



KNR Constructions Limited.

Date: 16th August 2023

Ref: KNRCL/SD/2023/607&608

To, The Manager BSE Limited, P J Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai – 400001 Scrip code: 532942	To, The Manager, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400051. Scrip Code: KNRCON
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Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Submission of newspaper publication

Ref: Reg. 30 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015

We refer to the above captioned subject, we herewith submit to the exchanges newspaper publication of audited financial results for the quarter ended 30th June 2023 published in Financial Express and Nava Telangana.

This is for the information and records of the Exchange, please.

Thanking you,

Yours Truly,

For KNR Constructions Limited

Haritha Varanasi

Company Secretary

Regd.Office : 'KNR House',3rd & 4th Floor, Plot No.114,Phase-I,Kavuri Hills,
Hyderabad -500 033 Phone.:+91-40-40268759 ,40268761/ 62, Fax : 040- 40268760 ,

E-mail : info@knrcl.com, Web : www.knrcl.com

CIN: L74210TG1995PLC130199

ADDRESS AT SC BAR ASSOCIATION EVENT

Key challenge is to remove barriers to access justice: CJI

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE
New Delhi, August 15

THE "GREATEST CHALLENGE" before Indian judiciary is to eliminate the barriers to accessing justice and the functionality of courts is "determined by how effectively they can answer the call of Constitutional duty", Chief Justice of India DY Chandrachud said on Tuesday.

Addressing the Independence Day celebrations, organised by the Supreme Court Bar Association (SCBA), the CJI also emphasised the need to overhaul court infrastructure on priority to make them accessible and inclusive.

"As I look towards the future, I believe the greatest challenge before Indian judiciary is to eliminate the barriers to accessing justice," he said. "We have to enhance access to justice procedurally by eliminating the constraints which prevent citizens from approaching courts, and substantively by building confidence in the court's ability to dispense justice. And we have the road map in place to make sure that the future Indian judiciary is inclusive and accessible to the last person in the line."

CJI Chandrachud gave details on the "plan to expand the Supreme Court" as part of modernising judicial infrastructure to meet future challenges. The plan, he noted, includes constructing a new building to accommodate 27 additional courts, 51 judges' chambers, 4 registrar court rooms, 16 registrar chambers,



Chief Justice of India DY Chandrachud interacts with Union home minister Amit Shah during the 77th Independence Day celebrations, in New Delhi on Tuesday

and other requisite facilities for lawyers and litigants.

He said it will be executed in two phases: in the first phase, the museum and annexe building will be demolished to pave way for a new building providing for 15 courtrooms, judges' chambers, the SCBA library, offices for the president, vice-president, and secretary of SCBA and SCAORA, an SCBA executive meeting Room, canteen, ladies Bar room, and other requisite facilities for lawyers and litigants.

In the next phase, CJI Chandrachud said, some part of the existing court complex will be razed to build a second part of the new building to accommodate 12 courtrooms, judges' chambers, registrar courts, and lounge for SCBA and SCORA.

The CJI said the new building will "reflect the Constitutional aspirations, beliefs, and priorities of the people, in addition to providing a

space which facilitates access to justice".

CJI Chandrachud, who has been driving technological changes in the judiciary, said, "They say sunshine is the best disinfectant. I say technology is the best tool at our disposal to eliminate the inefficiency and opacity surrounding the judicial processes."

Stating that "we have to tap into the full potential of technology to overcome procedural barriers to justice", he said the third phase of the e-courts project is being implemented for that.

"After Independence, we inherited the colonial legal traditions which were opaque and impersonal. But our courts have ensured that the law exudes human interest and responds positively to the plight of every individual in our society, regardless of their social and economic factors," the CJI said.

EXPLAINER

REFORMING INDIA'S CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

Union home minister Amit Shah last week introduced the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) and the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (BNSS) to replace the Indian Penal Code (IPC) 1860 and the Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC) 1973, respectively. Here are the key changes and why they were considered necessary



Notable IPC sections dropped

SEC 377 (UNNATURAL SEX). Read down by the Supreme Court in *Navtej Singh Johar* that decriminalised gay sex (if consensual), this has been dropped entirely. Experts say this leaves male victims of rape worse off, who so far could use Sec 377, as rape remains gendered (of a woman by a man) under the BNS too.

Sec 497 (adultery), and Sec 309 (attempt to suicide) have been dropped. But, the latter is an offence if done to restrain a public servant from discharging duties.

Sec 124A (sedition) has been dropped only in name (the word 'sedition' is not there in the BNS). But Sec 150 of the BNS criminalises exciting ... subversive activities, ... endangering unity, sovereignty ... of India, by words, signs, e-communications, or financial means. Not only are 'subversive activities', 'endangering unity, sovereignty' ill-defined terms, the explanation appended also fails to provide clarity.

The overhaul

THE IPC, ADOPTED during the colonial period, contained many provisions that were out of touch with present-day sensibilities and emerging contours of criminal justice. Similarly, the CrPC also needed to be updated. Hence, the two new pieces of legislation. Various committees (Bezbaruah, Malimath, Madhav Menon, among others) had recommended reform of the criminal justice system as had many Law Commission reports.

In 2019, the government kicked off the exercise to replace the IPC and CrPC. A committee chaired by the vice-chancellor of the National Law University was tasked with drafting the new Codes. Extensive consultations, with states, the judiciary, the police, law universities, academics, MPs were held to draft the Codes.

Terrorist act ORGANISED CRIME DEFINED OFFENCES UNDER THE BNS

Mob-lynching ALSO A DEFINED OFFENCE, WITH DEATH PENALTY IN CERTAIN CASES

Section 150 RETAINS SEDITION'S SPIRIT AS AN OFFENCE, WITH AMBIGUOUS TERMS

In absentia TRIAL ALLOWED BY BNS

The BNS and the IPC

THE BNS DEFINES both "organised crime" and "terrorist acts" under separate sections; the IPC didn't have any specific treatment for the two. Under Section 109(1), organised crime is to include cyber-crime with serious consequences, among other specific crimes listed. Under Section 111(1), a terrorist act is defined as intentional engagement "in an action to threaten the unity, integrity and security of India" by, among other ways, "intimidating the government", "compelling government actions". Mob-lynching has been introduced as a specific offence.

Penal provisions for gang-rape of a girl under 18 have been prescribed, as opposed to the IPC's prescriptions for gang-rape of those under 16 and 12. Sexual intercourse using deceitful means, hitherto punished as rape, becomes a specific offence.

Section 48 updates the definition of an abettor to crime to include foreign residents.

Community service, and change in penal provisions

THE BNS, FOR the first time, introduces the concept of community service as a penal provision for those offences often perceived to be minor in nature. Offences such as trade by public servant (prohibited activity), attempt to suicide to coerce public servant, first-time theft, of property under ₹5,000, misconduct in public

by drunken person, etc, will attract community service depending on the degree of the offence.

The quantum of punishment for certain offences is now higher: extortion now attracts 7 years of jail instead of just 3, criminal breach of trust attracts 5 instead of 3, and fabrication of evidence attracts 10 years instead of 7.

The BNSS provisions

THE CRPC PROTECTED the right of the accused to participate in the full trial and offer defence—therefore, it didn't allow trial in absentia. However, the BNSS allows for an accused to be tried 90 days after the charges against them are framed, even if they are not present. The person must be declared a 'proclaimed offender'

and must have evaded trial for in absentia trial to kick in, in the absence of any prospect of arrest.

The BNSS facilitates greater use and acceptance of technology, digital devices and communications technology in the criminal justice system. This is a massive leap forward from the earlier system.

Global wealth drops for first time since 2008 financial crisis

BLOOMBERG
August 15

GLOBAL HOUSEHOLD WEALTH fell last year for the first time since the financial crisis in 2008, as inflation and the appreciation of the US dollar wiped some \$11.3 trillion off assets.

Total net private wealth across the world decreased by 2.4% to a total of \$454.4 trillion, according to Credit Suisse's annual global wealth report published on Tuesday. The bulk of the decline was felt in North American and European households, which lost a combined \$10.9 trillion.

Not all regions suffered a hit to wealth. Despite the impact of sanctions, Russia recorded a large wealth increase during the year, adding 56 millionaires, according to the report.

Latin America saw a wealth increase of \$2.4 trillion, helped by an average 6% currency appreciation against the US dollar, according to the report. The research covered the estimated holdings of 5.4 billion adults around the world and across the wealth spectrum.

"Wealth evolution proved resilient during the COVID-19 era and grew at a record pace during 2021. But inflation, rising interest rates and currency depreciation caused a reversal in 2022," said Nannette Hechler-Fayd'herbe, the global head of economics and research at Credit Suisse. Credit Suisse was acquired by UBS Group AG earlier this year.

The macro-economy also reduced the number of millionaires by 3.5 million, to about 59.4 million people and the globe's top 1% richest loosened their grip: their wealth share fell to 44.5%.

CALIFORNIA SOFTWARE COMPANY LIMITED						
Workflo, Greeta Tower, Industrial Estate, Perungudi, OMR Phase 1, Chennai - 600 096.						
E-mail: investor@calsoftgroup.com Ph: 9444 860 882						
CIN: L72300TN1992PLC022135						
EXTRACT OF STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED AND STAND ALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Rs.in Lakhs)						
Sl. No.	Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated		
		Quarter ended 30.06.2023 (Unaudited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2023 (Audited)	Quarter ended 30.06.2022 (Unaudited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2023 (Audited)	Quarter ended 30.06.2022 (Unaudited)
1	Total Income from operations (net)	98.49	1.88	100.24	98.49	1.88
2	Net Profit / (loss) for the period (before tax, exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	20.84	(44.70)	39.06	20.84	(44.70)
3	Net Profit / (loss) for the period (before tax, exceptional items and/ or extraordinary items)	20.84	(44.70)	39.06	20.84	(44.70)
4	Net Profit / (loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and / or extraordinary items)	20.84	(44.70)	39.06	20.84	(44.70)
5	Total comprehensive income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	20.84	(44.70)	39.06	20.84	(44.70)
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital	154.57	154.57	154.57	154.57	154.57
7	Earnings Per Share (of Rs.10/- each)					
	1. Basic	0.13	(0.29)	0.25	0.13	(0.29)
	2. Diluted	0.13	(0.29)	0.25	0.13	(0.29)

Notes: 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange websites www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com and also on the company's website www.calsoftgroup.com.

For California Software Company Limited
Sd/-
Dr. Mahalingam Vasudevan
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 01608150

Place: Chennai
Date : 14.08.2023

GENERIC ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION AND PROJECTS LIMITED						
Regd Off.: 201 & 202, Fitwell House, 2 nd Floor, Opp Home-Town, LBS Road, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083, Maharashtra, India						
CIN: L45100MH1994PLC082540. Phone No: 916720671/022-25780272 Website: www.gecpl.com. Email Id: geninfo@gecpl.com						
EXTRACT OF STATEMENT OF UN-AUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Rs in Lakhs)						
Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended			Year Ended	
		30/06/2023 (Un-Audited)	30/06/2022 (Un-Audited)	31/03/2023 (Audited)	31/03/2023 (Audited)	31/03/2022 (Audited)
1.	Total Income from Operations	5279.00	7006.90	8681.48	27253.90	26036.77
2.	Net Profit/ Loss for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	229.75	426.24	784.83	2003.74	1742.40
3.	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	229.75	426.24	784.83	2003.74	1742.40
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	206.34	316.00	589.73	1531.12	1392.22
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	206.34	314.88	593.41	1531.12	1396.40
6.	Equity Share Capital	2651.81	2106.97	2651.81	2651.81	2106.97
7.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs 5/- each) (for continuing and discounted operations) -					
	1. Basic:	0.39	0.75	1.12	3.58	3.31
	2. Diluted:	0.48	0.67	1.01	3.54	3.31

Notes:
1) The above results have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("IND AS") notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015.
2) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Standalone financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 and Annual Result for the year ended March 31, 2023, filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended March 31 and the year to date published figures for the nine months ended December 31, 2022.
3) The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. (http://www.bseindia.com, https://www.nseindia.com/ and www.gecpl.com).

By Order of the Board of Director
Generic Engineering Construction and Projects Limited
Sd/-
Mr. Manish Patel
Managing Director
DIN: 00195878

Date: August 14, 2023
Place: Mumbai

SARVESHWAR FOODS LIMITED					
CIN: L15312JK2004PLC002444					
Regd. Office : Sarveshwar House, Below Gumat, Jammu (J&K) - 180001					
Website: www.sarveshwarfoods.com Tel: 0192-481954, 0192-3220962					
STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Amount in INR Lacs)					
Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
		30/06/2023 (Un-Audited)	31/03/2023 (Audited)	30/06/2022 (Un-Audited)	31/03/2023 (Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	18,923.68	13,066.36	19,971.05	69,737.63
2	Profit before exceptional items and tax	405.37	273.48	357.98	1,090.13
3	Profit before tax	402.04	267.30	355.50	1,078.99
4	Profit after tax	290.06	180.99	279.85	780.05
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the year/period	290.06	180.99	279.85	780.05
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face value of Rs.10 each)	3,059.72	2,896.72	2,456.72	2,896.72
7	Earnings Per Share (Face value of Rs. 10/- each)				
	Basic (in Rs.) (not annualised)	0.98	0.72	1.14	3.08
	Diluted (in Rs.) (not annualised)	0.96	0.69	1.14	2.97

Notes:
1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Audited Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Audited Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange (NSE & BSE) and on the Company's website www.sarveshwarfoods.com.
2. Standalone information

(Amount in INR Lacs)				
Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended		Year Ended
		30/06/2023 (Un-Audited)	31/03/2023 (Audited)	31/03/2023 (Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	8,118.57	6,632.44	9,695.39
2	Profit before exceptional items and tax	219.39	68.00	210.91
3	Profit before tax	219.39	68.00	210.91
4	Profit after tax	163.20	55.53	150.93
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the year/period	163.20	55.53	150.93
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face value of Rs.10 each)	3,059.72	2,896.72	2,456.72
7	Earnings Per Share (Face value of Rs. 10/- each)			
	Basic (in Rs.) (not annualised)	0.55	0.22	0.61
	Diluted (in Rs.) (not annualised)	0.54	0.21	0.61

3. Figures for the previous periods have been re-grouped/ rearranged/ restated wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of the current period.

By the Order of the Board
Sarveshwar Foods Limited
Sd/-
Anil Kumar
(Managing Director)

Date: 14.08.2023
Place: Jammu

KNR CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED									
Regd. Office : KNR House , 3rd & 4th Floor, Plot No: 114, Phase-I, Kavuri Hills, Hyderabad - 500033. Ph: 040 -40268759 / 61 /62, Fax: 040-40268760; website : knrcl.com; E-mail : investors@knrcl.com CIN: L74210TG1995PLC130199									
EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (Rupees In Lakhs except share data)									
Sl. No.	PARTICULARS	STANDALONE				CONSOLIDATED			
		Quarter Ended 30-06-2023 (UnAudited)	Quarter Ended 31-03-2023 (Audited)	Quarter Ended 30-06-2022 (UnAudited)	Year Ended 31-03-2023 (Audited)	Quarter Ended 30-06-2023 (UnAudited)	Quarter Ended 31-03-2023 (Audited)	Quarter Ended 30-06-2022 (UnAudited)	Year Ended 31-03-2022 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations	92,958.68	117,558.53	89,059.51	374,379.62	98,101.54	124,533.24	98,044.87	406,235.97
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional items#)	14,696.31	17,348.13	13,445.44	56,710.86	16,657.95	18,726.52	12,587.69	62,021.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional items#)	14,696.31	17,348.13	13,445.44	70,507.47	16,657.95	18,726.52	12,587.69	68,205.87
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional items#)	11,025.87	12,860.44	10,084.04	49,883.32	12,788.16	14,202.37	9,226.29	44,022.11
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	11,038.46	12,957.86	10,068.35	49,933.67	13,337.29	14,271.02	9,037.80	43,991.76
6	Equity Share Capital	5,624.70	5,624.70	5,624.70	5,624.70	5,624.70	5,624.70	5,624.70	5,624.70
7	Other Equity	-	-	-	267,802.82	-	-	-	271,445.29
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 2/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -								
	1. Basic: (Rs.)	3.92*	4.57*	3.59*	17.74	4.88*	5.24*	3.19*	16.29
	2. Diluted: (Rs.)	3.92*	4.57*	3.59*	17.74	4.88*	5.24*	3.19*	16.29

* Not Annualized

NOTES:
1. The above Standalone and Consolidated financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on August 14, 2023.
2. Figures for the previous year/period have been regrouped/re-classified to confirm to the figures of the current period.
3. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Year ended Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly and Year ended Financial Results is available on the The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Year ended Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly and Year ended Financial Results is available on the Stock Exchange website namely, BSE Limited (www.bseindia.com) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (www.nseindia.com), and on the Company's website: www.knrcl.com

For KNR Constructions Ltd.,
Sd/-
K. Narsimha Reddy
Managing Director
DIN: 00382412

Place : Hyderabad
Date : 14-08-2023

