



Date: August 17, 2021

1. **The Manager- Listing**
National Stock Exchange of India Limited
(Scrip Code: NAUKRI)
2. **The Manager- Listing**
BSE Limited
(Scrip Code: 532777)

Sub.: Intimation of Publication of Un-audited Standalone & Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30, 2021

Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed herewith the copy of the newspaper publication of Un-audited Standalone & Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30, 2021 published in the following editions: -

- Business Standard (National Daily newspaper) on August 17, 2021
- Business Standard (Daily newspaper of the State) on August 17, 2021

Submitted for your information & records.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,
For **Info Edge (India) Ltd.**

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "MM Jain", written over a horizontal line.

MM Jain
Company Secretary



Encl: as above

टाटा कैपिटल हाउसिंग फाइनेंस लिमिटेड
 पंजीकृत कार्यालय : 11 वीं मंजिल, टॉवर ए, भूमि-सुला बिजनेस पार्क, गणपतराव कदम मार्ग, लोवर परेल मुंबई - 400013. CIN No. U67190MH2008PLC187552

आधिपत्य सूचना (अचल संपत्तियों के लिये)
 (प्रतिभूति हित प्रवर्तन अधिनियम 2002 के परिशिष्ट IV संपठित नियम 8(1) के अंतर्गत)
 टाटा कैपिटल हाउसिंग फाइनेंस लिमिटेड के निम्न हस्ताक्षरकर्ता प्राधिकृत अधिकारी द्वारा वितीय आस्थियों का प्रतिभूतिकरण एवं पुनर्गठन और प्रतिभूतिहित प्रवर्तन अधिनियम 2002 की धारा 13 (12) संपठित नियम 3 के अंतर्गत प्रवर्तन शक्तियों का प्रवर्तन करके प्राधिकृत अधिकारी द्वारा निम्न ऋणी(ओं) से नीचे उल्लेखित सूचना प्राप्त दिनांक से 60 दिन के अंदर ऋण राशि अदा करने की मांग की गई थी। चूंकि ऋणी(ओं) ने अदायगी में वृद्धि की है अतः ऋणी(ओं) तथा सर्वसाधारण जनता को एतद्वारा सूचना दी जाती है कि निम्न अधोहस्ताक्षरकर्ता ने नीचे वर्णित संपत्तियों का कब्जा अधिनियम की धारा 13 (4) संपठित उपरोक्त नियमों के नियम 8 के अंतर्गत प्राप्त कर लिया है। ऋणी(ओं) को विशेषतः तथा समस्त जनता को साधारणतः सतर्क किया जाता है कि इन संपत्तियों के संबंध में कोई संव्यवहार न करे और यदि कोई संव्यवहार किया गया तो वह टाटा कैपिटल हाउसिंग फाइनेंस लिमिटेड के ऋणी(ओं) के समक्ष नीचे वर्णित गई मांग सूचना दिनांक से ब्याज एवं दण्ड ब्याज, खर्च, लागत अन्य के अधीन होगा। उधारकर्ता का ध्यान प्रतिभूति आस्थियों के मोचन के लिए उपलब्ध समय के संदर्भ में अधिनियम की धारा 13 की उपधारा (8) के उपबंधों की ओर आकृष्ट किया जाता है।

क्र. सं.	बायसाधारण/कानूनी वारिसों/कानूनी प्रतिनिधियों के नाम	मांग सूचना के अनुसार राशि	कब्जा दिनांक
9993963	श्री सुनिल कुमार सिंह (ऋणी) एवं श्रीमती अनुसु सिंह (सह-ऋणी)	₹. 23,80,636/- दिनांक 13.05.2021 को एवं 13.05.2021	13.08.2021 (सांकेतिक)
9127268	श्री अब्दुल सामी (ऋणी) एवं श्रीमती नयमा बानो (सह-ऋणी)	₹. 39,40,621/- दिनांक 12.05.2021 को एवं 19.05.2021	13.08.2021 (सांकेतिक)

सुरक्षित आस्थियों / अचल संपत्तियों का विवरण : आवासीय संपत्ति के शेष एवं संपूर्ण भाग, प्लेट नं. बी-2306, 23वीं मंजिल, मरिना सुईरस, जीएच-3/1, पार्क टॉउन, एनएच-24, गाजियाबाद (उ.प्र.) क्षेत्रफल 1135 वर्गफीट

सुरक्षित आस्थियों / अचल संपत्तियों का विवरण : अचल संपत्ति के शेष एवं संपूर्ण भाग, प्लेट नं. ई-102, पहाडी, भवन का नाम जयपुरिया सनराईस ग्रीन्स, प्लॉट नं. 12ए पर स्थित, अहिंसा खड, इंदिरापुरम, गाजियाबाद, उत्तर प्रदेश, क्षेत्रफल 1198 वर्गफीट

दिनांक : 16.08.2021
 स्थान : दिल्ली

हस्ता./ - प्राधिकृत अधिकारी
 वारसे टाटा कैपिटल हाउसिंग फाइनेंस लिमिटेड

ACME RESOURCES LIMITED
 Extract for Statement of Unaudited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statement of Acme Resources Limited for Quarter ended 30th June 2021
 Registered office- 984, 9th Floor, Aggarwal Cyber Plaza - II, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi - 110034
 [Regulation 47(1) (b) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015]

Sl. No.	Particulars	STANDALONE			
		30.06.2021 (Unaudited)	31.03.2021 (Audited)*	30.06.2020 (Unaudited)	31.03.2021 (Audited)*
1	Total Income from Operations	75.47	24.07	142.83	618.67
2	Net Profit for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(62.74)	(2,280.18)	(65.63)	(2,350.14)
3	Net Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(62.74)	(2,280.18)	(65.63)	(2,350.14)
4	Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(133.70)	(1,727.08)	(49.05)	(1,739.72)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(133.70)	(1,727.08)	(49.05)	(1,739.72)
6	Equity Share Capital	2,574.40	2,574.40	2,574.40	2,574.40
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	3,113.72
8	Earnings Per Share (for continuing and discontinued operations) - Basic:	(0.52)	(6.71)	(0.19)	(6.76)
	Diluted:	(0.52)	(6.71)	(0.19)	(6.76)

Sl. No.	Particulars	CONSOLIDATED			
		30.06.2021 (Unaudited)	31.03.2021 (Audited)*	30.06.2020 (Unaudited)	31.03.2021 (Audited)*
1	Total Income from Operations	76.75	17.24	174.21	691.30
2	Net Profit for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(46.60)	(2,238.24)	14.80	(1,956.06)
3	Net Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(46.60)	(2,238.24)	14.80	(1,956.06)
4	Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(121.62)	(1,688.23)	11.16	(1,406.52)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(121.62)	(1,688.23)	11.16	(1,406.52)
6	Equity Share Capital	2,574.40	2,574.40	2,574.40	2,574.40
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	8,475.49
8	Earnings Per Share (for continuing and discontinued operations) - Basic:	(0.47)	(6.56)	0.04	(5.46)
	Diluted:	(0.47)	(6.56)	0.04	(5.46)

Notes:
 1. The above results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 13th August, 2021.
 2. The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended March 31, 2021 and the published year to date figures up to December 31, 2020 which was subject to limited review by the statutory auditors.
 3. The Company has granted moratorium upto six months on the payment of installments falling due between March 01, 2020 and August 31, 2020 to all eligible borrowers based on the Board approved moratorium policy read with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines dated March 27, 2020 and May 23, 2020 relating to 'COVID-19 - Regulatory Package' and RBI guidelines on moratorium dated April 17, 2020. Further, period for which moratorium was granted had not been considered for computing days past due (DPD) as on June 30, 2021. Extension of such moratorium benefit to borrowers as per the COVID-19 Regulatory package of the RBI by itself is not considered to result in significant increase in credit risk as per Ind AS 109 for staging of accounts. The Company continues to recognise interest income during the moratorium period and in the absence of other credit risk indicators, the granting of a moratorium period does not result in accounts becoming past due and automatically triggering Stage 2 or Stage 3 classification criteria.
 The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly affected various sectors of Indian economy. The prolonged lockdown imposed by the government due to Covid-19 pandemic has affected the Company's business operations as some of the borrowers has defaulted in repayment of Interest and Principal. However, the actual impact may vary due to prevailing uncertainty caused by the pandemic. The Company's management is continuously monitoring the situation and the economic factors affecting the operations of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board
 Date : 13/08/2021

प्रपत्र आईएनसी-26
 [कम्पनी (निगम) नियम, 2014 के नियम 30 के अनुसार]
 कम्पनी के पंजीकृत कार्यालय को दिल्ली राज्य से हरियाणा राज्य में परिवर्तित करने के लिए सूचना केन्द्र सरकार, क्षेत्रीय निदेशक, उत्तरी क्षेत्र कॉर्पोरेट मामलों के मन्त्रालय, भारत सरकार के समक्ष
 कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013, कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 13(4) एवं कम्पनी (निगम) नियम, 2014 के नियम 30(6) (क) के मामलों में
 तथा
 गौतम बुद्ध मैनेजमेंट इंस्टीट्यूट प्राइवेट लिमिटेड, के मामले में, बिस्का पंजीकृत कार्यालय सी-118, गोलक च्यू अपार्टमेंट, डीडीए एमआरडी-बी फ्लैट्स, साकेत, नई दिल्ली-110017 पर है।
 वारिसकर्ता एतद्वारा जनसामान्य को सूचित किया जाता है कि यह कम्पनी कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 13 के अधीन केन्द्र सरकार के पास आवेदन फाइल करने का प्रस्ताव करती है जिसमें कम्पनी के पंजीकृत कार्यालय को "दिल्ली राज्य" से "हरियाणा राज्य" में स्थानान्तरित करने के लिए 28.07.2021 को आवेदन असाधारण आम बैठक में पारित संकल्प के संदर्भ में कम्पनी के संसम आपन में परिवर्तन की पुष्टि की गयी है।
 कम्पनी के पंजीकृत कार्यालय के प्रस्तावित स्थानान्तरण से यदि किसी व्यक्ति का हित प्रभावित होता है तो वह व्यक्ति एक सप्ताह पत्र जिसमें उसके हित का प्रसार और उसके विरोध कारण उल्लिखित हो, के साथ अपनी आवेदित प्रारंभिक निदेशक, उत्तरी क्षेत्र, दिल्ली के कार्यालय पर पंजीकृत डाक द्वारा भेज सकते हैं या सुदूर कर सकते हैं और शक्यों एक प्रती आवेदक कम्पनी को उसके निम्नलिखित पंजीकृत कार्यालय पर भी भेजें।
 कृते एवं हिते
 गौतम बुद्ध मैनेजमेंट इंस्टीट्यूट प्राइवेट लिमिटेड
 सूचन संख्या
 दिनांक : 17.08.2021
 स्थान : दिल्ली

**खबरें जो बढ़ाए
 आपकी तरक्की की रफ्तार**

SMS reachbs to 57575 or email order@bsmail.in

Business Standard
 Insight Out

DISH TV INDIA LIMITED
 Corporate office: FC-19, Sector-16A, Noida-201 301 (U.P)
 Regd. Office: 18th Floor, A Wing, Marathon Futurex, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013, Maharashtra
 CIN: L51909MH1988PLC287553, Tel.: 0120- 5047005/5047000, Fax: 0120-4357078
 E-mail: investor@dish2h.com, Website: www.dish2h.com

Extract of statement of standalone and consolidated financial results for the quarter ended 30 June 2021 (Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated			
	Quarter ended		Year ended		Quarter ended		Year ended	
	30.06.2021	31.03.2021	30.06.2020	31.03.2021	30.06.2021	31.03.2021	30.06.2020	31.03.2021
1. Total income from operations	36,321	36,005	41,005	160,396	73,097	75,175	83,558	324,936
2. Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	7,496	3,727	6,810	27,345	6,653	(19,928)	10,265	8,231
3. Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	7,496	(61,645)	6,810	(38,027)	6,653	(97,909)	10,265	(69,750)
4. Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	5,615	(87,648)	5,516	(67,775)	4,914	(141,523)	7,454	(118,986)
5. Total comprehensive income for the period [comprising profit / (loss) for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)]	5,615	(87,575)	5,516	(67,702)	5,134	(140,037)	7,172	(117,032)
6. Equity Share Capital	18,413	18,413	18,413	18,413	18,413	18,413	18,413	18,413
7. Other Equity	-	-	-	308,208	-	-	-	250,283
8. Basic and diluted earnings per share (for continuing and discontinued operations) of Re. 1 each [not annualised] (In Rs.)	0.29	(4.56)	0.29	(3.52)	0.26	(7.32)	0.39	(6.12)

The above information is an extract of the detailed format of financial results filed by the company with the stock exchanges under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the above financial results are available on the Stock Exchange websites, (www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com) and also on Company's website at www.dish2h.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DISH TV INDIA LIMITED
 Jawahar Lal Goel
 Chairman and Managing Director
 DIN: 00076462

Place: Noida
 Date: 12 August 2021

infoedge (INDIA) LIMITED
 Regd. Office : Ground Floor, GF-12A, 94, Meghdoot Building, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019
 CIN: L74899DL1995PLC068021, Tel no. : 0120-3082000, Fax: 0120-3082095, Website : www.infoedge.in, Email: investors@naukri.com

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Particulars	Amount in ₹ (Mn)							
	Results on Standalone Basis				Results on Consolidated Basis			
	3 months ended 30/06/2021	Preceding 3 months ended 31/03/2021	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year 30/06/2020	Previous year ended 31/03/2021	3 months ended 30/06/2021	Preceding 3 months ended 31/03/2021	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year 30/06/2020	Previous year ended 31/03/2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1. Total Income from operations (net)	3,197.19	2,900.44	2,801.41	10,985.97	3,272.56	2,965.27	2,850.46	11,201.22
2. Net profit for the period (before tax and exceptional items)	1,290.17	819.13	1,121.74	3,469.33	423.75	768.52	1,168.68	1,551.94
3. Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional items)	1,290.17	786.89	1,121.74	3,437.09	1,928.57	4,269.58	1,228.89	15,893.10
4. Net Profit for the period after tax	1,009.57	666.89	832.24	2,709.38	1,553.36	3,080.70	936.63	14,088.04
5. Total comprehensive income for the period [comprising profit for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)]	1,023.60	741.10	838.85	2,783.38	1,559.28	3,094.35	944.06	14,138.10
6. Equity Share Capital	1,287.84	1,287.84	1,225.16	1,287.84	1,287.84	1,287.84	1,225.16	1,287.84
7. Reserve (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance sheet of the previous year				44,356.73				53,310.32
Earning per share (of ₹10 each) (not annualised)								
(a) Basic	7.85	5.20	6.81	21.47	11.85	23.86	7.66	111.51
(b) Diluted	7.80	5.16	6.76	21.32	11.77	23.69	7.60	110.72

Note :
 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as modified by circular no. CIR/CFD/FAC/62/2016 dated July 05, 2016. The full format of the Quarterly financial results are available on the Stock Exchange websites (www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com) and on the company's website (www.infoedge.in).
 2. The above results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Place : Noida
 Date : August 14, 2021

Hitesh Oberoi
 Managing Director

BUILDING A STRONGER FUTURE
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 TRANSMISSION LINE TOWERS | SOLAR MODULE MOUNTING STRUCTURE | EPC

EXTRACTS OF UN-AUDITED STANDALONE /CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30th JUNE, 2021
 (Rs. in Lakhs except EPS)

Particulars	Standalone			Consolidated		
	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended
	30-Jun-21	30-Jun-20	31-Mar-21	30-Jun-21	30-Jun-20	31-Mar-21
Total Income from operation	13,028.12	6,369.87	59,346.22	13,485.36	6,378.69	60,673.80
Net Profit/(Loss) for the quarter/year ended (before tax, exceptional/ extraordinary item)	1,083.97	55.60	4,303.92	1,030.28	48.74	4,386.08
Net Profit/(Loss) for the quarter/year ended before tax (after exceptional/extraordinary item)	1,083.97	55.60	4,303.92	1,030.28	48.74	4,386.08
Net Profit/(Loss) for the quarter/year ended after tax (after exceptional/extraordinary item)	796.12	26.84	2,933.74	734.37	19.97	2,989.90
Total Comprehensive Income for the quarter/year ended (Net of Tax)	796.12	26.84	2,945.95	734.37	19.97	3,002.11
Equity Share Capital	1,428.53	1,328.53	1,428.53	1,428.53	1,328.53	1,428.53
Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	23,749.05	-	-	23,840.25
Earning per Share (in Rs.)						
Basic	5.57	0.20	21.92	5.08	0.15	22.15
Diluted	5.57	0.20	21.92	5.08	0.15	22.15

Notes:
 1. The above is an extract of detailed format of Un-Audited Financial Results filed with stock exchanges under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Un-Audited Results are available on the stock exchange websites viz. www.nseindia.com & www.bseindia.com and on the Company's website www.salasartechno.com.
 2. The Un-audited Financial Results of the Company for the quarter ended 30th June, 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 14-August-2021.
 3. These results have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 and other recognized accounting practice and policies to the extent applicable.
 4. Figures for the previous periods/year have been regrouped (except segment reporting) wherever necessary, to conform to the current period's classification.
 5. Operations of the Company were hampered by COVID related restrictions during the quarter ended 30th June 2021.

For Salasar Techno Engineering Limited
 sd/-
Alok Kumar
 Managing Director
 DIN: 01474484

Date: 14.08.2021
 Place: Hapur

SALASAR TECHNO ENGINEERING LIMITED
 CIN: L23201DL2001PLC174076
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Game of thorns

Relief by the Madras High Court on the Tamil Nadu government's ban comes as a booster dose for the ₹7,700-crore online gaming industry but could be a precursor to legal battles in other states

SHINE JACOB
Chennai, 16 August

"We are not as bad as people think."

This was the immediate response from a gaming industry major soon after the Madras High Court on August 3 revoked a law by the Tamil Nadu government banning online games such as rummy, poker and other skill-based games that involve betting and money prizes.

If you thought this judgment impacts a marginal section of the society, you will be wrong. Based on data available with The Online Rummy Federation (TORF), around 400 million people in India are engaged in some form of online game, and out of that around 35 million may be playing games in which real money is involved.

The verdict in Tamil Nadu was seen as a relief for a nascent industry that was already fighting legal battles in several states. Soon after the order, Tamil Nadu Law Minister S Ragupathy said a new legislation will be passed to ban such games in the state. Other states that have clamped down on the industry include Telangana, Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Assam and Odisha, citing a variety of reasons, including "gambling, addiction, financial losses and rising suicides".

Rummy accounts for around 60 per cent share of the skill-based gaming ecosystem, according to industry estimates, with poker, fantasy games, bridge, chess and quizzes making up the rest. "Rummy as a game is predominantly south Indian. So the ban on it in key states such as Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Tamil Nadu and Kerala, along with Odisha and Assam, has wiped out around 65 per cent of the industry's market share," said Deepak Gullapalli, founder of Head Digital Works.

Gullapalli was the first to launch the concept of online rummy in India in 2006 through the platform A23(Ace2Three), from a garage in Hyderabad, following the success of Solitaire on Microsoft Windows. Estimates by the Tamil Nadu government suggest that games like "Rummy Circle" have 30 million registered players and about 50,000 new players every day.

Between the court order and the state ban lies a debate on the nature of these games. Do they amount to gambling and betting or are they merely games in which participants can win prizes? Tamil Nadu appears to hold the former view; online gambling has been banned in Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Kerala, it said, stressing the deleterious



effect of gambling. In fact, the Kerala High Court had issued notices to Indian cricket team captain Virat Kohli as well as actors like Tamannaah and Aju Varghese for their alleged endorsement for such games.

According to Sameer Barde, chief executive officer of TORF, since games like rummy, poker and fantasy games involve skills, it cannot be treated as gambling, a point that the Madras High Court judgment highlighted. "These are games of skill and not games of chance," Barde said. TORF is the self-regulatory body for online rummy gaming plat-

forms in India, which has around 25 platforms, including major ones such as Rummy Circle, Paytm First Games, A23, Jungle, Jungle Rummy, PlayRummy and Osom Rummy. "Over the decades several Supreme Court judgments have held rummy as a game of skill and protected under Article 19(1)(g) of the Indian Constitution," he added. The article empowers Indians "to practise any profession, or to carry on any occupation, trade or business".

Based on a report by EY and FICCI, the online gaming industry grew 18 per cent in 2020 to touch ₹7,700 crore. The report showed that the number of online gamers increased from 300 million in 2019 to 360 million in 2020. According to TORF, the size of the rummy industry nationally comes to around ₹4,000 crore in terms of turnover.

"Before six months, it was growing at a CAGR of 30 per cent. The ban in Tamil Nadu and decline in disposable income due to the second wave of Covid-19 has led to a slowdown in the industry," Barde added. Tamil Nadu alone is estimated to have around 5 million users with a market size of over ₹400 crore.

Interestingly, a Niti Aayog paper early this year indicated that the fantasy gaming industry alone has the potential to attract foreign direct investment to the tune of more than ₹10,000 crore over the next few years, as well as generate 1.5 billion online transactions by 2023. Experts indicate that a blanket ban on the sector may affect such growth prospects.

In any case, does a ban work for online gaming where there is no physical presence involved? In 2017, Telangana was one of the first states to ban such games by law, when the size of the industry was not even ₹1,500 crore. Despite the ban, in August 2020, the Hyderabad Police busted an online gaming racket involving Chinese nationals, which turned out to be a ₹1,100-crore scam.

The subsequent investigation revealed that the racket was operating through Telegram Groups in a multi-level-marketing format, where entry is given through reference with commission. On a daily basis, these Telegram group admins used to give fresh links of websites for registered members to play games and place bets.

"Only a fraction of apps or portals or fake apps are bad in nature. Such sort of cybersecurity threats occur in all sectors that have a high demand, including the banking sector. For such bad players, it is a way to get into your system or mobile; gaming is not an isolated sector. So, banning these applications will not serve the purpose," said Rahul Sasi, cybersecurity expert and founder of machine intelligence firm CloudSEK, and who was part of a Reserve Bank of India panel to examine digital lending. This is the reason people like Barde are battling for a regulation by the state governments concerned, allowing only legitimate, legal operators who follow strict protocols rather than going for a blanket ban. "We want them to set up a joint committee to explore the possibility of setting up a licensing regime to regulate the gaming sector as a whole and the skill gaming sector in particular," he said.

ON SENTIMENTS

Sentiments recovery lags in middle-income households



MAHESH WAS

The index of consumer sentiments (ICS) improved 10.7 per cent in July 2021 over its level in June 2021. However, at 53.01 (base 100 in September-December 2015) it was still just half of its level before the Covid-19 induced lockdowns began in March 2020. In February 2020, the index was at 105.3. The July 2021 index was also lower than its level during each of the five months from December 2020 through April 2021 when it averaged 54.7. The second wave of Covid-19 had dragged the ICS down to around 48 in May and June 2021. July saw a smart but still incomplete bounce-back. Thus, while the recovery in July was impressive, there is still a long way to go before sentiments return to pre-pandemic levels.

The first two weeks of August have not been good. The ICS fell 1.6 per cent in the week ended August 8 and then by 2 per cent in the week ended August 15. Nevertheless, we try to understand the nature of the recovery in sentiments in July, particularly in terms of the dif-

ferences across income groups.

The recovery of July was broad-based but was more pronounced at the two ends of the income distribution of households. The ICS improved for households with relatively modest income and for the rich. However, the July recovery largely missed the middle-middle-income segment, while it was still good for what may be called the lower middle-income households and the upper middle-income households.

Households that earn less than ₹100,000 a year saw a 46 per cent improvement in sentiments. This segment saw the best recovery during July. These households had suffered the most in May when the second wave struck India. Their ICS fell by 25 per cent in May and then by another 7.5 per cent in June. The recovery in July makes up for all this lost ground. The ICS for this group was 56.4 in July, which was slightly higher than the 55.3 level of April 2021. It is also the highest since March 2020. This group consists of about 54 million households. This number has grown from about 30 million earlier because Covid and lockdowns have pushed down the incomes of many into this bracket of poorer households. They accounted for a little less than 10 per cent of all households earlier but now make for about 17 per cent.

The best recovery in the ICS was in the income group that has the least buying power. But, the next best recovery was in the segment that has the best buying power, the rich.

Households that earn more than a million rupees a year registered a healthy improvement in sentiments in July. Their ICS grew by 16.6 per cent to 63.3. This growth is not anywhere close to the 46 per cent growth in sentiments of the poor. But, it is still a respectable growth. Besides, sentiments of the richer households have recovered the most from the fall induced by the Covid-19 pandemic compared to other income groups. The ICS for this group in July 2021 was 60 per cent of its level in February 2020. For other groups, it was mostly around 50 per cent of their February 2020 level.

This rich group consists of about 3 million households. This number has dropped from about 4 million before the pandemic.

Month-to-month variations in the ICS of the richer households have been volatile. Since January 2021, the variations have ranged from a 25 per cent increase to a 15 per cent fall. The ICS for this income group was still more than 5 per cent below its level in January and nearly 7 per cent below its level in February 2021. This volatility mars the gains made by this group in

terms of consumer sentiments.

Lower middle-income households — those with an annual income in the range of ₹100,000 and ₹200,000 — had lost substantial ground in the quarter ended June 2021. Their ICS fell from 53.6 in March 2021 to 44.5 in June 2021. In July, the index bounced back to 49.9, implying an increase of 12.1 per cent over the June 2021 level. Although this is a respectable increase in a month, the recovery in sentiments of this group from the pandemic has been unimpressive.

The upper middle-income group — those that earn between half a million and a million rupees — is relatively small with only about 20 million households. They saw a 7.8 per cent improvement in sentiments.

The largest is the middle middle-income group. These are households that earn between ₹200,000 and ₹500,000. This group consists of a little over 160 million households. They saw the lowest growth in sentiments during July, a mere 1 per cent increase over June. This big group of households has also seen the least recovery from the fall from pre-pandemic levels.

While the recovery in sentiments in July is impressive, it needs better traction in the critical income groups. The recovery in richer households needs to be less volatile, and the recovery needs to reach middle-income households better.

The writer is MD & CEO, CMIE PLtd

While the recovery in sentiments in July is impressive, it needs better traction in the critical income groups

What will it take to stop delta variant

JASON GALE
16 August

A more powerful driver of Covid-19 outbreaks than any strain of the coronavirus encountered so far, the delta variant is testing the limits of public health defences globally. The good news is that in most cases, the effectiveness of vaccines at protecting against severe disease is maintained; the vast majority of infections are occurring in unvaccinated people. But vaccines alone don't provide a fail-safe shield.

Why is delta harder to stop than other strains?

Delta is both more infectious and more capable of evading immunity generated by either vaccination or a previous natural infec-

tion. It's not known exactly why, but scientists believe it's a combination of factors, including that it replicates faster and reaches significantly higher concentrations in the upper airways; it's expelled in greater quantities by infected individuals; its viral particles are better at latching on to the ACE2 receptor, an enzyme found on the surface of many cells that the virus uses to infect them; it may be more efficient at causing infection, by requiring fewer viral particles or a lower infectious dose.

What's the best defence against delta?

A full course of vaccination is the

best way to protect against sickness requiring hospitalisation in the event of a delta infection. It's necessary that sufficient supplies of vaccine are made available worldwide, and that sizeable majorities in communities get inoculated. Without that, populations will be susceptible to delta-driven epidemics that will result in large numbers of infections, hospitalisations, and, ultimately, deaths. Where that occurs, eventually enough of those who survive will develop natural immunity to reduce the number of people susceptible to the virus, causing transmission to slow and eventually stop. Allowing that to



happen would not only create misery in the community and burnout among health-care workers, it would also risk spawning new variants. The more the virus circulates, the more opportunity it has to acquire mutations that enable it to evade immunity or transmit even more readily.

Are vaccines enough?

Health professionals say vaccines won't be sufficient to stop delta in communities with high rates of transmission. Where that's the case, they say, additional measures will be necessary to impede its spread. These include the same strategies that were central before vaccines became available. In addition, researchers are calling for ventilation systems to be overhauled.

BLOOMBERG

SBI
PRM Cell, FP&MD, Corporate Centre, Jaipur.
NOTICE INVITING TENDERS
Bids are invited by State Bank of India (RFP No.SBI/FPMD/PRM/ADVR/2021-22 dated 16.08.2021) from the eligible bidders for Auto Dialer Cum Voice Recorder and its Integration with Bank's Applications. Bidders, who are interested to submit bids, visit **Procurement news** at <https://bank.sbi> in and e-Procurement agency portal <https://etender.sbi/SBI>.
Commencement of download of RFP: From 16.08.2021 at 17:00 hrs.
Last date and time for submission of bids: 06.09.2021 up to 15:00 hrs.
Place: Jaipur Sd/-
Date: 17.08.2021 Deputy General Manager (PRM)

GlaxoSmithKline Pharmaceuticals Limited
Corporate Identity Number (CIN): L24239MH1924PLC001151
Dr. Annie Besant Road, Mumbai 400030 • Telephone: 022-24959595
Fax: 022-24959494 • Email: askus@gsk.com • Website: www.gsk-india.com

NOTICE
Members are hereby informed that pursuant to section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Company has completed the dispatch of the Postal Ballot Notice, to all the members whose name appears on the Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as on August 13, 2021 (cut-off date) only through electronic mode to those Members whose email address is registered with the Company / Depository Participant, in compliance with the MCA Circular dated May 5, 2020 read with circulars dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, June 15, 2020, September 28, 2020, December 31, 2020 and June 23, 2021 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars") (hereinafter collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"), for the following matters:

Item No.	Description of the Resolution
1	Ordinary Resolution: Approval of Related Party Transaction

The communication of assent or dissent of the Members would only take place through the remote e-voting system. The Company has engaged the services of KFin Technologies Private Limited for the purpose of providing e-voting facility to all its Members. Members are requested to note that the voting, through e-voting mode commences on **Tuesday, August 17, 2021 (9.00 a.m. IST) and ends on Wednesday, September 15, 2021 (5.00 p.m. IST)**. The KFin evoting platform would be disabled thereafter.

The Board has appointed Mr. P. N. Parikh, (Membership No. FCS 327) and failing him Ms. Jigyasa Ved (Membership No. FCS 6488) of M/s. Parikh & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries as the Scrutinizer ("Scrutinizer") for conducting the postal ballot and e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

Members whose names appear on the Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as on August 13, 2021 will be considered for the purpose of voting.

The result of the postal ballot shall be declared by the Chairperson or any other person authorized by her, on or before September 17, 2021 and communicated to the stock exchanges, depositories, registrar and share transfer agents and shall also be displayed on the Company's website <https://india-pharma.gsk.com/en-in/investors/shareholder-information/postal-ballot/>.

For any queries / grievances relating to e-voting by postal ballot, Members are requested to contact Ms. Rajitha Cholleti, Assistant General Manager, KFin Technologies Private Limited, Selenium Tower B, Plot No. 31 & 32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Hyderabad - 500 032, or rajitha.cholleti@kfinotech.com or Toll Free no: 1800 309 4001.

For **GlaxoSmithKline Pharmaceuticals Limited**
Ajay Nadkarni
Vice President - Administration,
Real Estate & Company Secretary
Place : Mumbai
Date : August 17, 2021
FCS:10460

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INFO EDGE (INDIA) LIMITED
Regd. Office : Ground Floor, GF-12A, 94, Meghdoot Building, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019
CIN: L74899DL1995PLC068021, Tel no. : 0120-3082000, Fax: 0120-3082095, Website : www.infoedge.in, Email: investors@naukri.com

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Particulars	Results on Standalone Basis				Results on Consolidated Basis			
	3 months ended 30/06/2021	Preceding 3 months ended 31/03/2021	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year 30/06/2020	Previous year ended 31/03/2021	3 months ended 30/06/2021	Preceding 3 months ended 31/03/2021	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year 30/06/2020	Previous year ended 31/03/2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1. Total Income from operations (net)	3,197.19	2,900.44	2,801.41	10,985.97	3,272.56	2,965.27	2,850.46	11,201.22
2. Net profit for the period (before tax and exceptional items)	1,290.17	819.13	1,121.74	3,469.33	423.75	768.52	1,168.68	1,551.94
3. Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional items)	1,290.17	786.89	1,121.74	3,437.09	1,928.57	4,269.58	1,228.89	15,893.10
4. Net Profit for the period after tax	1,009.57	666.89	832.24	2,709.38	1,553.36	3,080.70	936.63	14,088.04
5. Total comprehensive income for the period [comprising profit for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)]	1,023.60	741.10	838.85	2,783.38	1,559.28	3,094.35	944.06	14,138.10
6. Equity Share Capital	1,287.84	1,287.84	1,225.16	1,287.84	1,287.84	1,287.84	1,225.16	1,287.84
7. Reserve (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance sheet of the previous year				44,356.73				53,310.32
Earning per share (of ₹10 each) (not annualised)								
(a) Basic	7.85	5.20	6.81	21.47	11.85	23.86	7.66	111.51
(b) Diluted	7.80	5.16	6.76	21.32	11.77	23.69	7.60	110.72

Note :
1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as modified by circular no. CIR/CFD/FAC/62/2016 dated July 05, 2016. The full format of the Quarterly financial results are available on the Stock Exchange websites (www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com) and on the company's website (www.infoedge.in).
2. The above results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Place : Noida
Date : August 14, 2021

Hitesh Oberoi
Managing Director