission or reimbursement of expenses, if any incurred by them for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board/Committee of the Company

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Salil Taneja, Director of the Company, retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself, for re-appointment.

The Independent Directors have given Declaration pursuant to Section 149(7) of the Act & Regulation 25(8) of ('Listing Regulations') stating that they meet the criteria of independence.

The Board is assured that the Independent Directors of the Company possess adequate proficiency, experience, expertise and integrity.

The annual performance evaluation has been done by the Board of its own performance and that of its committees and individual Directors based on the criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors and its Committees, as approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee which the Board found to be satisfactory.

The details of familiarization program of Independent Directors, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company & related matters are put up on the Company's website: www.taal.co.in.

SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATE AND JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES

As on the date of this report, the Company has one subsidiary company. In accordance with Section 129 (3) of the Act, a statement containing salient features of the financial statement of the subsidiary company in Form AOC-1 is provided in financial statements forming part of this Annual Report.

A report on the performance and financial position of the subsidiary company is provided in the Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24.

The Company has framed a Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries which is available on its website: www.taal.co.in

PUBLIC DEPOSITS

Your Company has not accepted any deposits from the public falling within the purview of Section 73 of the Act read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, a separate section on Management Discussion & Analysis is forming part of this Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In terms of Regulation 34 of the Listing Regulations, a separate section on Corporate Governance Report together with Certificates is forming part of this Report.

The Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer have certified to the Board with regard to the financial statements and other matters as required under Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations.

Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is annexed to this Report.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

The Board met 6 times during the financial year. The meeting details are provided in the Corporate Governance Report that forms part of this Annual Report.

The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act / Listing Regulations.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(3) (c) read with Section 134(5) of the Act, your Directors make the following statement:

- that in preparation of annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii) that the Directors have selected such accounting policies & applied them consistently & made judgments & estimates, that are reasonable & prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at end of the financial year March 31, 2024 and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- iii) that the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud & other irregularities;
- iv) that the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- that the directors have laid down Internal Financial Controls to be followed by the Company and that such Internal Financial Controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- vi) that the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with provisions of all applicable laws & that such systems were adequate & operating effectively.

ANNUAL RETURN

As per Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return referred to in Section 92(3) has been placed on the website of the Company at www.taal.co.in

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY, ABSORPTION & FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

The particulars as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act is forming part of this Report as Annexure 'A'.

POLICY ON NOMINATION & REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The Nomination & Remuneration Policy of the Company on Director's appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director & other matters is available on the website at www.taal.co.in

The criteria for performance evaluation as laid down by Nomination & Remuneration Committee ('NRC') have been defined in the Nomination & Remuneration Policy.

Details pertaining to remuneration of Directors and employees required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rules framed thereunder are forming part of this Report as Annexure 'B'.

A statement showing details of employees in terms of Rule 5(2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 forms part of this Report.

However, in terms of Section 136 of the Act, the Annual Report excluding the aforesaid information is being sent to the members and others entitled there to. The said statement is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting ('AGM'). If any Member is interested in obtaining a copy thereof, such Member may write to the Company Secretary in this regard at secretarial@taal.co.in.

AUDITORS

a. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 105146W/ W100621) was appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company in the 33rd AGM held on September 27, 2022 for a period of five years i.e. till the conclusion of the 38th AGM of the Company. Accordingly, M/s. KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants holds office of Statutory Auditors till conclusion of 38th AGM.

b. SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, the Board of Directors has appointed Anuj Nema, Practicing Company Secretary as Secretarial Auditor to undertake Secretarial Audit of the Company for the period ended March 31, 2024.

The Report of the Secretarial Auditors in Form MR 3 is annexed herewith as an Annexure 'C' to this Report.

With respect to observations made by the Secretarial Auditor in their audit report for the year ended March 31, 2024, are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments.

c. REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, neither the Statutory Auditors nor the Secretarial Auditor have reported to the Audit Committee, under Section 143(12) of the Act, any instances of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in the Board's report.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees & Investments covered under Section 186 of the Act has been given in Notes to Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company faces both internal and external risks. Also, we focus on risks in the short, medium as well as long term. Risk management is an integrated aspect of Company's business operations. On a

regular basis, an extensive risk assessment is conducted in which business lines and corporate functions identify all significant risks. The risks are then consolidated and assessed on their potential impact and probability, which is then reported to the Board of Directors. Responsibilities are assigned for significant risks and mitigating initiatives are established and tracked.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The Company has duly constituted CSR Committee in compliance with the Section 135 of the Act and the applicable Rules.

The composition of CSR Committee is mentioned in Report on Corporate Governance forming part of this Report.

Annual Report on CSR Activities for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024 forms part of this Report as Annexure 'D'.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial Statements are commensurate with the size and nature of business by virtue of internal audit of the Company. Internal Audits are periodically conducted by an external firm of Chartered Accountants who monitor and evaluate the efficiency and adequacy of internal control systems in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies of the Company. Board also take review of internal audit functioning and accounting systems, in order to take suitable corrective actions in case of any deviations.

During the year, such controls were tested by the Statutory Auditors and no material weakness in control design of operations were observed by them.

AUDIT COMMITTEE AND VIGIL MECHANISM

The details pertaining to the composition, terms of reference, and other details of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of your Company and the meetings thereof held during the Financial Year 2023-24 are given in the Report on Corporate Governance forming part of this Annual Report.

The Whistle Blower Policy/ Vigil Mechanism of the Company as established by the Board is available on its website of the Company at www.taal.co.in

CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All transactions entered into by the Company with Related Parties for the year under review were on arm's length basis. The related party transactions are entered into based on considerations of various business requirements. Pursuant to section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and regulation 23 of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015, all Related Party Transactions were placed before the Audit Committee for its approval. Prior omnibus approval from the Audit Committee is obtained for transactions which are repetitive and also in ordinary course of business.

The Company has also obtained approval of shareholders for Material related party transaction through Postal Ballot during the year. As stipulated by Section 134(3) (h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, particulars of Related Party Transactions are given in Form No. AOC -2 as Annexure 'E' and the same form an integral part of this report.

Policy on Materiality of Related Party Transactions and Dealing with Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board may be accessed on the Company's website: www.taal.co.in

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company has in place policy for Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The Board of Directors of the Company has also constituted an Internal Complaint Committee in this regard to redress complaints. During the year under review, there were no complaints received pursuant to the aforesaid Act. The details and Members of the Committee are displayed on the website of the Company www.taal.co.in

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

Sr. No.	Name of the Person	Designation
1.	Rakesh Duda	Managing Director
2.	Rahael Shobhana Joseph	Whole Time Director
3.	Mahendra Nalluri (upto 22.01.2024)	Chief Financial Officer
4.	Ashwini Navare	Company Secretary

COMPANY'S POLICIES

The Board ensured that all Company policies are in line with the changes in legislation. The updated policies have been hosted on the official website of the Company www.taal.co.in

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs notified the Secretarial Standard on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS–1), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS–2), Secretarial Standard on Dividend (SS–3) and Secretarial Standard on Report of the Board of Directors (SS-4). The Company complies with Secretarial Standards and guidelines issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

GENERAL

- No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- 2. There is no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- 3. There was no change in the authorized share capital. However, paid up share capital was increased from Rs. 12,46,53,680/- (Rupees Twelve Crore Forty-Six Lakhs Fifty-Three Thousand Six Hundred and Eighty Only) to Rs. 12,75,02,680/- (Rupees Twelve Crore Seventy-Five Lakhs Two Thousand Six Hundred and Eight Only) by issuing 5,69,800 Equity shares of Rs. 5 each at premium of Rs. 346/- on a preferential basis.

- 4. There have been no material changes and commitment, if any affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial report relates and the date of the report.
- In terms of provisions of Section 148 of the Act read with Rule 3 of Companies (Cost Record and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Company is not required to maintain the cost records for the Financial Year 2023-24.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors express their appreciation for the continued support and co-operation received by the Company from its employees, Customers, Bankers, Shareholders, Suppliers, Business Partners, Defence Research and Developmental Organizations, Aviation Authorities and other Indian Services and the Central and State Governments. The Directors also express their gratitude and sincere appreciation to all the employees of the Company for their contribution, hard work and commitment.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Industry Structure and Development

The Indian aviation sector has been through huge transformation to generate the growth momentum to cater the growing demand of the aspirational class as well as the requirements of the defence sector.

Large players have entered the aviation & aerospace manufacturing sectors. These companies have entered this sector and are competing on the basis of pricing that supports aggressive penetration strategies. The financial strength and corporate credibility of these companies provide them with the ability to look at evolving and future markets.

The Company earns its revenue by providing technical support and leasing services.

The Company has leased hangar space and buildings to a Commercial Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul (MRO) organization. The Company also generates income from the use of infrastructure facilities including runway and hangars.

Performance

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
Total Income	3086.05	3324.85
Profit after Tax	1113.14	1098.70

Opportunities

With the Government opening up and providing opportunities to the private sector, global and domestic players are collaborating and establishing joint ventures for manufacturing of aerospace components and MRO facilities for civil and military aviation sectors. In addition, the ongoing Government initiative in the outer space missions has opened up new opportunities.

The Govt of India has recently opened certain part of Defence Sector for private sector participation. This is aimed to reduce dependency on imports as well as boost to develop technology in this key sector. As a part of this, the Defence Innovation Organization (DIO) of the Department of Defence Production in the Ministry of Defence launched a Scheme under the name Innovation for Defence Excellence (IDEX) and under this "SPARK GRANT" is provided to technology developers. This grant is to the extent of 50% of development expenditure incurred by the developers. Participants are invited to participate in specific product development programs and the technical parameters and the expenditures for the same will be approved by the DIO. The developer is required to incur the expenditure and Government provides grant aid in instalments based on the achievement of milestone.

The Company has invested and taken equity in a Defence company, Altair. Altair is one of the companies that has been very successfully participating in the IDEX programs. It has already developed "Upgraded Assault Track Way (UATW)" for facilitating the movement of vehicles in sandy and wet terrains and based on the success of the prototype that it had developed it has received an order for commercial supply of 100 kms of the product for Rs. 68.79 crore excluding GST. This is the first order that it has received and it is expected that, in consideration of the large requirement of this product by the Indian Army, large quantity follow-up orders would be received. In addition to this, the Company is working on 5 other programs and has successfully completed multiple milestones of performance.

The civil aviation sector is going through a phase of accelerated growth and it is expected that the aircraft fleet size operating in the country would increase substantially in the next five years. This will substantially improve the prospects for MRO activities.

Threats

The delay in decision making and finalisation of contracts by the Defence Sector for their modification / refurbishment projects is a challenge for the industry.

Outlook

A stronger collaboration between the government and the private sector under the Atmanirbhar Program is expected to provide a fillip to the the growth of the aviation sector. With increased demand and the ability of the Indian industry to leverage this for sustained technology upgradation, India has the potential to transform itself into an aerospace manufacturing hub in the near future.

There is a renewed thrust of indigenous manufacturing especially in Defense. The Company, being one of the first organized players in defense space, will explore new opportunities in the area under Atmanirbhar Bharat Scheme.

Risks And Concerns

The delayed lease rentals from the major customer and the resultant outstanding amount may affect the upkeep of the infrastructure.

Internal Control Systems

Through regular internal review systems, the Company's internal control system is being continuously strengthened to meet the needs of Manufacturing and Services Divisions.

Key Financial Ratios

In accordance with the Listing Regulations, as amended, the Company is required to provide details of significant changes (change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key sector specific financial ratios. The Company has identified the following ratios as key financial ratios:

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23	Change
Debtors Turnover	4.26	4.93	14%
Inventory Turnover	NA	NA	-
Debt- Service coverage ratio	NA	NA	-
Current Ratio	2.89	3.11	-7%
Debt Equity Ratio	Nil	Nil	-
Operating Profit Margin (%)	64.90%	62.98%	3%
Net Profit Margin (%)	35.65%	34.24%	4%
Return on Net Worth	11.28%	14.71%	-23%

Cautionary Statement

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's expectations or predictions are 'forward-looking statements' within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include demand-supply conditions, raw material prices, changes in Government regulations, tax regime, economic developments within the country and other factors such as litigation and labour negotiations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has a strong value system comprising of honesty, integrity, secularity and equal opportunity for all. The Company strives to provide its stakeholders with maximum information relating to the affairs of the Company with an attempt to bring about total transparency in its working. We believe that good governance is the corner stone of any successful organization and we continuously endeavour to improve our standards of governance

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors of the Company (Board) has an optimum combination of executive and non-executive Ddirectors & comprises of 6 Directors.

The composition of the Board, their attendance at the Board Meetings held during the financial year 2023-24 and at the last Annual General Meeting and other details are as follows:

Name of the Director	Category	Number of Board Meetings held during the Year 2023-24		Whether attended last AGM	No. of Directorships in other public	in oth	ee positions er public panies [§]	
		Held	Entitled to attend	Attended		companies^	Member	Chairman
Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	Independent-NED	6	6	6	Yes	-	-	-
Mr. Salil Taneja	Promoter-NED	6	6	5	No	2	-	-
Mr. Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy	Non-Independent NED	6	6	5	Yes	1	1	-
Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph	Promoter-ED	6	6	4	Yes	-	-	-
Mr. Arvind Nanda	Independent-NED	6	6	6	Yes	2	3	-
Mr. Rakesh Duda	Non-Independent ED	6	6	6	Yes	-	-	-

NED-Non-Executive Director; ED-Executive Director;

- ^ This includes the directorship held in deemed public company but does not include directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Companies under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act).
- \$ This includes only Audit and Stakeholders Relationship Committees. Number of Memberships in Committee(s) of Mr. Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy and Mr. Arvind Nanda includes the membership in Audit committee of unlisted public company.

The names of the listed entities where the person is a Director and the category of directorship is as under:

Name of the	Name of the	Category
Director	Listed entity	
Mr. Salil Taneja	TAAL Enterprises	Promoter-ED
	Limited	
Mr.Arvind Nanda	TAAL Enterprises	Independent-NED
	Limited	

During the financial year 2023-24, Six Board mmeetings held as under:

Sr. No.	Date of Meetings
1	May 13, 2023
2	July 28, 2023
3	November 03, 2023

Sr. No.	Date of Meetings
4	December 26, 2023
5	January 19, 2024
6	February 21, 2024

As on March 31, 2024, the composition of the Board was in conformity with Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations).

The Board has complete access to all the relevant information available within the Company.

APPOINTMENT/ RE-APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company and the Companies Act, 2013 (Act), Mr. Salil Taneja, Director of the Company retires by rotation at ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM) and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Brief resume of Director(s) proposed to be re-appointed will be given in the Notice convening the General Meeting.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Audit Committee of the Board is mainly entrusted with the responsibility to supervise the Company's financial reporting process. The composition, powers, role, scope and terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in conformity with the stipulations under Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Act.

The Audit Committee, inter alia, performs the functions of reviewing annual/ quarterly financials, approval of related party transactions, recommending appointment of Auditors and their remuneration, Review of the Management Discussions and Analysis, Internal Audit Reports.

The composition of Audit Committee and attendance of each member is as under:

Name of Director	Chairman/	Number of
	Member	Meetings Attended
Mr. Arvind Nanda	Chairman	5
Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	Member	5
Mrs. Rahael	Member	4
Shobhana Joseph		

During the year under review, Four meetings of Audit Committee were held as under:

Sr. No.	Date of Meeting
1	May 13, 2023
2	July 28, 2023
3	November 03, 2023
4	December 26, 2023
5	January 19, 2024

Mr. Arvind Nanda, Chairman, Member of Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on September 08, 2023.

MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION

a. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Company has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Directors ("NRC").

Terms of reference of NRC are in conformity with Regulation 19 of Listing Regulations & Section 178 of the Act. NRC, inter alia, performs functions of recommending to the Board appointment of directors and senior management, create evaluation framework for independent directors and the Board and recommend to the Board remuneration payable to directors and senior management.

The composition of NRC and attendance of members is as under:

Name of Director	Chairman/ Member	Number of Meetings Attended
Mr. Arvind Nanda	Chairman	1
Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	Member	1
Mr. Muralidhar	Member	1
Chitteti Reddy		

During year under review, one meeting of NRC held as under:

Sr. No.	Date of Meeting
1	May 13, 2023

The Company does not have any Employee Stock Option Scheme.

b. REMUNERATION POLICY:

- Based on recommendations of NRC, the remuneration payable to Managing Director, Whole Time Director, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management is decided by the Board which inter-alia is based on the criteria such as industry benchmarks, financial performance of the Company, performance of the Whole Time Director etc.
- The Company pays remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and allowances to its Managing Director and Whole Time Director. No remuneration was paid by way of commission to any Non-Executive Director.
- ➤ The Company paid sitting fees of Rs. 30,000/- each for attending Board and Audit Committee Meetings and Rs. 20,000/- each for all other committee meetings to the Non-Executive Directors.
- Performance evaluation of the Independent Directors shall be done by the Board of Directors on the performance evaluation criteria's as recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board of Directors.
- The Company has framed a Remuneration Policy upon the recommendation of NRC and as approved by the Board.

c. REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS AND KMP:

A Statement on remuneration paid/ payable to the Directors and KMP along with the sitting fees paid to NEDs, during FY 2023-24 is given below:

Name of	Salary &	Commission	Sitting
Director(s)	Perquisites	(Rs.)	fees (Rs.)
and KMP	(Rs. In Lakhs)		
Mr. Rakesh	75.00	-	-
Duda			
Mr. Muralidhar	-	-	1.40
Chitteti Reddy			
Mr. Salil	-	-	1.70
Taneja			
Dr. Prahlada	-	-	2.90
Ramarao			
Mrs. Rahael	36.00	-	-
Shobhana			
Joseph			
Mr. Arvind	-	_	3.00
Nanda			
Mr. Mahendra	26.50		
Nalluri			
Ms. Ashwini	10.85		
Navare			
Total	148.35	-	9.00

Note: Salary and perquisites include other allowances, Contribution to Provident Fund and Superannuation, Leave Travel Allowance, Medical Reimbursement and Accommodation provided. Details of shares of the Company held by NEDs as on March 31, 2024:

Name of Director	Number of Equity Shares
Mr. Salil Taneja	3,500
Mr. Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy	5200*
Mr. Arvind Nanda	250
Mr. Rakesh Duda	1000

^{*} includes shares held in the name of the spouse.

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Company has a Stakeholders' Relationship Committee ("SRC") to look into the redressal of shareholder and investors' complaints like Transfer or Credit of Shares, non-receipt of Annual Reports/Dividends etc.

The composition of SRC and attendance of each member is as under:

Name of the	Chairman/	Number of
Director	Member	Meetings Attended
Mr. Arvind Nanda	Chairman	1
Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	Member	1
Mrs.Rahael Shobhana	Member	1
Joseph		

During the year under review, one meetings of SRC were held as under:

Sr. No.	Date of Meeting
1.	May 13, 2023

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

The Company has a CSR Committee as per Section 135 of the Act.

The composition of CSR and attendance of members is as under:

Name of the Director	Chairman/ Member	Number of Meetings Attended
Mr. Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy	Chairman	1
Mr. Arvind Nanda	Member	1
Mr. Salil Taneja	Member	1

During the year under review, one CSR Committee Meeting was held as under:

Sr. No.	Date of Meeting
1.	May 13, 2023

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS MEETING

The Independent Directors met on March 14, 2024 in conformity with the stipulations in Regulation 25 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to discuss:

 The performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole.

- The performance of Executive Directors.
- The quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties

All the Independent Directors were present at the Meeting.

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

During the year under review there has been no change in the Compliance Officer. Ms. Ashwini Navare, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company for ensuring compliances with the requirements of the Listing Regulations, the SEBI Insider Trading Regulations and other SEBI Regulations.

During the year, all complaints/ grievances received from shareholders including via SEBI SCORES, ROC and Stock Exchanges, have been attended to and resolved. No valid transfer/transmission of shares were pending as on March 31, 2024.

Details of investor complaints received and redressed during Financial Year 2023-24 are as follows:

Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the	0
year	
Number of complaints received during the year	1
Number of complaints disposed of during the year	1
Number of complaints remaining unresolved at the	0
end of the year	

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board has laid down a Code of Conduct for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company. The Code of Conduct is available on website of the Company: www.taal.co.in

CEO/ CFO CERTIFICATION

MD and CFO Certificate under Regulation 17(8) of Listing Regulations is enclosed herewith.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Details of Annual General Meetings held in last three years:

Year	Date	Venue/ Deemed Venue	Time	Number of Special Resolutions passed
2022-23	08.09.2023	Video Conferencing/ OAVM	12:00 p.m.	NIL
2021-22	27.09.2022	Video Conferencing/ OAVM	12:00 p.m.	NIL
2020-21	28.09.2021	Video Conferencing/ OAVM	11.30 a.m.	2

The special resolutions moved at the Annual General Meeting for year 2020-21 were passed with requisite majority by way of e-voting and poll.

POSTAL BALLOT

Pursuant to Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the approval of Shareholders of the Company was sought for passing the following Special Resolution through postal ballot process:

- 1. Approval for issue of Equity Shares through preferential issue;
- Approval for entering into Material Related Party Transaction with Asscher Enterprises Limited;

The Board of Directors of the Company had appointed Mr. M. D. Selvaraj, FCS of M/s. MDS & Associates, Company Secretaries in practice, Coimbatore as the Scrutinizer for conducting the postal ballot through remote e-voting in a fair and transparent manner and for the purpose of ascertaining the requisite majority. The postal ballot results were declared on February 13, 2024.

Particulars	Total No.	Votes	% of	Votes	% of
	of Valid	Assenting	Votes	Dissenting	Votes
	Votes	the	Cast	the	Cast
		Resolution		Resolution	
Votes cast	1,28,25,515	1,28,22,298	99.97	3,217	0.03
through					
Electronic					
Mode-					
Resolution 1					
Votes cast	88,342	83,849	94.91	4,493	5.09
through					
Electronic					
Mode-					
Resolution 2					

Special Resolution was passed by the shareholders with requisite majority.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results and other statutory notices of the Company are published in leading newspapers in India which include Financial Express, Malai Malar/Makkal Kural (Salem edition). After the declaration of the quarterly, half-yearly and annual result, the same are submitted to the BSE Limited (BSE) as well as uploaded on the Company's website: www.taal.co.in

General Shareholder Information

AGM Date and Time	DD/MM, 2024, ata.m/p.m
Deemed Venue as AGM	Belagondapalli Village, Thally Road,
will be held electronically	Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri
through Video or Other	District, Belagondapalli - 635114,
Audio Visual Means	Tamil Nadu
Financial Year	April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024
Dividend Payment date	Not Applicable
Listed on Stock	BSE Ltd, PJ Towers, Dalal Street,
Exchange	Fort, Mumbai - 400 001
Security Code (BSE)	522229

ISIN Number allotted to equity shares	INE692C01020
Registered Office	Belagondapalli Village, Thally Road,
	Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri
	District, Belagondapalli - 635114,
	Tamil Nadu

The Company has paid annual listing fees for the Financial Year 2024-25 to the Stock Exchange where the shares of the Company are listed.

DESIGNATED EXCLUSIVE EMAIL ID OF THE COMPANY

The Company has the following E-mail Id exclusively for investor servicing: secretarial@taal.co.in

STOCK MARKET DATA & SHARE PRICE PERFORMANCE BSE Limited (BSE):

The performance of Company's scrip on BSE as compared to BSE 500 Index is as under:

Month	Marke	t Price	BSE 500 INDEX		
	High	Low	High	Low	
April, 2023	139.65	119.00	24239.64	23134.13	
May, 2023	159.35	120.00	25150.32	24250.39	
June, 2023	184.90	134.65	26092.65	25020.92	
July, 2023	309	171	27091.34	26132.03	
August, 2023	319	216.55	27137.43	26436.8	
September, 2023	295	210	28128.9	26851.19	
October, 2023	249.95	199.3	27720.53	26091.16	
November, 2023	280	225.1	28467.88	26476.67	
December, 2023	390	263.9	30755.42	28542.41	
January, 2024	440	326	31500.8	30176.35	
February, 2024	502.3	372	32200.71	30845.83	
March, 2024	484.75	309	32383	30800.77	

Source: BSE website

REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Shareholders may contact Registrar and Share Transfer Agent at the following addresses:

Bigshare Services Private Ltd.

Pinnacle Business Park, Office No S6-2, 6th, Mahakali Caves Rd, next to Ahura Centre, Andheri East, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400093 Tel.: 022- 62638200 Fax.: 022- 62638299 e-mail: investor@bigshareonline.com/ sandeep@bigshareonline.com/

As regard to shareholding in electronic form shareholders are requested to write to their respective Depository Participant & provide Bank Mandate details, N-ECS particulars, email ID etc. so as to facilitate expeditious payment of Corporate Action, if any.

SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM

The Company's shares are traded compulsorily in Demat segment on the Stock Exchanges. Shares of the Company can be transferred only in dematerialized form except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of shares. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to convert their holdings to dematerialized form as transfer of physical shares are no longer permitted as per SEBI Regulations. Pursuant to Regulation 40(9) of the Listing Regulations, certificate on yearly basis have been filed with the Stock Exchange for due compliance of share transfer formalities by the Company. In terms of guidelines issued by SEBI, the Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report for all the quarters have been filed with the Stock Exchange, which inter-alia gives details about the reconciliation of Share Capital (both physical and demat).

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING OF THE COMPANY AS ON MARCH 31, 2024

Nomir	olding of nal Value f Rs.	No. of Share- holders	% to Total	No. of Shares held	% to Total
1	5000	30,254	96.70	1,60,80,130	12.90
5001	10000	443	1.42	33,70,950	2.70
10001	20000	250	0.80	36,12,440	2.90
20001	30000	112	0.36	28,08,900	2.25
30001	40000	40	0.13	13,95,270	1.12
40001	50000	47	0.15	22,37,150	1.79
50001	100000	65	0.21	48,10,480	3.86
100001	and above	76	0.24	9,03,38,360	72.47
Total		31,287		12,46,53,680	

SHAREHOLDING PATTERN

Sr.	Category	As on March 31, 2024			
No.		No. of shares	% of total no. of shares		
1	Promoters	1,33,36,462	52.30		
2	Bodies Corporate	7,75,235	3.04		
3	Public	1,03,23,597	40.48		
4	NRIs	6,06,631	2.38		
5	Others	4,58,611	1.80		
	TOTAL	2,55,00,536	100.00		

DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES AND LIQUIDITY

96.92 % of total Equity Share Capital is held in demat with NSDL & CDSL as on March 31, 2024.

CORPORATE FILINGS

The financial and other information filed by the Company with BSE (through BSE Listing Centre), from time to time, is available on the website of BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com

OUTSTANDING GDRS/ ADRS/ WARRANTS OR ANY CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS, CONVERSION DATE AND LIKELY IMPACT ON EQUITY

The Company has no outstanding GDRs/ ADRs and the Company has not issued any GDRs/ADRs or any convertible instruments during the year under review.

PLANT LOCATION

The Company has aircraft manufacturing & maintenance facilities at Factory at Thally Road, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Belagondapalli - 635114, Tamil Nadu.

ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE

Registered Office at Thally Road, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Belagondapalli - 635114, Tamil Nadu.

CREDIT RATINGS

During Financial Year 2023-24, the Company was not required to obtain the credit rating as there were NIL fund based and non-fund based credit limits.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

- Details of related party transactions are furnished under Notes to Financial Statement.
- ii) There were no instances of material non-compliances and no strictures or penalties imposed on the Company either by SEBI, Stock Exchange or any statutory authorities on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years.
- None of the Directors have any relation inter-se except Mr. Salil Taneja and Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph.
- The internal audit reports were placed before the Audit Committee.
- The Company has established Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy. It is hereby affirmed that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee.
- vi) Familiarization Programmes for Independent Directors and various policies including Policy on determination of material subsidiaries and dealing with related party transactions are placed on the Company's website: www.taal.co.in
- vii) Total fees for all services paid by the Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part Financial Year 2023-24 is 6.85 Lakhs.
- viii) The below table discloses the list of core skills/expertise/ competencies identified by the Board as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the board:

Core skills/expertise/ competencies are identified	Directors who have the identified skills / expertise / competencies
Business Management,	Mr. Salil Taneja, Dr. Prahlada
Planning & Strategy	Ramarao, Mrs. Rahael Shobhana
	Joseph, Mr.Rakesh Duda
Business Development	Mr. Salil Taneja, Mr. Arvind
& Marketing	Nanda, Mr. Rakesh Duda, Mrs.
	Rahael Shobhana Joseph
Operations, Research	Dr. Prahlada Ramarao, Mr. Rakesh
& Development	Duda

	Mr. Salil Taneja, Mr. Rakesh Duda,
& Administration &	Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph
Others	

- ix) In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in the Listing Regulations and are independent of the Management.
- x) During the year under review, there were no cases filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.
- xi) The Company has duly complied with the requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) of the Listing Regulations.

xii) A certificate from Company Secretary in Practice is enclosed herewith confirming that that none of the directors on the Board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the SEBI/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Date: May 17, 2024 Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Place: Bengaluru Chairman

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

As required by Regulation 17(5)(a) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations'), this is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for all Board Members & Senior Management of the Company. The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website: www.taal.co.in

As per Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulations, this is to confirm that the Company has received from the Senior Management Personnels of the Company and from the Members of the Board, a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct for the Financial Year 2024-25.

For the purpose of this declaration, Senior Management Personnels comprises of employees in the Vice President and above Cadre as on March 31, 2024.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

(Pursuant to Part E of Schedule V of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015)

To.

The Members

Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited

I have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited ("Company") for the year ended March 31, 2024, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

Managements' Responsibility

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in Listing Regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility

My examination has been limited to review of the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said Regulations. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

I have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.

Opinion

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me and representations made by the Directors and the Management, I certify that the Company has complied, in material respect, with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Listing Regulations.

I state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

ANUJ NEMA

Practicing Company Secretary ACS: 39389/CP: 20646 UDIN: A039389F000487122

Place: Vidisha UDIN: A039389F000487122 Date: May 29, 2024 Peer Review Certificate No.: 2051/2022

CEO/ CFO CERTIFICATION TO THE BOARD

Under Regulation 17(8) of SEBI [Listing Obligations and Requirements] Regulations, Disclosure 2015 Regulations')

To,

The Board of Directors

Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd

We, Rakesh Duda, Managing Director and Jitendra Muthiyan, Chief Financial Officer of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited, to the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:

- (A) We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (B) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.

- (C) We accept the responsibility for establishing & maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to the financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (D) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - There are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the financial year ended March 31, 2024;
 - All significant changes in accounting policies during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements: and
 - There are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Rakesh Duda **Managing Director**

Date: May 17, 2024 Place: Bengaluru

Jitendra Muthiyan **Chief Financial Officer** Date: May 17, 2024

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF **DIRECTORS**

(Pursuant to clause 10 of Part C of Schedule V of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015)

In pursuance of sub-clause (i) of clause 10 of Part C of Schedule V of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR); in respect of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited (CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460) having registered office at Belagondapalli Village, Thally Road, Denkanikotta, Belagondapalli, Tamil Nadu, India, 635114 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') I hereby certify that:

According to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers and on the basis of the written representation / declaration received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, as on March 31, 2024, none of the directors on the board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as director of companies by the SEBI / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

Sr. No.	DIN	Name of Director	Designation	Date of Appointment in the Company
1	07548289	Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	Non-Executive Director	02.12.2017
2	00328668	Mr. Salil Baldev Taneja	Non-Executive Director	01.01.1994
3	01621083	Mr. Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy	Non-Executive Director	02.12.2017
4	01846107	Mr. Arvind Nanda	Non-Executive Director	14.08.2018
5	02427554	Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph	Whole-time Director	14.12.2017
6	05234273	Mr. Rakesh Duda	Managing Director	31.03.2022

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> ANUJ NEMA **Practicing Company Secretary** ACS: 39389/CP: 20646

Place: Bengaluru

Place: Vidisha UDIN: A039389F000487122 Date: May 29, 2024 Peer Review Certificate No.: 2051/2022

Annexure 'A' to the Directors Report

Information required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024

I. Conservation of energy:

 The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy: Harmonic filter installed at powerhouse which reduces the power loss.

The Company is basically a low energy consumer.

Minimizing environmental pollution by reducing carbon discharge to the atmosphere with reduced running of diesel or engine driven power sources.

- ii. The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:
 - a) Using 250 KVA genset only in case of emergency.
- iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipment's: Nil

II. Technology absorption:

- The efforts made towards technology absorption: Major work carried out by the Company is with Defense sector & most of these works are confidential in nature.
- ii. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

Better Quality, minimized rejections, improved production throughput, operator's knowledge enhancement and

- skill improvement, increased indigenization efforts for DPSUs, and armed services (IN & IAF).
- iii. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)
 - a. The details of technology imported- Nil
 - b. The year of import- Nil
 - c. Whether the technology been fully absorbed- Nil
 - d. If not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof- Nil
- iv. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development.

Sr. No.	Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
i)	Capital Expenditure	NIL	NIL
ii)	Recurring Expenditure	NIL	NIL
	Total	NIL	NIL
	Total R&D as a percentage to	NIL	NIL
	turnover		

III. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:

- a. Activities relating to exports, initiatives taken to increase export, development of new export market for products and export plans. Company was involved in the export process which was generating the direct inflow of Foreign Exchange.
- During the year, foreign exchange earnings were Rs. Nil Lakhs & foreign exchange outgo was Rs. Nil Lakhs.

Annexure 'B' to the Board's Report

Details pertaining to remuneration pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules thereunder:

1. The ratio of remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year

Sr.	Name of Director	Ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of
No		the Company
1	Salil Baldevraj Taneja	0.44
2	Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy	0.36
3	Arvind Nanda	0.78
4	Rahael Shobhana Joseph	9.32
5	Prahlada Ramarao	0.75
6	Rakesh Duda	19.41

2. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in the Financial Year 2023-24:

1	Name of Directors/ KMP and Designation	Designation	% Increase/(Decrease)in the Remuneration (Including sitting fees paid to the Directors)
1	Salil Baldevraj Taneja	Non-Executive Director	50%
2	Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy	Non-Executive Director	50%
3	Arvind Nanda	Independent Director	50%
4	Rahael Shobhana Joseph	Whole Time Director	-

Sr.	Name of Directors/ KMP and	Designation	% Increase/(Decrease)in the Remuneration (Including		
No.	Designation		sitting fees paid to the Directors)		
5	Prahlada Ramarao	Independent Director	50%		
6	Rakesh Duda	Managing Director	-		
7	Mahendra Nalluri Upto 22.01.2024	Chief Executive Director	11.11%		
8	Ashwini Navare	Company Secretary	18.92%		

- 1) The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the financial year was Rs. 3.86 Lakhs p.a.
- 2) During the year under review, there is slightly change in median remuneration of employees.
- 3) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the company as on March 31, 2024 is 31.
- 4) There was marginal increase in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel and managerial personnel in the last financial year.
- 5) It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company

INFORMATION OF EMPLOYEES PURSUANT TO RULE 5(2) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014.

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Remuneration (in Rs.) CTC	Qualification and Experience	Date of commencement of employment	Age (in years)	Last Employment
1	Rakesh Duda	Managing Director	65,72,581	B.Tech – 4 decade	31/03/2022	69 Years	ISMT Ltd.
2	Rahael Shobhana Jospeh	Whole Time Director	36,00,000	BSc Management	14/12/2017	46 Years	
3	K Durga Rao	Chief Operating Officer	54,99,996	BE (Mechanical) & MBA	13/12/2023	55 Years	ISMT Ltd.
4	S Soundrarajan	Senior General Manager	28,00,014	AME, BSC	28/07/1992	57 Years	Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd.
5	Jitendra R Muthiyan	Chief Financial Officer (01.04.2024)	8,00,000	M.Com, CA Inter - 11 Years	01/07/2022	39 years	TAAL Enterprises Limited
6	Arun E R	Maintenance Manager	21,12,000	AME, BSC	03/07/2006	38 Years	Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd.
7	Krishna Kumar	Quality Manager	9,43,791	AME, BSC	05/07/2010	36 Years	Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd.
8	Banwari Lal	Manager Avionics	11,87,999	BA, ITI	10/02/1996	56 Years	Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd.
9	Ashwini Navare	Company Secretary	11,00,009	Company Secretary - 7 Years	15/06/2022	32 Years	Krishna Windfarms Developers Pvt. Ltd.
10	Saraswathamma C	Dy. Manager	6,26,036	DCA	26/02/2001	46 Years	Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd.

Notes:

- 1. Nature of employment is on payroll of the Company for all the above-mentioned employees.
- 2. None of the above employees are relatives of Directors of the Company except for Ms. Rahael Shobhana Joseph.
- 3. None of the above employee holds two percent or more of paid-up capital of the Company.

Annexure 'C' to the Board's Report - MR 3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended]

To.

The Members,

Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited (CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460)

Belagondapalli Village, Thally Road, Denkanikottai Belagondapalli 635114

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited having CIN L62200TZ1988PLC014460 (hereinafter called the 'Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024 and made available to me, according to the provisions of:

- The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External

- Commercial Borrowings; Not Applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review;
- 5. The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018:
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review;
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018; Not Applicable as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review; and
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- Other general and industry specific laws applicable to the Company were out of the scope of this report.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards (SS) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and the Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchange, BSE Ltd, Mumbai.

I report that, during the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines and Standards mentioned above subject to following observation:

Whereas in terms of the provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company was required to have certain Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) but from January 22, 2024 till March 31, 2024, the Company has no appointed any Chief Financial Officer (CFO).

I further report that, the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws such as direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts have not been reviewed in this audit since the same have been subject to review by the statutory financial auditors, tax auditors, and other designated professionals.

I further report that, the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Women Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance except that of meeting held on shorter notice, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the Minutes of the Meeting duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

I further report that, based on the information provided and the representation made by the Company and also on the review of the Compliance certificates/reports taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company, in my opinion there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure-A forms an integral part of this report.

ANUJ NEMA
Practicing Company Secretary

ACS: 39389/CP: 20646

Place: Vidisha UDIN: A039389F000479763 Date: May 29, 2024 Peer Review Certificate No.: 2051/2022

ANNEXURE - A

To,

The Members, Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited, Belagondapalli Village, Thally Road, Denkanikottai Belagondapalli 635114

Auditor's responsibility

Based on audit, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance with the applicable laws and maintenance of records by the Company. I conducted audit in accordance with the Auditing standards CSAS 1 to CSAS 4 ("CSAS") prescribed by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI"). These standards require that the Auditor complies with statutory and regulatory requirements and plans and performs the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of records.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the CSAS. My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company and for which I relied on the report of statutory auditor.
- Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

ANUJ NEMA

Practicing Company Secretary ACS: 39389/CP: 20646 UDIN: A039389F000479763

Place: Vidisha UDIN: A039389F000479763 Date: May 29, 2024 Peer Review Certificate No.: 2051/2022

Annexure 'D' to the Board's Report

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024

{Pursuant to Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and as per the annexure attached to Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014}

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company has been developed in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014.

As per the CSR Policy, Company can undertake any of the program or activities as mentioned in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and which will include any modification or amendment thereof. The CSR policy of the Company is placed on the website of the Company at https://www.taal.co.in

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy	Chairman/Non-Executive Director	1	1
2	Mr. Salil Taneja	Member/ Non-Executive Director	1	1
3	Mr. Arvind Nanda	Member/ Independent Director	1	1

3. Web-link where composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company:

CSR Policy: https://www.taal.co.in

CSR Committee: https://www.taal.co.in
CSR Reports: https://www.taal.co.in

4. Executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).: Not Applicable

5. Details:

(a)	Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. 1247.03 Lakhs
(b)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. 24.94 Lakhs
(c)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years	Nil
(d)	Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any	8.48 Lakhs
(e)	Total CSR obligation for the financial year $(b + c - d)$.	Rs. 16.46 Lakhs

6. Details:

(a)	Amount spent on CSR Projects:	
	(i) On going Project	Nil
	(ii) Other than On going Project	23.69 Lakhs
(b)	Amount spent in Administrative Overheads.	1.24 Lakhs
(c)	Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable.	NA
(d)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)].	24.94 Lakhs

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

Total Amount					
Spent for the Financial Year		erred to Unspent CSR section 135(6)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule as per second proviso to section 135(5)		
(in Rs.)	Amount	Date of Transfer	Name of Fund	Amount	Date of Transfer
Rs. 24.94 Lakhs	-	-	-		

(f) Excess Amount for set off, if any: Nil.

7) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Not Applicable

S.	Preceding	Amount	Balance amount	Amount	Amount transferred to a		Amount	Deficiency,
No	Financial	transferred to	in unspent CSR	spent in the	fund as specified under		remaining to	if any
	Year(s)	Unspent CSR	amount under	Financial	Schedule VII as per		be spent in	
		Account under	section 135(6)	Year (in ₹)	section 135(5), if any		succeeding	
		section 135 (6) (in	(in Lakhs)		Amount	Date of	financial years	
		Lakhs)			(in Lakhs)	transfer	(in Lakhs)	

8) Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: Not Applicable.

Sl. No	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pincode of the property or asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of entity/ Authority/ beneficiary of the registered owner		
1	2	3	4	5	6		
					CSR	Name	Registered
					Registration		address
					Number, if		
					applicable		

(All the fields should be captured as appearing in the revenue record, flat no, house no, Municipal Office/Municipal Corporation/ Gram panchayat are to be specified and also the area of the immovable property as well as boundaries)

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).: Not Applicable.

Date:	(Chief Executive Officer or	Chairman CSR	(Person specified under clause (d)
Place:	Managing Director or Director	Committee	of sub-section (1) of section 380) (Wherever applicable)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Muralidhar Chitteti Reddy

Director and Chairman of CSR Committee

DIN: 01621083

Salil Taneja

Director

DIN: 00328668

Date: May 17, 2024
Place: Hyderabad

Date: May 17, 2024
Place: Pune

Annexure 'E' to the Board's Report

FORM NO. AOC.2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship: NA
- (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions: Availing of Financial Assistance: NA
- (c) Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions: NA
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any: NA
- (e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions: NA
- (f) Date of approval by the Board: NA
- (g) Amount paid as advances, if any: NA
- (h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188: NA

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship: Asscher Enterprises Limited
- (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions: Inter corporate Deposit Agreement
- (c) Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions: 6 Months (Further Extended by 3 Months)
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:

Sr. No	Particulars	ICD Approved	ICD Availed	Repaid date and	Balance
			(Amount and Date)	Amount	
1	Asscher Enterprises Limited - ICD	(Rs. 3 Crores)	75 Lakhs On	75 Lakhs On	Nil
	_	26.12.2023	09.01.2024	27.02.2024	

- (e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any: 26th December 2023
- (f) Amount paid as advances, if any: NA

For and on behalf of the Board

Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited

Rakesh Duda Managing Director DIN: 05234273 Prahlada Ramarao Chairman DIN: 07548289

Jitendra Muthiyan Chief Financial Officer

Ashwini Navare Company Secretary Membership No.: A51288

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of

Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited

Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

- We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the Standalone Statement of Profit And Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information ('the Standalone Financial Statements').
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the State of Affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its Profit and Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SAs') specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act, and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

4. A Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 7. In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.
- 8. When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the State of Affairs, profit and Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and Cash Flows of the Company in) conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection of the appropriate accounting software for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations including those related to retention of audit logs; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 10. In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 11. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 12. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.
- 13. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - 13.1 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
 - 13.2 Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - 13.3 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
 - 13.4 Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw

- attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 13.5 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 14. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 15. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 16. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 17. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order'), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 18. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - 18.1 We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - 18.2 In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in paragraph 19.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended)
 - 18.3 The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss including Other Comprehensive Income,

- the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- 18.4 In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules thereunder.
- 18.5 On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- 18.6 The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 18.2 above on reporting under section 143(3) (b) and paragraph 19.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014(as amended).
- 18.7 With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'.
- 18.8 In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act.
- 19. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - 19.1 The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2024 on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements Refer Note 43 to the Standalone Financial Statements.
 - 19.2 The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - 19.3 There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
 - 19.4 The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or

- otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 19.5 The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 19.6 Based on such audit procedures, that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under para 19.4 and 19.5 contain any material misstatement.
- 19.7 In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the dividend declared and paid during the year by the Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- 19.8 Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility, and the same has operated throughout the period from 06th April 2023 for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants (formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

> Praveen Kumar Daga Partner

Place: Bengaluru ICAI Membership No: 143762 Date: 17 May 2024 UDIN – 24143762BKBPCV7705

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph 17 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- i. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE').
 - The Company does not have any intangible assets.
 - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its PPE by which all PPE are verified in a phased manner over a period of 1 year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, certain PPE were physically verified by the Management during the year. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

Asset	Gross Block	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Block
Office Equipment	1,354,538	1,314,605	39,934
Computer	214,110	203,405	10,705
Total	15,68,648	15,18,010	50,639

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company except for the following which are not held in the name of the Company.

Description of property	Gross carrying value	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in name of company
Freehold Land	198.08	HRCE, Arulmigu Shree Basaveshwara	No	Since FY	Pending with Tamil
	lakhs	Swamy, Arulmigu Bettadamma Temple,		2016-17	Nadu Government
		Arulmigu Shree Palagai Karagam Temple,			Authorities to transfer
		Arul Migy Uttamma Karagam Temple			title deeds

- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its PPE (including Right of Use assets) during the year.
- (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any inventory, hence physical verification of inventory and reporting under paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions.
- iii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, and the details are mentioned in the following table

Particulars	Investment	Security	Loans	Advances in the nature of loans					
	Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year								
Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil					
Joint Ventures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil					
Associates	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil					
Others	2069.43 lakhs	Nil	Nil	Nil					
Е	Balance outstanding as	at balance sheet date ir	respect of above case	S					
Subsidiaries	652.55 lakhs	Nil	Nil	Nil					
Joint Ventures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil					
Associates	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil					
Others	2069.43 lakhs	Nil	Nil	Nil					

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts are regular during the year
- (d) No amount is overdue in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans.
- (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, neither loans or advances in nature of loans have been renewed or extended nor any fresh loans have been granted to settle the overdue of existing loans.
- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to Promoters/Related Parties (as defined in section 2(76) of the Act which are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act with respect to the loans given, investments made, guarantees given and security provided.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public during the year in terms of directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India or the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Company is not required to maintain cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 and hence reporting under paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, incometax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited by the Company to/with the appropriate authorities.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, Goods and Services Tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, we confirm that the following dues of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues, have not been deposited to/with the appropriate authority on account of any dispute.

Name of the Statute	Nature of	Amount (INR	Period to which the	Forum where dispute is	Remarks,
	the Dues	in lakhs)	amount relates	pending	if any
Central Excise Act,1944	Excise Duty	INR 23.73	2012-13	Customs Excise and Service Tax	NA
				Appellate Tribunal	
Central Excise Act,1944	Excise Duty	INR 57.50	2013-14 to 2014-15	Customs Excise and Service Tax	NA
				Appellate Tribunal	
Central Excise Act,1944	Excise Duty	INR 6.93	2013-14	Customs Excise and Service Tax	NA
				Appellate Tribunal	

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we confirm that we have not come across any transactions not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) In our opinion, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings to financial institutions, banks, government and dues to debenture holders or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or any other lender.
- (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall

- examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) The Company did not raise money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 42 and 62 of the Act in connection with the funds raised through preferential allotment of shares and the same have been utilised for the purposes for which they were raised.
- xi. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there has been no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company that has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date, for the period under audit.

- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company ('CIC') as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India.
 - (d) The Company does not have any CIC as part of the Group.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly this clause is not applicable / paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. There are no amount remaining unspent on activities relating to Corporate Social Responsibilities and hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the order is not applicable

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants (formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Praveen Kumar Daga

Partner ICAI Membership No: 143762 UDIN – 24143762BKBPCV7705

Place: Bengaluru

Date: 17 May 2024

Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditors' report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph '18.7' under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act').

Opinion

- We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited ('the Company') as at 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.
- 2. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the Guidance Note').

Management's responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

3. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's responsibility

- 4. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing ('SA'), prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements. Those SAs and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal

financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements

8. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants (formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Praveen Kumar Daga
Partner

ICAI Membership No: 143762 UDIN – 24143762BKBPCV7705

Place: Bengaluru Date: 17 May 2024

Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS	110.	March 31, 2024	Maich 51, 2025
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	9,434.01	8,924.50
Capital work-in-progress	5	8.84	167.67
Investment property	6	808.02	899.29
Right of Use of Assets	7	28.07	37.17
Financial assets			
Investments	8	2,721.98	652.55
Other financial Assets	9	76.80	57.64
Other non-current assets	10	5.26	5.26
Total Non-current assets		13,082.99	10,744.08
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	11	845.27	580.49
Cash and cash equivalents	12	585.08	849.03
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	13	9.88	182.77
Current tax assets (net)	14	115.18	110.51
Other current assets	15	104.46	50.13
Total Current assets		1,659.87	1,772.90
Total Assets		14,742.86	12,516.98
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	16	1,275.03	1,246.54
Other equity	17	11,769.58	9,713.16
Total Equity		13,044.60	10,959.70
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	18	346.90	307.95
Provisions	19	14.95	15.06
Deferred Tax liability (Net)	33	480.43	346.33
Other non-current liabilities	20	280.80	318.37
Total Non-current liabilities		1,123.08	987.70
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	21	-	-
Trade payables	22		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		80.05	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		40.05	148.73
Other financial liabilities	23	226.46	197.83
Lease Liabilities	24	30.34	37.48
Other current liabilities	25	166.58	163.44
Provisions	19	31.70	22.10
Total Current liabilities		575.18	569.58
Total Liabilities		1,698.26	1,557.28
Total Equity and liabilities		14,742.86	12,516.98
Summary of material accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements			
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1		

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd

CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Praveen Kumar DagaDr. Prahlada RamaraoRakesh DudaJitendra R. MuthiyanAshwini NavarePartnerChairmanManaging DirectorChief Financial OfficerCompany SecretaryMembership Number: 143762DIN: 07548289DIN: 05234273Membership Number: A51288

Place : Bengaluru Place : Beng

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	26	3,035.20	3,185.71
Other income	27	50.85	139.14
Total Income		3,086.05	3,324.85
Expenses			
Other direct costs	28	142.37	284.18
Employee benefits expenses	29	355.09	352.55
Finance costs	30	47.79	66.29
Depreciation expenses	31	371.61	296.08
Other expenses	32	618.88	681.87
Total Expenses		1,535.75	1,680.97
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,550.30	1,643.88
Exceptional items		-	47.00
Profit before tax		1,550.30	1,596.88
Tax expense:	33		
Current tax			
Current tax		487.65	493.31
Adjustment relating to earlier years		(3.62)	(16.64)
Deferred tax		(46.87)	21.51
Total Income tax expense		437.16	498.18
Profit for the year		1,113.14	1,098.71
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period		-	-
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods			
- Net gains/ (losses) on Fair Valuation of Equity Instruments through OCI		(30.57)	-
- Income tax effect on Fair valuation of Equity Instruments through OCI		3.18	-
- Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans		(5.10)	(10.82)
- Income tax effect on defined benefit plans		1.48	3.03
Other comprehensive income for the year		(31.00)	(7.79)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,082.14	1,090.92
Earnings per share	34		
Basic earnings per share (INR)		4.45	4.40
Diluted earnings per share (INR)		4.45	4.40
Summary of material accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements			

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants**

Praveen Kumar Daga

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Chairman

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Rakesh Duda Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Jitendra R. Muthiyan Ashwini Navare Managing Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Partner Membership Number: 143762 DIN: 07548289 DIN: 05234273 Membership Number: A51288

Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024

Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	1,550.30	1,596.88
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expenses	371.61	296.08
Finance costs	3.98	26.16
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipments	(1.59)	(8.37)
Provision for doubtful debts / Bad-debts written off	67.97	-
Interest expenses on Inter Corporate Deposit	1.00	-
Interest income	(27.01)	(45.32)
Other Comprehensive Income	(3.61)	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,962.65	1,865.43
Changes in working capital		
(Decrease) / increase in trade payables, provisions and other liabilities	(5.38)	(104.84)
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables and other assets	(247.28)	95.49
Cash generated from operations	1,709.99	1,856.07
Income tax (paid) / refund (Net)	(304.55)	(270.59)
Net cash flows generated from operating activities (A)	1,405.44	1,585.48
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payment for property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress)	(622.08)	(356.13)
Payment for investments in equity shares	(2,100.00)	-
Proceeds from sale/ disposal of property, plant and equipments	1.75	600.00
Interest received	44.19	29.77
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities (B)	(2,676.14)	273.64
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issue of Equity Share Capital	28.49	
Premium on issue of Equity Share Capital	1,971.51	
Rent paid	(10.40)	(9.09)
Inter Corporate Deposit taken during the year	75.00	
Repayment of current borrowings (Net)	(75.00)	(300.00)
Dividend paid	(977.85)	(968.62)
Interest paid	(4.98)	(26.16)
Net cash flows used in financing activities (C)	1,006.77	(1,303.87)
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(263.95)	555.25
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	849.03	293.78
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	585.08	849.03
Cash and cash equivalents comprise		
On current accounts	585.08	504.51
On fixed deposits with maturity of less than three months	-	344.41
Cash on hand	0.00	0.10
Total cash and cash equivalents	585.08	849.03
Summary of material accounting policies		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements		

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Chartered AccountantsTaneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Praveen Kumar DagaDr. Prahlada RamaraoRakesh DudaJitendra R. MuthiyanAshwini NavarePartnerChairmanManaging DirectorChief Financial OfficerCompany SecretaryMembership Number: 143762DIN: 07548289DIN: 05234273Membership Number: A51288

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Equity share capital

Particulars	As March 3		As at March 31, 2023		
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	
Equity shares of INR 5 each issued, subscribed and fully paid up					
Opening	2,49,30,736	1,246.54	2,49,30,736	1,246.54	
Add: Changes in equity share capital during the year	5,69,800	28.49	-	-	
Closing	2,55,00,536	1,275.03	2,49,30,736	1,246.54	

Other equity

Particulars		Other	Equity		Items of Other com	prehensive income	Total
	Securities	Capital	General	Retained	Re-measurement	Fair Valuation	
	premium	reserve	reserve	earnings	of defined benefit	of Equity	
	reserve				liability	Instruments	
						through OCI	
Balance as on April 1, 2023	5,203.53	5.83	1,271.86	3,231.94	-	-	9,713.16
Profit for the year	-	_	-	1,113.14	-	-	1,113.14
Add: Securities premium credited on	1,971.51	-	-	-	-	-	1,971.51
share issue							
Add: Other comprehensive income							
- Fair valuation of investment in	-	_	-	-	-	(30.57)	(30.57)
equity instruments						, î	
- Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on	-	_	_	-	(5.10)	-	(5.10)
defined benefit plans					, ,		·
- Income-tax effect	-	_	_	-	1.48	3.18	4.66
Add: Transferred to retained earnings	-	_	-	(3.61)	3.61	-	_
Total Comprehensive income for the year	1,971.51	_	_	1,109.53		(27.39)	3,053.64
Less: Interim dividend paid				(997.23)		-	(997.23)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	7,175.04	5.83	1,271.86	3,344.24		(27.39)	11,769.58
						(=::0;)	

Particulars		Other	Equity		Items of Other com	Total	
	Securities	Capital	General	Retained	Re-measurement	Fair Valuation of	
	premium	reserve	reserve	earnings	of defined benefit	Equity Instruments	
	reserve				liability	through OCI	
Balance as on April 1, 2022	5,203.53	5.83	1,271.86	3,138.26	-	-	9,619.48
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,098.70	-	-	1,098.70
Add: Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on	-	-	-	-	(10.82)	-	(10.82)
defined benefit plans							
- Income-tax effect	-	-	-	-	3.03	-	3.03
Add: Transferred to retained earnings	-	-	-	(7.79)	7.79	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	_	_	1,090.91	_	-	1,090.91
Less: Interim dividend paid	-		_	(997.23)	_	-	(997.23)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	5,203.53	5.83	1,271.86	3,231.94		_	9,713.16

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants**

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Praveen Kumar Daga Rakesh Duda Jitendra R. Muthiyan Ashwini Navare Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Managing Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary **Partner** Chairman

DIN: 05234273 Membership Number: 143762 DIN: 07548289 Membership Number: A51288

Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024

1 General Information

Taneja Aerospace & Aviation Ltd (TAAL) is a public Ltd company incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 1956. TAAL is engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of various parts and components to aviation industry, providing services related to Airfield & Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul (MRO) and allied services.

The standalone financial statements of the Company were approved in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 17, 2024.

2 Material accounting policies

Material accounting policies adopted by the Company are as under:

2.1 Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs amended the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 on March 24, 2021 to increase the transparency and provide additional disclosures to users of financial statements. These amendments are effective from April 01, 2021. Consequent to above, the Company has changed the classification/presentation of previous year balances to the extent applicable.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS.

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments)
- ii) Embedded derivative and
- iii) Asset classified as held for sale

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of services and the time

between the rendering of service and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

(c) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Refer note 3 for detailed discussion on estimates and judgments.

2.2 Property, plant and equipments

- a) Property, plant and equipments are stated at their original cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipments comprises of its purchase price including duties, taxes, freight and any other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. However, cost excludes indirect taxes wherever credit of the duty or tax is availed of.
- b) All indirect expenses incurred during acquisition / construction of property, plant and equipments & including interest cost on funds deployed for the property, plant and equipments are treated as incidental expenditure and are capitalised for the period until the asset is ready for its intended use.
- c) Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipments outstanding at each Balance Sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'.
- d) Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipments is capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.
- e) Considering the nature of business activity, Runway and Apron attached to Runway and hangar has been treated as plant and equipment and depreciation has been provided accordingly.

f) Where a significant component (in terms of cost) of an asset has an economic useful life shorter than that of it's corresponding asset, the component is depreciated over it's shorter life.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives

Depreciation is provided on straight line method on Building, Plant and Equipment and Computer - Hardware and on written down value method on all other assets, based on the useful lives of assets as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on addition to property, plant and equipments is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Depreciation on sale / deletion of property, plant and equipments is provided for upto the date of sale, deduction or discard of property, plant and equipment as the case may be. In case of impairment, if any, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

Based on the technical experts assessment of useful life, following class of property, plant and equipments are being depreciated over useful lives different from the prescribed useful lives under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Management believes that such estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. These estimates are based on the technical evaluation which considered the nature and usage of the assets, the operating conditions of the assets, anticipated technological changes and maintenance support etc.

Property, plant and equipments	Useful Life
Plant and equipments	15-48 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	8-10 years
Office equipment	5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

2.3 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment properties are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation on investment properties is provided on a prorata basis on straight line method over the estimated useful lives as assessed by the Management. Management believes that such estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. These estimates are based on the technical evaluation which considered the nature and usage of the assets, the operating conditions of the assets, anticipated technological changes and maintenance support etc.

Investment Property	Useful life
Hangars (Building)	18-25 years

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

2.4 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ► In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability accessible to the Group.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ► Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable;
- ► Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

2.5 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with customers, outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers.

The Company recognises revenue from operations based on five step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A Contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of Consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

Rental income arising from operating leases (leases of hangar) is accounted for on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease terms based on agreement/contract entered into with the third party and is included in revenue in the Statement of Profit or Loss due to its operating nature.

Training fees received, being non-refundable, is accounted over the training period.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and loss.

Revenue recognized in excess of billings is classified as contract assets ('Unbilled revenue') included in other current financial assets.

Billings in excess of revenue recognized is classified as contract liabilities ('Deferred revenue') included in other current liabilities.

Other Income

Interest Income is recognised on basis of effective interest method as set out in Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments, and where no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists. The Company recognizes duty drawback and income from duty credit scrips only when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with, and the duty drawback and duty credit scrips will be received. Commission income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.6 Taxes

Tax expense for the year, comprising current tax, deferred tax and minimum alternate tax credit are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year.

(a) Current income tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(b) Minimum Alternate Tax

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The credit available under the Income tax act, in respect of MAT paid is recognised as asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set- off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

(c) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.7 Leases

As a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease at the inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a Right-Of-Use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low-value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

As a lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease terms based on agreement/contract entered into with the third party and is included in revenue in the Statement of Profit or Loss due to its operating nature.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the companies net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each year end whether there is any objective evidence that a non financial asset or a group of non financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount and the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through Statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value-in-use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

2.9 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date.

These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. When there is an obligation in respect

of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and Cash Equivalents includes deposits maintained by the Company with banks, which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point of time without prior notice or penalty on the principal. Cash and cash equivalents include restricted cash and bank balances. The restrictions are primarily on account of bank balances held as margin money deposits against guarantees.

2.11 Investment in Subsidiary

When an entity prepares separate financial statements, it shall account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates either:

- (a) at cost, or
- (b) in accordance with Ind AS 109.

Company accounts for its investment in subsidiary at cost.

2.12 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of the assets upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they are incurred.

2.13 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(a) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortized cost; or
- at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the Effective Interest Rate method (EIR).

Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is de-recognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains / (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

Fair Value Through Profit or Loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is

included in other income.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and FVOCI.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, twelve-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on twelve months ECL.

Life time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The twelve month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within twelve months after the year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including pre-payment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payment is more than 30 days past due.

(iv) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is de-recognized only when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred; or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows

to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is de-recognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not de-recognized.

(b) Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly

attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

(iii) De-recognition

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

(c) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.14 Employee benefits

(a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the year in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services upto the end of the year and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet.

(b) Defined contribution plan

The Company makes defined contribution to provident fund, which are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis. The Company has no further obligations under these plans beyond its monthly contributions. Employee's State Insurance Scheme: Contribution towards employees' state insurance scheme is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as defined contribution schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the Statement of

Profit and Loss.

(c) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity: The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses / (gains) are recognized in the other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

(d) Other long term employee benefits

Compensated Absences: Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within twelve months from the end of the year are treated as short-term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end.

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond twelve months from the end of the year are treated as other long-term employee benefits. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses / (gains) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

Leaves under define benefit plans can be encashed only on discontinuation of service by employee.

(e) Termination benefits

Liability for termination benefits like expenditure on Voluntary Retirement Scheme/ Retrenchment is recognised at the earlier of when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of termination benefit or when the Company recognises any related restructuring costs

2.15 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit or loss for the year after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the year (if any). The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all the years presented is adjusted for events that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change

in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.16 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker regularly monitors and reviews the operating results separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. Segments are identified having regard to the dominant source and nature of risks and returns and internal organization and management structure. The Company has considered business segments as the primary segments for disclosure. The business segment in which the Company operates is 'Aerospace and Aviation'. The Company does not have any geographical segment. The accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in the individual segment, and are as set out in the material accounting policies.

Thus, as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, the Group operates in a single business segment of aerospace and aviation.

2.17 Rounding off amounts

All amounts disclosed in standalone financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per requirement of Schedule III of the Act, unless otherwise stated.

3 Accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions and recent pronouncements

The preparation of financial statements requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future years.

3.1 Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year end date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances

and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(a) Defined Benefits and other long term benefits

The cost of the defined benefit plans such as gratuity and leave encashment are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each year end.

The principal assumptions are the discount and salary growth rate. The discount rate is based upon the market yields available on government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of liabilities. Salary increase rate takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long-term basis.

3.2 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1, 2022, as below:

(a) Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

(b) Ind AS 16 – Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its

property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

(c) Ind AS 37 – Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

(d) Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

(e) Ind AS 116 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

3.3 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023

(a) Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financials Statements

This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment

and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

(b) Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.

(c) Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements

3.4 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

4.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars	Gross block					Depreciation				Net block	
	As on April 1, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As on April 1, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Owned assets											
Freehold land	6,576.52	437.27	-	7,013.80	-	-	-	-	7,013.80	6,576.52	
Buildings	464.29	260.29	-	724.58	142.40	22.48	-	164.87	559.71	321.89	
Plant and equipments	2,940.24	15.50	-	2,955.74	1,193.89	147.93	-	1,341.82	1,613.91	1,746.34	
Furniture and fixtures	5.11	-	-	5.11	3.12	0.01	-	3.12	1.99	1.99	
Office equipments	25.45	3.68	13.55	15.59	23.06	1.43	13.55	10.94	4.64	2.39	
Computer hardware	16.25	0.51	2.14	14.62	13.75	0.81	2.14	12.42	2.20	2.50	
Vehicles	333.44	63.66	15.45	381.65	60.57	98.60	15.29	143.88	237.77	272.86	
Total	10,361.30	780.91	31.14	11,111.07	1,436.79	271.25	30.97	1,677.06	9,434.01	8,924.50	

4.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars	Gross block				Depreciation				Net block	
	As on April 1, 2022	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As on April 1, 2022	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Owned assets										
Freehold Land	6,576.52	-	-	6,576.52	-	-	-	-	6,576.52	6,576.52
Buildings	464.29	-	-	464.29	124.62	17.77	-	142.40	321.89	339.67
Plant and Equipment	2,657.38	282.85	-	2,940.24	1,054.50	139.39	-	1,193.89	1,746.34	1,602.88
Furniture and fixtures	5.11	-	-	5.11	2.83	0.29	-	3.12	1.99	2.28
Office Equipment	25.45	-	-	25.45	22.57	0.49	-	23.06	2.39	2.88
Computer - Hardware	15.21	1.04	-	16.25	12.82	0.93	-	13.75	2.50	2.39
Vehicles	45.83	287.61	-	333.44	22.97	37.60	-	60.57	272.86	22.85
Total	9,789.79	571.50	-	10,361.30	1,240.32	196.47	-	1,436.79	8,924.50	8,549.48

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

4.3 Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/ director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, plant and equipment	Freehold Land	198.08 (March 31, 2023 - 198.08 lakh)	HRCE, Arulmigu Shree Basaveshwara Swamy, Arulmigu Bettadamma Temple, Arulmigu Shree Palagai Karagam Temple, Arulmigu Uttammakaragam Temple	No	FY 2016-17	Pending with Tamil Nadu Government Authorities to transfer title deeds

5 Capital work-in-progress

5.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars	As on April 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Capitalisation	As on March 31, 2024
Capital work - in progress	167.67	93.16	-	251.99	8.84
Total	167.67	93.16	-	251.99	8.84

5.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars	As on April 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Capitalisation	As on March 31, 2023
Capital work - in progress	383.04	331.17	-	546.53	167.67
Total	383.04	331.17	-	546.53	167.67

Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule

Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars	C	Capital - work - in progress ageing schedule										
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years								
Projects in progress	8.84	-	-	-	8.84							
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-							
Total	8.84	-	-	-	8.84							

The carrying value of capital work-in-progress does not include any cost over and above the planned expenditure as approved by the competent authority.

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

6 Investment property

6.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars	Gross block				Depreciation				Net block	
	As on April 1, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments		As on April 1, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Hangar (Building)	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	416.64	91.26	-	507.91	808.02	899.29
Total	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	416.64	91.26	-	507.91	808.02	899.29

6.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars	Gross block				Depreciation				Net block	
	As on April 1, 2022	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments		As on April 1, 2022	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Hangar (Building)	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	325.38	91.26	-	416.64	899.29	990.55
Total	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	325.38	91.26	-	416.64	899.29	990.55

During the year, the Company has recognised rental income of INR 1,696.32 lakhs (March 31, 2023 - INR 1,600.30 lakhs) in the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for investment properties.

Investment properties is leased out under operating leases. Disclosure on future rent receivable is included in note 36.

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

7 Right of Use of Assets

7.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars	Gross block			Depreciation				Net block		
	As on April 1, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments		As on April 1, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Right of Use of Assets	45.52	-	-	45.52	8.35	9.10	-	17.45	28.07	37.17
Total	45.52	-	-	45.52	8.35	9.10	-	17.45	28.07	37.17

7.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars	Gross block				Depreciation				Net block	
	As on April 1, 2022	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As on April 1, 2022	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Right of Use of Assets	-	45.52	-	45.52	-	8.35	-	8.35	37.17	-
Total	-	45.52	-	45.52	-	8.35	-	8.35	37.17	-

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

8 Financial assets - Investments

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
a Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)		
Unquoted equity shares (non-trade, stated at cost)		
Katra Auto Engineering Private Limited - 50,000 shares	5.00	5.00
(Previous year 50,000) of INR 10/- each		
Capital contribution *	647.55	647.55
b Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)		
- Unquoted equity shares (non-trade, Stated At Fair Value through Other		
Comprehensive Income)		
Prive Avion Alliances Pvt Ltd 200 shares	69.43	-
(Previous year Nil) of INR 100/- each		
- Unquoted equity shares (non-trade, stated at cost)		
Altair Infrasec Pvt. Ltd 23,068 shares	2,000.00	-
(Previous year Nil) of INR 10/- each		
	2,721.98	652.55
* Long-term loan in nature of equity into 100% subsidiary.		
Classified As:		
Current	_	_
Non-current	2,721.98	652.55
Total financial assets - investments	2,721.98	652.55
	ļ=	

9 Other financial assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Security deposits	24.40	24.62
Balances with banks		
On unpaid dividend accounts	52.40	33.02
Total other financial assets	76.80	57.64

10 Other non-current assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance with revenue authorities	5.26	5.26
Capital advance to suppliers		
Total other non-current assets	5.26	5.26

11 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Unsecured		
Considered good	845.27	580.49
Credit impaired	0.26	0.26
Less: Bad-debts written off / Provision for bad-debts	(0.26)	(0.26)
	845.27	580.49
Further classified as:		
Receivables from related parties	-	-
Receivables from others	845.27	580.49
Total trade receivables	845.27	580.49

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Ageing of trade receivables

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
	less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Undisputed trade receivables - Considered good	805.92	2.21	2.14	12.20	22.80	845.27		
Undisputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Disputed trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Disputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-		

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
	less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Undisputed trade receivables - Considered good	536.48	-	22.08	16.34	5.59	580.49		
Undisputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.26		
Disputed trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Disputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-		

12 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	585.08	504.51
Margin money deposits with banks (Less than 3 months maturity)	-	9.41
Fixed deposits with banks (Less than 3 months maturity)	-	335.00
Cash on hand	-	0.10
Total cash and cash equivalents	585.08	849.03

13 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Margin money deposits with banks (more than 3 months maturity)	3.80	82.77
Fixed deposits with banks (more than 3 months maturity)	6.08	100.00
Total bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	9.88	182.77

14 Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advance income tax	115.18	110.51
[Net of provision for tax: INR 487.65 lakh; (March 31, 2023: INR 455.74 lakh)]		
Total current tax assets (net)	115.18	110.51

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

15 Other current assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advance to suppliers	83.67	17.85
Advance to staff	-	0.34
Prepaid expenses	6.99	5.53
Interest accrued but not due	0.23	17.41
Unbilled revenue	13.57	9.00
Total other current assets	104.46	50.13

16 Equity share capital

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Authorised		
4,00,00,000 (March 31, 2023 - 4,00,00,000) equity shares of INR 5/- each	2,000.00	2,000.00
10,00,000 (March 31, 2023 - 10,00,000) 15% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares	500.00	500.00
of INR 50/- each		
	2,500.00	2,500.00
Issued, subscribed and paid-up		
2,55,00,536 (March 31, 2023 - 2,49,30,736) equity shares of INR 5/- each fully paid-up	1,275.03	1,246.54
Total	1,275.03	1,246.54

(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars		As at March 31, 2024		at 1, 2023
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	2,49,30,736	1,246.54	2,49,30,736	1,246.54
Equity Shares issued during the year	5,69,800	28.49	-	-
Equity Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,55,00,536	1,275.03	2,49,30,736	1,246.54

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares of INR 5/- each. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. Dividend if any declared is payable in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Company has only one class of preference shares, there are no preference shares issued till date.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shares held by Holding Company and more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at		As	at
	March 31, 2024		March 3	1, 2023
	Number of	% of holding	Number of	% of holding
	shares	in the class	shares	in the class
Asscher Enterprises Limited	1,32,23,099	51.85	1,26,53,299	50.75
(Previously known as Indian Seamless Enterprises Limited)				

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

- (d) No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.
- (e) No class of shares have been bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.

(f) Shareholding of Promoters

Name of the Promoter	No of shares held	% of shares	% of change during the year
Salil Baldev Taneja	3,500	0.01%	-
Alka Metha	24,625	0.10%	0.02%
Vishkul Enterprises Private Limited	39,521	0.15%	-
Laurus Tradecon Private Limited	45,717	0.18%	-
Asscher Enterprises Limited	1,32,23,099	51.85%	1.10%

17 Other Equity

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(a)	Capital reserve		
	Opening balance	5.83	5.83
	Closing balance	5.83	5.83
	The Company recognises profit and loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments to capital reserve.		
(b)	Securities premium account		
	Opening balance	5,203.53	5,203.53
	Add: Securities premium credited on share issue	1,971.51	-
	Closing balance	7,175.04	5,203.53
	Securities premium account is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purpose such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.		
(c)	General reserve		
	Opening balance	1,271.86	1,271.86
	Closing balance	1,271.86	1,271.86
	The General reserve represents the adjustment on account of scheme of amalgamation approved by the High court in the FY 2009-10.		
(d)	Retained earnings		
	Opening balance	3,231.94	3,138.26
	Net Profit/(Net Loss) for the year	1,113.14	1,098.70
	Gains/ (losses) on Fair valuation of investment in equity instruments through OCI (net of taxes)	(27.39)	-
	Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)	(3.61)	(7.79)
		4,314.08	4,229.17
	Less: Interim dividend	(997.23)	(997.23)
	Closing balance	3,316.85	3,231.94
	Retained earnings represents undistributed accumulated earnings of the Company as at the Balance Sheet date.		
	Total Other equity	11,769.58	9,713.16

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

18 Other non-current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deposit from lessee	346.90	307.95
Deposit from customers	-	-
Total Other non-current financial liabilities	346.90	307.95

19 Provisions

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Non-current provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
(a)	Provision for gratuity (funded)	_	-
(b)	Provision for leave encashment (unfunded)	14.95	15.06
	Total Non-current provisions	14.95	15.06
	Current provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
(a)	Provision for gratuity (funded)	18.20	15.31
(b)	Provision for leave encashment (unfunded)	13.50	6.80
	Total Current provisions	31.70	22.10
	Total Provisions	46.65	37.16
I			

20 Other non-current liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deferred rental income	280.80	318.37
Total Other non-current liabilities	280.80	318.37

21 Current borrowings

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	Unsecured		
(a	Short-term borrowings from related parties * Total current borrowings		

^{*} During the previous year, the Company had obtained a short-term loan of INR 75 lakh (FY 2022-23 - INR Nil) from a related party to meet its working capital requirements. The loan is re-paid during the previous year. The loan carried an interest rate of 10% per annum.

22 Trade payables

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises*	80.05	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	40.05	148.73
Total trade payables	120.10	148.73

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Due to MSME	80.05	-	-	-	80.05	
Due to Others	7.99	8.24	-	23.81	40.05	
Disputed - Dues to MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed - Dues to Others	-	-	-	-	-	

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Due to MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Due to Others	126.99	18.91	2.83	-	148.73
Disputed - Dues to MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed - Dues to Others	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} The identification of micro, small and medium enterprise suppliers as defined under the provisions of "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" (MSMED Act) is based on confirmation received from suppliers. The Company has accrued INR Nil (March 31, 2023: INR Nil) towards interest payable to the vendors under the MSMED Act.

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
i.	The principal amount due thereon remaining unpaid as at the year end, interest amount due and remaining unpaid as at the year end		
	a) Principal	80.05	-
	b) Interest	-	-
Tota	al Control of the Con	80.05	
ii.	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
iii.	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-
iv.	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid as the year end in respect of principal amount settled during the year	-	-
V.	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

23 Other current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Expenses Payables ^	146.49	139.46
Employee related liabilities#	27.57	25.34
Unpaid dividend	52.40	33.02
Total Other current financial liabilities	226.46	197.83

[^] Includes INR Nil (March 31, 2023 : INR 0.54 lakh) sitting fees payable to directors.

24 Lease liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Right of use liability	30.34	37.48
Total Lease liabilities	30.34	37.48

25 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Statutory dues payable	127.22	108.94
Advance from customers	1.80	12.61
Deferred revenue	-	0.20
Deferred rental income	37.56	41.69
Total Other current liabilities	166.58	163.44

26 Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Services – Aviation		
Domestic conversion charges	193.64	325.95
Rental income, maintenance and other services	2,837.50	2,848.28
Training services	4.06	11.48
Total Revenue from operations	3,035.20	3,185.71

Performance obligations and remaining performance obligations

Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to long-term fixed price contracts that are partially or fully unsatisfied as on March 31, 2024 is INR 200.19 lakh (March 31, 2023 - INR 288.44 lakh) which the Company expects to recognize in year 2024-25.

27 Other income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Interest income	27.01	45.32
Write back of advances/ provisions	12.00	84.05
Miscellaneous income	10.24	1.41
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	1.59	8.37
Total Other income	50.85	139.14

[#] Includes INR Nil (March 31, 2023: INR 3.66 lakhs) due to Whole-time director.

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

28 Other direct costs

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Vendor charges	142.37	284.18
Total other direct costs	142.37	284.18

29 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	335.16	335.01
Contribution to provident and other funds	9.26	8.37
Gratuity	6.14	4.29
Staff welfare expenses	4.54	4.88
Total Employee benefits expense	355.09	352.55

30 Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Other finance costs	42.81	40.13
Interest on working capital loans	4.98	26.16
Total Finance costs	47.79	66.29

31 Depreciation and amortization expense

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Refer note 4)	271.25	196.47
Depreciation on investment properties (Refer note 6)	91.26	91.26
Depreciation on ROU asstes (Refer note 7)	9.10	8.35
Total Depreciation and amortization expense	371.61	296.08

32 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Power and fuel	4.69	4.73
Repairs and maintenance plant & equipment	122.41	303.96
Repairs and maintenance building	-	0.29
Repairs and maintenance others	20.37	21.92
Selling expenses	1.20	4.12
Rent	30.84	30.74
Rates & taxes	43.05	44.61
Insurance	12.93	9.70
Travelling & conveyance	28.00	32.41

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Outsourced Manpower Cost	60.23	51.26
CSR expenses (Refer note 45)	16.46	26.48
Provision for doubtful debts / Bad debts written off *	67.97	-
Foreign exchange variance expenses	-	3.08
Office & other administrative expenses	63.35	61.11
Sitting fees	9.00	7.00
Legal expenses	26.00	-
Professional & Consultancy charges	105.60	73.50
Auditors remuneration	6.79	6.96
Miscellaneous Expenses	_	-
Total Other expenses	618.88	681.87

^{*} Movement in provision for bad-debts during the year :

Details	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Opening provision	0.26	30.53
Add: Created during the year	-	-
Less: Written off during the year	(0.26)	(30.27)
Closing provision (Refer note 11)		0.26

^{*} Bad debts writen off during the year

Details	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Bad-debts written off during the year	68.22	30.27
Less: Transfer (from)/ to provision for bad-debts	(0.26)	(30.27)
Net balance	67.97	_

The following is the break-up of auditors remuneration (exclusive of taxes)

Details	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
As auditor:		
Statutory audit and limited review fees	6.50	6.50
In other capacity:		
Re-imbursement of expenses	0.29	0.46
Total	6.79	6.96

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

33 Tax expense:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(A) Deferred tax relates to the following:		
Deferred tax assets		
On employee benefits	86.80	101.90
On provision for doubtful debts	-	0.08
MAT credit entitlement	-	185.65
Fair valuation of Equity Instruments through OCI	3.18	-
Deferred tax liabilities		
On property, plant and equipment	(570.40)	(633.95)
	(480.43)	(346.33)
(B) Recognition of deferred tax asset to the extent of deferred tax liability		
Balance sheet		
Deferred tax asset	89.98	287.63
Deferred tax liabilities	(570.40)	(633.95)
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities), net	(480.43)	(346.33)
Deferred tax expenses / (credit) (as per Statement of Profit and Loss)	(46.87)	18.48
	(46.87)	18.48
(C) The reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:		
Tax expenses as per Statement of Profit & Loss		
Current tax	487.65	493.31
Adjustment for earlier years	(3.62)	(16.64)
Deferred tax	(46.87)	21.51
Sub Total	437.16	498.18
Income tax impact on OCI	(4.66)	(3.03)
Total	432.50	495.15
Profit from continuing operations before income-tax expense	1,550.30	1,596.88
Tax Rate	29.12%	29.12%
Tax computed using statutory tax rate	451.45	465.01
Tax effect of:		
Utilization of carry forward losses and depreciation	-	-
Adjustment for earlier years	(3.62)	(16.64)
Recognition of deferred taxes for earlier years	-	-
Difference in tax rates	_	-
Others	(15.33)	46.77
Income-tax expenses	432.50	495.15

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

34 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following table reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	1,113.14	546.89
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	2,49,93,009	2,49,30,736
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	2,49,93,009	2,49,30,736
Basic - Earnings per share (INR)	4.45	2.19
Diluted - Earnings per share (INR)	4.45	2.19

Diluted EPS is same as Basic EPS, as there are no outstanding potential shares as on date as well as in the corresponding previous year.

35 Employee benefits

(A) Defined contribution plans

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
During the year, the Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Employer's contribution to provident fund, family pension fund and other funds	9.26	8.37

(B) Defined benefit plans

a) Gratuity payable to employees

i) Actuarial assumptions

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Discount rate (per annum)	7.20%	7.50%	7.20%	7.50%
Rate of increase in salary	6%	6%	6%	6%
Expected average remaining working lives of employees (years)	10.38	11.69	11.48	11.69
Withdrawal rate	5%	5%	5%	5%
Retirement age	58 years	58 years	58 years	58 years
Mortality table	IALM (2012-14) ult	IALM (2012-14) ult	IALM (2012-14) ult	IALM (2012-14) ult

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

ii) Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	21.85	11.81	30.08	23.00
Interest cost	1.47	0.73	2.17	1.39
Past service cost	-	-	-	-
Current service cost	11.14	2.06	3.97	2.25
Curtailments	-	-	-	-
Settlements	-	-	-	-
Benefits paid	(4.57)	(3.42)	(2.40)	(7.38)
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(1.44)	10.68	5.10	10.82
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	28.45	21.85	38.92	30.08

iii) Changes in fair value of plan assets

Particulars	Leave Encashm	ent (Unfunded)	Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period	-	-	14.78	13.85
Interest income	-	-	1.21	0.73
Contributions	-	-	5.00	-
Mortality charges and taxes	-	-	(0.00)	(0.01)
Benefits paid	-	-	(2.40)	(7.38)
Return on plan assets excluding interest income - gain / (loss)	-	-	2.14	7.59
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period			20.72	14.78

iv) Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current service cost	11.14	2.06	3.97	2.25
Interest cost	1.47	0.73	2.17	1.39
Expected return on plan assets	-	-	(1.21)	(0.73)
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(1.44)	10.68	5.10	10.82
Total expenses recognized in the statement of profit and loss*	11.17	13.47	10.03	13.73

^{*}Included in employee benefits expense - Refer note 30. Actuarial (gain) / loss on gratuity of INR 5.10 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023: INR 10.82 lakhs) is included in other comprehensive income.

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

v) Assets and liabilities recognised in the Balance Sheet:

Particulars	Leave Encashm	ent (Unfunded)	Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Present value of unfunded obligation as at the end of the year	28.45	21.85	38.92	30.08
Less: Funded with Life Insurance Corporation	-	-	20.72	14.78
Unfunded net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	28.45	21.85	18.20	15.31

vi) The major categories of plans assets are as follows:

Particulars	Leave Encashm	nent (Unfunded)	Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fund managed by LIC of India	-	-	20.72	14.78
Total amount			20.72	14.78

vii) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

Particulars	Leave Encashm	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Impact on defined benefit obligation				
Discount rate				
1% increase	27.29	20.75	40.82	28.54
1% decrease	29.75	23.10	37.26	31.85
Salary rate				
1% increase	29.57	22.93	37.52	31.60
1% decrease	27.44	20.88	40.51	28.75
Withdrawal rate				
1% increase	29.26	23.05	38.76	30.25
1% decrease	27.53	20.49	39.06	29.89

viii) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity (Funded)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Year				
Upto one year	12.56	5.62	12.87	1.43
One to two years	1.87	4.06	5.52	12.41
Two to three years	0.85	1.31	0.84	5.15
More than three years	5.74	3.39	14.94	13.98

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

36 Leases

Operating leases where Company is a lessor:

The Company has entered into lease transactions mainly for leasing of hangars for a period of 25 years. The terms of lease include terms of renewal. The operating lease income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss amounts to INR 1696.32 lakhs (March 31, 2023 - INR 1600.30 lakhs) included in note 26.

Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Within one year	1,798.10	1,696.32
After one year but not more than five years	8,337.94	7,865.99
More than five years	9,702.15	11,972.21

37 Related party disclosures

(A) Names of related parties and description of relationship with the Company:

Ultimate Holding company	
Vishkul Enterprises Private Limited	

Holding company
Asscher Enterprises Limited (erstwhile known as Indian Seamless Enterprises Limited

Subsidiary company	
Katra Auto Engineering Private Limited	

Others entities under common control
Laurus Tradecon Private Limited (erstwhile known as Lighto Technologies Private Limited)
TAAL Enterprises Limited
TAAL Tech India Private Limited
Knox Investments Private Limited

Key Management Personnel (KMP)
Mr. Rakesh Duda (Managing Director)
Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph (Whole-time Director)
Mr. Mahendra Nalluri (Chief Financial Officer upto 22 January 2024)
Mrs. Ashwini Navare (Company Secretary)

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Dr. Prahlada Ramarao

Mr. Salil Taneja

Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph

Mr. Arvind Nanda

Mr. Muralidhar Chittetti Reddy

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

(B) Details of transactions and closing balances of related parties in the ordinary course of business for the year ended:

	Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(i)	Subsidiary company		
	Transactions during the year:		
	Loan in the nature of equity contribution advanced to subsidiary company	-	1.00
	Balance as at the year end		
	Investment	5.00	5.00
	Balance receivable (Loan in the nature of equity contribution) *	647.55	647.55
(ii)	Others entities under common control		
	Loans taken from related parties during the year		
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	75.00	-
	Loan re-paid to related parties during the year		
	- Taal Tech India Private Limited	-	300.00
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	75.00	-
	Re-imbursement for transactions incurred on behalf of the related parties		
	- TAAL Enterprises Limited (Interest paid)	3.98	15.91
	- TAAL Enterprises Limited (Fixed deposits)	312.00	-
	Interest paid		
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	1.00	-
	- Taal Tech India Private Limited	-	10.25
	Balance payable as at year end - Loans taken from related parties during		
	the year		
	- Taal Tech India Private Limited	-	-
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	-	-
	Balance payable as at year end		
	- TAAL Enterprises Limited	-	-
(iii)	Key Management Personnel (KMP)		
	Compensation of key management personnel		
	Managerial remuneration #		
	- Mr. Rakesh Duda	75.00	65.72
	- Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph	36.00	36.00
	- Mr. Mahendra Nalluri	26.50	23.31
	- Mrs. Ashwini Navare	10.85	7.00
	Director sitting fees		
	- Mr. Arvind Nanda	3.00	2.40
	- Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	2.90	2.30
	- Mr. Salil Taneja	1.70	0.80
	- Mr. Muralidhar Chittetti Reddy	1.40	1.50
	Balance payable as at the year end		
	- Mr. Arvind Nanda	-	0.18
	- Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	-	0.18
	- Mr. Muralidhar Chittetti Reddy	-	0.18
	- Mr. Mahendra Nalluri	-	1.95
	- Mrs. Ashwini Navare	0.52	0.78

^{*} This loan is interest-free and was given to the subsidiary for purchase of land.

[#] The Managerial remuneration excludes contribution to gratuity fund and provision for leave encashment as separate figures are not ascertainable for the managerial personnel. Further, the Company has not paid any commission to the managerial personnel.

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

38 Segment reporting

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) regularly monitors and review the operating results separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The Company operates only in one segment i.e. "Aerospace and Aviation". The Company operates predominantly within one geographical segment i.e. India and accordingly, this is considered as the only secondary segment.

Major customers

Revenue from one customer of the Company's aviation segment amounting to INR 1,957.64 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 1,835.22 lakh) is more than 10% of Company's total revenue.

39 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of other current financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, trade payables, short-term borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amounts because of the short term nature of these financial instruments.

The amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) of non-current financial liabilities consisting of security and other deposits are not significantly different from the carrying amounts.

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired include cash and cash equivalents, security deposits, term deposits and other financial assets.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

40 Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Level 1	Nil	Nil
Level 2	Nil	Nil
Level 3		
Financial assets measured at amortized cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	585.08	849.03
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	9.88	182.77
Trade receivables	845.27	580.49
Other financial assets	76.80	57.64
Investment - Subsidiary	652.55	652.55
Investment - Equity Shares	2,000.00	-
Total financial assets at amortized cost	4,169.59	2,322.47
Financial assets measured at FVOCI		
Investment - Equity Shares	69.43	-
Total financial assets measured at FVOCI	69.43	2,975.02

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost		
Borrowings	-	-
Trade payables	120.10	148.73
Other financial liabilities	573.36	505.78
Total financial liabilities at amortized cost	693.46	654.51

The fair values of deposits from lessee were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own and counterparty credit risk.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments in subsidiary, other financial assets, borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values.

41 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company is exposed to various financial risks. These risks are categorized into market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management is co-ordinated by the Board of Directors and focuses on securing long-term and short-term cash flows. The Company does not engage in trading of financial assets for speculative purposes.

(A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest-rate risk, currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings and derivative financial instruments.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company is no exposure towards interest rate risk, since no loans and borrowings as on date.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Company's functional currency).

The Company has no exposure towards foreign currency risk, since no foreign exchange receivables & payable as on date.

(B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Company's trade receivables from deposits with landlords and other statutory deposits with regulatory agencies and also arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk of cash held with banks by dealing with highly rated banks and institutions and retaining sufficient balances in bank accounts required to meet a month's operational costs. The Management reviews the bank accounts on regular basis and fund drawdowns are planned to ensure that there is minimal surplus cash in bank accounts. The Company does a proper financial and credibility check on the landlords before giving any property on lease and has not had a single instance of non-refund of security deposit on vacating the leased property. The Company also in some cases ensure that the notice period rentals are adjusted against the security deposits and only differential, if any, is paid out thereby further mitigating the non-realization risk. The Company does not foresee any credit risks on deposits with regulatory authorities.

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

The Company determines the allowance for credit losses based on historical loss, experience adjusted to reflect current and estimated future economic conditions. The Company considers current and anticipated future economic conditions relating to industries the Company deals with and where it operates.

(C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities:

Particulars	less than 12 months	1 to 4 years	More than 4 years	Total
March 31, 2024				
Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	120.10	-	-	120.10
Other financial liabilities - Current	226.46	-	_	226.46
Other financial liabilities - Non-current	346.90			346.90
	693.46	_	_	693.46
March 31, 2023				
Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	148.73	-	-	148.73
Other financial liabilities - Current	197.83	-	-	197.83
Other financial liabilities - Non-current	307.95	-	-	307.95
	654.51			654.51

42 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has distributed an interim dividend of INR 4/- per fully paid share to its shareholders. The Company monitors gearing ratio i.e. total debt in proportion to its overall financing structure i.e. equity and debt. Total debt comprises of non-current and current borrowing from banks. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

Dividends	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Equity shares		
Interim dividend for the year ended March 31, 2024 of INR 4.00/- (March 31, 2023 - INR 4.00/-) per fully paid-up share	997.23	997.23

		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total equity	(i)	13,044.60	10,959.70
Borrowings		-	-
Total debt	(ii)	-	-
Overall financing	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	13,044.60	10,959.70
Gearing ratio	(ii) / (iii)	-	-

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

43 A) Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:		
(i) Service Tax	-	124.37
(ii) Excise Duty	88.16	168.40
(iii) Others	170.00	170.00
	258.16	462.77

- (i) This relates to various excise duty demands received towards manufacture and supply of goods without payment of duty of INR 23.73 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 23.73 lakh) for the year 2012-13, INR 57.50 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 57.50 lakh) for the years 2013-14 to 2014-15 and INR 6.93 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 6.93 lakh) which are disputed by the Company. The Company has filed an appeal against these orders and the appeal is pending with the appellate authorities.
- (ii) This relates to damages claimed by a customer towards breach of contractual obligations of INR 170 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 170 lakh) during the year 2005-06 which are disputed by the Company in the City Civil Court of Bangalore.

Future cash outflows in respect of the above, if any, is determined only on receipt of judgement / decisions pending with relevant authorities. The Company does not expect the outcome of matters stated above to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, result of operations or cash flows.

B) Capital and other commitments (to the extent not provided for)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Ì	(a) Bank guarantees*	6.08	6.48

^{*} This relates to bank guarantees obtained by the Company to issue the same to its customers amounting to INR 6.08 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 6.48 lakh)

44 The Company considers its investment in and loan to subsidiary as strategic and long-term in nature and accordingly, in the view of the management, any decline in the value of such long-term investment in subsidiary is considered as temporary in nature and hence no provision for diminution in value is considered necessary.

45 Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure (CSR)

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
a)	Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	24.94	18.00

b) Details of amount spent towards CSR is as follows:

	Particulars	As at Marc	ch 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
		Paid	Yet to be paid	Paid	Yet to be paid	
(i)	Construction / acquisition of any asset	-	-	-	-	
(ii)	On purposes other than (i) above*	16.46	-	26.48	-	

^{*} the amount spent includes towards ambulance service, welfare of society and administration overheads.

c) There is no cumulative shortfall in CSR expenditure at the end of the year (March 31, 2023: Nil)

⁴⁶ During the year the Company has made an investment of INR 100 lakh in equity shares of Prive Avion Alliances Pvt. Ltd. Based on the valuation report, such investment have been measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) at INR 69.43 lakh as at March 31, 2024. The resulting difference of INR 27.39 lakh (net of deferred tax) has been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss account under OCI.

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

47 Ratios

Particulars	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23	% of change	Numerator	Denominator
Current ratio	2.89	3.11	-7.29%	Current assets	Current liabilities
Debt- equity ratio	-	-	-	Borrowings	Equity
Debt- service coverage ratio	NA	NA	-	Earnings available for debt service	Debt service
Return on equity ratio	9.27%	10.03%	-7.49%	Net profit after taxes	Average shareholders' equity
Inventory turnover ratio	NA	NA	-	Revenue from operations	Average inventory
Trade receivables turnover ratio	4.26	4.93	13.64%	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables
Trade payables turnover ratio	5.66	5.72	0.99%	Direct and indirect expenses	Average trade payables
Net capital turnover ratio	2.80	2.65	5.70%	Revenue from operations	Working capital
Net profit ratio	35.65%	34.24%	4.13%	Net profit	Revenue from operations
Return on capital employed	11.28%	14.71%	-23.32%	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital employed

48 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

(i) Details of benami property held

The Company does not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property.

(ii) Wilful defaulter

The Company have not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(iii) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(iv) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(vi) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(vii) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment and investment property or both during the current or previous year.

(viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

(ix) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 49 Previous period/ year's figures have been re-grouped/ re-classified wherever necessary in line with the amendments to Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd

CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	Rakesh Duda	Jitendra R. Muthiyan	Ashwini Navare
Chairman	Managing Director	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
DIN: 07548289	DIN: 05234273		Membership Number : A51288
Place : Bengaluru	Place : Bengaluru	Place : Bengaluru	Place : Bengaluru
Date: May 17, 2024	Date: May 17, 2024	Date: May 17, 2024	Date: May 17, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of

Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited

Report on the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion 1 Wa

- 1. We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited ('the Holding Company' or 'the Parent' or 'the Company') and its subsidiaries (the parent and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024 and the Consolidated Statement of Profit (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information ('the Consolidated Financial Statements').
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiary, as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Consolidated State of Affairs of the Group, as at 31 March 2024, and its Consolidated Profit And Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Changes in Equity and its Consolidated Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SAs') specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act, and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in the 'Other Matters' paragraph below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

- 5. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's annual report but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 7. In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed and based on the work done / audit report of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.
- 8. When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

9. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements, that give a true and fair view of the Consolidated State of Affairs, Consolidated Profit and Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Changes in Equity and Consolidated Cash Flows of the Group is in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds

and other irregularities; selection of the appropriate accounting software for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations including those related to retention of audit logs; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

- 10. In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 11. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 12. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 13. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- 13.1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 13.2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we

- are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- 13.3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- 13.4. Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 13.5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 13.6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 14. We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 15. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 16. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit

matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- 17. We did not audit the financial statements of one subsidiary, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 649.85 lakhs as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of Rs. Nil and net cash flows amounting to Rs. (0.24) lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary, and our report in terms of section 143(3) of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.
- 18. Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 19. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiary, as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- 19.1. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 19.2. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors except for the matters stated in paragraph 19.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the companies (Audit and Auditors)Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- 19.3. The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 19.4. In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules thereunder.

- 19.5. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2024, taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary company, incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies, incorporated in India are disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- 19.6. The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 19.2 above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 19.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014(as amended).
- 19.7. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A'.
- 19.8. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary company, incorporated in India which were not audited by us, the remuneration paid during the current year by the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, incorporated in India to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, incorporated in India is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act.
- 20. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph:
- 20.1. The Consolidated Financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2024 on the consolidated financial position of the Group, Refer Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements.
- 20.2. The Company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- 20.3. There has been no delay in transferring amounts required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and/or its subsidiary companies, incorporated in India during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- 20.4. The respective managements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any such

subsidiary, to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any such subsidiary, ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- 20.5. The respective managements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary, which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary, from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary, shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 20.6. Based on such audit procedures, that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us and those performed by auditors of the subsidiary incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or other auditors to believe that the representation under para 19.4 and 19.5 contain any material misstatement.
- 20.7. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the dividend declared and paid during the year by the Holding Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- 20.8. Based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by respective auditors of the subsidiary which are the companies incorporated in India whose financial statements

have been audited under the Act, the company, subsidiary have used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail facility (edit log) and the same has operated throughout the year from 06th April 2023 for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we and respective auditors of the above referred subsidiary did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

21. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('CARO') issued by Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and based on our consideration of CARO reports issued by respective auditors of the companies included in consolidated financial statements, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants (formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Praveen Kumar Daga

Partner Place: Bengaluru ICAI Membership No: 143762 Date: 17 May 2024 UDIN - 24143762BKBPCV7705

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' report on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph 19.7 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

Opinion

- In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Limited as of and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.
- 2. In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the Guidance Note').

Management's responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's responsibility

4. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company, its subsidiary, which are companies incorporated in India, internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing ('SA '), prescribed under section

- 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Those SAs and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the 'Other Matters' paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the consolidated Financial Statements

8. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matters

9. Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls system with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements in so far as it relates to 1 subsidiary company which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiary incorporated in India.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants (formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Praveen Kumar Daga

Partner ship No: 143762

Place: Bengaluru ICAI Membership No: 143762 Date: 17 May 2024 UDIN – 24143762BKBPCV7705

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS	110.	March 31, 2024	Maich 51, 2025
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	10,083.35	9,573.83
Capital work-in-progress	5	8.84	167.67
Investment property	6	808.02	899.29
Right of Use of Assets	7	28.07	37.17
Financial assets	· /	20.07	37.17
Investments	8	2,069.43	_
Other financial Assets	9	76.80	57.65
Other non-current assets	10	5.26	5.26
Total non-current assets	10	13,079.78	10,740.87
Current assets		10,075.70	10,770.07
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	11	845.27	580.49
Cash and cash equivalents	12	585.57	849.75
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	13	9.88	182.77
Current tax assets (net)	14	115.18	110.51
Other current assets	15	104.46	50.13
Total Current assets	13	1,660.37	1,773.65
Total Assets		14,740.15	12,514.52
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		=======================================	12,314.32
Equity			
Equity share capital	16	1,275.03	1,246.54
Other equity	17	11,766.80	9,710.47
Total Equity	1 /	13,041.83	10,957.01
Liabilities		15,041.05	10,937.01
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	18	346.90	307.95
Provisions	19	14.95	15.06
Deferred Tax liability (Net)	33	480.43	346.33
Other non-current liabilities	20	280.80	318.37
Total Non-current liabilities	20	1,123.08	987.71
Current liabilities			707.71
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	21	_	_
Trade payables	22	-	-
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	22	80.05	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		40.05	148.70
Other financial liabilities	23	226.52	198.06
Lease Liabilities	23	30.34	37.48
Other current liabilities	25	166.58	163.46
Provisions	19	31.70	22.10
Total Current liabilities	17	575.24	569.80
Total Liabilities		1,698.32	1,557.51
Total Equity and liabilities		14,740.15	12,514.52
		14,/40.15	12,314.32
Summary of material accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements			

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Praveen Kumar Daga

Partner

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621

Chairman

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Rakesh Duda Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Jitendra R. Muthiyan Ashwini Navare Managing Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Membership Number: 143762 DIN: 07548289 DIN: 05234273 Membership Number: A51288

Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	
Income				
Revenue from operations	26	3,035.20	3,185.71	
Other income	27	50.85	139.14	
Total Income		3,086.05	3,324.86	
Expenses				
Cost of material consumed		-	-	
Other direct costs	28	142.37	284.18	
Employee benefits expenses	29	355.09	352.55	
Finance costs	30	47.79	66.29	
Depreciation expenses	31	371.61	296.08	
Other expenses	32	618.94	681.98	
Total Expenses		1,535.81	1,681.08	
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,550.24	1,643.78	
Exceptional items		-	47.00	
Profit before tax		1,550.24	1,596.78	
Tax expense:	33			
Current tax				
Current tax		487.65	493.31	
Adjustment relating to earlier years		(3.62)	(16.64)	
Deferred tax		(46.87)	21.51	
Total income tax expense		437.16	498.18	
Profit for the year		1,113.08	1,098.60	
Other comprehensive income				
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period		-	-	
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods				
- Net gains/ (losses) on Fair Valuation of Equity Instruments through OCI		(30.57)	-	
- Income tax effect on Fair Valuation of Equity Instruments through OCI		3.18	-	
- Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans		(5.10)	(10.82)	
- Income tax effect on defined benefit plans		1.48	3.03	
Other comprehensive income for the year		(31.00)	(7.79)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,082.08	1,090.81	
Earnings per share	34			
Basic earnings per share (INR)		4.45	4.41	
Diluted earnings per share (INR)		4.45	4.41	
Summary of material accounting policies	2			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements				

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants**

Membership Number: 143762

Praveen Kumar Daga

Partner

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Chairman

DIN: 07548289

Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Rakesh Duda Jitendra R. Muthiyan Ashwini Navare Managing Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary DIN: 05234273 Membership Number: A51288

Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities	Water 31, 2024	Water 31, 2023
Profit before tax	1,550.24	1,596.77
Adjustments for:	,	,
Depreciation expenses	371.61	296.08
Finance costs	3.98	26.16
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipments	(1.59)	(8.37)
Provision for doubtful debts / Bad-debts written off	67.97	-
Interest expenses on Inter Corporate Deposit	1.00	_
Interest income	(27.01)	(45.32)
Other Comprehensive Income	(3.61)	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,962.59	1,865.32
Changes in working capital	<i>'</i>	,
(Decrease) / increase in trade payables, provisions and other liabilities	(5.55)	(104.73)
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables and other assets	(247.28)	95.50
Cash generated from operations	1,709.76	1,856.09
Income tax (paid) / refund (Net)	(304.55)	(270.59)
Net cash flows generated from operating activities (A)	1,405.21	1,585.50
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payment for property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress)	(622.08)	(356.13)
Payment for investments in equity shares	(2,100.00)	-
Proceeds from sale/ disposal of property, plant and equipments	1.75	600.00
Interest received	44.19	29.76
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities (B)	(2,676.14)	273.63
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issue of Equity Share Capital	28.49	-
Premium on issue of Equity Share Capital	1,971.51	-
Rent paid	(10.40)	(9.10)
Inter Corporate Deposit taken during the year	75.00	-
Repayment of current borrowings (Net)	(75.00)	(300.00)
Dividend paid	(977.85)	(968.62)
Interest paid	(4.98)	(26.16)
Net cash flows used in financing activities (C)	1,006.77	(1,303.88)
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(264.18)	555.25
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	849.75	294.50
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	585.57	849.75
Cash and cash equivalents comprise		
On current accounts	585.57	505.24
On fixed deposits with maturity of less than three months	-	344.41
Cash on hand	0.00	0.10
Total cash and cash equivalents	585.57	849.75
Summary of material accounting policies		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements		

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants**

Praveen Kumar Daga

Partner

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621

Chairman

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Rakesh Duda Jitendra R. Muthiyan Ashwini Navare Managing Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Membership Number: 143762 DIN: 07548289 DIN: 05234273 Membership Number: A51288

Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Place: Bengaluru Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024 Date: May 17, 2024

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

(A) Equity share capital

Particulars	As March 3	***	As March 3	at 31, 2023
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Equity shares of INR 5 each issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Opening	2,49,30,736	1,246.54	2,49,30,736	1,246.54
Add: Changes in equity share capital during the year	5,69,800	28.49	-	-
Closing	2,55,00,536	1,275.03	2,49,30,736	1,246.54

(B) Other equity

Particulars		Other	Equity		Items of Other com	prehensive income	Total
	Securities	Capital	General	Retained	Re-measurement	Fair Valuation	
	premium	reserve	reserve	earnings	of defined benefit	of Equity	
	reserve				liability	Instruments	
						through OCI	
Balance as on April 1, 2023	5,203.53	5.83	1,271.86	3,229.22	-	-	9,710.44
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,113.08	-	-	1,113.08
Add: Securities premium credited on	1,971.51	-	-	-	-	-	1,971.51
share issue							
Add: Other comprehensive income							
- Fair valuation of investment in	-	-	-	-	-	(30.57)	(30.57)
equity instruments							
- Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on	-	-	-	-	(5.10)	-	(5.10)
defined benefit plans					` ′		`
- Income-tax effect	-	-	-	-	1.48	3.18	4.66
Add: Transferred to retained earnings	-	-	-	(3.61)	3.61	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	1,971.51	_		1,109.47		(27.39)	3,053.59
Less: Interim dividend paid	_		_	(997.23)			(997.23)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	7,175.04	5.83	1,271.86	3,341.46		(27.39)	11,766.80
ĺ ,							

Particulars		Other	Equity		Items of Other com	prehensive income	Total
	Securities	Capital	General	Retained	Re-measurement	Fair Valuation of	
	premium	reserve	reserve	earnings	of defined benefit	Equity Instruments	
	reserve				liability	through OCI	
Balance as on April 1, 2022	5,203.53	5.83	1,271.86	3,135.68	-	-	9,616.90
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,098.60	-	-	1,098.60
Add: Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on	-	-	-	-	(10.82)	-	(10.82)
defined benefit plans							
- Income-tax effect	-	-	-	-	3.03	-	3.03
Add: Transferred to retained earnings	-	-	-	(7.79)	7.79	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	1,090.81	-	-	1,090.81
Less: Interim dividend paid	-	-	_	(997.23)	_	-	(997.23)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	5,203.53	5.83	1,271.86	3,229.25	-	-	9,710.47

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements

Dr. Prahlada Ramarao

Chairman

As per our report of even date attached.

For KKC & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Praveen Kumar Daga

Partner

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Rakesh Duda Jitendra R. Muthiyan Ashwini Navare Managing Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Membership Number: 143762 DIN: 07548289 DIN: 05234273 Membership Number: A51288

1 General Information

Taneja Aerospace & Aviation Ltd. ("TAAL" or the "parent company" or "the Company") together with its subsidiary (collectively, the "Group") is a public limited company incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 1956. TAAL is engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of various parts and components to aviation industry, providing services related to Airfield & Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul (MRO) and allied services.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group were approved in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 17, 2024.

2 Material accounting policies

Material accounting policies adopted by the Group are as under:

2.1 Basis of preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs amended the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 on March 24, 2021 to increase the transparency and provide additional disclosures to users of financial statements. These amendments are effective from April 01, 2021. Consequent to above, the Group has changed the classification/presentation of previous year balances to the extent applicable.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS.

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments)
- ii) Embedded derivative and
- iii) Asset classified as held for sale

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of services and the time between the rendering of service and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Group has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

(c) Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Refer note 3 for detailed discussion on estimates and judgments.

(d) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- ► The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting

or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- ► The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- ► The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights;
- ► The size of the group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent company i.e., year ended on March 31. When the end of the reporting period of the parent is different from that of a subsidiary, the subsidiary prepares, for consolidation purposes, additional financial information as of the same date as the financial statements of the parent to enable the parent to consolidate the financial information of the subsidiary, unless it is impracticable to do so.

Consolidation procedure:

(a) Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.

- (b) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill.
- (c) Eliminate in full intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant and equipment's are eliminated in full). Intra-group losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes" applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) are attributed to the equity shareholders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Details of subsidiary consolidated:

Name of the	Katra Auto Engineering Private
Company	Limited
Relationship	Direct Subsidiary
Country of	India
Incorporation	
Ownership Interest	March 31, 2024: 100%
held by the Parent	(March 31, 2023: 100%)
Accounting Period	April 1, 2023 - March 31, 2024
	(April 1, 2022 - March 31, 2023)
Audited /	Audited
Un-audited	

2.2 Property, plant and equipments

a) Property, plant and equipments are stated at their original cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipments comprises of its purchase price including duties, taxes, freight and any other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. However, cost excludes indirect taxes wherever credit of the duty or tax is availed of.

- b) All indirect expenses incurred during acquisition / construction of property, plant and equipments including interest cost on funds deployed for the property, plant and equipments are treated as incidental expenditure and are capitalised for the period until the asset is ready for its intended use.
- c) Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipments outstanding at each Balance Sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'.
- d) Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipments is capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.
- e) Considering the nature of business activity, Runway and Apron attached to Runway and hangerhas been treated as plant and equipment; and depreciation has been provided accordingly.
- f) Where a significant component (in terms of cost) of an asset has an economic useful life shorter than that of it's corresponding asset, the component is depreciated over it's shorter life.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives

Depreciation is provided on straight line method on building, plant and equipment and computer hardware and on written down value method on all other assets, based on the useful lives of assets as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on addition to property, plant and equipments is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Depreciation on sale / deletion of property, plant and equipments is provided for upto the date of sale, deduction or discard of property, plant and equipments as the case may be. In case of impairment, if any, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

Based on the technical experts assessment of useful life, following class of property, plant and equipments are being depreciated over useful lives different from the prescribed useful lives under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Management believes that such estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. These estimates are based on the technical evaluation which considered the nature and usage of the assets, the operating conditions of the assets, anticipated technological changes and maintenance support etc.

Property, plant and equipments	Useful Life
Plant and equipments	15-48 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	8-10 years
Office equipments	5 years

* Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lease period, which corresponds with the useful lives of the assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

2.3 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment properties are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation on investment properties is provided on a prorata basis on straight line method over the estimated useful lives based on the technical experts assessment of useful life. Management believes that such estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. These estimates are based on the technical evaluation which considered the nature and usage of the assets, the operating conditions of the assets, anticipated technological changes and maintenance support etc.

Investment Property	Useful Life
Hangar (Building)	18-25 years

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

2.4 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- ► In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- ► In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability accessible to Group.

Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- ► Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable;
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

2.5 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with customers, outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers.

The Group recognises revenue from operations based on five step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A Contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of Consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when the Group satisfies a performance obligation.

Rental income arising from operating leases (leases of hangar) is accounted for on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease terms based on agreement/contract entered into with the third party and is included in revenue in the Statement of Profit or Loss due to its operating nature.

Training fees received, being non-refundable, is accounted over the training period.

The Group presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and loss.

Revenue recognized in excess of billings is classified as contract assets (Unbilled revenue) included in other current financial assets.

Billings in excess of revenue recognized is classified as contract liabilities (Deferred revenue) included in other current liabilities.

Other Income

Interest Income is recognised on basis of effective interest method as set out in Ind AS 109 - "Financial Instruments", and where no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists. Group recognizes duty drawback and income from duty credit scrips only when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with and the duty drawback and duty credit scrips will be received. Commission income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.6 Taxes

Tax expense for the year comprising current tax, deferred tax and minimum alternate tax credit are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year.

(a) Current income tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(b) Minimum Alternate Tax

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The credit available under the income-tax act, in respect of MAT paid is recognised as asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income-tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set-off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

(c) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the Balance

Sheet approach on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements. Deferred income-tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income-tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income-tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.7 Leases

As a lessee

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease at the inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low-value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

As a lessor

Leases for which the group is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. For operating leases, rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease terms based on agreement/contract entered into with the third party and is included in revenue in the Statement of Profit or Loss due to its operating nature.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the group to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the companies net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Group assesses at each year end whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, Group estimates the assets recoverable amount and the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an assets carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and reflected in an allowance account. When Group considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through Statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value -in - use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value -in - use , the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash in flows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

2.9 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date.

These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. When there is an obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and cash equivalents includes deposits maintained by Group with banks, which can be withdrawn by Group at any point of time without prior notice or penalty on the principal. Cash and cash equivalents include restricted cash and bank balances. The restrictions are primarily on account of bank balances held as margin money deposits against guarantees.

2.11 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of the assets upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they are incurred.

2.12 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(a) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortized cost; or
- at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the Effective Interest Rate method (EIR).

Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains / (losses).

Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

The Group has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

Fair Value Through Profit or Loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109 - "Financial Instruments", Group applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and FVOCI.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, twelve month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on twelve month ECL.

Life time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The twelve month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within twelve months after the year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls) discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payment is more than 30 days past due.

(iv) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is de-recognized only when:

a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred; or

 retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is de-recognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not de-recognized.

(b) Financial liabilities

i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial guarantee contracts:

Financial guarantee contracts issued by Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to re-imburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

(iii) De-recognition

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

(c) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of Group or the counterparty.

2.13 Employee benefits

(a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the year in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services upto the end of the year and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet.

(b) Defined contribution plan

Group makes defined contribution to provident fund and superannuation fund, which are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis. Group has no further obligations under these plans beyond its monthly contributions.

Employee's State Insurance Scheme: Contribution towards employees' state insurance scheme is made to the regulatory authorities, where Group has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as defined contribution schemes as Group does not carry any further obligations apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity: Group provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the 'Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment of an amount based on the respective employee's salary. Group's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses / (gains) are recognized in the other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

(d) Other long term employee benefits

Compensated Absences: Accumulated compensated absences which are expected to be availed or encased within twelve months from the end of the year are treated as short-term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end.

Accumulated compensated absences which are expected to be availed or encased beyond twelve months from the end of the year are treated as other long-term employee benefits. Group's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses / (gains) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

Leaves under define benefit plans can be encashed only on discontinuation of service by employee.

(e) Termination benefits

Liability for termination benefits like expenditure on Voluntary Retirement Scheme/ Retrenchment is recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of termination benefit or when the Group recognises any related restructuring costs.

2.14 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining Group's earnings per share is the net profit or loss for the year after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the year (if any). The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all the years presented is

adjusted for events that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.15 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker regularly monitors and reviews the operating results separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. Segments are identified having regard to the dominant source and nature of risks and returns and internal organization and management structure. The Group has considered business segments as the primary segments for disclosure. The business segment in which the Group operates is 'Aerospace and Aviation'. The Group does not have any geographical segment. The accounting principles used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in the individual segment and are as set out in the material accounting policies.

Thus, as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, the Company operates in a single business segment of aerospace and aviation.

2.16 Rounding off amounts

All amounts disclosed in financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per requirement of Schedule III of the Act, unless otherwise stated.

3 Accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions and recent pronouncements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future years.

3.1 Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year end date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(a) Defined Benefits and other long term benefits

The cost of the defined benefit plans such as gratuity and leave encashment are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each year end

The principal assumptions are the discount and salary growth rate. The discount rate is based upon the market yields available on government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of liabilities. Salary increase rate takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long-term basis.

3.2 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1, 2022, as below:

(a) Ind AS 103 – Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Group does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its consolidated financial statements.

(b) Ind AS 16 – Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and

related cost in profit or loss. The Group does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its consolidated financial statements.

(c) Ind AS 37 – Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Group does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its consolidated financial statements.

(d) Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Group does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its consolidated financial statements.

(e) Ind AS 116 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Group does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its consolidated financial statements.

3.3 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023

(a) Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financials Statements

This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Group has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Group has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statements.

(c) Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Group has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statements

3.4 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Group.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

4.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars		Gross	block			Dep		Net block		
	As on April 1, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As on April 1, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Owned assets										
Freehold land	7,225.85	437.27	-	7,663.12	-	-	-	-	7,663.12	7,225.85
Buildings	464.29	260.29	-	724.58	142.40	22.48	-	164.87	559.71	321.89
Plant and equipments	2,940.24	15.50	-	2,955.74	1,193.89	147.93	-	1,341.82	1,613.92	1,746.35
Furniture and fixtures	5.11	-	-	5.11	3.10	0.01	-	3.11	2.00	2.01
Office equipments	25.45	3.68	13.55	15.59	23.07	1.43	13.55	10.95	4.63	2.38
Computer hardware	16.25	0.51	2.14	14.62	13.75	0.81	2.14	12.42	2.20	2.50
Vehicles	333.44	63.66	15.45	381.65	60.57	98.60	15.29	143.88	237.77	272.86
Total	11,010.62	780.91	31.14	11,760.40	1,436.78	271.25	30.97	1,677.05	10,083.35	9,573.83

4.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars		Gross	block			Dep		Net block		
	As on April 1, 2022	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As on April 1, 2022	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Owned assets										
Freehold Land	7,225.85	-	-	7,225.85	-	-	-	-	7,225.85	7,225.85
Buildings	464.29	-	-	464.29	124.62	17.77	-	142.40	321.89	339.67
Plant and Equipment	2,657.38	282.85	-	2,940.24	1,054.50	139.39	-	1,193.89	1,746.35	1,602.88
Furniture and fixtures	5.11	-	-	5.11	2.83	0.29	-	3.10	2.01	2.28
Office Equipment	25.45	-	-	25.45	22.57	0.49	-	23.07	2.38	2.88
Computer - Hardware	15.21	1.04	-	16.25	12.82	0.93	-	13.75	2.50	2.39
Vehicles	45.83	287.61	-	333.44	22.97	37.60	-	60.57	272.86	22.85
Total	10,439.12	571.50	-	11,010.62	1,240.32	196.47	-	1,436.78	9,573.83	9,198.80

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

4.3 Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/ director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, plant and equipment	Freehold Land	198.08 (March 31, 2023 - 198.08 lakh)	HRCE, Arulmigu Shree Basaveshwara Swamy, Arulmigu Bettadamma Temple, Arulmigu Shree Palagai Karagam Temple, Arulmigu Uttammakaragam Temple	No	FY 2016-17	Pending with Tamil Nadu Government Authorities to transfer title deeds

5 Capital work-in-progress

5.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars	As on April 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Capitalisation	As on March 31, 2024
Capital work - in progress	167.67	93.16	-	251.99	8.84
Total	167.67	93.16	-	251.99	8.84

5.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars	As on April 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions/ Adjustments	Capitalisation	As on March 31, 2023
Capital work - in progress	383.04	331.17	-	546.53	167.67
Total	383.04	331.17	-	546.53	167.67

Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule

Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars	C	apital - work - in pro	ogress ageing schedu	ile	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	8.84	-	-	-	8.84
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8.84	-	-	-	8.84

The carrying value of capital work-in-progress does not include any cost over and above the planned expenditure as approved by the competent authority.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

6 Investment property

6.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars		Gross	s block	Gross block					Net block		
	As on April 1, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments		As on April 1, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Hangar (Building)	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	416.64	91.26	-	507.91	808.02	899.29	
Total	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	416.64	91.26	-	507.91	808.02	899.29	

6.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars		Gross	s block		Depreciation				Net block		
	As on April 1, 2022	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments		As on April 1, 2022	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Hangar (Building)	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	325.38	91.26	-	416.64	899.29	990.55	
Total	1,315.93	-	-	1,315.93	325.38	91.26	-	416.64	899.29	990.55	

During the year, the Company has recognised rental income of INR 1,696.32 lakhs (March 31, 2023 - INR 1,600.30 lakhs) in the Consolidaed Statement of Profit and Loss for investment properties.

Investment properties is leased out under operating leases. Disclosure on future rent receivable is included in note 36.

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

7 Right of Use of Assets

7.1 Financial Year 2023-24

Particulars		Gross block				Dej		Net block		
	As on April 1, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments		As on April 1, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Right of Use of Assets	45.52	-	-	45.52	8.35	9.10	-	17.45	28.07	37.17
Total	45.52	-	-	45.52	8.35	9.10	-	17.45	28.07	37.17

7.2 Financial Year 2022-23

Particulars		Gross	s block		Depreciation				Net block		
	As on April 1, 2022	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As on April 1, 2022	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Right of Use of Assets	-	45.52	-	45.52	-	8.35	-	8.35	37.17	-	
Total	-	45.52	-	45.52	-	8.35	-	8.35	37.17	-	

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

8 Financial assets - Investments

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
a	Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)	Wiaich 31, 2024	Water 31, 2023
	- Unquoted equity shares (non-trade, Stated At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income)		
	Prive Avion Alliances Pvt Ltd 200 shares (Previous year Nil) of INR 100/- each	69.43	-
	- Unquoted equity shares (non-trade, stated at cost)		
	Altair Infrasec Pvt. Ltd 23,068 shares (Previous year Nil) of INR 10/- each	2,000.00	-
		2,069.43	
	Classified as:		
	Current	-	-
	Non-current	2,069.43	-
	Total financial assets - investments	2,069.43	

9 Other financial assets

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Security deposits	24.40	24.63	
Balances with banks			
On unpaid dividend accounts	52.40	33.02	
Total other financial assets	76.80	57.65	

10 Other non-current assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance with revenue authorities	5.26	5.26
Capital advance to suppliers	-	-
Total other non-current assets	5.26	5.26

11 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Unsecured		
Considered good	845.27	580.49
Credit impaired	0.26	0.26
Less: Bad-debts written off / Provision for bad-debts	(0.26)	(0.26)
	845.27	580.49
Further classified as:		
Receivables from related parties	-	-
Receivables from others	845.27	580.49
Total trade receivables	845.27	580.49

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Ageing of trade receivables

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables - Considered good	805.92	2.21	2.14	12.20	22.80	845.27
Undisputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.26
Disputed trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables - Considered good	536.48	-	22.08	16.34	5.59	580.49
Undisputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.26
Disputed trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-

12 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	585.57	505.24
Margin money deposits with banks (Less than 3 months maturity)	-	9.41
Fixed deposits with banks (Less than 3 months maturity)	-	335.00
Cash on hand	0.00	0.10
Total cash and cash equivalents	585.57	849.75

13 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Margin money deposits with banks (more than 3 months maturity)	3.80	82.77
Fixed deposits with banks (more than 3 months maturity)	6.08	100.00
Total bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	9.88	182.77

14 Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advance income tax	115.18	110.51
[Net of provision for tax: INR 487.65 lakh; (March 31, 2023: INR 455.74 lakh)]		
Total current tax assets (net)	115.18	110.51

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

15 Other current assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advance to suppliers	83.67	17.85
Advance to staff	-	0.34
Prepaid expenses	6.99	5.53
Interest accrued but not due	0.23	17.41
Unbilled revenue	13.57	9.00
Total other current assets	104.46	50.13

16 Equity share capital

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Authorised		
4,00,00,000 (March 31, 2023 - 4,00,00,000) equity shares of INR 5/- each	2,000.00	2,000.00
10,00,000 (March 31, 2023 - 10,00,000) 15% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares	500.00	500.00
of INR 50/- each		
	2,500.00	2,500.00
Issued, subscribed and paid-up		
2,55,00,536 (March 31, 2023 - 2,49,30,736) equity shares of INR 5/- each fully paid-up	1,275.03	1,246.54
Total	1,275.03	1,246.54

(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars		As at March 31, 2024		at 1, 2023
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	2,49,30,736	1,246.54	2,49,30,736	1,246.54
Equity Shares issued during the year	5,69,800	28.49	-	-
Equity Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,55,00,536	1,275.03	2,49,30,736	1,246.54

(b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares of INR 5/- each. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. Dividend if any declared is payable in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Company has only one class of preference shares, there are no preference shares issued till date.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shares held by Holding Company and more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at		As at As at	
	March 31, 2024		March 3	1, 2023
	Number of	% of holding	Number of	% of holding
	shares	in the class	shares	in the class
ASSCHER ENTERPRISES LIMITED	1,32,23,099	51.85	1,26,53,299	50.75
(Previously known as Indian Seamless Enterprises Limited)				

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

- (d) No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.
- (e) No class of shares have been bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.

(f) Shareholding of Promoters

Name of the Promoter	No of shares held	% of shares	% of change during the year
Salil Baldev Taneja	3,500	0.01%	-
Alka Metha	24,625	0.10%	0.02%
Vishkul Enterprises Private Limited	39,521	0.15%	-
Laurus Tradecon Private Limited	45,717	0.18%	-
Asscher Enterprises Limited	1,32,23,099	51.85%	1.10%

17 Other Equity

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(a)	Capital reserve		
	Opening balance	5.83	5.83
	Closing balance	5.83	5.83
	The Company recognises profit and loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments to capital reserve.		
(b)	Securities premium account		
	Opening balance	5,203.53	5,203.53
	Add: Securities premium credited on share issue	1,971.51	-
	Closing balance	7,175.04	5,203.53
	Securities premium account is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purpose such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.		
(c)	General reserve		
	Opening balance	1,271.86	1,271.86
	Closing balance	1,271.86	1,271.86
	The General reserve represents the adjustment on account of scheme of amalgamation approved by the High court in the FY 2009-10		
(d)	Retained earnings		
	Opening balance	3,229.22	3,135.67
	Net Profit/(Net Loss) for the year	1,113.08	1,098.60
	Fair valuation of investment in equity instruments through OCI	(27.39)	-
	Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans (net)	(3.61)	(7.79)
		4,311.30	4,226.48
	Less: Interim dividend	(997.23)	(997.23)
	Closing balance	3,314.07	3,229.25
	Retained earnings represents undistributed accumulated earnings of the Company as at the Balance Sheet date.		
	Total Other equity	11,766.80	9,710.47

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

18 Other non-current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deposit from lessee	346.90	307.95
Deposit from customers		-
Total Other non-current financial liabilities	346.90	307.95

19 Provisions

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Non-current provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
(a)	Provision for gratuity (funded)	-	-
(b)	Provision for leave encashment (unfunded)	14.95	15.06
	Total Non-current provisions	14.95	15.06
	Current provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
(a)	Provision for gratuity (funded)	18.20	15.31
(b)	Provision for leave encashment (unfunded)	13.50	6.80
	Total Current provisions	31.70	22.10
	Total Provisions	46.65	37.16

20 Other non-current liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Deferred rental income	280.80	318.37
Total Other non-current liabilities	280.80	318.37

21 Current borrowings

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Unsecured		
(a)	Short-term borrowings from related parties *	-	-
	Total current borrowings	_	-

^{*} During the previous year, the Holding Company had obtained a short-term loan of INR 75 lakh (FY 2022-23 - INR Nil) from a related party to meet its working capital requirements. The loan is re-paid during the previous year. The loan carried an interest rate of 10% per annum.

22 Trade payables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises*	80.05	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	40.05	148.70
Total trade payables	120.10	148.70

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Due to MSME	80.05	-	-	-	80.05	
Due to Others	7.99	8.24	-	23.81	40.05	
Disputed - Dues to MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed - Dues to Others	-	-	-	-	-	

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			Total	
	less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Due to MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Due to Others	126.96	18.91	2.83	-	148.70
Disputed - Dues to MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed - Dues to others	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} The identification of micro, small and medium enterprise suppliers as defined under the provisions of "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" (MSMED Act) is based on confirmation received from suppliers. The Group has accrued INR Nil (March 31, 2023: INR Nil) towards interest payable to the vendors under the MSMED Act.

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
i.	The principal amount due thereon remaining unpaid as at the year end, interest amount due and remaining unpaid as at the year end		
	a) Principal	80.05	-
	b) Interest	-	-
Tota	ıl	80.05	
ii.	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
iii.	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-
iv.	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid as the year end in respect of principal amount settled during the year	-	-
V.	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

23 Other current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Expenses Payables ^	146.55	139.70
Unpaid dividend	52.40	33.02
Employee related liabilities#	27.57	25.34
Total Other current financial liabilities	226.52	198.06

[^] Includes INR Nil (March 31, 2023 : INR 0.54 lakh) sitting fees payable to directors

24 Lease liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Right of use liability	30.34	37.48
Total Lease liabilities	30.34	37.48

25 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Statutory dues payable	127.22	108.94
Deferred rental income	37.56	41.69
Advance from customers	1.80	12.63
Deferred revenue		0.20
Total Other current liabilities	166.58	163.46
	166.58	

26 Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Services – Aviation		
Domestic conversion charges	193.64	325.95
Rental income, maintenance and other services	2,837.50	2,848.28
Training services	4.06	11.48
Total Revenue from operations	3,035.20	3,185.71

Performance obligations and remaining performance obligations

Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to long-term fixed price contracts that are partially or fully unsatisfied as on March 31, 2024 is INR 200.19 lakh (March 31, 2023 - INR 288.44 lakh) of which the Company expects to recognize in year 2024-25.

27 Other income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Interest income	27.01	45.32
Write back of advances/ provisions	12.00	84.05
Miscellaneous income	10.24	1.41
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	1.59	8.37
Total Other income	50.85	139.14

[#] Includes INR Nil (March 31, 2023: INR 3.66 lakhs) due to Whole-time director

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

28 Other direct costs

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Vendor charges	142.37	284.18
Total other direct costs	142.37	284.18
Total other direct costs	142.07	

29 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Salaries, wages, bonus and other allowances	335.16	335.01
Contribution to provident and other funds	9.26	8.37
Gratuity	6.14	4.29
Staff welfare expenses	4.54	4.88
Total Employee benefits expense	355.09	352.55

30 Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Other finance costs	42.81	40.13
Interest on working capital loans	4.98	26.16
Total Finance costs	47.79	66.29

31 Depreciation and amortization expense

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Refer note 4)	271.25	196.47
Depreciation on investment properties (Refer note 6)	91.26	91.26
Depreciation on ROU asstes (Refer note 7)	9.10	8.35
Total Depreciation and amortization expense	371.61	296.08

32 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Repairs and maintenance plant & equipment	122.41	303.96
Professional & Consultancy charges	105.60	73.62
Provision for doubtful debts / Bad debts written off *	67.97	-
Office & other administrative expenses	63.35	61.11
Outsourced Manpower Cost	60.23	51.26
Rates & taxes	43.05	44.61
Rent	30.84	30.74
Travelling & conveyance	28.00	32.41
Legal expenses	26.00	-

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Repairs and maintenance others	20.37	21.92
CSR expenses (Refer note 45)	16.46	26.48
Insurance	12.93	9.70
Sitting fees	9.00	7.00
Auditors remuneration	6.85	6.96
Power and fuel	4.69	4.73
Selling expenses	1.20	4.12
Foreign exchange variance expenses	-	3.08
Repairs and maintenance building	-	0.29
Total Other expenses	618.94	681.98

^{*} Movement in provision for bad-debts during the year :

Details	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Opening provision	0.26	30.53
Add: Created during the year	-	-
Less: Written off during the year	(0.26)	(30.27)
Closing provision (Refer note 11)		0.26

^{*} Bad debts writen off during the year

Details	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Bad-debts written off during the year	68.22	30.27
Less: Transfer (from)/ to provision for bad-debts	(0.26)	(30.27)
Net Balance	67.97	

The following is the break-up of Auditors remuneration (exclusive of taxes)

Details	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
As auditor:		
Statutory audit and limited review fees	6.56	6.50
In other capacity:		
Re-imbursement of expenses	0.29	0.46
Total	6.85	6.96

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

33 Tax expense:

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(A)	Deferred tax relates to the following:		
	Deferred tax assets		
	On employee benefits	86.80	101.90
	On provision for doubtful debts	-	0.08
	MAT credit entitlement	-	185.65
	Fair valuation of Equity Instruments through OCI	3.18	-
	Deferred tax liabilities		
	On property, plant and equipment	(570.40)	(633.95)
		(480.43)	(346.33)
(B)	Recognition of deferred tax asset to the extent of deferred tax liability		
	Balance sheet		
	Deferred tax asset	89.98	287.63
	Deferred tax liabilities	(570.40)	(633.95)
	Deferred tax assets / (liabilities), net	(480.43)	(346.33)
	Deferred tax expenses / (credit) (as per Statement of Profit and Loss)	(46.87)	18.48
		(46.87)	18.48
(C)	The reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate :		
	Tax expenses as per Statement of Profit & Loss		
	Current tax	487.65	493.31
	Adjustment for earlier years	(3.62)	(16.64)
	Deferred tax	(46.87)	21.51
	Sub Total	437.16	498.18
	Income tax impact on OCI	(4.66)	(3.03)
	Total	432.50	495.15
	Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	1,550.24	1,596.78
	Tax Rate	29.12%	29.12%
	Tax computed using statutory tax rate	451.43	465.01
	Tax effect of:		
	Utilization of carry forward losses and depreciation	-	-
	Adjustment for earlier years	(3.62)	(16.64)
	Recognition of deferred taxes for earlier years	-	-
	Difference in tax rates	-	-
	Others	(15.31)	46.77
	Income-tax expenses	432.50	495.15

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

34 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following table reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	1,113.08	1,098.60
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	2,49,93,009	2,49,30,736
Effect of dilution:	-	-
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	2,49,93,009	2,49,30,736
Basic - Earnings per share (INR)	4.45	4.41
Diluted - Earnings per share (INR)	4.45	4.41

Diluted EPS is same as Basic EPS, as there are no outstanding potential shares as on date as well as in the corresponding previous year.

35 Employee benefits

(A) Defined contribution plans

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
During the year, the Group has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Employer's contribution to provident fund, family pension fund and other funds	9.26	8.37

(B) Defined benefit plans

a) Gratuity payable to employees

i) Actuarial assumptions

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Unfunded) Gratuity (Funded)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Discount rate (per annum)	7.20%	7.50%	7.20%	7.50%
Rate of increase in salary	6%	6%	6%	6%
Expected average remaining working lives of employees (years)	10.38	11.69	11.48	11.69
Withdrawal rate	5%	5%	5%	5%
Retirement age	58 years	58 years	58 years	58 years
Mortality table	IALM (2012-14) ult	IALM (2012-14) ult	IALM (2012-14) ult	IALM (2012-14) ult

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

ii) Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	21.85	11.81	30.08	23.00
Interest cost	1.47	0.73	2.17	1.39
Past service cost	-	-	-	-
Current service cost	11.14	2.06	3.97	2.25
Curtailments	-	-	-	-
Settlements	-	-	-	-
Benefits paid	(4.57)	(3.42)	(2.40)	(7.38)
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(1.44)	10.68	5.10	10.82
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	28.45	21.85	38.92	30.08

iii) Changes in fair value of plan assets

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period	-	-	14.78	13.85
Interest income	-	-	1.21	0.73
Contributions	-	-	5.00	-
Mortality charges and taxes	-	-	(0.00)	(0.01)
Benefits paid	-	-	(2.40)	(7.38)
Return on plan assets excluding interest income - gain / (loss)	-	-	2.14	7.59
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period			20.72	14.78

iv) Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current service cost	11.14	2.06	3.97	2.25
Interest cost	1.47	0.73	2.17	1.39
Expected return on plan assets	-	-	(1.21)	(0.73)
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(1.44)	10.68	5.10	10.82
Total expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss*	11.17	13.47	10.03	13.73

^{*}Included in employee benefits expense - Refer note 30. Actuarial (gain) / loss on gratuity of INR 5.10 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023: INR 10.82 lakhs) is included in other comprehensive income.

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

v) Assets and liabilities recognised in the Balance Sheet:

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity	(Funded)
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Present value of unfunded obligation as at the end of the year	28.45	21.85	38.92	30.08
Less: Funded with Life Insurance Corporation	-	-	20.72	14.78
Unfunded net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	28.45	21.85	18.20	15.31

vi) The major categories of plans assets are as follows:

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity (Funded)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fund managed by LIC of India	-	-	20.72	14.78
Total amount			20.72	14.78

vii) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

Particulars	Leave Encashm	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity (Funded)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Impact on defined benefit obligation	2021				
Discount rate					
1% increase	27.29	20.75	40.82	28.54	
1% decrease	29.75	23.10	37.26	31.85	
Salary rate					
1% increase	29.57	22.93	37.52	31.60	
1% decrease	27.44	20.88	40.51	28.75	
Withdrawal rate					
1% increase	29.26	23.05	38.76	30.25	
1% decrease	27.53	20.49	39.06	29.89	

viii) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Gratuity (Funded)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Year				
Upto one year	12.56	5.62	12.87	1.43
One to two years	1.87	4.06	5.52	12.41
Two to three years	0.85	1.31	0.84	5.15
More than three years	5.74	3.39	14.94	13.98

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

36 Leases

Operating leases where Company is a lessor:

The Company has entered into lease transactions mainly for leasing of hangars for a period of 25 years. The terms of lease include terms of renewal. The operating lease income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss amounts to INR 1696.32 lakhs (March 31, 2023 - INR 1600.30 lakh) included in note 26.

Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Within one year	1,798.10	1,696.32
After one year but not more than five years	8,337.94	7,865.99
More than five years	9,702.15	11,972.21

37 Related party disclosures

(A) Names of related parties and description of relationship with the Company:

Ultimate Holding company
Vishkul Enterprises Private Limited

Holding company	
Asscher Enterprises Limited (Estwhile known as Indian Seamless Enterprises Limited	

Others entities under common control
Laurus Tradecon Private Limited (erstwhile known as Lighto Technologies Private Limited)
TAAL Enterprises Limited
TAAL Tech India Private Limited
Knox Investments Private Limited

Key Management Personnel (KMP)
Mr. Rakesh Duda (Managing Director)
Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph (Whole-time Director)
Mr. Mahendra Nalluri (Chief Financial Officer upto 22 January 2024)
Mrs. Ashwini Navare (Company Secretary)

Dimentana			
Directors			

Dr. Prahlada Ramarao Mr. Salil Taneja

Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph

Mr. Arvind Nanda

Mr. Muralidhar Chittetti Reddy

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

(B) Details of transactions and closing balances of related parties in the ordinary course of business for the year ended:

	Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(ii)	Others entities under common control		
	Loans taken from related parties during the year		
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	75.00	-
	Loan re-paid to related parties during the year		
	- Taal Tech India Private Limited	-	300.00
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	75.00	-
	Interest paid		
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	1.00	-
	- Taal Tech India Private Limited	-	10.25
	Re-imbursement for transactions incurred on behalf of the related parties		
	- TAAL Enterprises Limited (Interest paid)	3.98	15.91
	- TAAL Enterprises Limited (Fixed deposits)	312.00	-
	Balance payable as at year end - Loans taken from related parties during		
	the year		
	- Taal Tech India Private Limited	-	-
	- Asscher Enterprises Limited	-	-
	Balance payable as at year end		
	- TAAL Enterprises Limited	-	-
(iii)	Key Management Personnel (KMP)		
	Compensation of key management personnel		
	Managerial remuneration #		
	- Mr. Rakesh Duda	75.00	65.72
	- Mrs. Rahael Shobhana Joseph	36.00	36.00
	- Mr. Mahendra Nalluri	26.50	23.31
	- Mrs. Ashwini Navare	10.85	7.00
	Director sitting fees		
	- Mr. Arvind Nanda	3.00	2.40
	- Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	2.90	2.30
	- Mr. Salil Taneja	1.70	0.80
	- Mr. Muralidhar Chittetti Reddy	1.40	1.50
	Balance payable as at the year end		
	- Mr. Arvind Nanda	-	0.18
	- Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	-	0.18
	- Mr. Muralidhar Chittetti Reddy	-	0.18
	- Mr. Mahendra Nalluri	-	1.95
	- Mrs. Ashwini Navare	0.52	0.78

[#] The Managerial remuneration excludes contribution to gratuity fund and provision for leave encashment as separate figures are not ascertainable for the managerial personnel. Further, the Company has not paid any commission to the managerial personnel.

38 Segment reporting

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) regularly monitors and review the operating results separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The Group operates only in one segment i.e. "Aerospace and Aviation". The Group operates predominantly within one geographical segment i.e. India and accordingly, this is considered as the only secondary segment.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

Major customers

Revenue from one customer of the Company's aviation segment amounting to INR 1,957.64 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 1,835.22 lakh) is more than 10% of Company's total revenue.

39 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of other current financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, trade payables, short-term borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amounts because of the short term nature of these financial instruments.

The amortized cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) of non-current financial liabilities consisting of security and other deposits are not significantly different from the carrying amounts.

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired include cash and cash equivalents, security deposits, term deposits and other financial assets.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading in other comprehensive income.

40 Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Level 1	Nil	Nil
Level 2	Nil	Nil
Level 3		
Financial assets measured at amortized cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	585.57	849.75
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	9.88	182.77
Trade receivables	845.27	580.49
Other financial assets	76.80	57.65
Investment - Equity Shares	2,000.00	-
Total Financial assets at amortized cost	3,517.53	1,670.66
Financial assets measured at FVOCI		
Investment - Equity Shares	69.43	-
Total Financial assets measured at FVOCI	69.43	_
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost		
Borrowings	-	-
Trade payables	120.10	148.70
Other financial liabilities	573.42	506.01
Total Financial liabilities at amortized cost	693.52	654.72

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

The fair values of deposits from lessee were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own and counterparty credit risk.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments in subsidiary, other financial assets, borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values.

41 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group is exposed to various financial risks. These risks are categorized into market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management is co-ordinated by the Board of Directors and focuses on securing long-term and short-term cash flows. The Group does not engage in trading of financial assets for speculative purposes.

(A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest-rate risk, currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings and derivative financial instruments.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Group has no exposure towards interest rate risk, since no loans and borrowings as on date.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Group's functional currency).

The Group has no exposure towards foreign currency risk, since no foreign exchange receivables & payable as on date.

(B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Group's trade receivables from deposits with landlords and other statutory deposits with regulatory agencies and also arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Group assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk of cash held with banks by dealing with highly rated banks and institutions and retaining sufficient balances in bank accounts required to meet a month's operational costs. The Management reviews the bank accounts on regular basis and fund drawdowns are planned to ensure that there is minimal surplus cash in bank accounts. The Group does a proper financial and credibility check on the landlords before giving any property on lease and has not had a single instance of non-refund of security deposit on vacating the leased property. The Group also in some cases ensure that the notice period rentals are adjusted against the security deposits and only differential, if any, is paid out thereby further mitigating the non-realization risk. The Group does not foresee any credit risks on deposits with regulatory authorities.

The Group determines the allowance for credit losses based on historical loss experience adjusted to reflect current and estimated future economic conditions. The Group considers current and anticipated future economic conditions relating to industries the Group deals with and where it operates.

(C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Group manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities:

Particulars	less than 12 months	1 to 4 years	More than 4 years	Total
March 31, 2024				
Short-term borrowings	_	_	_	-
Long-term borrowings	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	120.10	-	-	120.10
Other financial liabilities - Current	226.52	_	_	226.52
Other financial liabilities - Non-current	346.90	_	_	346.90
	693.52	_	_	693.52
March 31, 2023				
Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	148.70	-	-	148.70
Other financial liabilities - Current	198.06	_	-	198.06
Other financial liabilities - Non-current	307.95	-	-	307.95
	654.72		_	654.72

42 Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has distributed an interim dividend of INR 4/- per fully paid share to its shareholders. The Company monitors gearing ratio i.e. total debt in proportion to its overall financing structure i.e. equity and debt. Total debt comprises of non-current and current borrowing from banks. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

Dividends	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Equity shares		
Interim dividend for the year ended March 31, 2024 of INR 4.00/- (March 31, 2023 - INR	997.23	997.23
4.00/-) per fully paid-up share		

		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total equity	(i)	13,041.83	10,957.01
Borrowings		-	-
Total debt	(ii)	-	-
Overall financing	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	13,041.83	10,957.01
Gearing ratio	(ii) / (iii)	-	-

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

43 A) Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:	1120101,2021	17141011 3 1, 2023	
(i) Service Tax	_	124.37	
(ii) Excise Duty	88.16	168.40	
(iii) Others	170.00	170.00	
	258.16	462.77	

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

- (i) This relates to various excise duty demands received towards manufacture and supply of goods without payment of duty of INR 23.73 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 23.73 lakh) for the year 2012-13, INR 57.50 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 57.50 lakh) for the years 2013-14 to 2014-15 and INR 6.93 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 6.93 lakh) which are disputed by the Company. The Company has filed an appeal against these orders and the appeal is pending with the appellate authorities.
- (ii) This relates to damages claimed by a customer towards breach of contractual obligations of INR 170 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 170 lakh) during the year 2005-06 which are disputed by the Company in the City Civil Court of Bangalore.

Future cash outflows in respect of the above, if any, is determined only on receipt of judgement / decisions pending with relevant authorities. The Company does not expect the outcome of matters stated above to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, result of operations or cash flows.

B) Capital and other commitments (to the extent not provided for)

		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a)	Bank guarantees*	6.08	6.48

^{*} This relates to Bank guarantees obtained by the Company to issue the same to its customers amounting to INR 6.08 lakh (March 31, 2023: INR 6.48 lakh).

44 The Company considers its investment in and loan to subsidiary as strategic and long-term in nature and accordingly, in the view of the management, any decline in the value of such long-term investment in subsidiary is considered as temporary in nature and hence no provision for diminution in value is considered necessary.

45 Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure (CSR)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	24.94	18.00

b) Details of amount spent towards CSR is as follows:

	Particulars	As at Marc	ch 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
		Paid	Yet to be paid	Paid	Yet to be paid	
(i)	Construction / acquisition of any asset	-	-	-	-	
(ii)	On purposes other than (i) above*	16.46	-	26.48	-	

^{*} the amount spent includes towards ambulance service, welfare of society and administration overheads.

- There is no cumulative shortfall in CSR expenditure at the end of the year (March 31, 2023 : Nil)
- 46 During the year the Company has made an investment of INR 100 lakh in equity shares of Prive Avion Alliances Pvt. Ltd. Based on the valuation report, such investment have been measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) at INR 69.43 lakh as at March 31, 2024. The resulting difference of INR 27.39 lakh (net of deferred tax) has been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss account under OCI.

47 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

(i) Details of benami property held

The Group does not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any benami property.

(ii) Wilful defaulter

The Group have not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(INR in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

(iii) Relationship with struck off companies

The Group does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(iv) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(vi) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(vii) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Group has not revalued its property, plant and equipment and investment property or both during the current or previous year.

(viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

(ix) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 48 Previous period/ year's figures have been re-grouped / re-classified wherever necessary in line with the amendments to Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd

CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Dr. Prahlada Ramarao	Rakesh Duda	Jitendra R. Muthiyan	Ashwini Navare
Chairman	Managing Director	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
DIN: 07548289	DIN: 05234273		Membership Number : A51288
Place : Bengaluru	Place : Bengaluru	Place : Bengaluru	Place : Bengaluru
Date: May 17, 2024	Date: May 17, 2024	Date: May 17, 2024	Date: May 17, 2024

AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

PART "A": SUBSIDIARIES

Sr. No.	Name of Subsidiary	Reporting Currency in case of foreign subsidiaries	Share Capital	Other Equity	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments	Turnover	Profit Before Taxation	Provision for Taxation	Profit After Taxation	Proposed Dividend	% of Shareholding*
1	Katra Auto Engineering Pvt. Ltd.		5.00	644.78	649.78	0.06	0.00	0.00	(0.06)	0.00	(0.06)	Nil	100%

^{*} Includes share held by a Nominee of the Company.

Notes:

A Name of Subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations-

Sr. No.	Sr. No. Name of Subsidiary Company	
1	Katra Auto Engineering Pvt. Ltd.	

B Name of Subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year - Nil

PART "B": ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES- None

For and on behalf of the Board Taneja Aerospace and Aviation Ltd

CIN: L62200TZ1988PLC014460

Rakesh DudaPrahlada RamaraoJitendra MuthiyanAshwini NavareManaging DirectorChairmanChief Financial OfficerCompany SecretaryDIN: 05234273DIN: 07548289Membership No.: A51288

Place : BengaluruPlace : BengaluruPlace : BengaluruPlace : BengaluruDate : May 17, 2024Date : May 17, 2024Date : May 17, 2024Date : May 17, 2024