



Dt: 30.08.2024

То	То
BSE Limited	The National Stock Exchange Of India Ltd
25 th Floor, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers	Exchange Plaza
Dalal	Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East)
MUMBAI - 400001	MUMBAI – 400051
Scrip Code : 532842	Scrip Code : SRHHYPOLTD

Dear Sir

Sub: Submission of 19th Annual Report along with notice of Annual General Meeting

Ref: Regulation 34 (1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015

Pursuant to regulation 34 (1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we hereby submit Annual report of the Company for financial year ending March 31, 2024 along with notice of 19th Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on Saturday, 21st September, 2024 at 11.30 A.M. at Registered office of the Company, Gondiparla,Kurnool-518004 (A.P.).

Kindly take the same in your records.

Thanking you

Yours faithfully

For Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited

V Surekha Company Secretary



Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited (CIN : L24110AP2005PLC045726)

19th Annual Report 2023-24

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

(CIN: L24110AP2005PLC045726)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- Sri. T.G. Bharath (DIN:00125087) Chairman & Managing Director (up to 11th June,2024)
- Smt T G Shilpa Bharath(DIN:01895414) Chairperson and Managing Director (from 26th June,2024)
- 3. Sri.A.Kailashnath (DIN:01307003) Independent Director
- 4. Sri. P.Ramachandra Gowd (DIN:06948557) Independent Director
- 5. Smt R Triveni (DIN:09045405) Independent Woman Director
- 6. Sri H. Gurunath Reddy (DIN:07211326) Non-Executive Director
- 7. Sri Satyam Gadwal (DIN:09762624) Non-Executive Director

G.M. & Company Secretary

Smt. V. Surekha

G.M. & Chief Financial Officer

Sri. Shaik Ifthekhar Ahmed

Statutory Auditors

M/s.S T Mohite & Co., Chartered Accountants Hyderabad

BANKERS

State Bank of India

REGISTERED OFFICE & WORKS

Gondiparla, Kurnool-518004 Andhra Pradesh.

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

Aarthi Consultants Pvt. Ltd. Regd.Office: 1-2-285, Domalguda Hyderabad-500029 Telangana Tel No. 040-27638111 / 4445 Fax No: 040-27632184 E-mail: info@aarthiconsultants.com

Shares Department :

6-2-1012, TGV Mansion, 4th Floor Above ICICI Bank, Khairatabad Hyderabad-500004 (Telangana) E-mail: companysecretary@srhhl.com Website: www.srhhl.com

Page Nos.

CONTENTS

Notice1Directors' Report23Standalone Auditors' Report103Standalone Balance Sheet117Standalone Profit & Loss Account118Standalone Cash Flow Statement119Standalone Statement of changes in Equity120Standalone Notes to Financial statements121Consolidated Auditors' Report182Consolidated Balance Sheet192Consolidated Profit & Loss Account193Consolidated Cash Flow Statement194Consolidated Statement of changes in Equity195Consolidated Notes to Financial statements196



NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 19th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Members of SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED (CIN:L24110AP2005PLC045726) will be held on Saturday, September 21, 2024 at 11.30 A.M. at the Registered Office of the Company, Gondiparla, Kurnool-518004 to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS :

Item No. 1 – Adoption of Audited Standalone Financial Statements

To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.

Item No. 2 - Adoption of Audited Consolidated Financial Statements

To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.

Item No. 3 – Declaration of Dividend

To declare dividend of ₹ 3.00 per equity Share of face value ₹10/- each for FY2023-24.

Item No. 4 – Re-appointment of a Director

To appoint a Director in the place of Sri. H Gurunath Reddy (DIN: 07211326) who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and, being eligible, seeks re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS :

Item No. 5 - Ratification of Remuneration of Cost Auditors .

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148(3) and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the Company hereby ratifies the remuneration of Rs. 60,000/- (Rupees Sixty Thousand only) plus applicable taxes and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses payable to Sri. Thota SSV Santhosh Kumar, Cost Accountant who, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, have been appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company ('Board'), as the Cost Auditors of the Company, to conduct the audit of the cost records maintained by the Company for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are

hereby authorized to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

Item No. 6 - Approval of Material related party transactions with related party M/s TGV SRAAC Limited.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 and applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory amendment(s) or reenactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force, if any), and in terms of Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), as amended from time to time, and subject to such other approvals, consents, permissions and sanctions of other authorities as may be necessary, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Board" which term shall be deemed to include any Committee of the Board), for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with existing contracts / arrangements/ transactions or modification(s) of earlier/ arrangements/transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise), with M/s TGV SRAAC Limited, a related party of the Company, as per the details set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transaction(s), whether undertaken directly by the Company or along with its subsidiary, may exceed the prescribed thresholds as per provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations as applicable from time to time, provided, however, that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company on such terms and conditions as the management of these Companies may deem fit, for the financial year 2024-25, effective from 1st April, 2024 for an amount not exceeding Rs. 460 crores. (subject to interchange if required among purchases, sales, lease rentals and others).

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby severally authorised to execute all such agreements, documents, instruments and writings as deemed necessary, with power to alter and vary the terms and conditions of such contracts / arrangements / transactions, settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard."

Item No 7- To regularize the appointment of Smt .T.G. Shilpa Bharath (DIN:01895414) who was appointed as Additional Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution :**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of sections 152,161 and other

applicable provisions of Companies Act,2013 ('the Act') (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and Articles of Association of the Company, **Smt .T.G. Shilpa Bharath (DIN:01895414)**, who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on June 26,2024 based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a Member under Section 160 of the Act proposing her candidature for the office of Director be and is hereby appointed as Director of the Company (Category: Chairperson & Managing Director).

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board (including its committee thereof) and/or Company Secretary of the Company, be and are hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable, or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

Item No 8- Appointment of Smt .T.G. Shilpa Bharath (DIN:01895414), Chairperson & Managing Director for a period of 3 years

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution :**

" RESOLVED THAT pursuant to sections 196, 197 and 198 read with Schedule -V and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Regulation 17(6)(e) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)2015 and subject to any other statutory provisions and on consideration and recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee in its meeting held on 26th June,2024 and Board of Directors in its meeting held on 26th June, 2024, consent and approval of members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for appointment of Smt .T.G. Shilpa Bharath (DIN:01895414) as Chairperson & Managing Director of the Company for a period of 3 years from 26th June,2024 to 25th June, 2027 with remuneration as per following details.

a. Basic Salary : Rs. 3,94,00,000 p.a plus

House Rent Allowance : Rs.6,00,000 p.a.

or 5% of net profits as per section 197 read with sec 198 of Companies Act, 2013 whichever is higher.

- b. Other benefits :
 - (a)Company's contribution to Provident fund, pension and Superannuation fund in accordance with the company's rules in force from time to time.
 - (b) Earned leaves on full pay and allowance as per rules of the Company. Leaves accumulated and not availed during the tenure may be encashed as per rules of the Company.

(c)Gratuity payable at a rate not exceeding half a month's salary for each completed year of service.

The above other benefits will not be included in the computation of the ceiling on remuneration.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in the event of loss or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the Managing Director shall be paid salary, perquisites and other allowances as the minimum remuneration, subject to ceiling as specified in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 from time to time, if so required, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Board of Directors of the Company be authorised to be alter, enhance, widen or vary the extent and quantum of salary, perquisites and any payment thereof in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and other applicable provisions.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to take all steps as may be necessary, proper and expedient to give effect to this resolution.

Item No 9 - Approval for continuation of Directorship of Sri. Satyam Gadwal, Non- Executive Director(DIN:09762624)

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution:**

"RESOLVED that pursuant to Regulation 17(1A) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act,2013 and the applicable rules made thereunder including any amendment(s), statutory modification(s) and / or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and as per recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to continue Directorship of Sri. Satyam Gadwal (DIN: 09762624) as Non-Executive Director of the Company who is liable to retire by rotation notwithstanding attaining age of 75 years on 10th July,2024.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, any Director of the Company or the Company Secretary be and is hereby authorised to do all acts, deeds, matters and things as deem necessary, proper or desirable and to sign and execute all necessary documents, applications and returns along with filing of necessary E-form with the Registrar of Companies."

10 ALTERATION OF OBJECTS CLAUSE OF MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **special Resolution**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of sections 4, 13 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, (including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) and the Rules framed there under, subject to the approval of the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh and

such other authorities as may be applicable in this regard , the consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to amend the objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of the company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT clause III(A) of the Memorandum of Association of the Company be altered by inserting sub-clause 6 and which can be read as follows:

To manufacture Printed circuit boards, Electronic components, Assembling, Testing, Marking & Packaging (ATPM) of Semiconductor and Electronics Manufacturing Services (EMS).

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and are hereby severally authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt, to sign such documents as may be necessary, proper or desirable (including but not limited to filing of necessary notices with Stock Exchanges, e-forms and returns with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs or elsewhere) and to carry out modifications/alterations as may be suggested by any regulatory authority in connection with the amendment of Memorandum of Association of the Company and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, including delegating such vested authority, as may be considered necessary, proper or expedient in order to give effect to this resolution."

Place : Kurnool Date : August 14, 2024 By Order of the Board Sd/-(V. Surekha) Company Secretary

NOTES :

- A Member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting is entitled to appoint one or more Proxies to attend and vote on a poll on his /her behalf and such proxy need not be a Member of the Company. A Proxy Form is enclosed. Proxy Form in order to be effective, duly completed, must be received by the Company at the Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting.
- Corporate members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend & vote at the Meeting are requested to send a certified true copy of the Board Resolution authorizing them in this behalf.
- 3. Explanatory Statement as required under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed hereto.
- 4. Members are requested to bring with them the Attendance slip sent with the Annual Report duly completed and signed and hand it over at the entrance.
- Pursuant to Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 42 of SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed for 9 days i.e. from September 13,

2024 to September 21, 2024 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the Annual General Meeting and Dividend.

- 6. Route-map of the AGM venue, pursuant to the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings, is also annexed.
- 7. As per Regulation 40 of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialised form with effect from, April 1, 2019. Members who are still holding shares in physical form are advised to dematerialize their shareholding since trading is permitted only in dematerialized form.
- 8. The Non-Resident Indian shareholders are requested to inform the company immediately about:
 - a. The change in the residential status on return to India for permanent settlement.
 - b. The particulars of NRO bank Account in India, if not, furnished earlier.
- 9. The members are requested to address all their communications to M/s Aarthi Consultants Private Limited , Hyderabad, the common agency to handle electronic connectivity and the shares in physical mode .
- 10. Pursuant to Section 72(1) of the Act, individual shareholders holding shares in the Company singly or jointly may nominate an individual to whom all the rights in the Shares of the Company shall vest in the event of death of the sole / all joint shareholders.
- 11. In compliance with the Circulars, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year 2023-2024 is being sent through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company or the Depository Participant(s). The Notice can also be accessed on the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Ltd. and National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. at www. bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and also available on the website of E-voting agency CDSL at www. evotingindia.com and Company's website at www.srhhl.com.
- 12. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any other information are requested to write to the Company atleast 7 days before the meeting. The same will be replied by the company suitably.
- 13. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended) the Company is providing facility of remote E-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with CDSL for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's



agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting will be provided by CDSL.

- The Board of Directors of the Company has appointed MNM & Associates, practicing Company Secretary as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the voting and remote e-voting process in a fair & transparent manner and they have communicated their willingness to the said appointment and will be available for same purpose.
- II. The voting period begins on September 18, 2024 from 09:00 AM and ends on September 20, 2024 to 5:00 PM. During this period, the Shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on September 12, 2024 may cast their vote electronically. The evoting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- III. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting.
- IV. Voting rights shall be reckoned on the paid up value of shares registered in the name of the member / beneficial owner (in case of electronic shareholding) as on the cut-off date i.e. September 12, 2024.
- V. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company & becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com. However, if he/she is already registered with CDSL for remote e-voting then he/she can use his/her existing User ID and password for casting the vote.
- VI. The Scrutinizer, after scrutinizing the votes cast at the meeting and through remote e-voting, will, not later than two working days from the conclusion of the Meeting, make a consolidated scrutinizer's report and submit the same to the Chairman. The results declared along with the scrutinizer's report shall be placed on the website of the Company <u>www.srhhl.com</u> and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com.
- 14. If the final dividend, as recommended by the Board of Directors, is approved at the AGM, payment of such dividend subject to deduction of tax at source will be made on October 18, 2024 as under:
 - i. To all Beneficial Owners in respect of shares held in dematerialized form as per the data as may be made available by the National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL"), collectively "Depositories", as of the close of business hours on September 12, 2024.
 - ii. To all Members in respect of shares held in physical form after giving effect to valid transfer, transmission or transposition requests lodged with the Company as of the close of business hours on September12, 2024.

- 15. On and from April 01, 2024 onwards, if payment of dividend is due, the same shall be paid electronically upon furnishing PAN, contact details including mobile number, Bank Account details and specimen signature, etc. Meanwhile, such unpaid dividend shall be kept by the Company in the Unpaid Dividend Account in terms of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the RTA/Company shall, suo-moto, generate request to the Company's bankers to pay electronically, all the monies of/ payments to the holder that were previously unclaimed/ unsuccessful once PAN, Choice of Nomination, Contact Details including Mobile Number, Bank Account Details and Specimen Signature are updated by the investor.
- 16. Members are requested to note that, dividends if not encashed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF"). The shares in respect of such unclaimed dividends are also liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. In view of this, Members are requested to claim their dividends from the Company, within the stipulated timeline. The Members, whose unclaimed dividends/shares have been transferred to IEPF, may claim the same by making an online application to the IEPF Authority in web Form No. IEPF-5 available on www.mca.gov.in (V3 Version). Members/claimants are requested to claim their unpaid / unclaimed dividends from financial year 2016-17 to till date, on or before 3rd November, 2024.
- 17. Pursuant to Finance Act 2020, dividend income will be taxable in the hands of shareholders w.e.f. April 1, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to shareholders at the prescribed rates. For the prescribed rates for various categories, the shareholders are requested to refer to the Finance Act, 2020 and amendments thereof. The shareholders are requested to update their PAN with the Company/ Aarthi Consultants Private Limited (in case of shares held in physical mode) and depositories (in case of shares held in demat mode). A Resident individual shareholder with PAN and who is not liable to pay income tax can submit a yearly declaration in Form No. 15G/15H, to avail the benefit of non-deduction of tax at source by email to companysecretary@srhhl.com or info@aarthiconsultants.com by September 12, 2024. Shareholders are requested to note that in case their PAN is not registered, the tax will be deducted at a higher rate of 20%.
- Non-resident shareholders can avail beneficial rates under tax treaty between India and their country of residence, subject to providing necessary documents i.e. No Permanent Establishment and Beneficial Ownership Declaration, Tax Residency Certificate.
- 19. Form 10F, any other document which may be required to avail the tax treaty benefits by sending an email to <u>info@aarthiconsultants.com</u>. The aforesaid declarations and documents need to be submitted by the shareholders by



September 12, 2024.

- 20. Updation of PAN and other details: SEBI vide Circular dated 3rd November, 2021 and 14th December, 2021 has mandated furnishing of PAN, KYC details (i.e., Postal Address with Pin Code, e-mail address, mobile number, bank account details) and nomination details by holders of physical securities through Form ISR-1, Form ISR-2 and Form ISR-3 (as applicable) and these forms can be downloaded from company's website www.srhhl.com. PAN details are to be compulsorily linked to Aadhaar by 30th September, 2023 or any other date specified by Central Board of Direct Taxes.
- The Company has sent individual letters to all the Members holding shares of the Company in physical form for furnishing their PAN, KYC details and Nomination.
- 22. Members may please note that SEBI vide its Circular dated 25th January, 2022 has mandated Listed Companies to issue securities in demat form only while processing service requests viz., issue of duplicate securities certificate; renewal/ exchange of securities certificate; endorsement; sub-division/ splitting of securities certificate; consolidation of securities certificates/ folios; transmission and transposition. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR-4, the format of which is available on the Company's website under the 'Investors' section.

CDSL e-Voting System – For Remote e-voting

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (i) The voting period begins on 18th September,2024 at 9.00 A.M and ends on 20th September,2024 at 5.00 P.M. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date 12th September,2024 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing evoting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL / NSDL is given below:

Type of	Login Method
In dividual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	 Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi Tab.
	2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also link provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.

Type of shareholders	Lo	gin Method
3)		If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <u>CDSL</u> website:www.cdslindia.com and click on login 8 new system myeasi tab and then click on registration option.
	4)	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available or <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page.The system wil authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	1)	If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Oper web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https:// eservices.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Compute or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon unde "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter you User ID and Password. After successfu authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.
	2)	If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services option to register is available at <u>https:// eservices.nsdl.com</u> . Select "Register Online fo IDeAS "Portal or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> <u>SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u>
	3)	Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https:// www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Persona

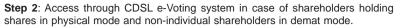
y.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
	Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e- Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e- Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) with NSDL/ C D S L Depository	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 18002109911
Individual Shareholdersholding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at



- (v) Login method for e-Voting for physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
 - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

For Physical Shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.						
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)					
	 Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/ RTA. 					
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.					
	 If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field. 					

(vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (ivx)You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (vx) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xv) There is also an optional provision to upload BR / POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- (xvi)Additional Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians –for Remote Voting only.
- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u>.

- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is mandatory that a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; companysecretary@srhhl.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL evoting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

Process for those shareholders whose Email / Mobile No. are not registered with th Company / Depositories.

- For Physical Shareholders Please provide necessary details like Folio No., name of Shareholders, Scanned copy of the Share Certificate (front and back), PAN (Self attested scanned copy of PAN Card) AADHAR (Self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company / RTA email id.
- 2. For Demat Shareholders, Plase update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
- 3. For individual Demat Shareholders please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at toll free no.18002109911

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no.18002109911.

By Order of the Board

Sd/-(V. Surekha) Company Secretary

Place : Kurnool Date : August 14, 2024

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

As required by Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "SEBI Listing Regulations"), the following Explanatory Statement sets out all material facts relating to the businesses mentioned under Items No. 5 to 10 of the accompanying Notice dated August 14,2024:

Item No.5

On the recommendation of Audit Committee , the Board of Directors has approved the appointment of Sri Thota SSV Santhosh Kumar as Cost Auditor to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for financial year ending March 31 , 2025.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost auditors had to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company.

Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending March 31, 2025.

None of the directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are , in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise , in the resolution set out at Item No.5 of the Notice.

The Board commends the Ordinary Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval by the shareholders .

Item No.6

The provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Sixth Amendment) Regulations, 2021, effective April 1, 2022, mandates prior approval of members by means of an ordinary resolution for all material related party transactions and subsequent material modifications as defined by the audit committee, even if such transactions are in the ordinary course of business of the concerned company and at an arm's length basis. Effective from April 1, 2022, a transaction with a related party shall be considered as material if the transaction(s) to be entered into, either individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, whether directly and/or through its subsidiary(ies), exceed(s) ₹ 1,000 crores, or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower. The Company proposes to enter into certain related party transaction(s) as mentioned below, on mutually agreed terms and conditions, and the aggregate of such transaction(s), are expected to cross the applicable materiality thresholds as mentioned above. Accordingly, as per the SEBI Listing Regulations, prior approval of the Members is being sought for all such arrangements / transactions proposed to be undertaken by the Company. All the said transactions shall be in the ordinary course of business of the Company and on an arm's length basis.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 23(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ("Listing Regulations"), the transactions under consideration and are proposed to be entered into by the Company with the related party M/s TGV SRAAC Limited which are in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis are material and hence requires members approval .

Pursuant to Rule 15 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/ CIR/P/2021/662, dated November 22, 2021, the particulars of transactions to be entered into by the Company with related party are as under. (₹ in Crores)

Name of the related	the year 2023-24			Estimated for financial year 2024-25						
party	Purchases Sales Lease Services Total		Purchases	Sales	Lease	Services	Total			
			Rentals					Rentals		
TGV SRAAC										
Limited	103.96	56.67	0.06	1.32	162.01	250.00	200.00	1.00	9.00	460.00

These transactions are covered by annual contract which are required for day to day operations of the Company which make the Company to run and are required to be continued in the long term interest and economic benefits of the Company.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the said resolution, except Sri.T G Shilpa Bharath , Chairperson & Managing Director .

The Board recommends the Ordinary resolution as set out in Item No. 6 of this Notice for your approval.

ITEM NO .7

Based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company ("**Board**") at its meeting held on June 26,2024 had appointed Smt T G Shilpa Bharath (DIN: 01895414) as Additional Director (Chairperson & Managing Director) of the Company for a term of three (3) years effective from June 26,2024, not liable to retire by rotation, subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company.

The Company has received from Smt T G Shilpa Bharath (i) consent in writing to act as Director in Form DIR-2 pursuant to Rule 8 of Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, (ii) intimation in Form DIR-8 in terms of Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, to the effect



The Company has also received a Notice under Section 160 of the Act from a member proposing candidature of Smt T G Shilpa Bharath for the office of Director of the Company.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the said resolution, except Smt.T G Shilpa Bharath, Chairperson & Managing Director.

The Board recommends the Ordinary resolution as set out in Item No. 7 of this Notice for your approval.

ITEM NO.8

After considering the recommendation of Nomination & Remuneration Committee in its meeting held on June 26, 2024 and the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on June 26 , 2024 , subject to approval of members in the ensuing Annual General Meeting , appointed Smt T G Shilpa Bharath as Chairperson and Managing Director for a period of 3 years from June 26,2024 to June 25,2027.In accordance with the Articles of association of the Company, the Managing Director will not be liable to retire by rotation.

As per Regulation 17(6) (e) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the fees or compensation payable to executive directors who are promoters or members of the promoter group shall be subject to approval of shareholders by special resolution in General Meeting if (a) The annual remuneration payable to such executive director exceeds Rs. 5 Crores or 2.5 percent of the net profits of the Company (calculated as per the provisions of Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013) whichever is higher.

Currently, Smt T G Shilpa Bharath, Chairperson and Managing Director (CMD) is the promoter of the Company.

None of the Directors of the company other than Smt T G Shilpa Bharath may be deemed to be concerned or interested in passing of this resolution.

Your directors commend the resolution as set out in item No. 8 in the notice for your approval .

Annexure :

I. General Information

(1) Nature of Industry: Manufacture of Industrial chemicals & generation of power through wind and thermal and trading activities.

(2) Year of Commencement of Commercial production:

The Company was incorporated on 28.03.2005 .The business of manufacturing of industrial chemicals had been vested in the Company with effect from the

Appointed dated on 1st April, 2005 by virtue of Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Andhra Pradesh vide its orders dated 15.06.2006 and generation of Wind Energy in the year 2008 and thermal energy in the year 2014.

The trading activity started in the year 2017.

(3) In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by the financial institutions appearing in the prospectus:

Not Applicable.

(4) Financial Performance

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Year ended					
Particulars	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.03.2022			
Turnover	86,601.35	165,011.65	126,727.24			
Profit Before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	12,328.67	21,457.89	15,942.19			
Net Profit as per Profit and Loss Account	8,042.36	15,431.94	10,278.60			
Amount of Dividend paid	514.94	686.59	600.77			
Rate of Dividend declared	30%	40%	35%			

The effective capital of the Company based on the latest audited accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2024 was Rs.80,205.81Lakhs.

Exports performance and foreign exchange earnings for the year ended 31st March, 2024 was Rs. 40,070.12 lakhs.

(5) Foreign investment or collaboration, if any: Nil

The Company has no foreign collaboration so far.

II. Information about the appointee

(1) Background details:

Smt. T G Shilpa Bharath, aged 45 years, holds master degree in Law (LLM). She worked as Vice president in a private limited Company for more than 5 years. She was on the Board of a Private Limited Company as a director for more than 5 years.

- (2) Past remuneration: Rs. 30,00,000 P.a. as Vice president
- (3) Recognition or awards: Nil
- (4) Job profile and her suitability:

She worked as Vice president in a private limited Company for more than 5

Sh



years. She was on the Board of a Private Limited Company as a director for more than 5 years.

As she hails from an industrial family, she had experience in looking after business activities over two decades. She is one of the promoters of the Company and wife of Sri T.G. Bharath (Ex CMD of the Company).

(5) Remuneration proposed:

As mentioned in the resolution.

(6) Comparative remuneration with respect to industry, size of the Company, profile of the position and person:

Considering the size of the Company and the job profile of the position and the credentials and performance of the appointee, the remuneration proposed is moderate and reasonable and compares well with that of similar companies.

(7) Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the Company or relationship with the managerial personnel, if any:

Smt T G Shilpa Bharath is promoter of the Company and together with her family and group companies, holds substantial stake in the Company. She has no relationship with any other Directors of the Board.

III. Other Information

(1) Reasons for loss or inadequate profits:

The margins in the business are reasonable and the Company optimistic to generate higher margins considering the nature of business.

(2) Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement:

Various measures are being taken for improving the margins and reduction in cost of operations.

(3) Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms:

The Company is expected to register an increase of 5% to 10% per annum in productivity and thereby profits by about 2% to 4% every year.

IV Disclosures

The shareholders of the Company are informed of the remuneration package of the Managerial Personnel through the notice of the Annual General Meeting.

The Company being an listed Company, the Corporate Governance is applicable and the company has provides a detailed Corporate Governance Report as per SEBI(LODR)Regulations, 2015.

Item No. 9

As per Regulation 17(1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"),

no listed company shall appoint or continue the directorship of a Non-executive Director who has attained the age of 75 (Seventy Five) years, unless a Special Resolution is passed to that effect and justification thereof is indicated in the explanatory statement annexed to the Notice for such appointment.

Sri. Satyam Gadwal (DIN: 09762624)was appointed as Non-Executive Director on the Board of the Company on 13th October 2022 who is liable to retire by rotation in terms of Companies Act, 2013.

Sri. Satyam Gadwal (DIN:09762624)attained the age of 75 years on 10.07.2024 (Completed 74 years on 10.07.2024). Accordingly, to comply with the provisions of Regulation 17(1A) of the SEBI LODR Regulations, the Company is seeking approval of the Members through Special Resolution. Hence this Special Resolution is placed before the shareholders for their approval.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company have recommended the continuation of directorship of Sri Satyam Gadwal (DIN:09762624) as Non Executive Director of the Company, considering his rich experience, expertise and valuable contribution made to the Board of Directors of the Company. Their presence on the Board adds more value and gives confidence to the Board in its decisions.

No Director, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives except Sri. Satyam Gadwal to whom the resolution relates, is interested or concerned in the resolution.

Your Directors commend the resolution for approval of the members.

ITEM NO.10

ALTERATION OF MAIN OBJECTS CLAUSE OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COMPANY

The proposed alteration of MOA of the Company requires approval of the members of the Company by way of a Special Resolution under Section 13 of the Act. The aforesaid amendment of object clause is also subject to approval of the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh.

In view of proposal for entering into new business activity and to explore opportunities, there is need to alter the object clause of Memorandum of Association by adding sub clause 6 to clause III(A).

The Board, therefore, recommends the approval of the Special Resolution set out at Item no. 10 of the Notice .

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are, financially or otherwise, concerned or interested in the said resolution.

By Order of the Board

Place : Kurnool Date : August 14, 2024 Sd/-(V. Surekha) Company Secretary

Details of Directors seeking appointment/reappointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (Pursuant to regulation 36(3) of the SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015)

Name of the Director T.G. Shilpa Bharath G. Satyam H. Gurunath Reddy							
			· · ·				
Director Identification Number (DIN)	01895414	09762624	07211326				
Nationality	Indian	Indian	Indian				
Date of Birth/Age	02-03-1979 (45 years)	10-07-1950 / 75 years	10-06-1960 / 64 years				
Qualification	Master degree in Law (LLM)	B.A.	M.Sc. (Chemistry)				
Experience and Expertise	Worked as Vice president in a private limited Company for more than 5 years and on the Board of a Private Limited Company as a director for more than 5 years	He is having more than 35 years of experience in chemical industry.	More than 35 years of experience in chemical and paper industry				
Date of Appointment on the Board of the Company	26 th June, 2024	13 th October, 2022	15 th June,2015				
Shareholding in the Company	396398 (2.31%)	NIL	NIL				
List of Directorship held in other Listed Companies	NIL	NIL	NIL				
Membership(M)/ Chairmanship(C) in Committees of other listed Companies as on date	NIL	NIL	NIL				
Board Meetings attended	NIL	5	5				
Committee positions in the Company	Chairperson of Risk M a n a g e m e n t Committee	NIL	Member of Risk Management Committee				
Relationships between Director inter-se	There is no inter-se relationship among the directors.		There is no inter-se relationship among the directors.				
Details of resignations, if any, from the Boards of other listed companies, in the last 3 years	NIL	NIL	NIL				

DIRECTORS' REPORT

То

The Members

Your Directors' have pleasure in presenting 19th Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company along with the audited financial statements (Standalone and consolidated) for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

Financial Highlights:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Stand	alone	Consolidated		
	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23	
Profit before interest, Depreciation and Tax	12,328.67	21,457.89	12,186.30	21,451.36	
Less: Interest	397.75	474.95	398.47	474.96	
Depreciation	1,057.89	1,934.66	1,060.12	1,934.66	
Profit before Tax	10,873.03	19,048.28	10,727.71	19,041.74	
Provision for Taxation & Deferred Income Tax	2,830.67	3,616.33	2,830.67	3,616.33	
Profit after Tax	8,042.36	15,431.94	7,897.04	15,425.40	
Add: Balance brought forward from previous year	54,043.51	39,212.51	54,034.98	39,208.91	
Less: Other adjustments	(630.72)	(600.95)	(630.72)	600.95	
Balance carried forward to next year	61,455.15	54,043.51	61,310.50	54,033.37	

Performance:

During the year under review, the Company achieved turnover of **Rs. 866.01 Crores** against previous year turnover of Rs. **1650.11** crores. The profit before tax stood at **Rs.** 108.73 **Crores** as against Rs.**190.48** crores for the previous year.

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 28th May, 2024 had decided to temporarily stop the trading business of coal due to difficulties faced in marketing. The coal trading business have become risky due to fluctuations in coal prices. The Company may explore business opportunities in future once the market conditions are in favor and stable.

Capacity Expansion:

The production of Sodium methoxide solution increased from 900 MTs to 1100MTs per month and Sodium Methoxide powder from 150 MTs to 300 MTs per month with effect from 27th March, 2024.

Division / Segment Wise Operations

(a) The net sales of Calcium Hypo Chloride during financial year 2023-24 is Rs.415.60 crores as against Rs. 468.88 crores in previous year representing a decrease of 11.36%.

- (b) The net sales of Stable Bleaching Powder during financial year 2023-24 is Rs. 65.39 crores as against Rs. 79.43 crores in previous year representing a decrease of 17.67%.
- (c) The net sales of Sodium Methoxide during financial year 2023-24 is Rs. 55.36 crores as against Rs. 67.69 crores in previous year representing a decrease of 18.22% and the net sales of Sodium Hydride during financial year 2023-24 is Rs. 3.71 crores as against Rs. 5.24 crores during previous financial year representing a decrease of 29.24%.
- (d) The trading activity in coal had fetched an amount of Rs.182.10 crores during financial year 2023-24 as against Rs.652.74 crores during previous year.
- (e) The net sales of Sulphuric acid during financial year 2023-24 is Rs. 102.76 crores as against Rs. 217.39 crores during previous financial year representing a decrease of 52.73%.
- (f) Total power generated, sold through Thermal, Wind and Solar during the year under review is Rs. 27.49 Crores.

Dividend:

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on 28th May,2024 has recommended a final dividend of Rs.3/- per equity share of face value Rs.10/- each (i.e.,30% on paid up share capital) for the financial year ended 31st March,2024 . The dividend payment is subject to approval of members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The total cash outflow on account of dividend on equity shares for the financial year 2023-24 would aggregate Rs. 5,14,94,463/-. The dividend will be paid to members whose names appear in the Register of Members as on the book closure date. The dividend payment date is 18th October, 2024.

In view of the changes made under the Income-tax Act, 1961, by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by the Company shall be taxable in the hands of the Shareholders. The Company shall, accordingly, make the payment of the final dividend after deduction of tax at source.

Transfer of Unclaimed dividend to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF):

In terms of section 124 and 125 of the companies act, 2013 read with the IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund Rules) 2016, ('the Rules'), unpaid or unclaimed dividend pertaining to the financial year 2016-17 will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) during the financial year 2024-25.

The Company had transferred unclaimed or unpaid dividend to IEPF relating to financial year 2010-11 amounting to Rs. 19,49,114/- on 08.06.2018. Further, 29,896 corresponding shares were transferred as per the requirements of the IEPF Rules. The unclaimed or unpaid dividend of financial year 2014-15 amounting to Rs. 26,87,557 transferred to IEPF on 3rd December,2022 and corresponding 10,29,911

shares were transferred to IEPF. The unclaimed or unpaid dividend of financial year 2015-16 amounting to Rs. 27,37,059 transferred to IEPF on 1st December,2023 and corresponding 48,134 shares were transferred to IEPF. The details are made available on Company website <u>www.srhhl.com</u>.

The shareholders can claim back their shares /dividend amount transferred to IEPF by filing Form IEPF-5 and other related documents.

The following table provides list of years for which unclaimed dividends and their corresponding shares would become eligible to be transferred to the IEPF on the dates mentioned below:

Financial Year	Dividend Declared (%)	Date of declaration of dividend	Last date for claiming unpaid dividend	Unclaimed Dividend Amount* (Rs.)	Due date for transfer to the IEPF Account
2016-17	15%	27.09.2017	03.11.2024	26,81,560	04-11-2024
2017-18	20%	28.09.2018	04.11.2025	35,89,618	05-11-2025
2018-19	20%	30.09.2019	06.11.2026	34,04,529	07-11-2026
2019-20	25%	30.11.2020	06.01.2028	36,42,368	07-01-2028
2020-21	30%	30-09-2021	06-11-2028	43,60,044	07-11-2028
2021-22	35%	29-09-2022	05-11-2029	50,71,891	06-11-2029
2022-23	40%	26-09-2023	02-11-2030	39,02,156	03-11-2030

*Amount unclaimed as on July 31,2024.

Updation of bank details for remittance of dividend/ cash benefits in electronic form:

SEBI vide its Circular No. CIR/MRD/DP/10/2013 dated March 21, 2013 ('Circular'), which is applicable to all listed companies, mandated to update bank details of their shareholders holding shares in demat mode and/or physical form, to enable usage of the electronic mode of remittance i.e., National Automated Clearing House ('NACH') for distributing dividends and other cash benefits to the shareholders. The Circular further states that in cases where either the bank details such as Magnetic Ink Character Recognition ('MICR') and Indian Financial System Code ('IFSC'), amongst others, that are required for making electronic payment are not available or the electronic payment instructions have failed or have been rejected by the bank, companies or their Registrars and Transfer Agents may use physical payment instruments for making cash payments to the investors. Companies shall mandatorily print the bank account details of the investors on such payment instruments. Shareholders to note that payment of dividend and other cash benefits will now be made only through electronic mode. They are requested to opt for electronic modes for payment of dividend and other cash benefits and update their bank details:

» In case of holdings in dematerialised form, by contacting their DP and giving suitable instructions to update the bank details in their demat account.

» In case of holdings in physical form, by informing the Company's RTA i.e., Aarthi Consultants Private Limited through a signed request letter with details such as their Folio No(s), Name and Branch of the Bank in which they wish to receive the dividend, the Bank Account type, Bank Account Number allotted by their banks after implementation of Core Banking Solutions ('CBS') the 9-digit MICR Code Number and the 11-digit IFSC Code. This letter should be supported by cancelled cheque bearing the name of the first shareholder.

On and from April 01, 2024 onwards, if payment of dividend is due, the same shall be paid electronically upon furnishing PAN, contact details including mobile number, Bank Account details and specimen signature, etc. Meanwhile, such unpaid dividend shall be kept by the Company in the Unpaid Dividend Account in terms of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the RTA/Company shall, suo-moto, generate request to the Company's bankers to pay electronically, all the monies of/ payments to the holder that were previously unclaimed/ unsuccessful once PAN, Choice of Nomination, Contact Details including Mobile Number, Bank Account Details and Specimen Signature are updated by the investor.

Share Capital:

During the year under review , there was no change in the Authorized, Subscribed and Paid up share capital of the Company. The paid up Equity Share Capital as on 31st March,2024 was Rs.17,16,48,210 comprising of 1,71,64,821 equity shares of Rs.10/- each.

Web link of Annual Return :

The Annual Return of the Company for the financial year 2023-24 as required under section 92(3) of the Companies Act,2013 is available on the website of the company at the link <u>https://www.srhhl.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/ANNUAL-RETURN-2023-24.pdf</u>

Board Meetings and its committees conducted during the period under review:

During the year under review, five (5) meetings of the Board of Directors, four (4) meetings of Audit Committee, one (1) meeting of Nomination and remuneration committee, four(4) meetings of stakeholders relationship committee, one(1) meeting of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and two(2) meetings of risk management committee were held. Further, the details of same have been mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report annexed herewith.

Compliance with Secretarial Standards

The Company is in compliance with applicable secretarial standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Directors' Responsibility Statement:

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed:

- that the preparation of the accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (ii) that the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for the year under review;
- (iii) that the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities; and
- (iv) that the Directors had prepared the accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 on a 'going concern' basis.
- (v) that the Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- (vi) that the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sri T G Bharath, Chairman and Managing Director had resigned from the post of Director and Chairman & Managing Director with effect from 12th June,2024. In his place, Smt T G Shilpa Bharath appointed as Additional Director and Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company with effect from 26th June,2024. In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act,2013 and Articles of Association of the Company, Sri. H Gurunath Reddy (DIN 07211326), Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for reappointment. Sri G Satyam, Non – executive Director who attained the age of 75 years seeks members approval for continuation of Directorship as per SEBI(LODR) Regulations,2015. The Board recommends the appointments for the consideration of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. Brief profiles of Smt T G Shilpa Bharath, Sri. H Gurunath Reddy and Sri G Satyam are being given in the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting.

The Board places on record its deep appreciation for the invaluable contribution and guidance provided by Sri T G Bharath during his tenure as Chairman & Managing Director on the Board.

The Key Managerial Personnel of the Company pursuant to Section 2(51) and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 are (1) Sri T G Bharath, Chairman and Managing Director

(up to 11.06.2024 (2) Smt T G Shilpa Bharath (from 26.06.2024) (3) Smt V Surekha, Company Secretary and (4) Sri S Ifthekhar Ahmed , Chief Financial Officer .

Evaluation of board performance:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17(10) of SEBI(LODR)Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out performance evaluation taking into consideration of various aspects of the Board's functioning, composition of Board, and its Committees, execution, and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance. The Performance of evaluation of Independent Directors was completed. The Performance evaluation of Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with evaluation process. To familiarize with Company operations, Programmes were undertaken to Independent and Non-executive Directors at regular intervals.

Company's policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee had been constituted by the Board which ensures the selection, appointment of persons having wide exposure in their respective fields and remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company. The Board on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee takes necessary steps and decisions.

Declaration by Independent Directors

In terms of the provisions of section 149 of the Act and the Listing Regulations, 2015, the independent directors on the Board of your Company as on the date of this report are Sri A Kailashnath, Sri P Ramachandra Gowd and Smt R Triveni.

The Company has received declaration pursuant to section 149(7) of the Act and regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations, 2015 from all the independent directors stating that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in section 149(6) of the Act read with regulations 16 and 25 of the Listing Regulations, 2015.

The independent directors have also confirmed compliance with the provisions of section 150 of the Act read with rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, relating to inclusion of their name in the independent director's databank of the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

The Board of Directors of your Company have taken on record the said declaration and confirmation submitted by the independent directors . In the opinion of the Board, the independent directors fulfil the conditions specified in the Act as well as the Rules made thereunder read with the Listing Regulations, 2015 and have complied with the code for independent directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act.

Transfer to Reserves:

The Company has not transferred any amount to its Reserves during the year under review.

Subsidiaries, Joint Ventues and Associate Companies :

M/s TGV Sodium and Electrolite Private Limited ceased to be wholly owned subsidiary company with effect from April 01, 2023. As on March 31, 2024 your Company has only one subsidiary Company M/s TGV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited. Although Company holds more than 20% of shareholding in M/s MV Salts & Chemicals Private Limited , it is not an associate Company within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act,2013 and the Company has no joint ventures . The details of such entities of the Company formed/acquired /Ceased during the year are provided in **(Annexure-A -1)** to this report.

Consolidated Financial Statements

The audited consolidated financial statements incorporating the duly audited financial statements of the subsidiary, as prepared in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), Listing Regulations, 2015 and in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 along with all relevant documents and the Independent Auditors' Report thereon forms part of this Annual Report.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 129(3) of the Act read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiary for the financial year ended on 31 March 2024 in Form AOC-1 forms part of this Annual Report. (Annexure-A)

Insurance:

All assets of the Company and other potential risks have been adequately insured.

Fixed Deposits:

The Company has not accepted any public deposits under Section 73 of Companies Act, 2013 and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on public deposits was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

Listing of Shares:

The Equity shares of your Company are listed on BSE Ltd. and National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. The Company has paid the Annual Listing fees to each of these Stock Exchanges for the financial year 2024-25.

Internal control systems and their adequacy:

The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board. The Internal Audit Department monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company and its subsidiaries. Based on the report of internal audit function, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

Change in nature of business:

There is no change in nature of business of the Company.

Significant and material orders passed by the regulators or court:

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

Industrial Relations:

Your Company's Industrial Relations continue to be harmonious and cordial.

Particulars of loans, guarantees or investments under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 :

The Company had made some investments and given loans covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act,2013 during the financial year under review. The details in respect of investments and loans as per section 186(4) made have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties

All contracts/arrangements/transactions entered into by the Company during FY2024 with related parties were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations, 2015 and as per the Company's policy on materiality and dealing with related party transactions. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained for all related party transactions, which are foreseen and of repetitive nature.

A statement detailing the related party transactions entered pursuant to the omnibus approval are reviewed by the Audit Committee on quarterly basis.

All related party transactions entered into during FY2024 were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. The details of related party transactions as required under provisions of section 188 and 134(3)(h) of the Act read with rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are provided in Form AOC-2, which is annexed to this Directors' Report **(Annexure B)**.

The details of transactions with related parties during FY2024 are provided in the notes to the financial statements.

The policy on materiality of and dealing with related party transactions is available on the Company's website at

https://www.srhhl.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/Related-Party-Transaction-Policy-pdf...pdf

Risk management policy:

Risk Management Policy was approved by the Board in its meeting held on 30th June,2021. The policy is placed on Company's website <u>https://www.srhhl.com/</u>wp-content/uploads/2024/07/risk-management-policy.pdf

The management takes necessary steps for implementation of the Policy by identifying potential threats to the organization and the likelihood of their occurrence and then taking appropriate actions to address the most likely threats. The process involved in Risk Management are identifications of Risk/Evaluation/Assessment, Prevention & Control, Financing, Measure and Monitor effectiveness, reviewing and reporting.

Dividend Distribution Policy

Under the regulation 43A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Company has formulated a Dividend Distribution Policy. The Policy sets out the Parameters and circumstances that will be taken into account by the Board in determining the distribution of dividend to its shareholders. As a green initiative, the Policy has been uploaded on the Company's website and can be accessed at https://www.srhhl.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/dividend-distribution

Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy:

The company has adopted a vigil mechanism in the form of a Whistle Blower Policy to provide adequate safeguards to deal with instances of fraud and mismanagement and to report concerns about unethical behavior or any violation of the Company's code of conduct in pursuance of provisions of Section 177(10) of the Companies Act,2013. During the year under review , no complaints received under this mechanism. The policy can be accessed on Company's Website at the link: https://www.srhhl.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/VIGIL_MECHANISM_POLICY.pdf

Particulars of Energy conservation, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo:

Information as per Section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Disclosure of particulars in the Report of the Board of Directors) Rules, 1988 are forming part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 31st March, 2023 is annexed to this Report **(Annexure -C).**

Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report :

The Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report ("BRSR") of the Company for the year 2023-24 forms part of this Annual Report as required under Regulation 34(2) (f) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed to this report **(Annexure - D).**

Corporate Governance:

A report on Corporate Governance along with a Certificate for compliance with the conditions of Corporate governance in accordance with Securities Exchange Board of India(Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 issued by Practicing Company Secretary forms part of this Annual Report **(Annexure - E)**.

Management Discussion and Analysis Report :

Further to comply with regulation 34(2) read with Schedule V of SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015, 'Management Discussion and Analysis' has been annexed to this report **(Annexure – F)**.

Corporate Social Responsibility :

To comply with Section 135 of Companies Act,2013 and other applicable provisions, CSR policy has been approved by the Board and constituted a CSR Committee to monitor the implementation of CSR activities. The Company had undertaken on going project for construction of old age home / orphanage home at Kurnool during financial year 2022-23 and spent nearly Rs. 5 crores for acquisition of land, construction of compound wall etc. During financial year 2023-24, the Company had not spent any amount on this on going project and will be spen in next year. The details of CSR expenditure, constitution of CSR committee are annexed to this report. (Annexure – G).

Auditors:

Statutory Auditors:

M/s S T Mohite & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm registration number 011410S) were appointed as the statutory auditors of the Company to hold office for five consecutive years from the conclusion of the 17th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 29, 2022, till the conclusion of 22nd Annual General Meeting to be held in 2027, as required under Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

There are no qualifications, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made in the audit report for the financial year 2023-24.

Secretarial Auditors:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company had re-appointed M/s. Geeta Serwani & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary, Hyderabad to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24. The Report of the Secretarial Audit Report is annexed to this report (Annexure-I). The report does not contain any qualification , reservation or any adverse remark.

Cost Auditors:

As per section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audits) Rules,2014 as amended, the Board of Directors of your Company on recommendation of the Audit Committee appointed Sri Thota SSV Santhosh Kumar, Cost Accountants as the Cost Auditors to carry out the cost audit of products of the Company. The remuneration of cost auditors has been approved by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of Audit Committee and the requisite resolution for ratification of remuneration of cost auditors by the members has been set out in the notice of 19th Annual General Meeting of your Company.

The cost audit report for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 issued by M/s. Santhosh & Associates, Cost auditors in respect of various products prescribed under Cost Audit Rules does not contain any qualification, reservation and the same was filed with Ministry of Corporate Affairs. The cost audit report for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is being submitted shortly.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

As per the requirement of the Sexual Harassment of women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (POSH Act) and rules made thereunder, your Company has adopted a policy .The policy can be accessed at Company's website <u>https://www.srhhl.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/Anti-Sexual-Harassment-Policy-2023-file.pdf</u>.

During the year under review , no case was filed under the POSH Act.

Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

There are no material changes which affects the financial position of the Company according to the date of financial year and the date of its report .

Particulars of Employees:

Except Sri T G Bharath, Chairman & Managing Director ,no employee of the Company is drawing remuneration as prescribed under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Particulars of Remuneration:

Disclosures with respect to the remuneration of Directors and employees as required under Section 197(12) of Companies Act,2013 and Rule 5(1) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 :

(i) The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year:

Name of the Director	Ratio to Median Remuneration
Sri T.G.Bharath, CMD	114.50
Sri A.Kailashnath, Director	0.11
Smt. R Triveni, Director	0.11
Sri P.Ramachandra Gowd, Director	0.11
Sri H.Gurunath Reddy, Director	0.05
Sri Satyam Gadwal	0.05

 The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

Sri T.G.Bharath, Managing Director	—
Smt.V Surekha, Company Secretary	3.68%
Sri Ifthekhar Ahmed, Chief Financial Officer	3.34%

- (iii) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 5.61%.
- (iv) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company 396.
- (v) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

The average increase in salaries of employees other than managerial personnel in 2023-24 was 5.61%.

Percentage increase in the managerial remuneration for the year is Nil

(vi) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company : YES

Acknowledgements:

Your Directors would like to express their grateful appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from Customers, Banks, Suppliers, Shareholders, Government departments and other statutory authorities and others associated with the Company. Your directors also wish to place on record their appreciation for the contributions made by employees at all levels, during the year under review.

> For and on behalf of the Board Sd/-T.G. Shilpa Bharath Chairperson & Managing Director DIN:01895414

Place : Kurnool Date : August 14, 2024

ANNEXURE-A TO DIRECTORS REPORT

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

The Company had only one subsidiary company M/s TGV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited during the financial year 2023-24 .

Name of the Company	TGV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited
Financial year beginning	April 1,2023
Financial year ending	March 31, 2024
Reporting Currency	Indian Rupee
Share Capital	50,00,000
Reserves & Surplus	(35,42,477)
Total Assets	29,74,99,571
Total Liabilities	29,60,42,049
Investments	0.00
Turnover	4,34,750
Profit Before Tax	(18,38,430)
Provision For Tax	0.00
Profit after Tax	(18,38,430)
Proposed Dividend	0.00
% of Shareholding	50

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Company.

ne of associates/Joint Ventures	MV Salt and Chemicals Private Limited
Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	
Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	
No.	12,00,000
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	
Extend of Holding%	22.31
Description of how there is significant influence	No
Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	The Company holds more than 20% of share capital in MV Salt and Chemicals Private Limited. The Company does not exercise any control or does not have significant influence over MV Salt and Chemicals Private Limited and is expected to reduce below 20% due to corporate action in near furture and not considered as Associate of the Company as per Ind AS-28. The investment have been accounted as per Ind AS 109 investments.
Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	
Profit/Loss for the year	
i. Considered in Consolidation	
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	
	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end No. Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture Extend of Holding% Description of how there is significant influence Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet Profit/Loss for the year i. Considered in Consolidation

ANNEXURE - A - 1

Entities formed/acquired or ceased during the financial year 2022-23

(pursuant to section 134 read with Rule 8(5((iv) of Companies (Accounts)Rules, 2014.)

- <u>Subsidiaries formed/acquired/ceased</u>: M/s TGV Sodium and Electrolite Private Limited ceased to be wholly owned subsidiary company with effect from 01.04.2023
- 2. Associate Companies formed /acquired/ceased : -

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-

Place : Kurnool Date : August 14, 2024 T.G. Shilpa Bharath Chairperson & Managing Director DIN:01895414

ANNEXURE-B TO DIRECTORS REPORT FORM NO. AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transaction under third proviso thereto.

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis. Not Applicable –
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

SI. No	(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	(b) Nature of contracts/ arrange ments/ transa- ctions		(d) Salient terms of the contracts or Transactions including the value, if any: (Rs.)	(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	(f)Amount paid as advances if any (Rs.)
1.	TGV SRAAC Ltd	Purchases Sales Rent Paid Services rendered Rental Income	Annual Contracts	103,96,99,214 56,67,10,000 6,68,286 132,16,000 36,00,000		
2.	TGV Projects & Investments Pvt Ltd	Sales Rent Paid Services Received	Annual Contracts	81,980 2,13,29,227 2,04,71,937		
3.	Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Ltd	Purchases Sales Rent Paid Services Received	Annual	1,50,373 77,553 16,14,000 14,78,803	May 30, 2023	Nil
4	Sree Rayalaseema Galaxy Projects Pvt Ltd	Purchases Sales Services Received	Annual Contracts	32,69,368 1,15,52,137 6,38,09,418		
5	T G Venkatesh	Rent paid	Lease	58,86,144		
6	T G Bharath	Rent paid	Lease	58,46,151		
7.	TGV Industries Private Limited	Purchases Rent	Annual Contracts	40,19,02,425 26,33,571		
8	GGICU	Services received	Annual Contracts	48,590		

Note:

The above related party disclosures are only under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013.

For and on behalf of the Board Sd/-T.G. Shilpa Bharath Chairperson & Managing Director DIN:01895414

Place : Kurnool Date : August 14, 2024

ANNEXURE-C TO DIRECTORS REPORT

Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo :

I. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY :

- 1. In Sulphuric Acid Plant -1, Power is being generated from the steam generated in the Waste Heat Recovery Boilers by using a Back Pressure Turbine.
- Variable Frequency Drive was installed for Acid Cooling Tower Pump in Sulphuric Acid Plant -3 to conserve energy when the Plant is in low load operation. By implementing this, around 500 Kw is saved per day.
- 3. Variable Frequency Drives were installed for Boiler Feed Water Pumps in Sulphuric Acid Plant -1, 2 and 3 to conserve energy during low load operation of the Plants. By implementing this, around 500 Kw is saved per day.

II. SPECIAL AREAS IN WHICH R & D CARRIED OUT BY COMPANY

- 1. In Calcium Hypo Chlorite Plant, production of Normal granules could be improved by modifying the size separation system.
- 2. A proposal is being reviewed in order to enter into Spirulina Farming. Spirulina is considered to be the substance with highest Protein content.

III. BENEFITS DERIVED OUT OF R & D

1. Sodium Metal Plant commissioning activities started.

IV. FUTURE PLANS IN R & D

- 1. A proposal is being reviewed to generate power from the head available in the Turbine Condenser cooling water return line by installing an equipment called Pump As Turbine (PAT), in Sulphuric Acid Plant -3.
- In order to overcome the frequent leakage issues in Sulphur Melters of Sulphuric Acid Plant - 1, 2 and 3, Coils less Melter system is being proposed by replacing Steam coils with external steam tracing, with ControTrace heat tracing system. The proposal is under review stage now.
- 3. In place of existing steam heating of Liquid Sulphur lines, electric heat tracing system is being planned. Electric Heat tracing system will enable to keep the Liquid Sulphur lines free from choking even in the absence of steam, which will be helpful during power breakdowns to restart the Plants, when there will be shortage of steam.

V. OTHER IMPROVEMENTS :

- 1. In Sulphuric Acid Plant -1, H_2SO_4 production has improved from 180tpd to 200tpd with the introduction of higher capacity Electric Air Blower. To that extent steam generation also improved.
- There are improvement plans in Sulphuric Acid Plants -2 and 3, to increase H₂SO₄ production capacity to 300tpd in each Plant from the present capacity of 240 to 270tpd, which shall be implemented after working out economic feasibility.

- SF
- Implementation of Surge Protector for Weigh Bridge System to take care of Power Surges is completed.
- Single steam metering system for Aquafit-1 is implemented with a large size pipeline to take care of pressure drop and metering accuracy improvement.
- In order to improve the reuse of Cooling Tower Blowdown water in Aquafit-1 and Aquafit-2, flow measurement system was implemented and being used.
- 6. It is proposed to implement Measurement system for Milk of Lime flow to Aquafit-1 and Aquafit-2 for better control on raw material.
- 7. There is a proposal to proper instrumentation for Bag House of Stream no.6 to modify with 34 nos Pulsing from the existing 28 nos to improve the operational performance and thereby the life span of Bag House.
- 8. For all higher Kw rating motors (55 Kw and above), digital relays with multiple protection were arranged in place of Electronic relays. Digital relays not only safe guard the motor from the faults such as phase loss, overload, unbalanced loads, locked rotor, short circuit tripping etc., but also limit the fault only to that particular feeder.
- In order to improve the life span of Bag House Filters in Calcium Hypo Chlorite Plants, design change has been made and new bag houses shall be arranged with new design.
- 10.Sodium Methoxide Plant expansion is in progress with installation of 4 new Dryers with which production capacity of Sodium Methoxide Powder production capacity will increase from present 5tpd to around 10tpd.
- 11. In Sodium Methoxide Plant, Sodium Methoxide Distillation column modified in order to improve the purity of Sodium Methoxide Solution and also to improve its output.

Technology Absorption, Adoption and Innovation:

There is no import of technology absorption, adoption and innovation during the year.

Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

a) Activities relating to exports, initiatives taken to increase Exports, development of new export market for products and services and export plans:

The Company has continued to maintain focus and avail of export opportunities based on economic consideration.

b) Total Foreign Exchange used/earned		(Rs. in lakhs)
	i. Foreign Exchanged earned	40,070.12

I. Foreign Exchanged earned	40,070.12
ii. Foreign Exchange used	15,237.10

			Directors Report
05			(& SUSTAINABILITY REPORT
	CTION A: GENERAL DISCLOSUR	ES	
I. 1.	Details of the listed entity Corporate Identity Number (CIN)		L24110AP2005PLC045726
1.	of the Listed Entity	•	L24110AF2003FLC043720
2.	Name of the Listed Entity		Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited
2. 3.	Year of incorporation	:	28th March, 2005
4.	Registered office address	:	Gondiparla, Kurnool-518004 (A.P.)
5.	Corporate address		40-304, K J S Complex, Bhagya Nagar,
0.		•	Kurnool-518004
6.	E-mail	:	companysecretary@srhhl.com
7.	Telephone	:	040-23313964
8.	Website	:	www.srhhl.com
9.	Financial year for which	:	2023-24
	reporting is being done		
10.	Name of the Stock Exchange(s)	:	BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock
	where shares are listed		Exchange of India Limited (NSE)
11.	Paid-up Capital	:	17,16,48,210 (1,71,64,821 Equity shares
			of Rs. 10/- each).
12.	Name and contact details	:	in the second second second
	(telephone, email address) of		Tel: 040-23313964
	the person who may be	_	Mail: companysecretary@srhhl.com
	contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report	5	
13	Reporting boundary - Are the		Standalone
15.	disclosures under this report	•	Standalone
	made on a standalone basis (i.e.		
	only for the entity) or on a		
	consolidated basis (i.e. for the		
	entity and all the entities which		
	form a part of its consolidated		
	financial statements, taken		
	together).		

y.

II. Products/services

14. Details of business activities (accounting for 90% of the turnover)

S. No.	Description of Main Activity	Description of Business Activity	% of Turnover of the entity
1	Manufacturing of Chemicals	Manufacturing	75.80
2	Trading of Coal	Trading	21.03

15. Products/Services sold by the entity (accounting for 90% of the entity's Turnover):

S. No.	Product / Service	NIC Code	% of total Turnover contributed
1	Sodium Methoxide	20119	6.39
2.	Stable Bleching Powder	20119	7.55
3.	Calcium Hypo Chloride	20119	47.99
4.	Sulphuric Acid	20119	11.87
5.	Coal Trading	05101	21.03
	Total		94.83

III. Operations

16. Number of locations where plants and/or operations/offices of the entity are situated:

Location	Number of plants	Number of offices	Total
National	1	4	5
International	Nil	Nil	Nil

17. Markets served by the entity:

a. Number of locations

Locations	Number
National (No. of States)	22
International (No. of Countries)	31

b. What is the contribution of exports as a percentage of the total turnover of the entity? 45.08%.

c. A brief on types of customers

The company's products are industrial inputs and hence majority of customers are industrial units the company hence operates a B2B marketing directly to its industrial customers and marketing and through traders for other customers.

8F

IV. Employees

18. Details as at the end of Financial Year:

a. Employees and workers (including differently abled):

S.	Particulars	Total	М	ale	Fer	nale
No.		(A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)
Em	ployees					·
1.	Permanent (D)	372	370	99.46	2	0.54
2.	Other than permanent (E)	62	62	100	0	0
3.	Total Employees (D+E)	434	432	99.54	2	0.46
Wo	rkers					
4.	Permanent (F)	126	126	100	0	0
5.	Other than Permanent (G)	12	12	100	0	0
6.	Total Workers (F+G)	138	138	100	0	0

b. Differently abled Employees and workers:

S.	Particulars	Total	M	ale	Fer	nale
No.		(A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)
Dif	ferently Abled Employee	es				
1.	Permanent (D)	Nil	Nil		Nil	
2.	Other than Permanent (E)	Nil	Nil		Nil	
3.	Total differently abled	Nil	Nil		Nil	
	employees(D + E)					
Dif	ferently Abled Workers					
4.	Permanent (F)	Nil	Nil		Nil	
5.	Other than permanent (G)	Nil	Nil		Nil	
6.	Total differently abled workers(F + G)	Nil	Nil		Nil	

19. Participation/Inclusion/Representation of women

Particulars		No. and per	centage of Females
	(A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)
Board of Directors	6	1	16.67%
Key Management Personnel	3	1	33.33%

20. Turnover rate for permanent employees and workers

(Disclose trends for the past 3 years)

		FY 23-24			FY 22-23			FY 21-22	2
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Permanent Employees	2.07	0	2.07	2.98	0	2.98	2.74	0	2.74
Permanent Workers	0.72	0	0.72	0.01	0	0.01	0.23	0	0.23

V. Holding, Subsidiary and Associate Companies (including joint ventures)

21. (a) Names of holding/subsidiary/associate companies/joint ventures

S.No.	Name of the holding /subsidiary /associate companies / joint ventures (A)	Indicate whether holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate/ Joint Venture	% of shares held by listed entity	Does the entity indicated at column A, participate in the Business Responsibility initiatives of the listed entity? (Yes/No)
1	TGV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	50%	No
2	MV Salts and Chemicals Private Limited	Associate Company	22.31%	No

VI. CSR Details

22. (i) Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013: Yes

- (ii) Turnover (in Rs.) : 866,01,34,540
- (iii) Net worth (in Rs.) : 802,05,81,329

VII. Transparency and Disclosures Compliances

Complaints/Grievances on any of the principles (Principles 1 to 9) under the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct: 23.

Stakeholder group from	Grievance Redressal		FY 23-24			FY 22-23	
whom complaint is received	Mechanism in Place (Yes/No) (If Yes, then provide web-link for grievance redress policy)	Number of Number of complaints complaints filed during pending the year at close of the year	Number of Number of complaints complaints lied during pending the year resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of Number of complaints complaints filed during pending the year at close of the year	Number of Number of complaints complaints iled during pending the year resolution at close of the year	Remarks
Communities	Yes, www.srhhl.com	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Investors (other than shareholders)	Yes, www.srhhl.com	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Shareholders	Yes, www.srhhl.com	15	0		15	0	
Employees and workers	Yes, www.srhhl.com	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Customers	Yes, www.srhhl.com	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Value Chain Partners	NO	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Other (please specify)	NO	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

24. Overview of the entity's material responsible business conduct issues

Please indicate material responsible business conduct and sustainability issues pertaining to environmental and social matters that present a risk or an opportunity to your business, rationale for identifying the same, approach to adapt or mitigate the risk along-with its financial implications, as per the following format.

S. No.	Material issue identified	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk / opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
1	Air Pollution	Risk	Dust emissions during crushing of Coal	Dust Extraction systems are provided near Coal Crushers, Water Sprinklers are also provided to spray water on roads to avoid dust pollution	Negative
2	Noise Pollution	Risk	Noise is anticipated from turbine, compressors and DG Set.	Providing Noise minimising barriers, shields, and ear muffs.	Negative

SECTION B: MANAGEMENT AND PROCESS DISCLOSURES

This section is aimed at helping businesses demonstrate the structures, policies and processes put in place towards adopting the NGRBC Principles and Core Elements.

	Disclosure Questions	Р 1	P 2	P 3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	P 8	P 9
1.	a. Whether your entity's policy/policies cover each principle and its core elements of the NGRBCs. (Yes/ No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
b.	Has the policy been approved by the Board? (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
c.	Web Link of the Policies, if available				www.	srhhl	.com			
2.	Whether the entity has translated the policy into procedures. (Yes / No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	Do the enlisted policies extend to your value chain partners? (Yes/No)							uality, nain pa		
4.	Name of the national and international codes/certifications/ labels/ standards (e.g. Forest Stewardship Council, Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance, Trustee) standards (e.g. SA 8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) adopted by yourentity and mapped to each principle.	Occu - ISO Syste Mana	4500 em : IS	nal Hea 1:2018 SO 140 ent Sys	alth & 3, Envi 001:20 stem IS	Safety ronme 15, B SO 22	/ Mana ental M usines 301 : 2	9001: ageme lanage s Con 2019, \$ 3000 :	ent Systement tinuity Supply	stem
5.	Specific commitments, goals and targets set by the entity with defined timelines, if any.	princ agai	iple is nst s		d in F i c Co	Perfor	manc	agains e indi s.		

Y

6.	Performance of the entity against the specific commitments, goals and targets along- with reasons in case the same are not met.	The company has achieved the targets set for the year. The performance of the company against eachprinciple is stated in Performance Indicators against specific commitments. www.srhhl.com
Go	vernance, leadership and	oversight
7.	Statement by director responsible for the business responsibility report, highlighting ESG related challenges, targets and achievements (<i>listed</i> <i>entity</i> has flexibility regarding the placement of this disclosure)	Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Ltd.is driven by the philosophy of achieving growth with sustainability. The company's foundation rests on the pillars of trust, transparency and value creation leading tosustained stakeholder relationships. The Company is committed to provide a safe and healthyworking environment for its employees. The company has been instrumental in the development of the region through employment generation and impactful CSR. The company generates solar energy as a clean energy initiative. The environmental practices adopted by the company is a testimony to its commitment to environmental protection. The company has embarked on the journey to integrate ESG into the organization culture and governance. It aims to achieve consistent ESG performance through a goal oriented approach.
8.	Details of the highest authority responsible for implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policy (ies).	Smt . T.G. Shilpa Bharath Chairperson & Managing Director DIN : 01895414
9.	Does the entity have a specified Committee of the Board/ Director responsible for decision making on sustainability related issues? (Yes / No). If yes, provide details.	Smt . T.G. Shilpa Bharath Chairperson & Managing Director DIN : 01895414

(-	10. Details of Review of NGRBCs by the Company:	RBCs	by	the	Com	pany	<u>.</u> .												
	Subject for Review	unde of t	ndic ertak he E	ate ten l Soar	Indicate whether review was undertaken by Director / Committee of the Board/Any other Committee	irect v ot	revi tor / her (ew / Con	vas nmitt mitte	tee	ш	redu	ency Quan p	(An terly leas	nuall / An e sp	Frequency (Annually / Half yearly/ Quarterly / Any other – please specify)	Half) her -	/earl	2
		- ح	6 0	പന	σ 4	പറ	o م	۲ Р	⊡ ∞	ч б	₽ ←	ч 2	ዋ ወ	G 4	ъЪ	<u>е</u> о	<u>ط</u> ۲	⊡ ∞	പറ
	Performance against above policies and follow up action	The Performance of the Policies is undertaken by Board, Department heads and by the Relevant Committees	Peri rtake y the	orm n by Rele	an cé Boa ∍vant	Con C	the Depar	Poli tmen ses	icies It hea	is ads	The	Re	iew i	oun s	dertal	The Review is undertaken Annually or as	Jnnu		r as
	Compliance with statutory requirements of relevance to the principles, and, rectification of anynon- compliances	The policies are in conformance to the prevailing statutory requirements	polic illing	statu	are ir utory	requ	irem	ents	e to	the	and	whé	in the	and when the need arises	d ari	ses			
	11. Has the entity carried out independent assessment/ evaluation of the working of its policies by an external agency? (Yes/No). If yes,	out in s by a	dep∈ an e;	ender	nt as: al ag	sessr ency	γent/ γε	eval s/No	uatio	n of yes,	۰ ح	Р 2	ი ე	σ 4	Ъ	е 9	۲ Р	⊡ ∞	പറ
	provide name of the agency.	ency.													S				
	12. If answer to question (1) above is "No" i.e. not all Principles are covered by a policy, reasons to be stated:	above	e is "	No" i	.e. nc	ot all	Princ	ciples	are	cove	red b	y a p	olicy	, reas	suos	to be	stat	:pe	
L		Questions	stio	su							۰ م	Р 2	ዋ ሥ	σ 4	പറ	പം	4 ►	₽ ∞	പര
	The entity does not consider the Principles material to its business (Yes/No) The entity is not at a stage where it is in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles (Yes/No)	Princip e it is in (es/No)	les n a po	sition	al to it. to for	s bus mulat	iness te anc	(Yes/	No) emen	t the	The			d t		The nolicies of the Company cover all		evon a	
	The entity does not have the financial or/human and technical resources available for the task (Yes/No)	nancial	or/hu	man	and ter	chnic	al rest	ources	savai	lable	Prir	Iciple	s on	Principles on NGRBCs	BCs		ĺ.		5
	It is planned to be done in the next financial year (Yes/No)	next fir	anci	al yea	ir (Yes	(No)													
—	Any other reason (please specify)																		

y.

SECTION C: PRINCIPLE WISE PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURE

This section is aimed at helping entities demonstrate their performance in integrating the Principles and Core Elements with key processes and decisions. The information sought is categorized as "Essential" and "Leadership". While the essential indicators are expected to be disclosed by every entity that is mandated to file this report, the leadership indicators may be voluntarily disclosed by entities which aspire to progress to a higher level in their quest to be socially, environmentally and ethically responsible.

PRINCIPLE 1 Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with integrity, and in a manner that is Ethical, Transparent and Accountable.

Segment	Total number of training and awareness programmes held	Topics/ principles covered under the training and its impact	%age of persons in respective category covered by the awareness programmes
Board of Directors	5	Familiarization Programme	100%
Key Managerial Personnel	5	Statutory and Management	100%
Employees other than BoD and KMPs	12	Safety, Environment and Management	90%
Workers	12	Safety and work related	75%

Essential Indicators

1. Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the Principles during the financial year:

2. Details of fines / penalties /punishment/ award/ compounding fees/ settlement amount paid in proceedings (by the entity or by directors / KMPs) with regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, in the financial year, in the following format Note: the entity shall make disclosures on the basis of materiality as specified in Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Obligations) Regulations, 2015 and as disclosed on e entity's website):

		Moneta	ry		
	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory/ enforce-ment agencies/ judicial institutions	Amount (In INR)	Brief of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)
Penalty/ Fine	Nil	Nil	Nil		No
Settlement	Nil	Nil	Nil		No
Compounding fee	Nil	Nil	Nil		No

Non-Monetary

		·····,		
	NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory/ enforce-ment agencies/judicial institutions	Brief of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)
Imprisonment	No			No
Punishment	No			No

 Of the instances disclosed in Question 2 above, details of the Appeal/ Revision preferred in cases where monetary or non-monetary action has been appealed.

Case Details	Name of the regulatory/ enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions
	Not Applicable

 Does the entity have an anti-corruption or anti-bribery policy? If yes, provide details in brief and if available, provide a web-link to the policy.

The Company has adopted a Whistleblower Policy and Vigil Mechanism to provide a formal mechanism to the Directors, employees and other external stakeholders to report their concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The company has established an Ethics and compliance task force to process and investigate protected disclosures. The policy can be accessed on Company's website at the link : srhhl.com/wp-content uploads.2024/07/VIGIL-MECHANISM-policy.pdf.

FY 23-24	FY 22-23
	NIL
]	
	-

5. Details of complaints with regard to conflict of interest:

	FY 2	3-24	FY 2	22-23
	Number	Remarks	Number	Remarks
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the Directors			NIL	
Number of complaints received in relation to issues of Conflict of Interest of the KMPs			NIL	

6. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway on issues related to fines / penalties / action taken by regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, on cases of corruption and conflicts of interest.

Not applicable

Leadership Indicators

1. Awareness programmes conducted for value chain partners on any of the Principles during the financial year:

The company provides awareness on quality, environment, and safety to the suppliers

2. Does the entity have processes in place to avoid/ manage conflict of interests involving members of the Board? (Yes/No) If Yes, provide details of the same.

Yes, the company's Code of Conduct for Directors outlines the principles of confidentiality, disclosure of interests and the conduct to avoid /manage conflict of interests.

PRINCIPLE 2 Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe

Essential Indicators

 Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (capex) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively.

	23-24	22-23	Details of improvements in environmental and social impacts
R&D	NIL	NIL	-
Capex	NIL	NIL	-

2. a. Does the entity have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing? (Yes/No)

No.

Any inorganic chemical manufacturer depends on inputs from nature. We therefore get our raw materials from mineral sources which of course is not permanent. However, we also get raw materials which is derived from sea salt which is a permanent natural resource. Therefore, there is limited choice for the company to source inputs always from sustainable sources. Still company has set up solar and wind farm for sustainable energy sourcing. As such there is no such policy at the present.

- b. If yes, what percentage of inputs were sourced sustainably? Not Applicable
- Describe the processes in place to safely reclaim your products for reusing, recycling and disposing at the end of life, for (a) Plastics (including packaging) (b) E-waste (c) Hazardous waste and (d) other waste.
 - (a) For plastic waste generated including packing ,the EPR authorisation is under review with CPCB.
 - (b) E-waste is not disposed, the same will be disposed as per E- waste management rules.
 - (c)The hazardous wate generated is being disposed to secured land fill as per CFO authorisation by APPCB.
 - (d)Other solid waste like lime grit is being disposed to brick manufacturers.
- 4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes / No).

No

If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same.

Not Applicable

Leadership Indicators

 Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) for any of its products (for manufacturing industry) or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the following format?

			•			
NIC Code	Name of	% of total	Boundary	for	Whether	Results
	Product/	Turnover	which the L	Life	conducted	communicated
	Service	contributed	Cycle Perspe	ctive	by	in public
			/Assessment	t was	independent	domain (Yes/
			conducte	d	external	No)If yes,
					agency(Yes/	provide the
					No)	web-link.
		NIL				

 If there are any significant social or environmental concerns and/or risks arising from production or disposal of your products / services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) or through any other means, briefly describe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same.

Name of Product / Service	Description of the risk / concern	Action Taken
Coal Handling	Dust emission during crushing of coal	Dust Extraction systems are provided near Coal Crushers.Water Sprinklers are arranged to spray water on roads to avoid dust pollution during vehicle moments
Chlorine Vent	Emissions of Chlorine vent	Usage plants are connected to indvidual wet scrubber with Caustic circulation to absorb chlorine vent

3. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value) used in Products (for manufacturing industry) or providing services (for service industry).

Indicate input material	Recycled or material to t	
	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
NIL		

4. of the products and packaging reclaimed at end of life of products, amount (in metric tonnes) reused, recycled, and safely disposed, as per the following format:

		FY 2	3-24		FY 22	-23
	Re-	Recycled	Safely	Re-	Recycled	Safely
	used		disposed	used		disposed
Plastics	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(including Packaging)						
E-Waste	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Hazarduos Waste -						
Sulphur Sludge	Nil	Nil	150.00 MT	Nil	Nil	150.00 MTS
ETP Sludge	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	140.10 MTS
Spent Catalyst	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	250 Liters
Waste Oil	Nil	Nil	299 litres	Nil	Nil	280 Litres
Other	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

5. Reclaimed products and their packaging materials (as percentage of products sold) for each product category.

Nil

	alls of mea	a. Details of measures for the well-being of employees:	De Well-De	ing of emp	lovees:						
				- 	% of emp	% of employees covered by	vered by				
	Total	Health in	Health insurance	Accident	Accident insurance	Maternity benefits	benefits	Paternity	Paternity Benefits	Day Care facilities	facilities
Category	(¥)	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
		(B)	(B / A)	(c)	(C / A)	۵	(D / A)	(E)	(E / A)	(F)	(F / A)
					Permanent	Permanent employees	s				
Male	372	Ι	Ι	372	100.00%	AN	NA	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι
Female	2	I	I	2	100.00%	2	100.00%	I	I	I	I
Total	374	Ι		374	100.00%	2	100.00%	Ι	I	I	Ι
				Other	Other than Permanent employees	anent emp	loyees				
Male	62	Ι	Ι	62	Ι	NA	NA	Ι	Ι	Ι	1
Female	I	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι
Total	62	Ι	Ι	62	Ι	I	I	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι
b. Details	ę	measures for the well-being	or the we	ell-being	of workers:	ers:					
					% of emp	% of employees covered by	vered by				
	Total	Health in	Health insurance	Accident	Accident insurance	Maternity benefits	benefits	Paternity	Paternity Benefits	Day Care facilities	facilities
Category	(A)	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
		(B)	(B / A)	(C)	(C / A)	(D)	(D / A)	(E)	(E / A)	(F)	(F / A)
					Permanen	Permanent workers					
Male	126	Ι	Ι	126	100.00%	NA	NA		Ι	Ι	
Female		Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	I	Ι	Ι	1	Ι	Ι
Total	126	Ι	Ι	126	100.00%	I	I		Ι	Ι	Ι
				Othe	Other than Permanent workers	nanent wo	rkers				
Male	12	Ι	Ι	12	100.00%	NA	NA		Ι	Ι	
Female		I	I		I	I		Ι	Ι	I	
	((1000 001						

S.

2. Details of retirement benefits, for Current FY and Previous Financial Year.

		FY 23-24	_		FY 22-23	
	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	covered as a % of total	deposited with the authority	employees covered as a % of	covered as a % of total	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)
PF	100	100	Yes	100	100	Yes
Gratuity	83.81	92.00	Yes	90.76	83.23	Yes
ESI	11.30	12.09	Yes	24.02	29.03	Yes
Others - Please specify	—	—		_	—	

Accessibility of workplaces

3. Are the premises / offices of the entity accessible to differently abled employees and workers, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If not, whether any steps are being taken by the entity in this regard.

The company's offices are equipped with facilities for differently abled employees. The company's Indiscrimination policy providing equal opportunity for all, is inclusive in its approach. The company is prepared to make available the required facilities in the event of differently abled workers/ employees joining the company.

4. Does the entity have an equal opportunity policy as per the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If so, provide a weblink to the policy.

Yes. The company has an Indiscrimination policy providing fair and equal opportunity for all including the differently abled. www.srhhl.com

5. Return to work and Retention rates of permanent employees and workers that took parental leave.

The company does not have parental leave policy.

6. Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and worker? If yes, give details of the mechanism in brief.

	Yes, (If Yes, then give details of the mechanism in brief)
Permanent Workers	The company has grievance's
Other than Permanent Workers	redressal policy and procedure in place of handling of the grievances of the
Permanent Employees	employees in a prompt and fair manner. The Disciplinary and Grievance
Other than Permanent Employees	Redressal committee (DGRC) is constituted to investigate into the grievance and ensureresolution of the same with in 45 days.

Membership of employees and worker in association(s) or Unions recognised by the listed entity:

2.

The leadership and governance of the organization has promoted a culture of harmonious work environment. There is no trade union in the company and no employee or worker is a member of any trade union.

workers:
and
yees
emplo
5
ven
gi
training giv
ng gi
training gi

			FY 23-24					FY 22-23		
Category	Total	On He safety r	On Health and safety measures	On upgra	On Skill upgradation	Total	On Hea safety n	On Health and safety measures	On upgra	On Skill upgradation
	ଝ	No.(B)	% (B/ A)	No.(C)	No.(C) % (C /A)	Ø	No.(B)	% (B/ A)	No.(C)	% (C /A)
			_	Emp	Employees					
Male	260	40	15	220	85	250	50	20	200	80
Female	Ι	Ι		Ι		Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	I
Total	260	40	15	220	85	250	50	20	200	80
			-	Wo	Workers					
Male	120	50	42	20	58	100	30	30	20	20
Female	I	1	1	1		1		1		
Total	120	50	42	20	58	100	30	30	20	20
9. Details of per	performance	e and ca	areer deve	elopment	and career development reviews of employees	of emple	oyees ar	and worker:		
			FY 23-24					FY 22-23		
category	Total (A)	A)	No. (B)	%	% (B / A)	Total (C)	(C)	No. (D)	%	% (D / C)
				Emp	Employees				-	
Male		432	432		100	431		431		100
Female		2	2		100		2	2		100
Total		434	434		100	433	3	433		100
				Wo	Workers					
Male		138	138		100	155	2	155		100
Female		0	0				0	0		Ι
Total		138	138		100	155	L	155		100

57

S.F

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED



10. Health and safety management system:

a Whether an occupational health and safety management system has been implemented by the entity? (Yes/ No). If yes, the coverage such system?

Yes. The Safety & Health Management system covers activities across all manufacturing locations and offices ensuring the protection of environment and health & safety of its employees and relevant stakeholders.

b. What are the processes used to identify work-related hazards and assess risks on a routine and non-routine basis by the entity? Explain what is the process for identification.

Well Defined Standard Operating procedures are in place for risk assessment.

c. Whether you have processes for workers to report the work related hazards and to remove themselves from such risks.(Y/N)

Yes, through the safety committee meetings, all unsafe acts and conditions encountered at workplace will be addressed and acted on immediately.

d. Do the employees/ worker of the entity have access to nonoccupational medical and healthcare services? (Yes/ No)

Yes, Our Group manages a multi Specialty hospital with modern and advance facilities. It offers medical services at subsidized charges.

11. Details of safety related incidents, in the following format:

Safety Incident/Number	Category	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) (per one million-	Employees	0.000003	0.000002
person hours worked)	Workers	0	0
Total recordable work-related	Employees	0.000003	0.000002
injuries	Workers	0	0
No. of fatalities	Employees	Nil	Nil
	Workers	Nil	Nil
High consequence work-related	Employees	Nil	Nil
injury or ill-health (excluding fatalities)	Workers	Nil	Nil

12. Describe the measures taken by the entity to ensure a safe and healthy work place.

To ensure safety related aspects awareness among all related stakeholders, and equip the staff with innovative and new technologies and equipment, regular mock drills and exercises were conducted and concerned technical committees hold regular meetings periodically to review and ensure full proof execution of plans and procedures for better results in these matters. Further the company is complying with all statutory and non- statutory provisions relating to Safety we are adhering to ensure a safe and healthy work place by providing necessary safety PPE's, by strict implementation of operating Procedures, Incident and accident reporting system available, OHC, 2 Ambulances, frequent Heart Check ups are available at the work place.

13. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

		FY 23-24			FY 22-23	
Benefits	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks
Working Conditions	20	18	-	30	25	-
Health & Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-

14. Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)
Health and safety practices	100%
Working Conditions	100%

15. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway to address safety-related incidents (if any) and on significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health & safety practices and working conditions.

All incidents will be investigated by the safety team. All critical factors involved in an incident are determined through root cause analysis & investigation and corrective / preventive actions are identified to prevent recurrence. The detailed investigation and root causes identified by the safety team are reviewed by the Senior Management.

Leadership Indicators

1. Does the entity extend any life insurance or any compensatory package in the event of death of (A) Employees (Y/N) (B) Workers (Y/N).

Yes, The Company extends Group accidental Insurance Scheme to all its Employees and Workers.

2. Provide the measures undertaken by the entity to ensure that statutory dues have been deducted and deposited by the value chain partners.

The Company monitors remittance of statutory dues by value chain partners as part of processing their bills on a regular basis.

3. Provide the number of employees / workers having suffered high consequence work- related injury / ill-health / fatalities (as reported in Q11 of Essential Indicators above), who have been are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or whose family members have been placed in suitable employment:

	affe	no. of cted oyees/ kers	are rehabilitation in suitable whose family been place	ees/workers that ted and placed employment or members have ed in suitable oyment
	FY 23-24	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Employees	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Workers	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

4. Does the entity provide transition assistance programs to facilitate continued employability and the management of career endings resulting from retirement or termination of employment? (Yes/ No)

Not Applicable

5. Details on assessment of value chain partners:

	% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed
Health and safety practices	-
Working Conditions	-

6. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health and safety practices and working conditions of value chain partners.

Nil

-							
all its stakeholders		The company identifies its key stakeholders, on the basis of the degree of impact of the stakeholder on the company's activities , operations , profitability and growth. The internal and the external processes together help in identifying the key stakeholder. the key stakeholders of the company are the Government and the Regulatory bodies, Customers, Investors and the community.	List stakeholder groups identified as key for your entity and the frequency of engagement with each stakeholder group.	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raisedduring such engagement	Employee well being, Skill Development, Health & Safety, Rewards and recognitions Employee satisfaction.	Performance and growth of the company, transparent Communication ,investor relationships.	
be responsive to	ups of the entity.	e degree of impact nal and the externa are the Governmen	equency of engage	Frequency of engagement (Annually/Half yearly/ Quarterly/ others – please specify)	Regular	Annually	
PRINCIPLE 4: Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive to all its stakeholders Essential Indicators	Describe the processes for identifying key stakeholder groups of the entity.	olders, on the basis of the ability and growth. The inter takeholders of the company y.	y for your entity and the fr	Channels of communication(Email,SMS, Newspaper, Pamphlets,Advertisement, Community Meetings,Notice Board, Website), Other	Meetings, Email, Training Programmes, Greivance Redressal	Annual General Meeting, Annual Report information through website, Greivance redressal Mechanism	
lesses should respe	ocesses for identify	The company identifies its key stakehol company's activities , operations , profitat identifying the key stakeholder. the key sta Customers, Investors and the community.	groups identified as ke	Stakeholder Group Whether identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized Group (Yes/No)	Q	Q	
PRINCIPLE 4: Busir	1. Describe the pr	The company ide company's activiti identifying the key Customers, Invesi	 List stakeholder g group. 	Stakeholder Group	Employees	Stake holders and Investors	



Customers	Ŷ	Emails and meetings, customer feedback, Plant visits, Greivance Redressal Mechanism	Regular	Quality & Safety, Timely delivery of product and services, Customer relationship.
Suppliers	0 Z	Meetings and Emails	Regular	Effective supplier relationships, Regular communication and Training
Community	Yes	CSR projects and activities	Regular	Social Responsibility, Human resource Development through Heatth & education, Women Empowerment, Regional development through employment and skill development.
Government & Regulatory bodies	Q	Direct and indirect interaction Inspection/ audit Statutory reports	Annual/Regular	Compliance, Corporate Governance, Transparency.

y.

Leadership Indicators

1. Provide th processes for consultation between stakeholders and the Board on economic, environmental, and social topics or if consultation is delegated, how is feedback from such consultations provided to the Board.

The Management of the Company interacts regularly with key stakeholders i.e. investors, government customers, suppliers, employees, etc. The Company has established mechanism for stakeholder engagement. Any concerns arising are reported to the Sustainability Committee. The Committee updates the Board on key issues and initiates necessary action.

2. Whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the identification and management of environmental, and social topics (Yes / No). If so, provide details of instances as to how the inputs received from stakeholders on these topics were incorporated into policies and activities of the entity.

Yes. The mechanisms established for stakeholder engagement provide insights and inputs into the environmental and social concerns. Stakeholder consultation is an integral part of the company in planning and implementation of environmental and societal activities.

3. Provide details of instances of engagement with, and actions taken to, address the concerns of vulnerable/ marginalized stakeholder groups.

NIL

PRINCIPLE 5 : Business should respect and promot human rights

Essential Indicators

1. Employees and workers who have been provided training on human rights issues and policy(ies) of the entity, in the following format:

The company has a Human Rights policy and ensures no discrimination and Child labour in its factory and office. There is no specific training programme on human rights issues.

			FY 23-24					FY 22-23		
Category	Total	Equal to Wa	to Minimum Wage	Equal to Minimum More thanMinimum Wage Wage	han Minimum Wage	Total	Equal to Wa	Equal to Minimum Wage	More thanMinimum Wage	hanMinimum Wage
	ଝ	No.(B)	% (B/ A)	No. (C)	% (C /A)	<u>(</u>)	No.(E)	% (E/ D)	No. (F	% (F /D)
-				Empl	Employees					
Permanent										
Male	370	•		370	100	378	•		378	100
Female	2			2	100	2	•		2	100
Other than permanent										
Male	62			62	100	53	•		53	100
Female	0			0		0	•		0	
				Wor	Workers					
Permanent										
Male	126			126	100	136	•		136	100
Female	0	•		0		0			0	
Other than permanent										
Male	12			12	100	19			19	100
Female	0	•		0		0			0	

3. Details of remuneration/salary/wages, in the following format:

		Male		Female
	Number	Median remuneration/ salary/ wages of respective category	Number	Median remuneration/ salary/ wages of respective category
Board of Directors (BoD)	1	4,00,00,000	-	-
Key Managerial Personnel	1	10,47,456	1	9,40,092
Employees other than BoD and KMP	431	4,29,210	1	7,59,524
Workers	138	3,97,559	-	-

4. Do you have a focal point (Individual/ Committee) responsible for addressing human rights impacts or issues caused or contributed to by the business? (Yes/No)

Yes

5. Describe the internal mechanisms in place to redress grievances related to human rights issues.

Grievance Redressal Committee. www.srhhl.com.

6. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

	FY 23-24		FY 22-23			
	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks
Sexual Harassment	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Discrimination at workplace	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Child Labour	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Forced Labour/ Involuntary Labour	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Wages	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	
Other human rights related issues	NIL	NIL		NIL	NIL	

7. Mechanisms to prevent adverse consequences to the complainant in discrimination and harassment cases.

The Anti-discrimination and anti-harassment policy is adopted and placed on website www.srhhl.com.

8. Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts? (Yes/No)

9. Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)		
Child labour	No assessment of human rights issues		
Forced/involuntary labour	are undertaken. However the Company has ensured no Child labour, forced labour,Sexual Harassment, Discrimination		
Sexual harassment			
Discrimination at workplace	at work place.		
Wages			
Others - please specify			

10. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 9 above.

There has been no reported violations relating to contents mentioned above at Question $\boldsymbol{9}$

Leadership Indicators

1. Details of a business process being modified / introduced as a result of addressing human rights grievances/complaints.

No such grievances/complaints on Human Rights violations

2. Details of the scope and coverage of any Human rights due-diligence conducted.

Not Undertaken

3. Is the premise/office of the entity accessible to differently abled visitors, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016?

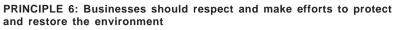
Our offices are accessible to Persons with Disability

4. Details on assessment of value chain partners:

	% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed		
Sexual Harassment	—		
Discrimination at workplace	—		
Child Labour	—		
Forced Labour/Involuntary Labour	—		
Wages	—		
Others – please specify			

5. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 4 above.

Not applicable



Essential Indicators

1. Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Total electricity consumption (A)	55761000 KWH	34629440
Total electricity consumption through fule source (B)	3117679 KWH	4111322
Energy consumption through other sources (C) Solar	3747267 KWH	4622205
Total energy consumption(A+B+C)	62625946 KWH	43362967
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (Total energy consumption/turnover in rupees)	0.00723	0.0037
Energy intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an externalagency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No

2. Does the entity have any sites / facilities identified as designated consumers (DCs) under the Performance, Achieve and Trade (PAT) Scheme of the Government of India? (Y/N) If yes, disclose whether targets set under the PAT scheme have been achieved. In case targets have not been achieved, provide the remedial action taken, if any.

Not Applicable

3. Provide details of the following disclosures related to water, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Water withdrawal by source (in kilolitres)		
(i) Surface water	Nil	Nil
(ii) Groundwater	Nil	Nil
(iii) Third party water	Nil	Nil
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water	Nil	Nil
(v) Others - River Water	622635 M3	705061 M3
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)	622635 M3	705061 M3
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)	622635 M3	705061 M3
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed / turnover)	0.000072	0.000043
Water intensity (optional) – therelevant metric may be selected by the entity		

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No

4. Has the entity implemented a mechanism for Zero Liquid Discharge? If yes, provide details of its coverage and implementation.

Yes

All Effluents from process, washings, softener & DM Plant regeneration. scrubbers and boiler blow along with part of mother liquor from calcium hypochlorite and lean mother liquor from PGSBP process will be sent to collection followed by settling tank. From the equalization tank the clear effluent will be pumped to De-chlorination plant followed by multiple effect evaporator (MEE I). Condensate is reused for cooling towers make-up,. Sodium chloride is separated from concentrate of MEE-I by centrifuge and ML of centrifuge sent to multiple effect evaporator (MEE II) followed by crystallizer and centrifuge to separate remaining Sodiumchloride . Condensate from MEE II is reused for cooling towers make-up, sodium chloride from centrifuge -II will be separated and packed. Overflow from crystallizer -II and MLs from centrifuge – II sent to chlorate destruction plant followed by calcium chloride dryer.

5. Please provide details of air emissions (other than GHG emissions) by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	Please specify unit	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
NOX	µg/Nm3	59.46	44.34
SOX	µg/Nm3	69.28	40.31
Particulate matter (PM)	µg/Nm3	44.88	21.84
Persistent organicpollutants (POP)	—		—
Volatile organic compounds(VOC)	µg/Nm3	Nil	0.53
Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)	-	—	—
Others- please specify	Nil	Nil	Nil

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

Yes. Vasthi Instruments (PVT) Ltd., Guntur . A.P

6. Provide details of greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions) & itsintensity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Total Scope 1 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent		
Total Scope 2 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions per rupee of turnover			
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity (optional)– the relevant metric may be selected by the entity			

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No

7. Does the entity have any project related to reducing Green House Gas emission? If Yes, then provide details.

No

8. Provide details related to waste management by the entity, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 23-24	FY 22-23		
Total Waste generated				
Plastic waste (A)	Nil	Nil		
E-waste (B)	Nil	Nil		
Bio-medical waste (C)	16.408 kgs	14.952 kgs		
Construction and demolition waste (D)	Nil	Nil		
Battery waste (E)	1461.5 kgs	2820 kgs		
Radioactive waste (F)	Nil	Nil		
Other Hazardous waste. Pleasespecify, if any. (G)	Nil	Nil		
Other Non-hazardous waste generated (H). Please specify, if any.(Break-up by composition i.e. bymaterials relevant to the sector)	Nil	Nil		
Total (A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H)	1477.908 kgs	2834.952 kgs		
recycling, re-using or other recovery obei	ations (in met	ric tonnes)		
recycling, re-using or other recovery oper Category of waste		ric tonnes)		
Category of waste (i) Recycled	Nil	Nil		
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used				
Category of waste (i) Recycled				
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used (iii) Other recovery operations Total For each category of waste generated, nature of disposal method (in	Nil total waste c	Nil lisposed by		
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used (iii) Other recovery operations Total For each category of waste generated,	Nil total waste c	Nil lisposed by		
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used (iii) Other recovery operations Total For each category of waste generated, nature of disposal method (in	Nil total waste c	Nil lisposed by		
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used (iii) Other recovery operations Total For each category of waste generated, nature of disposal method (in Category of waste	Nil total waste c metric tonne	Nil lisposed by es)		
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used (iii) Other recovery operations Total For each category of waste generated, nature of disposal method (in Category of waste (i) Incineration	Nil total waste c metric tonne	Nii lisposed by es)		
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used (iii) Other recovery operations Total For each category of waste generated, nature of disposal method (in Category of waste (i) Incineration (ii) Landfilling a. Sulphur Sludge b. ETP sludge	total waste c metric tonne Nil Nil	lisposed by es)		
Category of waste (i) Recycled (ii) Re-used (iii) Other recovery operations Total For each category of waste generated, nature of disposal method (in Category of waste (i) Incineration (ii) Landfilling a. Sulphur Sludge	Nil total waste c metric tonne Nil Nil 105 Mts	Nil lisposed by es) Nil Nil 150 Mts		

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No

- 9. Briefly describe the waste management practices adopted in your establishments. Describe the strategy adopted by your company to reduce usage of hazardous and toxic chemicals in your products and processes and the practices adopted to manage such wastes. Not Applicable
- 10. If the entity has operations/offices in/around ecologically sensitive areas (such as national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones etc.) where environmental approvals / clearances are required, please specify details in the following format: Not Applicable
- 11. Details of environmental impact assessments of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year:
 - Nil
- 12. Is the entity compliant with the applicable environmental law/ regulations/ guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Environment protection act and rules thereunder (Y/N). If not, provide details of all such non-compliances, in the following format: Yes, the entity complied with the applicable environmental law/ regulations/ guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Environment protection act and rules.

Leadership Indicators

1. Provide break-up of the total energy consumed (in Joules or multiples) from renewable and non-renewable sources, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
From renewable sources		
Total electricity consumption (A)	-	_
Total fuel consumption (B)	-	
Energy consumption through other sources (C) with Solar	7306457 Kwh	2085381 Kwh
Total energy consumed fromrenewable sources (A+B+C)	7306457 Kwh	2085381 Kwh
From non-renewable sources		
Total electricity consumption (D)	55761000 kwh	60076835 kwh
Total fuel consumption • with Coal	23926 Mts	—
Energy consumption throughother sources (F)	41120 Mts	_
Total energy consumed from non-renewable sources (D+E+F)	17609600 kwh	60076835 Kwh

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

Water discharge by destination and level of (i) To Surface water - No treatment - - No treatment (ii) To Groundwater - - - (iii) To Groundwater - - - (iii) To Groundwater - - - (iii) To Seawater - - - (iiii) To Seawater - - No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment - No treatment With To Seawater - - In o Seawater - No treatment - With To Seawater - - In o Seawater - - - With Treatment-please specify level of treatment - In o Seawater - - - In o Seawater - - - To Seawater - - - In o Seawater - - - In o Seawater - - - In o Seawater	ent		h kilolitres
 - No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment (ii) To Groundwater - No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment (iii) To Seawater - No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment 	ent		
With treatment-please specify level of treatment (ii) To Groundwater - No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment (iii) To Seawater - No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment	ent		
 (ii) To Groundwater No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment (iii) To Seawater No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment 	ent		
 No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment (iii) To Seawater No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment 			
With treatment-please specify level of treatment (iii) To Seawater - No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment			
 (iii) To Seawater No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment 			
- No treatment With treatment-please specify level of treatment			
With treatment-please specify level of treatment			
(iii) To Seawater		Nil	Nil
- No treatment			
With treatment-please specify level of treatme	ent		
(iv) Sent to third- parties			
- No treatment			
With treatment-please specify level of treatme	ent		
(v) Others			
- No treatment			
With treatment-please specify level of treatme	ent		

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No

3. Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in areas of water stress (in kilolitres):

For each facility / plant located in areas of water stress, provide the following information:

- (i) Name of the area :Gondiparla, Kurnool, A.P
- (ii) Nature of operations : Manufacturing
- (iii) Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in the following format:

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

Parameter	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Water withdrawal by source		
(i) Surface water	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(ii) Groundwater		
(iii) Third party water		
(iv)Seawater / desalinated water		
(v) Others - River Water	622635 M3	705061 M3
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres)	622635 M3	705061 M3
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)	622635 M3	705061 M3
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed / turnover)		
Water intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres)		
(i) Into Surface water	Nil	Nil
- No treatment		
With treatment-please specify level of treatment		
(ii) Into Groundwater	Nil	Nil
- No treatment		
With treatment-please specify level of treatment		
(iii) Into Seawater	Nil	Nil
- No treatment		
With treatment-please specify level of treatment		
(iv) Sent to third-partiesCooling Tower Blowdown water sent to SAARC Ltd. For Treatment	73111 M3	80644 M3
- No treatment		
With treatment-please specify level of treatment		
(v) Others		
- No treatment		
With treatment-please specify level of treatment	72810 M3	
Total water discharged (in kilolitres)	145923 M3	80644 M3

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

No

4. Please provide details of total Scope 3 emissions & its intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Total Scope 3 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs,SF6, NF3, if available) Total Scope 3 emissionsper rupee of turnover	Metric tonnes of CO2 equivalent	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Total Scope 3 emission intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may beselected by the entity			

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. No

- 5. With respect to the ecologically sensitive areas reported at Question 10 of Essential Indicators above, provide details of significant direct & indirect impact of the entity on biodiversity in such areas along-with prevention and remediation activities.

No Ecologically sensitive areas are reported

6. If the entity has undertaken any specific initiatives or used innovative technology or solutions to improve resourceefficiency, or reduce impact due to emissions / effluent discharge / waste generated, please provide details of the same as well as outcome of such initiatives, as per the following format:

Sr. No.	Initiative undertaken	Details of the initiative (Web-link, if any, may be provided along-with summary)	Outcome of the initiative
		Nil	

7. Does the entity have a business continuity and disaster management plan? Give details in 100 words/ web link.

Yes, the Company has a business continuity and on-site emergency plan for all its locations. This business continuity plan enables the Company to adapt in situations arising from any natural calamity or an unprecedented event which may disrupt the business operations. The Company continuously enhances its existing plan by incorporating interferences and observations from disruptions faced in the unprecedented situations such as the pandemic. Further the Company's risk management plan enables the minimisation of disaster-linked losses, by assessing the potential for major disruption with its consequent risks to the business, and by providing the appropriate mitigation action plans.

8. Disclose any significant adverse impact to the environment, arising from the value chain of the entity. What mitigation or adaptation measures have been taken by the entity in this regard.

Not Applicable

9. Percentage of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed for environmental impacts.

Not available

PRINCIPLE 7 Businesses, when engaging in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a manner that is responsible and transparent

Essential Indicators

1. a. Number of affiliations with trade and industry chambers/ associations.

Four

b. List the top 10 trade and industry chambers/ associations (determined based on the total members of such body) the entity is a member of/ affiliated to.

S. No.	Name of the trade and industry chambers/ associations	Reach of trade and industry chambers/ associations(State/ National)
1	The Federation of Telangana Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FCTTI)	State
2	Basic Chemicals Cosmetics & Dyes Export promotion council (CHEMXIL)	National
3	Federation of Indian Export Organization	National
4	Indian Wind Power Association	National

2. Provide details of corrective action taken or underway on any issues related to anti- competitive conduct by the entity, based on adverse orders from regulatory authorities.

Not Applicable

Leadership Indicators

1. Details of public policy positions advocated by the entity: NIL

PRINCIPLE 8 Businesses should promote inclusive growth and equitable development

Essential Indicators

1. Details of Social Impact Assessments (SIA) of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year.

Name and brief details of project	SIA Notification No.	Date of notification	Whether conductedby independent external agency (Yes /No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes / No)	Relevant Web link
NIL			No	No	

 Provide information on project(s) for which ongoing Rehabilitation and Resettlement (R&R) is being undertaken by your entity, in the following format:

Not Applicable

3. Describe the mechanisms to receive and redress grievances of the community.

The Company has set up a framework of multiple mechanisms to receive and redress grievances, for the community. The stakeholder shares a proposal with the needs required. The Company then follows belowsteps:

- a. Need Assessment: At the first stage, the proposal is reviewed to assess the need and the proposed outcome and impact. The implementing agency is reviewed for the fulfilment of regulatory criteria and prior experience in working for a similar cause.
- Regular interactions with community: This is done by physical visits, virtual meetings, feedbacks review of outcomes, third party reports, photos, etc to redress
- c. In case there is a grievance and can be resolved by the Company, the proposal accounts for this in scope of work and approvals are taken and action is taken.

4. Percentage of input material (inputs to total inputs by value) sourced from suppliers:

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and in accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in the said Act. The company is in the process of compiling the relevant information from its suppliers about their coverage under the said Act and hence required disclosures made to the extent available.

	FY 23-24	FY 22-23
Directly sourced from MSMEs/ small producers	6.36%	5.60%
Sourced directly from within the district and neighbouring districts	45.97%	1.51%

Leadership Indicators

1. Provide details of actions taken to mitigate any negative social impacts identified in the Social Impact Assessments (Reference: Question 1 of Essential Indicators above):

No such negative social impacts were identified.

2. Provide the following information on CSR projects undertaken by your entity in designated aspirational districts as identified by government bodies:

State	Ospirational District	Amount Spent (in INR)
Andhra Pradesh	Kurnool	36,23,638

(a) Do you have a preferential procurement policy where you give preference to purchase from suppliers comprising marginalized /vulnerable groups? (Yes/No)

No. Consumption of resources by the Company is limited to running its operations. The Company believes in equal and fair opportunity to all vendors including marginalized /vulnerable groups.

(b) From which marginalized /vulnerable groups do you procure?

Not available

(c)What percentage of total procurement (by value) does it constitute?

Not available

4. Details of the benefits derived and shared from the intellectual properties owned or acquired by your entity (in the current financial year), based on traditional knowledge:

S. No.	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge		Benefit shared (Yes / No)	Basis of calculating benefitshare
		NIL		

 Details of corrective actions taken or underway, based on any adverse order in intellectual property related disputes wherein usage of traditional knowledge is involved.

Brief of the Case	Corrective action taken
Not Applicable	



The CSR activities are conducted in the villages adjoining the plant and the areas of Kurnool town. The Board ensures that the CSR activities undertaken by the company are within the scope of the following:

- 1 Clean drinking water to the people in the above-mentioned areas
- 2 Sports development
- 3 Health and Community Welfare
- 4 Animal welfare
- 5 On going project

PRINCIPLE 9 Businesses should engage with and provide value to their consumers in a responsible manner

Essential Indicators

1. Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback.

Our company prioritizes prompt resolution of customer complaints, addressing them in a timely and efficient manner. We identify the root cause of each issue and implement corrective actions to ensure customer satisfaction, in accordance with our quality management system certified to ISO 9001:2015 standards. This systematic approach enables us to resolve complaints within a stipulated time frame, fostering trust and confidence in our brand.

2. Turnover of products and/ services as a percentage of turnover from all products/service that carry information about:

	As a Percentage to total turnover
Environmental and social parameters relevent to the product	NIL
Safe and responsible usage	100%
Recycling and / or safe disposal	100%

3. Number of consumer Complaints in respect of the following :

	FY 23-24	Remarks	FY 22-23	Remarks
Data privacy	NIL		NIL	
Advertising	NIL		NIL	
Cyber-security	NIL		NIL	
Delivery of essentialservices	NIL		NIL	
Restrictive Trade Practices	NIL		NIL	
Unfair Trade Practices	NIL		NIL	
Other	NIL		NIL	

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

3. Details of instances of product recalls on account of safety issues:

	Number	Reasons for recall
Voluntary recalls	NIL	NIL
Forced recalls	NIL	NIL

Does the entity have a framework/ policy on cyber security and risks related to data privacy? (Yes/No) If available, provide a web-link of the policy.

Our confidentiality policy encompasses robust guidelines and protocols to ensure the secure management and protection of sensitive information. These guidelines are designed to safeguard data privacy and maintain the highest standards of information security, in accordance with industry best practices and regulatory requirements.

5. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway on issues relating to advertising, and delivery of essential services; cyber security and data privacy of customers; re-occurrence of instances of product recalls; penalty / action taken by regulatory authorities on safety of products / services.

We are pleased to report that there have been no instances of issues or noncompliances, and therefore, no corrective actions have been necessary. Our robust processes and procedures have ensured consistent compliance and quality, reflecting our commitment to excellence and customer satisfaction.

Leadership Indicators

1. Channels / platforms where information on products and services of the entity can be accessed (provide web link, if available).

www.srhhl.comhttp://info.nsf.org/Certified/PwsChemicals/Listings.asp? Company Name = sree & Trade Name = & Chemical Name = & Product Function = & Plant

2. Steps taken to inform and educate consumers about safe and responsible usage of products and/or services.

Our company prioritizes product safety and transparency by providing comprehensive information through Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) and TREME cards. The MSDS outlines product specifications, potential risks, and essential guidelines for safe storage, handling, and disposal.Additionally, the TREME cards offer convenient access to product safety information and a toll-free number for further assistance. We are committed to ensuring our customers have the knowledge they need to handle our products safely and responsibly.

3. Mechanisms in place to inform consumers of any risk of disruption/ discontinuation of essential services.

We will establish a standard notification process to keep our valued customers informed about new product launches, updates, or discontinuations. We will circulate regular updates via email to ensure our customers are well-informed and up-to-date on any changes to our products or services. This proactive approach will enable us to effectively communicate important information and foster strong relationships with our customers.

4. Does the entity display product information on the product over and above what is mandated as per local laws? (Yes/No/Not Applicable) If yes, provide details in brief.

Our product information is presented in compliance with relevant regulatory requirements, ensuring accuracy, clarity, and transparency. We adhere to established standards and guidelines, providing our customers with reliable and trustworthy product details

Did your entity carry out any survey with regard to consumer satisfaction relating to the major products / services of the entity, significant locations of operation of the entity or the entity as a whole? (Yes/No)

Our company values customer opinions and has established a robust feedback mechanism to collect, review, and respond to customer inputs. This feedback loop enables us to understand customer needs, preferences, and concerns, allowing us to continually improve our products, services, and overall customer experience.

5. Provide the following information relating to data breaches:

- a. Number of instances of data breaches along-with impact NL
- b. Percentage of data breaches involving personally identifiable information of customers

NIL

ANNEXURE -E- TO DIRECTORS REPORT

Report on Corporate Governance

This report is prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Company's Philosophy On Code Of Governance

Corporate Governance encompasses a set of systems and practices to ensure that the company's affairs are being managed in a manner which ensures accountability, transparency and fairness in all transactions in the widest sense. The objective is to meet stakeholder's aspirations and societal expectations. Corporate Governance in Sree Rayalseema Hi-strength Hypo Limited is a systematic process by which Company is directed and controlled to enhance its wealth generating capacity. Sree Rayalseema Hi-strength Hypo Limited (SRHHL) has been practicing the principles of good corporate governance. The Board of Directors supports the broad principles of corporate governance. In addition to the basic governance issues, the Board lays strong emphasis on attainment of high levels of transparency, accountability and integrity.

Board of Directors

The composition of the Board is in compliance with the SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015. The Board comprises of Six Directors and three directors are independent Directors. Except Chairperson & Managing Director, other Directors are non-executive Directors. The details of Directors attending the meetings are further furnished hereunder:

SI.	Name of the	Category	No. of Board meeting attended	Whether attended last AGM held on September	Number of Director ship in other	No of other Committee positions held in other Public Companies		listed entities	
No.	Director	Galogoly	during the fy 2023-24	26, 2023 by Video Video Conference	Public	As Chairman	As Member	(Category of Directorship)	
1.	Sri T.G. Bharath	Chairman & Managing Director	5	Yes	-	-	-	-	
2.	Sri A.Kailashnath	Independent Director	5	Yes	-	-	-	-	
3	Sri P.Ramachandra Gowd	Independent Director	5	Yes	-	-	-	-	
4.	Smt. R Triveni	Independent Director	5	Yes	-	-	-	-	
5.	Sri H.Gurunath Reddy	Non-Executive Director	5	Yes	-	-	-	-	
6.	Sri Satyam Gadwal	Non-Executive Director	5	Yes	-	-	-	-	
None	e of the Non-Ex		ors holds	s any sha	ares in th	e Comp	any. No	ne of the	

None of the Non-Executive Directors holds any shares in the Company. None of the Directors are related to each other.

Number of Board Meetings:

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024 five (5) Board meetings were held on (1) May 30, 2023 (2) August 14, 2023 (3) November 01, 2023 (4) November 14, 2023 (5) February 13, 2024.

The maximum time gap between any two meetings was not more than four calendar months.

3. Committees of The Board

(i) Audit Committee

The composition of the Audit Committee is in accordance with the Corporate Governance guidelines and the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The main terms of reference of the Audit Committee are:

- the recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of Auditors of the Company;
- (ii) review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
- (iii) examination of the financial statement and the auditor's report thereon;
- (iv) approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties;
- (v) scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- (vi) valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;
- (vii) evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- (viii) monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters.

The Audit Committee comprises of Sri.A.Kailashnath as Chairman, Smt. R Triveni and Sri.P.Ramachandra Gowd as members. The role, terms of reference and authority and powers of the Audit Committee are in conformity with the requirements of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The Audit committee Meetings were held on following dates :

(1) May 30, 2023 (2) August 14, 2023 (3) November 14, 2023 (4) February 13, 2024 and all the members attended the meetings.

(ii) Nomination And Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of Sri.A.Kailashnath as Chairman, Smt. R Triveni and Sri.P.Ramachandra Gowd as members. The Committee interalia, deals with all elements of remuneration of Chairman & Managing Director's service contracts, notice period, severance of payments etc. Meetings of Nomination and Remuneration committee was held on May 30, 2023 and all the members attended the meeting. The Non-Executive Directors will be paid sitting fee of Rs. 5,000 per meeting of Board and Audit Committee and Rs. 1500/- per meeting of other committees.

The CMD will not be paid any sitting fee for attending the Board meetings. The details of total remuneration paid to Sri T.G. Bharath, CMD for the year is furnished hereunder:

(Amount in Rs.)

			(
Salary	Perquisites	Commission	Total (Rs.)
Rs. 5,69,91,710			Rs. 5,69,91,710

(iii) Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Stakeholders Relationship Committee is constituted to review the actions taken by the Company in relieving Investors' Grievances and its response to Stock Exchanges, SEBI and other related Government correspondence. The Committee compromises of Sri.A.Kailashnath as Chairman, Smt. R Triveni and Sri.P.Ramachandra Gowd as members . The Company is vested with the requisite powers and authorities to specifically look into redressal of shareholder and investor grievances. During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, four meetings were held on (1) June 30 ,2023 (2) September 30,2023 (3) December 30, 2023 and (4) March 30,2024 and all the members attended the meetings.

Details of complaints:

- 1. No. of complaints at the beginning of the year : Nil
- 2. No. of Investor queries /complaints received in the year 2023-24 : 15
- 3. No of complaints pending at the end of the year : Nil

Name and designation of the Compliance Officer:

Smt V. Surekha , Company Secretary has designated as Compliance Officer by the Board.

(iv) Risk Management Committee:

Pursuant to Regulation 21 of SEBI(LODR)Regulations 2015, Risk Management Committee was constituted on 30.06.2021 with Sri T G Bharath as Chairman, Sri A Kailashnath, Sri P Ramachandra Gowd and Sri H Gurunath Reddy as members to visualize internal and external threats, risks. The policy is placed on Company's website <u>http://www.www.srhhl.com/wp-content/uploads/</u> 2024/07/risk-management-policy.pdf.

During the year, meetings of Risk Management Committee were held on (1) 25th August, 2023 and (2) 19th February, 2024. All the Directors attented the meetings.

The Committee was reconstituted on 26^{th} June, 2024 with Smt T G Shilpa Bharath as Chairperson, Sri A Kailashnath, Sri P Ramachandra Gowd and Sri H Gurunath Reddy as members.

(v) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of Sri.A.Kailashnath as Chairman, Smt. R Triveni and Sri.P.Ramachandra Gowd as members.

During the year ,meeting of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was held on May 30, 2023 and all the members attended the meeting .

(vi) Senior management

In terms of Clause 5B of Schedule V of SEBI Listing Regulations, the particulars of Senior Management as on March 31, 2024 are provided below:

SI. No.	Name Designation		
Key	Managerial Personnel		
1	Sri T G Bharath Chairman & Managing Director		
2	Smt V Surekha	Company Secretary	
3	Sri S Ifthekhar Ahmed	Chief Financial Officer	
Sen	ior Management		
1	Sri M Varaprasad	Chief General Manager (Instrumentation)	
2	Sri K Chandra Mohan	Sr. General Manager (Process)	
3	Sri P Sreenivasulu	Sr. General Manager (Process-HSH)	
4	Sri B Suneel Kumar Reddy	Sr. General Manager (Mechanical)	
5	Sri P Krishna Reddy	Sr. General Manager (Process-Pharma)	
6	Sri P Prasad Reddy	General Manager (Electrical)	
7	Sri D Raghavendra Prasad	General Manager (Mechanical)	
8	Sri N Prasad	General Manager (Mechanical)	
9	Sri J Sreenivasulu	General Manager (Marketing- Exports)	
10	Sri V Chandra Sekhar	General Manager (Marketing)	
11	Sri M Gopinath	General Manager (Marketing)	

(vii) Chart or a matrix setting out skills/ expertise/competence of the Board of Directors

Your Directors collectively possess all the required core skills/ expertise/ competencies that are required to operate business smoothly – Leadership Experience, Business Management and Strategy, Finance, Legal, Marketing.

4. General Body Meetings:

(a) The details of last three Annual General Meetings of the Company and the Special resolutions approved by the members

Year	Venue	Date	Time	Items of Special resolutions passed
2021	Held through video conference/ audio visual means. Deemed venue	September 30 ,2021	1 .00 P.M.	 Reappointment of Independent director for second term.
	was Regd. Office, Gondiparla, Kurnool- 518004 (A.P.)			2. Appointment of Smt R Triveni as Independent Director
				 Appointment of Sri T G Bharath as Chairman & Managing Director for a period of 3 years.
2022	Held through video conference/ audio visual means. Deemed venue was Regd. Office, Gondiparla, Kurnool- 518004 (A.P.)	September 29 ,2022	3.00 P.M.	 Approval for giving loan or guarantee or providing security under section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013
				2. To approve continuation of payment of remuneration to executive director who is promoter in excess of threshold limits prescriber under S E B I (L O D R) Regulations,2015
2023	Held through video conference/ audio visual means. Deemed venue was Regd. Office, Gondiparla, Kurnool- 518004 (A.P.)	September 26 ,2023	12 Noon	NIL

Resolution(s) passed through Postal Ballot :

NIL

5. Disclosures:

None of the transactions with any of the related parties were in conflict with the interest of the Company at large. The details of related party transactions are furnished in Notes to Accounts to financial statements. The Company has

85

not received any notices from Stock Exchanges or SEBI regarding noncompliance of statutory provisions. The Company is complying with all mandatory requirements as per SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015.

6. Means of Communications:

The quarterly, half yearly and annual financial results of the Company are published in newspapers - Business Standard (English) and Andhra Prabha (Telugu) generally and submitted to BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) where the shares of the Company are listed. The Financial results are also displayed on Company's website **www.srhhl.com**. A Management Discussion Analysis Report is a part of this Annual Report.

7. General Shareholder Information

1.	Date, Time and Venue of the AGM	Saturday, 21 st September, 2024 at 11.30 A.M. At registered office, Gondiparla, Kurnool - 518004. (Andhra Pradesh)				
2.	Financial Calendar	April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025				
	(i) For the quarter ending June 30, 2024	On or before August 14, 2024				
	(ii) For the quarter and half year ending September 30, 2024	On or before November 14, 2024				
	(iii) For the quarter and nine months ending December 31, 2024	On or before February 14, 2025				
	(iv) For the fourth quarter and financial year ending March 31, 2025	On or before May 30, 2025				
3.	Trading window closure for financial results	From the 1st day from close of quarter till the completion of 48 hours after the UPSI becomes generally available.				
4.	Date of Book Closure	13 th September,2024 to 21 st September,2024 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of Annual General Meeting and Dividend				
5.	Dividend and Dividend Payment Date	Rs. 3/- per equity share for FY 2023-24. The Final dividend will be paid on October 18, 2024, if approved by the Shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company. The payment of dividend will be subject to deduction of tax at source, as applicable, in compliance with the statutory requirements				

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

6.	Listing on Stock Exchanges	1. Name: BSE Limited Address: Phiroze Jeejeebhoy
		Towers, Dalal Street,Mumbai-400 001
		 Name: National Stock Exchange of India Limited Address: Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East),Mumbai–400051
7.	Stock Code	532842 on BSE Limited
		SRHHYPOLTD on National Stock Exchange of India Limited
8.	ISIN Number for NSDL & CDSL	INE917H01012
9.	Corporate Identity Number (CIN)	L24110AP2005PLC045726

(g) Market price Data for Financial year 2023-24:

Month &Year	BS	E	NSE		
	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	
April, 2023	556.35	415.90	557.20	416.15	
May, 2023	573.00	453.05	573.00	458.80	
June, 2023	754.90	550.00	751.00	552.50	
July 2023	806.55	691.10	807.65	688.10	
August, 2023	815.00	566.50	814.00	567.05	
September, 2023	658.00	587.95	658.90	588.70	
October, 2023	612.75	531.70	615.00	532.05	
November, 2023	575.95	508.10	575.05	502.60	
December, 2023	619.70	517.35	623.10	515.55	
January, 2024	644.00	555.05	648.80	560.00	
February, 2024	597.35	524.35	599.00	516.60	
March, 2024	555.85	463.00	547.00	470.00	

(h) Share Transfer System:

As mandated by SEBI, securities of the Company can be transferred / traded only in dematerialized form except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. Shareholders holding shares in physical form are advised to avail the facility of dematerialization.

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

(i) Share Transfer Agents:

M/s. Aarthi Consultants Pvt. Ltd Regd.Office: 1-2-285, Domalguda Hyderabad-500029 (Telangana) Tel No. 040-27638111 / 4445 Fax No: 040-27632184 Email: info@aarthiconsultants.com

(j) Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2024 :

SI. No.	Category	Shares	Amount	%
1.	Promoters	10614869	106148690	61.84
2.	Mutual Funds	1322	13220	0.01
3.	Banks	4551	45510	0.03
4.	Bodies Corporate	144104	1441040	0.84
5.	Indian public	4444674	44446740	25.89
6.	Non Resident / OCBS	748367	7483670	4.36
7.	Foreign Portfolio			
	Investors-Category-I	97247	972470	0.57
8	Foreign Portfolio			
	Investors-Category-II	760	7600	0.00
9.	IEPF	1107841	11078410	6.45
10.	Clearing Members	1076	10760	0.01
11	NBFC registered with RBI	10	100	0.00
	TOTAL	17164821	171648210	100

(k) Distribution of Shareholding as on March 31, 2024 :

SI. No.	Category	Total No of Share holders	% of total share holders	Total No.of Shares	Amount (Rs.)	% of total capital
1	1 - 5000	46225	97.30	2835047	28350470	16.52
2	5001-10000	680	1.43	504907	5049070	2.94
3	10001-20000	342	0.72	490570	4905700	2.86
4	20001 -30000	91	0.19	228292	2282920	1.33
5	30001-40000	43	0.09	151594	1515940	0.88
6	40001-50000	33	0.07	150819	1508190	0.88
7	50001-100000	56	0.12	395196	3951960	2.30
8	100001 and above	40	0.08	12408396	124083960	72.29
	Total	47510	100	17164821	171648210	100



(I) Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity:

The Company's shares are covered under compulsory dematerialization list and are transferrable under depository system. As on March 31, 2024, 92.19% of shares were held in Demateralised form and rest in physical form.

(m) Outstanding GDR / ADRs / Warrants / Convertible Instruments -

Not applicable

(n) Code of Conduct

In compliance of Regulation 17 (5) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 "Code of Conduct" applicable to all members of board of Directors and Senior Management has been approved by the Board and the same has been placed on the company's website. Copy of the code of conduct circulated to all the concerned and obtained their affirmation.

DECLARATION BY CMD

As provided in Schedule-V (D) of SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Directors and Senior Management personnel have confirmed compliance with code of conduct for the period ended March 31, 2024.

Cd/

	T G Shilpa Bharath
Place : Kurnool Date : August 14, 2024	Chairman & Managing Director DIN : 01895414

(o) Plant Locations:

- Stable Bleaching Powder Plant (2 Nos.) located at Gondiparla, Kurnool District, Andhra Pradesh .
- Sulphuric Acid 3 plants, Chloro Sulphonic Acid, and Calcium Hypochlorite (Hi –Strength Hypo) plants are located at Gondiparla, Kurnool District, Andhra Pradesh.
- Bottling of Hydrogen Gas plant situated at Gondiparla, Kurnool District, Andhra Pradesh.
- Wind energy generators (7 Nos) units situated in Tamilnadu State .
- Sodium Methoxide and Sodium Hydraxide Plant at Gondiparla, Kurnool.
- 10MW thermal Power Plant at Gondiparla, Kurnool.
- 5MW Solar Power Plant at Gondiparla, Kurnool.

(p) For all matters, address for correspondence at any of the following addresses:

 (A) Registrar and Share Transfer Agent M/s. Aarthi Consultants Pvt. Ltd. Door No. 1-2-285, Domalguda Hyderabad – 500 029 e-mail Id : info@aarthiconsultants.com

(B) Shares Department :

Sree Rayalaseema Hi-strength Hypo Limited No. 6-2-1012, IV Floor, TGV Mansion Above ICICI Bank, Khairatabad Hyderabad – 500 004 (A.P.) Tel. Nos. 040-23313964, Fax No.: 040-23313875 e-mail Id : <u>companysecretary@srhhl.com</u> Website: <u>www.srhhl.com</u>

8. Non Disqualification Certificate from Company Secretary in Practice:

Certificate from Geeta Serwani & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority as stipulated under Regulation 34(3) of the listing regulations is annexed to this report (Annexure-J).

9. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment : Not Applicable

Not Applicable

10. Details of non- compliance by the listed entity, penalities, strictures imposed on the listed entity by stock exchange(s) or the Board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years:

No penalty or strictures have been imposed on the Company by any of the aforesaid authorities during the last three years.

11. Credit Rating:

As the company has not issued any debt instruments or accepted any fixed deposit, the Company was not required to obtain credit ratings in respect of the same. The credit rating from CRISIL during the financial year 2023-24 for bank facilities are CRISIL A/ Stable for long term and CRISILA1 for Short term.

12. Fee paid to Statutory Auditors by the Company and its subsidiaries:

Total fees for all services paid by the Company to the Statutory Auditors M/s. S T Mohite& Co., Chartered Accountants during the year ended March 31,2024 is Rs.10,20,000/- excluding out of pocket expenses.

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors Sd/-

Place : Kurnool Date : August 14 ,2024 T.G. Shilpa Bharath Chairperson & Managing Director DIN:01895414

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To,

The Members, SREE RAYALASEEMAHI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED CIN: L24110AP2005PLC045726

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED** ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2024 as per the relevant provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as referred to in Regulation 15 (2) of the Listing Regulations.

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to review of procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the company for ensuring the compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned Listing Regulations.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Geeta Serwani and Associates (Practicing Company Secretary) Sd/-(Geeta Serwani) Proprietor Membership No. F8991 COP: 8842 UDIN: F008991F000977695

Date: August14,2024 Place : Hyderabad

ANNEXURE -F TO DIRECTORS' REPORT:

Management Discussion & Analysis Report:

A) Industry Structure And Developments:

The Company's main activity is manufacturing of chemicals. Other activities are generation of power through wind, Solar, thermal and also trading activities.

B) Opportunities And Threats:

(1) There is growing demand for Calcium Hypochlorite in the international market

- (2) Most of the raw materials are easily available locally thus savings in the transportation costs
- (3) The raw material prices are uncertain in the market. Any steep upward price rise would affect the profitability of the unit.
- (4) The import of lime for the manufacture of Hi-strength Hypochlorite and Sodium Metal for Sodium Hydride may affect the profitability of the Company due to exchange fluctuations.
- (5) The generation of power through wind mainly depends on high wind velocity which is seasonal in nature and thermal energy mainly depends on availability of coal both indigenous and imported.

C) Segment-Wise Or Product-Wise Performance:

There was decline in performance in case of Calcium Hypo chloride (HSH), Stable Bleaching Powder (SBP), Sodium Methoxide,Sodium Hydride, Coal Trading, Power generation through Thermal energy, Power generation through wind, Sulphuric Acid, Chloro Sulphonic Acid (CSA) and oleum.

D) Outlook:

The Company is exploring possibilities in Real Estate and Trading activities.

E) Risks And Concerns:

- (i) Raw material prices are market driven and any upward revision will affect the profitability of the Company.
- (ii) Fluctuations in foreign exchange currencies in relation to exports, Imports and FCTL.
- (iii) The investments in shares are market driven which are exposed to related risks.

F) Internal Control Systems and Their Adequacy:

The Company has a good system of internal controls in all spheres of its activities. All the staff of the Internal Audit Department are well trained in internal control procedures and well versed with computerized environment. Further, in key areas like stores, finalization of purchase orders and fixation of

material prices are under pre-audit. The Management regularly reviews the findings of the internal auditors and effective steps to implement the suggestions/ observations of the Auditors are taken and monitored regularly. In the opinion of the Board, an effective internal control system adequate to the size of the Company are in place.

G) Discussion on Financial Performance With Respect To Operational Performance:

For the year 2023-24 net profit before Tax is Rs.10,873.03 lakhs against Rs. 19,048.28 lakhs during the previous year. The Company provided Rs. 41.14 lakhs towards deferred tax, Rs.2789.53 lakhs towards current tax and net profit after Tax is Rs. 8,042.36 lakhs.

H) Material Developments In Human Resources / Industrial Relations Front, Including Number Of People Employed:

During the year, the Company maintained harmonious and cordial industrial relations. The Company regularly conducting seminars and workshops to improve the safety and maintenance of the factory and for also timely dispatches of quality products. The Company is deputing employees for attending seminars for updating their skills and knowledge. The Company had around 400 employees on its rolls.

Ratios	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	% of Change
Interest coverage ratio (Profit before tax + interest + Depreciation) / Interest	2914.52	3977.68	(26.73)
Debtors turnover ratio (Receivable + more than 90 days) / Gross Sales	6.77	11.74	(42.34)
Inventory Turnover ratio (Inventory) / Cost of goods sold (note: cost of goods sold is excluding interest, selling and other overheads)	11.01	12.23	(10.02)
Current ratio Current Assets / Current Liabilities (excluding AMTL)	10.15	4.27	137.76
Debt equity ratio Long term Debt / Net worth	0.000	0.0004	100.00
Operating profit margin (%) PBIT / net sales	0.13	0.12	8.77
Net Profit margin (%) Net profit / net sales	0.0929	0.0935	(0.70)
Return on Net worth Net Profit / Net worth	0.10	0.23	(55.66)

DETAILS OF KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS:



Annexure G-Corporate Social Responsibility

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:	Appropriate steps are taken by the company to integrate CSR activities for the development of areas surrounding the Company in particular and other areas in general. In compliance with the guidelines prescribed under Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013, your Company has constituted a CSR Committee which monitors the implementation of C S R activities. In every financial year, at least 2% of average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years is earmarked for undertaking CSR activities.
	The Company had undertaken CSR activity during financial year 2022-23 by way of on going project for construction of old age home/ orphanage home at Kurnool and spent nearly Rs. 5 crores in the year 2022-23. The Company had not spent any amount on on-going project in the financial year 2023-24.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

SI. No	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Numberof meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Sri A kailashnath	Independent Director	1	1
2.	Sri P Ramachandra Gowd	Independent Director	1	1
3.	Smt R Triveni	Independent Director	1	1

 Provide the weblink where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company.

https://www.srhhl.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/Corporate-Social-Responsibility-Policy-pdf...pdf

 Provide the details of impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report)

NOT APPLICABLE

- 5. (a)Average net profits of the Company as per section 135 (5) : Rs.131,08,90,423
 - (b)Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5):Rs.2,62,17,808
 - (c)Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Rs.3,32,15,321
 - (d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: Rs.2,25,94,170

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

- (e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (b-d):Rs. 36,23,638
- 6 (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects
 - (Other than ongoing projects)
 - (b)Amount spent in Administrative Overheads

(c)Amount spent on Impact assessment, if applicable : Not applicable

: Rs. 36.23.638

· __

(d)Total amount spent for the financial year [(a)+(b)+(c)] : Rs.36,23,638

(e)CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent(in Rs.)				
Total amount spent for the financial year (in Rs.)	Total amount transferred to Unspent CSR account as per Section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fundspecified under Schedule VII as per second proviso t section 135(5).		econd proviso to
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the fund	Amount	Date of transfer
36,23,638	-	-	-	-	-

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any

SI.No	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company a per section 135(5)	2,62,17,808
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial year	36,23,638
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	3,32,15,321
(V)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	1,06,21,151

7. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

NOT APPLICABLE

SI No	Preceding Financial year	Amount spent in the reporting Financial year (in Rs.)	fund s sched	ransferred pecified u ule VII as 1 135(6), if	nder per	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years.(in Rs.)
			Name of the fund	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of Transfer	

8. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquire d through CSR spent in the financial year: **NIL**

(Asset-wise details)

(a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s)

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED



(b)Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.

- (c)Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).
- 9. Specify the reason(s) if the Company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per section 135(5). **NOT APPLICABLE**

Sd/-T G Shilpa Bharath (Chairperson & Managing Director) DIN: 01895414 Sd/-A Kailashnath (Chairman of CSR Committee) DIN: 03017003

Annexure - H

Y

Disclosures as required under Regulation 34 (3) of SEBI LODR (Regulations), 2015.

Particulars	Balance	e as on	Maximum Amount outstanding during the period		
	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	
 a) Loans and advances in the nature of loans to (i) subsidiary Company M/s TGV Metals and Chemicals Pvt. Ltd. (ii) Associate Companies (iii) Firms/ Companies in which directors are interested b) Investment by the loanee in the shares of the Company and its subsidiary Company 	2901.10	1191.75 - -	2901.10 - -	1191.75 - -	

ANNEXURE-I TO DIRECTORS' REPORT Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 09 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Member, Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited (CIN : L24110AP2005PLC045726) Gondiparla Kurnool 518004 Andhra Pradesh

I, Geeta Serwani, Proprietor of M/s. Geeta Serwani and Associates, Practicing Company Secretary have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 complied with the Statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 according to the provisions of;

- 1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- 2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956(SCRA) and the rules made there under;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-law framed hereunder;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment and Overseas Direct Investment;
- The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India , 1992 ('SEBI Act');

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India(Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines , 1999;
- (e)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 ;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registration to an Issue and Share Transfers Agents) Regulations, 1993;
- (g)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- (h)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clause of the following;

- I. The Secretarial Standards issue by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- II. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited read withSecurities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Accordingly, the Industry specific major Acts as applicable to the Company are complied.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc mentioned above.

I further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decision at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the Meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.



I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the Company has not undertaken event which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

Geeta Serwani and Associates

(Practicing Company Secretary) Sd/-(Geeta Serwani) Proprietor Membership No. F8991 COP: 8842 UDIN: F008991F000978291

Date: August14,2024 Place : Hyderabad

Note: This report is to be read with letter of even date which is annexed as "ANNEXURE A" and forms an integral part of this report.

"ANNEXURE A" to SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

To,

The Member, Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited (CIN : L24110AP2005PLC045726) Gondiparla Kurnool 518004 Andhra Pradesh

Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on the test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.
- The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Geeta Serwani and Associates (Practicing Company Secretary) Sd/-(Geeta Serwani) Proprietor Membership No. F8991 COP: 8842 UDIN: F008991F000978291

Date: August14,2024 Place : Hyderabad

ANNEXURE-J CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,

The Members

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED (L24110AP2005PLC045726)

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited (CIN : L24110AP2005PLC045726) and having registered office at Gondiparla, Kurnool Dist., A.P. (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my/our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that **none** of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2024 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	DIN	Name	Designation	Date of appointment
1	00125087	Mr. Tumbalam Gooty Bharath	Chairman & Managing Director	25/07/2006
2	03017003	Mr A Kailashnath	Independent Director	30/05/2016
3	06948557	Mr Ramachandra Gowd	Independent Director	14/08/2014
4	07211326	Mr H Gurunath Reddy	Non Executive Director	15/06/2015
5	09045405	Mrs. R Triveni	Independent Director	13/02/2021
6	09762624	Mr. Satyam Gadwal	Non Executive Director	13/10/2022

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Geeta Serwani and Associates (Practicing Company Secretary) Sd/-(Geeta Serwani) Proprietor Membership No. F8991 COP: 8842 UDIN: F008991F000977926

Date: August 14,2024 Place : Hyderabad

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

То

The Members of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes forming part of standalone financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024 and its profit, comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

Key audit matters

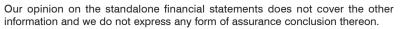
Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters:

Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
Revenue Recognition	Principal Audit Procedures
The application of the new revenue accounting standard involves certain key judgements relating to identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognized over a period.Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when control of the	We reviewed the Company's implementation of Ind AS 115, including recognition of the effect on opening equity and changes to procedures, accounting guidelines, disclosures and systems to support correct revenue recognition. We reviewed and discussed the accounting policy including the key accounting estimates and judgements made by management. We tested the relevant internal controls used
products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no	to ensure the completeness, accuracy and timing of revenue recognised.
longer any unfulfilled obligations. The application of the new revenue accounting standard involves certain significant judgements and estimates made by the management including identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified	We read a sample of contracts to assess whether the method for recognition of revenue was relevant and consistent with Ind AS 115 and had been applied consistently. We focused on contract classification, allocation of income and cost to the individual performance obligations and timing of transfer of control.
performance obligations, determination of transaction price, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognized over a period.Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur. Accumulated expenses are used to	We evaluated the significant judgements and estimates made by management in applying accounting policy to sample of contracts and we obtained evidence to support them, including contractual agreements, delivery records. We also considered the historical outturns of estimates used in prior periods.
estimate provisions of discounts, rebates. Refer note 2.8 of the financial statements.	We applied Audit Techniques to establish, whether any revenue has been recognized where no corresponding accounts receivable or cash has been recorded in the general ledger.

Other Information

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures there to, Business Responsibility and sustainable Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and auditor's report thereon.



In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the additional information, as mentioned above, that would be included in the Integrated Report, if we

conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with

governance and take appropriate actions as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibility of Management and those charged with Governance for the Standalone financial statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principle generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management and Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



The Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(I) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matter We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in 'Annexure-A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the matters stated in paragraph 2(i) (vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 as amended
 - c. The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.

- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to other remarks paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over with reference standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure-B'.
- h. With respect to other matters to be included in the Auditors Report under section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its director's during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid under section 197 of the Act.

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements. Refer note. 42 to the Standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contract including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.
 - iv. a. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b. The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- c. Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The dividend declared in previous year and paid during the year by the company is in compliance with section 123 of the Act, to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.
- vi. Based on the examination which included test checks and accordance with requirements of the implementation guide on reporting on audit trial under Rule 11(g) of companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, we report that the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023 and reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rule 2014 on preservation of audit trial as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

For S.T.Mohite & Co., Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S)

Sd/-Sreenivasa Rao T. Mohite Partner Membership No.015635 ICAI UDIN NO.: 24015635BKFPOC2912

Place: Hyderabad Date: 28 May 2024

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited of even date

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the course of audit, and to best of our knowledge and belief we report that:

- In respect of the Company's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets:
 - a) A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment, and right-of-use assets so to cover all the assets over a period of three years which, in our opinion, the periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, all PPE were physically verified during the year. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - d) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - e) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31 March 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- a) The inventories have been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable. The Company has maintained proper records of inventory. There was no

material discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stock and the book records.

- b) During the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ¹ 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has filed quarterly/monthly returns or statements with such banks, based on physical verification of stocks. Accordingly, there are no discrepancies and are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- a) The Company has, during the year, made investments in a partly owned subsidiary and gave an unsecured loan to that subsidiary company. The aggregate amount granted during the year and balances outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loan to subsidiary are as per the details given below:

Particulars	Loans ₹ in Lakhs
Aggregate amount granted during the year.	
-Subsidiary company	917.35
-Others	2400.00
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases:	
-Subsidiary company	2109.10
-Others	2445.04

The Company has not provided any corporate guarantee or offered security during the year.

The above amounts are included respectively in note 5 (ii) and 11 to the standalone financial statements.

- a) In our opinion, the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- b) In respect of aforesaid loans, the terms and conditions under which loans were granted are not prejudicial to the Company's interest, based on the information and explanation provided by the Company. In respect of loan granted by the Company to some individuals and private companies repayment is on demand basis and payment of interest has been stipulated on annual basis and receipts of interest have been generally regular as per stipulation. In case of loan given to partly owned subsidiary the terms for repayment of loan is not stipulated but interest is stipulated and receipts of interest have been generally regular as per stipulated.

- c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date for more than 90 days.
- d) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- e) The details of loan granted, either repayable on demand or without specifying any term of repayment, are given below:

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties ¹
Repayable on demand	2445.04	-	-
No terms or repayments terms are specified	2109.10	-	2109.10
Total	4554.14	-	2109.10
Percentage of the total loans granted	100		46.1

The above loan is included in --- note 12 to the standalone financial statements.

- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act, in respect of loans granted, investments made as applicable. The Company has not provided any guarantees or securities.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts during the year as per provisions of Section 73 or 76 of the Act and relevant Rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company for the year.
- vi) Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under section148(1) of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii) In respect of statutory dues:
 - a) According to the information and explanation given to us by the Company and records of the Company examined by us, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

 b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on 31 March 2024 on account of disputes are given below:

Nature of Statue	Nature of dues	Forum where the dispute is pending	Period to which the amount relates	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	ITO, Kurnool	A.Y.2019-20	1.15
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	ITO, Kurnool	A.Y.2022-23	0.64
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	ITO, Kurnool	A.Y.2023-24	0.34
GST Act	GST	CESTAT	F.Y. 2015-16	3.08
GST Act	GST	CESTAT	F.Y. 2015-16	1.22
GST Act	GST	CESTAT	F.Y. 2021-22	46.49
GST Act	GST	GST Appeals, Chennai	F.Y.2022-23	46.83
Total				99.75

- viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961(43 of 1961).
- a) According to the information and explanation given to us by the Company and records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year. Accordingly, Clause 3(ix) of the order is not applicable.
 - b) The Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - c) The Company has obtained term loans and applied for the purpose for which it has been obtained.
 - d) According to the information and explanation given to us by the Company and based on the procedures performed by us and on overall examination of Standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purpose of the Company.

- e) According to the information and explanation given to us by the Company and on overall examination of Standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associate or Joint ventures.
- f) According to the information and explanation given to us by the Company and based on the procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x) a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures of any kind during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us. The Company has not received any whistle blower complaints during the year. Accordingly, Clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under Section 406 of the Act and Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii) In our opinion, and according to the information given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Ind AS.

- xiv) a) In our opinion and according to the information given to us, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered the internal audit report for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedure.
- xv) In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any noncash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) In our opinion, there is no core investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) & (d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding the financial year.
- xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly reporting under clause 3(xviii) is not applicable to the Company.
- xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx)a) During the year the company has incurred expenditure of ¹ 36.24 lakhs (including amount spent on ongoing project ¹ 0.00 lakhs) against current year CSR obligation of ¹ 262.18 lakhs resulting in Rs 0.00 lakhs excess paid during the year to be carry forward to the next year and the current

year shortfall was adjusted from the previous year's excess spent amount that is surplus carry forward to current year. Accordingly, there is no unspent amount which is required to be transferred to fund specified in schedule VII with in a period of six months.

- b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Company, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (6) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to ongoing projects. Accordingly, clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For S.T.Mohite & Co., Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S)

Sd/-Sreenivasa Rao T. Mohite Partner Membership No.015635 ICAI UDIN NO.: 24015635BKFPOC2912

Place: Hyderabad Date: 28 May 2024



(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
ASSETS		,	,
1. Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	9,307.10	9,726.01
(b) Right-to-use assets on lease	ЗA	219.52	505.09
(c) Investment properties	4	810.39	260.26
(d) Financial assets			
í) Investments	5	25,295.75	26,842.53
ii) Other financial assets	6	281.96	262.07
(e) Other non-current assets	7	134.96	157.15
Total Non-current assets		36,049.68	37,753.11
2. Current assets			
(a) Inventories	8	3,156.34	12,576.71
(b) Financial assets			
i) Trade receivables	9	10,682.79	14,897.14
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	32,901.09	22,617.18
iii) Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	11	487.69	256.25
iv) Loans	12	4,681.10	1,287.33
(c) Other current assets	13	2,732.74	4,708.86
Total Current assets		54,641.75	56,343.47
TOTAL ASSETS		90,691.43	94,096.58
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1. Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	14	1,716.48	1,716.48
(b) Other equity	15	78,489.33	73,387.96
Total Equity		80,205.81	75,104.44
Liabilities			
2. Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
i) Lease Liability	17	364.93	607.13
ii) Other financial liabilities	18	127.30	118.25
(b) Provisions	19	271.33	226.11
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	20	4,260.09	4,757.08
(d) Deferred Government grants	21	77.96	83.96
Total Non-current liabilities	21	5,101.61	5,792.53
3. Current liabilities			0,702.00
(a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	0.00	841.99
ii) Lease Liability	22	125.85	119.90
iii) Trade payables	~~~	120.00	113.30
(A) total outstanding dues of micro	23	128.06	119.43
enterprises and small enterprises; and	20	120.00	113.40
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other	23	1,174.49	6,909.96
than micro enterprises and small enterprises	20	1,174.40	0,303.30
iv) Other financial liabilities	24	377.50	393.17
(b) Other current liabilities	25	3,182.03	4,263.25
(c) Provisions	26	334.82	140.34
(d) Current tax liability (Net)	20	61.26	411.57
Total Current liabilities	21	5,384.01	13,199.61
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,485.62	18,992.14
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			94,096.58
	1&2	90,691.43	34,030.30
Corporate information and material accounting policies	102		
The accompanying notes form an integral	42-57		
part of the financial statements	42-37		
As per our report of even date attached. For a	nd on het	half of the Boa	rd
			Sd/-
Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S) Sri T.G.Bha	arath		R.Triveni
Sd/- Chairman & Mana	ging Direc	tor Di	rector
Sreenivasa Rao T.Mohite DIN : 00125			9045405
Partner Sd/-			6d/-
Gu/-			
			khar Ahmed
Company Se		Chiet Fina	ancial Officer
Place: Kurnool Place: Kurnoo	ol		
Date : May 28, 2024 Date : May 28			
·, ,			

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
1	Revenue from operations	28	86,601.35	165,011.65
11	Other income	29	2,349.54	3,410.94
ш	Total revenue (I + II)		88,950.89	168,422.59
IV	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed	30	39,548.78	57,251.33
	Purchase of stock-in-trade Changes in inventories of finished goods,	31	9,574.05	65,381.47
	work in progress and stock-in-trade	32	7,439.03	1,806.49
	Emloyee benefit expense	33	3,506.89	3,878.28
	Finance cost	34	397.75	474.95
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	1,057.89	1,934.66
	Other expense	35	15,467.95	18,647.13
	Total expenses (IV)		76,992.34	149,374.31
v	Profit/ (loss) before exceptional items and	tax (III-IV)	11,958.55	19,048.28
	Exceptional items	36	1,085.52	
	Profit/ (loss) before tax (V-VI) Tax expense		10,873.03	19,048.28
	Current tax		2,710.04	3,625.50
	Deferred tax		41.14	(9.17)
	Income tax adjustment		79.49	-
	Total Tax expense	37	2,830.67	3,616.33
IX	····· ···· · ···· · · · · · · · · · ·		8,042.36	15,431.95
Х	Other comprehensive income	38		
	Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss i	n		
	subsequent periods:		(0.0.10.00)	
	Net gain /(losses) on FVTOCI financial instru		(3,049.38)	4,331.73
	Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined be	netit plans	(37.90)	0.15
	Tax effect		777.01	(1,090.25)
	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for	the year	(2,310.27)	3,241.63
XI	Total comprehensive income for the year		5,732.09	18,673.58
XII	Earnings per equity share(Facevalue ₹10/- p	,	10.00	
	Basic and Diluted	39	46.86	89.90
	Corporate information and material	1&2		
	accounting policies	182		
	The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements	42-58		
	per our report of even date attached.	For an	d on behalf of the	Board
	S.T.Mohite & Co.,	Sd/-		Sd/-
Cha Sd/·	rtered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S)	Sri T.G.Bhar		Smt. R.Triveni
	chain Enivasa Rao T.Mohite	man & Manag		Director DIN : 09045405
Part		DIN : 001250 Sd/-		Sd/-
Men	nbership No.015635	Smt. V.Sure	kha SriS.	Ifthekhar Ahmed
		Company Sec		f Financial Officer
		lace: Kurnool		
Date	e: May 28, 2024 D	ate : May 28,	2024	



Standalone Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Membership No.015635 UDIN NO: 24015635BKFPOC2912

Date : May 28, 2024

Place: Kurnool

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
Cash flow from operating activities	·	
Profit before tax	10,873.03	19,048.27
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:	1 057 00	1 00 4 66
Depreciation and amortisation expenses Interest received	1,057.89 (1,589.69)	1,934.66 (907.34)
Interest paid	397.75	203.14
Interest income & expenses due to amortisation of rent deposits	1.50	40.38
Income due to government grant recognised	(6.00)	(6.00)
Net (gains)/losses on FVTPL instruments	(258.67)	(795.88)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(3.55)	-
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.23	
Operating profit before working capital changes Working capital adjustments:	10,472.49	19,517.23
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	(5,726.84)	(677.68)
(Decrease)/Increase in non-current financial liabilities	9.05	(9.74)
Decrease)/Increase in current financial liabilities	(15.67)	(512.72)
(Decrease)/Increase in other current liabilities	(1,081.22)	(1,247.75)
(Decrease)/Increase in short term provisions	194.48	(179.65)
(Decrease)/Increase in long term provisions	7.32	17.70
(Increase)/Decrease in non-current financial asset	(21.39)	132.15
(Increase)/Decrease in other non-current assets (Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	22.19 4.217.90	(25.24) (1,689.38)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	9,420.37	1,821.27
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets	1,976.12	5,110.81
(Increase)/Decrease in financial assets	(3,393.77)	(1,230.09)
Cash generated from operating activities	16,081.03	21,026.91
Direct taxes paid (net)	(2,845.08)	(7,932.52)
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	13,235.95	13,094.39
Cash flows from investing activities	(000.00)	524.71
Purchase of property,plant and equipment, including CWIP Proceeds from sale of property,plant and equipment	(929.29) 25.50	524.71
Purchase of investment	(1,243.92)	(986.66)
Interest received	1,589.69	907.34
Deposits earmarked for guarantees	(221.00)	(10,541.67)
Earmarked for dividend	(10.44)	233.91
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	(789.46)	(9,862.37)
Cash flows from financing activities	(007.75)	(000 4 4)
Interest paid (Repayment)/Proceeds of long term borrowings	(397.75)	(203.14)
(Repayment)/Proceeds from short term borrowings	(841.99)	(1.71) (990.91)
Dividend paid	(686.59)	(600.95)
(Repayment)/Proceeds of lease liability	(236.25)	(198.89)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) in financing activities (C)	(2,162.58)	(1,995.60)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C		1,236.42
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	22,617.18	21,380.76
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	32,901.09	22,617.18
Components of cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand	9.16	1.54
Balances with banks	9.10	1.54
- in Current Account	32,891.93	22,615,64
Total cash and cash equivalents	32,901.09	22,617.18
Note:		
The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' se	et out in Ind AS - 7 "State	ement of Cash Flows'
As per our report of even date attached. For and	l on behalf of the l	Board
For S.T.Mohite & Co., Sd/-		Sd/-
Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S) Sri T.G.Bhara	th Sr	nt. R.Triveni
Sd/- Chairman & Managir		Director
Sreenivasa Rao T.Mohite DIN : 0012508		N:09045405
Partner Sd/-	. Di	Sd/-
Membership No 015635		

Place: Kurnool

Date : May 28, 2024

Stipulative Statement of changes in Equity (세 amounts in 캭 in Lakhs, except otherwise stated)
As at 1st Apr 2022 Changes in equity share capital during the year As a 1st Mar 2023
Changes in equity share capital during the year As at 31st Mar 2024
Reserves and Surplus
Note Securities premium reserve
15 3,026.59
(VI)eT
15(iv)
15(iii)
15(iii)
3,026.59
15(iv)
15(iv)
4 6 /14/
15(iii) 15(iii)
15(iii)
3,026.59

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

SP

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st, March 2024

Note 1: General Information

Sree Rayalaseema Hi – Strength Hypo Limited ("The Company") was incorporated on 28th March, 2005 it is the leading producer of Calcium Hypo Chloride, Stable Bleaching Powder, Sulphuric Acid and other chemicals.

The Company is a public limited company domiciled in India. The equity shares of the Company are listed on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

The financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 28th May, 2024.

Note 2: Material Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These Financial statements are separate financial statements of the company (also called Standalone Financial Statements)

The Standalone Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (as amended) (Ind AS)as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 together with comparative period data as at the year end 31st March, 2024.

2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

Financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The Standalone financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees and all values are rounded off to nearest lakhs and to the decimals there off.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes in to account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transaction that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets.

2.3 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires that the Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The recognition, measurement, classification or disclosure of an item or information in the financial statements is made relying on these estimates.

The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods. The critical accounting judgements and key estimates followed by the Company for preparation of financial statements.

2.4 Operating cycle.

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their in cash and cash equivalents. The company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.5 Current and Non-Current Classification.

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current and non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of business.
- Expected to be realized with in twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The company classifies all the other assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of business.
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

• There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax asset and liability are classified as non-current asset and liability

2.6 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key source of estimation uncertainty operating cycle:

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the management of the company are required to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions about the carrying amounts of the asset and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods in the revision effects both current and future periods.

The following are the areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Provision and contingent liability

On an ongoing basis, Company reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other. For contingent losses that are considered probable an estimated loss is recorded as an accrual in financial statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent liabilities in the financial statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the financial statements. Gain contingencies are not recognized until the contingency has been resolved and amounts are received or receivable.

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting. As at March 31st, 2024 management assessed that the useful lives represent the expected utility of the assets to the company. Further, there is no significant change in the useful lives as compared to previous year.

2.7 Functional Currency:

The Financial Statements are prepared in Indian Rupees, which is the functional currency of the company, functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates.

All amounts in the financial statements are stated in Indian Currency unless otherwise stated.

2.8 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations.

The Performance Obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and rebates.

Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

Our customers have the contractual right to return goods only when authorised by the Company. An estimate is made of goods that will be returned and a liability is recognised for this amount using a best estimate based on accumulated experience.

Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements/ arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

2.9 Leasing

Ind AS 116 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-Balance Sheet model.

The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lesses – leases of 'lowvalue' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognize a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Lessees will be required to separately recognize the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

Lease is 'a contract or part of a contract that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. An underlying asset has been defined to mean an Asset that is the subject of lease, for which the right to use that asset has been provided by a lessor or lessee.

Measurement of lease liability

On the date of transition lease liability is measured at present value of lease payments that are not paid as at the date of transition.

After the transition date lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Subsequently the company measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying the amount to reflect the interest on the lease liability; reducing the carrying amount of reflect the lease payments made; and re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Company uses the incremental borrowing rate which is the rate of interest that a lessee would have to pay over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value of the right-to-use asset in a similar economic environment.

Right-of-use asset (ROU)

This is measured as lease liability adding any initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, cost to dismantle or restore less lease incentives.

After the commencement date, the Company measures the ROU at cost:

- Less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulate impairment losses; and
- Adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability on subsequent to lease commencement date

A Company applies the depreciation requirement in Ind AS 16 while depreciating ROU asset. The said asset is depreciated over a period of lease term unless in case where ownership of underlying asset is transferred. In such case, the asset is depreciated over the useful life of underlying asset. Also, impairment requirements as per Ind AS 36 is applied by the Company

2.10 Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual Company entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

2.11 Borrowingcosts

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.12 Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the standalone statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or

losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Company with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

2.13 Employee benefits

Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is reflected immediately in the statement of financial position with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- Remeasurement.

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the statement of financial position represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans

Discretionary contributions made by employees or third parties reduce service cost upon payment of these contributions to the plan.

When the formal terms of the plans specify that there will be contributions from employees or third parties, the accounting depends on whether the contributions are linked to service, as follows:

- If the contributions are not linked to services (e.g. contributions are required to reduce a deficit arising from losses on plan assets or from actuarial losses), they are reflected in the remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset).
- If contributions are linked to services, they reduce service costs. For the
 amount of contribution that is dependent on the number of years of service,
 the entity reduces service cost by attributing the contributions to periods of
 service using the attribution method required by Ind AS 19 for the gross
 benefits. For the amount of contribution that is independent of the number
 of years of service, the entity [reduces service cost in the period in which
 the related service is rendered / reduces service cost by attributing
 contributions to the employees' periods of service in accordance with
 IndAS 19

Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service.

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability is recognised for the goods or services acquired, measured initially at the fair value of the liability.

2.14 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the standalone (statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income/ statement of profit or loss) because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

2.15 Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the standalone Balance Sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Free hold land is not depreciated.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation and amortisation

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives as specified in Schedule II to the Companies act, 2013 using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. Depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The useful life as prescribed underSchedule II of the Companies Act have been followed except in respect of the following categories of assets, inwhose case the life of the assets has been assessed asunder based on technical advice, taking into account thenature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, theoperating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.,

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Particulars	Years
Buildings	
-Factory and administrative buildings	20
-Ancillary structures	20
Plant and equipment	8
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	5

2.16 Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are recogised initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are messured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any.

Depreciation on buildings is calculated using straight line method to allocate their cost, net of residual values, over their estimated useful lives, depreciation is provided on useful life of assets as prescribed in schedule II to the companies Act 2013.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

2.17 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying

amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Company of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cashgenerating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash- generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.18 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a weighted average cost basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Carrying value of inventories pledged as securities against loans are disclosed.

2.19 Provisions and contingencies

A Provision is recognised when the company has a present obligation(legal or constructive) as a result of past event i.e., it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a

current pre-tax rate reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an
 outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable
 estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.
- Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in financial statements. A disclosure of the contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

2.20 Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost
- Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets at amortised cost

'Financial asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a. The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b. Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost

is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade receivables.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value.

The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at Fair Value throughOther Comprehensive Income, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income. There is no recycling of the amounts from Other Comprehensive Income to Profit &Loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the Fair Value throughProfit &Loss category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Profit &Loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement~ And either

- (a) The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b)The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

Impairment of Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss.

The Company follows "Simplified approach" for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

As a practical expediency, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss (P&L). This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses'.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to borrowings.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.21 Earning per equity share

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per equity share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

2.22 Segment Reporting

The management has assessed the identification of reportable segments in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments' and the company has disclosed three reportable segments namely (i) Chemical Manufacturing, (ii) Power Generation and (iii) Trading in Coal. Further, the Board of directors have designated the Managing Director as Chief Operating Decision Marker ('CODM').

2.23 Cash flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payment and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.24 Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities.

Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Revenue recognition:

The Company applies judgement to determine whether each product or services promised to a customer are capable of being distinct, and are distinct in the context of the contract, if not, the promised product or services are combined and accounted as a single performance obligation. The Company allocates the arrangement consideration to separately identifiable performance obligation deliverables based on their relative stand-alone selling price. Because the financial reporting of these contracts depends on estimates that are assessed continually during the term of these contracts, recognized revenue and profit are subject to revisions as the contract progresses to completion.

Allowance for expected credit losses:

It describes the use of practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on provision matrix. The expected credit allowance is based on the aging of the days receivables which are past due and the rates derived based on past history of defaults in the provision matrix.

Fair value of investments:

The Company has invested in the equity instruments of various companies. However, the percentage of shareholding of the Company in such investee companies is very low and hence, it has not been provided with future projections including projected profit and loss account by those investee companies. Hence, the valuation exercise carried out by the Company with the help of available historical annual reports and other information in the public domain.

Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will beavailable against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine theamount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxableprofits together with future tax planning strategies.

Contingent liability judgement:

Contingent liabilities are claims against the Company notacknowledged as debt. Contingencies may arise from the ordinary course of business in relation to claims against the Company, including legal, contractor and other claims. By their nature, contingencies will be resolved only when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum of contingencies inherently involve the exercise of significant judgement and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

2.25New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments adopted by the Company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. The Company applied for the first-time these amendments.

Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments had no impact on the Company's Standalone Financial Statements.

Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments have had an impact on the Company's disclosures of accounting policies, but not on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Company's financial statements.

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction - Amendments to Ind AS 12

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases.

The Company previously has not recognised for deferred tax on leases. As a result of these amendments, the Company has recognised a separate deferred tax asset in relation to its lease liabilities and a deferred tax liability in relation to its right-of-use assets.

Impact on the statement of profit and loss account is recognition of deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 12.54 lakhs. Opening retained earnings is increased by Rs. 55.87 lakhs.

Apart from these, consequential amendments and editorials have been made to other Ind AS like Ind AS 101, Ind AS 102, Ind AS 103, Ind AS 107, Ind AS 109, Ind AS 115 and Ind AS 34.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...) (All amounts in ₹Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Standalone

Note 3. Property Plant and Fourinment

	Particulars	puel	Factory	Furmiture and Wind Power	Wind Power	Plant and	Other	Total
		רמות	Buildings	fixtures	Plants	Machinery	Assets	IO141
₹	(A) Cost							
	As at 1st April, 2022	7,445.37	3,500.73	196.84	7,407.72	23,333.73	1,146.66	43,031.05
	Additions	507.01	•	•		1,145.27	147.93	1,800.21
	Disposals /transfer	-495.44	-68.00	•	•	-1,900.83	•	-2,464.27
	Transferred to investment property	-161.65						-161.65
	As at 1st April, 2023	7,295.29	3,432.73	196.84	7,407.72	22,578.18	1,294.59	42,205.35
	Additions	107.56	•	•	•	812.34	25.6	929.28
	Disposals /transfer	•	•	•	•	-50.00	•	-50.00
	Transferred to investment property		'	•	•	-567.95		-567.95
	As at 31st March, 2024	7,402.85	3,432.73	196.84	7,407.72	22,772.57	1,303.96	42,516.68
•	(B) Accumulated Depreciation							
	As at 1st April, 2022		2,998.17	190.60	7,168.84	19,554.77	904.09	30,816.47
	Depreciation		108.08	•	27.99	1,518.67	48.89	1,703.63
	Disposals		•	•	•	-40.75	•	-40.75
	As at 1st April, 2023	•	3,106.25	190.60	7,196.83	21,032.69	952.98	32,479.35
	Depreciation		88.75	•	27.99	535.86	101.90	754.50
	Disposals		'	•	•	-24.27	'	-24.27
	As at 31st March, 2024		3,195.00	190.60	7,224.82	21,544.29	1,054.88	33,209.58
9	(C) Carrying value(A-B)							
	As at 31st March, 2023	7,295.29	326.49	6.24	210.89	1,545.48	341.61	9,726.00
	As at 31st March, 2024	7,402.85	237.74	6.24	182.90	1,228.28	249.08	9,307.10
a	Title to some of the properties acquired by the Company under Scheme of Arrangement in past are in the process of being mutated in the	d by the Con	ipany under S	Scheme of Arrai	ngement in pa	st are in the pro	ocess of being	mutated in the

5 i na i i 2 Company's name. B

The land, Building and Plant and Machinery have been secured by a charge in favour of working capital bank. The vehicles have been hypothicated in favour of banks who have lent against these vehicles.

Depreciation on property plant and equipment is charged on straight line method as per Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Property Plant and Equipment were tested for impairment by the technical executives with in the company during the year for any indications of existing impairment. As per their advice for no impairment, the company has not recorded any impairment during the year ending 31 st March, 2024. $\widehat{\mathbf{G}}$

Disposal/transfer of land includes transfer of land in last year for an ongoing project under Corporate Social Responsibility scheme under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 Ē

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

139

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...) (All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated) Standalone

Note 3A: Right of use Asset on Lease

	Particulars	Right to us Asset
(A)	Costs	
. ,	As at April 1st , 2022	1,237.40
	Additions	0.00
	Disposals	0.00
	As at 31st March, 2023	1,237.40
	Additions	
	Disposals /transfer	0.00
	As at 31st March, 2024	1,237.40
(B)	Accumulated Depreciation	
	As at April 1st , 2022	501.26
	Amortisation	231.04
	Disposals	0.00
	As at April 1st , 2023	732.30
	Amortisation	285.58
	Disposals	0.00
	As at 31st March, 2024	1,017.88
(C)	Net Block	
	Net Carrying amount as at 31st March, 2023	505.09
	Net Carrying amount as at 31st March, 2024	219.52

For details of lease please refer Note 44(Leases)

Note 4: Investment Property

a) Carring value and depreciation

Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
Faruculars	March, 2024	March, 2023
Cost		
Opening gross amount - Land	260.24	0.00
Additions - Land	0.00	260.24
Additions - Buildings	567.95	0.00
Closing gross amount - Land and Buildings	828.20	260.24
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening accumulated depreciation	0.00	0.00
Depreciation charge on Buildings	17.81	0.00
Depreciation reversed on disposal	0.00	0.00
Closing accumulated depreciation	17.81	0.00
Net carrying amount	810.39	260.24
Fair value of Investment properties	1,892.66	1,324.71
h) Estimation of fair value		

b) Estimation of fair value

The Company obtains independent valuations for its investment properties annually. The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, the Company considers Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...) (All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated) Standalone

information from a variety of sources including:

- (i) current prices in an active market for properties of different nature.
- (ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences.

The main input used is the price per square metre as per State Government's registration and stamps department rate for the property. All resulting fair value estimates for investment properties are included in level 2.

Income and operating expenses of investment property :

- (i) Rental Income (for part of year) 61.62 Lakhs
- (ii) Operating expenses that generated rental Income Depreciation 17.81Lakhs Note 5: Financial Assets - Non-Current Investments

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
(A)	Investments in Equity Instruments fair value		
	through other comprehensive income	18,528.73	21,589.13
(B)	Investments at cost	0.10	0.10
(C)	Investments in mutual funds fair value through		
	profit and loss	1,157.68	737.16
(D)	Other Investments in venture capital funds fair		
	value through profit and loss	5,609.24	4,516.14
	TOTAL	25,295.75	26,842.53
(A)	Investments in Equity Instruments (Fair value		
. ,	through other comprehensive income)		
	Quoted		
	a) Fully Paid up		
	TGV SRACC Ltd	16,667.75	20,061.71
	2,05,44,496 (March 31, 2023:2,05,44,496)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	The South Indian Bank Ltd	192.94	103.36
	7,07,000 (March 31, 2023:7,07,000)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Roopa Industries Ltd	812.22	562.57
	13,72,455 (March 31, 2023:13,72,455)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Kabson Industries Ltd	1.75	0.88
	10,100 (March 31, 2023:10,100)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	0.00	
	Karnataka Bank Ltd	8.33	5.03
	3,700 (March 31, 2023:3,700)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	105 70	111.01
	Lotus Choolates Ltd	195.76	111.61
	56,800 (March 31, 2023:56,800)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each NEPC Micon Ltd	0.00	0.00
		0.02	0.02
	200 (March 31, 2023:200) Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Equity shares of hs. 10/- each		

	, , , ,		Standalone
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	BNR Udyog Ltd	0.26	0.21
	500 (March 31, 2023:500)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Consom Biotech Ltd	0.02	0.03
	300 (March 31, 2023:300)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Neha International Ltd	0.17	0.17
	1,700 (March 31, 2023:1,700)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Indo Wind Energy Ltd	8.27	3.90
	42,000 (March 31, 2023:42,000)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Nazara Technologies Ltd	3.15	2.42
	469 (March 31,2023:469)		
	Equity share of Rs. 10/ each		
	b) Partly paid up		
	Surya Jyothi Spinning Mills Ltd		
	100 (March 31, 2023:100)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	0.01	0.01
	Un Quoted (Fully Paid up)		
	In Subsidiary Companies		
	Investment with TGV Sodium & Electrolite Pvt. Ltd.	0.00	11.00
	Nil (March 31, 2023:1,10,000)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	Investment with TGV Metals and Chemicals Pvt. Ltd.	25.00	25.00
	50,000 (March 31, 2023: 50000)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
	In other Companies		
	MV Salts and Chemicals Private Limited	613.08	701.21
	12,00,000 (March 31,2023: 12,00,000)		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/-each		
	Total (A)	18,528.73	21,589.13
(B)	Investments in Government Securities (at Cost)		
.,	National Saving Certificates	0.10	0.10
	Total (B)	0.10	0.10
(C)	Investments in mutual funds through		
(0)	(fair value through profit and loss)		
	Quant multi asset fund	298.89	183.82
	Quant small cap fund	331.49	197.09
	Quant mid cap fund	274.76	184.27
	Quant Active fund	252.54	171.98
	Total (C)	1,157.68	737.16

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...) Standalone

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

			Standalone
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
(D)	Other Investments (in venture capital funds)		
• •	at fair value through profit and loss		
	IIFL Wealth Finance Ltd	613.23	451.28
	Blume Ventures Fund 1X	996.55	1033.51
	TVS Shriram Growth Fund 3	626.01	621.73
	Sixth sense India opportunites-iii	571.53	438.48
	Inflexor Technology Fund	436.33	341.83
	Care health Insurance Ltd	86.05	69.77
	Avendus future leaders fund II	794.28	564.97
	Epig capital ii	162.83	213.83
	Gaja capital india fund 2020	339.75	406.21
	Blume ventures india fund iv	219.04	174.76
	Fireside Ventures Investment Fund III	103.26	44.77
	Fearing Capital Growth Fund III	149.46	155.00
	ISAF III Onshore Fund	85.92	0.00
		425.00	0.00
	DSGCP Continuity Fund	425.00	0.00
	Total (D)	5,609.24	4,516.14
	Total (A+B+C+D)	25,295.75	26,842.53
Sun	nmary:		
Agg	regate amount of quoted investments - Book value	17,890.65	20,851.92
Agg	regate amount of quoted investments - Market value	17,890.65	20,851.92
Agg	regate amount of un quoted investments	638.08	737.21
Ago	regate amount of impairment in value of investments	0.00	0.00
Age	regate amount of investments in Government securities	0.10	0.10
Ago	regate amount of investments in Mutual funds	1,157.68	737.16
	regate amount of investments in others	5,609.24	4,516.14
Not	e 6: Other Non-Current Financial Assets		
Sec	urity deposits with Government authorities	34.23	33.03
	osits with related parties - rent deposits	244.88	226.19
Oth		2 85	2.85
Our		2.00	2.00
Tota	ı	281.96	262.07
Not	e 7: Other Non-Current Assets		
Adv	ances for capital assets		
	ital Advances	45.43	47.43
	ances other than capital assets		
	paid rental deposit	89.53	109.72
Tota	4	134.96	157.15



		otandalone
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Note 8: Inventories		
Raw materials	860.23	2,699.88
Work-in-progress	153.29	89.95
Finished goods	698.41	8,002.43
Stores, spares, chemicals, fuel and packing materials	853.99	995.67
Goods in transit	590.42	788.78
Total	3,156.34	12,576.71
Note 9: Trade Receivables		
Unsecured and considered good	10,682.79	14,897.14
Unsecured and considered doubtful	67.29	67.29
	10,750.08	14,964.43
Expected Credit Loss Allowance		
(allowance for bad anddoubtful debts)**	(67.29)	(67.29)
Total trade receivables	10,682.79	14,897.14

The Average credit period on sales is 60 days

The Company has used a practical expediency by computing the expected credit loss allowance for Trade Receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates are given in the provision matrix. The provision matrix at the end of the Reporting Period is as follows :

Expected credit loss

Aging	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
With credit period	0.00%	0.00%
Upto 60 days past due	0.25%	0.25%
61-90 days past due	0.50%	0.50%
91-180 days past due	0.75%	0.75%
more than 180 days past due	1.00%	1.00%

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Before accepting any new customer, the company uses an external credit scoring system and other potential information to assess the customer credit quality and defines credit limit. The limit and scoring attributable to customer are reviewed periodically.

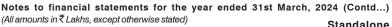
Trade receivables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Current but not due	< 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	> 3 Year	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables							
Considered Good and Unsecured	4,144.04	3,869.39	2,736.65	-	-	-	10,750.08
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	4,144.04	3,869.39	2,736.65	-	-	-	10,750.08

Trade receivables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Current but not due	< 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	> 3 Year	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables							
Considered Good and Unsecured	8,038.65	4,502.59	2,423.20	-	-	-	14,964.44
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	8,038.65	4,502.59	2,423.20	-	-	-	14,964.44

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Expected credit loss		
With credit period	4,144.04	8,038.65
Upto 60 days past due	2,119.39	2,540.19
61-90 days past due	1,069.75	737.41
91-180 days past due	680.25	1,224.99
more than 180 days past due	2,736.65	2,423.20
Total trade receivables (before impairment allowance)	10,750.08	14,964.44
Movement in Expected Credit Loss Allowance :		
Balance at beginning of the year	67.29	67.29
Movement in Expected Credit Loss Allowance on trade	0.00	
receivablescalculated at lifetime expected credit losses	0.00	0.00
Balance at end of the year **The allowance for expected credit losses for the year	07.29	07.29
includes additional provision for doubtful debts apart from		
provision made based on above matrix.		
Note 10: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balances with banks		
in Current Account	1.470.73	2.648.39
Cash on hand	9.16	1.54
Deposits with bank	31,421.20	19,967.25
Total	32,901.09	22,617.18



Standalone					
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023			
Note 11: Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Deposits with bank earmarked for bank guarantees	221.00	0.00			
Balances with banks in Current Account earmarked for dividend	266.69	256.25			
Total	487.69	256.25			
Note 12: Loans					
Loans/advances to Employees	126.96	95.58			
Loans to Subsidiary company	2,109.10	1,191.75			
Loans to Others	2,445.04	0.00			
Total	4,681.10	1,287.33			
Note 13: Other Current Assets					
GST rebate receivable	536.58	225.82			
Insurance claim receivable	0.00	1,040.50			
Amounts receivable and GST credit	1,131.82	2,054.55			
Advance to related parties - supplies dues	0.60	40.39			
Advance to suppliers and others	831.40	1,120.99			
Prepaid Insurance and other Expenses	91.20	146.59			
Export incentives receivable	141.14	80.02			
Total	2,732.74	4,708.86			
Note 14: Equity Share Capital					
a) Authorised :					
4,90,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	4,900.00	4,900.00			
(as at 31st March 2023 4,90,00,000					
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each)	4,900.00	4,900.00			
(b) Issued, Subscribed and fully paid:					
1,71,64,821 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each issued	1,716.48	1,716.48			
(as at 31st March 2023 1,71,64,821					
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each issued)					
Total	1,716.48	1,716.48			
(i) Reconciliation of the number of equity					
shares outstanding					
At the beginning of the year	17,164,821	17,164,821			
Add: Issued during the year	0.00	0.00			
At the end of the year	17,164,821	17,164,821			
At the end of the year	17,164,821	17,164,821			

(ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled

to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at 31st	As at 31st March, 2024 As at 31st March, 2023		
Name of the shareholder	No.of shares	% of total shares	No.of shares	% of total shares
Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Ltd	3742639	21.80%	3742639	21.80%
Sree Rayalaseema Galaxy Projects Pvt Ltd	1513989	8.82%	1513989	8.82%
TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd	2619400	15.26%	2619400	15.26%

(iv) Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

	Year end	ed 31st M	arch, 2024	Year ende	d 31st M	arch, 2023
Name of the Promoter	No.of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year	No.of	% of total	% change during the year
Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Ltd	3,742,639	21.80%	-	3,742,639	21.80%	0.43%
Sree Rayalaseema Galaxy Projects Pvt Ltd	1,513,989	8.82%	-	1,513,989	8.82%	-
TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd	2,619,400	15.26%	-	2,619,400	15.26%	1.25%
T G V Securities Pvt Ltd	656,414	3.82%		656,414	3.82%	-
Sree Rayalaseema Dutch Kassenbouw Pvt Ltd	499,422	2.91%		499,422	2.91%	-
Brilliant Industries Pvt Ltd	9,042	0.05%		9,042	0.05%	-1.68%
T G V SRAAC Ltd	244,749	1.43%		244,749	1.43%	-
T G Bharath	501,537	2.92%	-2.75%	515,737	3.00%	-
T G Shilpa Bharath	396,398	2.31%	-6.89%	425,714	2.48%	-
T G Rajyalakshmi	415,744	2.42%		415,744	2.42%	-
Boda Mourya	488	0.00%		488	0.00%	-
Jyothsna S Mysore	7,047	0.04%	-	7,047	0.04%	-
TGV Industries Private Ltd	8,000	0.05%	-	8,000	0.05%	-

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
(v) Dividends declared and Paid:		
During the FY 2023-24:The shareholders of the company at its 18th Annual General Meeting held on 26th September,2023 approved payment of dividend of Rs.4.00/- per share of Face value of Rs.10/- (40%) for the year ended 31.03.2023, and dividend also paid during the year	686.59	-

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
During the FY 2022-23:The shareholders of the company at its 17th Annual General Meeting held on 29th September,2022 approved payment of dividend of Rs.3.50/- per share of Face value of Rs.10/- (35%) for the year ended 31.03.2022, and dividend also paid during the year	-	600.95
(vi) Number of Shares transferred to IEFP during the year U/s 123 of the Companies Act, 2013	48,134	10,29,911

Particulars	Note No. Below	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Note 15: Other Equity			
Securities premium	(i)	3,026.59	3,026.59
Other reserves	(ii)	2,762.75	2,762.76
Retained earnings	(iii)	61,455.15	54,043.50
Reserve for other comprehensive income items	(iv)	11,244.84	13,555.11
Total		78,489.33	73,387.96
Reserves and Surplus			
(i) Securities premium			
Opening Balance		3,026.59	3,026.59
Closing balance		3,026.59	3,026.59
(ii) Other reserves			
A. General Reserve			
Opening Balance		334.09	334.09
Closing balance		334.09	334.09
B. Amalgamation reserve			
Opening Balance		2,428.67	2,428.67
Closing balance		2,428.67	2,428.67
C. Total of other reserves (A+B)		2,762.75	2,762.76
(iii) Retained earnings			
Opening Balance		54,043.50	39,212.51
Add: Deferred tax impact on Ind AS 116 (Refer r	note 2.25)	55.87	-
Add: Net profit for the period		8,042.36	15,431.94
Less: Payment of Dividend and Dividend distrik	oution		
tax (F2022-23)		(686.59)	(600.95)
Closing balance		61,455.15	54,043.50

	Particulars		As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
(iv)	Reserve for other comprehensive income it Change in fair value of FVOCI - equity & pre instruments (Net of taxes)			
	Opening Balance - Net gains/(losses) on FVTOCI securities duri	ing	13,613.88	10,372.36
	the year	0	(2,281.91)	3,241.52
	- Closing balance Other Comprehensive income arising from ac gain/loss on defined benefit obligation (Net of t		11,331.97	13,613.88
	Opening Balance - Gains/(losses) on arising from actuarial	,	(58.77)	(58.92)
	gain/loss on gratuity		(28.36)	0.15
	- Closing balance	(b)	(87.13)	(58.77)
	Total	(a+b)	11,244.84	13,555.11

Nature and purpose of other reserves :

General Reserve

The General Reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

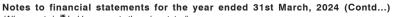
FVTOCI intruments

The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity and preference securities in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVTOCI investments reserve within equity. The Company transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant securities are derecognised.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Note 16: Borrowings		
Current borrowings		
Secured		
Working capital demand loans	0.00	841.99
Total taken to Current Liabilities in Balance Sheet	0.00	841.99
There is no default as at 31st March, 2024, 31st March		
2023 in repayment of loans and interest payments on banks.		
Terms of Repayment		
Vehicle Loans		
Fully repaid during current year	0.00	27.56
Note 17: Lease Liability		
Lease Liability (Refer Note.44)	364.93	607.13
Total	364.93	607.13

The above Lease Liability is calculated in compliance of new IND AS 116 Leases which is notified with effet from 01.04.2019. Separate Note No.44 is enclosed disclosing details of its recognition and measurement.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Note 18: Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities		
Security deposits from customers	127.30	118.25
Total	127.30	118.25
Note 19: Long-Term Provisions		
Gratuity (refer note 43)	271.33	226.11
Total	271.33	226.11
Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities		
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities		
FVTPL Instruments	(5,032.90)	(5,735.28)
Unwinding of interest on assets discounted	(27.61)	(32.69)
Deferred government grant	0.42	0.38
Gratuity	40.19	30.65
Ind AS 116-ROU	(268.92)	0.00
Less:		
Deferred tax assets		
Property, plant and equipment	641.05	630.04
Borrowing costs measured at amortised cost	31.46	36.16
Provision for expected credit loss (ECL)	18.89	18.89
Ind AS 116 - Lease liabilities	337.33	
MAT Credit entitlement	0.00	294.77
Net deferred tax liability	(4,260.09)	(4,757.08)
Reconciliation of net deferred tax liabilities		
Opening balance	(4,757.08)	667.32
Reclassification from investments	0.00	(5,433.57)
Recognised in statement of profit and loss during the period	(41.14)	9.17
Recognised in Other comprehensive income during the year	777.01	0.00
Recognised in retained earnings for Ind AS 116		
(Refer note 15(iii))	55.87	0.00
MAT adjustment	-294.77	0.00
Closing balance	(4,260.09)	(4,757.08)
Note 21: Government Grants		
Capital subsidy in solar projects	77.96	83.96
Total	77.96	83.96



(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Standalone

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Note 22: Lease Liabilities		
Lease Liabilities (Refer Note.44)	125.85	119.90
Total	125.85	119.90
Note 23: Trade Payables		
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprieses (Refer Note 48)	128.06	119.43
Others	1,174.49	6,909.96
Total	1,302.55	7,029.39

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2024

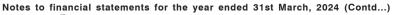
Particulars	culars Unbilled Curre		from due date of payment				Total
	Duco	Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	128.06				128.06
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	1,174.49				1,174.49
Dispited outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Disputed outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Total	-	-	1,302.55				1,302.55

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2023

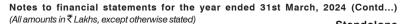
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Current	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Duco	Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	119.43				119.43
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	6,909.96				6,909.96
Dispited outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Disputed outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Total	-	-	7,029.39				7,029.39



Stallu			
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	
Note 24: Other Current Financial Liabilities			
Current maturities of long term debt			
Secured			
From Banks	0.00	27.56	
UnSecured			
Unpaid dividend	266.69	256.25	
Security deposits - others	110.80	109.36	
Total	377.50	393.17	
Note 25: Other Current Liabilities			
Dealers commission payable	407.86	593.06	
Overseas commission	7.36	17.87	
Creditors for services availed	262.60	316.25	
Advance from related parties	242.02	640.90	
Advances from customers	1,024.49	2,613.15	
Statutory dues - TDS and TCS	59.50	60.93	
Outstanding liabilities	298.59	0.00	
Other current liabilities	879.60	21.09	
Total	3,182.03	4,263.25	
Note 26: Short-Term Provisions			
Employee benefits	334.82	140.34	
Total	334.82	140.34	
Note 27: Current Tax Liability/(Asset) (Net)			
Current tax liability			
Provision for income tax	6,335.56	14,458.20	
Current tax asset			
Tax deducted at source & Advance tax	6,274.30	(14,046.63)	
Closing balance liability (Net)	61.26	411.57	



(All amounts in₹Lakhs, except otherwise stated)		Standalone
Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
Note 28: Revenue from Operations		
Sale of manufactured products	65,205.99	86,793.34
traded goods	18,209.98	65,273.73
plots	0.00	8,060.15
energy	2,748.63	4,411.74
Other operating revenue		
Sale of scrap	165.80	153.84
Export incentives	270.95	318.85
Total	86,601.35	165,011.65
Note: For disaggregation of revenue please refer note no.49		
Note 29: Other Income		
Net gains/(losses) on FVTPL instruments	258.67	795.88
Interest on bank and other deposits and customers	1,589.69	907.34
Rental income	158.35	48.91
Unwinding of interest on assets discounted	18.69	2.84
Profit on sale of investments/assets	1.00	1,522.67
Deferred government grant income	6.00	6.00
Gain on foregin exchange (net)	10.87	138.70
Other non operaing incomes	99.93	38.08
Loss on sale of asset (net)	(1.23)	(49.48)
Dividend on equity shares	207.57	0.00
Total	2,349.54	3,410.94
Note 30: Cost of Materials Consumed Consumptions		
Raw materials	30,908.35	49,134.80
Stores, spares, chemicals & packing materials	8.640.44	8,116.53
Total	39,548.78	57,251.33
Note 31: Purchase of Stock-in-trade	0.574.05	05 004 47
Purchase of stock-in-trade	9,574.05	65,381.47
Total	9,574.05	65,381.47
Note 32: Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in-progress and Atock-in-trade Closing Stock		
Finished goods	1,288.84	8.791.21
Stock-in-process	153.29	89.95
Stock-in-trade	0.00	0.00
Total closing Stock : (A)	1,442.13	8,881.16
Opening Stock		
Finished goods	8,791.21	7,681.48
Stock-in-process	89.95	197.98
Stock-in-trade	0.00	2,808.19
Total Opening Stock : (B)	8,881.16	10,687.65
Total changes in inventories of work-in-progress,		
stock-in-trade and finished goods: C (A-B)	(7,439.03)	(1,806.49)

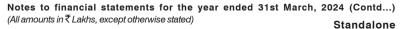


(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)	515t Mulon, 20	Standalone
Particulars	Year ended 31st	Year ended 31st
	March, 2024	March, 2023
Note 33: Employee Benefit Expense		
Salaries, wages, bonus and allowances	2,598.94	3,153.54
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	83.16	83.02
Staff welfare expenses	824.79	641.72
Total	3,506.89	3,878.28
Note 34: Finance Cost		
Interest expenses		
On working capital Loans/cash credits	3.73	4.79
Bank charges	270.84	198.35
On others	6.89	135.08
On lease liabilities	116.28	136.73
Total	397.75	474.95
Note 35: Other Expenses		
Repairs & maintenance	5,369.52	5,380.82
Insurance	218.34	169.72
Rents	42.08	30.35
Travelling and conveyance	149.61	110.15
Printing and stationery	4.77	6.48
Postage telegrams and telephones	17.27	25.52
Freight outward & incidental expenses	7,674.78	9,976.57
Commission on sales	334.39	1,050.05
Advertisement	33.26	11.64
Remuneration to auditors		
Statutory audit fees	9.00	9.00
Tax audit fees	1.00	1.00
Professional expenses		
Cost audit fees	0.60	0.60
Secretarial audit fees	0.80	0.80
Security & other service charges	901.27	824.94
Legal expenses	93.78	36.34
Power and fuel	63.10	53.79
Claims irrevocable written off	200.00	0.00
Corporate social responsibility expenses (Please see note 53)	36.24	506.15
Other selling expenses	146.77	158.90
Contribution to political parties	0.00	100.00
Other expenses	171.37	194.31
Total	15,467.95	18,647.13



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...)

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)		Standalone
Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
Note 36: Exceptional Items APSPDCL is setting up a power station for supply of required power to the company for which company has agreed to bear the expenditure. The actual expenses incurred during the year is charged to Profit and Loss account as exceptional item Total	1,085.52 1,085.52	0.00 0.00
Note 37: Tax Expenses Income tax expense Current tax on profits for the year Earlier year tax adjustment Total current tax expenses (a) Deferred tax Decrease/(Increase) in deferred tax assets (refer note 20) (Decrease)/Increase in deferred tax liabilities (refer note 20) Total Deferred tax expense/(benefit) (b) Total tax expenses (a+b) The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows :	2,710.04 79.49 2,789.53 (18.85) 59.97 41.14 2,830.67	3,625.50 0.00 3,625.50 (265.57) 256.40 (9.17) 3,616.33
 Tax under normal provisions of Income tax act, 1961: (A) Net profit before taxes (B) Applicable tax rate under normal provisions (C) Tax payable under provisions as per applicable rate = (A*B) (D) Increase/decrease in tax on account of : Depreciation as per books Depreciation as per income tax act, 1961 Expenses disallowed example CSR Section 43B ICDS effects Income considered separately Tax as per normal provision under Income Tax (C+D) 	10,873.03 25.17% 2,736.53 266.27 (179.56) 9.12 3.20 (125.58) 0.06 2,710.04	19,048.28 25.17% 4,794.07 486.95 (218.51) 186.34 16.18 (241.15) <u>(1,398.39)</u> 3,625.50
Note 38: Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan Tax effect on gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan Net gains/(losses) on FVTOCI equity securities Tax effect on FVTOCI equity securities Total	(37.90) 9.54 (3,049.38) 767.47 (2,310.27)	0.15 (0.04) 4,331.73 (1,090.21) 3,241.63
Note 39: Earning Per Share (EPS) Basic earning per share (Face value ₹10/-) Net Profit after tax Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares of ₹10/- each Basic and diluted	8042.36 171.65 46.86	15431.95 171.65 89.90



Note 40: Fair Value Measurements

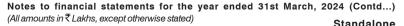
(a) Financial instruments by category

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2024 is as follows :

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised	Total
			cost	
Financial assets				
Investments				
Equity instruments	-	18,503.72	25.00	18,528.72
Government securities	-	-	0.10	0.10
Venture capital funds	5,609.24	-	-	5,609.24
Mutual funds	1,157.68	-	-	1,157.68
Trade receivables	-	-	10,682.79	10,682.79
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	32,901.09	32,901.09
Bank balances other than Cash				
and cash equivalents	-	-	487.69	487.69
Loans	-	-	4,681.10	4,681.10
Other financial assets	-	-	281.96	281.96
Total Financial assets	6,766.92	18,503.72	49,059.73	74,330.37
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	-	
Trade payables	-	-	1,302.55	1,302.55
Other financial liabilities	-	-	504.79	504.79
Total Financial liabilities	-	-	1,807.35	1,807.35

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2023 is as follows :

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total
Financial assets				
Investments				
Equity instruments	-	21,553.12	36.00	21,589.12
Government securities	-	-	0.10	0.10
Venture capital funds	4,516.14	-	-	4,516.14
Mutual funds	737.16	-	-	737.16
Trade receivables		-	14,897.14	14,897.14
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	22,617.18	22,617.18
Bank balances other than Cash				
and cash equivalents	-	-	256.25	256.25
Loans	-	-	1,287.33	1,287.33
Other financial assets	-	-	262.07	262.07
Total Financial assets	5,253.30	21,553.12	39,356.07	66,162.49
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	841.99	841.99
Trade payables	-	-	7,029.39	7,029.39
Other financial liabilities	-	-	511.42	511.42
Total Financial liabilities	-	-	8,382.80	8,382.80



b) Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31st March 2024:

Particulars Lo	evel 1	Leve	el 2 Level	3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investment in quoted equity instruments	18,50	3.72	-	-	18,503.72
Investment in mutual funds	1,15	7.68	-	-	1,157.68
Investment in venture capital funds	5,60	9.24	-	-	5,609.24
Investment property		-	1,892.66	-	1,892.66
Total Financial assets	25,27	0.64	1,892.66	-	27,163.30

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31st March 2023:

Particulars L	evel 1.	Leve	el 2 Level	3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investment in quoted equity instruments	21,5	53.12	-	-	21,553.12
Investment in mutual funds	7	37.16	-	-	737.16
Investment in venture capital funds	4,5	616.14	-	-	4,516.14
Investment property		-	1,324.71	-	1,324.71
Total Financial assets	26,8	06.42	1,324.71	-	28,131.13

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The investments in certain quoted and unquoted instruments which are held for medium or longterm strategic purpose and are not held for trading purpose. Upon application of IND AS 109, the company has chosen to designate these equity instruments at FVTOCI as the management believe that this provides a more meaningful presentation for medium or longterm strategic investments, than reflecting changes in fair value in profit and loss account

Note 41: Capital Management & Risk Management

Capital management

The Company being in a capital intensive industry, its objective is to maintain a strong credit rating healthy capital ratios and establish a capital structure that would maximise the return to stakeholders through optimum mix of debt and equity. The Company's capital requirement is mainly to fund its capacity expansion, repayment of principal and interest on its borrowings. The principal source of funding of the Company has been, and is expected to continue to be, cash generated from its operations supplemented by funding from bank borrowings. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company regularly considers other financing and refinancing opportunities to diversify its debt profile, reduce interest cost and align maturity profile of its debt and external expansion projects to capture market opportunities at minimum risk.

Gearing ratio

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio as given below:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Total Debt	-	27.56
Equity share capital	1,716.48	1,716.48
Other equity	78,489.33	73,387.96
Total equity	80,205.81	75,104.45
Total debt to Total equity ratio	0.00	0.00

Financial risk management and objectives and policies

This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact in the financial statements.

A Special Team with Senior Executives having exposure in various fields has been formed to assist Cheif Financial Officer (CFO) in(a) Overseeing and approving the Company's enterprise wide risk management framework, and(b) Overseeing that all the risks that the organisation faces such as market risk(including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), Credit risk and liquidity risk have been identified and assessed and there is an adequate risk management infrastructure in place capable of addressing those risks. The CFO, monitors and reports on the principal risks and uncertainties that can impact the company and its ability to achieve strategic objectives. The Company's management systems, organisational structures, processes, standards, code of conduct and behaviors together form the Management and business of the Company.

A. Market risk

The Company is exposed to market risk through changes in foreign currency exchange rates and changes in interest rates. Financial assets/liabilities affected by this risk are borrowings, letter of credits and trade receivables.

The Company's investments in equity securities are susceptible to price risk arising from uncertainities about future value of the investment secutities. The Company's non-current investment in equity shares are strategic investments and hence are considered as Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income. The company's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

Foreign Currency risk management

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the US\$. Foreign exchange risk arises from import as well as exports of goods. The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency cash flows.

The special team as mentioned above analysis the options for hedging. Based on the analysis the management takes decision regarding hedging of foreign currency exposures. Currently, the Company has not hedged any of the foreign currency transactions in the veiw of the natural hedging. The natural hedging is sufficient to manage the current foreign currency risk management.

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities are restated at the end of each reporting period. The same at the end of the reporting period are as follows :

Particulars	As at 31st I	March, 2024	As at 31st	March, 2023
	Currency	Currency Amount in FC C		Amount in FC
Receivables for export	USD	29.58	USD	44.24
Receivables for export	EURO	2.79	EURO	0.00
Payables for imports	USD	1.97	USD	56.04

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis

The Company is mainly exposed to US Dollor.

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
USD/EURO Sensitivity		
Impact due to increase by 5%	127.71	(47.17)
Impact due to decrease by 5%	(127.71)	47.17

Interest Rate Risk Management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial intruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating base interest rates. Based on the interest rate sensitivity the Company decides on the management of interest rate risk. The Company manages by having a balanced portfolio of variable and fixed interest rate borrowings.

B. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is operating through network of dealers based at different locations. Regular monitoring of the receivables is undertaken by the Marketing Department and in case the limits are exceeded, steps will be taken by the Marketing departments and after discussing with the management the Company will decide whether to stop or not further supplies to the concerned dealer till the amount outstanding is recovered. For the export made by the Company, the sales are backed by letters of credit or advance receipts. The internal risk management committee of the Company meets regularly to discuss the dealers and credit risks, measures taken to address them and the status and level of risk after the measures taken. Export sales are fully secured through letters of credit or against advance receipts. (refer Note No.9 for Trade Receivbles outstanding).

C. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short-term, medium-term and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

(i) Financing arrangements

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at reporting date

Particulars	On demand	< 1 year	1 - 5 years	5 + years	Total
As at 31st March, 2024					
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Others - Security deposits	127.30	-	-	-	127.30
Total non-current financial liabilities	127.30	-	-	-	127.30
Current borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	1,302.55	-	-	1,302.55
Other current financial liabilities	-	377.50	-	-	377.50
Total current financial liabilities	-	1,680.05	-	-	1,680.05
Total	127.30	1,680.05	-	-	1,807.35
As at 31st March, 2023					
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Others - Security deposits	118.25	-	-	-	118.25
Total non-current financial liabilities	118.25	-	-	-	118.25
Current borrowings	-	841.99	-	-	841.99
Trade payables	-	7,029.39	-	-	7,029.39
Other current financial liabilities	-	393.17	-	-	393.17
Total current financial liabilities	-	8,264.55	-	-	8,264.55
Total	118.25	8,264.55	-	-	8,382.80

The following table shows summary of the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact in the financial statements:

Exposure arising from	Risk	Measurement	Management
Foreign currency transactions	Market risk - foreign exchange	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Natural hedging
Borrowings with floating interest rates	Market risk - interest rate	Sensitivity analysis	Balanced variable and fixed interest rates
Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial instruments, financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Credit risk	Aging analysis Credit ratings	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits and letters of credit
Borrowings and Financial liabilities	Liquidity risk	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

42. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments: (to the extent not provided for)

	Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	Faiuculais	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2024
Co	ntingent Liabilities		
a)	Claims against company not acknowledged as debts 1. Income Tax dues under dispute 2. GST dues disputed pending in appeal	2.13 97.62	98.80 50.79
		99.75	149.59
b)	Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the company against 100% Security and outstanding at end of the year	119.55	152.27
	Commitments		
a)	Unexpired Letters of Credit established by the Company	0.00	4,607.05

43. Employeebenefits:

A) Defined contribution plans

Employees contribution to provident fund and employees state insurance(ESI) are recognized as expenditure in statement of profit and loss account, as they are incurred. there are no other obligation other than the contribution payable to aforesaid respective Trust/Government Authorities

B) Defined benefit Plans

The Company's obligation towards the Gratuity (Lic) is a defined benefit plan and is funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India. The following table sets out the funded status of the defined benefits scheme and the amount recognised in financial statements as per Acturial Valuation:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31s March, 2023
Changes in present value of Obligations		
Present value at the beginning of the year	421.47	388.26
Interest cost	29.44	26.06
Current Service Cost	29.80	28.99
Cost PSC - Vested		
Benefits paid	(31.43)	(23.14)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	39.44	1.29
Present value at the end of the year	488.72	421.47
Changes in fair value of planned assets		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	195.36	181.08
Expected return on plan assets	13.34	12.07
Contributions	28.87	23.90
Benefits paid	(21.72)	(23.14)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on planned assets	1.54	1.44
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	217.39	195.36
Amount recognized in the balance sheet*		
Present value of obligations as at the end of year	488.72	421.47
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of year	217.39	195.36
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet	271.33	226.11
Expenses recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current service cost	29.80	28.99
Interest cost	29.44	26.07
Expected return on plan assets	13.34	12.07
Total Acturial Gain/Loss.	1.54	1.44
Amount recognised in Other ComprehensiveIncome*		
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligations	39.44	1.29
Actuarial (gain)/loss - plan assets	1.54	1.44
Actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the year	1.54	1.44



Nature of Benefits:

The Company operates a defined benefit final salary gratuity plan which is open to new entrants. The gratuity benefits payable to the employees are based on the employee's service and last drawn salary at the time of leaving. The employees do not contribute towards this plan and the full cost of providing these benefits are met by the Company.

1. Regulatory Framework:

There are no minimum funding requirements for a gratuity plan in India. The trustees of the gratuity fund have a fiduciary responsibility to act according to the provisions of the trust deed and rules. Since the fund is income tax approved, the Company and the trustees have to ensure that they are at all times fully compliant with the relevant provisions of the income tax and rules. Besides this if the Company is covered by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 then the Company is bound to pay the statutory minimum gratuity as prescribed under this Act.

2. Governance of the Plan:

The Company has setup an income tax approved irrevocable trust fund to finance the plan liability. The trustees of the trust fund are responsible for the overall governance of the plan.

- 3. Risk exposures: Valuations are performed on certain basic set of pre-determined assumptions and other regulatory framework which may vary over time. Thus, the Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above benefit which are as follows:
 - (a) Interest Rate risk: The plan exposes the Company to the rise of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the liability (as shown in financial statements).
 - (b) Liquidity Risk: This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short-term Benefit payouts. This may arise due to non availability of enough cash / cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.
 - (c) Salary escalation Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.
 - (d) Demographic Risk: The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.
 - (e) Regulatory Risk: Benefit is paid in accordance with the Provisions of Gratuity Act 1972 (as may be amended from time to time). There is a risk of change in

provisions of Gratuity Act requiring higher Plan Benefit pay outs (e.g. change in benefit formula).

- (f) Asset Liability Mismatching or Market Risk: The duration of the liability is longer compared to duration of assets, exposing the Company to market risk for volatilities/fall in interest rate.
- (g) Investment Risk: The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.
- 4. Amendments, Curtailments and Settlements Not applicable in this case
- 5. Disaggregation of plan assets: The Gratuity plan's weighted-average assets allocation at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, by asset category was as follows:

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Funds managed by insurers	100.00%	100.00%
Others	0.00%	0.00%

6. Principal actuarial assumptions

- (a) Demographic assumptions
 - i) Retirement age of employees of the company are assumed at 58 years.
 - ii) Mortality :

Published rates under the Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult table.

Rates of Indian Assured Lives Mortality table at specimen ages are as shown below:

Age (Years)	Rates (p.a.)
18	0.000874
23	0.000936
28	0.000942
33	0.001086
38	0.001453
43	0.002144
48	0.003536
53	0.006174
58	0.009651

- iii) Average past service : 13.32 years
- iv) Withdrawal rate :3% per annum withdrawal rate at all ages in this valuation.
- (b) Financial assumptions

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Discount rate(p.a)	7.20%	7.45%
Expected rate of return (p.a)	7.67%	7.36%
Salary escalation rate (p.a)	7.00%	7.00%

7. Sensitivity Analysis:

Gratuity is a lump sum plan and the cost of providing these benefits is typically less sensitive to small changes in demographic assumptions. The key actuarial assumptions to which the benefit obligation results are particularly sensitive to are discount rate and future salary escalation rate. The following table summarizes the change in defined benefit obligation and impact in percentage terms compared with the reported defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assumption by 50 basis points.

	Period Ended 31 Mar 24 Discount Rate Escalation Rate		
Defined benefit obligation on increase in 50 bps	47,198,994	50,610,549	
Impact of increase in 50 bps on DBO	-3.42%	3.56%	
Defined benefit obligation on decrease in 50 bps	50,658,482	47,229,523	
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on DBO	3.65%	3.36%	

These sensitivities have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the accounting date. There have been no changes from the previous periods in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analyses.

Special Events:

There are no special events such as benefit improvements or curtailments or settlements during the inter-valuation period.



8. Asset Liability Matching Reserves: The Company has Life Insurance Corporation (Group Gratuity Manager) for administering the Plan liability. The funds of the Plan liability are invested by the Life Insurance Corporation, (LIC), pay the benefits to members of the enterprise as per Rules of the LIC. So the LIC is exposed to the liquidity risk of not being able to arrange for the benefit outgo due to cash liquidity problems and so the LIC faces a liquidity risk.

9. Funding Arrangements & Policy:

The money contributed by the Company to the fund to finance the liabilities of the plan has to be invested.

The trustees of the plan have outsourced the investment management of the fund to an insurance company. The insurance company in turn manages these funds as per the mandate provided to them by the trustees and the asset allocation which is within the permissible limits prescribed in the insurance regulations. Due to the restrictions in the type of investments that can be held by the fund, it is not possible to explicitly follow an asset-liability matching strategy to manage risk actively.

There is no compulsion on the part of the Company to fully pre fund the liability of the Plan. The Company's philosophy is to fund the benefits based on its own liquidity and tax position as well as level of under funding of the plan.

The expected contribution payable to the plan next year is INR 2,000,000.

10. Projectedplan cash flow and maturity profile:

The table below shows the expected cash flow profile of the benefits to be paid to the current membership of the plan based on past service of the employees as at the valuation date:

Maturity Profile	(In ₹)
Expected benefits for year 1	6,148,101
Expected benefits for year 2	6,948,306
Expected benefits for year 3	3.,943,635
Expected benefits for year 4	5,849,077
Expected benefits for year 5	4,457,740
Expected benefits for year 6	7,454,243
Expected benefits for year 7	4,108,066
Expected benefits for year 8	5,509,506
Expected benefits for year 9	3,569,199
Expected benefits for year 10 and above	44,988,508

The weighted average duration to the payment of these cash flows is 7.07 years.

44. Leases:

The Company recorded the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments discounted at the incremental borrowing rate and the ROU asset at its carrving amount.

The changes in the carrying value of ROU assets for the year ended 31st March. 2024 are as follows:

Particulars	Buildings ₹
Balance as at 1 st April 2023	505.09
Depreciation	285.58
Balance as at 31 st March, 2024	219.51

The break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities as at 31st March, 2024 is as follows

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024
Current lease liabilities	125.85
Non- Current lease liabilities	364.93
Total	490.78

The movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31st March, 2023 is as follows:

Particulars	Buildings
Balance as at 1st April 2023	727.03
Finance cost during the year	116.28
Payment of lease	(352.53)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	490.78

The Company has taken a portion of factory land, office premises and movable assets (hydrozen cylinders) on operating lease. And the company has given a portion of land, hatchery unit on operating lease.

The total future commitments on lease payments on an undiscounted Α. basis are detailed here under:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024
(i) Not later than one year	364.55
(ii) Later than one year and not later than five years	992.25
(iii)Later than five years	754.38

В. The total future receivables on lease Receipts are detailed hereunder:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024
(i) Not later than one year	166.99
(ii) Later than one year and not later than five years	597.38
(iii)Later than five years	739.79





C. Lease receipts recognized in the Profit and Loss Account is ₹158.35 Lakhs during the year ended March 31st, 2024.

45. Segment Reporting:

Ind AS 108, Operating segments, establishes standards for the way that public business enterprises report information about operating segments and related disclosures about products and services, geographical areas and major customers. The company's operations predominantly relate to manufacturing of chemicals, real estate, trading of coal and power generation. The Chief Operating Decision Making (CODM) evaluates the company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Accordingly, information has been presented along business segments. The accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in individual segments, and are as set out in the accounting policies.

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 st March, 2024	31 st March, 2023	
A. Segmentrevenue			
a) Chemicals	65,359.64	87,345.17	
b) Real Estate	-	8,060.15	
c) Trading	22,431.96	71,775.64	
d) Power generation	6,871.07	9,499.04	
e) unallocated	2,349.54	3,410.94	
TOTAL	97,012.21	1,80,090.92	
Less: Inter segment revenue	(8,061.32)	(11,668.34)	
Net Sales/income from operations	88,950.89	1,68,422.59	
B. Segmentresults profit/(loss)			
Before tax and interest:			
a) Chemicals	7,799.73	9,611.82	
b) Real Estate	-	4,033.10	
c) Trading	64.39	1,147.42	
d) Power generation	1,057.11	1,048.13	
e) unallocated	2,349.54	3,410.94	
TOTAL	11,270.77	19,251.41	
Less: interest expenses	(397.75)	(203.14)	
Total profit before tax	10,873.03	19,048.27	
C. Segmentassets			
a) Chemicals	64,277.35	60,198.06	
b) Tranding	71.11	8,591.56	
c) Power generation	1,047.22	3,897.99	
d) Others	25,295.75	21,408.97	
TOTAL	90,691.43	94,096.58	
D. Segmentliabilities			
a) Chemicals and Trading	10,476.78	14,623.31	
b) Trading	8.84	4,368.84	
TOTAL	10,485.62	18,992.15	

46. Related Party Disclosures

The Related Parties are identified based on criteria that are control, common control, joint control and significant influence. The related parties are further classified keeping in view the terms and meaning as per Clause 8 of General Instruction to Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act,2013 and

a. Related party disclosures as per IND AS 24 given below

Subsidiary Company	during the year
Subsidiary Company	
GV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited	Yes
Person has control or significant influence on the Company	
G Bharath	Yes
Close members of family of T G Bharath	
G Venkatesh – Father	Yes
G ShilpaBharath - Spouse	Yes
Entities controlled by T G Bharath and close members of his family	
GV SRAAC Limited	Yes
GV Projects & Investments Private Limited	Yes
SreeRayalaseema Galaxy Projects Private Limited	Yes
Gowri Gopal Hospitals Private Limited	Yes
Brilliant Industries Private Limited	Yes
GV Industries Private Limited	Yes
IV SALTS and chemicals Private Limited	Yes
Roopa Industries Limited	Yes
GG ICU LLP	Yes
Key Managerial Personnel	
G Bharath – CMD	Yes
/ Surekha – Company Secretary	Yes
Shaik Ifthekhar Ahmed – Chief Financial Officer	Yes
	Person has control or significant influence on the Company G Bharath Close members of family of T G Bharath G Venkatesh – Father G ShilpaBharath - Spouse Sintities controlled by T G Bharath and close members of his family GV SRAAC Limited G V Projects & Investments Private Limited G V Projects & Investments Private Limited Severa Galaxy Projects Private Limited Severa Gopal Hospitals Private Limited GV Industries Private Limited GV Industries Private Limited M V SALTS and chemicals Private Limited Seg ICU LLP Gey Managerial Personnel G Bharath – CMD V Surekha – Company Secretary

b. Transactions during the year: 2023-24

Particulars	Related Parties as per para 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5				
	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
Purchase / subscriptions in investments	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Redemption of investments(CRPS)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net loans and advances given / received	917.35	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Revenue from operations	Nil	Nil	Nil	5,831.26	Nil
Purchase of raw material / Material consumed	Nil	Nil	Nil	14,450.21	Nil
Employee benefits	Nil	569.92	Nil	Nil	590.93
Rents Paid	Nil	58.46	58.86	236.11	Nil
Rents Received	Nil	Nil	Nil	62.33	Nil
Services Received	Nil	120.00	127.50	858.08	Nil
Services Rendered	Nil	Nil	Nil	132.16	Nil
Rental Deposit	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Transactions during the year: 2022-23

Particulars	Related Parties as per para 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5				
		1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
Purchase / subscriptions in investments	20.00	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Redemption of investments(CRPS)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net loans and advances given / received	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Revenue from operations	Nil	Nil	Nil	12700.78	Nil
Purchase of raw material / Material consumed	Nil	Nil	Nil	20627.94	Nil
Employee benefits	Nil	890.89	Nil	Nil	911.27
Rent	Nil	53.15	56.19	223.20	Nil
Services Received	Nil	118.00	118.00	Nil	Nil
Services Rendered	Nil	Nil	Nil	242.65	Nil
Rental Deposit	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

c. Outstanding balances

Particulars	Year ended 31st	Year ended 31st
Failiculais	March, 2024	March, 2023
Advances to Related Parties	0.60	40.39
Other Current Financial Liability	242.02	640.39
Other Non Current financial Assets (Rental Deposits)	209.88	209.88
Rental Deposit to Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and Relative of KMP	160.00	160.00
Interest on shares held in the share capital of the company	0.00	0.00

 d) Summary of transactions with the above related parties as follows: Enterprises where significant influence of key managerial personnel or their relatives exists:

Name of the party	Nature of Transaction	31st March,	,
		2024	2023
TGV SRAAC Ltd	Purchases Sales Lease Rentals Services rendered Services received	10396.99 5667.10 6.68 132.16 0.00	15676.11 12395.77 6.55 242.65 0.00
Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Limited	Purchases Sales Lease Rentals Serivces Received	1.50 0.77 16.14 14.79	1.74 88.39 16.14 56.23
TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd.,	Purchases Sales Lease Rentals Serivces Received	0.00 0.82 213.29 204.72	9.79 178.97 200.51 134.68
SreeRayalaseema Galaxy Projects Ltd.,	Purchases Sales Serivces Received	32.69 115.52 638.09	23.86 190.00 590.90
TGV Industries Pvt Ltd.,	Purchases Sales Rent received	4019.02 0.00 26.33	4916.44 229.79 24.40
GG ICU LLP	Services Received	0.48	0.76
Brilliant Industries Pvt Ltd.,	Loan Given Loan Repaid	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
TGV Metals and chemical Private Limited	Investment in the Shares capital Share application Rent Received Loan given	0.00 0.00 6.00 917.35	20.00 0.00 0.00 1191.75
Shri TG Venkatesh,	Rent paid Services Received	58.86 120.00	56.19 118.00
Shri. TG Bharath, Chairman and Managing Director	Rent paid Short term benefits Remuneration Employers Contribution to P.F. Services Received	58.46 522.92 0.70 120.00	53.15 890.89 0.70 118.00
Smt.TG Shilpa Bharath	Services Received	7.50	0.00
Smt. V. Surekha Company Secretary	Short term benefits Remuneration Employers Contribution to P.F.	9.40	9.08
Sri S lfthekhar Ahmed Chief Financial Officer	Short term benefits Remuneration Employers	10.47	10.16
	Contribution to P.F.	0.22	0.22

Standalone

Note: Like any other shareholders the company has paid dividend to the following related partiesas below

SI. No.	Related Party	Dividend Paid for Financial Year 2022-2023 during the year
1	TGV SRAAC Ltd	9.79
2	Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Limited	149.70
3	TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd.,	104.77
4	SreeRayalaseema Galaxy Projects Ltd.,	60.55
5	TGV Industries Pvt Ltd	0.32
6	Brilliant Industries Pvt Ltd	0.36
7	Shri. TG Bharath, Chairman and Managing Director	20.62

47. Income and Expenditure in Foreign Currency Earnings in Foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
FOB value of exports	33,080.50	39,357.40

Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Par	ticulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
i)	Commission Paid	41.37	34.39
ii)	Freight and CFS	4968.03	6,296.87
lii)	Machinery and Spares	62.55	114.98
iv)	Other	10.42	46.37
V)	Raw Materials & Coal	9,945.92	29,770.49

48. Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The Company is required to furnish required details under section 22(i) to clause (v) of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) read with para FV of General Instructions for balancesheet in Division II of Schedle III to the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act). As per the said regulations required information inrespect of MSMED entities are, as per information submitted by the suppliers to the company, furnished below:

	Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
a)	Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end. (all dues are outstanding within appointed date)	128.06	119.43
b)	Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end;	Nil	Nil
c)	Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	Nil	Nil
d)	Principal payment made to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year;	Nil	Nil
e)	Interest paid, other than under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	Nil	Nil
f)	Interest due and payable for the year amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each year towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments already made; and	Nil	Nil
g)	Further interest remaining due and payable for even in succeeding years.	Nil	Nil

49. Revenue from contracts with customers: (Kindly refer Note No. 28)

The Company is producer of calcium hypochlorite, sulphuricacid, stable bleaching powder, hydrogen gas, sodium methoxide, sodium hydride and also in coal trading and generation and distribution of Power.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations.

The performance obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms.

Income from services rendered is recognizedbased on agreements/arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Dividend income on investments is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established.

The Company represents revenue net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

Disclosures as per IndAS-115, Revenue from Contracts with customers

A. Disaggregated revenue information

	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
1)	Type of goods or service		
	Chemicals	65,205.99	86,793.34
	Real Estate	-	8,060.15
	Trading	18,209.97	65,273.73
	Power Generation	2,748.63	4,411.74
	Sale of Scrap	165.80	153.84
	Export Incentives	270.95	318.85
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
2)	Geographical		
	India	47,562.86	1,16,687.75
	Outside India	39,038.49	48,323.90
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
3)	Timing of revenue recognition		
	Sale on transfer of goods to		
	customer at a point in time	83,415.96	1,52,067.07
	Service Income as and when		
	services completed	3,185.39	12,944.58
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
4)	Revenue		
	External customer	86,601.35	168,422.59
	Inter-Unit	8,061.32	11,668.34
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers and Inter-Unit	97,012.21	1,80,090.93
5)	Contract balances		
,	Trade receivables*	10,682.79	14,897.14
	Contract Liability Advances		
	from Customers**	1,024.49	2,613.15

* Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and on credit allowed to certain customers. There is no significant increase in trade receivable compared to last year. As on March 31, 2024, 67.29 lakhs (March 31, 2023, 67.29 lakhs) is recognised as allowance for doubtful debts.

** Contract Liability represents short term advances received from customer to deliver the goods.

B. Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 st March, 2024	31 st March, 2024
Revenue as per contracted price	86,675.07	1,65,113.61
Adjustments:		
Sales return	73.72	101.96
Variable Consideration off invoice	0.00	0.00
Revenue from contract with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65

C. Reconciliation of the Revenue from Contracts with Customers with the amounts disclosed in the segment information:

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March, 2024	Year ended 31 st March, 2023
Revenue		
External Sales	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
Inter Segment Revenue	8,061.32	11,668.34
Total	94,662.67	1,76,679.99
Less: Inter Segment Revenue	8,061.32	11,668.34
Revenue from Operations	86,601.32	1,65,011.65

D. Information about Receivables, Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers:

Particulars	Refer	Year ended	Year ended
	Note No.	31 st March, 2024	31 st March, 2023
Trade Receivables	09	10,682.79	14,897.14
Contract Liabilities		0.00	0.00
Advance from Customers	25	1,024.49	2,613.15

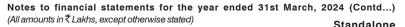
E. The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at Balance Sheet date are, as follows:

Particulars	Refer	Year ended	Year ended
	Note No.	31 st March, 2024	31 st March, 2023
Advances from Customers	25	1,024.49	2,613.15

Management expects that the entire transaction price allotted to the unsatisfied contract as at the end of the reporting period will be recognised as revenue during the next financial year Disclosures

F. Information about Receivables, Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers:

Particulars	Refer Note No.	Year ended 31 st March, 2024	Year ended 31 st March, 2023
Trade Receivables	09	10682.79	14,897.14
Contract Liabilities		0.00	0.00
Advance from Customers	25	1,024.49	2,613.15



G. Remaining performance obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue.

Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts where the revenue recognized corresponds directly with the value to the customer of entity's performance completed to date. The aggregate amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations as per the requirements of Ind AS 115 is Rs. 1024.49 Lakhs out of which, approximately 100% is expected to be recognized as revenues within one year and the balance beyond one year.

50. (A)Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments in accordance with Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013

Name of the entity to whom Relationship, loan/investment/guranee/ if any, of the security was given / made	Relationship, if any, of the entity with the Company	Amount of Investment ₹ in Lakhs	Particualrs of Investments made	Purpose for which the loan or guarantee or security is proposed to be utilized by the recipient.
TGV Metals and Chemicals Pvt. Ltd.	Partly owned Subsidiary	25.00	Investment in Equity	Not Applicable
		2109.10	Unsecured Loan with Interest	Business

B) Disclosures as required under Regulation 34 (3) of SEBI LODR (Regulations), 2015.

	Particulars	Balanc	e as on	Maximum Amount outstanding during the period	
		31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
a)	Loans and advances in the nature of loans to				
	(i) Subsidiary Company M/s TGV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited	2109.10	1191.75	2109.10	1191.75
	(ii) Associate Companies				
	(iii) Firms/ Companies in which directors are interested				
b)	Investment by the loanee in the shares of holding Company and its subsidiary Company	-	-	-	-

51. Value of Raw Materials Consumed

PARTICULARS	As at 31 st Ma	rch, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023		
PARTICOLARS	Rs.	%	Rs.	%	
a) Imported	9,945.92	24.58	29,770.49	25.99	
b) Indigenous	30,536.47	75.43	84,745.78	74.01	
Total	40,482.39	100%	1,14,516.27	100%	

52. Immovable Property not held in the name of Company

SI.No.	Balance sheet head	Description of property	Gross carrying value ₹	Title deeds in thename of	Whether title deeds holder is a promoter, director or promoter/ director oremployee of promoter/ director	Property held since date(Financial Year)	Reason for notbeing held inthe name of theCompany
1	Property plantand Equipments	Land	2,37,576	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme ofAmalgamation. Changeof title is under process
2	Property plantand Equipments	Land	14,92,627	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme of Amalgamation. Changeof title is under process
3	Property plantand Equipments	Land	23,30,990	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme of Amalgamation. Changeof title is under process
4	Property plantand Equipments	Land	42,54,639	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme of Amalgamation. Changeof title is under process

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March. 2024 (Contd...) (All amounts in ₹ Lakhs. except otherwise stated)

53. Corporate Social Responsibility(CSR) expenses :

The Company is covered by provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 to spend 2% of Average net profits towards CSR. The details of CSR are furnished below:

S.No.	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
1	Amount required to be spent by the company		
	during the year	262.18	175.54
2	Amount Incurred	202.110	
	a) CSR expenditure:		
	i) Construction/acquisition	-	-
	ii) For purposes other than (i) above	36.24	58.58
	b) CSR expenditure for 'Ongoing Projects'	-	447.57
	c) Total CSR Expenditure Incurred durin	ng	
	the year	36.24	506.15
3	Excess/(shortfall) at the end of the year {2(c) -1}	(225.94)	330.61
4	Previous years Excess/(shortfall)	332.15	1.54
5	Total Excess/(shortfall)	106.21	332.15
6	Reasons for shortfall	NA	NA
7	Details of Related party transactions	Nil	Nil
8	Provisions made with respect to a liability		
	incurred by entering into a contractual obligation		
	and movement in provisions thereon	Nil	Nil
9	Details showing Activity wise CSR Expenditure		
	CSR Expenditure:		
	Health care sanitation	0.00	1.75
	Sports Activities, Education & Skill Development	15.40	19.90
	Animal feed under Animal Welfare	2.48	16.58
	Drinking water to people of nearby areas	18.35	20.35
	Sub Total	36.24	58.58
	Cost of Land and other capex for Ongoing Project	-	447.57
	Total	36.24	506.15

54. Ratios

	Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	Variance%	Reasons
Α	Current ratio	10.15	4.27	137.76	-
B	Debt equity ratio	0.00	0.00	-	-
C	DebtsServicecoverage ratio	0.00	0.00	-	-
D	Return on equity ratio	10.36%	23.36%	(55.66%)	-
E	Inventory turnover ratio	11.01	12.23	(10.02)	-
F	Trade receivables turnover ratio	6.77	11.74	(42.34)	-
G	Trade payables turnover ratio	6.98	6.63	5.23	-
H	Net capital turnover ratio	1.81	3.90	(53.74)	-
1	Net profit ratio	9.29%	9.35%	(0.70%)	-
J	Return on capital employed	13%	24%	(46.03%)	-

Note : The better financials achieved by the Company during 2023-24, resulted in over all improvement in the financial ratios named above when compared with previous year 2022-23 and the variance is more than 25%.





Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...) (All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated) Standalone

Note:

- 1. Totaldebt = Long term Borrowings (including current maturities of Long term borrowings), Sales tax deferrment loans
 - (Current and non-current), short term borrowings and Interest accrued on Debts
- 2. Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + interest+ other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc
- 3. Debt service = Interest &lease payments + principal repayments
- 4. Avg. Shareholder's equity = Average of opening total equity and closing total equity
- 5. Avg. Inventory = Average of opening inventory and closing inventory
- 6. Avg. Trade Receivable = Average of opening trade receivables and closing trade receivables
- 7. Avg. Trade Payables = Average of opening trade payables and closing trade payables
- 8. Working capital shall be calculated as current assets minus current liabilities
- 9. Capital Employed = Tangible net worth (excluding revaluation reserve) + Total debt + Deferred tax liability
- 10. Average Total Assets = Average of opening total assets and closing total assets
- 11. Average Total equity = Average of opening equity share capital + other equity and closing equity share capital + other equity.

55. Additional Regulatory Information:

- (1) The Company has not granted any loans or Advances in the nature of Loans to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and other related partiesexcept Rs.2,109.10lakhs to subsidiaries (note12) which are without specifying terms and period of repayment and constitutes 100% of total advances.
- (2) The company has no investment property as at the close of the year for fair valuation. The company has not revalued its Property Plant and Equipment (including Right of use Assets).
- (3) The Company is not holding any Benami property and no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company.
- (4) The Company has no transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey or any relevant provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961)
- (5) (A)The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested any funds in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with understanding that the intermediary shall be directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entitites on behalf of the company or provide any gurantee or security or the like to or on behalf of the company.
 - (B) The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding that the company shall lend or invest in other person or entity indentified in any manner by or on behalf of the funding party/Ultimate beneficiary or provide any guarantee or security or the like on behalf of the funding party/ Ultimate beneficiary.
- (6) The Company is not declared as willful defaulter by any Bank or Financial institutions or RBI or other lenders.
- (7) The Company has borrowings from Banks or Financial institutions on the basis of security of Current Assets. Quarterly returns or Statement of current assets filed by the company with Banks or Financial Institutions are in agreement with the Books of Accounts with some insignificant variances.
- (8) There are no charges or satisfaction of charges yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...)

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated) (9) Transactions with struck off companies

Standalone

The following table summarises the transactions with a company struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year ended / as at March 31, 2024:

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck off company	Amount of transac- tions	Balance outstand- ing	Relationship with the struck off company
TGV Sodium & Electrolite Private Limited	Share capital amount received /returned	9.54	0.00	Wholly owned subsidiary company
	Loss of investment in the company	1.46	0.00	

- (10) The company has not made any investments through any layers of invesmtment companies.
- (11) There are no Schemes of Arrangements approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 201 3.
- (12) The Company has not invested or traded in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year 2023-24.
- (13) The Company do not have any intangible assets.
- (14) The Company does not have any capital work in progress.
- (15) The title deeds of Immovable property are in the name of the Company and the property not held in the name of the Company is detailed in Note No.52
- (16) The financial ratios are calculated in Note No.54
- (17) Compliance with number of layers of companies:

The Company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act read with the Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

56. Confirmation of Bbalances

Confirmation of balances from certain parties for amounts due to them or due from them are yet to be received confirmation letters were received from some of the parties. And as per the letter of confirmation the balances are deemed to be accepted if not responded with in 15 days.

- 57. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest decimal of lakhs as required under Schedule III.
- 58. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current Year's classification/ disclosure.
- 59. Approval of financial statements
- 60. The standalone financial statements approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on May 28, 2024.

As per our report of even date attached. For S.T.Mohite & Co	For and on behalf of the Board						
Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.01141)	0S) Sd/- Sri T.G.Bharath	Sd/- Smt. R.Triveni					
Sd/- Sreenivasa Rao T.Mohite Partner	Chairman & Managing Director DIN : 00125087	Director DIN : 09045405					
Membership No.015635 UDIN NO : 24015635BKFPOC2912	Sd/- Smt. V.Surekha Company Secretary	Sd/- Sri S. Ifthekhar Ahmed Chief Financial Officer					
Place: Kurnool Date : May 28, 2024	Place: Kurnool Date : May 28, 2024						

Consolidated Financial Statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

То

The Members of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited (here in after referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiary (Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group'), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2024, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports except in case of a subsidiary, which is not material, referred to in the Other Matters section below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

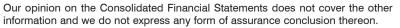
Key audit matters

Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Kev audit matters:

Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
Revenue Recognition	Principal Audit Procedures
The application of the new revenue accounting standard involves certain significant judgements and estimates made by the management including identification of distinct performance	We reviewed the Company's implementation of Ind AS 115, including recognition of the effect on opening equity and changes to procedures, accounting guidelines, disclosures and systems to support correct revenue recognition. We reviewed and discussed the accounting policy including the key accounting estimates and judgements made by management.
obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, determination	We tested the relevant internal controls used to ensure the completeness, accuracy and timing of revenue recognised.
of transaction price, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognized over a period.	We read a sample of contracts to assess whether the method for recognition of revenue was relevant and consistent with Ind AS 115 and had been applied consistently. We focused on contract classification, allocation of income and cost to the
Revenue is only	individual performance obligations and timing of transfer of control.
recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.	We evaluated the significant judgements and estimates made by management in applying accounting policy to sample of contracts and we
Accumulated expenses are used to estimate provisions of discounts, rebates.	obtained evidence to support them, including contractual agreements, delivery records. We also considered the historical outturns of estimates used in prior periods.
Refer note 2.9 of the financial statements.	We applied Audit Techniques to establish, whether any revenue has been recognized where no corresponding accounts receivable or cash has been recorded in the general ledger.

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures thereto, Business Responsibility Report, Sustainability Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements, Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.



In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the additional information, as mentioned above, that would be included in the Integrated Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the directors of the Holding Company. as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each companies to continue as a going concern, disclosing,



as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies which are incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements in place system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty

exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditor's regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors, except for the maters stated in paragraph 1(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies

(Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended.

- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account and records maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of respective companies, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to other remarks paragraph 1(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 1(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure A' which is based on the auditors' reports of the Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the holding company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India, have paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Consolidated Financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as on 31 March 2024, on the consolidated financial position of the Group. Refer note 42 of Consolidated Financial Statements.

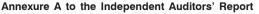
- ii) The Group didn't have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary incorporated in India.
- The respective managements of the Company and its subsidiaries iv) a. which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditor of such subsidiaries respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - b. The respective managements of the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - c. Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us on the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

- v) The holding / Group company has paid dividends during the year which was declared for the previous year is in compliance with the provisions of section 123 of the Act to the extent that it applies to payment of dividend.
- vi) Based on the examination which included test checks and accordance with requirements of the implementation guide on reporting on audit trial under Rule 11(g) of companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 the Holding company and its subsidiary companies has used accounting software for maintain its books of account, where in the accounting software did not have the audit trial (edit log) feature throughout the financial year under review and accordingly reporting on tampering or preservation of the audit trial is not applicable.
- 2. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and its subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For S.T. Mohite & Co. Charatered Accountants (Regd. No. 011410S)

Sd/-C.A. Sreenivasarao T. Mohite Partner Membership No. 015635 ICAI UDIN: 24015635BKFPOB8170

Place: Hyderabad Date: 28 May 2024



(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited ("the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and it's subsidiaries (Holding Company and it's subsidiaries together referred as 'the Group') which are incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective management and Board of Directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary companies are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the Orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over to financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate

to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding company and its subsidiary companies has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Controls by the ICAI.

For S.T. Mohite & Co. Charatered Accountants (Pood No. 011410S)

(Regd. No. 011410S)

Sd/-C.A. Sreenivasarao T. Mohite Partner Membership No. 015635 ICAI UDIN: 24015635BKFPOB8170

Place: Hyderabad Date: 28 May 2024

V

Consolidated Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2024

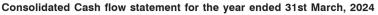
(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
I. ASSETS	110.	March, 2024	March, 2020
1. Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	11,738.22	9,726.01
(b) Right-to-use assets on lease	ЗA	219.52	505.09
 (c) Capital work-in-progress 	3B	0.00	1,361.04
(d) Investment properties	4	810.39	260.24
(e) Financial assets	_		
i) Investments	5	25,270.75	26,806.53
ii) Other financial assets	6 7	281.96	262.07
(f) Other non-current assets Total Non-current assets	/	134.95 38,455.79	189.12 39,110.10
2. Current assets		30,455.79	39,110.10
(a) Inventories	8	3,168.85	12,576.72
(b) Financial assets	8	0,100.00	12,070.72
i) Trade receivables	9	10.682.79	14.897.14
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	32,929.68	22,643.14
iii) Bank balances other than Cash and o	ash equivalents 11	487.69	256.25
iv) Loans	12	2,572.00	95.58
(c) Other current assets	13	3,103.45	4,923.21
Total Current assets		52,944.46	55,392.04
TOTAL AS	SSETS	91,400.25	94,502.14
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 1. Equity			
1. Equity (a) Equity Share capital	14	1,716.48	1,716.48
(b) Other equity	15	78,344.69	73,376.29
Non-controlling interest	10	7.29	16.48
Total Equity		80,068.46	75,109.26
Liabilities			
2. Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	801.34	320.53
ii) Lease Liability	17	364.93	607.13
iii) Other financial liabilities	18	127.30	118.25
(b) Provisions	19	271.33	226.11
 (c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net) 	20	4,260.09	4,757.08
(d) Deferred Government grants	21	77.96	83.96
Total Non-current liabilities		5,902.95	6,113.06
3.Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities	17	0.00	841.99
i) Borrowings	22	125.85	119.90
ii) Lease Liability iii) Trade payables	22	120.00	119.90
(A) total outstanding dues of micro	23	132.63	119.43
enterprises and small enterprise		102.00	119.40
(B) total outstanding dues of credito		1,174.13	6,981.53
than micro enterprises and smal		.,	0,001.00
iv) Other financial liabilities	24	377.50	393.16
(b) Other current liabilities	25	3,222.67	4,271.89
(c) Provisions	26	334.82	140.34
(d) Current tax liability (Net)	27	61.24	411.58
Total Current liabilities		5,428.85	13,279.82
	ABILITIES	11,331.79	19,392.88
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		91,400.25	94,502.14
Corporate information and significant accounting p			
The accompanying notes form an integral part of th			
financial statements	42-60		
As per our report of even date attached.	For and on beh		
For S.T.Mohite & Co.,	Sd/-	5	Sd/-
Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S)	Sri T.G.Bharath	Smt. I	R.Triveni
Sd/- Chairr	nan & Managing Direct	tor Di	rector
Sreenivasa Rao T.Mohite	DIN : 00125087		9045405
Partner			
	Sd/-		d/-
Membership No.015635	Smt. V.Surekha		khar Ahmed
UDIN NO : 24015635BKFPOB8170	Company Secretary	Chief Fina	ncial Officer
Place: Kurnool Pl	ace: Kurnool		
	ate : May 28, 2024		

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
I I	Revenue from operations	28	86,601.35	165,011.65
Ш	Other income	29	2,214.85	3,410.94
Ш	Total revenue (I + II)		88,816.20	168,422.59
IV	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed	30	39,561.19	57,251.33
	Purchase of stock-in-trade	31	9,574.05	65,381.47
	Changes in inventories of finished goods,			
	work in progress and stock-in-trade	32	7,426.53	1,806.49
	Emloyee benefit expense	33	3,514.11	3,880.90
	Finance cost	34	398.48	474.97
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	1,060.12	1,934.66
	Other expense	35	15,468.49	18,651.03
	Total expenses (IV)		77,002.97	149,380.85
٧	Profit/ (loss) before exceptional items and tax ((III-IV)	11,813.23	19,041.74
VI	Exceptional items	36	1,085.52	-
VII	Profit/ (loss) before tax (V-VI)		10,727.71	19,041.74
VIII	Tax expense			
	Current tax		2,710.04	3,625.50
	Deferred tax		41.14	(9.17)
	Income tax adjustment		79.49	-
	Total Tax expense	37	2,830.67	3,616.33
IX	Profit/ (loss) for the period After Tax (VII	-VIII)	7,897.04	15,425.41
Х	Other comprehensive income	38		
	Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in	n		
	subsequent periods:			
	Net gain /(losses) on FVTOCI financial instru		(3,049.38)	4,331.74
	Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined be	nefit plans	(36.38)	(1.37)
	Tax effect		777.02	(1,089.87)
	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for t		(2,308.74)	3,240.50
XI XII	Total comprehensive income for the period Earnings per equity share (Facevalue ₹ 10/-	· · ·	5,588.30	18,665.56
	Basic and Diluted	· per snare) 39	46.01	89.87
	Corporate information and material accounting policies		40.01	03.07
	The accompanying notes form an integral	102		
	part of the financial statements	42-60		
As r	per our report of even date attached.		d on behalf of the	Board
For	S.T.Mohite & Co.,	Sd/-	d on benañ or are	Sd/-
	rtered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S)	Sri T.G.Bhar		Smt. R.Triveni
Sd/∘ Sree	Chairn	nan & Manag DIN : 001250		Director DIN : 09045405
Part	iner	Sd/-		Sd/-
Men	nbership No.015635	Smt. V.Sure		Ifthekhar Ahmeo
		Company Sec		f Financial Officer
r id(ace: Kurnool ate : May 28,		



Ch.

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023
Cash flow from operating activities	Warch, 2024	Warch, 2025
Profit before tax	10,727.72	19.041.73
Profit before exceptional items and tax	10,727.72	19,041.73
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows: Depreciation and amortisation expenses	1.061.23	1,934.66
Interest received	(1,460.99)	(907.34)
Interest paid	398.48	203.15
Interest income & expenses due to amortisation of rent deposits	1.50	40.38
Income due to government grant recognised Net gains/(losses) on FVTPL instruments	(6.00) (258.67)	(5.99) (795.88)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(3.55)	(135.00)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss Loss on sale of property.plant and equipment	0.23	
Operating profit before working capital changes	10,459.93	19,510.71
Working capital adjustments: (Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	(5,794.20)	(606.11)
(Decrease)/Increase in non-current financial liabilities	9.05	(9.74)
(Decrease)/Increase in current financial liabilities	(15.66)	(512.72)
(Decrease)/Increase in other current liabilities	(1,049.22)	(1,241.24)
(Decrease)/Increase in short term provisions (Decrease)/Increase in long term provisions) 194.48 7.32	(179.65) 17.70
(Increase)/Decrease in non-current financial asset	(21.39)	132.15
(Increase)/Decrease in other non-current assets	`54.1Ź	(27.54)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	4,217.90	(1,689.38)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in other current assets	<u>9,407.87</u> 1,819.75	<u>1.821.27</u> 6,088.63
(Increase)/Decrease in financial assets	(2,476.44)	(1,230.08)
Cash generated from operating activities	16,813.55	22,074.00
Direct taxes paid (net)	(2,845.08)	(7,932.52)
Net cash flow from operating activities (A) Cash flows from investing activities	13,968.47	14,141.48
Non Controlling Interest	(9.19)	(6.43)
Purchase of fixed assets, including CWIP	(2,002.70)	(831.79)
Proceeds from sale of property,plant and equipment Purchase of investment	25.50	(096 66)
Investment written off	(1,245.73) 3.15	(986.66)
Interest received	1,460.99	907.34
Redemption/(Investment) of margin money deposit	(221.00)	(10,541.67)
Earmarked for dividend Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	(10.44) (1,999.42)	<u>233.90</u> (11,225.31)
Cash flows from financing activities	(1,555.42)	(11,223.31)
Proceeds from equity	-	10.00
Interest paid	(398.48)	(203.14)
(Repayment)/Proceeds of long term borrowings (Repayment)/Proceeds from short term borrowings	480.81 (841.99)	`318.82 (990.91)
Dividend paid	(686.59)	(600.95)
(Repayment)/Proceeds of lease liability	(236.25)	(198.89)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) in financing activities (C)	(1,682.50)	(1,665.07)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	C) 10,286.55 22,643.13	1,251.11
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	32,929.68	22,643.14
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	9.16	1.55
Balances with banks - in Current Account	32,920.53	22,641.59
Total cash and cash equivalents	32,929.68	22,643.14
Note:		
The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method	od' set out in Ind AS - 7	"Statement of Cash
As per our report of even date attached.	d on behalf of the l	Board
For S.T.Mohite & Co., Sd/-		Sd/-
Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S) Sri T.G.Bhara	ath Sr	nt. R.Triveni
Sd/- Chairman & Managin		Director
Sreenivasa Rao T.Mohite DIN : 001250		N : 09045405
Partner Sd/-		Sd/-
Membership No.015635 Smt. V.Surel	kha SriSli	fthekhar Ahmed
UDIN NO : 24015635BKFPOB8170 Company Sector		Financial Officer
Place: Kurnool Place: Kurnool	July Shield	
Date : May 28, 2024 Date : May 28,	2024	
Date : may 20,		

-						Total other equity	55,311.69		3,241.52		(1.37)	15,425.40	(600.95)	73,376.29		(2,281.91)	55.87		(26.84)	7,906.24	(686.59)	78,343.07							~	4	
						Money received against share warrants e			."œ			- 15,	- (6	- 73,5		- (2,2			-	- 7,5	- (6	- 78,3									
						OCI - Actuarial r gain/loss a			'		(1.37)	,		(60.29)					(26.84)			(87.13)	פֿק	sa/- Smt. R.Triveni	Director	DIN:09045405	Sd/- Sri S Ifthekher Ahmed	Chief Financial Officer			
					nsive income	n v	10,372.36		3,241.52		'	ı	'	13,613.88		(2,281.91)				'		11,331.97	For and on behalf of the Board	Smt. F			S. Sri S Ifthal	Chief Finar			
Amount		1,716.48 1 716.48		1,716.48	Other Comprehensive income	Retained Otherreseve FVOCI - earnings (Amalgamation equity & & General preference reserve) instrument	2,762.75		'		'	1	'	2,762.75		'			'	'	'	2,762.75	or and on beh	Sri T.G.Bharath	anaging Direct	DIN: 00125087	Sd/- Smt V Surekha	Company Secretary	Irnool	Date: May 28, 2024	
Note	200	4	14			Retained earnings (39,208.91		1		'	15,425.40	(600.95)	54,033.36		'	55.87		'	7,906.24	(686.59)	61,308.88	ш́ (SriTG	hairman & M	DIN: 0	Smt V	Compan	Place: Kurnool	Date: Ma	
ž					Reserves and Surplus	Securities premium reserve	3,026.59		1		'	ī	'	3,026.59		'	'			'		3,026.59			0)					
alen		the year	the vear		Reserv	Note	15		15(iv)		15(iv)	15(iii)	15(iii)			15(iv)	15(iv)		15(iv)	15(iii)	15(iii)										
a. Equity share capital		As at 1st Apr 2022 Changes in equity share capital during the year Ac an 3st Mar 7003	Changes in equity share capital during the year	As at 31st Mar 2024	b. Other Equity	Particulars	Balance at 1st April, 2022	Equity instruments through other	comprehensive income	Gains/(losses) on arising from actuarial	gain/loss on gratuity	Profit for the year	Dividend paid during the year	Balance at 31st March, 2023	Equity instruments through other	comprehensive income	Deferred tax impact on Ind AS 116	Gains/(losses) on arising from actuarial	gain/loss on gratuity	Profit for the year	Dividend paid during the year	Balance at 31st March, 2024	As per our report of even date attached.	Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.011410S)	Sd/-	Sreenivasa Rao T.Mohite	Partitier Membership No.015635	UDIN NO : 24015635BKFPOB8170	Place: Kumool	Date : May 28, 2024	

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

SP

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st, March 2024

Note 1: General Information

Sree Rayalaseema Hi – Strength Hypo Limited ("The Company") incorporated on 28th March, 2005 it is the leading producer of Calcium Hypo Chloride, Stable Bleaching Powder, Sulphuric Acid and other chemicals.

The Company is a public limited company domiciled in India. The equity shares of the Company are listed on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

The financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 28th May, 2024.

Note 2: Material Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These Financial statements are separate financial statements of the company (also called Consolidated Financial Statements)

The Consolidated Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (as amended) (Ind AS)as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 together with comparative period data as at the year end March, 31st2024.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The Consolidation Financial Statements comprise the Financial Statements of SreeRayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited and partly owned subsidiary TGV Metals and chemicals Private Limited.

All Intercompany transaction, Balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

TGV Metals and chemicals private limited is the only subsidiary company as on 31st March 2024 with 50% holding and the same is consolidated for the purpose of this Consolidated Financial Statements.

2.3 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

Financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The Consolidated financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees and all values are rounded off to nearest lakhs and to the decimals there off.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer

a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes in to account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transaction that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires that the Management to makeestimates and assumptions that affect thereported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as at thedate of the financial statements and thereported amounts of revenue and expensesduring the reporting period. The recognition, measurement, classification or disclosure of an item or information in the financialstatements is made relying on theseestimates.

The estimates and judgements used in thepreparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Companyand are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods. The critical accounting judgements and key estimates followed by the Company for preparation of financial statements.

2.5 Operating cycle.

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their in cash and cash equivalents. The company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.6 Current and Non-Current Classification.

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current and non-classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of business.



• Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The company classifies all the assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of business.
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax asset and liability are classified as non-current asset and liability

2.7 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key source of estimation uncertainty operating cycle:

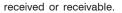
In the application of the company's accounting policies, the management of the company are required to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions about the carrying amounts of the asset and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods in the revision effects both current and future periods.

The following are the areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Provision and contingent liability

On an ongoing basis, Company reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other. For contingent losses that are considered probable an estimated loss is recorded as an accrual in financial statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent liabilities in the financial statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the financial statements. Gain contingencies are not recognized until the contingency has been resolved and amounts are



Useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting. As at March 31, 2024 management assessed that the useful lives represent the expected utility of the assets to the company. Further, there is no significant change in the useful lives as compared to previous year.

2.8 Functional Currency:

The Financial Statements are prepared in Indian Rupees, which is the functional currency of the company, functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates.

All amounts in the financial statements are stated in Indian Currency unless otherwise stated.

2.9 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations.

The Performance Obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and rebates.

Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

Our customers have the contractual right to return goods only when authorised by the Company. An estimate is made of goods that will be returned and a liability is recognised for this amount using a best estimate based on accumulated experience.

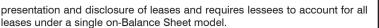
Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements/ arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

2.10 Leasing

Ind AS 116 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement,



The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lesses – leases of 'lowvalue' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognize a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Lessees will be required to separately recognize the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

Lease is 'a contract or part of a contract that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. An underlying asset has been defined to mean an Asset that is the subject of lease, for which the right to use that asset has been provided by a lessor or lessee.

Measurement of lease liability

On the date of transition lease liability is measured at present value of lease payments that are not paid as at the date of transition.

After the transition date lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Subsequently the company measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying the amount to reflect the interest on the lease liability; reducing the carrying amount of reflect the lease payments made; and re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Company uses the incremental borrowing rate which is the rate of interest that a lessee would have to pay over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value of the right-to-use asset in a similar economic environment.

Right-of-use asset (ROU)

This is measured as lease liability adding any initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, cost to dismantle or restore less lease incentives.

After the commencement date, the Company measures the ROU at cost:

- Less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulate impairment losses; and
- Adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability on subsequent to lease commencement date

A Company applies the depreciation requirement in Ind AS 16 while depreciating ROU asset. The said asset is depreciated over a period of lease

term unless in case where ownership of underlying asset is transferred. In such case, the asset is depreciated over the useful life of underlying asset. Also, impairment requirements as per Ind AS 36 is applied by the Company

2.11 Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual Company entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks (see 3.28 below for hedging accounting policies); and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

2.12 Borrowingcosts

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.13 Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the standalone statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Company with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

2.14 Employee benefits

Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is reflected immediately in the statement of financial position with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

 service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);

- net interest expense or income; and
- Remeasurement.

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the statement of financial position represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans

Discretionary contributions made by employees or third parties reduce service cost upon payment of these contributions to the plan.

When the formal terms of the plans specify that there will be contributions from employees or third parties, the accounting depends on whether the contributions are linked to service, as follows:

- If the contributions are not linked to services (e.g. contributions are required to reduce a deficit arising from losses on plan assets or from actuarial losses), they are reflected in the remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset).
- If contributions are linked to services, they reduce service costs. For the amount of contribution that is dependent on the number of years of service, the entity reduces service cost by attributing the contributions to periods of

service using the attribution method required by Ind AS 19 for the gross benefits. For the amount of contribution that is independent of the number of years of service, the entity [reduces service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered / reduces service cost by attributing contributions to the employees' periods of service in accordance with IndAS 19

Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service.

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability is recognised for the goods or services acquired, measured initially at the fair value of the liability.

2.15 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the standalone (statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income/ statement of profit or loss) because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

2.16 Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the standalone Balance Sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Free hold land is not depreciated.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation and amortisation

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives as specified in Schedule II to the Companies act, 2013 using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. Depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The useful life as prescribed underSchedule II of the Companies Act have been followed except in respect of the following categories of assets, inwhose case the life of the assets has been assessed asunder based on technical advice, taking into account thenature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, theoperating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.,



The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Particulars	Years
Buildings	
-Factory and administrative buildings	20
-Ancillary structures	20
Plant and equipment	8
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	5

2.17 Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured in accordance with Ind AS 40 requirements for cost model.

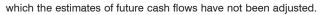
An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

2.18 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Company of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for



If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cashgenerating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash- generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.19 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a weighted average cost basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Carrying value of inventories pledged as securities against loans are disclosed.

2.20 Provisions and contingencies

A Provision is recognised when the company has a present obligation(legal or constructive) as a result of past event i.e., it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.
- Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in financial statements. A disclosure of the contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

2.21 Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one

entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost
- Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets at amortised cost

'Financial asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a. The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b. Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade receivables.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value.

The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at Fair Value throughOther Comprehensive Income, then all fair value changes on the

instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income. There is no recycling of the amounts from Other Comprehensive Income to Profit &Loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the Fair Value throughProfit &Loss category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Profit &Loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement~ And either

- (a) The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b)The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

Impairment of Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss.

The Company follows "Simplified approach" for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

As a practical expediency, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss (P&L). This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses'.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to borrowings.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.22 Earning per equity share

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per equity share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

2.23 Segment Reporting

The management has assessed the identification of reportable segments in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments' and the company has disclosed only two reportable segments namely (i) Chemical Manufacturing and (ii) Power Generation. Further, the Board of directors have designated the Managing Director as Chief Operating Decision Marker ('CODM').

2.24 Cash flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payment and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.25 Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities.

Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Revenue recognition:

The Company applies judgement to determine whether each product or services promised to a customer are capable of being distinct, and are distinct in the context of the contract, if not, the promised product or services are combined and accounted as a single performance obligation. The Company allocates the arrangement consideration to separately identifiable performance obligation deliverables based on their relative stand-alone selling price. Because the financial reporting of these contracts depends on estimates that are assessed continually during the term of these contracts, recognized revenue and profit are subject to revisions as the contract progresses to completion.

Allowance for expected credit losses:

Note 2(I) describes the use of practical expedient by computing the expected

credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on provision matrix. The expected credit allowance is based on the aging of the days receivables which are past due and the rates derived based on past history of defaults in the provision matrix.

Fair value of investments:

The Company has invested in the equity instruments of various companies. However, the percentage of shareholding of the Company in such investee companies is very low and hence, it has not been provided with future projections including projected profit and loss account by those investee companies. Hence, the valuation exercise carried out by the Company with the help of available historical annual reports and other information in the public domain.

Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will beavailable against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine theamount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxableprofits together with future tax planning strategies.

Contingent liability judgement:

Contingent liabilities are claims against the Company notacknowledged as debt. Contingencies may arise from the ordinary course of business in relation to claims against the Company, including legal, contractor and other claims. By their nature, contingencies will be resolved only when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum of contingencies inherently involve the exercise of significant judgement and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

2.26New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments Adopted by the the Company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. The Company applied for the first-time these amendments.

Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments had no impact on the Company's Standalone Financial Statements.

Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments have had an impact on the Company's disclosures of accounting policies, but not on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Company's financial statements.

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction - Amendments to Ind AS 12

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases.

The Company previously has not recognised for deferred tax on leases. As a result of these amendments, the Company has recognised a separate deferred tax asset in relation to its lease liabilities and a deferred tax liability in relation to its right-of-use assets.

Impact on the statement of profit and loss account is recognition of deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 12.54 lakhs. Opening retained earnings is increased by Rs. 55.87 lakhs.

Apart from these, consequential amendments and editorials have been made to other Ind AS like Ind AS 101, Ind AS 102, Ind AS 103, Ind AS 107, Ind AS 109, Ind AS 115 and Ind AS 34.

Consolidated

Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

	Darticulare	1000	Factory	Furniture and Wind Power	Wind Power	Plant and	Other	Totol
		raila	Buildings	fixtures	Plants	Machinery	Assets	IOIal
€) Cost							
	As at 1st April, 2022	7,445.37	3,500.73	196.84	7,407.72	23,333.73	1,146.66	43,031.05
	Additions	507.01				1,145.27	147.93	1,800.21
	Disposals /transfer	-495.44	-68.00	•	•	-1,900.83	'	-2,464.27
	Transferred to investment property	-161.65						-161.65
	As at 1st April, 2023	7,295.29	3,432.73	196.84	7,407.72	22,578.18	1,294.59	42,205.35
	Additions	107.56	•	•	•	3,245.69	9.37	3,362.62
	Disposals /transfer	•		•	•	-50.00	'	-50.00
	Transferred to investment property	'		•	•	-567.95	'	-567.95
	As at 31st March, 2024	7,402.85	3,432.73	196.84	7,407.72	25,205.92	1,303.96	44,950.02
@	Accumulated Depreciation							
	As at 1st April, 2022		2,998.17	190.60	7,168.84	19,554.77	904.09	30,816.47
	Depreciation		108.08		27.99	1,518.67	48.89	1,703.63
	Disposals		'		•	-40.75	'	-40.75
	As at 1st April, 2023	•	3,106.25	190.60	7,196.83	21,032.69	952.98	32,479.35
	Depreciation		88.75	•	27.99	538.09	101.90	756.73
	Disposals			•	•	-24.27	'	-24.27
	As at 31st March, 2024		3,195.00	190.60	7,224.82	21,546.51	1,054.88	33,211.80
2	C) Carrying value(A-B)							
	As at 31st March, 2023	7,295.29	326.49	6.24	210.89	1,545.48	341.61	9,726.01
	As at 31st March, 2024	7,402.85	237.74	6.24	182.90	3,659.39	249.08	11,738.22
6	Title to come of the proventies and used by the Commeny under Scheme of Arrendement in past are in the provess of heind mutated in the		2 appril Macu	chame of Arra	nament in ne	and the second	Poind for poind	odt ai bototi im

Fitle to some of the properties acquired by the Company under Scheme of Arrangement in past are in the process of being mutated in the Company's name. ð

The land, Building and Plant and Machinery have been secured by a charge in favour of working capital bank.

The vehicles have been hypothicated in favour of banks who have lent against these vehicles.

Depreciation on property plant and equipment is charged on straight line method as per Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Property Plant and Equipment were tested for impairment by the technical executives with in the company during the year for any indications of existing impairment. As per their advice for no impairment, the company has not recorded any impairment during the year ending 31 st March, 2024.

Disposal/transfer of land includes transfer of land in last year for an ongoing project under Corporate Social Responsibility scheme under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 Ē

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

Note 3A: Right of use Asset on Lease

(A) Costs 1,237.40 As at April 1st , 2022 1,237.40 Additions 0.00 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2023 1,237.40 Additions 0.00 Disposals /transfer 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 Additions 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 (B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK Net Carrying amount as at 31st March, 2023		Particulars	Right to us Asset
Additions 0.00 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2023 1,237.40 Additions 0.00 Disposals /transfer 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 (B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK 0.00	(A)	Costs	
Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2023 1,237.40 Additions 0.00 Disposals /transfer 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 (B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 1,237.40 As at April 1st , 2022 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		As at April 1st , 2022	1,237.40
As at 31st March, 2023 1,237.40 Additions 0.00 Disposals /transfer 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 (B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2022 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK 100		Additions	0.00
Additions 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 (B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 201.26 As at April 1st , 2022 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		Disposals	0.00
Disposals /transfer 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 (B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 201.26 As at April 1st , 2022 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		As at 31st March, 2023	1,237.40
As at 31st March, 2024 1,237.40 (B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION 501.26 As at April 1st , 2022 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK 1		Additions	
(B) ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION As at April 1st , 2022 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		Disposals /transfer	0.00
As at April 1st , 2022 501.26 Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		As at 31st March, 2024	1,237.40
Amortisation 231.04 Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK	(B)	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	
Disposals 0.00 As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		As at April 1st , 2022	501.26
As at April 1st , 2023 732.30 Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		Amortisation	231.04
Amortisation 285.58 Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		Disposals	0.00
Disposals 0.00 As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK 1,017.88		As at April 1st , 2023	732.30
As at 31st March, 2024 1,017.88 (C) NET BLOCK		Amortisation	285.58
(C) NET BLOCK		Disposals	0.00
(-)		As at 31st March, 2024	1,017.88
Net Carrying amount as at 31st March 2023 505 09	(C)	NET BLOCK	
		Net Carrying amount as at 31st March, 2023	505.09
Net Carrying amount as at 31st March, 2024 219.52		Net Carrying amount as at 31st March, 2024	219.52

For details of lease please refer Note 44(Leases)

Note 3B: Capital Work-in-progress

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Opening carrying value	1,361.04	4.54
Additions	0.00	1,356.50
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	1,361.04	0.00
Closing carrying value	0.00	1,361.04
Ageing Schedule Opening work in progress		
Less than 1 year	0.00	1,356.50
1-2 years	0.00	4.54
2-3 years	0.00	0.00
More than 3 years	0.00	0.00
Total	0.00	1,361.04

Note 4: Investment Property

D	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars	March, 2024	March, 2023
Cost		
Opening gross amount - Land	260.24	
Additions - Land		260.24
Additions - Buildings	567.95	
Closing gross amount - Land and Buildings	828.20	260.24
Accumulated depreciation	-	-
Opening accumulated depreciation	-	-
Depreciation charge on Buildings	17.81	-
Depreciation reversed on disposal		-
Closing accumulated depreciation	17.81	-
Net carrying amount	810.39	260.24
Fair value of Investment properties	1,892.66	1,324.71

b) Estimation of fair value

The Company obtains independent valuations for its investment properties annually. The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, the Company considers information from a variety of sources including:

(i) current prices in an active market for properties of different nature

(ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences

The main input used is the price per square metre as per State Government's registration and stamps department rate for the property. All resulting fair value estimates for investment properties are included in level 2.

c) Income and operating expenses of investment property :

(i) Rental Income (for part of year) 61.62 Lakhs

(ii) Operating expenses that generated rental Income - Depreciation 17.81 Lakhs

Note 5: Financial Assets - Non-current Investments

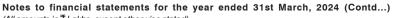
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
 (A) Investments in Equity Instruments fair value through other comprehensive income 	18,503.73	21,553.13
(B) Investments at cost	0.10	0.10
(C) Investments in mutual funds fair value through profit and loss	1,157.68	737.16
(D) Other Investments in venture capital funds fair value through profit and loss	5,609.24	4,516.14
TOTAL	25,270.75	26,806.53

SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED

`

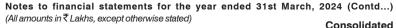
Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...) (All amounts in ₹Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

	(Consolidated
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
(A) Investments in Equity Instruments		
(Fair value through other comprehensive income)		
Quoted		
a) Fully Paid up		
TGV SRACC Ltd	16,667.75	20,061.71
2,05,44,496 (March 31, 2023:2,05,44,496)		
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
The South Indian Bank Ltd	192.94	103.36
7,07,000 (March 31, 2023:7,07,000)		
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	010.00	F00 F7
Roopa Industries Ltd 13,72,455 (March 31, 2023:13,72,455)	812.22	562.57
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
Kabson Industries Ltd	1.75	0.88
10,100 (March 31, 2023:10,100)		0.00
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
Karnataka Bank Ltd	8.33	5.03
3,700 (March 31, 2023:3,700)		
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
Lotus Chcolates Ltd	195.76	111.61
56,800 (March 31, 2023:56,800)		
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each NEPC Micon Ltd	0.02	0.02
200 (March 31, 2023:200)	0.02	0.02
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
BNR Udyog Ltd	0.26	0.21
500 (March 31, 2023:500)		
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
Consom Biotech Ltd	0.02	0.03
300 (March 31, 2023:300)		
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	0.17	0.17
Neha International Ltd	0.17	0.17
1,700 (March 31, 2023:1,700) Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
Indo Wind Energy Ltd	8.27	3.90
42,000 (March 31, 2023:42,000)	0.27	0.00
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each		
Nazara Technologies Ltd	3.15	2.42
469 (March 31,2023:Nil)		
Equity share of Rs. 10/ each		
b) Partly paid up		
Surya Jyothi Spinning Mills Ltd		
100 (March 31, 2023:100)	0.01	0.01
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	0.01	0.01



Consolidated

	(Consolidated
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
	March, 2024	March, 2023
Un Quoted (Fully Paid up) In other Companies MV Salts and Chemicals Private Limited 12,00,000 (March 31,2023:Nill) Equity shares of Rs.10/-each	613.08	701.21
Total (A)	<u>18,503.73</u>	<u>21,553.13</u>
 (B) Investments in Government Securities (at Cost) National Saving Certificates Total (B) 	0.10 0.10	0.10 0.10
(C) Investments in mutual funds through (fair value through profit and loss) Quant multi asset fund Quant small cap fund Quant mid cap fund Quant Active fund Total(C)	298.89 331.49 274.76 252.54 1,157.68	183.82 197.09 184.27 171.98 737.16
 (D) Other Investments (in venture capital funds) at fair value through profit and loss IIFL Wealth Finance Ltd Blume Ventures Fund 1X TVS Shriram Growth Fund 3 Sixth sense India opportunites-iii Inflexor Technology Fund Care health Insurance Ltd Avendus future leaders fund II Epiq capital ii Gaja capital india fund 2020 Blume ventures India fund 2020 Blume ventures India fund iv Fireside Ventures Investment Fund III Fearing Capital Growth Fund III ISAF III Onshore Fund DSGCP Continuity Fund Total (D) Total (A+B+C+D) 	613.23 996.55 626.01 571.53 436.33 86.05 794.28 162.83 339.75 219.04 103.26 149.46 85.92 425.00 5,609.24 25,270.75	451.28 1033.51 621.73 438.48 341.83 69.77 564.97 213.83 406.21 174.76 44.77 155.00 0.00 4,516.14 26,806.53
Summary: Aggregate amount of quoted investments - Book value Aggregate amount of quoted investments - Market value Aggregate amount of un quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments Aggregate amount of investments in Government securities Aggregate amount of investments in Mutual funds Aggregate amount of investments in others	17,890.65 17,890.65 613.08 0.00 0.10 1,157.68 5,609.24	20,851.92 20,851.92 701.21 0.00 0.10 737.16 4,516.14



	,	Consolidated
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st
Faiticulars	March, 2024	March, 2023
Note 6: Other Non-Current Financial Assets		
Security deposits with Government authorities	34.23	33.03
Deposits with related parties - rent deposits	244.88	226.19
Others	2.85	2.85
Total	281.96	262.07
Note 7: Other Non-Current Assets		
Advances for capital assets		
Capital Advances	45.43	79.40
Advances other than capital assets		
Prepaid rental deposit	89.53	109.72
Total	134.95	189.12
Note 8: Inventories		
Raw materials	860.23	2,699.89
Work-in-progress	165.79	89.95
Finished goods	698.41	8,002.43
Stores spares, chemicals, fuel and packing materials	853.99	995.67
Goods in transit	590.42	788.78
Total	3,168.85	12,576.72
Note 9: Trade Receivables		
Unsecured and considered good	10,682.79	14,897.14
Unsecured and considered doubtful	67.29	67.29
	10,750.08	14,964.43
Expected Credit Loss Allowance		
(allowance for bad anddoubtful debts)**	(67.29)	(67.29)
Total trade receivables	10,682.79	14,897.14

The average credit period on sales is 60 days.

The Company has used a practical expediency by computing the expected credit loss allowance for Trade Receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates are given in the provision matrix. The provision matrix at the end of the Reporting Period is as follows :

Expected credit loss

Aging	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Expected credit loss		
With credit period Upto 60 days past due 61-90 days past due 91-180 days past due more than 180 days past due	0.00% 0.25% 0.50% 0.75% 1.00%	0.00% 0.25% 0.50% 0.75% 1.00%

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Before accepting any new customer, the company uses an external credit scoring system and other potential information to assess the customer credit quality and defines credit limit. The limit and scoring attributable to customer are reviewed periodically.

Trade receivables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2024

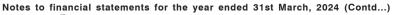
Particulars	Current but not due	< 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	> 3 Year	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables Considered Good and Unsecured	4,144.04	2 960 20	2 726 65				10.750.08
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired		3,009.39	2,730.05	-	-	-	- 10,730.06
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,144.04	3,869.39	2,736.65	-	-	-	10,750.08

Trade receivables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Current but not due	< 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	> 3 Year	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables							
Considered Good and Unsecured	8,038.65	4,502.59	2,423.20	-	-	-	14,964.44
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	8,038.65	4,502.59	2,423.20	-	-	-	14,964.44

Consolidated

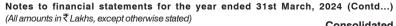




(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Consolidated

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Expected credit loss		
With credit period	4,144.04	8,038.65
Upto 60 days past due	2,119.39	2,540.19
61-90 days past due	1,069.75	737.41
91-180 days past due	680.25	1,224.99
more than 180 days past due	2,736.65	2,423.20
Total trade receivables (before impairment allowance)	10,750.08	14,964.44
Movement in Expected Credit Loss Allowance :		
Balance at beginning of the year	67.29	67.29
Movement in Expected Credit Loss Allowance on trade		
receivablescalculated at lifetime expected credit losses	0.00	0.00
Balance at end of the year	67.29	67.29
**The allowance for expected credit losses for the	01120	07.120
year includes additional provision for doubtful debts		
apart from provision made based on above matrix.		
Note 10: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balances with banks		
In Current Account	1.499.33	2.674.35
Cash on hand	9.16	1.54
Deposits with bank	31,421.20	19,967.25
Total	32,929.68	22,643.14
Note 11: Bank Balances other than Cash and		
Cash Equivalents	001.00	0.00
Deposits with bank earmarked for bank guarantees Balances with banks in Current Account earmarked for dividend	221.00 266.69	0.00
Total	487.69	256.25
Note 12: Loans		
Loans/advances to Employees	126.96	95.58
Loans to Others	2.445.04	0.00
Total	2,572.00	95.58
Note 13: Other Current Assets		
GST rebate receivable	536.58	225.82
Insurance claim receivable	0.00	1,040.50
Amounts receivable and GST credit	1,502.53	2,268.89
Advance to related parties - supplies dues	0.60	40.39
Advance to suppliers and others	831.40	1,120.99
Prepaid Insurance and other Expenses	91.20	146.59
Export incentives receivable	141.14	80.02
Total	3,103.45	4,923.20



		(Consolidated
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Not	e 14: Equity Share Capital		
(a)	Authorised :		
	4,90,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	4,900.00	4,900.00
	(as at 31st March 2023 4,90,00,000		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each)	4,900.00	4,900.00
(b)	Issued, Subscribed and fully paid:		0.00
	1,71,64,821 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each issued	1,716.48	1,716.48
	(as at 31st March 2023 1,71,64,821		
	Equity shares of Rs.10/- each issued)		
	Total	1,716.48	1,716.48
(i)	Reconciliation of the number of equity		
	shares outstanding	17 101 001	17 104 001
	At the beginning of the year	17,164,821	17,164,821
	Add: Issued during the year At the end of the year	0.00 17,164,821	0.00 17,164,821
	At the end of the year	17,104,021	17,104,021

(ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(iii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at 31st	March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
Name of the shareholder	No.of shares	% of total shares	No.of shares	% of total shares	
Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Ltd	3742639	21.80%	3742639	21.80%	
Sree Rayalaseema Galaxy Projects Pvt Ltd	1513989	8.82%	1513989	8.82%	
TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd	2619400	15.26%	2619400	15.26%	

(iv) Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

	Year end	ed 31st M	arch, 2024	4 Year ended 31st March,			
Name of the Promoter	No.of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year	No.of	% of total	% change during the year	
Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Ltd	3,742,639	21.80%	-	3,742,639	21.80%	0.43%	
Sree Rayalaseema Galaxy Projects Pvt Ltd	1,513,989	8.82%		1,513,989	8.82%	-	
TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd	2,619,400	15.26%		2,619,400	15.26%	1.25%	
T G V Securities Pvt Ltd	656,414	3.82%	-	656,414	3.82%	-	
Sree Rayalaseema Dutch Kassenbouw Pvt Ltd	499,422	2.91%		499,422	2.91%	-	
Brilliant Industries Pvt Ltd	9,042	0.05%		9,042	0.05%	-1.68%	
T G V SRAAC Ltd	244,749	1.43%		244,749	1.43%	-	
T G Bharath	501,537	2.92%	-2.75%	515,737	3.00%	-	
T G Shilpa Bharath	396,398	2.31%	-6.89%	425,714	2.48%	-	
T G Rajyalakshmi	415,744	2.42%	-	415,744	2.42%	-	
Boda Mourya	488	0.00%		488	0.00%	-	
Jyothsna S Mysore	7,047	0.04%	-	7,047	0.04%	-	
TGV Industries Private Ltd	8,000	0.05%	-	8,000	0.05%	-	

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
(v) Dividends declared and Paid:		
During the FY 2023-24:	686.59	-
The shareholders of the company at its 18th Annual General Meeting held on 26th September,2023 approved payment of dividend of Rs.4.00/- per share of Face value of Rs.10/- (40%) for the year ended 31.03.2023, and dividend also paid during the year		
During the FY 2022-23:		
The shareholders of the company at its 17th Annual General Meeting held on 29th September,2022 approved payment of dividend of Rs.3.50/- per share of Face value of Rs.10/- (35%) for the year ended 31.03.2022, and dividend also paid during the year	-	600.95
(vi) Number of Shares transferred to IEFP during the year U/s 123 of the Companies Act, 2013	48,134	10,29,911

Consolidated

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...)

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)		(Consolidated
Particulars	Note No. Below	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Note 15: Other Equity Securities premium Other reserves Retained earnings Reserve for other comprehensive income items Total	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	3,026.59 2,762.75 61,310.50 11,244.84 78,344.69	3,026.59 2,762.76 54,033.36 13,553.59 73,376.29
Reserves and Surplus (i) Securities premium Opening Balance Closing balance		3,026.59 3,026.59	3,026.59 3,026.59
(ii) Other reserves A. General Reserve Opening Balance Closing balance		<u>334.09</u> 334.09	<u>334.09</u> 334.09
 B. Amalgamation reserve Opening Balance Closing balance C. Total of other reserves (A+B) 		2,428.67 2,428.67 2,762.75	2,428.67 2,428.67 2,762.76
(iii) Retained earnings Opening Balance Add: Deferred tax impact on Ind AS 116 (Ref Add: Net profit for the period Less: Payment of Dividend and Dividend distribution tax (F2022-23)	er note 2.26)	54,034.98 55.87 7,906.24 (686.59)	39,208.91 - 15,425.40
 Closing balance (iv) Reserve for other comprehensive income Change in fair value of FVOCI - equity & 	eitems	<u>61,310.50</u>	54,033.36
preference instruments (Net of taxes) Opening Balance -Netgains/(losses) on FVTOCI securities during - Closing balance Other Comprehensive income arising from	(a) actuarial	13,613.88 (2,281.91) 11,331.97	10,372.36 3,241.52 13,613.88
gain/loss on defined benefit obligation (Net Opening Balance - Gains/(losses) on arising from actuarial gain/los - Closing balance Total		(60.29) (26.84) (87.13) 11,244.84	(58.92) (1.37) (60.29) 13,553.59

Consolidated

Nature and purpose of other reserves :

General Reserve

The General Reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

FVTOCI intruments

The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity and preference securities in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVTOCI investments reserve within equity. The Company transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant securities are derecognised.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Note 16: Borrowings		
A. Non-current borrowings		
Secured		
Term Loans		
Subsidiary company borrowings from		
TGV Industries Pvt Ltd	801.34	320.53
Total taken to Non Current Liabilities in Balance Sheet	801.34	320.53
Current borrowings		
Secured		
Working capital demand loans	0.00	841.99
Total taken to Current Liabilities in Balance Sheet	0.00	841.99
There is no default as at 31st March, 2024, 31st March		
2023 in repayment of loans and interest payments on banks.		
Terms of Repayment		
Vehicle Loans		
Fully repaid during current year	0.00	27.56
Note 17: Lease Liability		
Lease Liability (Refer Note.44)	364.93	607.13
Total	364.93	607.13

The above Lease Liability is calculated in compliance of new IND AS 116 Leases which is notified with effet from 01.04.2019. Separate Note No.44 is enclosed disclosing details of its recognition and measurement.

 Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...)

 (All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)
 Consolidated

Particulars Note 18: Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities Security deposits from customers Total Note 19: Long-term Provisions Gratuity (refer note 42) Total Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	As at 31st March, 2024 127.30 271.33 271.33 271.33 (5,032.90) (27.61) 0.42 40.19	As at 31st March, 2023 118.25 226.11 226.11 (5,735.28) (32.69)
Security deposits from customers Total Note 19: Long-term Provisions Gratuity (refer note 42) Total Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	127.30 271.33 271.33 (5,032.90) (27.61) 0.42	226.11 226.11 (5,735.28) (32.69)
Total Note 19: Long-term Provisions Gratuity (refer note 42) Total Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	127.30 271.33 271.33 (5,032.90) (27.61) 0.42	226.11 226.11 (5,735.28) (32.69)
Note 19: Long-term Provisions Gratuity (refer note 42) Total Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	271.33 271.33 (5,032.90) (27.61) 0.42	226.11 226.11 (5,735.28) (32.69)
Gratuity (refer note 42) Total Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	271.33 (5,032.90) (27.61) 0.42	(5,735.28) (32.69)
Total Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	271.33 (5,032.90) (27.61) 0.42	(5,735.28) (32.69)
Note 20: Deferred Tax Liabilities The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	(5,032.90) (27.61) 0.42	(5,735.28) (32.69)
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: Deferred tax liabilities FVTPL Instruments Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	(27.61) 0.42	(32.69)
Unwinding of interest on assets discounted Deferred government grant Gratuity	(27.61) 0.42	(32.69)
Deferred government grant Gratuity	0.42	
Gratuity		0.38
		30.65
Ind AS 116 - ROU	(268.92)	0.00
Less: Deferred tax assets		
Property, plant and equipment	641.05	630.04
Borrowing costs measured at amortised cost	31.46	36.16
Provision for expected credit loss (ECL)	18.89	18.89
Ind AS 116 - Lease liabilities	337.33	0.00
MAT Credit entitlement	0.00	294.77
Net deferred tax liability	(4,260.09)	(4,757.08)
Reconciliation of net deferred tax liabilities		
Opening balance	(4,757.08)	667.32
Reclassification from investments	0.00	(5,433.57)
Recognised in statement of profit and loss during the period	(41.14)	9.17
Recognised in Other comprehensive income during the year Recognised in retained earnings for Ind AS 116 (Refer note 15(iii))	777.01 55.87	0.00 0.00
MAT adjustment	-294.77	0.00
Closing balance	(4,260.09)	(4,757.08)
Note 21: Government Grants		
Capital subsidy in solar projects	77.96	83.96
Total	77.96	83.96
Note 22: Lease Liabilities		
Lease Liabilities (Refer Note.44)	125.85	119.90
Total	125.85	119.90
Note 23: Trade Payables		
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprieses (Refer Note 48)	132.63	119.43
Others	1,174.13	6,981.53
Total	1,306.76	7,100.96

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Current	from due date of payment				Total
	Dues	Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	132.63				132.63
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	1,174.13				1,174.13
Dispited outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Disputed outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Total	-	-	1,306.76				1,306.76

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Unbilled Current	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment		from due date of r	Total		
	Dues	Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	119.43				119.43
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-	6,981.53				6,981.53
Dispited outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Disputed outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise	-	-					
Total	-	-	7,100.96				7,100.96



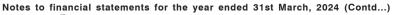
Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...)

	Lakhs, except otherwise stated) Consolidate			
Particulars	As at 31st As at 31st March, 2024 March, 2023			
Note 24: Other Current Financial Liabilities				
Current maturities of long term debt*				
Secured				
From Banks	0.00	27.56		
UnSecured				
Unpaid dividend	266.69	256.25		
Security deposits - others	110.80	109.35		
Total	377.50	393.16		
Note 25: Other Current Liabilities				
Dealers commission payable	407.86	593.06		
Overseas commission	7.36	17.87		
Creditors for services availed	262.60	316.25		
Advance from related parties	242.02	640.90		
Advances from customers	1,024.49	2,621.79		
Statutory dues - TDS and TCS	59.50	60.93		
Outstanding liabilities	298.59	0.00		
Other current liabilities	920.25	21.09		
Total	3,222.67	4,271.89		
Note 26: Short-term Provisions				
Employee benefits	334.82	140.34		
Total	334.82	140.34		
Note 27: Current Tax Liability/(Asset) (Net)				
Current tax liability				
Provision for income tax	6,335.54	14,458.21		
Current tax asset				
Tax deducted at source & Advance tax	6,274.30	(14,046.63)		
Closing balance liability (Net)	61.24	411.58		



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...)

Year ended 31st Year ended 31st						
Particulars	March, 2024	March, 2023				
Note 28: Revenue from Operations						
Sale of manufactured products	65,205.99	86,793.34				
traded goods	18,209.98	65,273.73				
plots	0.00	8,060.15				
energy	2,748.63	4,411.74				
Other operating revenue						
Sale of scrap	165.80	153.84				
Export incentives	270.95	318.85				
Total	86,601.35	165,011.65				
Note: For disaggregation of revenue please refer note no.49						
Note 29: Other Income						
Net gains/(losses) on FVTPL instruments	258.67	795.88				
Interest on bank and other deposits and customers	1,460.99	907.34				
Rental income	152.35	48.91				
Unwinding of interest on assets discounted	18.69	2.84				
Profit on sale of investments/assets	1.00	1,522.67				
Deferred government grant income	6.00	6.00				
Gain on foregin exchange (net)	10.87	138.70				
Other non operaing incomes Loss on sale of asset (net)	99.93	38.08				
Dividend on equity shares	(1.23) 207.57	(49.48) 0.00				
Total						
lotal	2,214.85	3,410.94				
Note 30: Cost of Materials Consumed						
Consumptions	00 000 75	40 40 4 00				
Raw materials Stores,spares,chemicals & packing materials	30,920.75 8,640.44	49,134.80 8,116.53				
Total	39,561.19	57,251.33				
Note 31: Purchase of Stock-in-trade						
Purchase of stock-in-trade	9,574.05	65,381.47				
Total	9,574.05	65,381.47				
Note 32: Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-trade Closing Stock						
Finished goods	1,288.84	8.791.21				
Stock-in-process	153.29	89.95				
Stock-in-trade	0.00	0.00				
Total closing Stock : (A)	1,442.13	8,881.16				
Opening Stock						
Finished goods	8,791.21	7,681.48				
Stock-in-process	77.44	197.98				
Stock-in-trade	0.00	2,808.19				
Total Opening Stock : (B)	8,868.65	10,687.65				
Total changes in inventories of work-in-progress,						
stock-in-trade and finished goods: C (A-B)	(7,426.53)	(1,806.49)				



All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated) Consolidated				
Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31st March, 2023		
Note 33: Employee Benefit Expense				
Salaries, wages, bonus and allowances	2,606.16	3,156.17		
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	83.16	83.02		
Staff welfare expenses	824.79	641.71		
Total	3,514.11	3,880.90		
Note 34: Finance Cost				
Interest expenses				
On working capital Loans/cash credits	3.73	4.79		
Bank charges	270.84	198.35		
On others	7.62	135.08		
On lease liabilities	116.28	136.75		
Total	398.48	474.97		
Note 35: Other Expenses				
Repairs & maintenance	5,369.52	5,380.82		
Insurance	218.34	169.72		
Rents	42.08	30.35		
Travelling and conveyance	149.61	110.15		
Printing and stationery	4.77	6.48		
Postage telegrams and telephones	17.27	25.52		
Freight outward & incidental expenses	7,674.78	9,976.57		
Commission on sales	334.39	1,050.05		
Advertisement	33.26	11.64		
Remuneration to auditors				
Statutory audit fees	9.10	9.10		
Tax audit fees	1.00	1.00		
Professional expenses				
Cost audit fees	0.60	0.60		
Secretarial audit fees	0.80	0.70		
Security & other service charges	901.27	824.94		
Legal expenses	93.78	36.34		
Power and fuel	63.10	53.79		
Claims irrevocable written off	200.00	0.00		
Corporate social responsibility expenses (Please see note 53)	36.24	506.15		
Other selling expenses	146.77	158.90		
Contribution to political parties	0.00	100.00		
Other expenses	171.82	198.21		
Total	15,468.49	18,651.03		



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...)

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)	, ,	Consolidated
Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	
Note 36: Exceptional Items APSPDCL is setting up a power station for supply of required power to the company for which company has agreed to bear the expenditure. The actual expenses incurred during the year is charged to Profit and Loss account as exceptional item Total	1,085.52 1,085.52	0.00
Note 37: Tax Expenses Income tax expense Current tax on profits for the year Earlier year tax adjustment Total current tax expenses (a) Deferred tax Decrease/(Increase) in deferred tax assets (refer note 20) (Decrease)/Increase in deferred tax liabilities (refer note 20) Total Deferred tax expenses (benefit) (b) Total tax expenses (a+b) The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows :	2,710.04 79.49 2,789.53 (18.85) 59.97 41.14 2,830.67	3,625.50 0.00 3,625.50 (265.57) 256.40 (9.17) 3,616.33
 Tax under normal provisions of Income tax act, 1961: Net profit before taxes (B) Applicable tax rate under normal provisions (C) Tax payable under provisions as per applicable rate = (A*B) (D) Increase/decrease in tax on account of : Depreciation as per books Depreciation as per income tax act, 1961 Expenses disallowed example CSR Section 43B ICDS effects Income considered separately Tax as per normal provision under Income Tax (C+D) 	10,727.72 25.17% 2,699.95 266.83 (179.56) 9.12 3.20 (125.58) <u>0.06</u> 2,674.03	19,048.28 25.17% 4,794.07 486.95 (218.51) 186.34 16.18 (241.15) (1,398.39) 3,625.50
Note 38: Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan Tax effect on gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan Net gains/(losses) on FVTOCI equity securities Tax effect on FVTOCI equity securities Total Note 39: Earning Per Share (EPS)	(36.38) 9.54 (3,049.38) 767.47 (2,308.74)	(1.37) 0.34 4,331.74 (1,090.21) 3,240.50
Basic earning per share (Er G) Net Profit after tax Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each Basic and diluted	7897.05 171.65 46.01	15,425.41 171.65 89.87



Note 40: Fair Value Measurements

(a) Financial instruments by category

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2024 is as follows :

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total
Financial assets				
Investments				
Equity instruments	-	18,503.72	-	18,503.72
Government securities	-	-	0.10	0.10
Venture capital funds	5,609.24	-	-	5,609.24
Mutual funds	1,157.68	-	-	1,157.68
Trade receivables	-	-	10,682.79	10,682.79
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	32,929.69	32,929.69
Bank balances other than Cash				
and cash equivalents	-	-	487.69	487.69
Loans	-	-	2,572.00	2,572.00
Other financial assets	-	-	281.96	281.96
Total Financial assets	6,766.92	18,503.72	46,954.24	72,224.88
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	1,306.76	1,306.76
Other financial liabilities		-	512.15	512.15
Total Financial liabilities	-	-	1,818.91	1,818.91

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2023 is as follows :

Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Tota
Financial assets			0051	
Investments				
Equity instruments	_	21,553.12	_	21,553.12
Government securities	_	21,000.12	0.10	0.10
Venture capital funds	4.516.14	-	0.10	4.516.14
Mutual funds	737.16			737.16
Trade receivables	757.10	-	14.897.14	14.897.14
Cash and cash equivalents	_		22,643.15	22,643.15
Bank balances other than Cash	_	-	22,040.10	22,040.10
and cash equivalents	_	_	256.25	256.25
Loans			95.58	95.58
Other financial assets			262.07	262.07
Total Financial assets	5,253.30	21,553.12	38,154.29	64.960.71
Financial liabilities			,	,
Borrowings	-	-	841.99	841.99
Trade payables	-	-	7,100.96	7,100.96
Other financial liabilities	-	-	511.42	511.42
Total Financial liabilities	-	-	8,454.37	8,454.37



b) Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31st March 2024:

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Investment in quoted equity instruments	18,503.72	-	-	18,503.72
Investment in mutual funds	1,157.68	-		1,157.68
Investment in venture capital funds	5,609.24	-	-	5,609.24
Investment property	-	1,892.66	-	1,892.66
Total Financial assets	25,270.64	1,892.66	-	27,163.30

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31st March 2023:

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 Total
Financial assets measured at fair value			
Investment in quoted equity instruments	21,553.12	-	- 21,553.12
Investment in mutual funds	737.16		737.16
Investment in venture capital funds	4,516.14		4,516.14
Investment property	-	1,324.71	- 1,324.71
Total Financial assets	26,806.42	1,324.71	- 28,131.13

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities included in level3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The investments in certain quoted and unquoted instruments which are held for medium or longterm strategic purpose and are not held for trading purpose. Upon application of IND AS 109, the company has chosen to designate these equity instruments at FVTOCI as the management believe that this provides a more meaningful presentation for medium or longterm strategic investments, than reflecting changes in fair value in profit and loss account.

Consolidated

Note 41: Capital Management & Risk Management

Capital management

The Company being in a capital intensive industry, its objective is to maintain a strong credit rating healthy capital ratios and establish a capital structure that would maximise the return to stakeholders through optimum mix of debt and equity. The Company's capital requirement is mainly to fund its capacity expansion, repayment of principal and interest on its borrowings. The principal source of funding of the Company has been, and is expected to continue to be, cash generated from its operations supplemented by funding from bank borrowings. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company regularly considers other financing and refinancing opportunities to diversify its debt profile, reduce interest cost and align maturity profile of its debt and external expansion projects to capture market opportunities at minimum risk.

Gearing ratio

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio as given below:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Total Debt	-	27.56
Equity share capital	1,716.48	1,716.48
Other equity	78,344.01	73,376.30
Total equity	80,060.50	75,092.79
Total debt to Total equity ratio	0.00	0.00

Financial risk management and objectives and policies

This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact in the financial statements.

A Special Team with Senior Executives having exposure in various fields has been formed to assist Cheif Financial Officer (CFO) in(a) Overseeing and approving the Company's enterprise wide risk management framework, and(b) Overseeing that all the risks that the organisation faces such as market risk(including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), Credit risk and liquidity risk have been identified and assessed and there is an adequate risk management infrastructure in place capable of addressing those risks. The CFO, monitors and reports on the principal risks and uncertainties that can impact the company and its ability to achieve strategic objectives. The Company's management systems, organisational structures, processes, standards, code of conduct and behaviors together form the Management and business of the Company.

Consolidated

A. Market risk

The Company is exposed to market risk through changes in foreign currency exchange rates and changes in interest rates. Financial assets/liabilities affected by this risk are borrowings, letter of credits and trade receivables.

The Company's investments in equity securities are susceptible to price risk arising from uncertainities about future value of the investment secutities. The Company's non-current investment in equity shares are strategic investments and hence are considered as Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income. The company's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

Foreign Currency risk management

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the US\$. Foreign exchange risk arises from import as well as exports of goods. The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency cash flows.

The special team as mentioned above analysis the options for hedging. Based on the analysis the management takes decision regarding hedging of foreign currency exposures. Currently, the Company has not hedged any of the foreign currency transactions in the veiw of the natural hedging. The natural hedging is sufficient to manage the current foreign currency risk management.

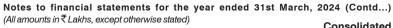
The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities are restated at the end of each reporting period. The same at the end of the reporting period are as follows :

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st	March, 2023
	Currency	Amount in FC	Currency	Amount in FC
Receivables for export	USD	29.58	USD	44.24
Receivables for export	EURO	2.79	EURO	-
Payables for imports	USD	1.97	USD	56.04

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis

The Company is mainly exposed to US Dollor.

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.



		Sonsonualeu
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
USD/EURO Sensitivity		
Impact due to increase by 5%	127.71	(47.17)
Impact due to decrease by 5%	(127.71)	47.17

Interest Rate Risk Management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial intruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating base interest rates. Based on the interest rate sensitivity the Company decides on the management of interest rate risk. The Company manages by having a balanced portfolio of variable and fixed interest rate borrowings.

B. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is operating through network of dealers based at different locations. Regular monitoring of the receivables is undertaken by the Marketing Department and in case the limits are exceeded, steps will be taken by the Marketing departments and after discussing with the management the Company will decide whether to stop or not further supplies to the concerned dealer till the amount outstanding is recovered. For the export made by the Company, the sales are backed by letters of credit or advance receipts. The internal risk management committee of the Company meets regularly to discuss the dealers and credit risks, measures taken to address them and the status and level of risk after the measures taken. Export sales are fully secured through letters of credit or against advance receipts. (refer Note No.9 for Trade Receivbles outstanding).

C. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short-term, medium-term and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

(i) Financing arrangements

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at reporting date

Particulars	On demand	< 1 year	1 - 5 years	5 + years	Total
As at 31st March, 2024					
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Others - Security deposits	127.30	-	-	-	127.30
Total non-current financial liabilities	127.30	-	-	-	127.30
Current borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	1,306.76	-	-	1,306.76
Other current financial liabilities	-	377.50	-	-	377.50
Total current financial liabilities	-	1,684.26	-	-	1,684.26
Total	127.30	1,684.26	-	-	1,811.56
As at 31st March, 2023					
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Others - Security deposits	118.25	-	-	-	118.25
Total non-current financial liabilities	118.25		-	-	118.25
Current borrowings	-	841.99	-	-	841.99
Trade payables	-	7,100.96	-	-	7,100.96
Other current financial liabilities	-	393.17	-	-	393.17
Total current financial liabilities	-	8,336.12	-	-	8,336.12
Total	118.25	8,336.12	-	-	8,454.37

The following table shows summary of the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact in the financial statements:

Exposure arising from	Risk	Measurement	Management
Foreign currency transactions	Market risk - foreign exchange	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Natural hedging
Borrowings with floating interest rates	Market risk - interest rate	Sensitivity analysis	Balanced variable and fixed interest rates
Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial instruments, financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Credit risk	Aging analysis Credit ratings	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits and letters of credit
Borrowings and Financial liabilities	Liquidity risk	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

42. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments: (to the extent not provided for)

2. GST dues disputed pending in appeal 97.62 50. b) Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the company against 100% Security and outstanding at end of the year 119.55 152. Commitments		Particulars	Year Ended 31 st March, 2024	Year Ended 31st March, 2024
2. GST dues disputed pending in appeal 97.62 50. b) Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the company against 100% Security and outstanding at end of the year 99.75 149. Commitments	Сс	ontingent Liabilities		
b) Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the company against 100% Security and outstanding at end of the year Commitments	a)	Claims against company not acknowledged as debts 1. Income Tax dues under dispute 2. GST dues disputed pending in appeal		98.80 50.79
Commitments			99.75	149.59
	b)	against 100% Security and outstanding at end of the year	119.55	152.27
a) Unexpired Letters of Credit established by the Company 000 4607		Commitments		
a) onexpired Letters of Orean established by the Company	a)	Unexpired Letters of Credit established by the Company	0.00	4,607.05

43. Employeebenefits:

A) Defined contribution plans

Employees contribution to provident fund and employees state insurance(ESI) are recognized as expenditure in statement of profit and loss account, as they are incurred. there are no other obligation other than the contribution payable to aforesaid respective Trust/Government Authorities

B) Defined benefit Plans

The Company's obligation towards the Gratuity (Lic) is a defined benefit plan and is funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India. The following table sets out the funded status of the defined benefits scheme and the amount recognised in financial statements as per Acturial Valuation:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024	Year ended 31s March, 2023
Changes in present value of Obligations		
Present value at the beginning of the year	421.47	388.26
Interest cost	29.44	26.06
Current Service Cost	29.80	28.99
Cost PSC - Vested		
Benefits paid	(31.43)	(23.14)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	39.44	1.29
Present value at the end of the year	488.72	421.47
Changes in fair value of planned assets		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	195.36	181.08
Expected return on plan assets	13.34	12.07
Contributions	28.87	23.90
Benefits paid	(21.72)	(23.14)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on planned assets	1.54	1.44
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	217.39	195.36
Amount recognized in the balance sheet*		
Present value of obligations as at the end of year	488.72	421.47
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of year	217.39	195.36
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet	271.33	226.11
Expenses recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current service cost	29.80	28.99
Interest cost	29.44	26.07
Expected return on plan assets	13.34	12.07
Total Acturial Gain/Loss.	1.54	1.44
Amount recognised in Other ComprehensiveIncome*		
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligations	39.44	1.29
Actuarial (gain)/loss - plan assets	1.54	1.44
Actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the year	1.54	1.44

SP



Nature of Benefits:

The Company operates a defined benefit final salary gratuity plan which is open to new entrants. The gratuity benefits payable to the employees are based on the employee's service and last drawn salary at the time of leaving. The employees do not contribute towards this plan and the full cost of providing these benefits are met by the Company.

1. Regulatory Framework:

There are no minimum funding requirements for a gratuity plan in India. The trustees of the gratuity fund have a fiduciary responsibility to act according to the provisions of the trust deed and rules. Since the fund is income tax approved, the Company and the trustees have to ensure that they are at all times fully compliant with the relevant provisions of the income tax and rules. Besides this if the Company is covered by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 then the Company is bound to pay the statutory minimum gratuity as prescribed under this Act.

2. Governance of the Plan:

The Company has setup an income tax approved irrevocable trust fund to finance the plan liability. The trustees of the trust fund are responsible for the overall governance of the plan.

- 3. Risk exposures: Valuations are performed on certain basic set of pre-determined assumptions and other regulatory framework which may vary over time. Thus, the Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above benefit which are as follows:
 - (a) Interest Rate risk: The plan exposes the Company to the rise of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the liability (as shown in financial statements).
 - (b) Liquidity Risk: This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short-term Benefit payouts. This may arise due to non availability of enough cash / cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.
 - (c) Salary escalation Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.
 - (d) Demographic Risk: The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.
 - (e) Regulatory Risk: Benefit is paid in accordance with the Provisions of Gratuity Act 1972 (as may be amended from time to time). There is a risk of change in

Consolidated

provisions of Gratuity Act requiring higher Plan Benefit pay outs (e.g. change in benefit formula).

- (f) Asset Liability Mismatching or Market Risk: The duration of the liability is longer compared to duration of assets, exposing the Company to market risk for volatilities/fall in interest rate.
- (g) Investment Risk: The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.
- 4. Amendments, Curtailments and Settlements Not applicable in this case
- 5. Disaggregation of plan assets: The Gratuity plan's weighted-average assets allocation at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, by asset category was as follows:

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Funds managed by insurers	100.00%	100.00%
Others	0.00%	0.00%

6. Principal actuarial assumptions

- (a) Demographic assumptions
 - i) Retirement age of employees of the company are assumed at 58 years.
 - ii) Mortality :

Published rates under the Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult table.

Rates of Indian Assured Lives Mortality table at specimen ages are as shown below:

Age (Years)	Rates (p.a.)
18	0.000874
23	0.000936
28	0.000942
33	0.001086
38	0.001453
43	0.002144
48	0.003536
53	0.006174
58	0.009651

iii) Average past service : 13.32 years

iv) Withdrawal rate :3% per annum withdrawal rate at all ages in this valuation.

(b) Financial assumptions

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2024	For the Year ended 31st March, 2023
Discount rate(p.a)	7.20%	7.45%
Expected rate of return (p.a)	7.67%	7.36%
Salary escalation rate (p.a)	7.00%	7.00%

7. Sensitivity Analysis:

Gratuity is a lump sum plan and the cost of providing these benefits is typically less sensitive to small changes in demographic assumptions. The key actuarial assumptions to which the benefit obligation results are particularly sensitive to are discount rate and future salary escalation rate. The following table summarizes the change in defined benefit obligation and impact in percentage terms compared with the reported defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assumption by 50 basis points.

	Period Ended 31 Mar 24	
	Discount Rate	Salary Escalation Rate
Defined benefit obligation on increase in 50 bps	47,198,994	50,610,549
Impact of increase in 50 bps on DBO	-3.42%	3.56%
Defined benefit obligation on decrease in 50 bps	50,658,482	47,229,523
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on DBO	3.65%	-3.36%

These sensitivities have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the accounting date. There have been no changes from the previous periods in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analyses.

Special Events:

There are no special events such as benefit improvements or curtailments or settlements during the inter-valuation period.



Consolidated

8. Asset Liability Matching Reserves: The Company has Life Insurance Corporation (Group Gratuity Manager) for administering the Plan liability. The funds of the Plan liability are invested by the Life Insurance Corporation, (LIC), pay the benefits to members of the enterprise as per Rules of the LIC. So the LIC is exposed to the liquidity risk of not being able to arrange for the benefit outgo due to cash liquidity problems and so the LIC faces a liquidity risk.

9. Funding Arrangements & Policy:

The money contributed by the Company to the fund to finance the liabilities of the plan has to be invested.

The trustees of the plan have outsourced the investment management of the fund to an insurance company. The insurance company in turn manages these funds as per the mandate provided to them by the trustees and the asset allocation which is within the permissible limits prescribed in the insurance regulations. Due to the restrictions in the type of investments that can be held by the fund, it is not possible to explicitly follow an asset-liability matching strategy to manage risk actively.

There is no compulsion on the part of the Company to fully pre fund the liability of the Plan. The Company's philosophy is to fund the benefits based on its own liquidity and tax position as well as level of under funding of the plan.

The expected contribution payable to the plan next year is INR 2,000,000.

10. Projectedplan cash flow and maturity profile:

The table below shows the expected cash flow profile of the benefits to be paid to the current membership of the plan based on past service of the employees as at the valuation date:

Maturity Profile	(In ₹)
Expected benefits for year 1	6,148,101
Expected benefits for year 2	6,948,306
Expected benefits for year 3	3.,943,635
Expected benefits for year 4	5,849,077
Expected benefits for year 5	4,457,740
Expected benefits for year 6	7,454,243
Expected benefits for year 7	4,108,066
Expected benefits for year 8	5,509,506
Expected benefits for year 9	3,569,199
Expected benefits for year 10 and above	44,988,508

The weighted average duration to the payment of these cash flows is 7.07 years.

44. Leases:

The Company recorded the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments discounted at the incremental borrowing rate and the ROU asset at its carrying amount.

The changes in the carrying value of ROU assets for the year ended 31st March, 2024 are as follows:

Particulars	Buildings ₹
Balance as at 1 st April 2023	505.09
Depreciation	285.58
Balance as at 31 st March, 2024	219.51

The break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities as at 31st March, 2024 is as follows

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024
Current lease liabilities	125.85
Non- Current lease liabilities	364.93
Total	490.78

The movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31st March, 2023 is as follows:

Particulars	Buildings
Balance as at 1st April 2023	727.03
Finance cost during the year	116.28
Payment of lease	(352.53)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	490.78

The Company has taken a portion of factory land, office premises and movable assets (hydrozen cylinders) on operating lease. And the company has given a portion of land, hatchery unit on operating lease.

A. The total future commitments on lease paymentson an undiscounted basisare detailed hereunder:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024
(i) Not later than one year	364.55
(ii) Later than one year and not later than five years	992.25
(iii)Later than five years	754.38

B. The total future receivables on lease Receipts are detailed hereunder:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2024
(i) Not later than one year	166.99
(ii) Later than one year and not later than five years	597.38
(iii)Later than five years	739.79

Consolidated



C. Lease receipts recognized in the Profit and Loss Account is ₹152.35 Lakhs during the year ended March 31, 2024.

45. Segment Reporting:

Ind AS 108, Operating segments, establishes standards for the way that public business enterprises report information about operating segments and related disclosures about products and services, geographical areas and major customers. The company's operations predominantly relate to manufacturing of chemicals, real estate, trading of coal and power generation. The Chief Operating Decision Making (CODM) evaluates the company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Accordingly, information has been presented along business segments. The accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in individual segements, and are as set out in the accounting policies.

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March, 2024	Year ended 31 st March, 2023
A. Segmentrevenue		
a) Chemicals	65,359.64	87,345.17
b) Real Estate	-	8,060.15
c) Trading	22,431.96	71,775.64
d) Power generation	6,871.07	9,499.04
e) unallocated	2,214.85	3,410.94
TOTAL	96,877.52	1,80,090.92
Less: Inter segment revenue	(8,061.32)	(11,668.34)
Net Sales/income from operations	88,816.20	1,68,422.59
B. Segmentresults profit/(loss)		
Before tax and interest:	7 700 04	0.005.00
a) Chemicals b) Real Estate	7,789.84	9,605.30 4,033.10
c) Trading	64 39	1.147.42
d) Power generation	1.057.11	1.048.13
e) unallocated	2.214.85	3,410.94
TOTAL	11,126.19	19,523.24
Less: interest expenses	(398.48)	(474.97)
Total profit before tax	10,727.71	19,041.74
C. Segmentassets	,	,
a) Chemicals	65,011.18	55.206.05
b) Tranding	71.11	8,591.56
c) Power generation	1,047.22	3,897.99
d) Others	25,270.75	26,806.53
TOTAL	91,400.26	94,502.13
D. Segmentliabilities		
a) Chemicals and Trading	11,332.95	15,024.04
b) Trading	8.84	4,368.84
TOTAL	11,331.79	19,392.88

46. Related Party Disclosures

The Related Parties are identified based on criteria that are control, common control, joint control and significant influence. The related parties are further classified keeping in view the terms and meaning as per Clause 8 of General Instruction to Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act,2013 and

Relatedparty disclosures as per IND AS 24 given below a.

1.	Related Parties	Transactions
		during the year
1.1	Subsidiary Company	
	TGV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited	Yes
1.2	Person has control or significant influence on the Company	
	T G Bharath	Yes
1.3	Close members of family of T G Bharath	
	TG Venkatesh – Father	Yes
	T G ShilpaBharath - Spouse	Yes
1.4	Entities controlled by T G Bharath and close members of his family	
	TGV SRAAC Limited	Yes
	T G V Projects & Investments Private Limited	Yes
	SreeRayalaseema Galaxy Projects Private Limited	Yes
	Gowri Gopal Hospitals Private Limited	Yes
	Brilliant Industries Private Limited	Yes
	TGV Industries Private Limited	Yes
	M V SALTS and chemicals Private Limited	Yes
	Roopa Industries Limited	Yes
	GG ICU LLP	Yes
1.5	Key Managerial Personnel	
	T G Bharath – CMD	Yes
	V Surekha – Company Secretary	Yes
	Shaik Ifthekhar Ahmed – Chief Financial Officer	Yes



Consolidated

b. Transactions during the year: 2023-24

Particulars		Related Parties as per para 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5			
	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
Purchase / subscriptions in investments	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Redemption of investments(CRPS)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net loans and advances given / received	917.35	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Revenue from operations	Nil	Nil	Nil	5,831.26	Nil
Purchase of raw material / Material consumed	Nil	Nil	Nil	14,450.21	Nil
Employee benefits	Nil	569.92	Nil	Nil	590.93
Rents Paid	Nil	58.46	58.86	236.11	Nil
Rents Received	Nil	Nil	Nil	62.33	Nil
Services Received	Nil	120.00	127.50	858.08	Nil
Services Rendered	Nil	Nil	Nil	132.16	Nil
Rental Deposit	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Transactions during the year: 2022-23

Particulars		Related Parties as per para 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5			
	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
Purchase / subscriptions in investments	20.00	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Redemption of investments(CRPS)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net loans and advances given / received	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Revenue from operations	Nil	Nil	Nil	12700.78	Nil
Purchase of raw material / Material consumed	Nil	Nil	Nil	20627.94	Nil
Employee benefits	Nil	890.89	Nil	Nil	911.27
Rent	Nil	53.15	56.19	223.20	Nil
Services Received	Nil	118.00	118.00	Nil	Nil
Services Rendered	Nil	Nil	Nil	242.65	Nil
Rental Deposit	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

c. Outstanding balances

Particulars	Year ended 31st	Year ended 31st
Failiculais	March, 2024	March, 2023
Advances to Related Parties	0.60	40.39
Other Current Financial Liability	242.02	640.39
Other Non Current financial Assets (Rental Deposits)	209.88	209.88
Rental Deposit to Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and Relative of KMP	160.00	160.00
Interest on shares held in the share capital of the company	0.00	0.00

d) Summary of transactions with the above related parties as follows: Enterprises where significant influence of key managerial personnel or their relatives exists:

Name of the party	Nature of Transaction	31st March,	For the year ended 31st March,
TGV SBAAC Ltd	Purchases	2024 10396.99	2023 15676.11
	Sales Lease Rentals Services rendered	5667.10 6.68 132.16	12395.77 6.55 242.65
	Services received	0.00	0.00
Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Limited	Purchases Sales Lease Rentals Serivces Received	1.50 0.77 16.14 14.79	1.74 88.39 16.14 56.23
TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd.,	Purchases Sales Lease Rentals Serivces Received	0.00 0.82 213.29 204.72	9.79 178.97 200.51 134.68
SreeRayalaseema Galaxy Projects Ltd.,	Purchases Sales Serivces Received	32.69 115.52 638.09	23.86 190.00 590.90
TGV Industries Pvt Ltd.,	Purchases Sales Rent received	4019.02 0.00 26.33	4916.44 229.79 24.40
GG ICU LLP	Services Received	0.48	0.76
Brilliant Industries Pvt Ltd.,	Loan Given Loan Repaid	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
TGV Metals and chemical Private Limited	Investment in the Shares capital Share application Rent Received Loan given	0.00 0.00 6.00 917.35	20.00 0.00 0.00 1191.75
Shri TG Venkatesh,	Rent paid Services Received	58.86 120.00	56.19 118.00
Shri. TG Bharath, Chairman and Managing Director	Rent paid Short term benefits Remuneration Employers Contribution to P.F.	58.46 522.92 0.70	53.15 890.89 0.70
	Services Received	120.00	118.00
Smt.TG Shilpa Bharath Smt. V. Surekha Company Secretary	Services Received Short term benefits Remuneration Employers Contribution to P.F.	7.50 9.40 0.22	0.00 9.08 0.22
Sri S lfthekhar Ahmed Chief Financial Officer	Short term benefits Remuneration Employers	10.47	10.16
	Contribution to P.F.	0.22	0.22

Consolidated

Note:Like any other shareholders the company has paid dividend to the following related partiesas below

SI. No.	Related Party	Dividend Paid for Financial Year 2022-2023 during the year
1	TGV SRAAC Ltd	9.79
2	Gowri Gopal Hospitals Pvt Limited	149.70
3	TGV Projects and Investments Pvt Ltd.,	104.77
4	SreeRayalaseema Galaxy Projects Ltd.,	60.55
5	TGV Industries Pvt Ltd	0.32
6	Brilliant Industries Pvt Ltd	0.36
7	Shri. TG Bharath, Chairman and Managing Director	20.62

47. Income and Expenditure in Foreign Currency Earnings in Foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
FOB value of exports	33,080.50	39,357.40

Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Par	ticulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
i)	Commission Paid	41.37	34.39
ii)	Freight and CFS	4968.03	6,296.87
lii)	Machinery and Spares	62.55	114.98
iv)	Other	10.42	46.37
V)	Raw Materials & Coal	9,945.92	29,770.49

48. Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The Company is required to furnish required details under section 22(i) to clause (v) of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) read with para FV of General Instructions for balancesheet in Division II of Schedle III to the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act). As per the said regulations required information inrespect of MSMED entities are, as per information submitted by the suppliers to the company, furnished below:

	Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
a)	Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end, (all dues are outstanding within appointed date)	132.63	119.43
b)	Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end;	Nil	Nil
c)	Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	Nil	Nil
d)	Principal payment made to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year;	Nil	Nil
e)	Interest paid, other than under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	Nil	Nil
f)	Interest due and payable for the year amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each year towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments already made; and	Nil	Nil
g)	Further interest remaining due and payable for even in succeeding years.	Nil	Nil

49. Revenue from contracts with customers:

The Company is producer of calcium hypochlorite, sulphuricacid, stable bleaching powder, hydrogen gas, sodium methoxide, sodium hydride and also in coal trading and generation and distribution of Power.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations.

The performance obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms.

Income from services rendered is recognizedbased on agreements/arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

Consolidated



Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Dividend income on investments is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established.

The Company represents revenue net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss. Disclosures as per IndAS-115, Revenue from Contracts with customers

A. Disaggregated revenue information (kindly refer note no. 28)

	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
1)	Type of goods or service		
	Chemicals	65,205.99	86,793.34
	Real Estate	0.00	8,060.15
	Trading	18,209.97	65,273.73
	Power Generation	2,748.63	4,411.74
	Sale of Scrap	165.80	153.84
	Export Incentives	270.95	318.85
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
2)	Geographical		
	India	47,562.86	1,16,687.75
	Outside India	39,038.49	48,323.90
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
3)	Timing of revenue recognition		
	Sale on transfer of goods to		
	customer at a point in time	83,415.96	1,52,067.07
	Service Income as and when		
	services completed	3,185.39	12,944.58
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
4)	Revenue		
	External customer	86,601.35	168,422.59
	Inter-Unit	8,061.32	11,668.34
	Total revenue from contracts		
	with customers and Inter-Unit	97,012.21	1,80,090.93
5)	Contract balances		
	Trade receivables*	10,682.79	14,897.14
	Contract Liability Advances		
	from Customers**	1,024.49	2,613.15

* Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and on credit allowed to certain customers. There is no significant increase in trade receivable compared to last year. As on March 31, 2024, 67.29 lakhs (March 31, 202367.29 lakhs) is recognised as allowance for doubtful debts.

** Contract Liability represents short term advances received from customer to deliver the goods.

Consolidated

B. Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 st March, 2024	31 st March, 2024
Revenue as per contracted price	86,675.07	1,65,113.61
Adjustments:		
Sales return	73.72	101.96
Variable Consideration off invoice [Refer xxxx}	0.00	0.00
Revenue from contract with customers	86,601.35	1,65,011.65

C. Reconciliation of the Revenue from Contracts with Customers with the amounts disclosed in the segment information:

Particulars	Year ended 31 st March, 2024	Year ended 31 st March, 2023
Revenue		
External Sales	86,601.35	1,65,011.65
Inter Segment Revenue	8,061.32	11,668.34
Total	94,662.67	1,76,679.99
Less: Inter Segment Revenue	8,061.32	11,668.34
Revenue from Operations	86,601.32	1,65,011.65

D. Information about Receivables, Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers:

Particulars	Refer	Year ended	Year ended
	Note No.	31 st March, 2024	31 st March, 2023
Trade Receivables	09	10,682.79	14,897.14
Contract Liabilities		0.00	0.00
Advance from Customers	25	1,024.49	2,613.15

E. The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at Balance Sheet date are, as follows:

Particulars	Refer	Year ended	Year ended
	Note No.	31 st March, 2024	31 st March, 2023
Advances from Customers	25	1,024.49	2,613.15

Management expects that the entire transaction price allotted to the unsatisfied contract as at the end of the reporting period will be recognised as revenue during the next financial year Disclosures

F. Information about Receivables, Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers:

Particulars	Refer Note No.	Year ended 31 st March, 2024	Year ended 31 st March, 2023
Trade Receivables	09	10682.79	14,897.14
Contract Liabilities		0.00	0.00
Advance from Customers	25	1,024.49	2,613.15

SP

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 (Contd...) (All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, except otherwise stated)

Consolidated

G. Remaining performance obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue.

Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts where the revenue recognized corresponds directly with the value to the customer of entity's performance completed to date. The aggregate amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations as per the requirements of Ind AS 115 is Rs. 1,024.49 Lakhs out of which, approximately 100% is expected to be recognized as revenues within one year and the balance beyond one year.

50. (A)Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments in accordance with Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013

Name of the entity to whom Relationship, loan/investment/guranee/ if any, of the security was given / made	Relationship, if any, of the entity with the Company	Amount of Investment₹in Lakhs	Particualrs of Investments made	Purpose for which the loan or guarantee or security is proposed to be utilized by the recipient.
TGV Metals and Partly owned		25.00	Investment in Equity	Not Applicable
Chemicals Pvt. Ltd.	Subsidiary	2109.10	Unsecured Loan with Interest	Business

B) Disclosures as required under Regulation 34 (3) of SEBI LODR (Regulations), 2015.

	Particulars	Balance as on		Maximum Amount outstanding during the period	
		31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
a)	Loans and advances in the nature of loans to				
	(i) Subsidiary Company M/s TGV Metals and Chemicals Private Limited		1191.75	2109.10	1191.75
	(ii) Associate Companies				
	(iii) Firms/ Companies in which directors are interested				
b)	Investment by the loanee in the shares of holding Company and its subsidiary Company	-	-	-	-

Consolidated

51. Value of Raw Materials Consumed

PARTICULARS	As at 31 st March, 2024		As at 31 st March, 2023	
PARTICOLARS	Rs.	%	Rs.	%
a) Imported	9,945.92	24.58	29,770.49	25.99
b) Indigenous	30,536.47	75.43	84,745.78	74.01
Total	40,482.39	100%	1,14,516.27	100%

52. Immovable Property not held in the name of Company

SI.No.	Balance sheet head	Description of property	Gross carrying value ₹	Title deeds in thename of	Whether title deeds holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/ director oremployee of promoter/ director	Property held since date(Financial Year)	Reason for notbeing held inthe name of theCompany
1	Property plantand Equipments	Land	2,37,576	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme ofAmalgamation. Changeof title is under process
2	Property plantand Equipments	Land	14,92,627	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme of Amalgamation. Changeof title is under process
3	Property plantand Equipments	Land	23,30,990	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme of Amalgamation. Changeof title is under process
4	Property plantand Equipments	Land	42,54,639	Amalgamated company	No	Date of Amalgamation	This was received in scheme of Amalgamation. Changeof title is under process

53. Corporate Social Responsibility(CSR) expenses :

The Company is covered by provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 to spend 2% of Average net profits towards CSR. The details of CSR are furnished below:

		As at	As at
S.No.	Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
1	Amount required to be spent by the company		
	during the year	262.18	175.54
2	Amount Incurred		
	a) CSR expenditure:		
	i) Construction/acquisition	-	-
	ii) For purposes other than (i) above	36.24	58.58
	b) CSR expenditure for 'Ongoing Projects'	-	447.57
	c) Total CSR Expenditure Incurred during the second se	ng	
	the year	36.24	506.15
3	Excess/(shortfall) at the end of the year {2(c) -1}	(225.94)	330.61
4	Previous years Excess/(shortfall)	332.15	1.54
5	Total Excess/(shortfall)	106.21	332.15
6	Reasons for shortfall	NA	NA
7	Details of Related party transactions	Nil	Nil
8	Provisions made with respect to a liability		
	incurred by entering into a contractual obligation		
	and movement in provisions thereon	Nil	Nil
9	Details showing Activity wise CSR Expenditure		
	CSR Expenditure:		
	Health care sanitation	0.00	1.75
	Sports Activities, Education & Skill Development	15.40	19.90
	Animal feed under Animal Welfare	2.48	16.58
	Drinking water to people of nearby areas	18.35	20.35
	Sub Total	36.24	58.58
	Cost of Land and other capex for Ongoing Project	-	447.57
	Total	36.24	506.15

54. Ratios

	Particulars	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	Variance%	Reasons
Α	Current ratio	10.15	4.27	137.76	-
В	Debt equity ratio	0.00	0.00	-	-
C	DebtsServicecoverage ratio	0.00	0.00	-	-
D	Return on equity ratio	10.36%	23.36%	(55.66%)	-
E	Inventory turnover ratio	11.01	12.23	(10.02)	-
F	Trade receivables turnover ratio	6.77	11.74	(42.34)	-
G	Trade payables turnover ratio	6.98	6.63	5.23	-
H	Net capital turnover ratio	1.81	3.90	(53.74)	-
	Net profit ratio	9.29%	9.35%	(0.70%)	-
J	Return on capital employed	13%	24%	(46.03%)	-

Note : The better financials achieved by the Company during 2023-24, resulted in over all improvement in the financial ratios named above when compared with previous year 2022-23 and the variance is more than 25%.



Note:

- 1. Totaldebt = Long term Borrowings (including current maturities of Long term borrowings), Sales tax deferrment loans
 - (Current and non-current), short term borrowings and Interest accrued on Debts
- 2. Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + interest+ other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc
- 3. Debt service = Interest &lease payments + principal repayments
- 4. Avg. Shareholder's equity = Average of opening total equity and closing total equity
- 5. Avg. Inventory = Average of opening inventory and closing inventory
- 6. Avg. Trade Receivable = Average of opening trade receivables and closing trade receivables
- 7. Avg. Trade Payables = Average of opening trade payables and closing trade payables
- 8. Working capital shall be calculated as current assets minus current liabilities
- 9. Capital Employed = Tangible net worth (excluding revaluation reserve) + Total debt + Deferred tax liability
- 10. Average Total Assets = Average of opening total assets and closing total assets
- 11. Average Total equity = Average of opening equity share capital + other equity and closing equity share capital + other equity.

55. Additional Regulatory Information:

- (1) The Company has not granted any loans or Advances in the nature of Loans to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and other related partiesexcept Rs.2,109.10lakhs to subsidiaries (note12) which are without specifying terms and period of repayment and constitutes 100% of total advances.
- (2) The company has no investment property as at the close of the year for fair valuation. The company has not revalued its Property Plant and Equipment (including Right of use Assets).
- (3) The Company is not holding any Benami property and no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company.
- (4) The Company has no transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey or any relevant provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961)
- (5) (A)The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested any funds in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with understanding that the intermediary shall be directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entitites on behalf of the company or provide any gurantee or security or the like to or on behalf of the company.
 - (B) The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding that the company shall lend or invest in other person or entity indentified in any manner by or on behalf of the funding party/Ultimate beneficiary or provide any guarantee or security or the like on behalf of the funding party/ Ultimate beneficiary.
- (6) The Company is not declared as willful defaulter by any Bank or Financial institutions or RBI or other lenders.
- (7) The Company has borrowings from Banks or Financial institutions on the basis of security of Current Assets. Quarterly returns or Statement of current assets filed by the company with Banks or Financial Institutions are in agreement with the Books of Accounts with some insignificant variances.
- (8) There are no charges or satisfaction of charges yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

(9) Transactions with struck off companies

The following table summarises the transactions with a company struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year ended / as at March 31, 2024:

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck off company	Amount of transac- tions	Balance outstand- ing	Relationship with the struck off company
TGV Sodium & Electrolite Private Limited	Share capital amount received /returned	9.54	0.00	Wholly owned subsidiary company
	Loss of investment in the company	1.46	0.00	

- (10) The company has not made any investments through any layers of investment companies.
- (11) There are no Schemes of Arrangements approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 201 3.
- (12) The Company has not invested or traded in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year 2023-24.
- (13) The Company do not have any intangible assets.
- (14) The Company does not have any capital work in progress.
- (15) The title deeds of Immovable property are in the name of the Company and the property not held in the name of the Company is detailed in Note No.52
- (16) The financial ratios are calculated in Note No.54
- (17) Compliance with number of layers of companies:

The Company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act read with the Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

56. Confirmation of Bbalances

Confirmation of balances from certain parties for amounts due to them or due from them are yet to be received confirmation letters were received from some of the parties. And as per the letter of confirmation the balances are deemed to be accepted if not responded with in 15 days.

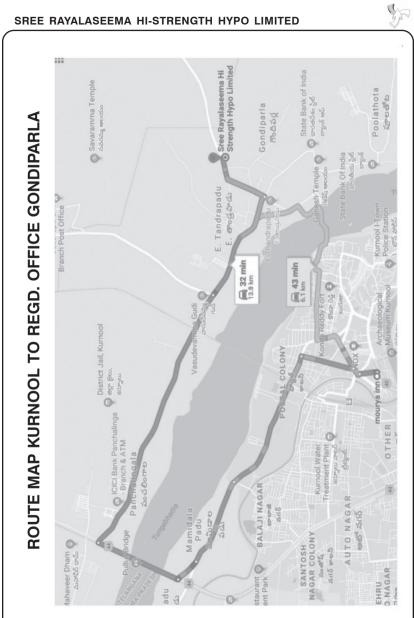
- 57. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest decimal of lakhs as required under Schedule III.
- 58. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current Year's classification/ disclosure.
- 59. Approval of financial statements
- 60. The standalone financial statements approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on May 28, 2024.

As per our report of even date attached. For S.T.Mohite & Co.,	For and on behal	f of the Board
Chartered Accountants (Regn.No.01141 Sd/- Sreenivasa Rao T.Mohite	0S) Sd/- Sri T.G.Bharath Chairman & Managing Director DIN : 00125087	Sd/- Smt. R.Triveni Director DIN : 09045405
Partner Membership No.015635 UDIN NO:24015635BKFPOB8170	Sd/- Smt. V.Surekha Company Secretary	Sd/- Sri S. Ifthekhar Ahmed Chief Financial Officer
Place: Kurnool Date : May 28, 2024	Place: Kurnool Date : May 28, 2024	



SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED Regd. Office : Gondiparla, Kurnool - 518 004 (A.P. CIN : L24110AP2005PLC045726 FORM NO. MGT - 11 PROXY FORM Pursuant to section 105 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 19 (3) of the Companies (Management and Administration Rules, 2014.					
Client ID :	. Regd. Folio No				
DP ID :	No. of Shares held :				
I/We	- of				
in the district of	being a				
Member / Members of the above name	me Company hereby appoint				
	of				
in the district ofas my/our Proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 19th Annual General Meeting of the Company held at the Registered Office of the Company on Saturday, September 21, 2024 at 11:30 A.M. or at any adjournment thereof. Affix 1 Ruppee Revenue Stamp Note : 1 : The Proxy form duly completed should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before commencement of the Meeting. SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED Regd. Office : Gondiparla, Kurnool - 518 004 (A.P) CIN : L24110AP2005PLC045726 ATTENDANCE SLIP					
Client ID :	. Regd. Folio No				
DP ID :	No. of Shares held :				
Name of the Shareholder :					
Name of the Proxy :					
Signature of Member/Proxy :					
I hereby record my presence at the 19th Annual General Meetting on Saturday September 21, 2024 at 11:30 A.M.					
Note : To be signed and handed over at the Meeting Venue					
	Signature of Member / Proxy				

SA



SREE RAYALASEEMA HI-STRENGTH HYPO LIMITED



If undelivered, please return to : **Sree Rayalaseema Hi-Strength Hypo Limited** T.G.V. Mansion, 6-2-1012, 4th Floor,

Above ICICI Bank, Khairatabad, Hyderabad - 500 004. Telangana, India